THE ONLY One Cent Morning Paper IN CANADA 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

The Toronto World.

SUBSCRIPION THREE DOLLARS A YEAR TWENTY-FVIE CTS. A MONTH DELIVERED IN CITY AND SUBURBS 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

FOURTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1883. PRICE ONE CENT

THE LOTTERY SWINDLE

THE RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF THE ROYAL CITY REPUDIATING THE GUELPH ONE.

More About Brother Brunton From an Honest Freemason of London—Both of the Lotteries Smelling Very Bad—Brunton Driving a Fast Horse.

GUELPH, June 27.—The article in Tuesday's edition of The World, bringing to light the Guelph lottery swindle, is creating quite an excitement among the citizens, and especially these whose names appeared in The World as being connected with the affair. A number of the promoters of the scheme were standing at the door of the banks this morning earnestly discussing the merits of the article, and wondering how The World discovered the scheme so soon. Some of the gentlemen interested seemed to take it in good part, but others of a more sensitive nature gave way to bursts of indignation at their names being used in connection with a lottery swindle. Mr. Meyers in particular seemed to feel the thorn in the flesh the most, as he was thundering out his anathemas against The World and its proprietors and denouncing it as a rag, and that if they had the editor there that they would mob him. At the same time he was emphatically denying all knowledge of the affair further than that his name was placed on the committee for the purpose of organizing a joint stock company to erect an opera house in Guelph; but it was well known both to him and to the rest of the parties concerned that they tried to advertise the scheme in the Guelph Mercury, and that the Mercury refused to give it space, as Mr. Innes did not care to trifle with the law. Threats of libel suits against The World are hinted, but most of the parties implicated would much rather have the affair smothered up than to carry it to a bar of justice. The citizens of Guelph generally are quite in sympathy with The World in the matter, and give it credit for its cleverness in unearthing the swindle, as it is supposed that it was a plot on the part of the originators to make a big haul and it is believed to be a piece of roguery from first to last.

Nothing has hurt the lottery swindle or its promoters more than Chadwick's attack on The World in the Herald of Wednesday night. Chadwick's record as a business man, or as the owner of the paper in question, is not such as would lead people to place much confidence in the article, and when it merely took the form of vulgar and badly written abuse respectable people sided with The World in its attack on the swindlers.

Christopher Robinson's name was most dishonestly dragged into the affair as a witness to the legality of the lottery. He never gave an opinion on the lottery; he merely answered certain questions about dividing the property that made up the prizes.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: I see in your issue of yesterday the name of Ald. G. H. Skinner as reference on a Guelph lottery scheme. Would you kindly contradict the same so far as my name is concerned, as I never lent my name for any such purpose and except in your paper, am not aware of any such scheme being in existence, and oblige

Guelph, June 27, 1883. G. H. SKINNER.

WHAT THE PEOPLE OF THE ROYAL CITY SAY ABOUT IT.

We've made a bad mess of it, Murphy—Ned O'Connor.

Yes, after all, I'd sooner sell whiskey—Johnny Murphy.

I told you Chadwick's name would kill the scheme—King of Coffeetown.

Me too—The mayor of the Federal.

'Tis a wicked world. And me a guid kirk goer—Registrar Highjohtham.

Hi was hoff to the salt water, or hi'd have been a reference—J. Bantam Wood.

Don't work with that gang—Henry Hatch.

In plain English, a fraud—Ald. F. B. Skinner.

With you there Fred—Brother George.

I'm going to change my name—J. E. McElderry, "grocer."

And your papa-in-law a "trustee" too—The other McElderry.

Why am I left out—Joe Heffernan.

None of it for me—Frank Gauhan.

I am ashamed of you all—Father Fleck.

I shall never be able to settle up with my father-in-law now—The Water-cart Hero.

I hope Bowell won't notice it—Collector of Customs Heffernan.

I put Murphy up to the scheme, 'spose I was going to get bit myself—Washing on Harold Cuttem.

Worse than the Patent Barrel Co.—Several Bitten Ones.

I put in my terrace but th y don't handle my money—The Waterworks Secretary.

'Tain't as good as Federal stock, Ted—Grand Trunk Tickets.

Don't be a fool—Ted's Pa.

In Scotland they'd all be in the cage—Scotty Armstrong.

I'd like to go ahead if I dared—C unty Attorney Peterson.

They d'dna rope me in, albins they tried muckle hard—P. M. Stirton.

A disgraceful transaction—Archdeacon Dixon.

What will be thought about it at Knockheda—Lord Chaddingham.

But it's the same old story—Chorus of Citizens.

REPUDIATING THE LONDON LOTTERY

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: In a recent issue you gave publication to a fact which rather startled the public here in general, and the fraternity of which I am a member in particular. I may say that, humiliating as it is, you deserve the thanks of every Freemason in the country for daring to expose what appears to be a contemptible and meditated fraud.

The principal actor, and what has too calls in his evidence "the beneficiary," makes but a lame statement in the London Free Press, one which is received in derision both by the public and the craft. Mr. W. Brunton must be very confiding to send his money here to pay for lottery tickets to be held by Strong or any other man, and then be scattered over the country in the shape of donations to charitable institutions without his permission until after the deed was done. On no, the plain unvarnished statement cannot be swallowed by the people. Softness is not a characteristic of the family. If W. Brunton sent the money to pay for the tickets for himself why were they not sent to Chicago to him instead of being given to Strong. The whole statement shows guilt on its face and while trying to deny it makes admissions too plain to not be noticed. If W. Brunton sent money for fifty tickets it must have been lent to Thos. H. Brunton for his own use, but we have no proof that he did send the money only the plain unvarnished statement in the Free Press.

It is too bad that such a noble and time-honored institution should be disgraced by one who has no position in society; who has no visible business calling and who depends on his own wits for support. St. George's No. 42 must be proud of its W. M. and its other member. I may say there are a number who firmly believe the directors were not directly or indirectly connected with the swindle; but the masonic fraternity cannot be excused for countenancing such a censurable and illegal affair as they must have known that the lottery was.

A curious circumstance is that since the lottery Mr. Thos. H. Brunton has become the owner of a fast horse and become a member of one of the higher rites of the order.

One thing which surprises all is that Mr. Fenton did not serve writs on the whole crowd of them, and give every director the full benefit of the law. It is a matter of great regret to the majority of the public that they were not fined to the full extent for every one of the 200,000 tickets sold.

Hoping I have not transgressed too far on your space, and thanking you for your attention, I am, yours, etc.,

AN HONEST FREEMASON.

A TRAMP'S FATAL THRUST.

The Late Station Master at Cornwall Dies From His Injuries.

MONTREAL, July 28.—Richard Wagner, late station master of the Grand Trunk at Cornwall, who was cut in the neck by a tramp he tried to eject from the station, died in the hospital here to-day from the effects of his wounds. He was brought here to have an operation performed that would likely save his life, and an eminent surgeon performed the cutting in presence of two others on Tuesday last. Although apparently improving yesterday, the patient got worse last night and succumbed to-day. The tramp has made his escape, and although active search has been made for him the past two or three weeks, no tidings can be obtained of his whereabouts.

A DIVIDED PARTY.

Mr. De Boucherville at the Head of the Quebec Discontents.

MONTREAL, June 28.—A local independent paper says the Hon. Mr. De Boucherville, the new recognized leader of the "castor" party of the conservatives, who has been approached recently by the friends of the government with a view, if possible, of harmonizing the difficulties which at present exist in the party, has emphatically declared that his party will accept no compromise or cabinet which does not immediately grant an investigation into the sale of the North Shore railway to Mr. Senecal.

Mr. Roberges, contractor on the North Shore railway, is preparing his claim for $20,000 against La Senecal.

CANADIAN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The graduates of Toronto university residing in Peterboro have formed a county association.

Mr. Gills, liberal M.P.P. for west Hastings, was up for examination at Belleville on Wednesday. Proceedings were adjourned until to-day.

The Canadian Pacific proposes after July 10 running a fast train daily between Montreal and Ottawa in two hours and forty-five minutes.

The Grand Trunk has made application to the United States customs to have all baggage entered for the dominion at Chicago examined there, as is done at Montreal for American luggage.

A charge of throwing liquor bottles out of the train by militia men at two track men on the Grand Trunk at Montreal has been made. One of the men is so seriously wounded on the head that his life is in imminent danger.

The English evening papers at Montreal animadvert very strongly upon the action of the corporation on remitting the debt of $800,000 due to the city for many years by the Grand Trunk. An action against each member of the corporation voting for the measure has been taken by a wealthy citizen.

The moderator of the presbyterian church still in connection with the church of Scotland, on being interviewed said there will be no more litigation between that body and the united presbyterian church on the temporalities question. The hatchet, he thinks, has been buried forever, and there will be peace in future.

A Hotelkeeper's Fate.

WINDSOR, June 28.—Two months ago Wm. Rice, landlord of an hotel at Comber, Ont., suddenly disappeared, and as he had about $1700 in his possession when last seen fears of foul play were entertained. Detectives were employed and began to work on the case, which has continued to the present time. Just what has been the trail they have been following is not known, but it is known that the conclusion has been reached that Rice was murdered for his money and that his body is in the river under the wharves at Walkerville. A submarine diver has been engaged to go under the water to search for the body.

Death on the Train.

ST. THOMAS, June 28.—A man about 65 years of age named Brerley, a passenger on the Canada Southern from Lafayette, Ind., bound for Germany, died suddenly on the train to-day near Highgate. A draft for $4000 and $150 in money was found on his person.

Preparing to Receive Cholera.

ALEXANDRIA, June 29.—There were fifty-four deaths at Damietta yesterday. It is thought at Cairo the epidemic will be localized, but the British troops are preparing cholera camps in the surrounding country.

Coming to Canada.

LONDON, June 29.—The steamer Toronto which sailed from Liverpool for Quebec and Montreal has on board 350 emigrants, 220 of whom are sent out by the London Samaritan society. She will take on board one hundred more at Belfast.

Up at Osgoode Hall.

Justice Proudfoot will remain in town during vacation. All business of an urgent nature will be heard by him at 11 a.m. on each Tuesday. The papers are to be left with the registrar before 12 o'clock on the Friday previous. In very urgent matters the leaders of counsel with affidavits are to be handed to the judge.

The common pleas and court of appeal will deliver several judgments to-day.

ANOTHER COLLAPSE AT CHICAGO.

A General Tumble in Provisions and Produce—Two Failures Reported.

CHICAGO, June 28.—The markets on 'change suffered another bad break this morning. The forenoon session was marked by uneasiness and at times great excitement. The depression extended to provisions and grain, but was more especially felt in pork and wheat. Pork has shown a heavy decline for the past three days and this morning took another tumble of 42½c to 50c. Lard declined 7½c to 17½c. Wheat, which has displayed weakness in the past week, dropped 1½c to 2½c a bushel. These declines renewed all the uneasiness of the past two weeks and at noon it was announced that H. O. Kenyon & Co. and John Sinclair had succumbed. They had been dealing in grain, but are not rated as extensive dealers. One cause assigned for the weakness is the bad showing made by the firms McGeoch, Everingham & Co. and Nichols & Co.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The saloon keepers' tax was paid in Cincinnati yesterday. It amounted to a hundred and four thousand eight hundred dollars.

New York brokers and bankers will only take the trade dollar at 90 cents, Newark, N.J., won't take it at all, and workingmen decline to be paid in it.

The printers on all the Omaha papers struck last evening for an advance in the price of composition from 32 to 35 cents a thousand ems. The proprietors offer 33. The papers will be published in reduced proportions to-day.

The St. Louis fair association is not too proud to take a revenue from the liquor traffic. They own booths and these they rent out for a single week to the highest bidders for cash in advance. This year the bars rented for $21,243 in the aggregate.

Dr. J. Ray of Beauport asylum, Quebec, has been appointed a delegate to the Medical Psychological association at Paris and the British medical psychological association of Great Britain by the medical superintendents of insane hospitals now in session at Newport, R. I.

A recumbent statue of General Lee was unveiled at Lexington, Va., yesterday in the mausoleum of the Lee chapel. The ceremonies were imposing. General Jubal A. Early presided, Wade Hampton was chief marshall, and Major J. W. Daniel delivered the oration. A large number of distinguished visitors were present, including Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and her daughter.

A New Cable Company.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Alderman Hadley of London has completed arrangements for laying and operating a new cable line between England and America. The name of the new company is the American, British, and Continental Cable company. The capital stock is £1,500,000, all subscribed by English capitalists. One cable is to connect with the Canadian lines, and another is to be landed at the eastern end of Long Island and connect with New York.

The Best Cow in the States.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 28.—A seven days' test of the Jersey cow, Value II. 6844, owned in this city, was completed to-day. The cow was milked at intervals of eight hours, yielding 327 pounds of milk, from which was produced 25 pounds 2 11-12 ounces of butter. The cow was bred in New Jersey and is pronounced the best butter producing cow in the United States.

Fatal Lumber Slide.

MUSKEGON, Mich., June 28.—A dock with 800,000 feet of lumber fell into the lake this afternoon, precipitating twenty men at work on it into the water. Three or four of them are missing but the men are Hollanders and their names are unknown. A boy named Frank Barhard was crushed under forty thousand feet of timber.

The Scott Act in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., June 28.—The supreme court to-day gave out its opinion in the Scott liquor tax law, holding it valid and constitutional, except the second section, wherein it is held not to apply to leases executed prior to the passage of the act, as no contracts made can be violated.

The Rothesay Afloat.

WATERTOWN, June 28.—The steamer Rothesay, which went ashore near Thousand Island park yesterday, is afloat and en route to Ogdensburg.

One of the Greatest Speculators.

From the National Republican.

P. D. Armour is of a sturdy Scotch presbyterian stock. He was born in one of the central counties of New York, on a farm among the hills. It was the highest ambition of his boyhood days to earn money enough to buy the farm adjoining his father's. When the gold fever broke out he was still a mere stripling; but, full of youthful enthusiasm, he started for California, driving a wagon across the plains and mountains. He remained three or four years, and in that time saved a few thousand dollars. He had cash enough to buy that farm and settle down. He had no sooner reached home than he experienced a sudden revulsion of feeling. The streets of the village looked narrow, cramped and dull. The house appeared mean and dingy. He only remained on the farm two or three days, and then took himself to Cincinnati. Later he drifted to Milwaukee, and at the close of the war he sold a great lot of pork at $40 a barrel, and bought it in again at $18 to $19, realizing a profit of about a million. To-day he ranks as the wealthiest man in Chicago, being rated by those who know something of his business at $25,000,000 or $30,000,000. His transactions are colossal. His firm employs between 5000 and 6000 men, and on his pay rolls are about fifty men who receive salaries of $5000 and over. He is not yet 55 years of age.

Police Court Pencillings.

