LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

LAST EDITION

49th YEAR. No. 20741. Tomorow's Weather—Much Cooler. LONDON, ONTARIO. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1912. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. Sun Rises Tomorrow, 6:38; Sets, 5:29. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ARMIES OF THE ALLIES CLOSE TO ADRIANOPLE; TURKS LOSE FIRST FIGHT

Half a Million Men Gathering to Siege of City, Which Is Expected To Be Long and Bloody —Fierce Combat in Prospect.

SULTAN'S FORCES FALL BACK BEFORE BULGARIANS IN PASS

[Canadian Press.]

London, Oct. 19.—Half a million men or more armed with the most modern implements of war are gathering round Adrianople, the old capital of Northern Turkey, today, for what military men anticipate will be a long, enduring and hard-fought siege.

The Bulgarian army, estimated to number 200,000 men, reinforced by 50,000 Servians, as soon as war was declared, began to fight its way in three columns through the mountain passes which divide the Balkan States from the territory of the Ottoman Empire. They succeeded in driving back the Turkish outposts, including that at Mustapha Pasha, where it was thought the Turks might make a stand.

Close to Adrianople.

As Mustapha Pasha is only 17 miles from the fortress of Adrianople, a long time cannot elapse before the main armies come into touch.

The Turks already have 200,000 men in position, and thousands more are arriving daily at the front, so that while their adversaries for the moment have some advantage in numbers, the two forces will probably be nearly equal. The Turks are apparently preparing for a great battle, and are satisfied now to withdraw their [illegible] from the frontier posts as their opponents advance. One of the rules issued to war correspondents by the Bulgarian Government is that nothing may be sent regarding any reverse the Bulgarian army may suffer.

The Servian Advance.

A simultaneous advance is also being made by several Servian columns, and, although the report that the Turkish town of Prishtina had been captured by the Servian troops was not accurate, it is believed that they are making some progress. They have taken, according to report, a few minor Turkish positions, and have driven back some bodies of Arnauts, who are savage tribesmen, fighting on the side of the Turks. These tribesmen are thought likely to prove troublesome to both armies, as their main object is loot, and their presence may upset the discipline of the men at whose side they are fighting.

Communication Cut.

It is said in Belgrade that the old Servians and Macedonians have cut the communication between Uskup and Salonica, thus preventing the transport of reinforcements for the Turkish troops at the front. This report lacks confirmation and might have been founded on the fact that the Turks have destroyed a number of bridges between the Servian frontier and Uskup. Another Servian army has been directed across the district of Novipazar, with the object of joining the Montenegrins, who in the earlier stages of the fighting took some Turkish forts on their side of Novipazar. The fighting in this district doubtless accounts for the visit made by the Russian and Austrian ministers to King Nicholas of Montenegro at Podgoritza, as it was this strip of territory which Austria would not allow any other power to occupy. The situation there mihgt cause Europe to be drawn into the conflict.

The opposing forces round the Turkish town of Scutari are still resting, while on the Greek frontier the Turkish troops are sai dto be adopting merely a defensive attitude for the present.

The Greek foreign minister, speaking in the Chamber of Deputies at Athens, said that Turkey up to the last hour had spared no effort to detach Greece from the Balkan States.

NURSES DECLINED WHEN LIFE NET WAS HELD FOR THEM

Fire Brigades Give Demonstration of Apparatus For Benefit of Hospital Trust—Remarkable Time By Auto Truck.

In connection with the meeting of the hospital trust Friday afternoon a test fire alarm was sent in from the hospital, and the different companies made fast runs to the institution.

Superintendent Heard rang the alarm at 2:15 sharp, and three minutes later the Hamilton road company was on the scene, the new motor truck was but half a minute later, beating the chief to the supposed fire by fifteen seconds.

The other pieces of apparatus took the following times to make the run: Central hose wagon, 4 minutes; hook and ladder truck from the central station, 4:15 minutes; South London, 5 minutes, and Rectory street crew, 5:30 minutes.

The times made by the different companies was excellent, considering the state of the streets, which were slippery on account of the rain. This run by the way was the longest that the motor truck has had since its installation.

Use Jumping Net.

Being satisfied with the time made by the firemen, the trustees requested the chief to erect ladders against the nurses' home, and also to show how the jumping net was used. The ladders were erected in quick time, and but slight delay occurred in preparing the jumping net. This piece of apparatus was purchased last spring, and has not been called into use at any fire. It was the cause of much interest on the part of the large number of spectators who were attracted to the scene. Though some of them were asked, none of the nurses could be persuaded to test the efficiency of the net. Two of the firemen jumped from the first and second floor windows into the net.

CRUSHED IN ENGINE BROUGHT TO CITY

Norman Campbell, of East London, Suffers Serious Injuries.

DRAWN INTO THRESHER

Brought to Victoria Hospital With Left Side Severely Crushed. Will Recover.

Mr. Norman Campbell, aged 42, who resides at 17 Grafton street, East London, was brought to Victoria Hospital here Friday night suffering from severe injuries to his left side sustained when he was crushed in a threshing engine at Strathroy.

Mr. Campbell, who is employed by a local manufacturer of harvesting machines, had been in the neighborhood of Strathroy operating a threshing outfit, in some manner he was drawn into the engine and was crushed violently before the motor could be stopped. Mr. Campbell was brought to London on a Grand Trunk train, and was removed to Victoria Hospital, where he is under the care of Dr. McDougal, of Strathroy, and Dr. Hadley Williams, of this city.

NEW JUDGES

W. M. Reade, of Berlin, Appointed Judge of Waterloo County Court.

Ottawa, Oct. 19.—The Canada Gazette today makes official announcement of the following judicial appointments:

Theodore A. McGillivray, Whitby county court judge, Ontario County, and local judge of the high court.

A. A. Mahaffy, Bracebridge, judge of the district court of Muskoka, and local judge of the high court.

H. M. Reade, Berlin, judge of the county court of Waterloo, and local judge of the high court.

CENSURES THE POLICY OF ONTARIO GOVERNMENT

Congress of French Language Approves Resistance to the Bilingual Regulations.

[Canadian Press.]

Quebec, Oct. 19. — The permanent committee of the congress of the French language in Canada has adopted a resolution censuring the Ontario Government for its policy in regard to education in the bilingual schools, approving resistance to such policy by the French and Catholic school commissions of Ontario, and assuring the latter of its entire sympathy.

LONDON OFFERED FIRM $7,000 OR $8,000 TO LOCATE

Thirty Acres and a Cash Grant to Bring Power Down Was Proposed.

COMPANY TO BRING 400 EMPLOYES TO CITY

Letter Received by Mr. Henderson Shows Disadvantage in Securing Industries.

That London is at a disadvantage in the matter of power rates is amply borne out by a letter received today by Mr. J. Grant Henderson, commissioner of industries, from the managing director of a large concern in an eastern city, contemplating locating their plant in this city.

The details of the offer made to the company, and which would have been submitted to the ratepayers in January, were made public by Ald. Spittal, chairman of the manufacturers' committee, when questioned about the matter.

It seems that the committee agreed to give the firm a site, containing 30 acres of land, and a grant of from $7,000 to $8,000 to EQUALIZE THE POWER RATES, so that London could compete with other cities where power was much cheaper. This schedule was to continue for a certain period of years, in order that this city would be on an equal basis with the cities mentioned.

Would Have Employed 400.

"The concern is a large one," said Ald. Spittal. "We regret greatly that we have lost it, as the company agreed to employ 200 people at the beginning, and 400 in a year's time. It was the intention to move the whole works of the firm to London, in a year or two, and then 700 men and women would be engaged. We offered them 30 acres of land, and a cash bonus of $7,000 to $8,000 to equalize the power rates. They have offers of cheaper power than we can give, with the result that we had, in addition to a grant of land, to make a cash donation to cover up this deficiency. This proposition, of course, would be submitted to the ratepayers, and voted on in January next."

Letter on File Now.

The name of the firm is withheld for obvious reasons. The letter is on file in the city hall, and can be read.

The communication to Mr. Henderson is in part given below. A reference is made definitely to the agreement regarding power, clearly showing that the firm were seized of the necessity of securing terms to cover up the deficiency caused by the higher price of power in London. The letter is as follows:

Mr. Henderson,
Commissioner of Industries,
London, Ont.

Dear Sir,—

In further reference to locating our spinning factory in your city, we have looked into the matter very carefully and considered your suggested lowering of the power rate, and offer to assist us in getting a site, which is much appreciated by our directors, but in looking into the labor situation, not merely in London, but in practically all outside towns, we find that help was very difficult to obtain, and that the local manufacturers had difficulty not only in getting sufficient help, but also in retaining same. The tendency for men and women appears to be to flock to large cities.

Therefore, although we have not finally given up hope of locating our spinning factory outside this city, we are going to leave it in abeyance for the present.

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—MUCH COOLER.

Forecasts.

Toronto, Oct. 19—8 a.m.

Today—Strong westerly winds; fair, becoming cooler.

Sunday—Fair and much cooler, followed by rain at night.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
LONDON	66.5	44	Clear
Calgary	42	32	Fair
Winnipeg	44	34	Cloudy
Port Arthur	64	38	Cloudy
Parry Sound	64	48	Clear
Toronto	67	52	Clear
Ottawa	64	58	Cloudy
Montreal	64	58	Rain
Quebec	64	48	Rain
Father Point	56	46	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

The disturbance which was over Manitoba yesterday is now centred in Quebec, and another of decided energy is moving in quickly eastward from the Pacific coast.

Moderate gales, with rain, have been general on the Great Lakes, and the outlook is for a continuance of unsettled weather.

Typhoon In the Philippines Does $25,000,000 Damage

Hundreds of Vessels Lost Along the Coasts and the Dead Amongst Natives May Reach Great Numbers.

[Canadian Press.]

Manila, Oct. 19.—Twenty-five million dollars is the estimated damage done by the typhoon which swept the Philippines on Oct. 16. The storm extended over a wide area, touching Surigao in the south, Tao Toban in the north, and crossing Leyte, Cabu, Bohol, Negros and Panay.

Reports from the various districts are very incomplete, and contain nothing definite concerning the rich sugar districts in Negros nor the interior points in Panay.

Five small coasting steamers were driven ashore and wrecked, while a hundred small sailing vessels were sunk or beached.

The army and navy have both joined the Government in undertaking measures of relief.

The Government is dispatching one steamer to convey the doctors, and another with supplies of food, while it is holding the transport Warrior in reserve.

The total number of dead among the natives has not yet been ascertained.

JUDGE WHO IS PRESIDING IN ROSENTHAL CASE MAKES GRAFTERS TREMBLE.

JUDGE JOHN W. GOFF.

LONDON'S EXHIBITION REQUIRES MORE SPACE

Western Fair Directorate Will Take Up Queston of Providing Additional Accommodation For Exhibitors at Special Session.

At a meeting of the finance committee of the Western Fair, which met on Friday, Secretary A. M. Hunt introduced the question of enlarging the exhibition grounds and having additional buildings erected.

The present congested conditions of the buildings is something which the board realizes must be instantly dealt with, as their present area leaves them no room to expand or introduce new features.

Many exhibitors asked for more space at the exhibition this year, but they could not be accommodated. Several firms had to be refused altogether, as the space was all taken up. The matter of enlarging the grounds will be brought up at the meeting of the board of directors on Wednesday next.

Over $24,000 was the amount of the expense account required to conduct the Western Fair in 1912. This sum does not include the prize money, but is the actual running expenses of the exhibition. There will also be a handsome surplus this year, but the exact figures are not known yet.

A deputation from the London Curling Club waited on the committee with the view to secure the consent of the board for removing the floor in the transportation building and utilize the building in the coming winter. This matter was also referred to the board of directors.

The following members were present at the meeting: President W. J. Reid, Secretary A. M. Hunt, Messrs. T. H. Smallman, Jeffrey Hale, J. H. Saunders, John Pringle and W. M. Spencer.

ENGINEERS' ORGAN ATTACKS COUNCILS AS UNJUST BODIES

Says Members of Profession Will Give This City Wide Berth.

BLAMES THE ALDERMEN IN MR. WRIGHT'S CASE

Declares Attitude of All Cities Is to Deal Unfairly With Officials.

The Canadian Engineer, in the last issue of that journal, has a strong article on the resignation of former City Engineer Geo. W. Wright, and reviews the whole situation regarding municipal engineers throughout the Dominion.

City councils in general come in for criticism in their treatment of officials, and a radical change in the system is advocated.

The article is as follows:

"The city of London has lost the services of their city engineer, Mr. George Wright. Mr. Wright has handed in his resignation as the result of certain statements and criticisms made by the mayor and members of the city council

Known as Good Engineer.

"The number of engineers who have held the city engineership of London is rapidly increasing. The most recent to have accepted the position only to leave it at an early opportunity are Mr. Graydon and Mr. A. H. Van Cleve. Mr. Willis McLaughlin was city electrical engineer also for a period of a few months. These men are known to the profession throughout Canada as capable men and good engineers. What, then, is the trouble in London? Were these men unable to meet the requirements of the London on the trivial charge of poor position?

"The answer is the same one that may be given to the recent trouble in Calgary, when Mr. J. T. Childs, the city engineer, resigned, and to the investigation now pending in Ottawa into the city engineer's department: the absolute lack on the part of city councils of the elementary principles of fairness in dealing with municipal officials, and their utter ignorance of the conditions of engineering work.

Regards Charge as Trivial.

"Mr. Childs was forced to retire from the city engineership of Calgary after many years of service as the result of a most absurd accusation. Mr. Wright now resigns from the city engineership of London on the trivial charge of poor construction of certain sidewalks. A knowledge of the facts which led up to both of these resignations must convince an unprejudiced observer that the

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

GREEKS OFF FOR WAR REMEMBER THERMOPYLAE

Party of 125 Are Wearing the Motto That Inspired Forefathers in 480 B. C.

A special train from Chicago, carrying a party of 125 Greeks, will pass through London on the Grand Trunk before midnight tonight. They are enroute to New York, from whence they will sail for home to take part in the war against Turkey. The Greeks are carrying banners bearing the words of exhortation of the mothers of the sons of ancient Greece who went forth to Thermopylae in 480 B. C., adjured to "Return with your shield or upon it."

ROSE TALKED OF KILLING GAMBLER

The Witness Says "Bald" Jack Made Startling Confession in the Tombs.

SWORE BECKER INNOCENT

Evidence in the New York Trial Damaging to the Prosecution's Case.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Oct. 19. — The defence, so it was understood, still had more than twenty witnesses to call, when the trial of Police Lieut. Becker was resumed today. The list was not made public, however, although it was known that one of the witnesses would be Wm. Shapiro, chauffeur and part owner of the gray "murder car," in which the assassins of Herman Rosenthal fled after shooting him down.

Justice Goff decided yesterday that today's session of the court should be brief, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. only, in order that the jurors might have an opportunity to register for the coming national and state elections.

At the request of John F. McIntyre, Becker's lawyer, District Attorney Whitman produced, when court convened today, stipulations signed by the state, with Jack Rose, "Bridgie" Webber, Harry Vallon and Sam Schepps. They were placed in evidence.

The stipulations provided that if the four men mentioned would testify before the grand jury in the Rosenthal case, they should not be prosecuted for the crime "for gambling, extortion, or for any crime disclosed in the testimony they should give, provided that they had not fired a shot into the body of Rosenthal." The stipulation provided further that they should "tell the truth."

Mr. Whitman also handed Mr. McIntyre the original draft of Rose's confession, written in jail. It was read and placed in evidence.

Rose's Confession.

More than half an hour was consumed in reading Jack Rose's confession, which was published shortly after Rose testified before the grand jury.

Louis Plitt, brother of Charles Plitt, jun., Becker's so-called press agent, took the stand as the first witness. He said that he had visited Jack Rose in the Tombs at Rose's request.

"Did Rose get down on his knees in the Tombs and say to you: 'On the grave and on the memory of my dead mother, I say that Becker had nothing to do with this affair!'"

"Yes, he did," witness replied.

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EXPERIENCED RADIAL MAN APPOINTED AS MANAGER

Mr. N. W. Warburton Will Have Charge of London and Lake Erie Line.

z W. N. Warburton, of Hamilton, who is known as the founder of the radial railway now successfully operated in the vicinity of Chatham and Wallaceburg, was selected to succeed Mr. S. W. Moyer as manager of the London and Lake Erie Transportation Company at a meeting of the directors of the road held in Toronto Friday afternoon.

Mr. Mower, who is leaving to take charge of a railway in New York State, tendered his resignation to take effect on Nov. 1, and Mr. Warburton will assume his duties in this city on the same date.

The new manager of the London and Port Stanley line is at present with the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo road, and, as stated, was previously connected with the Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie Railway.

ANGRY UNIONIST LANDLORDS CREATE SCENE IN COMMONS BY ATTACKING CHANCELLOR

Hiss and Hoot Mr. Lloyd-George, Who Refuses to Give Names of Witnesses in Land Values Inquiry.

HOME RULE MEASURE TURNS SOME SHARP CORNERS SAFELY

[Special Cable to The Advertiser by T. P. O'Connor.]

London, Oct. 19.—Terrible as the fascination of the war in the Balkans is, we in England during the week have been absorbed with our own tremendous conflict.

This conflict received additional impetus and enormously increased bitterness owing to the violent scene between Chancellor Lloyd George and the Unionist landlords in the House of Commons Tuesday night.

Lloyd George Mum.

Challenged as to the private committee which was appointed and financed by Lloyd George and the other advanced land reformers to inquire into land conditions in England, Lloyd George refused peremptorily to promise that the names of witnesses should be revealed to the landlords. The obvious reason for this refusal is that the inquiry deals largely with the wholesale intimidation exercised by the landlords over all the rural land holders and that, unless the witnesses to this tyranny are protected from the landlords, every one would refuse information lest, as a marked man, he could be ruined by the landlords' party.

Chancellor Insulted.

When the Unionists discovered that Lloyd George would not thus play into their hands they burst into a tornado of hissing, yelling continuously for minutes at a time, threw ferocious insults at Lloyd George, drowned his voice every time he attempted to speak and when he had defied and beaten them after a quarter of an hour's fierce struggle, took their revenge by hissing and hooting him as he left the chamber—an unprecedented form of outburst in the annals of the House of Commons.

This terrible outburst took place too late at night to receive full record in the next morning London papers, but the story gradually reached them, and the public, and the scene now is realized as the great turning point in the history both in the immediate and remote future of English politics.

The Liberal papers first noted the remarkable contrast between the comparative tranquility of the Unionists in fighting home rule and their unbridled passion when they were assailing Lloyd George. This leads to the conclusion that what really interests and excites the English Unionists is not home rule for Ireland, but their own threatened monopoly of land in England and their century-old domination of all rural England.

The scene also justifies Lloyd George's skillful strategy, which, by the starting of the land campaign, gives the British Radicals a new great program, which may sweep the country in the next election and submerge in interest all the other topics, including the home rule bill.

Carson's Campaign.

This week has been comparatively smooth, even the Ulsterites fighting with a strange lack of spirit, and scarcely a whisper is heard of those blood-curdling menaces with which Carson's campaign was so lavishly supplied during the vacation.

Another occasion for the lowering of the temperature of the home rule debates is the steady, automatic and merciless working of the drastic closure rule, known as the guillotine. Brought face to face at last with this steam-roller, the Unionists realize the game is up.

Another disturbing factor to them is their discovery that all hopes of Liberal dissensions must vanish. The Liberals troop patiently and silently into divisions night after night, even to the advanced hours of the morning, and have evidently set their teeth for this work of passing the home rule bill with characteristic English bulldog tenacity.

Liberals United.

Everybody confesses that never for years was the Liberal party more determined or more united than at this moment, and that home rule has become to them the sacred mission behind which stand all that moral and emotional enthusiasm which distinguishes Englishmen at their best moments.

All of these things reveal the extraordinary change in the temper of the political parties since the opening of the present sittings. Before the opening of the session the Unionists confidently prophesied that they would drive the ministry out before Christmas, and the Liberals were perplexed and irritated by some losses of by-elections, and the discordant notes of their newspapers.

Now the Liberals expect to remain in office for three years, and even to win the next election after that, while the Unionists acknowledge that the home rule will pass the House of Commons before Christmas with a full and united Liberal majority.

This view is supported by the splendid divisions all through the week, the Liberal majority frequently rising to over one hundred. Two of the sharpest corners of the home rule bill fight were successfully turned this week. There were many misgivings, and Ireland

Continued on Page Five.

LEADER ROWELL TO SPEAK AT MEETINGS

Four Big Gatherings To Be Held in This District Next Week.

TO OPEN AT ILDERTON

And Will Give Addresses Also at Lambeth, Belmont and Thorndale.

A series of meetings have been arranged on behalf of Mr. William Sutherland, the independent candidate, during the coming week. Mr. N. W. Rowell, the Liberal leader, will speak at all the meetings that are now scheduled, spending four days at least in the riding.

The Liberal leader will be assisted by Mr. J. C. Elliott, M. P. P., West Middlesex; Dr. McQueen, M. P. P., for South Wellington; Wm. McDonald, M. P. P., Centre Bruce; Thomas Baty, of Westminster; Joseph Smith, formerly license inspector for Essex, and others.

Mr. Smith has some very interesting information regarding the management of the licens edepartment and other features of the Government's work, and his remark swill surely be listened to with the greateest of attention. When seen by The Advertiser he expressed himself as perfectly willing to discuss these questions with the Government representatives.

The meetings arranged so far are:

Tuesday, at Ilderton—N. W. Rowell, Mr. Elliott and others.

Wednesday, at Lambeth—Mr. Rowell, Thomas Baty, Dr. McQueen and others.

Thursday, at Belmont—Mr. Rowell, Mr. McDonald, Mr. Elliott, and others.

Friday, at Thorndale—Mr. Rowell and the other speakers.

"A great deal of interest is being manifested in the campaign," said Mr. Jared Vining. "The coming of Mr. Rowell has infused great enthusiasm in the workers."

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Knott & Sangster

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, VALUATORS, ARBITRATORS, OPTIONS OBTAINED, MONEY TO LOAN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE, PROPERTIES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR ALL THE NEW SURVEYS LAID OUT IN THE CITY AND SUBURBS, AMONG OTHERS, THE SEE HOUSE PROPERTY, LOTS WITH SIDEWALKS AND SEWER PAID FOR, FROM $12 TO $15 PER FOOT; CARFRAE CRESCENT, McKENZIE ESTATE, BELLEVUE AVENUE, WOLSELEY AVENUE AND A LARGE NUMBER OF LOTS IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY, WHICH CAN BE PURCHASED ON EASY TERMS.

WATERLOO STREET—1¾-story brick veneer, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, 3 cellars, verandah; lot 33x130 feet. Price, $3,600.

DUNDAS STREET—2-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bath and w. c., furnace; lot 23x107 feet. Price, $2,400.

BRUCE STREET—1½-story brick veneer, 4 bedrooms, furnace, electric light, gas and fixtures; lot 32x160 feet. Price, $2,900.

DUNDAS STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms; lot 55x192 feet. Call for particulars.

JOHN STREET—2-story frame; lot 58.9 x148 feet. Price, $2,000.

GUNN STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms; lot 45x140 feet. Price, $800.

RICHMOND STREET—2-story frame; lot 59x125 feet. Price, $2,000.

NELSON STREET—1½-story brick veneer, 3 bedrooms, bath and basin, gas and fixtures, 2 cellars; lot 36x135 feet. Price, $2,000.

HORTON STREET—Semi-detached, 2-story brick, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms in one, 4 bedrooms in other, w. c., gas; lot 55.6x198 feet. Price, $3,500.

GROSVENOR STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room kitchen and pantry and woodshed, gas for cooking, good cellar; lot 40x132 feet. Price, $1,400.

CHELSEA GREEN — 2-story frame, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, room for bath; lot 40x115 feet. Price, $1,500.

PALL MALL STREET — Two-story brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 47.4x133 feet. Price, $4,000.

TALBOT STREET—Two-story brick, 5 bedrooms, all modern conveniences, hot water heated, brick stable and driveway; lot 127x170 feet. Call for particulars.

QUEEN'S AVENUE—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, room for bath, gas; lot 28x135 feet. Price, $2,000.

JOHNSON STREET—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, electric light and gas, cellar, lot 40x90 feet. Price, $1,400.

SIX ACRES—North of Knollwood Park; small house. Price, $1,100.

WREAY STREET—Brick-veneer cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, lot 30x170 feet. Price reduced to $1,075.

ELMWOOD AVENUE — Two-story brick, stone foundation, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 104.6x166 feet. Price, $4,500.

HELLMUTH AVENUE — Two-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x145 feet. Call for particulars.

MARY STREET — 1½-story brick, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, room for bath, piped for furnace, piped for gas, lot 36.9x167 feet. Price, $1,900.

ENGLISH STREET—Two-story brick, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, hot water heated, lot 43x150 feet. Call for particulars.

RENWICK AVENUE—1¾-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x150 feet. Call for particulars.

CRAIG STREET—2½-story red pressed brick, stone foundation, 8 bedrooms, modern conveniences, laundry tubs, grates, veranda. Lot 35x96 feet. Call for particulars.

WORTLEY ROAD—2-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandas. Lot 37x105 feet. Price $3,500.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—1½-story brick veneer, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences. Lot 30x115 feet. Price $1,950.

¾ ACRES—In thriving village, 5 miles from city, brick cottage, stable, good henhouse. Price $700.

ADELAIDE STREET—1¼-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bath and w.c., wired for electric light and piped for gas; all in first-class repair; splendid corner lot, 57x60 feet; room for another house on corner; the locality is first-class. Call and get particulars

VAN STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, furnace, gas, barn, lot 25x206 feet. Price, $2,000.

MAITLAND STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, lot 55x140 feet. Price, $1,550.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, room for bath, gas and fixtures, good cellar, verandah at front and side, lot 41x132 feet. Price, $1,900.

VACANT LOT—William street, 40x132 feet. Call for particulars.

RIDOUT STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms; lot 120x200 feet. Price, $1,400.

FARMS—We have a number of first-class farms for sale near the City of London. If you wish to purchase a farm this fall we would be much pleased to give you a list. We also want more farms for sale. If you have a farm for sale, we will sell it on the same terms we do city property—no charge unless sold by or through us. We have a number of people now inquiring, and if you have a farm for sale we may be able to make an immediate sale for you.

HYMAN STREET—Two-story brick, modern, lot 40x143; good value. $4,500.

GROSVENOR STREET—1½-story red brick-veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 33x140 feet Price, $2,850.

DORINDA STREET — Brick veneer cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, gas and fixtures. Lot 32.6x147 feet. Price $1,800. Easy terms.

WELLINGTON STREET—THE BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE OF SIR JOHN CARLING. THIS IS A MOST BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY IN THE BEST RESIDENTIAL LOCALITY IN THE CITY. THIS WILL BE SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE. THE LOT IS 52x150 FEET. WE HAVE THE KEYS. CALL AND SEE US.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT WE HAVE FOR SALE CALL AND SEE US.

ONTARIO FARMING

If your present occupation is uncertain or unprofitable, or if it is injuring your health, buy a farm in Ontario and engage in an out door occupation, which will yield you a sure income, give you robust health, and make you independent.

We have farms for sale in every county in Western Ontario suitable for all who want to engage in any kind of farming.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms, which we have for sale:

No. 6778—150 acres in Middlesex County, soil dark clay loam, 5 acres timber, 2 acres orchard, 1½-story brick house, splendid out-buildings; farm in good condition. A good farm for grain or grazing. 4 miles to market, 2½ miles to R. R. station, 10 miles to London.

No. 6775—100 acres in Lambton County, soil good clay loam, 2 acres orchard, 1½-story frame house, a number of out-buildings, all in good repair, 6 miles to market and R. R. station, telephone line past the house. Price, $5,500.

No. 6733—97 acres in Grey County; soil clay and gravelly loam, 7 acres timber, ½ acre orchard, 1½-story house, barn, with stone stabling, other out-buildings. Price, $2,500. Will exchange for town property.

No. 6770—77 acres in Oxford County, soil clay and clay loam, 1 acre mixed fruit, 1½-story roughcast house, barn on stone wall, other out-buildings, 2 miles to market and R. R. station.

For further list of farms, which we have for sale, see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of farms for sale.

The Western Real Estate Exchange, Ltd.

TELEPHONE 696. 78 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONTARIO.

Splendid Cottage

Modern, desirable locality. Large lot. All kinds of fruit.

15 MARLE YPLACE. b

Nice Brick Cottage

Seven rooms, good cellar, electric light, gas, large stable and henhouse, extra large lot, nicely situated. For sale or exchange for 15 or 20 acres, near city.

Jonah Stanley

Real Estate Broker, 59 Dundas Street. tzx

"ARDAVEN," R. C. MACFIE'S RESIDENCE, Ridout street south, also building lots, 40x100; water, gas and sewer to each lot; few minutes' walk from centre of city. The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited. 23ntx

Edmonton

For safe investments in inside city property.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

RICHARDSON & McMILLAN

109 Howard Avenue, Edmonton. tyw

SOME CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE, SOUTH LONDON.

R. H. SMITH, 15 [illegible]ton St.

Phone 2998. ywt

NEW RED PRESSED BRICK (SOLID), two-story and attic, slate roof, double parlors, four bedrooms, bath and closet separate, front and back stairs, dumb waiter, double-deck verandah, full width of house, basement full size, with two-piece enamel laundry, hot water heating, with instantaneous gas heater, gas and electric wired, with fixtures, high-class plumbing, exposed parts nickel-plated, oak mantel, two oak arches and oak front stairs, finished in cypress, oak and fir wood; soil high and dry; lot 41x120; ten minutes' walk from market. Price, $4,700. Phone 2077. Apply 11 Victor street. 4fc-txt

BEST BUILT HOUSE,

in city, one-story brick-veneer cottage, near Chesley avenue school, 6 rooms and hall, lot 35 feet frontage. Only $350 cash down, balance easy payments.

