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MONTREAL

Homœopathic Record

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF HOMŒOPATHY AND OF THE MONTREAL
HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL.

VOL. VII. No. 7.

MONTREAL, JULY, 1902.

25 cts. A YEAR.

Montreal Homœopathic Record

— PUBLISHED MONTHLY —

By the Montreal Homœopathic Hospital.

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Manuscripts, news items, etc., should be addressed to A. D. PATTON, M.D., Editor Record, 58 Crescent Street.

SUPPORT OF HOSPITALS.

In a community like ours, begging for charitable and other purposes seems to have no end. One reason for this seeming condition is the comparative smallness of the English speaking population, making it appear as though the demand on their purses was continuous. The lack of system in the matter of collections is also a great factor in the seeming continuity.

As a matter of fact, Montreal does not give as well in proportion to its wealth as most of the small places of the country, which are not even dignified by the name of city. Very many of our grand gifts to charity, etc., are the work of individuals who are blessed with generosity in addition to an abundance of this world's goods. Such a state of affairs is a deplorable one, and we should rouse ourselves to remedy the evil. In regard to hospitals, people, fortunately for themselves, are beginning to see their

usefulness and are ready and eager to avail themselves of their advantages in time of need, in the great majority of cases claiming the privilege on the grounds of their having subscribed (usually a sum in cents) towards the hospital's support. The deduction from this is, that the growing apathy evinced in time of health, and the failure to support such institutions according to our ability, leads ultimately to a loss of independence, and a condition of general moral debility.

The remedies for this disease are systematic collection and systematic giving, be it great or little, consistent with our capacity. Systematic collection is hard to accomplish where small sums are concerned, as the cost is too great; it therefore behoves the giver to be his own collector, and see that the hospital gets the money without cost or labor. Systematic giving is a matter resting entirely with ourselves, and if religiously followed out would obviate the necessity for special and irregular appeals for aid, as well as promote greater efficiency in the work of hospitals, as it would give them an assured income.

In the small subscription lies the strength of any institution. 2,000 subscriptions of 10 cents each are much better than two of \$100 each. The

former gives 2,000 friends, supporters and helpers, the latter but two. But there is no reason in a person with an income of \$150,000 giving an annual subscription of \$10, because there are not enough of us blessed with such income to make the aggregate sum equal to the total of the small subscriptions.

In connection with the above, the management of our hospital have decided to adopt an attempt at systematic collection, and have in preparation books which will be mailed to subscribers, for the entry of their names, amount of yearly subscription they wish to give, and date when most convenient for them to pay the same. This scheme will take some time to inaugurate, and could be greatly facilitated by our friends sending the above information or money to the hospital treasurer. We are aiming at a regularity in the subscriptions (the amount you arrange for yourself); so that we may have a fixed income which we can depend upon with reasonable certainty.

In order to start the next hospital year with this scheme in good working order, and that we may derive the full benefit of our subscription list in increasing the hospital's work and efficiency, it is necessary that the floating debt should be removed. For this purpose special subscriptions are solicited, payable but once, and rendering any such further appeals unnecessary. We are now in the most favorable position homoeopathy has occupied since its advent into Montreal, and we believe the time is ripe for the vigorous propagation of the gospel of *Similia Similibus Curantur*. Help us NOW, with your might and mite.

Dr. Mosse says that potatoes in place of bread is good for diet of sufferer from diabetes mellitus.

VITAL ECONOMICS : PASSIVE MURDER.

By PERRIE HOYLE, M.D., San Francisco.

Dedicated specially to all mothers and fathers ; secondarily, to rulers of nations, heads of armies, and healers of men !

Anno domini 1851.—London Lancet, January, 1851. Dr. Thomas Ballard, writing to the editor of the Lancet, rubbed it deeply (?) into the Homoeopaths of that time as follows: "In case of death occurring in this institution (the London Homoeopathic Hospital), would it not be proper that the Coroner should enquire whether all due means have been employed to prolong life, and if found to be otherwise, would not some one be guilty of manslaughter at the least, or PASSIVE MURDER?" We Homoeopaths grant that, in their willful ignorance, these Allopaths had a right to ask the question if they truly feared that the homoeopathic death rate was greater than their own death rate. Follow us to the end of this article and you, with perfect right, will ask, with us, our counter question.