Eighteen drunks shivered before the bench yesterday. John Francis, Sarah Gunter, and Robt. Smith, disorderly, each $1 and costs. Ann O'Connor, stealing two dresses from Abraham Harris, committed for trial. Michael Levy, Thomas Burns, Eliza Burns, Morris Cosmer, Rich Clough, were remanded on different charges. The case of Ann Hanks, assault on Charlotte Jerome, was dismissed, Charlotte having to pay the costs. Ellen Phillips, insulting language, $1 and costs. The counter cases of Jacob Abrahams and Flora Drayman, charged with mutual use of insulting language towards each other, were withdrawn on payment of $7.50 of costs.

POOR EXILES FROM ERIN.

ENGLAND'S DEFENCE OF ITS DEPORTATION POLICY.

American Reports Said to be Exaggerated—Immigrants Furnished with Money on Landing—The Tuke Committee Heard From.

LONDON, June 28.—Mr. Trevelyan stated in the house of commons this afternoon that the reports about the landing of paupers in America were greatly exaggerated. The steamer Anchoria took no inmates of any workhouse. All the emigrants sent by the commissioners were supplied with funds. No paupers had been sent out by the boards of quarantine. Mr. Trevelyan also said telegrams from America on the subject should be received with great caution. He said the Furnessia took out 421 emigrants, of whom only five families had been in the workhouse, and in each of these cases friends in America had offered them homes. He had himself seen all the tickets of emigrants, including railway tickets from the other side. They had also cheques for the amounts of landing allowance, which for adults was one pound and for children ten shillings each. Mr. Trevelyan said the questions relating to the actions of the American government in the matter should be addressed to the foreign office, as his business was simply to ascertain whether the administrative details of Irish emigration were carried out as far as is possible.

Mr. Lowther, conservative, gave notice that he would at an early day call attention to the subject.

DUBLIN, June 28.—The secretary of the Tuke fund declares that all emigrants who have been assisted to America by the fund have been sent direct to relatives or friends in that country, and have been provided with money on landing.

NEW YORK, June 28.—An officer of the Anchoria to which the Furnessia belongs said no official communication had yet been received from the immigration commissioners and they would not take any passengers back without pay unless it was properly proven they are likely to become public charges.

CAREY'S WHEREABOUTS.

Excitement at Queenstown—A Steamship Mysteriously detained.

QUEENSTOWN, June 28.—Much excitement was caused here to-day by a report that James Carey, informer, was among the passengers who embarked for America. Carey's whereabouts could not be traced.

The steamer City of Rome, which sailed hence this morning for New York is detained outside the harbor. The cause of her detention has not been ascertained.

The steamer City of Rome took eighty assisted emigrants from Ballinsloe and Swineford. Her detention outside was owing to a slight hitch in her machinery.

MURDER ON THE CARS.

Desperate Attempt to Kill an English Clergyman in France.

LONDON, June 28.—A desperate attempt has been made in a carriage of a railway train running from Calais to Paris to murder and rob the Rev. Mr. Witchborne, an English clergyman. The murderer attacked Mr. Witchborne with a chisel, stabbing him five times. The assassin then tried to escape when the train arrived at Amiens, but was captured after a terrific struggle. The clergyman's wounds are very dangerous. It is not expected he will survive. His assailant is an Englishman.

The would-be assassin of the Rev. Mr. Witchborne has attempted to commit suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. He now lies in a precarious condition.

THE LORDS WON'T HAVE IT.

Defeat of the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill on its Third Reading.

LONDON, June 28.—The house of lords to-day rejected the bill permitting marriage with a deceased wife's sister on its third reading by 145 nays to 140 yeas.

CONDENSED CABLEGRAMS.

The pope is indisposed, and is much disturbed by the state of affairs in Ireland and France.

In consequence of suspicious deaths at Tantah, Egypt, several families have left that place for Greece.

Vessels proceeding to Suez are forbidden to communicate with stations on the canal owing to the cholera epidemic.

Persons are forbidden to proceed from Port Said to other towns in Egypt. The cholera has appeared at Tantah.

The Times in a leading editorial this morning says there's reason to believe the French cabinet is divided on the Tonquin question.

Vessels arriving at Malta from Turkish and Egyptian ports will be quarantined three weeks. Passengers from Egypt will be forbidden to land.

Twenty arrests were made at Berlin and Dresden yesterday of persons said to belong to a conspiracy to reveal the secrets of the German military organization.

The syndic of Dervio, Italy, has been suspended from office owing to the recent fatal fire at the puppet show there, which is attributed to negligence on his part.

James Carey, the informer, left Kilmainham jail yesterday and was taken to Queenstown and placed aboard a government steamer. Her destination is unknown, but it is believed that the informer will be landed at Bermuda.

At a meeting of British ship-owners yesterday, opinions were received from eminent English counsel, which decided against the De Lesseps monopoly of constructing canals across the isthmus of Suez. A committee of ship-owners will forthwith demand power to construct a second canal.

The Loss of the Lively.

LONDON, June 28.—The court martial investigating the cause of the stranding of the despatch steamer Lively, finds the vessel was lost through an error of the pilot, but the officers are answerable for her loss in not closely watching the pilot. The commander and the navigating lieutenant are dismissed.

Irish Nomination for Wexford.

DUBLIN, June 28.—Wexford borough club has chosen by unanimous vote the brother of Redmond, the Irish national league's representative in Australia, as candidate of the national party for the seat in the house of commons for the borough made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Healy.

Apache atrocities have broken out again in New Mexico. In Chihuahua two shepherds were found last evening with their heads cut off and scalped.

LATEST SPORTING NEWS.

At the Wicket.

Beaverwick C. C. v. St. George's C. C. will take place to-morrow on the St. George's ground, College street, at 2 p. m. sharp. Following is the Beaverwick team: R. H. Bethune, S. R. Shaw, J. Hallworth, J. Tarbutt, H. J. Maughan, A. Hewett, — Richardson, N. P. Dannatt, J. Featherstonhaugh, R. Morris, G. N. Morrison.

Toronto C. C. will send out three teams on Monday, July 2, which speaks very highly for the management. Mr. Montgomery will captain a team going east to Whitby to play the old timers in the eastern hamlet. Mr. J. O. Howard will captain a team which proceeds west to Brampton. This being Mr. Howard's pet match, we trust to be able to record a victory for the veteran. A very strong team will be put on the Bloor street grounds to face the Royal City of Guelph, under the captaincy of Mr. G. B. Behan.

The following is the proposed tour of the East Toronto C. C., which speaks very highly for their pluck and enterprise, leaving Toronto on July 25 and returning Aug. 4, playing in the interval Aurora, Newmarket, Barrie, Orillia, Lindsay, Uxbridge, Peterboro, Port Hope, Cobourg and Whitby in the order named. The World wishes them all possible success, which they richly deserve.

Toronto C. C. v. Trinity College C. C. had again to be postponed yesterday on account of the softness of the ground.

Harvard Beats Yale.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 28.—The eighth annual Yale-Harvard 8-oared four-mile straight-away race was rowed this afternoon, Harvard having virtually a walk over and winning in the slow time of 24-46½. Yale's time was 25.59. The water was in fair condition, the wind being about south-west and moderate. The boats were promptly started, Yale obtaining a trifle the best of the start, and with her rapid, jerky stroke at the first half mile was a good clear length ahead, but here the steady long sweeping stroke of Harvard began to tell and she gradually crept up to Yale until at the mile flag they were bow and bow. Both crews were pulling about 40 strokes. From here to the finish the long steady stroke of Harvard gave them a commanding lead.

Harvard has now won ten of these match races with Yale and the latter only five. From '64 to '70 the race was 6 oars and the distance three miles. From '71 to '75 the colleges only met in inter-collegiate regattas. In '76 the annual match races were resumed with eight oars. Betting in the morning was 5 to 4 on Yale, but in the afternoon it changed to 2 to 1 on Harvard.

Torontos v. Shamrocks.

Great interest is being manifested in the Toronto-Shamrock lacrosse match to be played on the Jarvis street grounds on Monday next. The visiting twelve will be with one exception the same as played against the Toronto twelve in the recent championship match, while the home team will comprise T. Mills, W. S. Hubbell, A. Martin, J. Garvin, J. Drynan, F. Martin, W. Donaldson, A. Bilight, R. McPherson, J. Logan, C. McHenry, F. Hayes, with J. Irving and I. Suckling as spare men, and R. B. Hamilton as captain. By their performance at Montreal a couple of weeks ago the Torontos showed that although half a dozen of their best men were abroad, they could yet put a championship team on the field. On Monday they may fairly be expected to distinguish themselves even if they shouldn't follow last Saturday's example of the Montrealers and beat their opponents.

Racing at Coney Island.

SHEAPSHEAD BAY, June 28.—Weather delightful, track heavy in spots, attendance large. Selling allowances, one mile and an eighth, won by Col. Sprague, with Dan K. second; 1.59. Second race, sweepstakes, for 2 years old, three quarters mile, Unknown won, Chanticleer second; 1.17¾. Third race, 3 year olds and upwards, a mile and a quarter, Bootjack won. Jack of Hearts and Eole ran a dead heat for second place; 2.10¼. Fourth race, handicap sweepstakes, a mile and a half, Parole won, with Volusia second; 2.39¾. Hula fell dead. Fifth race, 3 year olds and upwards, three quarters mile, won by Wessel, with Newsboy second; 1.17¾. Sixth race, steeplechase over inside course, Pasha was the winner, with Tonawanda second; 5.14.

Central Ontario Lacrosse Championship.

PETERBORO, June 28.—A match game of lacrosse was played here to-day between teams of the Uxbridge and Peterboro clubs for the championship of Central Ontario and the association gold medal. At the end of six minutes the home team scored the first game. The second game was won by the Peterboros also in four minutes, and the third game resulted in Peterboro scoring in 32 minutes. The victory of Peterboro to-day invests the coming match with the Victorias of Toronto next Monday with unusual interest.

Trotting at Detroit.

DETROIT, June 29.—Weather fair, track heavy, unfinished 2 25 race of yesterday, Commander won, with Stranger second; best time 2.34. Three minute class, won by Bluebell, with Maud R. second; best time 2.30 1-5. Pacing, mile heats, won by Johnson, with Daisy D. second; 2.25½, 2.28 1 5.

Toronto (2nd 12) v. Acmes.

To-morrow the following team from the Toronto lacrosse club, being the club's second twelve, will play the Acmes on the Jarvis street grounds: Irving, Suckling, Orr, Small, Hardy, Meharg, Robinson, McKenzie, Douglas, C. Henderson, Langley and McMaster; Beasley and Boeckh, spare men; W. S. Hubbell, field captain.

Trotting at Albany.

ALBANY, June 28.—Island park. First race, 2 38 class, won by Magic, with Backman Maid second; best time 2.25¼. 2 20 class, won by Joe Bucker, with Romero second; best time 2.22¼.

Baseball Yesterday.

CHICAGO, June 28. — Buffalo-Chicago game postponed on account of rain.

BOSTON, June 28.—New York 8, Boston 18.

Rain at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Races postponed on account of rain.

On Dit.

That Captains Boomer and Robertson, late of the Grenadiers, are going into the Queen's Own.

As there is no vacancy in the same regiment for Major Rolph, that he will retire.

LORETTO ABBEY.

Closing Exercises Yesterday Afternoon—List of the Medallists.

The session at Loretto abbey closed yesterday afternoon with the distribution of prizes in presence of a numerous audience, the clergy being largely represented. The young lady pupils presented a fine program of vocal and instrumental music and recitations in English, French and German, in all of which they showed great proficiency. In the reception rooms the painting, fancy and embroidery work of the pupils was displayed and very much admired by the visitors.

The medallists of the year were: Miss Bradley, bronze medal presented by the governor-general, also gold medal; Miss Loretto Shields, gold medal; Miss Simons, gold medal; Miss Lillie Stock, gold medal; Miss Mackie, gold medal; Miss Dodds, gold medal. The foregoing are the graduates of this year.

Miss Nellie Todd, gold medal, presented by the archbishop; Miss Porter, gold medal, presented by Vicar-General Rooney; Miss M. Bolster, gold medal, presented by Bishop O'Mahony; silver medal presented by Father Gavan.

The following ladies distinguished themselves and were awarded crowns and various prizes: Miss Muldrew, Miss Connolly, Miss Caron, Miss Dwan, Miss M. Hughes, Miss Pelton, Miss Harris, Miss Stauffer (silver lyre, presented by Mr. Torrington for vocal music), Miss O'Neill, Miss Henwood, Miss Henderson, Miss Boyle, Miss Gillman, Miss Penfold, Miss Williams, Miss Lamphier, Miss Jones, Miss Greenwood, Miss Duncan, Miss Minnie Bolster, Miss Florence Bolster, Miss Cameron, Miss Macadam, Miss Worden, Miss Staunton, Miss Sullivan, Miss Long, Miss Hunt, Miss O'Connor, Miss Minor, Miss Peters, Miss McCarthy, Miss Taylor, Miss Pierce, Miss McGuire, Miss Massey, Miss M. Dodds, Miss Enright, Miss Gallagher, Miss Horetzkie, Miss B. Bradley, Miss F. O'Connor, Miss F. Smith, Miss Meeking, Miss Andrews, Miss Hughes, Miss T. Hughes, Miss Erskine, Miss Kleiser, Miss Doran.

MARINE NEWS.

Latest Movements of the Steamers and Vessels in the Bay.

They are painting the P. E. Young.

The City of Montreal called yesterday.

The A. Mulvey has cleared with lumber from the Northern.

The Arisdne finished at the Queen's wharf with wheat for Kingston.

The Florence Howard is still at anchor, light. She is painting and caulking.

The Maple Leaf from South bay arrived at Currie's wharf with stone yesterday.

A Whitby man has bought the Echo, which is sunk at present at Yorke's wharf.

The North Star is chartered to load wheat for Kingston. She begins at Gooderham's.

The Queen of the Lakes cleared yesterday from the Queen's wharf with wheat for Kingston.

The Lake Michigan called at Sylvester's and discharged part cargo on her way up yesterday.

The Northwest cleared light for Frenchman's bay yesterday. She will probably bring stone back.

The Empress of India, which is coming to run the Port Dalhousie route, has had over $30,000 expended on her.

There has been a straight east wind for days past so that eight stone hookers going down have been blocked to wait for a shift.

Mr. Joseph Williams, the proprietor of Kew gardens, is making arrangements with the Geneva to run there and back regularly for the remainder of the season.

The harbor business is very dull. The rates for carrying are down as far as they can get. It is to be hoped that the amalgamation of the corn exchange and board of trade will loosen things up.

Bunthorne Abroad.

