A COMPLETE VICTORY.

LONDON, June 13.-Lord Roberts's

line of communication has been prac-

tically restored by a complete victory gained by Generals Methuen and

Kitchener over General DeWet yester-

ROBERTS HAS A BATTLE.

LONDON, June 13.—Lord Roberts has fought a battle with General Botha, at the end of which, though the British gained considerable ground,

the Boers were not beaten. All is

On June 7 the Derbyshire's militia. Tost 36 killed and 104 wounded, all of

whom were in the Yeomanry hospital,

which was captured by the Boers and

WOUNDED CANADIANS.

DIED OF PEVER.

THE CANADIANS' PART.

PRETORIA, June 5, by carrier to

Kroonstad, June 13.-I was present

when Lord Roberts's troops made their

triumphant entry into Pretoria on

Tuesday, June 5. It fell to the lot of

the Canadian regiment to be included

in the march past the British field

marshal and his staff, who were sta-

tioned in the square in front of the par-

In the operations leading up to the

capture of Pretoria, General Hutton.

with the mounted Canadians, marched

in the extreme left of the British for-

ces from Johannesburg to Preteria.

with the fire from the Boers before

the city and from the forts of Pre-

toria on Monday, General Hamilton's

advance was being made over the

hills to the left of the city. As he ad-

vanced, the Gordons and Cornwalls

held three hills under a heavy rifle

fire. The duty assigned to the Cana-

ciens now was to guard the haggage

left on these hills by the troops above

dians held in these hills a fine view

was obtained of the West Australian

mounted infantry, the Australian lan-

cers and Saxes mounted infantry as

they charged down the valley behind ridges lined with Beer defenders, who

fled precipitately. This charge was

one of the few grand spectacular sights

of the war. It was followed shortly

afterwards by the advance of Wat-

son's Australians upon the city with

a demand of surrender, and by six of

clock on Monday night the landros

brought the keys of the city to Field

Marshal Roberts as a formal token of

Then preparations were at once

made for the entry of the army on the

following day, when, at two o'clock,

Lord Roberts took up his position in front of the parliament buildings and

reviewed the British troops as they

SCHREINER RESIGNS.

Mr. Schreiner, the Cape premier, and

his colleagues resigned last evening,

proudly marched past.

surrender.

From the position the Cana-

When the British forces came in touch

liament buildings at Pretoria.

MONTREAL, June 13 .- The Star's

re-taken by Methuen.

London cable says:

received the following:

Regiment.

MADE A GOOD FIGHT.

General Botha's Force Stood Off Lord Roberts' Army for Two Days Before Retiring.

General Buller Will Not Advance Until Laing's Nek Tunnel is Repaired, and He Receives Supplies.

om Paul Holding on to His Gold and Issuing Paper Notes from a Press in His Executive Car-Sharp Skirmish at Ficksburg on Tuesday-Steyn is

at Uitkop-Two Canadians Missing.

CAPT, HARRISON IS DEAD. CAPF. TOWN, June 11.—Referring to my telegram of 10th June, regret to report that Capt. Harrison died yesterday.

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(Signed) In this brief official form the news of the death of Captain Charles F. Harrison reached St. John, Tuesday afternoon. It was not unexpected, as private advices had prepared his family and intimate friends for a fatal issue of his sickness, yet it fell like a pall on the community. No man was more universally liked when had fewer enemies than countries. To his loving wife the deepsympathy of all will be extended in this, the hour of her sad bereavement.



CHARLES F. HARRISON.

Capt. Charles F. Harrison, transport officer of the Mounted Rifles, second Canadian South African contingent, was a sen of W. F. Harrison of St. John. Mrs. Harrison is a daughter of the late James I. Fellows. He joined "F" Company of the Queen's Own Rifles of Toronto, under Major Magee, in 1884, and served through the Northwest rebellion in the Battleford column, commanded by Col. Otter. He has the medal of that campaign, which was presented to him in St. John, October 8th, 1886, by Lt. Col. Maunsel. Capt. Harrison (after serving in the Northwest campaign was appointed second lieutenant provisionally, in No. 3 Company, 3rd Regiment, C. A., on the 16th July, 1886. He attended the Royal School of Artillery at Quebec, and received a first class certificate on formerly belonged to Royal Canadian 10th September, 1889, and on the 29th Regiment of Infantry and was a memof that month was promoted to the ber of the London company of Colonel lieutenancy of the company.

On 22nd January, 1892, he became captain of No. 3 Company, from which he retired, with his rank, on 18th May, 1894. He joined the 8th Princess Louise Hussars as provisional second lieutenent, and was appointed quar-termaster in June, 1895.

Shortly before leaving for South Africa, Capt. Harrison resigned his position as quartermaster of the 8th Hussars and became a combatant officer with the rank of second lieutenant, having taken the necessary ministers a copy of a despatch course of instruction at the Royal from the field marshal, the com-School of Cavalry at Toronto.

favorite in the regiment, and his absence will be keenly felt when the Hussars meet this year at Camp Sus-

The late Capt. Harrison was a prominent member of the Masonic order, He was a past master of The Union Lodge of Portland, F. & A. M.; a member of Carleton Royal Arch Chapter; a member of St. John Council, Royal and Select Masters; member of the Encampment of St. John, Knights Templars: of McLeod-Moore Conclave Knights of the Red Cross of Rome and Constantine; and in the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite he had attained the thirty-second degree. Capt. Harrison was also a member of Court Martello, Independent Order

were completely evacuated by the Boers last night. Gen. Clery, from Ingogo, is now coming over the Nek, I have had to camp here for want of water. A correct list of yesterday's casualties will be sent as soon as re-

CAPE TOWN, June 11.- Regret to report that 528, Gunner John N. Neild, Royal Canadian Field Artillery, was severely wounded by Colt gun at Campbell (Griqualand West), 1st June. (Signed.)

Neild was formerly of A battery Manitoba.

CAPE TOWN, June 11.-Regret to report dangerous illness of Privates, 7,380, A. Robson, 13th Batt., Hamilton; 207, W. Glover, Royal Canadian Regiment, of enteric fever, at Springfontein; 3,676, E. Mullens, 1st Canadian Mounted Rifles, enteric fever, at Kroonstad. (Signed.)

207, W. M. Glover, belonged to A Squadron Mounted Rifles. He was formerly of the 1st Hussars, London. His next of kin is R. A. Glover, of Dover Centre, Ont.; 3,675, E. Mullens, Otter's battalion.

BRITISH GENERALS PRAISE COL RYERSON AND HIS CANADIAN ASSOCIATES.

OTTAWA, June 12 .- The following correspondence has been forwarded to the militia department from the col-

DOWNING STREET, 24th May, 1900. -My Lord,-I have the honor to transmit to you for communication to your mander-in-chief in South Africa, re-He was beloved by all his brother specting the good work done by the

officers, his kindness of heart and Canadian Red Cross Society at Kim genial disposition making him a great berley. I observe with great pleasure the high terms in which Lord

Roberts and Lord Methuen have re-

ported on the work of the society.

(Signed) J. CHAMBERLAIN. ARMY HEADQUARTERS, South Africa, Government House, Bloemfontein, 29th March, 1900.-My Lord-I have the honor to forward a copy of a letter from Lieut. Gen. Lord Methuen day. The Boer camp was captured bearing testimony to the excellent and the burghers, it is added, were work of the Canadian Red Cross Soci-scattered in all directions. ety at Kimberley. The Royal Army Medical Corps were working at Kimberley at very high pressure owing to the fact that our own wounded from Paardeberg and a very large number of Boers wounded in the laager and in the various skirmishes round Paardeberg were sent in to that place. Had it not been for the exertion of the it not been for the exertion of the did it not been for the exertion of the it not been for the it not been for the it not been for the successful in not been for the exertion of the it not been for the it not been for the successful in not been for the exertion of the distance in the normal common in the successful in not been for the exertion of the distance in the normal common in the successful in not been for the exertion of the distance in the normal common in the successful in not been for the exertion of the distance. Had it not been for the find in the public at Pretoria and Johannesburg.

RECENT CASUALTIES.

LONDON, June 13.—The following despatch has been received at the war office from Lord Roberts:

KATSBOSCH, June 12.—In yester-day's engagement Methuen had one were completely evacuated by the light at Pretoria and Johannesburg.

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(Signed), ROBERTS

Field Marshal, Chief of Staff. I wish to bring before the commander-in-chief the fine and unostentatious work performed by the Canadian Red Cross Society here, under the CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

OTTAWA, June 12.— The following sables have been received at the Govtables of Lilet. Col. Ryerson M. OTTAWA, June 13.—Gov. Milner control of the co the medical requirements. The Rimberley people found halls and schools, and batt, Royal Canadian and as many beds as they could, but Regiment, proceeded to England June and as many beds as they could, but 300 trestle beds and extra blankets appeared, so far as I could make out, from the skies. Only yesterday I found out that Lieut. Col. Ryerson has seen our wants and had got men' to make the beds and had bought the blankets and hospital requirements and placed these things in the hospital without saying a word to anyone here. This at any rate is money spent in a practical manner by an agent, a medical, who ascertains the place where aid is required and who used his own judgment as to what is required. Lieut. Col. Ryerson left yesterday and has left me a cheque to spend as I think best for the sick. Four Canadian nurses came here today. The Canadian Red Cross Society have taken so much interest in the work that I should be glad if this testimony of the good done by the society through Lieut. Col. Ryerson might be made known to the president of the society in Canada.

(Signed). Lieut. Gen. commanding 1st Division.

CROWN COLONIES.

LONDON, June 12, 10.25 p. m.-It is earned by the Associated Press that the government has at last decided upon a plan for the civil settlement of South Africa. The details are kept most secret, but it can safely be said that the Orange River Colony and the Transvaal will become crown colonies the latter probably being re-named the Transvaal colony. Sir Alfred Milner, it is declared, is to be high commissioner of South Africa in spite of the opposition he has incurred.

The crown colony form of government can be best understood by reference to the system in vogue in the West Indies, Sierra Leone and Ceylon. Endeavors will be made to put this in force as soon as possible in the Transvaal and Orange River colonies, though it is scarcely expected that the details will be announced or some parts of the work be begun for a few months. While the civil settlement will be drawn up so as to be eventually independent of military enforcement, it is realized that the initial work must be effected with the co-operation of the troops. Sir Alfred Milner appears to believe that civil reorganization and military pacification can proceed simultaneously, and that a possible scattered rising will not seriously retard the progress of reorganiz-ation cace it is begun. The colonial office is said to be of the opinion, however, that the maintenance of good sized garrisons at such centres as Bloemfontein, Kroonstad, Johannesburg and Pretoria, will be necessary for a long time after the crown colony system gets in working order. For this reason and others put forward by Sir Alfred Milner, the idea of granting an autonomous form of government has been abandoned. It is believed, though it cannot be verified, that a portion of the Transvaal will be partitioned off to Natal. The whole arrangement may roughly described as coinciding with the views advanced by the progressives as opposed to those held by the Bondites. The final steps in this de-

cision have been taken during the last

few days. Mr. Chamberlain sent for

J. F. Fitzpatrick, author of "The Transvaal from Within," who is well

Sir Alfred Milner accepting their resignations. The London papers only recently abused Mr. Schreiner for not making war preparations. Now they are complimenting his refusal to foilow the majority of the Afrikander Bund in opposition to the British military policy. FAVOR A COALITION.

CAPE TOWN, June 12.—It is understood that Sir Aifred Milner, governor of Cape Colony, is extremely unwilling that Mr. Schreiner, the Cape premier, should resign, and that he favors a coalition ministry, for the purpose of carrying through the contemplated imperial measures.

THE LATE MAJOR FORTESCUE. HALIFAX, N. S., June 13.-Major Fortes

onsultation with him. Mr. Pitz-ck will sail for Cape Town June Baking Powder CAPE POLITICS. Economy

The manufacturers of Royal Baking Powder have always declined to produce a cheap baking powder at the sacrifice of quality.

The Royal is made from the most highly refined and wholesome ingredients, and is the embodiment of all the excellence possible to be attained in the highest class baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder costs only a fair price, and is cheaper at its price than any similar article.

> Samples of mixtures made in imitation of baking powders, but containing alum, are frequently dis-tributed from door to door, or given away in grocery stores. Such mixtures to use in food, and in many cities their sale is prohibited by law. Alum is a corrosive poison, and all physicians condemn baking powders containing it.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK

cue, whose death Lord Roberts reports from Pretoria, was, before he went to South Africa last Christmas, aide-de-camp to General Lord William Seymour at Halifax. He was the third son of the third Earl Fortescue, was born in 1857, and joined the 5th Dragoon Guards from the militia in 1876. In Aug., 1877, he was transferred to the 17th Lancers, in which regiment he served as adjutant from 1879 to 1885, and obtained his troop in 1886. In January, 1896, he was promoted to major. He was popular in Halifax. The war office reports from Kroonstad that 3,676, Pte. Mullins, died on Monday of enteric fever. He belonged to "E" company, Royal Canadian MONTREAL, June 13.—The Star has

ROBERTS TO THE WAR OFFICE.

LONDON, June 14.-Lord Roberts reports to the war office, under date of Pretoria, June 13, 9.55 a. m., as fol-

"Methuen advanced to Honingspruit yesterday and found all quiet. Kroon-stad is strongly held. Methuen returned today to Rhenoster river, where the railway is being repaired. We were engaged all yesterday with Botha's army. The enemy fought with considerable determination and heid cur cavalry on both flanks, but lan Hamilton, assisted by the Guards brigade of Pole-Carew's division pushing forward, took the hill in his front, which caused the enemy to fall back on their second position to the eastward. This they are still holding. It is slightly higher than the one we have captured. The great extent of country which has to be covered under modern conditions of warfare renders progress very slow. Details of the casualties have not reached me, but I understand they are moderate in numbers. The only further casualties reported today are two officers wound-

The war office issues the following report from Lord Roberts, under date of Pretoria, June 13, afternoon: "The enemy evacuated their strong position during the night and have retired to the eastward. Buller's force and mine have afforded each other is taken to mean that he has a force mutual assistance. Our occupation of Pretoria caused numbers of Boers to withdraw from Laing's Nek, and Buller's advance to Volksrust made them feel their rear would shortly be en-

GEN. BULLER TO THE WAR OF-FICE.

LONDON, June 14.—General Buller reports to the war office as follows: "HEADQUARTERS AT LAING'S NEK, June 14, morning.—General Lyttleton yesterday received the formal submission of the town and district of Wakkerstroom, which the enemy is believed to have completely evacuat-

DORSETS UNLUCKY.

LONDON, June 14.—The war office has made public a despatch from Gen. Buller accepting the congratulations of the secretary of state for war, Lord Lansdowne, in which he says: "The Dorsets, who have been unlucky, had a chance at Almond's Nek and showed themselves to be as good

"About 150 yards at each end of Laing's Nek tunnel are blown in, and it will require several days to remove the debris. The line otherwise is uninjured and open to the reversing stations and also to Sandspruit."

CANADIANS MISSING.

LONDON, June 14.—The war office yesterday issued the following list of casualties: Missing at Kronstad June 5. Privates F. Perry and J. F. Dolan of the Canadian mounted infantry. [Pte. Perry was an Englishman and

belonged to the Northwest mounted police. Pte. Dolan enlisted at Edmonton, N. W. T.1

CANADIANS GOOD WORK.

TORONTO, June 14.-The Telegram's special cable reads: "The Morning Standard's correspondent at Kroonstad, cabling yesterday, says: 'At Yester Nek the Canadians were ordered to advance towards the enemy's front, and to take cover and hold the enemy with long range fire. The Canadians advanced under a heavy shell fire from three guns over a dead level plain and gained the foot of a slight ridge tefore their range was found by the Boers, and took cover behind a stone wall. All the time they were pouring a steady, well aimed fusitade on the enemy, and finding themselves outflanked the Boers left during the night. According to the Standard's correspondent the Canadians figured prom-

his position near Pretoria." WAR SUMMARY

inently in forcing Botha to evacuate

LONDON, June 15, 3.30 a. m .- That should have been able to stand for two days against Lord Roberts and then retreat without losing any guns or having any of his men captured, which the British must still reckon as formidable when acting defensively.

The pacification of the whole of the Transvaal, especially the wide spaces far from the railways, is looked upon as a business requiring months rather then weeks.

Meanwhile everything goes well for the British guns. A Boer bulletin, issued June 12 at Marchadodorp, said: "Both wings of the federal forces touched the advancing enemy at one a. m. yesterday east of Pretoria. Fighting continued until dark. The enemy, though in everwhelming numbers, were checked along a line of 36 miles; and the burghers succeeded in driving back their right wing five miles. Two burghers were killed and ten wound-

Another Machadodorp announcement is that the first regiment of Gen. Buller's forces to attack Almond's Nek was "annibilated:" but as the British were in overwhelming force, the burghers were compelled to abandon

A despatch from Lourenso Marquez, dated yesterday, says: "President Kruger is holding on to his gold and issuing paper notes from a press in his executive car. The Boer government's coin stock is exhausted, and

BICYCLES FOR - EVERYONE Clevelands,

Columbias, Jubilees.

The finest aggregation in Town. Come in or write us.

W. H. THORNE & CO, LTD ST. JOHN, N. B.

OTTAWA LETTER

Emergency Rations and the Uproar Mr. Monk's Charges Created.

All the Ministerial Bluster Could Not Cover Up What Appeared to be a Very Suspicious Transaction,

And Mr. Monk Will Probably Get His Committee of Inquiry-Ordered by Speaker Bain to Produce the Papers Connected With the Case.

OTTAWA, June 7.—The finest uproar that has been seen during the lifetime of this parliament was witnessed yes terday during the discussion of Mr. Monk's charges respecting emergency rations. It was not a general quarrel and throughout the discussion there was less anger than one often sees. The noise was occasioned by general shouts and cries of "Order" and "Chair" during a series of attempts to rulings and enforce them. Speaker Bain is an excellent man, but his mild manner, his lack of precsion, a certain hesitation he has about taking the final plunge, and an after-thought which seems to haunt him as to whether he has ruled right, serve to weaken his authority. Mr. Bain undoubtedly rules according to his conscience and his idea of parliamentary law, but when he gives reasons they are often absurdly weak, and he is apt to appeal to the house when he ought to command it. In the middle of an uproar the appeal is apt to be disregarded, even when it can be heard. Besides, it is inconvenient for a Speaker to find ministers disobeying

Mr. Monk of Jacques Cartier is an able lawyer and a law professor. He is one of the most moderate men in the house, speaking always with dignity, and with strict regard to the amenities and courtesies of parliamentary life. Yesterday he spoke with deep feeling. But the expressions of feeling were not in the way of animosity toward the government, but in peakable crime, if one has been committed, of providing our soldiers in the field with emergency rations of a poor quality, and of allowing their needs to be exploited for the benefit of dishonest con-

The story he told is this. There is a company in Montreal called the Hatch Proto company, which makes a specialty of prepared and condensed food. A year and a half ago the Hatch company employed Dr. Devlin, a physician in Montreal, to bring before the government the merits of one of their preparations. This Proteine food was described as an article containing in small bulk and weight a large amount of nutriment, and therefore suitable to be carried on long marches or to be used in situations of emergency. The department sent Dr. Devlin to Kingston to have a prac tical test made of this food, and under his direction five members of the permanent force were fed on this preparation for 30 days. They came out all right at the end of the period, and their statement on oath was taken and filed for future reference.

It appears that Hatch thereafter communicated with the minister about furnishing supplies for the militia in the Yukon. In January of this year, when the second contingent was leaving for Africa, Dr. Devlin proposed to furnish at \$2 per lb. a ton or more of prepared food for their use in emergencies. The government bought 2,300 lbs. on the same day or the day after he submitted his offer. Four days later he got his pay.

Now, in the meantime, Dr. Devlin had separated from the Hatch company. The goods he supplied to the government were not produced by that firm; they were not called Hatch's Proteine Food, but appeared under the name of Vitaline. They were manufactured by another firm with which Dr. Devlin was now associated. The whole question is whether the Vitaline so purchased was the same goods or the same character of goods as that tested at Kingston. Mr. Monk has spoken and given his information on the subject. Dr. Borden asked Mr. Monk to delay his motion, and in the meantime fortified himself" with all the evidence he could collect to support the department. The solicitor general, the minister of marine, the premier and Mr. Dobell have all discussed the question.

But on the evidence of the ministers themselves it is clear that the contract with Dr. Devlin was made with out any test as to the practical value of the Vitaline which was bought. They claim that there was no time to repeat the Kingston test, and this may be true. But there was not even an analysis made to show that the Vitaline contained the same ingredients as the Froteine. The only evidence before the minister when he made the contract was the statement the foods were the same, but who has given no reason for the statement. The only evidence now given in support of the director's statement is a letter from Sgt. Cotton, who says that he has seen the article bought, and that it is the same as that which he, with his four comrades, lived on at Kingston for thirty days. But this letter was obtained long after the food was bought and sent to Africa, and

pear that he was furnished by Dr. Devlin with a sample of Vitaline, described to him as the same as was bought, and that he found the taste to be the same as that tested at Kingston. There is also a statement of the Montreal analyst, made two days ago, on samples of both goods supplied to him, and he pronounces one to be as good as the other. In this case the samples were not furnished by the government, but by the contracting firm, to which the report was made. Dr. Borden refused to say that the sample tested was the same as the goods bought. In fact, the goods bought do not appear to have been tested at all, either before or after purchase, in the regular way by extracting samples from the goods furnished. The only examination before purchase was that made by the director general, which was without analysis, and which seems to have been only a sample furnished by the contractors.

On the other side there is first the fact that the goods tested at Kingston are a registered and patented food, which only the Hatch Company have a right to make or sell. It seems to be obvious that no other article, furnished by another company, and having another name, can be identical with this preparation. In the second place, it is shown that Hatch, when he heard that the government was buying Vitaline, wrote to the miniater, pointing out to him that this was not the genuine article which Dr. Devlin had brought to the attention of the minister, and which had been tested at Kingston. This letter Lr. Borden received before he made the contract and did not even acknowledge. In the third place. Mr. Monk gives the name of a reputable business man in Montreal, who bought from the manufacturers of Vitaline a pound of their food, which they described as the He same sold to the government. sent it to Prof. Horsey, formerly of McGili, who reported that it contained scarcely 17 per cent of Proteins, whereas the Eatch preparation analvzed over 60 per cent. He described it as an ordinary breakfast food such as could be bought for 10 or 12 cents a pound.

Now, the tests afforded by Mr. Monk are not authoritative. It is not proved that the preparation tested by Horsey was identical with that bought by the government. Nor is it proved that the Vitaline is inferior because Hatch said it was. But on the same ground Dr. Borden has no proof that his tests made after the purchase were genuine tests. Even if they had been the question of Dr. Borden's original action must be judged by the facts he had then before him. The fact that he had before him was that a certain food known as Hatch's Proteine had been tested and approved at Kingston, and that a certain other food called Vitaline was offered to him by the same agent, and bought by him without test after the proprietors of the other medicine had warned him of its inferiority, and though the food that had been tested was available at the same price which the gov ernment was paying.

It should be said also on behalf of the minister that he and Mr. Dobell and Mr. Fitzpatrick and all the rest of them contend that since no com plaint has come from Africa it is de cidedly improper that any complaint should be made in the house. But not a minister even undertook to say that a single pound of Vitaline had been eaten by the troops in Africa, or that the second contingent had ever been placed on emergency rations. If they were, and they had enough of the goods, a 17 per cent. food would meet their case as well as one much more highly concentrated. But if the supply was short it would require four times as much of it. Besides one might venture to say that if a swindle has been perpetrated it is the duty of parliament to enquire into it, even though not a single soldier has been starved to death in consequence.

The ministers devoted a large part of their time to scolding Mr. Monk Dr. Borden indignantly insisted that Mr. Monk had made personal reflections upon him, but dared not make a direct personal charge, Sir Wilfrid Laurier in his most dignified manner rebuked Mr. Monk, for what he said was a personal attack upon a reputable citizen of Montreal. Mr. Fitzpatrick raged of the director general, who said that and thrashed the air because Mr. Monk, as he said, dared not make a direct charge that a fraud had been committed. And when Mr. Monk calmly announced that that was just what he intended to do in the most formal manner, the solicitor general taunted him with cowardice because he made his charges in the house, where he had immunity from libel suits. It was amusing to hear the chief law officer of the crown chal-Sgt. Cotton does not say how he es- lenging Mr. Monk to make the charge tablishes the identity. It would ap-loutside which had been read in the

ight either to hold his tongue or to make a specific charge that some individual mentioned by same had committed a crime.

Mr. Monk says that he does not know who committed the offence, and, therefore cannot take the responsibility of making a charge of that kind. He charges clearly and specifically that the goods bought and reported to the house by the minister himself to be the same as those tested at Kingston are not the same, and that there-fore there has been a fraud. If he knew all about it there would be no need of an investigation. At the time that he was required to make his charges specific against individuals the ministers had not consented to disclose the contract or to give the names of the firm from which the goods were bought. Mr. Monk holds, properly as most people will think, that it is not necessary for a member to prove an offence absolutely, to find the criminal if there is one, and to adjust pre cisely the different degrees of blams before he can have an investigation.