Our greatest laurels have been, and are, won, when homoeopathic statistics were, and are, pitted against those of the allopaths. Our successes have been ascribed to better nursing (what an admission!), and to falsity of reports; as if all our statistics are not open to searching inquiry!

When you are about to insure your life, or property, prudence suggests your going to the company offering the best security. When about to invest in bonds, or interest-bearing securities, you cast about to see what offers the greatest safety. Then, when sickness overtakes those nearest and dearest, and life itself is in the balance, have you ever read or enquired which school of medicine offers the best percentage of recovery, and the lesser mortality? Have you? It was

claimed by the homœopaths a few years ago that all the judges of the Superior Court in the State of New York were homœopaths, showing that these men of calm and deliberate judgment were as a unit on the safety of the homœopathy, which is weighty testimony. Will you not read and deliberate? Whilst to neither school, nor to any man, is it given to have absolute power over life and death, we must be guided by percentages, and there are numerous public records which go to prove what you may naturally expect in private practice—that is, greater percentage of recovery under homœopathy. The lives of those dearest to you are in the same balance of percentages, therefore give a fair hearing!

Subject: What are the relative chances of recovery of your sick ones under allopathy and homœopathy? Which company will you insure in?

After comparing a long list of statistics covering the period between 1833-1870 in all classes of diseases, he sums up as follows:

“Some may say that these foregoing statistics are too ancient history. We say that modern statistics are equally as good, and to prove it we will bring forward a few from public institutions, collected by Dr. W. J. Blackburn and read by him, October 31, 1901, before the Miami Valley Homœopathic Medical Society, Dayton, Ohio (see January, 1902, Medical Century). Here again Homœopathy, judged by its results, comes out with flying colors and must impress any mother when she calculates and puts her own babies in the balance. These figures, like the former, are all public records. In the Illinois State Penitentiary, with an average number of 13,790 prisoners, during ten years under allopathy, the average mortality was twelve and six-tenths (12.6) per cent. per

annum. During the ten succeeding years, under homœopathy, the average number of prisoners was 14,595; the death rate was only eight and seven-tenths (8.7) per cent. per annum, practically $\frac{1}{3}$ less deaths. Michigan State prison, for three years under allopathic treatment, the mortality rate was eight and nine-tenths (8.9) per cent. For the same period of time under homœopathy the mortality was only three and six-tenths (3.6) per cent. In the Middleton, N.Y., State Homœopathic Asylum for eight years there were 4,712 patients, with mortality of 4.06 per cent. and with 50 per cent. of cures. In the State Allopathic Asylum in New York there were, in the same years, 18,878, with 6.08 per cent. of deaths and 29 per cent. of cures, against 50 per cent. cures of the homœopathic patients. This was a tremendous saving to the taxpayers, as these patients kept piling up year after year. In Cook County Hospital, Chicago, for five years the death rate in allopathic wards was 11.88 per cent. In the same hospital there are homœopathic wards, where the death rate for the same period was 9 per cent., nearly $\frac{1}{3}$ less. In 1894 in Massachusetts General Hospital (allopathic) there were treated 605 patients, with a mortality of 9.83 per cent. In the same year Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital treated 1,101 patients, with mortality of 4.19 per cent., or much less than half of the allopathic hospital death rate, with nearly twice as many patients treated. In 1897 Massachusetts General Hospital (allopathic) treated 4,312 patients; mortality 8.37 per cent. In the same year, 1897, Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital had a death rate of only 3.44 per cent., less than half the death rate—again in favor of homœopathy. These instances can be multiplied indefinitely, always bringing credit to homœopathy. How many thousands of lives does

homœopathy save annually—and how many thousands of lives are annually lost because allopathy stands aloof from homœopathy? Mothers! what have you to say now that you have read? Will you strive to learn more of homœopathy? When your children or family are sick, think of these percentages, but don't delay matters too long—homœopathy cannot save the dying. Begin your treatment early."—Condensed from Homœop. Envoy.

VETERINARY HOMŒOPATHY.

I don't like to brag, but I can't help stating my experience with homœopathic medicine. Some time ago one of my neighbor's horses became sick. He called a horse doctor, who treated the horse three days for colic, and the horse was about dying when the man came to me and begged me to come and see his horse. I went with him and found the horse about dying. I gave it Aconite, five doses, every ten minutes a dose, and after the fifth dose I gave it Arsenicum in alternation with Aconite every fifteen minutes for an hour, and after in alternation every two hours. About three hours after the first dose the horse became easy and soon after wanted to eat. At midnight the horse was eating. Then I left some Nux vomica and ordered it to be given in alternation every two hours. Treated this horse for inflammation of the bowels and the next day the horse was all well.

