## PAGES

MISSING

# זи WESTERN HOMEMONTHIY 



A Sunday Morning Effort
Winnipeg, Man.


## Editorial

## RECONSTRUCTION

TE centre of interest these days is the peace table at Versailles. Coming events have already cast their shadows before, and the general terms of peace will not be a complete surprise. In America, in Europe, and throughout the that are inevitable.

## World Changes

First among the world changes will be the formaFirst among the world changes will be the forma-
tion in some form of a League of Nations-not a tion in some form of a League of Nations-not a
league of the old sort, according to which a few of league of the old sort, according to which a cew of
the powers bound themselves together to counterthe powers bound themselves together to counter-
balance the union of a few other powers, but an unbalance the union of a few other powers, but an un-
derstanding and an undertaking on the part of all derstanding and an undertaking on the part of all
to live together in harmony, the first unit to break to live together in harmony, the first unit to break
the contract to be ostracised and punished. It may the contract to be ostracised and punished. It may
be difficult to realize this ideal. In our land, as in be difficult to realize this ideal. In our land, as in
others, there are men who can never rise to a higher others, there are men who can never rise to a higher
conception than nationalism, and these are apt to conception than nationalism, and these are apt to
scoff at the thought of a world league; they may scoff at the thought of a world league; they may
even render it impossible. It will be tragic if such even render it imposible. Theaching its full fruition
men prevent the war from real men prevent the
-the end of war.
When the League of Nations is formed, and the peace articles prepared, the great world changes will include a redistribution of territory. Germany will lose her colonies if for no other reason than that people everywhere will be given the right to selfdetermination. Britain will have new possessions,
because they will be thrust upon her by the self because they will be thrust upon her by the self choice of free peoples, but she will. have no additions
by conquest. The same will be said of the United States. In Europe and Asia there will of necessity be a breaking down of old combinations, because the present boundary lines are violations of natural rights, and because criminals must be punished for their offences.
And when the complete terms are set forth, each nation will find full freedom to assert its individuality and develop its ideals. Just as a child is freer and happier from the fact that he is a member of the family group, so each nation in the world-league will derive courage and comfort from the fact that it belongs to the great family of nations. The individuality of Britain will, in a military sense, be expressed in "the fleet," which will be used as formerly to guarantee the freedom of the seas to all people.
The individuality of America will consist in its commercial activity, for it will be, as before the war, the granary of the world. So will it be in all cases. Every nation will be strong, not according to its ambitions and its intrigues, but according as it ministers to world-peace and world-progress. It is for each to make itself what it will. This surely will be the greatest triumph of the war-to exalt true worth, and to depose pretence, laziness and illicit enterprise.

## Changes in Europe

Europe will in a very special manner feel the effects of the impending changes. Not only will old boundary lines disappear, and people group themselves in new relations, but the whole manner of life will alter. With the abolition of conscription and the overthrow of democracy will there come the rise of free peoples. Poland, after centuries of burning, will, phoenix-like, spring from her ashes. The Balkan States, under their new natural groupings, will take on hope and vigor, and we may expect that they will make a magnificent contribution to civilization. The sick man of Europe will find time to recover his health in a little corner of Asia. Germany, broken again into the states from which it was formed, will in time become a self-governing republic, and
it may be that its people will discard the false ideals it may be that its people will discard the false ideals and relinquish the false hopes they have, under will come out of the struggle purified and bettered.
wrong leadership, been led to entertain. Old Furope

Belgium, France, Italy, and good old Britain-they will find their higher life in the losing of the old Their glory never shone as it does to-day, and no one can picture the glory that awaits them if unitedly they pursue their unselfish ideals. The golden age of the world is at hand.

## Changes in Canada

The nature of the changes that are about to take place throughout the world will be apparent from an examination of the tendencies that are observable in Canada.
Politically there is a state of unstable equilibrium. Speaking after the manner of a book dealing with mechanics, the balance has been replaced by a whirligig. We have no longer the spectacle of two great parties, each at the end of the see-saw striving to hold its end down, but that of a great number of imperfectly-defined groups each clamoring for possession of a few seats on the merry-go-round. Perhaps the change is not so great as it seems, since the hand-organ man in the centre is still the same. They all sing to his tune. His name is "Big Interests." He cares not who uses the swing so long. as he is

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 HE close of 1918 FRESHENS MEMORIES OF the pleasant associations that have always exISTED BETWEEN THE PUBLISHERS of this magazine and its subSCRIBERS.that health, happiness and SUCCESS MAY be the lot of EVERY READER, CONTRIBUTOR and advertising patron, during 1919, is the earnest wish of THE
Home Publishing Co. Litd.

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permitted to call the dance. Yet there are signs that his dethronement is at hand, and every loyal and true Canadian will work and pray for that day. And when the day comes we shall begin to hope that whether we have party government, or union gov ernment, or government by classes, there will be a government by the people for the people. And government by the people is bound to come. Let us so conduct ourselves that it will take the form of in telligent direction by trusted representatives, rather than the mad indirection of unenlightened Bolsheviki. Towards that end our men of ability must give up as their one ideal the lust for gold and power, and must find their highest joy and aspiration in the elevation of the public life. No man is to-day a worthy member of society who confines his interest to the pursuit of his own affairs and the welfare of his own family. Political well-being is possible only among a people in whom is developed a sense of among a peop brotherhood.
Religious reconstruction must be based in this same thought of mutual regard. Men cannot love God and their fellow-men if hatred fills their hearts, and God cannot endure that love, for man-made in stitutions shall take the place of love for Himself and the creatures He has made in His own image The world is weary of denominational bickerings. It is yearning for warmth of feeling and for a genu-
ine and unselfish display of good deeds. It refuses to interest itself in the quibbling of theologians, and finds more comfort in the thought that men have a common origin, destiny, and relationship to the Divine, than that they are intended to pass their days in isolation or in little mutual admiration societies, priding themselves on their orthodoxy and glorying in the shortcomings of others. Religion of o-morrow will put deed before creed, and practical service before smug self-complacency. This is no argument for organic church union, since that may be either good or bad, but it is a plea for tolerance, brotherly-kindness, and unity of spirit. Churches which do not manifest these graces, need not and should not expect much sympathy in the years to come
There is no form of reconstruction much more necessary than that of commerce and industry Here, as in politics and religion, democracy must find itself. The essence of democracy is co-operation. The only way to reconcile labor and capital is to give every man who labors a share in the business with which he is connected. He can take his share in increased wage or in the form of a dividend, but he must feel that he gets full reward for the effor he has put forth. On the other hand, he must be prepared to share in losses, and to suffer when the business fails. Now, the impossibility of getting men to work together on this basis makes it necessary for another Christian principle to assert itself. Capital and labor may continue to exist as at present, but in the minds of both, there must be unualified surrender to the great Christian principle, "Each man shall love his neighbor as himself." In the limit it is individual character that counts. This is another way of saying that in the end religion and education are the great needs of society. The demand of sound democracy is not for less of these, but more. But the religion needed must be pure and undefiled, and the education required must be shot through and through with holy motive
One of the greatest problems for Canada is to find places for the returning men. The difficulty will be understood from an examination of one important class-the great student body, who dropped heir books four years ago, and who now return ager to take up the take civilans. Shall they resume their studies or shall they enter the callings they select with a very incomplete preparation? It is impossible for many young men to resume their studies. They have not the heart for it, and they would not feel at home with class-mates four years younger. Nor can they enter business handicapped by lack of education. There is only one solutionthe organization of special schools for re-education. uch schools have already been instituted in parts of Canada, but they have in mind the training of men ho have be wounded or incapaciated in some way. There should be, as part of the war-scheme, chools for the whole student body now serving with the coll. At whi trin of all. It is Canada's duty to see to it that no man suffers in the slightest from the fact that he gave four years to the service of his country

## The New Order

France and Belgium now are bleak and lonesome, but in a few years new cities will spring up and new industries be in full operation. The France of tomorrow will be infinitely more beautiful than the France of yesterday. So will it be in the realm of the spirit. Lower and material renewals are but symbols of the higher. The world can never return to the old mode of living. New aspirations, new practices, new sympathies and responsibilitiesthese will be the portion of mankind. And they who would reach the highest in achievement will be guided by the teachings of Him who went about doing good. There is no way to happiness and prosperity for the individual or for the race but the way of unselfishness and brotherly love.

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## Autumn Salmon Fishing in British

Columbia
Written for The Western Home Monthly by W. R. Gilbert

BRTTISH Columbia proffers big way proceeded to mount both, selecting things to the angler, but its larye sizes in keeping w.
pitts are not always sought in saw breakin the water.
gifts are not always sought in saw breaking the water. he most scientific way. Lan fishing rods, and crude tackle does duty Tor up-t-0.dete products of the gentio art.

 fivers, but rather on the uncouthness of definite course. This, no doubt, was the
 che noble fish, anyway, by hook or by places. It was also important to know crook.
When I passed up one of the rivers on a weeds, and other menaces to successful ovely autumn day and saw the fish trolling. The great thing, however, was breaking water in all directions, I could to get the spoon well among the fish, and find nobody among the civilized com- soon after we turned, and the Indian being fished with a rod and line. When advantages of these preliminary obserlanded and sought for the initiated vations.
Waltonian on the banks of the beautiful The river was closely wooded on one stream, I was equally unsuccessful in side with shapely rocks bedecked with in the native Indian Reserve, where the was a fine range of mountains, some high mighty hunter was supposed to be enough to be snow-capped, which peeped tabernacled, I met with little encourage- out here and there, through breaks in the
ment. If it was fish I wanted, why, there forest, others so far distant as to fade off would be no difficulty in netting me a few into a mystic blue.
salmon, but to catch them with a rod We soon found that we were not the and line!-that device was dismissed only anglers-we passed a dugout with

## Speech

Talk happiness. The world is sad enough rough.
Look for the places that are smooth and clear,
And speak of them to rest the weary ear
Of earth; of mortal discontent and grief and pain.
Talk faith. The world is better off Your uttered ignorance and morbid If you have faith in God, or man, or self, Say so; if not push back upon the shelf
shall come;
No one will grieve because your lips are one will
dumb.
Talk health. The dreary, never-ending Of mortal maladies is worn and stale; You cannot charm, or interest, or please Say you are well, or all is well And God shall hear your words and make them true
E. W. Wilcox.
yet this river is within a stone's throw "still" fishing with hand lines for nothing
of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and every larger than trout. I asked what bait they of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and every larger than trout. I asked what bait they
traveller to the far West crosses it by used, and was informed that it was means of the railway. A little conceit is a salmon roe. I judged from the depth of useful thing, and I confess to possessing the water that fifty or sixty yards of line
a sufficient dash of that commodity to would not be too much for trolling sufficient dash of that commodity to would not be too much for trolling, and
determine to go my own way about things. firmly fixing the rods athwart the stern I was fortunate enough to obtain the of the boat, awaited not the dawn, like
attendance of an Indian, who aided and Ulysses, but developments. The first of attendance of an Indian, who aided and olysses, but developments. The first of
abetted me in my scheme, although a these declared itself in the snarl of the rank sceptic as to the methods I pro- reel, the line for the same cause shooting across the stream. I seized the quivering adapted to the river, and though a paddle sufficient resistance, to assure me that I wouldiave been more in keeping with the had got hold of anything tangible.
tradions of his tribe, he handled a pair What often happens in other countries of sculls with ease and efficiency. The happened on that particular occasion in
firste essential to successful salmon fishing British Columlia-the fish had effected
is to know your river, and I proposed to its release on the first rim The is to know your river, and I proposed to its release on the first run. Ten minutes
row down stream, with the object of afterwards, as the big spoon was flashing picking up such information as I could on its silver and gold in the bend of the river the subject, although necessarily in a the rod was again brought into play, and superficial way. It was quite evident this time the hooks had got a firm hold.
from what I saw, that the river was deep, from if not sluggish, at least slow moving. fifty yards and then stopped suddenty There yere no rapids or swirling cddies and tugged at the line in the fashion that suggested the advisability of mount- known as jiggering. I gave him a little
ing a fly. My knowledge too, of the slack, which he used in diving spring salmon discouraged the application straight down several feet. Although the as its historyt form of angling, as, so far river was very deep it it advisable to keep does not patronise it. There was nothing a possible. I could not effect thater at a
for it, therefore, but trolling with a spoon distance. for it, therefore, but trolling with a spoon distance, and the Indian hacked the hoat
or minnow, and as I was well provided down until I cot close to the or minnow, and as I was well movided down until I got elose to the quarry: I
with most forms of these lures. I straight- reeovered all the line possible and
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the butt vigorously, curving the weapon nto a half circle. The fish eett the strain and began to move upstream, sow
first, then quickened the pace at a rate that required a sharp spurt at the oars to equal. This continued for ten minutes or more, during which I never got a
gimpse of the salmon, and had no means of judging his size, except by the weight on the rod, and his power of dogged $\underset{\text { resistance. }}{\substack{\text { We } \\ \text { had moved up stream about two }}}$ hundred yards before any change took place in the fish's movements. Then he seemed to realize that there was something
seriously the matter, and made a rush seriously the matter, and made a a rush
across, drawing line at a great rate. Like across, drawing ing at a daeah, he came to the surface of the water, and broke it into a wide spreading circle, but without making any attempt to spring into the got a glimpse of a broad side, and a wide
tail, which left no doubt in my mind that I was in a good fish destined to play long
and stubbornly. The boat followed him and stubsondy. .re boat forowed him again, and recovered and went down stream, seeking relief from the heavy strain, which had begun to tell on his strength. $A$ swit rapid and downward movement is one
which an angler welcomes, as it is a quicker way of exhausting a salmon's power of endurance.
Thils- strange of it it may seem in the open gills- strange as it may seem in the case
of a fish-produces symptoms of drowning. This is no doubt why a fish takes upstream, or when he makes a rush downstream, takes a diagonal course. The current, how ararry seriously I got the boatman to row at a brisk pace with a view to quickening the salmon's movements. He feit the effect and turned, indulged in excursions from side to side, and all this continued for a clear hour from the time I had hooked him. Another ten minutes elapsed before he gave
me the first chance and I I gaffed him. me the first chance and 1 gafied him, A The spring salmon as the quinnat in California, the tyee and king in Alaska, and the chinook in Oregon. tiss full canonicals are
scha. It is short and thick, well-shaped, scith a small head of metallic lustre. I had sismilar tussles with other members of the same species, all of which played rong and hour and forty-five minutes.

## In Memoriam

"I presume you carry a memento of
some kind in that locket you wear?" the some kind in that locket you wear?" the
inquisitive wife of the clergyman asked a parishioner.
"Yes. It's a lock of my husband's hair.'. lady exclaimed in considerable surprise., 'Yes, that is true, but his hair is gone."

## Thy Did They Not Light?

 In the days of Ralph Waldo Emerson, matches were not sold loose in boxes, butwere made up in "cards," as they were called, of a dozen or so, connected by a
common wooden hase, from which they common wooden base, from which they were broken off as necessity required. Emerson, so the story goes, used to
place a fresh card of matches on a table by his bedside every night, together with a candle and some writing materials, in order that he might jot down at once any
valuable thought that came into his mind during the night watches. One night he wakened with a particu-
larly brilliant idea and bethought himself larly brilliant idea and bethought himself at once of his canny preparations for such
emergencies. Reaching out, he grasped emergencies. Reaching out, he grasped one and struck it sharply on the under side of the table It failed to ignite.
Swiftly he struck the next and the next, Swiftly he struck the next and the next,
but with the same result. Even so great a philosopher began to
grow a little annoved. Sitting up in bed, with grim determination he broke of one match after another until the card
was gone. Not one gave the faintest spark.
By that time the idea was gone, too and so his only recourse was to lay himself down again to ponder over a new
problem, to wit: " "Why wouldn't these
matches light?"

Whatever his solution was, however, it "Well," replied Aunt Betsey, "I probably had to be revised the next have a trap set. But land, it was such
and startled outcry from his wife
"Oh, what can have happened to my
best tortoise-shell comb?" she said.
left it on the table at the head of the bed last night, and this morning it's in fraglast nigh!

Just Boys
The trait in a mother that all boys nost admire is that which prompts her to

The Inconsiderate Mice
A more kind-hearted and ingenuous soul never lived than Aunt Betsey, but she a neighbor who had run in for a. "backdoor" call was horrified to see a mouse run across Aunt Betsey's kitchen floor. "Why on earth do
Betsey?" she asked
that the couds are gathering or a a storm.
There is one complaint that the eneighbors of a family of boys never make, and
that is that there is nothing going on in their neighborhood.
A boy likes best the game that involves
the most hard work, and the work the the most hard work, and
requires the least exertion.
requires the least exertion.
During a boy's career he encounters almost everyth who pleases his mother to the extent keeping a pair of white stockings clean all
day a boy had half the pride in the baby that his mother feels, he would shut it in
the barn and charge three pins for the barn and charge three pins for admis-

S( TA Granulated Eyclids. D1 $)^{\top}$ E Eyee influmed by expoo

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IT DOES not "just happen" that some girls retain the loveliness of a fine, soft complexion. Only by really caring, by finding out and faithfully using the right treatment for the skin have the famous beauties kept this charm.
It is exposure to cold winds and, most of all, to dust and dirt that makes the skin coarsen. By proper treatment you can offeet these harmful influences; you can bring neẁ life to your skin.

Your skin is changing every day. As old akin dies, new forms to take its place. You can make this new skin what you will.
Examine your skin closely. Its pores should be bardly noticeable. If they already begin to show conspicuously, it is a sign that you have not been giving your skin the proper care for its needs.
Begin tonight this treatment for reducing enlarged pores and making the skin fine in texture. Use it persistently. Remember, only by faithfully taking care of your skin can you correct a con
dition which is the result of years of neglect.
To make your skin fine in texture Dip your wash cloth in very warm water and hold it to your face. Now take a cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap, dip it in water and rub the cake itself over your skin. Leave the slight coating of soap on for a few minutes until the skin feels drawn and dry. Then dampen the skin and rub the soap in gently with an upward and outward motion. Rinse the face thoroughly, first in tepid water, then in cold. When ever possible, finish by rubbing the face with a piece of ice. Always dry carefully. You can feel the difference the very first time you use this treatment. Within ten days your skin will show a marked improvement - a promise of hat greater smoothness that the steady use of Woodbury's always brings.
For a month or six weeks of any Woodbury Facial treatment, and for general cleansing use for that time, a 25 c cake is sufficient. Woodbury's is on sale at drug stores and toilet goods counters throughout the United States and Canada.

Send for sample cake of soap 'with booklet of special treatments and sample of Woodbury's Facial Powde
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Send 6c for a trial-size cake (enough } & \text { we will send you the treatment book- } \\ \text { for a week or ten days of any Wood- } & \text { let and samples of Woodbury's Facial } \\ \text { bury treatment) together with the } & \text { Soap and Facial Powder. Address } \\ \text { booklet of famous treatments, "A Skin } & \text { The Andrew Jergens Co., Limited, }\end{array}$ You Love to Touch." , Or for

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## The western Home Monthly


"Sylvia-you-you're a dream!" he
broke out impetuously, a tremulous note in the boyish voice.
apple blossoms." laughed Sylvia, "it's the apple blossoms.
But she turned her head, the burning
light in the boy's eyes blinding her. Neil light in the boy's eyes blinding her. Neil
Stratton noted the involuntary tremor Stratton noted the involuntary tremor
of the girlish figure and his own pulses the moment.
the moment. Sylia, and I never saw you
"It is you, Sylvia, you are loriously like that before, You are gloriously
beautiful and you're going away You'll beautiful and you're going avay.
be the wonder of all that social set, Aunt Lexis will drag you into. She is wise-
Aunt Lexis is-and she knows that your Aunt Lexis is-and she knows that your
beauty will open the doors of society mine. Sylvia, girl, they'll spoil you. They'll turn your head and all your
sweetness will be wasted. They are sweetness will be wasted. They are
bound to spoil you."
"Such nonsense, Neil! I'm just a simple farm girl,", protested Sylvia, her brown eyes big with wonder at the boy's
passionate declaration. "I'll be a stupid passionate declaration. "I'll be a stupid Aunt Lexis is quite set on dressing me up Aunt Lexis is quite set on dressing me up
and introducing me to society when I
finish school. And of course that will finish school. And of course that will A sudden flush of anger reddened Neil
Stratton's cheek and with clenched fists he leaned hard against the tree trunk. "Yes, Aunt Lexis is sharp and she'll
make a society idol of you," he declared make a society idol of you," he declared
hotly. "Sylvia, girl, listen! It isn't too late yet. Let Aunt Lexis go to the city with her fat purse and her silly ambitions.
You and I will stay by the orchards. You and I will stay by the orchards.
tunt Lexis is renting them to old Ben and Marthy for a song and they'll stay just the same. I won't ask you to marry
me-" the boy's voice caught and he plunged on huskily-"that's too big a
thing to think about, but I want to save you. I want to keep you sweet and dear and lovely,"
"Hush!" Sylvia's voice, clear as a bell,
broke in. "You must not talk like that, broke in. "You must not talk like that,
Neil. I must go with Aunt Lexis-she counts so much on it. Ever since she got
those wonderful returns from Uncle Birk's old mine, she's thought of nothing
else. We owe everything to her. How can you forget the night she found us homeless and alone, running hand in hand from that awful forest fire? Don't you
remember how she rolled blankets a around our scorched clothing and carried us to our scorched clothing and carried us to
the railway train and put us to bed in the pullman car?"
The girl paused and looked straight
into the impassioned eyes of the boy, her own glowing with fire. Neil Stratton was silent, his thought traveling back to the
day of that awful fire, when the little day of that awful fire, when the little and his little neighbior, Sylvia Marr had
fled toward the railroad. There on the outskirts of the town, where the western train puffed in sullen discontent at the
delay, Aunt Lexis had caught sight of the rightened little waifs and rescued them
While the train waited, she had sent back o the ruins of the town and ascertained the truth-Sylvia and Neil were indeed orphans and friendless. And she had of the far Eastern Province. She had The true North strong and free, And stand on guard, O Canada, Stand aye on guard for thee.
O Canada! O Canada! Great prairies spread and lordly riv
How dear to us thy broad domain, From East to Western sea, Thou true North, strong and free. From East to Western sea,
us back with memories"' he exclaimed, They will ever keep us true to the best in win sucesss all on my own merits. Aunt Lexis has offered to meet all the expenses
of the University course, but I want to of the University curse, work my own way to the top so shanl be free to think and axt. But, Sylvia, some
day the orchards will call us back. Come, day the or ohards sill call us backe Coine
let us of up to te farm house through
fe one let es youp to the farm house throunh
thin ornhars and acros the strem to the
hwere we can look down on the hinl whenre we can look down on the
orchards: orfards.",
The
girl
Therdiril laughed joyousy and clasping
he branches of apple hossom sin her did ingea drass she followed the boys' lead,
the blosom laden branches of the trees
 sweeping the
brown curls.
brown curls.
Once the boy turned at an angle of the orchard and looking into the flushed face of the girl, his yyes dark with passion he
muttered huskily: "oh, Sylvia, Sylvia, muttered huik hy:,
Major Straton paced the deck of the
Marciette restlessly; his list
erm protectingly a aross this ripht in an en
deavor to hide from
view the stump that ever protruded before his sight like some ever protru
evil thing.
He could not forget it and as the wave
of bitterness swept his being, he shivered of bitterness swept his being, he shivered
involuntarily. He had not flinched though duty had led him through heavy fire, duty had ed im the Ambulance Corps
leading his unit of the
in its heroic rescue work. Yet this pros-
posterous thing-this recognition of his
shattered surgeon's hand-filled him with a horrible dread.
He was going back to Canada, crippled
and denied the surgeon's skill. He had and denied the surgeon's skill. He had
not the courage to face the city, where he
had worked, rung by rung, to his success. had worked, rung by rung, to his suce hes.
His crippled arm would but arovise the His crippled arm would but arouse the
pity of his colleagues and he abhorred $\begin{array}{cc}\text { y } & \text { pity. } \\ \text { He } \\ \text { o } & \text { where }\end{array}$ Hhere Aunt Lexis had given him his his boyhood's home. Startlingly distinct they
had loomed before had loomed before him in a vision of
blossoming loveliness. They called out to him to come back. They held out to his lacerated soul and tortured body a
sense of peace. He had not once seen the sense of peace. He had not once seen the
orchards in the fifteen years that he had been working to his goal.
He tried to picture the
He tried to picture the orchards as he had last seen them, and always he caught
a vision of the girl, her sweet face luminous with happiness, her arms filled with apple blossoms. But he must rid his picture of that vision. Poor Sylvia! Poor,
foolish, vain little Sylvia! They had spoilied her as he had feared they would. Tpoiled her as he had eared thes of the gaudy, dazzing social
whirl had drawn her irresistibly and her whirl had drawn her irresistibly and her
butterfly wings had been singed. For a few years letters had passed
regularly between them, then gradually

## 0 GANADA!

O Canada! Our home and native land, True patriot love in all thy sons comm
With glowing hearts we see thee rise, We stand on guard for thee.
O Canada! We stand on guard for thee

O Canada! Where pines and maples grow,
Great prairies spread and lordly rivers flow We stand on guard for thee. O Canada

O Canada! Beneath thy shining skies May stalwart sons and gentle maidens rise To keep thee steadfast through the yea
From East to Western sea,
Our true North, strong and free!
We stand on guard for thee.
O Canada! We stand on guard for thee
they had dropped and for ten years Neil they had dropped and for ten years Neil Sylvia Marr and her brilliant social
success. The littleness of the girl's success. The littleness of the girl's
existence breathing through her letters existence breathing through her letters
had bored him as he judged the serious note which crept into his letters, must have bored her.
His heart
His heart had ached in pity for the girl
whose sweet simplicity had been destroyed. Yet, even in his pity, he had never lost the Yet, even in his pity, he had never lost the
ideal of his boyhood. Remembering the
Sylvia he had learned to Sylvia he had learned to love that sunset hour of the blossom time in the old
orchards, he had not cared aught for the orchards, he had not cared
All through the voyage of the Marciette he had kept much to himself, , his bitterness
of heart repulsing the friendly overtures of heart repulsing the friendly overtures
of other military men returning to Canada. of other military men returning to Canada.
His eyes scanned the group on deck with a curious glance.
Ah! there was the "Little Sister" her right arm linked within that of a blind
soldier. Her gay laughter came clearly to Major Stratton and he started. Plucky
little soul! Jolly as the Springtime little soul! Jolly as the Springtime!
And he could see plainly that her left Andeve hung empty. Ye odhs, a woman
with an empty sleeve! It had become with an empty sleeve! It had become the khaki-clad men pass with armless sleeves. But a nursing sister with her
blue sleeve hanging empty fired him with revenge as no story of German cruelty had done. Sittle Sister," he had learned to call
her, watching her mingling with the crippled, making merry ting the luugher
of the sad-faced answered her. Suffering was too plainly chiseleded in in the dufiering womanly features of her fane, yet there
shone from her eve s smile of courage which hilluminateet ethe blue bsilines. actionor and turranmg toward hime the stairivay action and turngg toward one stairway
leaidig to the draving salon, he chided
 bear, so churrish nill the oyyage, nursing
his bitterness; and the nursing sister so
 At dusk, Neil Stratton glaneed up from
 exatedy
khaticild
inn
en
"A U-boat following the Marciette abaft-a little on the port quarter-two
miles away!" Neil Stratton caught the miles away!" Neil Stratton caught the
words of the message distinctly and sprang toward the group. women passengers," continued the ' man
who had brought the news below "The Captain has given orders to keep the ship off before the wind and to increase speed., Hurriedly the group of men, Neil
Stratton following, went up on deck, their eyes scanning the ocean for a dimpse of the summarine. Already there was a
noticeable excitement among the passengnoticeable excitement among the passeng-
ers crowding the deck and an evidence of cool, crisp orders delivered by the officers.
"The U-boat has changed her course and is surely overtaking us!" muttered a passing Official.
Neil. Stratton leaned forward and
scrutinized the submarine Now be saw scrutinized the submarine. Now he saw
her distinctly-awash, her decks, the conning tower and the two gưns-one forward, the other abaft.
Suddenly
Suddenly, without, warning there fired
across the Marciette's bow one shot and sounds of confusion along the decks answered. Two more shots fired from the
U-boat and the Captain of the Marciette U-boat and the Captain o
ordered the boats lowered.
Excitedly, in bewilderment the passengers crowded the deck, men and women
and children searching wildy for life belts. Dully Neil Stratton noted the curious fact that none of the shells fired by the U-boat had yet exploded. The boats were being
lowered rapidly, women and children forced into them.
Suddenly his cheek paled and he turned searching the crowd. Where was
the nursing sister? She would be so helpless with her one arm. Ah! there she was, her face beautiful in its sere
right arm guiding a blind soldier
Major Stratton struggled forward and rested his left hand on her shoulder. "You are not afraid? You have a life questioned eagerly should not fear," she answered quietly. "It only worries me that I haven't two arms to help those who are more helpless."
Major Stratton leaned forward, breathless, fire in his gray eyes, and resting his
finger on the empty sleeve, blurted out the finger on the empty sleeve, blurt
question tormenting his mind.
question tormenting his min
"How did it happen?"
"How did it happen?" remember the rest. Only I know thered
were wounded killed and I only suffered this. At first I thought I ony suffered
with active service. Then I had a vision with active service. Then I. had a vision
of a service, even a crippled nursing sister might render her country and that is why I am going ho
answered readily.
"You put me to shame. I am rebellious that I cannot go back to the fr
fight to the end because of that-"
His eyes stared with a look of frenzy at
the blue sleeve hanging so cruelly the blue sleeve hanging so cruelly limp face drawn and tense.
The explosion of the shells, now so continuously fired from the U-boat, spread alarm among the passengers. By the
glaring light of an exploded shell, Neil Stratton surveyed the lithe figure of the nursing sister with horror.
"You have no life belt. Take mine
and I'll find another!" he exclaimed harshly, passing his life belt to the proharshly, pas
The search proved fruitless and the
smoke below deck was suffocating. He smoke below deck was suffocating. He
was gone but a few minutes, yet he sensed the danger he had run for flames were breaking out along the hull of the Marciette. He must find the nursing sister, where he had left her, he saw that all of the women and children had been lowered to the boats. The ranks of men were
rapidly thinning and he felt himself

## athrus.

arm. As he dropped to his place in the boat,
he leaned forward eagerly. The "Little
Sister" he leaned forward eagerly. The "Little
Sister" sat near him, a child nestling in her right arm. The sailors bent on their oars, rowed
in an easterly direction from the blazing
ship, the hot llames fanning their cheeks,
and by the glaring light they watched the sip, the hot flames fanning their cheeks,
and by the glaring light they watched the
deadly U-boat stil on the port quarter and to th Slowly the blaze dwingled in size and
as the boasta rowed further and further
out, the passengers saw only the smoke of out, the passengers saw only the smoke of the Marciette. All night they rowed and
at dawn they struck the trough of the angry sea. Frail women and children, exhausted, lost their grip and as the wayes swept the boa
helplesely into the sea.
Through the day they drifted and
through the night, when the cold chilled
their sluggish blood, Neil Stratton crawled forward and crouched down beside the "little sister." The child was cold and h saw that it was dead, yet she held it close and he struggled to throw off his coat tha
he might wrap it around her. But sh he might wrap it around her. But sit "You see you are as wet as I am," she
told him. Very gradually had the provisions disappeared, and now even th non-palatable. The breakers slatting were
nothe
boathad forced the bung from the water
cask. And now. without cask. And now, without food or water,
they drifted on hopelessly, perilously, the night giving way to cheerless dawn.
There were no words between Neil
Stratton and the nursing sister, but his
chilled blue hand Stratton and the nursing sister, but his
chilled blue hand covered her owwh,
numbed and blue. Gradually the child
alipped from her hold and as it dropped slipped from her hold and as it dropped
 He leaned forward, his left arm reaching cult and drawing her nearer him, his
sluggish blood suddenly coursing mady
through his veins. Unresisting, her head hrough his veins. Unresisting, her head tion for this courageous woman flooded his soul with passion. He bent his head and kissed the wan cheeks, but there wa he dared not lay a finger on her pulse. He dared not look into her face
oont, the woman leaning hard against his heart. The hours. passed grimly. One by one the exhausted passsengers dropped
unconscious to the bottom of the boat unconscious to the bottom of the boat, oars. With senses numbed, Neil Stratton sat motionless, conscious, of one thing
alone-the "little sister's" head rested gainst his heart
Very slowly he sensed that sailor's stupidity, he only haif understood that a
British ship had sighted them British ship had sighted them and was near, ready to pick them up. Half con
scious, he relinquished his hold on the nursing sister and the sailors carried her
forward. Blindly he staggered toward he bow.
oarsely, then laughed deliriously muttered hearsely, then laughed deliriously, madly. rescue, then down, down to the depths o Some hours later he
warmth and the glamour of the ship' lights with the ship's doctor bending over
"The nursing sister?" he questioned,
ear maddening his dull senses. fear maddening his dull senses.
"She'll come around directly," announced the ship's doctor, "'you, 'ane sure had a close call and it will take some
pumping to get a good flow of red blood running through your veins again."
Four days later, as the ship sailed into
Halifax harbor, Major Stratton staggered Halifax harbor, Major Stratton staggered
on deck. He caught a glimpse of the nursing sister standing watching the shore, her face drawn and pinched, yet a luminous light glowing in her eyes.
"Thank God, you survived!" muttered Neil Stratton, looking up into her face "I could not give up. It would have been hard to do so. Your courage buoyed me up," she answered simply
The man, awkwardly silent gazing at the ships anchored in the harbor, gazing at the ships anchored in the harbor,
his pulses throbbing madly as he re-
membered the night membered the night she lay so colose to his
heart. Ah, that had been his hour! He heart. Ah, that had been his hour! He,
who was crippled beyond active service,
had no right to ask for her love She had who was crippled beyond active service,
had no right to ask for her love. She had
found some other passionate service in
which to breathe out her beautiful, oung energy, and he ha He turned abruptly and strode along the deck. For long hours he stood by the deck-rail, watching the city of Halifax grow more distinct, watching the pass
engers land in little groups until he stood among the last. Then slowly, grimly he followed on, passing with the throng to the city wharf, but never once did his eye
search the people for a glimpse of the "little sister."
There was the glory of springtime in the air and the birds of all the countryside musicale. Away in the distance stretched a sea of snowy blossoms. The orchards of the valley! Neil for one breathless, impassioned gaze over or one breathless, impassioned gaze over vaulting the stone wall, he hurried down
through the pasture, following the birchthrough the pasture, following the birch-
haded brook. The old farm house, worn and dilapidated, gleamed silver among the poplars. He would go up there birectly and find Old Ben and Marthy, orchards.
Alluringly beautiful, they called to him to hurry. He caught a whiff of their cheek. What was that he had said to Sylvia-some day the orcharrds would coll
them back? Poor, vain, foolish Sylvia! them back? Poor, vain, foolish Sylvia!
Suddenly he stopped and stared dully at the snake fence running between the
fields. What of the old ideal? He

The first general of the Allied armies seen by these peasants since the beginning of the
war in 1914 A Canaidian field com mander enters a Belgian town and reeives. an enthusiastic
greeting. He happily takes notice of a Canadian badge one of the woment is wearing.
stretched out his left arm gropingly. Yet
he could not understand. The "little he could not understand. The "little
sister" had usurped the place of his boy hood's ideal. fence, his mind confused and bewildered. Then leaning forward, he looked deep into the heart of the orchard, where spread the
beautiful pink and white blossomed canopy of shade.
Ah, the orchards shotld prove his
salvation! The world salvation! The world was calling for
fruit. He would make a Ben and take possession of these orchards. Here he would work out his energy per-
fecting the orchards and still serve his ountry.
He walked stealthily through avenues, carpeted with drifting petals, stopping to break an alluring twig of
blossoms. Straight ahead was the old blossoms. Straight ahead was the old
gravenstein. A rustling of the branche gravenstein. A rustling of the branches
startled him and leaning forward, he discerned a girlish figure breaking branches from the old tree. He caught a glimpse of a blue skirt, then a sweet, laughing fasee
peering through the blossoms. Stunned peering through the blossoms. Stunned,
he stood there motionless, dimly conscious of his pounding pulses.
"Little sister?"