The second performance of J. W. Bengough's opera at Horticultural gardens last night was a repetition of the success of the previous evening. Many of the principal numbers were heartily encored. Miss Minnie Walsh carried off the honors as Ethel. Mr. Stuart as the Pirate King, with his strong and rich voice, gave great satisfaction and received well-deserved recalls. Mr. Hatch as Frederick grows in favor with his appearances before Toronto audiences, and sang as he never sang before. Mr. Tibbitts as Sir Joseph Porter was dignified and imposing, and took care of the baby very nicely. Mr. George Gaston as Bunthorne was excellent, and in his solo with violin obligato proved himself a master of that favorite instrument. We must not forget to mention Miss Nicholson (with the baby) as Buttercup, Mr. Barker as Deadeye, Miss Cooley as the Pirate Queen, and Miss Wells as Lady Porter, all of whom did well in their parts. There is no doubt of the success of the opera: and as there may not be another opportunity to hear it for some time and by so excellent a company, we advise everybody to take advantage of the remaining performances.

An Oft-Repeated Tale.

It has been worked again; we mean the old, old confidence game with the bogus cheque. John Benoit and a friend were going from their home in Michigan to see some relatives in Quebec province. Between Stratford and Toronto two strangers struck up an acquaintance with them. The strangers then proceeded to work their victims. They produced the requisite cheques, which of course were cashed by Mr. Benoit and his companion to the extent of $350. The strangers shortly afterwards disappeared, never to return. Mr. Benoit reported his loss to the detectives here last night and then proceeded on his mournful way.

County Judge's Court.

Several prisoners were tried by Judge Boyd yesterday. Hugh Hamilton, who stole some iron pipe from a drain in Scott street, was sent to jail for a week. Annie M. Reid, charged with stealing a silver watch from Moritz Angel, and William Beeton, charged with criminally assaulting Lizzie Alten, elected to be tried by the judge, and were remanded till Tuesday for trial. Wm H. Norris and James Morton were convicted on a charge of having stolen goods from Epstein & Co's store at Yonge and Richmond streets. Another charge of of larceny being preferred against them, they were remanded until Tuesday next.

No Hope of Recovery.

Mrs. Buchanan of 116 Sackville street, who was stabbed by her husband Wednesday night on Shuter street has been given up by the doctors attending her. It is not expected that she will live more than a few hours. As yet no clue has been found as to the whereabouts of Buchanan.

LI HUNG CHANG IN A HUFF

HE DECLINES TO MEET THE FRENCH AMBASSADOR.

Russia Offers Her Good Services—England Refuses to Interfere—Chinese Coolness Towards America.

PARIS, June 29.—La France comments upon the report that Russia has consented to offer its good offices in the difficulties between China and France, and says the former had intended to ask the mediation of America, but the anti-Chinese measures adopted by the United States congress have caused a certain coolness between the two nations.

LONDON, June 29.—The Chinese legation in London has received a telegram from Shanghai, stating the report of the settlement of the Tonquin question had no foundation. It is stated Tricou, the French ambassador at Shanghai, behaved with great rudeness toward Li Hung Chang, who refused to meet the French ambassador again. There has been no interview between them in the last ten days. Li Hung Chang is returning to Tientsin because he sees no chance of reaching an understanding with Tricou.

PARIS, June 28.—Le Paris says Earl Granville has just refused to comply with the request of Marquis Tseng to remonstrate in a friendly way with France in regard to her course in Annam.

WHAT THEY ARE SAYING.

The Toronto World has a keen scent—Belleville Ontario.

The football editor of the Toronto World ought to be kicked—Galt Reformer.

The Toronto World man's life has been revolutionized—Hamilton Times.

ABOUT THE DOOK.

Did you see my statement—The Dook.

Did you see how it borrowed £254,904.1s.5d—A Shareholder.

And how the expenses were £10,510.13.9—Another Shareholder.

And how it only sold £79,070 15.1 worth of land—Still Another Shareholder.

And how they pawned £383,527,8.0 worth of bonds—An Investor.

I'm away out here on the prairie—Scarth.

And I'm in London—Osler.

I have to stand the abuse—Hammond.

Ain't we glad we got out—Canadian Shareholders.

Ain't we sorry we got in—English Shareholders.

There is more than enough to go around—The Stock Exchange.

WHAT HE IS HE OWES TO JOHN.

The Globe published an item regarding Mr. Lewis, a Canadian by birth, who has worked up for the Detroit Free Press, a circulation in Great Britain of eighty thousand, and who has the reputation of being an able journalist, and clever correspondent and writer. No wonder the Globe published the item for Mr. Lewis has said more than once that he owes his success in newspaper work to John Cameron, the present editor of the Globe.

But how was that?

Why simply this said Mr. Lewis: Some years ago I was a struggling school teacher in Elgin and used to dabble in writing things for the village papers. But one day, being in an ambitious vein, I sent a little sketch I had written to the London Advertiser. John Cameron, who was its editor, sent it back to me, declined. I sent it then to the Detroit Free Press. That paper printed it and sent me a very fair price for it, and asked me to try again. I did and they took my work thereafter. So if John Cameron had not sent back my manuscript I would have been a school teacher to-day in Elgin.

HAMBURG AND STRATEGY.

On Wednesday the train was about to start and amongst the passengers was the manager of one of our city banks who was en route to Europe with his family to take an outing after a few years hard work at the discount desk. The manager had shaken the usurious soil of the shop from his feet, was in the midst of a happy day dream of London and its suburbs, he was thinking of the time he would have looking over the "Zoo" and the "Row," when suddenly appeared on the railway platform his president with disented eyes and uplifted hands, large drops of perspiration oozing from his financial brow, and seizing the manager by the wrist exclaimed:

Was denken sie?

What do you say? said the manager.

Oh! said the president, I mean "What do you think is the matter?"

Well!

Vy mein freindt, vat you dinks; dem Yankee mens vot teals mit gattel's dey kife us a traft von fife thousandt tollars und it's ne good, no good. Vot ve shall do, ah?

Well I'm sure I don't know, said the manager. You took it, so you will have to find a place for it. I'm off for a holiday you know, and you agreed to run the institution, so it's your funeral. Good-bye Sammy, I'll write you from Hamburg.

STILL ACTIVE OLD MEN.

Mr. James Lesslie of Islington is 84 years old but he is still remarkably active and his eyesight is apparently as keen as it was sixty years ago. A World reporter accompanied him down Yonge street in a car yesterday morning. Judge Patterson got on at Carlston street and after glancing at a printed circular handed it to Mr. Lesslie, who sat opposite to the judge. The latter read it rapidly through at a distance of fully a foot from his eyes. And this without spectacles. Further down the street Mr. Lesslie consulted his timepiece with a quick glance. At Adelaide street the old gentleman stepped from the car with a nimbleness that would probably surpass some of the jumping feats that he and William Lyon Mackenzie were wont to practice in days gone by, when they chided each other with physical inactiveness.

Yesterday being a fine, bright day, another old citizen disported himself with youthful mien. Mr. James Beaty, who is verging on 89, called at The World office in the afternoon and engaged our talking editor in lively conversation. The old gentleman glowed with reminiscences of days gone by. He recalled many incidents of interest in Toronto's early history. He spoke of the late Hon. Geo. Brown, Chief Justice Hagarty, Marshal S. Bidwell, the Leader, Patriot and Constitution, Wm. Lyon Mackenzie, John Sandfield Macdonald and many others who have gone over to the majority. The old man appeared to be superlatively happy as he hoisted his umbrella and walked out of our sanctum.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, June 29, 1 a. m. — *Lakes and St. Lawrence, light to moderate variable winds; fine warm weather.*

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Steamship.	Reported at	From
June 28.	Rhyneland	New York	Antwerp
" 28.	Hibernian	St. Johns	Liverpool
" 28.	England	Queenstown	New York
" 28.	Fulda	Southampton	New York
" 28.	Rhaetia	Humburg	New York

GASPE, Que., June 28.—The s.s. Carmona was floated by the assistance of the Miramichi, and left inward last night.

LONDON, June 29.—The str England which has arrived at Liverpool brought ten saloon passengers of the str. Belgravia before reported d sabled, which was spoken 70 miles south of East Hauldsn. The Belgravia sailed from New York for Liverpool on June 16.

Notice To Subscribers.

After July 1 all subscriptions to **THE WORLD** sent by mail must be paid in advance; otherwise names will be struck off the list.

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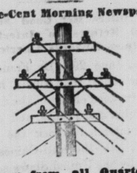

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FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1883.

THE LOTTERY MANIA.

Had it not been for the action of The World and the courage of Mr. Fenton there would have been a perfect wave of lotteries sweeping the province about this time. The success of the masonic one at London, and the apathy of the authorities from the head down, left the way open for their promotion. But a vigorous campaign on the part of this journal and a couple of others roused the authorities and broke up the boom.

But a most discreditable phase of this lottery business was the weakness of the local press. The London papers must have been directly or indirectly in the pay of the masonic swindle; the Guelph Herald openly defends the lottery floated in that city the other day; while the Mercury, a paper of some reputation, edited by a member of parliament, has nothing to say whatever. Its editor and proprietor, we are told, refused to advertise the swindle for fear of the law, but had no courage to expose it for fear of something that he knows best. But if the local papers were afraid of their duty so were the so-called leading journals of the province. The Globe and Mail have been apologists of Brunton and his co-swindlers. The Globe especially went out of its way to say that it did not think Brunton who secretly drew the $7500 prize, did so dishonestly. As yet it has not said a word of this Guelph swindle which is more disreputable than the London one—if that be possible. It was organized by Murphy, Chadwick and O'Connor as a fleecy game from the very first.

There is nothing so seductive, so demoralizing as lotteries. They are things of the past. No states ever flourished where they were allowed. Yet when a perfect nest of them were being started in Canada the local papers of the towns interested, and the Globe and Mail, did not see their way to rebuke them, and actually bore testimony to the honesty of the schemers! But without their help The World has put a stopper on the lottery swindle for some time, at least.

A TEMPERANCE VICTORY IN OHIO.

It appears that in the state of Ohio, as well as in Canada, they have what is called the Scott act. Like our own, it is directed against the too free sale of intoxicating liquors, but in quite a different way. It was passed only last winter, and very promptly the liquor dealers put it to the test in the courts. On Tuesday last the supreme court of Ohio decided that it was constitutional, and it will after this be vigorously enforced.

With regard to liquor laws Ohio occupies a remarkable position. By an amendment to the state constitution, adopted in 1850, it was declared that the legislature was for ever prohibited from granting to anybody *licenses* to sell liquor, or authority to issue such licenses. This amendment was submitted to the popular vote, and was carried by 7000 majority. From that day to this the saloons of the state, at present some 14,000 in number, have paid no tax for selling liquor, and no tax of any kind except the regular state or county tax on the property in use, real and personal. All these years the fight for something better than this has been going on, sometimes with resort to actual violence, as during the women's crusade, when bands of determined women "cleaned out" many saloons without any one daring to molest them. Fifteen months ago what is called the Pond bill was passed, which levied *a tax* on the sale of liquors, on certain conditions. Being carried into the courts it was declared unconstitutional, on the ground that, while professing to *impose a tax*, it really *granted a license*, the latter being something absolutely and for ever prohibited in Ohio. Last winter the legislature passed the Scott bill which was drawn up on different lines. It provides for the imposition of *a tax fine* of $200 for selling whisky or other spirits, and of $100 for selling wine or malt liquors; this fine, or tax, to be levied on the first of May each year. The former penalties for selling without license, under which juries could not be got to return verdicts, have been repealed, in order to clear the way for certainty and despatch in securing convictions. It is estimated that for lack of a liquor law that could be operated the state treasury has in thirty years lost over fifty million dollars, which might just as well as not have been gathered in from the liquor sellers.

The state tax is a lien upon the premises, so that if the tenant fails to pay the landlord must. Saloon keepers professing to sell wine and malt liquors only, and detected selling spirits also, are to be fined $250 extra. If a fine be not paid when due, 20 per cent is immediately added. Any person selling intoxicating liquors to drunkards, or to minors, is to be fined from $25 to $100, or imprisonmed from ten to thirty days, or both. The revenue collected goes, one-fourth to the county poor fund, and three-fourths equally between the local police and the municipal funds.

The singular point about the Ohio law is the claim on its behalf, that while imposing a *tax* on saloon-keepers or other sellers of liquor, it does not grant them a *license*. This seems rather a fine point, but after the case having been thoroughly argued, the court has decided that the Scott act stands good. Some temperance men are very much dissatisfied because the tax figures was not put up to $1000 at once, as in Illinois. But as the Chicago Tribune remarks amendments raising the tax may be passed in future years, if sustained by public opinion and a majority of votes in the legislature. Meantime any county or municipality has the power to prohibit altogether the sale of liquor within its borders, if only a majority of the people decide that they will have it so. The Illinois high license law and the vindication of the Scott act in Ohio are the great temperance events of the year so far in the United States.

ADMINISTER THE LAW.

It is one thing to make good laws; it is another and more important matter to enforce them. Too much attention is given to making laws; not enough to carrying out those that we have. Take the law against lotteries: it is a good law, but the county crown attorneys with one single exception have not enforced it. As a consequence, lotteries were started and carried on in London and Guelph. It is a matter of common remark that the crown officers in these places stood in with the swindles or at least were afraid of the men who promoted them. This being the case, it is the duty of the attorney-general to revise his roll of county attorneys and find out who are and who are not efficient, who have and who have not the courage to enforce the law. He might begin with those of London and Guelph.

COME TO TORONTO.

The Grand Trunk will never be efficently managed till it is administered from Toronto. Montreal is only the jumping-off place, yet Montreal time and Montreal orders run the road clear up to Chicago. Toronto is more than any place the centre of the immense Grand Trunk system. It has all the adjuncts necessary for a first-class railway centre. If the Grand Trunk wishes it has from the Don to Scarboro at its disposal whereon to create a railway suburb of the city. To keep pace with its great rival the Grand Trunk must progress, and one of the first progressive steps is to centre in this city.

The ministers have a splendid chance to rebuke a public sin in the matter of lotteries, seeing that the press and the county attorneys are afraid to act. A few good sermons on gambling and the gambling spirit and on lotteries, would do a power of good.

THE WORKING CLASSES VS. THE CHURCHES.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: That a majority of the working classes are not regular church-goers, have in fact no church home, is alas too true. This may arise from a variety of causes. The old complaint of the Grecians against the Hebrews in the apostolic church has doubtless a good deal to do with it. Pride manifests itself in two ways. When riches increase their possessor is apt to become more self-assertive; and his influence is more powerful in shaping the policy and general style of the church life. When poverty comes on apace the sufferers as naturally shrinks from participation in church work; the finances cannot stand the strain and pride forbids accepting a lower place. Retirement is followed by neglect, and very often by an embittered feeling against not only churches but church teachings.