A. A. CAMPBELL,
No. 428 Richmond Street.
41k-ty

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON GLENWOOD estate, Hamilton road; $175 will buy the two; a big snap. B. Blackburn, Moatlach, Sask. 37bg

FARM FOR SALE, 100 ACRES, SOUTH half lot 11, con 6 Westminster Township. Apply Miss J. Nichol, 7 Maryboro Place, London. 87tf-t

RESIDENCE OF THE LATE SIR JOHN CARLING, WELLINGTON STREET, FACES VICTORIA PARK; CHEAP AT $12,000; MUST BE SOLD TO CLOSE ESTATE; MAKE OFFER TO US. KNOTT & SANGSTER. MASONIC TEMPLE. 27tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—4½ ACRES, good house and barn, edge city, fine location. Box 100, Advertiser. 37c-ywt

NEW TWO-STORY RED BRICK, MODERN—Will sell on easy terms. Apply 910 Lorne avenue. 33tf

150 ACRES BEST CLAY LOAM, in crop; London, nine miles; phone; daily mail, church, school, store, blacksmith convenient. Address D. H. Arnott, Queen's avenue, London, Ont.

BEAUTIFUL PRINCESS AVE.

Residence, 2½-story brick, stone foundation, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern appointments, lot 50 feet frontage. Price, $8,000. Immediate possession. For terms and particulars apply

A. A. CAMPBELL,
No. 428 Richmond Street.
41n-tzx

IF YOU HAVE A GOOD LOT WE WILL build you a house, and the rent will pay for it. Address Box 97, Advertiser office.

TEN MEN WILL BUY 100 ACRES OF fruit and truck land near Tampa, Fla.; healthiest locality on earth; will give twenty acres free for planting and farming, and co-operating with me; expenses advanced; opportunity of lifetime. J. B. Perrine, 72 Adams street, Chicago. b

What You Save Every Month

If judiciously invested in Western Canada real estate will bring you many times bank interest. Wise investors are now looking to

Fort Fraser, B.C.

as the city of opportunity. Come in or send for facts that show the reason why.

Western Canada Realty Company

169 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

If you want a cheap lot in South London, look at the Baker Survey, on the east side of Ridout street. Sewer connections, sidewalks, etc.

We have lots all over the city.

COLBORNE STREET, near Piccadilly street—2-story frame house on brick foundation, 8 rooms, modern improvements; lot 28½x150 feet. Price, $2,300.

TALBOT STREET—A new 2-story red pressed brick house, slate roof, 10 rooms, hot water heating, with all other modern improvements; corner lot. Price, $6,500.

MAITLAND STREET, near Princess avenue—2-story brick house, 8 rooms, in perfect order, modern improvements; nice lot. Price, $2,900.

COLBORNE STREET NORTH—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 6 rooms; lot 35x200 feet. Price, $1,250.

EAST LONDON—A new 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, large basement, modern improvements, lot 31x146 feet. Price, $2,600. A low figure for a quick sale.

PRINCESS AVENUE, CENTRAL—A neat brick cottage, 4 rooms, lot 34x59 feet. Price, $1,100.

OXFORD STREET WEST—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, 1½ acres of garden land. Price, $1,700. The land is worth the figure we ask.

HAMILTON ROAD—Frame cottage, 5 rooms, in good order, frame barn, lot 45x100 feet. Price, $1,200. County taxes.

PICCADILLY STREET—A handsome 2-story brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, large verandah; lot 52x127.5 feet. Call for price. Owner in the West.

GOOD LOTS ON ENGLISH STREET; also Dufferin avenue east. North end lots are selling fast.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—A new 2-story brick house, 9 rooms, large basement, all modern improvements; lot 37.7x148 feet. Price, $4,600.

WILLIAM STREET, near Princess avenue—1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, furnace, gas, hot water; lot 30x132 feet. Price $2,650. Also vacant lot on this block.

WELLINGTON STREET NORTH—Large frame cottage, on brick foundation, lot 50x109 feet. Price, $2,000.

ADELAIDE STREET—A new 1½-story red pressed brick house, 8 rooms, all modern improvements. New frame barn. Lot 34x150 feet to a lane. Price $2,500.

WILLIAM STREET — Central, 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, modern improvements. Lot 37x152 feet. Price $2,800.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—New 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements. Price reduced to $1,950. Owner going west.

PICCADILLY STREET—A new 1¾-story solid brick house, stone foundation, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 40x122 feet. At a bargain.

MAITLAND AND ST. JAMES STS.—1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, corner lot. Price $2,700.

YORK STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, finished in style, lot 40x246 feet. Don't miss this chance. Owner going west.

RIDOUT STREET, near Emery street—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, in good order; lot 200x200 feet. $1,400.

LORNE AVENUE—New 1½-story brick, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, nice lot. Price, $2,500.

P. WALSH

PHONE 358. 425 RICHMOND STREET.

ANDERSON & CO.

Room 22, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

2 acres—Frame house, barn, henhouse, well, ground laid in fruit; just outside the city limits, near the car line. $2,500.

2¾ acres—Brick house, with furnace, barn, stable, henhouse, rural mail delivery; near the car line. $2,600.

8 acres—Market Garden, 1½-story brick house, barn, stable, greenhouse, 2½ miles from the city.

10 acres—Market Garden, good buildings. $3,500.

25 acres—1 mile from the city; 2-story brick house, bank barn, young orchard in full bearing; immediate possession.

38 acres—1½-story frame house, barn 30x40, stable 14x20, 1 acre orchard, 3½ miles to London market, ½ mile from the car line.

50 acres—Lobo Township, good buildings, 2 acres orchard; close to church and school.

50 acres—Near the car line, 1½-story brick house, bank barn, large henhouse, running water, soil clay loam.

50 acres—Lobo Township, brick house, bank barn, good orchard, soil clay loam, close to village, church and school.

70 acres—2-story brick house, bank barn 40x80, good orchard, soil clay loam, on the car line.

73 acres—Lobo Township, frame house, bank barn, henhouse, hogpen, rural mail delivery, ¼ mile from the village.

73 acres—Westminster Township, 1½ miles from the city, frame house, bank barn, cement silo, pigpen, implement shed, henhouse, telephone connection, ¾ miles from the car line.

90 acres—London Township, 15 minutes walk from the car line, brick house, bank barn 40x70, 15 acres of beech and maple, small stable; easy terms for the balance.

100 acres—London Township, near Ilderton, brick house, frame out-buildings. $6,500.

100 acres—Westminster Township, brick house, bank barn, windmill, etc., 5 miles from London.

100 acres—London Township, 1½-story brick house, bank barn, good orchard, 7 miles from London.

100 acres—Nissouri Township, 2-story brick house, large bank barn, soil clay loam, 2 miles from Thorndale. Will accept a house in the city or a smaller place near London as part payment.

100 acres—London Township, 15 acres of beech and maple, 2-story brick house, barn 40x90, and 40x60, drive barn 16x24.

125 acres—1½-story brick house, 7 bedrooms, bank barn 40x72, basement fitted for stabling for 40 head of stock, good house 16x18, cement block silo 12x38, 80 acres seeded, 11 acres of fall wheat, orchard of 350 trees, sugar bush 300 maples, 3 miles from the city, 10 minutes walk to traction station. See this for a first-class farm.

150 acres—Dorchester Township, 1½-story brick house, barn 176x55, stable 45x35, silo 21x24, granary 30x24, implement 42x32, hogpen 18x24, cheese factory on the farm, and modern dairy farm, 8 miles from London.

See Free Press for partial list of city properties.

Money to loan. Insurance effected.

ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE

on Hyman street, 2½-story red brick, 10 rooms, gas and coal grates, mantels, all modern appointments. Easy terms. Price, $7,700.

A. A. CAMPBELL,
No. 428 Richmond Street.
41n-tzw

FOUR ACRES OF LAND, GOOD BRICK house, stable and chicken pen, abundance of small fruit. Apply William Milne, Mount Brydges. 37n-ywt

FOR SALE — STORY AND HALF frame house, on Delaware avenue, Pine Lawn; part modern; large lot, with fruit trees. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, Talbot street. ywt

NEW TWO-STORY HOUSE, MODERN conveniences, cheap, easy terms; five minutes on Traction line. Rowland Stephens. Telephone 190. 73tf-wty

Weather Probs: Fair and Cooler | **SMALLMAN & INGRAM, Limited** | *Store Closes at 6 p.m. Today*

New Room Rugs and Carpets for Artistic Home Decoration

The most enjoyable task of "My Lady of the House" is to adorn and embellish the home and render it cozy and snug, not only a place of warmth and shelter, but it must be comfortable and satisfying, and restful to the eye. Your Carpets and Rugs are the foundation that you must build on to get this harmony and exclusiveness in your home decoration. It is therefore not surprising that the modern weavers of Carpets and Rugs are continually on the alert to equal or even surpass the beautiful and sumptuous work of the ancient carpet weavers of the Orient. We have gathered from the carpet looms of the world their choicest designs, which make for the beauty, utility and comfort of the home. We invite you to visit our Carpet and Rug Department, and to compare our prices.

Seamless Axminster Rugs

In soft pastel colorings, also Wedgewood effects, plain two-tone Rugs with simple band border design in brown, green and blue; dainty French design for parlor or reception room; oriental designs for hall, dining-room or library.

Size 9x9.....$18 to $35
Size 9x10.6.....$21 to $45
Size 9x12.....$24 to $60
Size 10.6x12....$33 to $75

Wilton Rugs

Seamed and seamless. Our imported Wilton Rugs are unsurpassed for beauty of design and good wearing qualities. Owing to the closeness of the Wilton weave, it is possible to reproduce to even the smallest detail the artistic design and colorings of the most expensive antique.

Size 2¼x3..$15 to $28.50
Size 3x3.....$25 to $45
3x3½...$25.00 to $45.00
Size 3x4 ...$29.50 to $75
Size 3¾x4..$39.50 to $85

Brussels Rugs

Exclusive designs in Brussels Rugs, suitable for every room in the home. A wonderful diversity of designs and colorings, oriental, chintz, conventional and floral effects

2½x3.....$12.50 to $21
3x3.....$13.50 to $25
3x4.....$15.50 to $27.50
3¾x4.....$27 to $35
3¾x4½ .....$32 to $39

Cocoa Mats

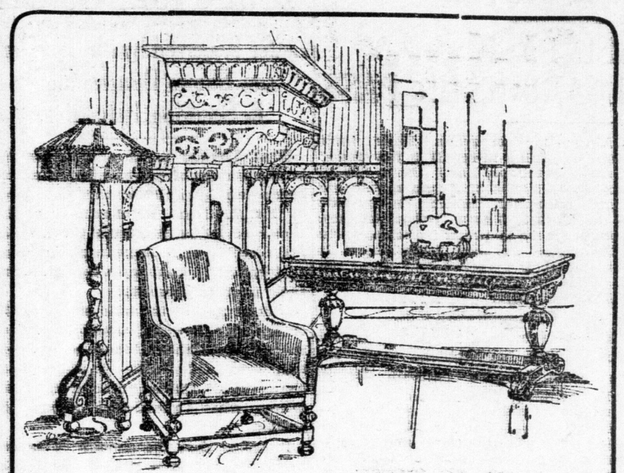
Protect your carpets, rugs and draperies from dust and dirt by having a good Cocoa Mat at your entrance doors. Prices from..60¢ to $5.00

SPECIAL SIZES MADE TO YOUR ORDER.

Washable Bath Mats

Your bathroom is not complete without at least one of these Washable Mats. We have them in blue, white and green tile effects and pretty conventional designs in blue and green.

Size 27x54-inch $2.50
Size 36x62-inch $3.65



The Importance of Furnishing With Good Furniture

When you furnish your house you furnish it for tomorrow as well as for today; for next year as well as for this year. Therefore you naturally want Furniture that will not quickly wear out and that is not likely in a few years to be out of style.

Have you ever informed yourself concerning Berkey & Gay Furniture? Permit us to tell you something about it. In almost every line of merchandise or commodity there are well-known brands which have established standards of excellence and values, that are accepted without question as being the best that may be secured. So it is with

Berkey & Gay Furniture

When one who has studied the art of furniture making, one who knows Furniture, finds in your home a Berkey & Gay piece you may be sure that he will appreciate the discretion you exercised in choosing it.

Berker & Gay Furniture is made for people who like what is genuine, endurable and artistically worth while, and is the most potent of all the forces that are tending to make homes beautiful. And It is Furniture that you can afford.

This store is the only place in London in which you will find Berkey & Gay Furniture. It is intrusted only to dealers of established reputation. Some beautiful pieces are now shown in newly furnished home in Furniture Section, fourth floor.

If the piece you want is not on the floor we will be pleased to show you photographs from catalogue of the newest output of the factory—you will appreciate these.

Carpets

There are rooms where a Rug cannot be used to good advantage, and there are many who still prefer their floor completely covered. Our range of Carpets with and without borders was never more complete. We have just put into stock a large consignment of Axminster Carpets from Templeton's, England, and new Brussels, Wiltons and Tapestries in endless variety have been added to our stock. We invite you to see these Carpets as the designs are new and very attractive.

Tapestry Carpets, border to match, yard...60¢ to $1
Brussels Carpets, borders to match, yd..85¢ to $1.50
Velvet Carpets, borders to match, yard $1.25
Wilton Carpets, borders to match, yd.$1.50 to $2.25
Axminster Carpets, borders to match..$1.25 to $3.50
Stair Carpets and Runners to match above.

Hearth Rugs

In every home there is bound to be a corner here and there which needs a Rug to complete the artistic effect or perhaps to cover up a worn place in the carpets. We are showing a complete line of Hearth Rugs, Palace Strips and Door Mats. Prices from.....$1.50 to $22.50

Den Rugs

In odd sizes and in suitable designs for den decorations, in Axminster, Wilton, Brussels and Tapestry. Sizes:

4.6x6....$8.75 to $21.00
6x7.6 ....$6.50 to $32.00
6.9x9...$11.00 to $35.00

Scotch Art Squares

Made in Scotland from pure wool yarn. A full range of sizes and colorings, dainty shades of blue, green, mauve, rose and French gray.

Size—
7.6x9 .....$8.25 to $9.50
9x9 ....$10.00 to $13.50
9x10.6..$13.75 to $15.75
9x12 ...$15.00 to $18.00

Bissell Carpet Sweepers

In every part of the house a Bissell is an every-day necessity. No other cleaning device, suction or vacuum, can gather the miscellaneous litter that the Bissell Sweeper will take off your floors, and this is where the Bissell excels all other cleaning devices. Prices from.....$2.60 to $4.25

CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, WALL PAPER AND FURNITURE—THIRD FLOOR.

AVOID DELAY.
TAKE WEST ELEVATORS TO FOURTH FLOOR.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

Lobster Salad, Bread and Butter and Cup of Tea or Coffee, 10c—From 3 to 5:30

MISCELLANEOUS.

BIG MONEY WRITING SONGS—HUNDREDS of dollars have been made by successful writers. We pay 50 per cent of profits if successful. Send us your original poems, songs or melodies today, or write for free particulars. Dugdale Company, Dept. 732, Washington, D. C. law-t-Nov.2

DIABETES CAN NOW BE CURED WITH the new German discovery, "Sanol's Anti-Diabetes." Price, $2. Kidney trouble, gall stones, lumbago, gravel and kindred ailments cured with the new German remedy, "Sanol," $1.50, from Anderson & Nelles, 268 Dundas street, or Sanol Manufacturing Company, Winnipeg, Man. Booklet free.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

CAPABLE OLD COUNTRY DOMESTICS—Scotch, English and Irish; party arriving about Oct. 12, and fortnightly after. The Guild, 71 Drummond street, Montreal, and 47 Pembroke street, Toronto, Ont. Nov.3

$5 DAY AND UPWARDS MADE BY inexperienced salesmen or women on our Christmas goods; samples free; send postage, 20 cents. J. L. Nichols Company, Toronto, Canada. 35bd

BUSINESS CARDS.

FARMERS, ATTENTION.

WE WANT YOUR POULTRY

Bled Poultry is most valuable. Bleed yours, and we will pay you an extra cent a pound.

F. HUBBARD & CO.,
101 King Street. zxt Phone 1828.

FOR BICYCLES, MOTORCYCLES AND REPAIRING,

F. BENSON & CO.,
615 Dundas Street.

DUSTY CARPETS

Can be cleaned without taking them up. All rugs, furniture, walls, etc., cleaned satisfactorily by the American Air Cleaning Wagon.

J. SAGE, VACUUM CLEANER.
Phone 3766. ywt 578 York Street.

A. J. DOGGERELL, AUDITOR AND accountant. 776 Wellington street. Phone 1949.

PERKINS & SON, LONDON'S LEADING livery, formerly Dyer Bros., Dundas street, next The Advertiser. Phone 1377.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE UPHOLSTERED

At Symes', 675 Dundas Street. Phone 2579.

AMERICAN DRESSMAKER — LADIES' high-class waists, dresses and skirts made; reasonable prices. Mrs. Knopf, 578 King street. 39c

NOTICE—BRING IN YOUR WAGONS, sleighs and cutters. Winter is coming. Good work, prices right. John R. Munro, 555 Richmond street.

ELECTROPLATING — NICKEL OUR specialty. Special attention given automobile work. C. E. Beltz, 94 Carling street. Phone 263.

CHIROPRACTIC.

Clara Kilbourne, D. C.

GRADUATE CHIROPRACTOR.
Hours, 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p.m. Phone 3353.
321 QUEEN'S AVENUE.
Consultation and Examination Free. ywt

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer—Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MILK ROUTE FOR SALE, 7c TRADE. Apply Box 115, Advertiser. 41c

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—SPLENDID general store business in good live manufacturing town. Will exchange for real estate in large town or city, or will take good improved farm near city. We make a splendid offer. It will pay you to look into it. Box 116, Advertiser. 41g

BLACKSMITH SHOP AND TOOLS FOR sale or to rent; good business; no opposition; good reasons for selling. Apply to C. B. Sparling, Camlachie. 41n

FOR SALE — GENERAL STORE AT Aberarder, with postoffice attached; good country business for anyone wishing to take charge at once. Apply A. B. Frayne, Aberarder, Ont. 35bc

PATENTS.

P. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and Solicitor of Patents, Central avenue, London, Ontario, Canada. Phone.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

GRAND A. J. SMALL PROP — TWICE TODAY 2:15—8:15.

All English Company

THE BLINDNESS OF VIRTUE

Positively the best acted play to be seen here this season.

PRICES MATINEE—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. NIGHT—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. SEATS ON SALE.

Tuesday Night "EXCUSE ME"

Henry W. Savage offers the funniest farce in the world.

A PULLMAN CARNIVAL IN 3 SECTIONS

By Rupert Hughes.

2,000 MILES OF TRAVEL WITH A LAUGH EVERY FOOT OF THE WAY.

With Willis P. Sweatman and the Cast seen one year in New York.

PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. SEATS ON SALE.

WEDNESDAY AND Thursday Nights Only — Bunty Pulls the Strings

Farewell Engagement,

A comedy of Highland life by GRAHAM MOFFAT.

Original Company

Prices—25c,50c,75c,$1,$1.50.

SEATS MONDAY, 9 A.M.

NEXT SATURDAY — MATINEE AND NIGHT

JOSEPH BROOKS Presents **WM. H. CRANE IN A NEW COMEDY**

"THE SENATOR KEEPS HOUSE"

BY MARTHA MORTON.

PRICES: Mat., 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1. Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

SEATS THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24.

NOV. 7, 8 & 9 EVENINGS PRECISELY AT 8 O'CLOCK. MATINEE AT 2 O'CLOCK.

Three Nights, Matinee Saturday, Nov. 9

Seats on Sale Monday, November 4, 9 a.m.

KLAW & ERLANGER'S NEW & GREATER

BEN-HUR

Staged on a Scale of Unparalleled Splendor

12 Horses in Thrilling Chariot Race

Original London and New York Production

200 People 12 Chariot Horses Orchestra of 24

PRICES MATINEE: Entire lower floor, $1.50; entire balcony $1; gallery (not reserved), 50c. NIGHT PRICES: First 12 rows lower floor, $2.00; remainder, $1.50; first two rows balcony, $2; next three rows, $1.50; remainder, $1; gallery (not reserved), 50c.

Mail orders, accompanied by remittance and self-addressed stamped envelope for reply, will be filled in the order of receipt after people in line are served on the opening day of seatsale.

PROMENADE BAND CONCERT

Given by the Army Medical Corps.

ARMORIES.

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 23, 8 p. m.

FIRST HUSSARS BAND,

assisted by Mrs. Adam Beck, soprano; Mr. Ed. Webster, baritone; Scotch and Irish dances, and other talent.

Admission, 10c; balcony, 25c. 41u-ty

Mr. W. A. Bluethner announces

FRIEDHEIM

The wonderful pianist, greatest Liszt interpreter, assisted by the splendid Baritone,

Russell G. McLean

At Auditorium

THURSDAY OCTOBER 24

Admission, $1.50, $1.00 and 50 cents. Plan for reserved seats opens Monday, Oct. 21, at Mason & Risch piano store. Mason & Risch Concert Grand Piano used. 41u

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BAZAAR and SALE OF WORK

Knollwood Park Church

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1912,

Afternoon and Evening.

Admission free. Come. 41u-tx

ST. MICHAEL'S BAZAAR. ST. PETER'S Parish Hall, Monday, 21st. to 26th. Excellent bill of fare for supper and dinner. Cortese Bros.' Orchestra in attendance every evening. Everybody welcome. Meal tickets, 25c, or 5 for $1. 41c

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50 Lines

Over fifty steamship lines and hundreds of ocean ships to all parts of the world. Tickets sold by F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, the specialty ticket agent for ships and boats everywhere. Do you want to find anything out about ships? Consult him. He will inform you.

Old Country

Tickets by all lines. Special sailings for Christmas. Reserve at once. Berths rapidly filling up.

F. B. CLARKE

416 RICHMOND STREET,

Next Bank of Commerce, London.

RUSSELL T. COLLINS, TENOR—CONCERT and oratorio, 14 Elmwood avenue. Phone 3048.

CONCERT BY FOREST CITY MALE Quartette, assisted by Mr. Stanley Newton, reader, Memorial Methodist Church, Tuesday, Oct. 22. Tickets, 15 cents. 41u

SIMCOE ROLLER RINK — GRAND opening tonight. Newly-surfaced floor. Band in attendance. b

RUMMAGE SALE, THURSDAY AND Friday, Oct. 24 and 25, afternoon and evening, gymnasium of Askin Street Methodist Church, under auspices of Ladies' Aid. Apen at 2 p.m. Also sale of home cooking. Lunch served in basement. 39cwty

JUBILEE ROLLER RINK—BAND OF the First Hussars tonight. Instructions for beginners every afternoon, also Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. b

DANCING—SPECIAL NOTICE: MASTERS', misses' and ladies' afternoon class opens Saturday, Oct. 26, 3 o'clock. Evening classes, beginners: Gentlemen, Tuesday; ladies, Thursday. Circulars. Phone Dayton & McCormick.

CORTESE BROS., LONDON HARPERS —Engagements accepted for all occasions. Phone 1806. 131 Fullarton street. 7tf

MILLARD'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY—Call and register at once. Phone 2481. 345 Princess avenue. 26tf

LONDON MINERAL BATHS, DUNDAS street west—Best attention. Open daily. Baths, 25c and 50c.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers. 122 Queen's avenue.

TOPPING'S LADIES' HARP ORCHESTRA—Engagements accepted for concerts, receptions and other social functions. Phone 91, Ring 3, Byron; or address Tambling's Corners, Ont. 27tf

TONY CORTESE & SON'S ORCHESTRA —Original London Harpers. 161 Maple street. Phone 1570.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, FRIDAY MORNING—BLUE SILK umbrella, on Oxford car No. 70, going south. Kindly return to Advertiser. b

LOST, BETWEEN HELLMUTH AVENUE and Huron street—Torn envelope containing $5 bill. Please return to Gray & Parker. 41c

LOST, BETWEEN ST. GEORGE street and Byron avenue, on Wellington, or belt car—Hand satchel, containing money and diamond ring. Reward at 73 Byron avenue. 41c

LOST — BETWEEN 731 RICHMOND and St. George's school, lady's newly-soled boot. Reward for return to 731 Richmond. b

LOST, ON THURSDAY NIGHT, OVER Clark's bridge—Black feather boa. Reward at 91 High street. Mrs. Buckingham. 40u

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. GEO. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST, 169½ Dundas street. Phone 975.

STOCK BROKERS.

FOR SALE — PEOPLE'S LOAN AND Savings shares. John Wright, stockbroker, 437 Richmond street, London. Phone 693.

BORN. MARRIED. DIED.

DEATHS

HARDINGHAM—In this city, on Thursday, Oct. 17, 1912, Elsie May, beloved and only daughter of Henry G. and Charlotte Hardingham, aged 29 years. Funeral private. b

McINTOSH—Passed peacefully away, on Friday evening, Oct. 18, 1912, at her home, 171 Kent street, London, Ont., Margaret Dougal, beloved wife of Duncan McIntosh, and daughter of the late Henry Dougal, of Barrie, Ont., aged 66 years.

Funeral on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, to Woodland Cemetery. b

WALKER—At Vancouver, on Sunday, Oct. 13, 1912, William Walker, formerly brick manufacturer, of this city, aged 65 years.

Funeral from George Logan's undertaking parlors on Sunday, Oct. 20, at 3:30 p.m.; service at 3 o'clock. Interment at St. Andrew's Cemetery. 40u

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTANT bookkeeper; must have experience in double entry. Apply Somerville Paper Box Company. 41tf

HORSESHOERS WANTED—SIX FLOOR men; steady job, highest wages. Hall & Son, 19 Baltimore east, Detroit, Mich. 41m

CLERK WANTED — APPLY GRAND Trunk freight office. 41c

WANTED—COOPER ON APPLE BARRELS. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont. 40n

ENGINE LATHE HAND WANTED. Apply London Gas Power Company, Laura street, East London. 40c

WANTED—ATTENDANTS AT HOSPITAL for Insane. Apply to Superintendent. 39c

$10.00 BUYS THE FORMULA FOR AN auto tire filler; absolutely guaranteed; total cost, $4.00 per wheel; sample filler, 25 cents. Central Supply Co., Kansas City, Mo. b

AGENTS—DO YOU WANT TO MAKE big money? Then write today for our plan; be independent. J. S. Beaumont Co., Dept. 8, 53 Hochelaga West, Moose Jaw, Sask. 41c-t

START A HOME BUSINESS THAT will bring you $100 monthly. I made $8,500 first year with same business; spare time; no canvassing. I will show you how. Instructive book free. Voorhies, Desk 814, Omaha, Neb. b

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR; references required. Apply 113 Advertiser. 41c

$20 WEEKLY FOR FEW HOURS' WORK taking orders for cut-rate groceries. Redpath's Granulated Sugar, 4c pound; everything at cut-rates; experience unnecessary; outfit free. Cut-Rate Grocery Co., Windsor, Ont. b

AN APPRENTICE TO LEARN BARBERING. Apply J. Frezell, East London. 39c

YOUTH WANTED. APPLY TO HEAD Waiter, Tecumseh House. 39c

BOY, TO BEGIN AT $4. W. E. SAUNDERS, 352 Clarence. 39tf

WANTED—NIGHT BAGGAGEMAN, C. P. R.; married man preferred; steady employment. Apply J. Shaw, agent. 39c

CARPENTERS WANTED AT ONCE. Silverwoods, Limited, Bathurst street. 39c

GOOD JOINTER MACHINE HAND wanted; good wages, steady work. Dominion Office and Store Fitting Company, Limited. 39c

WANTED — MACHINIST, RUSSELL Motor Car Company. Lathe hands, milling machine operators, die sinkers and toolmakers. 39n

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE required; positions assured; earn good wages while learning. Write today for list of hundreds of positions now open paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. Address Dept. 558, National Salesmen's Training Association, 156 Yonge street, Toronto, Ont. 29k-t

BE A DETECTIVE—MANY OPPORTUNITIES locally or travelling; earn $100 to $300 monthly; profitable, fascinating and exciting; experience unnecessary; free booklet gives valuable information. Loraine System, Dept. 156, Boston, Mass. t

I WILL START YOU EARNING $4 daily at home in spare time, silvering mirrors; no capital; free instructive booklet, giving plans of operation. G. F. Redmond, Dept. 336, Boston, Mass. t

HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO make $200 monthly, spare time, no matter where you live; no canvassing; guaranteed free booklet will show you how. H. E. Rogers, Dept. F D, Boston, Mass. t

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN for railroads in London vicinity; $80 to $100 monthly; age 18 to 35; experience unnecessary; no strike; promotion to engineer, conductor; railroad employing headquarters; no charge for assistance to employment; state age; send stamp for application. Railway Association, Dept. A W, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y. Oct.31 yt

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS—CITY MAIL carriers wanted by Canadian Government; excellent pay; full details free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 731 T, Rochester, N. Y. Nov.16

OFFICE BOY WANTED. APPLY BOX 105, Advertiser. 38k

TO SHOEMAKERS—CUTTERS WANTED. Apply Sterling Bros., Limited. 36tf

BRIGHT, ACTIVE OFFICE BOY WANTED—One able to write a nice hand; one who has passed the entrance preferred. Apply Somerville Paper Box Company. 36tf

Young Men and Boys Wanted

APPLY

D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited 33-tf

BOY WANTED FOR ENTRY DESK—Age about 15; must be good penman, quick and correct at figures. Apply, stating experience, if any, Box 82 Advertiser. 31tf

BOYS WANTED — APPLY ADAM Beck, 173 Albert street. 84tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

NEW BRICK COTTAGE—HARD, SOFT water, electric light; Oak street; easy terms. Apply 515 Simcoe. b

MODERN TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, eight rooms and bathroom, front and back stairs, furnace, gas, etc., hot and cold water upstairs and down; good-sized stable, fruit trees and small fruits; corner lot, 90 feet frontage by 250 feet depth; cheap for quick sale. 316 Wharncliffe road north. 41c

HELP WANTED.

GOOD BLOCKER WANTED. APPLY The Fraser Cap Company, 64 Carling street. 40c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COACHMAN OR GARDENER—YOUNG man wishes situation, or care of horses, or furnaces; excellent references; Scotchman; lifelong experience. Box 111 Advertiser. 41c

LADY (MIDDLE-AGED) OF REFINEMENT, desires position as companion to elderly lady or as housekeeper where help is employed; in good home. Can furnish first-class references. Address Box 107, this office. 38tf

MEETINGS.