He could say no more for the wonder of brought the tiettle nursing sister to had orchards? There were depths in the:
brown eyes that haunted him. Tue brown eyes that haunted him. The
blossoms covered the cruelly. blossoms covered the cruelly empty
sleeve and gave her wan cheeks a delicate
fush. The lins flush. The lips quivered, but she looked
straight into Major Stratton's eves. "Neil, you remember you said that
some day the orchards would call us
back-"

He cried out her dear name and there fashed over his numbed brain a strange sense of reaisy. drawn him so irresistibly; that had kept him close to her all through that awful
night in the open boat. And the orchard night in the open boat, And the orchard
had called her back. This was her

## service also. <br> $\underset{\text { also. }}{\text { He }}$

 He stumbled forward, his arms outstretched. He could no longer wait. Hecrushed her against his heart, the apple blossoms breaking and falling unheeded. His hot lips kissed her cheeks and he
sensed her answering caress. "Dear heart sensed her answering caress. "Dear heart-

- dear heart! It is. beyond my underdear heart! It is. beyond my underknow you. Yet you knew me
Sylvia raised her Sylvia raised her face, the radiance of
her eyes sending the blood leaping through her eyes sending the bloo deaping through softly: "I did not know until that night in the boat, when you put your arm
around me and then I saw in your eyes around me and then I saw in your eyes
the old flash of fire. You didn't believe Sylvia Marr capable of anything worth
while or heroic. You were right-they while or heroic. You were right-they
did spoil me in Aunt Lexis' social set. did spoil me in Aunt Lexis' social set.
Oh, they made me pitifully selfish and
foolishly vain. Then one day the bitter foolishly vain. Then one day the bitter
throbbing of the warring world woke me up and I offered to serve. Oftentimes there was hardness to endure and
thought back to the orchards-" thought back to the orchards-
"Thank God for the blessed, old
orchards," breathed the man passionately, orchards," breathed the man passionately
"they called us home."
"Tि "To serve together," added Sylvia
joyously.



## A Message

A little less of care than weighs
A little less of woe than makes my crown frown, ${ }^{\text {pains than 'round about } m e}$
Are what I hope for thee
Yea, these I wish for thee!
A sweeter peace than I have ever known,
And that thou be to manliest manhood
grown,
These do I wish for thee!
For, lo, I find in thee
The chance to be all that I wished to be
he chance of joys that could not come t
${ }^{\text {me, }}$ These do I find in thee
And I petition thee:
Be brave whatever sullen cares assail, And smile sereve tempter would prevail smile serene, however, n
This I petition thee.
And let me counsel thee
Nourish no dream that springs within thy
To draw thee from the work-world's busy
For, at the last, thou and thy dream must
part:
And so I counsel thee.
This is from me to thee:
And one day when my work falls from
So my hand,
So much to-day thou canst not understand
The reason of the things that I have planned will be made pluin to

Mr. Peaslee's Retort
The pretty little waitress in the hotel in Dilimouth was very prompt and efficientasif to atone for the ousisne of the hotal
which was strakly inclined to be a little pert et tumes, but that may have been merely her means of defense against the eomplaints of the
patrons about the quality of the food and patrons
drink.
So
So when Mr. Peaslee asked for his Fourth cup of coffee fol brought it
speedily.
ss
he thoughtuly
titired t the
 remarked:
"You sem to be fond of coffee"
upon her beniegly.
"T be fond of coffee," he admitted
 If I wain't' he concluded, slowly, while his pleasant old face lighted whimsically,
'I don't beieve IX d drink so so much wate for the sake of getting a lititle offee.?

## The Necessity of Works

The Saturday Journal tells us that Rev. Father OLeary was off to catch the the station he ran into his bisho way to "Well, what's the hurry, O'Leary?" said he. it's the Dublin express I'm after, your lordship."
The bishop pulled out his gold watch. "Well, there are seven minutes yet
Let us walk together and both catch it " They arrived at the station just in tim to see the train steaming out "Do you know, I had the greatest faith "Ah, my lord, what is faith without goo works?" replied the angry O'Leary.

A Natural Mistake
Little Eunice was very fond of her Little Eunice was very fond of her
mother's friend, Mrs. Clayton, who had stopped in for a few moments on her wa to an afternoon party. She was wearing a Little Eunice gazed at her for sever seconds, speechless with admiration, an then burst out delightedly, " 0 Mr Clayton, you look just like a fashio dish!"


The real food elements of wheat and bar ley so made as to be rich in sugar, and ready to eat from packase with milk or cream. That is Grape:Nuts

## ASubstantial

 Food and Economical Cindon Foid inaridA Western Romance Written for The Western Home Monthly By Miss A．McElreoy

OME on，Helen dear，and have I＇m going to get out and do for myself．

Csomething to eat，＂＇said tender－Listening to that bright robin this morn hearted Mrs．Greenway to her niece，who sat at the window
looking out at the drizzling afternoon，with a face so sad a
＂Don＇t think about it any more to－ ＂ight；it will not seem so bad tomorrow．＂ ＂Oh，Auntie，I feel too blue for anything． It was that he should use me in this way at the last has just crushed me．＂
the last is hard；but don＇t try to understand it now，dear：the day is too gloomy for
dwelling on such things．＂ dwelling on such things．＂ ＂Why should he stipulate that I marry Mr ．Thompson？When he was living he
never said anything to me about him． never said anything to me about him．
He did speak several times a y year or more ago about inviting him ，＇
＂Come on and have a cup of tea any－ way；things will look brighter then．And
besides，＂she added，＂you have never besides，＂she added，＂you have never
seen Mr．Thompson．Wait till you have seen him．＂Auntie，don＇t talk so．You know I will never marry a man as a business proposition，my father should expect me to do so．＂Walter＇s father had just died，
Helen Wer and the day our story opens，after the when，to the astonishment of all，it was when，to he had left the comfortable home
found which he and his daughter had lived in which he and his daughter had lived together for so many years，and all his
estate，amounting to some thirty thousand estate，amounting to some thirty thousand
dollars，to his daughter，but only on con－ dollars，
dition she marry a Mr．Thompson，of
Detroit，a son of a very dear friend of his， Detroit，a son of a very dear friend of his， within a year．If she did not marry this
unknown Mr．Thompson she received unknown Mr．Thompson she received mainder of the estate went to a cousin in Toronto． sorrow over the loss of her father com－
pletely overwhelmed the poor girl；she could not understand why her father should have made such a condition；it wa not at all like him．Mrs．Greenway，an her time of sorrow，having failed in every other attempt to cheer her，had decide to try a cup of tea Helen slipped away to her room，where she sat long into the night puzzling to understand her father＇s strange action． the cheery song of a robin perched on the tree just outside her window，and opened her eyes to find her room flooded with
glorious sunshine．Rising she looked ou glorious sunshine．Rising，she looked ou
to find the whole scene pulsating with the inexpressible gladness of a bright spring moxning．．TThe raindrops，left on the
branches．and pavement since last night＇s branches and pavement since last night＇s
showers，gleamed like so many diamonds． showers，gleamed like so many diamonds．
The effect was magical．Immediately the dark，painful load that，in the drizz－ ling gloom of yesterday，seemed crushing her beneath it，was lightened．In some
intuitive way she saw that just as the
darkness of yesterday was followed by the darkness of yesterday was followed by the
brightness of this morning，so too，in her own lifess bright days should yet follow the dark ones，and with a mind freshened by
the night＇s rest she turned from the the night＇s rest，she turned from the
painful past to look forward and grasp the future．
＂I＇ve got my message，＂she thought，
leaning out of the window to inhale the leaning out of the window to inhale the
glorious morning air，her eyes brightening glorious morning air，her eyes brightening
with a deep and noble purpose；＂I＇m going to be a woman and＇play the game，＇as they say．＂
When she came down to the breakfast table her aunt was amazed and delighted to ind her so cheerful．The sorrow was still there，but it was tempered by a living
purpose．Mrs．Greenway did not yet
understand． understand．
＂Isn＇t this an inspiring morning？＂，
greeted Helen．＂It must have been sent greeted Helen．＂It must have been sen
just for my benefit．At any rate it ha made me see things differently to what I did yesterday．Do you know，I have just been thinking，why should I＇sit down in despair because money？I have a university education， yoney and have a university education，
handicap of being a woman，and that is handicap of being a woman，and that is
not a big handicap now，thanks to the
$\qquad$ ＂I am so glad，＂answered her aunt，
＂but don＇t be in a hurry．I should be glad to have you a come and．I should be
as long with me as long as you wish．＂
In a very few days Helen Walters still In a very few days Helen Walters still er decision to go out to Alberta to teach． ＂Why should I not go？＂she went on．
＂They say that is the young man＇s coun－ ＂They say that is the young man＇s coun－
try；why should it not be the young ry；why should it not be the young university paper that they are short of
teachers，and am convinced that is my eachers，and am convinced that is my Inside of two weeks Miss Walters was in Edmonton and called on the Depart－ ment of Education．
＂We are very glad to have you，＂said
he Deputy Minister，＂for we are short of he Deputy Minister，＂for we are short of teachers，and not many of those we，have he hesitated，＂it is our practice to give Alberta trained teachers the first choice
of close－in schools．Wruld you be willing to go back fifteen or twenty miles from a ＂I hailway＂ ＂I have no reason to object；I am a
perfect stranger，here，so that all places are alike to me．＂
＂There＇s a nice school twenty miles north of S S a nice school twenty miles
try；would that Peace River coun－ try；would that be too far away？＂ That is north of here，in the new
country，we have been hearing so much country，
about？＂，
＂Yes，＂
＂Oh，I think I should like to go there． We hear so much in Ontario about the world being in the making out here；
would like to get where that is being done，＂replied Het Helen，laughing．＂We can
The Deputy laughed also．＂We The Deputy laughed also．＂We can
easily gratify that wish for you．The easily gratify that wish for you．The
school I mention is right there．And it is a very good school，too．It is a new
place；settlers have just gone in．Most of them are from the States，but some of them are from Ontario．The salary is them are from Ontario．The salary place is one half mile from the school．＂
＂When does it open？＂
＂Just as soon as we can send a teacher． How soon could you go？＂

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { "Tomorrow. } \\
& \text { "There is }
\end{aligned}
$$

＂There is no train tomorrow，but the is one the next day－Thursday，but there is one the next day－Thursday．I＇ll wire
the Secretary，Mr．Johnston，to meet you at S－W．＂ ＂Well，that＇s settled，＂thought Miss Walters，as she left the parliament build－ ings，＂and I am going to this famous Peace River country；，
where things are new．＂
The morning sun gleamed on the waters of the Saskatchewan river，glorified the university buildings in the distance，and made resplendent the huge pillar of smoke passenger train pulling cautiously ove the High Level bridge with its load o andseekers for the north country．
＂All the signs point north，＂mu
Helen as she walked back to the Selkirk Helen as
hotel．
At $m$
mid－forenoon on the following riday the E．D．B．C．passenger train River country．Miss．Walters and a commercial traveller，with two big trunks， got off，and the train glided on．Although a number of the idy curious were lined up
on the station platform to watch the on the come in，there was no one there who appeared to expect anyone．The train
vanished，the traveller hurried off to a anished，the traveller hurried off to a store，a short distance avay，facing the
track and bearing a huge sign advising all to use Robin Hood flour，and the idlers scattered．The teacher was alone a dainty，trim little figure rather out of kwo large brown eyes gazed fearfully from under the brim of a smart little hat．The place was so small it did not seem to have
even stopping accommodation．The store even stopping accommodation．The store low building in front of which two men were busy with a tractor，and one or two
smaller buildings，all of brand new lumber， maller buildings，all of brand new lumber made the town．Of course，up the track an elevator had no app
teacher from Hamilton．㲘 After waiting some minutes she walked brave women who have blazed the trail．ging a bundle into the station house

## A New Year Suggestion

Amongst the many matters to be ar－ ranged or re－arranged at the New Year，surely Life Insurance is one of the most urgent．No man can count his affairs in order until he has assured， so far as human foresight can assure， the continued welfare of those depend－ ent upon him．

A Great－West Life Policy will give this assurance on terms remarkably attract－ ive．Rates are low，conditions liberal and clearly expressed，while the profit returns to Policyholders are notably gratifying．
Let us explain the best Policy for your needs．
The Great－West Life Assurance Co． Dept．＂Q＂
head office－WINNIPEG

## ONION BANR OF CANADA

## Loans for Livestock

To good farmers living in the vicinity of its rural branches，the UNION BANK is prepared to make loans on reasonable terms for the purpose of purchasing Cattle for feeding or breeding purposes．Consult the Local Manager for par－ ticulars．
Paid－Up Capital
\＄5，000，000 ＇Total Assets Exceed $\$ 140,000,000$
Head Ofioe，Winnipes

the pioneer bank of western canada

## 路䠦 GRAIN

We continue to act as agents for Grain Growers in the looking after and selling of car－lots of Wheat，Oats，Barley，Rye and Flax，on com－ mission only．The members of our frin give personal expert service in
checking the grading of cars，and have been frequently successful in getting grades raised．Liberal advances made at seven per cent interest on grain consigned to us f
and shipping instructions．

## THOMPSON，SONS \＆CO．

Grain Commission Merchants 700－703 Grain Exchange Winnipeg

## 

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## BLUE RIBBON TEA

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Excuse me, but did you get a telegram
for a Mr. Johnston, of Lone Lake, yesterfor a, M. Sohnston, od roneped
day?
and answered genmpathetically. and answered sympatheticall
"No, madam, I did not."
"What am I to do? I engaged with
the Department at Edmonton to come the Department at Edmonton to come
out and teach at Lone Lake. The man in tha office said he would telegraph out
so that fhere would be some one here to so that the
meet me."
meet me."
"The message never came here. There may be some one in to-day, though. It's
twenty niles out, but this is the breaking twenty miles out, but thise one in nearly
season, and there is som one season, and thete is oume out for that.
every
"Bob," he calted to a slow-going young
 man in overalls, who was struggling with
one of the traveller's strunks, "go over to
ont Hall's stables, and the blacksmith shop
and find out if there is anyone in from and find out, it there it anyone in irom
Lone Lake." Then torning to Miss
LTo Walters: "You had better go over to the boarding house at present,
know if there is anyone in. know in there is anyone in, "There's that?"
"Thearding house? Wher she asked, gazing incredulously around.
"That new building facing the track.
just beyond the store, just beyond the store, lidy with the brown
The trim litte lade
eyes set off toward the building indicated, which she now noticed had "Albion House" in big letters on its gable. The
Albion House gave evidence of recent Albion Hotiouse gave evidene boards lay
completion. Pieces of new scattered around, and a mortar board, in all its ugliness stood beside the remnant or a sand pile. Anside
ent of plaster and paint.
Wen
When she entered, a young woman
cane timidly from somewhere at the back; came timidly from somewhere at the back;
a white-haired child, more timid still, a white-haired child, more timid sti, clung to her skirts behind, and eneeker On
shyly inquisitive at the stranger. On shelen explaining just why she was. there, this woman invited her to "just take a
seat in the parlor," and then left her seat in the parlor," and then left her.
Miss Walters, seated herself by the Miss Walteris seated herself by the
window to wait. Something the lone-
vind Niness and sorrow of the day of the funeral
came over her: so far from her friends and came over her: so far from her friends and alone. A big farm wagon lumbered by and tied up at the store, a motor car
whirred along a road farther back, leaving wairred along a road dart.er she pulled herself up. "I must not give way; I'm here
and I must make the best of it. At any and I must make the best of it. At any
rate I'm not beyond the pale of the motor car."
After watching for some time, she saw a man coming across from the building
with the tractor, and with a swinging step with the tractor, and with a swinging step
approached the Albion House. She had time to notice his erect carriage and easy walk, and that his face was firm and handsome, though much tanned, also
that his clothes, though neat, bore testimony to much out-of-door service. So she heard him entering the hall, where he paused as if waiting for the timid lady to ed to go back to where she was. Passing the sitting room door and noticing the room, was occupied, he hesitated. "Pardon
me," he said, taking s step into the rom me," he said, taking a step into the room,
"but are you the lady who wished to get but tare you the eady who wished to get
out Lone Lake." ",
"t "Yes, I am. Are you Mr. Johnston?"
she replied, rising. she repolied am not.: My name is Bulwer. I met Bol at the Massey-A arris shop, and wanted to get out to Lonely Lake. I live out there, and will be going out in the
.ffernoon." :"fterrionn."
asked, eagerly. "I have along?" she asked, ,eagerly. "1 have a grip and al
trunk,", she advanced as if doubtrul if all could " be accommodated; "can you take
all?" Her fresh voung face, with its touch of eager sadness, presented a most pleasing picture to the sunburnt man
before her. before her.
"Sure!" he replied, with a friendly smile.
 ready to start out about three o' clock, and shall cell around for vou then." Some-
thing in his frank, courteous mamner conveyed to the lonely girl a spirit of good comradeship that put her at her ease. "Thank you so much, she replied. He was offi, and she was alone again, but
the worried look was gone." I lope that the worried look wass tone. Tliope befat
old secretary doesn't tome along before that time," she sitid to herself, with a mischierous twinkle in her brown eyes, as she thought of the handsome stranger.
A few, minutes after three
oclocis
 House. MIiss Walters, watching at the
window, immediately recognized her re-
cent acquaintance, and seizing her grip
went to the door. When she appeared on went the door. When she appeare over the step the nearer driver sprang over against his mate, poly pulled him back into place and up to the step. "You didn't forget me," she greeted,
cheerily; "I was beginning to be afraid cheerily;"."
"I "I am a little late; the blacksmith kept me waiting for some work I have to take out," he explained as he sprang down and
assisted her into the seat, and placed her grip at the back with the blacksmithing and various grocery parcels.
"Perhaps you had better leave the trunk," she suggested, as the bronchos
sprang away in such a way as showed they had no intention of stopping any where so near as the railway stati," can get on without it for a while,",
"Oh, no, there's lots of room," plied, glancing back at the heterogenous parcels.
For the first mile or two little was said, the driver giving all his attention to his
bronchos, who, determined to get home in the least possible time, tried to bolt every time the wheels lurched into a rut and rattled the blacksmithing. However, after many abortive attempts, owing
the steady, strong hand of the driver they came to a mutual recognition of the wisdom of submitting to the highe command and going in conformity with reached, instead of plunging as before, they dropped to a walk.

The driver turned to his companion.
"Are you acquainted in this part of the
On her assuring him she was not, he resumed: "You'll find everything quite different from the East, and rather rough,
but you'll learn to like the West. place for weaklings, but the strong learn to love it."
"Thank you for the compliment," returned the teacher, with a saucy" smile think that I am one of the strong ones?" at first: everything is so primitive, so different from Hamilton, but when you wecome acquainted with the people you will find
read."
"I
"I do hope I shall like it. At any rate am here to
the last of that sentence, he failed to notice the bronchos had left the trail and were travelling off to some destination of
their own. One of the wheels going over - of the wheels going ove

## Some people learn of the harmful effects of tea and cof fee by reading Others find out through experi ence.In either case its a good idea to adopt <br> INSTANT POSTUM

A delicious drink made : from the finest cereals, harmless and nourishing. Made in the cup,instantly. Saves sugar and fuel.
a rough hillock, so as to alinost upset the democrat, brought him quickly back to the present. Pulling himserif together
and the team back to the trail, he said: "You'll find it hard and strenuous, bu you will also find there is more in life here
than is in the sheltered life of the East." "I hope you are right-I know you are. come to look on life this way. I have been one of the sheltered ones. I determined to come West only after I was
pushed out of my home," she said. "I can say much the same," he replied. "I was not pushed out, but it was not pleasant for me to stay, so I came away
to where everything is new, and I have o where everythi."
The bronchos, now quite tractable, had dropped into that easy long distance trot acquired only by horses that travel long istances, and gided white the winding ars, through patches of silver willow, the air heavy with its fragrance, and over open praire all beautiful in the resh greennes f spring time. Miss Walers thought sh shut out for the time being any dread she might have of her new position, to enjoy he open free beauty of it all
After two hours driving, farmstead into a straight road with a wire fence on "There,
"There's Lone Lake school," said Mr. building a distance away on the left. Miss Walters looked, and her courage orsook her. What she saw was a demure ittle building, with regulation porch and ingly over the intervening willow bushes. A meadow-lark sang from a post near it and a friendly robin did its best by its Cheer-up, Cheer-up" to ad
There was not another building in sight, enquired the new teacher, blankly gazing around, hopelessly and instinctively draw er, who was quick to sense the inarticuate call for sympathy
Without being mentally aware of it, his fe became fuller.
"Oh, all around. You cannot see the
houses for the bushes, but there are quite a few in school distance. Mr. Johnston,
the Secretary, with who I presume you will stay, lives a half mile straight ahead on this road. He has two children of the lonesome school, Mr. Bulwer, encouraged by that silent appeal, ventured furwith Hamilton, and you will, no doubt vill allow me, I shall be glad to take you or a drive any time. Bill and Bob are s good a potion for homesickness as anyhing I know," pointing to his spirited perspiration. "I don't work them; just keep them for running around, and they
do not always get enough of that," he o not always get enough of that," he
added further, to make it easier for the eacher to accept.
"Thank you. That's good of you, and if Bill and Bob are a cure for homesickness I am sure I will have to call on them atch in her voice, as just then they passed a clump of poplars and willow
ushes and came in full view of the board ng place to be-a whitewashed log build ing with a lean-to at the back for a umber, and farther back a row of log buildings with straw roofs.
They drove into the yard in spite of the protests of a big collie dog that contested
every step. Two children came running out and stood with wide open eyes watching, while Mrs. Johnston in gingham house-dress and long white apron that oated out
"How do you do Mr brought you a teacher-Miss Walters." "Teacher? I'm glad to see you,"
shaking hands, "but we never heard there shaking hands, "but we never heard there we were not going to get one at all. Come right in, though. We are glad to nave you. Tie up your, team, Mr. Bu
wer, and stay for supper." "Oh, no, thank you, I must get hom men got on with the tractor over on the Scott quarter."
"It was lucky Mr. Bulwer was in

## The Western home Monthly

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like time. "It is too soon to say yet, but I can
see there is much that $I$ can do, and I came out here to do something. I think I have as fine and as intelligent pupils as are to be found anywhere. Aready I must have deluged me with questions.
write down to the Department for further help. The boys are asking me bothersome questions on agriculture. I
did not know I had to be a farmer to did not know I had to be a
teach," she added, laughingly.
"I have some very good authorities on agriculture I should be pleased to lend
you," vouchsafed her fhank you, I should be , glad to get them. By the way, couldn't you come and give us a talk some Friday afternoon? she asked, her eyes lighting up with the
idea: "F am sure the boys would be idea. "I am sure the boys would be
delighted; I hear them mention your place delighted; Inear them mention your phere
so often; in fact, I'm sure that is where
the inspiration for the bothersome ques the inspiration for
tions comes from.
tions comes from." "I had never thought of giving talks, but perhaps I could. I should be only
too glad to do anything I can to help you." "Oh, that will be fine," said Helen, dey boys tomorro have good news fo The conversation drifted on to the parents, and from the parents to t'ee
surrounding district. "I would like to surrounding district. ", would like to
show you the settlement," at last ventured Mr. Bulwer. "Would you care to go for a drive?" "I should like that very much."
"I should like that very much." on your things.
Helen hurried upstairs for her coat and hat, but when she came down Bill and impatience, she did not keep them wait ing. As they wheeled and drove out of the yard, they could see Mr. and Mrs. Johnston, who apparently had the pigs
again into their proper place, in the garden appraising the damages.

When Mr. Bulwer brought Helen back from a long drive, he was delighted to note the happy sparkle in the big brown
eyes, and the animation of her whole eyes, and the animation of her whole
figure. S'ie had forgotten the loneliness
of the morning and had grasped the life of Lone Lake as hers. "You have given me such a pleasant
afternoon, Mr. Bulwer, and I was dread afternoon, Mr. Bulwer,, and 1 was dread ing her hand frankly. "I don't know how to thank you."
"By letting me be friend: may I come again?"
"I will be glad to have you come," and then lightly, "Bill and Bob are so attrac tive." So saying she stepped up to pat
their faces; but they threw up their heads and shrank back into the harness, glaring with frightened eyes past the
blinkers. They were not yet ready for After this Bill and Bob came often to
the home of the school secretary; they even learned to appreciate patting.
Helen found her school work very in
teresting. Everything that goes to mat teresting. Everything that goes to make
intelligent and effective citizenship she taught her pupils, but agriculture received
most attention. Mr. Bulwer, true to his most attention. Mr. Bulwer, true to
promise, gave a talk on soils and cultivapromise, gave a tat so satisfactory he fol-
tion that proved so
lowed with others on various phases of grain growing and cattle raising.
So the summer passed, and the first frosts gave warning of approaching winter.
The threshing engine whistles shrilled out clearly in the chill morning air. Another Sunday came - a glorious aut-
umn Sunday, and, just after the noon-day "I would like to take river," he said. "I have been waiting for just such a day as this to show it to you.
There is a beautiful drive down the valley but it is not so pleasant when the flies, but it is not so pleasan waited."
are bad; that is why I wailok
Vhen they reached the bank overlook When they reached the bank overlook-
ing the valley, Mr. Bulwer reined in his team to allow his companion to admire the scene. She sat entranced. The val-
ley stretched beneath them like some beautiful garden, with the trail, like a
tiny thread, winding through it tiny thread, winding through it to the
wooded part along the stream. At a wooded part along the stream. At a
bend in the river the waters could be seen
gleaming like silver in the gleaming like silver in the autumn sun-
shine, while the trees along the edge formed a magnificent panorama of color,
grading from green to bright golden, with grading from green to bright golden, with
here and there splashes of scarlet.
.Oh. Mr. Bulwer, isn't that
glorious picture? How beautiful our worl lonion incture) Gow beautur our wort delightul timess , whatever should withouty so carried away with the beauty of the
scene before her as to be unaware of the
 "Yo dont know how ghad I am to hear ouo say that. The world looks mucl
brighter to me when
vou are brighter to me when you are with me.
Cant we go through ifie together;" he said, taking her hand in his.
Helen turned puzzled brown eyes to his, then she understood. "Oh, dear,
what have I been saying," she stammered confusedly, turning away her face, crimson with blushes.
"In effect, that when we are together life is fuller, and I ask if it may not be so to me since I have been with you. You are my life in a very true sense." Embol dened by her silence, he put his arm around
her and drew her to him; she turned her face to his and their lips met.
face to his and their lips met. winding trail they drove, past beds o golden-rod and blue asters, on toward
the river and the trees of flaming gold, their hearts in full unison with the beauty and the benediction of it all.
Arriving at the shady lane leading through the high trees along the river, the
team came to a walk. Mr. Bulwer and Helen talked of many things. The forme began by telling something about his people. "I believe 1 have a photo of $m$ mother with me," he said, and reaching papers. Helen looked. On the top wa an envelope addressed to John Bulwe Thompson, Lone Lake, Alber'a.. Thompson? Suer?" ( ${ }^{\text {Sen }}$ and $I$ just let them, but my real name is Bulwer Thompson. Bulwer was ,m mother's name, and so I like it best.",
"And your home was in Detroit?"
"Yes." surely can't be the Mr. Thompson my father wished me to marry." Walter was the name of my father's friend, and 1 believe he had a marriageable daughter "Wont you tell me your story? heard my father speak several times of chum of his called Thompson. They had pledged themselves to stand by each About two years ago my fathe something about inviting Mr. Thomp son's son to visit us, but for some reaso he never came. My father died jus eft everything to me, but only on condi tion that I marry this Mr. Thompson stinulation I left, everything and came out here to teach." And I," said Mr. Bulwer, "was so pestered by my father to go and court some financial trouble, that I came west is why I never objected to people calling me by my mother's name.
Helen sat in silence a moment, then leaned closer to her lover as she said
"Well I'm glad my poor old father's wish will be gratified after all," and as an afterthought, "and I'll get the money"I'll bou that get it, sir!" she defied and start a purebred stock farm in opposi"What do I care as long as I have the owner of the stock farm, he replied,

## A Mistake Somewher

The following appalling incident in the musical world is taken from Judge:
Trombone of Village Band-"What do we play next, Si?", "Sousa's Trombone-","Gos all hemlock! I jest played that!

## No Quarter for Him

 Mrs. Jones was standing in the doorway They with old Mr. Ham, a neighbor erms were speaking in uncomplimentary passed through the village, swindling right "He'd better not come round her "again!" exclaimed Mrs. Jones indignantly "If he does, 'Tll give him no quarter. man, "quarter! Well I guess not! I.n.man A British Fleet Sets Sail Written for The Western Home Monthly by Patrick Vau:: THING is more symbolical long "at the dip," whose signal-men of the British Navy, that has falter ever so
kept the Home Isles from in- flags together, or whose wheel does not
vept the pemt up the German go over just exactly with the rest at his
vasion, inside its most amply order "down," at which the vessels all navy inside its most amply mined home-waters, and safely convoyed many millions of troops to the various seats of the war, than sight of a squadron of its vessels setting said with an ease and exactness that are mathematical in their certainty.
The Squadron that put into port yesterday to fill bunkers and ship stores, is about to weigh anchor and rejoin the Sea. On board our battleship a smal group of officers stand on the upper
bridge that looks down sixty feet and more on the tide as it gurgles and splashes against her thick steel sides. The captain talks with his navigating lieutenant, and the commander close by, eyeing all things,
his telescope, shuttered against the damp, swinging to and fro. Out on the very edge of the upper bridge is a small signalmidshipman, his cap jammed down on his head, for the breeze is gusty, and his
telescope laid on the Flagship that lies
over two miles away.
The Squadron itself is lying in lines of column ahead, forming a square, the Sespective battleships in the van of the columns in-shore.
On the lower bridge of our battleship the officer of the wa fiercely busy on each bridge. The answer-


The above British Naval Official pitcture is the first to arrive in this country of he German


forward to the bows. ing pennants rise and fall on the wind On the the latter goes forward at the wheel almost as one. "To repeat the signal tands the helmsman, and, by the compass sir," reports the signal-mide as he reads the three feet away, the quarter-master, close the telescope from hist, then going to the to the bell-mouth of one of the large next far-away hoist, the signal staff below speaking tubes from the upper bridge. swift-handed and decisive clip together On either side are the bluejackets at the the flags of the "repeat" to whip them the engine-room deep below. Signalmen aloft. Signal's down, sir, curve agains are busy. Some are rolling back the canvas covers in front of the flag lockers, and some are casting loose the innumsingle mast and yardarms above. The chief yeoman, with peaked cap and brassbuttoned coat that bears crossed signal flags on the collar, is intently gazing,
telescope at his eye, where, clean to windward, across the ordered lines, there streams the Cross of St. George, red on white, betokening the Adme the Flagship's budgenly, just three small dots break into colour, and the first-lieutenant scurries away, being responsible for weighing anchrds, The flags stand on the wind stifi as are visible. But already hawk eyes have read the bunting. The signal-midshipman leaps across the upper bridge, "Shorten into two shackes,
sir," he said, and the commanding officer sir," he said, and the commanding officer
nods. The chief yeoman has thrown a glance at the answering pennant already spinning up its halliard. The signalmidshipman, and hé, and all his men, know full well there is an eagle vision on board the Flagship-that of the signal-
boatswain, who is the very eye of the Admiral-and woe betides that vessel
"Half-ahead, starboard. Half-astern Half-ahead, starboard. Hall-astern hard a-starboard. The C.O poices the signalled order for units to turn together N.E. speaking into the lower bridge voice-tube. Each bluejacket as the case may be at the engineroom tele graphs, one on each side of the wheel,
drives the levers over, repeating th drives the levers over, repeating the
order as he marks the tell-tale his side of rde funnel casings begin its even grinding as its main engines get under way. Th wheel is put over, and as the screws commence to revolve
on her heel. "Form divisions in line ahead to port, columns ten cables apart, sir," the signal midshipman rattles off, telescope to hi straining eye as the Flagship drapes het
self afresh in bunting, "speed fifteen knots. Cruisers to take station six cables starcruisers beam of Flagship, sir." And al ready as the last great hoist comes dow the inshore battleships are moving, th
Flagship heading the columns for th open sea. In ten minutes the Fleet is open sea. out toward the North Sea in exact formation-part of the world mightiest phalanx of steam, steel, guns,

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You may win 2 cash prize by doing so. Many have done thit as will be ohown by the
Yat namesand addresses which we wise ise us, together with g glip of, paper on which you have
 phinly- and neall, as in cave
this contest.
This make up a little of your time but as TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS in eqhe and
many merchandise prizes are given away, it io worth your time to take a little trouble over many merchand ise prizes are given away, it it worth your time to takea litle troubie over
this matter. Remember all you have to do ois tomark he faces, cutout the pictureand write on a separate piece of paper the words, "I have found all the faces and marked them."
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Asitproceeds in exact and mathematical onder the C.I.C.'s Flagghip hoists a blue-
and-striped flag at her yard arm, in and-striped flag at her yard arm, in-
dicating she so about to send a long incating she order, and then two of her semaphore begin whirling their great arms Yet on board our battleship and consorts the communication is infallibly interpreted word for word, spelled out, and writte own on a signal-pad. So the message oes on, the black and white arms across the green waters. Suddenly the waving arms cease, and close. "Finish. Down answer," rings, out on our lowe o the order, the long tail of bunting in coknowledgment is hauled down hand over hand.
Just after dark, when sleet is storming Nown the rising gale, the electric at the
suddenly begins Hagghip's mastiead suddeny board our
linking and gleaming. On bese the signa-midshipman, in dripping ressel the signal-midshipman, in dripping oil skins, a muffler round his neck, read instantly as any of the alert yeomen of the signals below. And before the Flagship has been stuttering for five seconds all the units on her command have also bevildering series of longs and horts. Day and night, summer or winter, peace or war, the eyes of the signal stafi
"What is it, eh?" grunts the offiger of he watch, as the midshipman passes him toward the steep ladder, to send aft the rews to the "skipper" who is in his
"Squadron of the Deutschers issuing rom the Skager Rak, another coming hrough the Kattegat at full speed," is his
news.
Keen eyes on the deck below have read the message, as well, as the signal-men, ound.

## The Thankful Spirit

 By John Clair Minot One morning in November,When skies were drear and gray A happy little stranger Threw sunshine on my way. As he came down the road, And smiled a smile so winning
"I am the Thankful Spirit," He said, and smiled again
I travel far in autumn,
And sing amid the grain. When harvest-time is over, Til all men join in praising,
The bounties of the year."

Then to the Thankful Spirit Inen spake what filled my heart "When harvest praise is given, Why do you then depart?
Why not sit down and tarry While seasons come and go, Andimake each day Thanksgiving it,would be better so.

And straightway came the answe II fain would tarry here
I would not be a stranger
If you will make me welcome Beside you at your hearth, Our daily feast, I promise,
Shall be the best on earth."

The Garden of Dreams Over the hilltop departs the bright day Over the hilltop departs the bright day; Twilight descending hath spread her dark Softly and sweetly the nightingale sings.

Under the willows the weird shadows creep Adtly the wind lulls the garden to sleep. Fragrant, the poppy's breath, laden with Steals from the glade where the silver pool gleams.

