

DEMAND FOR FAIR PLAY.

How Long Shall This Province Be Denied Rights at Ottawa?

All Liberals Stand by Sifton-Retaliation for Yankee Bluff.

Mr. Morrison Excuses Government Because Mounted Police Are Faithful.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, April 18.—Senator Macdonald made out a strong case in the upper house today for greater consideration to British Columbia in the way of public works and representation in the cabinet.

The Senator had collected a valuable amount of information from the official statistics of the Trade and Navigation returns, justifying the inquiry which he made as to whether the government in- tends making an expenditure this year on necessary public works commensurate to the needs of the province and to the large revenue produced. He also formally asked whether it is the intention to give British Columbia such representation in the cabinet as it is justly entitled to from its geographical position and its expanding commercial impor- tance. The figures he was enabled to quote show an enormous recent develop- ment, and a position in trade and com- merce superior to that of any other pro- vince outside of Ontario and Quebec. The tonnage of the shipping, inwards and outwards, in British and foreign ports, he showed to be as follows at the four principal seaports:

Table with 2 columns: Port Name and Tonnage. Includes Victoria, Vancouver, Nanaimo, and Comox.

Let Chinamen Beware.

Three Years' Hard Labor on Suspicion of Intent to Burglarize.

James Bays' Rowing Laurels Coveted—Rates to Skagway Advanced.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 19.—Gow Gar Geck, the so-called angler thief, supposed to have committed numerous robberies in Vancouver by means of boring holes in door panels and unbolting the doors, was tried today at the assizes.

On a Level Crossing.

As F. Bullford, of Vancouver, was driving with another man across the tram track at the lower end of Twelfth street, he discovered that a flat car was coming quickly towards them and almost upon them. The horse was driven up, the men leaping far over the dash-board, the buggy was struck and smashed to pieces, but the men escaped. Whether or not the bell was rung, the crossing has not been ascertained.

The Rowing Ideal.

The combination of the two rowing clubs of Vancouver has stimulated the sport of rowing to a marked degree.

Man Honored.

Kang Yu-Wei, the Chinese reformer, visited New Westminster yesterday.

Higher Fares to Skagway.

A meeting of Pacific coast steambot men, known as the Alaska Steamboat Association, met this morning at the Union Steamship Co.'s offices to talk over business of common concern.

Mr. Morrison's Novel Plea.

In the debate on the address to-day Mr. Morrison, the Liberal member for Westminster, who visited the Klondike last fall, said he made the trip at his own expense from a feeling of duty. He had nothing sufficiently serious to war- rant the expense which has been made. He endeavored to substantiate the com- plaints but had not been able to do so.

Travelling Filippians.

The Cortez brothers, the Filippians who claim that Spaniards robbed them of \$1,000,000 in property since taken into the hands of the United States, and who have been in Washington negotiat- ing for the return of their property, ar- rived at Vancouver. In an inter- view they stated that they had advised McKimley to relinquish the property and the war would immediately end, owing to the influence the rich had over the minds of the people. An in- dependent form of government would not do for the Filippians, but the brothers thought that the Filippians could be trusted with local government.

BAITING THE BRITISH.

Thousands of Chinese With Artillery Attack Their Camp in China.

New York, April 18.—A despatch to the Herald from Hongkong says: "Thousands of Chinese advanced toward the British camp at T'ai-po Hu on Monday and fired several rounds of artillery in effective range. Major-General Gascoigne, whose force is less than 300, ordered the Asiatic artillery to engage the enemy, who occupied the surrounding hills. Shrapnel drove the Chinese out and the Indian infantry advanced. The Chinese retiring several miles and burning villages.

They Were Attempting Rescue of Spaniards Held in Captivity.

Insurgents Refuse to Parley and Fate of Americans Unknown.

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 18.—The navy de- partment has given out a despatch from Admiral Dewey, dated Manila, April 18, as follows:

The government is greatly alarmed over the suggestion prohibition of the im- portation of Canadian lumber into the States. Positive information has been received from Washington that the treasury department is seriously consid- ering the step and the result is great- ly dreaded in government circles. Ac- cordingly it has been decided to work a big bluff and the announcement will be made to-morrow that if the United States government takes the contemplated action the Dominion government will immediately issue a proclamation impos- ing an export duty upon nickel and other

Let Chinamen Beware.

Three Years' Hard Labor on Suspicion of Intent to Burglarize.

James Bays' Rowing Laurels Coveted—Rates to Skagway Advanced.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 19.—Gow Gar Geck, the so-called angler thief, supposed to have committed numerous robberies in Vancouver by means of boring holes in door panels and unbolting the doors, was tried today at the assizes.

On a Level Crossing.

As F. Bullford, of Vancouver, was driving with another man across the tram track at the lower end of Twelfth street, he discovered that a flat car was coming quickly towards them and almost upon them. The horse was driven up, the men leaping far over the dash-board, the buggy was struck and smashed to pieces, but the men escaped. Whether or not the bell was rung, the crossing has not been ascertained.

The Rowing Ideal.

The combination of the two rowing clubs of Vancouver has stimulated the sport of rowing to a marked degree.

Man Honored.

Kang Yu-Wei, the Chinese reformer, visited New Westminster yesterday.

Higher Fares to Skagway.

A meeting of Pacific coast steambot men, known as the Alaska Steamboat Association, met this morning at the Union Steamship Co.'s offices to talk over business of common concern.

Mr. Morrison's Novel Plea.

In the debate on the address to-day Mr. Morrison, the Liberal member for Westminster, who visited the Klondike last fall, said he made the trip at his own expense from a feeling of duty. He had nothing sufficiently serious to war- rant the expense which has been made. He endeavored to substantiate the com- plaints but had not been able to do so.

Travelling Filippians.

The Cortez brothers, the Filippians who claim that Spaniards robbed them of \$1,000,000 in property since taken into the hands of the United States, and who have been in Washington negotiat- ing for the return of their property, ar- rived at Vancouver. In an inter- view they stated that they had advised McKimley to relinquish the property and the war would immediately end, owing to the influence the rich had over the minds of the people. An in- dependent form of government would not do for the Filippians, but the brothers thought that the Filippians could be trusted with local government.

THE VICTORIA SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1899.

Taken by Insurgents.

Landing Party from the York- town Surprised and Made Prisoners.

They Were Attempting Rescue of Spaniards Held in Captivity.

Insurgents Refuse to Parley and Fate of Americans Unknown.

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 18.—The navy de- partment has given out a despatch from Admiral Dewey, dated Manila, April 18, as follows:

The government is greatly alarmed over the suggestion prohibition of the im- portation of Canadian lumber into the States. Positive information has been received from Washington that the treasury department is seriously consid- ering the step and the result is great- ly dreaded in government circles. Ac- cordingly it has been decided to work a big bluff and the announcement will be made to-morrow that if the United States government takes the contemplated action the Dominion government will immediately issue a proclamation impos- ing an export duty upon nickel and other

Let Chinamen Beware.

Three Years' Hard Labor on Suspicion of Intent to Burglarize.

James Bays' Rowing Laurels Coveted—Rates to Skagway Advanced.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 19.—Gow Gar Geck, the so-called angler thief, supposed to have committed numerous robberies in Vancouver by means of boring holes in door panels and unbolting the doors, was tried today at the assizes.

On a Level Crossing.

As F. Bullford, of Vancouver, was driving with another man across the tram track at the lower end of Twelfth street, he discovered that a flat car was coming quickly towards them and almost upon them. The horse was driven up, the men leaping far over the dash-board, the buggy was struck and smashed to pieces, but the men escaped. Whether or not the bell was rung, the crossing has not been ascertained.

The Rowing Ideal.

The combination of the two rowing clubs of Vancouver has stimulated the sport of rowing to a marked degree.

Man Honored.

Kang Yu-Wei, the Chinese reformer, visited New Westminster yesterday.

Higher Fares to Skagway.

A meeting of Pacific coast steambot men, known as the Alaska Steamboat Association, met this morning at the Union Steamship Co.'s offices to talk over business of common concern.

Mr. Morrison's Novel Plea.

In the debate on the address to-day Mr. Morrison, the Liberal member for Westminster, who visited the Klondike last fall, said he made the trip at his own expense from a feeling of duty. He had nothing sufficiently serious to war- rant the expense which has been made. He endeavored to substantiate the com- plaints but had not been able to do so.

Travelling Filippians.

The Cortez brothers, the Filippians who claim that Spaniards robbed them of \$1,000,000 in property since taken into the hands of the United States, and who have been in Washington negotiat- ing for the return of their property, ar- rived at Vancouver. In an inter- view they stated that they had advised McKimley to relinquish the property and the war would immediately end, owing to the influence the rich had over the minds of the people. An in- dependent form of government would not do for the Filippians, but the brothers thought that the Filippians could be trusted with local government.

QUESTIONS AT OTTAWA.

Whiskey Permits When Issued Not Subject to Mr. Sifton's Control.

Sir Wilfrid Resents Questioning on Ministers' Appeals to Rome.

Printing in the Penitentiaries—Expense Account of Treaty Debaters.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, April 19.—This was the first private members' day of the session. The whole afternoon was taken up an- swering questions.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that the plebiscite vote cost \$136,004 with some accounts outstanding.

The cost to Canada of the Anglo-Am- erican commission to date is \$33,000. Mr. Billy said in his address.

Mr. Beattie was informed that Col. Cole paid 75 cents each for the Snider rifles purchased from the government.