Dr. Devlin is the son of that Mr Devlin whose contests in Montreal in the days of D'Arcy Mctee occasioned so many riots and so much disturbance. How much pull he may have it not known, but it is certain that he was able by transferring himself from the Hatch Company, whose goods were tested, to the Vitaline Company, whose goods were never tested, to transfer also the government patronage to that concern. The doctor is a good looking fellow, who sat in the speaker's gallery and listened to & discus sion in which he probably would have liked to take part. At the beginning of the discussion Dr. Borden told Mr. Monk that he could have the committee. The other ministers and Mr. Borden himself rather later seemed to hedge on this question, and assailed Mr. Monk for even wanting a conmittee. They vented to know why further enquiry.

Mr. Dobell delivered himself of one of his solemn sermons which always cause intense amusement, admonishing members that they ought not to make any trouble now over any of these matters until the soldiers come home. The house, however, does not take very seriously Mr. Dobell's lectures, and opposition members invariably remind him, in the most irrele vant way, of his bottle-necked ships that never plowed the waves. Mr Dobell will never live down that Petersen contract. Whatever he says and wherever he goes the will be like John Gilpin:-

Still dangling at his waist."

dignified enough when he suggested to the ministers that there was no occasion for all the noise and bluster. for all their shouting and protests. They had bought some \$5,000 worth of emergency rations which they thought, or claimed were the same as had been tested at Kingston. If they were the same, give Mr. Mcnk the committee, establish that fact, and the government would be vindicated and still demanded that the speaker should for the goods that were tested and was permissable, and whether the else ought to be anxious to have the fraud exposed. He ought to be glad genial doctor from Haldimand in the meantime to have such information as had been furnished. Dr. Dr. Devlin as the contractor. If that the man to rely upon now to send samples to the analysts and bring back reports for the minister to read. It was absolutely necessary to have this thing investigated fully and promptly, but Sir Charles Tupper re fused to express an opinion on the merits while the enquiry was pending.

Mr. Fester's remarks on the subject were commended by the ministers as being to the point and fair. He put the question, not as if charges had been made sgainst the minister, but as if a wrong was alleged to have been done, which in the circumstances of the case amounted to a crime Though our troops were not in a position when they had to depend for subsistence on these emergency rations, the food was furnished to them for such emergencies, and if a fraud had the opposition side. There was anbeen perpetrated, the greatest suf- other big laugh when Mr. Monk found fering and loss of life might have that one of the papers had been aboccurred from it.

The noise and disorder occurred in the evening beginning, when Mr. Mon Neill tried to force Dr. Borden to be more specific in his statement that the two foods were the same. Dr. Borden refused to answer questions. His first speech had left the impression that a thorough analysis had been made by the department and that the food purchased was shown to be identical with the one tested. It was later in the debate that the discovery was made that there was no such analysis. Mr. McNeill struggled patiently with the minister, but finally had to give it up.

Then the solicitor general provoked a new outburst when he said that Sir Charles and Mr. Foster had apologized for Mr. Monk. Both of them had lefended him, Sir Charles especially, and they rose, insisting that Mr. Fitzpatrick should take back his statement. There was a good deal of shouting across the house and several appeals to the chair while this controversy went on.

Then Mr. Fitzpatrick undertook to tell the story, the opposition questioning him as he proceeded. When Mr. Fitzpatrick said that the director general recommended the purchase of emergency food, he was asked "which food." When he said the contract was made in consequence of the test, he was asked which food was tested and with whom the contract was made. Mr. Fitzpatrick grew angry, refusing to answer questions and reading extracts from papers. Then he was brought up with the request to bring

it on the table, saying that he had not quoted from it. Then came the first big uprost. An appeal was made the chair, several members trying ance. Finally Mr. Bain was forced to say something, and he ruled that the paper should be brought down. It was decided, however, that the solicitor general might first finish bis speech. He resumed by stating that an officer had declared the food bought to be the same as that tested. Mr. Menk got leave to put a question and said "Will the solicitor general say that the food supplied to the troops is the same as that tested at Kingston?" "I will not be drawn out of my argument," said Mr. Fitzpatrick. It was then that he turned furiously from Mr. Menk and shouted "He dare not make the charge of fraudulent substi-tution of goods. He dare not charge

The minister was going on in that way when Mr. Monk calmly interrupted him by stating that he did not iniend to make that charge. This brought round after round of cheers from the opposition side of the house. Fitzpatrick rose to the occasion by demanding a change in venue. It was a brave act, he said, to make charge in this safe place. "I defy him to go outside of the house and make Mr Monk said that he claimed no immunities whatever, that as a member of the house he made a charge in the house, and asked here, which was the only place where he could ask it, that the matter should be investigated.

Mr. Bain got his worst ten minutes after Mr. Fitzpatrick closed. Charles was on his feet in a minute asking that the contract be laid on the

Dr. Borden-I don't know that there is any form of contract. Mr. Blair, who had been giving advice and assistance in the minsterial

corner, corroborated this view. Sir Charles Tupper still insisted on having whatever documents there were that constituted the agreement. Finally Mr. Bain was obliged to rule that all the papers should be handed

Dr. Borden then began to speak having certain papers in his hands, and stating that he thought he should read them. Mr. Foster said that the reading was unnecessary; they wanted the speaker's order obeyed. It was pointed out that the solicitor general was still holding some of the papers The speaker was trying to say some thing; Dr. Mcntague and several opposition members were insisting upor the enforcement of the rules. There were calls of "Chair, chair," on one side of the house, and "Order" on the other. The solicitor general had become very much excited, more, even than he had been a short time before when he threatened to find some way to prevent the minority from ruling

Monk was heard to say that there should be no further debate until the papers appeared. The speaker had the papers did not come. Montague was on the fleor insisting that Dr. Borden should not go on talking and demending an instant ruling on that point. The speaker seemed to weaken and hoped the house would allow Dr. Borden to go on with his analysis of the correspondence. Dr. Montague the country satisfied. If they had paid decide at once whether further debate had got something else of an inferior papers should not be produced inclass, Dr. Borden more than anyone stantly. The speaker, in his panicky search for a victim, fell upon the ordered him to his seat. The doctor sat down, but rose every time that Borden had said that he only knew the minister of militia began to say anything. Mr. Bain told Dr. Montague were so. Dr. Devlin was certainly not that if he did not like his ruling he could appeal to the house against it. but the doctor reminded the speaker that the ruling was perfectly satisfactory and he was appealing to the house in favor of it. All he wanted was its instant enforcement and he proposed to have it. For several minutes the two doctors and the speaker gesticulated at each other, and the other members offered such remarks as occurred to them. It was on the whole a good-natured turmoil, though the speaker grew angry, and Dr. Montague's voice was extended to its utmost capacity, while Dr. Borden could not be heard at all.

The deadlock was finally broken by Dr. Borden handing the papers to page, who bore them to the table amid cheers and uproarious laughter from stracted, and Mr. Blair produced it. It was not suggested that the minister of railways was stealing the document or intended to conceal it about his person. The misappropriation was apparently inadvertant, but it was rather embarrassing when the discovery was made.

Mr. Monk will get his committee if nothing happens to change the minds of the ministers.

OTTAWA, June 8.-Those who were present at yesterday's sitting of the house will remember the demonstration as long as they live. It would have been an ordinary exhibition of patrictic enthusiasm if Mr. Bourassa had not sfirred the feelings of members to greater intensity. Mr. Eourassa is generally thought to he a rather pretentious little man of no great power. But he was able to turn an enthusiastic house into a shouting, tumultuous assembly. Two or three times within the last three years parliament has stopped business to sing "God Save the Queen." But when it broke off a debate to give three cheers and a tiger. while the air was thick with members' hats. which were thrown up to the ceiling. that was a new experience. Sir John Bourinot has no mention of such episodes in any of his treatises on Parliamentary Procedure.

Everything was in the best of form down to the advent of Mr. Bourassa. The address to Her Majesty was conceived in good taste and supported by

tion in brief and appropriate speeches Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke with elegance and neatness, as he always does on such occasions. Sir Charles Tupper spoke with more force, but with care and elaboration. Nothing was uttered by either leader that could by any possibility be out of harmony with the other party.

It is one of the anomalies of parlia. mentary life that a member personally of no great significance should attract more attention than the party leaders. That is what happened. Mr. Bourses struck an attitude, and observed that he could not agree with those who had spoken. Though Mr. McCleary suggested that if that were so he had better go out, the member for Labelle proceeded to say that whittever might be the opinion of the house, he was himself expressing the opinions of a large portion of the peo-ple in the dominion, and those not all French Canadians. There were shouts of dissent, but the member went on to denounce the war in Africa as unjust. Then he took exception to Six Charles Tupper's statements that this war had increased the military pres tige of the British Empire. Mr. rassa laid himself out to show that it had the contrary effect; that it had advertised to the world that 200,000 troops, composing the best regiments of England, Ireland and Scotland, and the best that the colonies could send had been eight months trying to conquer a little force of peasants drawn from a population of a quarter of million. Such achievements as this, he said, "will not add an ounce to the glory of the British flag."

The house was willing to tolerate good deal from Mr. Bourassa, but drew the line at this, and cries of shame were heard from the whole opposition party, mingled with a perfect storm of hisses, in which some government supporters joined. One two called out "traitor." Mr. Fielding, from the front government bench, tried to stop the tumult. This is a free ountry, he said, and again when Mr. Bourassa demanded free speech. Mr Fielding repeated, "this is a free parliament." Mr. Mills of Annapolis re-Mr. Fielding's secessionist platform.

It was some time before the man from Labelle could be heard. Then he was found to be attacking Clark Wallace as a man who had raised his voice to urge a portion of the empire to rise in arms against the British crown This seemed to be a reference to some thing Clark Wallace had said about Ulster under home rule. But Mr. sa went on to say that the ingo tories had brought this war upor the British empire, and that England would have to keep 100,000 men in Africa to enforce British institutions on men who did not want them. He declared that this war had been forced upon her majesty and on the free people of England by ambitious men and financiers who wanted to increase their dividends. Then he went on to tell how the British policy, which was sup ported by the address, was the same as that resisted for 50 years by the French-Canadians. It was the policy that had sent to the gallows free men who asked for their rights, and who protested against the policy now to be enforced in Africa. One remark seemed to have an application to Mr. Bourassa's leader. He spoke of those others in the house who thought as he did, but refrained from saving what they thought.

The plea for free speech made by Mr. Fielding and afterwards by the premier is not opposed. Nobody has tried to arrest Mr. Bourassa. No violence has been done him. He goes to the house and talks any treason that occurs to him. But neither premier nor finance minister is able to take away ing the campaign Mr. Bourassa spoke from other members the privilege of all at once, their abhorence and contempt for such utterances. In every free parliament this privilege has been used and probably will be used till the end of the chapter. It is not possible for any minister in this parliament to suppress these expressions or to gain the anti-contingent platform, and as patient and silent hearing to such utterances as those of the member for

ceply to Mr. Bourassa, suggested that

the proper answer was to give three cheers for the Queen, the suggestion was adopted as a happy escape from the necessity of doing something else, and the humiliation of a formal reply to such a speech. With less than a dozen exceptions every member was on his feet in a moment and every voice was raised to the utmost in giving such cheers as were never heard within those walls before, and the national anthem, into which the members broke spontaneously, was never sung with such enthusiasm and energy. The most conspicuous figures were those of the members who cheered and sang, but of those who refrained. Mr. Fielding sat still in his seat. The premier rose, or partly rose, but on a remark from the finance minister sat down again and took no part in the demonstration. Mr. Bourassa sat back trying to look like Papineau and proudly observing the tumult that he had raised. The solicitor general pretended to write at his desk, and the minister of agriculture followed the example of his leaders and retained his seat. A few French-Canadians on the government side refused to rise, and a few who did rise sat down when they saw the front benches. Mr. Blair and Mr. Mulock stood up with the shouters, as did Sir Louis Davies.

When the turmoil was over Mr. Charlton delivered an address of a most patriotic character, in which he treated Mr. Bourassa with more seriousness than most members though necessary. Then the premier appealed to the house to be calm, and reminded the members that it was a free parliament, which seemed to be an unnecessary remark. On the other hand "put it to the hon. member" whether this was an opportune time to make the remarks which had fallen from him, the sincerity of which the premier did not doubt.

Mr. Bourassa had no more to say. If he had spoken he would perhaps have said that he was only following the example of the minister of public works. What Mr. Bourassa said



Ask the girl who has tested it.

Surprise Soap if it is not, a pure hard soap; the most satisfactory. soap and most economical. Those who try Surprise always continue to use it.

SURPRISE is a pure hard Soap.

Ask any one who has used

the whole British army was said by Mr. Tarte at St. Vincent de Faul and suggested by him in his speech in parliament. Mr. Tarte had also spoken in the house of the Transvaal war as a war of conquest on the British side. What is lawful for Mr. Tarte, the practical head of this ministry, can hardly be an offence in Mr. Bourassa.

But what does the premier mean by

talking of "opportune" times and places? Only this, probably, that Mr. Bourassa ought to keep silent in torted that Mr. Bourassa had adopted the house and continue his campaign in those parts of his own province where it will do the most good. The member for Labelle has spoken in French in many French districts just as he spoke yesterday. He did not in those meetings denounce the premier for sending troops to Africa; he has denounced Sir Charles Tupper for compelling the premier to send them. He excused the premier on the ground that if he had not yielded he would have lost his office. That is the argument which is made in public meetings in many Quebec districts, and by other members besides Mr. Bourassa. They are the kind of speeches which Sir Wilfrid Laurier considers opportune. Rut it is another thing when a man comes in the house, and speaking in English addressing all Canada, makes the same speech that he and his fellow members make in their own s in support of the premier. Wilfrid raturally does not find this opportune. The reproach from him is safe because it does not put the premier in an attitude of hostility to Mr. Bourassa. The understanding between the leader and his admirer is thus pre-

Bourassa say his say. He resigned his seat and appealed to the constituency on this very issue. He is carrying out in the house the policy which he set forth on the Labelle hustings, and which he was elected to maintain. His electon in Labelle was not opposed by the government, though the liberal majority is so large that the mier was in a position to defeat Mr. Bourassa if he desired to do so. Durin every village in his riding. Not a expressing strongly, immediately, and minister nor a supporter of a minister said a word against him. The only liberal members who went into the riding to speak went there to support Mr. Bourassa, and the cause which he supported then and supports now. When Mr. Bourassa was elected on an advocate of the Boer cause, he was introduced into the house as a government supporter, by Mr. Tarte, the dominant minister of the crown. When Dr. Montague, disdaining to His election has been claimed in every liberal paper in Canada as a victory for the government. There is not a paper which has not published a list of the by-elections carried by the government. In every one of these lists the election of Mr. Bourassa, after he had resigned the seat and appealed to the riding on the anti-British issue, is found recorded as a government victory.

And after all why should not Mr.

Mr. Bourassa claims that he stunds on the same platform on which Sir Wilfrid Laurier stood on the fourth day of last October. He claims, and with perfect correctness, that he represents the same principles advocated in Quebec in the campaign literature used by the Laurier party in the last election. It is, therefore, with some show of contempt that he looks on the members who have been fighting in campaigns by his side, who have gloried in his success in the Labelle campaign, and who joined him in uttering in many political meetings through Quebec the sentiments which he now speaks, and sees them joining in a patriotic demonstration against him, and in favor of the Empire and the war. One could fancy Mr. Lourassa saying to these members. "Wait till I get you with me in some of our liberal meetings, in Quebec, and then you will give me my proper recogni-

The grandson of Papineau, who tries so hard to make the house think that he is a Papineau too, may possibly have an expanded head. But it was only the other day that he appeared before the public accounts committee to tell how great an international personage he was. Sir Wilfrid had insist ed on his joining the international commission at Quebec and Washington. Even after Lord Herschell had brought out a secretary for the British side, Mr. Bourassa was kept there, though there was nothing for him to do except to entertain visitors and perform diplomatic courtesies. Before the committee Mr. Bourassa with lofty disdain explained that he kept no account of his spendings. He got off down the contract to which he re- the premier and leader of the opposi- about the few poor peasants resisting with \$14 a day, week in and week out,

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n was sitting or not, in addition to transportation services, and charged the whole thing to the nation. in my position would be asked to render an account." Mr. Bourassa is a great man, and is unconscious of his

We shall hear several stories of the episode of yesterday. In the maritime provinces, Ontario and the west the most will be made of the fine speech of the premier. But those who shall follow the accounts of the press in some parts of Canada or who attend certain public meetings in Quebec will learn how the "tory Orangistes" shouted down Mr. Bourassa and how Sir Charles Tupper and his followers showed their intolerance and their hate of him because he came from Quebec and "is one of our compatriots." The tory "fanatics" will be properly rebuked.

In the meantime another triumph has been obtained by the loyal people of Canada. Mr. Fitzpatrick has withdrawn from the election bill the clauses which were most obnoxious to in connection with the closing exerthe patriotism and the sense of fustice of all good Canadians. When the first protest was made against the proposition to disfranchise the Canadian soldiers and mounted police, the gov-ernment defended the policy with apparent confidence. But the ministers have heard from the people since then, and have backed down. It was a happy coincidence that the surrender of the government was announced to the house on the same day as the surrender of Pretoria.

Our old friends Mackenzie and Mann are to the front again. They only want \$333,000 compensation for the refusal of parliament to ratify the Yukon railway contract. As the contract was made subject to ratification, and as no authority whatever had been given to the government to make the minister of justice has stated in the senate that the government is considering the case. There must be therefore something to consider, and as no one knows what obligation Mr. Sifton assumed in addition to the written contract, it is impossible to say that the firm has no claim. It must erson Franklin, marched into the hall not be forgotten that the contract was made within two or three days before the meeting of parliament. There could have been no obligation if Mr. Blair and Mr. Sifton had waited for parliamentary authority. If the country is committed to pay anything then the ministers are guilty of a greater offence than was supposed. Matters of this kind on the eve of an election will stand a good deal of watching.

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Senator Wood obtained yesterday an interesting return of the number of loaded cars detained in the Intercolonial yards at St. John and Halifax. It appears that on the 10th of April, 1900, which was about the date when the return was asked for, there were standing at Halifax 275 loaded cars. Of these 42 were there since the first of January, and had therefore been standing in the yard more than three months. There were in St. John at the same date 251 cars that had arrived on the Intercolonial railway. The following are the months on which the cars had arrived that were standing in the yards at Halifax and St. John on the

TOTAL OF PADITI.		
		R. cars at
Month. Halifax.	St. John.	St. John
Nov. & Dec., '99. 42'	none	none
January, 1900 46	3	none
February 67	20	none
March104	74	22
April 16	154	63
	5	S. D. S.

WHAT THEY SAID.

"Did the girls say anything when they heard of my engagement?" she asked, with natural curiosity.
"Very little," was the reply of her dearest

"But they said something."
"Oh, yes; they said something."
"What was it?"

"What was it?"

"Well, most of them merely exclaimed,
'At last!"

There was a pause, and then she asked:
"Well, what did some of the others say?"
"One of them said, 'Who'd have thought
it?' Another, 'Will wonders never cease?'
and a third—"
"Oh, never mind the rest," interrupted
the flance. "I never did have much curiosity."—Chicago Post.

DROPS OF WATER.

The Sea of Galilee is 633 feet below the Mediterranean.

The largest body of water in the the Caspian Sea, it being 180,000 square miles in extent.

At Binioni the volume of the warm all the rivers in the world at their mouths.

Magistrate-So you admit having been engaged in making counterfeit money? Prisoner-Yes, your worship: you see, the supply of the genuine article is so very, very short.



without a bottle on hand. Use my name if desired.

It works thousands of cures annually. Endorse ments like the above are a guarantee of merit. Price, \$1; six for \$5. As a liminent for family use it has no equal. Ask your druggist for Kendall's Spavin Cure, also "A Treatise on the Herse," the book free, or address DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburg Falls, Vt.

ACADIA CLOSING.

I did not think," he said, "that a man Last Undergraduate Appearance of the College Seniors.

> Addresses by Members of the Graduating Class and Conferring of Degrees.

Awarding the Governor General's Gold Medal-College Hall Crowded With Spectators - The Evening Conversazione-Everybody Happy.

(Staff Correspondence of the Sun.) WOLFVILLE, N. S., June 6-Yesterday was one of considerable interest cises of Acadia. Every hour of the day was filled, and the attendance at the different meetings was the largest

In the morning the college seniors played as under-graduaces what was practically their last part as enter-tainers. Yesterday was their class day. College hall was elaborately decorated for the occasion with class flags, and long before the hour for commencement had arrived, nearly every seat in the building had been Class days are evidently growing popular here. They afford a certain relaxation and enjoyment that no other of the exercises furnish, and the students look forward and prepare for them with considerable expectancy.

The class of '00 filled their part as hosts and entertain with commendable ease and grace, and they furnishsuch a contract, one can hardly see to their guests a programme sufficientwhat basis there is for the claim. But | 1y varied to suit everyone. There was in it an intermingling of the grave and gay, as might be expected at what was the positively last appearance.

> At ten o'clock the class, in cap and gown, headed by their president, Emand took seats on the platform. Their appearance was the signal for a friendly outburst of applause. Whatever of class rivalry there might have been before, it was effectually hidden yesterday, and it was certainly 1900's own day. They made good use of their opportunity.

> President Franklin in a brief address referred to the fact that the life of the class as such was drawing near to the close, and welcomed the public to witness its last undergraduate performance.

Permanent officers were then elected as follows: President, Emerson L. Franklin, Wolfville; secretary, Miss

Elizabeth Colwell of St. John. It was given to John C. Jones, son of Prof. R. V. Jones, to prepare and read the history of the class from its freshman year until it had arrived at the last enjoyment of senior privilege. Mr. Jones proved the wisd class's choice. In an original manner, and with many touches of wit and kindly sarcasm, he outlined the four years's life of the class. He was heartily applauded at the close.

Austin Bill of Lockeport read the class prophecy. With himself as interlocutor and another member of the class supplying the information, a racy, conversational sketch of what the position and influence of the members of the graduating class would be in twenty-five years to come. Mr. Bill kept his hearers's interest to the close, and provoked a hearty laugh by his hits, which perhaps were better enjoyed because more truly appreciated by the members of the class than by

W. Ernest McNeill of Montague, in the valedictory, departed entirely from the known paths of such things. He cut out for himself a new way and his effort, which all had expected would be a brilliant one, fully came up to the most sanguine expectations. It was the valedictory that furnished the leavening of gravity. The principal thoughts, which were pointed out as key notes of a successful life were

action and self-control. Between these papers the class quartette, consisting of Miller, Richardson, Archibald and Mersereau, rendered several selections. At the close world having no outlet in the ocean is hearty cheers were given the class.

In the afternoon the closing exercises of Herton Collegiate Academy waster of the gulf stream is sixty times was held. The members of the faculas great as the combined volume of ty occupied seats on the platform, while the students were seated in front. Several members of the graduwere fully up to the standard set by Simpson of Berwick, Rev. Dr. Saunders of Halifax, and Mr. Young, the gentleman who donated the manual training building.

The members of the graduating class were presented with their diplomas. Principal Brittain and his staff have worked faithfully this year, and it has been one of the most successful of the last eight or ten. The number attending has not been large, yet the quality of the work done has been exception-

As soon as the regular exercises in connection with the closing were over, college hall was crowded with spectathe manual training building was tors. The programme was: thronged with visitors, who received a practical exhibition of the kind of work done by the students. The utility of this institution has already been fully proven. Last near nearly double the number of students took the course of instruction than did the year before. While the practical exhibition was going on in one part of the building. another was given over to a booth at which were sold all kinds of handy souvenirs of the town and the training school.

The Seminary closing, which always takes place on the evening preceding commencement day, is conceded by all to be the prettiest sight that there is in connection with the exercises. Last night was no exception to the rule. It is true that it lacks something of the pemp and dignity of the confirmation of degrees, and it also has little, if

any, of that peculiar mixture of feelmen and women with extra initials after their names, are set at liberty to shift for themselves in what is generally called the cold, wide world.

But if it lacks these things, it doubthers them are in the additional

ly makes them up in its 'additional beauty and charm. As might be expected, more than ordinary pains are taken to decorate the room and to improve its appearance. Last evening the college class banners were remov-ed from over the center of the platform and in its place hung in graceful folds, bunting in the colors of the graduating class, while here and there, as an added effect, were to express it in the words of the morning's valedictorian masses of "that summer snow of apple-blossoms." The motto of class, "Sans peur et sans reproche," was twined in colored letters among the bunting. Shortly after eight o'clock the processional march was played, and that solemn and stately parade of white gowned maidens was begun. Judging from the applause they received, the ladies of Acadia Seminary are extremely popular. First came the main body of students, then the graduating class of eighteen in all. the second largest in the history of the institution, and then the teachers.