LATTER DAY SAINTS

COME AND HEAR

Elder William Davis

tomorrow at the church on Maitland street, 11 a.m., "The Resurrection"; 7 p.m., "The Book of Mormon: it's Origin." 36-1-zyxvt

AN EMERGENCY MEETING OF ST. John's Lodge, No. 20, A., F. and A. M., G. R. C., will be held in the Masonic Temple, on Sunday, 20th inst., at 2:30 p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Bro. Wm. Walker. Sister lodges are invited to attend. F. B. Gidley, W. M.; James O. Weldon, P. M., secretary. b

"THE MIDDLESEX BEE KEEPERS' Convention will meet in the county council chambers, London, on Saturday, Oct. 26, at 1 o'clock, p.m. Mr. Marley Pettit will be present. Mr. Jacob Haberer, Zurich, will address the meeting on "Preparing for Winter." Election of officers. Ethel Robson, secretary. 41u-ty

A Mass Meeting

Of East Middlesex Electors will be held at

ILDERTON

Tuesday, October 22

LAMBETH UNION HALL

Wednesday, Oct. 23

at 8 o'clock p.m., to promote the candidature of

William Sutherland, Esq.

Addresses will be delivered by N W ROWELL, Esq., K.C., M.P.P., J. C ELLIOTT, Esq., M.P.P., the candidate and others. Everybody welcome. Ladies cordially invited.

GOD SAVE THE KING. 40c

AUDITORIUM, SUNDAY, 4 O'CLOCK—Opening men's mass meeting. Three good attractions. Special address on "How to Get There," by Dr. W. H. Nugent, of Chicago, a man with a stirring, striking, strong message. Music by the Weatherwax Male Quartette, of St. Louis. Instrumental music from 3:30 to 4 by the Jose Cortese Orchestra. All men invited. 39c

RICHARD CŒUR DE LION PRECEPTOY, No. 4, K. T., will hold an emergent meeting in the Masonic Temple on Saturday, the 19th inst., at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the Templar Orders. Visiting sir knights are invited to be present. S. Baker, registrar; A. E. Somerville, presiding preceptor. b

CHOIR SINGERS' REHEARSAL OF chorus for Palestine Exhibition, Monday evening, Oct. 21, at 8 o'clock, in Cronyn Hall, directed by Miss Catharine Moore. b

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

EXCELLENT FRONT ROOM, FURNISHED and heated, to rent. Apply 411 King street. 41c

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR MAN AND wife, or two ladies. Apply 548 Hamilton road. 41c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 87 ELMWOOD avenue; all modern conveniences; garden. Apply 63 Askin street. 41c-tzx

TO LET—THE PREMISES ON THIRD floor of Masonic Temple building, at present occupied by Masonic lodges; possession Jan. 1; also offices with vaults on first and second floors. Apply to Fidelity Trusts Company, Masonic Temple. 41tf-t

NICELY-FURNISHED WARM ROOM, in private home; reasonable; central; use of phone. Box 119, Advertiser. 41c-tyw

HOUSE OF SEVEN ROOMS TO LET. Apply 259 Hill street.

827 RICHMOND STREET—TWO-STORY brick house, modern, newly decorated throughout. Apply 465 Waterloo street. Phone 2926. 41c

TO RENT — UNFURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping, with conveniences. Apply 190 Central avenue. 40tf

MODERN SEVEN-ROOM DWELLING—Immediate possession; central. Four cottages, sell, rent, vacant. Thirty-five acres, new buildings, two miles market. Sutherland, 171 King. 15-wt

CONNECTING FRONT ROOM, WARM, modern, central, phone; reasonable to right party. Box 89, Advertiser. 37c-ywt

FOR RENT — TWO FLATS, WITH splendid offices, suitable for light manufacturing. 75 Bathurst street. 79tf-tyw

INKERMAN STREET—SEVEN-ROOMED house. Apply 194 Wharncliffe west; immediate possession; $8. 40c

MODERN HOUSE, NO. 134 WILLIAM street; newly papered and painted; key at McKay's grocery, 131 William street. 39c

DAIRY FARM TO LET—90 ACRES, with good buildings, stabling for 26 cows; one mile from Pottersburg. Apply A. I. Montague, McWilliams. 39c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 153 Emery street. Apply 90 Elmwood avenue, or next door west. 39c

TO LET—FINE SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, 156 Oxford; also neat small cottage, No. 152. Apply H. Taylor, 140 Ridout street South. 40c

TO LET—810 TALBOT STREET, MODERN improvements; possession Nov. 1. Apply A. Harvey, 802 Talbot. 35tf

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, ALL MODERN conveniences, stables, 851 Hellmuth. Apply 337 St. James street. Phone 998. 33tf

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VAN—FURNITURE and pianos packed, crated and carefully handled. 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636. Flowers & Taylor.

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ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS —Largest in city. Good storage, 856 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

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WILLIAM McDONALD, VETERINARY surgeon, 137 King street. Residence, 121 Bathurst. Phone 688

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST

Rev. W. H. Harvey, B.A., Pastor.

Sunday School Anniversary

Morning, Rev. H. A. Graham, B.A. Evening, the pastor; subject, "Things Seen in Every Home." Splendid mass meeting of school at 3 p.m., addressed by Rev. Dr. Manning and Mr. Jeffrey. Special music by orchestra and children at all services. All are invited. Men's League at 10 a.m.

ADELAIDE ST. BAPTIST CHURCH— Rev. James H. Boyd, Pastor.

Services tomorrow: Morning at 11, subject, "An Old-Time Revival," No. 2. Evening at 7; subject, "Obedience Better Than Sacrifice."

Christian baptism during evening service. Everybody welcome.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON—"Class Welcome," First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

CATHEDRAL ST. PAUL'S—HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 a.m. and at noon. Morning service, 11; children's service, 3 p.m.; evening service, 7. Preacher, Rev. G. F. B. Doherty.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. Sunday, Oct. 20. 10 a.m., Men's League, addressed by Mr. George Jackson; 11 a.m., Rev. W. H. Harvey, B.A.; 3 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 7 p.m., the pastor; subject, "Use What You Have."

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, ADELAIDE and Grosvenor streets. Evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.

CHRIST CHURCH, CORNER OF WELLINGTON and Hill streets—C. R. Gunne, rector. Services as usual.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—Rev. Canon Craig, rector. Services as usual.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. W. E. Hanna, field secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, will preach Sunday at 7 p.m. All other services as usual.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner Waterloo and Grey strets—Rev. Frank C. Harper, B.D., minister, 283 Hill street. 11 a.m.; 3 p.m., Adult Bible Class and Sabbath School; 7 p.m.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church, corner Dundas and Maitland streets. Rev. Dr. Manning, pastor, will preach at both services. Good music by large chorus choir and solo quartette. Parnell Morris, director. Bible School at 2:45. Men's meeting, 10 a.m., in primary building.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH —Warren L. Steeves, minister. Anniversary Services. Morning, 11; Rev. W. R. McIntosh, of King Street Presbyterian Church, will preach; subject, "The Hospitality of God." Evening at 6:45, song service and orchestra; the pastor will preach; subject, "A Conquered Bully." Special music at each service. Mrs. (Dr.) H. A. Kingsmill will sing at the evening service. Sunday School Rally. Mr. Peter Glen will give an illustrated blackboard talk at 2:45. Every parent come, and bring the children.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. T. Wesley Cosens, pastor. Rev. R. W. Knowles, M.A., Ph.D., of St. Thomas, will preach morning and evening. Seats free. Strangers welcomed.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Pasthor, Rev. H. D'Arcy Whitmore. Services for the worship of God at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Bible School at 3 p.m.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Doctrine of Atonement." Sunday School at 12:15. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading room, open every week day from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

Church Anniversary

11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Rev. W. H. Hincks, L.L. B., D. D.

of Toronto.

SPECIAL MUSIC

BY CHOIR AND SOLOISTS.

Mr. A. D. Jordan, Organist.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., minister. 11 a.m., John A. Patterson, Esq., K.C., of Toronto; 7 p.m., the pastor.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. J. E. J. Millyard, pastor. Morning, "Broken Cisterns vs. Flowing Wells"; evening, "An Ancient Picture of a Modern Fool." Good music. Courteous ushers. Everybody welcome.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS, Oddfellows' Hall, 422 Richmond, 3 p.m. Subject, "Jesus' Soul Died." No collection.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Morning, Rev. W. L. Steeves; evening, Rev. W. R. McIntosh will speak on "A Church With a New Name." Gospel song service at 7 o'clock.

KNOX CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Pastor, Rev. J. G. Stuart. Morning service, subject, "Rest"; evening service, subject, "The Gentleness of God."

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—C. M. Carew, pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. Strangers welcome. Seats free.

MEMORIAL CHURCH — MATINS, 11 a.m. Holy Communion, 7 p.m. Rev. R. W. Norwood, M.A., preacher at both services.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Morning, Communion service; the pastor, Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, will preach. Evening, J. A. Patterson, of Toronto.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker. Morning, "Why Keep Sunday?" Evening, "Winning Our Own Souls." Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m. Alll welcome.

ST. JAMES CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON —Services—Morning 11, evening 7. Rector, Very Rev. Dean Davis.

SOUTHERN CONGREGATIONAL Church, Horton street, near Maitland—Pastor, W. H. A. Claris. Morning at 11, evening at 7.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAS. Ross, D.D., minister. Rev. Malcolm A. Lindsay, B.D., minister of Newbury and Wardsville, will preach at both services. Morning, "The Power of God Unto Salvation"; evening, "Laying Hold of Life."

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., pastor. 11, subject, "The Sabbath"; 2:45, Sabbath School and Men's Baraca Bible Class; 7, subject, "Christ's Wardrobe." Communion. All welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor. Morning, Rev. W. G. Hanna, of Toronto, secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance; evening, Rev. S. Salton, of St. Johns. Mr. Carson, of the Public Library, will address the Young Men's Class at 10 a.m.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL — Morning, Mr. A. West. Evening, anniversary. Mayor C. M. R. Graham will give an address. Mr. George H. Andrews, baritone soloist of the Forest City Male Quartette, with Mission talent, will sing. Evangelist Belcher's subject, "From Dungeon to Palace."

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GENERAL MAID FOR FAMILY OF three; must be good plain cook; no washing or ironing; high wages. Apply Mrs. M. M. Fergusson, 868 Waterloo street. 41n

WOMAN TO DO FAMILY WASHING—Steady place and good conditions. 778 Hellmuth avenue. b

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRLS wanted. Apply Alexandra Cafe. 40k

BE A TRAINED NURSE—EARN $21 weekly. Our home study course prepares you in three months; free catalogue. Rochester Nurses' Institute, 879, Rochester, N. Y. b

WANTED—GIRL OR MIDDLE-AGED woman, to do general housework for family of three. Apply 379 Dufferin avenue. 40c

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; two in family; no washing. Apply 243 Queen's avenue. 37c-ywt

WANTED—GOOD, RELIABLE WOMAN, to do washing. Apply evenings, 564 Talbot street. 40tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—GOOD GENERAL servant. Apply Mrs. Ginge, 361 Queen's avenue. 40n

WANTED—A STENOGRAPHER, ABLE to assist in bookkeeping; state age, experience and remuneration. Box 304, Postoffice. 39c

PASTRY COOK WANTED. APPLY AT Grigg House. 39c

STENOGRAPHER, FOR WHOLESALE office; must be experienced; good chance for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary, Box 108, Advertiser. 39c

WANTED—HOUSEMAID. APPLY MISS Shea, 368 Dundas street. 39tf

WANTED — ENERGETIC BUSINESS woman, of 25 years, to assist manager. Apply 31 Bank of Toronto building. 38n

WANTED—ASSISTANT PANTRY GIRL, also vegetable cook; highest wages. Apply Tecumseh House. 37n

WANTED—WOMAN TO SCRUB. APPLY Tecumseh House. 37n

100 GIRLS WANTED

Immediately for Biscuit and Candy Departments. Light, pleasant work. Steady employment. Good wages.

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Girls Wanted

BIG WAGES. APPLY

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WANTED—GOOD GENERAL MAID FOR family of three. Apply at once, Mrs. A. H. Purdom, 351 Burwell street. 21tf

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WANTED.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURNISHED heated rooms, immediately, by middle-aged lady. Box 118, Advertiser. 41u

LADY GOING TO FLORIDA WOULD like the address of lady or family going. Apply Box 114, Advertiser. b

WANTED TO CONTRACT BY THE year for 140 quarts of milk or less by day. Apply immediately, Box 112, Advertiser. 41k

WANTED—A LOAN OF $2,600; GOOD security. Apply Box 117, Advertiser. 41c

WOULD BUY SMALL MODERN HOUSE. State particulars to Box 110, Advertiser. 40n

OFFICE SPACE WANTED BY THE end of this year. State particulars to Box 110, Advertiser. 40n

WANTED—SPARE TIME EMPLOYMENT as helper; 8 hours per day except Saturdays; please state wages. Apply Box 109, Advertiser. 40c

STORAGE WANTED FOR PIANO—Careful party wanted to store good upright piano till April 1, for use of it. Apply to Box 101, Advertiser. 36n

WANTED—MEN'S AND BOYS' SECOND hand bicycles; cash paid. Gurd s, 185 Dundas.

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DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE OSTEOPATH, class of 1900; post-graduate 1903. Eight years' practice in London. 570 Richmond street. Telephone 1573.

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E. S. DETWILLER, D.O., GRADUATE American School of Osteopathy. 225 Queen's. Phone 3373.

DR. A. F. BROWN, GRADUATE UNDER the founder at Kirksville, Mo. 289 Queen's avenue. Phone 3663.

OTHER CONDENSED ADS. ON PAGE TEN.

FOR CONSTIPATION, liver and kidney disorders, sour stomach, sick headache, dizziness and indigestion, there is nothing so good as Taylor's Stomach and Liver Cure. It is entirely herbal, and absolutely safe. Every 25c bottle is sold on our no-cure-no-pay guarantee. TAYLOR'S MARKET DRUG STORE, 399 Talbot street, opp. Market. ywt

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SYDNEY SMYTH—MONEY TO LOAN, insurance and real estate agent. 404 Talbot street. Phone 1889.

P. M. MILLMAN

INSURANCE AGENT.

Archibald McPherson Insurance AGENCY.

E. J. MacRobert Insurance

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MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES —Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London.

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[Baltimore American.]

She (proudly)—"You got a family when you married me." He (meekly)—"Not all of it, my dear. You know your Aunt Maria was dead."

Labatt's 27

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LONDON, SATURDAY, OCT. 19.

THE CABINET CRISIS.

Twenty Quebec members of the House of Commons are morally in the same position as Mr. Monk. They attacked the Laurier naval law; they declared against any form of naval expenditure; and they demanded a plebiscite precede.t to action by parliament.

It is doubtful whether one of these men would have won his seat but for the naval issue. They have hitherto given the Borden Government its working majority. To state the case in another way, the Borden Government has owed its existence to the support of members who are in the House because on the hustings they professed to be anti-Imperialists.

The combination of the Conservatives and the Nationalists was not based on principle, but on the common desire to oust the Laurier Government. If any principle lurked in the Nationalist party, the alliance would have to be broken when the leader of the Government faced the naval question. For a year he has temporized, but now he must act. He has decided on a policy—a grant to the admiralty on the pretence of emergency—which at least twenty of his followers are pledged against. Mr. Monk, the minister of public works, has resigned to keep faith with his constituents. Messrs. Nantel and Pelletier can only remain in the cabinet by breaking faith. The French-Canadian Conservatives and Nationalists in the House can support the Government's proposals only by breaking faith. How many will follow Mr. Monk in the path of honor may not be disclosed until the vote in the House. To Liberals it is a source of pride and consolation that their leaders in office squarely met the issue, and that they can stand on the firm ground occupied by the late Government without yielding an inch. The Laurier policy is as sound today as it was in the beginning. It is the only policy consistent with the dignity and self-governing status of the Dominion, and from the point of view of the defence of the British Empire it is just as valid as it is politically. Mr. Borden made for himself a crooked path when he departed from the course which he mapped out for his party in 1909.

REBELLION AND BLUE BLOOD.

"I incite this meeting to rebellion," said Mrs. Pankhurst at Albert Hall. "Those of you who will go to the House of Commons and refuse to be sent away, go. Those who will face mobs at ministers' meetings, do so. Those who can break windows, break them. Those who can further attack the sacred idol of property, so as to make the Government realize that property is as greatly endangered as it was in the days of the Chartists, do so. The only limit we set is that human life shall be respected."

The dispatches say this outburst was received with wild cheers, and that $15,000 was subscribed on the spot. Incitement to rebellion no longer makes Britons quake. They have been familiarized with it by privy councillors and other public men of rank and station—the Carsons, the Smiths, the Laws, and the Londonderrys. When the Chartists talked in this fashion, the classes were panic-stricken, and flooded London with troops. But the Chartists belonged to the lower orders. Today rebellion has become genteel. It moves in the best society. It has blue blood and glares through a monocle.

Mrs. Pankhurst knows she is safe so long as she confines herself to preaching insurrection. She is shielded by the Unionist leaders. If men can spout sedition with impunity, so can women. Mrs. Pankhurst, too, is more moderate than her male examples. She stops this side of bloodshed; they favor bloodshed—if prayers are not availing.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC FINANCING.

When Mr. Beck says that comments on hydro-electric finances in The Advertiser were intended to influence the vote in Brantford, Mr. Beck says what is untrue. Mr. Beck is too prone to see colored gentlemen in the woodpile.

Ratepayers have a right to complain of the want of candor in the dealings of the hydro-electric commission. Ald. Richter, who is a Conservative, with a penchant for facts and figures and a straightforward handling of them, has called attention to the suppression of information bearing on the overcharges for street lighting in the city. The city council will have to get down on its knees to the high and mighty commission to beg leave to submit evidence which the commission refused to look at when it sat in judgment. To Ald. Richter's charge that the report of the commission's engineer withheld figures to which the city should have access, no plausible answer has been given.

In Friday's Free Press screaming headlines gave the impression that in the last ten months' operation of the local hydro-electric service there had been a surplus of $15,000 over and above all charges, the inference being that ratepayers would have a neat nest-egg for the reduction of taxes. This was sheer misrepresentation. No allowance had been made for depreciation, and there were some fixed charges which are to be collected later by the hydro-electric commission, so that not a dollar of the so-called surplus will go to the relief of taxpayers.

If the hydro-electric enterprise is destined to be placed on a sound financial footing, as all ratepayers must hope, why so much juggling of figures? So far as The Advertiser is concerned it believes the management by the local commissioners to be efficient and well-intentioned, and its space is always at their disposal. The latest contribution of Mr. Beck to the subject, however, only darkens counsel.

Col. Roosevelt says he feels as lively as a bulldog. He is trying to live up to his celebrated teeth.

Pelletier and Nantel are still at the lunch counter—not Monk, as misprinted in a previous edition.

Justice is always pictured as blindfolded. In Manitoba the Government has tried to steal her scales.

Mr. Neely asks East Middlesex electors to celebrate Thanksgiving Day by voting for the retention of the barroom.

Evidence is accumulating that the Roblin-Rogers machine overdid the thing in Macdonald. The majority was too good to be true.

Mr. Monk will retain the title of Honorable, with a better claim to it than the French-Canadian cabinet colleagues he leaves behind.

Prepare for the Germany bogey. The Ottawa Government is giving it the finishing touches. It will be ready for parade in about a month or six weeks.

It looks like the beginning of the end of the Borden Government.

"If so soon I am to be done for,
I wonder what I was begun for."

Mr. Asquith is imprisoned in a sickroom. This is a stormy time for the Government ship to be without its pilot. But Mr. Asquith has some great mates in his crew.

Mr. Rowell says that autonomy is the corner-stone of the whole Imperial fabric. The truth of this is self-evident, but there are misguided Imperialists—especially in Toronto—who need to be reminded of it.

Lloyd George has been hooted again in the House of Commons. That man is really a safety valve for the Unionists. Whenever the pressure gets unbearable, they let off steam in his direction. It relieves them and it doesn't seem to hurt him.

Hon. Mr. Nantel signed at St. Eustache, Que., before the election, a protest against the proposal of an emergency contribution. Of course, Mr. Nantel had not then to face the emergency of deciding between principle and a portfolio.

The Toronto Star shows how Western Ontario gets the short end of the senatorial representation:

	1891.	1912.
Western Ontario 10		4
Toronto	5	6
Eastern Ontario	7	12
New Ontario	0	1
Vacant	2	1

That peripatetic platform performer, Dr. Coleridge, of Ingersoll, accuses Mr. Rowell of trying to introduce the single tax. Dr. Coleridge should read "Progress and Poverty" and then read the bills introduced by Liberals and Conservatives to permit local option in assessments. Apparently he has read neither. If he had he would see there is no relation between them. Either he is talking in ignorance or is wilfully bearing false witness.

Right Hon. Walter Long, who has reached home, says that in Canada "the shopkeeper and the man on the street" are just as keen on the navy question as the heads of the great business and commercial undertakings. Mr. Long is perhaps not aware that the "shopkeeper" in this country takes no back seat to the head of any other institution. As for the man in the street, it may be doubted whether Mr. Long met him at the swell clubs where he seemed to have spent most of his time.

HIS FEAR.

[Judge.]

Maude—But father is very approachable.

Cholly—I know it. The—er—difficulty will be in getting away from him.

THE BOY OR THE BAR.

[Toronto Globe.]

Mr. William Sutherland by his pledge places himself openly and avowedly among the enemies of the saloon. For that he will have all the opposition that the saloon can stir up against him. Is it a reasonable thing that he shall have the opposition of total abstainers also because he has honestly stated that, while against the open bar, he is not himself a total abstainer? Such an attitude is indefensible on the part of earnest friends of a forward policy in temperance reform. The temperance electors of East Middlesex need have no doubt or hesitation as to what the issue will be on Thanksgiving Day. If they vote for Mr. Neely they vote for the open bar. If they vote for Mr. Sutherland they vote for Rowell's policy of abolishing the bar and putting an end to the sale of liquor in hotels and clubs. Which shall it be, temperance electors of East Middlesex, your boy or the other man's bar?

THE SPEECH THAT MR. BLONDIN WAS REWARDED FOR.

[P. E. Blondin, M. P., Appointed Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons by the Borden Government.]

"You are attempting to intimidate the electorate by shaking the English flag before it and by saying we ought to contribute to the defence in all places and against all people of this protector (Britain) of our constitutional liberty, but we will not be made to forget that in 1837 it was necessary to put holes in this flag with bullets in order to breath the air of liberty. * * * England did not take Canada for love or to plant the cross of religion, as the French did, but in order to plant their trading posts and make money. The only liberties we have are those we have won by force, and today England tries to dominate her colonies as Imperial Rome once did. * * * * Those who disembowelled our fathers on the Plains of Abraham are asking you today to go and get killed for them. We have had enough both of England and the English."

TIMELY.

[Washington Star.]

"John Milton received $25 for 'Paradise Lost,'" said the scornful author.

"Well," replied the practical publisher, "he was lucky in getting the work out when the market for that sort of thing was comparatively good."

GLORIES TO BE REVEALED.

[Cowper.]

Therefore, in contemplation is his bliss
Whose power is such that whom He lifts from earth
He makes familiar with a heaven unseen,
And shows him glories yet to be revealed.

WHERE DIVORCE IS EASY.

[London Chronicle.]

As to easy divorce neither Australia nor America leads the way, if we admit uncivilized tribes into the competition. Among some Siberian tribes, for instance, a man need only uncover his wife's head and walk away; and the Eskimo has only to leave his house and stop away in pretended anger for a day or two. In Nepal a woman can divorce her husband at any time by simply placing a betel nut under his pillow and taking her departure. And two chopsticks broken in the presence of a witness is sufficient to divorce a couple in Cochin, China.

WHY WORRY?

[Emporia Gazette.]

With real pumpkins in the grocery stores and real oysters plentiful and of good quality, why worry about the Presidential candidates?

PROOF.

[Brooklyn Life.]

Stella—Are they in love?

Bella—They must be; she listens to him describe a ball game and he listens to her describe a gown.

THEIR CARD OF THANKS.

[Hartford, Mich., Day Spring.]

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Cone wish to sincerely thank all the kind friends who worked so hard to save our property from destruction by fire last Thursday at our house, and hope to be able to return the favor to each and every one in the near future.

CY. WARMAN'S LATEST PUN.

[Ottawa Free Press.]

Cy Warman of the Grand Trunk is in the city expending his energies between the freight rates hearing and the ticket agents' convention. He was almost induced to talk of freight rates, when some person made mention of the story that Hon. Robert Rogers had promised such a reduction during his campaign speeches in Manitoba just now. Then Cy wound up and delivered this:

"It's all very well for a millionaire minister to go up and down, ripping up the road allowances and telling the farmers from the tail end of a touring car that freight rates are going to be reduced, but personally I don't approve of that 'auto-suggestion.'"

Did you get it?

A TRICKLING TRIOLET.

[J. F. D. in New York Sun.]

More rain!
More mud!
Again
More rain,
And then,
O lud!
More rain;
More mud.

HE KNEW.

[New York Sun.]

Knicker—Do you understand mortgages?

Bocker—Yes; the first is for the car and the second is for the upkeep.

PERFECT TEETH.

[Buffalo Express.]

It is almost surprising to learn that of the 49,764 school children examined in Buffalo, only 19,156 have defective teeth. The other 30,608 children, with whose teeth no fault is found, are fortunate indeed. If there is any reasonable way of impressing upon them the need of properly caring for their teeth, it should be emphasized. Other things being equal these children have a great advantage in the strife of life. Toothache is one of the most widely prevalent causes of distress, and young persons who keep their teeth good shoul be spared a deal of misery and consequent handicap in the affairs of life.

TORONTO AND HYDRO-ELECTRIC

[Toronto Globe.]

There is evidence in Mr. Sterling's report as to the need for frank discussion of the entire situation. It must be remembered that not one citizen in four is a consumer of electric light for household lighting. The man who burns gas or coal oil cannot be expected to dip his hand into his pocket and pay taxes so that electric light may be furnished to the well-to-do at less than cost. The business, therefore, must be made to pay its own way.

A TRUTH.

[Washington Star.]

"So you have a grievance against the newspapers," said the publisher, wearily. "I have," replied Mr. Dustin Stax. "If a man wants to start a business, he has to pay for advertising by the inch. But when a candidate comes along, it is handed to him gratis by the column."

W. H. Drummond, Poet of Habitant, Died 5 Years Ago

[By Special Arrangement With the Winnipeg Telegram.]

It is five years since William H. Drummond died in Cobalt. His death was very sudden, and as he was carried off in the prime of manhood and at a time when he had earned international fame as the poet of the habitant, his loss was a national misfortune. After his death, Mrs. Drummond, who is herself a novelist, a lady of fine literary talent, gathered together his manuscript poems and they were published under the title "The Great Fight," Drummond's first book, "The Habtant," was published in 1897; "Johnnie Courteau" followed five years later, and this volume was supplemented by a third, "The Voyageur," in 1905. As every Canadian knows, all of these books of dialect verse had a large sale, not only in this country, but also in the United States and in England. I have been told that no Canadian poet has enjoyed such popularity. And the fact that G. P. Putnam's Sons, who published all of Drummond's volumes, have now brought out a one-volume edition of his collected works will result in a still larger circulation of these distinctively Canadian poems. The new book is bound in blue and is tastefully decorated with gold tooling. It is a compact and handsome volume in full gilt and is undoubtedly one of the few important publications in the realm of Canadiana this year.

* * *

W. H. Drummond was an Irish-Canadian and it is a testimony to his capacity for making friends among other nationalities that the appreciations selected as introductory essays for this volume are by the well-known American writer, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Dr. Louis Frechette, poet laureate of French Canada, and Nell Munro, the famous Scotch novelist. The essay by the latter friend of the poet is a beautiful tribute to the singer of the rude but honest "Canayen." Mr. Munro says that Drummond, "after living nearly all his life in Canada, had not discarded a single jot of his youthful vision of her as a land magnificent and romantic; a man for whom the Redskin or the Half-breed still was a being not to be despised; for whom the woodman, the trapper, and the pioneer were glorified by all the antique circumstances of their lives." After an interesting sketch of the poet's life, in which he refers to Drummond's kindness and devotion as a physician in his visits to poor patients, Mr. Munro concludes his appreciation in these striking sentences: "Among the poets of the British Empire, he holds a place unique. The poetry and romance of the North American continent have found, in one form or another, expression in the works of innumerable modern writers, struck, like him, by the natural grandeur of their country, the picturesque side of the struggle by which men subdue it to the purposes of civilization, and the gallantry and devotion of humble lives. But the laureates of camp-fire, shack and mine, too, generally indulge a strident, even brutal, note which is never found in the poems of Drummond."

* * *

This is high praise, but it is strictly true. Drummond had the great luck of being, as Dr. Frechette observes, "the pathfinder of a new land of song." Just as Kipling exploited India, and Service the Yukon, and Synge the Aran Islands, so Drummond had the insight and sympathy to enable him to perceive in the simple habitants of the St. Lawrence and the red-sashed trappers of the Ottawa, and even the men of the lumber camps, the very stuff and flavor of poetry. Long years spent among these people as a boy, and later as a country doctor, enabled him not only to understand them thoroughly, but to reproduce with admirable ease their peculiar half-French, half-English, dialect. There is no doubt whatever that half the comical charm of Drummond's poems depends upon his medium, but we are told that the habitants themselves enjoy the verses, so that they do not see in them any attempt to raise a laugh at their expense. Nothing was further from the mind of Drummond when he wrote these poems in the leisure hours which he snatched from his busy life as a doctor. The French-Canadian has had no interpreter so clear-sighted, and yet so sympathetic, as Dr. Drummond. He has painted Johnnie Courteau's foibles, but he has done it in a very kindly spirit, and no one has done more to throw a bridge across the gulf of race division in Canada than this big-hearted lover of the habitant. And it is because of their appeal to the richest feelings of the human heart that these poems will live among the lyrics of the Great Dominion.

* * *

But we would do well to remember that Dr. Drummond has written not only of the French-Canadian of today, but of the habitant hero of the old regime. Every Canadian poet has paid some attention to the red-sashed voyageur of the days of old romance, but Dr. Drummond's poem. "The Voyageur," is the best thing that has ever been written on the entrancing theme. He fancies that the habitant of today is drinking to the health of the old-time voyageur on a cold winter's night. The poet makes the habitant appeal to the North Wind if it still finds the ghost of the man with "the red ceinture" (the red sash) threading the western wilderness. Has any poet ever caught the flavor of the romance of the open trail more satisfactorily than Drummond in these great stanzas, all the greater because they purport to be the speech of one of the sons of the Grand North West?