To complete the seperation and widen the gulf, strong drink, the most powerful agency in debasing and ruining the working class, steps in and from this combination we have the "lapsed masses" from whom the dangerous and criminal classes spring. What is the cure and who is to supply it? "Ye are the salt of the earth" said our Saviour to his disciples. Upon the christian church therefore without distinction of name or creed does this burden rest. The working classes must be sought out and dealt with, not so much by ministers or missionaries or bible readers, all very good in their way but subject to one fatal objection: that they are "paid" for what they do, and therefore their sympathy is not accepted as genuine; but by christian men and women who are "moved" to this work by a desire to follow Him who went about continually doing good. The church—as an organization—must also take a more decided and determined stand against the liquor traffic in all its forms. That the most poverty-stricken districts are at the same time the places where taverns and liquor groceries do most abound is a blot and disgrace on our so-called christian civilization. Space forbids further enlargement. J. F.

Toronto, June 28, 1883.

A SUGGESTION TO PSYCHE.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: Do you think you could persuade Psyche to tell Another Mater how many offers of marriage she has received since you published her first letter. She is such a rara avis that I feel sure she must have proved like Grosvenor's magnet in the hardware shop, and as she could only attract the best of men, she might dispose of the surplus stock to some of her acquaintances, who, no doubt, are as worthy as herself. E.M.M.

Galt, June 27, 1883.

Himalaya (the abode of snow from the sanscrit "hima," snow, and "alaya," abode) is the most elevated and stupendous system on the globe. The tea plant can be cultivated along the entire southern face of the Himalaya to an elevation of 5000 feet, but the best is produced at from 2000 to 3000 feet above the sea, and the best only is sold by the Li-Quor Tea company at 39 cents per lb.

AMALGAMATED TRADERS.

CONSOLIDATING THE BOARD OF TRADE AND CORN EXCHANGE.

New Members Elected—The Basis of Amalgamation—"What's in a Name"—The Mesgre Pumping Power under Consideration.

A special meeting of the Toronto board of trade was held in their rooms Wednesday afternoon. Mr. H. W. Darling, president, occupied the chair. There were present Wm. T. Ksiley, T. O. Anderson, Hugh Blain, G. A. Chapman, Barlow Cumberland, R. W. Elliott, J. D. Laidlaw, Wm. Ince, A. M. Smith, Wm. Thompson, R. B. Ellis, Geo. Goulding and F. Wyld.

The following new members were elected: G. W. Lillie (Lyman Bros. & Co.), Jas. Mason (the Loan association), Geo. W. Gillespie (Gillespie, Ansley & Martin), S. Sylvester (Sylvester & Hickman), J. L. Brodie (Standard bank), D. Coulson (bank of Toronto), W. Grindley (bank B. N. A.), W. Cooke, T. E. P. Trew (Merchants' bank), S. Nordheimer, H. S. Strathy (Federal bank), G. W. Yarker (bank of Montreal), W. N. Anderson, J. C. Kemp (bank of Commerce). The president congratulated the board on procuring the co-operation of so many bankers, who had expressed a desire to further its interests.

The special business for which this meeting was called was the consideration of a basis of agreement between the board of trade and the corn exchange. The president reviewed the history of the board of trade, and said that their interests were identical and amalgamation would be beneficial alike to both sides. The present membership of the board of trade was 150, and that of the corn exchange 73. The receipts and expenditures of both associations were about the same. The president concluded by saying that they had everything to gain and nothing to lose by the consolidation.

It was moved by Mr. Wm. Ince and Mr. Robt. W. Elliott, That the board heartily approves of the steps that have been taken with a view to a union with the corn exchange, and that the report presented by the council upon this subject be adopted; that the president and Messrs. R. W. Elliott, W. B. Hamilton and H. Blain be appointed a committee to act along with a committee of the corn exchange in framing such amendments to the acts of incorporation as may be necessary to accomplish the object in view, and with the approval of the council of the board to make the necessary application to parliament for the same at its next session, it being understood that the "Board of Trade and Corn Exchange" is to be the name adopted by the amalgamated bodies, and that the powers already enjoyed by each corporation are as far as possible to be retained.

Both the mover and seconder spoke to the motion. Mr. Ince hoped the question of securing or erecting new quarters would soon be taken up. He would like to see a place of meeting that was in keeping with the greatness of the trade of the city of Toronto. Mr. Elliott wanted to see a place where the merchants of the city could meet every day, also a good restaurant in connection with it, where the members could talk business with a customer, etc., Neither of the speakers could see any possible obstacle in the way of amalgamation. The meeting as a whole was of the same opinion. The question of a name, however, for the amalgamated association evoked considerable discussion. Mr. A. M. Smith suggested the "chamber of commerce" instead of the "board of trade and corn exchange," which he thought cumbersome. Mr. Ince finally amended his motion leaving that part of the resolution referring to the name to the further consideration of the joint committee.

The president drew the attention of the board to the serious state of affairs existing in connection with the city's pumping capacity. The nominal capacity of the two engines at the pumping house was 12,000,000 gallons per day, although really there should be 10 per cent. deducted from this. The daily consumption of the city was 7,500,000 gallons. In case of accident to the larger engine the city would be left in a very undesirable position, more especially if a large fire were to break out. He cited the cities of Philadelphia, Toledo, Milwaukee, Chicago, Detroit, Montreal, Ottawa, etc., which had a pumping capacity of over double the quantity required.

The meeting unanimously admitted the graveness of the situation.

Mr. W. B. Lee and Mr. Hugh Blain moved that this board having had under consideration the very serious condition of the water supply of this city are of opinion that immediate steps should be taken by the city council to provide additional pumping capacity. Carried.

The Corn exchange association will meet this afternoon to discuss the basis of amalgamation.

Action of the Corn Exchange.

The corn exchange held a meeting yesterday afternoon to take action on the subject of amalgamation. The president, Mr. Wm. Galbraith, occupied the chair. The benefits to be derived from consolidation were admitted on all sides. A spirited discussion took place on the name to be selected. The matter was finally left to the joint committee of the two bodies.

THE REASON OF PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: It is said "we are too much governed; do away with the locals." It should be considered, I think, that though not populated our provinces are some of them as large as certain important empires. They are not over supplied with legislatures if these do the work there is to do. In the most especial duty of government we have in past years been far too little governed. That duty is the apportionment and giving out the lands, minerals, water powers, etc., and adding measures to make them pay those who get them. The forest should in parts, such as heights of land, never have been allowed to be cleared, but retained in forest for climatic purposes. So should vast areas of poor land, which will never pay well in farm but would in forest land. The great forests, too, our pine reserves, should have been kept as far as possable from loss by fire, which has taken ten times as much as that taken by the lumbermen. Though not a party man, let me say that I am glad to hear the Ontario government is taking valuable steps in this direction.

In fine, if our great territory were seen after and placed in the hands of settlers—farmers where arable, graziers where not, foresters where woods are needed—there would be ample work for our local governments. There is now ample work for them in getting such a population on these lands. Neither can it be said they are expensive. They are cheap; the salaries they give would be thought most contemptable in Britain, and many of their officials are very hard-worked. Mr. Mowat's may even be called parsimonious. I am independent in politics myself; but it is fair to say of him that he is, in many of those measures he introduces—to help draining, tree planting, butter making, forestry, and so on—moving in the paternal direction, that is, going on properly to do what a local government can. There are very many things they can do for the large extent of territory they govern, which are far too local for the dominion government to manage, yet impossible for a county council. Much can be done, and as I said, I approve of the commencement made by our Ontario local, and irrespective of party, I wish to see it given uninterrupted chance to work its full term. There are many stiff-necked fools in both grit and tory ranks. Mr. Mowat and, generally speaking, his lieutenants, are not so. His own character has much of the quick appreciation for the practical which Sir John Macdonald possesses. He is slower than the latter, but infinitely more honest. What he says he will do; what John A. says he may do—or not.

And now I come to what is perhaps the main point of this, I am sensible, very dry communication. We should not interfere with the powers of the locals. If the dominion act be indefinite, the benefit of the doubt should be given to them. There are being introduced many evil communistic notions by people whose concealed and evil object is to do what harm they can, and this centralizing idea is one of them—direct from the seat of communism—from France, centralized to death.

View it in this light. The parents should not be interfered with, but supported, in their maintenance of discipline. But communists, and other evil-wishers, would assist the child to summon his parents for assault if they beat him. Give them their way in this and other matters and we should soon have the general throat-cutting they hope for, when the lazy wretch shall be able to seize the savings of the industrious workman.

Our local governments should be supported, and all means taken to resist the apparent desire at Ottawa to appropriate their powers. For many reasons, if we watch them, they are our best governments. It would be well if cities could govern themselves, but the evil influence of dense populations forbid. It would be well if counties could, but they are too small, and the agricultural mind is apt to be in government injuriously penurious. The local government gives the just medium—city, town and rural districts united—where little can be done without the persons affected being aware, and where pressure can at once be exercised if necessary, and if well based, is generally effective.

One evil of our dependent position is that our central government is deprived of its proper and most important function—the management of our foreign affairs. Hampered and forbidden progress, the body is diseased; the leading-string, once so useful, is a chain bound round and eating into the heart of the growing tree; the annoying circumvalation becomes a wall of fire; friends and helpers, or who had been such were progress allowed, become scorpions and attack one another. Our Ottawa friends, who cannot act abroad, are now being led in their efforts to usurp the powers of the local, to act most injuriously at home.

On the other hand, if centralization of local rights be permitted at Ottawa, it will not stop with Ontario. Manitoba and the Northwest will feel it, and resist it. Another crisis like 1867 will occur, and this time no compromise will be possible. Our confederation will hardly survive it.

PRECAUTION.

Toronto, June 28, 1883.

WOMANLY PSYCHOLOGY.

To the Editor of the World.

SIR: Unless Psyche's soul entirely revolts from logic she cannot but descry a strong proof of mental equality in the sexes, from the fact that neither herself, nor some of her critics, are able to distinguish in a letter the sex of its writer. Possibly there may be other farme of work in which results would be equally indistinguishable.

Evidently the psychical serenity of Psyche had been a little ruffled as she penned her concluding paragraph, which disdains any reply other than attempted depreciation; and as she herself says "logicians tell us that when an opponent becomes angry it proves defeat:" logic compels us to apply the axiom.

However painful it may be to the higher instincts of Psyche, it is none the less true that there are quite a number of men in this city, and elsewhere, who still persist, from love for justice, in seeking the political enfranchisement of women—aye, even of women who do not yet realize their need of it. Bye and bye these same "womanly women," as they become thereby more truly "womanly," will recognize the wisdom of such action by its fruits. It will take much stronger reasoning (?) than Psyche's to turn us aside from a course whose issues we have well considered.

No doubt "brevity is the soul of wit," when the "brevity" is not the sole "wit" displayed; but it is a gorgeous joke, on Psyche's part, to commend "brevity" to others at the close of her two letters, each nearly a column in length. J. L. F.

Toronto, June 28, 1883.

"Threw Away her Supporter."

DR. PIERCE: A neighbor of ours was suffering from "female weakness," which the doctors told her could not be cured without a supporter. After considerable persuasion my wife induced her to try your "Favorite Prescription." After using one bottle she threw away the supporter and did a large washing, which she had not done in two years before. JAMES MILLER

4246 Jacob street, Wheeling W. Va.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

From the Weekly (Toronto) Mail, Aug. 24.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern medicine has been attained by the Dixon treatment for catarrh. Out of two thousand patients treated during the past six months fully ninety per cent have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent of patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefited, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissue, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination—this accomplished, he claims the catarrh is practically cured and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him two years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Mr. A. H. Dixon, 305 and 307 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for his treatise on catarrh.

Do You Expect a Cure?

If so, don't delay too long. We have cured hundreds of patients suffering from consumption, bronchitis, laryngitis, asthma, catarrh and catarrhal deafness, who could not have been helped had they delayed one month longer. And we have refused treatment to over 100 cases during the last year who delayed one month too long. By the use of cold inhalations conveyed to the diseased parts by the spirometer, the wonderful invention of Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, ex-aide surgeon of the French army, and other proper local and constitutional treatment, we are curing thousands of cases of the above named diseases every year. Write, enclosing stamp for list of questions and copy of International News, published monthly, which will give you full information and reliable references. Address International Throat & Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto; 13 Phillip's square, Montreal, P. Q.; 81 Lafayette avenue, Detroit, Mich.; or 106 Alexander street, Winnipeg, Man.

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NEW STYLES. POPULAR PRICES.
Ladies' Balmorals and Button Boots in French Kid, French Oil Goat and Polished Calf. Ladies' French Kid from $2 upwards. Gents' Hand-Sewed Balmorals and Congress at cost.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

BUSINESS OF 1882
The following figures are taken from the "Abstract of Life Insurance in Canada for year 1882," recently laid before Parliament by Prof. Cherriman, Superintendent of Insurance. We give only the leading Companies and in alphabetical order:

COMPANIES.	Premiums of the Year.	Increase over 1881.	Amount of New Policies.	Increase over 1881.	Number of Policies in force.
Ætna Life	$505,524	$101,927	$2,478,401	$657,039	10,090
Canada Life	733,010	64,899	3,753,535	*	15,202
Confederation	277.515	62,777	2,350,060	432.846	6,355
Equitable, N. Y.	253,868	33.503	1,633,800	554,800	2,892
London & Lancashire	103,147	24,447	845,050	112,350	1,977
Ontario	161,982	1,459	1.720,550	126,717	4,235
Standard, Scot.	236,513	41,789	1,359,057	286,447	3,647
Sun, Montreal	215,108	66,554	1,557,167	* *	3,318
Travelers	107.972	13,067	639,509	120,509	2,416
Union Mutual	103,923	9,119	647,250	175,200	2,211

* Decrease $161,245. * * Decrease [illegible]

PREMIUMS PAID. The total to 38 companies in Canada in 1882 was **$3,544,605**—an increase over 1881 of **$449,919.** **ÆTNA LIFE** received one-seventh of the whole, and its increase of $161,927 was greater than that of any other Company, and nearly *one-quarter* of the whole increase.

New Insurance. The total taken was, by 25 companies **$20,455,255**—an increase over 1881 of **$2,837,244.** The **ÆTNA LIFE** was patronized to the extent of nearly one-eighth of the whole, and its increase of **$657,039** was greater than any other company and nearly *one quarter* of the whole increase obtained.

Policies in Force. The total number in force in the Dominion in 38 companies, at the close of 1882, was **69,048**—an increase over the previous year of **6,191.** The **ÆTNA LIFE'S** Canadian membership accounts for **10,090** of the whole, and its year's increase was **1,003**, or nearly *one-sixth* of the whole increase.

The extraordinary increase in the **ÆTNA'S** business throughout the Dominion is an evidence that it meets a public want, viz: Life Insurance of the **most select character,** furnished by means of annual cash dividends at NET COST PRICE. Every Life Policy it issues with profits is Non-forfeitable after three years, and every Endowment Policy after 2 years, and all secured by full deposit of the Reserve at Ottawa.