Four essays were read. Miss Ulive Smith delivered a very clever essay on Mathematics in Nature; Miss Grace Hamm gave a sympathetic and vivid description of Italy's struggle for liberty, which culminated in 1870. Miss Sadie Dykeman of Fairville, daughter of Rev. A. T. Dykeman, had in The Red Cross in War an exceedingly popular subject. She was interrupted several times by vigorous applause. Miss Lillie Webster of Kentville, N. S., read an essay on Rosa Bonheur and her work, which showed a wide knowledge of and an artistic sympathy with her subject.

Mrs. Charles Archibald of Halifax gave an address to the graduating After speaking of the advantages which are now offered for wo man's education, she reviewed at some length the movement which had resulted in obtaining educational facilities for women, and the opening of the different professions to them. Mrs. 'Archibeld then made an appeal to the class to be true to the advantages

that they had obtained. Diplomas were presented to ten of the ladies in the collegiate course, four in the course in piano, two others'received certificates in this course, and one received a certificate for post graduate work, one lady obtained a diplema in the course in voice.

Prizes were presented as follows: The Payzant prize of \$18 for the most efficient student-Lillie Claire Webster, Kentville. Second Fayzant prize of \$18 for French-Mary G. H. McCain. Flor-

enceville, N. H. Third Payzant prize of \$18 for instrumental music-Alice Maud Louns bury, Newcastle, N. B. Paint scholarship of \$30, for highest excellence and scholarship - Martha Borden Vaughan, Wolfville.

Second prize of \$20-Bessie King, Governor general's medal - Portia

Starr, Wolville Principal McDonald announced the memorial gifts. Amherst friends are fitting up two rooms as a hospital, in memory of Miss A. McCully, and friends of Mrs. H. Reid Taylor have contributed a sufficient sum to instal the electric lighting in the seminary. Mrs. McClelan, a former student of Grand Fre Seminary, contributed \$100 towards the object.

The class of 1900 presented the semiinary with Tissot's Pictorial Life of Christ, in four handsomely bound volumes.

In regard to the work, President Mc-Donald regarded it as having been most successful during the year. One hundred and thirty-nine students were in attendance, and the prospects now were brighter than they had been for some time.

Hon. H. R. Emmerson, who was present, was called and spoke briefly and in highly commendatory terms of the work of the institution. The exercises were closed with the

national anthem.

Today the degree of B. A. will be granted to twenty-eight students, eight will be given the master's degree in course, as follows: A. J. Archibald, B. A., in Church History; Lyman M. Penton, E. A., Church History; Elias W. Kelly, B. A., Philosophy; ida E. McLeod, B. A., Modern Languages; Bessie M. McNally, B. A., English Literature; Charles R. McNally, B. A. Philosophy; Alfred H. C. Morse, B. A., Church History, Charles W. Slipp, B.

A., Economics. Eleven of the graduating class take their degrees with honors, as follows: ating class read their essays, which E. H. Cameron, in Classics; V. L. Miller, Classics; S. S. Poole, Classics; H. previous closings. At the close, short G. Colpitts, History of Economics; R. addresses were given by Rev. D. H. L. S. Leonard, History of Economics; E. L. Franklin, Physics; F. B. Starr, German: J A. Glendenning, Philosophy; C. J. Mersereau, Philosophy; Annie S. Clarke, English Literature; W. E. MacNeill, English Literature.

Honorary degrees will be conferred as follows: Rev. J. W. Manning, Doctor of Div-

inity, St. John. Prof. J. F. Tufts, Wolfville, D. C. L. Rev. John Clark, M. A. C. F. Myers, M. D., New York, M. A.

With glorious weather, the commencement exercises closed today. The

March. Prayer. ADDRESSES BY MEMBERS OF THE GRADUATING CLASS.

The Christian Pulpit in the Twentieth Cen-The Christian Pulpit in the Twentieth Century.

Horace Greeley Colpitts, Elgin, N. B.
The Ethical World of Shakespeare
Edward Herbert Jameron, Yarmouth, N. S.
Thie Power of Memory
Elizabeth Shaw Colwell, St. John, N. B.
Vocal solo by Professor H. N. Shaw, B. A.
Rand's "At Minas Basin".

John Alexander Glendinning, Moncton, N. B.
The Anglo-Saxon.

Austin Frederic Bill, Lockeport, N. S.
Vocal solo by Professor H. N. Shaw, B. A.
Conferring of Degrees.

President's Address to Graduating Class.
Awarding Governor General's Medal.

Addresses.

National Anthem.

ADDRESSES BY MEMBERS OF THE GRADUATING CLASS DELIVERED

BEFORE THE FACULTY.

The French Revolution.... Frank L. Cann, Yarmouth, N. S.

The Christian Pulpit in the Twentieth Cen-Horace Greely Colpitts, Elgin, N. B. The Power of Memory Elizabeth Shaw Colwell, St. John, N. B. Russian Nihilism George Leslie Dickson, Truro, N. S.

The Present War and the Unity of the Empire Laurie Longley Harrison, Maccan, N. S.

Archibald Lampman Milton, N. S.

Schiller's Wilhelm Tell William Everett McNeill, Montague, P. E. L. The Value of a General Education to the Military Man Chalmers Jack Mersereau, Doaktown, N. I Educational Forces and Life Vernon Laurie Miller, Bear River, N. S. Sober by Act of Parliament Sheldon Samuel Poole, Yarmouth, N. S. Doaktown, N. B. The Eight Hour Day.... Edgar Nelson Rhodes, Amherst, N. S.

N. S.
How India is Governed
Rowland R. Sanford, Wolfville, N. S.
Minna von Barnhelm...
Fred Burgess Starr, Wolfville, N. S.
Philosophy in Literature
Enoch Crosley Stubbert, Beverly, Mass.
Machinery and Labor
Harold Freeman Tufts, Wolfville, N. S.

CANDIDATES FOR M. A. DEGREE. Adoniram J. Archibald, Lyman M. Denton, Eiias W. Kelly, Ida E. McLeod, Bessie M. McNally, Charles R. McNally, Alfred H. C. Morse, Charles W. Slipp. The address to the graduates was

delivered by Rev. Dr. Trotter, and at the close degrees were conferred upon 27 students. W. E. McNeili of Montague won the

governor general's medal. This evening's conversazione was largely attended. There was a choice programme of music.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., June 6.-From

all parts of the surrounding country people poured in today to witness the graduation of the class of 1900. The Associated Alumni met shortly before the commencement exercises and selected their officers for the ensuing year and transacted business. Rev. Z. L. Fash of Halifax presided. Reports were received from the various committees and officers. A committee consisting of Rev. Messrs. Simpson, Weeks and Schurman was appointed to draw up suitable resolutions of condolence, to be presented to Rev. Dr. Sawyer, whose wife lately died. Another committee, consisting of I. B. Oakes and C. W. Rose, was appointed to draw up resolutions in respect to the late Dr. Rand. The alumni nominated as its representatives on the senate G. U. Hay, Rev. R. O. Morse Rev G P White Hentenort: vice. C. W. Corey, E. D. King, I. B. Oakes, to the echo.

W. C. Goucher. the college, and the graduating class, marched into the large hall, which oil colors and crayons, were shown. was crowded with spectators. Prayer they were of a very high standard of excellence.

The first speaker was H. G. Colpitts played a selection of patriotic airs. of Elgin, whose subject was The Christian Pulpit of the 20th Century. Mr. ingly practical character, and he handled his subject well.

The Ethical World of Shakespeare was the subject of an interesting address by Edward H. Cameron of Yarmouth. He showed a wide and comprehensive knowledge of the works of

favorable comment. Miss Elizabeth S. Colwell of St. ment of them. John delivered a scholarly address upon The Power of Memory.

denning's treatment of the theme was exceedingly sympathetic, and his address was replete with poetic imagery. Austin F. Bill of Lockport spoke in semi-humorous but at the same time highly practical manner of The Anglo-Saxon. He was frequently interrupted by the applause of the audience.

The class at the close of these ad-

dresses retired, and were brought in by Dr. S. B. Kempton, who introduced them as candidates for the degree of Bachelor in Arts. After the degrees had been conferred, Dr. Trotter delivered the address to the new graduates. The theme was Success in Life. He said, in part, that the minds should be clarified as to what constitutes true success. It is a common notion that he succeeds who amasses wealth, another is that success lies in squeezing the sweetness out of the world as the juice is squeezed from an orange. These are fallacious. The true ideal is only found by turning to the one true life, lived among men. That true conception is service. The world is not an accumulation of prizes; it is emn relations of man to man and man apolis Tribune. to God. Through these God is working out His beneficent purposes, and he has found true success who has discovered God's purposes and becomes His co-worker. But from this life we can get, beside the conception of service, that of the masterhood in service, and it is these that give us the true ideal. In the midst of apparent defeat Jesus lifted up His voice in triumph. He had achieved masterhood in service. This true ideal then means the adoption of service as a fundamental purpose, and the achievement of masterhood in service. An indispensable condition is the mastery



find out for himself. This mastery has its physical, intellectual and moral sides. The instinctive desire of man is not service; this must be crucified. Only he who conquers himself may master other things. Already this class has attained to a noble degree of self-master. As a class your intellectual work ranks with the best who have gone out from Acadia. your four years in the arena you have had many antagonists to meet, but self was the greatest of all. This struggle must still be continued. Life is always an arena. Fight the good fight with self.

Short addresses were also delivered by Rev. Dr. Sawyer, Dr. J. W. Manning, Dr. Tufts and B. H. Eaton, Candidates for M. A. were given their degrees, and the announcement of the medal winner was made. This medal for the highest standing in the last three years was won by W. Everett Macneill of Montague, who has made for himself a brilliant record as a student. It was also announced that Dr. K. B. Tupper of Philadelphia had promised to donate a gold medal annually is a pretty girl in the town, well, I and J. F. L. Parsons. The election of during the time in which President have not as yet seen her. officers resulted as follows: President, Trotter held office, for oratory. The announcement was greeted with hear president, Prof. Frank Haley, Wolf- ty cheers. As Mr. Macneill stepped ville; secretary-treasurer, Rev. W. N. forward to obtain his medal, his class-Hutchings; executive committee, Rev. mates and fellow students cheered him

Shortly after ten o'clock the long and | In the afternoon many visited the stately procession, consisting of the art gallery in the seminary, where faculty, the governors and alumni of specimens of the work done by the ladies of that institution, in china,

A brilliant conversazione in the eve was offered by Rev. Dr. Boggs, and nng closed the regular proceedings. All the regular graduating proceedings then repaired to the campus, where commenced. Five essays were deliv- the occupation of Pretoria was celeered by members of the class, and brated in splendid style. Among the speakers were Mayor Thompson and Hon. H. R. Emmerson. A huge bonfire was lit and the Wolfville band

Thursday most of the people left Colpitts's address was of an exceed- Wolfville and returned home. The day before yesterday we very nearly the exercises had been a decided success in every way, the perfect weather of the week materially adding to was hit in the shoulder about four

the effect. The Dominion Atlantic railway people handled the large crowd with per- the bullet is still in him. the great master, and his analysis of fect ease, and with great comfort to the subject provoked a great deal of the passengers, who were emphatic in their praise of the company's treat-

Among those who came over to S' John were: Hon. H. R. Emmerson, An appropriate subject was that of Inspector Mersereau, C. J. Mersereau, John A. Glendenning of Moncton, Doaktown; L. L. Slipp, Sussex; Chas. Rand's "Basin of Minas." Mr. Glen- Atherten, Woodstock; R. J. Colpitts, Elgin; Mrs. C. T. White, Garfield White, Sussex; Mrs. R. C. Elkin, Miss Elkin, Miss Flossie Elkin, Fred Elkin, Mrs. N. C. Scott, Mrs. E. B. Jones, Oscar Jones, Miss Jones, Kenneth Haley, Miss Brown, Mr. Colwell and Major Williams say today that the others.

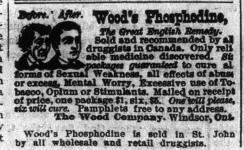
END OF THE YARMOUTH S. S. CO.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 12.—The D. A. R. have offered \$350,000 for the Yarmouth S. S. Company, stock, taking all property and business and entering into the enloyment of their subsidies. Baker's wharf will be leased and used as a terminus by the D. A. R. The steamer Monticello will be continued on the present route, and the Eoston will be kept in commission, making two trips per week. The Prince George and Prince Arthur continuing a daily service, as last year, thus giving eight boats per week through the summer. The Yarmouth will be disposed of. This arrangement will come into force of. This arrangement will come into force July 1st. Ratification from the directors in Lendon is all that is required to give force to the agreement reached.

RATHER BE ON SHORE.

Webster Davis, in a recent speech, declared that one American warship could lick sixteen British warships an accumulation of means designed to but we'll wager that Mr. Davis would promote the temporal well being of the not care to be on board the American individuals. Life is a mystery of soi- ship when she attempted it.-Minne-

> A cable from Porto Rico this week quotes molasses one cent higher, with stocks practically extausted.



STRATHCONA HORSE.

Sergt. Edmundson, Well and Favorably Known in St. John,

Sends a Characteristic Letter to a Friend, Who Favors the Sun With Its Contents.

The Sun is indebted to A. Milne Fraser of Halifax for the following letter from Sergt. Edmundson of the Strathcona Horse, dated Green Point Camp, Cape Town, S. A., May 6th: Dear Uncle Willie—At last we are under orders for the front, and will start in about three days. We had a capital voyage, no rough weather, and if we had not lost so many of our horses (160) everything would have been levely. Of course we had to work hard, as the men had nearly 600 horses to look after, and we had over 500 green men to get into shape. night we had a fire on board, and for a few minutes things looked pretty blue, but the men were wonderfully steady, fell into their places and remained perfectly silent. It looked at first as if we were in for it, but when we got the hose and a bucket brigade to work we quickly put it out, but I confess that we were all much relieved

when the bugle sounded "dismiss."
Here we are camped on a large sandy plain, about two miles outside Cape Town. We are situated between the foot of Signal hill and the seashore, and have a lovely view of Table Bay. We were all much delighted to find that we were not too late, and it seems, now that he have secured our remounts, that they have something special for us. We are very strong in guns, as we have three Maxims (500 per minute) and one of the dreaded "pom-poms." I am in charge of a Maxim, and can do very decent shooting with it. It is rather an unhealthy kind of a pepper-box to turn loose in

anyone's direction. I know that this war is not going to be a picnic, and we always play the game to a finish. Now that I am on the guns I am having an easier time of it, as I have no night guard to take charge of, but before that I had rather a busy time of it.

I wonder if I will see you all again. Of course the chances are a bit against a man who operates a "quick-firer," as the Boers have an ungentlemanly trick of pointing all their various kinds of shooters in his direction, in hopes of knocking the whole blamed thing out of tune.

Of course I cannot pretend to give you any war news, as you get more at Halifax than we do out here.

They have a lot of Boer prisoners cooped up here, and one was shot dead last night by a sentry when trying to escape. The population here seems to consist of different shades of niggers. I have seen very few people that I would call really white, and if there

THE CLUSE CALL

Of Two St. John Men in the Second Contingent.

Trooper Parks Had His Rifle Stock Carried Away by a Boer Bullet, and Trooper Markham's Horse Was Hit in the

WINBURG ROAD, Sunday, May 6 .-Any one who says this war will be

over in a few months is crazy. During the last three days we have driven them off as many kopjes. The general consensus of opinion was that had them surrounded. But they always manage to slip away.

During the fight on Friday my horse inches in front of my knee. The horse is not lame ,although the Vet. thinks

In Thursday's scrap, Parks was dismounted, leaning on his rifle, when a bullet hit the rifle, taking part of the stock away, and going through the corner of his jacket. One of the 1st Troop had a bullet through his hat. Yesterday our troops opened fire on a house at about 1,100 yards. The Boers came flocking out like bees and we could see them mounting and riding away. We have four pom-poms with us, and Capt. Howard's maxim and colt. I dare say you know more about these fights than I do, but I heard British were into the Transvaal in two places.

We have not been paid since we left the ship. Lieuts. Borden and Turner, with a few men, waded and swam the Viet (or Riet) river. Our squadron was sent to clear out the enemy in that neighborhood. We saw no signs of them, but we were fired on, however, when retreating.

We are up between 3.30 and 5 o'clock every morning, and after riding and walking all day we are ready to lie down anywhere as soon as we get something to eat. Some days when loot is plenty we fare well, but most of the time we get tea, coffee and hardtack. We have not been near a post office for two weeks, and I am going to give this to Mr. Best, the Y. M. C. A. man.

LEUWVELT, May 8 .- The mail closes at 4 o'clock, so I have just time to tell you that we are near the above place, eight miles above Winberg Road. We have struck a big force of Boers and we are, I think, waiting for reinforcements. We have had no fighting for two days, but I imagine we will have a fight tomorrow or next day. It is supposed the Boers will

make their last stand at Kronstaad. I am sending you a few leaves from Boer hymn book that I found, also some photographs. We get piles of stuff, but have no means of carrying it off. We have not been near a post office for days, which will account for any delay. All our treop is well.

RALPH MARKHAM.

Mr. Tippler (who is being carried to the police station)—"Ish awfully good of you. I hope I'm not taking you out of your way."

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. P. JUNE 16, 1900.

MANITOBA FRANCHISE BILL.

The liberal conservative government of Manitoba is redeeming its pledges. One of these was to repeal the inituit-ous franchise law which had been enacted by the Greenway government. Under that law it was easy for unscrupulous men to tamper with the voters lists and interfere with a free expression of the will of the people The new government might have retained the old law, and utilized the partisan machinery devised by the liberals for its own purposes. might have cited the example of the Ottawa government as a justification for repudiating its pledges and adopting what it had formerly denounced. But Hugh John Macdonald and his colleagues have done neither of these things. The franchise act which they have introduced hands over the preparation of the lists to the municipal authorities and provides for a revision by judicial officers. . It also provides that one man shall have but one vote. Heretcfore the custom; still in vogue in some other parts of Canada, of permitting a man to qualify in more than one constituency and vote in more than one, was maintained. Premier Macdonald regards this as objectionable, and his act provides a remedy.

An educational clause in the act provides for the exclusion of certain residents as follows :-

All persons, not British subjects by birth, who, at the date of the passing of this act. were not upon the last revised list of voters to be used at elections of members to the legislative assembly of Manitoba, or who have not resided in the dominion of Canada for at least seven years preceding the date upon which any such election is hereafter held; unless such person is able to read "The Manitoba Act" in one of the following languages, that is to say, English, French, German, Swedish or Icelandic.

This clause has special reference to the Doukhobers and Galicians. Premier Macdonald's remarks on this section are thus reported by the Win. nineg Telegram :-

As to the educational elause, he had no hesitation in saying that the main object of it was to shut out Galicians and Doukhobors, and he took the stand without bay hesitation. Personally he was of the opinion that it was of the utmost importance that those who were not here long enough to understand what free institutions were should not be permitted to vote until they did understand. Those who understood the nature and value of free institutions should not be interfered with by those brought up not under constitutional government. In 7 years they would have picked up enough to erable them to intelligently understand our constitution.

CAPT. C. F. HARRISON.

The intelligence of the death of Captain Charles F. Harrison of the Second Canadian Contingent, was received in this sity, Wednesday, with universal regret. That death came to him through the tedious medium of enteric fever at Cape Town, instead of in the swift shock of battle, does not lessen the public appreciation of the sacrifice. He volunteered in the service of the Empire, as he had previously done in the service of Canada, and with a full consciousness of the dangers involved.

We shall see his face no more, but memory will enshrine Charles F. Harrison among the heroic sons of Canada who gave up their lives in the cause of that larger liberty which is the pride and glory of the British Empire.

MR. FIELDING'S ATTITUDE.

The Halifax Chronicle says that provinces by the sea. when the members of parliament sang God Save the Queen in response to Mr. Bourassa's speech they displayed bad form and bad feeling. Mr. Fielding, who kept his seat during the to the Chronicle, "in an extremely fav- endorse the appointments.

orable light." It goes further and says: "There is not a tho cotia who will not think more of him for the information which the Herald and Star impart concerning his ac-tion. Mr. Fielding did just what might ave been expected of him."

Less than a dezen members of the ouse kept their seats on the occasio eferred to. One of them, of course was Mr. Bourassa. All who rose and orned in singing the national anthem are open to the censure of the Chronicle. We cancy there were some decent-minded persons among them, and that these are such also in the country at large, who regard it as rather inent for a member of the government to keep his seat under such cir cumstances, Perhaps the Chronicle is correct, however, in declaring that "Mr. Fielding did just what might have been expected of him." It is not so many years since he headed a se cession movement in Nova Scotia.

WHICH SHALL IT BE?

The Hon. Mr. Blair was in the city Wednesday. Hon. Mr. Emmerson and Hon. Mr. Tweedle were also on the scene. It may be assumed that matters relating to the supreme court udreship and the proposed shuffle of portfolios in the provincial cabinet were under consideration. It is understood that Mr. Blair is having some trouble with his friends. There are said to be two strong candidates for an excursion by boat and rall to Kentthe judgeship, Hon. Mr. Emmerson and Geo. F. Gregory, Q. C. If the former is appointed, the latter, who is able to wield an influence which Mr. Blair cannot well afford to despise, might be troublesome. On the other hand, if Mr. Gregory is appointed, Hon. Mr. Tweedie loses his immediate chance for the premiership, which, after his recent famous interview and confession of faith, would be extremely sad. Of course the three statesmen are actuated purely by motives of patridtism, and all good citizens will wish them a happy release from their troubles. If they wait a few months the people will perhaps take the liberty of settling the question themselves. But the vacant judgeship, it is claimed, must be filled soon, and in that case the people can do nothing but stand by and watch the battle.

BOURASSA ET AL.

Says the Toronto Mail and Empire The members of parliament who declined to rise and sing the national anthem or cheer for the Queen after Bourassa had

Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Mr. Fielding. Mr. Fisher,

Mr. Fitzpatrick. Mr. Godbout Mr. Carroll.

Mr. Erb. Mr. Belcourt. Mr. Brodeur. Mr. Campbell.

Mr. Bourassa. One report says: "Archie Campbell, M. P for Kent, not only retained his seat, but also remained wearing his hat till the middle of the third verse of God Save the Queen Mr. Bourassa is a powerful leader or he could not dominate those cleven members n this extraordinary fashion.

The Moncton Transcript publishes an alleged interview with a Restigouche county gentleman, in which the opinion is expressed that if Hon. Mr. Blair. declines to run in that county, the liberals can elect either of two resident liberals who are named. No reference is made in this interview to Mr. Blair's attitude respecting the Gaspe railway contract. Perhaps it is just as well. The Restigouche gentleman is further alleged to have said he would not be surprised if Mr. James Robinson, M. P., were the next liberal candidate in Northumberland county. It is astonishing what a lot of news some of our valued grit contemporaries are getting this summer.

The Canadian Pacific fast express. the Imperial Limited, brings Toronto within minety-six hours of Vancouver. The fact illustrates the wonderful development of Canada. The country may now be crossed from the Atlantic to the Pacific in less than six days, and the journey made with a comfort approaching luxury. By the progressive statesmanship of Sir John Macdonald and those who labored with him, Canada has been made great, and its uttermost bounds brought into close touch with each other.

The fact that over a score of young men from the maritime provinces graduated in medicine this week at McGill University directs attention to the strong hold this institution has gained upon the confidence and good will of the people. It is now becoming the fashion to patronize a Canadian rather than an American college. The splendil equipment of McGill gives it high rank among educational institutions, and it is yearly growing in favor with medical students from the

Col. Borden might reward the men who refused to rise in their seats in the commons when God Save the Queen was sung, with the title of "honorary cheers and singing, appears, according ccionel." Tarte and Laurier would MIRAMICHI LUMBER NOTES.

(Chatham Com There is a big log jam of the South West boom, and the mil's are suffering n consequence. The logs are piled wenty feet high in the boom. Dynamite was used as a means of starti the jam, but it was not success? The logs are now being handed out

ng built here this summer. Mr. Moravec, late of the Maritime Sulphite Fibre Co., who is the prime mover in the project, has lately looked over some sites in the vicinity of Chathe and it is said that he has almost decided on the location.

P. E. ISLAND.

MOUNT STEWART, P. E. I., June 12.—Crops are generally backward, owing to the lateness of the season. Fruit, however, promises an abundant

The cheese factory under the efficient management of Mr. McDonald is again in full blast. The quantity of milk received to date has not been so large as for the corresponding period of last

Codfish are reported plentiful, bu lobsters are unusually scarce.

The good people of St. Andrews parish intend having a grand tea part on the 17th July in aid of the church. Dr. Wright of Bedeque has dental rooms in Mrs. Clark's Allan Cittis has almost co ecovered, the operation which he inderwent having been a complete success.