Mr. Sifton said his travelling expenses from July 1 to 28th February were \$845.

Mr. Monck was told that the government had erected a small printing press at Kingston with which to print forms required in the penitentiaries.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced that the government was disposed to consider the proposition to acquire the Plains of Abraham provided the figure be reasonable.

Col. Hughes was informed by Dr. Borden that the prospects are that a long service medal will be issued to the Canadian militia by the imperial authori- ties.

Yukon Liquor.

Mr. Foster was informed by Mr. Sifton that the permits lawfully granted by authorities of the Northwest Terri- tories by the imposition of the holder to liquor into the Yukon require no further sanction from the minister of the interior.

To prevent the possible use of forged or fraudulent permits lists of persons issued by the government of the North- west are forwarded to officers of the Mounted Police and instructions to re- cognize only those upon the list.

Appeals to the Pope.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier replying to Mr. Casgrain said that since the house was last in session there had been no cor- respondence by the holder to import into the Yukon require no further sanction from the minister of the interior.

The staff at Dawson.

Mr. Sifton said that there were twenty-one officials and clerks in and about the gold commissioner's office at Dawson, all of them had been required to take the oath of allegiance. As to clerks who might be employed tempo- rarily by the gold commissioner, he could not say whether or not they were British subjects.

A Confiding Minister.

Col. Prior was informed by Dr. Borden that Deadman's island was not handed over to the corporation of Van- couver and since the leave had been represented to the minister of militia that \$250,000 would be expended by the lessee and employment given to one thousand men and since the leave had been granted he had been informed that \$200,000 had been deposited in a char- itable bank at Vancouver for that sum. No provision in the lease secures either the expenditure of a dollar outside of the rental of \$500 per year, or the erection of any building.

Lining Liberals' Pockets.

Col. Prior asked if the attention of Premier Laurier had been called to an extract from a speech by Mr. Maxwell on the 14th December, 1888, as fol- lows: "At home he had a book three inches thick of applications. He pointed out that since he had been member for Burrard \$20,000 or \$25,000 had gone into the pockets of Vancouver Liberals from Dominion government revenue."

Winding-Up Act.

The house had a brief sitting to-night on the winding-up act. Mr. Fortin's bill to amend the winding-up act was sidetracked by adjournment of the de- bate.

Pacific Cable.

Mr. Mulock gives notice to-night of a resolution respecting the Pacific cable scheme, Canada's contribution as already announced, being five-eighths of the total cost.

Millions in This Deal.

The Drummond railway enterprise of Mr. Tarte's friend Greenfields is again to the fore. Mr. Blak gives notice of a resolution for the purchase of the rail- way with all privileges and running powers belonging to it. The price to be paid is \$1,000,000, the amount of the option announced by the minister of rail- ways last year.

Women with pale, colorless faces, who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by using Dr. Carter's Iron Pills, which are made for the blood, nerves and complexion.

PREMIER CHARGED WITH BOODLING.

New Brunswick Treasury Tapped to Aid Friends of the Government.

Special to the Colonist.

Winnipeg, April 18.—(Special)—Under the new time card to go into effect next month on the C. P. R., it is expected two trains will leave Winnipeg daily for West, the fastest transcontinental train for Vancouver, and an additional train having Nelson, B. C., as its ter- minal. The latter train will serve Crow's Nest Pass points from Winnipeg direct.

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 18.—The navy de- partment has given out a despatch from Admiral Dewey, dated Manila, April 18, as follows:

The government is greatly alarmed over the suggestion prohibition of the im- portation of Canadian lumber into the States. Positive information has been received from Washington that the treasury department is seriously consid- ering the step and the result is great- ly dreaded in government circles. Ac- cordingly it has been decided to work a big bluff and the announcement will be made to-morrow that if the United States government takes the contemplated action the Dominion government will immediately issue a proclamation impos- ing an export duty upon nickel and other

Let Chinamen Beware.

Three Years' Hard Labor on Suspicion of Intent to Burglarize.

James Bays' Rowing Laurels Coveted—Rates to Skagway Advanced.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 19.—Gow Gar Geck, the so-called angler thief, supposed to have committed numerous robberies in Vancouver by means of boring holes in door panels and unbolting the doors, was tried today at the assizes.

On a Level Crossing.

As F. Bullford, of Vancouver, was driving with another man across the tram track at the lower end of Twelfth street, he discovered that a flat car was coming quickly towards them and almost upon them. The horse was driven up, the men leaping far over the dash-board, the buggy was struck and smashed to pieces, but the men escaped. Whether or not the bell was rung, the crossing has not been ascertained.

The Rowing Ideal.

The combination of the two rowing clubs of Vancouver has stimulated the sport of rowing to a marked degree.

Man Honored.

Kang Yu-Wei, the Chinese reformer, visited New Westminster yesterday.

Out Philippines.

It impossible to pry Outside Manila.

and Men Would to Subdue Islands.

A World despatch Gen. Lawton to-day correspondent to "The present proposals will be necessary on the islands."

The Times, comment upon Major-General Lawton's despatch to-day, saying: "The are those of fighting in country."

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

RD TRIP. Sir Rose Lambert and soldier, is in 1887.

Aldermen for A Close Sunday

By-Law to Shut Off Present Enjoyments Passes Second Reading.

Movement Also to Embarrass Suburbs by Refusing Water Supply.

The longest meeting that the city council has held in many weeks was that of yesterday evening, when among other items of business the Sunday closing by-law passed its second reading, and its first and principal clause got through the committee stage.

The proposal of the committee stage, as a second see the mayor to introduce a resolution that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Independent action on each individual case was advocated by Ald. Beckwith. He did not see that any hard and fast rule could be adopted.

Ald. MacGregor held that until a shortage of water presented itself, it would not be desirable to interfere with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

The letter from the water commissioner which Ald. Hayward had referred to being next read, it was found that the water supply was not sufficient for the city.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

stronger because of the large amount of available property within the city for which sale could not be found, and which would otherwise be paid its share of the waterworks cost and maintenance.

Ald. Hayward thought that action on the letter might very well be deferred until a letter from the water commissioner on the same subject came before the council.

The mayor thought that if it was the wish of the council that no more water should go outside the city for domestic purposes, there should be a definite declaration of the city's intention by the passage of a resolution.

Ald. Stewart pointed to the fact that double rates were now collected for water supplied outside the city. He thought that the increased rate was justified and met the situation satisfactorily.

Independent action on each individual case was advocated by Ald. Beckwith. He did not see that any hard and fast rule could be adopted.

Ald. MacGregor held that until a shortage of water presented itself, it would not be desirable to interfere with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

The letter from the water commissioner which Ald. Hayward had referred to being next read, it was found that the water supply was not sufficient for the city.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

Ald. MacGregor moved that the city council should not be asked to consider any motion or resolution which would have the effect of interfering with the enjoyment of any public place or street on any day other than Sunday.

not seem to him that a stagnant pond could be healthful in a neighborhood. The point arising that if the pond was not a nuisance, the drainage already decided upon would not be necessary.

Ald. MacGregor vigorously urged that the initiated work be completed. It would be as cheap to finish the drain as to fill it up, and it would probably have to be provided at some future date.

The report on the petition for the official capacity was to the effect that he had visited the North Ward school, and found the basement clean, dry and thoroughly suitable for use by the children.

This report, too, went on file, a copy being ordered sent to the board of trustees.

LOAN CONSOLIDATION. City Assessor Northcott reported that the signatures upon the petition for the by-law necessary for the proposed consolidation of the civic public debt represented a property valuation of \$2,788,625—and were therefore sufficient.

Ald. Hayward thereupon introduced the by-law in question, seconded by Ald. Stewart. The first reading was ordered, and the second was set for next Monday evening.

CRAIGFLOWER ROAD. Rev. W. G. H. Ellison wrote with respect to his long-standing request that Craigflower road be closed—see that he had heard a petition in favor of the road being kept open was to be laid before the council.

He asked that no action be taken for one week in order that he might present a considerable number of petitions in favor of immediate action—either by the closing of the road or putting it in repair, and a new sidewalk laid.

Ald. MacGregor moved for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the situation, with the engineer, reporting to the council one week hence.

This was finally accepted as satisfactory by the movers of the original motion, and Ald. Hayward wanted the committee to receive instructions to report on the subject.

Ald. Beckwith was desirous of having a fuller report from the city barrister, and discussed the several sections of the by-law.

Ald. Beckwith moved the passage of the first clause, prohibiting the sale on the Sunday of any goods or chattels other than those specified in the by-law.

Ald. Williams wished to have cigars included in the privileged articles of sale. Ald. Beckwith would go still further and exempt cigars, ice cream and temperance drinks.

He made a strong appeal to the council in favor of the passage of the by-law in its original form, and made themselves clear as standing opposed to the proposed amendments.

Ald. Beckwith and MacGregor defended the by-law in its original form, and made themselves clear as standing opposed to the proposed amendments.

Ald. Beckwith declared that many men had come here to reside bringing their families, but would not remain here, although the contract for the city had long passed. He thought the city had a right to damages against the contractor.

In this matter Ald. Beckwith pointed out that when the tenders were invited, they were invited to build a road of concrete.

Acting Engineer E. A. Cousins endorsed the rail proposed to be used by the tramway company in relaying Fort Street, and his tender was thereupon refused.

The successful tenderer in reality relied upon getting his goods from Boyd & Co. It was asserted, and was thereupon made an unfair profit out of the city.