Ax' heem re nort' win' w'at he see
Of de Voyageur long ago,
An' he'll say to you w'at he say to me,
So lissen hees story well—
"I see de track of hees botte sau-vage
On many a hill an' long portage
Far, far away from hees own vill-age
An' soun' of de parish bell—

"I never can play on de Hudson Bay
or mountain dat lie between,
But I meet heem singin' hees lonely way
De happies' man I know—
I cool hees face as he's sleepin' dere
Under de star of de Red riviere,
An' off on de home of de great w'ite bear,
I'm seein' hees dog traineau.

"De woman an' chil'ren's runnin' out
On de wigwam of de Cree—
De leetle papoose dey laugh an' shout
W'en de soun' of hees voice dey hear—
De oldes' warrior of de Sioux
Kill heese'f dancin' de w'ole night t'roo,
An' de Blackfoot girl remember, too,
De ole tam Voyageur.

"De blaze of hees camp on de snow I see,
An' I lissen hees 'En Roulant'
On de lan' w'ere de reindeer travel free,
Ringin' out strong an' clear—
Often de gray wolf sit before
De light is come from hees open door,
An' caribou foller along de shore
De song of de Voyageur.

"If he only kip goin', de red ceinture,
I'd see it upon de Pole
Some mornin' I'm startin' upon de tour
For blowin' de worl' aroun'—
But w'erever he sail an' w'erever he ride,
De trail is long an' de trail is wide,
An' city an' town on ev'ry side
Can tell of hees campin' ground.'"

So dat's de reason I drink tonight
To de man of de Grand Nor' Wes',
For hees heart was young, an' hees heart was light
So long as he's leevin' dere—
I'm proud of de sam' blood in my vein,
I'm a son of de Nort' Win' wance again—
So we'll fill her up till de bottle's drain
An' drink to de Voyageur.

Joanhoe.

FASHIONABLE WEDDING HELD AT TWEED, ONT.

Mr. Maurice Sanborne, of New York City, and Miss Lela Huyck Were Married.

The Tweed, Ont., News of Thursday contains the following account of the marriage of Mr. Maurice R. Sanborne, of New York City, son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Sanborne, of 545 King street:

The most fashionable wedding that has taken place in Tweed was solemnized at St. James' Church at 8:30 o'clock on Tuesday evening, the Rev. F. G. Kirkpatrick, M.A., officiating.

The happy principals in the charming event were Mr. Maurice Richardson Sanborne, of New York City, and Miss Lela Etta, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Huyck, of this place.

The church was prettily decorated with yellow 'mums, smilax and ferns, and as the wedding party entered to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March played by Mrs. Robert Elliott, the scene was quite enchanting.

The bride entered supported by the arm of her father. She was gowned in white charmeuse with bodice of rose point lace and court train, and over all flowed the bridal veil caught with lily of the valley. She carried a bouquet of white roses and lily of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Marion, who was attired in a handsome gown of butter-cup satin with chiffon overdress and carried a handsome bouquet of American Beauties.

The groom was supported by his friend, Mr. John G. Kelly, also of New York City. The ushers were Mr. Wm. J. Smith, of London, and Mr. Bert Huyck, of Cobalt.

During the signing of the register in the vestry, Mrs. William Smith, of London, rendered very sweetly "Because."

After the ceremony the happy couple drove to The Pines, the charming home of the bride's parents, where a reception was held, and the wedding supper served. The tables were handsome with their decorations of yellow and white. Cole's, of Toronto, were the caterers.

Supper over, Mr. John Kelly did the duties of toastmaster, and in a most felicitous little speech, proposed the toast, "The Bride," which was responded to by the groom and the Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick. Then followed congratulatory speeches by several of the gentlemen present.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanborne left on the 1:56 a.m. train on a honeymoon tour of Montreal, Quebec and Boston, thence to New York City, where they will reside.

The groom's gift to the bride was a lovely ring of three-stone setting of diamonds and a sapphire; to the bridesmaid and soloist, bars of pearls, and to the groomsman and ushers, amethyst and pearl scarf pins. The bride received many valuable presents, including a handsome check from her father. The bride's going-away dress was a tailored suit of blue.

The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Sanborne and the Misses Maude and Mary Sanborne, of London, Ont.; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith, of London; Mr. John Kelly, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Richardson, of Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. Dollar, Mr. Douglas and Miss Marjorie Dollar, of Napanee; Mrs. Charles Weir, of Cobalt; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Shaw and Mr. Arol and Miss Aida Shaw, of town; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Huyck and Misses Dorothy and Pauline Huyck, of town; Mr. Bert Huyck, Cobalt; Miss Marion, of St. Margaret's College, Toronto, and Rev. and Mrs. F. G. Kirkpatrick, of town, and Mrs. Douglass, of town.

After Dec. 1 Mr. and Mrs. Sanborne will be at home at 461 Fort Washington avenue, New York.

A FASHIONABLE WEDDING

Daughter of Militia Minister Weds a New York Banker.

[Canadian Press.]

Lindsay, Oct. 19.—A fashionable wedding took place at the Cambridge Street Methodist Church at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when Roby Mary Caroline, daughter of Colonel, the Hon. and Mrs. Sam Hughes, became the wife of Mr. Byron Malcolm Green, of the Bank of Montreal, New York. Rev. S. J. Shorey, pastor of the church, performed the ceremony in the presence of a large number of invited guests, including many prominent parliamentarians.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a magnificent Parisian gown of white satin, draped with overdress of ninon, heavily embroidered with pearls and crystals, with cascades of exquisite shadow lace caught in a dainty manner with sprays of orange blossoms, and carrying a beautiful empire shower of roses and lilies of the valley. Miss Alleen Hughes, sister of the bride, who was maid of honor, wore a peach-colored satin gown with flounces of white chantilly lace, and a large black hat with yellow roses, and carried a bouquet of yellow roses. The bridesmaids, Misses Laura Hughes and Mabel Sootheran, also were peach-colored satin, with tunics of cream crepe de chine finished with flounces of black chantilly lace. They also wore large black hats and carried yellow roses.

Mr. Boyd N. Sylvester supported the groom, and the ushers were C. Ross Cameron, Frederick Holmes Hopkins and J. M. MacKinnon.

Previous to the entrance of the bridal party, J. MacCormack Clarke, of Ottawa, sang Gounod's "Song of Praise," and while the register was being signed, Mrs. Bertram L. MacLean sang "Because."

After the ceremony an elaborate reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, when Mrs. Hughes received in a beautiful gown of white satin, and Mrs. Smith, mother of the groom, wore black satin.

The bride's going-away gown was a French suit of sapphire velvet. The groom's gift to the bride was a diamond and sapphire ring.

Among the numerous costly gifts were a diamond pendant from Lord and Lady Brooks, a gold watch bracelet from Lord Dundonald, and a Turkish silver coffee boiler from three sergeants of the City Imperial Volunteers, who served in South Africa. The out-of-town guests included Captain Armand Lavergne, Col. and Mrs. Lyons Biggar, Col. MacDonald, of Ottawa; Sir William and Lady MacKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, Montreal, and Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Taylor, Winnipeg. The happy couple left on their honeymoon this afternoon in Colonel Hughes' private car Roleen.

ALUMNAE MEETING OF SACRED HEART

More Than One Hundred Former Pupils Attended Second Annual Session.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

Indicates Steady Growth of the Association—Mrs. Burns Was Re-Elected.

On Thursday morning at 10 o'clock the second annual meeting of the Alumnae of the Sacred Heart was held at the convent on Queen's avenue. Upwards of a hundred members, former pupils of the institution, were present, all receiving a gracious welcome from Rev. Mother Lewis, honorary president; Mrs. Burns, president, and the members of the reception committee.

Sharply at 11 o'clock, the business meeting of the association was held. It was opened by an address of greeting from Rev. Mother Lewis, followed by the president's address from Mrs. Burns, which ran as follows:

Reverend Mother, Members of the Alumnae,—It is with feelings of unfeigned pleasure I greet you, and bid you welcome to the second annual meeting of the Sacred Heart.

Judging by this goodly attendance, I feel assured you have each one in full measure brought with you the old love for the school, whose precepts have been part of our lives, and have served to bring sunshine to our paths as we journey on in the world's work.

Growing Steadily.

As your president, I take quite a little pride in the fact that our association is progressing, and those connected with the organization are carrying out to the best of their ability the purpose for which we formed ourselves into this band of former pupils.

I alluded to our fostering loyalty to our alma mater, and preserving the principles imparted to us in our younger years by the religious of this estimable order.

The evidence I have had of warm regard for the Sacred Heart from the members, new and old, has made my incumbency of the office with which you have honored me a pleasant task. The whole-hearted interest in the affairs of the convent, the sentiment of high regard for its work, which I am sure is ever on your lips in the world outside, has borne fruit, and may it be that this sentiment will continue to grow as the years come and go. May this annual reunion, then, be a re-awakening of the old love, and may that love burn brightly in the heart of every member.

A Fine Motto.

It is pleasant to have from year to year assemblages of those who in the long ago or in more recent times have passed without the convent walls; it is a joy to call up the old memories and revel in the past, as we meet the faces long separated in the great world outside. But there is still a more important work to keep ever in our minds, the depth of reflection in that golden thought which has been selected for our motto:

"Greatly begin! Though thou have time
But for a line, be that sublime,
Not failure, but low aim is crime."
—James Russell Lowell.

It admonishes us ever to seek the perfect, the noble, the good—to treasure quality rather than quantity; to hold aloft that which has a pre-eminence of virtue, rather than the bulk of dross. The sublime thought is a gem in heaven, and on earth it is proof against rust. It gives life a sunbeam which time cannot obliterate.

Yes, "Greatly begin, though thou have time but for a line." That thought is of gentle birth. It betrays a nobility of soul and takes rank with the choicest gems of the literary kings.

"Low aim is crime." Truly crime it is, for it casts a shadow between heaven's sunshine and the soul, and points to the state which renders life a menace to God's glory on earth.

"Greatly begin." What a splendid conception—the valued diploma of worth inestimable, and ever a pearl of great price.

This beautiful motto is our charter. Let us cling to it, love it, cherish it in our memories, bear it in mind whithersoever we go in our pilgrimage here, and it will aid us to find when the curtain is drawn a resting-place on the Sacred Heart.

Encouraging Reports.

The secretary followed with a full report of the year's work, and the treasurer gave a detailed account of the financial standing of the association. Election of officers then took place. Mrs. Burns, president, and Miss Wright, vice-president, being re-elected by acclamation.

Mrs. Charles Pennegnot, of Windsor, and Mrs. William Bartram, of London, the two first pupils of the Academy of the Sacred Heart in London, were unanimously chosen as honorary vice-presidents. Mrs. Charles Pequegnot said a few words then in high praise of the alma mater all the members love so well.

Rev. Mother, Kind Madams and Dear Friends: I have been requested to say a few words on this, the second meeting of our alumnae, and cannot do otherwise than acquiesce, being the first pupil of the Sacred Heart in this city, an honor which I feel deeply, having watched with deep interest its growth since its infancy, and if one cannot say that our beloved alma mater is the largest convent in the land, one can be at least proud to know that it is the best in this part of the country. All those who have lived within its walls retain for it a lasting love, which no distance can diminish. I do not wish to impose longer on the attention of my kind listeners, yet I have one more word to say. I take great pleasure in expressing my deep appreciation in the name of all present as well as in my own, to our dear Rev. Mother for the kindly interests she takes in our association and for her warm hospitality, which makes us feel so welcome that we look forward to the possibility of enjoying it again.

During the course of the meeting Miss Agnes Forristal advanced and in a beautifully worded address, presented Rev. Mother Lewis with a huge bouquet of Killarney roses and maidenhair fern. She was ably assisted by little Miss Mary McDonagh, daughter of the treasurer, Mrs. M. P. McDonagh. Miss Forristal's address read as follows:

Address to Mother Lewis.

Reverend and Dear Mother: Another year has passed, and again we meet under the hallowed roof of our beloved Alma Mater, our hearts touched by the warmth of a welcome at once kindly and sincere. Enjoying as we, are every moment amid the familiar scenes of youthful days, our first thought is one of deepest gratitude to you, Dear Rev. Mother, for the interest you have taken in the formation of our alumnae. Whilst following various vocations in "the life, which tries the work of education," we are brought to realize that beyond all price is the value of what by word and example, we have received at the hands of our dearly beloved mistresses. It clings to us as a benediction in all our thoughts and in every good work. Knowing this, we will do our utmost to extend the same blessed and salutary influence. We are more than happy today to be in the convent home, wherein were spent many happy years. Fond recollections and warmest affections are in our minds and hearts, and we will ever pray that the Sacred Heart will continue to guide and guard the dear ones who so carefully and lovingly threw the mantle of guardianship over our tender souls in our youthful years.

Before the close of the meeting a resolution of sympathy was moved by Mrs. Thomas Coffey, seconded by Miss Kathleen M. Dromgole, to Rt. Rev. M. F. Fallon, D.D., Bishop of London, on the death of his father, Mr. Dominic Fallon, of Cornwall, Ont. The meeting then adjourned, and all repaired to the dining-room, where a course luncheon was partaken of, excellently served by the present pupils of the higher school of the institution. In the afternoon a program of musical numbers and a lecture by Miss O'Reilly, of New York, on "Irish Folk Lore," was given in the study hall of the convent, which was much enjoyed. Mrs. C. A. Wilson, London; Miss Wright, Toledo, O., and the Misses Forristal and Coles, provided the musical numbers, and the program was brought to a close by the members singing a medley composed of parodies on popular airs, parodies characteristic of the school days of the members. Benediction was given as a fitting end to a happy day in the beautiful little chapel, so well remembered by old and young present, the music being provided by a choir of picked voices from the members of the alumnae of the Sacred Heart, of London.

TO ASK BORDEN FOR SUFFRAGE BILL

Delegation From the Toronto Association Will Interview the Premier.

MISS WYLIE SPEAKS

English Suffragette Explained Militant Methods of Her Colleagues.

Toronto, Oct. 19.—After hearing a stirring address by Miss Barbara Wylie, of London, England, the Toronto Suffrage Association last night resolved to send a delegation to the Right Hon. R. L. Borden, premier of Canada, requesting that a women's suffrage bill giving women a federal vote, on the same footing with men, be introduced at the next session of the Dominion Parliament. The motion was made by Miss Laura McCully, and was seconded by Mrs. McArthur. It was most enthusiastically received, and Miss McCully was given an ovation.

In her address, Miss Wylie dealt with many phases of the suffrage question, and characterized the movement as one that stood for the greatest reform the world had known. Until women were accorded equal rights with men in the matter of making the laws of the nation, intolerable social conditions would continue, and a great injustice would be done. She referred to the white slave traffic, and said that until women had their rights no laws drastic enough to abolish it would be enacted. Men were capable of what she styled the "imperial life," but only women had a proper understanding of the home life of the nation.

Militant Methods.

With reference to the militant methods which have placed the English Suffragettes so much in the public eye, Miss Wylie said that for 45 years the women of England had endeavored to secure their rights in a polite and ladylike manner, but it was unavailing, and they were forced to resort to more practical methods of making the cause known to the public. "All we want is equal rights with men," she said. "The spirit of the Suffragettes in England is to go forward, even if it involves the sacrifice of their lives. You, men and women of Canada, have great power in your hands; you have a Niagara at your very door, if you only know how to use it. It is your duty to come to the assistance of the English women in their fight for liberty. We have no private power in Parliament, so we must block the way of politicians, and we must block the way of the Government until that Government gives us our rights. We will never have a really representative Government until women are franchised.

In conclusion, she condemned the double standard of morality, and gained a storm of applause. In the course of her remarks she interjected many sarcastic remarks concerning the male sex, and characterized Mr. Redmond as "an old humbug." After her address Miss Wylie answered a number of individual questions regarding suffrage.

Dr. Margaret Gordon, in announcing the next meeting of the association, which is to be held on the third Thursday in November, stated that the time of meeting had changed from the evening to the afternoon, "in order that the members' husbands might not be left at home alone in the evening."

The meeting was held at Guild Hall, McGill street, and, in spite of the inclement weather, was attended by a large and fashionable audience.

DIED OF PNEUMONIA

Mrs. Nathaniel McCordic Was Ill for Only a Few Days.

The death occurred recently at Clearwater, Man., of Mrs. Nathaniel McCordic. Deceased was 68 years old and was ill for only a few days with pneumonia. She died at the home of her niece, Mrs. Norman McKellar. Three brothers and two sisters survive: John S. McIntyre, of Glasgow, Man.; James G. McIntyre, of Clearwater, Man.; Nicle McIntyre, Pincher Creek, Alta; Mrs. Thomas Caughlin, of Clearwater, and Mrs. Sarah Ann McColl, of Tilbury.

TELLING THE STORY OF

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

The World's Best Tonic Stimulant and Medicine

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

This has been proven by doctors and chemists time after time. It is manufactured from specially selected and cleaned grain in a plant that is equipped with every device known to the art. Every step in the process of malting and manufacture is watched most carefully by men of broad experience, under the supervision of a chief chemist. Great care is exercised to have every kernel thoroughly malted, producing a liquid food, tonic and stimulant, requiring no digestion, in the form of a medicinal whiskey.

TESTED OVER 50 YEARS.

For more than half a century, Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has been before the public, and today it is better known and more widely used than ever before. This is due to its great curative qualities and to the friends it is continually making. Professional men, businessmen, people in all walks of life, everywhere, use and indorse it because it has given them health, strength and vigor. Prescribed by doctors and used in hospitals everywhere. Recognized as a family medicine everywhere.

WHAT IT DOES.

The results accomplished by its use in cases of stomach trouble, wasting, weakening and diseased conditions are wonderful. It aids in destroying the disease germs, and by its building and healing properties restores tissues in a gradual, healthy and natural manner. In the prevention and relief of coughs, colds, pneumonia, grip, asthma, malaria, and bronchitis, it has no equal. It aids digestion, giving more nourishment to the body and more strength to the whole system. It makes the old feel young and keeps the young strong and vigorous.

The genuine is sold IN SEALED BOTTLES ONLY—never in bulk, by druggists, dealers and hotels, $1.25 a large bottle. Doctor's advice and an illustrated medical booklet sent free on request.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SCANDRETT BROS., JOHN GARVEY & SONS, P. J. WATT, LOCAL DISTRIBUTORS.

TWO THOUSAND BARRELS FROM ONE ORCHARD

Exceptionally Fine Crop Is Being Harvested in Lucan District.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Lucan, Oct. 19. — Apples are a very fine crop this fall in the surrounding district, but there is very little sale for them. One man near Lucan has an orchard and he picked two thousand barrels from it.

An unknown man was arrested this morning by Constable Patton, of Clandeboye, on a charge of threatening to burn a man's barn near Clandeboye.

Mr. C. C. Hodgins, ex-M. P. P., of Woodstock, is visiting with friends here.

Mr. Culbert, of Forest, visited his sister, Mrs. Wm. Kent, recently.

Mr. T. A. Owens, B. A., is seriously ill at present with pneumonia.

Many of the farmers in the surrounding district are busily engaged in shipping sugar beets.

Mrs. Julia Flood and her two daughters, of Winnipeg, have returned to Mrs. Harrigan's from London, where they were spending a few days with friends.

Dr. Albert McLean spent a few days here recently shipping the remainder of his furniture to Alvinston, where he is keeping hotel.

Mr. Michael Toohey and daughter, of Iowa, are visiting Mrs. James Toohey.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morkin have returned to their home after their wedding trip to Toronto, Niagara Falls, and other points.

Mr. F. F. Downing shipped a carload of cattle to Toronto today.

Ugly Pimples Have All Gone

Face a Sight, But in a Short Time Stuart's Calcium Wafers Worked Wonders.

Many an otherwise pretty girl is distracted with her apearance. Poor girl! She doesn't yet know that Stuart's Calcium Wafers will quickly transform her into a perfect dream of loveliness. And many a young man with tender skin just growing a bristly beard is also a sight to behold. All the face creams in the world are nothing but masks. They do not overcome pimples, but merely allay surface irritation.

Skin-health must come from within. Skin-tissue is made from the blood, and as it is a tendency of nature to throw off a good share of impurities through the skin, naturally impurities gather on the surface in the form of pimples, blotches, blackheads and other eruptions. But Stuart's Calcium Wafers have a remarkable activity in the blood which seeks the skin as an outlet for its impurities. These are thrown off in invisible mist or gas, are consumed in the oxygen of the air, and in a few days all imperfections of circulation and of skin-health are overcome.

All blemishes disappear and the skin becomes as clear and smooth as a baby's. Go to the drug store today—any druggist can supply them—and get a box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers for trial. They will cost you only 50 cents, but are really worth many dollars to you if your face is marred by ugly pimples, blotches, blackheads, etc. Convince yourself by actual test that Stuart's Calcium Wafers are the most effective blood and skin purifiers in the world.

LIFE NOT AFORCE

London, Oct. 19.—Sir Oliver Lodge, the noted scientist, and president of the University of Birmingham, in his Becquerel lecture yesterday dealt with the recent discussion on the origin of life which was started by Professor Schaefer's presidential address to the British Association for the Advancement of Science. Speaking of the construction of living matter out of artificially combined materials, Sir Oliver said:

"It may be impossible, but the attempt is a legitimate one. No one can positively say it will never be successful."

The lecturer, however, pointed out one of the difficulties in the way of the fulfillment of the dream that life may come from a laboratory-treated substance. Life, he said, demands energy for its peculiar manifestations. Energy is like gunpowder; life is like the trigger puller that makes the gunpowder work. It seems only to be an affair of atoms, but there is possibly much more in it than is imagined. Life is probably something altogether a control, not a force, but something that directs force and incidentally controls matter.

Cattle and Produce Markets

For Other Markets See Page Eleven

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; market dull, steady; beeves, $5 50 to $10 90; Texas steers, $4 50 to $5 50; stockers and feeders, $4 25 to $7 50; cows and heifers, $2 90 to $7 85; calves, $7 to $9 85. Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; market was steady to 5c higher; light, $8 35 to $8 10, mixed, $8 50 to $9 25; heavy, $8 45 to $9 25; roughs, $8 45 to $8 70; pigs, $4 75 to $7 65; bulk of sales at $8 80 to $9 10. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; natives, $3 60 to $5; yearlings, $4 75 to $6; lambs, natives, $5 25 to $7 60; westerns, $5 50 to $7 50.

DAIRY.

CORNWALL, Oct. 18.—On the cheese board today 1,411 boxes were boarded, of which 130 were white and 1,281 colored; 12⅝c was bid for white and 12⅜c for colored, but all the cheese were held over till next week; the sales for the corresponding week last year were 1,215 at 13⅜c to 13⅞c.

IROQUOIS, Oct. 18.—At the regular meeting of the cheese board today 710 colored were registered; all sold on the board at 12⅞c; the usual buyers were present.

NAPANEE, Oct. 18.—Cheese boarded, 447 white and 810 colored; 345 colored sold at 13c; balance refused, white 12⅞c, colored 12 15-16c.

PICTON, Oct. 18.—At the cheese board today 1,270 were boarded; all sold; 834 at 13 1-16c and 436 at 13c.

OTTAWA, Oct. 18.—There were 325 boxes of cheese boarded here today, all selling at 12⅝c for white and 12 13-16c for colored.

HAY.

TORONTO, Oct. 18.—Baled hay—No. 1 hay is firm at $13 to $14, on track at Toronto; No. 2, $11 to $12; clover, mixed, $9 to $10. Baled straw—The market is quiet, with prices of good straw quoted at $10 to $10 50, on track at Toronto.

SUGAR.

TORONTO, Oct. 18.—Sugars are easier, and are quoted at Toronto as follows: Extra granulated, Redpath's, $4 85; do. 20-lb bags, $4 95; do. St. Lawrence, $4 85; do. 20-lb bags, $4 95; extra S. G. granulated, barrels and bags, $4 80; Imperial granulated, $4 70; Beaver, $4 70; No. 1 yellow, $4 40; unbranded Acadia, $4 25.

OILS.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Calcutta linseed, October and November, 55s 9d; linseed oil, 30c 6d; sperm oil, £39; petroleum, American refined, 8d; spirits, 9d; turpentine spirits, 31s 1½d; rosin, American strained, 16s 6d; fine, 19s.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 18.—Turpentine—Firm, 40¾c to 41c; sales, 515; receipts, 545; shipments, 782; stocks, 32,445. Rosin—Firm; sales, 1,800; receipts, 1,739; shipments, 2,474; stocks, 100,800.

PRODUCE.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19. — Wheat, spot steady; No. 3 Manitoba, 8s 4d; futures steady; December, 7s 9⅛d; March, 7s 7⅝d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, kiln-dried, 7s 4d; futures steady; October, 5s 2⅝d; December, 5s 2⅜d. Flour—Winter patents, 29s 6d. Hops in London (Pacific coast), £5 10s to £6 10d. Pork, prime mess, western, 105s; hams, short cut, 14 to 16 pounds, 66s 6d; bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 pounds, 73s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 pounds, 67s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 pounds, 73s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 pounds, 73s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, 69s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 pounds, nominal. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 60s 6d; American refined, 61s. Cheese, Canadian, finest white, new, 65s 6d; colored, new, 66s 6d. Tallow, prime city, 32s 9d; Australian in London, 36s 9d. Turpentine spirits, 31s 6d. Rosin, common, 16s 3d. Petroleum, refined, 9⅜d. Linseed Oil, 35s. Cottonseed oil, Hull refined, 26s 7½d.

TORONTO, Oct. 18.—Cables are slightly weaker again today, but after the opening both Chicago and Winnipeg futures were higher. Ontario wheat is firm on limited offerings. Oats sold at 39c to 40c outside. Barley scarce and steady. Ontario flour in demand and firm. Flour—The demand is good, with prices firmer; 90 per cent Ontario patents are $4 25 bid; Manitoba flours unchanged; first patents, in jute bags, $5 70; second patents, $5 20; strong bakers, $5, on track at Toronto; in cotton bags 10c more is charged. Manitoba wheat—The offerings are moderate, with prices steady; No. 1 new northern is quoted at 98c, bay ports; No. 2 at 96c, and No. 3 at 94c, bay ports; feed wheat, 65c to 67c, bay ports. Ontario wheat—No. 2 new white and red wheat quoted at 95c to 96c outside, and the poorer grades down to 75c. Oats—Offerings limited with prices firm; No. 2 Ontario, 39c to 40c outside, and 43c to 44c on track at Toronto; ungraded, 35c to 37c outside; Western Canada oats nominal. Peas—Nominal. Barley—Trade is quiet, with offerings small; 48-lb barley is quoted at 65c outside. Corn—The market is dull and easy, with No. 2 old American quoted at 72½c, all-rail, Toronto, and No. 3 at 72c, all-rail; No. 3, at bay ports, 67½c. Rye—Trade quiet, with prices unchanged at 75c to 76c for No. 2, outside. Buckwheat—Prices are nominal, at 55c outside. Bran—Manitoba bran firm, $23, in bags, Toronto freight; shorts, $26.

MONTREAL, Oct. 18.—Demand for provisions fair. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, $12 to $12 50. Pork, heavy Canada short mess, bbls, 35 to 45 pieces, $28; Canada short cut backs, bbls, 45 to 55 pieces, $28. Lard, compound, tierces, 375 lbs, $9 75; wood pails, 20 lbs net, $10 25; pure, tierces, 375 lbs, $15; wood pails, 20 lbs net, $15 50.

London Stock Exchange.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Stocks closed today as follows: Consols, for money, 73¼; do, for account 73 5-16; Amalgamated Copper, 92⅝; Anaconda, 9¼; Atchison, 112⅝; do, preferred, 105¼; Baltimore and Ohio, 110¼; Canadian Pacific, 275¾; Chesapeake and Ohio, 85¼; Chicago Great Western, 18½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 115¼; De Beers, 19⅞; Denver and Rio Grande, 22¾; do, preferred, 41½; Erie, 36⅝; do, first preferred, 54½; do, second preferred, 44; Grand Trunk, 26½; Illinois Central, 132½; Louisville and Nashville, 165; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 29⅜; New York Central, 118¾; Norfolk and Western, 119⅜; do, preferred, 91; Ontario and Western, 37¾; Pennsylvania, 64; Rand Mines, 6¼; Reading, 91; Southern Railway, 30⅜; Southern Railway, pfd., 84½; Southern Pacific, 114½; Union Pacific, 177½; do, preferred, 92; United States Steel, 81⅞; do, preferred, 118¼; Wabash, 4½; do, preferred, 14½. Bar silver quiet, 29 5-16d per ounce. Money, 3 per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 4⅜ to 4½ per cent; three months' bills, 4 11-16 to 4¾ per cent.

FINED FOR FIGHTING.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wingham, Oct. 18.—Thomas Bennett, of Gorrie, was fined $2, and had to pay $6.40 costs when he appeared before Magistrate Morton here on a charge of being disorderly. The trouble arose over a drunken row at the Bennett home recently.

Sure They Have.

Harry Boss and George Ross, of New Palace Livery, have the best outfits. Phone 838.

ALLEGED HE STRUCK YOUNG GIRL WITH AXE

Samuel Dunn, of Port Stanley, Was Arrested on Serious Charge.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, Oct. 18.—Samuel Dunn, Port Stanley, was arrested and brought to the county jail here today on the charge of committing an aggravated assault on Miss Margaret Palmer, of that village recently. Miss Palmer is suffering from a severe blow on the head and a badly fractured jaw, and it is claimed by the attending physicians that her memory since the assault is a complete blank on account of pressure on the brain caused by the alleged blows of an axe in the hands of the accused.

Bail was refused to Dunn, who is an aged man and a neighbor of the injured girl. The county magistrate ordered Coroner Dr. Guest, of St. Thomas, to go down and report to him the exact extent of the injuries and condition of the young woman.