PARRSBORO NEWS! PARRSBORO, N. S., June 13,-Kenilworth lodge, Knights of Pythias, had ville on Friday. It was poorly patron

The Women's Missionary society of St. James' church had a very successful garden party on Mayor Day's grounds yesterday afternoon and ever

Rev. C. DeW. White, rector of New Ross, took the services in St. George's church last Sunday. There were three funerals in town last Friday. There is only one deal ship in West Bay at present, but several others are expected shortly. Capt. Patrick Mc-Laughlin has commenced building a schooner of about 100 tons register.

AMHERST.

Committed for Trial on Four Charge of Burglary.

AMHERST June 13.-The Jones and Provincial Constable Simp Cosecpic pictures, son, for travelling blind baggage and who was afterwards identified as the county, has been committed for trials of each one, noting the qualities to be on four charges of burglary, and it is sought after and these to be avoided. charges so far preferred are: Burglarizing Henry Hunter's store and Henry, Hunter's house at Westchester station meeting at nome on some work-day at Athol on June 22nd. Most of the articles found on the prisoner have been identified. Besides the revolver and cartridges, there were found on him a number of fuses for blasting purposes. On electing which court he would be tried before, he said: "Ithink I will be tried supreme this time." It is believed that he is the same man who about six years ago was sent to the penitentiary for five years for burglarizing the station nouse at Springhill. A disgraceful fact in connection with this man's imprisonment in the fail here is that he was confined handcuffed in the same cell occupied by an insane man, whose proper place is the insane asylum at Halifax. The breach in the other cell floor made by the recently escaped prisoners has not been repaired, thus leaving that cell of no use.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Pride here was last evening the scene of a pretty hymenial event-the marriage of Miss Annie Black of Salt. Springs, daughter of Station Master J. W. Black, and Harry Black of Dunlap Bros. & Co., ltd. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. J. L. Batty, about eighty guests being present at the ceremony. The bride, gowned in ivory white silk grenadine, with liberty silk and chiffon trimmings and carrying a bouquet of white roses, was given away by her father, Miss Trueman played the wedding march, and during the wedding repast she with Miss Trenbolm rendered very appropriate music. The bridal presents were exceedingly handsome, and included an elegant gold chain from the groom, an easy chair from the groom's Sunday school class and a chair from his fellow clerks of Dunlap Bros. & Co.

HON. MR. BLAIR AND THE EXHI-BITIONS.

Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways and canals, came in from Fredericton Wednesday morning. Messrs. Pottinger and McKenzie of the L. C. R. came down from Moncton, to meet him. Mr. Bloir, interviewed in regard to special rates over the I. C. R. for exhibitors at the Halifax fair, said that on learning that the exhibition associations of the two cities had fixed upon the same dates for the holding of their respective exhibitions. he had informed the parties that they must agree upon or arrange dates which would not conflict, as otherwise he would be compelled to cancel the order for the carrying of exhibits free. It would be impossible for the I. C. R. to arrange transportation to both exhibitions at the same time.

The Sun's Halifax correspondent wired that night as follows: The Halifax exhibition people were thrown into a state of some excitement today by a telegram from Hon. A. G. Blair, stating that if the date of the Halifax show was not fixed at a time either before or after the St. John exhibition that the arrangement for the transportation of exhibits to and from the earlibition would have to be cancelled Attorney General Longley, president of the Halifax Exhibition Association replied that the Halifax dates would be adhered to, irrespective of what might happen, and that Halifax would be satisfied only with whatever railway rates were given to St. John,

SUNDAY SCHOOL

The International Lesson.

Lesson XIII.-June 24.

REVIOW.

GOLDEN TEXT.
Thy kingdom come.—Matt. 6: 10. REVIEWING

Dr. Trumbull tells us that "The asses of persons, however, ought to attend Standay school whenever they can do so; they include all who can learn anything from the Bible, and all who can teach its truths to those who need to learn them. The only persons who would fairly seem to have no place in the Sunday school are those who can neither teach nor learn." This equally true of those who should carefully review the quarter's lecsons. There are many ways of reviewing, but some things should characterize them all. (1) They should give a general review of the whole subject studied, and not merely a sucession of details. (2) In our lesson this year the review should extend over the whole life of Christ up to the time the quarter closes. (3) It should be made as attractive as possible. In some schools the reviews have been the most attractive sessions of the quarter. (4) There should be considerable variety. (5) There should be a drill on

VARIETY IN REVIEWS. (1) General reviews by the school as whole. (2) Choral reviews, where there is the singing of an appropriate verse or two by the school, or by solos or quartette, after each subject or division of the review. (3) Class reviews. (4) Picture reviews. (5) Blackboard reviews. (6) Word picture re-(7) Stereopticon reviews. Home gatherings reviews. (9) Map reviews. (10) Character reviews. (11) Moral teachings reviews, (12) Several of these united, and many other ways.

THE GEOGRAPHY CLASS. naming the places referred to in the lesson, together with the events that took place in them; not only those belonging to these lessons, but all those related to the places. These should be pointed out on the map, and may also be written upon the blackboard.

THE PICTURE REVIEW will be interesting to a class by means of W. A. Wilde Company's beautiful half-tone pictures on The Life of named James Campbell, arrested at Christ, the colored Detroit pictures, Wentworth station by I. C. R. Officer unmounted photographs, and the stepunmounted photographs, and the ster-

man wanted in connection with the in which the principal persons are THE PORTRAIT GALLERY. many burglaries committed in this named, and a character sketch given

A BIFLE GAME REVIEW can be made interesting at a class of boys, aged thirteen to fifteen. The implements are pencil, paper, and 'anagram' cards, letters of the alpha bet on squares of cardboard." Adapting his plan to the lessons of this quarter, "select proper names of a person place, or event," as: Jesus, Christ, John, Jairus, Herod, Herodias, Capernaum, Hattin, Macherus, Galilee, Bethsaida, sower, leaven, mustard seed Beatitudes. "Letters forming these fifteen names were furnished to boys, divided into two camps, in different rooms. They were required to decipher the name, write a short account of it and give chapter and verse. The use of Bibles and maps was encouraged. In an hour each side guessed all the motive Inspector Weir refused to give names. Camp O excelled Camp H in the fullness and accuracy of the written reports." "Still more successful was the following a month later with the same camps. Eleven incidents selected from the lessons, each designated by two catchwords, which would the prompt act of the British consular match each other but fit nothing else," as: sower-field (Lesson VIII.); Beatitudes-mountain (I.); John-prison (V.); Herodias-dance (XI.); Pharises - forgiveness (VII.); leaven - meal (IX.); woe-come (VI.); etc. "Twentytwo words in duplicate sets were handed to the camps to be guessed, matched, and recorded without comment. The work proved too long for the allotted hour, but Camp H guessed eighteen and Camp O seventeen out of the twenty-two words. The contest as a whole was a tie. The exercise aroused an intense interest, called forth quick recollection and intelligent study.

THE BLACKBOARD REVIEW should be a part of the general review, including a moral teachings review. Let the scholars name the virtues, and duties, and promises inculcated in the quarter's lessons. This may be arranged beforehand, and classes may agree on those which seem most important. And as each one is named and writetn on the blackboard let the school, or the quartette, sing some appropriate verse of a hymn which will deepen the impression. Then all can be repeated in concert.

1. Over what period of Christ's life dces this quarter's lessons extend? 2. What new thirgs in this period that we did not have in the last quar-3. What things do you find that

show progress in his work of planting the gospel? 4. In what years of his ministry do the events belong

5. In what part of the country? 6. Name the principal places re ferred to. 7. Name the four miracles studied

Name the three miracles studied. Name the five parables studied. 3. 10. State five great truths learned 11. Give six great duties enforced.

WHARF COLLAPSED AT HALIFAX.

(Special to the Sun) HALIFAX, June 15.-Fifty feet of the end of Musgrave's wharf collapsed at 1 o'clock this morning under a weight of 200 tons of coal taken out of the raised steamer Maverick. No



ENG DEADE

No feel and the second		Mirror Marien		AL.
Safe	to use. N	lo arsenic.	Kills pota	to, squa
and cucu	mber bugs.	current and	tomato wo	rms.
and incr	eases yield	of good mar	notes growt ketable mea	v potato
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5		阿斯特·尔伯斯曼雷尔科·SNOOT 的名式 几		Rest Control Control of LEGS CO.
12%	** **		\$1	
Pe	rfection	Shaker,	• • • • • • • •	65e.
1	or sale by	your local d	ealer or by	the

Pat. March 16 and Nov. 9; 1897.

Serious Disturbances Taking Place at Points Some Distance from Pekin.

of Danger International Relief Column Forcing its Way to the Capital.

think there is a great deal more trouble shead for the concert of powers place at Yun Nan Fu and Meng Tze as well as at other points at a considerable distance from the capital. The whole Chinese empire seems to

The intentions of the empress dowager are still equivocal, with a balance of testimony on the side of a determination to expel the appropriators of a part of her country or to lose her dynasty in the attempt. It is related of her that on Monday, following the murder of the chancellor of the Japanese legation, she was roused to sense of danger and went personally to the Yung Ting gate at Pekin, where she advised the rioters to disperse. But she took no steps to apply force; and the appearance of things is more threatening than before.

ternational relief column is forcing his way to Pekin, several of the powers are arranging largely to reinforce their details at Tien Tsin. Germany purposes sending 1,200 men. Great Britain sent 600 from Hong Kong yes-terday and 400 will go Sunday. Italy has ordered 1,000 men to hold themselves in readiness. Russia, according to a St. Petersburg despatch of Wednesday, has decided to bring her force at Tien Tsin up to 6,000. Thus the combined forces at Tien Tsin will probably soon be about 10,000 men. The explicit statement made yester

liminish the harmony. An incident, however, has already occurred, involving the British and French at Tien Tsin, which nearly ended in violence. A despatch from Tien Tein, dated yesterday, says: "For some days the French and Russian authorities here have been jealous because of the supposed facilities given to the British authorities by the British employes of the China railways. Yesterday (Wednesday) some French marines attempted to take charge of on engine required at the front. Locoup the engine and a Frenchman at tempted to bayonet him. Weir caught the muzzle of the rifle and the bayonet passed over his shoulder. For a moment serious trouble between the British and French was imminent; but and naval officers, backed by the American ccasul and the railway officials, prevented a collision. Consiliatory expressions were exchanged. The French consul withdrew his opposition and the British remained in charge of the engine."

LONDON, June 15 .- The Times pub lishes the following despatch from Tien Tsin, via Shanghai, June 14: serious er gagement has occurred between the international column and the Mohammedan troops of Gen. Tung Fuh Siang, near Pekin.

ing rifles."

Fu says the English and French missions there have been burned, and that the foreign residents have taken refuge in the viceroy's residence. The trouble, this despatch says, is reported to be due to French intri-

A telegram received from Yunnan.

divisions of the country have already been assigned. The belief is that the withdrawal of the British ships from the Yang Tse Kiang is an indication

DANFORTH CHEMICAL CO., 40 Prince William Street. St. Stephen, N. B.

CHINESE CRISIS.

The Empress Dowager Roused to a Senso

LONDON, June 15, 4.20 a. m.-Observers at Shanghai and Tien Tsin than merely reaching Pekin with 2,044 mer. Serious disturbances are taking

be in a ferment.

While Admiral Seymoun with the in-

day in the house of commons by: the parliamentary secretury of the foron the night of June 1st; Clarke & evening. Charles S. Holt describes in ence to the indentity of opinion among Melanson's store, Joggins. Mines, on the Sunday School Times one which the powers upon the question of the May 21st, and D. F. Archibald's stores has proved "interesting and nelpful application of force and the method in a monthly social meeting of a class of applying it is accepted by all the morning papers as quite sufficient for the present; and the hope is generally expressed that nothing will happen to

Byron Brennen, British consul

Shanghai, who is now in London, says that these Mohammedan troops are armed with machine guns and repeat-

A Shanghai despatch, dated yesterday, says: "A Chinese steamer, laden with arms and ammunition, cleared from Shanghai today bound for Tein Tsin. A notorious murderer who was delivered by the municipality of Shanghal to the Chinese authorities, is being slowly stoned to death in a cage. Thousands of spectators watch his agonies daily." LONDON, June 14.-A special de-

spatch from Shanghai says an unconfirmed report has reached there from Tien Tsin to the effect that a foreign legation has been burned and that a minister has been killed. The names, it is added, are withheld pending a confirmation of the report. It is added that the Japanese ent two more cruisers and have land-

ed 300 additional troops.

LONDON, June 14.-A special cable from Shanghai, dated today, says: "A report has reached here that the British, American and Japanese ministers at Pekin favor the restoration of Emperor Kwang Su, but that the French and Russian ministers insist upon the powers taking charge of China. It is further reported that the respective

of Great Britain's disclaimer of the 'sphere theory.' " Later reports from Tien Tsin confirms the news of the burning of the Japanese legation; but the rumor that

minister has been murdered is not confirmed. Fifteen hundred Russians, with four guns, have arrived outside of Pekin. This makes 4,000 Russians who have

It is regarded as certain that the Japanese government will take active steps concerning the murder of the chancellor of the Japanese legation. In consequence of disturbances at Che Foo the German flagship and H. M. S. Phoenix have returned there. A Russian warship with six hundred troops

has gone to Han Kow.

Chinese desperadoes at Quin-San, forty miles from Shanghai, have seized three steam launches and treated the passengers piratically.

WASHINGTON, June 14.-A despatch has been received at the British embassy here from Admiral Seymour, in command of the international troops now forcing their way from Tien Tsin to Pekin. The despatch disclosed the extreme difficulties encountered, mainly in the form of tracks destroyed, and stated that the progress was only three miles for the preceding hours. The commanding admiral felt that it would be desirable to have additional forces in order to meet every contingency, although the general feeling was expressed that the trouble would be less difficult to deal with than had been expected. It is calculated that with the three miles tediously covered in the 24 hours preceding the admiral's despatch, which is dated yesterday, the international force was 25 miles from Pekin. There is every indication, however, that the 25 mile stretch will be about the most difficult of the entire route. The despatch of the admiral makes no further mention of engagements with the

BRUSSELS, June 14.— Confirmation has been received of the report of the massacre of two Italians and one Swiss engineer employed on the Belgian rail-road in North Chinas The sister of the Swiss engineer was also killed and two other persons are missing. The rest of the French and Belgian engineers reached Pekin and Tien Tsin

in safety. The Franco-Belgian Como 200 armed men guarding its main track , which is still open for 100 miles.

TIEN TSIN, June 14.—The Russians have landed four eight-centimetre guns. These, with 1,700 men, will start on the march for Pekin tomorrow. A train fitted with searchlights, patrols the line between Tien Tsin and Taku. The opinion is growing here that the imperial troops will attack the international column near the capital, pro-

bably at Feng Tai. Gen. Tung Fuh Siang is in front and Gen. Nieh in the rear of the guards. Ten thousand foreign drilled troops are still at Shanghai.

OTTAWA

Major Loggie Gazetted Colonel of the 71st. York, Battallon.

OTTAWA, June 13.-The following is from the Canadian Gazette: 71st York regiment-To be lieutenant-colonel and to command the regiment, Major T. G. J. Loggie, vice Lieut.-Col. T. L. Alexander, transferred to the reserve of officers. To be lieutenant, 2nd Lieut. J. J. F. Winslow, vice A. G. Blair promoted; provisional 2nd Lieut. A. E. Massie retires.

ANOTHER FIRE AT KINGSVILLE. Four Barns and Their Contents De-

stroyed Tuesday Afternoon.

Fire broke out in Kingsville again Tuesday afternoon, and before it was gotten under control, four barns were burned. It started in a large barn belonging to Charles Polierty of Pair-Water was brought from a ville. distance and the men of the vicinity came to help fight the flames, but the building was partly filled with hay, and it was seen that it was doomed. so their efforts were turned toward saving the other buildings nearby. Sparks from the burning building set. fire to another and smaller barn of Mr. Doherty's, and to others belonging to John Delaney, which stood a short distance away. caught it looked as if the whole neighborhood would be swept. Mr. Delaney's house, which stood a few feet. away, was seriously threatened, but water was poured on it freely, and the fire made little headway on it. All of the furniture of the house, which is occupied by Mr. Delaney and Lewis Palmer, was taken out and put in a place of safety. Water was brought from a distance in hogsheads by Frank Lee and others, and it is due to their untiring efforts that the destruction of property was no worse.

The buildings burned and their contents were valued at over \$1,000. The large barn of Mr. Doherty had in it about twenty tons of hay, a raking machine and a hay lift. A little over two tens were in the smaller barn. Mr. Delaney lost most of his tools and about two and a half thousand clapboards. Mr. Doherty has about \$150 insurance, and Mr. Delaney \$100 on the buildings. The contents were partly insured.

Little Ethel-Your sister is engaged, sn't she? Playmate-Who says so? Little Ethel-Nobody. Playmate-Then how do you know? Little Ethel-When the postman rings she goes to Decent Arou

Together from C

When ordewerkly S which the that of the it sent. Rememb Office must THE SUI WEEKLY ST lation of al Maritime

Mr. C. T. Mantel mar are just the

William Charlottetow Monday H leaves a wi daughters. A return fi

ing company ings. In on ed 41 oz. 13 400 tons yiel gold.—Halifa The death Public Hosp Eagelis, of M

years past h

Messrs. Lill

Eagells was employers good will of H. H. Gill county, was Lordship Bir dericton Cat ing. It is u has decided sistant. Mr. King's Colle

theological c A gentlem observed: "N quite right. sir." said 1 understand me. When stands at tw and then I to seven."

Chas. Faw a guest at t treal this v which, it is across the A largest ever cattle were that place to tion resulted \$5,000 to Mr.

An aggrega of \$10,000 per over 2,000 our output of ov tells in a nu Richardson tions during t terday Presid brick from 468 ounces ar

fax Herald.

A New York

date, publishe says: "Wm. dericton, N. who worked at that place, Montreal and died in New result of dri was an acco was seated a when he fell wife and fam

The death Fielders, who respected res died at Edmu 4th instant. number of ye of the late subsequently firm of Outrar He removed four years ag his sons.

PAIN-KILLE cuts. bruises. en internally dysentery. Av but one Pain-l and 50c.

Prints. Skirts.

Waists, Wrapper Corsets. Curtains Carpets. Straw Ma Rugs, Yarns, Feather

Tru Good Go N. B.-Any of

Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your REKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to hich the paper is going as well as lat of the office to which you wish mber! The NAME of the Post must be sent in all cases to prompt compliance with your

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this.

Truro, March 15th, 1899. Mr. C. T. Burns, the well known Mantel man, says: "Kumfort Powders are just the right thing."

William Gill of Union Road, mear Charlottetown, fell dead in his field on Monday. He was in his 79th year and leaves a widow, two sons and three

A return from the Tangier Gold Mining company's mill shows owo crushings. In one 140 tons of quartz yielded 41 oz. 13 dwt. gold and the other 400 tons yielded 255 oz. 12 dwt. 15 gr. gold.—Halifax Chronicle.

The death occurred at the General Public Hospital Tuesday of Arthur Eagells, of Milford, who for some four years past has been in the employ of Messrs. Lilley & Co., north end. Mr. Eagells was highly esteemed by his employers and had the respect and good will of all who knew him

THE PARTY CALL KART county, was ordained a deacon by His Lordship Bishop Kingdon at the Fredericton Cathedral, on Sunday morning. It is understood that the bishop has decided to appoint him junior assistant. Mr. Gillies is a graduate of a class of 94. King's College, and has been taking a theological course in New York state.

A gentleman, calling on a farmer, observed: "Mr. Jones, your clock is not quite right, is it?" "Well, you see, sir," sald Mr. Jones, "nobody don't understand much about that clock but me. When the hands of that clock stands at twelve, then it stilkes two. and then I know it's twenty minutes

Chas. Fawcett of Sackville, who is illustrations, while the senior publiwhich, it is understood, will be sent across the Atlantic. The sale was the largest ever made at Sackville, and the cattle were the first ever sent from that place to Montreal. The transac-\$5,000 to Mr. Fawcett's exchequer.

An aggregate of \$40,000; an average of \$10,000 per month; a total output of all, and what they live on nobody over 2,000 ounces of gold; an average output of over 500 ounces per month, tells in a nutshell the story of the lives and sleeps. When any attempt Richardson Gold Mining Co.'s operations during the past four months. Yes- a boat and row away. The head of terday President Geo. A. Pyke had a brick from the Richardson, weighing 468 ounces and valued at \$9,200.-Hali-

A New York despatch of Wednesday's date, published in last evening's Globe, says: "Wm. Wheeler, a native of Fredericton, N. B., a telegraph operator, who worked with the Western Union at that place, St. John, North Sydney. Montreal and many American cities, died in New York this morning, the result of drinking carbolic acid. He was an accomplished musician, and was seated at a piano in New York when he fell back dead. He leaves a wife and family at North Sydney.

The death is announced of John Fielders, who for a long period was a respected resident of St. John. He died at Edmundton, N. W. T., on the 4th instant. Mr. Fielders was for a number of years employed in the office of the late John W. Nicholson, and subsequently was a member of the firm of Outram & Fielders of this city. He removed to the Northwest about four years ago to reside with one of

PAIN-KILLER cures all sorts of cuts, bruises, burns and strains. Taken internally it cures diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c.

The following agents are travelling in New Brunswick in the interests of the John E. Austin in Queens

Edgar Canning in Kings County.

At the con St. Franc's Xavier college, Antigonish, on Tuesday, T. J. Barry of Chatham received the B. A. degree,

Deputy Sheriff Harry Burnham of Digby arrived in the city yesterday with a prisoner, Daley Langford, whom he is taking to Dorchester to serve a two years' term for assault.

C. T. White of East Apple river to build a mill to replace the one burned several years ago. E. H. Hen-derson will have the job to build the mill.—Farrsboro Leader.

No stable is complete without a supply of Bentley's Liniment. Cures strains, sprains, bruises, lameness, inflammation, etc. Two sizes 10c, and 25c. Full directions with every bottle.

John Hay, Miss Forbes and Miss Mc-Kinley were a party that left by the Great Northern this morning for Trure, Nova Scotia.-Vancouver World,

Capt. Smith, R. N. R., was in town yesterday holding the marine examinations. Two candidates, Angus: J. Mc-Donald and Arthur S. Warner, passed very successful examinations for mate and second mate respectively.

Among those who have been successful in the recent medical examinations at McGill and who will receive the degree of M. D. today is Dr. A. presented a handsome appearance. The Sterling Morrison of Carleton. Dr. Morrison was for many years in the employ of the W. U. Telegraph com-H. H. Gillies of Springfield Kings pany both here and in Montreal until he gave up this occupation to take up the study of medicine. His many friends will be glad to hear of his success, which is all the more creditable as only 75 succeeded in passing out of

> Rev. R. Douglas Fraser of Toronto. editor and business manager of the Sabbath school publications of the Presbyterian church in Canada, was in the city yesterday on his way to the Presbyterian general assembly, Halifax, Rev. Mr. Fraser controls' seven papers and magazines and is meeting with very gratifying success in building up a literature that is distinctively Canadian. The children's papers are very fine, with good reading and beautiful cations contain full and complete helps

to the teachers and students.

A case of extreme destitution was reported to Capt. Hastings of the north end police Tuesday. It appears that there is a family, consisting of hustion resulted in the addition of some band, wife and five children, one of them only a baby, living on the beach between Rothesay and Gondola Point. They have no shelter at seems to know. A fire is kindled on the beach and around this the family the family does not do anything to support the family, and it is a strange thing how they live. The case has been reported to the S. P. C. A.

WHERE ARE THE SKEPTICS?

In spite of all the evidence publish ed in the daily press and even in spite of the testimony of your best friends you may still be skeptical regarding the unusual virtues of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Nothing short of an actual trial will prove to you beyond the possibility of doubt that Dr. Chase's Ointment is an absolute cure for piles. A single box will be sufficient to make you as enthusiastic as your neighbor in praising Dr. Chase's Ointment, for it is certain to cure you.

Miss Phoebe Cail, daughter of John Cail of Main River, Kent Co., N. B., was married on June 4th at the manse, Kildonan, Manitoba, to William A. Rice, by Rev. J. H. Cameron, formerly of Bass River, Kent Co. bride has been in Winnipeg for a number of years. On the eve of her marriage the clerks in the employ of Imperial Dry Goods Co., Winnipeg, with which she had been engaged for five years, presented her with an address and a beautiful silver tea service. Mr. Rice is a son of the late Dr. Rice of the Methodist church, and is well known in New Brunswick. He is in the employ of the post office depart-

ment, Winnipeg.-Review.

NEW GOODS. Prints. Skirts. Waists. Wrappers, Corsets. Curtains, Carpets. Straw Matting.

Top Shirts. Pants. Undercloths. Regatta Shirts. Overalls, Jumpers. Umbrellas.

BOYS' CLOTHING. Feather Ticking. WINDOW BLINDS.