Three weeks after the same party had a horse taken the same way; they called their horse doctor, but the next day sent for me. When I came there some of the family were crying. It was a good horse, about dying, and they said I was called too late. I treated this horse the same and in five hours it was well and eating.

Before I used homœopathic medicine I lost horses, mules and cows. Since I use homœopathic medicine I have not lost one. Many a case I could relate, but above will do to burden you to read.—A. Schroeder in Homœo. Envoy.

HINTS.

Ferrum phos, is a remedy for earache, and, it is said, especially so if the attack is brought on by wet weather.

For the "nervous cough" try Hyoscyamus.

Don't use glycerine in any form for constipation, it makes matters worse. Gluten suppositories are better—if suppositories are to be used.

Thuja is a remedy for large, single warts on any part of the body.

The remedy for prolapsus of the rectum in young children, according to Dr. Spaulding, is Aloe 3x.

Dr. J. M. Selfridge, of San Francisco, cured a case of pyelitis (inflammation of kidney) where Old School men said the only remedy was extirpation, and also a case of asthma of long standing, with Hepar sulph. In the first case, although warmly wrapped in blankets, the man complained of a sensation of wind blowing on his legs, and in the second case, a lady, she one day complained that, although warmly wrapped, she felt a sensation of wind blowing between her shoulders. This was the guiding symptom in each case.

A woman (monatslatter) suffered from diarrhœa for five months, thin evacuations, severe pain, frequent fruitless urging. Diarrhœa awakened her every morning at 4 o'clock. Nux vomica 3, three times a day, completely cured her.

Yellow, offensive discharges from the ear is often cured by Pulsatilla.

Excessive appetite, desire for large quantities of water, sour and bitter eructations, colicky, griping pains calls for Bryonia.

Iris versicolor, not lower than the 30th potency, is a good remedy for constipation, according to Dr. Claude.



2417 St. Catherine St., MONTREAL

When teeth turn black, or become discolored, and decay early, the remedy is Kreosotum.

The Eclectic Review strongly recommends the free use of pure, cold water in cases of cholera infantum. Give a spoonful frequently, but it must be pure and cold.

A persistent sensation of a hair on the tongue may be a call for Silica in any disease.

Dr. T. F. Laird, of San Francisco, says that Hepar sulph. will cure more cases of hay fever than any other drug. Also where there is itching without visible eruption Hepar sulph. is the remedy.

A flushed face, bright eyes with fever indicates Belladonna.

When patient is chilly and hot in turn, dull and apathetic, Gelsemium is probably needed.

Dr. J. K. Eberle, of Pana, Ill., says that Castanea vesca 3x will cure nearly every case of whooping cough in ten days.—Homoeop. Envoy.

Dr. C. F. Howe, of Atchison, Kan., health officer, says that if any one exposed to small-pox—nurses, doctors, etc.—will take a tablespoonful of pure cider vinegar in half a cup of water, four times daily, there will be no danger of infection. Also the same applied locally will allay all itching and prevent pitting.

MULLEIN OIL.

“In all cases of ear-ache and deafness of children two or three drops in the clean ear, twice a day, has given invariable satisfaction. Grown people thus treated are always benefited, even in catarrhal deafness. Hence I conclude that Prof. Foltz has never used the genuine san-distilled essence, as he reports negative results from the samples he has used. It has cured all the cases of enuresis in which I have prescribed it, some of which had resisted all the ordinary remedies.”—Dr. O. S. Laws.

PHILLIPS TRAINING SCHOOL, NOTES.

Nurses Routhier and Stroud are away on their holidays.

Nurse Warriner has again reported for duty, after a two weeks' detention at home through illness in the family.

Nurses Haines and De La Ronde have returned from their vacations, evidently having been benefited, judging from color.

The average percentages of the senior class in this year's final examination were: Gynecology, 100%; diseases of children and obstetrics, 92.5%; surgery, 86%; materia medica, 94%; practice of medicine, 96%; making the total average in all subjects 93.7%.

Invitations were received last month to the graduating exercises of the Toledo Hospital Training School. The graduating class numbered twelve. Miss Kent, our former lady supt., is now in charge of this hospital and training school.