INQUEST INTO G. T. R. WRECK AT PARKHILL

Jury Under Coroner Anderson Will Probe Cause of Crash on Wednesday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Parkhill, Oct. 19.—The inquest into the collision which cost the life of G. T. R. Fireman Scott, of Goderich, will be held here on Wednesday evening. The jury, under Coroner Dr. J. R. Anderson, of Ailsa Craig, viewed the remains today. The jury is composed as follows: Mayor Harrison, foreman; ex-Mayor D. A. McLeod, W. W. Logan, P. Lindsay, D. J. McColl, M. Fenn, W. G. Caines, A. J. Garden, O. A. Griffith, J. B. Lindsay, J. McGregor and W. J. Roberts.

The jurors found that Fireman Scott was caught between the tender and the cab, and that the right leg was nearly severed at the thigh, cutting the femoral artery, causing his death by hemorrhage. The leg was crushed from the thigh to the knee, and his right arm was broken at the wrist and between the elbow and shoulder.

The line was reopened today. Crowds from all over the district watched with great interest the work of replacing the wrecked locomotives and tenders.

BEANS MUCH BETTER THAN WAS EXPECTED

Growers in Hensall District Are Well Pleased With the Yield.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Hensall, Oct. 19.—Local bean raisers are in fine spirits owing to the fact that the crop is harvested with a much smaller percentage of loss than was expected. Geo. McEwen has 50 acres harvested and D. Urquhart 90 acres. E. Daters has a yield of 30 bushels to the acre.

Potatoes are yielding well, but some are rotting.

The Citizens' Band has declared a handsome dividend. This is exceptional, as bands usually have difficulty in making ends meet.

High Constable Whiteside is reported to have cornered the onion market.

Orchard owners complain that the apple crop is altogether too abundant, and that only a portion of it can be harvested.

The G. T. R. people have a big gang of men working in the station yard cutting down banks, levelling and filling in, extending switches and otherwise making great improvements. When these are completed the new station will be erected.

ANGRY UNIONIST

Continued from Page One.

was troubled lest the land purchase bill might be interrupted when the home rule bill passes and the Unionists had begun to threaten Ireland that no more British credit would be given for that purpose if a home rule parliament were established.

Defied Unionist Threat.

Then Mr. Birrell, in his most definite and vehement terms, announced on the part of Premier Asquith that the land purchase would be carried through until all the Irish land was transferred to the tenants, and Mr. Redmond accepted this statement promptly and whole-heartedly and defied the Unionist threats.

The other corner, and the more difficult one, was the proposed transfer of the postoffice to the Irish Parliament. The Unionists bellowed against this proposal as a move toward the breaking up of the Empire and the making of Ireland into a sovereign state, and one or two of the timid Liberals made faint objection to the proposal.

The proposal was stoutly and unflinchingly backed by Herbert Samuel, now the English postmaster-general and who is rising every day to a more powerful position in the Liberal ranks by his extraordinary gifts of clear speech, and the mastery of all the facts, but the majority on this proposal fell to 79.

The next momentous struggle will be over the proposal to give Ireland a partial control of customs, and here also the Unionist assault may be assisted by the same small group of a few timid Liberals, but it will also have the full support of Asquith and nine-tenths of the Liberals.

A Disquieting Feature.

The one disquieting feature of the situation is the illness of three of the great figures in this heroic struggle.

Premier Asquith was seriously weakened during the week by a painful carbuncle on his neck, which twice has been extracted, but he is now on the road to recovery. The loss of Asquith at this moment would be irreparable to the Liberals and Irish, who are united to work with him as the chief pillar of liberty and the best factor in keeping the ranks united and firm and sane.

Joseph Devlin at last has paid the penalty of his disinterested enthusiasm in greatly overworking his fragile frame, and for some days this week he has been seriously ill, and, his illness, added to John Dillon's motor accident, has produced the gravest anxiety, as no two figures would be more missed at this solemn moment.

Both now are rapidly recovering, and are expected to join the fighting ranks in a few days.

QUAIL SHOOTING MUST BE STOPPED

Following the placing of restrictions upon the killing of pheasants, partridges and quail in several southern and western counties of Ontario, the Government has decided to give quail a twelve months' period of absolute protection, extending over the whole Province.

An order-in-council has been passed prohibiting the hunting, taking or killing of quail for a year, starting on Nov. 14, 1912.

POTATOES ROTTING IN DRYEST CELLARS

Excess of Moisture in Tubers Makes Them Spoil After Digging.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Zurich Oct. 19.—The farmers are at a loss to know how to prevent their potatoes from rotting in their cellars. The tubers have been stowed away with an excess of moisture in them, and in this condition they rot very fast.

The wholesale men took possession of Zurich this week, and the hotels have been crowded. Sample rooms have been engaged continuously, and nearly all kinds of staples have been represented.

Fall wheat, of which there is a large acreage in this district, looks fine.

Farmers are taking advantage of the excellent weather for housing the root crop and doing their fall plowing.

Great quantities of apples are being converted into cider, the farmers claiming that the circulating dealer selects only the best, leaving the second quality on the ground. There is no loss in the manufacture of cider.

Many Duck Raffles.

Duck raffles and social hops are plentiful at present, and will continue until Thanksgiving.

Mr. Henry Brown and Miss Rose Stelck were married on Wednesday. Rev. Brown performed the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Steinbach and Mrs. Charles Kalbfleisch, of Detroit, visited relatives and friends here recently. They came by auto.

A rural mail delivery has been established on the Base Line between Hay and Stanley. It is operated from Kippen.

Horse Was Killed.

Mr. James McQueen, of Stanley, lost a fine horse recently by the animal falling into a well.

James Whyte, dealer in agricultural implements, has assigned to the Massey-Harris Company, who have appointed Mr. Fred Hess, sen., to adjust things.

There was a heavy frost Wednesday morning, ice forming on the water an eighth of an inch in thickness in places. No damage has been reported, although there is a large percentage of beans, corn and cabbage yet to be cared for.

Mr. Ezra Kaercher, of the 16th concession of Hay, having sold his farm, stock and implements, has removed to Berlin, Ont., where he purchased a residence.

TEMPERANCE SUNDAY IN NORTH HURON

Clinton, Oct. 19. — The Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance will hold a field day in Huron County tomorrow. Revs. Abraham and Spence, of Toronto, are the speakers in Clinton, and Master Douglas Stanbury is the soloist.

Mrs. Dickenson and son Daniel, of Bermuda, are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. D. K. Grant.

The public school teachers attended the teachers' convention at Wingham on Thursday and Friday.

The inspector of the underwriters was here on Thursday.

The Girls' Club of Willis Church will hold a bazaar in the town hall next Thursday. In the evening Miss Belcher, of Goderich, assisted by local talent, will give a concert.

The Pastime Club held a dance on Thanksgiving Night.

Mr. Jack Forrester, of Ruth, Nevada, is holidaying at his home here.

A local option petition is being circulated in town and is being well signed.

The Clinton Branch of the Children's Aid Society held a meeting recently and voted $35 to the county work.

WON'T DIG POTATOES

Many Farmers Around Walkerton Find Crop Badly Rotted.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Walkerton, Oct. 18.—From the present outlook potatoes will be a scarce article before spring on account of the rot in this year's crop. Some farmers find the rot so far developed that it will not pay to dig them.

D. J. L. Hughes, of Toronto, addressed the Teachers' Association yesterday on the subject of "Dickens as an Educator."

Mrs. J. F. Fraser was buried yesterday, after an illness of several months. She died at the age of 59, and had lived in Walkerton since 1883.

Mrs. James Reaburn, of Jackson street, missed her footing on her doorstep on Tuesday, and fell and received a broken arm.

Mr. W. Pengelly has returned to Toronto.

Mrs. Hugh McKerracher, of Paisley, spent the first of the week here with her mother, Mrs. Buchan.

Mrs. McBain, of Orillia, is visiting at the home of her mother.

Mrs. W. T. Dulmage and daughter Jean, of Harriston, visited recently with her mother, Mrs. J. May.

Miss Lillie Petteplace left on Wednesday for Galt, where she has secured a good position.

D. Robertson, K.C., is attending several important cases at the assizes in Owen Sound.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. McKay have announced the engagement of their daughter, Nellie, to Wm. Lumsden, of Belleville, the marriage to take place on Oct. 23.

At the last meeting of the council the public library board requested the council to purchase the site opposite the postoffice for the Carnegie library. The price asked is $1,600. The council considered the price too high.

A. Earwaker has accepted a position with D. S. Perrin & Co., of London, and has gone to that city to reside.

Kingsmill's

CARPETS AND ROOM RUGS

DISTINCTION, ELEGANCE, ART AND QUALITY

KINGSMILL FLOOR COVERINGS lend attractiveness and tend to cultivate the art idea and bring into harmony the furnishings of a home. In Canada's Largest Carpet Store (Carling Street) we have gathered a most complete assortment of all kinds of Floor Coverings. We welcome your visit, inspection and approval, and assure you it is a pleasure for us to show you anything in Home Furnishings. Curtains and Window Draperies are here, including the very latest fancies. Furniture Coverings of best qualities in many handsome designs, in beautiful colors, as well as an unusually fine collection of Hearth Rugs, Inlaid Linoleums, Oilcloths and Window Shades, all in dependable qualities, at prices less than other stores ask. Come and See.

Kingsmill's

HURON COLLEGE APPOINTMENTS

Simcoe, Rev. Principal Waller; South Sarnia, Rev. Professor Young; Emmanuel, London Township, F. Lewin; Souterville, E. Jacques; Chatham, Christ Church, K. Alexander; St. James' Sunday School, afternoon, St. John's Evangelist, evening, F. V. Vair; Drumbo and Ayr, C. Langford; Christ Church, London, R. Lee; St. Thomas', Dover Township, A. S. H. Cree; Culloden and St. Charles', R. E. Charles; St. Mark's morning, St. James' evening, Henry Light; Aged People's Home, C. Foreman.

MADE HIS ESCAPE

Man From London Asylum Found Working Near Woodstock.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Woodstock, Oct. 18.—The police today arrested Thomas Chamberlain, who escaped from London Asylum yesterday. Chamberlain had secured a job with a farmer near here yesterday afternoon, and when he got through work alarmed those about the place by staying out all night. He was sent in with a load of turnips today, and this afternoon was arrested in a coal and wood yard. An officer from the asylum is expected to take him back.

GOES TO CALGARY

Rev. A. C. Wishart Preaches Farewell Sermon on Sunday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Brussels, Oct. 19.—On Sunday evening Rev. A. C. Wishart, Presbyterian minister, will preach the closing sermon of his pastorate here before removing to Calgary. A farewell tea will be tendered Monday evening, and the reverend gentleman will leave on Tuesday.

Wednesday evening Mrs. (Dr) MacDonald, of Toronto, and Rev. Mr. McBeth, of Paris, addressed the Women's Home Mission Convention in the Presbyterian Church here.

Sunday next will be a field day in temperance work in Huron County. Barrister Hassard, of Toronto, will give an address in the Methodist Church in the evening.

There was no school on Thursday or Friday owing to the teachers' convention in Wingham.

George Kelly and John Mowbray, old residents of this locality, were buried recently. Both were over 80 years of age, and are survived by their wives and grown-up families.

Special children's service will be held next Sunday in St. John's Church, Rev. Mr. Farr, of Blyth, will preach.

The board of the Methodist Church have decided to have electric light installed in both the auditorium and schoolroom.

Mrs. Robert Laidlaw, a former resident, died at the home of her daughter, St. Joseph, Missouri, recently.

TEACHERS MEET

Three Hundred Are Attending Association Session in Wingham.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wingham, Oct. 18.—Three hundred teachers from all parts of the district are here to attend the annual meeting of the Teachers' Association, which is being held in the town hall. A number of fine papers are included on the program.

The council held a special meeting last night to consider the fire test, which was made yesterday before the inspector. Those present at the meeting were Mayor Spotton, Reeve McDonald, and Councillors McKibbon, Vanstone, Bone, Mitchell, Elliott, and Mr. J. F. Groves, clerk, also Chief of Police Alten.

Mr. Breden lost a valuable cow when it was struck by the C. P. R. express while out on the tracks.

Provincial Constable Geo. Phippen has a clue to the recent robbery in Hough's store, and an arrest is expected shortly.

INSURANCE RATES WON'T BE LOWERED

New Blyth Fire System Did Not Stand Tests Very Well.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Blyth, Oct. 19.—The inspector for the Underwriters' Association paid an official visit to Blyth recently and tested the new fire protection. The bell was rung and the firemen responded, but it seemed a long time before water was pumped through the pipes, and even then it was a poor stream, and some of the joints in the pipes leaked. The new system that has been installed at such a great expense did not show up as well as was expected. In consequence there will be no chance of a lowering of the insurance rate at present.

To Get White Swan Yeast Cakes.

If you can't get White Swan Yeast Cakes from your grocer, send your name and address and we will send free sample of White Swan Yeast Cakes and tell what grocer in your town keeps it. White Swan Spices and Cereals, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

WHAT'S IN A NAME

There is a lot in it, if a name stands for

HONEST TRADING,
SQUARE TREATMENT,
SUPERIOR QUALITY,
EFFICIENT SERVICE,
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That's what our name stands for in the Coal trade

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SINGLE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP

GOING DATES

OCT. 7 to NOV. 9, to points in TEMAGAMI, Etc.

OCT. 17 to NOV. 9, to

Muskoka Lakes, Lake of Bays, Penetang, Midland, Lakefield, Severn to North Bay inclusive, Argyle to Coboconk inclusive, Lindsay to Haliburton inclusive, Madawasaka to Parry Sound inclusive.

All tickets valid for return until Thursday, December 12th, 1912, except to points reached by steamer lines.

Tuesday, November 12th, 1912.

The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway is the shortest and quickest route between Winnipeg-Saskatoon-Edmonton. New fast express service between Winnipeg-Yorkton-Canora and Regina.

Steamship tickets on sale via all lines. Full particulars from any Grand Trunk Agent, or address R. E. Ruse, C. P. and T. A., "Clock Corner," London; A. E. DUFF, D. P. A., Toronto, Ontario.

ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

Western Field Day Sports Draw a Large Attendance

Despite Threatening Weather Large Crowd of Spectators Witness Annual Athletic Meet at Tecumseh Park--- Mile Events Postponed Until Next Week.

The annual field day of the Western University was held at Tecumseh Park Friday afternoon. The attendance was large, the grandstand being nearly filled with spectators. Although the weather was threatening all afternoon, the rain held off until most of the events had been run off, but owing to the sloppy condition of the field after it did come, it was thought advisable to postpone three of the events—the 220-yard race, running high jump and standing broad jump—until next week.

The Individual honors.

The different events were keenly contested, there being a large number of entries in each. The struggle for individual honors has dwindled down to three meds, Renton, Doupe and Luton, with Renton having a little the better of it. When the postponed races are run off next week, the championship all-round man will be made known. Doupe won the honors last year, and he is making a big bid for it this year.

The two open events attracted a number of local athletes, and the finishes in each were thrilling. In the 100-yards race Luton and Adams ran almost a dead heat, Luton winning by sticking out his chest and breasting the tape first. It was the closest finish of the afternoon.

The Relay Race.

The relay race was won by the First Hussars team in easy fashion, the Normal School, the only other entry, losing considerable time through stumbling. The med relay team and the rugby club's relay team did not run owing to the sloppy condition of the field. The meds will enter a relay team in the Thanksgiving Day meet at Woodstock and the runners were taking no chances in getting injured by the slippery going.

The Results.

The results were as follows:

Walking race, half mile—1, Bulteel, arts; 2, Abbott, meds; 3, Smith, meds.

Putting 12-pound shot—1, Smith, meds, 40 feet 7 inches; 2, Doupe, meds, 34 feet 4 inches; 3, Kane, arts, 32 feet.

100-yards race—1, Luton; 2, Renton; 3, Doupe. Time—10 3-5.

Throwing hammer—1, Alexander, 71 feet 10 inches; 2, Smith, 67 feet 7 inches; 3, Freeman, 67 feet.

Pole vault—1, Freeman, meds, 8 feet 2 inches; 2, Luton, meds; 3, Charles, Arts.

Half-mile race—1, Pollock, meds; 2, Whittick, meds; 3, Bowman, meds. Time—2:13.

Hop, step and jump—1, Renton, meds, 40 feet 10 inches; 2, Doupe, meds, 39 feet; 3, Kane, arts, 36 feet 7 inches.

Running broad jump—1, Renton, meds, 20 feet; 2, Doupe, 18 feet 10 inches; 3, Freeman, 17 feet 9 inches.

Sack race—1, Doupe; 2, Freeman; 3, Kane.

Relay race, half mile—1, fourth year, Luton, Aitken, Smith and Bowman; 2, third year, Freeman, Martin and Whittick. Time—2:16.

100-yards race (open)—1, Luton; 2, Adams; 3, Lightfoot. Time—10 1-5 secs.

Relay race, 1 mile (open)—1, First Hussars, Hill, Bawden, Campbell, Adams; 2, Normal School. Time—3:41.

INGERSOLL HOCKEY CLUB HAS NOT ORGANIZED YET

Fans Are Wondering What the Town Intends Doing This Coming Winter.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ingersoll, Oct. 18.—No action has yet been taken in regard to organizing for the hockey season. With the time drawing near when the teams of the hockey association will commence practice, there is increasing interest on the part of the fans as to where Ingersoll will be. It is certainly time that the season's work was being mapped out. It is a well-known fact that the early bird very often catches the hockey worm. The teams that are fit for the first games of their schedule find their first wins very important later on, as the competition becomes more stubborn as the season advances. Ingersoll enthusiasts and players should be up and doing if there is to be O. H. A. hockey, or it will be a case of history repeating itself. They will be caught napping.

CHANCE IS MANAGER OF CUBS NO LONGER

His Contract Expired at Close of Championship Series and New One Not Forthcoming.

HAS NO FUTURE PLANS

Murphy's Silence Indicates That Peerless Leader Will Not Manage Cubs Next Season.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Frank L. Chance, whose contract as manager of the Chicago National League Baseball Club expired at the close of the championship series, declared last night that President Murphy has not offered him a new contract, and that he has no definite plans for the future. He said that he would probably carry out his determination to permanently retire from baseball.

President Murphy declined to discuss the question of who will manage the team next year.

Canada's Best Automobiles

are admittedly those made by the Russell Motor Car Company. Ask us to send you particulars of the 1913 models. Address:

RUSSELL MOTOR CAR CO., LIMITED
WEST TORONTO, ONT.

KID WILLIAMS WON FROM JOHNNY COULON

Bantamweight Champion Meets His Master in New York BoBut.

New York, Oct. 18.—Kid Williams, of Baltimore, outpointed Johnny Coulon, of Chicago, the bantamweight title-holder, in a ten-round bout at Madison Square Garden tonight.

Coulon, who has held the championship for several years, had to lower his colors at the end of the tenth round, but Williams knew he had met a past master of the art during every second of the time he was in action. From the outset the little Baltimore boy was full of confidence. In the tenth the Baltimore lad forced matters at a terrific pace, sending rights and lefts to the jaw, rushing Coulon all the time, and boring in with rights and lefts to the head and body. It was a hurricane finish, in which Williams proved to be the old champion's master at every stage.

The boys weighed in, according to agreement, under 116 pounds, ringside, Williams turning the scale at 115½, and Coulon four pounds less.

The outcome of the bout did not surprise those who have seen Williams in his bouts here. For many months he has beaten every lad he met. The majority of the spectators evidently favored Williams, and he was cheered as he left the ring.

MAX WORTZMANN DEAD.

Chicago, Oct. 18. — Max Wortzmann, champion skat player of America, twice president of the North American Skat League, and founder of the Chicago Skat Organization is dead at his home here.

Complete Composite Score of All Eight Games in World's Series of 1912

NEW YORK GIANTS.

	AB	R	H	2B	3B	HR	TB	SH	SB	PC	O	A	E	PC
Wilson, c	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1.000	2	1	1	.750
McCormick	4	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	.500	0	0	0	.000
Herzog, 3b	30	6	12	4	1	0	18	0	2	.400	12	17	0	1.000
Tesreau, p	8	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	.375	0	10	0	1.000
Meyers, c	28	2	10	0	1	0	12	1	1	.357	42	5	1	.979
Murray, rf, lf	31	5	10	4	1	0	16	2	0	.323	23	1	0	1.000
Merkle, 1b	32	5	9	2	1	0	13	1	1	.281	83	1	4	.954
Devore, lf, rf	24	4	6	0	0	0	6	0	4	.250	10	2	0	1.000
Doyle, 2b	33	5	8	2	0	1	13	0	2	.242	14	26	4	.882
Snodgrass, cf, rf, lf	33	2	7	2	0	0	9	1	1	.212	17	1	2	.900
Fletcher, ss	28	1	5	1	0	0	6	0	1	.179	16	22	4	.905
Mathewson, p	12	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	.167	1	12	0	1.000
Becker, rf	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	1	0	1.000
Shafer, ss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	1	4	0	1.000
Crandall, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	1	0	1.000
Marquard, p	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	.000	0	4	1	.800
Ames, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	1	0	1.000
Totals	273	31	75	15	4	1	101	6	12	.275	221	109	17	.951

BOSTON RED SOX.

	AB	R	H	2B	3B	HR	TB	SH	SB	PC	O	A	E	PC
Henriksen	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1.000	0	0	0	.000
Hall, p	4	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	.500	0	5	1	.833
Engle	3	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	.333	0	0	0	.000
Speaker, cf	29	4	9	1	2	0	14	1	1	.310	22	2	2	.923
Hooper, rf	31	4	9	2	1	0	13	2	1	.290	16	2	0	1.000
Wood, p	7	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	.286	1	7	0	1.000
Stahl, 1b	32	3	8	2	0	0	10	1	2	.250	77	3	0	1.000
Yerkes, 2b	33	3	8	0	2	0	12	0	0	.242	16	22	1	.974
Gardner, 3b	28	4	5	1	1	1	8	2	0	.179	9	13	3	.880
Wagner, ss	30	1	5	1	0	0	6	0	1	.167	22	24	3	.939
Lewis, lf	32	3	5	2	0	0	7	0	0	.156	14	0	1	.933
Cady, c	22	1	3	0	0	0	3	1	0	.136	35	8	1	.977
Carrigan, c	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	9	5	0	1.000
Ball	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	0	0	.000
Collins, p	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	3	0	1.000
Bedient, p	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	0	1	0	1.000
O'Brien, p	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000	1	6	0	1.000
Totals	273	25	58	12	6	1	82	7	5	.212	222	101	12	.964

THE COMPLETE SERIES SUMMARY.

First base on errors—New York, 4; Boston, 12. Left on bases—New York, 52; Boston, 55. First base on balls—Off Tesreau, 11; off Wood, 3; off Hall, 9; off Bedient, 7; off Marquard, 2; off O'Brien, 3; off Ames, 1; off Mathewson, 5. Struck out—By Tesreau, 15; by Wood, 21; by Mathewson, 10; by Collins, 6; by Bedient, 7; by Marquard, 9; by O'Brien, 4. Double plays—Stahl and Wood; Speaker and Stahl; Fletcher and Herzog; Fletcher and Merkle; Wagner, Yerkes and Stahl; Hooper and Stahl; Fletcher, Doyle and Merkle; Devore and Meyers; Speaker (unassisted). Hit by pitcher—By Bedient (Snodgrass, Herzog); by Wood (Meyers); by Tesreau (Gardner). Hits—Off Wood, 27 in 22 innings; off Tesreau, 18 in 23 innings; off Crandall, 1 in 2 innings; off Collins, 14 in 14⅓ innings; off Hall, 11 in 10⅔ innings; off Bedient, 11 in 18 innings; off Mathewson, 23 in 28⅔ innings; off Marquard, 13 in 18 innings; off O'Brien, 12 in 9 innings; off Ames, 3 in 2 innings. Wild pitches—Tesreau, 3; Marquard. Passed ball—Cady. Balk—O'Brien.

SOME SPORTING ECLIPSES

An Inquiry From Vanneck

Vanneck, Oct. 17, 1912.
Sporting Editor, Advertiser:

Would be pleased if you could solve the following and settle dispute.

A game is on in which there are ground rules of one base on an overthrow over first, third and home. There are men running on second and third. The ball is hit to shortstop, who in an attempt to catch the runner from third makes an overthrow.

Should runner from second be allowed to go home on the play if he has not reached third when the overthrow was made?

Yours truly,
BALLPLAYER.

Answer—Runner should be allowed to score, as he is entitled to third base on hit.

EAST AND WEST START HOCKEY WAR

Sammy Litchenhein, of Wanderers, Promises to Fight Patrick's Attempt to Buy Players.

BITTER FEELING STIRRED

Looks Like War to the Knife Between Two Big Hockey Associations—Patrick's Proposition Ridiculed.

Montreal, Oct. 18.—Sammy Lichtenhein, president of the Wanderer hockey club, the Montreal baseball club, etc., has thrown down the gauntlet and will fight the western hockey men who are here buying up the best players. He says: "I think the time has come to show Mr. Patrick that the Pacific Coast Hockey League can no longer teach us how to run our business.

"Mr. Patrick while here made a proposition which was so ridiculous that the Wanderers at least will refuse to entertain it. In the meantime there is an open market for players, and the Wanderers propose to get the best there are to be had. We need some more good men in the east, and we will get them regardless of expense," said Lichtenhein. "I know through doing so the Wanderers will lose money next season, but I am accustomed to losing money in baseball, and it is nothing new to me. I propose right now to get back all the good players Mr. Patrick has taken from us, and a few more he has."

A friend of Patrick's, speaking of the affair, said: "Mr. Lichtenhein's action no doubt will mean war between the National Hockey Association and the Pacific Coast Hockey League. After the friendly manner in which Patrick took up the request of the National Hockey Association to join in forming a hockey commission and arrange for a world's series, the action of Mr. Lichtenhein in trying to take away the men whom Patrick has signed, seems, to say the least, unfair, although much stronger words could be used. Patrick came here and openly announced that he would not try to take away any player who had signed with any eastern club and would only make contracts with those who had not signed, and he stuck to that. The end is not yet. Take my word for it that it will be war to the knife."

Motorists have often experienced trouble with what might be termed a "dying engine"—an engine that loses power, instead of gaining power under stress.

It sometimes happens that a supposedly high-power engine loses considerable of its power during a single season's run, and contines to lose power with each successive season.

One feature that has won praise for the Knight Engine is the fact that even though subjected to the severest usage, it maintains full power season after season. The secret of this is the perfect construction of its silent, non-carbonizing valves.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on box. 25c

CHICAGO FANS ACCUSE CUBS OF LAYING DOWN TO WHITE SOX IN LAST GAME OF CITY SERIES

Chance's Men Were Beaten By 16 to 0, and Rooters Believe Cubs Purposely Threw the Game in Order to Get Even With Owner Murphy.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—The Chicago American League team won the city title this afternoon when they gave the Cubs one of the worst trimmings the west-side bunch ever received. The final score was 16 to 0.

The Sox started to make a runaway race of the game right off the reel, scoring one in the first and two more in the second. In the third they slashed home eight tallies off nine hits.

Ed. Walsh worked for the American Leaguers and held the Cubs to five hits. The Cubs used five pitchers. Of this number Fred Toney, who finished the game, was the only one that showed any skill at all. But one safe hit was made off him. Lavender started the game but was hit so consistently from the opening gong that he gave way to Smith, Reulbach was quickly sent out to relieve Smith, and then Leifield, the southpaw, was rushed to the rescue. After the Sox had piled up a total of 16 runs Toney was sent in. He succeeded in stopping the slaughter. But at that the Sox had grown tired of running the bases and took things easy during the remainder of the game.

Leaves Bad Taste.

The lopsided score left a bad taste in the mouths of the fans, and many are saying the Cubs quit. It is a fact that the west siders did not show any fight such as was displayed in the previous games. On the other hand it is argued that ball players are not going to quit when a victory would have meant several hundred dollars more in each man's pocket. But despite all arguments to the contrary the slaughter caused all manner of adverse comment. Many bugs insisted that the Cub players were trying to get even with Murphy for his aspersions on the team during the recent controversy over the drink clause, which the Cub boss will insist upon being inserted in each contract.

Lavender started on the firing line for the Cubs and was hammered for three runs in two innings. Charlie Smith was the next victim. The Sox touched him for three straight hits and then Reulbach granted six hits and eight runs in the third inning.

Leifield was next. The Sox continued their bombardment, making three runs in the fifth. Toney then came on and the Sox gathered only one more hit during the rest of the game.

Ed. Walsh pitched magnificent ball, and the only chance the Cubs had for anything that looked like a score was after the game was lost, and then Walsh didn't let one of them cross the plate. The score:

WHITE SOX.	A.B.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Rath, 2b.	5	2	0	4	0
Lord, l.f.	5	2	0	0	0
Bodie, l.f.	1	0	0	0	0
Mattick, c.f.	4	0	2	0	0
Collins, r.f.	3	2	0	0	0
Borton, 1b.	5	3	11	2	0
Zeider, 3b.	5	1	0	4	0
Weaver, s.s.	4	2	2	4	0
Schalk, c.	5	3	9	0	0
Walsh, p.	5	1	2	1	0
Totals	42	17	27	15	0

CUBS.	A.B.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Sheckard, l.f.	3	0	1	0	0
Miller, c.f.	4	0	0	0	0
Tinker, s.s.	4	1	0	4	1
Zimmerman, 3b.	4	1	1	2	0
Schulte, r.f.	3	0	0	0	0
Saier, 1b.	4	1	13	0	0
Evers, 2b.	4	1	2	5	0
Archer, c.	2	0	3	0	0
Cotter, c	0	0	4	0	0
Lavender, p.	0	0	0	2	0
*Good, l.f.	1	0	0	0	0
Smith, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Reulbach, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Leifield, p.	1	1	0	3	0
Toney, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	5	24	16	4

*Batted for Lavender in third inning.

White Sox ..1 2 8 2 3 0 0 0 *—16
Cubs .... ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0

Runs—Rath 2, Lord 2, Mattick 2, Collins 3, Borton, Zeider, Weaver 3, Schalk 2—16. Two-base hit—Weaver. Three-base hits—Lord, Weaver, Borton, Schalk. Stolen bases—Mattick, Collins 2. Borton. Struck out—By Walsh 5, by Reulbach 1, by Leifield 1, by Toney 4. Bases on balls—Off Lavender 1, off Leifield 2, off Walsh 3. Double play—Tinker, Evers and Saier. Hits—Off Lavender 4 in 2 innings, off Smith 3 with none out in 1 inning, off Reulbach 6 in 1 inning, off Leifield 3 in 2 innings, off Toney 1 in 3 innings. Hit by pitcher — By Toney, Collins and Weaver. Wild pitches—Lavender, Leifield. Left on bases—Sox 7, Cubs 7. Time—2:15. Umpires—Connolly at plate, Owen on bases, Dineen in left field, Eason in right field.