Trunks, Bags, Good Goods.

Valises. · Lowest Prices. SHARP & MCMACKIN, 835 Main Street, St. John,

St. John, N. B. N. B.—Any of the above goods Exchanged For Wool at Regular Cash Prices. continent. 25 cents a bottle. Family size 60 cents.

WHOLESOME ADVICE.

For People Whose Stomachs are Weak and Digestion Poor.

diseases is worthy of attention, says when a man or woman comes to me complaining of indigestion, loss of appetite, sour stomach, belching, sour watery rising, headaches, sleeplessness, ack of ambition and a general run down, hervous condition I advise them to take after each meal one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing the tablet to dissolve in the mouth, and thus mingle with the food eaten. The result is that the food is speedily digested before it has time to sour and ferment. These tablets will digest the food anyway whether the stomach wants to or not, because they contain harmless digestive principles, vegetable essences, pepsin and Golden Seal which supply just what the weak stomach

I have advised the tablets with great success, both in curing indigestion and to build up the tissues, in reasing flesh in thin nervous patients, whose real trouble was dyspepsia, and as soon as the stomach was put to rights, they did not know what sickness was.

A fifty cent package of Stuart's Dy-spersia Tablets can be bought at any drug store, and as they are not a secret patent medicine, they can be used as often as desired with full assurance that they contain nothing harmful in the slightest degree; on the contrary, anyone whose stomach is at all deranged will find great benefit from the use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. They will cure any form of stomach weakness or disease except cancer of

WEDDING BELLS.

In St. James' church at 6,30 o'clock Tuesday morning a very pretty wedding was solemnized, when Miss Violet W. M. Lamb, daughter of Walter J. Lamb, was united in marriage to J. Herbert Barton in the presence of a large congregation. With its decorations of flags and flowers, the church ceremony was performed by Rev. A. D. Dewdney, and the choir, of which the bride was formerly a member, assisted in the service and sang The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden. The bride wore a becoming brown travel-ling dress, with hat to match. The popularity of the young couple was shown by the number of beautiful presents received. After the ceremony the bridal party drove to the Prince Rupert, where the bride and groom were showered with rice and hearty congratulations.

Rev. G. O. Gates officiated at a quiet wedding at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning at the residence of Wm. Urquhart, Lancaster street, Carleton, when his sister, Miss May Louise, and Fred C. Fisher, linotype operator on the Globe, were united. The happy couple went across the bay on the Prince Rupert, and will spend their honeymoon in Nova Scotia. Both bride and groom popular and received many beautiful presents.

John A. Pollock and Miss Adau H. Austin, daughter of Robert Austin, Carleton, were quietly married at the Methodist parsonage on Tuesday even-

ing by Rev. W. Penna. The marriage took place Wednesday at the residence of A. N. Shaw, Main street of Rupert E. Olive, the purser of the D. A. R. steamer Prince Edward, and Mr. Shaw's youngest daughter, Miss Margaret S. Shaw. There were present a few of the immediate relatives of the young couple. The knot was tied by Rev. Geo. Steel. The bride wore a white silk dress with white ergandy and lace over it. She was the recipient of many handsome gifts. The officers of the str. Prince Rupert and the clerks in the D. A. R. office here sent a hat tree. The steward's department on the Prince Edward presented an elegant clock, while Capt. Lockhart sent a chair. Some friends presented a sideboard and the bride's friends in the D. J. Brown establishment contributed another.

Mrs. Olive will be at home after July INDIAN FAMINE RELIEF FUND. Received by the Sun:

Previously acknowledged \$69 10 From Emerson & Fisher 20 00 The following is a copy of the re-

ceipt received for the Sun's remittance

THE FAMINE IN INDIA. Marsion House Relief Fund. Received with thanks, this 28 May, 1900, per the Daily Sun, St. John, New Brunswick, the sum of £11 13s. 4d. ALFRED J. NEWTON, Lord Mayor,

Treasurer.

THE DEATH ROLL.

(Amherst Press.)

The death of James C. King, an aged and well known resident of Westmorland Point, occurred Monday evening. While eating a piece of ham he choked to death. Two brothers, Edward and Samuel, who lived with the deceased, and one sister, Mrs. Hewson of Amherst, survive. Mr. King was unmarried and was considered wealthy.

The death of Edward Jones, a well known farmer of Point de Bute, occurred Monday morning. The deceased leaves a widow and one daughter. Mrs. W. H. Robinson of Amherst received word on Monday of the death of her father, John Fielders of Edmonton, N. W. T., which occurred on June 4th. The deceased was for plany years a resident of St. John, but went to the Northwest some two years ago.

SUMMER COLDS.

No cold is so hard to cure as the summer cold. It hangs on in spite of all ordinary treatment and frequently develops into consumption. It matters not what means have failed you can rely absolutely on Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine to promptly and thoroughly cure every kind of cough and cold. It is universally used in the best families all over this great

WHERE ARE THE BEST MEN'S SUITS AT THAT PRICE?

We don't advise a man to pay \$10 for a suit if he thinks he ought to pay more. He can get a finer suit for more of course. But suppose \$10 is what he has decided to spend. Where to go?—is the question. Oak Hall. Why? Because he can get, as a rule and we know of no exceptions to the rule—a better \$10 suit, and a larger variety to select from than at other stores.

Tweed Suits \$10

Light, medium and dark grey Tweed Suits, in checks, stripes, plaids and overplaids, Italian body linings, full shoulder facings, single breasted sack coat style. Just right in weight and lining for this season. . \$10.00

Dark brown Tweed Suits, with small distinct check. A suit any one would be proud to wear.

\$10.00

Plain brown and bronze Tweed Soits, single breasted sack coats, made in the season's latest style. A 1/1 - X - 1

Then the light grey mixture and black and white checks, which are really excellent values. Where are their equal for less than \$1200.

Blue Serge Suits \$10

Our Blue Serge Suits at this popular price are wonderful value They are made and finished with all attention to details. Single and double-breasted sack coat, full facings—a good \$12.00 value Here for \$10.00

Our \$10 Black Worsted Suits

Continue to stand unrivalled among black clothing values in St. John Oak Hall is famous for black suits the whole country over. These fine worsted suits are in perfect fitting sacks and cutaways. The entire Suit \$10.00

YOUR MONEY BACK IF DISSATISFIED. HIGH SAN SAN SON

She Was Pale and Languid COLONIAL

Too Nervous to Sleep, and Daily Grew Weaker and Weaker-Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Restored Health and Vigour

Mrs. E. McLaughlin, 95 Parliament ter was pale, weak, fanguid, and very pervous. Her appetite was poor and changeable. She could scarcely dray herself about the house, and her nerves were completely unstrung. She could not sleep for more than half an hour at a time without starting up and crying out in excitement.

"As she was growing weaker and weaker I became alarmed, and obtained a box of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. She used this treatment for several weeks, and from the first we noticed a decided improvement. Her appetite became better, she gained in weight, the color returned to her face, and she gradually became strong and well. I cannot say too much in favor of this wonderful treatment, since it has provn such a blessing to my daughter." Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is a bloodbuilder and nerve vitalizer of most unusual merit. In pill form, 50c. a box, at all dealers; or Edmanson, Bates and Co. Toronto.

FISHERMEN DROWNED.

On Monday night Chipman Thurber of Freeport was drowned within a mile of Brier Island. He and his fourteenyear-old sen were out in a fishing boat, the boat was suddenly filled and sank beneath them. Mr. Thurber attempted to swim to the shore and lost his life. The son grasped an oar in one hand and used the other as best he could to keep his head above water. He was picked up later on by Joseph Crocker, another fisherman. Mr. Thurber was about 50 years of age and left a large family. The following day a loat capsized off Little River, St. Mary's Bay, and her occupants, Frank Co-meau of Centreville and Raiph Denton of Little River were drowned. The boat, which was carrying perhaps most immediately after she went over.

The Brier Island fishermen are get ting little or nothing of late owing to the absence of bait. The steamer Westport, now at this port, will take over as many fresh gaspereaux as sh can obtain.

FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT, containing about 199 acres. The Major Balcom farm, in the Parish of Musquash, a few minutes walk from Prince of Wales station, on the Shore Line Railway. The dyked marsh of about 45 acres cuts from 45 to 40 tons of hay. The upland, about 25 acres, is of superior quality and uader proper cultivation can be made very productive. The balance consists of pasture and woodland. A good house and two barns. Can be purchased on reasonable terms. Apply to J. J. CONNORS, 5 Sydney street, St. John, N. B., or inquire of MR. JOHN WILSON, Musquash.

WANTED.

SALESMEN WANTED.

To sell FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS ROSES, etc., the FINEST RANGE of GOODS in CANADA. STEADY EMPLOYMENT and GOOD PAY. Will sell direct to purchaser where we have no agent. STOCK GUARANTEED. DEL-IVERY in HEALTHY CONDITION.

PELHAM NURSERY CO.

LADIES' PARASOLS Plain Effects in China Silk, Frill Effects in China Silk, Mourning Effects in China Silk, Chiffen Brects in Taffata Silk, Striped (Pastel) Effects in Taffata Silk, White and Riack Effects in daughting Effects in Taffata Silk, Striped (Pastel) Effects in Taffata Silk, Mourning Effects in China Silk, Chiffen and United Silk, Mourning Effects in China Silk, Chiffen and United Silk, Mourning Effects in China Silk, Chiffen and China Silk, Chiffen and

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT the selection and the sale sale CHILDREN'S SOCKS

CHILDREN'S WHITE COTTON SOCKS from 41-2 to 7 1-2 in. Prices from 20c. to 30c. a pair. CHILDREN'S FANCY STRIPED COTTON SOCKS. Sizes 4 1-2 to 6 1-2 in. foot and prices from 20c. to 30c. a pair. CHILDREN'S FINE CASHMERE SOCKS in Black, White Merino, Assorted Tans, Navy, Cardinal from 41-2 in. foot. Prices from 25c. a pair up.

Also a line of WHITE MERINO SOCKS, lace fronts. From 40c. up.

Our assortment of 3-4 HOSE is complete. Black, Tans, White and Navy Merino.

MEN'S BOOTS

Showing a range of MEN'S LACED BOOTS, BLACK and TAN, GOODYEAR WELT, Medium, Round and Square Toes, half sizes and three widths. These goods are splendid value, and will give entire satisfaction. Price \$3.15, Less 5 p. c, off for cash

BOYS' FOOTWEAR Now in stock a large and well assorted range of BOYS' AND YOUTHS' BOOTS AND SHORE, BLACK AND TAN, in PATENT LEATHER, DONGOLA KID, BOX CALF and WILLUW CALF. Half sizes and three widths,
Also a full range of SLIPPERS and RUBBER SOLE RUNNING BOOTS AND SHOES.

MAIL ORDERS receive special attention. Write for Samples, and all information required.

HENRY MORGAN & CO. - - Montreal

The Semi-Weekly Sun

The Co-operative Farmer ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.20.

This great combination offer is only open to new subscribers or to old subscribers who pay all arrearages at the regular rate, and one year in advance

THE CO-OPERATIVE FARMER is a Semi-Monthly Journal, exclusively devoted to the interests of the farmers of the Maritime Provinces. It is the official organ of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association of New Brunswick; the Nova Scotia Farmers' Association, and the Maritime Stock Breed-

over from the shore. A dory was despatched from Little River, but all that the would-be rescuers could recover was a hat. The boat sank almost immediately after she work.

THE MOST COMPLETE WAR SERVICE

of any paper in Eastern Canada, and its frequency of issue makes it of especia interest during the strife in South Africa.

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Sun Printing Company, St. John, N. B.

ST. MARTINS. A very pretty home wedding took

place at St. Martins on the evening of the 13th inst. at the home of Crawford Love. The contracting parties were R. Allan Love and Miss Lizzie L. Davies, all of St. Martins. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Jennie Davies, and the groom by the bride's brother, Rev. Henry V. Davies. The bride entered the room, "which was a bower of flowers," on the arm of her brother, John B. Davies of Boston, Mass., preceded by Master Donald Vaughan White (5 years), son of Hon. A. S. White of Sussex, who carried the bride's bouquet of white roses. They were met at the alter created in the were met at the altar, erected in the centre of the room, by the groom, when the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Barham of St. Martins. The organ was under the charge of Miss Maggie Smith, who played the music usual on such occasions very acceptably. After a collation served present,

at the home of the bride's mother the young couple proceded to their future residence followed by the best wishes of the entire community.

THREE WERE DROWNED.

DIGBY, June 12.—This afternoon Ralph Denton, single, 19, of Little River, and Edward Comeau, married, aged 35, of Rossway, were drowned by the capsizing of their boat in a squall off Mink Cove, in St. Mary's Bay, while sailing from Sandy Cove to Little River. Comeau leaves a widow and six children. The boat was a new one and on its first trip.

While returning from a fishing trip off Briar island, Digby, Chipman Thurber, of Freeport, aged 51, was drowned by the capsizing of his boat in a squall. His son, who was with him, was saved. Thurber leaves a wife and several children. None of the bodies have been recovered up to the

PROVINCIAL NEWS

GRAND MANAN, June 7 .- A very sland, near Dark Harbor, boating wood. In going off the beach with a dory load of wood the dory capsize throwing both in the water. younger son was left on the shore and witness the battle for life his father and brother in the water. Mr. Green after twice turning the dory over in the water managed to get into her and get ashore, but did not get the boat righted in time to render any assistance to his son Ralph who sank after being above water for covered the body of the drowned boy and got home after being out all night with it. The funeral took place on the 6th inst. and was the largest ever seen on the island.

W. S. Carter, inspector of schools, paid the island a visit on the 5th inst. on his annual inspect

Mrs. A. H. Leavitt of Eastport, Me., and her friend, Mrs. Allen, paid the island a visit on the 7th inst. They went to South Head light on the 8th

N. H. Cole, superintendent of the Burnham Morrill lobster factory, has closed up the season's work and left MILLTOWN, June 7.-Mrs. Duncan

Robinson of Marysville is visiting her sister. Mrs. Keen, on Pleasant street. The Ray, W. J. Kirby, pastor of Milltown Methodist church, has accepted an unanimous invitation to return for another year as pastor of the church, subject of course to the ruling of conference. At the quarterly meeting, held on Monday night, the total receipts from all sources reached about \$1,660, over thirty new members had been received, and after accounting for a large number of deaths and removals there was an increase of eight. Robert Bell, sr., was elected to attend the district meeting at Old Ridge, Tuesday, 12th.

Rev. J. C. Berrie and wife of Andrews have been stopping at the Methodist parsonage, and took in the celebration today. Rev. D. C. Rice is visiting Milltown, the guest of Mrs. Todd. Mr. Rice has been attending Mount Allison College, where he graduated B. A. at the recent commencement exercises. He is here to attend the St. Stephen district meeting on Tuesday next at Old Ridge,

turned to Calais parsonage, and are

settling down to housekeeping as if they were used to it. HOPEWELL HILL, June 8.-W. B. Keiver sustained quite severe injuries yesterday by being struck on the thigh

J. L. Peck's mill at Lower Hillsboro.

The new Hotel Shepody is to be lighted with acetylene gas. Floyd's mill moved this week to the Cape to saw for Mr. Bennet.

M. M. Tingley has had his residence re-painted.

A resident of this village has quite a relic in the shape of a walking stick regret was felt here at the death of that belonged to Bradbury Robinson, Mrs. Dr. L. Chapman, formerly Miss sr., the first of the Robinson family in this country, who settled in Harvey occurred at her home at Albert this about the year 1782.

James C. Wright's steam mill started this week on the season's sawing. meeting of the town council this evening, in view of quite an excitement over the appointment of the town marevening the names of James Harvey and Henry Ingraham were proposed, and on the amendment that the latter be appointed, being put, it was a tie. The mayor asked until Friday night to decide by his casting vote. to decide by his casting vote. This privilege the council accorded him. This evening his worship declared the

amendment to appoint Ingraham lost. Coun. Dibblee then moved in amend-McCarron, the present night watchman, be appointed. Coun. Gallagher seconded this mo-

tion, which the mayor would not entertain, on the ground that McCarron was not qualified.

The original motion to appoint Jas. Harvey was then carried by the mayor's casting vote. It was decided that the new town marshal furnish bonds to the extent of \$1.000. He was

SECURITY

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CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE.

Very small and as oney

to take as sugar.

ABSOLUTE

et: Show for one night, \$5; two nights found riding a bicycle on the sidewalk.

The by-law authorizing a license on all men, not taxpayers, working in

erect a church of their own, and in 1855 the late Oliver Jones undertook to build a church on his own responsibility. The church was formally opened in 1857. It was quite a pretentious structure for those times, and sufficed for the needs of the congregation until recent years, and in 1887 an enlargement of the new church became necessary. The chlargement was decided on, and wirgs were added, making the building square instead of oblong. The church has had as pastor some of the ablest men in the denomination, among them Rev. G. O. Gates, St. John, who took part in today's services, Rev. W. W. Weeks and Rev. W. B. Hinson. The present pastor is Rev. J. H. Parshley, a native of New Haven, Conn. who came here in December last from Lawrence, Mass. The present membership of the church is 1,204, of whom 901 are residents in Moncton. A good sum was raised today to new off the debt incurred in church

euts in Moncton. A good sum was raised today to pay off the debt incurred in church rrevenents.
FREDERICTON, June 8.—The closing ex-

improvements.

FREDERICTON, June 8.—The closing exercises of the Provincial Normal school took place this afternoon and were largely attended. A special literary and musical dresses were delivered by Principal Mullin. Dr. Inch, Chancellor Harrison, Premier Emmerson and Provincial Secretary Tweedie. The governor general's silver medal for the highest standing in the senior class was won by Chas. J. Callaghan of St. George, N. B. He was also valedictorian. John A. Henry of Salisbury. N. B., was the winner of the bronze medal for general excellence in the junior class. At the conclusion of the exercises the students assembled on the green in front of the building and gave three cheers for the Queen, school principal and teachers, Bobs and the officers and men in South Africa, etc. Many of the students will leave for their homes tomorrow.

Mr. Henderson, classical teacher in the high school, has tendered his resignation. He will be succeeded by A. S. MacFarlane, at present principal of the Charlotte street school. Three lady teachers of York street have also tendered their resignations. They are Misses Alice G. Dufty, Annabel Hooper and Sarah H. McKee. Their successors have not as yet been named.

Capt. J. D. Perkins, who for some time past has filled the position of caretaker of post office and custom house building, has been dismissed from office. The vacancy will be filled by Ludlow Yerxs, a former resident of this city and now residing in Boston.

from which he expects to be recommended for ordination at the coming conference in Moncton.

Rev. T. Marshall received three persons into full membership at Upper Mills on Sunday last.

Wilberforce Division, S. of T., paid a fraternal visit to Howard, No. 1, on Friday last, and a most enjoyable time was the result.

Rev. Mr. Bender and bride have returned to Calais parsonage, and are communication with his family in this city. [The Capt. Roberts taken prisoner was an officer of the 35th Regt., U. S. A. The capture took place on May 20, near San Miguel de Maryumo, province of Bulucum, island of Luzon. Capt. Roberts's wife was at San Miguel when her husband was taken prisoner. In a note received May 31, by Mrs. Roberts from her husband, he stated that he was well treated and expected to be soon

re was were treated and expected to be soon exchanged.]

The examination of Haney and Gorman, charged with stealing \$120 from J. D. Mc-Kay of this city, was continued before Judge Marsh today. Several witnesses were examined and the prisoners were further re-manded. It seems to be the general opinion that the accused are innocent of the crime. The supreme court adjourned sine die.

HOPEWELL HILL, June 9 .- Great Ella K. Moore of this place, which morning. She was a daughter of the late L. R. Moore, and was highly es. teemed. Besides a husband, she leaves programme was gone through with, and ad-three brothers and a sister: C. A. and WOODSTOCK, June 8.—There was D. M. Moore of Vancouver, B. C., J. an unusually large attendance at the D. Mcore of Boston, and Mrs. F. E. Rogers of this place; also a halfbrother and sister, F. J. H. Gallagher of La Connor, Wash, and Mrs. E. H. shal and chief of police. On Monday Howe of Everett, Mass. The deceased was formerly a teacher in the public schools, and had only been married a year and a half.

Rev. A. W. Smithers has returned from a meeting of the Shediac dean-Bunting was flown to the breeze Thursday in honor of the British suc-

cesses in the Transvaal. WOODSTOCK, N. B., June 9 .- Col. ment to the main motion that Thos. Richard B. Ketchum died at his home here this afternoon in the sixtyseventh year of his age, after a protracted illness. He was a son of the late James Ketchum of Upper Woodstock and grandson of Colonel Richard Ketchum, who came with his people to St. John with the loyalists at the time of the American revolution. In his early days he was engaged in business and farming at Upper Woodstock. Later he went to Monticello and entered into partnership with Mr. Sharp in the firm of Sharp & Ketchum, which carried on a large lumbering and milling business. Four or five

years ago Col. Ketchum retired and came to Woodstock to live. During his business career he accumulated a good deal of property. He was actively connected with the militia from the time that he was a young man. At the time of the Fenian raid he organized a company of volunteers at Upper Woodstock. He joined the 67th Battalion and before his retirement was promoted to the command of the corps. He was also prominent in the provincial rifle association, having attended many competitions at Sussex Ketchum sat at the county council as a councillor frem Woodstock parish, and he was a member of the town council in 1897 and 1880. His wife, who survives, was Miss Elizabeth Buil, daughter of the late George Bull. W. There are two children, Mrs. Duppa Smith of Woodstock, and Frank Ketchum of Monticello.

brother, Charles Ketchum, also sur-Col. Ketchum was a member Church of England, and in politics a liveral conservative. WHITE'S COVE, Queens Co., June 9.—The water is receding fast, and considerable repairs will be needed district, and theroughly enjoyed them upon our low wharves. A new boat

for attending the steamer May Queen has been placed in service here. W. A. Farris is painting the interior of the Methodist church.

The sale of the repair of the roads in Commissioner Cameron's division of C. P. R. towards the latter part of the parish took place on Monday and May in a badly used up condition. Ex-Tuesday of this week. Upwards of amination showed that the damage \$200 was expended. The bridge on the had evidently been caused by careless-

Cox road, which was sold to B. L. dden in by B. L. White,
fary Orchard, teacher, will
the end of the present te sign at

Mrs. Frank Fairweather of Cumber and Bay is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William McKinlay. Rev. Mr. Pickles of Belleisle pied the pulpit of the Methodist church

ere on Sunday morning last, ex-hanging with Rev. L. J. Wasson of The news of the occupation of the

Transvaal's capital was received here with much enthusiasm. Queens county has its sons in the ranks of Lord Roberts's grand army, and the best part of it is they have been to the fore front in the fray. We refer with pride to the two Queens Co. boys known of by your correspondent, Private Leavitt of Grand Lake was wounded at Paardeberg and Private Hayden of Gagetown was wounded the other day near Johannesburg.

Miss Permasa Orchard, who spent the spring in St. John, west end, is again at home. Joseph McFee, who has been working in the Aberdeen mill at Fredericton, came home this week. Fred Dean, son of Chester Dean of Robertson's Point, is home, having had the misfortune while en-gaged as steward of the schooner Myra B. to cut off one of his fingers. Geo. Moss, jr., of Mill Cove, has moved into the Fred McLean house at

Fanjoy's Point. A thief entered the harn of Geo. Crouch at Mill Cove one night recently and stole therefrom seventeen lakes. bushels of oats which Mr. Crouch had kept for seed.

Empire Day was fitingly observed in the school here. The teacher, Miss Mary Orchard, explained to her pupils the origin of the Union Jack and Canadian ensign, giving at the same time their history as well as the significance of the various colored flags, etc. ST. STEPHEN, June 10 .- A terrible and

ST. STEPHEN, June 10.—A terrible and fatal accident occurred at Milltown yesterday. After the cotton mill shut down at noon an attempt was made to hoist the gate in the dam. This operation is performed by means of three levers, each operated by two men. When the gate had been partly raised one of the levers broke suddenly. Bub Barter and John Pike were operating it. Barter received a blow across the body that is now causing him considerable pain about the chest and stomach. Pike escaped with but slight bruises. The butt of the lever swinging around, struck Peter Dewar and James Darcas, who were operating another lever. Dewar received a severe scalp wound and a blow that paralyzed his body for a few

lever. Dewar received a severe scalp wound and a blow that paralyzed his body for a few hours. He is now greatly improved and will probably escape permanent injury. Darcas was forced against the rapidly descending gate, his head being jammed between it and the surrounding platform. The space was only six inches wide, and the top of the man's head was crushed to a felly. He was also badly injured about the body. As quickly as possible he was extracted from the place and tenderly removed to his home. also badly injured about the tray.