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Beech and Maple by carload on cars in Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway yard. $4.50 do
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Tickets issued in connection with the Palace Steamer
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5 Cases BINDERS' CLOTH.
4 Cases LEATHER—splendid assortment.
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New Goods Constantly to Hand.
BROWN BROS.,
Wholesale and Manufacturing Stationers, 66 & 68 King street east, Toronto.

THE SPORTING WORLD

The World will at all times be pleased to receive items referring to sporting matters from its various friends throughout the country. It will also pay prompt and careful attention to any communication.

The American rifle team has gone to Birmingham where they will practice. They are the guests of the Midland Rifle club

The first gathering of the lacrosse boys of '76 took place on the Toronto grounds yesterday evening. Capt. R. B. Hamilton and nine members were present and had a fair practice.

The leading winning jockeys in England are F. Archer with 70 wins out of 204 mounts, C. Wood with 67 wins out of 219 mounts, and Geo. Fordham with 62 wins out of 123 mounts.

Our colored brethren do not affect baseball to any great extent, but the St. Louis Black Stocking game at Guelph brought them out in such numbers that they filled the ground.

John Davis, of Windsor, will act as judge for Hanlan in the latter's approaching race with Ross at Ogdensburg on July 13. Mr. Davis says Hanlan has assured him that he will do his best to make the lowest possible record on that occasion.

The following officers and members of the Wanderers' bicycle club leave on Saturday for London to attend the annual meet of the Canadian wheelmen's association: Vice-presidents Phil. D. Ross and H. P. Davies; secretary, G. H. Orr; Captain F. Robinson; lieutenants, Geo. E. Cooper, E. Fitzgerald, and D. Duff; bugler H. Gemmel, and Messrs. Hall, Fischer, Carleton Davies, Q. Bennell, A. Daniels, F. Boultbee, E. Thompson, F. Foster, R. McKee, A. Macdonald, R. Anderson, Jno. Littlejohn and O. Shanta.

New York boating men laugh at the idea of young Teemer having lowered Courtney's record at Pullman, Ill. They say Courtney at Richfield springs, Vt., is a race with Lee rowed three miles in 19.31. They also mysteriously say: "There is only one man that knows how fast Courtney can row five miles, and that is William Bialkie. Courtney rowed five miles for him once in private, and at the time no other person knew of it except the man at the turning buoy. Courtney can beat Hanlan easily and the latter knows it. Why don't he offer to row him for $10,000, as Courtney's backers propose? I know, and hundreds of others know, who have backed Courtney every time."

At the Wicket.

TORONTO V. GUELPH.

The following gentlemen will represent the Toronto cricket club in this important match which takes place on the Bloor street grounds on Monday, July 2:—D. W. Saunders, A. Baines, Capt. Burns, G. S. Behan, G. N. Morrison, Dr. Spragge, M. Boyd, G. Lindsey, A. G. Brown, Brock, Bethune.

On Thursday, July 5, the Toronto cricket club proceed to Orillia to play All North.

Lansdowne cricket club v. St. Matthias cricket club will take place on Monday July 2 on the exhibition grounds at Parkdale. The following will comprise the Lansdowne cricket club team: A. Kirkpatrick, G. Kirkpatrick, G. Donaldson, K. Williams, W. Thomson, J. ——, N. Burns, W. Milligan, A. McDonnell, N. Reid, J. Gibson.

Toronto cricket club v. Chippawa cricket club is in process of arrangement and will probably take place in Toronto some time next month.

Sullivan the Greek Scholar.

From the Chicago Herald.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Sunday Herald "Lounger," who was in New Orleans when Sullivan fought Ryan, is responsible for the statement that the former is a Greek scholar. On the day of the fight, he says, Sullivan was on the beach. "I saw his face soften. 'What are you thinking of,' I said to him. 'I was thinking how admirably old Homer expressed it when he spoke of Poluphloisbo thalasta (I hope my Greek is correct), the loud sounding sea,' he answered. 'When I read Homer the words greatly impressed me. 'Why, where did you read Homer?' I asked in some amazement. 'Oh at the Boston high school,' he said. Just then he was called, and in ten minutes Ryan was the worst whipped man who ever stood up in a twenty-four foot ring. But I will never forget how, with resonant voice, the gladiator repeated in faultless measure from the original Greek one of the finest passages the blind old bard ever thought or wrote in the world that made him immortal. I do not know how much Sullivan may have changed or become demoralized by contact with Boston culture, but in the fortnight I knew him he always had the air and manner of a well-bred man of the world."

[The above would have a much greater likelihood of being true if Sullivan had really been at the Boston high school and if there had been a sea beach within fifty miles of the spot where the fight took place.]

Bonnie Bird at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 26, 1883.—Club purse $350, for all ages, $50 of which to second; one mile and a half: John Forbes' b.m. Bonnie Bird, aged, by Judge Curtis—Bonnie Brees, 112 pounds (Blaylock).... 1
H. B. Toland's b.h. Wallansee, 4 years, by Waverly, Pisama, 112 pounds (I. Murphy)..... 2
H. N. Moor's b.m. Kittie Wells, 5 years, by imp. Buckden—Bonaventure, 100 pounds (E. Murray) 3

Pools—Wallansee, $25; Bonnie Bird, $25; Kittie Wells, $7. Books—$10 to $9 against Wallansee, $5 to $4 against Bonnie Bird, $12 to $2 against Kittie Wells.

The flag fell at the first attempt, Kittie Wells being about a quarter of a length in the lead, with Wallansee second and Bonnie Bird lapped to his saddle girths, and in this order passed the three-quarter pole, both the Bird and Wallansee being seemingly content to let the bay mare cut out the pace. Passing the stand the first time the mare still led by half a length over Wallansee, who was about the same distance ahead of the Bird, and maintaining the same positions the three flyers sped away around the club-house turn. Going down the back-stretch Blaylock gave Bonnie Bird her head and in an instant the orange and blue of the Forbes stable shot by Wallansee, who in turn passed Kittie Wells, whose jockey vainly plied whip and spur in endeavoring to keep her in the front. Rounding into the stretch Bonnie Bird and Wallansee were running head and head, Kittie Wells being already hopelessly beaten. Nearing the wire both of the leaders were given both whip and spur without mercy, and the finish was an exciting one, the Bird winning by a short nose from Wallansee, while Kittie Wells was at least a furlong away. Time, 3 minutes. Paris mutuals paid $12.35.

The track was terribly heavy and a strong northeaster was blowing.

Sport in 1863—A Retrospect.

It is worth while looking back twenty years some times. Sixty three was the year that Macaroni, after thirty false starts, just beat Lord Clifden in the Derby, and the since famous Lord Falmouth, then racing in the name of "Mr. Valentine," won the Oaks with the 50 to 1 chance Queen Bertha, Doncaster's dam Marigold running second, and Isonomy's grand-dam Isoline fourth. The American horses Rubicon (brother to Preakness) and Umpire were running that year in England, as well as Optimist and Reporter. In the States all was war and desolation. Chambers and the Australian Green were pitted against each other for the championship of the Thames, but Green was not a colonial Hanlan. The Prince and Princess of Wales were married and visited Epsom and Ascot. J. C. Heenan and Tom King fought for £2000; the man in whose embrace the gifted Menken said she sought paradise being simply "nowhere" on that occasion. Jem Mace beat Joe Goss for the championship of the ring, which makes him a pretty old stager now. In the cricket field Dr. E. M. Grace was the phenomenal run getter, his brother W. G. not having made his mark. Tarrant and Jackson were the great professional sturdiers; and the gentlemen in those days had no chance. Sir Tatton Sykes, the famous old Yorkshire baronet, died, and his stud was dispersed of for a total of $125,000. Lord Clifden, though at one time toiling hopelessly in Paris in the rear, won a memorable St. Leger in a field of 19 starters, the Oaks winner running second. Asteroid won the 1863 Chester cup for Sir Joseph Hawley with the staggering impost of 130 pounds on his back. Heenan and Ward rowed a sculling match in America this year; and Joe Coburn was fighting Tom McCole for the American championship.

The Canadians at Hurlingham.

On Friday, the 15th, the Canadian teams of lacrosse players made their last appearance, according to present arrangements, before the London public. Commencing on Monday, the 18th, they were to give a long series of exhibitions at Leicester, Nottingham, Birmingham, Coventry, Walsall, Sheffield, Harrogate, Leeds, Dewsbury, Bradford, Wakefield, Liverpool, Chester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Middlesborough, Sunderland, Darlington, York, Manchester, Rochdale, Scarborough, Belfast, Derry and Dublin. It is probable that at the Longright ground, Manchester, July 21 and 23, two English teams will be got together to oppose the visitors, the one representing the South Manchester club and the other Lancashire county. With these exceptions the games were all to be exhibitions between the Canadians and the Indians.

The match on the 15th was played at the Hurlingham club, Fulham, and in spite of the wet morning and the threatening look of the sky, a large and fashionable company gathered, the fact that the Prince and Princess of Wales were to be present doubtless attracting many. Invitations were issued to Lord and Lady Dufferin, Lord and Lady Lansdowne, Lord and Lady Derby, Lord Monck, Lord Carnarvon, Lord Dunraven, Lord Hartington, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone, Cardinal Manning, the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress, Hon. Evelyn Ashley, Sir R. Herbert, Sir H. Tyler, and Sir C. Dilke. Besides many of these, there were on the ground the Duchess of Marlborough, and Lady Richmond Fellowes, Lord de Lisle and Dudley, Lord Holmesdale, Count Munster, Lord Aveland, General Steele, Colonels Lamont and Bramston, Major Whittingstall, Mr. Monk, &c. There were upwards of twenty drags drawn up by the tent reserved for the Prince before the play commenced. Two games were played before the arrival of the royal party, each side winning one, Fraser scoring that for the white men and "June stand up" the one for the Indians. At a quarter-past five the Prince and Princess arrived accompanied by Prince Albert Victor and the three princesses. Play was stopped, and the two teams were drawn up in line before the royal tent. After an introduction to the Prince, play was resumed and continued with greatly increased vigor, the amateurs having decidedly the best of it. It was nearly half an hour, however, before they succeeded in gaining a goal, which was finally thrown by Aird. A third was soon after obtained by Smith, but the Indians brought the score to three to two after about ten minutes more play. No further goal was obtained, as on the Prince and Princess leaving play was stopped.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

THURSDAY, June 28, 1883.

MORNING SALES—Montreal 15 at 197¾. Toronto 10 at 185½. Commerce 69 at 131½. Federal 10 at 158¾, 110 at 158½. Hamilton 11 at 116¾, 12 at 117, 10 at 117¼. Western Assurance 190 at 140½, 20 at 140¾. Northwest Land Co. 20 at 68½, 15 at 68¾, 50 at 68½.

AFTERNOON BOARD—Montreal 197¾ to 197½. Ontario 111¾ to 111½. Toronto 185½ to 185. Merchants 123½ to 122½. Commerce 131¾ to 131½. Imperial 142½ to 143. Federal 158½ to 158¾. Dominion 196¾ to 196. Standard 115 to 114½. Hamilton 170. Western Assurance 140¼ to 139¾; sales 100 at 140 xd. Consumer's Gas 151 to 149½. Dominion 89½ to 89. Ontario & Qu'Appelle Land Co. 154. Northwest Land Company 68½ to 68¾; sales 50 at 68½, 200 at 68.

Montreal Stock Exchange.

CLOSING BOARD.—Montreal 198½ to 197¾; sales 25 at 197¾. Ontario 112 to 111. Northwest Land Company xd 69 ¼. Merchants' 123¾ to 123½. Commerce 132 to 131¾. Federal 158¾ to 157. Montreal Telegraph Company 124 to 123. Richelieu and Ont. Nav. Co. 79½ to 78½. City Passenger Co. 134½. Montreal Gas Company 176½ to 175½; sales 100 at 175½. St. Paul M. & M., 125 to 124.

Corn Exchange Transactions.

TORONTO, June 28.—No. 2 fall offered at $1 04, $1 04 bid for No. 2 fall Aug. $1 02 bid for July, No. 3 spring at $1 05, 83c bid for No. 2 peas; car of western oats 46c.

There was no session yesterday afternoon.

The Farmers' Market.

TORONTO, June 28.—There was a small market. About 400 bushels of wheat $1 03 to $1 04 for fall, $1 06 for spring, and $1 to $1 01 for goose. A load of oats sold at 40c. A few loads of hay sold at $12 to $13, and straw sold at $7 to $8. Potatoes nominal at 75c to 80c a bag. Butter sold at 18c and 19c for pound rolls. Eggs at 16c to 17c.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.—Trade was slow this morning. Following are the retail prices in St. Lawrence market: Beef—roast 15c to 18c, sirloin steak 15c to 18c, round steak 13c to 14c; mutton, legs and chops 15c to 17c, inferior cuts 6c to 10c; lamb, spring quarter 75c to $1 75; veal, best joints 12c to 15c, inferior cuts 8c to 10c; pork, chops and roast 12½c to 14c; butter, lb rolls 19c to 21c, large rolls 16c to 17c, cooking 14c to 15c; cheese 14c to 15c; lard 15c; bacon 13c to 16c; eggs 16c to 17c; turkeys $1 to $2; chickens, per pair 75 to 80c; potatoes, per peck 18c to 20c; cauliflower, 15c to 20c; parsley, per bunch, 2c; radishes, bunch 5c; rhubarb, bunch 4c; asparagus, bunch 5c; cabbages, new, 8c. to 15c., onions, per bunch 2c to 3c, lettuce 2½c.

THE FRUIT MARKET.—Prices at Lumbers' auction market on York street wharf yesterday were: Strawberries, No. 1, 10c to 12c per quart; No. 2, 9c to 10c; No. 3, 8c to 9c. Cherries 8c to 10c per quart.

Local Produce Notes.

There has been a moderate demand for fall wheat, and flour shows more activity. Receipts and shipments at this point are small.

There has been a very fair movement in flour especially in choice brands for shipment to the east. Prices are slightly lower, and the local demand appears limited.

Business in wheat has been rather quiet. Prices are not much lower notwithstanding the further decline in Chicago and Britain.

There is no immediate demand for oats, which have been very quiet and steady.

Latest New York and Chicago Markets.