SIDELIGHTS ON SPORT

By Jinx.

And to think that Bill Baker, of South London, was a member of the Red Sox. But fleeting recollection reminds us that it was Brantford, Ont., and not Boston, Massachusetts.

* * *

Now, will somebody kindly move that Amby Kane challenge Jake Stahl and the rest of the boys to play a series for the red hosiery department championship of the world.

* * *

Charles Webb Murphy, the celebrated "temperance orator," and owner of the Chicago Cubs, is reported to be offering his stock in the club for sale. Judging from C. Webb's recent action one would almost suspect that it was watered stock he was trying to get rid of.

* * *

A THING OF BEAUTY, ETC.

Of all the beautiful pictures
That hang on memory's wall,
The one that pleases Boston most
Is Snodgrass muffing the ball.

* * *

No, Albury, Christy Mathewson has not yet announced the publication of his latest book entitled "How to Pitch Winning Ball and Lose."

* * *

Boxing bouts are becoming such tame affairs over on the other side of the border that we simply cannot help suggesting that they serve toasted fudge and angel cake to the excited fans between the rounds.

* * *

We notice that from fifty to sixty medical students are turning out at rugby practice every night. The reason for this is very apparent, but so the police will not get wise, we will refrain from discussing the matter further.

* * *

CHEER UP.

The melancholy days have come,
The saddest of the year,
But let us not dejected be,
For hockey's drawing near.

BALTIMORE RESULTS.

Laurel, Md., Oct. 18.—Today's results: First race, maiden 2-year-olds, selling, 6 furlongs—Sand Hog, 101, won; Mary Ann K., 107, second; Astute, 103, third. Time—1:15 2-5.

Second race, 2-year-olds, 5½ furlongs—Star Actress, 108, won; Insurance Man, 105, second; Latent, 108, third. Time—1:08 1-5.

Third race, maidens, 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs—Royal Message, 107, won; Mongolian, 114, second; Triton, 107, third. Time, 1:14 2-5.

Fourth race, 3-year-olds and up, selling, 6 furlongs—Bodkin, 103, won; Black Ford, 107, second; Lady Sybil, 104, third. Time—1:14 2-5.

Fifth race, 3-year-olds, selling, one mile—Hamilton, 114, won; Chrysis, 106, second; Warhorn, 111, third. Time, 1:40.

Sixth race, mile and a sixteenth—Nazdu, 109, won; O Em, 109, second; Suffragist, 115, third. Time—1:47 3-5.

Oh For Those Good Old Summer Days

But now it's Overcoats. We've got one good enough for any boy at $5.00. Many patterns.
If it's not good we'll make it good, for nothing.

The Live Oak Hall

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"ENDS TIRE TROUBLES"
Let us show you where you can actually save money as well as time and worry. Don't delay. Phone or send postcard for information.
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Joint Accounts

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.
BRANCHES IN MIDDLESEX—London, 394 Richmond Street, W. J. Hill, manager; Ilderton, Thorndale, Delaware, Komoka, Melbourne, Lawrence Station.

CYCLING STARS RACE IN TORONTO ARENA

Several Thrilling Finishes on the First Night of Program — Only One Accident—The Results.

TORONTO, Oct. 19.—The opening bicycle race meet at the Arena last night was a decided success from every point of view, except attendance. The competition was keen in all of the events. The finishes were in most instances close, but the cycling enthusiasts failed to respond. This was largely due, no doubt, to the weather.

But one incident marred the evening's sport, and that was not serious. In the final heat of the half-mile professional handicap a spill occurred, in which Ernest Jokus, of Newark; Willie Coburn, of Newark, and Clarence Carmen, of New York, crashed to the track. Bob Diefenbacher, of Salt Lake, caused the fall by switching Jokus. Jokus and Coburn fell up the track, and in attempting to escape the fallen riders crashed through the railing on the highly-banked north turn of the track. Carmen dropped to the floor below, a distance of 14 feet. A slight cut on the chin and an abrasion on the right knee was the extent of Carmen's injuries. He will compete in the races at the Arena tonight.

The five-mile open professional was the best race of the evening, and had the crowd on their feet and cheering from the start to the finish.

Paddy O'Sullivan Hehir, of Australia, won this race and established a new Canadian record of 10 minutes and 43 seconds.

Australian riders shared largely in the honors. Alf. Grenda, the sprint champion, took the international match in straight heats.

Ernie Pye, the middle-distance champion of Australia, made a great ride in the five-mile open, and would have won the race by a full lap but he unfortunately punctured a tire after lapping the entire field.

World's amateur champion Donald McDougall won the match with Walt Andrews in straight heats. Andrews had a barrel of speed, but the superior judgment of the Yankee offset Andrews' speed.

W. Mercer, of Salem, took the half-mile amateur handicap, with N. Robinson, a clubmate, second, and F. Bugley, A. C. B. C., third. The finish was close between Mercer and Robinson, who finished ten yards ahead of Bugley.

"Scotty" Wilson, Eatons, outclassed the field in the one-mile open amateur, and won after a great ride from the front. "Doc" Morton, T. B. C., was second, and W. Smith, T. B. C., third. Wilson's time, 1 minute 19 4-5 seconds, was a very good performance, inasmuch as he set all the pace.

The final of the half-mile handicap went to Alvin Loftus, of Providence. This was the Providence rider's first pro. race. Diefenbacher, of Salt Lake City, was second, and Jumbo Wells third.

Some of the Red Sox players who will be on the list to figure in the big money to be derived from the world's series will not have done much to earn it, but they have been ready and eager to get into the fray at all times. Take Krug, for instance. He is sure to get his share of the big series money, which will amount to about $5,000 apiece for the winners this year. He has played in but six games, and it will make his pay well over $1,000 a game.

Diamond Glints

It is just like returning to Old Erin for Kelley to come back to Indianapolis, says the Indianapolis News. Mike was here several years ago, and already has had a hand in compiling Indianapolis baseball history. He was captain and firstbaseman of the old Indianapolis team of the Western league in 1900, the years the Indians won a pennant. He went to St. Paul as manager the following year, and has been in the association most ever since, although he was out of the game part of one season when he was drafted by Washington and refused to play.

It seems to be the general understanding in International league circles that Benny Meyers, of Toronto, will land in Brooklyn through some sort of a deal before next season opens. He had a great season and five major league clubs put in drafts for him. Meyers would like a deal which would land him with the New York Giants, for John McGraw had him once and turned him back and Benny wants to show his old manager what he can do. He did about everything in the International the past season, and in about everything he did he led the league. That in spite of the fact that he was the top man in the batting order and played the meanest sunfield in his league.

Clarke Griffith is banking much on his catching staff in his plans for next year's pennant. In Henry, Ainsmith and Williams he has a great trio. The latter has done great work himself into the .300 class as a batter. For once Griff will have to be given credit for making a good trade when he landed this fellow in his deal with Wolverton.

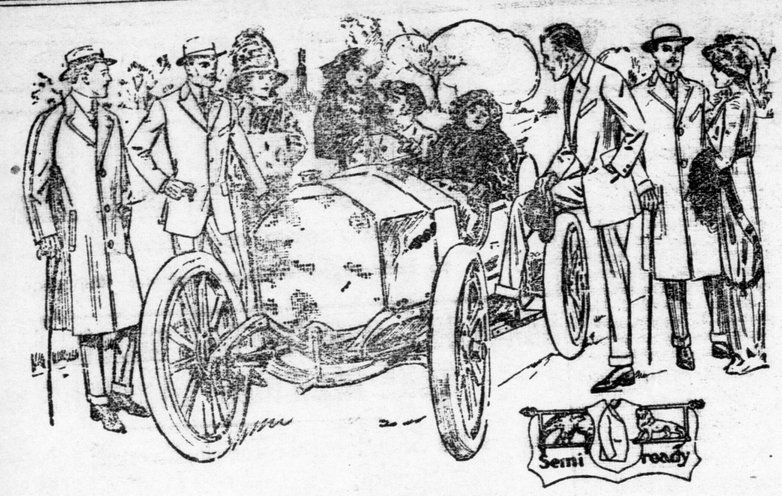
President Lynch dismissed the protest of President Fogel, of Philadelphia, made in connection with the first game of a double header played with New York at Philadelphia September 5. The protest was made on the ground that Magee, caught between home and third base, was declared out for intentionally interfering with Catcher Wilson. President Lynch's ruling says that "the umpire's ruling on this play was based solely on his accuracy of judgment, and as his ruling was not in violation of any of the playing rules the decision can not be reversed."

The skin of the face is a tender membrane and should be treated carefully. Shaving leaves it covered with minute scratches. Preparations containing a large amount of alcohol, such as Bay Rum, Colognes, etc., enter into these little wounds, causing irritation and smarting. Seely's After-Shave is prepared from Witch-Hazel and antiseptics which cool, soothe and heal. It has just enough perfume for the man of taste. 25 cents at all Drug Stores.

Enjoy This at Once

A pleasing smoke that makes you satisfied. SAVANNAH CIGAR can be purchased fresh from the table.

John J. Dyer & Co.
Makers, London. vwt



Motoring Garb for Men

SEMI-READY Clothes for special wear can be purchased here. There is no garment which we cannot make to Special Order.

Good British fabrics of every woollen texture for men's clothes are ready for your choosing, and should there not be found in stock just what you want, we offer you our personal service in getting through a Special Order made to your measure from the cloth selected.

Suits to Order $18 to $35.

No detail will be overlooked, nor will we consider any special service other than a pleasure.

TOM L. HAYGARTH
182 Dundas Street

THREE NEW RECORDS AT VARSITY MEET

Toronto Collegians Easily Defeat McGill For Athletic Honors.

BRICKER'S POLE VAULT

Established a New Intercollegiate Record for the Event — The Other Results.

NEW INTERCOLLEGIATE RECORD.

POLE VAULT—Made by J. S. Bricker, Toronto. Height, 11 feet 4 inches. Old record held by same athlete, 11 feet.

SIXTEEN-POUND HAMMER—Made by J. J. Phillips, Toronto. Distance, 129 feet. Old record, made by R. W. Frank, Toronto, 119 feet 7 inches, in 1907.

ONE-MILE RUN—Made by E. H. Campbell, Toronto. Time, 4:31 2-5. Old record, made by J. C. Kemp, McGill, in 1906, 4:36.

Toronto, Oct. 19.—University of Toronto Track Club regained the intercollegiate athletic championship on Friday afternoon by defeating McGill, who captured the honors last year at Montreal. The victory of the Toronto club was decisive, they scoring 80 points to McGill's 32, Queen's 5 and R. M. C. 4. The weather was fine and about five hundred people attended the games, the students keeping up the interest with their class yells.

The following are the results:

Pole vault—1 J. S. Bricker, Toronto; 2 V. Lemay, McGill; 3 E. E. Foster, Queen's. Height, 11 feet 4 inches. New record. Old record, 11 feet.

100 yards, first heat—1 W. E. Brown, Toronto; 2 D. A. Kittermaster, R. M. C. Time, 10 3-5.

Second heat—1 W. G. Egbert, Toronto; 2 A. L. Gault, McGill. Time, 10 3-5.

Final—1 W. E. Brown, Toronto; 2 W. G. Egbert, Toronto; 3 D. A. Kittermaster, R. M. C. Time, 10 3-5.

Half mile—1 G. M. Brock, Toronto; 2 R. A. Hendry, Toronto; 3 C. C. Scott, Queen's. Time, 2:08 2-5.

16-pound hammer—1 J. J. Phillips, Toronto; 2 J. Dunn, McGill. Distance, 129 feet. New record. Old record, 119 feet 7 inches.

High jump—1 E. A. Twidale, Toronto; 2 G. Cadenhead, Queen's; 3 C. S. McKenzie, McGill. Height, 5 feet 7 inches. After failing to get first or second, McKenzie jumped off with another competitor for third place, and won it, jumping 5 feet 8 inches. This is one inch higher than the winner jumped.

16-pound shot—1 J. J. McDougall, McGill; 2 J. K. Scott, Toronto; 3 J. J. Phillips, Toronto. Distance, 37 feet 3⅝ inches.

220 yards, first heat—1 W. E. Brown, Toronto; 2 A. L. Gault, McGill. Time, 24 1-5 seconds.

Second heat—1 D. A. Kittermaster, R. M. C.; 2 W. G. Egbert, Toronto. Time, 24 3-5 seconds.

Final—1 W. E. Brown, Toronto; 2 W. G. Egbert, Toronto; 3 D. A. Kittermaster, R. M. C. Time, 23 4-5 seconds.

Broad jump—1 J. S. Bricker, Toronto; 2 M. O'Brien, Toronto; 3 V. Lemay, McGill. Distance, 20 feet 9¼ inches.

One mile—1 E. H. Campbell, Toronto; 2 A. H. Russell, McGill; 3 R. J. Leach, R. M. C. Time, 4:31 2-5. New record. Old record, 4:36.

Discus—1 J. J. McDougall, McGill; 2 J. Dunn, McGill; M. O'Brien, Toronto. Distance, 111 feet 6¼ inches.

120 yards' hurdle—1 W. E. Brown, Toronto; 2 J. S. Bricker, Toronto; 3 H. Hull, McGill. Time, 18 1-5.

400 yards—1 G. M. Brock, Toronto; 2 R. Hovey, McGill; 3 H. P. Stanley, McGill. Time, 52 1-5.

Three miles—E. H. Campbell, Toronto; 2 A. H. Russell, McGill; 3 H. P. Greenwood, R. M. C. Time, 6:47 2-5.

Toronto won the team race by default.

Boys Essay Contest Girls

In order to stimulate interest among the younger generation in the progress of the Canadian West, and to give the boys and girls of the public and separate schools of London an incentive to study the history and geography of the West, we offer for the best essays, attractive prizes:

Watch, Camera, Fountain Pen Books and Other Prizes

We want every boy and girl in the city to compete. There is nothing to buy, nothing to pay. You choose as your subject one of these three towns:

Swift Current in Saskatchewan, Macleod in Alberta, Fort Fraser in British Columbia

We will supply literature to all applicants at our office. You can take it home and decide later which town you will write about

All who desire to enter this competition should come to our office and get entry blank and full instructions as to contest.

COME IN ANY DAY NEXT WEEK

Western Canada Realty Co.

169 Dundas Street, Suite 3.

FOGEL BRINGS JENNINGS INTO FIGHT WITH LYNCH

Philadelphia National Owner Says Lynch Nor Anybody Else Can Put Him Out of the League.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Oct. 19.—Before leaving here for Philadelphi President Horace Fogel, of the Philadelphia National League Club, announced that he had retained Manager Hugh Jennings, of the Detroit Tiger, as counsel in his fight with President Lynch, of the National League. Fogel said he had talked over his situation with Jennings, who is a lawyer, and that Jennings had agreed to take his case.

"Neither Lynch nor anybody else can put me out of the National League," said Fogel. "The constitution reads that seven votes are needed to throw a club out of the league, and Lynch cannot get seven votes to expel any club.

"I am the Philadelphia National League team, and the only way I can be put out of baseball is for the Philadelphia franchise to be dropped, which is out of the question."

Guelph Fans Raise Money To Keep League Franchise

Guelph, Oct. 18— Though President Mahoney, of the Guelph Maple Leafs, made an ultimatum that the franchise must be bought for $3,000 or the team would be removed from Guelph for next year, it is hoped that with a gift of $1,500 to him to assist in paying the deficit for the past two years the team will be kept here.

At a well-attended meeting of fans a strong committee was appointed to secure subscriptions to the required amount. Sums of $100 each were volunteered by Mayor Thorp, J. W. Lyon, Hugh Guthrie, M. P., and R. D. Stewart, and smaller sums by others present at the meeting. If the franchise remains in the city, as it is altogether likely it will, the games next year, as in the past, will be played on the exhibition grounds, on which a considerable amount of money will be spent to put them in condition.

If You Have Rheumatism Read This Offer

A 50c Box Sent FREE to All

John A. Smith and His Remarkable Rheumatism Remedy—Cured Himself Firstand Now Proposes to Cure the World.

CURED MANY CASES OF 30 AND 40 YEARS' STANDING

On the theory "that seeing is believing," John A. Smith, of Milwaukee, wants everyone to try his remedy for the cure of rheumatism at his expense. For that reason he proposes to send a 50c box FREE to everyone who will inclose this advertisement and send name and address. Mr. Smith has suffered all the agony and torture from rheumatism, tried all the remedies known, and yet utterly failed to find relief.

JOHN A. SMITH.

At times he was so helpless that he had to take morphine, and after considerable doctoring he gave up in despair. He began studying into the causes of rheumatism, and after much experimenting finally found a combination of drugs which completely cured him. The result was so beneficial to his entire system that he called his new-found remedy "Gloria Tonic." Those of his friends, relatives and neighbors suffering from rheumatism were next cured, and Mr. Smith concluded to offer his remedy to the world. But he found the task a difficult one, as nearly everybody had tried a hundred or more remedies and they couldn't be made to believe that there was such a thing as a cure for rheumatism. But an old gentleman from Seguin, Texas, U. S. A., wrote him saying if Mr. Smith would send him a sample he would try it, but as he had suffered over thirty years and wasted a fortune with doctors and advertised remedies, he wouldn't buy anything more until he knew it was worth something. The sample was sent, he purchased more and the result was astonishing. He was completely cured. This gave Mr. Smith a new idea, and ever since that time he has been sending out free sample boxes to all who apply.

At the U. C. College, Toronto, it cured Mrs. J. Whitney, who had suffered excruciatingly. Fred K. McDonald writes from Sunny Brae, N. S., that "Gloria Tonic" has cured him of a case of rheumatism of many years' standing. From Ambrose M. Melanson, Meteghan River, Digby County, N. S., comes a letter that he has been cured of a severe case.

Even the first sample box cured Mrs. B. Brett, at 12 Powell street, Guelph, Ont. Two boxes left Mrs. George Wright, of Coaticook, Que., well and happy.

Mrs. T. Deline, West Plain, Ont., writes that she could scarcely dress herself because of rheumatism, but that "Gloria Tonic" has completely cured her. Mr. George Lees, of Dundas, Ont., says that he has tried many different remedies, but found no relief until he tried "Gloria Tonic," while Clarence A. Scott writes from Tooleton, N. B., that he feels that he owes his life to this great remedy.

A case of 12 years' suffering is reported by James McFarlan, of L'Amable, Ont., in "Gloria Tonic" cured it quickly. Even prominent physicians have to admit that "Gloria Tonic" is a positive success, among them Doctor Quintero, of the University of Venezuela, to whom it was recommended by the United States consul. In hundreds of other instances the result has been the same. It cured many cases which defied hospitals, drugs and electricity, among them persons of upwards of 80 years of age.

Mr. Smith will send a 50c box FREE, also his illustrated book on rheumatism absolutely free of charge, to any reader of The Advertiser, for he is anxious that everybody should profit by his good fortune. Simply tear out this advertisement and send it, together with your name and address, to

JOHN A. SMITH,
1443 Laing Building, Windsor, Ont.

Tunnel Town News

MERRY FIGHT OVER WATERWORKS QUESTION

Board of Trade Favors Taking the Supply From Lake Huron.

SARNIA BRANCH OFFICE,
209 Front Street.
Office hours, 9 a.m. to 9:30 a.m., 3:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Sarnia, Oct. 19.—The waterworks by-law will be supported by the Sarnia board of trade which is in favor of the town's water supply being taken from the lake. The waterworks question has become such a political issue here that from present indications it will dwarf all others for some time. Leaving out the more complicated policies involved one side wants the water taken from the lake and the other does not, at least until the lake water has been proved absolutely free from contamination.

Those in favor of the former proposition claim that the water is not infected, and the latter contend that this fact has not been satisfactorily proven.

So interested in the success or failure of the bylaw have the respective sides become that no pains are being spared to convince the voter of its utility or its usefulness. Those in favor of the lake water are talking of holding public meetings to enlighten the people as to why the waterworks should go to Point Edward.

MARINE MEN GATHER FOR CHANNEL OPENING

Important Engineering Work Formally Placed in Service at Detroit.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Sarnia, Oct. 19.—A number of local marine men are in Detroit today attending the opening of the Livingstone Channel in the Detroit River. Freshwater men all over the lakes have been interested in the completion of this remarkable piece of engineering and mariners from all over the lake region will be present to witness the opening ceremonies. All boats bound down are being held above the new channel until it is formally thrown open to navigation, and the steamer Livingstone will lead the procession of vessels through the channel. One well-known captain here predicted that there will be at least eighty to a hundred ships in line.

MANY HOBOES ARE BEATING THEIR WAY

Southern Districts Look Good to Tramps During the Winter.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Sarnia, Oct. 19.—The hoboes are starting to go south now, and nearly every freight bound west through the tunnel has one or more of these Knights of the Road concealed somewhere about the train. During the summer months there is a steady influx towards the Canadian Northwest of these birds of passage, but as soon as the cool weather starts the exodus begins and the troubles of the railroad policeman starts. Chicago or the far south appears to be the destination of most of the "Weary Willies," although there are a surprising number of Germans from the old country among them who are heading towards the fatherland.

LAYMEN'S BANQUET

Big Gathering Will Be Held in Ideron Methodist Church.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ilderton, Oct. 19.—The laymen's banquet for missions is to be held on Monday evening in the new Methodist Church here. It will be held under the auspices of the missionary committee of the circuit. Rev. J. H. Arnup, of Toronto, and Mr. A. M. Hunt, of London, are to give addresses along lines of practical Christian work. Rev. Mr. Arnup will preach Sunday evening.

LOBO.

Lobo, Oct. 19.—Lobo Women's Institute will hold a meeting at the home of Mrs. P. G. McIntyre, Melrose, on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 23, at 2 o'clock.

Miss Elsie Caverhill spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Homer Edwards.

Mrs. Steele, London, is visiting at the home of her son, Mr. H. D. Steele.

Mr. Courtland Graham has returned from a six-weeks' trip in the West.

EMBRO.

Embro, Oct. 19.—Mrs. W. Middleton is visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss L. Matheson spent a few days in Toronto recently.

The Misses Anderson, of Hickson, visited their aunt, Miss Anderson, recently.

Mrs. R. L. Sutherland, of Woodstock, was a recent guest of friends here.

Miss A. Kerr, of Fairview, was the guest of Miss J. Sutherland for a few days recently.

Miss Ethel Sutherland has left to take a position in Toronto.

The Ladies' Guild of the Methodist Church held a meeting yesterday at Mrs. T. Underhill's.

Mrs. E. J. Cody spent Tuesday in London the guest of Mrs. G. R. Theobald.

Messrs. W. R. and Chas. Munro have arrived home from the west.

Mr. John Cordon is visiting friends in London.

Mrs. McKenzie, of John street, recently had a bunch of ripe thimble berries on a branch picked from the bushes. The berries were large and of good quality.

Mr. Columbus Ross sent in a large ripe strawberry recently and said they had a lot more at home of just as fine berries as the sample.

Mr. J. F. Brown came in also with a branch from his raspberry bushes that was loaded with good-sized berries.

AILSA CRAIG.

Ailsa Craig, Oct. 19. — Miss Hodge, of London, addressed the Mission Band in the Presbyterian Church on Friday night.

A number of Ailsa Craig young men drove over to Parkhill Thursday to view the wreck on the G. T. R.

Mr. Thomas Risdale has sold his White Rock chickens to a London firm.

A number of Ailsa Craig girls who attend the Parkhill High School were on the train which was wrecked, but escaped injury.

Mr. D. N. McDonald, of Parkhill, addressed the W. F. M. S. in the Presbyterian Church on Thursday evening.

Miss Rita Dorman is spending the week-end with friends in London.

Mrs. Robert Grey has left for Vancouver.

Mrs. Zavitz visited with Mrs. E. S. Hughes, of Maple Lodge, recently.

PARKHILL.

Parkhill, Oct. 19.—Columbia McIntyre, who has been home with his parents in West Williams for the past six weeks, returned yesterday to resume his position in Santa Rica, New Mexico.

Dan Graham, of East Williams, who was out West for the past six weeks, has returned.

Mr. John McKenzie, of Springbank store, East Williams, for a number of years, has sold out his business to a Chatham man, who will take procession in a few days, Mr. McKenzie and family go to Melbourne, where he will take possession of a store there.

Mr. J. P. McCormick, of East Williams, has returned from Detroit.

THAMESFORD.

Thamesford, Oct. 18.—Mr. John McLellan, of Southern California, who has spent the past few weeks visiting relatives and friends, has returned to his home.

Mrs. Flath, of Toronto, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Cawthorpe, Sunnyside.

Mr. Asa Day, of Hespeler, was in Thamesford for a few days recently with his mother.

Miss Annie Lawrence left for Memphis, Tenn., where she will practice her profession.

STRATHROY.

Strathroy, Oct. 19. — The contract for the erection of the new Collegiate Institute has been let to W. J. Leslie, of St. Marys, for $36,691.

Miss Elsie Jamieson, of Toronto, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Richards, Victoria street.

Miss Laura Glenn is in St. Joseph's Hospital ill with appendicitis.

Mrs. I. Chambers has returned to her home on Oxford street after a two weeks' visit in Watford.

A children's day service will be held in St. John's Church next Sunday afternoon.

INWOOD.

Inwood, Oct. 19.—Miss Vera Parr has accepted a position with R. B. Warner.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Silverthorne have left for Hamilton, where they will make their future home.

Miss Irene Littleproud, of Alma College, spent a few days at her home here recently.

Mrs. James C. Smith, of Baltimore, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alex. Blaikie.

Mrs. C. L. Thompson, of Woodstock, is visiting at the home of Mrs. G. J. S. Loynes.

Miss J. Warren is visiting with relatives at Hickory Corners, Mich.

Jack McTavish, D. Brown and A. Anderson autoed to Moravian Town Fair on Thursday.

NEWBURY.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ryan visited in Wardsville and Newbury on Wednesday.

Miss Mabel Wade visited in Petrolea recently.

Mrs. John Boam was in Newbury recently.

The Women's Institute will hold its meeting at the home of Mr. J. J. Vincent on Thursday, Oct. 24.

Mrs. Arthur Goodyear and daughter Blanche have returned from Port Huron.

Earl O'Connor was the guest of friends on Thursday.

Mr. Horace Grovener, of Oil Springs, will preach in the Baptist Church tomorrow.

BLOODSHED AT VERA CRUZ

Rebel General Diaz Shoots Down Administration Sympathizers.

[Canadian Press.]

Mexico City, Oct. 19.—Fifteen persons are killed and many were wounded at Vera Cruz yesterday by the troops of Felix Diaz, when administration sympathizers formed a parade and refused to disperse when ordered by Diaz, according to reports which reached the capital today.

It is also stated that Diaz called upon the cadets at the marine college to surrender yesterday, but the cadets refused, declaring their loyalty to the Government.

The war department advises that an attack upon Diaz will be made within 48 hours. Troops are being rushed toward Vera Cruz. General Huerta will take command and is expected to leave at once.

By the Author of THE PERFECT TRIBUTE

THE MARSHAL

MARY RAYMOND SHIPMAN ANDREWS

A sustained novel of very ingenious plot; characters drawn with extraordinary skill and understanding; and a charm of manner probably superior to any previous work by this famous author.

Unusual pictures by André Castaigne
At all Booksellers. $1.35 net. The Bobbs-Merrill Co., Publishers

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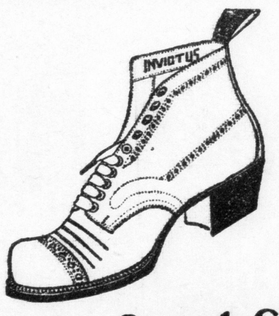

Invest in Good Shoes

They pay a handsome dividend. In an average life of 60 years, a man spends almost two-thirds of that time in shoe leather; startling—but true.

It is easy then to realize the necessity to invest in good shoes.

"INVICTUS" Shoes are made for people who appreciate the value of good feet.

THE BEST GOOD SHOE
INVICTUS

ROWLAND HILL

LONDON . GENT.

189 Dundas and 429 Hamilton Road

The Silent Barrier

(BY LOUIS TRACY.)

She was so unnerved by this sudden confirmation of her good fortune that she stammered confusedly: "I—really—don't know."

"Well it would be rather heavy in gold," came the smiling comment. "This money, understand, is paid to you for some journalistic enterprise that will take you abroad. May I suggest that you should carry, say, thirty pounds in notes and ten in gold, and allow me to give you the balance in the form of circular notes, which are payable only under your own signature?"

"Yes," said Helen, rosy red at her own awkwardness, "that will be very nice."

The official pushed across the counter some banknotes and sovereigns, and summoned a commissionaire to usher her into the waiting room till he had prepared the circular notes. The respite was a blessing. It gave Helen time to recover her self-possession. She opened the packet and found therein coupons for the journey to and from St. Moritz, together with a letter from the sleeping car company, from which she gathered that a berth on the Engadine Express was provisionally reserved in her name for the following Thursday, but any change to a later date must be made forthwith, as the holiday pressure was beginning. It was advisable, too, she was reminded, that she should secure her return berth before leaving London.

Each moment the reality of the tour became more patent. She might feel herself bewitched; but pounds sterling and railway tickets were tangible things, and not to be explained away by any fantasy. By the time her additional wealth was ready she was better fitted to guard it. She hurried away quite unconscious of the admiring eyes that were raised from dockets and ledgers behind the grille. She made for the court in which The Firefly had its abode. The squalor of the passage, the poverty-stricken aspect of the stairs—items which had prepared her on other occasions for the starvation rate of pay offered for her work—now passed unheeded. This affectation of scanty means was humorous. Obviously, some millionaire had secured what the newspapers called "a controlling interest" in The Firefly.

She sought Mackenzie, the editor, and he received her with a manifest reluctance to waste his precious time over details that were almost as convincing as the money and vouchers she carried.

"Yes, Thursday will suit admirably," he said in reply to her breathless questions. "You will reach Maloja on Friday evening, and if you post the first article that day week it will arrive in good time for the next number. As for the style and tone, I leave those considerations entirely to you. So long as the matter is bright and readable, that is all I want. I put my requirements clearly in my letter. Follow that, and you cannot make any mistake."