Faint is the fountain's melodious splash, Ceiled in the darkness its sparkle and flash, Biack-is the hemiock tree, stately and tall,
Gainit the gray stones of the ivy-grown -wall.
High in the heavens the moon is afloat; Low from the wood comes the whip-poor-
ilvery stars' and a shimmering stream,
In the moonlight, weave into my

# The Royal Bank of Canada 

## GENERAL STATEMENT

30th November, 1918
LIABILITIES
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 Notes of the Bank in Circulation. $\qquad$



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:
Reserfve. Fund
Balance of Profits carried forward.


## ASSETS

| Dominion Notes ..................................................................................................................36,344.75 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

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Notes of other Banks
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Balances due by other Banks in Canad
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada
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Canadian, not exceeding market value....
Railway and other conds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value



Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra
Deposit
Dith the Minister for the purposes of the Circulation Fund
H. S. HOLT, President. EDSON $\underset{\text { Managing Director. }}{\text { L. PEASE, }} \underset{\text { General Manager. }}{\text { C. }}$

## AUDITORS’ CERTIFICATE

We Report to the Shareholders of The Royal Bank of Canada
of the Bank. in our opinion the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers as well as at another thecked the cash and verified the securities of the Bank at the Chief Office at 30th November, 1918, as well as at another time, as required by Section 56 of the Bank Act, and that we found they agreed with the entries in
the books in regard thereto. We also during the year checked the cash and verified the securities at the principal branches. That the above Balance Sheet has been compared by us with the books at the Chief Office and with the certified
returns from the Branches, and in our opinion is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and cowrect view returns from the Branches, and in our opinion is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the
state of the Bank saffairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the
books of the Banks ens of the Bank.
That we have

JAMES MARWTCK. C.A., COGER .


Auditors.
$\qquad$

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT



APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS
2,809,846.24 \$ 3,374,110.77
Dividends Nos. 122, 123, 124 and 125, at 12 per cent per annum
Transferred to officers Pension Fund
Writen off Bank Premises Account
War Tax on Bank Note Circulation.
Contribution to Patriotic Funds.....
Contribution to Halifax Relief Fund


-- nemmensmem In the Muskeg
A Story of Homestead Days in Northern Alberta Written for The Western Home Monthly by Floyd T. Wood

$J$IM," said Mr. Austin, "I want prairie hens. Fat, prosperous looking
 all ready to start at the hayTim looked up in surprise. He was helping his mother prepare the vegetables
for the noon-day meal. for the noon-day meal. "But, dad," he protested, "Joe Main
and I were going fishing this afternoon. You remember you told me we could go once more before haying started, and this
afternoon will be our last chance. Joe afternoon will be our last chance. Joe
said he would be over right after dinner said he would be over right after dinner.
Can't Jerry go, dad?',
Mr. Austin pulled out his big silver watch and consulted it. "No, Jdrry can't go," he said. "Jerry
and I will have plenty of work getting and I will have plenty of work getting the racks in shape for to-morrow. tally
only ten-thiry now; you can take Bily
and the light saddle and be back here by and the light saddle and be back here by
one o'clock. If you hurry your dinnee a little you and Joe can get away in plenty,
of time to catch all the fish you'll want." of "Bime to catch all the fish you'll want." "Tim," his father interrupted him
rather sharply, "I have told you what I rather sharply, wan along now and do as you're told. The sooner you start the quicker you can get back. But mind you, no abusing old Billy;
wild west foolishness."
Tim saw that his father meant exactly Tim saw that his fathere meant exld be
what he said, and he knew it would
quite useless to argue further with him. quite useless to argue further with him.
He picked up his cap and hurried toward
the little pasture where the saddle horses the little pasture where the saddle horses been glad. of the chance to saunter over
to LeRoy's and deliver his father's message. But to-day was different, of course At the best fishing trips were none too
plentiful, and Joe and Tim had planned on this one for weeks.
The LeRoys' buildings were in plain sight from the Austin farm, as the crow flies not more than three miles away. By
trail it was six miles or more. This seeming waste of distance was made necessary by the peculiar conditions surrounding
the LeRoys' home. Their farm, in fact, was very much like an island. In shape it resembled strongly a huge frying pan
All around the large portion-the bowl of the pan, as it were-was a wide and
treacherous swamp-a real muskeg. The treacherous swainp-a real muskeg. The narrow portion-the he. These outlets. or
by two narrow arms. River. In the melting days of spring they were rivers themselves, swift and deep
Although only a few feet wide they were Although only a few feet wide they were
treacherous, never really safe only in treacherous, never really sae on y dittle settlement at Yellow River ferry, a rude, home-made bridge spanned these arms It was this bridge that one had
make a safe journey to LeRoy's.
Tim caught up old Billy with a handfu of oats, threw on the saddle and trotted
off down the road. To tell the plain off down the road. To tell the plain unreasonable, and himself a much abuse unreasonable, and himself a much abused realize that even his small help was needed in helping his people to wring a living from this raw, new, prairie land.
It was a beautiful day in early July The sun was shining, clear and warm and bright-a regular "Sunny Alberta", day.
The air was sweet with the fragrance of wild peas and roses. Tiger-ilies nodded in
conscious magnificence. Hundreds conscious magnificence. Hundreds of
wild ducks, old and young, scuttered away as he passed the ponds. The prairie
was alive with groups of grouse and

## (Continued from page 12)

RESERVE FUND


$\$ 15,000,000.00$

$$
\text { H. S. HOLT, } \quad \text { President. } \quad \text { EDSON } \underset{\text { Managing Director. }}{\text { L. PEASE, }} \text { C. EILL, }
$$

Montreal, 18th December, 1918
up an on old coyotete. She did did not seem at
 far- Tim was wise enought to know that
these actions meant but one thingthese actions meant but one thing-
young ones somewhere near. He turned Young ones somemerere near. He, urned
off rom the trail.
Fitteen minutes search up and down througt the tangee of frass and scrub, and he hellemperinght thast
the litte family. There were four of the
 than a good sized cat. With little fright
ened barks they surried away for the next cover with Timim in will duyssuit. Fo the moment his grievance and his irrand
were bot forgoten.
He followed them were both forgotten, He foliowed then
here and ther, , through clumps of scrubby
 up the hidlls and coown through the gullies At first the frightened pups kept close
together, as though gainn together, as hioug gainug comfor
foem each others'
homany. But as they began to tire and the chase became hotter
it was everyone for himelf
 the hackround the mother circeld abou barking sharp protest at the boy intruder
Before
long Tim lost sight of all but on of his guarry. This one he kent dogzedly in sight, and with henes and voiece he
urged old Billy to the best speed he cold urged old Billy to the best speed he conil
muster. A young ooyote has only $a$ smal muster. A young coyote has only $y$ amal
portion of of the tayying
 rapidy. His sides were heaving with the
Pound of the tire baby lungs, ond his
Ong red tongue was handing



 could get that
that quite well.
that quite well For the first tim noticed that his
For the first time Tim notied that his
orse was straked with sweat.
He re-
membered his father's words about using
odd Billy carefuly. He remembered his errand-and the fishing trim. He reaiked that he had wasted much valuable oime
in this fruitess chase of the wolves in this fruitlesse chase of the wolves. Morthie had tire dris horse jo mouch the of the way was out of the question. He
stood still for some minutes to five Billy Stoo stiu tor some minutes to give Bill hahanee to rest. But he was shmining
hais. and his thoughts ran about like this:
"If I
go slow





 those muskeg arms. But as many anothe
has figured, Tim decided that what has figured, Tim decided that what a
person didn't know wouldn't hurt them person didn't know wouldn't hurt them.
 he knew that he hat done wrong, and that he was going still further along
wrong way to square the first misstep. Srong way to square the first misstep.
Straight across the prairie he jogged Before many minutes he reached the
edge of the danger spot. The creek looke edge of the danger spot. The creek looked
quite dry and harmless. Only for the unquite dry and harmless. Only for the un-
even floor and the peculiar grasses a even floor and the peculiar grasses
person might easily have thought it was
in truth but the dry bed of a harmless in truth but the dry bed of a harmless little stream. Old Billy paused of his own motion and stood pawing the ground
and snorting in vigorous protest. Billy and snorting in vigorous protest. Billy
had been born and raised in the country,
and he was far wiser than his young and he was far wiser than his young
master. But Tim refused to accept his horse's warning. He kicked him soundly in tie ribs, and urged him on.
"Giddap, Billy," he ordered sharply
"It's all right. Go on!" Billy stepped "It's all right. Go on!" Billy stepped forward gingerly, nostrils wide and ears
turned forward. The whole bottom of the creek quivered as a great mass of green jelly. Little undulations ran along its surface like the ripples when a stone is thrown into a smooth lake. Bily
stopped again and snorted even mor stopped again and snorted even more was streaked with sweat. He re- listen. He knotted the reins and struck

## At a Disadvantage

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Margaret Minaker
What makes a fellow long to swear In stronger words than he should da
With wifie waiting on the stair?
With wifie waiting on the stair? collar button.

For first it rushed beneath the bed. I chased it there, but cracked my head. Real peevish were the words I said
To collar button.

Then wifie sweetly called 'to hurry',
That always gets me in a flurry.
Doesn't she know one should not worry
A collar button
are it ber (I hope my rage did not distress her), Wife cannot know vexation, Of collar button

Though Woman votes in our fair land,
She cannot eall Man
Trials that irk Man on every hand (Like collar buttons)
By gosh! I think it's only fair,
To keep the suffrage on the square
Let men demand, she aliso wear
Let men demand, she also wear collar button


## Peace Hath Her

Victories
and responsiblities. The duty of every man now is to provide a living for himself and his family, and help in the recon-
struction of the world. The great call is struction of the world. The great call
still for food lapse. but agriculture must go on.
C. P.R. FARMS 20 YEARS TO PAY
Open the way to prosperity and inde-
pendence. PrairieLand $\$ 11$ to $\$ 3$ oan acit; Open the way to prosperily end nade;
pendence. Prairie Land $\$ 11$ to 3 onanecrif
irrigated land up to $\$ 50$. Cet started. irrigated land up to \$so. Cet sterrted. Land is being rapidly taken up. Write
for free booklets and full inforniation:

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Scour serum and Cuttere Germ Scour Serum and cutter'A Germin
Froe Blacklee
Filtrate and Agriesin Froe Blackle Fillrate ard
or Cutter' Blackleg Pills
Aak him about them, If he hasn't our $i$ iterature, wite to to
information on these products
The Cutter Laboratory Berkeley, Cal., or Chicanoi III.

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and a Pair of aluminum salt and pepper shakers

## 

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a family newspaper, with features of interest to every member
of the home
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Family Magazine the most popular newspaper published west of the Family Mag
great lakes.
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Enclosed ploase find $\$ 1.25$. Mall to my address for one year, The
Western Home Monthly and The Now Farmers ' Magazine, and the Aluminum Salt and Pepper Shiegram and Family
Name.
Post Omice
Provinoe.
the horse sharply over the rump ly. Gilldap," he said again, almost angriBilly left the safety of the solid bank
and lunged forward. The first move and and lunged forward. The first move and lunged, and this time he went through
even further. Gamely he fought on, but in the middle his whole legs were hidden
in the bottomless mass and he helpless. For a few mass and he was quites Billy struggled but when he found that he was down for good he lay entirely quiet. Only in th big, brave eyes was a message-the mut
appeal of a dumb brute imprisoned appeal of a dumb brute imprisoned.
Under the circumstances Billy was wiser han most beasts and some men migh have been. He seemed to sense that only a few inches of turf bound together by
the roots of the swamp grasses was hold ing him up. Any swamp lengthy strasses was hold have been. sure to have broken and torn these saving roots and opened the way
for an awful death. Tim was almost distracted. He cut the cinches of the saddle and carried it
to the bank. He pulled, lashed, threatto the bank. He pulled, lashed, threat-
ened, begged, cried-all to no avail. ened, begged, cried-all to no avail.
Billy knew he was down and he stubbornly refused to move, or even to try to move. In the end Tim was obliged to
give it up. His face and hands and clothes give it up. His face and hands and clothes
were a solid mass of greasy mud. With were a soid mass of greasy mud. With hot tears streaming down his face he
started on the run for home. It was
much nearer to LeRoy's, but when in

Jerry came driving slowly into the yarc And tied behind-and a very welcom sight he was-was old Billy. Mrs. Austi and Tim were waiting at the gate fo them. Billy's dappled grey coat wa
hidden under a thick coating of slimy mu and his unane a and tail were a caked mas of the same. But after all, it was Baily
and but for his mother's restrining hands and but for his mother's restraining hand his four-legged friend. If ever a smal boy was-ggad to see an animal it was Tim
Austin to see old, grey Billy. Austin to see old, grey Billy.
Mr. Austin
Mr. Austin saw his son's great relief nd happiness, and his eyes sought his wifes with a quite smile
"LeRoys saw someone coming over Mrs. Austin, "and when nobody showed up they went down to investigate. They got their teams out, and some ropes, and
before we got there Billy was safe and sound on the bank. I don't really believe
the horse is injured at all; he travels all right, anyhow. I think when Tim gets the mud all cleaned off him he'll be just as good as new."
He turned to Tim and put his hand on the boy's shoulder.
kindly ""itere, son," he said, not unabout enough lesson for that you've had about enough lesson for one day. You're know right from wrong, so you shouldn't know right from wrong, so you shouldn't
need whipping. You've lost your fishing
 By John Clair Minot
A castle stands in Yorkshire $\quad$ Now, had the peasant known it (Oh, the hill is fair and green!), No living man hes a ca

It is the cave enchanted
(Oh, seek it ere ye die!),
Ind there King Arthur and his knights
(Oh, if we all could know!), Heshould have drawn that wondrou
blade blade

If but his hand had touched it (The sword is waiting still!),
He would have felt in every vein A lofty purpose thrill
One time a peasant found it (Oh, the years have hurried well!) It was the day of fate for him,
And this is what befell:

Upon a couch of crystal He saw the King, and, close besid The armored knights athrong.
And all of them were sleeping The sleep that comes when strife is

And ended every quest.
Beside the good King Arthur
(How high is your desire?)
His sword within its scabbard lay,
If but his hand had drawn it, (The sword still lieth there!), Wherever he might fare.
But, no; he fled affrighted And then he knew; but lo! the way Into the cave was lost.
He searched forever after
(All this was long ago),
But nevermore that crystal cave His eager eyes could know.
Pray God ye have the vision
To seize the sword that Arthur bore To seize the sword that Art
When it lies at your hand
trouble it is so natural for a boy to think
of home first. It was so with Tim. When of home first. It was so with Tim. When
he had breath to run, he ran; his supply
of tears seemed limitless. Always he could of tears seeined limittess. Always he could see old Billy lying there in that bog hole
of death. of death.
a very tired and dirty boy ran sobbing sinto the room.
"Oh, dad,"
the short way to LeRoy's, and Billy got the short way to LeRoy's, and Billy got
down in the mud and I couldn't get him
out, and I've run all the way home and out, and I've run all the way home, and
Billy will be dead, and I feel just awful,
and, and be dead, and I feel just awful,
and, and-
The words came tumbling out in one
breath and ran breath and ran off into an incoherent
jumble. Mr. Austin jumped up from the jumble. Mr. Austin jumped up from the
table. "Quick, Jerry," he said sharply. "Har-
ness the ponies to the buckboard. I'll ness the ponies to the buckboard. I'll
dig out some long ropes; there may be a chance to save the horse yet., I'll be out
to the stable in five minutes."
"Can I go, dad?" Tim asked. "It's
my fault; I'd like to help too."
Mr. Austin silenced him with
"No, you can't go," he said alance. "Yoo, you can't go," he said sharply mud off yourself. I saw you from the haymow galloping old Billy all over the prairie, chasing wolves or something;

About two hours later Mr. Austin and
holiday, anyway, that's certain; for by of old Billy here, I'm thinking it ined will be nearly bedtime. I'm not going to punish you any more; I only hope that you won't
forget this day very soon."
Tim looked his father squarely in the eye. "Thank you, dad," he said earnestly And to tell the plain truth, I don't
think he ever did.

## The Natural Comment

London children certainly get some quaint views of life, says the Bellman. an instance of this recently occurred in teacher was talking to her class about "Wh and his wisdom.
"When the Queen of Sheba came and laid gold and jewels and costly spices before Solomon, what did he say?" she
asked, presently. One small girl,
experience in small girl, who had evidently had experience in such matters, promptly
"'Ow much d'yer want for the lot?"
Corns cannot exist when
cure is applied to them, because it goes to the

Laddie Jr., Learning Ojibway Legends


The gull nips Laddie Jr.'s mitt. maskinonge or wild duck season. Lookee!"
and off he ran to catch an age, tired Blueand off he ran to catch an age, tired Blue-
bill that fluttered along in the shallow shore water.
He brought the big, handsome drake to me, truly our hearts are sad at the economy
of Nature. These beautiful wild ducks of Nature. These beautiful wild ducks
dying of old age all about us, with all the shing of beauty of their spring plumage upon them, with their clear yellow eyes
as bright as in time of full vigour. We admired it a while and paddled off down again. "Catch me that big glacous winged gull till we see what is the matter
with it." I turned the sixteen foot Rice Lake canoe (I have no retainer by the R. L. Canoe Co., but if you want a sure bottom under you, get a craft like ours;
of double thickness of cedar boards, copper fastened and it will last more years than you or I are going to live). The bird gently lifted it into the canoe-and it gently nipped Master Laddie's fat fingers. had broken the small wing bone, enough to prevent it taking wing, but once in the air it could flutter some distance. We
devoutly cursed the fool who made this bird suffer a whole winter long, as there is no spring shooting, not a shot is fired on


In flight, releasing the blue bill duck and the
gull. this lake. These imitation sportsmen come uninvited on our islands, use our points to decoy on, with never a "thank game laws. We decided amputation would not improve this case-we do cut
off a lot of broken legs, trap broken in the spring trapping season, but if there is a I snapped the boy with his poor pets and both flew off a short distance from his liberating hands. A very odd thing marrshes and drowned lands of the Indian
Reservation we moved out to our main

Chicago Opera Stars Hear Ciccolini
TEST EDISON'S $\$ 3,000,000.00$ PHONOGRAPH
UUIDO CICCOLINI scored a great triumph as Alfredo Oin "Traviata" at the opening performance of the over his success, were Carolina Lazzari, leading contralto, Chicago Opera Association. To them, on the following day, Ciccolini said: "Last night two thousand people heard me
on the stage of the Auditorium. Every day two hundred thousand hear me on the New Edison. It is the same voicelisten and tell me if you observe even the slightest difference."
As shown in the photograph, Ciccolini stood beside the New Edison and sang for his friends in comparison with its cover no quality in Ciccolini's wonderful voice that was not also prosent in the ReCRBATION.
Similar tests have been made before audiences aggregating two million people. The results of these astounding comparisons are described in the news
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but that same Thunder Bird is deeply set
in the tales of nearly all the higher tribes in the tales of nearly all the higher tribes of the continent. I heard it best in the
Kwakiutl of the Coast-here it is for you:
"'Hear me' "'Hear me'" (the young Coast Indian
who loudly called this had just slid down. the centre square pillar of the rude Pacific
Coast Potlach House) 'Hear me? howled as he ran about the great fire
burning on the earth floor in the centre burning on the earth floor in the centre
of the excited throng of old men and
chiefs. Hear me! chiefs. 'Hear me! I come from the nest
of the Thunder Bird. (Here to add to
the impressiveness of the scene he tuged the impressiveness of the scene he tugged high, carved headdress and out puffed
clouds of eiderdown.) 'Hear mel I was in the woods three days rubbing mysel
with hemlock. I was hungry and tired. I fell asleep-when I woke up I was in the nest of the Thunder Bird and it was goin
to feed me to its young birds when seized it and jumped off the nest and it bore me to the top of this house, and now I sing my songl' and he howled off a col-
lection of harsh consonants that told how
he had chosen the Thunder Bird for his crest or token. On, on he ran-the suddenly he leaped right through the firea burst of eiderdown issued from his head
dress and burst :nto flame and he vanished in the darkness of the great Potlach House. Now, Laddie, that scene is three thousand miles away from the quiet village of Hiawatha, yet the old men tell
tales as weird as the same Thunder Bird tales as weird as the same Thunder Bird
story. True they do not carve it on huge
cedar poles and set it aloft in front of their cedar poles and set it aloft in front of their
house as did the young Kwakutl chiefhouse as did the young Kwakutl chiefasten How would you like to be as great
acter is usedter as Nenebojo? This char-
achen tribes. Some writers acter is used by many tribes. Some writers
say the Indians got it from the Jesuit tales of the Christ. One all-powerful, an old


The black pet and the white one. Blue bill
"One day Nenebojo saw away out in Rice Lake a big flock of ducks. Now he
wanted some of them; so he made a sack wanted some or them; so he made a sack 'Come on and dive' where they were. dived and down followed the ducks. Afte they came up he swam beneath them and up the ducgs leaped, but Nestrips and up the ducks leaped, but Nenebojo ha carried him up in the air. They soon go so tired they had to come down to the ground and they fell on the south shor He just wanted to get across the lake,", "That's some hunting," laughed Laddie "Seel There'sthe first turtle," as hepickeda young mud-turtle and its lately discarded
shell up out of the sand. "Have you a yarn about a turtle? No, I beg your par don, you call them legends." "If you will take off your unbelieving cap If you will tho take off your unbelieving Bird in it and the Turtle too-also from the Mississaugas." alone on the lake shore. Every time he alone on the lake shore. Every time he
went out he was hit on the back by small stones, but he never could see who hit
him. So he ran into the woods and called out for someone to come and help him The big black Bear came and told him he would fight for him but he ran so very
slow and clumsily that the Turtle would not have him. Then he called again and out jumped a young male deer, but its horns were weak and broke as it struck a
branch so the Turtle called again branch so the Turtle called again. Al of young turtles came out to fight for him, but just then down dropped a big stone and killed them all, and the Turtle
saw it was the great Thunder saw it was the great Thunder Bird that
threw it, so he dived down and never comes up when there is thunder.'", never "Some shot, that Thunder Bird," said
Laddie, as he rolled and laughed in the Laddie, as he rolled and laughed in the
hot sand. "Sure you're not making these stories up? Have you got a nice one
about fish-that's what I would like.?"
"Yes, here is one told by the same Rice another man caught a lot of fish. Each on stored his fish, away, but they agreed t eat Nenebojo's first. When these were all done the other man would not sha and his family were without food. He walked in the woods and met a strang man who told him he would help him and take it home on your back. Do not morrow you will have food." Neneboj did, and next morning found a lot of fish where the ice had lain. But the other man when he was out back when someone
thing, only he looked balled 'hief and his fish were only small
canes like minows." nes like minnows.'"
"Gosh, I'd like to meet that man and go to that swamp," said Laddie. o camp I mocked, "you had better go After an hour's photography, I, too ought the camp. duck," hailed the fish and
I entered the boy. f all save bread and butter a table bare "Ohner you cooked forme?"' I exclaimed "But that's just a legend," he laughed sked. "Oh! that's just another legend b "On," and off he scampered, yelling: on a time, etc., etc.'

[^0]Here's to the ploughed lands, The brown lands,
The quick lands,
The rich lands of Canada
Where foodstuffs grow
Here's to the deep mines
The rare mines, the rich mines;
Its miner's lamp aglow.
Here's to the wild wood,
The great woods,
The wrooden wails of Britain,
Where the wild winds blow
Here's to the great hearts The strong hearts, the true hearts, The hearts in the breasts

Here's to their purpose,
Their high, loyal purpose
That freedom shall not go
Joanna E. Wood-Toronto Globe.

Not Granted
One night, says' Harper's Magazine when her granamother was putting her in every night when I go to bed, I ask God "That is right," said her gray." "That is right,", said her grandmother. Olive, soberly.

The Pathway to Faith
The Right Reverend Doctor Knox rare men who teach wis one of those On an occasion mentioned in the Manchester Guardian, a freethinker opened an argument with the bishop on the mystery "I am reminded," reflected the bishop when there was a lull in the talk, "of a another miner who loudly called himself an infidel. He was working in the mine when some coal began to fal
"'Lord save me!" he cried
"Then," save mel" he cried, earnestly. the other miner, catching the weak point, "' 'Ay,
"" 'Aye,' said he, 'there's nowt like cobs
ochal ,to knock the infidelity oot o' a
chap!"

-     - How Beet Sugar is Made_Written for The Western Home Monthly by Max McD.

5GAR belongs to the force pro- taken not to carry the operation too far,
ducing foods and is of great as after the calcium sucrate is destroyed ducing foods and is of great as after the calcium sucrate is destroyed
importance as an article of diet. the carbonic acid attacks the It is estimated that in America about eighty pounds of sugar is consumed a year per capita of population. from the stems of plants, as cane sugar; from sap of trees, as maple sugar; and Cane sugar was probably known in very early times, but 1 was not that ithe foura common article of food even among the chiefly as a luxury. It is made from the sap of the maple tree, the bark being
flowing upward.
More than half the world's sugar is made from beet root. To the chemist this is identical with cane sugar, and the ference, but beet sugar is slightly. less sweet than the best grades of cane sugar.
The object of this article is to tell how this grade of sugar is made. In its manuactory at one end sugar beet enters the after process, and comes out at the other end the perfected sis The entire ope
Thorough Washing is the First From the storage bins the beets are loats them into the factory where they enter an elevator or beet wheel and are carried to a cleaner. Here they are subthorough washing, and are automatically jected into another elevator which carries them to the third floor, where they a driving pulley that operates a shalt carrying a circular frame holding a set of knives. In the slicer they are cut into long V-shaped strips about five and a half various lengths. The slices of beets are called cossettes.
From the slice
From the slicer the cossettes are transported by gravity through a hopper and
chute to a diffusion battery. The vessels or diffusion are mostly up-right iron cylinders with flat or arched bottoms, having a large opening capable of being A number of such diffusers connected together is called a battery. In order to seep the contents at the required temerature, there is connected with each efore it is admitted to the next diffuser in line. These vessels are connected by means of pipes in such a manner that the same portion of liquor can be driven power is hydrostatic pressure and is obtained from a tank or cistern in the upper story of the sugar house, giving a pressure of from firteen to twenty-five extracted by a series of bleachings with hot water and is held in solution in the cells of the beets.

## Lime Usedtin Clarification

The object of the diffusion process is to obtain the sugar with as few impurities as
possible. When sufficiently concentrated possible. When sufficiently concentrated the juice is drawn off and measured into tanks, enough being taken to extract the
sugar without too great dilution. This is accurately measured and a record kept of the time, number of cells, and density. The juice is then pumped into a calorisator where it is heated. It is necessary pressure of lime, and this operation is very
From the heater the juice flows to carred tanks heated by closed steam, where, to the heated
uice, is admitted milk of lime. This ime combines with the greater part of the mpurities and forms an insoluble presugar forming calcium sucrate, which if not decomposed would be lost during iltration. Decomposition is accomplished by injecting gas made by burning the lime
used in clarification thus forming an insoluble precipitate of calcium carbonate. Just enough gas is admitted to break up
this combination of lime sugar. Care is
the carbonic acid attacks the compound of calcium and
impurities again.
This process is closely watched and The proper taken every few seconds. flow of gas is indicated by the formation of a granular precipitate showing clear liquor stantly shout off, a test sample is sent to a table near by, where a chemist's assistant is stationed, and the percentage of lime in
the juice determined by filtration with the juice dete.
standard acid.

Juice Must Pass Through Filters After clarification (or carbonation as it is contents a beet sugar house) the whole contents of carbonate juice and pre-
cipitate are drawn off and forced through filter presses by means of a pump. The presses are composed of alternating solid
and hollow openings in either side, to allow the juice to pass from one to another These are hung on two side beams, which,
with the head and tail pieces form a rack,

## Canada Food <br> Board License

No. $15-365$


## Sulphur Fumes Clean Juice

 The clear strained juice which is now : The operation here is performed in tank. he operation here is performed in tank carronation tanks, sulphur fumes instead of gas being forced by air pumps throug the perforated pipes into the juice, as in The juice, which is now water white llowed to flow through mechanies cal impurities remain in the mechan this stage the juice while comperativelyure, is diluted, pure, is diluted, containing only a sma f the beets worked it on the qualit concentrate it and this is desirable multiple effect evaporator. This consist rith oom for this vapor to disengage. Th upper part of the vapor chamber is con nected with the steam chamber of the boiling liquor may pass into the steam
chamber of the next. The juice going ib chamber of the next, The juice going in
at a density of about 100 and flowing through the effeets becomes more con concent


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Get it from your dealer by the case and serve it in its sterilized bottle

The Coca-Cola Company
Winnipeg

## Confidence Inspired By Bank of Montreal Statement

Bank in Strongest Position Reports Total Assets in Breess of Five Hundred and Fifty Millions-Prepared For After War Period of Readjustment.

## The Bank of Montreal comes out with conficinencer ereararing the manner in which the Dominion will be able to pass through he period of readjustme <br> It is especially fortunate that the necertainty like theal, at a a time of general posent, should be in do disclose such strength and  give the country and Governments. With its total assets in excess of Five With its total assets in excess of Five seets in evcess of Thre Hundred an Montreal in reality becomes a National and commercial interests of the country

 a period during which must occur such 2 marked industrial evolution.Throughout the uncertainty. of the war
period the Bank of Montreal, while lendperiod the Bank of Montreal, while lend-
ing fullest assistance to Canadian industry has steadifastly followed and counselled a oolicy of keeping strong. As a result the reversal to peace conditions finds the
Bank in exactly the position it desired to Bank in exactly the position it desired to
occupy when the change came to this
country as well as to the rest of the world. study of the Bank's position at the lose of its fiscal year confident regarding the outlook. Such an exhibit could hardly come at a time
when it could be calculated to benefit when it could be calculated to benefit entres of the world
The very unusual strides made during month by month but at the same time, month by month rge resources has been able to lend illest assistance to both the Imperia
nd Canadian Governments, as well as ooking after the growing requirements o a. considerable portion of
municipalities and industries.
municipalities and industries.
Just how great has been the progress made during the past few years can be appreciated from the fact that in 1914 ,
the first year of the war, the total assets the first year of the war, the total assets
stood at $\$ 289,562,678$, while to-day they have incre assets alone now stand at $\$ 370,351,000$,
being $\$ 80,000,000$ above what the total assets were four years ago.
Expansion of Year
The past twelve monthis have witnessed steady expansion, even allowing for the
absorption of the B. N. A.. and now the
total assets stand at $\$ 558,413,546$, com-
Total Assets

pared with $\$ 403,980,236$ at the end the previous year. Liquid assets total
$\$ 370,351,651$, and are equal to $71.28 \%$ of
the total liabilities to the the total liabilities to the public a
compare with $\$ 276,298,397$ last year.
The measure of assistance lent the Dominion and British Governments is
eflected by Dominion and Provincial
 $\$ 46,870,586$, as compared with $\$ 28,573,322$
a year ago and Canadian Municipal a year ago and Canadian Municipal
Securities and British, Foreign and Col onial Public Securities, other than Cana
dian of $\$ 52,085,835$ up from $\$ 33,455,254$ The expansion of the general commercial
business is indicated by Current Loans business is indicated by Current Loans
and Discounts of $\$ 146,028,861$, as comame time Loans to Cities, Towns and Municipalities have gained to $\$ 15,598,069$ from $\$ 11,415,383$, and Current Loans and
Discounts elsewhere than in Canada $\$ 14,649,836$ up from $\$ 10,045,811$.

Deposits at Record Levels
That the policy of thrift so strongly
advocated by the Bank has been followed in a large measure by the people of Canad deposits to the recordlevel of $\$ 345,552,764$, as compared with $\$ 246,041,786$, a gain of almost One Hundred Million Dollars,
while Deposits not bearing interest stand while Deposits not bearing interest stand
at $\$ 124,175,047$ up from $\$ 71,114,641$. As
there is no increase in the Bank's capital there is no increase in the Bank's capital
tock in connection with the purchase of stock in connection with the purchase of
the Bank of B. N. A. it is assumed the amount required to redeem the shares on
that institution has been set aside and included in the total of non-interest bearing deposits.

Profit and Loss Account
The more favorable conditions under year have resulted in a slight increase in the Profits, as compared with the previous
year. The profits amount to $\$ 2,562,720$ year. The profits amount to $\$ 2,562,720$,
equal to $16.01 \%$ on the capital and compare with $\$ 2,477,969$ in capital and year. These profits added to the Balance
of Profit and Loss brought forward made the total amount available for distribu tion $\$ 4,227,613$. Of this amount divi-
dends and bonuses required $\$ 1,920,000$ War Tax on Bank note circulation $\$ 160,000$, Subscriptions to Patriotic Funds
$\$ 46,000$ and Reservation for Bank Prem436,000 and Reservation for Bank Prem- $\$ 200,000$, leaving the balance to be carried forward to Balance of Profit and Loss of $\$ 1,901,613$ as compared with
$\$ 1,664,893$ at the end of the previous year.
The chief items in the statement of she Bank as of Oct. 31st with comparisons with
as follows

| 1918. | 19 |
| :---: | :---: |
| .\$558,413,546 | \$403,980,23 |
| 345,552,764 | 246,041,786 |
| 124,175,047 | 71,114,641 |
| 146,028,861 | 97,607,404 |
| 46,870,586 | 28,573,322 |
| ,375,199 | 12,571,625 |
| 52,085,835 | 33,45 |
| 25,492,841 | 20,592,891 |
| 68,531,256 | 30,760,233 |
| 27,700,000 | 14,500,000 |
| 2,562,720 | 2,477,969 |
| 1,901,613 | 1,664,89 |

## Wash Day Made Easy for $\$ 2.00$


 olishes labor of wash days-saves rubbing and wearing out of the clothes
saves tired backs. A child can use it. $\mathbf{W}$ omen discard 820.00 mathines or it. Get the best
or money refunded.
To prove to every woman that this is the best Vacuum Washer, we will send it complete with long handle and ex
\$2.00. Order one to-day. Don't wait.
Agents wantod to sell these washers and other high class articles.
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# Thick Liquor is Crystallized 

 The product which is now technically sulphur fumes which neutralize it and destroy the waste material. The thickliquor is again passed through mechanical
fiter liquor is again passed through mechanical
fitters which remove any forien solid
matter, after which it is boied in the vacuum strike pan where the sugar is crystalized. This pan is a closed cast
iron vesesel about eleven feet iondiametor
and fourten feet high, holding from thirty tourtern forty-fiet tons of sugar molasse when a a number of copper coils through which steam passes to the condenser and the pump draws off the non-condensable is maintained in the oppratatanus, the mass Boing mained ow temperarure, which pre
boints burning. When the operation
ven vents burning. When the operation completed the whole mass, known as in composition about seventy-fife per molasses. The melada is then removed into a large iron tank with propeller arms Attached to and directly underneath the mixer are a number of centrifugals are lined screen. About five hundred pounds of
melada at a time is taken into the centrit ugals from the mixer above. The ma suitable belt and pulley or water pressur until it atttains a velocity of hum ored revolutions a minute. The centrifuga force which is about forty pounds pe square inch, throws the melada to th sides, a screen holding the sugar back
The molasses is throw off through this
隹 seren monsses it strrikes the sides of the
surbs, flowing off in a pipe or safety currs, flowing off in a pipe or trough, and is cole.
After the melaad has been in the evoliving centriugak freed from syrup. A jet of wate it then sprayed on it to remove the last race of molasses, the machine is stopped and the sugar falls through an opening in the bottom into a conveyor which carries his drier consists of a hollow cylinder bout six feet in diameter and thirty fee
long which revolves slowly. The sugar is long which revolves slowly. The sugar on warm pipes where it rempains in constan motion until every particle of moisture is emoved from it. It then passes from th drier over a screen which removes any
lumps that may have formed and fall ino a hopper from which it is sacked and ready for the market.