Ald. Brydon moved for the elimination of the appropriation in the work received, but the council decided to pass the report as presented.

Ald. Hayward presenting his resolution for permanent concrete walks on both sides of Government street, between Courtenay and Johnson streets.

Ald. Beckwith advocated that the new sidewalks go farther—that they go from the Cornhill to the esplanade, and make an end of.

owners of property along the line of or within 150 feet of a public sewer, to connect with such sewer, will necessitate the expenditure in a number of instances of a large sum of money, which added to the ordinary taxes will be greater than the income derivable therefrom for upwards of a year or more; whereas it is a well known and fundamental principle of municipal government, that the tax should not be expended in an arbitrary manner, or in such way as to work hardship to any portion of the ratepayers.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

by-law in its original form, and the mayor's amendment was that the only votes recorded in its favor being those of Ald. Hayward, Ald. Stewart and His Worship the Mayor.

At 11:15 a motion to continue the meeting beyond the usual hour for adjournment was carried, and the committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

A special meeting after adjourned, a special meeting having been ordered for Friday evening to deal with the report from the city engineer regarding sidewalks, etc.

The mayor, in answer to a question from Ald. Hayward, said that absolutely nothing new had come from the street committee rose, reporting progress with the by-law.

The Amphion For England.

After Serving Two Commissions on the Pacific She Returns Home.

Rush of Loggers to the Gold-fields Causes a Scarcity of Logs—Shipping News.

After serving two commissions on the Pacific station and doing most of the long cruising, H. M. S. Amphion is to return to England this year.

It was not necessary to enter the theatre last evening to divine the character of the attraction holding the boards. The absence of the lengthy string of carriages that usually line the curb told the story.

As an outcome of the discussion, it was decided to pass the resolution, the city solicitor at the same time receiving instructions to prepare a by-law which the city will be able to compel the owners to pay either in a lump sum or extended over a number of years.

Then the Sunday closing by-law was taken up and second reading carried off putting it in good order should this be decided upon.

On the council next going into committee and discuss the several sections of the by-law.

Ald. Beckwith moved the passage of the first clause, prohibiting the sale on the Sunday of any goods or chattels other than those specified in the by-law.

Ald. Williams wished to have cigars included in the privileged articles of sale. Ald. Beckwith would go still further and exempt cigars, ice cream and temperance drinks.

He made a strong appeal to the council in favor of the passage of the by-law in its original form, and made themselves clear as standing opposed to the proposed amendments.

Ald. Beckwith and MacGregor defended the by-law in its original form, and made themselves clear as standing opposed to the proposed amendments.

Ald. Beckwith declared that many men had come here to reside bringing their families, but would not remain here, although the contract for the city had long passed. He thought the city had a right to damages against the contractor.

In this matter Ald. Beckwith pointed out that when the tenders were invited, they were invited to build a road of concrete.

Acting Engineer E. A. Cousins endorsed the rail proposed to be used by the tramway company in relaying Fort Street, and his tender was thereupon refused.

The successful tenderer in reality relied upon getting his goods from Boyd & Co. It was asserted, and was thereupon made an unfair profit out of the city.

Ald. Brydon moved for the elimination of the appropriation in the work received, but the council decided to pass the report as presented.

Ald. Hayward presenting his resolution for permanent concrete walks on both sides of Government street, between Courtenay and Johnson streets.

Ald. Beckwith advocated that the new sidewalks go farther—that they go from the Cornhill to the esplanade, and make an end of.

Ald. Brydon seconded an amendment in this direction and after a long debate the mover and seconder of the amendment consented to its withdrawal, it being urged that it might be instrumental in delaying the contemplated improvement.

MICA AXLE GREASE. Lightens the load—shortens the road. Makes the wagon pull easier, helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.

EPPS'S COCOA. Distinguished wherever for its purity of flavor, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 1/2 lb. tins, labeled E. H. & F. Co. Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

Hotel Badminton. Entirely renovated, furnished and enlarged; heating and lighting (electric) perfect. D. Conte, late of Badminton Hotel, San Francisco; Fred Charles Hotel, New Orleans, in charge of the kitchen.

Hotel Meakin. Now under the supervision of JOHN HAVERTY, formerly of Winnipeg, Man.

HOTEL CARGILE. Newly renovated, refitted and refurnished. In every respect; all trains met, and baggage taken up; large rooms for commercial travellers.

JOHN JAMESON & SONS (DUBLIN). "Own case" very old Black Bottle WHISKEY. Please see you get it with METAL CAPSULES.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in court that Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, and that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he is credited to say that it had been sworn to.

MINERAL ACT. Certificates of Improvements. "The Three Jays, No. 3," and "Blue Jay" mineral claims.

MINERAL ACT. Certificates of Improvements. "Viking," "Norway," "Ballarat," "North Pole," "Southern Cross" and "Pacific" mineral claims, situated in the Alberni Mining Division of Alberni District.

MINERAL ACT. Certificates of Improvements. "To Err is Human." People like to talk about attractive things in advertising.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for suitable farm in Chilliwack, all under cultivation; good supply water; one hundred and fifty acres; fruit; large barn; new well; small buildings; small new dwelling house; miles from Chilliwack on good road. Apply W. Richardson, P. O. Chilliwack.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1899

A DEMAND FOR FAIR PLAY.

Senator Macdonald yesterday brought up in the Senate the claims of British Columbia for Cabinet representation and more generous treatment in the matter of public expenditures, predicating his remarks upon certain facts set out in a resolution of which he gave notice on the 12th instant. It is published in full in our Ottawa despatch.

We hope to be in a position in a few days to give Colonist readers a report of the Senator's remarks upon that extremely important question, to which the Colonist has already devoted a great deal of attention. In the meantime we shall reserve any further comment.

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

There will be much difference of opinion in regard to the Sunday closing ordinance. The movement in its inception was not predicated upon moral grounds. The barbers wanted Sunday off, and as all their number would not agree to close, it became necessary to petition the city council for an ordinance. At this some members of the city council, who favor what is called the Eastern Canadian Sunday, seized upon the opportunity to press through an ordinance closing fruit stands, cigar stores and other places where merchandise is sold. Mayor and Alderman Hayward sought to defeat the proposition by a reductio ad absurdum and by amending the ordinance so as to cover all descriptions of work for hire, which would have the effect of closing down the car lines, preventing trains and steamers from entering or departing from the city, have sealed up the ticket offices, closed the restaurants, livery stables, bicycle shops and many other places which we have come to regard as essential to our comfort. Logically the position taken by these gentlemen may be correct. It is unquestionably correct if it is morally wrong to open a barber shop or a fruit stand on Sunday. The position which the Colonist has always taken in these matters is that there is no moral principle involved, but that Sunday observance is a matter to be determined by expediency. In this as in many other matters the wishes of the majority of the community must be respected, and if these are violated by the carrying on of any description of work on Sunday, it becomes the duty of the legislative power to deal with the subject. The public conscience must be the guide in this regard, and we concede that it ought to be an educated conscience. The people of the West do not demand the same degree of Sunday observance as is insisted upon in the East. In some of the provinces there is a statutory law against menial or servile work, except work of necessity, being done on Sundays and this is variously interpreted in various places. For example in some cities you could not hire a man here a hack on Sunday, if you arrived at a railway station by train on that day. There are other cities where you cannot get access to your post-office box on Sunday, others where you can get to your box but no mail is made up or distributed on Sunday. There are cities where you can not buy a dozen oranges on Sunday, but you can go to a drug store and eat all the cream soda you want. You cannot buy a plug of tobacco, but you can cigars in any number. No public conveyances are permitted to move on Sunday, but you may hire as many carriages at livery stables as you can pay for. When people talk of the Eastern Canadian Sunday they speak of something which is at least like European Sunday in our observance of the day. Custom which is little else than a respect for what we have called the public conscience, requires most places of business to be closed, but permits others to remain open. It permits of certain kinds of amusements which would not be considered respectable in the East, if indulged in on that day, although they are all right on other days. For example, very few respectable people go out gunning in the East on Sunday, but many right-living people do so here. We think the rule to be followed in these matters is that nothing should be permitted which is offensive to the public conscience.

GREAT FORTUNES.

The Marquis of Foutenoy writes to a New Orleans paper that American fortunes, great though they are, fall into insignificance in comparison with some of those enjoyed by noble families of Continental Europe and some of the reigning princes of the Orient. He speaks of one Russian nobleman who died not long ago, leaving \$500,000,000 in money, besides estates, consisting largely of gold mines, of incalculable value; of a large Austrian grand duke, who owned a large share of every great industry in the empire and whose mines were of incalculable value; of Indian princes at whose wealth not even a guess can be made, since most of it is in hiding. Very much of this sort of information must be received with some grains of allowance, for unless wealth is hidden, as in the Orient, and in India in particular, there must be some evidence of it somewhere. If, for example, a Russian nobleman left \$500,000,000 in coin, it must have been in some one's custody, and its existence would form an important factor in the financial operations of the world. Presumably it would be in gold, and if so it weighed upwards of 750 tons, and it hardly seems necessary to say that this vast weight of the precious metal could not be kept any-

where without many persons knowing something about it.