Miss Lawrence, a former pupil of our school, graduated recently with high honors at the Metropolitan Hospital Training School in New York. She will return to Montreal in the fall and take up work here.

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND CASH DONATIONS IN JUNE.

The hospital treasurer acknowledges with thanks the following:

Collected by Miss A. Buchanan.

Mr. G. H. Olney	-	-	\$10 00
Mr. T. Green	-	-	2 00
Mr. D. Robertson	-	-	1 00
Mr. A. Green	-	-	1 00
Mr. Jenks	-	-	1 00
Mrs. A. Dickson	-	-	1 00
Mrs. McWood	-	-	50
Mr. Barton	-	-	25
Miss A. Buchanan	-	-	1 25

\$18 00

“RADNOR”

Dr. J. R. Kippax, Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College, writes: “Radnor Water is an agreeable and exceedingly pure table water, and surpasses the leading German Waters in therapeutic value.”

HOSPITAL NOTES.

IMPROVEMENTS are being made in the out-door department in preparation for the fall clinics.

WE ARE VERY much in need of a higher power microscope in the laboratory, for purposes of bacteriological and blood examination work, especially as the typhoid season draws near. Have you got one you are not using just now?

THE FLOWER mission ladies are in evidence every week, and their beautiful tributes to the sick are very much appreciated.

WORD HAS been received from Dr. Pollock, our late house physician, who is now located in Fort Worth, Tex. The doctor has charge of his father's practice, and is so busy that he has little time for sleeping or eating.

WHAT ABOUT the strawberry preserves you were going to send to the hospital? Time's nearly up.

OF COURSE, you know that with the approach of warm weather, laundry work increases; consequently, greater supplies of soap and starch are required. Next time you visit your grocer kindly remember the hospital.

OUR NEW house doctor arrived safely on the morning of June 23rd, had his breakfast, and was introduced to the patients, went out for a walk, and next morning a telegram was received from him asking to have his mail forwarded to New York. This is the shortest internship on record, as well as the quickest time for long distance walking. We are sorry to learn that the doctor's health has been poor during the past winter, and regret that the disease has at last reached his backbone.

THE WOMAN'S AUXILIARY received a very prompt and handsome answer to a request sent to the Dominion Oil Cloth Co. for some small pieces of oil cloth for ward kitchens, in the shape of quite a large roll of this necessary article, accompanied by a very nice letter wishing the Auxiliary every success in their work, and intimating that such requests once in a while would meet with favorable consideration. Such incidents as this help us wonderfully, and such letters are gratefully appreciated.

DR. GRIFFITH reports having had a very enjoyable and profitable time at the meeting of the American Institute of Homœopathy, held in Cleveland last month.

DR. FISHER, who also went to the Cleveland meeting, journeyed further west, to Chicago, ere returning home.

THE YOUNG LADIES of Mrs. Smith and Watson's table at last annual bazaar held a meeting recently to arrange work during the summer for their table at next bazaar. The two ladies are thus early making preparation for the success of their important table.

MRS. A. R. GRAFTON has kindly consented to take charge of a grocery sample table at the next bazaar, and we hope housekeepers will bear this in mind as it will enable them to buy winter provisions at a minimum cost. This table will be a feature of the next bazaar well worth visiting.

THE QUARTERLY meeting of the Governors called for June 25th had to be adjourned to Sept. 25th for lack of quorum. The Medical Superintendent's report prepared for this meeting showed an increase of over 50 in the number of patients in the hospital as compared with a like period last year.

THROUGH THE death of Mr. Jos. Langhoff, the hospital loses a governor whose interest in the institution was ever timely and substantial. The family have our sincere sympathy in their sad bereavement.

THE COMMITTEE of Management's monthly meeting was held June 23rd. Reports showed a fairly satisfactory condition of affairs for this time of year. The lack of support through collections was in a measure attributed to the absence of many people on their summer vacations, and it was decided to more vigorously push the matter of subscriptions in the fall. Next meeting will be held on July 28th.

THE WILL of the late Mrs. Wm. Arnott, who died on June 27th, leaves to our hospital the sum of \$1,000, free of the Government duty, and without any conditions attached. Mrs. Arnott was a patient in the hospital during most of last summer.

DR. BRADLEY has been enjoying a vacation at his home in Ottawa. He has opened an office at Verdun.