## Heroines from Home

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Margaret Minaker


#### Abstract

JST as surely as she has produced as stamp os of young man- hood, which was tested and ound true at Ypres, and many ing a distinct type of young womanhood whicher in that staunch determination pioneer grandparents who wrested their Canada from a giant forest. A And there is as Eve insists, a a reat deal of clear-eyed charm; a dash of warm spirit; and usually that cool reserve so often misunderstood over the glowing fires within. Of this type, so ossentially Canadian, was Nursing sister Agnes MacPherson. Youth, beauty and love were all hers when she carried her graduation roses at Hospital St. Boniface. Yet she chose that path which leads along the places of pain, and counted her youth and strength but aids in God's great work of ministering About this time, we came to that great epoch in our national history, when the stand for honor and liberty. At once Canada stood up! And with her stood many of her young men-and not a few In the great In the great camp of preparation - in Manitoba, there were nurses needed at the Mospitab, tents. Agee Auses necheded at responded to that need. When battalion upon battalion of Western men, traine upon these wide rolling plains, sailed upon these wide romiling plains, sailed overseas to their great and terrible task do you thin do you think for a moment, the loyal young Sister stayed behind, choosing the easier part? Hers was a duty not to be half part? buers was a duty not to be hall done, barried with high head to the battle front if need be. No one dreamed then how that sweet firm spirit would be called to the test For busy, trying years she For busy, trying years she ministered into the Canadian, clearing stations. wonder how many boys of the Maple Lea remember her lovely face and strong youn remember her lovely face and strongy young hands? I think they must be numbered in thousands.


O Germany! Germany! What crimes
are committed in thy name. In that are committed in thy name. In that
bright future we are all working toward will the light of peace ever fade those
grisly blots upon that name? Men writhed and sickened when they heard o those hospices of Christ's pity, ansputuon hospital ships, which even the insatiable
deep has spared. I think the hearts of
the warld remember. remember
A large A large Canadian clearing station was
mir-raidse objective of one of these pitiless air-raids. What a night of horror and duty. She and her companions were at
their posts, helping to save some poor
lads whom they would not abandon They who had saved so many, "themselves they could not save," Death rode sign of the Cruss, but, whistory can show sign no end more, beautiful in in white flameo f hinh sacrifice.
In a British cemetery in France, where there lies so much that is Canada's, the aid her sim body " ilike a warrior taking
his rest," dressed as they had known her in her nurss's aniform. Flowers, they
heaped upon the Union Jowk in the heaped upon the Union Jack, in that strange way we see-so often of late-
patriotism made beautiful. Every honor the army could pay was shown in those last rites, but was as nothing to the tears
and love with which they buried their soldier-nurse.
soldier-nurse.
Horn was a glorious work and a sad
though splendid end which must stir though splendid end, which must stir
spand
eanadian soul with every Canadian soul with, pride. As
England honors Edith Cavell, so Canada must remember Agnes MacPherson and hose other brave Canadans nurses whose heroic, compassionate spirits the Hun could never break nor terrorize. Surely amid all the exquisite natural some chain of lovely limpid lakes; or sisterhood of sublime mountain peaks, in
their snowy caps, which could bear with heir snowy caps, which could bear with nurses. Then in that better Canada to be, new generations shall not forget them "They often speak their names, saying,
France." in our cause, somewhere in

## The Canadian Sister

 Too bright the sunlight seemed to lieOn June's young greening fields the the The dreadful message came.
Somewhere in France with courage high, True to her trust, she chose to stay.

Through teass we read her name;
God grant her aureole may flow
In shimmering light above her brow
And er her shoulders grace,
In that sweet fashion nurses know,
So lad in Wards of Heaven now,
May know her gentle face.
How they shall leap to greei her there,
Who tended them in war-wrecked days,
When God, uson her boso shis
Shall set the Cross she served always,
For those, a royal sign,
Who died of wounds.
Where Mary sits 'mid women fair
hey shall await her lovingly,
Canell mat take her hand
But Christ, It think, will touch her hair,
And whisser reassuringly
And whisper reassuringly,
For He will understand
He died of wounds.

How the Eyes Figure inSocial Popularity
By Dr. Leonard Keene Hirshberg, A.B., M.A., M.D. (Johns Hopkins University)

P
 a leisurely walk either for
pleasure or for your health What you obsearve in yor your health. sufficiently attract your interest, and you
stand and gaze. Sometimes you even stare. Too long a gaze in one direction
is strenuous on the eyes, and staring is a is strenuous on the eyes, and staring is a
distinctly abnormal condition of the visual machine.
When you scrutinize a thing too closely, the muscles of your eyes undergo a strain. In a short time, perhaps before you are conscious of it, black splotches appear of squinting. This signifies that you
have exerted too much strain upon a single set of muscles, and your eyes need a If you are out on a pleasure trip, or that you squint, or press your eyes, take some measure for relief at once. These acts become habits if you continue to injurious to the muscles of the eyes, uncomfortable for you, but also unbecoming,
and irritating to the individual or more and irritating to the indi When you are engaged in a pleasant conversation with someone, and that person begins to constantly remind you of
some one of his physical frailties or defects, some one of his physical frailies or defects,
your pleasure is spoilt, you become
"fidge" "nervous," your mind is drawn from the subject of discussion to "feeling sorry for you, poor thing," and that individual's society.' What is true of that person, is equally true of you,
when you begin to remind your associates when you begin to r
of your eye-defect.
of your eye-defect.
No person, and you are no exception has the right to spoil the genuine pleasure of a person or a group who has sought
your society for a few pleasant hours. When you squint, you mar the genera pleasure by making yourself unattractive.
You have often said to yourself in the
secret of your unspoken mind, "she would secret of your unspoken mind, "she would
be pretty, but her squinting spoils her." be pretty, but her squinting spoils her." you nervous." Physical defects are
never admired, and the sooner a remedy
is sought the better it is for the eyes and is sought, the better it is for the eyes and
for your social popularity.
You squint because your eyes hurt you You squint because your eyes hurt you;
and then they are in need of rest. In your walks, and when you rest, never
look too hard. If you look before you, nto the horizon, and try to distinguish houses, trees, or things in the air, you
subject the muscles of your delicate eye machinery to undue hardships. When you
find yourself looking hard-and then you find yourself looking hard-and then you for a minute or two and put your hand
over them. A little respite in the dark will do them good.
Do not open your eyes to the light too suddenly, because you thus make the
pupils of the eyes-the little black round cavities in the center-contract too rap-
idly and cause the contracting muscles to idly and cause the contracting muscles to work too hard. Open them gradually.
If you must read for pleasure, past time, or because of neecessity, have your
reading matter at about the distance of reading matter at about the distance of
one foot from your eyes. Do not try to one foot from your eyes. Do not a great distance, for most any person who has normal visual powers can do that fete, but
just as you, with quite a great deal of just as you, with quite a gell-being of the most delicately constructed complete piece a tiny screw is out of place, the whole
machinery gradually becomes defected, machinery gradually becomes defected
and the breakdown is apt to come any
time at all One foot from the eye brings the reading matter sufficiently close to the eyes not to involve undue train on the muscles.
When you are reading, or when you are engaged in embroidering, or knitting, or as much as the hands, seek a spot sufficiently shady, not to affect the comfort of the eyes. In a shady spot, during the If this is not the situation, and there are oblique or perpendicular rays, the eye ear the brunt of the uncomfortable
spot. You can, as a rule, always tell sot. You can, as a rule, always tell your eyes when they feel comfortable.

If you are engaged in handwork of
some kind, in the afternoon, and you are some kind, in the afternoon, and you are
at the same time in the company of your at the same time in the company of your
friends, do not appear so industrious as to make your work seem more important than they are. Your associates will be polite, to be sure, but they will be justly
irritated to a degree by your anti-social industry.,
Look up

Look up every once in a while from your work, and lay it down a minute or your
now and then, and let your interest seem now and then, and let your interest seem
to be focused on your guest, and your eyes centered on him or her, showing a deep interest or concern, not in yourself,
or your work, but in her or him or your work, but in-her or him. You will thus not only make your guest or neigh-
bor feel more comfortable; but you will give your eyes a little rest by focusing in
another position. another position.
If you do liandwo If you do liandwork at night, be sure
that yeu work under a good light. It that you work under a good light. It in good company and often you are asked to perform a double piece of work, to do
with your hands, and at the same timewith your hands, and at the same timeyour light is poor, you not only become a
social bore, but a social menace, for in social bore, but a social menace, for in
addition to your seeming lack of interest you display tendencies of physical disArc lights are vulgar because of their glaring rays, and exceedingly injurious. duphicate ar night of diffused daylight. dome or a dark paper shade. A gas light composed of mantle and bulb, produces
a good diffused light, and when placed a good diffused light, and when placed injure the eyes.
If, on account of careless strain or other If, on account of careless strain or other
abuses, you find that your eexes squint, or you press them with your fingers, or if
they seem to suggest redness or inflammation, consult an oculist at once. You may need glasses, or you may need an-
other form of treatment. Do not delay for you cannot replace a pair of eyes
when they break down, as you can, for
example, in poor fashion, a set of teeth. example, in poor fashion, a set of teeth.
An oculist is an expert in eye treatregarding the discovery of eye ailment He will not prescribe glasses if they are not needed, for glasses under these conditions may cause irreparable injury. He
will not drop atropine into the eyes unles absolutely neecessary, and so will not cause you needless discomfort and social Glasses may not be very comfortable at the beginning, and they may not pet, but they are far more beautiful, far more esthetic, than a pair of unsheltered
squinting, or blood-shot eves. Not only squinting, or blood-shot eyes. Not only
are they more beautiful than these, but are they are more comfortable, and will thus render social popularity an easier accomp render soci
lishment.

Nature Was Improving
James A. McNeill Whistler astounded many people by the egotism he frequently displayed in his conversation; but those who knew the artist best realized that many of his conceited remarks were in
spired by a love of mischief rather than by spired oy a love is an example:
vanity. Heus-party, an effusive lady apAt a house-party, an effusive lady ap
proached the artist."
"OMr "O Mr. Whistler," she said, "I have just much of your pictures!"
"Indeed!" Whistler replied, calmly "Indeed!" Whistler repl

## A Safe Hiding-Place

A parson who paid more attention to the pleasures of life than to his sermons. was taken to task for his worldliness by a New York Tribune, was none the les "ffective for being tactful. "Friend," said the Quaker, "I
stand thee"s clever at fox-catching," "I have few equals and no superiors at that sport," the parson replied, com "Nevently. "if I were a fox, I would hide where thee
would never find me." would never find me." hide?" asked the parson, with a frown.
"Friend," said the Quaker, "I would hide in thy study.

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AT 9 O'CLOCK
At which time the entire $\$ 300,000.00$ stock, consisting of Ladies' Furs and Fur Coats, Men's Fur and Fur-lined Coats Caps and Gloves, and Ladies' Suits, Coats and Dresses wil go on sale without reserve or limit at the most astounding low prices of our career.

LADIES MARMOT COATS, Taupe shade, 45 inches long
pockets and fancy buttons.
Regular $\$ 150.00$, now.....
$\$ 117.50$
LADIES' MINR MARMOT COATS, 50 inches long, with full box


DARK CANADIAN MUSKRAT LADIES COATS, of full furre
 revers. Lined Skin

LADY'S HUDSON SEAL COAT, 45 inches long, full ripple box
ck with Alaska Sable large square collar and deep cuffe. Slash back with Alaska sable large square collar and deep cuffs. Slash
pockets and fancy silk brocade lining. ................. 298.51
Regular $\$ 400.00$ for............................

TAUPE MONGOLIAN WOLF SET, large animal stole, trimme with heads, tail and paws; lined with soft silk crepe. Large Melo muff trimmed with tails and paws to match.
\$ 37.50
MENS GREY GOAT COATS, very heavily furred, 48 inches long,
Has extra large deep shawl collar; lined with heavily quilted Farmer? satin: All sizes.
Regular $\$ 50.00$ for.
\$ 38.50
MEN'S FINE WOMBAT COATS. These coats are made from selected natural skins; well furred and very strongly finished with leather stays at all loops and vents at opening in back. Strongly lined
with quilted Farmer's satin.
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MENS BLACK DOG COATS. Has good appearance for town o country wear; a splendid driving coat; tie skins are large, well tanned with quilted Farmer's satin.

MEN'S COON COATS, of superior quality, from heavily furre well matched Canadian skins; extra soft and pliable. Has full room skirt, and very comfortable for walking or driving. Has large storm
shawl collar; lined with heavy superior quality satin.
Regulan $\$ 300.00$, now................................. 198.51 Regulay \$300.00, now.

-     - 

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MEN'S DRESSY BLACK BEAVER CLOTH OVERCOAT, line throughout with Mink Marmot and has real Canadian Otter shaw mohair buttons and loops.
\$ 67.50
MEN'S FINE BLACR BEAVER CLOTH OVERCOATS, lined with heavy Sealette, made very strong and warm, with large Persian
Lamb collar and lapels. All sizes,
Regular $\$ 40.00$, fon ..................................... 31. 50


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## The Philosopher

## $\Delta$ Turning Point in History

 Never before since the beginning of recorded time abruptly as now. Never before in this world has an old orrder of things passed away in such a terrible convulion of civilization as that through which Never before has a new year brought with its dawning such hopes of a new era. Indeed, there are many who do not realize in anything like full measure the wrought in the spirit of mankind. The first hatif war and blood and destruction andid terror and grief and sorrows beyond all possibility of telling. At its ending a great hope shone through the darkness, and coming of the new era. Civilization has been for more than four years like the bewildered mariners whosailed with Columbus across the uncharted deep sailed with Columbus across the uncharted deep. tempests out of all its bearings. But all the time
it has been headed towards a great consummationit has been headed towards a great consummation-
TTime's burst of dawn." Truly this is a most wonderful time in which to be living.

## The Coming of the New Ere

The new era on whose threshold we stand is one which brings solemn thought to every man and woman reaizing the responsibilities of of life which has been made os sacred a thing by the sachifices of the Great
War. We survivors from the terrible years of that War. We survivors from the terrible years of tha titanic struggle for liberty and human rights can
never, if we are to prove ourselves worthy to be left never, if we are to prove ourselves worthy to be lef
ailie, take iffe lightly any more. It has been sanctified by the deaths of too many. It is a gift to us, something to be accepted gravely and reverently from
dead hands. We must use it with a constant sense of the supreme duty we owe to the dead who gave oi their lives for the welfare of the future of humanity Mhall nothing spiritual be born for the world out of al that sacrifice and grief? Every one of us has a share of responsibiity in answering this question. Eve of hhe best possible in the new rewarra the faitiazation to the least and simplest duties of our everyday lise.
Even the greatest and most highly placed in the Even the greatest and most highly placed in the
world will not be living worthy lives, however well they may, strive to discharge rightly the duties of
their public stations, if they fail in discharging rightly alio those least and simplest duties which make

Religion After the War
A degree of amazement and grief seized many souls because the forces of religion seemed helpless in the stress of the Great War. And yet it was undeniably
and manifestly true that the great struggle in defence and manifestly true that the great struggle in defence of liberty and human rights released spiritual energies in the world, as a force making for increased realization of the human brotherhood. Profound religious convictions inspired the devotion of the men who
fought for the right; the men themselves may not always give their motives mhat nemele, and in some cases may have been only indistinctly, aware that it Was truly religious conviction and emotion which none the less it was true. And it is a continuin truth in the world which must make itself felt for good. Heroic service in the cause of human brotherhood cannot te considered a thing apart from religion.
The moral and spiritual energies which gave such proof of themselves at the rent are bound to make
themselves felt in the religious life of the world in themselves felt in
the years to come.

## Demobilization Problems

The complex and formidable problems presented by demobilization will require the very best of thought
and foresight and wise organizing power and mangeand oresig their solution. It is satisfactory to note
ment for ment for their solution. It is satisfactory to note by those in authority both in the Dominion and in the Proviuces, Every possible safeguard must be pro-
vided against the conditions which would result from men being released from the army in such a way that
they would not be absorbed into the working life of Canada as rapidy as they are released. Nothing
could be plainer than the fact that justice demands could be plainer than the fact that justice demands
that the soldiers who were taken from their work that the soldiers who were taken from their work
by the public need should have their economic claims considered in connection with their dischange flairom
the army and their return to the civilian life of the country. The responsibilities in connection with the just solution of the problems of demobilization
rest upon the Canadian nation as a whole

## Women as Lawmakers

It is now only a matter of time until in all the Provinces of this country women will have not alone
the right to vote but the right also to sit in the legisla-
 parliament of Great Britain, which bears the proud
title of "the Mother of Parliaments," has recognized this right. In the British general elections last month, women above the are of thirty had the right to vote; by curious anomaly there were several women can-
didates for the House of Commons who were under that age and, therefore, without votes themselves,
though they could be voted for by those who had votes. At this writing the results of the polling, delayed on account of the necessity of including the soldiers
votes, are not yet known. It is more than ten years votes, are not yet known. It is more than ten years Finland. In Norway they are also eligible for pariliament. The Danish House of Commons includes four women members. In Holland women are eligible In a copy of the London Times just to hand The Philosopher notes that in New South Wales an act has been introduced in the legislature entitling women
to be elected to that body and to the civic council of Sydney and all the other municipalities of New South Wales, and to be admitted to practise as barristers may be elected Lady Mayoress of the cityo of Sydney. The bill has been introduced by the attorney-general of New South Wa.es, and hase the support of procersiized
Australian womens Whomen in every progressive country as citizens with full
rights of citizenship

## "The Good Old Times"

The manner in which in every land in which there is ordered government the public men of all parties are
giving practical proof of their realization that the good of those who used once to be designated as "the common
 looks back to the close of the Napoleonic wars finds ivid contrasts in the century's retrospect. The Napoleonic wars left the poor in every land in Europe and town workers were, as the historian has described them, "poorer in money, poorer in happiness, poorer in sympathy and infinitety poorer in in horizon and
hope" than they were before. A British Prime Minister a little more than a hundred years ago, Minister a littte more than a hundred years ago, as an excuse for his inattention to the poverty and
misery of millions, that he was "inexperienced in the misery of millions, that the was "inexperienced in the
condition of the poor." No public man in any country condition of the poor." No pubhic man in any country
would dare to say such a thing to-day. Children worked in the mines and factories at the beginning of the nineteenth century, in conditions which could
not have been worse than they were. They worked南隹 have been worse than they were. Pitt proposed from eighten to twenty hours a day. Pitt proposed to work at five years of age. Flogging was the punishment for falling asleep at work. "And yet there are,
sentimentalists who prattle about "the good old times."

## The Pioneers of "Upper Canada"

In these days when there is renewed attention to the problems of land settlement in this country, it is
interesting to look into a book published in England interesting to look into a book published in England Commend Themselves to Emirants, Colonists and
Capitalists," by Andrew
Picken. The Capitalists," by Andrew Picken. The page of
greatest interest in that old book are those which contain letters written from Upper Canada (now the Province of Ontario) by settlers who had come out from England and taken up land. For example, W. Clements, who had been a day laborer in Corsley, in
Wiltshire, wrote home from Port Talbot, Upper Canada, to his father, a letter dated October 10, 1830 , in which he said:-"I had not a a shilling left when
I got here. But I met with good friends who took I got here. But I met with good friends who took
me in, and I went to work at 6 s. per day and my me in, and I went to work at 6s. per day and my
boarr, on to this day. And now 1 am going to work on my own farm of 50 acres, which $I$ bought at $£ 55$,
and have five vears to poy it in. And I and have five years to pay it in. And I have bought
me a cow and five pigs. And $I$ have sowed $41 / 2$ acres me a cow and five pigs. And $I$ have sowed $41 /$ acres
of wheat and $I$ have 2 more to sow. I am going to of wheat and I have 2 more to sow. I am going to
build me a house this fall, and if I had staid at Corsley I never should have had, nothing. I like the country
very much. I am at liberty to shoot turkeys, quail, very much. I am at liberty to shoot turkeys, quail,
pigeon and all kinds of game which I have in my pigeon and all kinds of game which I have, in my
backwood. My wife and two sons are happy. I wish Father and My Mifere and two sons are happy. I wish the family were as well
provided as we be," Another
 grove, who had been likewise a day laborer of Corsley,
wrote from Dundas. Upper Canada, on September 3 ,
1830 wrote from Dundas. Upper Canada, on September 3,
1830 a letter in which these sentences occur:-"Health is a beautiful thing, and it depends upon God alone
to give it. Was it in the hands of man, health would to give it. Was it in the hands of man, heatth would victualling, which, if the good God give us our health, hase plentrul of with us as the scarcity is with you. We
have
butter gid beef, mutton, pork, fish, fowl and butter; and I am happy to state that by one day's
work a man can supply himself with all these neces-
saries for three days. You have a good many cold
bellies to go to bed with, $\mathbf{I}$ know, or things is greatly altered from the state it was when I was with you But if you were with us, if you liked, for three half
pence your belly would be so warm that you would not know the way to bed." The pioneers in Ontari had to elear the timber from their land, and they had many hardships and deprivations to, encounter,
but they were happy in their independence.

## The Value of Brain Training

"Education is not a knowledge of facts; it is a indeed, ot pack a greater value of meaning into so few worrs. than is compressed into this sentence, which is the summing up of Dr. Arthur Shipley's exposition of the true meaning and right method of education
Dr. Shipley is Vice-Chancellor of the University o Gambridge, and holds world-wide recognition as an authority in educational matters. The sentence quoted at the outset of this was not set forth by Dr. truth, which, indeed, it is. Put into other words, it is equivalent to saying that every subject of study is, from the point of view of education, of less importance
in itself than the manner in which it is studied and the in itself than the manner in which it is studied and the
method which is used in dealing with it. This is true not only of colleges and universities, but of the primary classes in schools, , as well. It is true of all
education. The object of all education is brain education. The object of all education is brain
training. An educated person is not a person who knows an immense number of items of information, but a person whose mind has been made an instrument
capable of useful and valuable work, and who is skilled in using it.

## What is Germany?

Throughout everything that has been said and written, and is still being said and written, about the
war and the causes of the war and the teat peace settlement, there is one word constantly used in regard to which there is not as munct clearnensed in
the general mind as might be desired. That word is "Germany", There is great timeliness in the disin Land and water. Does Germany, he asks, mea the German Empire, which Bismarck put together As for the German Empire it was not a nation but number of states that were federated under the domina tion of Prussia. It did not include all the people o
German race, but it included Poles and others not of German race, but it included Poles and others not of
the German race. Bismarck, in whose master mind were united all the Prussian qualities of brutally unscrupulous perfidy and belief that might is righ militarism and repression and "'the mailed fist," created the German Empire, but he entirely failed because he never wished to create German unity
He did not include Austria.
He simply used Prussian militarism to dominate the territory he needed to make
the Empire he had planned. His methods have been
conspicuously in use by Ger diplomacy during recent years; but among amanship the thing which the German Empire lacked during the reign
of its last Emperor, was Bismarckian brains. But of its last Emperor, was. Bismarckian brains. But during the past decade, the German Empire would, nevertheless, failed to achieve world domination, The free peoples of the world would have fought it
unyieldingly in defence of freedom and human rights unyieldingly in defence of freedom and human, rights,
and defeated it. What the word "Germany" is to mean in the future remains to be seen.

## Wrong Fear and Right Fear

Among the many things printed in the newspapers about the influenza epidemic which The Philosopher tion, was a letter by a woman, who wrote that she new of individuals who were so possessed by fear of
infection that they even avoided passing a house where a person lay sick of the influenza. "Such fear."
she added, "is really a shameful lack of faith in Gods" she added, "is really a shameful lack of faith in Goods's
promise of protection to His people." There is, of promise of protection to His people." There is, of
course, a great truth in the familiar old parable of
 Eastern city. "I am Pestilence," said the one. "I
have slain my thousands in that city." And the other made answer: "I am Faer, In that city I
have slain my tens of thousands." Unquestionably have slain my tens of thousands." Unquestionably mentally and morally. But sensible caution is not upon our men in khaki was against foolhardiness in aking unnecessary risks. The fear which means not
ack of courage but simply a cool, clear-sighted reconition of danger is not denial of God's providence. It is
foolish to neglect precautions against conditions which we know to be prilous. It is wise to have a right they are physical, mental or moral, and to resist they are physical, mental or moral, and to resist
them and work intelligently to overcome them.

Union Bank Extends Confidence in the stability of Western Canada's financial position is evidenced by the great efforts, being made by the
banks to enlarge their western business connections. For the week ended December 19, no less than 49 new branches of chartered banks were opened in the three prairie provinces. Canada, which has its Union Bank of Winnipeg, is taking an active part in in the week mentioned opened nine new branch offices in Manitoba, eight in
Saskatchewan and four in Alberta. The annual general meeting of th The annual general meeting of the
shaneholders is set for Jan. 8. The annual statement will show total assets of $\$ 153,000 ; 000$ as against $\$ 143,000,000$
for last year. To last year. ng business, the handling of its growowing appointments: F. W. Ashe to be assistant general manager, with headquarters at London, England. Mr. Ashe has been manager
of the London, Eng., branch of the bank since 1911.
K. F. Gilmour, manager at Hamilto Ont., branch. Mr. Gilmour until recently filled the position of assistant to the previous to that was manager of and bank's branch at Ottawa, Ont.

## An Enterprising Office Boy

 A foreign book contains an interesting the author. "I had just made a start in London," said the founder of the famous news agency, "and had gone to eat amodest lunch, when my little office boy, modest lunch, when my little office boy,
who had been told where to find me ushed in breathlessly to say that gentleman had called to see me-a foreignlooking gentleman, he added.
"I would have come round at once to see "I wo,
him".
"Pl
"Please, sir, I didn't," was the reply He, is still at the office. I've locked him And so one of Reuter's earliest and most prized subscribers was secured. The resourceful office boy subsequently became
secretary and later a director of the company.


## A Chant of Love for England

A song of hate is a song of hell; We lift our hearts in a loftier son We iift our hearts to to heaven above, Singing that elarrs of her we love-

Glory of thought and glory of deed, Glory of ships that sought for goals, Glory of swords and glory of souls! Glory of songs mounting as birds, lory of Milton, glory of Nelson, Tragical glory of Gordon and Scott;
Glory of Shelly, glory of Sidney Glory of Shelly, glory of Sidney, Glory transcendent that perishes not-
Her's is the story, her's be the glory-
England!

Shatter her beauteous breasts ye may; The spirit of England none can slay! Deem we the fame of the admiral falls? Pry the stones from the chancel floorDream ye that Shakespeare shall live no more? Wordsworth walking the that kills Trample the red rose on old green hills? Keats is beauty while earth spins round

Bind her, grind her, burn her with fire, Cast her ashes into the sea-
She shall escape, she shall aspire
She shall arise to make men free
Lighting the lives that are yet unborn; Spirit supernal, splendor eternal,
England!
F. W. S. Crispo, assistant general peg. Mr. Crispacquarters at Winnipeg. Mr. Crispo is chairman of the Bankers' Association, and was formerly
superintendent of branches and foreign superintendent of branches and foreign agencies of the bank.
George Wilson, assistant general manager, with headquarters at Toronto, Ont. of the bank in New York, and previous to that was manager
branch at Toronto, Ont.
J. S. Hiam, superintendent of the bank J. S. Hiam, superintendent of the bank
for the entire system with headquarters for the entire system with headquarters
at Winnipeg. Mr. Hiam has been until recently superintendent of western branches.
W. M. Chandler, superintendent of W. M. Chandler, superintendent of
western branches, with headquarters at
Winnipeg. Mr. Chandler was formerly Winnipeg. Mr. Chandler was formerly western inspector.
A. B. Jamieson, assistant to chief inspector, with headquarters at Winnipeg.
Mr. Jamieson was formerly assistant in${ }^{\text {spector. }}$ W. J. Dawson, first agent of the bank in New York. Mr. Dawson was formerly manager of the bank's branch at Hamil ton, Ont.

A Pleasant Way to Help "Mamma," lisped the cherub, while a his baby face, "do you know that somed his baby face, "do you know that some-
times I help Catherine's mamma." "That's nice," prompted the proud her, dear?"' Catherine's naughty, I punish her, " "when

Quite Unnecessary
At a certain college it was the custom to have the students write the following pledge at the bottom of their examination "I hereby certify on my honor that I have neither given nor received aid during Soon after handing in a paper to a professor noted for his sarcasm, Lippin hurriedly entered the classroom, and said "Professor, I forgot to put the pledge on my paper."
"It's altogether unnecessary,", replied the teacher. "I have just finished looking
over your paper, and I feel sure you did
not give or receive aid."

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## To the Young Men of Western Canada

The Expert
Almost to my own shame I narrate the fact that a few weeks ago 1 watched a man climb the face and
corner of the Union Bank Building. I put it in this wey because I think that the exhibition was an un-
wholesome and grotesque thing. But aside from this wholesome and grotesque thing. But aside from this
main fact what I wish to remark here is that the chief impression which occupied my mind concerned and the expert. How powerless probably any man
in that great throng, watching with nerves strained, in that great throng, watching with nerves strained, would have been to do what the misguided performer
dif. How like a cat or a monkey the man seemed. Wh. How like a cat or a monkey the man seemed.
What caution and judgment he showed. How everything about him seemed to be prehensile. With what deft sureness feet were planted and fingers grasped.
The man seemed as if born for niches, angles, coigns of man seemed as if born for niches, angles, coigns of vantage. The distance that separated the man in or the tyro and the expert in every field. Think of the strategic and tactical mentality that has been
developed by a man like Foch. Compare the inof a man like Balfour. All this mighty with thoserval,
tellual movements of and of a man like Balfour. All this mighty interval,
which, might be indefinitely illustrated, is due mainly which might be indefinitely illustrated, is due mainly o labor. some of it is no doubt due to endowment,
but it is mainly the result of industry. When one
ees the expert'operating in any worthy field one feels sees the expert' operating in any worthy field one feels
like exclaiming with Shakespeare and Hamlet: "What a piece of work is a
How infinite in faculty",

## Inhibitions


#### Abstract

Everybody is familiar with the word "prohibition." Not every one is so easily aequainted with the word inhibition." Of this latter the psychologists make say, "I seemed to be under an inhibition," or thing that really puts an "inhibition" on one's power The reader of this is probably acquainted with Tennyponincees, the castle in which she lives, and everything connected with it, are under a century long spell. Among other things to suffer the palsy of the enchantnent is the fountain in the court-yard." When the of the fountain leap many times their normal height, is if consciously overjoyed at being free again. It is $30 m$ owhat the same with our powers when cabined, cribbed, confined, when held in leash so to say, by preoccupation with ourselves. Every power, we poseses grows atrophied under the ban of self-absorption. mality, impotence. Stop thinking about yourself, project yourself into sane, objective, whousome tasks,


 poise, spring, productiveness and power
## "Ban"

There is a word that has acquired a specially sinister significance lately. "Flu-ban," like "camouflage," o-day. I myself used the word twice in the paragraph preceding this. Everyone knows the phrase "under
the ban." I fancy it is virtually the same as the word bane," though I do not positively know, and I hav no etymological dictionary at hand. An etymological
dictionary like Skeat's, by the way, is a very good dictiong for any one to have. Under, what tyranny of
thabit and convention we leave ourselves. One does
her habit and convention we leave ourselves. One does pot have to be a scholar to make use of an etymological
dictionary. The most completely self-read or self dictionary. The most completely self-read or seif
trained man could easily make use of Skeat, and in very short space of time win for himself an assurance about the use of our English speech that would more Latin. "Wall," to come back for an instant to the
word "ban." That word in German is "Baun," word "ban." That word in German is "Baun," where it means "curse." I spoke in a former issue
of of this page of a reread, Switzerland. Behind the old monastery at Altdorf is what they call the "Baunwald,"
vhich I suppose one might render "the forest of the which I suppose one might render "the forest of the
curse," because a curse had been pronounced against curse," because a curse had been pronounced against
anyone who should fell a tree there, since the dense anyone who sho
wood is needed to
of the avalanche.

## Women Smoking

I don't imagine I shall ever become sophisticated enough to watch with equanimity women smoking.
I am writing this in the Hotel Vancouver. To-night at dinner my attention was directed to a table near me. Two of the four women seated at it were smoking
cigarettes. One was elderly, the other young. I soon cigarettes. One was elderly, the other young. I soon with a mouthpiece, of course, to keep her fingers from
being stained. Presently I noticed her exhaling
the smoke through her nose. As a matter of fact the thing is simply grotesque. Any woman who does not realize that she enormously lessens her attractiveness by this
proportion.

## Many Men. Many Minds

Everything or, at any rate, so much depends upon your point of view, we say. The war has been a
thing so many-sided, so vast that all sorts of judgments may be formed about it. It would have been lost if
America hadn't come in. It would have been soon America hadn't come in. It would have been soon over if the submarines had succeeded up if France
England. The game would have all been up
had not held on so grimly. It might have been decided early against us if Italy had adhered to the Triple Alliance. It would not have lasted so long if one might say, or if what perhaps most of us do say. So much depends upon your point of view. To-night an Italian waiter said to me: "The River Piave ended the war." He then went on to say, if ltaly
had been helped earlier by the Allies, the war would have been over long ago. Austria was always weak.
Germany knew it. If Austria had been adequately Germany knew it. If Austria had been adequately prcssed at any time, she would have collapsed, and,
early or late, the collapse of Austria- no matter
when it had come-would have brought in its train early or late, the collapse of Austria- in its train
when it had come-would have brought
the prompt capitulation of Germany. "Before they the prompt capitulation of Germany. "Before they all got together," my Italian friend said, referring to
unified command under Foch, "the Allies were all mixed up." He said in his broken way, that the
Allies could have won at any time after the first year, say, if they had been completely united. In al

## Scarcity of Meat

A member of the Food Board of one of the provinces of Canada spoke very bitterly to me not long ago
about what he called the tendency of the Food Boards to disintegrate, now that the war is at any rate sup-
posed to be over. Speaking of meat, he said that the posed to be over. Speaking of meat, he said that the
prospect before the world is still extremely grave. prospect before the world is still extremely grave.
He anticipates that in this regard we shall see shortage of which we have yet had no experience. He says
the bulletins issued by Hoover in this connection are of which we have yet had no experis connection are
the bulletins issued by Hoover in this
very disturbing. It seems that the milk producing very disturbing. It seems that the milk producing
herds of the Central Powers are tolerably intact, herds of the Central Powers are tolerably intact, or at least sufficient; but that the herds out utterly depleted. This means that when peace is consummated and the blockade removed,
the now enemy powers will rush into the world markets the now enemy powers will rush into the world markets To buy; and there simply is not enough to go around.
This sounds credible, and makes bad reading or listening. What may yet lie in store for the world,
as an aftermath of this war, who can tell? I fancy as an aftermath of this war, who can tell? I fancy
there are relatively few grown-up people who go to there are relatively few grown-up people who go to
bed these nights without more or less fear for the bed these nights without more or less fear for the
immediate future of the world. Diminished vitality on the part of large populations may very easily be the mother of new and decimating diseases. The sanitary condition of vast territories in Europe must be very,
very bad. In one way the time makes for compassion, sympathy, generosity. The need of the world is so, great that in a sense it is a crime to think just of one's own. There is a sense, on the other hand,
in which the times make for selfishness. It is probable there are few parents who do not say to themselves as they go to bed at night: "Well, thank God, mine are safe." I mean, if those that are dear to them
have actually escaped the multiplied horrors of the have actually
last four years.