NEW YORK, June 28. — Cotton unchanged. Flour—Receipts 11,000 brls, superfine and No. 2 strong other kinds easier, sales 13,000 brls., No. 2 $2 40 to $3 55, superfine, etc., $3 40 to $4, common, etc., $3 90 to $4 40, good, etc., $4 50 to $6 75, western extra $6 25 to $6 75, Ohio $3 95 to $6 50, St. Louis $3 95 to $6 75, Minnesota extra $5 60 to $6 50, double extra $6 60 to $7 25. Rye flour unchanged. Cornmeal unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 52,000 bush, steady, sales 1,323,000 bush, including 257,000 bush spot, exports 97,000 bush. No 2 spring nominal, No 2 red $1 15½ to $1 17½, No. 1 red state $1 19, No. 1 white state $1 17½, No 2 red June $1 13½. Rye steady, state 72c, western 67c. Barley nominal. Malt unchanged. Corn—Receipts 153,000 bush, steady, sales 1,871,000 bush, including 239,000 bush spot, exports 168,000 bush. No 2 61½c to 62c, No. 2 white 67½c, No 2 June 61c. Oats—Receipts 58,000 bush, firm, sales 1,034,000 bush, mixed 39½c to 42½c, white 42c to 47c, No. 2 July 39c to 39½c. Hay steady. Hops firm, 40c to 45c. Coffee unchanged. Sugar weak and unchanged. Molasses steady. Rice firm. Tallow steady at 7⅞c to 8c. Potatoes unchanged. Eggs weak at 18c. Pork dull and lower, mess $17 75 to $18. Beef dull. Cut meats dull, pickled hams 13½c, middles dull, long clear 9c. Lard closed firm at $9 70. Butter, good inquiry at 15c to 24½c. Cheese unchanged.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Flour dull and unchanged. Regular wheat active and lower, 99⅞c for June, $1 00⅝ to $1 00½ for July, $1 02⅝ for August, $1 04⅝ to $1 04½ for September, $1 06⅝ to $1 06 for October, $1 06½ for Nov., 99⅞c for all year, No. 2 Chicago spring 99½c to 99⅝. No. 3 do. 83c. No. 2 red winter $1 05. Corn active and lower at 53½c to 52⅝c for cash, 52½c for June, 52⅝c to 53c for July, 52½c to 52⅝c for August, 53⅝c to 53½c for September, 53½c for October, 48½c for all year. Oats dull and lower at 32c to 32½c for cash, 32½c to 32⅝c for June, 32⅝c to 32⅞c for July, 30⅞c for August, 29½c for September, 28½c for October. Rye easier at 55½c. Pork closed firm at $16 to $16 05 for cash and June, $16 02½ to $16 05 for July, $16 20 to $16 22½ for August, $16 40 to $16 42½ for September, $16 50 to $16 55 for October. $14 35 to $14 45 for all year. Lard closed firm at $9 12½ to $9 15 for cash and June, $9 15 to $9 19½ for July, $9 30 to $9 32½ for August, $9 37½ to $9 40 for September, $9 42½ to $9 45 for October, $8 95 for all year. Bulk meats in fair demand, shoulders $7 00, short rib $8 30, short clear $8 65. Whisky unchanged. Freights—Corn to Buffalo 2c. Receipts—Flour 14,000 bbls, wheat 27,000 bush, corn 145,000 bush, oats 116,000 bush, rye 19,000 bush, barley 2000 bush. Shipments—Flour 4000 brls, wheat 84,000 bush, corn 3 6,0 0 bush, oats 65,000 bush, rye 5000 bush, barley 13000 bush.

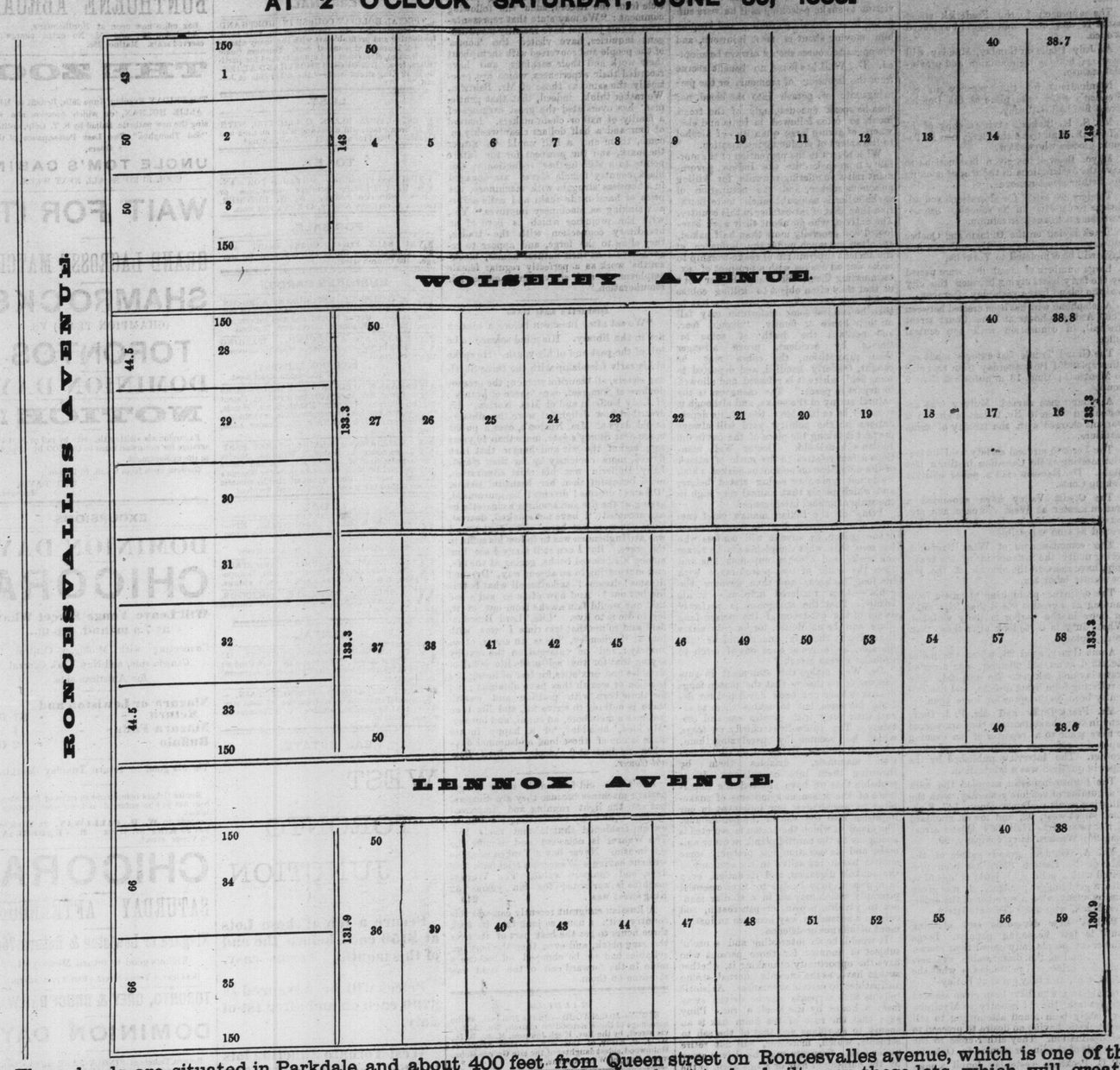
REAL ESTATE SALE

GRAND AUCTION SALE!

AT

JOHN M. McFARLANE'S AUCTION ROOMS, 67 YONGE STREET

AT 2 O'CLOCK SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 1883.



These lands are situated in Parkdale and about 400 feet from Queen street on Roncesvalles avenue, which is one of the most enjoyable avenues in Parkkale. Several fine residences are about to be built upon these lots which will greatly enhance the value of the purchases.

"Rough on Rats.

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmonks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

McGregor's Speedy Cure.

From the many remarkable cures wrought by using McGregor's Speedy Cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and affection of the liver, and from the immense sale of it without any advertising, we have concluded to place it extensively on the market, so that those who suffer may have a perfect cure. Go to the drug store and get a trial bottle free, or the regular size at fifty cents and one dollar.

"Buchu-Paiba."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. $1. Druggists.

Do no violence to the liver and general system by repeated doses of mercury in the shape of calomel and blue pill. Many persons thus dose themselves even without the advice of a physician. The best substitute for such pernicious drugs, and the use of which is never followed by disastrous effects upon the general health, is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which permanently tones the stomach, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and gives a healthful glow to the cheek.

Jacob Lockman, Buffalo, N. Y., says he has been using Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for rheumatism; he had such a lame back he could not do anything, but one bottle has, to use his own expression "cured him up." He thinks it is the best thing in the market.

"It is not necessary to enter into particulars in referring to the complicated organic and functional difficulties to which the more delicate classes of American women are subject; but we take pleasure in saying that Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Great Remedy for all these troubles has an unbounded popularity.

D. H. Howard of Geneva, N.Y., took over half a gross of various patent medicines for paralysis and debility. He says Burdock Blood Bitters cured him.

Headache is caused by disordered stomach, nervous irritation and poor circulation. Whatever may be its cause, Burdock Blood Bitters is the best remedy.

"It sells well and gives more general satisfaction than any blood purifier we keep," says S. Perrin, druggist, Lindsay, regarding Burdock Blood Bitters.

Bile is nature's true cathartic. Regulate the liver to secrete your bile and you will obtain regularity of the bowels and make healthy blood. Burdock Blood Bitters will do this.

D. McCrimmon, Lancaster, had chronic rheumatism for years, which resisted all treatment until he tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It cured him.

Mr. A. Fisher, of the Toronto Globe, says: "I take great pleasure in recommending Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure to the public. Have suffered with dyspepsia for some time, and have tried several remedies without receiving any benefit. Being recommended to do so I used one bottle, and must say that I find the result perfectly satisfactory, not having been troubled with this distressing disease since, and would recommend others similarly affected to purchase a bottle at once and try it, as I am satisfied they will receive benefit from its use."

Mr. Berthold of Breslau, Prussia, used his railroad pass to frank his wife and daughter's baggage, and was condemned to a week's imprisonment for obtaining fraudulently $1 38 worth of accommodation. He appealed, but sentence was confirmed.

A good circulation of the fluids of the body is indispensable to perfect health. The bile, the blood, the secretions of the skin, kidneys and bowels are all purified by Burdock Blood Bitters.

Joseph Shewfelt, Armour, says that he considers Burdock Blood Bitters a life saving friend to him. Is cured him of debility when doctors failed.

Mrs. Ira Mulholland, Oakville, was cured of dyspepsia and oft-recurring bilious attacks by that unfailing liver regulator Burdock Blood Bitters.

Calvert's Carbolic Cerate.

Try it for chapped hands, cuts, burns, bruises. It is a preparation of vaseline, carbolic acid and cerate. It will cure any sore where all other preparations fail. Call at any drug store and get a package. Twenty-five cents is all it costs.

Use the safe, pleasant, and effectual worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; nothing equals it.

Have you tried Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing these troublesome excrescences.

Cleanse the stomach, liver, bowels and blood, and tone up the debilitated system. You can accomplish both measures in the most easy and natural manner by Burdock Blood Bitters.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup."

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

Rossin House.

The Rossin is the largest hotel in Canada, only two blocks from Union station, corner King and York streets, finest situation in Toronto. Its thoroughly first-class appointments, large corridors, lofty ceilings, spacious, clean and well ventilated rooms (the whole house having been painted, frescoed and decorated this spring), detached and en suite, polite and attentive employees in every apartment, together with unexcelled cuisine, make it specially attractive to the travelling public. Elevator running day and night. Hot and cold baths on each floor. Electric bells in rooms. Fire escape in each bed-room. Prices graduated.

SAFE CURE

FOR THE

Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is only one way by which any disease can be cured, and that is by removing the cause—whatever it may be. The great medical authorities of the day declare that nearly every disease is caused by deranged kidneys or liver. To restore these therefore is the only way by which health can be secured. Here is where WARNER'S SAFE CURE has achieved its great reputation. It acts directly upon the kidneys and liver and by placing them in a healthy condition drives disease and pain from the system. For all kidney, liver and urinary troubles; for the distressing disorders of women; for malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good. For diabetes ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester N.Y. London, Eng.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

MEDICAL.

FEVER AND AGUE

Do not throw money away on wholesale remedies when NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS will cure you. Use one and you will find immediate benefit. Every one is guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BABY

Can be kept quiet and comfortable by wearing around its little neck one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES. They are better than all the soothing syrup in christendom. They give no stocks and are comfortable. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Ask for them and take no other.

CRYING BABIES.

Beb cry because they suffer. Their little gums are inflamed, and their bodies are more or less feverish. If you will tie around their necks one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES you will see a wonderful change for the better; their suffering will cease and their general health improve. Ask for Norman's, take no other, and you will be pleased. Price 50c.

CONSTIPATION

is entirely overcome by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. No injury can result, and they are pleasant to wear. Try one and be cured. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BILIOUSNESS

And all disorders of the stomach and liver are corrected by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. Try one and be convinced. Guaranteed genuine. Circulars and consultation free. A. Norman 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

FEMALE TROUBLES.

Ladies are benefitted more by NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS than by all the science of medicine. They are comfortable and durable. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

LUMBAGO.

Those who are suffering from this disease will find a friend in NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS when all other remedies fail. Ask your druggist for it. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

WEAKNESS

And inactivity yield to the influence of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT when all other remedies fail. Try one and you will suffer no longer. Every belt guaranteed. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

G AND G

PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR EITHER SEX.

This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet or nauseous, mercurial or poisonous medicines to be taken internally. When used

AS A PREVENTIVE

by either sex it is impossible to contract any venereal disease; and in the case of those already

UNFORTUNATELY AFFLICTED

with Gonorrhœa and Gleet, we guarantee 3 boxes to cure or we will refund the money. Price by mail, postage paid, $2 per box or 3 boxes for $5.

WRITTEN GUARANTEES

issued by all authorized agents.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN & CO., Sole Proprietors.

F. T. Burgess Druggist, 364 King Street East, Toronto, Ont.

MEDICAL.

HEALTH IS WEALTH

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, premature old age, barrenness, loss of power in either sex, involuntary losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued.

Sold by A. B. EADIE, No 237 King st. East, Toronto Ont.

Sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

$500 REWARD!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes containing 30 pills 25 cents. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & Co., "The Pill Makers," 81 and 83 King street east, Toronto, up-stairs. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.

SPECIALISTS

A GREAT INSTITUTION.

The surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute, operating from their different offices, *Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Mich.,* and *Winnipeg, Man.*, are treating more patients suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Pharyngitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, than any other institution in the world. We will treat no case we think incurable. We can help every case and cure the majority we undertake to treat if patients will strictly follow our directions. By the use of cold inhalations conveyed to the diseased parts by the *Spirometer* the wonderful invention of Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, ex-aide surgeon of the French army, and other proper local and constitutional treatment, we are curing thousands of cases of the above named diseases every year. Write enclosing stamp for *list of questions* and copy of *International News*, published monthly, which will give you full information and reliable references.

Address International Throat & Lung Institute,
173 Church Street, Toronto,
13 Phillips's Square, Montreal, P Q
81 Lafayette ave., Detroit, Mich.,
506 Main stander street, Winnipeg, Man

Kram's Fluid Lightning.

Needs no advertising when once introduced. Every bottle sells hundreds of others by doing all and more than represented for neuralgia, toothache, headache, etc. It removes any pain instantly, quick as flash. Try it and you will say it is well named Fluid Lightning. Get a twenty-five cent bottle at any drug store.