Helen little realized how precise were the instructions given two hours earlier to the editor, the bank clerk and the sleeping car company. Mackenzie's curt acceptance of her mission brought a wondering cry to her lips.

"I am naturally overjoyed at my selection for this work," she said. "May I ask how you came to think of me?"

"Oh, it is hard to say how these things are determined," he answered. "We liked your crisp way of putting dull facts, I suppose, and thought that a young lady's impressions of life in an Anglo-Swiss summer community would be fresher and more attractive than a man's. That is all. I hope you will enjoy your experiences."

"But, please, I want to thank you——"

"Not a word! Business is business, you know. If a thing is worth doing, it must be done well. Good-by!"

He flattered himself that he could spend another man's money with as lordly an air as the youngest journalist on Fleet street. The difficulty was to find the man with the money, and Mackenzie had given much thought during the Sabbath to the potentialities that lay behind Spencer's whim. He was sure the incident would not close with the publication of Miss Mynton's articles. Judiciously handled, her unknown benefactor might prove equally beneficial to The Firefly.

So Helen tripped out into Fleet street, and turned her pretty face westward, and looked so eager and happy that it is not surprising if many a man eyed her as she passed, and many a woman sighed to think that another woman could find life in this dreary city such a joyous thing.

A sharp walk through the Strand and across Trafalgar Square did a good deal toward restoring the poise of her wits. For safety, she had pinned the envelope containing her paper money and tickets inside her blouse. The mere presence of the solid little parcel reminded her at every movement that she was truly bound for the wonderful Engadine, and, now that the notion was becoming familiar, she was the more astonished that the choice of The Firefly had fallen on her. It was all very well for Mr. Mackenzie to say that the paper would be brightened by a woman's views on life in the high Alps. The poor worn man looked as if such a holiday would have done him a world of good. But the certain fact remained that there was no room for error. It was she, Helen Wynton, and none other, for whom the gods had contrived this miracle. If it had been possible she would have crossed Cockspur street with a hop, skip and a jump in order to gain the sleeping car company's premises.

She knew the pace well. Many a time had she looked at the attractive posters in the windows—those gorgeous fly sheets that told of winter in summer among the mountains of Switzerland and the Tyrol, and of summer in winter along the sunlit shores of the Cote d'Azur. She almost laughed aloud at the thought that possessed her as she waited for a moment on the curb to allow a press of traffic to pass.

"If my luck holds till Christmas, I may be sent to Monte Carlo," she said to herself. "And why not? It's the first step that counts, and The Firefly, once fairly embarked on a career of wild extravagance, may keep it up."

Under the pressure of that further inspiration, she refused to wait any longer, but dodged an omnibus, a motor car and some hansoms, and pushed open the swing doors of the Bureau de la Compagnie des Wagons-Lits. She did not notice that the automobile stopped very quickly a few yards higher up the street. The occupant, Mark Bower, alighted, looked at her through the window to make sure he was not mistaken, and followed her into the building. He addressed some question to an attendant, and heard Helen say:

"Yes, please. Thursday will suit admirably. I am going straight through to St. Moritz. I shall call on Wednesday and let you know what day I wish to return."

If Bower had intended to speak to her, he seemed to change his mind rather quickly, for her berth in the sleeping was watching a clerk writing out a voucher for her berth in the sleeping car, and the office was full of other prospective travellers discussing times and routes with the officials. Bower thanked his informant for information which he could have supplied in ampler detail himself. Then he went out, and looked again at Helen from the doorway; but she was wholly unaware of his presence.

Thus it came about, quite simply and naturally, that Mark Bower met Miss Wynton on the platform of Victoria station on Thursday morning, and learned that, like himself, she was a passenger by the Engadine Express. He took her presence as a matter of course, hoped she would allow him to secure her a comfortable chair on the steamer, told her that the weather report was excellent, and remarked that they might expect a pleasant crossing in the new turbine steamer.

Then, having ascertained that she had a corner seat, and that her luggage was registered through to St. Moritz (Helen having arrived at the station a good hour before the train was due to start), he bowed himself away, being far too skilled a stalker of such shy game to thrust his company on her at that stage.

His attitude was very polite and friendly, and Helen was almost grateful to the chance which had brought him there. She was feeling just a trifle lonely in the midst of the gay and chattering throng that crowded the station. The presence of one who was not wholly a stranger, of a friend's friend, of a man whose name was familiar, made the journey look less dreamlike. She was glad he had not sought to travel in her carriage[That was tactful, and indeed his courtesy and pleasant words during her first brief meeting with him in the Embankmen Hotel had conveyed the same favorable impression.

So when the hour hand of the big clock overhanging the centre of the platform pointed to eleven, the long train glided quietly away with its load of pleasure-seekers, and neither Helen nor her new acquaintance could possibly know that their meeting had been witnessed, with a blank amazement that was rapidly transmuted into sheer annoyance, by a young American engineer named Charles K. Spencer.

[To be Continued.]

HOW I CURED MY SUPERFLUOUS HAIR

I Will Send Free to Any Sufferer the Secret That Succeeded After All Else Failed---My Friend Also Delighted.

At last it is possible to destroy all traces of superfluous hair without pain, scar or injury to skin or complexion, and so end forever all need for further embarrassment from this annoyance. This may sound too good to be true, but all the same I know it is true, because it has done just this for me and for many others that I myself know of.

Among them was the lady whose picture is printed here with mine.

From childhood I was annoyed and humiliated with a distressing growth of hair on my face and arms. I spent a small fortune trying all the powder, paste and liquid preparations so widely advertised, only to make it worse. I also suffered the torture of the electric needle without getting rid of my blemish, until a travelled friend told me of a simple, safe and harmless Japanese method, quite different from all else, and which your own doctor would indorse. It made the hair disappear almost like magic in two minutes, and enabled me permanently to find entire relief from all trace of unwelcome hair, and to forever end all need for my embarrassment. I am making this announcement in order that others may do the same.

To this end I will tell in detail, free and without charge, full particulars by which any sufferer can get rid of all trace of hair, privately at home, without pain or blemish, as I did. All I ask is a two-cent stamp for reply, and I will immediately send the full information absolutely free and in confidence, in plain, sealed envelope. If you wish to get rid of all trace of hair; if you wish to do away with the unsightly growth that mars your good looks; if you wish to forever end all embarrassment from this unwelcome blemish, simply write me a letter, stating whether Mrs. or Miss, inclosing two-cent stamp for reply, and address to Caroline Osgood, Apartment 160, D. D., 123 East 27th street, New York city.

SPECIAL INDORSEMENT: As the method above referred to has been indorsed by doctors, true specialists and many other publishers, we advise all readers thus afflicted to take advantage of Mrs. Osgood's offer and write her at once at above address.

Advertiser Patterns

Beauty Pattern Company.

No. 9275-9224—A Cool and Comfortable Home or Afternoon Dress.

Composed of ladies' skirt pattern, 9224, and ladies' sailor blouse, 9275. The skirt has a habit back and the waist may be finished with full-length or ¾-length sleeves. As here shown, white corduroy with trimming of blue linen was used. The waist is cut in six sizes—32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. The skirt in five sizes—22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist measure. It requires 7 yards of 40-inch material for the 36-inch size for the entire costume. This calls for two separate patterns, which will be mailed to any address on receipts of 10 cents for each pattern, in silver or stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Street Address .....

Town .....

Province .....

Measurement—Bust..... Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents, in cash or in postage stamps.

SENSATIONAL STORY AROUSES WALKERTON

Murderer Alleged By Sexton to Have Made His Escape.

Walkerton, Oct. 18.—This little town is about to see the solving of an old mystery which concerns the burial of John Haag, the only murderer ever hanged in Bruce. The tale is as sensational as the escape from the Paris tombs of Jean Valjean.

In Februory, 1868, it seems, a man named Stephen Neubecker, while returning from Seaforth with the proceeds from a load of grain he had sold, was robbed and murdered near Formosa, by a man who jumped onto his sleigh and battered his head with a club. John Haag was convicted of the crime and hanged on Dec. 15. After being taken from the gallows, the body was placed in a coffin and given to Geeson, caretaker of the cemetery, for burial.

Several years afterwards the sexton told that the rope had never done its work and that the body had come into his hands alive. He stoutly maintaining that an empty casket was lowered into the grave, and that the supposed corpse walked out of the cemetery. The murderer is alleged to have been seen afterwards tending bar in a Detroit saloon. The proposed sale of the old burial ground to Mr. A. E. Sherrington, whose farm it abuts, and the consequent order that has gone forth for the removal of the bodies interred there, will afford an opportunity to discover what credence can be placed in the old sexton's story.

MANY APPLES WILL NEVER BE PICKED

Growers Around Ingersoll Are Too Busy With Other Work.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ingersoll, Oct. 19. — Although the weather has been very favorable for farm work lately there is still much to be accomplished before the advent of winter. The farmers are making every hour count in filling their silos. They will also soon be busy with their root crop. In many localities the acreage is large. Apart from this, there are trees that are almost breaking under their weight of apples, and these have to be picked.

But it is likely that in many orchards there will be barrels of apples that will never be taken off the trees. This was the statement of one grower, who, being familiar with conditions in his section, no doubt is expressing the opinions of others as well as himself.

Mr. M. T. Buchanan has returned home after an extended business trip in the west.

WANTS TO SELL ALL LAND TO THE CITY

Mr. George Carty Prefers This Method of Disposing of Property.

The city may purchase all of the property belonging to Mr. George Carty, at the corner of Waterloo and Ottawa avenue.

It is necessary to purchase a portion of the land, for the incinerator, but Mr. Carty prefers to sell it all, rather than a portion of it. He has promised to submit a price on Monday evening. The city has obtained a valuation for the land ranging from $10 to $15 a foot.

"We do not need it all," said Mayor Graham. "A small portion at the rear is all we need, but if we can make a reasonable purchase we might use the land for a playgrounds. That would be a good thing for that portion of the city."

MEXICO'S NEW REVOLT

Two Insurgent Parties in Yucatan Working Under Felix Diaz.

Mexico City, Oct. 19.—Evidences of the strength and quick spread of the revolt under General Felix Diaz were shown today in the wide circulation in the capital of a manifesto setting forth General Diaz's program.

In Yucatan two new revolutionary parties began operations today, one in the south, and the other in the west of the state. It is assumed they are working under Diaz.

It is taken for granted that General Aguilar, who recently quit the army to take the field against President Madero, is working in accord with General Diaz. General Orozco it is understood has also promised to put his forces under the new leadership.

$500 FOR A SMILE

Wife of English Bank Cashier Finds It Pays To Be Pleasant.

London, Oct. 19. — Alice Jons Hodges of Chelmsford, who died some time ago, and whose will was probated today, bequeathed $500 to Mrs. Walker, the wife of a bank cashier, for simply smiling pleasantly at the testatrix as they left church together. Mrs. Walker explained today that she sat near Miss Hodges in church, and as they came out smiled at her and exchanged a few pleasant words.

One Cause of Bad Complexion—The Cure

(From the Family Physician.)

"Look at a section of skin under the microscope and you will readily understand why cosmetics generally injure the complexion," says Dr. H. Robert Mackenzie. "The skin, smooth as it looks to the naked eye, under the glass exhibits a lace-work of tiny holes, mouths of myriads of little glands. To keep the skin healthy, these holes must be unobstructed, that the perspiration and natural oil can have free outlet. Should the glands be blocked up with irritating, gritty particles, a common result of using powders and creams, Nature retaliates by causing sallowness, roughness, blotches, or pimples.

"As a substitute for all cosmetics I recommend ordinary mercolized wax. It not only does what the various face preparations are supposed to accomplish, but its peculiar absorbent action frees the pores from the daily accumulation of impurities, also absorbing the devitalized particles of surface skin. This produces a natural, healthy, youthful complexion. One ounce of this wax, to be had at any drug store, usually suffices to rejuvenate the poorest complexion. It is put on nightly like cold cream and washed off mornings."

SPLENDID RECORD OF SANATORIUM IN LAST 12 MONTHS

Medical Superintendent Reports That 36 Per Cent. of the Cases Were Cured.

CAMPAIGN FOR FUNDS IS TO BE UNDERTAKEN

Promises of Large Donations Made to Mr. and Mrs. Adam Beck.

The Queen Alexandra Sanatorium at Byron established a record of 36 per cent of cures during the last year, a most creditable achievement in the care of tuberculosis.

Dr. Bruce, the medical superintendent, made his annual report, showing this percentage to be the case. It was extremely gratifying to the members of the London Health Association.

In his report, Dr. Bruce stated that 60 patients had been admitted during the year, bringing the total since the institution opened to 144. Only patients having a reasonable chance for recovery are now admitted. He spoke enthusiastically of the graded work idea in the treatment, over 52 per cent of the patients undergoing treatment during the year having been brought to full work. Dr. Bruce cited many most interesting cases to show the efficiency of the sanatorium at the present time. The percentage of cures there would compare most favorably with any sanatorium in Canada.

60 Admitted During Year.

Of the 60 patients admitted during the year, 26 were still under treatment. During the year 46 had been discharged, and 17 had been cured of the disease, a percentage of 36.9. Of those in the institution at the present time, those showing signs of improvement would eventually recover, he thought. The percentage of cures would undoubtedly be higher next year.

The report of Dr. Bruce was ordered to be printed for distribution. As the visiting nurse had resigned, Dr. Craig and Dr. Bruce were instructed to secure a satisfactory substitute, if possible.

Hon. Adam Beck presented the financial statement for the year, showing that there was a deficit of $1,485.54 on the year's operations. The receipts from all sources were $11,916.15, while the expenditures were $13,401.69. The net indebtedness on the sanatorium was $16,186.18. The deficit was due to extraordinary expenditures that would not recur.

Campaign for Finances.

The financial situation was discussed at some length, and it was decided to undertake a campaign for finances. Hon. Adam Beck had been promised $2,000 from one person, and Mrs. Beck $500 from another.

Lieut.-Col. Gartshore, chairman of the hospital trust, explained to the board the changes being made at Victoria Hospital to accommodate tuberculosis patients in the more advanced stages. When the new part is completed, accommodation would be provided for from 20 to 25 patients. Elevators would be placed in the building, and other accommodations provided. Three cases had been in the hospital during the summer, when there was accommodation for eight.

Dr. Bruce explained that patients did not like to go to Victoria, as it was then evident that their cases were absolutely hopeless.

Sheriff Cameron stated that all city patients should first go to Victoria Hospital for observation.

Thanks the Trustees.

However, Hon. Adam Beck expressed the thanks of the board for the hearty co-operation of the hospital trust.

Dealing with the record of the sanatorium for the year, Mr. Beck was delighted. To make cures of 36 per cent was indeed an enviable record. Hamilton had 16 per cent last year, but had reduced the number of deaths 50 per cent. This was due to the influence of the teaching received at the sanatorium. Better results were to be found in London, where people were taking better care of themselves, and using every possible effort to prevent a spread of the disease.

Among those present were: Hon. Adam Beck, Lieut.-Col. Gartshore, Philip Pocock, P. M. Judd, W. M. Spencer, S. Screaton, Sheriff Cameron, H. E. Gates, Mayor Graham, Dr. Craig, Dr. Bruce, and others.

PLAYGROUNDS WERE EXCEEDINGLY POPULAR

Thousands of London Children Enjoyed Themselves at the Various Places.

At a meeting of the directors of the London Playgrounds Association, held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors Thursday night, the report of supervisors for the month of September was presented. The four different grounds were supervised, but for three weeks during the month, and in that time the total attendance was 20,225, of which 6,550 were at Chesley avenue, 6,900 at St. George's, 5,750 at Victoria and 555 at Parke Flats.

The total cost for the supervision during the month was $150, which includes both salaries and additions to the equipments. Meetings of the supervisors are held every week in the Y. M. C. A., and Mr. A. T. Taylor, the general supervisor, instructs his assistants as to the different courses to be pursued. Already basketball and association football leagues have been formed at each of the different playgrounds, and the schedules will be followed out until the arrival of cold weather renders such games out of the question.

CHURCH JUBILEE

Members of Wallacetown Presbyterian Congregation Plan Big Celebration.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Dutton, Oct. 19.—The diamond jubilee of Wallacetown Presbyterian congregation will be held on Sunday and Monday. Rev. Thomas Wilson, of Walkerton will preach morning and evening.

On Monday evening a tea meeting will be held. Dr. Cameron, of Dutton, will preside.

David Barr has returned from a several-months' trip to Alberta and the coast.

WIARTON IS AFTER TWO BIG FACTORIES

Ratepayers To Vote on Loan Bylaws For Knitting and Rubber Firms.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wiarton, Oct. 19.—The ratepayers will shortly vote on loan bylaws, which, if carried, will mean the addition to local manufacturing interests of a knitting factory employing 40 hands, and a rubber goods firm employing 200. The promoter of the knitting factory is David C. Kerr, of Cleveland, and W. L. Nelson, also of Cleveland, is behind the rubber proposition. Both firms would occupy buildings at present idle.

Last evening Mrs. S. Glazier received from 8 to 10 o'clock. Mrs. Frost and Mrs. Skinner, of Owen Sound, received with the hostess, and Mrs. Glazier and Mrs. Ashcroft, of Purple Valley, renewed many acquaintanceships. Mrs. James Symon and Mrs. James Nicol assisted in the drawing-room, while Mrs. Stephen Pope, Mrs. Walter Newman and Misses Newman and McKechnie served in the tea-room. Mrs. S. E. Foster played a number of piano solos during the evening.

A Pretty Wedding.

On Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the manse, Mr. Robert Greig, of Eastnor, and Miss Eliza Graham, of Barrow Bay, were married by Rev. J. M. Nicol. The young couple were unattended, and left for their new home at Barrow Bay. The bride was married in her travelling suit of gray-blue, with hat to match.

Mrs. B. B. Miller and Miss Jessie leave the first of November for California, where they will spend the winter.

Miss Allie Ashcroft, of Purple Valley, is visiting Mrs. Sidney Glazier.

At the last meeting of the town council J. E. Asten was appointed to the public library board, a grant of $700 was made to the high school, a siding to the table factory was allowed the Grand Trunk, and the proposed bylaws were discussed, but the first and second readings were postponed till Monday next.

Rev. Mr. Boyle, Kamble, will occupy the pulpit of St. Paul's Church on Sunday, while Rev. J. M. Nicol preaches the anniversary sermons in that village.

Missionary Meeting.

This afternoon and evening the missionary society of the Methodist Church held a convention. Delegates from the surrounding congregations to the number of 25 were billeted with members of the congregation. Mrs. Ross, of Brantford, was the principal speaker, and was the guest of Mrs. Flagg at the parsonage.

Dr. and Mrs. Reid have returned from their wedding trip through Europe, and will leave shortly for their home in Prince Albert.

Mrs. Gloyd and baby leave this week for Bassano, after spending the summer with Mrs. Ritchie.

Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Simpson have returned from Meaford.

Dr. M. Jermyn has returned from an extended trip to the West.

Mrs. S. M. Brown and Miss Ethel are spending a few days in Toronto.

Mrs. D. McIvor leaves in a few days for her home in Fort William.

Dr. Richard Fisher is ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Merrifield have returned from a trip to Niagara Falls.

CLAIMS INCREASE IN COAL IS JUSTIFIED

Man in Touch With Business Says $8 Price Was Forced on Dealers.

While London coal merchants are being severely criticised in some quarters since the increase to $8 per ton in the price of fuel, according to a gentleman in touch with the situation, conditions here do not justify such animadversion.

The London coal merchants have been driven into increasing their quotations, but have not taken action until they have found it necessary to do so, he asserts. While Stratford is now paying $8.50, and other places have had the $8 rate for a couple of weeks or more London has enjoyed $7.50 and $7.75.

The reason of the advance is that the larger coal mines are unable to meet the demand, because of the fact that the production this year is 6,000,000 tons less than a year ago, during the same period. The two months' suspension of operations at the mines is responsible and this coupled with the severe weather in the spring, which wiped out any accumulation in the coal fields is the cause of the present stringency.

The larger companies have not increased their schedules of prices above the charges of other years, but they have not been able to meet the demand. Consequently the dealers are compelled to purchase from the so-called independent miners and find it necessary to buy from the latter under conditions resembling an auction sale. Prices are not quoted to them, but they have to offer certain sums for shipments. In this manner they have faced an advance of $1.50 to $2 per ton.

Again, it is pointed out that only 60 per cent of the coal mined is suitable for domestic use. Another interesting fact is that the city of Philadelphia alone uses two and a half times as much anthracite as is consumed in all Canada.

HYDE PARK MEETING.

The Hyde Park Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. Charles Phillips on Wednesday, Oct. 23, at 2:30.

FEEL BADLY TODAY? CASCARETS TONIGHT

Thoroughly Cleanses Your Liver and Bowels While You Sleep.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish intestines—you always get the desired results with Cascarets and quickly, too.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets tonight; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All druggists sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

BOVRIL

THE PROVED BODY BUILDER

See the British Medical Journal, September 16th, 1911.

HEADACHY, CONSTIPATED, BILIOUS, TAKE DELICIOUS "SYRUP OF FIGS"

Removes the Scum From the Tongue, Sweetens a Sour, Gassy Bilious Stomach; Cleanses Your Liver and 30 Feet of Bowels Without Gripe or Nausea.

If headachy, bilious, dizzy, tongue coated, stomach sour and full of gas, you belch undigested food and feel sick and miserable, it means that your liver is choked with sour bile and your thirty feet of bowels are clogged with effete waste matter not properly carried off. Constipation is worse than most folks believe. It means that this waste matter in the thirty feet of bowels decays into poisons, gases and acids, and that these poisons are then sucked into the blood through the very ducts which should suck only nourishment to sustain the body.

Most people dread physic. They think of castor oil, salts and cathartic pills. They shrink from the after-effects — so they postpone the dose until they get sick; then they do this liver and bowel cleansing in a heroic way—they have a bowel washday. That is all wrong. If you will take a teaspoonful of delicious Syrup of Figs tonight you will never realize you have taken anything until morning, when all the poisonous matter, sour bile and clogged-up waste will be moved on and out of your system, thoroughly but gently—no griping—no nausea—no weakness. Taking Syrup of Figs is a real pleasure. Don't think you are drugging yourself; it is composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics, and constant use cannot cause injury.

Ask your druggist for "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna," and look for the name, California Fig Syrup Company, on the label. This is the genuine—old reliable. Any other Fig Syrup offered as good should be refused with contempt. Don't be imposed upon.

THE

MASON & RISCH PIANO

SCORES ANOTHER GRAND SUCCESS

The London branch of that WORLD-FAMED PIANO, the Mason & Risch, were today favored with a communication from

FREIDHEIM

THE WORLD'S GREATEST, PIANIST, requesting that he be furnished with a

MASON & RISCH PIANO

For his London concert in the Auditorium.

No greater compliment could be tendered the Mason & Risch, "The Piano With a Soul," than the above by Freidheim, who is only following the precedent of Liszt, the great composer, who chose a Mason & Rich Piano some years ago, and whose works Freidheim plays so artistically.

A full stock of Grands, Player-Pianos and Uprights are now on exhibition in our New Factory Branch.

INSPECTION SOLICITED.

MASON & RISCH, LIMITED

Pianos. 248 DUNDAS STREET. Victrolas.

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"SURE!"

Without hesitation the knowing traveler selects the one best way—the

New York Central Lines

Michigan Central—"The Niagara Falls Route"

To New York or Boston

The Wolverine

Lv. London 5.20 p. m. Ar. New York 9.00 a. m. Ar. Boston 11.50 a. m.

The Detroiter

Leaves St. Thomas 9.28 p. m. Arrives New York 9.25 a. m.

Other Good Trains to Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, Boston and East

Lv. St. Thomas	2.40 a. m.	3.41 a. m.	12.40 p. m.	10.12 p. m.
Ar. Buffalo	6.30 a. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.05 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
Ar. New York	8.33 p. m.	5.50 p. m.	7.03 a. m.	3.30 p. m.
Ar. Boston	10.45 p. m.	8.30 p. m.	7.05 a. m.	2.55 p. m.

Electric-lighted sleeping cars, coaches and dining car for all meals.

To Detroit, Chicago and West

Lv. London	.....	.....	5.20 p. m.	10.11 p. m.
Lv. St. Thomas	6.20 a. m.	11.40 a. m.	6.20 p. m.	11.23 p. m.
Ar. Detroit	8.10 a. m.	1.30 p. m.	8.35 p. m.	1.05 a. m.
Ar. Chicago	3.30 p. m.	9.10 p. m.	7.20 a. m.	8.25 a. m.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and further information consult

Michigan Central Ticket Agent

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

GLUT OF APPLES

Farmers in Brooke Have Difficulty in Disposing of Crop.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Brooke, Oct. 19.—The apple crop this season has turned out to be one of the best in quantity and quality for many years. Farmers are having great difficulty in getting their fruit sold. The greater portion are taking the same to the evaporators around. Lochie McLean expects over 400 barrels from his orchard.

Raymond Kirby, of Salt Lake City, but at present of London, has been spending a few days at Peter McGugan's.

Lochie McLean left for Sarnia on Tuesday to be operated on last Wednesday for appendicitis. His condition is very favorable.

PILES CURED at HOME by New Absorption Method.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P. 12 Windsor, Ont.

Music and Drama

THE GRAND'S COMING PLAYS.

Today..... "Blindness of Virtue."
Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 23-24 ..... "Bunty Pulls the Strings"
Saturday, Oct. 26—W. H. Crane in.. ..... "The Senator Keeps House."
Nov. 7, 8, 9..... "Ben Hur"

"Excuse Me," a Laughing Show.

The laughter season at the Grand will be inaugurated Tuesday night when, as produced and presented by Henry W. Savage for nine months at the Galety Theatre in New York, Rupert Hughes' farce "Excuse Me" will be the attraction. The fame of the laughter producing qualities of this "Pullman Car Carnival," long ago reached this city and there is every promise that the farce will appeal to

WILLIAM HOLDING as "Ben Hur." This magnificent production will appear at the Grand on November 7, 8 and 9.

local playgoers the same as last season. Mr. Savage has earned the reputation of a manager who never does things by halves, and in his mounting and casting of "Excuse Me" he has shown the skill and care that have characterized every production sponsored by him. In the company that will interpret the Hughes' story are players well known to the local public by reason of their having been identified with many foremost successes. Seats on sale.

Farewell Appearance of the Famous Scotch Comedy.

"Bunty Pulls the Strings," which literally took the city by storm on its first visit to London last season, is announced for a return engagement at the Grand for two nights this coming Wednesday and Thursday. This announcement should bring joy to the hearts of local theatregoers, and will surely be the means of packing the Grand to its limit. Graham Moffat, the author of "Bunty," builded better than he knew when he wrote this quaint character play, for it possesses elements that appeal to all classes of theatregoers. About every type of character that can be found in a Scotch village is introduced in the action. It is withal an absolutely original play. It touches the heart and the mind as few other plays do. Long life to "Bunty" and may her shadow never grow less. This will be the farewell appearance of the famous Scotch comedy. It is the same company as seen here in April, when they played to capacity houses. Seats on Monday at 9 a.m.

Wm. H. Crane in the Delightful Comedy "The Senator Keeps House."

William H. Crane is the feature of the coming week's theatrical bill, and will be seen at the Grand on next Saturday, matinee and night, when he brings here his newest effort, "The Senator Keeps House," a comedy in four acts by Martha Morton.

William H. Crane made his professional debut in Chubbuck's Hall, Utica, New York, on July 13, 1863, as a member of the Holman English Opera Company. His first part was that of the notary in "The Child of the Regiment." He was eighteen years old at the time, and was apprenticed to the Holmans for two years, following the customs of those days in this legal procedure. Mr. Crane's first salary was $00.00, and his board and transportation. This year he has turned into his half century of usual occupation upon our stage. His earnings now from his stage successes annually exceed the stipend allowed the President of the United States. He is honored and revered by a large following in all sections of the country, is 68 years young, in perfect physical condition, and is now playing the most extensive tour that was ever mapped out for him in a single year. These things combined are a pretty good indication that a stage career such as Crane's is as honorable a profession as one could embrace, allowing, of course, that one has the talent and the aptitude for the actor's calling.

The International "Ben-Hur."

A splendid welcome awaits the international production of "Ben-Hur," which Klaw & Erlanger, after its triumph in London, have brought back for the delectation of our citizens. The beauty of the scenery, its accuracy and brilliance, its fidelity to the climatic and atmospheric conditions in and around Palestine, the gorgeousness of its trappings and the sheer beauty of its costumes won immediate and magnificent success in the presentation of the great drama at Drury Lane in London last January. That historic old stage, which has been trod by the greatest actors England has produced, and which has stood as a monument to the energy and greatness of the English theatrical world and its producers, furnished Klaw & Erlanger great space for their new presentation of the Lew Wallace spectacle. Last year when these gentlemen determined to invade the British capital and show the Londoners that America had advanced with tremendous strides toward perfection in staging, they called together the experts among the army of their employees, artists and artisans, scientists and litterateurs, to design and to bring forth a setting that would fitly surround the wonderful story of the Christ influence in Palestine and show to the Englishmen what had been accomplished along the lines of theatrical production in America. The success of the venture is now a part of the history of dramatic events in old London. London public will see the production of "Ben-Hur" at the Grand Opera House Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, and Saturday matinee, Nov. 7, 8 and 9. The magnitude of the new production is best told by the fact that there is only twenty theatres in the United States equipped with stage room on which "Ben-Hur" in its new form can be produced. On its previous presentment in this city the play scored a distinct triumph, and there is no doubt that the forthcoming engagement will again stimulate great interest in the wonderful Biblical story.

Coming Attractions.

Among the plays booked for the Grand the next few weeks are the following: "The Rosary," Oct. 28; Charles Cherry in "Passers By," Oct. 29; "Merry Widow," Oct. 30; "Three Twins," Oct. 31; "Mutt and Jeff," Nov. 1 and 2, and "Every Woman," Nov. 4, 5 and 6.

Henry W. Savage has rearranged his schedule of new productions for the season, and as a result the first premiere will be that of a new play written by

GERALDINE O'BRIEN, with that roaring railway farce, "Excuse Me" At the Grand next Tuesday night.