## The Awarding of Honors

Now that the war seems really to be over, one feels a certain disposition to evolve the relative services of
the nations and the individuals who have participated in it, and who have contributed in their several ways to its successful termination. Chronologically, and perhaps morally, I suppose one should think first of
Belgium. To stay the Hun for eleven days or so, and Belgium. To stay the Hun for eleven days or so, and they the critical first eleven days, was a service inter-
first importance. This indeed illustrates the inter locking of elements in this gigantic struggle. Without the throwing in of Britain's small, but amazingly
efficient regular army, it is easily conceivable that efficient regular army, it is easily conceivabere that
France might have been crushed. And Belgium's prance might have been crushed. And Belgiums plucky resistance made possible the throwing in of the
British regulars. I heard, by the way, the other day
a thrilling account by Major-General Headlam of the a thrilling account by Major-General Headlam of the etreat from Mons. In laconic brevity, in splendid reserve, the speech as it one of the most quietly moving
tradition. was one addresses that I ever heard. I think the most thrilling
passage in the speech was a reference to the British passage in the speech was a reference to the British
guns. The question constantly during this marvellous guns. The question constantly during the taved. Engaged in rear-guard actions, they always had to be snatched away at the last moment, often in the verv,
presence of swarming masses of Huns. Then through
the villages and towns where the tired infantry woul be momentarily resting, these guns would pass, o
their way to take up new positions for new desperate their way to take up new positions for new desperate
and unequal engaements of the same sort. Th and uncequal engagements of that on a number of occasions he saw officers, or privates, I forget which,
step up, as the guns halted for an instant, and pai step up, as the guns halted for an instant, and paa
them. Could you imagine anything finer than that them. Could you imagine anything finer than that
As much as to say, "Good old fellow!" At any rate As much as tresay, Good rendered a momentous service to the Allies; and, throughout the long course of the
war the conduct of the Belgian King has maintained war, the conduct of the Belgian
itself on a level of moral grandeur.

## France

But there are probably few men or women of English speech who, so far as quality of national conduct and award the palm to France. For moral quality history will probably give her the first place, so far as this war is concerned. The repudiation of the old charge of levity, so orter "Ils ne passeront pas,", "they complete. Verdun and "Ils ne passeront pas, "her French nation has comported itself with an austere
and stoic grandeur, which probably surpasses anything and stoic grandeur, which probably surpasses anything tributions than even this implies. For, at any rat considerably, beyond our own British race, the French has the capacity of arousing active affection. Britain arouses respect and admiration. I am speaking now of course, of races other than our own. We,
are of British stock, know what love for Britain is She commands ours beyond preadventure. But to other races, Britain appeals in terms of confidence respect, admiration. Hers is justice, hers is power,
hers is the fair deal, hers is the long view and the sagacious policy. But France has a feminine quality of grace about her that gives her a warm, magic charm
And so she arouses active affection, as in the case o And so she arouses active affection, as in the case o supplied the dynamic element that carried Americ supplied the war. When we remember that it was the intervention of America that made the beam kic the balance, we can estimate how important a con
tribution this was, on the part of France. And then tribution this was, on the part of France. And then
what resourcefulness France showed. She was stripped of half her coal and of eighty per cent of her iron
and steel. She was industrially ham-strung. And yet and steel. She was industrially ham-strung. And yet the terrible situation, she transferred her industrie the terrible situation, she transferred her industries
to remote parts of the country, and doubled and
trebled her production. Despite her prodigious trebled her production. Despite her prodigious
losses in man-power, she increased her numbers in the field, with the result that she probably had a millio had say at the end of 1914 . Then I suppose there is little doubt that the French army has been the mos technically proficient army on the side of the Allies the generalissimo ultimately chosen for the unified command was Foch, a Frenchman.

## Britain

But a Briton who is yet not an insular Englishman and who, so, may look at the parent race with a certain even if not with complete, detachment, may be par
doned if he lingers for more than a moment over the doned if he lingers for more than a moment over the
immense achievement in this war of Great Britain The ense achievement in this war of Great Britain, to Britain the fruitage of a wise and fair foreign policy, as, for example, in the clear
demonstration of the sagacity of her alliance with demonstration, of the sagacity of her alliance with
Japan. Japan's assistance in the Pacific was a fairly Japan. Japan's assistance in the Pacific was a fairly
weighty contribution in the early stages of the war. The same thing is seen in the liking of Italy for Britain, which, no doubt, counted for a a good deal in leading
the Latin Kingdom to break with her nominal partners the Latin Kingdom to break with her nominal partners of the Triple Alliance. It is seen, too, in the fidelity
to Britain of Portugal; and in the clear predilection for her of a man like Venizelos, who finally brought his little country out on the right side. Britain aiso in this war reaped the rich harvest that sprung from the
wise policy of full autonomy granted through the years to her oversea Dominions. The fine results of wise policy were never more splendidly exemplified than here. To the side of their great mother these
Dominions sprang, as if by an intuitive and inevitable Dominions sprang, as if by an intuitive and inevitable
impulse. Then think of the immense physical achievement of Britain. To the absolute and sleeples ment of Britain. To the absolute and sleeples
domination of the seas, she added the feat of equipping
an army of seven million men. Alongside this material an army of seven million men. Alongside this material achievement put the sweeping social and politica
changes or adaptations of which she has shown hersel capable, during these war years. She has nationalise
industry on an unequalled scale. In the midst industry on an unequalled scale. In the midst of
war she admits eight million citizens to the franchise war she admits eight million citizens to the franchise
and her statesmen confront the potentialities involved
in these changes without the slightest air of trepidation in these changes without the slightest air of trepidation
The American, Winston Churchill says: "Grea Britain will emerge from this war by all odds the most
radical of the great modern states."

The Innocents
Written for The Western Home Monthly By Edmund E. Field How a matter of circumstantial evidence put two men in jail and caused the victim
of the crime to take to her bed.

HALLO, Central! Give me the
police! What's that? Who police ! What's that? Who
do I want? Why I stated do I want? Why, I stated
plainly enough-police! Police
station! Central, this is very important matter, and I must have - What do you say? Busy! Oh, dear!' Patiently waiting a few minutes, and instrument, Mrs. Weston hung up the
recelver. began pacing up and down the room, showing evidence of fear and of an open door, she stealthily reached and closed it, turning the key.
"Mercy, if they should still be in the house!" she murmured. bell rang. A deep, heave voice answered her: ""Hallo! deep, This
is the police station! Did you call?" Mrs. Weston thereupon informed the officer that her house was full of burpacking up her silverware in the diningroom below. Yes, they had most cer-
tainly been in the house, for she had seen the evidence of their work, and, upon uables., "We'll come immediately," responded the voice," "Try to hold them till we When the detectives finally arrived, hat during her absence of a few hour burglars had entered the house, had been "And it is quite possible they ring. stil here," she added, with a little shiver. The officers quieted her fears, and she
accompanied them while they searched he house.
Everything appeared to be in perfect
order-at least, no attempt had been made to disturb her precious silverware. "My diamond ring has disappeared," she cried now. "What was its value?" inquired the
"Three hundred and fifty dollars."
"Three hundred and fifty dollars." did you leave it?", "In my hurry to keep an appointment vith the dentist," she explained, "I pos tively remember removing it from my able, intending to replace it after I had washed my hands. This I neglected to oo, and did not discover my carelessnes id not wish to be late for my appoint ment, so I proceeded on my way
"It was two hours before I got back. came right up here. My ring was gone hunted high and low, notwithstanding o a spot on the dressing-table. pointin The detective carefully questioned her concerning the house, about her family, and as to how many servants she had. her absence? "My husband and myself constitute raveling salesman, and left home earl this morning f
"When you returned home, and discovered your ring missing, did you speak o your maid about it?" asked the officer. n. In fact she is away for the day." "Do you remember how long it was,
before you left that the maid went out?" before you left that the
the detective inquired.
"Well, really, I can't recall whethe she left before or after I did. You see, was in such a hurry myself that I paid little attention to her."
The detective frowned, and spoke rather sharply: house without inquiring whether the naid was here or not? Are you in the habit of leaving her alone, with
monds left lying carelessly about?" "Sir, I am not in the habit of leaving diamonds lying carelessly about," she quickly responded. "In fact, it is the occurred. Furthermore, I have every
confidence in my maid. She has been
ring will be ready in an hour or two.
pect there are others in the game., Don't The young man left the store, in the assurance that his ring would be ready very soon, blissfully ing wound be
"Thanks. I think I will go up to Mrs. Weston's and see whether she has anything new to say. I'll take the diar mond ring along for positive identifiWhen the detective reached her home and showed her the ring, Mrs. Weston',
surprise was out of all comparison with surprise was out of all comparison with
"You are quite positive it is your Quite positive? Absolutely! I would know it among ten thousand." But when the detectives requested the amazed. In fact, she hesitated wis complying. It was her ring, and she was necessary. "The ring is evidence, and must be
used as such-first to make an arrest


From Arctic ice, to the forrid lands
From towns tucked in the mountains, to

MADE IN CANAD SEALED TICHT kEPT RICAT course, is very important."
Fumbling in his vest
Fumbling in his vest pocket, the young
man handed the jeweler an man handed the jeweler an ordinary plain band ring, remarking: "Here is by that. Can you have it ready to-day? "Excuse me a minute," said the jeweler nd joined the detective at the rear o the store.
"Is that the ring in "question?", he
asked. "What action shall I take?",
Th. asked. "What action shall I take?" had been said, replied: "Tell him the
a detective was trailing him.
"What back so soon? What became "What back so soon? What became of your man? Did he get away?" ex-
citedly inquired the jeweler, when prescitedy inquired the jeweler, when pres-
ently the sleuth walked in on him again. ""No; I met another detective, whom I instructed to shadow him. By the way, I wish you would take your magninyingthat fellow gave you for size. See
whether any marks are inside."

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Whene jewy merer did as requested, and re- } \\
& \text { Torted. } \\
& \text { pow. "There are three initials-E. }
\end{aligned}
$$ her joy.

"You beneath the Southern Crossthe busy river's mouthWRIGLEYS is there!

There, because men find comfort and refreshment in its continued use. Betrayin no uneasiness, however, he
remarked pleasantly: "This is an unusu-
ally large and brilliant stone." The young man did not seem inte The young man did not seem inter-
ested the jewelers comment. "I
would like to have the size of that ring would like to have the size of that ring "Yes," haswered the jeweler; "if if ?" know the exact size you jeweler; "That, of
with us for some time, and has prove "We have had to deal with the trustdetective to another, with significant "mphasis. "Madam," went on the one who had been handling the case, "our remark
are not intended as a reflection or critiare not intended as a reflection or criti-
cism. Our duty now is to ascertain how your ring disappeared, and, if possible, to
recover it. You can be of great service to us by remaining absolutely silent, especially, say nothing to your maid when
she to what has occurred, for-"" "It may be possible," she interrupted, I lhat the maid came into the room after safe-keeping." "In that. case the maid will inform you immediately. If so, notify us at
once." Whereupon the detectives departed.

Wh II
Mrs. Weston waided anxiously for night reference to her ring. The girl appeared to be in her usual happy frame of mind. pleasant "good night," went to her rer a Mrs. Weston was now fully convinced that her ring had been stolen, not by her maid, but by a burglar who had entered In the meantime.
busy. Whatever opinion detectives were how the ring had disappeared, they kept
to themselves. One of them suspected the maid. There was no doubt of this, from
mosed the worthy" people in the peresence "frust Weston. He decided to shadow the maid, ascertain where she went, and with whom she spent her spare time. The
head of the detective bureau was easily head of the detective bureau was easily
persuaded to insist upon Mrs. Weston allowing the maid, under some pretext to be at leisure the next afternoon. It is the usual custom of the police,
whenever a valuable piece of jewelry is whenever a valuable piece of jewery jewelers, giving a minute description o the property, with instructions to report o them immediately if the missing articl
comes under their notice. The next morrning one of the detec-
tives had just finished describing the lost ring to a certain jeweler, when a young man entered and handed him a diamond ing such as the detective had just de scribed. Betrayinis no uneasiness, however, $y^{\text {The }}$ Flavour r Lasts!

# HIRSTS PaAN EXTERMINATOA 

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24

## THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY

then to convict the party in whose possesgion it was found, together with any theft", the detective explained. added: L. W. M, "she answered. Maid? you know the initials of your "J. A; W." was the reply,
"Just as I suspected," the detective told himself. The house, satisfied that he had another link in the chain of evidence, henselurned to the jeweiry atore.
It was planned there that he was to amining goods, with a view to making a purchase, in order that he could be ready for action. In due course the young man "Thow about my ring?" he inquired. I have not done anything with it," Wined the jeweler could proceed, the deteotive gind bluntly, demanded: "How did you dome fito possession of that ring?"
"I don't know that it's any of your "INow, don't get too flip! You might evve yourself a lot of trouble by being "I don't propose to have you jump on
me as if I was a crook," responded the youis man. remains to be seen whether you are one or not," put in the detective. in assuming the innocent' dodge when you hafege a stolen cing. If you didn't do the job yourself, you know who did.
your game so soon. Don't give me any dollars.' So I bought it, and next morntive, and place you under arrest. You come to headquarters. The chief wants to see you," With repeated exclamations that was an outrage, the young man was fain to submit. The chief was at his desk when the arrived, but he could get little satisfaction from the prisoner, who assumed an
air of defiance. He was held for a hearing air of defiance.

III
That night the papers printed a lengthy
artice about a stolen diamond ring
having been recovered, much to the
satisfaction of the jeweler, whose name
figured very prominently in the account.
At the hearing next morning Mrs.
Weston, her maid, the jeweler, and a few
other people were to be heard.
Mrs. Weston explained to the court
how she had diseovered the loss of her
ring, identifying the one in evidence as
her property.
The jewerer testified that the ring had
been offered to him for alteration by the
man charged with the theft.
The prisoner, who gave his name as
John Jones, told what seemed to be a
straightforward story.
"A fellow, Dick Bush, friend of mine,
called to see me the other day. He asked
me if I wanted to buy a ring. 'It's a
beaut, he said, handing mee the ring;
'and the best imitation diamond you ever
saw. You can throw an elegant bluff
with a big thing like that. Ill bet it's
worth at least twenty-five dollars.
"I told him that I didn't want to buy
any ring. 'Buy it and give it to your
dollars. So I bought it, and next morn-
ing took it to the jeweler to have him
"To whom did you intend to give the ring after you had it altered?" the court
$\qquad$
"Wmma Williams, a friend of mine. . "Where did you get the flat band ring you gave the jeweler for size?"
"It belongs to Emma. She gave it to me." "DDa. She gave "Did you ask any one the value of the
diamond ring when you had it in your diamond ring when you had it in your
"I didn't know it was a real diamond ring. I thought it was a fake stone. "But you did not think ten dollars was too much to pay for a fake stone,
did you?"
"I thought I was paying all it was
"I thought I was paying all it was Emma Williams was next called, and nervously replied: "I am the maid, in When hars. Weston." ring she iden-
tified it as her owne plain ring she iden
given it to Jones upon request, as he had
a particular friend of hers.
What do say Jones is a particular friend.
"Why," she blushingly replied, "I
expect to marry him some day."
mond ring at the time he requested your
mond ring at the time he requested your
band ring or intimate in any way what
band ring, or intimate in any way what
he wanted it for?"
"No. He only said: 'Emma, let me
have your band ring."
"Did Jones call often to see you at
the house of Mrs. Weston?" he house of Mrs. Weston?"
"Once in a while; not often."
"When was he there last?".
"He met me there last Wednesda "Howning."
How long did he remain in the house?" He waited down stairs in the kitchen about fifteen minutes, while I was uphim" putling my hat on to go out wit "Was that before or after Mrs. Weston "It was after Mrs. Weston went out." "Thas after the day Mrs. Weston's ring "I "I did peared, was it not?" Weston's ring having disappeared., She didn't say anything to me abnut-it." Dick Bush was then called, and asked
by the court: 'What is your business?" "I am not doing anything just now" he answered. "Is it not a fact that you seldom do nything, if you can hel, we I et something to do." Where did you get that ring you "I found it down near the railroad "epot" was the answer. F "?
"When did you find it?"
"Last Wednesday morning."
"Did you show it to any one before you sold it to Jones?"
"You simply found it, and ran around to Jones, to sell it to him?"
"Yes." did you know Jones would "I knew he was stuck on a sirl and might want to buy it to throw a a bluff." "What were you doing down at the depot last Wednesday morning?" for him. He was going on the morning train." "Was it before or after you reached

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the depot you say you found the ring?" "I
"On my way back -about a b bock. I street saw Mrs. her house when I stood on ring lying in the gutter."
"What do you mean by 'snipes'?" maid before or after you salw Mrs. Wes
"Cigars thrown away by men before "How did you guess the ring was
worth twenty-five dollars?" "II looked pretty good to me
five dollars, how did was worth twentyfive tollars, how
for ten dollars?"
"I needed the money."
"Judging from youry." record, I should imagine when you need money you would a question in my mind, if you had realized the ring was worth, three hundred and difty dollars, whether you would have
sold it for ten doll your hand, if you really did know you had a valuable ring, you may have wanted to
get it out of your possession as soon as get it out of your possession as soon as
possible.
possibe question to be determined is,
 reaily near the railroad station Wednes-
day morning?" day morning?"' perspiration from his Mopping the perspiration from his
brow, Bush began to show signs of $u \mathrm{~m}$ -
 dence was closing in upon him. "I can prove I was at the depot, your "You will have a chance; also to prove where you were before and a after."
Mrs. Weston was asked if when Mrs. Weston was asked if, when on her way to or from the dentist Wednesday
morning, she was in the vicinity of the depot. $\begin{gathered}\text { She replied she was not. } \\ \text { "Th }\end{gathered}$
$a$ mile from $m$ house, in the opposite direction from the She again declared that she positively remembered laying her ring on her dress ing-tabie, and hat it couad not possibly One of the detectives, who had been following up a clue, now entered the court, accompanying a new witness
whose statement was: "OO last Wednesday morning I was at the depot, deliiering freighnt. I I rove
the eteam back by way of the East End. When passing Henry and John Street I thought it was pretty early in the day for them to be out for a stroll. Jones
left her standing there, while he went over and saiding something, while he went went
stood in a doorway near the corner. Ito was not more than a minute or so wh he joined his girl, and they went on. The whole thing slipped my mind until this morning when the detective pumped
me and said:
I guess come down to court.' "
When asked if he was positive it was last Wednesday, he saw the two, he answered : Suing. That's the day I bought my new suit of clothes, and 1 wore ${ }^{\text {em }}$ that night to the Truck Drivers' Ball,
and got soaking wet on $m$ w way hone? and got soaking wet on my way home."
judge then inquired: "Are friendly towe the Jones and Bush? . That
is, have you any gude against either of is, have you any grudge, against either of
them?" "Certainly not," was the answer. theme deeper they not, wobed into the case the tighter it closed paround Bush. case Was he simply a tool in the hands of
Jones, acting the part of an innocent
victimes knew that Mrs. Weston was not at home that morning. Was his meeting and hurried talk with Bush accidental or
designed? designed?
The jud
The judge, a man of long experience, investigator. "If you can pass the critical examination of Judge Minns, it's as good as an acquittal", was a common ex-
pression among the undesirable citizens pression among thiers.
and
their sympathizers.
Tapping his lead pencil upon his desk where he had been making notes of the case, as was his usual custom, the judge
now glanced in the direction of Jones, who stood up.
"Why did you go to Mrs. Weston's house for the girl so early on that par-
ticular day"" the wudge ingured ticular day"" the juege inquired. that Emma had to herself, and I hap-
pened to be in the neighborhood. pened to be in the neighborhood.
thought I would call for and take her to the car. She was going to her home," "Did you know that Mrs. Weston was no ne judge.
maid before or after you saw Mrs. Wes-
ton on the street?" the judge ingure "It was arter I saw Mrs. Weston. I knew then that she was not at home, and
couldn't kick. If I called on the girl in the morning she might not like it," explained Jones.
What
were streets that were you doing walking the
have been at work?", when you should have been at work?" quizzed the judge. "The engine at the factory broke
down, and we were laid off for the day," down, and we were
was the prompt answer.
"When youp and the ogir were walking down the street you left her standikg a
fow minutes, while you spoke to Bush. What was it about", yo
morning if him I would be at home a play cards," explained Jones.
timate and Bush seem to be very in judge went on, with a, searching gee gance.
dit know Bush gets knocked $a$ who lot by the boys, because he doesn't care to work very much. I feel sorry for him
and try to treat him square. I bought the ring from him, just as I I told you, t, honest, to God, I don't know anything bout it,"
Jones's voice was quivering with Just here quite. a commotion-wa
aused by the mid caused and the maid, who became hyster Terrible! Why should . John be blame for it? Oh, why did he ever have any hing to do with that loafer, Bush?" The judge sounded his gavel, and ordered the court officers to restore order
"Quiet that girl, or take her from th room!" he commanded.
"It's all up with Bush," remarked "IIt's all up with Bush," remarked a, as they both grinned at the stir in the court-room.
The court attendants quickly quieted the maid; with the assistance of Mrs. Neston, who by this time was bordering When order had been restored the judge, with a determined expression warned the spectators that in case of any clear the room.
Dr. Fischer, whose grip Bush claime he had carried, ,now appeared, and Bush "Doctor, do you know that man?" the judge inquired.
"I certainly do not," he answered. before?" "the judge asked having seen him "Not to my knowledge," replied the doctor. death-like silence filled the room get a wimpse of Bush all directions to witness upon whose testimony has the pended to establish the fact of his presence ${ }^{2}$ near the depot, according to his own
testimony testimony.
will try to therest of justice, doctor, 1 wil try to refresh your memory. When morning, the prisoner claims to have carried your grip there. Do you remem-
ber the incident, and do you recognize the man?" the judge gravely inquired "Your honor, I did not go to the depot last Wednesday. As a matter of fact, I have not been out of town for
two months. I learned early this morn ing thot my. name was mentioned in connection with the case, and on my way to visit a patient I dropped in to correct
the mistake." "Thank you, doctor, for your thoughtfulness. You, are excused from further
testimony," the judge smilingly reThe fellow with the back seat, nudged his associate and whispered," "It's twenty-three for Bush, Bush. by this time was as white as an object of pity rather than of condemnation. The judge, anticipating he might make a confession of his guilt, Dr. Fischer's testimony?" to say 'to "I certainly carried a grip to the
depot, all right. If ${ }_{\text {it }}$ was not Dr. depot, all right. If it was not Dr.
Fischers, it was a fellow who looked a "Lot like him," meekly answered Bush. the fellow with the black eye, trying to
suppress his laughter suppress his laughter.


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Just then a court officer touched him on the shoulder, and commanded him to The judge ordered, Bush held under one thousand dollars' bail. Turning to Jones, he said: "I will have your record
looked up. In the meantime I 'll hold looked up. In the meantime rer hord
you under five hundred dollars' bail. The
case is adjourned until Monday case is adjourned until Monday

When Mr. Weston arrived home that night he was met at the door by the mwollen eyes, exclaimed: "Oh, Mr. Weston! Oh, Mr. Weston!"
Fearing something terrible had happened to his wife, he dropped his grip in
the hall and, without waiting for any explanation from the maid, bounded up the stairs two steps at a time. Entering his wife's room, he found
her in bed, under the care of a physician. her in bed, under the care of a physician. moan, tossing her head from one side to the other.
Mr. W
Mr. Weston stood there dazed. A thousand thoughts flew through his
brain. Recovering himself, he gasped: "What on earth is the trouble?" trial" hysterically cried his wife.
hysterically cried his wife. ", he inquired of the doctor, who stood anxiously look-
ing on. ing on. This is all I can tell you," replied the physician. "I was called here hur
riedly by the maid, and found Mrs. Weston in this highly nervous state."
"My head! My head! No, judge I did not go near the depot that day. In put to all this suffering?" were the incoherent sentences that now came from Mrs. Weston.
Her husband bent over her, and tried to draw forth some definite explanation. gested sending for the maid. "Why don't they give me my ring?
Why do they keep it from me?" moane My do they kreep it from me?" moaned
"Heston from the bed. "Heston. ring? What ring?" asked Mr Weston. "Why, her diamond ring that wa stolen?", explained the maid.
"Her diamond ring that was stolen?" excitedly cried Mr. Weston. Reaching into his vest-pocket, he drew out a piece
of paper distractedly; then, after searching each of his pockets in turn, he moaned "I've lost it. I' had it, and I've lost it." "Lost what?" inquired the doctor. "Why, my wife's diamond ring! I
understand now; it all comes to me. I
left home last Wednesday morning to be left home last Wednesday morning to be
gone a few days. When I reached my gone a few days. When I reached my office, and while arranging some papers
I intended to take with me on my trip I intended to take with me on my trip, ing. Presuming I had left it on my m at home, I hurriedly went to get it. "When I arrived there my wife and maid were both out. Going at once to my desk I found the paper I sought. As I passed through the room I noticed my wife's diamond ring lying upon her
dressing-table. She had frequently re-dressing-table. have it reset, as she feared
quested me to
the setting had worn thin and might let the setting had worn thin and might let it with me, as I knew of a jeweler where
I was going who made a specialty of I was going who made a specialty of stating that I had taken the ring for that purpose. I intended to place the not
upon her table, and really thought I had done so, until I found it in my, vest pocket a few minutes ago. I can't unblunder; it would have obviated all this suffering. now what did I do with the ring? I, can't find it in any of my pockets. I took it; fool that I was to bother with a valuable piece of jewelry like that when 1 never gave the ring another thought
from the time I left the house Wednesday until I came home to-night." Mrs. Weston by this time was sitting
up in bed anxiously listening to her up in bed anxiously listening to her "Oh, John, it couldn't have been that you took it; you must have forgotten it, and a thief broke into the house and stole
it while I was out. You couldn't have taken it." I did. I positively remembe putting it in my wallet for safe-keeping, putting it in my wad that wallet out a
but it's gone. I had
dozen and one times since I left and
never once thought of the ring. I've lost it-I've lost it! But where did I lose it
and how?
"I remember hurrying to get the train
Whed Wednesday morning, and when within
short distance from the depot I took ou short distance from the depot 1 took ou it to take out a bill in order to save time when buying my ticket. It never oc there. Could it have dropped out then?" The doctor was intensely interested in Mr. Weston's story, and suggested that
he go at once and state the facts to the he go at once and state the
judge who had tried the case.
o be placed in! I almost dread to mee the judge. But there is no other way I must face it," sighed Mr. Weston. to the judge, the latter thoughtfully nodded his head and remarked
"It is very evident that you lost the ring. Your unfortunate neglect to leav your wife to think it had been stolen She was not to blame for the actions o the detectives in suspecting the two men
who are now in jail. Dr. Pierson, just who are now in jail. Dr. Pierson, just returned to town, was here a while ago
and stated it was his grip Bush carried to the depot Wednesday morning. "There is no doubt in my mind that
that Bush found the ring as he testified that Bush found the ring as he testined although a strong case of circumstantia tainly was a most unusual occurrence out as shell', and the men shall be freed a ends
once."

The Value of Humour
The serious young woman looked up from the volume she was studying and surveyed her sister with a grave counhe said. "You should not waste you time on nonsense." The other was laughing over a jest tha she had heard, and as she rose and mad courtesy to the olish verse:
"I never saw a purple cow,
nd yever I think to see one;
I'd rather see than be one."
"That," said Portia, "is an absur jingle. How can you spend precious tim much trouble in the world?"
Priscilla dimpled. "I am going down to make buns for tea,", she said, "and m saving all the funny things I know make him laugh. We don't help the trouble by standing and weeping over the broken pitcher. Do let me have my scheme of things." Priscilla was right. A sense of humour and a love of fun tide their possessors ove ome very real sorrows. Austerity has no and folly, with its cap and bells, once in a while does angelic work. Blessings on he old people who have not forgotten how of ours is not so bad a place. 'Every sea on brings its gifts of love from heaven the skies are oftener blue than grey; the irds sing in the branches; fathers and mothers bend over the cradle, and the joy

Mark Twain's Hard Luc
The number of anecdotes that foreign papers print about Mark Twain show popularity. Here is an amusing story In the course of one of his lecture trips, Mark Twain arrived at a small town efore dinner he went to a barber shop to "You are a stranger?" asked the barber. ", Mark Twain replied. "This is the first time I've been here." ", You chose a good time to come," the o read and lecture to-night. You'll go, "Oh, I guess so"
"Have you bought your ticket?"
"But yet." everything is sold out. You'l "Have to stand." How very annoying!" Mark Twain 1 always have to. stand when that fellow run, and opened der to save time - It never oc pped out then?"
ly interested in suggested that
sly inted suggested that ase. ase.
ful predicament
$t$ dread to meet $t$ dread to meet no other wa
Weston. Weston. his explanation
er thoughtfully arked: at you lost the naturally caused aduraly caused $r$ the actions of ng the two men re a while ago, ip Bush carried norning. my mind that as he testinied, it him. It cer'All's occurrence; hall be freed at
imour
man looked up a studying and gigling over?' over a jest that rose and made

## The Western Home Monthly

Where Every Little Counts
"The parcel-post, limited as it was, that you are wearing your winter underThe parcel-post, limited as it was, the first fifteen days of its operation," says ex-Senator Bourne in the Washington Star. "That isn't much
to what it will do later on.
"What it will do later little counts. in parcel-pos savings as in New York flats. 1 know a New York man who, on his return from the roominess of Washington, said, fret-
fully, to his servant: r tham when I moved into it last sum-
mer than when I moved into it last sum- washing blue.
Personally, remarks Punch, we shall let
"'Yes, sir,' Jameson answered. 'Quite our stockings take their chance.
"Helpful Household Hint"
It would take more than common pears in a certain English book of receipts To make stockings wear well and keep heir color-before wearing stand for te minutes in boiling water colored with take their chance.

A Sin of Commission
Mrs. Benton tasted the dainty she had compounded in the chafing-dish, and looked at her husband. Then, the Chica-
go News declares, she said: go News declares, she said: "Somehow it doesn't taste just as Mrs. I remembers did the other night. I thought must have left something out."
Mr. Benton tasted reflectively, and in the best Fletcherian manner: "There's nothing you could leave out aid, with conviction. "It's something you put in."

A Strange Pig
Five-year-old George had spent the summer in the country had spent the much interested in a neighbor's pig and cow. On his return to his city home he was asked what he liked in the coune hy. "Ah! How many pigs has Mr "Ah! How many pigs has Mr. John "Two."
"What color are Mr. Johnson's pigs?" "One pig is white."
What color is the other pig?" "The other pig's a cow."


See Us

The following extracts from letters reeeived, tell of some of
the glories of the Grand Trunk the glories of
Pacific route.
"The scenery on your railwa route through the mountains is grand and inspiring.
"I shall never forget my trip
on your excellent Steamships." on your excellent Steamships. our trip over your system, made can cheerfully your system, and recommend it.,
"The Grand Trunk Pacific has the best train service and most courteous employees."
in Europe and America extensively in Europe and America, but no
where did I see such wonderful scenery, rail or boat, as by the Grand Trunk Pacific route." "Magnificent
less courtesy," scenery, matchless courtesy."
"The Grand Trunk Pacific
boats, Prince Rupert and Prince boats, Prince Rupert and Prince
George, are floating palaces." "The grandeur of the country traversed from the wheat fields and grazing lands to the mountain scenery of British Columbia, forgotten."


## AFTER THE WHEAT? HOLIDAYS! WHAT THE PACIFIC COAST VANCOUVER AND VICTORIA

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w. J. QUINLAN, Dist. Pass. Agt,


## - Woman's Quiet Hour

## By e. Cora Hind

## To on readers "AHappy Neo Year" even

 this reaches you. Last year it was pretty 1919 courge up. This year, ine pititer of ight to aininly in ithe way, we have every We should do more than that, we shouid go formard into the new year with the del-deniil taught by the war shall no Torm of oiltrindulusenee but intead thai
they shall take the form of incresed serrice to humanity.
 mutuiply on every hand and no woman in "an "have nothing to do." Women are and equals, very especially are they re eeiving reognitions as equals in the neonseguenceoof the war. Power withour and Canadian women having the power to ote are fully nenitled tob bear the buurdens as well as share the privileges of citizen-
shinince
Sinst writing for the page Mrs.
 aked by the government of Conada to committee to deal with questions of
repatriation and employment as they
affect women, and one of her very first
duties has bean to visit the ports of duties has been to visit the ports of
Halifax and St. John's where the vessels are coming in with the women and
children belonging to the men who have been serving overseas. It goes without
saying that many of these women and saying that many of these women and
children should never have been allowed to leave Canada, but the government
having allowed them to leave has a duty and a responsibility in connection with
their return. Until within the last month this duty and reponsibility had not been
fully recognized, and some of the early fully recognized, and some of the early
shiploads of these women and children shiploads of these women and children
were very ill provided for, both on the were very in provided yor, both on the
voyage and after the vessels arrived in
dock. Mrs. Robson's first duty was to see what was needed and then to see that could have been paid to women, than that she should have been invested, with such absolute power to order done what she
considered needful. She has been and is considered needful. She has been and is
like the centurion of old, she can say, to like the centurion of old,
one man come and he,
another go and he goeth."
Lack of comfort, of proper shelter and proper food on landing would have been were Cangadians returning to a land which they should never have left, but scores and hundreds of these women and the
younger children are the wives and chilyounger children are the wives and chil-
dren of men who have married overseas


Now is the time to turn waste into gain by clearing
your land of stumps. And scarcity of labor no longer
need hinder you. eed hinder you.
The Kirstin-the wonderful ahead-of-the-time puller his stump-land man, without horses and alone, to go into Stumps can and make the stumps FLY 1 this machine so cheaply, that mickly, so easily and with to be pulled right away and the land planted in ough needed wheat I And just listen to this-

No other stump puller is so economical to buy or eas

## Kirstin

to operate. The tremendous leverage principle of the power of a giant. A few pounds pull on the handle means tons on the stump. When stump starts, throw stump-roots and all.
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## Chopestway



AJMrstin Cumdian Ca manm

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come paring their own expenses. The
obiect or ot the gathering is
to torm during che war. Thes know nothing of not permit of them travelling with their husbands. It is dreary enough to arrive in a strange new country in the middle of winter under such e ircumstanaes, and done to make their arrival comfortable and to speed them on their way to the place where they fain would be. Ar-
rangements have now been made, through Mrs. Robson, to have nurses travel with these trains and for local societies to meet the trains at each point were women are
disembarking. This appointment is one of the great opportunities of service conprobabilities of the future.

The department of extension service the Manitoba Government has announced to have last arrangements are completed from the 13 to 15 inclusive Federation of women delegates from representing any organization of women working under the Agricultural EducaSocieties; Women's Institutes, Home Makers' 'Clubs and all similar organizations. The executive of these organiza-
tions in each province was asked to vote for a place of meeting and from seven out of the nine provinces the answer was Winnipeg and Winnieg it is to be. This is fitting in view of its central situation. Each province will be entitled to two
official delegates but other delegates may
object of the gathering is to form a federCanada and will form a centre for the conada and will form a centre for the co-ordination and standardizing of activDominion more closely together. The idea is a splendid one and it is to be hoped
that such a federation will grow out of the proposed gathering. The mere meeting together of women from all the provinces of Canada will have a good effect. A for the annual meeting of the Home Economice Society in Winnipeg the following week and the programme of that thereby.
thereby. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Before this issue reaches my readers } \\ & \text { the Women Grain Growers of Manitoba }\end{aligned}$ the Women Grain Growers of Manitoba will have met in annual session at Brandon
and in the latter part of January the and in the latter part of January the
U.F.A. women will meet in Edmonton;
the Saskatchewan Grain Growers in the Saskatchewan Grain Growers in
February. February.
The new year literally bristles with conventions and at each and all of them subjects of a peculiarly contentious nature
will come up. Subjects which require will come up. Subjects which require The best judgment of the perings will beculiarly a These gatherings will be pecuiary al purely sectional claims and to strive for
what will be best for the whole of the what will be best for the whole of the
west in questions concerning the west and west in questions concerning the west and
best for the whole of Canada where the questions are Dominion wide. It seems organizations was there a time when so much thought and care needed to be expended on the choice of delegates and
responsibility resting on them as they have this year.