Diamond Dyes will color anything any color, and never fail. The easiest and best way to economize. 10 cents, at all druggists.

If your lungs are almost wasted by consumption Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure you, yet as a remedy for severe coughs, and all curable bronchial, throat, and lung affections it is unsurpassed. Send two stamps for Dr. Pierce's large pamphlet treatise on consumption and kindred affections. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

Dropsy, kidney and urinary complaints, the irregularities and weakening diseases of females are all remedied by the regulating toning power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Chronic erysipelas and all eruptions and humors of the blood, so unsightly in appearance and so productive of misery, may be cured The remedy is Burdock Blood Bitters.

Miss F. Molloy, Eglin, tried in vain for years to cure bilious headache, poor circulation and other chronic ills. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured her.

BEAUTIFUL PARAGRAPHS.

Order at once and you'll not regret having your shirts made by White, 65 King street west; 6 for $7 50, 6 for $9, 6 for $10, 6 for $11 50. The best value, the best workmanship, and the best fit to be had only at WHITE'S.

—Mental depression and all nervous diseases of whatever nature or cause, in old or young, male or female, cured by Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment.

Medicated vapors applied by inhalation cure catarrh, bronchitis, consumption, etc., when all else has failed, by destroying those microscopic germs which cause these diseases. For full particulars apply to Dr. Malcolm, 357 King street west, Toronto. ed

Henry Clement, Almonte, writes: "For a long time I was troubled with chronic rheumatism, at times wholly disabled; I tried anything and everything recommended, but failed to get any benefit, until a gentleman who was cured of rheumatism by Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, told me about it. I began using it both internally and externally, and before two bottles were used I was radically cured. We find it a household medicine, and for croup, barns, cuts and bruises, it has no equal."

THE TORONTO WORLD

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1883.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

The Wiman baths at the gap were opened to the public yesterday.

Hon. John O'Donohoe says he has no present intention of resigning his senatorship.

Among the candidates for the university matriculation examination are twenty-five ladies.

The approach to the Frederick street baths is very dirty and should be cleaned at once.

As July 1 falls on Sunday, Monday will be a legal holiday by dominion and provincial statute.

Nominations for the vacancy in St. Stephen's ward take place at the Dundas street fire hall Saturday.

Mr. S. H. Blake is giving a copy of the Life of Dr. Duff to all the clergymen in Toronto diocese who want it.

Mayor Boswell has given instructions to have the obstructions in the way of opening up Arthur street removed.

Tenders are called for alterations and additions to certain public schools. See advertisement in another column.

Track laying on the Ontario and Quebec railway is proceeding rapidly, and in a few days will be completed to Yorkvile.

Large numbers of dead fish were passed by the ferry boats plying between the city and the island baths yesterday afternoon.

A telephone wire has been erected between Chief Ardagh's house and the Court street fire hall, in connection with the central office.

The Grand Trunk fast express made another splendid run yesterday from this city to Montreal; time, 13 minutes less than 9 hours.

A young man named Mulvey was arrested and taken to No. 2 last night on a warrant charged with the larceny of some furniture.

The Toronto medical society held its regular meeting at the Canadian institute last night. Dr. Ryerson read a paper entitled Taking Colds.

The Credit Valley have appointed a station master at West Toronto and preparations are being made to have a station erected as soon as possible.

The commissioners of West Riverside, acting under the instructions of the township, have assessed the officials of the jail for statute labor tax.

The ordinance prohibiting steamers from running at a greater speed than four miles an hour in the harbor is daily violated. Whose duty is it to look after these fast-going captains.

Annie Henry, aged 28, whom the police identified as an old offender, was arrested yesterday and taken to the hospital. She is suffering from heart disease, and has evidently been on the spree for some time.

Mr. Frank Duffy and Mr. P. J. Duffy deny in toto the statements they are alleged to have made to a reporter of an evening paper in reference to the death of their brother. The interview published by the paper in question was a fabrication.

The license inspector sampled the milk of a number of vendors yesterday, with the following result:—James Dunn, 147 Richmond street west, 98, and lowest standard of richness; Mrs. Hall, 664 Queen street west, 95; Western dairy company, 99.

Mr. A. Garden, grand patron of the order of the Eastern Star, has been presented with a solid gold jewel of his office, with a gold nugget pendant. It was given him by a lady, also a member of the order, Mrs. Mack, who was in Toronto lately.

Petleys' new dry-goods and clothing house is fast becoming popular. Large numbers of people daily crowd their stores, notwithstanding the disagreeable weather. Style, low prices and politeness is what the people want, and they get it at Petleys'.

Immigrants who have been given assisted passages from the old country to Manitoba have lately been found attempting to sell these tickets, having no desire to proceed to their destination. They either cross to the other side of the line or remain in Ontario.

P. C. Peckham yesterday found a man named John Clark lying in an unconscious condition on Gedde's dock. A physician, who was summoned, stated that Clark was suffering from brain fever, and the unfortunate man was taken to the hospital in an ambulance.

An American stopping at a hotel in Montreal left a bag in his room, he says, contantaining $2500. In his absence the porter gave the satchel in mistake to a traveler going west. By telegraphing to this city the valuable bag was found and returned all right.

"In the spring, summer and fall, when work and money are plenty," said a jolly stonemason, "I go into St. Lawrence market and sing out, 'Send this roast up to the house!' but when winter comes, and work and money are scarce, I sneak into the market with a basket on my arm, and say, on the quiet, "Have you got any liver?"

The entrance examinations to the separate high schools commenced yesterday, the boys being examined at De La Salle institute and the girls at the Jarvis street convent. Forty-three boys and thirty-two girls presented themselves. The examiners are Bro. Tobias, Bro. Odo, Fathers Rooney, Laurent, and McCann, Dr. McConnell and Mr. John Murphy.

Robert Stewart, machinist, No. 103 Bay street, was in the act of putting a belt round a wheel on the shafting, when he slipped, and his arm being caught in the belting, he was drawn up to the ceiling and between that and the shafting, where he remained fast. When taken down it was found that his head was severely cut, and his left arm was seriously mangled but no bones were broken.

Grace church held a garden party at the Granite rink last night. The covered part of the rink was illuminated with Chinese lanterns and adorned with flags and decorations of all kinds on either side. The attendants on the ice cream and art tables were kept busy dispensing their goods to the immense crowd in attendance. The young ladies in summer suits added greatly to the beauty of the scene.

At the recent annual meeting of the Toronto Choral society the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Hon. president, W. B. McMurrich; vice-presidents, Robert Marshall and Dr. W. H. Clarke. Executive—President, Seely B. Brush; 1st vice-president, E. A. Scadding; 2nd do., Auguste Boltz; treasurer, Ed. A. Toshack; secretary, Wm. Selby; librarian, George W. Gilbert. Committee—D. Barclay, Angus Clark, E. A. McLausin, Chas. Boeckh, T. Bilton, George H. C. Dunstan and John Gemmell. Conductor, Edward Fisher.

"The Hub" for all mixed drinks.

"The Positive Cure."

Devlin's Aperient Anti-bilious mixture for biliousness, sick headache, constipation, etc.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Walker Townsend, vice-president of the Toronto cricket club, accompanied by Mr. Lyndhurst Ogden, also of the cricket club, left yesterday in the director's car of the Northern railway for Orchard Beach.

SNAKES AND SNAKE POISON.

Soveriga Remedies, the Best One of Which is to Kill the Snake.

From the Saturday Review.

When the constitutional symptoms of snake-poisoning set it, there is little to be done except to try to steer the patient through their course by administering light food and stimulants when necessary, and by restoring to artificial respiration in a few suitable cases. The system of treating a victim to snake-poisoning as if he were suffering from narcotic poisoning and keeping him moving about is most injurious, and the opposite course should always be adopted. Dr. Wall has found no benefit accrue from the injection of ammonia or the permanganate of potash into the blood, nor does he speak encouragingly of the treatment, so often followed in India and elsewhere, of giving large quantities of alcohol to the extent of producing intoxication.

With regard to the prevention of the mortality from snake-bite, the Indian government relies on offering rewards for killing poisonous snakes, and the occupation of snake-killer is no doubt much more lucrative than that of rat-catcher in this country. The natives, who go about their work barefooted and generally more than half naked, are often too much under the influence of the ancient superstition of snake-worship to make war on snakes with a prospect of exterminating them. Sir Joseph Fayrer tells us that they often object to killing cobras which may have taken up their quarters in their houses lest some misfortune may fall on their house or family. "Should fear, and perhaps the death of some intimate by accident, prove stronger than superstition, the cobra may be caught, tenderly handled, and deported to some field, where it is released and allowed to depart in peace." The mongoose is the natural enemy of the snake, and although it seems to be as tamable as the cat, its depredations on the poultry yard will always prevent it taking the place of the cat in the Indian's household. Doctor Wall mentions a fact relative to the mode of attack of the mongoose on poisonous snakes which we do not remember seeing stated before, and which places that animal very high in the scale of animal intelligence:

"One of the Indian snake's chief enemies, the mongoose, has no fear whatever of the poison, as anyone will confess who has seen with what complete ease he seizes the snake and crushes out first one and then the other of the poison-fangs with his long incisors, and then devours the cobra — thus rendered helpless — at his leisure. That the mongoose is perfectly aware of the existence of the poison-fang there can be no doubt, for he only seizes the cobra by the fang; and should he miss his aim, he retires at once out of reach to to make a fresh attack."

Dr. Wall makes this statement in support of his theory that the poison-fangs of snakes have not been developed for defense purposes, but to enable them to secure their prey with greater ease and certainty. The cobra lives chiefly on frogs, which he secures by paralyzing them, while the diabola, living on small but active mammals, disables them by throwing them into convulsions. It is probable that we have allowed the importance of the poisonous symptoms of snake-bites to overshadow our judgment in our inquiries into the use of the poison-fang. The gland in which the poison is secreted is analogous to the parotid gland in other animals, and its secretion has probably some similar use to the saliva in the economy of the snake's digestion, and its action, even as a poison, may be due to some essential principle which may act in a similar manner to ptyalin, pepsin, or pancreatin, and only in a secondary way becomes an instrument of offence or defence.

It would be an interesting and a useful subject of enquiry for those persons who have the opportunity of making it, whether snakes have, as the ancients asserted, strong antipathies to certain substances. Aristotle tells us that serpents may be driven away from a house by the smell of rue. Pliny says that the root of the holm oak is an enemy to scorpians and that of the ash to serpents, which, moreover, will not retire under fern. Serpents may be driven away by the burning of hair or stag's horn, or the sawdust of the cedar, or a few drops of galbanum, green ivy or juniper, and those who are rubbed with juniper seeds are perfectly secure from hurt by serpents. It is probable that such substances as carbolic acid would be found useful for driving snakes away, as two or three drops placed in the mouth of a snake instantly destroys it

Not the Home of Tom Moore.

A tradition dear to Philadelphia has been rudely upset. For years upon years one of the showplaces on the Schuylkill has been a rude log cabin, which Philadelphians have been wont to point out with pride to visitors as having once been the residence of Thomas Moore, the Irish bard. The story has been ruined by Mr. Edward Wain, who has written a letter to the commissioners of Fairmount park, saying: "I can here dissipate any question of doubt which has been conjectered whether the little low cottage standing on the west bank, close to the river road, and opposite Peter's island, ever was the residence of Tom Moore, the poet. As a boy I have walked barefooted across the island at low water before the dam at Fairmount was built hundreds of times. My memory goes back to 1815. The cottage was then, and had been from time immemorial precedent, occupied by an aged negress known as "Old Cornelia." She did the washing for the Belmont establishment and absorbed all the weekly pocket-money allowance of us boys and our companions by selling us her spruce beer and horse-shaped ginger cakes and allowing us to dig in her cabbage garden for fishing worms for bait. Over the door was a board on which a sketch of a bottle of beer effervescing in a rainbow semi-circle into a mug was painted. She died about 1830 in that place. The date of Tom Moore's death fixes the impossibility of his having ever lived there."

A City Ballad.

Did you ever see Toronto's streets in such a state before?
Since it became a city, with a city's proud pretence
Of being the "Queen City" of this broad dominion o'er,
For beauty and intelligence, and high-toned common sense?
And, alas! for something more.

It vexes one, you might depend, to see the state it's in,
This queen city, this learned city, with officials by the score,
Where, at least one among them, it should be truly seen
Know how to do his duty in the city's trying hour,
To keep the crossings clean.

The dirty streets are bad enough for grown-up hardy men,
But the ladies, I pity them! with their prunellas on,
And with their dainty rubbers to preserve them but in vain
As they pass o'er where there should be a little cleaning done,
To keep the crossings clean.

"Muddy York!?" It might have been muddy York of yore,
But it bore no proud title then as this Queen City does,
With its mayor and aldermen, and officials by he score,
Who are paid for their wisdom, but it unfortunately goes
Into politics, to the city's loss.

Toronto, June 26, 1883. —*W. H. Stevens.*

English Female Iron-Workers.

"From the Philadelphia Record.

Some months ago the Record printed an account of the labors of the female iron-workers in "The Black Country," near Birmingham, England, based on the observations of Mr. Samuel S. Baldwin. Controversy having arisen as to the correctness of the statements of the Record, the matter was referred by a correspondent to the editor of the Wolverhampton (Eng.) Evening Star. The Star, after republishing the article from the Record, adds the following comment: "We may state that representatives of this journal have recently made diligent inquiries, have visited the 'homes' of the people and conversed with them about their work and their earnings, and have recorded their experiences, which are practically the same as those of Mr. Baldwin. We rather think, indeed, that that gentleman has overstated the great earnings of a family of nail or chain makers. Instead of four and a half dollars clear weekly in come, three and a half would be nearer the mark, and the prospect for the future points to a still further reduction. Our black country female slaves are engaged in a hopeless struggle with machinery, the price of hand-made chain and nails naturally sinking as machinery improves. Yet, with the prejudice which is born of an hereditary connection with the trades, they cling to the forge, and appear to regard hovels as their natural homes, blacksmiths' work as a perfectly regular female employment and starvation wages as fair remuneration."

Disraeli's Last Days.