If as possible he was extracted from the place and tenderly removed to his home. Life remained for some hours but without consciousness. Mr. Darcas was about forty years of age and leaves a wife and two step-children. He was sober, industrious and a good citizen. It is now hoped that the injuries sustained by the others will not prove

MAUGERVILLE, N. B. June 11 .- A large mocse was seen by a number of persons walking leisurely through the fields here recently.

the roof of Mrs. Costello's house during the high wind on Thursday. A recently arrived photographer, is dosmall hole in the roof was the extent ing a good trade. of the damage.

crop never was better. Another little maiden is added to the fortune of Rev. O. P. Brown and his the close of the present term, the estimable wife, upon which they are teacher having accepted a position on receiving congratulations from many

friends. Rev. J. B. Champion of Gibson occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church on Sunday, having exchanged with being caught, but salmon are rather

Rev. O. P. Brown. The marriage of Miss Ida Deveber and J. Davis is announced to take guest of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. D. Richplace at Newburyport, Mass., on the ards. 12th instant. The prospective bride is the youngest daughter of William Desumed today. veber. She has been away from home for several years.

school, will attend the normal examinations this week for advancement. CODY'S. Queens Co., June 11 - The Foresters of Court Washademoak, No. 1.394, will attend Divine service on Sunday, 17th instant, in the public hall at Cody's, it being the twenty-sixth anniversary of the order. The sermon will be preached by Rev. C. A. removed his family to the parsonage S. Warneford, vicar of the parish, at 3 p. m., and special music will be given on the occasion. Members from neighboring courts are cordially invited to attend. Refreshments will be served

at the close of the service to visiting brethren. A committee of young ladies connected with the Baptist meeting house at Thorntown held a pie social at Cody's on Saturday night to raise funds to purchase a new church organ. The sale of pies realized \$14. Thomas Hetherington, ex. M. P. P., acted as auctioneer. After the sale, L. Thorne of St. John entertained the audience with his gramaphone.

Alf. Golding, professional nurse of Boston, Mass., is visiting for a few days at Scott Foster's of Starkey's. Miss Lizzie, daughter of Mrs. Emily Starkey of Starkey's, returned home on Saturday from Hartford, Conn., where she has been for the last three years.

Thos. Hetherington, ex-M. P. P., is having extensive improvements made to his already comfortable residence. On Saturday afternoon at Leonard's mill, at Cody's, while Howard Leonard and Cttawa. For some years Colonel was grinding tools on the emery wheel, the wheel suddenly burst, the fragments flying in all directions, one piece striking Mr. H. in the pit of the stomach. He will be all right in a day or two.

A very enjoyable dance was held at the residence of Duncan Carmichae Highfield on Friday evening. Mr. Freeze's orchestra from Belleisle rendered excellent selections, and E. Freeze of Chicago, who is at present visiting his old home and friends, gave some nice pieces on the violin. large number of young ladies and gentlemen attended from the surrounding

FREDERICTON, June 11 .- Some time ago Messrs. W. Chestnut and W. Walker of this city ordered two naptha launches from a firm in the United States. They arrived via the

ess on the part of the railway; and gainst the C. P. R. for dama any, was in the city Saturday to st the damages and evidently his report was most favorable to owners of the boats, for today Chestnut received a communication from the railway authorities in St. John, stating that they will make goo the damage by at once ordering new

William Lemont, who for almost half a century has been a member of the firm of Lemont & Sons, of this thy in their deep affliction. city, has decided to retire from busi ness. Martin Lemont, the other partner, assumes control and will carry on the business at the old stand. The death occurred yesterday morn

ing of Edmund B., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Bebbington, jr. The funeral took place this afternoon The five and a half years old son of Mrs. Annie Matheson died at the home of his grandfather, Edward Hig-

gins, this morning. Guy McCallum's cut of seven million feet on the Upper St. John is likely to be hung up. The other drives are

HOPEWELL HILL, June 11 .- The remains of the late Mrs. Lr. L. Chapman of Albert were laid to rest this afternoon in the new cemetery at this place, in the presence of a large gathering of the friends and relatives of ducted by the Rev. Chas. Comben, pastor of the Methodist church. Alderman Reid of Moncton, and femily, with a number of friends, are spending a week at the New Ireland

A government engineer was here to day looking at the proposed site for a new wharf at the Shepody River. The Barbor presents a busy scene this week. Two square-riggers and a large steamer are taking in cargo making work for a great many light

SUSSEX, N. B., June 12 .- The dedication of the new and handsom church recently built by the Roman Catholics on Church avenue will take place on the 19th instant. The event no doubt will be one of great interest, as a large number of church dig nitaries from all parts of this and the adjoining provinces are expected to be present ..

A bill board put up this afternoon near the railway station announces that a circus will be here soon. Mr. Bauld, the well known borer c artesian wells; is busy boring for water on the hill south of the Sussex station. The boring is done under a local act empowering the fire wardens to make tests for a water supply for

Sussex. H. H. Dryden is adding a nev building 30 x 36, two stories high, to his present premises. BOIESTOWN, N. B., June 7 .-

epidemic of measles is going the rounds and as a result the attendance in the school is diminished one-half. Frank Church has been dangerously

with the lumber trade. A. Globe, the

Murray Rowan, of Lincoln, who had The outlook for an abundant fruit been here some time learning telegraphy, has gone home. The village school will be vacant at the staff of the Woodstock schools. Mrs. Howard Richards has gone to

Nashwaak for a few days. Large numbers of gaspereaux are scarce. Miss McLean of Nashwaak is the

The repairs to the mill property have been completed, and sawing was re-

WHITE'S COVE, Queens Co., N. B., Geo. Johnson, teacher of the central June 11 .- Rev. Mr. Crandall, who has been attending Acadia University, Wolfville, N. S., occupied the pulpit of the Mill Cove Baptist church on Sunday. Rev. Mr. Gordon of Nova Scotia, who has been preaching at Kars, in Kings Co., for a number of years, has assumed the pastorate of the Jemseg Baptist church, and has at Upper Jemseg.

> The addition of an heir to the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Orchard is the subject of congratulations. The remains of Mrs. Isaac Golding formerly of Mill Cove, were brought to the Narrows last week and interred in the family burying ground there. The family for the last num-

ber of years have lived in New Hampshire. Miss Leilah Kennedy of White's Point, who is attending Normal school at Fredericton, has secured the Robertson's Point school for next !erm. G. W. Gunter is taking large hauls

of gaspereaux. Capt. E. M. Young's new woodboat will be ready for business this week. The Queens. Co. quarterly meeting convened with the Cumberland Bay Baptist church on Friday and continued over Sunday. A large number from about here and Jemseg were in

attendance. William Durost has purchased the place owned by James W. Scribner of St. John, and moved his family there. Bertis MacLean, son of Alex. Mc Lean of Robertson's Point, is home from the MacLean Hospital, Boston

on a visit. Capt. E. M. Young sold a valuable mare to B. L. White last week. A L. Gunter has purchased a brood mare from Stephen Devoo of Robertson's A. L. Gunter, supervisor of

for this district, had the parish road machine in operation today. Mrs. W. E. White, accompanied by her daughter Barbara Jean, is visiting friends in St. John.

While W. A. Farris was travelling from Long Creek to Coles' Island, one day recently, he was confronted by a large bear, which was evidently desirous of showing fight, for as soon as Mr. Farris attempted to go past, his bearship placed himself in the middle of the road. Mr. Farris, thinking discretion the better part of valor, retraced his steps and reached Cole's Is-

CAMPOBELLO, Char. Co., June 11. death of Clement H. Bats ged 34 years and nine months, occured on Monday afternoon, 4th inst. Tuesday of the previous week he was taken ill with pneumonia. He was well liked by all and will be my missed. The funeral took place of Wednesday and was conducted by th Rev. W. H. Street, and Court Owen, Order of Foresters, of which he was member. The floral remem were many and beautiful. The de ceased leaves a wife and four small children, who have universal sympa-

The F. C. Baptist churches are pre-sided over by Licentiate Saunders. The church at Wilson's Beach, Campobello, held a successful concert on Sunday evening, in which the Sunday school scholars took a prominent part. Kendrick Outhouse received the sad news last week of the death of his brother by drowning, in Nova Scotia. J. A. Calder and Frank Trott, the latter a resident of Eastport, Me., have received large orders from Denver, Colorado, Montreal and other places for their sardines, hermetically sealed in glass jars. Some day, not far distant, the tinned sardine will be seen

HARVEY STATION, York Co., June 12 -- Andrew Dorcas of this place received on Saturday a telegram from St. Stephen stating that his brother, James, had been accidentally killed that day. Mr. Dorcas at once left for Militown. The deceased was employed in the cotton mills at Militown, and along with several other men was trying to raise the gate in the dam. One of the levers broke, and, striking Dorcas, forced him against the gate, which crushed his head terribly. He lived several hours after receiving the injury, but never recovered consciousness. Besides a wife and two stepchildren, Mr. Dorcas leaves four sisters, all of whom reside in this place, and two brothers, Andrew, mentioned

above, and Robert, at present of Min-Mrs. Geo. Gibson of Newtonville, Miss., is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Andrew Robinson. A. H. Barker of Fredericton Junction spent Sunday here, the guest of Mrs

Inspector Bridges has been visiting the schools in this vicinity yesterday and today. Mrs. I. T. Fairweather left on Saturday for Auburn, Me., where she will

W. E. Smith.

spend a few weeks. A fancy sale is announced to take place in Taylor's hall next Saturday evening. A programme of music will add much to the enjoyability. Cake and ice cream will be sold, and a general good time is promised. The whole is under the management of the ladies of the Harvey sewing circle.

FREDERICTON, June 12.—At St. Ann's church this afternoon Miss Mary Hamilin. second daughter of T. Otty Crookshank, and Walter P. Fenety, youngest son of the late Geo. E. Fenety, ware united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Roberts in the presence of a large number of guests and spectators. The bride was attired in white satin trimmed with honiton lace and pearls, and wore a bridal veil and wreath of orange blossoms. She was at-MAUGERVILLE, N. B., June 11.—A

Frank Church has been dangerously large mouse was seen by a number of persons walking leisurely through is now somewhat better.

Joseph A. Pearson and P. B. Millie

A spark from a stove pipe ignited are here on business in connection dence of the bride's parents on George the proof of Mrs. Centerlie's house are here on business in connection dence of the bride's parents on George street. Mr. and Mrs. Fenety left on the afternoon express for a bridal tour to Boston and New York, and upon their return will reside in this city. They have the best wishes of a host of friends. The groom's present to the bride was a bicycle.

Michael Meville, who for the past two years has filled the position of steward to the street. Mr. and Mrs. Fenety University? has resigned. His successor has

The annual meeting of the N. B. Telephone
Co. was held here this afternoon. Those
present were: Hon. A. G. Blair, Dr. Stockton of St. John, J. L. Black and Chas.
Fawcett of Sackville, W. T. Whitehead and Fawcett of Sackville, W. T. Whitehead and F. P. Thompson of Fredericton. The old board of directors were re-elected.

Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways, arrived here this afternoon in his private car attached to the C. P. R. express. Mrs. Blair, who has been waiting here for the

Blair, who has been waiting here for the past few days, went to St. John this morning, and tomorrow she will join Mr. Blair and return to Ottawa.

The trial of the case of John L. Morgan v. Andrew Dunlap and Henry Dunlap was concluded in the York county court last night, the jury finding a verdict for the plaintiff for \$51. The action was for conversion of lumber, and occupied the court four days. Phinney & Crocket for the plaintiff, J. H. Barny for defendant.

As Judge Wilson had arranged to go to St. Andrews today to hold Charlotte county

St. Andrews today to hold Charlotte county court, in absence of Judge Stevens, he adcourt, in absence of Judge Stevens, he adjourned York county court till the third Tuesday in July, when the remaining case on the dock will be taken up.

Judge Wilson last evening, on application of Gregory, Q. C., counsel for plaintiff, granted an order for attachment against exJudge James A. Vanwart for contempt in not attending before his honor on the date appointed for resumption of his examination at the suit of Timothy Lynch.

Judge Barker held the June sitting of York equity court this morning. The cases of equity court this morning. The cases of Cronkite v. Miller, Miller v. Cronkite, and Cronkite v. Miller v. Cronkite, and rector, church wardens and vestry of Christ's church, Maugerville, v. Burgoyne, which were down for hearing, were adjourned by corsent until September court, the first two on application of Phinney, Q. C.; counsel for Cronkite, and the latter case on application of Gregory, Q. C., counsel for defendant.

Judge Barke: delivered judgment in the case of John Black v. Thos. Moore, Thos. E. Moore and Ed. Moore, declaring void the assignment from Thos. E. Moore to Thos. Moore of the former's interest in the estate Moore of the former's interest in the estate of the late Charity Moore, and ordering Edward Moore, the executor, to pay to the plaintiff the full amount of his judgment claim, some \$250. F. St. J. Bliss for the plaintiff; Allen, Q. C., and R. W. McLellan for the defendant.

Police Magistrate Marsh today, on the application of the defendant's counsel. O. S.

For the defendant.

Police Magistrate Marsh today, on the application of the defendant's counsel, O. S. Crocket, admitted to bail John Angerson, when is charged with shooting Fred. Mitchell. The preliminary examination was further adjourned till Wednesday of next week.

John Wiley died at his home on Brunsawick streat this morning, after a lingering illness, aged sixty-four. The deceased formerly carried on a drug business. He leaves one son, Harry, and two daughters. Mrs. H. M. Jewett of Providence, R. I., and Mrs. E. A. McKay of Salisbury, N. B.

Mrs. Coyle, widow of the late Neill Coyle of Doak Settlement, died last night of paralysis, with which she was seized some time ago. She leaves three sons.

Mrs. Rainsford Barker died at her home at Burton last night after protracted suffering from tumor. The deceased, who was forty-two years of age, leaves a husband and ing from tumor. The deceased, who was forty-two years of age, leaves a husband and

six children.
The death occurred at Victoria Hospital

The death occurred at Victoria Hospital last night of Mrs. Elizabeth Bunker of New Maryland, who was admitted to the hospital a few weeks ago, cation of diseases.

Thos. Long died today at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Jas. A. Jewett of tais city, aged seventy-one years.

The Presbytery of St. John met in the eld kirk this morning to deal further with Rev. J. S. Mullin's case, the latter having been cited to appear for disobeying the order of the Presbytery. Mr. Mullin did not put in an appearance, and the Presbytery, after waiting all day, adjourned until the regular session in St. John on July 3rd. Only routite business was taken up. session in St. John on July the business was taken up.

"Yes; the Thompsons must have met with severe losses lately." "Why, have they had to give up their home?" "No; I don't think it'll be as bad as that; but their going to ride their last year's bleycles this season."

land by a different route.

Fenwick S. Taylor will shortly begin the erection of his new residence, the foundation of which was laid last fall.

Little Mary was discovered one day by her mother vigorously applying the oil-can to the kitten's mouth. On being reproved to the kitten's mouth. On being reproved the replied, "Why, mamma, kitty sqeaks so awfully when I pull her tail."

AMHERST.

Important Capture of a Man at Wentworth Station.

He is Suspected of Burglary at Athol- The Circumstances Attending the Arrest.

AMHERST, N. S., June 11.-A most

mportant and clever capture was

made on Saturday afternoon at Went-

worth station by I. C. R. Officer Jones and Provincial Constable Simpson, Since the burglary at D. F. Archibald's store at Athol the officers have been in pursuit of the culprits. The woods, however, seemed to have been the hiding places for the wanted one, and only on one occasion did the officers hear tidings of him and those tidings were got from Murdock Mc-Pherson and his sister at Wentworth, their description of a man seen by them being the same as that given to the officers when the Athol burglary was committed. The officers left here on Tuesday last, going to Halifax. From there they worked homewards, taking in nearly every station and byeroad on the way until they arrived at Folly Lake on Saturday. From there they took the train to Wentworth, intending to return home without their man. On arrival at Wentworth the officers were completely wet through, so they went into the station waiting room, made on a fire and proceeded to dry their clothes. They had taken their coats off and hung them on chairs before the fire to dry and were just about to take their boots off when Bob Duncan's train, No. 2, bound for Halifax, came into the station. Officer Jones, looking out of the waiting room window, saw a man on the blind baggage just behind the engine. Jones remarked to Simpson: "There is a man on the blind baggage now." To this Simpson replied: "Let us get after the fellow and take something home." They made for the man, one on each side of the train, completely surprising him as he sat on the left-hand side steps. The man said he was having a ride to Sydney. The officers took him off the train and immediately recognized him as the very man they were after. On being told this the prisoner made a break for liberty, but was thrown into the gitch until the train moved out of the station. When the officers got the prisoner on the station platform he made another desperate fight to regain his freedom and endeavored to pull a revolver from his pocket. Before they could get him into the waiting room two panes of glass were broken. They eventually got him hand-cuffed, and in a pair of new long-legged rubber boots which he carried over his shoulders they found a pair of men's laced boots and a pair of lady's rubbers. On him were \$2.01, all in coppers, and \$1.50 in silver, a good revolver, with two chambers loaded, two pairs of cuff buttons on a card, two jack-knives, a wallet, watch pipes, etc. While waiting room, during a temporary absence of Jones, he made a desperate effort to break his bonds, but desisted on a strong caution from Simpsom, emphasized by the production of a hilly. He was brought to Amherst, where he is being strongly guarded. His name is James Campbell, and he comes from a criminal stock of the deepest dye. He has two cousins, both notoricus thieves. One of them, Campbell, is now serving a term of twentyvears for breaking into C. S. Mc-Lead's and other stores here about ten years ago. The other cousin is a onearmed fellow, notorious for horse and fruit stealing.

WILFRID'S WITTY RETORT.

(London Times.) A gentleman who was putting up for par-liament was a very bad hand at making a speech. He therefore solicited the help of Sir Wilfrid Lawson. His request, of course, was compiled with.

ceeding to a meeting a friendly opponent cried out: "There goes Wilfrid and his per-forming bear." The baronet answered: "Quite right, my friend; I am teaching him to climb to the top of the poll."

We owe England one debt of gratitude. No Briton has yet tried to be funny enough to introduce a Filipino sympathy resolution in the house of commons.—New York Press.

PROFESSIONAL.

"FOR THIS RELIEF."

DR. J. H. MORRISON.

HAS RESUMED HIS PRACTICE.

Ryo, Ear, Nose and Throat Only. 168 GERMAIN STREET.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of Sept. 26, 1895, says:

Sept. 28, 1836, says.

"If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE. I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple aliments forms its best recommendation." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHŒA, DESENTERY, CHOLERA

CAUTION,—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for COUGHS, COLDB, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor—

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold by all Chemiets at 1s. 11/d., 32. 9d., 7 and 4s. Sd. Sole Manufacturer— J.T. DAVENPORT

23 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

Write today for a free copy of our is inventors Help" and "How you. We have extensive experience in the

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THE QUEEN'S HEALTH.

Secret of Her Majesty's Vitality at Eighty-One.

It Lies in Her Own Indomitable Will Power, Her Regular Habits and Her Abstemious Mode of Living—This is the Testimony of the Queen's Physicians.

(London Daily Mail.) The Queen is eighty-one years of age, and is well and hearty. On this fact her Majesty's doctors have very much reason for self-con-

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If you turn up a page in your Whitaker you will find a great array of names of doctors of the Queen, though not all of them have a Royal practice. In the men upon whom such honors have been bestowed the Sovereign has been fortunate. They form a splendid array of all that has been best and cleverest and in every sense worthiest in medical and surgical science for nearly a century. Worthiest is not

the least necessary qualification for such an office, for if a doctor were ever so brilliant and distinguished in his knowledge and practice he could never aspire to attendance upon her Majesty if any tongue could cast upon him the least reproach. In this matter she is characteristically punctili-

If it be not lese-majeste to say so, the patient from the doctor's point of view. With her, permanent good health al-ways seemed to be assumed till she suffered the great bereavement of her life, and then for the first time she showed a disposition to fully avail herself of the resources at her disposal. For a long period she has followed a few rules of life which the lave Sir William Tenifer laid down for her guidance. Their essence is simplicity. A part of them is a simple and careful diet; another is regularity, and a third open-air life. These rules her her Majesty has observed, but the last one not very long ago was rather too much observed, and many an anxious time did the Royal dectors experience when their Sovereign would persist in

THE ROYAL RULE OF LIFE. Perhaps you think you would like to life—the rules that bring you to eighty- clean shaven, glistens with the best of one, hearty and well. You may. The both humor and sense. Queen's doctors will tell you that a Of course you can find Queen is but flesh and blood, and that they can do no more for her Majesty than for any other.

attended upon her Majesty, to tell me some such rules of life, the conditions heing just normal. While he reflected for perhaps five seconds, he took a cigarette from a well-filled case and lighted it. This prevented the enlargement of the question for the benefit of the multitude who are wholly or partly convinced that alcohol and nico tine have a lot to do with it.

Then said Sir Francis, deliberately, "Do anything you like, but do nothing "It is rather a-well, brief rule,"

said, with a hint at inadequacy. "Yes," he replied with decision, "but is it not a good rule? And it is complete. People nowadays will put themselves to extremes, and they become ill by excesses and not by deficiencies. Moderation should be the rule of life."

LIVE BY INSTINCT. A distinguished colleague of Sir

Francis, Sir Samuel Wilks, Physician Extraordinary to the Queen, to whom I put the same question, gave an answer which was practically the same one expanded.

"It is a difficult question," he said. "Habit is a great deal; it is second nature. A man accustomed to walk twelve miles a day cannot do without it. In different men organs seem to take the place of each other. Every one has a natural temperament. Fcllew that and avoid excesses. That's all. A quack may tell you you must eat an ounce of albumen, so much starch, so much water, and so on, and what should you do? Go and have a nice chop. The instincts of people are right. Jenner would have said to you, 'I never walk at all, except from my house into my carriage. I hate walking, and if I could I would get my servants to carry me to bed.' That was Sir William Jenner, the Queen's eminent rhysician; and what about exercise then? In the last three or four centuries we have done better intellectual work than ever before, and these have been the times of tea, coffee, tobacco and sicohol. What can you make of that? It is surprising. Again I say, fellow your instincts" SPARTAN METHODS UNNECES-

SARY. In one sense this is very reassuring, in another it is disappointing. No Spartan methods are necessary for octogenarianism. It is the easiest and pleasantest thing in the world to keep these rules of life, for they are simply that you please yourself. One would hardly have expected that from the highest of the medical profession, the doctors of the Queen, when your village M. D. always impressed you by his omniscience. Instead you would fancy the Queen's doctors to know about all the new poisons that lurk in potatoes and beef and rice puddings that those of lower degree wot not of.

In other respects, too. they are for most part just like very highly respectable family coctors. Sir James Reid, who as being the resident physician is more the Queen's doctor than the others, is very much so. He is a man of marvellous tact. Jenner almost | trained him, as one might sav, to be the Queen's doctor, and when he treat"No. I once ran for a political ofit was nearly 32 gallons. The greatest poor Pat Fahey. So at the last, I say
ed her Majesty so skilfully when she fice, but that was before rheumatism beer-drinkers in the world are the God bless old Ireland and her soldiers

certain. John Brown, it is said, was in a manner responsible for his intro-duction to the Lousehold, yet, strange to say, John Brown had no great opin ion himself, it would seem, of the phy sician who was good enough for his Royal mistress, and for his part, when he was ailing, he called for Jenner You see, Sir James was to honest John a prophet in his own country, being an Aberdeenshire man, whose family Mr.

A GREAT SURGEON'S RELAXA-TIONS

Sir Francis Laking, who has attend ed the Quean and Royalties great and small, is a man of quite different mould, though he and Sir James have one good thing in common, and that is, considering their eminence, their very considerable youth. Neither is more than a little past fifty. Sir Francis. you would say, is the ideal doctor for the sick room where fear and melancholy are in the air, for he bubbles with cheeriness and optimism. To step Queen has not always been an ideal from the pavement across the threshold of 62 Pall Mall is like being suddenly transported from the East end to the seaside. It is quite likely that the Queen's Surgeon-Apothecary will tell you that he is just a doctor who practices like any other doctor does, that patients come to see him, and give hira fees, and go their way again. If you let your eyes wander from him a moment they cannot escape a box of stones, and if he sees you notice them he may remark, "Such are my hobbles geology, chemistry, science, sport. Medicine is only my bread and butter. When I have done with it for the time being I lose myself in the others.' There may be patients in the outer room, and when they come in and take a seat near the table they will hardly risking the dangers of weather of such luiss seeing upon it a book with "Triinclemency that would severely test gonometry" writ large across the cover, most constitutions. However, a few and others concerning higher matheautumns age at Osborne she received matics. Then in wendering what in a fright, and has since exercised more the name of Acsculapius tans and sines and co-tans have to do with the liver and lungs, they will think what a wonderful Queen's doctor is this. who always talks two hundred to the five according to the Royal rules of minute, and whose face, bright and

among the Queen's medical men. you walk into Harley street and seek out George Lawson, the Queen's I asked Sir Francis Laking, one cf own Surgeon-Gculist, and therefore a the most eminent of those who have very important man, you will see quite a different sort of person to Sir Francis. Mr. Lawson is bearded, and bears the more solemn look, and, if he would but admit it, the thing he glories in most of all is that he is a self-made man, who struggled from the lowest position to the topmost with the help of no one but himself. When he was a young medico he served in the Crimean War, and he will tell you stories of what the doctors had to do and did in the campaign with a "war were wars in those days" sort of air. He will tell you how he was there when Lord Raglan was given a piece of the medical staff's mind by its chief, and how there were threats of court-martial, and how Lord Raglan admitted that the doctors were right and that the condition of affairs in his camp was far worse than he had imagined. Mr. Lawson was one of the earliest living specimens of the genus MacCormac and Treves.