How many of my readers have yet bought one? They are to be had now at any post office or any bank. You can buy a thrift stamp for 25c; if you buy sixteen or them
before the first of February and Thrift turn them in to any bank you Stamps will get a certificate which in five dollars. In other words if yood for fill lend the government four dollars this January the government four dolars this January
the govenment of Canada will give you
five dollars for your four in January, 1924. If you do not turn in your stamps , before February you will have to pay 2 cents
additional for your certificate for $\$ 5$ and so on during the year. The next time you are in town ask the postmaster for the directions and one of the cards on which to paste the stamps: buy one or two
and encourage the children to invest a quarter this way instead of on candy or the movies and see how quickly the 25 c
will grow into $\$ 5$ certificates. One of the will grow into $\$ 5$ certificates. One of the stand the strain of the war so long was her system of providing for her people a means
whereby at any post office in the land they whereby at any post office in the land they had it and this developed a spirit of thrift that is entirely unknown in Canada but which we hope will be known to some The best way to convince children how. much they are spending on needless indulgences is to get them to take the money they would spend in a month for movies
and the like and buy thrift stamps with it. Very few children or grown-up people
either for that matter realize the dollars which are fr things. By buying thrift stamps you will ne only.help yourselves but you will help plenty of money for all the reconstruction work which must go on, and the debt of he war which must be paid. It is a scheme for mutual helpfulness which in
the end will benefit the individual more than the government.

A Double-Barreled Retort Many wits shone in London society a George Colm, none more brightly tha one of the quips that were ever on his
tongu. tongue: A young man who had declared that he
could not sing was pressed to entertain the company with a song
"But I can't sing?", declared the young
man, impatiently. "You just want to make a butt of me." You just want to "We, merely want to get a stave out o

## The Westérn home monthly

Aprenes. The r the whole of
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to entertain the lared the young
just want to ," said Colman
a stave out o

## Young Woman and Her Problem

By Pearl Richmond Hamilto

## Around the Table of the New Year

 "What would you do if you were a ested young woman who realizes that the reconstruction period will give first placeto the survival of the fittest What would I do? I believe the term "business girl" includes every girl who is
making an honest living. First-I would plan a systematic scheme for work and course it is not always possible to follow the "time table" exactly, but it is possible
to be guided by it. And in planning time to be guided by it. Ah relplanning time enough evenings at home to conserve our
physical strength. Hundreds of girls become physical wrecks because they spend too many evenings away from home. and dissipation. One blessing of the recent ban has been the opportunity it has given young women to rest evenings. but a change of work is more restful than but a change of work is
haphazard dissipation.
A definite line of study along a par-
ticular hobby is often the best kind of recreation. Some of my acquaintances themselves fit for a profession that yielded them much more than their regular work This might be outside work that would require the necessary physical exercise,
or if one does much physical work, recrea-
tion could be directed along thought exercise.
"We establish relations with our de-
ires, with whatever is dominant in our sires, with whatever is dominant in our minds, with the things we long for with
all our hearts, and we tend to realize these things in proportion to the persistency and intensity of our longings, and
our intelligent efforts to realize them." Often I hear girls say: "I wish I could be a nurse, or a suecessful teacher, or an
efficient business woman." I answer by efficient business woman." I. answer by
saying: "Oh, no, you do not." To their
astonishment I add: "You may become what you wish if you try hard eecough,
but fairies do not come these days and but fairies do not come these days and
grant ,our wishes by the waving of a wand." There is no use denying the fact that we must develop our thinking power,
and any exercise that develops physical strength will aid us mentally. We are
not fair to our employer if we begin the day's work physically tired and menentally weary. Thought is a vital force as
"She that thinketh good may do,
For God will help her thereunto;
For never was a good work wrought
We hope the civic authorities in towns up golf courses and tennis courts in the summer for our working girls and women as well as for the men. Nature has given us rich recreational opp
Northern winter sports.
Second-Let us plan a systematic ar-
rangement of our working writer lost hours and days of valuable time before she purchased her filing filing system now, that we may be able to find any paper, clipping or letter on a
moment's notice. This method will mean moment's notice. This method will mean
progress in our work. Several teachers
of my acquaint cabinets actuaintance having been convinced of cabinets after having been convinced of
their value in the saving of time and worry. I always feel that it is worth
while to show any ambitious young while to show any ambitious young
woman my filing cabinet. It is just as
helpful to the home-maker as a convenwoman my filing cabinet. It is just as
helpful to the home-maker as a conven-
ient kitchen. ient kitchen.
Third-What else would I do? I would
buy a little savings bank for my small buy a little savings bank for my small
change, and every month convert it into
thrift stamps It is surprising to see how quickly small change may become a savings account. I know a girl who
emptied her bank last month and found chased with it six four-dollars. Stamps and pasted them in the little folder given her. This twenty-four dollars will mean thirty
dollars to her five years from now. There dollars to her five years from now. There
is room in the folder for four more four-
dollar stamps. She says a few denials will make it possible for her to complete
the folder in three months. Then she the folder in three months. Then she
will have ten stamps that will be worth
fifty dollars to her in five years. That is, fifty dollars to her in five years. That is,
her investment of forty dollars now will
yield her fifty dollars in five years. I
hope every reader of this page will begin
this month to buy thrift stamp be a month to buy thrift stamps. It will be a patriotic help as well as the great
value it means for herself. A young woman with a savings account possesses a certain feeling of independence that adds to her efficiency. Try it. You will
be surprised at the fascination of the experience.
Three or four dollars will make a good beginning and it does not take long to spend that amount in theatre tickets,
silk hose or an extra touch of style new boots. And now at the beginning of
the New Year let us not admit that outside thoughts and conditions can affect us. When we do this we give up some of
our divine inheritance- our God-given
inheritance of "domine inheritanee of "dominion over all things"
"Contentment comes neither by culture "Contentment comes neither by culture one's lot, growing out of an , inward
superiority to our surroundings." Some superiority "To our surroundings. Some accomplished greater things is because we we forgot, or ignored, if we did know, our oneness with our Father. To him that believeth all things are possible. BBelief
in God is the keynote of all our power." "Build on resolve, and not upon regret, "Build on resolve, and not upon regret,
The structure of thy future. Do not grope
Among the shadows of Among the shadows of old sins, but let
Thine own soul's light shine on the path Thine own soul's light shine on the path And dissipate,
Upon the blotter
Upon the blotted record of lost years,
But turn the leaf and smile, oh smile,
to see
The fair whit
thee."

## Gardeners of Citivenship

Recently some of our teachers have come to my home for an hour or two to intensely interested in their work, especially now in the reconstruction period
when the education of children is our most important work. Lhil us bear in
mind that children rise to character through their knowledge of of people around them. "To educate good citizens we must surround them with
splendid men and women." The effort for a higher, nobler nation." The effor life can be attained first through our homes and In every child there are infinite possi-
bilities for good. Let us learn how to bilities for good. Let us learn how to country the highest service.
"What do we do when we teach the child? Into a mind that is waiting for seed,
Into a heart that has never felt greed.
For weguiled,
For we teach the man when we teach the
child. child.
What do we do when we teach the child
We take the treasures that may be piled
In lesson or poem or Nature's store, And transform them all into golden ore
Of character, which cannot be reviled: A strong men which cannot from a well-taught
child.

What do we do when we teach the child? We take the nature untamed and wild, And mold it into a life serene,
With a heart and will and judgment We make the
We make the man who is undefiled
"What do we do when we teach the child? We plant the truth where the undefiled, makes
Through knowledge, true freedom comes Its place and takes
Its place and dominates passion wild;
We have saved the man when we've have saved the m
saved the child."

## My Work

Are we thankful for the blessing of
Do we make excuses when it is not done well?? "Excuses are the patches
with which we seek to repair the garment with which we seek to repair the garment
of failure." I failure." it was Henry Vandyke who
wrote this about work. It has helped me "My Work"
"Let me but do my work from day to day, In roaring market place or tranquil room, Let me but find it in my heart to say,
When fragrant wishes beckon me astray: This is my work, my blessing, not my Of all who live, I am the one by whom whan.'
Then shall ind it not too great nor Tosmall
To suit my spirit and to prove my powers, hours,
And cheerful turn, when the long sha-
dows fall dows fall
At eventide, to play and love and rest, ecause I know for me my work is
best."

We are not all asked to do the same amount of work-but the best we can do.

Getting Acquainted
I know a Canadian girl who is corres-
ponding with a French Belgian girl. correspondence that will make both pirls bigger, broader and better. It is a fine experience in the life of each girl. Last Amy M. Audre Tordieu, the Francoproposal from the educational committee forty French girls to attend the Springfield Commercial School. Scholarships were given to the girls and Springfield
families volunteered to receive the girls amilies voluntee
into their homes.
These young women will have a good course in business training and an opportunity to broaden their acquaintance with
the world. The girls selected were young the world. The girls selected were young
women who could not have afforded

## All Tangled Up

She was hopelessly confused. You see
she had hidden her engagement corner of her trunk while she went to her new position. Of course a young man How could he help it when she was so couraged him then, too, she had en spoiled her Christmas vacation was, how to get rid of number two without hurting his feelings? He had made himself very
helpful, and she had really placed herself under obligations to him.
Now who
Now who is to blame? I fancy other girls have had the same experience,
girl writes she is "all tantled girl writes she is "all tangled up." Will
some of our readers write me how to some of our readers write mee how to
straighten the tangle? I think I knowbut I want your help.

## A Question

She came to me last week - a strong girl physically-and she wanted a littl before to borrow a little. I told her there was a demand for girls to do housework work at once until she had a little money ahead. Which would have been the greater help to her-a loan, or an oppor-
tunity to work? Will our readers give tunity to work?

Cosmetics
We may paint and powder and blacken the yard-but these do not make an at tractive young woman. Yes, and we may absorb college books by the ton and yet be unpopular. You ask, then, what doe make a young woman attractive, popu-
lar, successful? "Womanly charm" is my answer. I've
seen it in a girl who had not a whiff of seen it in a girl who had not a whiff of
powder on the end of her nose-and I've noticed it in a girl who had never entered the seventh grade in school.
Every normal girl wants to develop an attractive, magnetic personality. A woman's attractive power is her greatest
force. A neat dress and a clean body essentially do make for womanly charm, and so does an education-but an agree
able personality expressive of nobility able personality expressive of nobility
of character include these necessary of charact
attractions.
Sloppy, slovely manners, careless, indif-
ferent dress and a mean disposition are
ferent dress and a mean disposition are not the possessions of women with woman-
ly charm. We cannot afford to run all
to brain, nor can we afford to run all to

 people. We shrink from complaining,
cranky
We dispositions. cheerful girls, because their presence is a
tonic. Can we develop a personal magnetism
that will make people like us? Yes, by forgetting self and by cultivating a spirit of cheerfulness and good will towards everybody. Do we speak a kind word for
anyone under discussion? I know a popular young woman who does that very
thing -and she is on one of our daily newspapers. I might add that she has
had many splendid offers for other posi-
tions.
Let us select carefully our friends. The
artist copies from perfect models. Our artist copies from perfect models. Our
thoughts chisel on our faces our habits and moods. Let us worry no more if our faces are plain, or even if we are de-
formed. Orison Swett Marden says: formed. Orison Swett Marden says: inherited an immertar's child. I haveaty, and if it
does not come out of symmetrical does not come out of symmetrical features,
an attractive face, or a comely figure, an attractive face, or a comely figure,
can develop a mental beauty and loveliness and attractiveness of personaily
that will overshadow mere physical
beauty. I beauty of character. I 1 can develop such a charm of personality as to make people
forget my plain face." "I tell you the world needs the sweetness Far more than it does all the rest,
And who in its service that cheers Is the ond sings, is meeting the test."


##  <br> Aradame

Gloves are always in order, especially if the name DENT'S is on the gloves-it conveys
theappreciation of theappreciation of the best, and is the guarantee of fainty inish, pering quality

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## How to Develop the Lungs

## By Dr. W. C. Latson

## Smarge, powerful lungs mean strength.

 mall, weak lungs mean weal ness. No requiring strength, energy or endurance, unless he be possessed of big, active lungs.This is true, no matter what kind of work Thisis true, no matter what kind of work
it may be, in which he is interested. it may be, in which he is interested.
The man who turns up fresh and smiling after a twenty-round ring fight; the man who is as bright as a button after he comes
in from a long distance run of ten miles; in from a long distance run of ten miles;
the fellow who can pitch for ten or eleven innings in a a close baseball game, and be ready to do the same trick the next day
and next all such men and boys have, and next-all such men and boys active
you will find big chests and large, active lungs. In a word, 1 repeal expanded chest and big, active lungs are
always and inevitably the mark of the man or boy of exceptional strength or
endurance. endurance.
Now ad
Now, admitting this to be the case,
what show is there for the fellow with what show, is there for the fellow with a lungs-the fellow who can't run around
the block without puffing wildy and who the block without puffing wildy, $y$, and whot
by the time he has finished his firss set
bet tenis is quit "twikered out?" What by the thime he has finished his first set
of tennis, is quite 'tuckered out?" What
chanc is there for him to get hig active chance is there for him to get big, active
lungs and the power and endurance which can come only with big, active lungs?
Why there is every chance in the world. All he has to do is to study the question as I have stated it in this and other articles of this series, and to practise carefully
and perseveringly the exercises given in and perseveringly
this article.
"Ald "And is this all?" you ask. No not quite, for he must also take care of his
general health. $H e$ must eat simply, not general healdh. He must eat simply, no
too often ; ot too much. He must drink
lots of lots of water at times. other than meal
times. He must se the his times. He must see that his skin is keept
clean, and that his bowels act freely clean, and that his bowels act freely
every day. He must avoid over-work, Torry, anxiety, or great excitement. boy (or any man, either, for that matter), and they cannot be but injurious to the
boy who would develop his lungs. boy who wit to pevop his lungs.
to the directions just given, the boy young man who would develop learge and powerful lungs must take special exer-
cises for that purpose. cises for that purpose. The change that
can be brought about within a few months by the careful and persevering practice of these exercises is so surprising
that few would believe it. that few would beleve in. 1 khow, bor
instance, of one case in anstadee, whith one year eipht inches to
the circumference of his chest. This ad dition was not a matter of "chest expan-
sion," which does no sion,
merely strains the chest; but it was an increase in the habitual size of the body owing to proper position in standing and
walking, and to scientific lung developwaling,
mont. I know of another case where a ment. Monow or another case where
young woonan has added leven inches
to the circumference of her chest within one year. I could mention many others equally striking. These cases prove ab-
solutely what can be done by careful and systematic practice to expand and uplift
the body and to increase the size and the body a nd to increase the size and activity of the lungs.
Now, in developing
Now, in developing the chest and the
lungs, we have three thing lungs, we have three things to bear in
mind. First of all, the body must be properly carried. That is to say the ribs must be expanded and uplifted, the
back must be straight, the head must carried erect. All these things can be gained by the careful and persevering
practice of correct everises practice of correcte exercises.
The secont
thing
is be too small, if the coat or vest be buttoned tightly around the chest, or if these garmenis be too tight around the shoulder band or suspenders are so tense as to cause pressisure aupon the body tif asy of
these things be present, then it will be these chings be present, then it will be
quite impossible to get the best results
in the develo the lungs whish are zontained in ine ihe chest. The third point to sonisider in the dever. lepment of the lungg is the effect of proper
exercise. Now, in chis connection, let me exercise. Now, in chis connection, let me $m$,
say fight here, that anlese a boy intend to keep up these exerciiser regularly, there
is little use in his starting them. To exercise fifteen minutes to-day, fifteen
minutes day after minutes day ather $i$ o-morrow, fifteen
minutes two or three days later than that -to do things this way, and then to
expect cesults is donresonable.

If any boy with small, weak lungs should make up his mind to give at least ten minutes twice a day to the exercises described in this article; to take care of his health as I have directed above, and,
in addition to this, to spend as much in addition to this, to spend as much
time in the open air as possible II any
boy will do this, results are absolutely boy will do othis, resslts are absolutely
certain. Now for the exercises

## Exercise No. 1

Stand with heels together, toes turned Stand with heels together, toes turned
slighty out, arms hanging at the sides.
Now, inhale full breath sow Now, inhale full breath slowly and gently, at the same time raising the arms straight up in front of the body until they are
extended up above the head. Then, holding the breath, pass the arms in a
wide circle downward and backward, wide circle downward and backward, palms forward, at the same time drawing
the head up and back. After a few the ehead up and back. After a few muscles and return to position. This exercise should be repeated from ten to
twenty times. exercise should
twenty times.

Exercise No. 2
Stand easily, right foot slightly in advance. Inhale slow, full breath, swinging the arms straight out at the sides the same time turning the face up toward the ceiling. Then without holding the downward until gently, swinging the arms body, while head and body are bent from twenty to thirty times.

Exercise No. 3
Stand with heels together. Raise the hands straight up until they meet over shoulders rigid, bend forward towar the flor, at the same time inhaling th breath. Atter full breath has been taken,
exhale at once while rising to erect xhaile at once while rising to erect
position, arms still held fast on a line position, arms still held fast on a a line
with the body. This exercise should be repeated from five to ten times.

## Exercise No. 4

Stand with heels together, toes turned slightly outward. Place the hands at hront sides of the waist, finger tips in the same time sinking the chest and bowing the head as much as you can. As you inhale, note that the waist expands away from each other. When full breath rising to inhaled, let it out, at once shing to erect pesition.
times. times.

## It Sometimes Is

Willie, whose father was a candidate for office, ran into the house one day, accord " 0 to the Farm Journal, and exclaimed the nomination. Is that worse than the measl

Blessed Friendships
Sir Philip Sydney ascribed much of his friend." Friendships that he "had , most precious assets, constantly yieldin dividends of inspiration and cheer. A years and retained all through life is rich blessing. The greatest care should be taken in the forming of friendship, for while we make them they make or unmake There is great choice to be had in the matter of companions, and not every chance of acquaintance, by any means, is orthy to be enrolled in the circle of one's lose intimates. It is an old saying and a manners. There are acquaintances who nless we shake them off and keep them t a distance, will follow us all our days hadow malign inence, a pestilentia A good friend once made should be
retained-grappled to oneself with "hooks retained-grappled to oneself with "hooks with "bands of love."-Rev. C. A. S. Dwight.

Whon writing advertisers, please mention
all, weak lungs. to give at least to take care of ted above, and ossible. If any
are absolutely cises:

1 the sides. wly and gently, ne arms straight until they are the arms in a e time drawing After a few
ath, relax the position. This ed from ten to

2
ot slightly in t at the sides face up toward it holding the in front of the ody are bent
er. Raise th hey meet over the chest and
rward toward e inhaling the las been taken,
sing to erect sast on a line cise shoul
times.
er, toes turn the hands at full breath, at he chest and waist expands pushed farther hen full breath
out, at once ten to twenty
n Lighter Vein

In the Day's Work
In the Day's Work
A conversation printed in the Buffalo $\begin{gathered}\text { yet?" } \\ \text { "No" Tom Warden been in fer his mail }\end{gathered}$ News, seems to indicate that Buffalo communities the most burdensome duties of the postmaster are not always those
that the government regulations prescribe. Henderson stamped into the post"Mornin', Mr. Morley!"
"Morning, Joe!"

## Steele,Briggs SEED catalogue 1919

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"Wo.",
"Wes."
"Well, when he comes, will you tell him that on his way from the cheese facory I wish he' stop and get that shoat
Fred Wilkins, ang and tell Fred It sown to Fred Wilkins, and tell Fred I said he
could have it fer that single harness eve up, if he'll fix up that bridle and throw ones; and if he won't swap, tell Tom to bring the shoot down to my place, and
put it in the extra pen, and be sure and put it in the extra pen, and be sure and
shut that door to the hen-house, or all
the chickens'll the chickens'll get, out. Sure the
no mail? Mornin", Mr. Morely!"
no mail? Mornin', Mr.
"Morning, Joe!"
A Serious Shortage
Sandy, a Scotsman that the Windsor
Magazine tells about, had returned to his Magazine tells about, had returned to his native village after a visit to London When some one asked him what he
thought of the great city, he said:
"It is a grand place, but the folks there are not honest." "How is, "Wow is that?" asked his friend.
"Well, $I$ bought a box of pins labele a thousand for a penny,' and coming home in the train I counted them, and I found they were seventeen short.'

## When Brevity Won

A traveling salesman tells the following story in the Sunday Magazine: After a mill town in my territory early one Monday afternoon. I made a few calls on some of the shopkeepers, and learned that Peter Campbell, owner of one of the
most unpretentious stores in town, sold most unpretentious stores in town, sold
more soap than all the others put tomore soa
gether.
"He su
"He supplies about all the mills in the place with soap," I was told; "but he's a soon waste a dollar as a word. His only objection to the Imperial's man, with
whom he does all his soap business, is
he talks too much."
I found Campbell a man seventy odd years old. He was doing a nice little
business with the sole aid of a chap of sixteen, who acted as driver, errand boy Campbell had finished tying up a bundle for a customer, then slowly approached him. He took me in at a glance, from the top of my derby to the tip of my shoe, and
the following conversation ensued: Campbell-Buy?
Myself-No; sell.
Myself-No; sell.
"Soap," handing him my card.
"Beat 'em, deliveries prompt, terms right." $" I m p e r i a l$ lll do."
"Shiperial trial order, guarantee satisfaction, money back."
"See your stuff"

Aee your stuff.", I opened my grip and showed him my attractive line without a word. He carefully handed every sample face, almost bit it, observed the price
with an occasional shrug of his shoulders and a grunt. Then he abruptly left me wall, with a desk and chair in it. I nervously packed up my case, wondering
if by chance he would give me a good After a wait of ten minutes, he returned with a paper in his hand. Giving my
back a resounding whack, he handed me back a resounding
the paper, and said:
With a hasty handshake I was off, and when, at the corner of the street, out of sight, I finally opened my order, I was
staggered. It was a why staggered. It was a whopper, my first
big one, and the beginning of my success as a soap salesman.

## The First Symptom

The church of a small town in the malaria country had a hot-air plant instays a a provision for cold weather, when the new appliance was first used, ${ }^{\text {w }}$ widow and her yellow-skinned, aguestricken son came from their home several miles away, to attend the service
the pair to a pew that was directly over a
register. Presently, as the janitor fed the
furg begace in the basement below, the boy
"Ma," he whispered, "I got to go! I ain't feelin' well."
mother. "Air you fixin?" inquired his mother. Air you fixin' to have another
spell?" "I kin feel the fever comin' "I kin feel the fever comin' up my laigs."

## Vision

By Grace G. Bostwick Had I the power Had I the power
To stir mankind for but a single hour
In Christly-wise

In Christly-wise ${ }^{\text {W }}$
Why, I should dare
With heart and soul aflame with ardent
prayer,
To clear its eyes!
And I would raise
My voice to God in one glad cry of praise,
The to have seen
The brotherhood of freedom, born of
sight-
That this would mean!


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Poultry



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We cannot all have plectric light in our homes in the country, let alone in our hen houses, but we can endeaver to
get the fowls working in a deep litter as carly as possible. By January 15th
the days lengthen out considerably, and if the hen house windows get very frosted up from a severe cold spell chip
oft the frost and let in all the sumlight of the frost and let in all the sumlight you can. All the poultry extras, such
as beef scrap, granulated bone and
areen eut bone have linder green cut bone have climbed up dread-
fully in price this winter, but on the farm, where any butchering is done, the
blood and lights and other nlood and lights and other offal can be
utilized for the poultry. Beef blood
mixed with brep mixed with bran can be stored all
winter in a cold place and used in mash. Beef heads and surplus liver are also valuable as food, taking the place of

## Poultry Chat

Written for The Western Home Monthly by H. E. Vialoux
What a glorious New Year this will immense. This experiment at the Col-
be, free from the hideous nightmare of lege has worked well so far, and the be, free from the hideous nightmare of lege has worked well so far, and the we can indeed wish one and all "A Happy laid eggs from the College fetch from we can indeed wish one and all "A Happy laid eggs from the Colege fetch from lems with renewed faith and energy. The birds were in splendid health from What about the egg crop? How are August lst until December 10th. Only one
the hens behaving this fine mild winter? pullet was lost, and that one met with the hens, behaving this fine mild winter? pullet was lost, and that one met with
Some flocks are giving an excellent ac- an accident. Prof. Herner has comcome flocks are giving an excellent ac- an accident. Pulof. Herner has comable reports, whilst other "biddies" not for eggs in winter," which is being pubso well cared for are on strike just when lished and may be had by January, he demand for eggs for "flu" patients 1919, from the Publications Branch, has been tremendous. Someone had the eggs in November in Winnipeg, and I eggs in November in Winnipeg, and I
only hope fiss would-be profiteer found
few customers or rather victims in town! few customers or rather victims in town!
Eggs are high, of course, this season Eggs are high, of course, this season
all over the world, as predicted some months ago, and wise was the housekeeper who packed a couple of cases ggs retailed at use in winter. Case aggs retailed at 65 cents in December, \$1.00 per dozen. Grocers look for another advance in storage eggs, as
stocks are light, and even higher prices revail in the East. New Yorkers are paying a fancy price poultry plant has proved a great sucess, keeping a few hens in really fashonable near London. Many women justly proud of their handsome birds rom fourpence that lay eggs worth sick birds. Permanganate of potash, a

we can console ourselves we weding the family flock
worse off than others as we are not should be given sometimes in winter,
price of new laid eggs. price of new laid eggs.
The Agricultural College rent a bird be unfortunate. splendid season's work, and this winter the frosted toes at all, at once rub Prof. Herner is making some very in- bad, put the feet into ice water until
teresting experiments with his laying all teresting experiments with his laying all, frost the the out, then rub the frost
pens of hens. 1,200 pullets of various breeds are vaseline, and keep the fowl in a warm 1,200 pullets, of various breeds are
being wingeline, and keep the fowl in a warm
pat the College at St place for a few days. Frosted combs being wintered at the College at St. phould be gently rabbed with either oil
Vital, Man. The laying pens of hens should be coll are kept in comfortable houses, with- or vaseline at once, and the comb may out any artificial heat, and in Decem- be thus saved. Unless the hen house is ber fifty per cent of the fowls were bitterly cold hens of the utility
laying. ying
Prof. Herner is demonstrating the but a cold might often nip the cockerel's production during the short winter of The boys' and girls' club (members) days and long weary nights. At an birds this past fall, sold thousands of early hour in the morning the light is sum for themselves, and giving matehens hop down from their perches and rial and in the conservation of food. work away for their morning meal. The children exhibited over three thouin fact, take a "constitutional" meal; sand five hundred birds at the fall fairs breakfast, instead of waiting for the of the or clubs in the province, and as only tardy December sun to creep in through, flock or the number of fowls raised by the frosty window and "wake them up," juveniles must have been immense, Here is no question about the matter. quite fifteen thousand I am sure. Fancy
Hens will lay more eqgif if kept busy the boys' and girls' club of Belmer scratching ail the eqgy if kept busy the bovs' and girls' club of Belmont
their day long even in winter by make actually shipping a carload of live hog of the handy evectric winter by means raised by them into Winnipeg in Decen of the handy electric light, and more hor, and realizing more than $\$ 3.000$ for
cag. of the best egg farmers near Wimniper the eighteen thousand pounds in the car! has used this system of making the hy bove and pirls ever of hogs raised hens rustle for a living for several sea- railuay in Canada, if not in America.
sons, and his crop of winter eggs is Three cheers for Belmont

THE Western Home MONTHLY
nounced cold symptoms，become in－in corners，crowding in small，poorly the house at night，after they are on catainghal condition．A simple cold or ventilated but drafty coops，etc．What－the perches．If you do not hear，any and accumulation of dirt or scales about the nostrils，is not necessarily a serious
matter，and if the exciting cause is re－ moved the trouble probably will right itseif without treatiment．Such colds are
quite common among fowls，both old and necessity for being constantly practical Watch for these symptoms，and keeping
after them with some form of treatment particularly in the way of administering internal remedies．
Frankly，my own practice is to ignore them as far as special treatment is con－ affected I lose no time in trying to find
and remove the cause or causes．Common ources of colds at this season are drafts

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## WINNPEG PIANO 品

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colds will depend somewhat on the
number of fowls affected and the serious－ ness of the trouble．If there are onlys－ ness of the trouble．If there are only a cal，since one or two thorough treatments often are sufficient to stop the trouble．
In the case of nasal discharges，watery In the case of nasal discharges，watery parts，using warm water to remove all scabs，pus，etc．Then flush out the nostrils with a rubber syringe and treat
the eyes（held open for the operation） the eyes（held open for the operation）
using a two per cent solution of boric acid．Repeat the treatment in twelve to twenty－four hours．
If two treatments do not effect a cure or at least material improvement，＇take
the fowl out of the pen（if this has not already been done）and put it in a separate compartment or house．．Then continue treatment if you care to do so，though ao a matter of fact you cannot afford
indefinite individual treatment unless the indefinite individual treatment unless the different to the amount of time spent．

> Flock Treatment for Colds

Where several fowls in the flock have acute colds and all presumably are in－ fected or exposed to the same danger，
flock treatment is practical and should be successful if given in time，provided the corrected．One simple method is to cover the drinking water with a film of kerosene－a teasponful will be sufficient or the average water vessel．In drinking through the oil，getting some of it on their faces and nostrils，also on the mucous membrane of mouth and throat If they swallow a little so much the
better．Often no other treatment than better．
Another plan that may be used
with good results is to fill the house with good results is to fill the house
with a disinfecting spray，using one of with a disinfecting spray，using one of
those advertised in these columns，or some good coal tar disinfectant．Do this at night after the fowls have gon on the perches and saturate the a horougy so that the fowls will breath the membranes of nostrils，throat and bronchial tubes．This spray will also take care of infected eyes as well．One or wo treatments If the house is large a complet it possible to do so，the fowls may be nclosed on the perches by temporar curtains of musiln or burlap，which wil There are various advertised roup remedies usually designed to be administered in the drinking water，and many of these
are effective in treating colds．
Removing Sick Fowls from the Flock
The safest and wisest plan is alway to remove sick fowls from the general fock and keep them isolated so that if the there will be less danger of its spreading． There are，however，two practical diffi－ culties in the way of carrying out this policy generally．One is mas put the ailing birds．The makeshift quarters usually provided are incon－ enient and isolated from the rest of the buildings，and neglect generally finishes Another difficulty is that where this advice is literally taken it often results n the flocks being kept unsettled and disturbed much of the time，to the great
disadvantage of all the fowls，sick and isadvantage of alike．
vell
While I stand loyally by the theory of isolation for sick fowls，when it comes little discrimination．For minor ailments that do not appear to be of an infectious nature it certainly is undesirable to annoy the fowls or yourself by isolating hem and later returning them to the treated as strangers and be compelled to fight their way to a mutual under－ standing again．
Where many fowls in the flock are affected at about the same time，it is or less general，in which case the practical
thing to do is to treat all as sick thing to do is to treat all as sick，and give such general treatment as may be
desirable rightin their permanent quarters． In this，as in many ormanent quarters．
caretaker can save a lot of woils，the worry by using a little good judgment
along with his＂rules＂－even the most authoritative of them nt may be practiorough treatments
stop the trouble. stop the trouble.
lischarges, watery sischarges, watery er to remove all
a flush out the syringe and treat or the operation)
solution of boric
not effect a cure aprovement, 'take put it in a separate then continue to do so, though
ou cannot afford ou cannoul ass the , or you are inof time spent. for Colds in the flock have he same danger,
cal and should be me, provided the outbreak
method iso r with a film of will be sufficient dip their beaks some of it on
is, also on the outh and throat. treatment than
may be used
fill the house yse columg one o lisinfectant. Do fowls have gone aturate the air
owls will breath owls will breath
gs, thus treating rils, throat and
spray will als as well. One or effect a complete
large and it is large and
fowls may be
by temporar irlap, which will more successful. administered in mar
olds. from the Flock plan is always om the general
ted so that if the contagious one,
of its spreading. of its spreading. arrying out this is that most uitable place to
The makeshift led are inconenerally finishes
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hat where this it often results ne, to the great
fowls, sick and
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self by isolating g them to the
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mutual underthe flock are
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all all as sick, and
ent as may be anent quarters ner details, the $t$ of work and
good judgment
even the most

The Western home Monthly

## Inbreeding

A writer in the English Live Stock Journal, writing on inbreeding, gives an
instance which shows that there are laws limiting the extent to which inbreeding can be carried on. A highly intelligent
farmer had a herd of good, useful cows farmer had a herd of good, useful cows of
one of the leading breeds. They had been picked up anywhere for their good properties, without much care for the strains of blood they represented, they had pedigrees, mostly short and of miscellaneous composition. The farmer purchased an untried yearing bull, ex-
ceedingly well bred, combining two or
three virtually unrelated strains, yet to a three virtually unrelated strains, yet to a
certain extent wrought together by certain extent wrought together by dropped proved such a choice lot that the owner decided to retain the bull as
his sole stock bull. A second generation his sole stock bull. A second generation would try again. In the third generation
he met with some disappointment. The he met with some disappointment. The
experiment was not altogether satisfactory. Whilst the general character of size and conistitution, and some good
heifers had to be fed off for the butcher. A fourth generation, so far as the experiwas correct, only one or two calves ever appeared), tended to indicate that a
natural law against such close inbreeding under domestication, at least in the breed of cattle under experiment, limited the
use of the law of like begetting like, and the farmer confessed that he had "run to utterly degenerate character of the suny, cross convinced him that the attenuated power had broken down. The old sire, stock from unrelated cows, or from and his the first generation, were as good and as trong as those of former years

How to Tan and Mount a Coyote Hide It is a very simple matter to $\tan$ a coyote hide and prepare it into a rug for in soft water for three or four days to make it perfectly soft, then serape off all
the flesh and fat, when thoroughly cleaned put into a solution of equal parts of
alum and common salt dissolved in hot water, three and one-half pounds alum, an equal weight of salt and six pints hot then hang up and scrape or shave to soften. After scraping, put back into the brine for two days longer, then hang up this apply a coat of oil, roll up in damp sawdust and lay away till dry. Then apply a good coat of soft soap and rol
again in sawdust. Work well again when dry to soften. The Work well again when dry to soften. The above recipe answers
for any kind of hide. If the hide is intended for a rug for the floor it is not necessary to take all these precautions If it is desired
coyote hide, cut a piece of wood flattened on one side and shaped on the other side to represent the head. The eyes can be
procured from a local taxadermist for procured from a local taxadermist for
about 25 cents. Bend a pliable wire the shape of the ear and insert into the ear from the inside of the hide so as to head of the hide over the wooden, form and mark the eyes on the wood. Re-
move the hide, scoop out hollows for the eyes and glue them into place in the
wood or put them in with wood or put them in with ppaster of paris.
Then stretch the head of the hide firmly over the wooden form and hide firmly securely. Blacken the mouth and around the eyes and varnish. Spread the skin
out on the felt which is to be used for
lining and best lining and baste all around. Mark all out from the hide, and cut around with a pinking iron. Sew the edge of the fur firmly to the felt and tack felt to
head piece and the task is completed.

The Selection and Care of Harness
Quality of material and workmanship
chiefly determines the value of a harness. chiefly determines the value of a harness.
The best harness leather is made from smooth-grained steer and heifer hides that are free from cuts and scars. After the
hair has been removed, the hides are carefully tanned by subjecting them to a
strength. High-grade leather about a year for tanning; cheap leather It is easier to judge the, in a few weeks.
when it is in the "side" "thather when it is in the "side", thana after it has
been made up into harness. The strength been made up into harness. The strength
of a strap depends to a considerable degree upon the part of the hide from which it is taken and upon the way in
which it is cut. Neck and belly pieces do not have the strength of pieces cut from the back and the side; and straps cut across the grain are weak. Because those
things are hard to determine after leather is made into harness, the honesty of the manufacturer counts for much.
Skilled hand labor is an essential in the
manufacture of the best-appearing manufacture of the best-appearing and point of view of utility the harness sewed on the improved lockstitch machines is
satisfactory. At any rete satisfactory. At any rate, choose the
plain stitching -the sort that is free from scrolls or other fancy designs. In making heavy work-horse harness a combination
of hand and machine work is highly of hand and machine work is highly
satisfactory. Handwork is used except satisfactory. Handwork is used except
for the traces, which are sewed with a machine that pulls all the stitches uni-
formly tight. formly tight.
will depend of course that you choose whil depend of course upon the use to on thould be neat and appropriate in design. On the farm, most men prefer harness that is free or almost free from harness that mountings and and gay-colored celluloid rings. During the busy season there is little time to spend in polishing brass, and it
does not look well unless you keep it clean. Foes not look well unless you keep it clean.
be spent in cleaning that would have to be spent in cleaning brass can usually be
better spent in grooming. In general better spent in grooming. In general,
the same considerations hold true for buggy harnessi; rubber mountings of the
best quality are preferable to the more best quality are preferab
gady metal mountings.
Be sure that your harness is heavy
enough for the use to which enough for the use to which you intend expense and weight, do not have it too heavy in the bridle, bit and backband,
which do not bear the heavy strain of the load.