"We sat after luncheon before a blazing fire in the library. His mind seemed to be full of the past and of his youth. He spoke of his early friendship with the three Sheridan sisters, all beautiful women; the present duchess of Somerset, once 'queen of beauty'; of Lady Dufferin and of Mrs. Norton. He described how delightful were the dinners in old days at Mrs. Norton's, over a public house near Storey's gate, more than 40 years ago, and of the wit and humor that then flowed, more copiously by far than claret. Lady Dufferin was his chief admiration, more beautiful than her beautiful sisters. 'Dreams! dreams! dreams!' he murmured, gazing at the fire and smoking a cigarette he had accepted. 'I have not smoked, dearest, since you were last here.' The next time I was at Hughenden was to follow his coffin to the grave. But I can still fancy I see him among his beloved books, gazing at the fire, and murmuring in an absent way, 'Dreams! dreams! dreams!' and after all what is this life but one? And how often so sad a one that one would fain awake from out of it, for to die is to live. 'Life,' Lord Beaconsfield said to me that last time I was with him at Hughenden, 'life is an ennui, or an anxiety;' and he enlarged on the text by saying that for the self-made life is full of troubles and anxieties, for fear of losing the position or wealth they have obtained; and for those born with position and wealth there is nothing to strive for, and life then becomes a mere bore, an ennui, and burden. 'My ides,' he added, 'of a happy future state is one of those long midsummer days when one dines at 9 o'clock.'"—*Lord Ronald Gower.*

Don't buy old-fashioned, noisy Singer pattern machines because they are Singers, but see the light running and improved Wanzer C, no noisy and rattling cog-wheels, no old-fashioned shuttle and neele bar. The Wanzer is noiseless and double the size in arm. Never buy a Yankee machine without having a Wanzer on trial for a few days, and compare value. The Wanzer machine is warranted for ten years. 82 King street west. 246

A Russian emigrant recently came to this country with a name so long that it took three hours to get the best part of it over the gang plank, and even then the last ten syllables had to be chopped off because a mule in the forward end of the hold was standing on them.

MARRIED.

KIRBY—HOLMWOOD.—On the 27th inst., at the parsonage of the Metropolitan church, No. 266 Jarvis street, by the Rev. Hugh Johnson, M.A., B.D., Mr. J. R. Kirby, of this city, to Miss Emma J. Holmwood, eldest daughter of the late George Holmwood, Esq., of Winterbourne, Ont.

HELP WANTED.

A BOY AT LIGHTFOOT'S PRINTING OFFICE, 67 Yonge street. One who has been at the business preferred.

BOY WANTED—TO LEARN PRINTING BUSINESS. One who has been at the business a short time preferred. Apply at World office.

FIRST-CLASS TONSORIAL ARTIST WANTED —Apply to CAPTAIN JACK, 456 Queen street west.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED — TWO IN family. Apply at 406 Jarvis street, above Maitland.

WANTED—A GIRL. 141 CHURCH.

WANTED—A BRICKLAYER AT 171 FRONT street east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS VEST MAKERS Immediately. A. MACDONALD, 355 Yonge street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BARBER. 92 KING street west.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES

AT 72 QUEEN STREET WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast-off clothing, carpets, &c.; parties waited on at residence by dropping a card. Cleaning and repairing neatly done. H. YANCY.

AT 35 QUEEN STREET WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for ladies' and gentlemen's cast off clothing, carpets, etc. Your orders by post card promptly attended to. B. SAMUELS.

CHANEY & CO., 220 KING STREET EAST, renovates all kinds of feathers and mattresses; cash paid for feathers, new mattresses, feather beds and pillows for sale.

C. J. HAUSMAN, 127 QUEEN STREET WEST, Will pay the highest cash price for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

NOTICE—PERSONS HAVING FURNITURE, Stock of Merchandise, or other effects, will find they can sell at a reasonable price and get cash for same by applying personally or by letter to J. W. PORTOR, 100 Yonge street.

HOTELS

KING'S HOTEL, TORONTO, THE BEST ONE dollar a day house in the city, corner York and Front streets. Porter to meet all trains. The most convenient house to all railroad stations. J. H. KIGG, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, YORK STREET, TORONTO, immediately opposite Union Station. Terms, $1.50 per day. A. G. HODGE, Proprietor.

ALBION HOTEL—GREAT ALTERATIONS have taken place at this hotel for the reception of travelers and agricultural people in general. It has long been felt that there was not sufficient room to accommodate the increasing trade of the hotel, and to meet this demand the proprietor has, at an expense of over $18,000, purchased the late premises occupied by the St. Lawrence coffee house association adjoining the Albion, and has now 125 bedrooms, accommodation for 250 guests. The house has been re-modelled and re-furnished throughout at an outlay of $5000—gas in every room, new dining-room 40x60, capable of seating 200 people at one time. The house is the best $ house in the Dominion.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE.

To those about going to Manitoba to settle: For sale, the northwest quarter and the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 33, Township 14, Range 1 east; 240 acres in all. Only seven dollars an acre; terms easy. First-class soil. About 25 miles from Winnipeg and 6½ from Stonewall and 2½ from Balmoral. This property will be disposed of at a bargain. Apply or write to The World office.

Also south half of section 33, township 1, range 3 east, 320 acres, about six miles north of Emerson. First-class soil, A 1 farm, railway runs through next section. Price only $8 per acre. Terms easy. Apply or write to THE WORLD office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WANTS WASHING or ironing by the day. 11 Hagerman street, or next door.

TONSORIAL.

CAPTIAN JACK (LATE OF QUEEN'S HOTEL) will open Mr. Richardson's barber shop, cor. King and Brock streets, in a few days in first-class style with none to excel in Toronto. Baths open till 12 o'clock on Sunday. First-class artists on hand.

PERSONAL.

SPECIAL HOLIDAY COURSE IN SHORTHAND combining thoro' instruction in this most fascinating and profitable art with the many attractions of Toronto, at nominal cost. Teachers (male and female), clergymen and students send for particulars, free. BENGUGH'S SHORTHAND ATHENÆUM, 29 King street west—"the other side of Jordan."

LOST.

LOST—LARGE BLACK COLLIE DOG, WITH brown face, white feet and white on neck and breast. Liberal reward at 84 St. George street.

TO LET.

BUSINESS PREMISES—SUITABLE FOR MANUFACTURERS, printers warerooms or others. Situation central. W. W. BUTCHER, Canada Advertising Agency, 40 King street west.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE FIRST CLASS FRUIT AND Confectionery Store, with basement for storage. 163 Church street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON. Diseases of all the domesticated animals skillfully treated. Horses bought and sold on commission. 82 and 84 Richmond street west, Toronto.

GENTLEMEN'S AND FAMILY WASHING done in first-class style. Washing delivered to any address.

DOMINION LAUNDRY, 150 Richmond street west.

GENERAL AND FINANCIAL AGENCY—SUMS of from $200 to $ 0,000 to invest in Patent Rights, Business Chances, Manufactures, Hotels, Saloons, and any kind of merchantable or exchangeable property. J. I. EVANS & Co., Leader Lane, Toronto.

H. WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET EAST successor to Hodge & Williams. Roofer and manufacturer of Roofing Materials and dealer in Carpet and Building Papers. Agents for Warren's Natural Asphalt Roofing, not affected by climatic changes, thus being very durable and fireproof.

LEGAL.

ROBINSON & KENT, BARRISTERS, ETC— office: Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street, Toronto

JOHN G. ROBINSON. H. A. E. KENT.

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King street east, Toronto. C. D. READ, Q.C. WALTER READ, H. V. KNIGHT.

W. MALLOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, etc., No. 15 Toronto street, Toronto.

DENTAL.

C. P. LENNOX, SURGEON DENTIST, 151 Yonge street. Best plates $8. Vitalized air used in extracting; teeth filled with gold warranted or ten years.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.—Special attention to all branches of dentistry G. W. HALE, dentist, removed to 8 Temperance street, Toronto.

REAL ESTATE.

WEST TORONTO JUNCTION.

Secure a few of these Lots at $150 each before the end of this month. Terms easy.

Prices will be advanced to $200 each on and after 1st of July.

West Toronto Junction lots to the amount of $18,550 have been disposed of by us since January.

LAKE & CLARK

479 YONGE STREET.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, JUNE 25th

Trains will leave Toronto as follows:

GOING EAST (MONTREAL TIME.)

For Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, Portland and Boston,	7.15 a. m., 8.30 p. m. and 7.50 p. m.
For Cobourg	5.30 p. m.
Returning from Cobourg at	6.30 a. m.
Arriving at Toronto at	9.40 a. m.
Mixed for Kingston and intermediate points	1.00 p. m.

GOING WEST (MAIN LINE DIVISION.)

For Detroit and Chicago	1.30 p. m.
For London, Detroit and Chicago	12.05 p. m.
For Goderich and Detroit	7.45 a. m.
For London and Goderich	3.45 p. m.
For Stratford and intermediate points	6.10 p. m.

J. HICKSON, General Manager.

Montreal, June 19th 1883.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS WANTED.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are requested (whole and separate) for the several works required in executing certain alterations to certain public schools, viz.: Victoria street, Hope street and the Jesse Ketchum school.

Plans and specifications for Victoria street school can be seen at the office of Mr. Norman B. Dick, Toronto street; for Hope street school at the office of Messrs. Stewart and Denison, King street east; and for Jesse Ketchum school at the office of Mr. D. Roberts, Union block, Toronto street.

The tenders on forms supplied by the architects are to be delivered at the office of the secretary of the public school board, on or before Thursday, July 5 at 10 a.m. Each tender must be accompanied with an accepted bank cheque as per regulation of the board. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. By order

E. P. RODEN, Chairman of Committee. W. C. WILKINSON, Sec. P. S. Board.

FINANCIAL.

$50000 TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES of interest on farms or city property; half margin. C W LINDSEY, 22 King street east.

$300,000

To loan in large sums on city property at lowest rates of interest.

COX & WORTS, 56 Yonge street.

AMUSEMENTS.

Horticultural Gardens Pavilion.

TO-NIGHT and SATURDAY NIGHT.

GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY.

STANDARD OPERA CO'Y

OF NEW YORK, in J. W. BENGOUGH'S

BUNTHORNE ABROAD

Box office now open at Nordheimer's. Admission 25c. and 50c. No extra charge for reserved seats. Matinee 25c.

THE ZOO.

This FRIDAY Evening, June 29th, Benefit to MISS ALLIE HOLMAN, on which occasion she will sing the new pathetic Ballad by S. T. Culp, entitled "Sad Thoughts." The Last Performance of the Opera,

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

COOL BURGESS ALL NEXT WEEK.

WAIT FOR IT.

GRAND LACROSSE MATCH.

SHAMROCKS

(CHAMPION TEAM) VS.

TORONTOS.

DOMINION DAY.

NOTICE!

Excursionists visiting the city by rail or boat can arrange for excursion rates to the ZOO by applying to the management.

Gardens open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

W. G. DAVIS, Manager.

EXCURSIONS.

DOMINION DAY.

CHICORA

Will Leave Yonge Street Wharf at 7 a.m. and 2 p.m.,

Connecting with Michigan Central for Canada side, and New York Central for American side.

Niagara or Lewiston and Return	$1 00
Niagara Falls	1 50
Buffalo	2 00

Tickets good to return Tuesday Morning.

Secure tickets beforehand as rules of New Steamboat Act will be enforced and no overcrowding allowed.

Apply to W. R. CALLAWAY, 25 York St and 79 King St. West. R. CUMBERLAND, 85 Yonge street.

CHICORA.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Niagara or Lewiston & Return 75c.

Tickets good to return Monday $1.

Boat leaves Yonge street wharf 2 p.m. sharp.

TORONTO, GREY & BRUCE RAILWAY

DOMINION DAY.

Return Tickets at SINGLE FARE will be issued between all stations on 2d July good to return on same day, and at ONE AND ONE-THIRD FARE on 29th and 3 th June and 2d July, good to return till 3d July, inclusive.

CHEAP EXCURSION.

TORONTO to OWEN SOUND

SATURDAY, JUNE 30,

by train leaving Union Station 1.45 p.m. Return Fare, good to return Tuesday, 3d July, $2.00; good to return Monday, 9th July, $4. Time, 4 hours and 45 minutes.

Tickets on sale—Ticket Offices, Union Station, and 61 Yonge street.

D. McNICOLL, General Pass. Agent. EDMUND WRAGGE, General Manager. [3-5]

ISLAND FERRY.

ISLAND PARK

Come over and enjoy the Cool Breezes of the Bay and Lake.

Music To-morrow Afternoon from 3 to 10 o'clock. **ANDERSON'S BAND.**

Three boats from foot of Church street. Come over and see "ANNIE."

HANLAN'S POINT.

The best place for good air in the country, highly recommended by our best physicians.

TAKE OVER YOUR CHILDREN AND INVALIDS.

Three large steamers running daily from Tinning's wharf, foot of York street. Plenty of room for baby carriages. No delay, no crowding. Round trip 10c., children 5c. Strs. ST. JEAN BAPTISTE, GENEVA, LUELLA.

J. TURNER, - - MANAGER.

BOOKS AND STUFFED BIRDS

NATURALISTS' MANUAL,

containing descriptions of

NESTS AND EGGS OF 150 North American Birds,

also directions for collecting and preserving birds, eggs, nests and insects, only 75c., (the trade supplied.)

W. P. Melville, 319 Yonge St.,

Dealer in books, stuffed birds, eggs, birds eyes, &c.

Send for price list of birds and eggs. Birds and animals stuffed to order.

BATHS.

BATHS! BATHS! BATHS!

The finest fitted up BATHS in the city will be found at the **Paris Barber Shop,** *60 King Street East, three doors below Toronto.*

DRY GOODS.

Why Pay

High prices for Silks and Dress Goods when you can buy them at wholesale prices at

PETLEYS'

Why Pay

High prices for Ladies' and Children's Parasols when you can buy them for 25 cents at

PETLEYS'

Why Pay

Two dollars for Boys' Jersey Suits when you can buy them for "seventy-five" cents at

PETLEYS'

Why Pay

Twenty-five cents per pair for Children's Hose when you can buy the same for "ten cents" per pair at

PETLEYS'

Why Pay

Eight cents per yard for Prints when you can buy the same for "four cents" per yard at

PETLEYS'

Why Pay

High prices for fine Sateen Prints when you can buy them at wholesale prices at

PETLEYS'

Why Pay

Fifteen cents per yard for French Cambrics when you can buy them for "ten cents" per yard at

PETLEYS

Why Pay

High prices for fine Hosiery when you can buy them at wholesale prices at

PETLEYS'

RETAIL DRY GOODS

WHY PAY

Fifteen cents per yard for DRESS MUSLINS when you can buy them for "ten cents" per yard at

PETLEYS'

WHY PAY

Twenty cents per yard for DRESS MUSLINS when you can buy them for twelve cents per yard at

PETLEYS'

WHY PAY

Twenty-five cents per yard for DRESS MUSLINS when you can buy them for fifteen cents per yard at

PETLEYS'

WHY PAY

Forty-five cents per yard for BEST FRENCH PRINTED DRESS MUSLINS when you can buy them for thirty cents per yard at

PETLEYS'

WHY PAY

Forty to fifty cents per yard for TAPESTRY CARPETS when you can buy the same for thirty-five cents per yard at

PETLEYS'

WHY PAY

Two dollars per yard for AXMINSTER CARPETS when you can buy them for "one fifty" per yard at

PETLEYS'

Why Purchase

In dimly-lighted stores when you can buy new fresh goods for less money in the best-lighted stores in Canada.

PETLEYS'

128 to 132

KING ST. EAST, TORONTO