At the same time there must undoubtedly be enormous amounts of wealth in all parts of the old world, especially in India, where for more generations than can be counted, potentates have been accumulating gold and precious stones. There are traditions that beneath some of the Hindu palaces that beneath some of the Hindu palaces that are incomprehensible so far as value is concerned. There must be a vast amount of unused gold somewhere. We know that in King Solomon's time it was abundant in the Judean capital, and the fact of its being regarded as of great value there shows that it was held in general esteem. The history of the Kohinoor diamond has been carried back for more than 5000 years, thus proving that the accumulation of precious stones has been in practise for fifty centuries. During uncounted years gold has been taken in greater or less quantities from the earth, and precious stones have been dug up. Where is all this metal, and what has become of all these jewels? Loss and abrasion from use will account for a small portion of the whole, but it is almost infinitesimal in comparison to the amount annually added to the store. Therefore while we may not accept Marquis Foutenoy's estimate of some individual fortunes, concerning which he has probably no more information than any one else, we may admit that there are hoards of wealth far in excess of the accumulations of our American or British multi-millionaires. What would become of value if it were not put either in circulation or upon the market, is another story. What, for example, would become of the diamond market if all the princes of India should determine to realize upon their gems?

ELECTRICITY IN DISEASE.

New announcements of the application of electricity to various purposes must always be received with caution, but the statement which comes from the Franklin Institute at Philadelphia that the scientific staff are engaged in investigating the use of this agency in the cure of consumption and other deadly diseases, as well as of rheumatism and kindred complaints, is likely to excite interest and give a color of probability to the claims made on its behalf. What is alleged is that by exposing the patient to very bright rays of the electric light and by passing an electric current through him, ozone is developed as well within and outside of the body, the result being that the action of all the organs is stimulated, diseased portions are sloughed off and the system regains its normal condition. Numerous cases are cited in proof of this, but it is too soon to draw any conclusion from them, because experience with other remedies has shown the error of generalizing from insufficient data. The most that can be safely said is that so conservative a body as the Franklin Institute has thought enough of the matter to look into it. The public are predisposed to accept any claims that may be advanced on behalf of electricity as a curative agency, because it seems to be so closely identified with the active principle of life. At the same time it would be a great mistake to jump at any conclusion. If carefully conducted experiments confirm the alleged discovery, it is not too much to say that the treatment of disease will be revolutionized.

The Imperial House of Commons has taken a hand in the church dispute by passing a resolution against the deprecating the lawlessness exhibited by many clergymen and declaring against the appointment or preferment of any one who will not agree to be governed by the instructions of the courts. The original resolution introduced was directly aimed at members of the English Church Union, but it was altered by consent of the mover. The most important speech was that made by Mr. Arthur Balfour. He declared that if there was hope for the future of the established church, it could only lie in the resolute determination of all moderate men who are loyal to the church to unite and express their intention not to allow the great fabric which was the work of generations of able and pious men to be destroyed by the frantic, short-sighted policy of the most but mistaken ecclesiastical theorists, whether belonging to one party or the other. He felt deeply that while men were disputing these matters of relatively small importance, there was perhaps irreparable injury being done, not only to the church, but to the whole cause of religion.

The debate on the Address drags its slow length along. The government will shortly find themselves in a position where they cannot claim to have control of the house. The effect upon public opinion of this prolonged debate is very much adverse to the government, which made a grievous tactical blunder at the very outset. When Sir Hibbert Tupper made his speech, the proper course for the government to have taken was to have announced its intention at once to appoint a commission to which the Speaker or any one else could have made specific charges. Instead of that Mr. Stifton attempted a reply and sought to alter what was simply a question of administration to one of personal honesty. It is too late now for the government to take the course suggested without a loss of prestige which will be little short of fatal.

An interesting question arose at the City Council on Monday night as to the propriety of permitting persons residing out of the city to have the use of city water. There is something in what Alderman Humphrey said about

not allowing those who do not bear their share of the cost of maintaining the city government to profit by it; at the same time, as long as the city has plenty of water, it seems absurd not to sell the surplus to persons willing to pay for it, for that is what the whole thing comes down to. An increased water rate, and the knowledge that they are likely at some time to be cut off from the source of supply, is an offset to the advantage of using city water. Probably most of the persons who are affected by the arrangement have property interests in one kind or another in the city and pay their share of taxes.

YUKON LIQUOR PERMITS.

The order-in-council vesting the power to issue liquor permits for the Yukon in Mr. Ogilvie may not be open to the objection suggested by the telegraphic synopsis, but apparently no one can get a permit without applying to Mr. Ogilvie at Dawson. Practically this prevents any one wishing to take liquor with him into the Yukon from doing so, unless he is already resident there, for the delay in obtaining a permit from Dawson would be such that very few people not at Dawson will go to the trouble of taking it. This restriction is not in the interests of temperance, because there will be just as much liquor taken into the country as ever. It simply inconveniences those people who may desire to carry on that business. Now the most extreme temperance advocate will concede that as long as the traffic in intoxicating liquor is legal, one person ought to have just as much liberty to engage in it as another, and that the only effect of needless obstruction will be to encourage efforts to circumvent the law. We submit that the issue of permits might very properly have been placed in the hands of Collector Milne as well as of Mr. Ogilvie. Mr. Milne possesses the confidence of every one and he would exercise authority in a manner satisfactory to all concerned.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE ISLAND.

We hope the proposed construction of a railway from the terminus of the E. & N. to the head of the Island will not be lost sight of. There is a disposition in some quarters to regard the move as one peculiarly in the interest of the E. & N. company, and the Times of this city commenting on it said that no one would object to Mr. Dunsmuir's building the line if he wished to. We protest against this narrow view of the matter. Doubtless the proposed extension would be of value to the E. & N., but surely this is no reason why it ought not to be built. That might be a very good reason why the owners of the E. & N. should do their share towards making the project a reality, as they doubtless would; but the point is that the railway needed for the development of the Island and the advancement of Victoria, whether the E. & N. people feel disposed to take hold of it or not. The proposed line would increase the value of the E. & N. property, but if any project is proposed that will not increase the value of any one's property, the Colonist will be prepared to oppose it. The reason we want railways and other public works is that they will increase the value of property.

PASSING COMMENT.

The Ottawa Journal understands that President McKinley, if he comes to British Columbia, will be allowed to do anything he likes to advertise the province except stake out a mining claim. He may do that if he wants to, for there is no law to prevent him from driving his stakes upon one of the numerous outcroppings of mineral not far from the Victoria post office.

The Rossland Miner thinks that Toronto has ceased to be the headquarters of Canadian mining and that the place has fallen to Montreal. There is much wealth in both cities, and it would be an advantage to its possessors to be invested in mining. No industry means more for the country. In proportion to their population mining districts contribute more to commerce and hence to the revenue than any others.

The Montreal Herald is receiving congratulations from all parts of Canada over the favorable culmination of the libel proceedings instituted against it by the chief of police of Montreal. This vindication of the right of the press to discuss public affairs with the utmost freedom, provided they keep truth on their side and quote respectively of the effect upon the standing of public officials, is timely, for it has been disputed.

THE TORONTO GLOBE WANTS PUBLIC OPINION.

The Toronto Globe wants public opinion in regard to the redistribution bill suspended until the measure is brought down. That seems like a reasonable measure, so far as the details of the measure are concerned, but it does not meet the objection to the introduction of any measure whatever at this time. Why disturb the constituencies when in less than three years the whole question of representation must come up in connection with the census?

The Times mentions a funny error of the London Daily Telegraph, which spoke of some one as having been born at the town of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia. This illustrates how little after all Canada is known in the Mother Country. A late M.P., of St. John, once received a letter from a leading firm of solicitors in London in regard to a case then pending before the judicial committee of the Privy Council, which was addressed as follows: "Eggs, Q.C., St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, United States of America."

FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

A very large area in Russia is suffering from a failure in crops which the London Times describes as the worst within the memory of men, which means that it is worse even than the terrible visitation of 1891-92. The famine stricken area begins at the Ural mountains in the north and extends westward and southward on both sides of the Volga as far as the 50th parallel, the province of Penza being the only one in the district that is

exempt. The afflicted provinces embrace over 435,000 square miles and have a population of about 20,000,000. Events follow each other in such rapid succession nowadays that we can scarcely charge our memories with them, but most newspaper readers must be fairly familiar with the story of the last famine, which did not cover so large an area or affect so many people. The country has hardly recovered from that disaster when this fresh and more terrible one comes upon it. An unfortunate feature of the case is that nothing is being done to prevent the recurrence of such visitation at short intervals. Russia is doing very little for its agriculture, although it must be conceded that not much can be done for a people who seem unable to help themselves. In 1891 it was suggested that the whole soil of Central Russia was rapidly becoming unproductive for the regular production of crops. Changes of this nature have occurred in other parts of the world, for there is no manner of doubt that much of North America that is now a desert was once fertile. It may be that the great plain of Central Russia is becoming sterilized and will shortly be uninhabitable.

A St. Petersburg paper says that scurvy, typhus and other diseases are spreading over the whole district and that the diet of the people consists of a thin gruel of flour and water and bread made chiefly from bran and chopped straw. In addition to the terrors of disease and famine, fuel was very scarce and thousands were perishing from cold. Most of the peasants have sold every thing that would bring money, and even if the coming year should prove fruitful they have no tools with which to put in a crop and no seed to sow.