## Fitting the Harness

Ill-fitting harness lessens both the a horse can do. It may even be the means a horse can do. It may even be the means
of converting an honest free worker into
an untrustworthy one or even into a ness is Proper attention to fitting harof farm harticularly important in the case of farm horses; the working season in the
spring is so short that it is imperative spring is so short that it is imperative
to prevent all losses of time due to harness that does not fit. Even a novice can make his horse comfortable in harness if he will give careful attention to details.
A horse's disposition and the she his head are the two things that should
govern the fitting of the bridle. Adjust govern the fitting of the bridle. Adjust the cheek pieces so that the bit will not
be so low in the horse's mouth that it
will bother him or permit him to git will bother him or permit him to get his
tongue over it easily. On the other hand, it should not be so high as oto raise the
corners of his mouth and pinch his cheelks. corners of his mouth and pinch his cheelks. The brown band must not pinch the thin
skin at the base of the ears. Keep the bkinkers in place of the ears. Keep the
blit they do not fit too close in front.
The possibility of
The possibility of training and working
some horses without blinds is not some horses without blinds is not ques-
tioned, but many experienced farmers believe that the majority of horses work
more comfortably and are less likely to more comfortably and are less likely to "Ioaf on the job" when the harness
includes blinds. The moderate use of
side checkreins or plain bearing reins has

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## WHY WE DO THIS



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## 52

The Western Home Monthly
from getting his head down to eat the ends of the pole. lars give the work, well-made leather colof the harness deserves more careful
fitting. A collar should so fit that when the horse holds his head in the position in which he keeps it when at work the collar, when pressed firmly back with the
hands, will have an even contact against all parts of the shoulders and leave space
enough at the windpipe for the flat of your hand. By carefully selecting one of
the many different styles of collars, it is possible to fit almost any horse.
A short trial will show what a of the hame tugs is necessary to bring the pressure at the proper points. A common


#### Abstract

mistake is to let them remain too low. In adjusting the hame straps, buckle ther as tight as possible at the bottom. Failur as tight as possible at the bottom. Failure to do that has spoiled many new collar If you wrap a new collar overnight w wet gunny sacks before you use it, you will find that it will shape to the horse's will find that it will shape to the horse's neck very quickiy. A considerable saving in collars will result rom putting them on and taking them off over the head rather and taking them off over the head rather than by unbuckling them at the top a than by unbuckling them at the top, as many farmers do. Sweat "pads are a neeessary evil in some seasons of the year necessary evil in some seasons of the year when horses suffer a considerable loss of weight. weight. Breastplates are useful for light work Adjust the shoulder strap so that the Adjust the shoulder strap so that the not to hinder movement. An extra heavy


breastplate lined with sheepskin is useful as a substitute for the regular work collar
when the neck or shoulders of the horse become galled.
The right adjustment of the other parts of the harness is simple enough: the saddle should not be too short; the crupper should be of good size, smooth and well stuffed; and the breeching
neither too low nor too tight.
$\qquad$ In putting a horse to a venicle, remember
to adjust the lines before you fasten the
traces. Observing the right order in traces. Observing the right order in
"hitching up" has prevented many acci-

## dents.

No one Care of the Harness harness properly expect to take care of
leather moulds quickly. The presence of mould indicates that moisture is taking
the place of the oil upon which depends the the place of the oil upon which depends the
life of the harness. Ammonia from life of the harness. Ammonia from
manure also causes leather to deteriorate; manure also causes leather to deteriosate,
but in regularly cleaned, airy stables it is safe enough to hang the harness on a hook behind each horse, or by means of a rope and pulley to haul it up and out of the way on the post at the rear of the
stall partition. If there are several horses in your stable, you should, of course, have a central room in which to store
supplies and extra sets of harness, with a supplies and extra sets of harness, with a
bench and materials for minor repairs in bench and materials for minor repairs in
it. Valuable harness "should be kept in tight cases in a room where there is some artificial heat.
At least twice during the year you should entirely take apart, clean and oil
all work harness. ©The less water you use all work harness. The less water you use is so dirty that mere sponging alone will not remove the dirt; you will have to soak it for fifteen minutes, then scrub it with
soap and brush. Use warm, soft water. if the water is hard, add a handful or two of sal soda to the tubful.
After you have rinsed the harness, wipe wooden horse to dry. Keep it in a warm place, and as soon as it is dry apply Neat's-foot oil with a rag or a sponge.
Several applications are desirable, and it will pay to rub the oil well into th is the best for the purpose; you can mak it black by adding one tablespoonful of lampblack to a pint of oil. Under no
circumstances is it advisable to use circumstances is it advisable to use a
drying oil, such as linseed oil. Lowgrade vaseline is useful for smearing over harness that is to be stored for a considerable length of time. Harness tha sponging and treatment with some good dressing
When you desire a brilliant black finish to the harness, use one of the standar to the best shoe pastes, and there is in fact no objection to using shoe polish except the extra expense. Apply th the harness wth an ordinary blacking brush, and finally with a flannel rag. For cleaning the metal mountings, the paste and the liquid metal polishes on the paste is usually more economical becaus it does not evaporate so quickly as the liquid. Clean the steel bits by washing them in soapy water, then smearing them over with a cake of soap and polishing
them with silver sand. The soap helps to make the sand stick. The finger are of most service in rubbing the sand on the bits; a pine stick can be used in
parts too small for the fingers you have finished the sanding rinse th bit, dry it with a cloth, and burnish it with a small steel burnisher. Forged steel bits are the strongest, and also the
best looking if they are kept clean best looking if they are kept clean rag after they have been used will preven hem from rusting.
There is a satisfaction in using harness dition, and there is also the knowledge hat in caring for it properly you save both time and money.

Health in the Stable

## Ventilation

Few farmers are aware of the import ance of properly ventilating had occasion to visit many stables, and have seen the results of negligence in this
respect. of proper ventilation in stables, it will be neccasary to consider briefly the action of respiration, taking for our subject the horse.
The
contact with the blood a fresh supply of oxygen, and to liberate therefrom the carbonic acid gas accumulated in the
blood returning from the various tissue It may be said to be an interchange of gases between the blood and the medium in which the animal lives.
The horse, when placed in an enclosure
properly ventilated, will inhale espty cubic feet of air in one hour and during the same time will eliminate from the blood in exhalation four cubic feet of

The Western home Monthly

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Retaining the Attractiveness of Youth



animals have abundance of pure air prejudice in Canada against this little
during the period of gestation, as the animal as an article of food, but it has
foetus during the period of gestation, as the animal as an article of food, but it has
foetus receives oxygen from the blood of always found favor in England, and
the mother. the mother.
The latter is received in what is known the London markets.
as the "villi," which attach the placenta
to the uten good variety to start with is the
to (womb) of the mother, and to the uterus (womb) of the mother, and Flemish hare. It is a large animal. The
the change which takes place in the blood illustration will show a suitable hutch.
in the villi is similar to that which occurs A sloping ladder or gangway from the in the lungs of the mother.
The blood of the pregnant animal does bunny with exercise. When he knows not circulate through the foetus, as is his home he may be allowed out occasion-
generally supposed but serves to convey ally for additional exercise in the garden.





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## Young People

Valentines! Valentines! Teddy gota a comic one-
Susy's was a lace-trimmed square My! it cost a price!
Jessie got a string of heartsTily gen a spangled card
With a verse or so.
Baby got about fifteen
Baby got about fifteen,
She is such a pet; "
You should hear her "goo" and "coo"-
She's playing with them yet!
Mama got a scented box,
Smelled like heliotrope;
Pussy got some catnip leaves
In an envelope!
My! What fun! And how we cried,"
iOhh look at mine!" "And mine!"
I wonder what is nicer than

The Bear's Third Tale
"It is your turn to choose the nursery rhyme for our story, little man," said Bear to Jackie the next afternoon as they
sat round the nursery fire. "Have you thought of one?" "I have yes," exclaimed Jackie eagerly, before yesterday, it is,
"Little Jack Horner sat in a corner Eating a Christmas pie;
He put in his thumb and pulled out a plum And said, "What a good boy am I.'" "Very well," said Bear, "there is a nice must begin like that, mustn't it,"' he remarked with a smile at Jackie, "once
upon a time there was a boy called Jack upon a time there was a boy called Jack
Horner. He was one of a family of eight boys and girls, and at the time of this story he was nine years old. Like all
ther boys and girls he had his faults; other boys and girls he had his faults;
he was a little inclined to be greedy and was sometimes disobedient, but what troubled his mother most was, he never
would own that he was in the wrong. would own that he was in the wrong
According to him he was always a good boy, and whatever went wrong it was not his fault. One day not very long before
Christmas, Mrs. Horner had been making Christmas, Mrs. Horner had been making some plum pies, and on the evening on
which my story really begins, these pies were standing in a very tempting row on
the pantry shelf. Now for some reason the pantry shelf. Now for some reason
or other Jack could not get to sleep that or other Jack could not get
night, and as he lay awake his thoughts kept turning again and again to the pies
on the pantry shelf. "I think," he said to himself at last, "I will go and look at softly so as not to wake his little brother who shared his room, and crept noiselessly downstairs. All the lights were out and
everyone had gone to bed, but Jack knew everyone had gone to bed, but Jack knew
his way about the house so well, that the darkness did not trouble him, and when he softly opened the pantry door there was
the moon looking at him through the window and casting a pale silvery light Now as I expect you have guessed
Jack had not taken the trouble to go all the way downstairs on a cold night just along to have a taste, and he now seized one, and looking round guiltily, he sat
down on a box in the corner behind the down on a box in the corner behind the
door and began making a hole in the door and began making a hole in the in he dived, and brought out a nice fat
plum. He was so busy with his pie that plum. He was so busy with his pie that
he never noticed that someone was he never noticed that someone was
standing in the moonlight watching him
intently. This someone was a little old man dressed all in white with a white cap on his little head, and he stood for some
miniutes looking at Jack as he devoured minu pie. Then he chanted in a shrill penetrating little voice:
"Little Jack Horner sat in
Eating a Christmas pie,
He put in his thumb and pulled out a plum,
And said 'What a good boy am I'?"
Long before he had finished the first the pie on the floor, and sat gazing at his visitor with wide open eyes and still wider
opened mouth. He was dreadfully fright-
ened. What should he do? The little man was between him and the door or he would have made a rush for the stairs
and his bed. As it was he simply sat and stared, afraid to move.
"So you are the boy who is never in
the the wrong, are you?" chuckled the little
old man. "I suppose that that is your old man. "I suppose that that is your
own pie, and that your mother told you own pie, and that come down in the middle
that you could
of the night and eat it."
If Jack had not been afraid to move he would have hung his head for shame,
as it was he only stared harder than ever. as it was he only stared harder than ever. "that I will take you with me to see some boys who really are good, but we
will, not let them see us. Here put this on," he continued, and he pulled out of his
pocket two little black caps, and handing one to Jack put the other on over his own little white one. "No one can see you while you wear that cap," he said. "Come
on," and Jack most unwillingly had to on," and Jack most unwillingly had to
obey. He seemed to have lost all power obey. his own legs and arms, and was
over over his own legs and arms, a
obliged to follow his little guide.,
"You don't know my name," said the
little man "but you can call me Mr C little man, "but you can call me Mr. C.,
and sometime I will tell you what the $\mathbf{C}$ and someti
stands for.
Mr. C. jumped up on the window sill
and Jack followed. Then all of a sudden and Jack followed. Then all of a sudden with Mr. C. by his side. He was desperately frightened, but could not find enough
breath to call out as they were going so breath to call out as they were going so
fast. On and on, on and on, would they never stop? At last bump, bump, they
had come down to earth in the middle of had come down to earth in the midyle on
the crowded street of a large city. On both sides of the street were brightly
lighted shops. They had stopped in front of a pastry cook's, and the window was full of all kinds of nice looking cakes. A ragged boy of about Jack's age stood looking with longing eyes at the tempting
display. Presently a richly dressed lady came out of the shop, and seeing the wistful eyes of the little boy she turned back again, and buying a large ebun hande
it to the child in a bag. "Thank you ma'am," he said. He took the bun out of
the bag and seemed about to start on it the bag and seemed about to start on it
at once. Then he hesitated, put it back in the bag and turning away started
running quickly down the street. Off set Mr. C. in pursuit, and Jack was obliged to
follow. The boy turned down into som follow. The boy turned down into some a small shack in one of the poorer parts of the city. He opened the door and went
in, followed by Mr. C. and Jack. On a bed in the corner of a small room lay a little girl, such a poor, thin, pale little
child.
Here eyes brightened as she saw the boy enter. "Oh, Joey," she cried, "I am so glad you have come home.
Mother has been out washing all day, and I've been so lonely," "Never mind, Cissy," said the bo kindly, "I've got something for you, now guess," and he held up the bag for her to and then how Joey enjoyed watching the little girl cating the bun, but he would not taste a morsel himself.
"Now," said Mr. C. as they turned and
left the house. "What do you think left the house. "What do you think of
that boy? He is certainly not selfish and greedy like some boys we know, is he?" Jack made no answer, and on they flew again. It seemed a very long time time the scene was a very different one. They found themselves in the country and standing near the bank of a river. Several boys were playing round and just
after the arrival of Jack and his guide
another boy came sauntering another boy came sauntering up. Jack different style of boy from those he had
first seen. Their clothes were rough first seen. Their clothes were rough and
their boots thick and heavy, in fact they looked what they were just country boys, while the newcomer on the contrary wore
very neat and fine clothes, and altogether seemed very spic and span, as though he had just been turned out of a tailor's shop. to join the others in their play, but as he drew nearer to them they all began to
laugh, and jeer at him. "Oh my, ain't he fine," remarked one, while another slipped behind him and knocked off his cap, and
a third walked up to him and with a mocking voice and a glance at his silver wocking voice and a glance at his silver
watl ah chain, said: "Please, sir, could you At this the others set up

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condition they should be and it bit sould
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## My Laddie

 Rain on the meadows is falling, Bathing the grass and the flower In $\boldsymbol{m y}$ heart, as the clock ticks the hours.Only the patter of raindrops, And the clock, breaks the silence of pain As I sit in my window and listen,
To the soft dropping down of the rain.
Rain and a wind from the Eastward A wind that is blowing from Ah! it is bringing a message,
A sigh from your heart brave and truc. As I longingly gaze from the window A phantom form of my loved one
Seen through mist, and the tears in my eyes.
And I see your dear face, in the glosming, Pale and set, through the mist of my tears But I see in your eyes the love glowing.

I reach out my hand to I reach out my hand to caress you,
But you vanish away in the gloom; And only the patter of raindrops,
And the clock's tick is heard in the room

Ah, laddie! I'm waiting and longing For your voice, and the touch of your But not till your duty is ended.
And peace is again in our land

## Is It Fair

Written for The Western Home Monthly By Mrs. Nestor Noel
Years ago, in England, there lived a woman who was rather well-to-do.
Her children had the loveliest toys:Indian cabinets, real Derby china sets,
French jointed dolls and a doll's house. French jointed dolls and a doll's house. One day the woman became poor, not financial' difficulties. Then she soll her children's toys, without even consulting
them! Was it fair? When she became them! Was it fair? then each a toy
better off, she gave them neal The youngest, taking her new doll, eyed pathetic tone in the childish voice as she a child ever understand the real meaning of "Mine" and "Thine?"
A year ago, a similar instance came to
my knowledge, and this time it happened in Canada. A little boy of seven had saved up all his dimes and nickels, until they reached the fabulous sum of one dollar! He may have been given a few
cents; but mostly they represented such cents; but mostly they represented such
work as he could do-picking up potatoes, tending to the garden and pulling up weeds. In a few days he would go to town. The hard work was forgotten.
At night he lay awake for hours, spending At night he lay awake for hours, spending
his dollar, over and over again, And anyone who understands children will
realize the possibilities of one whole dollar!

He did not go to Town. His mother went instead. On her return he told her with anguish in his voice, that he had lost his precious dollar. It was not in his
old, worn out purse! id, worn out purse!
' 0 , that's all right,
"I took it and spent it." Then there was a terrible scene. The
little boy threw himself on the floor and licked and screamed! Later on, when I asked and screamed! Lather why she took on, when
askene he said that she needed it. And she told me the story-laughing! My whole heart went out in sympathy to the poor
little boy. Did he lose trust in his mother for ever after? I am afraid I should have done so had I been in his
place! place!
Another instance of childish saving
comes to my mind. This time it was a comes to my mind. This time it was a
little girl who, by presents and otherwise, had as much as three dollars in her purse. Her parents, through delay in threshing, were in temporary difficulties. They
explained thisto their child, and borrowed the money from her with her full consent. Later on when they took their grain to the market, they not only returned the three
dollars to their child, but they gave her twenty-five cents extra for having lent it!
This was surely fair. There are many cases of this kind occurring all over
rents are like those in my first two parents are like those in my first two
ncidents. All three of these are true stories. I have not invented them. It is hot always money or toys that are given and taken away. On a farm, it may be a
pig or a calf. But the parents so often pig or a caif. Beem to think they have an absolute right to their children's possessions. It recalls the olden days when children were sold
with all that they had. We would be horrified at such an occurrence now, But selling or taking your children' hings is but a stone's throw removed rom selling your children. And we know hat, in girlhood, some parents may be
iterally said to sell their children when they force them into a loveless marriage or mercenary reasons and before they ully understand the mean matrimony.
Little chil
$n$ expensive toys o take them away later on? They'd ave been far happier with a cheap toy that expression: "My very own.". They'd rather play with a rag doll of their own
than have a French doll lent them. than have a French doll lent them The pride of possession is marked early because it teaches them, not only to save but also to take a greater care of things. It teaches them, likewise, to work harder.
A little girl learns to sew quickly when A little girl learns to sew quickly when
she is allowed to make clothes for her own dolls. And, as for boys, we don't require o be told how they will work on their own ours there than minntes in the family hoursto patch!
It is not merely in the matter of giving and taking that parents are often unfair to their children. Sometimes they promise something, just to make a child queet,
and, in these cases, they have no in-
tention of keeping their word. But I tention of keeping their word. But mphasize that a promise once sacred. We are bualding up the child's character and of-Honor! Is it honorable to to give \& promise you do not mean to keep?
lso want our children to trust us in all hings. How can they do this when we uick to learn when its parents can be elied on. "Sometimes you'll hear a boy We needn't count on it too much!' sn't this an awful thing? They needn't ount on their mocher s word too much Then, on whose can they count? And tandards of right and wrong if not from heir mothers?
In all our
Io all our dealings with children we we are building up their characters. We hould even teach them to "play, fair." The words "Justice and Fairness" seem
to be often misapplied between children and parents. This is mostly the fault of the latter for not teaching the lesson properly from the beginning. Older chilren often think they can squander their parents money, because, when they were
very young, they saw that their parents ary young, they saw that their toys and other ossessions. So now they think it is their If we want our children to care for us in
turn old age, we should be fair with them, in all things, when they are young. This
question of fairness and justice is, morequestion of fairness and justice is, unfair to those we love. So we see that love teaches all lessons. Those women in the hardly be said to really love their children omen do love their children, but some have a selfish kind of love. Even animals ve their young; so it isn't much for a nother to say she loves her child if she speak louder than words.
"'Tis well said again,
nd 'tis a kind of good deed to say well:

Pills of Attested Value.-Parmer
 he action of such as sedatives and laxatives ompounders heve met watus. The success the
of their work. These pills atests the value
have been recue ized for wank years as the best cleansers of was recognized crom tre the first and they they grow


NEVER TROUBLED WITH CONSTIPATION SINCE TAKING MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS.
Too often one is liable to dismiss conyou allow your bowels to become clogged
up, there pours a stream of polluted waste into the blood instead of int being cowels, and when this waste matter gets into thathlood it causes headaches, jaunand many other troubles. By taking Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills regulhrinin their action, the poisoning of systen is ris rectified, and the entire body is retorialto normal condition. Mi . Wraxig. Kiver hills for constipation, and
have never found myself troubled since. I amyly glad to have found something to cure me, and will always tell everyone
about them who is troubled in the same way as 1 was."
direct on rececint of price by The T. Mil-

## A Cure for <br> Bad Breath *Baribreethis acizm of decayed   onee Get Slagets Cartithe Syrap at drugith 15 at drusgitts, 15 to 30 drops Sitar mente clen up your food 



Dr. Martel's Female Pills
 At yourr druation.Cured His RUPTURE



 ampee eure itiout oiperation, ityon yitite



## Catalog Notice

Send 10c. in silver or stamps for URTEP 1918-1919 CATALOG containing 550 designs of Ladies; Misses' and Children's Patterns, CONCISEAND COMPREHENSIVE ARTICLE ON DRESSMAKING, ALSO SOME illustrating 30 of the various, simple stitches), all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY

## -.- Work for Busy Fingers

## Edgings for Handkerchiefs

Abbreviations: ch, chain; tr, treble; d c, double crochet. cotton No. 36, and a steel crochet-hook size 6, also some muslin for the handker-

No. 1
A $1 / 4$ of an inch away from the edge of a square of material draw out 12 threads on
all sides, only drawing out the threads as far as the corner where they meet, and not to end of stuff; roll edge on wrong side, as for whipping, as far as the drawn
threads; then, holding the work with the right side uppermost, insert hook (having part, draw cotton through, cotton over hook, and draw through both loops on
hook, ${ }^{3} 3 \mathrm{ch}$, miss 6 threads, anid work


Three Dainty Edgings for Trimming Hand-
1 d c over rolled edge; repeat from * until corner is reached; here work 6-d c, with 3 ch between, to hold the roll firmly;
continue the straight part until next continue the straight part
corner, and so on all round
and 2nd Row.-Slip-stitch to 1 st loop of 3 ch, ${ }^{\mathrm{d}} \mathrm{d} \mathbf{c}$ into next loop, 1 tr into next
 worked, 1 tr into loop; repeat from
twice, 1 d c into next, 1 d c into next; repeat from * all round, working at corners
6 tr, with picots as described into centre

No. 2
Prepare the centre in same manner as
for No. 1, but only draw out 4 threads, and work a row of $d \mathrm{c}$ all round, missing only 4 threads for the hem, working 5 d c 2nd Row.- 1 d c on $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{c}, * 5 \mathrm{ch}$, miss 1
$\mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}, 1 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ into next, and repeat from ${ }^{*}$ all. round Row.-Slip-stitch to centre of 1st loop, $* 6 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ into 5 th ch from hook, 5


Ladder Pattern Lace.
ch, 1 d c into same stitch, 5 ch, 1 d cinto same stitch, $1 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{~d}$ c into next loop, 5
ch, 1 d c into next loop; repeat from round. At corners the three picots should come over the two corner loops.

## No. 3

Prepare the centre as for No. 1, but
only draw out 9 threads
into edge over roll, then 1 ch, miss 6
threads, threads, $1 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$, and continue thus all round, working at corners 5 d c , with 1 ch
between.

5 ch , miss. 1 d into 1 lst 1 ch space, space, 1 tr into next, ${ }^{* *} 5$ ch, 1 tr into top of tr just worked, 1 tr into same space; repeat from 5 ch , miss 1 space $1 d$, 1 into next, 5 ch, miss 1 space, 1 d c into
next, $5 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{~d}$ c into same space; repeat next, 5 ch, 1 d c into same space; repeat
from ${ }^{\text {* all round, working at corners a fan }}$. with 5 picots instead of 3 into centre space.

Cluny Lace in Crochet
Cluny lace can be effectively copied in crochet, and it is very dainty in narrow
widths for trimming underlinen, and forms a pleasing variation from ordinary crochet.
Abbreviations: ch, chain; $\mathbf{d}$ c, double crochet; 1 t , long treble (cotton twice over hook).
Materials: Peri-Lusta crochet cotton No. 70 and a steel crochet hook size 6 .
Commence with 14 ch. A Group: * Cotton twice over hook,


The New Cluny Crochet.
insert hook into stitch required, cotton over, and draw through, cotton over,
draw through two loops, cotton over draw through two loops, cotton over from * twice, cotton over hook, draw through all loops on hook.
1st Row.-Miss 9 ch, 1 d c, into next
ch, 6 ch, $1 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$, into last ch, turn. 2nd ch, $6 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$, into last ch, turn. 2nd loop, 7 ch, turn. 3rd Row. -1 d c, into centre d cof $7,6 \mathrm{ch}, 1$ group, $1 \mathrm{ch}, 1$ group,
3 ch, 1 group, all into last d c, turn. 4th $3 \mathrm{ch}, 1$ group, all into last d c, turn. 4 th
Row.- 3 d c, into 3 ch loop, 1 d c , into 1 Row.- 3 d c, into 3 ch loop, 1 de e, into 1
ch between groups,, 7 d c, over next loop,
7 d c, into last loop, 8 ch , turn. 5 5th Row. -1 d c, into centre d c of $7,6 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$, into centre $d$ cof next $7,6 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{dc}$, , on last
$\mathrm{d} \mathbf{c}$ at end of previous row, d c at end of previous row, turn. 6th
Row. -7 d c, over first loop, 7 d c, over next, 4 d c, into end loop, 7 ch, turn. th Row. 1 de , into centre dc of $7,6 \mathrm{ch}$,
1 d , into centre d c of next $7,6 \mathrm{ch}$ group, 1 ch, 1 group, 3 ch, 1 group, all into last de at end of 4th row, turn. 8th Row. $-1 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}, 5 \mathrm{ch}, 2 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$, into 3 ch loop, $1 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$,
into 1 ch between groups, $7 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$, over first into 1 ch loop, 7 d c , over each of the next two
6 centre d chor $7,6 \mathrm{ch}, 1 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{c}$ into centre d c of next 7, turn.
the commencement of For Heading.-Work 5 d c over each ch loop, and $1 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{c}$, between the two bars
that join.

## Ladder Pattern Lace

$$
\text { Cast on } 12 \text { stitches. }
$$

1st Row. Slip 1, knit 1, knit 2
gether, make 1, knit gegether, knit 3 , * make 2, mait 2. knit 2 2nd Row-Make 1, knit 2 together, knit 1, purl 1, knit 10.
3rd Row. To in
knit 2 together, make 2 , rnit 2 , make 2 knit 2 together, make 2, knit 2,
4th Row.-Make 1, knit 2 4th Row.-Make 1, knit 2 together,
knit 1, purl 1, knit 2, purl 1, knit 10. 6th Row.-Mo in 1st row, knit 7 more. knit 2 together, knit 13 ,
7th Row. To
8th Row.-Make 1, then knit 2 to-

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. The Discouraged Poet "Everything seems to be going wrong!"
sighed the poet. "I asked the my lodgings this morning what had become of the paper that I'd left lying on " 'Oh, sir,' said she, 'I thought it was waste paper, and I threw it in the wasteI hadn't written anything ow it waste paper

Frank Gotch and Fa


$\qquad$

- WINDSOR, ONT
$\qquad$ orrmices. Send roo Booklet
Blds.1 Minneapolis, Minn
.n .man If you watch closely you will see that Metal ribbons and brilliantly colored new styles to break away from the rem The high collar seems to be an accom-
straight line effects and return to the fitted plished fact. styles.
One sees jackets with well curved under- the throat closing at the side or around arm seams, and shaped side pieces. But front.
there are also coats in all lengths that In sleeves; $7 / 8$ and $3 / 4$ length prevail. hang loose and straight from neck to hem, Afternoon gowns show short sleeves. The as well as knee length fitted jackets with
cutaway rippled skirt additions which fit
long sleeve is not misplaced.
Shoulder lines are long. close to the figure and open over a waist- Few embroideries are used copt with a high choker collar. The most in colors, brown leads in all shades on coats as a trimming have disappeared negre, and shimmering shades of light
entirely. Any that are serviceable are golden brown. permissible. Armholes are deep and Tan in gray tones and in shades tinged
wide, and sleeves are big; cuffs are deep with rose is worn; likewise is gray in steel and straight, wide collars are gathered and slate. All black and combinations of collar may be rolled high or worn open. Astrakan is used for trimming in street
A very new skirt has two straight dresses and suits.

widths of material seamed at the sides, Zibeline cloth has been revived.
with fulness from knee to belt shaped Evening head dresses are made of jet into five gores.
In tailored skirts, slender hips generally and two jet bands over the ears. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { are the rule with panel and yoke effects. } & \text { Tailored dresses are trimmed with } \\ \text { In dress skirts one sees front draperies } & \text { rosettes made of plaited silk braid and }\end{array}$ as well as flat effects in back and front. belts of twisted braid.
The fullness is most pronounced at the Plaid velour and wool jersey is combined sides. 1
Cape wraps are used for sport and in effective street frocks.
Dressy separate skirts are made of
dressy wear. Shawl wraps of heavy plaited tulle, banded with ribbon velour dressy wear. Shawl wraps of heavy plaited tulle, banded with ribbon velour
reversible wool-velour are trimmed with and worn over a satin drop skirt.
heavy wool fringe. Coats of colored velour are worn with of suit jackets.
dresses of black faille or taffeta. The dresses are finished with stitching blouse suit in tan velour, is caught up
in the coat colors, or banded with bias and strips of the coat material.
Tailored belts are worn on one side of Coat dresses are popular. Some have the dress only. The belt reaching from
straight lines, belted at the normal waist- the centre front over the left side to the line; others are made with a semi-fitted centre back. In trimmings one sees cording, tucks in pockets at both ends. They may serve Wool and jersey braids share much used. as a muff substitute. $\quad$ Cross stitch and feather stitch is used A smart trimming may be made of on dresses for small children.
bands of equal width in silk and velvet, A Smart School Dress. 2694-This or braid and voile, or again of fur and will prove a comfortable, and "easy-tofrom the neck to hem.


This Real Gasoline Auto for Boys and Girls \$150ㅇ..other Prizes




## THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY

 If you have alwaye dreaded to whit the evildren do swenter and woolleng for foer they d hatiint rad thicken-you'll be
defighited to know about Lux.

You can wath them as often as nocenary-juit dip them up aid down in the thick, creamy, cleinuing Lux lather-no rubbing or twitting- io shrinking
or matting of the wool fibers Theyil alwaye come out of the Lux wath as ooft flecey and A. All ailke and dainty fabrice can be safely wathod with the pure
Lux fakee- they barm nothing that pure wator

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Blue serge could be trimmed with tan mailed to any address
satin or silk, braid also would form an
cents in silveror stamps satin or silk, braid also would form an A Practical Set for the "Little Ones."

 mill require 31\%y yirds of 40-inch material yoke, and long or short ind practical, and a address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or slip with added skirt portion at cambric ${ }^{\text {stamps. }}$ Interesting Gown, $2680-$ This simple style could be attractively developed in black charmeuse and tivan erep,
or it blick satin and beige silk duvety.
It also good for combinations of velvet and satin, serge and silk, georgette crepe
and satin
 cut in 7 sizes: $34,36,38,40,42$, 44 aines 7
inches bust measure. Size
yards of one materil 40 inchequires wide. yards of one material 40 inches wide.
The dress measures about 2 yards at the
lower edge. TTo make sleeves and overlower edge. To make sleeves and on on
blouse of contrasting material, as ill
trated, will require $3 \% / 8$ yards of material


address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stampse
A Youthful and Chic Costume. $2677-$ Ah Youthful and Chic Costume. $2677-$ en
This will be very attractive in velveten, This will be very atractive in velveteen,
duvety, serge, stan, plaid or check
suititg. The raised whistline suing. The raised waistline is very
becoming to slender figures. The skirt is gathered to the waist under a deep tuck,
The right front of the waist overlaps the Teft at the closing. The pattern is cut in
lot let sires: 16,18 and 20 years. Width of
skirt at lower edge is 1 y yard. Size 16 will require 3 3/, yards of 54 -inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address.
or stamps.
A New Frock for Mothers Girl. 2706 suiting may make this of plaid or check wash fabrics with pique, drill or linene for rimming. The waist is cut in surplic ashion and is lengthened by a full pep um. The sleeve may be in wrist or elbow
length. The pattern for this attractive design is cut in 3 sizes: 12,14 and 16 years. design is cut in 3 sizes: 12 , 14 and 16 years
Sire 14 will require 41 , yards of 36 anch
material. A pattern of this illustration
muslin. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: small, $32-34 ;$ medium, $36-38 ;$ large, 40-42;
extra large $44-46$ inches bust measure. Size medium will require 41/4 yards of $36-$ tion maited t. A pattern of this ilustra0 cents in silver or stamps.
Child's Rompers with Sleeve in Either Two Lengths. 2678-Checked gingcollar and belt could be used for this model. Striped seersucker, zalatea, flannelette, poplin, khaki and drill is service-
able also. The bloomers portion is made with a drop back. The sleeve may be in wrist or ellow length. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: $2,4,6$ and 8 years. Size 4 will require $23 /$ yards of 36 -inch material. A
pattern of this illustration address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or ${ }_{A}$ APractical Comfortable Desion 2087 Chractical, Comfortable Design. ${ }^{2287}$ domet or canton flannel, flannelette, cambricict nainsook, or muslin The garment
will be found very


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Mrs. Percy G. McLaughlin, Lawrence Station, N.B. writes:-"I am writing to and Nerve Pills, and find since I commenced to use them that I feel altogether $a$ different woman. I was weak and
run down from my heart and nerves, and was recommended to try your pills by
Mr. James H. Scott who has taken them, and says if it were not for them he could not live. When I finish the box I am now taking I will be completely cured. a wonderful medicine, and I , will gladly
recommend it to one and all." recommend it to one and and any way from the all heart or nerves, Milburrn's Heart They strengthen and stimulate the weak. They strengthen and stimulate the weak heart to pump pure, rich, red blood to
all parts of the body, strengthen the all parts of the body, sire ag feeling
shattered nerves, and bring a
contentment over the whole body. contentment over the whole body.
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burn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.