THE ROYAL DENTIST. Turn, then, to Wimbledon Common,

and in a truly delightful retreat, surrounded by every luxury that taste and refinement can suggest, you will find a happy old gentleman whom you would indeed think would make a lovely doctor-so genial, so pleasant-but hardly make that your first guess. Yet Sir Edwin Saunders is he who has attended for half a century to the Royal teeth, the Surgeon-Dentist. He has ever been a favorite with the Royal Family, and his beautiful home is full a wine-drinking country such as of Royal mementoes. Why, he has one little room, his Fompeian room, overlooking the lawns, which is little but an autographed Royal portrait gallery, and some of the signatures must needs call up to his mind memories of of wine in the undermentioned counthe dear old days of long ago, when at | tries: Windsor, and Osborne, and Balmoral he saw the family in its infancy, and watched the good Prince Consort teach his boys the movements of the war. Such is a little concerning a few of her Majesty's doctors. Like all Englishmen, they love the Queen and they glory in their appointments. They like the Queen, too, because she in her turn is so loval to the profession. And if they would they might tell you that her Majesty's beautiful health-beautiful is the precise word that the medical mind would suggest, is dependent not so much upon any skill which her doctors may possess as upon her own indomitable power of will, which in itself conquers illness, upon her very regular habits, and upon her abstenious mode of living. A weaker s, irit

at eighty-one. IN THE MATTER OF DECORATION.

would find octogenarianism less happy.

And the Queen is healthy and well

"You seem devoted to golf, Mrs. "Oh, no, I don't play; but it looks up-to-date to have caddy bags handing in the hall, don't you think?"-

Indianapolis Journal. WASTED MUD.

"Did you ever try mud baths for your rheumatism ?"

Permanently and Painlessly Cured

Within a Few Days.



Putnam's Corn Extractor never disappoints. It goes right to the root of the trouble and will remove the source of your annoyance in short order. Beware of the cheap, poisonous and dangerous substitutes that are on the market. Putnam's is sure, safe and harmless. Sold by all druggists. DIY . U . PT 7

Dees a dull aching of nerve or muscle, ar the acuter pangs of neuraigla, toothache, or impago make life a misery? Thousands are compelled to suffer day in and day out because they are unacquainted with the extraordinary pain subduing power of Nerviline—the great nerve pain cure. Nerviline—the great nerve pain cure. Nerviline—tres toothache, rheumatism, neuraigla, sciatica, cramps colic, summer complaint, nausea. Nerviline is the most prompt, penetrating and effectual remedy for all pain, whether internal, external or local.

Catarrhozone cures Catarrh and Asthma

********* TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

BY THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPER-ANCE UNION OF ST. JOHN.

[Trust the people—the wise and the ignorant, the good and the bad—with the gravest questions, and in the end you will educate

TRANSFORMATION.

Only a little shrivelled seed—
It might be flower, or grass, or weed—
Had fallen one day near the edge
Of a narrow, dusty window ledge;
Ofily a few scant summer showers;
Only a few clear, shining hours,
That was all. Yet God could make
Out of these, for a sick child's sake,
A blossom-wonder as fair and sweet
As ever broke at an angel's feet.

Only a life of barren pain,
Wet with sorrowful teers for rain;
Warmed sometimes by a wandering gleam
Of joy, that seemed but a happy dream;
A life as common and brown and bare,
As the box of earth in the window there.
Yet it bore at last the precious bloom
Of a perfect soul in that narrow room—
Pure as the snowy leaves that fold
Over the flower's heart of gold.

Henry Van Dyke -Henry Van Dyke.

THE DRINK BILLS OF THE NATIONS.

(London Chronicle.) The third annual return of that interesting parliamentary paper, Alcoand is filled, as usual, with facts of considerable value to the sociologist and political moralist. The special feature of the present return is that the colonial statistics have for the first time been brought into line with those of the older countries. We will first deal with the comparisons for the United Kingdom, France, Germany and the United States, and then examine the corresponding facts for our principal colonies. For the purposes of the return, alcoholic beverages are divided into wine, beer and spirits. "Consumption" means human consumption as drink. The quantity "consumed per head of the population" means in all cases per head of the total population, no allowance being made for women and children or for persons who rarely or never consume alcoholic liquors. As a matter of fact. such drinking may be reckoned as confined to about one-fourth of the population. Population may be roughly divided into four equal groups-men, women, boys, girls. Practically, the drinking among the boys and girls may be neglected in taking a general average, while, in regard to beer and spirits, the women who drink to any extent may be taken as replacing the men who do not drink at all. For those, therefore, who wish to calculate the average annual quantity of drink consumed by effective drinkers as to whose walk in life you would it is only necessary to multiply the average per head of population given below by four, or, if they wish to be very cautious, by three. These considerations would hardly hold good with regard to the consumption of wine in

WINE

Taking the average for the last three years available, 1896-7-8, the following table shows the annual consumption

Total. Per Head. Gallons, Gallons, United Kingdom ... 16,000,000 France925,000,000 Germany 70,000,000

It will thus be seen that the total consumption of wine in United Kingdom, Germany the United States combined, with their one hundred and sixty millions of inhabitants, averages only an eighth part of what is consumed in France, with its 38 millions of inhabitants. Among producing countries France (710,000,000 gallons in 1998) is still first with Italy (630,000,000 gallons in 1898) a very good second. Spain averages about £00,000.000 gallons; no other country averages 160,000.000 gallons.

BEER. The following is the corresponding

table for beer, the staple frink of England and Germany, and to a lesser extent, of the United States: Total Per Head, Gallons. Gallons.

United Kingdom ...1,250.900.000 31.3 France 205,000,060 Germany1,382,000,000 United States 920,000,000 12.6

with 45 1-2 gallons, while the people of Wurtemburg and Baden are close up with 43 gallons and 36 1-2 respectively.

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS.

The following statement shows the int of spirits returned as entered for home consumption, stated in proof gallons, containing approximately fifty per cent of alcohol:

Total. Per Head, United Kingdom 40,250,000 1.02 France 74,000,000 1.94 Germany100,000,000 United States63,000,000 In connection with these figures it is

interesting to note the rates of taxation per gallon imposed on spirits in these four countries. They are as follows: United Kingdom, 10s. 6d.; France, 2s. 10d.: Germany, 6s.; United States, 5s. 6d. Few people probably without special knowledge would guess in which country there is the largest consumption of spirits per head of the population. It is Denmark, with 3.2 gallons in 1898, the only other country exceeding the two gallons in that year being France, with 2.07 gallons per head.

THE COLONIES.

The colonies on the whole compare favorably with the older countries. But among them Canada stands out pre-eminent as the most moderate drinker of all. Here are the figures showing for Canada, Australia (including New Zealand), and the Cape, the annual consumption per head of wine, tion per gallon imposed on spirits in

annual consumption per head of wine, beer and spirits.

Gal's. Gal's. Gal's. Colony. Canada08 3.6 Australia1.05 10.6 1.6 1.10 The Cape* *No trustworthy figures-it is believed that two-fifths of all Cape wine is distilled into brandy.

Wine. Eeer. Spirits.

It is especially interesting to compare the figures for Canada with those for her great neighbor the United States. In the matter of drink, as in a good many other things, our "Lady of the Snows" has a great deal to be proud of.

THE DOMINION PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

the Elder-Dempster line, on Friday, generally observed as a half holiday.

June 1st, for the World's W. C. T. U. A torchlight procession formed in

We know that Canadian White Ribtheir prayers, that she may have a safe journey; that she will not only brigade with their teams, a company return to her work in Canada physically benefitted, but tilled with fresh riders, and of torch bearers, and the vigor and a wider knowledge of the

ONE IRISHMAN'S TESTIMONY. Daniel Malfey Gives His Experience in the Transvaal.

The following is clipped from the Providence (R. I.) Sunday Journal: To the Editor.—I landed in this country last week, having come from Cape Town, South Africa. I came by the way of Liverpool, England. Hearing that the Irish, my own countrymen, are raising money for the Boers in Providence and vicinity, I desire to make a few facts known to them through your paper, if you will kindly

I have lived in the Transvaal eight years, and I know a few facts about the Boers. In the first place—do they know that an Irishman or any other man never gets justice from a Boer in any court of law in the Transvaal? I will give \$1,000 to any man who will prove that they did within the last five

I will give you a type of the justice: In 1895 I was working in Johannesburg. I was working in the De Beers mines, which were owned by Mr. Rhodes, an Englishman, and Mr. Belt, a German. At that time there were about 300 Irishmen working in

That year a law was put in force

whereby all children had to go to the Boer school, and all had to learn Dutch. Next door to me there lived a man by the name of Patrick Fahey. who had three children, two boys and a girl. The girl was about twelve and the boys were younger, so he sent them to school, and one day, because the girl could not learn the Dutch, the teacher struck her on the head, and through that blow she went into convulsions and died. Mr. Fahey had the teacher arrested, but he was let off, as the teacher was a Boer. So Mr. Fahey would not let his boys go to school after that. So the Boer police came to arrest him, and because he would not go with them they shot him before the eyes of his poor wife. He dived about two hours after he was shot. Myself and Mike Carroll went and got the priest, but the Boer police would not let him into the house. This occurred on the 14th day of October, 1895. We called a meeting of all the miners, both Irish, English and Scotch. and we subscribed and got a wood coffin and buried him decently. We decided also to let the English governor at Cape Town know of the facts of the case. So we did. He sent two men to investigate it, but through that twenty of the miners were sent out of the country, and all the property; furniture and such like the Boers confiscated. We that stayed got together £115 and sent Mrs. Fahey and her children back to Ireland.

D can tell you twenty cases similar to the above, but I think that will be enough to let you see what the Boers

I don't love England; but I say, give me English laws as they are in Natal, where every man has equal rights. That is what England is fighting for. There are over 10,000 Irish volunteers in Natal alone, and we will fight to the death to down the cruel Boers, and I appeal to all Irish-men to help the widows and orphans of the Irish soldiers who fell in battle. The consumption of beer in the United Kingdom steadily increases. In and I am going to Cape Town next 1895 it was 27 gallons per head, in 1895 week to fight the Boers and avenge injured her knee at Windsor, a long had asserted itself."—Chicago Times-time ago now, his quick promotion was Herald.

Bavarians, who consume 56 gallons who are fighting for a good and just per head; next to them are the Dutch, cause.

DANIEL MALLEY.

PARRSBORO, N. S., June 4.— The Fova Scotia Methodist conference meets here on the 18th instant. It is expected that about 150 ministers will be present. There are four candidates

Rufus Huntley launched a fine schoner of about 95 tons register on Saturday. She is owned by Captain Conlon, who will command her.—Ship Treasurer is in West Bay loading deals, shipped by M. L. Tucker for repeated over and over again until it W. M. McKay.—H. Elderkin & Co. of Port Greville have a large schooner that will be ready for launching this

toria was loudly and warmly welcomed here as a part of the Empire. When, at about half-past nine, the word of the taking over of the Transvaal capital came in, the steam whistle at the Truro foundry gave notice of the looked for event to town and country, as far as its voice extended. The other whistles about town, and on the rail tracks, soon joined in the medley of sounds, and for an hour or so they altogether used lots of steam, and the bell ringers spared not their muscle. The schools were closed for the day, and in a short time the town was gay with flags and bunting. Most of the stores were closed at noon and the steam whistles after, as usual, announcing the dinner hour, again joined in a prolonged salute, with variations, to Pretoria. There was a base The editor will (D. V.) sail from ball game on the T. A. A. C. grounds Montreal on the Lake Champlain, of in the afternoon, which was quite

A torchlight procession formed in convention, in Edinburgh. She will the evening on the Esplanade and also represent the dominion at the marched through the streets. This was headed by the Truro band in a ly, not impairing the use of a limb or don, the week previous to the World's lively turn out, and was followed by organ, and often not even entailing a four-in-hand, carrying the mayor, a four-in-hand, carrying the mayor, a four-in-hand, carrying the mayor, a four-in-hand, carrying the mayor. convention, in Edinburgh. She will the evening on the Esplanade and town council and leading town offi boners everywhere will follow her with cials, with a piper in Highland garb. who "blaw full weel," then the fire of militia on foot, a squad of rough line was interspersed with polymorgreat cause and its needs, and be pre- phian rigs, and followed by a goodly pared to prosecute to the utmost of number of private carriages. Many her ability the work she has so much of the buildings and grounds, particularly along west Prince and Queen completely recovered, and the percentstreets, were finely illuminated, and probably there was a better display of among those admitted to hospital has, fire works than was ever witnessed during the present compaign, only here, with a greater p ploding fire crackers. Altogether, as an old resident remarked, perhaps, "the fifth of June, 1900, will be remembered as one of the best celebrations,

so far. of this town." David Soloan, principal of the New Glasgow High School, has been appointed principal of the Normal school at Truro, a successor to J. B. Calkin, the retiring principal of the lat-

ter institution. Steps are being taken towards establishing a cottage hospital in Truro, and in furtherance of the undertaking the town council have agreed to donate the old Central fire station building, and a site for it on the town farm. It is proposed to solicit subscriptions to fitting up the building for the purpose

in view. H. A. Johnson, tinsmith, has moved Prince street, and is laying there the foundation walls for a larger building, which is to be 60 feet by 25, and three on premises. Tel. No. 895.

foundation walls for a larger building, which is to be 60 feet by 25, and three stories high.

HALIFAX, June 8.—F. J. MacDonaid, teller in the Bank of Montreal, this city, son of the Chief Justice of Nova Scotia, and Miss Alice Ring of St. John were married today in St. John's church, three mile house, by Rev. Jas. Simmonds. There was neither-bridesmaid nor groomsman. The couple left for a trip to the United States.

CORNWALLIS, N. S., June 8.—Sylvannus Bligh of Berwick is building a warehouse there, and Isaac North is having a aice house erected in the same town.

During the thunder storm which passed through Cornwallis last week, three houses, a barn and several trees were struck by lightning at Berwick. Mrs. Andrews, whose house was struck, was paralyzed by the shock for sozze time.

Mrs. Beckwith, wile of Major Beckwith of Canning, and Mrs. Stephen Sheffield left on Wednesday for Montreal, where they will spend part of the summer.

William Rand, merchant at Canning, this week fell quite a distance down a pair of stairs, several boards of which were loose, and cut his head severely.

The family of the Rev. J. K. West moved from Habitant this week to Yarmouth Co., where Mr. West is now stationed.

Edward Kirkpatrick, son of Hugh Kirkpatrick, Kentville, died of consumption on Sunday, aged twenty-five.

Chase and Bros. of Port Williams are buying potatoes at seventy cents per barrel. They will ship to Havana.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 10.—Presbyterianism in Halifax was enthusiastic today on account of the celebration by St. Matthew's church, this city, of its 150th anniversary. This chruch was originally called a Protestant dessenting church, but after the American revolution became distinctively Presbyterian. The first minister was Rev. Aaron Cleveland, great-grandfather of ex-President Cleveland, great-grandfather of ex-President Cleveland. Meetings were held today morning, afternoon and evening, and all were crowded. Among the speakers was Rev. Frincipal Grant of Kingston, a former pastor.

J. J. Burke of New Yo

or.

J. J. Burke of New York was to have tried to lower the two mile Canadian running record on the Wanderers track Saturday, but the M. P. A. A. A. refused to sanction the event on the ground that Burke was a professional. Frank Stephen also was to have tried some record lowering, but this was abandoned.

J. Deleney and E. Carter, two men from tried some record lowscing, but this was abandoned.

J. Delaney and E. Carter, two men from the Gloucester fishing schooner D. A. Wilson, who got lost in their dory on Friday, reached Canso this morning.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 12.—It has been settled that the Standard Oil Company will repair the Maverick themselves at their own yard, New York. An effort was made to have the work done here, but none of the provincial firms were willing to tender, and she will be taken away. Temporary repairs are being made here.

Gen. Lord William Seymour leaves for England on July 17. Col. Biscoe will act as general until a successor is appointed.

Hon. W. S. Fielding was nominated by the liberal convention of Queens and Shelburne today as their candidate at the dominion elections.

James Barnes, M. P. P., who has the contract for the erection of the new telephone line to connect Fredericton and Chatham, commenced work at St. Mary's on Tuesday, with a crew of

17 KRUGERS, 18 STEYNS.

me Curious Facts About the Boer

(London Mail, Jan. 2) A very common cause of complaint is that the Borrs all seem to have the

same surnames. Although this is not absolutely true, it is, perhaps, explainable by the fact atively few surnames, and these are repeated over and over again until it is most difficult to identify a man by his surname without knowing his Christian name and that of his father.

A striking instance of this is afforded by perusal of the published list of Boer prisoners who have been shipped off to St. Helena.

Among 1,000 prisoners there are surprisingly few surnames considering the different parts of the country from which the commandoes were drawn. In the list there are seventeen Krugers and no fewer than eighteen

Steyns. But the largest family of all is that of the Van Vurens, of whom there are twenty-three. The Van Niekerks number fourteen, and the Van Rensburgs ten. The Van der Merwes are nineteen in number, and the Van Zyls

total seventeen. There are only four Cronjes in the selected thousand. The Coetzees aggregate fifteen; and this interesting list also includes seventeeen Bothas, fourteen Fouries, and thirteen Jouberts. Some, if not all, of the Jouberts, must be related to the late general, as they come from his part

of the country. There are many descendants of the first president of the Transvaal, for, twenty-one men of the name of Pretorius figure in the list. Several English names occur—for instance, Tomi Gervais Bolton, Samuel Robert Collins, and George Hayworth; while there are three Macdonalds among the pri-

TYPES OF WOUNDS.

Definitions of the Terms "Slight," 'Severe," "Dangerous." In a notice issued by the war office relative to the casualties in South Africa, it is stated that the following terms when applied to wounds may be taken as conveying the signification stated against them:

Severe-A wound requiring careful reatment in hospital, but not necessarily dangerous, often involving fractures of bones and sometimes even the permanent impairment of a limb.

Dangerous—A wound such as might occur from the penetration of the head. chest, abdomen, or any vital organ.

In many cases, however, soldiers reported dangerously wounded have age of deaths from wounds of all sorts reached 5 per cent, on the total wound

Mrs. Jocelyn-Don't you miss your husband very much when he is away? Mrs. Golightly-Oh, not at all. You see, he left me plenty of money, and at breakfast I just stand a newspaper up in front of his place and half the time forget that he really isn't there.

E. H. Turnbull's Thoroughbred French Coach Stallion.

"TELEMAQUE"

the amount of \$1,000, to be expended in Stands at 167 King Street East, at \$15.00 per season, his old shop off its former site on cash at time of service. Apply to groom, JAMES GOODSPEED.

ALL DISEASES

AND WEAKNESSES OF MEN



On Top...

of all soaps for nursery use, stands
"Baby's Own Soap." It is made of purest
vegetable oils and slightly perfumed with finest
flower extracts. It has been sold and used for
so long, and always been good, that doctors all
over Canada recommend its use, having practical knowledge of its effects.

Most of its numerous imitations are injurious
to the skin.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., Mirs.

A GALILEE STORM.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Describes the Rough Places.

WASHINGTON, June 10 .- Dr. Tal- storm comes, tosses off the mage, who is now in Burope preaching to immense congregations in the great cities, sends this sermon, in which he describes the rough places of life and indicates the best means of getting over them and shows how many people fail to understand their best blessings; text, Mark iv., 29, "And he arose and rebuked the wind and said unto the sea, Peace, be still."

Here in Capernaum, the seashore village, was the temporary home of that Christ who for the most of his life was homeless. On the site of this village, now in ruins, and all around this lake what scenes of kindness and power and glory and pathos when our Lord lived here. I can understand th feeling of the immortal Scotchman Robert McCheyne, when, sitting on the banks of this lake, he wrote:

It is not that the wild gazelle Comes down to drink thy tide, But he that was pierced to save from

Oft wandered by thy side.

Graceful around thee the mountains meet, Thou calm, reposing sea. But, ah, far more the beautiful feet Of Jesus walked o'er thee.

I can easily understand from the contour of the country that bounds this lake that storms were easily tempted to make these waters their play-ground. This lake, in Christ's time, lay in a scene of great luxuriance; the surrounding hills, terraced, sloped, groved; so many hanging gardens of beauty. On the shore were castles, towers, Roman baths, everyattractive and beautiful-all of vegetation in smaller space than in almost any other space in the world, from the palm tree of the forest to the trees of rigorous climate. It seemed as if the Lord had launched one wave of beauty on all the scene and it hung and swung from rock and hill and oleander. Roman gentlemen in pleasure boats sailing this lake, and countrymen in fishing smacks coming down to drop their nets, pass each other with nod and shout and laughter or swinging idly at their moorings.

Oh, what a beautiful scene! It seems as if we shall have a quiet night. Not a leaf quivered in the air, not a ripple disturbed the face of Gennesaret. But there seems to be a little excitement among the disciples, as they rushed into the back part of the boat I find they are frightened almost to death. They say, 'Master, carest thou not that we perish?" They had no reason to be frightened, for Christ was in the boat. I suppose if we had been there we would have been just as much affrighted. Perhaps more. In all ages very good people get very much affrighted. It is often so in our day, and men say: "Why, look at the bad lectures. Look at the various errors going over the church of God. We are going to founder. The church is going to perish. She is going down.' Oh, how many good people are affrighted by iniquity in our day and think the church of Jesus Christ is going to be overthrown and are just as much affrighted as were the disciples of my text!

COMING OF THE STORM.

Calm night, starry night, beautiful night! Run up the sails, ply all the oars, and let the large boat and the small boat glide over gentle Gennesaret. But the sailors say there is going to be a change of weather. And even the passengers can hear the moaning of the storm as it comes on with great stride and all the terrors of hurricane and darkness. The large boat trembles like a deer at bay among the clangor of the hounds; great patches of foam are flung into the air; the sails of the vessel loosen and in the strong wind crack like pistols; the smaller boats, like petrels, poise on the cliffs of the waves and then plunge. Overboard go cargo, tackling and masts, and the drenched disciples rush into the back part of the boat and lay hold of Christ and say nothing unto him, "Master, carest thou not that we perish?"

That great personage lifts his head from the pillow of the fisherman's coat, walks to the front of the vessel and looks out into the storm. All around him are the smaller boats driven in the tempest, and through it comes the cry of drowning men. By the flash of the lightning I see the calm brow. of Christ as the spray dropped from his beard. He has one word for the sky and another for the waves. Looking upward, he cries, "Peace!" Look-! ing downward, he says, "Be still!" The waves fall flat on their faces, the foam melts, the extinguished stars relight their torches. The tempest falls dead, and Christ stands with his foot on the neck of the storm. And while the sailors are baling out the boats, and while they are trying to untangle the cordage the disciples stand in amazement, now looking into the calm sea, then into the calm sky, then into the calm Saviour's countenance, and they cry out, "What manner of man is this, that even the winds and the sea obey

The subject, in the first place, impresses me with the fact that it is very important to have Christ in the ship; for all those boats would have gone to the botton of Gennesaret if Christ had not been present. Oh, what a lesson for you and for me to learn! Whatever voyage we undertake, into whatever enterprise we start, let us always have Christ in the ship. All you can do with utmost tension of body, mind and soul you are bound to do; but, oh, have Christ in every enterprise!

SEEKING GOD'S HELP.

There are men who ask God's help at the beginning of great enterprises. He has been with them in the past; no trouble can overthrow them; the storms might come down from the top of Mount Hermon and lash Gennesaret into foam and into agony, but it could not hurt them. But here is another man who starts out in worldly girl. Her father dispises the Christian enterprise, and he depends upon the religion; her mother despises the Chrisuncertainties of this life. He has no tian religion; her brothers and eisters Ged to help him. After awhile the scoff at the Christian religion; she can Subscribe for SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

******************************* the ship; he puts out his lifeboat and the ship; he puts out his lifeboat and the longboat; the sheriff and at the fact of pardon and peace and salva-tion. "Well," said the people after the service, "I guess you had better send Livingston home. He is making the revival worse." Oh, for gales from heaven to sweep all the continent! The danger of the church of God is not in revivals.