The only adequate remedy would seem to be the wholesale deportation of the people of the suffering provinces to the fertile lands along the route of the Siberian railway, a task of tremendous magnitude. The existence of such a domestic problem affords the best possible explanation of the anxiety of the czar to inaugurate an international agreement which will relieve Russia from its enormous burden of military expenditure. His advisers cannot fail to appreciate the utter folly of permitting the nation to become involved in foreign complications while famine threatens to precipitate revolution and untold disaster at home.

The President Journal understands that President McKinley, if he comes to British Columbia, will be allowed to do anything he likes to advertise the province except stake out a mining claim. He may do that if he wants to, for there is no law to prevent him from driving his stakes upon one of the numerous outcroppings of mineral not far from the Victoria post office.

The Rossland Miner thinks that Toronto has ceased to be the headquarters of Canadian mining and that the place has fallen to Montreal. There is much wealth in both cities, and it would be an advantage to its possessors to be invested in mining. No industry means more for the country. In proportion to their population mining districts contribute more to commerce and hence to the revenue than any others.

The Montreal Herald is receiving congratulations from all parts of Canada over the favorable culmination of the libel proceedings instituted against it by the chief of police of Montreal. This vindication of the right of the press to discuss public affairs with the utmost freedom, provided they keep truth on their side and quote respectively of the effect upon the standing of public officials, is timely, for it has been disputed.

The Toronto Globe wants public opinion in regard to the redistribution bill suspended until the measure is brought down. That seems like a reasonable measure, so far as the details of the measure are concerned, but it does not meet the objection to the introduction of any measure whatever at this time. Why disturb the constituencies when in less than three years the whole question of representation must come up in connection with the census?

The Times mentions a funny error of the London Daily Telegraph, which spoke of some one as having been born at the town of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia. This illustrates how little after all Canada is known in the Mother Country. A late M.P., of St. John, once received a letter from a leading firm of solicitors in London in regard to a case then pending before the judicial committee of the Privy Council, which was addressed as follows: "Eggs, Q.C., St. John, New Brunswick, Canada, United States of America."

FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

A very large area in Russia is suffering from a failure in crops which the London Times describes as the worst within the memory of men, which means that it is worse even than the terrible visitation of 1891-92. The famine stricken area begins at the Ural mountains in the north and extends westward and southward on both sides of the Volga as far as the 50th parallel, the province of Penza being the only one in the district that is

A LONG TIME AGO.

The Theosophists are about to erect a temple in California at a place where it is claimed a great structure stood in the days when Atlantis was a reality and a vanished civilization was at its climax. A very determined effort is to be made at the same place to get into communication with some of the ancient worthies, or failing these more modern departed spirits. Any old ghost will do, but the older the better. It is impossible to read about these things without a feeling of amusement, and yet there may be very much more behind them than any one suspects. The evidence of an extinct civilization are too numerous and too convincing to be set aside, no matter how much the conclusion to which they point may differ from our preconceived ideas.

The principal evidence may be divided under two heads, namely, tradition and relics. Historical record is out of the question at present because as far as is known there is a gap in the history of mankind not bridged by history, unless some of the, as yet, undecipherable inscriptions of the Central American ruins may prove to be history and to relate to a forgotten past. The weight of evidence points to the existence of a prehistoric civilization, when the mere struggle for existence was sufficient to occupy the whole attention of the race. This period would correspond to the Ragnarok of the Norse legends and the Ice Age of the geologists. It is possible that the third, fourth, fifth and sixth chapters of Genesis may relate to it and the period preceding it. The Atlantic legends are numerous, that is, legends which harmonize with Plato's account of that great island empire. Plato gives Solon, who lived 600 years before Christ, as authority for the existence of Atlantis, and Solon was reputed to have obtained his information from an Egyptian priest. From the best information available, Plato thought that Atlantis was destroyed about 9000 years before his time, or in a general way between eleven and twelve thousand years ago.

Atlantis was alleged to be a continental island lying in what was at one time called the Sea of Darkness, and is now known as the Atlantic ocean. It was not far west of the Pillars of Hercules, or Strait of Gibraltar. Beyond it were other islands and beyond these another continent. Atlantis was said to have been an empire of the vast power. How far westward the Atlantic extension was, we do not know, but it exercised sovereignty over all northern Africa as far east as Egypt. In the course of its policy of expansion, the Atlantean government came in contact with the Hellenes, and would have overthrown them and made the whole Mediterranean an Atlantean lake, they indeed claimed it was simply a great harbor of the ocean on which they were supreme, if it had not been for the valor of the Athenians, who made such stout resistance that they were able to turn the tables upon their foes and deprive the island empire of all its dominions within the Pillars. Shortly after this an earthquake occurred, which destroyed the greater part of the Athenian empire and completely obliterated Atlantis under the waters of the ocean.

Unity of a very recent date the world of Christendom has decided to accept legends of this nature as anything else than fables, for it was true that only 4004 years elapsed between the Creation and the birth of Christ it was clearly impossible for Atlantis to have existed at all, much less attained national greatness ten thousand years before the latter event. This notion has become so engrained in our minds that any account of discoveries indicating a great antiquity for the human race are received with incredulity even by those who have long ago rejected Bishop Ussher's ideas of chronology. But instead of such things being intrinsically improbable, they are intrinsically probable. No matter how far we go back in history we seem to get no nearer the time when the race began. The fact that men were living five thousand years ago is prima facie evidence that they were living ten thousand years ago, for the creation of a new race of beings is the last possible hypothesis which can be accepted to account for anything. Nowadays every well-informed person admits that the evidence of the very great antiquity of man is simply overwhelming. Proof that he was contemporary with the mammoth in America is beyond any question. There is evidence that he existed in America before the mountains along the Pacific coast of America were upheaved. With the light which geology casts upon the question it has ceased to appear intrinsically improbable that an ancient empire may have once existed where the Atlantic is the widest, and that as Humboldt suggests, the Madeira Isles and the Azores may be the summits of the mountain ranges of Atlantis.

So to get back to our Theosophist friends and their quest for prehistoric ghosts, there is nothing at all improbable in their suggestion that a long while ago a sphere of civilization extended from India to California by way of Atlantis. Whether they will be able to persuade the immortal part of some dead Atlantean king or philosopher to revisit these glimpses of the moon and tell how things used to be done when the world was a good deal younger than it now is, and whether anybody not in the inner Theosophic circle would believe him if he came, is another story.

Recruiting for the army is very slow in Great Britain. It is a remarkable thing that when there is no fighting to do, very few of the British stock want to join the army, but let word go out that lively times are at hand and there is no lack of men to take the Queen's Shilling.

BICYCLE SUITS \$4, \$4.50, \$5.50, \$6.00. GOLF HOSE 50C, 75C, \$1.00, \$1.25. BICYCLE CAPS, GLOVES, KNICKERS. 20 Cases Just To Hand. B. WILLIAMS & CO. Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters. 97 JOHNSON STREET.

Special to the Trade. Better Orders Shipped Same Day As Received. We Are Running full time every lawful day with an augmented staff of expert workmen. Filling Letter Orders a Specialty.

The Canada Paint Company, Limited. Where is the Nigger... In the Fire Limits. Our Blend Tea, 20c per pound. Golden Blend Tea, 40c per pound. Snowflake Flour, 1.05 per sack. Hungarian Flour, 1.20 per sack. Flake Barley, 4 lbs for 25 cents. DIXIE H. ROSS.

THE ISOLATION HOSPITAL. The verdict of the coroner's jury in the case of the late J. M. Kerr lays stress upon the necessity of keeping the isolation hospital available at all times for the use of patients. A month or so ago the Colonist mentioned this matter, and then urged that immediate steps should be taken to place the isolation buildings in condition to be used at short notice, which can only be used at short notice, for patients suffering from diseases, mental or physical, which prevent them from being taken in at the Jubilee hospital. This can only be done by having a caretaker constantly in attendance, or at least available. If the suggestion of this paper had then been acted upon, the probability is that poor Kerr would be alive, and if not well at least have a fair chance of getting well. No one can tell when the next occasion for such an institution will arise, and we urge that no time should be lost in acting upon the recommendation of the jury. Whether it is best to place the isolation hospital in the hands of the Jubilee hospital we do not know, although we are inclined to think the idea a good one, but the point is that whatever is done ought to be done quickly. Dr. Fraser, city health officer, makes some observations on the subject, and his remarks will be found elsewhere in this paper.

THE OMINCEA.

We printed yesterday an article relating to the Omincea, the object being to present a few facts which would meet some representations which have received more or less currency in England. The basis of these was the report of Mr. E. P. Rathbone, who made a short visit to the country last year in the interest of a company, to which certain Omincea properties had been presented. Mr. Rathbone's report was one of those documents which carefully read, amount to little more than a confession of ignorance. He does not say that the Omincea country is no good, but simply that he feels unable to recommend it. The Colonist has no desire to be understood as reflecting upon Mr. Rathbone's ability to pronounce upon mining properties, but simply wishes to say that his report throws no more light upon the actual conditions existing at Omincea than clients by a letter addressed to the newspaper in British Columbia. It is of course always safe to recommend a thing to do a thing, and any one by turning down propositions submitted to his judgment may gain a reputation for being an extremely careful man. We are quite prepared to admit that Mr. Rathbone's report fully justifies his recommendation. He would have been culpable in the extreme if, on the strength of such knowledge as he acquired, he had recommended his clients to invest a dollar. Nor have we any right to find fault with the report, except on the score

Gossip of The Rich Silver Ledge Been Located Victoria's Rossland Miners' Down a Repre Alberni Charles Parker, who recently was a guest at there, as well as other acquainted with him d tantalizing puzzle to over, in the shape of a silver galena as the m his eyes upon. The Sp Parker carried about here was so rich that could be cut out of it the wondrous part of solemnly declared he specimen in the James Victoria city. Just wh located he decided to be said, taken steps to company, and would n record his claim until h would soon work out, now returned to Carib widely known as an reliable miner, and giv or to practical jokes. be back in Victoria in time, and in the mea have seen his specime prospecting every lik South ward—but as yet no success.