## RHEUMATISM <br> A HOME CURE GIVEN BY ONE

 AD In the spring of 1893 I was attackedby Muscuar and Inflammatory Rheum-
atism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for as on thy thoe years. who
hried remedy after remety, and doctor after doctor, but such relief as $I$ re- re
ceived was only temporary. Finaly, I
toun arem that cured me com. ound a remedy that cured me com.
Oetely, and it has never returned. pletely, and it has never returned. I
have given it to a number who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden
Rheumatism; and it effected a cure in every case.
I want every sufferer from any form
wheumatic trouble to try this marvelIous healining power. Don't send a cent.
simply mail your name Impili sen sen it free to try Adrer and
have used it and it has proven itself to
hat have used it and it has proven itself to
be that long-looked- for means of curing your rheumatism, you may send the
price of it, one doliar, but understand,
I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Isn't that fair? Why suffer any longer when
positive rilief is ths offed you free?
 Bldg. Syracuse, N.Y.
Mr. Jackson is responsible. Above

CANCER
(2) and Tumors successfully treated



The Western Home Monthly
61
fortable. If desired, the foot portions lengths portrayed. The dress is a one-
may be omitted. The pattern is cut in 5 piece model, with the fulness confined may be omitted. The pattern is cut in 5 piece model, with the fulness confined
sizes $: 4,6,8$, 10 and 12 years. It requires
3 under the belt. The pattern is cut in 77 sizes.4, of 36 -inch material for a 6 -year sizes: $34,36,38,40,42$, 44 and 46 inches
3 yards
size. A pattern of this illustration mailed bust measure. Size 38 requires 6 yards to any address on receipt of 10 cents in of 36 -inch material. The skirt measures silver or stamps.
A Good Home Service Uniform. 2675 about $23 / 8$ yards at the foot. A pattern of
this illustration mailed to any address on -This is a very practical set, comprising an apron dress that is neat and simple, and
will be found comfortable to work in, and will be found comfortable to work in, and easy to develop. It has roomy pockets
and a sleeve that may be finished in wrist an elbow length. The cap is a good pro-
tector for the head, against dust and grime. Gingham, khaki, seersucker, drill
and lawn are good materials for this styl and lawn are good materials for this style.
The pattern is cut in 7 sizes: $34,36,38,40$, The pattern is cut in 7 sizes: $34,36,38,40$,
42,44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size
38 requires $61 / 8$ yards of 36 -inch material. 38 requires 618 yards of 36 -inch material.
Width at lower edge is about $21 / 3$ yards. A pattern of this illustration mailed to
any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps. be made up attractively in castor color Its distinctive feature is the plastron, which could be embellished with a touch, of worsted or chenille embroidery. Serge,
duvetyn, velvet, satin, checked or plaid duvety, velined with some plain fabric,
suiting, combined
are also good for this style. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: $14,16,18$ and 20 years. Size 16 will require $51 / 8$ yards of 36-nce
material. Width of skirt at lower edge is material. Width of skirt at lower edge is
about $13 / 4$ yard. A pattern of this illus-
tration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps. A Natty Suit for Mother's Boy. 2685 Serge, cheviot, tweed, velvet, corduroy, gatye. The trousers are finished with side
slosing. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: closing. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes:
$3,4,5$ and 77 years. Size 4 will require 3
yards of 44 -inch material. yards of $44-$ inch material. A pattern of
this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.
A Seasonable Style. 2704 -This Coat may be made of plush and other pile fabrics, or of broadcloth, velvet, serge,
cheviot and corduroy. The lines are
simple. The cap may be of the same simple. The cap may be of the same
material as the coat, or of fur, fur fabrics, velvet, plush,
pattern is cut in 5 sizes: $4,6,8,10$ and 1 years. Size 8 will require $23 / 4$ yards 44 -inch material for the coat, and $3 / 4$ yard
of 27 -inch material for the cap. A of 27-inch material for the cap. A
pattern of this illustration mailed to any
address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps. A Smart Costume. Waist-2688. Skirt 2688 and Skirt Pattern 2687 This 2688 and Skirt Pattern 2687. The waist
is finished with the now so fashionable back closing. It is a youthful style and especially becoming to slender figures.
As here shown, mixed suiting in brown tones was used, with nutria fur for trimming. Satin and serge could be com-
bined, or velvet and satin or silk, with braid, and buttons for trimming. The waist pattern is cut in 6 sizes: $34,36,38$,
40,42 and 44 inches bust measure. The skirt in 6 sizes: $22,24,26,28,30$ and 32
inches waist measure. To make the inches waist measure. To make the
costume of 36 -inch material for a 38 -inch size will require $61 / 8$ yards. Width of
skirt at lower edge is about $17 / 8$ yards. skirt at lower edge is about $1 / 8$ yarrds.
Ths illustration calls for two separate patterns, which will be mailed to any
address on receipt of 10 cents for each pattern in silver or stamps.
A Smart Style for the Growing Girl A
Smart Style for the Growing Girl satin, velveteen, jersey cloth, plaid or
check suiting, taffeta, and crepe. The check suiting, taffeta, and crepe. The waist is arranged on a lining The sleeve
may be finished in wrist or elbow length.
The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 14 will require $43 / 4$ yards
of 36 -inch material. A pattern of this of 36 -inch material. A pattern of this
illustration mailed to any address on lilustration mailed to any address
receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps. A Stylish Dress for the Growing Gir
2366 -This attractive model would de velop well in blue serge, with a trimming of soutache braid. The waist closes at
the side, under a jaunty collar. The skirt he side, under a jaunty collar. The skirt
is arranged in plaits. The pattern pro-
vides a short, wide sleeve, and one vides a short, waide sleeve, and one
finished in wrist length, both with a
fither smart cuff. It is cut in 4 sizes: $6,8,10$
and 12 years. Size 10 requires $47 / 8$ yards of 36 -inch material. A pattern of this
illustration illustration material. $A$ a pattern of adtress on
receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps. A Simple, Practical Model. 2359The busy house worker will readily apThe front closing makes adjustment easy.
The sleeve may be in either of the two
receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps. 2684 -This is a good model for Garment. 2684 -This is a good model for nainsook, It is a one-piece garment, comprising It is a one-piece garment, comprising
camisole and drawers, and may be frished
with straight lower edge with straight lower edge, or in "knicker"
style. The pattern is cut in 4 size style. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: small ${ }_{\text {r }}$ 32-34; medium, $36-38$; large, 40-42; extra
large, 44-46 inches bust measure. Size
medium requires $25 / 8$ yards of 36 -ineh medium requires $25 / 8$ yards of 36 -ineh
material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 A Charming Dress for Mother's Girl. 2692-This attractive model is easy to
develop. It has new and atfractive features and will lend itself nicely to any of the materials now in vogue. One could
use serge in blue or brown with braid trimming, or velvet combined with silk. Corduroy, mixtures, plaid or check suitin
would also be suitable. The pattern would also be suitable. The pattern
cut in 4 sizes: $6,8,10$ and 12 years. Si 10 will require $51 / 4$ yards of 27 -inch mailed to any address on receipt of 10

A Hopeless Inquiry A stranger was questioning Helen, try-
mg to get her to say her father's first name. "Wh now "What does your mother call your "She calls him my daddy." him, what does she say?" "She says, '659 please,'" was Helen's "I. don't mean when she calls him at the office. When she tells him to get up in the morning, what does she call him? "She ss

And the Dish, Too Dominico, a famous harlequin of Paris n the seventeenth century, going to se dish of partridges. The king who a exceedingly fond of his acting, saw the exceedingly fond of his acting, saw the
look, and said, "Give that dish to Dom"And the partridges, too, sire?" asked The king smiled at the artfulness o the question," and replied, "And the partridges, too",
The dish that held the partridges was
of gold.

Cooking Under Difficulties By way of illustrating the roughness of some railway road-beds in this country,
the Boston Transcript tells the following the Boston Transcript tells the following A traveller, eating his breakiast in the dining-car, had ordered, among other hings, two soft-fried eggs. The rest o ine order came immediately, but he waited in vain for the eggs.
Finally, when the traveler's patience was almost exhausted, the waiter appeared, smiling and apologetic, but withou "Sorry 'bout dem fried eggs, boss. De Sorry 'bout dem fried eggs, boss. De
cook says de road's so rough dat ebery
time he tries to fry de eggs, dey scrambles."

## Great Expectation

They were city folks, says a contributor to Everybody's Magazine, and they had ust become comfortably established on With the help of suggestions from interested neighbors, they were fitting out the lace, and it was the wife who approached one of the kinaly larmers win the ques "How many egg
good hen to lay?" No More Asthma.-Dr. J. D. Kellogg's this trying trouble. It stops the awful chok-
ing and painful breathing. It guards against ing and painful breathing. It guards against
night attacks and gives renewed ability to
sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is
claimed for this remedy, but onothing but what
can be demonstrated by a trial. If you whifer an be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer
trom asthma try it and convince yourself of
its great value.


GRAY haired women need not be handicapped by theit whitening locks, either in business or socially. The natural colorless liquid applied by combing through the hair

This great discovery is of vital importance now, when so many home women must become bread winners. Now, today, before you start onyournew work, bring back the natural color of yourhairwith

## G)fury 7 Yathmang <br> Thair Oolor Restorer

Notacrudedye, naturally repulkive to fastidious women, butat apure, clean preparation which docen thererere as permissible as that of the powder
which every woman knowa he neede.
But-no one need know you uec it - even your best friende. When the first gray threado app
get your firre botle. Thir no none will ouppect thate soys

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Titlo
Litile Bras d'Or, C.B
of wis a terrible stiferer from I had pain after eating, belching gas, constanitheadichess and did notsleep well at night. I lost so much weight - going from 185 pounds to 14 pounds-thatif became alarmed and baw several doctors who, however did me no good. Finally, a friend fold me to try 'Fruiha-lives'.
In a week, there was improvement The constipation was corrected; and boon I was free of pain, headache and that miserable feeling that tocompantes Dyspepsia. I continued to take this splendid fruit medicine and how I am well, strong and
ROBERT NEWTON 50c. a bos, 6 for ${ }^{*} 2.50$, tial size 25 c At al dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tive Umited, Ottawa.

## DMINTS NERVES MINDE STRONG

## By Lydio E. Pinkham: Vegetable Compound.

 -romeminion

 aid wix wix
 Lydia e. Pincham't
Vegetable Com:
pound and though! pound and thoughi
I would try it $M y$
nervousness soon Fell and feel fine lift me. In morning and end Lydia E. Pinkham's Ilady recomCompound to make weak nerve strong" "- Mra. ALBERT SuLTzE, 608
Olmstead St. Winona; Minn. How often do win hear the omong women, "I am so nervous, I cannot gloep," or "it seems as though I hould fily" Such women should profit Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com: pound, a trial.
For forty years it has been overcom-
Ing such serious conditions as displacemonts, inflammation, ulceration irreElarities, periodic pains, backache, diz ziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the stan
dard remedy for such ailments.

## THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY

## anmen Correspondence

 Will readers kindly note that it is the letter of "Gunshot Bill," and wouldltrictly against our rules to give the name like to correspond with him. I am now and address of any writer to the Corres- weary of writing and will sign myself,
Wendeary Willie pondence page. Stamped letters, how-
ever, sent to the Editor, will be forwarded
to the desired party

## Will Answer Letters


A Lettor from Mabel Dear Editor:-I am a very enthusiastic reader of your paper, particularly the present in Winnipeg, but would love to present in Winnipeg, but would love to Perhaps some nice young homesteader
will care to write to me I am twenty will care to write to me. I am twentyof an affectionate disposition. Will be very glad indeed to answer all letters.
$\mathbf{M y}$ address is with the Editor.

## Disagrees with "Phyllis"

Dear Editor:-Would you kindly admit another reader in your Correspondence the magazine from cover to cover. Just
as soon as I finish reading it, I send it to as soon as I finish reading it, I send it to
my soldier brother overseas, who is now my soldier brother overseas, who is now
in a hospital in England recovering from wounds. While in France he received
The Western Home Monthlys I sent him, The Western Home Monthlys I sent him,
and they were so appreciated they went and they were so appreciated they went
the round of the regiment before he had a chance to see them himself, and a call
for more short story magazines came
back to me. He says we have no idea the back to me. He says we have no idea the
pleasure the boys get out of a book in
their spare time. What tempted me to their spare time. What tempted me to
write was a letter in the September number signed "Phyllis", She says she would any other than a private house party, and any other than a private house party, an
disagrees on dances for patriotic, an
Red Cross purposes. I don't dance, Red Cross purposes. I don't dance, bu
do favor such for any ,good purpose. do favor such for any good purpose. I
am sorry for "Phyllis." I amm thinking
the proceeds of an "at home" or dance the proceeds of an at home or dance,
in aid of anything towards the comforts
of our boys that are so dear to us would of our boys that are so dear to us would
be mighty small, if we all held the same be mighty small, if we all held the same
opinion as "Phyllis." Put your pride in
your pocket, "Phylis"" and sail forth opour pocket, "Phyllis," and sail forth. I I
could go on and tell of the wonderful
doings that have taken place all towards doings that have taken place all towards
that ever good cause, the Red Cross, and that ever good cause, the Red Cross, and
danecing helped to swell the funds, but I
don't want to take up too much time, so will close. Would like a few correspondents between the age of 25 a
address is with the Editor.

Has Great Time Skating
Dear Editor:-I am a very interested
reader of your magazine, and have now taken courage to write, although I am and am the whole "cheese." I am am also
an an editor's daughter, but do not like the job of setting type very much. I received my entrance at school, but that is as far
as I have gone or will go, because I do
not like school. not like school.
river. A large crowd was down the the the
night, and the night, and the ice certainly did crack. We were playing "crack the whip," and
a bunch of big boys swung us, and we
certainly did fly. Once I was certainly did fly. Once I was on the end
and the person next to me let go and I and the person next to me let go and I just went flying over the ice, and gave and am always amongst the on-goings
out-doors. I was very much pleased with

## Dear Editor:-Not until lately have I

$\triangle$ Race for Life beconese an interested reader of your paper, and I am now on the
loin the Coressondence page. I am
"chief cook and bottle washer", at a "chief cook and bottle washer" at a a
bakery here, and it takes the baker all
his time buying dishes I go out visiting his time buying dishes. I go out visiting
every afternoon, and often go for a glide
on the river, but once I made a mistake on the river, but once I made a mistake
and took a cold bath. It certainly was a and took a cold bath. It certainly was a
race for life that time. Feet and hands
flying to get out of the water, and I sucflying to get out of the water,
ceeded, but how I cannot tell. We had a very exciting day when the armistice was signed. An effigy of the
Kaiser was made and we soaked him with coal oil and sent him blazing.
I like horseback riding, but as I am a I like horseback riding, but as I am a
resident of the town I do not get the chance very often.
I do not
"Does not agree with such topics as being discussed in The After Marriagee Monthly. By reading this letter you
will not know whether I am a boy or a will not know whether I am a boy or a of seventeen years of age. I agree with "Gunshot Bill" that all men are not slackers, not when they have an old
mother and father to provide for or when
they are the only help on the farm. I was they are the only help on the farm. I was
out haying this summer, but did not have the chance to wear overalls like most girls,
for the simple reason I couldn't find any. Ior the simple reason I couldn't find any. who cares to write. It is bed time and I
am tired.

Tired Tim.

## A Word from U. S.

Dear Editor:-I read your valuable
paper every month, and I certainly enjoy
the Correspondence page. There are so the Correspondence page. There are so
many interesting letters. I was very
interested in "OOser"" been observing by appearances. I was raised in Alberta and certainly like it
there, and I long for the day when I can get back. I lang for the day when I can here now, and hope to be through in the spring, then "Canada for mine," I like
riding, skating, sleighing, tennis and all riding, skating, sleighing, tennis and all
kinds of sports. I also enjoy the good Old Country dances. We have quite a pleased if "Tommy Bings" would write. Wishing The
every success,

Canadian Lover.
The Change from "Over There" Dear Editor:-Having just recently reread some of your magazines, and imme Correspondence portion.
Being so greatly bored with this quiet western life,, after four years activity "over there," I promptly, determined to
"advance on the "Western' front" by forwarding a little epistle of my own. I became so greatly accustomed to the
great sociability of army life that I canno reat sociability of army life that I cannot
refrain from taking any steps possible however unconventional, to endeavor to form some lady friends. I expect many of Perhaps this step on my part is becaus F-lirting C-rowd!
As I am very musically inclined, even
being a composer, I should very much being a composer, I should very much
like some of your musical young lady readers to correspond with me to help me overcome the boredom and depression
this lonely farm life gives me. Trusting o be the recipient of many letters from the lady readers of your excellent publica

Late 10th A London Rely Lieut.
Bought Victory Bonds
Dear Editor:-I have been an interested
but silent reader of The Western Home but silent reader of The Western Home ine paper. I like to see the different views of the correspondents. Isn't it great that the war is over? Oh! how glad
we all are. I have no brothers we all are. I have no brothers, so none
are in this war, but I have lots of cousins
in it, and twe have made the supreme

TOOK SEYERE COLD settled oll chest.

## Bad Gough for Weeks.

The cold starts with a little running of the nose, the head becomes stuffed up but little attention is paid to it, thinkin perhaps it will go away in a day or two You neglect it, and then it gets dow lungs, and it is a case of cough, coug morning, noon and night.
However slight a cold you have yo bility, if you do not treat it in time will develop into bronchitis, pneumonis or some other serious throat or lun trouble.
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is a from any bronchial trouble. It stimu lates the weakened bronchial organ soothes and heals the irritated parts loosens the phlegm and mucous, and aid
nature to clear away the morbid accumu nature
Mrs. Wm. Kaye, Talmage, Sask, writes:- "Last winter I took a sever
cold which settled on my chest. I haid a bad cough for weeks. I got some med cine from our doctor but it did me n
good. At last a friend advised me to tr Ir. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup which that my cold was better. I have recommended it to my neighbors, and they
say they would not be without it."
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is fo
sale by all dealers. Price 25 c . sale by a
a bottle.
Manufactured only by The T. Milbut Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## ACureforPimples <br> "Youdon'tneed mercury, potash or any other strong mineral to blood. Take Extract of Rootsdruggist calls it "Mother Seigers Carative Syrap-and your ekin will clear up as fresh as a baby's regulate your bowels." Get the genume. 50 c . and $\$ 1.00$ Bottles. At drug stores.

## Children Need Help

panking doesn't cure bed-wetting the trouble is due to weaknes ul hinternal organs. My success elpful Sead no wil be found me to-day My treaney, but write successful for adults troubled will rinary difficulties.
MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 86, Windsor, Ont

$\qquad$ cold you have you
ct it. In all possict it. In all possionchitis, pneumonia,
ous throat or lung
ray Pine Syrup is a trouble. It stimuthe irritated parts, the irritated parts, the morbid accumuBr Thase, Sale
 r but it did me no ad advised me to try g one bottle 1 found better. I have reneighors, a Pine Syrup is for
by The T. Milbutn
rPimples
mercury, potash caused by poor "uliother Seigel's -and your ekin reurstomachand wels." Get the
leed Help
cure bed-wetting lue to weakness t will be found noney, but write atment is equally

30x 86, Windsor, Onl STAnd Form Sent Free Thora's French Cor-
Th of Bus Develop-
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or 12
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## Interesting Books Winter Evenings

[OOKS are good friends to have when the extreme cold and short days both combine to make us spend so much time indoors.

We offer any book mentioned below postpaid in return for one year's subscription to The Western Home Monthly. Each book is printed on good paper and contains between two hundred and three hundred pages. Glance through the list of titles and we feel sure that you will discover several that you would like to own.

No. By Marie Corelli
3-Wormwoo
4-Vendetta
By Charles Garvice
No. ${ }^{\text {5-Claire }}$
6-Elaine
7-Her Heart's Desire
8-Her Ransom
9-The Marquis 10-A Wasted Love 11-The Usurper 12-A Passionate Love 13-My Lady's Pride 14-Woven on Fate's Loom 15-Her Humble Lover 16-Farmer Holt's Daughter 7-Her Faithful Heart 18-Stella's Fortune 19-Sculptor's Wooing 20-Adrian Leroy 21-Royal Signet 22-A Coronet of Shame 23-Love So True 24-Perfect Trust

By Alezandre Dumas
27-Camille
28-Count of Monte Cristo 30-Corsican Brothers 33-Chevalier de Maison Rouge 35-Fratricide
40-Monte Cristo and His Wife
44-Mansaniello
51 -Son of Monte Cristo
52-Suicides
By Sir Henry Rider Haggard 59-She

By Sir Arthur Conan Doyle
60-A Case of Identity 61-The Sign of the Four 62-A Study in Scarlet 64-The Red-Headed League 65-A Scandal in Bohemia
66-Sherlock Holmes Detective

By Mary Jane Holmes No. 67-Tempest and Sunshine 69--English Orphans 69-Old Hagar's Sec 71-Meadowbrook 72-Dora Deane 73-Cousin Maude 74-Rosamonde 75-Mildred

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76-Tried For Her Lif 77-How He Won Her 78-Ishdden Han 80-Self Raised 81-Gypsy's Prophecy 82-Gypsy's Prophecy 83-The Lost Heiress

By Bertha M. Clay
84-A Queen Among Women 85-For Another's Sin 86-The Jealous Husband 88-Thrown on the World 89-Between Two Loves 90-A Mad Love 91-Catherinu's Flirtations 92-Like No Other Love 94-The Shadow of a Sin 96-The Shattereí Idol 97-Love for a Day 98-The Squire's Darling 99-Her Second Love 101-A Woman's Temptation 102-At War With Herself 103-Jesse 104-The False Vow 105-A Broken Wedding-Ring 106-A Bride of Love 107-His Wife's Judgment 111-Wife in Name Only 112-Lady Diana's Pride 114-Dora Thorn 115-A Golden Dawn 116-Sir Arthur's Heiress 117-A Romance of a Young Girl 118-Lord Lynne's Choice 119-A Fiery Ordeal 120-The Shadow of the Past

## Order Books by Namber



## THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY, Winnipeg

Enclosed find \$
Home Monthly for.
for which send me The Western
| Home Monthly for
 think you had an easier ume in tow ing in the councry. have heis work
ing on the farm outide of this wear overalls and think them fine for

 jobss, 1 am very fond of reading and
music, and do knitting and crochetung in
 ${ }^{1}$ I wonder how many radeder have buoght they are a splendid investment. Hoping to see this letter in print, milly Miggs.
Wounded Enjoy Dances and Concerts Dear Eaitor:-After reading the letters in the Correspondenco pase, and finding dancing in war time, Inthink $I$ will ivin say a tom words rearding , same II we
wereall like "Skky Scraper," what a dull



 they thought they were makain those
whom they love best miserable jut because they are doing their bit. Why here in England the boys are invited out
in large numbers from the hositan 10 dances and concerts. Do you think the would go if theort did not approve of it? One can emioy themselves and still feel for the boys. It doos not do to meara one's
heart on their slowes. it memmad to tead how some of the e girts arems belping b working on the farm, but Tilike city
best
bife
 Bings
heater, and would very much hike
from her alo $G$ wendolyn and to haar

Judy.
Wants to Discuss Music
Dear Editor:-May I have a little space
your most interesting paper? I have in your most interesting paper? I have took your paper some time in the year am twenty-three years old, with dark hair and hazel eyes and of a sunny disposi-
tion. I am very fond of music. I play tion. I am very fond of music. I play
the ukulele, but I don't care very much for ukuele, but I don't care very much
dancing, though I am very fond of riding, shooting and fishing. I came to reading the letters in The Western much Monthly. There are some very interestin and amusing topies discussed in your columns. I quite agree with "Gunshot Bill" not be called slackers. It is not fair to those who have tried to go and could not. How many of you readers are looking forward to the dear ones coming home thousands who will look in vain.
Why not start a discussion regarding music and singers? It would be interes ing to find out who liked some certain
singer the most. I like Ada Jones, also Billy Murray. If anyone cares to writ I will answer all letters. My address is with the Editor. A Soldier's Widow.

Farmer's Daughter
Dear Editor:-This is my first letter to your interesting paper. I like it fine especially the Correspondence page, to which I always turn first. My mother
has taken The Western Home Monthly has taken The Western Home Monthly
for five or six years, and I don't believe or five-or six years, and I don't believe Iaughter and like farm life very much. also like music and singing. I have just November issue, and I heartily agree with all she says. "Happy," you certainly must be a real sport. Although I don' dance, your letter appeals to me. Wish n'll sign myself,

A Jolly Girl
An Always Ready Pill.-To those of regular
habit medicine is of little concern, but the

great majority of men are not of regular habit.
The worry and cares of business pevent it,
and out of the irregularity of life comes dys.
and out of the irregularity of lific comes dys.
pepsia, indigestion, liver and kidey troubles
as a protest. The run-down system demands
pepsia, indesestion, Tiver and sidney troubles
as a protest The rund own system temands
a corcetive and here is. none beter than
Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple


Ágain We Say Throw Away Your Truss

RUPTURE COMPLETEEY CUREDSOUND AND WEL

 Yourn trilv.

An And udere almant the umo dato- the mather
2. Monberd Rool

Sidinimod
April 11th, 1915.
Mr. C. E. Brooks,
Dear Sir: A line to thank you
for what your ance has done for my mour son. After wearing it following September. can say he is quite serving his country in France at his own You can make what use you like of these, my thanks.
moublit hutth
(Mrs, E, Whitte.)

Sent on Trial



 at and maill the coupon.


## What the World is Saying

On the Job Day and Night. All the world knows now what

## In Wex-ravaged Irance

Well, anyway, farmers in Northern France won't hion

## Culto $\mathrm{S}_{0}$

In 1871 Germany had no navy or merchant-marine

## Would Trede Of the Krupp Works

 Germany would likely exchange all the Essen outfit tor one good
## To Mako Jugo-mitaria Diy

Wo suppose things will not get to running good in the Bellemens before the pros will bo forming a big movemen
to take the Jug out of Jugo-slavia.- New York Sun.

## The World Will Not Yorget It

It. would be well to remember that Germany gave in becruece she was conquered
converted.-Iondon Daily Mail.

## It Is

Tho faot that Germany, from beggar to banker, hetes England is one of the Anest on
paid a nation. - San Francisco Bulletion.

## $\triangle$ Quention, Indoed

Can it be that Clermany is not going to charge King Abert anything for aaving taken care or Belgium for him. during the mo

## Wheat

The quantity, quality and price of wheat will have much to do with carrying Canada safely

## $\triangle$ Use for It

Thet surrendered German navy will come in handy for voricing the seas when the league of
finally cetablished. - Philadelphia Enquirer.

## The Would-be World-ruler

Looking back over his thirty years of Kaisering, whet do you suppose Winhim thinks or it as a piece on Journal.

Ttmo for a Dawning, Anyway
It is probably dawning upon the German mind that morailty does, after all apply to national as well as to
individual conduct.-Victoria Colonist.

## Conadians Took a Lot of Them

Some Canadian cities and towns have in their parks annon taken in the Crimean war. There should be captured Germa
Ottawa Citisen.

## Not Eis First Misfortune

There is somd consolation in the thought that if the Kaiser really did take a flier in Alberta real estate he got caught like other people when the crash came. Bumonton Bulletin.

## $\Delta$ Tribute

The war holds no record of petriotism more heartatirring than Canada's. It is a thousandfold happy privilege to have as neighoor and friend a country of Journal.

## If Cermany Had Only Known

Cermany probably would never have attempted this Tag game if she knew Britain would develop such a heaty touch at the finish.-New York Globe.

## Yollow Hunland

Cermany howls like a whipped cur, cringes before its conquerors, weeps crocodile tears, begs, whines; all the yellow all the aniline dye works in all of Germany ever World.
"The Human Touch"
With Crooks says that what is wanted to solve the labor problem is "the human touch." He is no doubt right, but the odd thing is that the human touch is one
of the rarest things in humanity.-London Express.

## Bill's Bills

Germany had bills made out for $\$ 46,000,000,000$ against France, Britain, United States, Italy and ther of the Allies. - Vancouver Province.

## Eun Eunger and Need

The Crown Prince on leaving his command assured The German army that it had been beaten not by arms, but. by hunger and need. Possibly by the hunger for but. by hunger and need. Possibly by the need of an intelligent commander.Toronto Telegram.

## Eleroism Against the Influense

The army that fought and routed Spanish influenza and saved scores of lives gets no decorations, but men and women alike, they have earned an honored

## II Germany Elad Won

If Germany had won this war the world's moral standards would have been changed, crime would have een looked upon as a necessity, truth and honesty would have been synonyms for weakness or hypocrisy -Toronto World.

For a Dry Dominion
It is not too soon to begin the campaign for a dry Canada by Dominion legisiation. Only in that way can the importation of liquor and its passage from Recorder-Times.

## The War's Toll of Lives

The best figures available place the dead in the Buropean war at 7,850,000, and that is an under rathe the whole population of Canada, men, women and children.-Hamilton Herald.

## Just Indignation

There is a real danger in allowing the indignation hat was roused against the crimes of Germany to cool militarists to educate the world into a state of callous ness regarding crime.-Philadelphia Ledger.

The Unspeakable Turk
The heir to the Turkish Sultanate insists that both he and the Sultan were opposed to the Armenian atrocities. In that respect he held the same view as prevent the murders, while he and his relative did not try to.-Duluth Herald.

## The Magic Carpet of To-day

British airmen flew from Egypt to India in thirtysix hours' actual flying time, calling at Damascus and Bagdd is shrinking so fast that there may be no romance for another generation.-Toronto Globe.

Not the German Way
Mercy for the woman is one of the qualities of the ango-saxon race. The female spies captured in ngland had their sentences commuted after conviction. The men paid the full penalty. It will be a rabid equal righter who objects to such a humane

## An Exploded Myth

The last four years have been hard on supermen. The carefully cultivated myth of German superiorty, which gained adherents easily when nobody was partiularly interested in examining and exposing it, has en lown sheir power it can never be restored.-London Times.

## Tne Security

"What security has the United States for the billions f dollars loaned to Great Britain?" asks an anonymous muttonhead of St. Louis. The security of as sublime a courage, as invincible a spirit, as unwavering a faith, annals of the human race disclose. Next!-Houston (Texas) Post.

## Britain's Money Outlay

The following are the details of the votes of credit of The following are the details of the votes of credit of
Great Britain since the war began:-
 1916-17. $1,420,000,000$
1917-18
1918-19 (to date)
$2,010,000,000$
$2,450,000,000$
1,800,000,000
£8,042,000,000
This total, translated into dollars, is $\$ 40,210,000,000$ The vote of $\$ 3,500,000,000$ by Parliament August 2 ,
1918 , brought the total for the current year to $£ 9,000$, 1918, brought the total for the
000,000 .-London Economist.

What Germany Has Gained
Frederick the Great once wrote to one of his minters "If there is anything to be gained by it we will isters "If there is anything onecessary, let us be cheats." That has been the policy of Germany even to this day. And she has gained by it-the

The British Moral Temper and Purpose
It is a fact of tremendous significance that no man xpresses the moral temper and purpose of the British mpire more loftily and truthfully than Lieutenantis a living witness to the wisdom of the statesmanship hich made a peace of reconciliation with its forme oes.-New York Times.

## The Influenza Victims

An insurance actuary reports that the average age of ersons who died from the influenza epidemic in the he average age at death of such persons is from fifty ive to sixty years. Hence in every case of death from he disease there has been on the average a loss of at east twenty-five years of youthful and middle-aged ife.-New York Medical Record.

A Water Supply for the Holy City
Two thousand years ago Pontius Pilate started to uild a reservoir in the mountains back of Jerusalem in order to furnish an adequate water supply for the Holy City. Finding the expense too great, he gave up he task. It is now reported that British hav completed the work begun so long ago. The comragged on an indefinite period, but they have never dragged on an indefinite period, but the
approached this record.-Kingston Whig.

## The One-Cent Piece

The report that the Government is considering the sue of a new one-cent piece of smaller size than the resent disk of metal is one that we all hope is true he present one-cent piece is a relic of pre-Confeder waste of valuable metal to turn out copper coins of the wize and weight of the Canadian cent. In the United tates the one-cent piece is a handy and convenient coin. So is the nickel. Our five-cent piece is too thin coin and a smaller cent would help size of the American and Canadian Finance.

## Hearts of Steel

It was fitting that the German high seas fleet should號 "The Royal Navy of England," wrote Blackstone hath ever been its greatest defense and ornament; i is its ancient and natural strength-the floating bulwark of our island." The ships of British oak, and hearts o oak our men, of Nelson's time, are to-day ships and British Commonwealth, worthy inheritor of a radition, champion of freedom, dauntless of heart! Kansas City Star.

## Back to Civilian Garb

"Once he was a captain. Now he's just an ordinary Daily Mail. 'That paper questions whe in the Londo be satisfied, after the war, to view in civilian clothes what was so beauteous in khaki. Having once been an officer's wife and seen those along the way bow down before his leather leggings, it is a good deal to ask of mortal woman that she resume her status of book is often glad enough to become his former uninterestin self. Though he charged as knightlike as any, he wil confess that he never knew there was so much happiness in a peaceful ledger. He embraces oblivion. He has had all the war he wants.-Peterboro Examiner.

## Canada In the War

Wherever gallantry and devoted sacrifice to an ideal command admiration. Its population is 7 less than that of Belgium or Roumania, and is a little more than that of Portugal. Its total losses of 211,358 men tell the story of what it did to bring victory. This, in round numbers, is almost one-half of all the men the Dominion sent to the war. It had 34,877 50,336 . Our own dead from all causes including those lost at sea, number 24,922 , as reported up to this time Canada's wounded are 152,779. Our total losses are 71,679 , as compared with Canada's 211,358. Reconstruction in Canada has as serious phases as in any country affected by the war. It is almost denude of its population of all ages has been killed or wounded male the same ratio our losses would reach 3,165,000 instead
of 71,679 .-St. Louis (Missouri) Post-Dispatch.

# Canada's Great Opportumity In Live Stock 



The Dominion Department of Agriculture believes the time is opportune for the extension of our Canadian Live Stock Industry. The importance of this industry to Canada cannot be too strongly emphasized. Our continued prosperity agriculturally will depend to a greater degree than ever on our exports of beef, pork, cheese, butter and eggs.

The European herds of live stock have been seriously depleted. France is short nea:ly $8,000,000$ head; Italy has had to slaughter breeding stock. The Germans not only swept Belgium bare but were forced to slaughter their own herds which have been decreased by probably $22,000,000$ head of cattle and hogs. Ireland, which used to kill 18,000 bacon hogs a week, can now supply about 4,000 only. Denmark, which formerly shipped 50,000 hogs a week has had to decrease her herds by $1,873,000$ below normal. In countries reporting, there is a shortage of $32,000,000$ hogs in Europe. Of cattle, sheep and hogs there is an estimated combined shortage of not less than $115,005,000$ animals. This is more than nine times the total of all the cattle, hogs and sheep at present in Canada.

Europe will rebuild her herds but it will require years. Cereal production can be increased more quickly than animal production, consequently the price of feed should decline more rapidly than the price of meats.

The European market is wide open for Ceanadian meat products and there is a warm spot in the British and Allied hearts for anything Canadian of good

## Arrangements for Marketing

At present, and for some months to come, all bacon and beef products for export are being taken over by the Allied
munerative prices.

It is well-known that Canadian producers receive from one to two cents per pound m
for hog products than American producers.

It is anticipated that by the time the work of the Allied Purchasing Commission is concluded Canada will have an accredited agent in Great Britain to look after the marketing of Canadian agricultural products with particular reference to meat and dairy produce.
quality. The foundation herds in many European countries have been slaughtered but Canada has her herds intact and must not lose time in cultivating her export trade with Great Britain and Europe. Danmark, the most formidable competitor to Canada in the British bacon trade, is at present practically off the market; if the hog raisers of Canada "cinch" the British market now they will be able to hold it if we maintain the high quality of our product.

In 1916-17 Britain imported $1,261,082,032$ pounds of hog products and $1,077,154,000$ pounds of beef annually and of this only $130,304,900$ pounds of hog products and $29,680,000$ pounds of beef were sent from Canada. Britain's domestic supply of hogs is only $75 \%$ normal and owing to shortage of feed her farmers were obliged to kill off a large proportion of her hogs before Christmas.

Canada never had such a chance in the European market. We must aim high to supply the present demand and we must maintain quality in order to secure preference over all our competitors. Quantity is necessary but quality is absolutely essential.

Europe will require shipments of meat products far beyond the normal. If Canada is to take advantage of this opportunity all foundation stock must be conserved. But every man must figure out for himself how many animals he can feed and finish.

To secure and hold the British market alone means large returns. History and recent experience reveal the fact that permanent prosperity prevails in those countries where live stock is the basis of agriculture. Therefore, conserve the herds, improve the quality, finish thoroughly.


Live Stock Branch Dominion of Canada Department of Agriculture OTTAWA, CANADA



[^0]:    A Toast to Canade (A Marching Song) Here's to the wheat lands, The oat lands, the rich lands Where lusty cattle low