THROUGH THE efforts of Miss Marie Robertson, the out-door department has been presented with the sum of \$50.15, as the result of a drawing for an oil painting. The picture was given to Miss Robertson by the artist, A. T. Barrard, of Boston, to be used for the benefit of the hospital. The subject is a pleasing landscape. The lucky number was 59, drawn by Mrs. W. T. Rodden, of Westmount. The fund realized will be expended on much-needed accessories to the laboratory and out-door department.

OWING TO defection of the expected house physician from Philadelphia, we have had to look elsewhere, and were fortunate enough to secure the services of an honor graduate of Queen's University, Kingston. The new house doctor is Dr. Connell, a brother to Prof. Connell, pathologist at Queen's, and will enter upon his duties at once.

THE DISPENSARY is open every week day from 11.30 a. m. to 1 p.m. for the free advice and treatment of the deserving poor, a fee of 10 cents for medicine being charged those who can pay. If you know of any poor people in need of medical services tell them about our outdoor department.

FINANCIAL REPORT OF WOMAN'S AUXILIARY FOR JUNE.

RECEIPTS.

Miss Moodie (rent No. 46)	-	\$50 00
Dolls table	-	1 10
Mrs. J. S. McLachlan (donation)		5 00
Mrs. Budge (annual subs.)	-	2 00
Auxiliary fees,		
Mrs. G. A. Holland	-	\$2 00
Mrs. A. D. Patton	-	2 00
		<u>4 00</u>
		\$62 10

DISBURSEMENTS.

W. L. Maltby (rent No. 46)	-	\$80 00
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HOSPITAL REPORT FOR JUNE.

Number of patients in hospital June 1, 6

Admitted.

Private patients	-	-	-	-	14
Semi-private patients	-	-	-	-	1
Public	"	-	-	-	0
Semi-public	"	-	-	-	3
Maternity	-	-	-	-	2
					<u>20</u>

Discharged.

Private patients	-	-	-	-	11
Semi-private	"	-	-	-	1
Public	"	-	-	-	0
Semi-public	"	-	-	-	3
Maternity	"	-	-	-	1
					<u>16</u>

Died	-	-	-	-	0
Operations	-	-	-	-	7
Number of days private nursing,					
outside	-	-	-	-	22
Number of days private nursing in					
hospital	-	-	-	-	10
Remaining in hospital July 1st	-	-	-	-	10

DONATIONS IN JUNE.

The Lady Superintendent acknowledges with thanks the following:

- Mrs. Thomas—Old linen.
- Mrs. McKenzie—Fresh eggs.
- Mrs. J. T. Hagar—Magazines.
- Mrs. Baillie—Magazines.

Womans' Auxiliary—Rat trap, 2 rugs for pr. wards, 6 cups and saucers and plates, 8 sauce dishes, 2 clothes baskets, 1 doz. small pudding tins, 1 large pudding mould, 16 lbs. tea.

Lake of the Woods Milling Co.—1 bbl. flour.

A Friend—1 pkg. self-raising flour.

The Misses Dow—5 lbs. sugar and rhubarb.

Ogilvie Milling Co.—1 bbl. rolled oats.

Grafton & Sons—Plaster bandages and ether.

A Friend—Pearline and blue.

Mrs. W. H. Nolan—1½ doz. boxes strawberries.

Dominion Oil Cloth Co.—1 roll floor oil cloth.

THE EFFECT OF LAUGHTER.

Laughter, says a writer, is a most perfect medicine. It takes a man out of himself and so gives nature a chance. The brain is so frequently our prime mover in sickness that anything that temporarily disarranges it, as it were, is good for us. Forgetfulness is a great administrative and recuperative genius. He who forgets wins half the battle, whether it be the forgetting of an injury or the dismissal of a trouble. Time, the sovereign healer of all our wounds of heart or soul, is but an ally of our brain, and in this combination we have, perhaps, the greatest solution of the secret of life. But, in laughter, almost inexplicable as it is, there exists a great healer. It is the forerunner, one might almost call it, of forgetfulness. It is the distracter. It shakes up the creature, it fosters hope, without which our being is almost a blank. Laughter is the truest of medicines. Get it when you can. Do not be afraid to laugh. It blesses you and those who hear. It is akin to mercy. The light side of nature is a happy one; make haste to laugh.—Indian Lancet.

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