James Wilkes, secretary of the Union of Rossland, at the meeting of the member and by tin, secured the pass tionable eight-hours' session last night. He may be in the city for his mission to the capital to be for the purpose of government, and induce to carry the law into of the protests of the mine several boards of trade have full benefit of the fumes. Why slight Government street?

M. J. Roche, of Fort... Victoria had a team, pai Kingston in the evening hopeful of seeing a permanent and profitable lished within the next few teams will be representative cities of the Coast north cisco.

W. J. Harris, the S... manager, is a guest at... He has just return... Alberni and Mount... ness to the new-mining... he is understood, in... arrangements looking to... the island over for his... Deputy Sheriff Michae... lington, Wash., is reg... minion. He left home... escape the big snowdrif... in which a plow was... men killed. Another w... rick of feet down and... of the snow alive and... John Wilson, of Ash... king of the Coast, is... Oriental, having arriv... day night with a herd... the Coast cities. Mr... that his cattle would... lateness of the season, w... longer stable feeding this...

E. Cannell, one of the... of the Kamloops, wh... years ago he was prop... minion hotel, registered... last evening, with C. F... the "Indian Capital,"... decade Mr. Cannell has... in ranching in Yale dist... being his first visit to the period.

ALBERNI LOOKING FOR PROPERTY CHANGING HANDS.

With the opening of... disappearance of the snow... in Alberni is now c... development work... space. In fact Alberni... quite a lively district. C... their representatives are... forth and prospectors... in, with the result that... are crowded and houses i... a premium. The Lake Shore property... lake has been sold by M... don, Jackson and Shafer... is also negotiating for... Shafer property also on... and on which considerable... done. T. K. Bayne is al... pose of his property on... The Raven property on... one of the first Alberni... which work was done, is... bonded and will probab... developed. The property... owned by Messrs. Law, V... Mr. Short has a force of... on his property at Grant... is said to have about... residence and a warehouse... to be erected on the can... of Granite creek. A contract has been... Messrs. Poole & Young f... theme on the Texas-S... Ward and a lot of... being done on Goose c... Miller is erecting a dock... face on the canal, and... work on his claim. A fine ledge, the ore from... group, owned by Mess... well, has been struck on... Mineral Hill, which is own... Moir, Hayelove and Wat... Debeau has also opene... lena quartz on his prop... Hill. Work has been comm... ial tramway leading fro... to the Canal and if... Col. Hayes will shortly... the Handsome property... the Canal.

Gossip of The Hotels.

Rich Silver Ledge Said to Have Been Located Within Victoria's Limits.

Rosland Miners' Union Sends Down a Representative--Albani Ores.

Charles Parker, who for several weeks recently was a guest at the Brunswick, has given the gentlemen who met there, as well as others who became acquainted with him during his visit, a tantalizing puzzle to worry their brains over, in the shape of a fine simple of silver galena as the most devoted lover of the white metal would care to feast his eyes upon.

After a protracted stay in the North, the tug Cesar came into port for a few hours yesterday afternoon, having during the past seven days been employed in towing the disabled City of Seattle down from Juneau, for the greater part of the way against a strong head wind and unfavorable water. The tug was relinquished at Plummer Pass, where an American tug was waiting to pick up the crippled and convey her to Tacoma. She will there receive her new crank shaft, and it is expected to be ready to resume service within a week. The Cesar went North again last evening.

FIRE AND WATER. Mr. S. N. Reid's Stock and the Building Damaged to the Extent of \$10,000.

A fire which is laid to the account of defective electric wiring, gave the members of Chief Deasy's brigade an hour's hard work a little before 6 o'clock yesterday morning, the scene, being the clothing store of Mr. S. N. Reid, on Government street. The first alarm was given by Mr. M. Young, one of the proprietors of the New England Hotel, adjoining Mr. Reid's establishment. He quickly summoned his brother, Louis Young, and the latter brought out the fire in double quick time. In order not to create a panic, the fire-fighters did not open the front doors, preferring to conquer the blaze through the roof, which they did with considerable difficulty. The damage was necessarily heavy by water as much as by fire, and will probably reach \$10,000 or \$12,000. The exact amount will be determined by the valuers to-day. Mr. Reid left the store at 11 o'clock on Tuesday evening. He turned out the electric lights, but did not switch and from the way in which the fire burned, electric wires were undoubtedly the cause. The building was wired some years ago, when the power supplied was not as great as it is now, and wooden brackets were used. When the extra power was supplied, the wooden brackets should have replaced these wooden ones.

The fire was apparently smoldering for some time before breaking into the flames and dense smoke which attracted Mr. Young's attention--for Sergeant Walker detected a small fire fully three hours before it could be extinguished. It is thought that the fire was caused by a defective light.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many things which are considered impossible would be strange if medical science did not tell us that it is possible to cure consumption. The telegraph and the telephone, the phonograph and the light--were once impossible, and once they were once considered impossible.

That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Great Kidney and Bladder Cure. This cure has cured thousands of cases of consumption, and is the only cure that is certain to cure the disease. It is the only cure that is certain to cure the disease. It is the only cure that is certain to cure the disease.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice is a book that is worth reading. It is a book that is worth reading. It is a book that is worth reading. It is a book that is worth reading.

W. J. Harris, the Spokane smelter manager, is a guest at the Hotel Victoria. He has just returned from a visit to Albani and Mount Sicker, and has been to the new mine openings leaving behind him a number of interesting photographs of the Island ores for his smelter.

Deputy Sheriff Michael Kelly, of Wellington, Wash., is registered at the Dominion. He left home just in time to escape the big snowslide in the Cascades which killed a number of men on the mountain side and two of the tracks were killed. Another workman was carried 800 feet down the mountain side, and the snow alive and dug himself out.

John Wilson, of Ashcroft, the cattle king of the Orient, having arrived down on Monday night with a head of fat stock for the Coast. Mr. Wilson reports that his cattle wintered well, despite the lateness of the season, which has made it a very stable feeding than usual necessary.

E. Cannell, one of the pioneer residents of the city, who for ten or twelve years ago was proprietor of the Dominion hotel, registered at the Oriental Hotel last evening. Mr. Cannell, also of the "Blind Owl" well, despite the lateness of the season, which has made it a very stable feeding than usual necessary.

Property Changing Hands and Development Work Being Done. With the opening of spring and the disappearance of the snow mining property in Albani is now changing hands and development work is proceeding apace. In fact Albani is getting to be quite a lively district. Capitalists and their representatives are moving back and forth and prospectors are everywhere. In fact Albani is getting to be quite a lively district. Capitalists and their representatives are moving back and forth and prospectors are everywhere.

ALBANI LOOKING UP. Property Changing Hands and Development Work Being Done. With the opening of spring and the disappearance of the snow mining property in Albani is now changing hands and development work is proceeding apace. In fact Albani is getting to be quite a lively district. Capitalists and their representatives are moving back and forth and prospectors are everywhere.

ALBANI LOOKING UP. Property Changing Hands and Development Work Being Done. With the opening of spring and the disappearance of the snow mining property in Albani is now changing hands and development work is proceeding apace. In fact Albani is getting to be quite a lively district. Capitalists and their representatives are moving back and forth and prospectors are everywhere.

ALBANI LOOKING UP. Property Changing Hands and Development Work Being Done. With the opening of spring and the disappearance of the snow mining property in Albani is now changing hands and development work is proceeding apace. In fact Albani is getting to be quite a lively district. Capitalists and their representatives are moving back and forth and prospectors are everywhere.

CAME SOUTH FOR REPAIRS.

The City of Seattle Is Now in the Hands of the Machinery Experts.

Such the Decision of Coroner's Jury on This Painful Case.

Medical Health Officer Replies to Charges Against Isolation Hospital.

James Kerr, aged about 35, a printer in the Colonist building and lately residing at the Brunswick hotel, Victoria, came to his death on April 18th by drowning in the Stratis, he being at the time in a state of delirium, caused by his sickness, erysipelas.

The jury are of the opinion that the man's life was sacrificed through the want of an institution in the city where such cases can be properly taken care of, and they strongly recommend that the present system of admitting patients to the isolation hospital be very considerably modified in order that patients can be taken charge of immediately on application.

We suggest that the isolation hospital be placed under the control of the directors of the Royal Jubilee hospital, as under its present management the institution is practically useless.

Such was the verdict given by the coroner's jury yesterday met to enquire into the cause of death of James Kerr, who wandered from the Dawson hotel on Monday night delirious and whose body was found on the beach at Beacon hill the following morning. The evidence given confirmed what was published yesterday morning in respect to the case.

Mrs. White told of Kerr moving to the Dawson hotel on Sunday evening and of his setting quietly. She noticed that his head and face were swollen and in consequence she sent for the doctor. On his leaving the house she notified her friends and a search was instituted.

Dr. Hart said he attended the deceased Kerr when he was quite rational, and had not been sent to the isolation hospital on account of the red tape required to secure the admittance of a patient, besides there were no nursing conveniences there.