> CALMING THE STORM. Again, my subject impressed me with the fact that Jesus was God and man in the same being. Here he is in the back part of the boat. Oh, how tired he looks! What sad dreams he must have! Look at his countenance: he must be thinking of the cross to come. Look at him; he is a man-bone of our

bone, flesh of our flesh. Tired, he falls asleep; he is a man. But then I find Christ at the prow of the boat; I hear him say, "Peace, be still," and I see the storm kneeling at his feet and the tempests folding their wings in his presence; he is a God. If I have sorrow and trouble and want sympathy, I go and kneel down at the back part of the boat and say "O Christ, weary One of Gennesaret, sympathize with all my sorrow! Man of Nazareth! Man of the Cross!" A Man, a Man! But if I want to conquer my spiritual foes, if I want to get the victory over sin, death and hell, I come to the front of the boat, and kneel down, and I "Oh Lord Jesus Christ, thou who didst hush the tempest, hush all my grief, hush all my temptation, hush all

I learn once more from the subject that Christ can hush a tempest, It did seem as if everything must go to ruin. The disciples had given up the idea of managing the ship, the crew were entirely demoralized; yet Christ rises, and the sterm crouches at his Oh, yes, Christ can hush the tempest! You have had trouble, Perhaps it was the little child taken away from you-the sweetest child in the household, the one who asked the most curio'is questions and stood around you with the greatest fondness, and the spade cut down through your bleeding heart. Perhaps it was an only son, and your heart has ever since been like a desolated castle; the owls of the night hooting among the fallen arches and the crumbling stairways. Or all your property swept away, you said: I had so much bank stock; I had so many houses; I had so many farmsall gone, all gone." Why, sir, all the storms that ever trampled with their thunders, all the shipwrecks, have not been worse than this to you. Yet you have not been completely overthrown Why? Christ says: "I have that little one in my keeping. I will care for him as well as you can, better than you can, O bereaved mother!" Hushing the tempest. When your property went away, God said, "There are treasures in heaven in banks that never

There is one storm into which we will all have to run. The moment when we let go of this world and try to take hold of the next, we will want all the grace possible. Yonder I see a Christian soul rocking on the serges of death. All the powers of darkness seem let out against that soul-the swirling wave, the thunder of the sky, the shriek of the wind, all the auctioneer try to help him off; they can't help him off; he must go down; no Christ in the ship. Your life will be made up of sunshine and shadows. There may be in it arctic blasts or tropical tornadoes; I know not what is before you, but I know if you have Christ with you all shall be well. You may seem to get along without the religion of Christ while everything goes smoothly, but after awhile, when sorrow hovers over the soul, when the waves of trial dash clear over the hurricane deck and the decks are crowded with piratical disasters oh, would you do then without Christ in the ship? Take God for your portion, God for your guide, God for your help: then all is well; all is well for a time; all shall be well forever: Blessed is that man who puts in the Lord his trust. He shall never be confounded.

But my subject also impresses me with the fact that when people start to follow Christ they must not expect smooth sailing. These disciples got into the small boats, and I have no doubt they said: "What a beautiful day this is! How delightful is sailing in this! And as for the waves under the keel of the boat, why, they only make the motion of our little boat the more delightful." But when the winds swept down and the sea was tossed into wrath, then they found that following Christ was not smooth sailing. So you have found it, so I have found it.

Did you ever notice the end of the life of the apostles of Jesus Christ? You would say if ever man ought to have a smooth life, a smooth departure, then those men, the disciples of Jesus Christ, ought to have had such a departure and such a life. St. James lost his head. St. Philip was hung to death on a pillar. St. Matthew had his life dashed out with a halbert. St. Mark was dragged to death through the streets. St. Jan.es the Less was beaten to death with a fuller's club. St. Thomas was struck through with a spear. They did not find following Christ smooth sailing. Oh, how they were all tossed in the tempest! John Huss in a fire; Hugh McKail in the hour of martyrdom; the Albigenses, the Waldenses, the Scotch Covenantersdid they find it smooth sailing? But why go into history when we can draw from our own memory illustrations of the truth of what I say?

NOT ALWAYS SMOOTH SAILING. A young man in a store trying to serve God, while his employer scoffs at Christianity; the young men in the same store antagonistic to the Christian religion, teasing him tormenting him about his religion, trying to get him mad. They succeed in getting him mad and say, "You're a pretty Christian!" Does that young man find it smooth sailing when he tries to follow Christ? Or you remember a Christian

hardly find a quiet place in which to say her prayers. Did she find it smooth sailing when she tried to follow Jesus Christ? Oh, no! All who would live the life of the Christian religion must suffer persecution. If you do not find it in one way, you will get it in an-other way. But be not disheartened! Take courage. You are in a glorious companionship. God will see you through all trials, and he will deliver

My subject also impresses me with the fact that good people sometimes get frightened. A lion goes into a cavern to sleep. He lies down with his shaggy mane covering the paws. Meanwhile the spiders spin a web across the mouth of the cavern and say, "We have captured him." Gossamer thread after gossamer thread until the whole front of the cavern is covered with the spider's web, and the spiders say, The lion is done; the lion is fast. After awhile the lion has got through sleeping. He rouses himself, he shakes his mane, he walks out into the sun-light. He does not even know the spider's web is spun, and with his roar he shakes the mountain. So men come spinning their sophistries and skepicism about Jesus Christ. He seems to be sleeping. They say: "We have captured the Lord. He will never come forth again upon the nation. Christ is evercome forever. His religion will never make any conquest among men. But after awbile the Lion of the tribe of Judah will rouse himself and come forth to shake mightly the nations. What's a spider's web to the aroused lion? Give truth and error a fair grapple, and truth will come off victor. FRIGHTENED BY REVIVALS.

But there are a great many good people who get affrighted in other re spects. They are affrighted about revivals. They say: "Oh, this is a strong religious gale! We are afraid the church of God is going to be upset and there are going to be a great many people brought into the church that are going to be of no use to it." And they are affrighted whenever they see a revival taking hold of the churches. As though a ship captain, with 5,000 bushels of wheat for a cargo should say some day, coming upon deck, "Throw overboard all the cargo!" and the sailors should say: "Why, cap tain, what do you mean? Throw over all the cargo?" "Oh," says the cap tain, "we have a peck of chaff that has got into this 5,000 bushels of wheat, and the only way to get rid of the chaff is to throw all the wheat overboard!" Now, that is a great deal wiser than the talk of many Christians who want to throw overboard all the thousands and tens of thousands of souls who are the subjects of revivals. Throw all overboard because they are brought into the kingdom of God through great revivals, because there is a peck of chaff, a quart of chaff, a pint of chaff. I say, let them stay until the last day. The Lord will divide the chaff from the wheat.

Do not be afraid of a great revival. Oh, that such gales from heaven might sweep through all our churches! Oh for such days as Richard Baxter saw in England and Robert McCheyne saw in Dundee! Oh, for such days as Jonathan Edwards saw in Northampton! I have often heard tell of the fact that in the early part of this century there broke out a revival at Somerville, N. J., and some people were very much agitated by it: They said, "You are going to bring too many people into the church at once," and they sent down to New Brunswick to get John Livingston to stop the revival. Well, there was no better soul in all the world than John Livingston. He went and looked at the revival. They wanted him to stop it. He stood in the pulpit on the Lord's' day and looked over the solemn auditory, and he said: "This, brethren, is in reality the work of God. Beware how you stop it." And he was an old man, leaning heavily on his staff-a very old man. And he lifted that staff and began to let it fall slowly through between the finger and the thumb, and he said: "Oh, thou impenitent, thou art falling now-falling from life, falling away from peace and heaven, falling as certainly as that cane is falling through my hand-falling certainly, though perhaps slowly!" And the cane kept falling through John Livingston's hand. The religious emotion in the audience was overpowering, and men saw a type of their doom as the cane kept falling and falling, until the knots of the cane struck Mr. Livingston's hand, and he clasped it stoutly and said, "But the grace of God can stop you as I stopped that cane," and then there was gladness all through the house seem to unite together. But that soul is not troubled. There is no sighing, there are no tears! plenty of tears in the room at the departure, but he weeps no tears-calm, satisfied and peaceful; all is well. By the flash of the storm you see the harbor just ahead, and you are making for that harbor. All shall be well, Jesus being our pilot.

Into the harbor of heaven now we glide; We're home at last, home at last, Softly we drift on the bright, silv'ry

tide; We're home at last. Glory to God, all dangers are o'er: We stand secure on the glorified shore!

Glory to God, we will shout evermore, We're home at last.

RICHIBUCTO NEWS. RICHIBUCTO, June 13 .- The meinbers of Court Favorite, I. O. F., attended St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, at Kingston, on Sunday morning, when the chaplain, Rev. D. Fraser, preached an admirable sermon. J. & T. Jardine's bark Sagona and Valona are finishing their cargoes out. side the bar.

W. F. Humphrey, M. P. P., and John Harris of Monston, went north to the trout fishing grounds last eve-

THE POLITE BURGLAR.

ning.

"Will you please go away, sir?" she asked a fright burglar she found in the dead of the Of the

night
A-burgling away at her plate.
And the burglar politely he bow And "I'm quite at your service, dear madam," he said,
"Which perhaps it is needless to state"-Chicago Record.

SHIP NEWS

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived.

schell, from Sandy Cove; Westfield, 72, Dalton, from Point Wolfe; John T Cullinan, 98.

Zameron, id under Wolfe; John T Cullinan, 98.

Zameron, from Alma, 11, Lewis, from Mayaguez, J W Smith, molasses.

Sch Bartholdi, 285, Amberman, from Mayaguez, J W Smith, molasses.

Sch Carlotta, 210, Rogers, from Hillsboro for Newark.

Coastwise—Schs Dove, 19, Ossinger, from Company Priverton; Brant, 11, Lewis, from from from Fine Coastwise—Schs Dove, 19, Ossinger, from Coastwise—Schs Dove, 19, Ossinger, from Fiverton; Brant, 11, Lewis, from fishing;

lieri, from Nantes, J H Scammell and Co. bai.

Sch Hunter, 187, Kelson, from Orrs Island, D J Purdy, bai.

Coastwise—Schs Eiva J Hayden, 65, Hayden, from fishing; Nina Blanche, 30, Morrell, from Rockport; Bear River, 37, Woodworth, from Port George; barge No 2, 433, Salter, from Parraboro; Annie, 22, Chisholm, from Orand Harbor; Temple Bar, 44, Gesner, from Pirldgetown; Mary and Hilda, 10, Kent, from St Andrews; Annie Harper, 92, Golding, from Quaco; Alice, 54, Benjamin, from Parrsboro; Chaparral, 38, Mills, from Advocate Hartor; Jessie, 17, Spicer, from Harborville; Emerald, 29, Syda, from fishing; Maud, 33, Bezanson, from Port Williams; Hatte, 37, Thompson, from Westport; Greville, 57, Baird, from Port Williams; str Wesport, 43, Powell, from Westport; City of Monticello, 565, Harding, from Yarmouth, and cleared.

June 12—Sch Rewa, McLean, for Boston.
Sch D Gifford, Thorne, for New York.
Sch Maggie Miller, Granville, for Medford.
Sch Eltie, Morrell, for Vineyard Haven fo.
Sch Otis Miller, Miller, for Weymouth.
Sch James Barber, Sprague, for Rockport.
Coastwise—Schs Yarmouth Packet, Parker,
for Yarmouth; Prospect, Yorke, for Parraforo; Temperance Bell, Tutts, for Quaco;
str Percy Cann, Smith, for Campobello.
June 15—Str State of Maine, Colby, for
Boston.

csion. Str Wastwater, Stephen, for Sharpness. Bark Eden Holme, Wizzell, for London. Sch Rowena, Stevens, for Vineyard Haven Sch Frank L P, Williams, from Frederictor Ayr, Odell, from Fredericton for Vine ward Haven f o. Sch W H Waters, Belyea, for Vineyard Ha-

ven f o.

Coastwise—Schs Gazelle; Morris, for Moncton; Little Annie, Poland, for Campobello: May Howard, Legere, for Parreboro; Citizen, Woodworth, for Bear River; Alpharette, Mooney, for Quaco; Speedwell, Atkinson, for Joggins; Wood Bros, Newcomb, for Quaco; I V Dexter, Dexter, for Liverpool; Glide, Black, for Quaco; Regina, McLennan, for Port Greville; Ira Brooks, Banks, for Salmon River; Anrie Blanche, Randall, for Parreboro. Parrsboro.

June 14-Str Samara, Walker, for Liverpool.
Sch Carlotta, Rogers, for New York—loaded at Hillsboro.
Coastwise—Schs Thelma, Milner, for Annapolis; Annie Harper, Golding, for Quaco; Annie Chisholm, for Thorne's Cove; Nina Bianche, Morrell, for Freeport; Rebecca W Huddell, Colwell, for Advocate Harbor; Druid, Sabean, for Alma: Princess Louise, ingalls, for Grand Harbor; L'Edna, Siree, for Quaco; Levuka, Roberts, for Parrsboro.

DOMESTIC PORTS. Arrived.

At Richibucto, June 6, brig Hoffmung, Wates, from Bunosher.
At Chatham, June 11, bark Florida, Barnston, from London, At Campbellton, June 11, str Dora, Goulding, from Philadelphia.
At Hilisbero, June 12, seh John Proctor, Howard, from Salem, Mass.
At Hillsboro, June 13, sch Henry R Titton, Cobb, from Salem, Mass.

Cleared. At Hillsboro, June 11, schs Gypsum Queen, Goodwin, and Gypsum Empress, Smith, for Staten Island. At Richibucto, June 11, sch Raeburn, Mc Lean, for Salem. At Campbellton, June 8, bark Rimfax, for London, Eng: 3th, bark Lieremai, for West Hartlepool.
At Hillsboro, June 13, sch Charlevoix, Pettis, for New Haven, Coun.
At Chatham, June 13, bark Agnes Campbell, Anderson, for Grimsby; bark Statsminster Selmer, Johnsen, for Mumbles f o.

> BRITISH PORTS. Arrived.

At Liverpool, June 12, str Pandosia, Grady, from St John. Grady, from St John.

At Southampton, June 13, str St Paul, from New York.

At Dublin, June 9, str Lady Iveagh, Wizell, from West Bay, NS.

At Gibraltar, May 30, bark Giuseppe, Cucuralo, from Auguste, Sicily, for St John.

At Cork, June 13, sch Wentworth, Fitzpatrick from St John.

Sailed. From Liverpool, June 9, ship Charles, Cosman, for Mobile.
From Cardiff, June 12, bark Biskop Brun, Nielsen, for Tormentine.
From Barbados, May 19, bark White
Wings, Kemp, from Antigua for New Lon-

> FOREIGN PORTS. Arrived.

At New York, June 12, str Friederich der Grosse, from Bremen and Southampton. At New York, June 12, str Sardinian. from Glasgow; 10th, str Capac, Sproul, from Inguigue Iquique,
At Salem, June 9, sch Roger Drury, from
Perth Amboy; 10th, sch Prudent, from Alma
for Bangor f o.

Cleared.

At Washington, June 9, sch Sebago, Hun-ter, for Richmond.

At Pensacola, June 9, sch Centennial, Mc-Laughlin, for Kingston. Laughlin, for Kingston.

At Havre, June 12, str Mont Blanc, from Montreal via Sydney. CB.

At New York, June 11, bark Angara, Rodenheiser, from Buenos Ayres.

At Perth Amboy, June 11, sch Beaver, Huntley, from New York.

At Jacksonville, June 11, sch Syanara. Verner, from Bermuda:
At San Francisco, June 9, ship Balaclutha, from Newcastle, NSW.
At Norfolk, June 12, sch Henry Sutton, Rogers, from Hillsboro.

Cleared. At Mobile, June 11, sch Florence R Hewson, Patterson, for St John.
At Portland, April 11, sch Hunter, Kelson, for Partridge Island.
At New York, June 12, schs Prohibition, Richards, for Halifax; Wellman Hall, Crane, for Parrsboro.
At Darien, June 12, bark Bellona, Thomson, for Greenock. son, for Greenock.

At Philadelphia, June 12, bark Dunstaffnage, Forbes, for Hiogo

Sailed.

From New York, June 10, bark Falmouth, for Port Greville; sch H B Homan, for Dor-chester. chester.
From Salem, June 3, sch Hazel Dell, for New York.
From City Island, June 11, schs Nellie I Y hite, for St Andrews; C R Flint, Maxwell, for Biddeford; Wm L Elkin, for Boston.
From Port Townsend, June 10, ship Lancirg, Chapman, for Port Pirie.
From Amsterdam, June 9, ship Thomas Hilyard, Robinson, for Ship Island.

MEMORANDA.

In port at Melbourne, May 9, ship Canada, Taylor, from Norfolk for Manila.

In port at Sydney, NSW, May 9, ship Owenee, Burchell, for San Francisco.

Anchored off Reedy Island, Del, June 11,
for orders, sch Manuel R Cuza, Spragg, from
St John.

Passed out at Delaware Breakwater, June



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THE ENGINEERING MUNING JOURNAL

RICHARD P. BOTHWELL, E. M. E., Editor. ROSSITER W. RAYMOND, Ph. D., M. E., Special Contributor: Subscription Prices, \$5 a Year, \$2.50 for 6 Months; Foreign Countries in the Postal Union, \$7 a Year.

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11, bark Enterprise, from Philadelphia for Hillsboro.
In port at Buenos Ayres, June 8, bark Lancefield, Grant, to sail 9th for Rosario, to load for United States.
In port at Bermuda, June 6, bark Kathleen, dis; sch Sainte Marie, do.
In port at Bermuda, June 6, bark Kathleen, dis; sch Sainte Marie, do.
In port at Barbados, May 25, sch B C Borden, Taylor, for Montreal.
Passed Sydney Light, June 14, schs Tyree, Ross, from Sydney for St Johns; Chas A Campbell, Hall, from Sydney for Portland.
Passed Port Mulgrave, June 9, brig Aldine, Heany, from Yarmouth for Paspeblac.

SPOKEN

Bark Island, Johnsen, from Birkenhead for Dalhousie, June 6, lat 44.56, lon 41.34. NOTICE TO MARINERS.

WASHINGTON, D.C., June 12—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on or about June 30, 1900, a second class siren, actuated by compressed air, will be established at the station just inside the easterly end of the westerly or outer breakwater, at the entrance to New York harbor, northerly side of Long Island Sound, to sound during thick and foggy weather, blasts of three seconds duration, separated by silent intervals of 17 seconds.

BIRTHS.

MALLOCH—At Campobello, Charlotte Co., N. B., June 8th, to the wife of Daniel Mal-loch, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ADAMS-WARREN—At the Methodist parsonage, Carleton, St. John, June 11th, by the Rev. W. Penna, James Adams of this city to Jessie Warren of St. Stephen, N. B. BARTON-LAMB—At St. James's church, St. John, N. B., on June 12th, by Rev. A. D. Dewdney, J. Herbert Barton to Violet W. M. Lamb, both of this city.

FISHER-URQUHART—At the residence of the bride's brother on June 13, by the Rev. FISHER-URQUHART—At the residence of the bride's brother, on June 13, by the Rev. Dr. Gates, Fred C. Fisher to May Louise Urquhart, both of this city.

HOBEN-NASE—In Fairwille, on June 6th, at the Church of the Good Shepherd, by the Rev. W. LeB. McKiel, brother of the bride, Charles F. Hoben of the railway mall service to E. Agnes Nase of Westfield, Kings Co. Kings Co.

ASQUIE-WILLIAMS—At the home of the bride's father, Holderville, Kings Co., N. B., on June 6th, by Rev. L. J. Leard, Ida Belle, eldest daughter of Hiram E. Lasquie, and Edward A. Williams of St. John

Lasquie, and Edward A. Williams of St. John.

MIDDLETON-SMALL—At the Baptist parsonage, Digby, N. S., on June 12th, by Rev. Byron H. Thomas, Walter Middleton to Miss Georgina Small, both of Culleden. Digby Co., N. S.

OLIVE-SHAW—In this city, June 13th, by the Rev. Geo. Steel, Rupert E. Olive to Margaret S. Shaw.

FOLLOCK-AUSTIN—At the Methodist parsonage. Carleton, on June 12th, by the sonage, Carleton, on June 12th, by the Rev. W. Penna, John A. Pollock and Ada H. Austin, both of this city. SANSOM-BELL-At Zionville, York Co., on June 11, by Rev. A. F. Robb, David San-som of Boiestown to Jennie Bell of Zion-ville. TERLING-BAUER—In this city, on June 14th, by the Rev. D. J. Fraser, D. D., James Sterling, Jr., to Louisa Annie Bauer

DEATHS.

EAGELLS—At the General Public Hospital, on June 12th, Arthur Eagells of Milford, aged 21 years.

FIELDERS—At Edmundton, N. W. T., on June 4th, John Fielders, formerly of St. John. N. B.

FOWLER—In North Cambridge, on June 10th, David H. Fowler, in the 78th year of his age. 10th, David H. Fowler, in the 78th year of his age.

McMANUS—At the Mater Misercordiae Hospital and Home, on Jane 14th, 1900, Elizabeth, widow of the late Patrick McManus, aged sixty-three years, leaving two sons and one daughter to mourn their sad loss. (Boston and Brockton papers please copy.) MOOHAN—At his late residence, 616 Main street, on June 12th, John Moohan, in the 66th year of his age, leaving a wife, three daughters and one son to mourn the loss of a loving husband and kind father. (Boston and Portland, Me., papers please copy.)

SUSSEX NEWS.

copy.)

SUSSEX, June 13.-The sad news of the death of Captain Harrison in South Africa was heard here with general regret. Captain Harrison had for a number of years attended with his regiment, the 8th Hussars, at the annual drill, and had won the esteem of both soldier and civilian by his uniformly courteous and genial man-

H. A. White left this morning for Halifax on business matters pertaining to Sussex Presbyterian church. John Denny, an old and respectable farmer, who had resided in Dutch Valley for more than half a century, died a few days ego, in the 161st year of his age. He was an Irishman.

MADE A GOOD FIGHT.

(Continued from First Fage.) officials are now paying cut plain gold discs unstamped. Some who have declined to accept notes have taken their salaries in gold bars. "The Boer government is still paying

out much gold in that way." Two steamers arrived at Lourenso Marquez yesterday, bringing several thousand tens of surplies consigned to Portuguese merchants, but destined for the Boers. One hundred Americans, Frenchmen, Germans and Hollanders have arrived there by various steamers en route for the Transvaal. Mr. Crowe, the British consul general, has large stocks of clothing for the British prisoners, but he will not forward these until he gets assurances that the Boers will not take them for their own

Gen. Buller will be unable to advance further until he gets supplies. He will probably wait until the tunnel has been cleared. Nearly every farm house his troops passed flew a white flag. The British took nothing without paying for it, and a brisk business was done in milk, eggs, bread and chickens by thrifty housewives, who were pleased to get so much English money. One woman whose husband and two sons have been fighting said: "You British are unlike our people. They took my horses in exchange for sheep and mealies and made me make

butter, which they never paid for. I am sending to have my men come home at once." Usually the first question a Boer woman puts is: "Will my husband be shot if he is captured?" One young man was pulled from under the bed

and he went on his knees begging the British patrol not to shoot him: Gen. Rundle had a sharp skirmish at Ficksburg on June 12. The Boers had been aggressive along the whole Ficksburg-Senekal line and menaced Ficksburg in force. The British outposts retired to the village. Gen. Rundle held the attention of the Boers in front with two guns, while Yeomanry were sent round to their rear and drove them off, with a loss to the British of three wounded. Two patrols were also wounded.

President Steyn is at Uitkop. His presence there is supposed to account for the Boer activity.

TALK OF PEACE.

LONDON, June 15.-The Lourenzo Marquez correspondent of the Times. telegraphing yesterday, says: "Among the Boer agents here there s talk of negotiations being re-opened with a view of securing peace."

MRS. GLADSTONE DEAD.

Passed Away Yesterday at Hawarden Castle, the Family Seat.

LONDON, June 14.-Mrs. Gladstone. vidow of William E. Gladstone, the English statesman, died at 5.40 pc m. Mrs. William Ewart Gladstone was eighty-eight years old and had been slowly sinking for some time past at Hawarden Castle, the family seat. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Richard Glynne, Bart., of Hawarden Castle, and was married to Mr. Gladstone in 1839. He died in May, 1838.

Mrs. Gladstone was a charitable Christian woman, always among the foremost in kindly words and active benevolence. Exemplary as a wife, mother and lady in an exalted station of life, approachable by all and friendly to the poor and lowliest, she was indeed an admirable woman. To the art of dressing she gave little atten-tion. Her husband was the god of her idolatory, and she even sacrificed appearances to be helpful to his health and comfort. Mr. Gladstone's astonishing capacity for work at a good old age was largely due to the vigilant care his wife took of his health. The straightest way into Mrs. Gladstone's affections was to admire and love her husband.

Latest news in SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

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LOND declared the Takt internatio what to tory, the being the from Che The un way of S internal mair. fac ticipated other as fermed p two thou An Ass Chee Foo Lays: "The fo are now OPENE The ca were as Killedsian, 16; Wound Russian, The seized." The S Daily says:

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