Thomas Sweetland, proprietor of the Brunswick hotel, testified that Dr. Frank Hall had ordered the deceased Kerr last week to remain in his room for ten days. This was on Wednesday. He saw Kerr on Sunday and at that time he was delirious. He said he was leaving the hotel because he had not received proper attention.

Dr. Hall said when he saw the deceased he was suffering from a mild attack of facial erysipelas. He asked Dr. Hart to go on Sunday and he had a patient under his department who was sent to the isolation hospital as it was dangerous for such patients to be around, but under the circumstances there was a great deal of trouble in securing admittance, unless the attending physician guaranteed the cost of keeping the patient and the cost of the isolation hospital.

Dr. Crompton, the coroner, in summing up the case said that Kerr's life had undoubtedly been sacrificed through the carelessness or neglect on the part of some body. The trouble was that there was no place to which such patients could be sent and the isolation hospital was kept open for them. There was apparently no single person who could be blamed. The coroner said he noticed nothing about Kerr, and the proprietor could not be held directly responsible for his guests. The isolation hospital had been built at a heavy expense and was now practically useless. If the city could not look after its patients it should hand it over to the Jubilee hospital.

After a few minutes' consideration the jury brought in a verdict as above.

Commenting upon the statement made at the coroner's inquest that too much red-tape preceding admissions to the city's isolation hospital was the reason for not sending the unfortunate patient there, Dr. R. L. Fraser, the city medical health officer, says that the allegation does not rest upon any substantial foundation of fact.

There was no cumbersome or vexatious preliminaries to the admission of any patient to the isolation hospital. It is necessary to notify the city medical health officer, and it is in his judgment the case is a suitable one for isolation, the patient is admitted to the isolation hospital.

Neither the mayor nor any member of the council requires to be consulted; the administration of the department is entirely in the hands of the medical health officer.

The city's isolation hospital was built, it will be remembered, after the trying experience of some few years ago on the occasion of the smallpox epidemic, and is kept in constant readiness for use whenever it shall be required for epidemic diseases--such as smallpox, cholera, diphtheria, and scarlet fever.

The experience of the past with regard to the admission of city (or poor) patients to the Jubilee, would not be considered a very rational argument in favor of handing this institution over to the directors of the Jubilee.

So far as red-tape is concerned, there can be no comparison between the requirements for the admission of patients to the isolation hospital and to the Jubilee--for the former requires a "card of admission, no consent of directors, no examination necessary. All can be arranged in less than five minutes with Dr. Fraser--by telephone if necessary.

As for the case under consideration, necessitating quarantine or isolation. It never becomes epidemic, and is only dangerous to surgical cases. That is, a patient in a ward or room where there are patients who have undergone surgical operations.

There was no application for admission to the isolation hospital made to Dr. Fraser at any time in connection with this case; had such an application been made, and any medical man representative of the city, and in a short time would have been placed in the isolation hospital. What appears to the city medical health officer to be required is that the Jubilee hospital should be at once provided with one or more cottages where cases that are not suitable to the general wards can be treated.

An isolation hospital is not a general hospital and should not be considered as such. It is provided to enable the city to cope successfully with epidemics should such arise, and in such contingency, is not provided with nursing staff or regular attendants necessary to the care of the sick.

Kerr's Life Sacrificed.

Such the Decision of Coroner's Jury on This Painful Case.

Medical Health Officer Replies to Charges Against Isolation Hospital.

James Kerr, aged about 35, a printer in the Colonist building and lately residing at the Brunswick hotel, Victoria, came to his death on April 18th by drowning in the Stratis, he being at the time in a state of delirium, caused by his sickness, erysipelas.

The jury are of the opinion that the man's life was sacrificed through the want of an institution in the city where such cases can be properly taken care of, and they strongly recommend that the present system of admitting patients to the isolation hospital be very considerably modified in order that patients can be taken charge of immediately on application.

We suggest that the isolation hospital be placed under the control of the directors of the Royal Jubilee hospital, as under its present management the institution is practically useless.

Such was the verdict given by the coroner's jury yesterday met to enquire into the cause of death of James Kerr, who wandered from the Dawson hotel on Monday night delirious and whose body was found on the beach at Beacon hill the following morning. The evidence given confirmed what was published yesterday morning in respect to the case.

Mrs. White told of Kerr moving to the Dawson hotel on Sunday evening and of his setting quietly. She noticed that his head and face were swollen and in consequence she sent for the doctor. On his leaving the house she notified her friends and a search was instituted.

Dr. Hart said he attended the deceased Kerr when he was quite rational, and had not been sent to the isolation hospital on account of the red tape required to secure the admittance of a patient, besides there were no nursing conveniences there.

Thomas Sweetland, proprietor of the Brunswick hotel, testified that Dr. Frank Hall had ordered the deceased Kerr last week to remain in his room for ten days. This was on Wednesday. He saw Kerr on Sunday and at that time he was delirious. He said he was leaving the hotel because he had not received proper attention.

Dr. Hall said when he saw the deceased he was suffering from a mild attack of facial erysipelas. He asked Dr. Hart to go on Sunday and he had a patient under his department who was sent to the isolation hospital as it was dangerous for such patients to be around, but under the circumstances there was a great deal of trouble in securing admittance, unless the attending physician guaranteed the cost of keeping the patient and the cost of the isolation hospital.

Dr. Crompton, the coroner, in summing up the case said that Kerr's life had undoubtedly been sacrificed through the carelessness or neglect on the part of some body. The trouble was that there was no place to which such patients could be sent and the isolation hospital was kept open for them. There was apparently no single person who could be blamed. The coroner said he noticed nothing about Kerr, and the proprietor could not be held directly responsible for his guests. The isolation hospital had been built at a heavy expense and was now practically useless. If the city could not look after its patients it should hand it over to the Jubilee hospital.

After a few minutes' consideration the jury brought in a verdict as above.

Commenting upon the statement made at the coroner's inquest that too much red-tape preceding admissions to the city's isolation hospital was the reason for not sending the unfortunate patient there, Dr. R. L. Fraser, the city medical health officer, says that the allegation does not rest upon any substantial foundation of fact.

There was no cumbersome or vexatious preliminaries to the admission of any patient to the isolation hospital. It is necessary to notify the city medical health officer, and it is in his judgment the case is a suitable one for isolation, the patient is admitted to the isolation hospital.

Neither the mayor nor any member of the council requires to be consulted; the administration of the department is entirely in the hands of the medical health officer.

The city's isolation hospital was built, it will be remembered, after the trying experience of some few years ago on the occasion of the smallpox epidemic, and is kept in constant readiness for use whenever it shall be required for epidemic diseases--such as smallpox, cholera, diphtheria, and scarlet fever.

The experience of the past with regard to the admission of city (or poor) patients to the Jubilee, would not be considered a very rational argument in favor of handing this institution over to the directors of the Jubilee.

So far as red-tape is concerned, there can be no comparison between the requirements for the admission of patients to the isolation hospital and to the Jubilee--for the former requires a "card of admission, no consent of directors, no examination necessary. All can be arranged in less than five minutes with Dr. Fraser--by telephone if necessary.

As for the case under consideration, necessitating quarantine or isolation. It never becomes epidemic, and is only dangerous to surgical cases. That is, a patient in a ward or room where there are patients who have undergone surgical operations.

There was no application for admission to the isolation hospital made to Dr. Fraser at any time in connection with this case; had such an application been made, and any medical man representative of the city, and in a short time would have been placed in the isolation hospital. What appears to the city medical health officer to be required is that the Jubilee hospital should be at once provided with one or more cottages where cases that are not suitable to the general wards can be treated.

An isolation hospital is not a general hospital and should not be considered as such. It is provided to enable the city to cope successfully with epidemics should such arise, and in such contingency, is not provided with nursing staff or regular attendants necessary to the care of the sick.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

CURE FOR SOURRY.

REITHLEY CREEK, APRIL 6, 1899.

Sir: Tell the boys that spruce tea will cure the sourry in the Klondike or anywhere else.

ONSSEL. KATHLEEN CREEK, APRIL 6, 1899.

Sir: It would seem that the latest choice of the council, Mr. Cecil B. Smith, has more worldly wisdom than they gave him credit for, in stipulating that he have guarantee of employment for some definite time, before entering into an engagement with the corporation of Victoria.

Under ordinary circumstances, the stand taken by Mr. Smith is one that might reasonably be expected of any man actuated by common business principles. Any engineer who is acquainted with the facts connected with the late city engineer's position would either be influenced by stress of circumstances or be of a confiding disposition before committing himself to the tender mercies and peculiar sense of honor.

According to Mr. Wilmore's letter asking the council for an increase of salary, he was offered and accepted in 1892 the position now going a begging, at a salary of \$255 per month, which during his six or seven years' tenure of office was cut down to \$150 per month, after which his services were summarily dispensed with, without cause being assigned or reason given, or an opportunity afforded him of defending himself. The council ignoring the protests of the mayor and the majority of the members, a petition from a large and influential number of ratepayers, a protest of the members of the British Columbia Society of Engineers in whose favor the council had also received the professional advice of their acting city barrister against their acting in such an arbitrary and hasty manner.

As all of the above facts were published in the local papers and commented upon by the press, and the professional men and laymen, and those of having any reputation to lose, would enter into an engagement with the city council of Victoria, without safeguarding himself, as far as possible, against his sometimes nefarious methods of dealing with their officials.

Mr. Smeaton Brydon and those of his coadjutors who have not lost their aldermanic heads through being disqualified, are extremely pleased to see the matter alluded to in the local papers, and congratulate themselves in compelling the suffering citizens of Victoria to further suffer their characteristic virtue and honor to be puttering over the ruins of the work of completing the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

When the present council assumed office, they were met with the sewer and Beaver lake and the Fort street paving, and the weather has been favorable for several months, these much-needed works have to wait until the council has decided to meddle with the sewer and Beaver lake, and the Fort street paving.

THE BAYS WILL Do Their Share.

Lacrosse and Basket Ball Among the Attractions They Will Offer.

A Victoria Boy Makes a Record as an Amateur Boxer in England.

The James Bay Athletic Association is getting to be quite a strong organization numerically, there being quite a number of applications for membership to be considered at every meeting of the management committee.

At last evening's meeting thirteen new members were elected, most of them lacrosse players and enthusiasts, who have joined as a result of the Bays including lacrosse in their list of sports. The members elected last evening were: W. Fairall, G. A. Caldwell, E. M. Burns, J. W. Lorimer, J. A. Bland, S. Norman, J. Sprinkling, W. W. Wilson, J. P. Foulkes, H. M. Graham, E. O. S. Schor, R. M. Knox and Thomas R. Cusack.

The lacrosse match with New Westminster has been arranged for the morning of May 24, the game to start at 10 o'clock. The Bays' uniforms will be a navy blue jersey, with white cutts and collars, and the letters J. B. A. on the breast; navy blue knickerbockers with white stripes, and white caps with a navy blue band.

The committee decided to give a smoking concert in honor of the basket ball team next Wednesday evening. Arrangements have been made for a contest with the Seattle basket ball team on Saturday, May 27. The Seattle team are champions of Washington, Oregon and California, and are anxious to meet the Victoria champions.

Messrs. S. Greenhills, Son & Co. wish to intimate to their patrons and old friends that they are now in their new premises, 1011 Broadway, Vancouver. They are showing a larger and better stock of goods than formerly, and respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage. Vancouver, March 30, 1899.

AN ABSURD CHALLENGE. Sir Louis Davies is out with an absurd challenge to the opposition. He says that if he will make a charge against any minister in connection with the Y. U. committee in five minutes, who has been suggesting that any one who had charges to make against ministers? He has been under the impression that the complaint of the people was that he or some other minister of the Crown was implicated in a shady transaction up north? If so he labors under a great deal of delusion. There has been great care on the part of the opposition press and opposition to do anything which might reflect on the personal integrity of ministers in the cabinet, but such speeches as that of the Minister of Agriculture, an undoubted tendency to direct public attention in that direction. There is such a thing as protesting too much.

Sir Louis can have only one object in taking this position, and it is what is known as "drawing a red herring across the scent." The issue is the maladministration of the Yukon. If it is this that Mr. Sifton and his colleagues have been endeavoring to do, it is very ingenious on the part of Sir Louis to seek to raise another question entirely, but we doubt if he can succeed in doing so. Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

THE BAYS WILL Do Their Share.

Lacrosse and Basket Ball Among the Attractions They Will Offer.

A Victoria Boy Makes a Record as an Amateur Boxer in England.

The James Bay Athletic Association is getting to be quite a strong organization numerically, there being quite a number of applications for membership to be considered at every meeting of the management committee.

At last evening's meeting thirteen new members were elected, most of them lacrosse players and enthusiasts, who have joined as a result of the Bays including lacrosse in their list of sports. The members elected last evening were: W. Fairall, G. A. Caldwell, E. M. Burns, J. W. Lorimer, J. A. Bland, S. Norman, J. Sprinkling, W. W. Wilson, J. P. Foulkes, H. M. Graham, E. O. S. Schor, R. M. Knox and Thomas R. Cusack.

The lacrosse match with New Westminster has been arranged for the morning of May 24, the game to start at 10 o'clock. The Bays' uniforms will be a navy blue jersey, with white cutts and collars, and the letters J. B. A. on the breast; navy blue knickerbockers with white stripes, and white caps with a navy blue band.

The committee decided to give a smoking concert in honor of the basket ball team next Wednesday evening. Arrangements have been made for a contest with the Seattle basket ball team on Saturday, May 27. The Seattle team are champions of Washington, Oregon and California, and are anxious to meet the Victoria champions.

Messrs. S. Greenhills, Son & Co. wish to intimate to their patrons and old friends that they are now in their new premises, 1011 Broadway, Vancouver. They are showing a larger and better stock of goods than formerly, and respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage. Vancouver, March 30, 1899.

AN ABSURD CHALLENGE. Sir Louis Davies is out with an absurd challenge to the opposition. He says that if he will make a charge against any minister in connection with the Y. U. committee in five minutes, who has been suggesting that any one who had charges to make against ministers? He has been under the impression that the complaint of the people was that he or some other minister of the Crown was implicated in a shady transaction up north? If so he labors under a great deal of delusion. There has been great care on the part of the opposition press and opposition to do anything which might reflect on the personal integrity of ministers in the cabinet, but such speeches as that of the Minister of Agriculture, an undoubted tendency to direct public attention in that direction. There is such a thing as protesting too much.

Sir Louis can have only one object in taking this position, and it is what is known as "drawing a red herring across the scent." The issue is the maladministration of the Yukon. If it is this that Mr. Sifton and his colleagues have been endeavoring to do, it is very ingenious on the part of Sir Louis to seek to raise another question entirely, but we doubt if he can succeed in doing so. Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

Mr. Sifton and his colleagues may be as innocent of any object in bringing this question up, but we doubt if they are innocent of any object in bringing this question up.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ACHE.

Steamers for The Skeena.

Vessels Will Leave for the Forks on the Twenty-Fifth.

Confirmation of Reported Sale of Steamers Kingston and Seattle.

It was late when the Queen City got away for northern ports last night. She vessel had a full load of freight. She was loaded principally with cannery supplies and had some few shipments for Skeena, Queen Charlotte Islands.

SPRING IS AT HAND. The Yukon Reported to Be Opening Unusually Early—A Fatality on the River.

Messrs. R. H. and J. C. Strickland, G. H. Baplin and W. M. Phillip form a quartette of Dawson diggers over the trail who came down by the Amur to Victoria. They had come up the river at about the same time as the E. G. Little party and were with them when the ice was already running over the Yukon.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

REPORT CONFIRMED. Grand Jury's Presentation.

Many Important Matters Brought to Attention of Presiding Judge.

Necessity of Fire Protection at Schools—Reformatory Improvements.

THE "TOPEKA" COMES HOME. Supposed Total Steam Arrives Under Her Own Steam for Docking and Repair.

The steamer Amur on her arrival yesterday created quite a little ripple of excitement by her report that the wrecked City of Topeka was following close behind and would eventually enter Esquimaux dock before even the Amur could get there.

LATEST FROM THE PORCUPINE. Three Dollars to the Pan on Discovery Claim—A Hard Road to

Three dollars to the pan is the latest report from discovery claim on Porcupine creek in the new Eldorado of the American diggings, which are only a few miles distant from Juneau, and cover a vast territory for the prospectors to work.

The news spread like wild fire and down the trail came the hundreds of prospectors who are assembled in the Porcupine district awaiting the coming of summer to work their claims.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Mr. H. B. Edes, of the Victoria Club, has been elected to the duties as secretary of the club. He is a well known man in the city and has been active in the club's affairs.

Amur Rescues The Seattle.

Found Helpless With Broken Crankshaft and Towed Safely to Juneau.

Sigs of Spring in the Yukon Claim Jumping in Atlin.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

Amur Rescues The Seattle.

Found Helpless With Broken Crankshaft and Towed Safely to Juneau.

Sigs of Spring in the Yukon Claim Jumping in Atlin.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

Amur Rescues The Seattle.

Found Helpless With Broken Crankshaft and Towed Safely to Juneau.

Sigs of Spring in the Yukon Claim Jumping in Atlin.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

Amur Rescues The Seattle.

Found Helpless With Broken Crankshaft and Towed Safely to Juneau.

Sigs of Spring in the Yukon Claim Jumping in Atlin.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

Amur Rescues The Seattle.

Found Helpless With Broken Crankshaft and Towed Safely to Juneau.

Sigs of Spring in the Yukon Claim Jumping in Atlin.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

CLAIM JUMPING IN ATLIN. Hundreds of Last Year's Locations Reported to Have Been Taken Possession Of.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

When weakly, sick and broken down women are seen to gain health and vigor from day to day from the use of Paine's Celery Compound, no room for doubt is left to the most skeptical individual.

Advertisement for A. W. Sees' Food, describing its benefits for health and vitality.

Advertisement for The Prize Dogs, mentioning a dog show and prize money.

Advertisement for Paine's Celery Compound, highlighting its effectiveness for women's health.

Advertisement for The Great Home Medicine, describing its uses for various ailments.

Advertisement for Claim Jumping in Atlin, discussing land claims and legal matters.

Advertisement for The Columbia Flouring Mills Company, listing products and contact information.

Advertisement for R. P. Rithet & Co., proprietors in Victoria, B. C., listing various goods.

Large advertisement for The Columbia Flouring Mills Company, featuring 'Premier, Three Star, Superfine, Graham and Whole Wheat Flour' and listing agents R. P. Rithet & Co. Includes detailed text about flour quality and company information.