W. H. CRANE and **LORRAINE FROST** in "The Senator Keeps House." At the Grand next Saturday.

Margaret Turnbull, which will take place in Montreal late in October. The production of Rupert Hughes' new comedy will follow in about a month. Then will come "Somewhere Else," the Hopwood-Luders musical fantasy, and a new comedy by another American woman writer.

In the new play by Margaret Turnbull, which will give its first production late in October, Edith Wynne Mattison will have a part unlike any other in which she has been seen on this side of the Atlantic. It is that of a modern woman; she is an artist and a mother, who has been forced to overcome great obstacles on her path to success as the former, but the crisis of whose life is more closely associated with her domestic career. Miss Mattison has a number of memorably artistic portrayals to her credit. Since her initial appearance in this country, to which she came to appear in the title role of the ancient morality play "Everyman," she has been an exceptionally well-known figure, especially upon the metropolitan stage. In Henry Miller's production of "The Servant in the House," at the New Theatre, and, since her efforts have resulted in brilliant triumphs.

Harry Davenport has been engaged to succeed Taylor Holmes in the part of Lorimer Walsh in "The Million," which Holmes will resign when called upon to attend rehearsals of "Somewhere Else," the Hopwood-Luders musical fantasy, which Mr. Savage will stage in December.

Talking of "big" actors, there can be no question of the propriety of classifying thus at least eight players, who will appear this season under the management of Henry W. Savage. Jess Dandy, who plays Hans Wagner in "The Prince of Pilsen," and Otis Harlan, who is Dupont, the detective, in "Little Boy Blue," are heavyweights of musical comedy. Edward Begley and Charles Everett Wright, who will be the "Little" Jimmy Wellingtons of the two "Excuse Me" productions, are at the head of their weight class. Sydney Greenstreet, who played Wellington last season and will appear in an important role in the new Rupert Hughes' comedy this season, is exceedingly well upholstered. Frederic de Belleville and Nestor Lennon, who play "Wealth" in the two "Everywoman" companies, are not physically rotund, but the height and breadth of each is sufficient to make him a noticeable figure in a crowd of big men.

Oscar Figman, who was one of the first to play the role of Popoff in "The Merry Widow," has been re-engaged for this season's revival of Franz Lehar's wonderfully popular operetta. With Mabel Wilber as Sonia, Charles Meakins as Danilo, and Figman in the part of the Marsovian consul, the organization may with plenty of justice be referred to as a company of "originals."

There is already a rumor in London that Arthur Collins, managing director of Drury Lane, London, will be knighted as a direct result of his production of "Everywoman." Queen Mary was tremendously impressed by the modern morality play, and the inclusion of Collins among those upon whom titles will be bestowed at the next birthday of the King, it is said, will be the method she will use to testify to her appreciation.

WANTS THE WEST TO FIGHT C. P. R.

Winnipeg Free Press Says East Will Do Nothing Regarding Stock Issue.

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Oct. 18.—In a front page editorial this morning the Free Press calls upon the western members of parliament to take common action regarding the Canadian Pacific stock issue. "The east will do nothing unless the west refuses the issue and leads the fighting," says the article. "There are enough westerners in parliament to force legislation that will stop this exploitation if they get together and make common cause. They must get together in a solid fighting phalanx that will resist eastern pressure, and, if necessary, the commands of the party leaders."

NAVIN—GANNON

Pretty St. Marys Girl Becomes Bride of London Man.

A quiet but pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Mary's Catholic Church on Wednesday, when Miss Tillie Gannon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gannon, of St. Marys, was married to Mr. Thomas Navin, of London. The ceremony was performed by Father McKeown, in the presence of a few relatives and friends. The bride, who looked charming in a dainty hand-embroidered dress, with hat to match, was unattended. After the ceremony the happy young couple went to the home of the groom's mother, where a dainty wedding breakfast was served. Mr. and Mrs. Navin left on the evening train for points east. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome diamond ring. On their return they will reside in this city.

"KING OF THE NEWSBOYS" TESTIFIES FOR BECKER

Endeavors to Show That Gamblers Conspired to Put the Officer Out of Way

New York, Oct. 18. — Jacob Reich, known as "Jack Sullivan, king of the newsboys," indicted with the four gunmen for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, tried to unfold on the witness stand at today's session of Police Lieutenant Becker's trial, his version of an alleged conspiracy by gamblers to kill Rosenthal and "frame up" Becker for the murder. Through him the defence planned to go far in proving their contention that Becker had nothing to do with the murder, but was himself the victim of a conspiracy.

But much of Sullivan's story was untold. That part which Justice Goff permitted him to relate was based upon testimony already given by the state's witnesses, Rose, Webber, Vallon and Schepps. Sullivan not only denied portions of their testimony relating to Becker's participation in the alleged conspiracy to murder Rosenthal, but declared that after the murder Webber and Schepps told him they were going to "frame Becker and turn him over to the district attorney."

These two men told Sullivan, according to his testimony, that they "would frame Becker, Waldo or the mayor," if necessary, to save their own lives. They told him, he swore, that the electric chair was staring them in the face and that their only chance to escape it lay in convicting Becker.

Sullivan became as petulant as a child when Justice Goff narrowed his testimony to contradictions of that of the previous witnesses. Again and again he begged the court to "give me ten minutes to explain this thing." Once he asked for a chance, "not only for my sake, but for God's sake."

FARMER STRICKEN WORKING IN FIELD

Richard Oke, of Brooke, Dies From Effects of Heart Failure.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Alvinston, Oct. 19.—Richard Oke, one of the most prominent farmers of Brooke Township, was taken suddenly ill while at work in his field on Tuesday afternoon and, despite every effort, died on Wednesday. Mr. Oke was apparently in the best of health when he came in at noon. He ate a very hearty dinner and then went out to work again. Heart failure is supposed to have caused his death.

Mr. Oke was 66 years old. His wife died just two years ago this month. The following children survive: Hilliard and Emily, at home; Mrs. L. Moore, of Brooke; Mrs. Roy Styles, of Dunfrae, Man.; Mrs. Jas. Hagerty and Mrs. William Hagerty, of Raymond, South Dakota.

Mr. Oke had lived in Brooke over 40 years, and was well known and highly respected. He was a prominent member of Hope Methodist Church.

The funeral will be held on Sunday at 2 p.m. from his late residence to the Alvinston Cemetery.

CLEVELAND TRAGEDY

Crazed Lover Kills 13-Year-Old Girl, and Attempts Suicide.

[Canadian Press.]

Cleveland, Oct. 18.—Apparently crazed by his love for 13-year-old Matilda Mizek, Gabriel Nagy, 23, late last night, made his way to the room in which the child, her father, Julius Mizek, her mother and little brother lay sleeping, and opened fire with a revolver. He emptied the weapon, killing the girl and wounding the father fatally.

Pursued by boarders whom the shooting aroused, Nagy tried to shoot himself, but no cartridges was left unfired. He then attempted to throw himself beneath the wheels of a Nickle Plate Railroad train, but was prevented by a man with whom he battled fiercely until the police arrived.

Another Miraculous Cure of Rheumatism By "Fruit-a-tives"

Pain Was Almost Unendurable Until He Began To Take The Famous Medicine Made From Fruit, Which Is Making So Many Cures.

Suffered For Five Years And Would Be Still Suffering—Probably—Had It Not Been For "Fruit-a-tives."

There is no doubt about "Fruit-a-tives" being the long-sought-for cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica and Neuralgia. Every day sees some sufferer relieved by "Fruit-a-tives." Every day sees some "hopeless, incurable" case of Rheumatism yield to the magic powers of these truly marvellous tablets, which are made by a wonderful secret process from the juices of fruits.

There may be skeptics. There may be people who think that perhaps "Fruit-a-tives" is all right for others, but not for them. There may be people who insist that their cases are too far gone to be helped. To all such, we say "Try Fruit-a-tives," as Mr. Dobson did. Give them a chance to prove their value. Mr. Dobson thought his case incurable, yet a short treatment was sufficient to cure him.

"Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest remedy for Rheumatism that the world has ever known. Here is the proof.

Bronte, Ont., March 1, 1912.

"Fruit-a-tives" has made a complete cure in my case of Rheumatism that had at least five years standing before I commenced the treatment. The trouble was principally in my right hip and shoulder, the pain from it was almost unendurable. Not being able to sleep on that side, if I chanced to turn on my right side while asleep, the pain would immediately awaken me. This kept up until I started taking "Fruit-a-tives." I started by taking one or two tablets in the morning with a large glass of water, before breakfast, and experienced pronounced benefit very shortly. After a continued treatment for about six months I was cured and am now in first-class health. This I attribute to my persistent use of "Fruit-a-tives," and I heartly recommend your remedy to any Rheumatic Sufferers, feeling confident that if taken faithfully, a cure will result.

I keep a general store at the above address and often recommend "Fruit-a-tives" to my customers." JAMES DOBSON.

Get a box of "Fruit-a-tives"—take them as Mr. Dobson took them—and "Fruit-a-tives" will cure you just as they cured Mr. Dobson. 50 cents a box; 6 for $2.50; or trial size, 25 cents. At all dealers, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

COST HIM $19.80

Young Indian Lister Was Given Liquor by His Chum.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Kincardine, Oct. 18.—A local young man named Nephew, an Indian lister, appeared before Magistrate Joseph Barker and Dr. Gumaer, charged by License Inspector Dr. Bradley with being drunk, and, on being found guilty, was assessed in fine and costs $19.80. The liquor was supplied by a chum named Durward, who will be dealt with by the court. He admitted having given Nephew the liquor.

MAY NOT RECOVER

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, Oct. 18.—Charles Tiffin, aged 6, was so badly burned while playing with matches yesterday in the yard that it is feared he will not recover. He rushed into the house with his clothes in flames.

LOST HIS HAND.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Tillsonburg, Oct. 19.—Alex. McCrae, of Culloden, had his left hand cut off at the wrist while assisting in filling a silo at the farm of John Smith in Dereham.

BUNTY and **WEELUM**—characters in the famous Scotch comedy, "Bunty Pulls the Strings." At the Grand next Wednesday and Thursday nights.

Secret of Mysterious Power Revealed At Last

HOW PROMINENT PEOPLE HAVE GAINED WEALTH AND POPULARITY.

Famous Hypnotist Perfects Simple Method that Enables Anyone to Control Thoughts and Acts of Others, Cure Disease and Habits Without Drugs, and Read the Secret Desires of People Though Thousands of Miles Away.

Wonderful Book Describing This Strange Force and a Character Delineation Post Free to All Who Write at Once.

The National Institute of Sciences has appropriated £5,000 toward a fund for the free distribution of Prof. Knowles' new book, "The Key to the Development of the Inner Forces." The book lays bare many astounding facts concerning the practices of Eastern Yogis and explains a wonderful system for the development of Personal Magnetism, Hypnotic and Telepathic Powers, and the curing of diseases and habits without drugs. The subject of practical character reading is also extensively dealt with, and the author describes a simple method of accurately reading the secret thoughts and desires of others though thousands of miles away. The almost endless stream of letters requesting copies of the book and character delineations indicate clearly the universal interest in Psychological and Occult Sciences.

Rich and poor alike benefit by the teachings of this new system," says Prof. Knowles, "and the person who wishes to achieve greater success has but to apply the simple rules laid down." That many wealthy and prominent people owe their success to the power of Personal Influence there is not the slightest doubt, but the great mass of people have remained in utter ignorance of these phenomena. The National Institute of Sciences has therefore undertaken the somewhat arduous task of distributing broadcast, without regard for class or creed, the information heretofore possessed by the few. In addition to supplying the books free, each person who writes at once will also receive a character delineation of from 400 to 500 words as prepared by Prof. Knowles.

If you wish a copy of Prof. Knowles' book and a Character Delineation, simply copy the following verse in your own handwriting:

"I want power of mind,
Force and strength in my look.
Please read my character
And send me your book."

Also send your full name and address (state whether Mr., Mrs. or Miss), write plainly, and address your letter to:

National Institute of Sciences, Dept. 843, No. 258 Westminster Bridge road, London, S. E., England. If you wish you may inclose 10 cents (stamps of your own country) to pay postage, etc. 35u-t

EVERYWHERE IN CANADA Eddy's

There Are No Substitutes For Eddy's Matches

Insist on getting EDDY'S Matches. The home needs our Safety Matches; the smoker, our Vestas; the out-of-doors man, our Flamers. There's an EDDY match for every purpose—make sure you get them.

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ECZEMA

Also Called Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus Milk-Crust, Weeping Skin, etc.

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED TO STAY, and when I say cured, I mean just what I say—C-U-R-E-D, and not merely patched up for awhile, to return worse than before. Remember I make this broad statement after putting ten years of my time on this one disease and handling in the meantime a quarter of a million cases of this dreadful disease. Now, I do not care what all you have used, nor how many doctors have told you that you could not be cured—all I ask is just a chance to show you that I know what I am talking about. If you will write me TODAY, I will send you a FREE TRIAL of my mild, soothing, guaranteed cure that will convince you more in a day than I or anyone else could in a month's time. If you are disgusted and discouraged, I dare you to give me a chance to prove my claims. By writing me today you will enjoy more real comfort than you had ever thought this world holds for you. Just try it and you will see I am telling you the truth.

Dr. J. E. Cannaday, 1252 Park Square, Sedalia, Mo.

References: Third National Bank, Sedalia, Mo. Could you do a better act than send this notice to some poor sufferer of Eczema? 41k-t

Agents Wanted

MEN AND WOMEN. *Without investing a single cent of your money we will start you in a successful, permanent business guaranteed to make $3.00 to $5.00 per day sure profit.* New article, used in every household. Not sold in stores, no opposition. Magnificent agents outfit supplied Free. This product is the most successful agents line ever produced and is absolutely new in Canada. Write at once for big Catalogue and information. State territory. NATIONAL PRODUCTS LIMITED, Dept. A12, Toronto, Ont.

A BANK

Is a real, active, valuable ally to business men, not as some people regard it, a selfish money-lender. A sound progressive bank.

—Handles customers' deposit accounts with care and accuracy.
—Discounts drafts and notes.
—Gives its customers required accommodation.
—Collects customers' accounts.
—Transfers money by draft, telegraph or cable.
—Buys and sells domestic and foreign exchange.
—Issues Letters of Credit for Travellers and Importers.
—And in other ways serves those who employ its facilities.

The Bank of Toronto

—Assets, $57,000,000.
—Capital and Rest, $11,000,000.
—Established 57 Years (1855).
—112 Branches in Ontario, Quebec and the West.

Head Office: Toronto

FOUR OFFICES IN LONDON.

Corner King and Richmond Streets—J. Pringle, Manager
Corner Dundas and Adelaide Sts.—F. D. Copeland, Manager
Corner Richmond and John Sts.—S. C. Houston, Manager
Corner Dundas and Talbot Sts.—J. C. McDonald, Manager

DRAMA AT GRAND STRONG, THOUGHTFUL

Skillful Handling of Deep Social Problem in "The Blindness of Virtue."

PLAYED BY STRONG CAST

Mr. Cosmo Hamilton's Piece the Play of the Season in Many Ways.

In so far as appeal to the intellect is regarded, the play of the season came to the Grand Opera House Friday evening in "The Blindness of Virtue," by Mr. Cosmo Hamilton. The motif of the play involves one of the deepest problems of life and brings a bold and relentless attack on the convention that puts a bandage of ignorance about the eyes of the child that strives to fathom the mystery of existence. Mr. Hamilton, through a perfect medium in the combination of a delicately constructed drama placed in the hands of a company that presents the last word in histrionic ability, makes no attempt at concealment of his text. From the first act the purpose of the play is apparent, and with such a fine brush does the playwright proceed to his work that the lesson is impressed on the audience in such a manner as to make prudish criticism impossible.

The sincere reviewer who has known that the play represents a school of thought that has been struggling through adversity and harsh reception by the accepted order of things, must feel a warm sympathy and a reverent admiration for the playwright who has been actuated by a noble purpose. We all know that tragedies occur daily among the girls and boys of every land through the denial of the life's great secret. Science has sought a remedy for years; Mr. Hamilton is the first to solidify the sentiment; the press will take the next step, and then the responsibility falls upon an enlightened people. For only to lack of enlightenment and blown-in-the-bottle tradition can the blame be placed. The play is simply a direct appeal for plain speaking in the home.

The scenes are laid in the Queen Ann vicarage in the village of East Brenton, Middlesex. The Rev. Harry Pemberton is the loving and lovable father, husband, father confessor to his parish and earnest bearer of the burden of all who seek his counsel. As a tutor he receives in his home the Hon. Archibald Graham, rich man's son, and rakish student, who places the blame for his escapades with an indifferent and faithless (as regard his son) father. Pemberton and Graham find that their hearts are warm for each other from the first, and with the vicar's daughter, an unsophisticated and impressionable girl, who is just blossoming into womanhood, he falls immediately in love as does she with him.

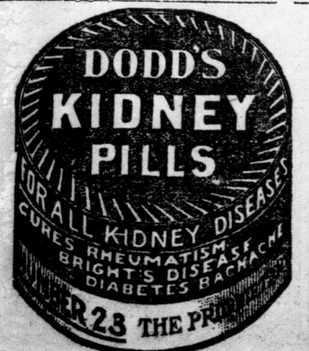
As to the duty of parents toward children, the vicar receives a shocking awakening when a young girl of the neighborhood is brought to him by her mother "in trouble." She had been innocent and ignorant of all worldly things and her betrayal was accomplished because she was unaware of life's secrets. The vicar is roused to the belief that the same danger exists for all girls uninformed of the functions of existence. He arouses his wife to this view, and she reluctantly agrees that their daughter must be informed. "The blindness of virtue" must be given light.

Graham and the vicar's daughter have meanwhile become a part of each other's lives. His temporary absence in London causes her the gloomiest loneliness, and when he returns in the early morning she enters his bedroom, dishabille, and embraces him. Graham honorably tries to send her from the room. In her innocence she refuses and again seeks his embrace. Suddenly they are confronted by the vicar, and sending the girl away he heaps vituperation upon the head of Graham, believing that his wife has made the mystery clear to his daughter, and that she had entered Graham's room with a full understanding of the dangers, and through the young man's connivance. The horrible realization that his own daughter had become enmeshed in the very net of ignorance of which he had been warned, stirs the emotions of the good man. Confronting his wife, he learns that his daughter had not been told "the secret," and from the daughter he hears that she had gone to Graham's room to greet him, that she had done it openly, that love to her was not a thing for concealment, and that she knew nothing of conventions or the lack of them.

Graham, about to shoot himself, because he had lost in the final attempt to reconstruct his life, is reclasped to the vicar's bosom and virtue, for the daughter, has the shackles cast off by the mother.

The audience was small at the first performance, but those who witnessed the production were congratulating themselves afterward. They had seen the strongest play of the year—a piece that may be the sensation when it goes to Broadway for which it is now prepared. They were charmed with a well-nigh perfect exhibition of acting. Every part was capably handled. A comedy element, naturally introduced, and naturally given, is in the hands of Pollie Emery. As Cookie, the old servant and friend, the ubiquitous Cookie. No more capable bit of character work has been done in seasons.

Mr. Holmes-Gore, Mr. Basil Hallam, Dorothy Rundell, and the others are among the most capable English artists who have been seen in London.



GROVESEND FARMER FOUND DEAD IN BARN

James Taylor Was Stricken With Heart Failure While Out Milking.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Aylmer, Oct. 19.—James Taylor, aged 84, was found lying dead in his barn near Grovesend last evening. He went out to do the milking, and when he did not return a search was made. Deceased had been in poor health for some time. Heart failure was the cause of death. He was a widower and resided with his two sisters. The combined ages of the three totals 240 years.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER ATTENDS UNVEILING

Will Be Present at Ceremonies Around Monument of F. X. Barneau.

[Canadian Press.]

Quebec, Oct. 19.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier arrived here yesterday to attend the unveiling of the monument erected to F. X. Barneau, the French-Canadian national historian, which takes place this afternoon.

This monument, the cost of which was paid by Mr. G. E. Amyot, the well-known Quebec manufacturer, is the work of Paul Chevre, the French sculptor, who so sensationally escaped death on the Titanic. It is erected in front of the parliament buildings. It will be presented by Mr. Amyot to the Provincial Government.

SOLD TO LADS

Walkerton Brewer Heavily Fined For Giving Boys Beer.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Walkerton, Oct. 19.—For selling a keg of beer to eight lads, whose ages averaged 10 years, Walter Grainger, a local brewer, was fined $25 and costs when he appeared before Magistrate Polton.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Oct. 18	Reported at	From
Emp. of India	Hong Kong	Vancouver
Bellona	Montreal	Mediterranean
Florida	New York	Havre
Argentina	New York	Trieste
Noordam	Rotterdam	New York
Montserrat	Cadiz	New York
Bermudian	Bermuda	New York

Relief For Baby

When the little one is suffering from teething pains, stomach ache, colic, bowel disorders, etc., what a blessing it is to have at hand a safe, efficient remedy—a remedy which physicians and nurses indorse!

Strong's Carminative is such a remedy, and it never fails. Keep a bottle of it handy. Costs but twenty-five cents.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

Strong's Cook Book, enlarged new edition, contains many new recipes you'll like. Free. Get one.

DOCTORS REQUEST SPECIAL NURSE

Hospital Trust Likely to Send Member of Staff to New York.

SET ASIDE A WARD

Eye, Ear and Throat Physicians Claim Cases of Blindness Could Be Prevented.

Dr. Septimus Thompson addressed the Victoria Hospital trust on Friday on behalf of the eye, ear and throat specialists of the city, and stated that they met with great difficulty in treating their patients at the hospital, as the nurses there were not qualified in the treatment of such diseases.

Many of the cases of blind children could be avoided if the doctors were able to procure suitable conditions for treatment, and a nurse skilled in the nursing of such cases.

He asked that the board consider the advisability of setting aside a small ward in the hospital for the reception of such cases, as these specialists might undertake and to appoint a graduate nurse to have control of the ward.

Special Course in New York.

Dr. Thompson stated that a course of six months' instruction was given in Manhattan Hospital in New York City, for such work, and he thought that perhaps one of the graduate nurses could be obtained who would take this course on the understanding that she would be permanently engaged upon graduating from that hospital. All the members of the board were in favor of the scheme as presented by Dr. Thompson, and a committee composed of Superintendent Heard and Miss Stanley were appointed to confer with Dr. Thompson and Dr. Bucke, and make a report at the next meeting of the hospital board.

Dr. J. A. Campbell, who was appointed to the house staff, and who was to commence his duties on Nov. 1, sent in his resignation to the board, as he has procured a permanent situation. His resignation was accepted, and the chairman of the board, Col. Gartshore, was given power to appoint his successor.

Dr. Fiddler, who was recently appointed as director of pathology at the Institute of Public Health, was appointed head pathologist at the hospital.

Prepare Heating Pipes.

A resolution was passed and will be presented to the city council requesting that body to have the pipes connecting the heating apparatus at the hospital with the new incinerator plant installed so that as soon as the building is completed the plant may commence operations. The contract as given by the contractors for the new building calls for the completion of it by Dec. 15.

A communication was received from the Seventh Regiment Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire asking the board for an estimate of the cost of furnishing and maintaining two rooms in the hospital. No action was taken in connection with the request, as there were several matters in the letter that the board wish to have fully explained.

Mr. L. Meredith brought the attention of the board to the lighting of the driveway at the hospital. When ambulances and other vehicles arrive at the hospital during the night there is not sufficient light for the attendants to see the way to the door. Two large lights will be installed immediately by the board.

The Monthly Report.

The report presented by Superintendent Heard for the month of September was as follows: Number of patients admitted, 78 males, 78 females, 60 children; total 216; number of patients discharged, 76 males, 69 females, 45 children; total 190; births, 12; deaths, 23; number of operations, 62. The number of patients who were receiving treatment on Sept. 30, was 133, and the total receipts for the month were $2,373.85. Donations were received from the city relief officer, 160 loaves of bread; J. H. Chapman Holy Trinity Mission, Chelsea Green, magazines, and $1.00 from a laborer.

Accounts to the amount of $6,873.40 were passed by the trustees.

Superintendent Heard introduced the question of installing a fire alarm system in the hospital, whereby both the main office and the engineer could be notified at the same time of any outbreak of fire in the institution. Another problem that is felt just as much by the hospital management as by private citizens is that of procuring and retaining suitable help. At present the help has to sleep away from the hospital, and yet were compelled to report for duty at 6 o'clock every morning. The suggestion was made that a building be rented in the neighborhood where all the domestics could live, supervised by a capable woman.

Those present were Chairman Gartshore, Trustees L. Meredith, Turnbull, Harris, Mayor Graham, and Superintendent Heard.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

CORN STALKS FOR SALE. APPLY AT 14 Kensington street. b

FURNITURE, CARPET, SECRETAIRE-BOOKCASE, gas heater, paintings, china, etc., at once. 442 St. James street. 41tf

BICYCLE FOR SALE—IN GOOD CONDITION; $10. Apply evenings, 820 Princess avenue. b

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, NEARLY new, cheap. 355 Princess avenue. 40c

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—GENERAL store, weigh scales and postoffice, near London; owner retiring from business. Further particulars address Box 65, Advertiser. 75tf-t

TWO HEIFERS, COMING TWO YEARS old, one heifer calf, four months old. Apply D. McGrenere, Pipe Line road, southwest Cawrse's brickyard. 40c

FOR SALE—TWO YOUNG STEERS. Apply Mrs. Farrell, lot 15, con. 7, London Township. 40u

BASEBURNER FOR SALE. APPLY 257 Wellington street. 40u

GOOD, STRONG, HIGH-CLASS DRIVING horse for sale; would also make good saddle horse. Apply 333 King street. Phone 36. 40u

PRIVATE SALE OF PRACTICALLY new household furniture, commencing Oct. 21, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, comprising contents of reception, hall, living and dining rooms, kitchen, five bedroom suites in mahogany, golden oak, white enamel, also collection of antique pieces, ladies' secretaires, tables, chairs, etc. John A. Croden, 293 Central avenue. 40u

BASEBURNER AND SMALL HEATER for sale. 666 Colborne street. 39c

SECOND-HAND PANDORA RANGE, IN good condition. 879 Hellmuth avenue. 39c

FOR SALE—BASEBURNER, CHEAP. Apply 396 Oxford street. 39c

McCLARY COAL RANGE—FIRST-CLASS condition. Apply 138 Briscoe street. 39c

FOR SALE—COSY CORNER, IN GOOD condition. Apply 505 King street. 39c

FOR SALE—SMALL COOK STOVE, nearly new; price, $6. 474 Grosvenor street. 39c

8x10 McEWEN ENGINE, 15x14 ROBB-Armstrong engine, 25-H.P. D. C. dynamo, 24-inch planer and matcher, all first-class, at sacrifice. E. A. McCann, Dorchester. ywt

CASKS, $3; BARRELS, 75c; PACKING cases, 35c; city delivery. Gorman Eckert & Co. xt

FOR SALE—ONE TOP PHAETON, nearly new, a snap. Gould & Mohan, Wellington street.

APPLE BARRELS AND SLACK BARRELS of every description. Apply the Mitchell Cooperage. Phone 871, ring 4. 39c

FOR SALE—FRAME COTTAGE, NO. 435 Adelaide street; same to be removed. Apply Canada Trust Company, 442 Richmond street. 38n

GOOD SIDEBOARD AND SEWING MACHINE for sale, cheap. Apply 13 Euclid avenue, London. 37-1

LADIES — WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumph Pills; always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. tf-t

CHRISTMAS ROSES (HELLEBORUS) planted now will flower all through winter continuously year after year; 20c to $1 each. Paeony roots, 25c, or 5 for $1, any colors. Rhubarb roots, 25c to 50c each, planted from now out. Evergreens and other trees. Baker's Nursery, Ridout street, South London. Phone 2222. 24tf

LADIES' AND MEN'S SUITS AND coats, all kinds of furs blankets, comforters, art squares, linoleums, beds, springs, mattresses. M. Hornstein, 299 South street. Phone 1771.

J. JACKSON & CO. REPAIRS, SEWING MACHINES AND GRAPHOPHONES. AND SHARPENS HAIR CLIPPERS, ETC. 263 Wellington Street. Phone 3365.

The Finest Stock of TRUNKS, CLUB BAGS AND SUITCASES in the city. Also a complete line of Furs Fur-lined, Leather and McIntosh Coats for gentlemen.

DARCH'S
Phone 542. zxt 397 TALBOT STREET

LUMBER
for your repairs or new work may be obtained at either of my yards, and your business is solicited.
GEORGE H. BELTON,
Cor. Pall Mall and Richmond. Rectory and York streets. tx

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

London Paint and Varnish Company
Ivorine Black Enamel
Just the thing for stove pipes, gas or oil stoves, water pipes, sewing machines, etc. Effectually prevents rust and decay, and produces a brilliant jet black varnish gloss finish. It is a first-class general purpose enamel. Made only in black. Can be applied by anyone. Put up in 10 and 15 cent tins.
London Paint and Varnish Company
342 RICHMOND STREET.

LEGAL CARDS.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERAL, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., corner Richmond and Carling. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

M. P. McDONAGH, BARRISTER, ETC., 425 Richmond street. Money to loan.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 89 Dundas street.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 419 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS, etc., 98 Dundas. Money to loan. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; T. W. Scandrett.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN—OAK HALL BUILDING.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

F. HARRY GREENLEES, CARLING block, barrister, etc. Funds to loan. Phone 407.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

TENNENT & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan, lowest rates. 78 Dundas.

J. H. A. BEATTIE, BARRISTER, ETC., 169½ Dundas street. Money to loan on real estate.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE—Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

COME IN AND SEE THE BEAUTIFUL pianos we are offering this week at $200 and $100, payable $3 and $5 per month. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

FOR SALE—INK BARRELS, 50 CENTS each. Apply at Advertiser office. 77tf

RUBBER ROOFING SALE
Regular $1.75 Roofing at $1.25 Per Square.
YOUNG'S HARDWARE
111 Dundas Street, 2 Doors from Talbot.

CONSULT US ABOUT UPHOLSTERING—We are experts. Estimates furnished. Charles M. Quick. Phone. 31tf

BLANK BOOKS
Ruling and Binding—Lowest Prices. Best Quality.
THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO.
91 DUNDAS ST. xt PHONE 370.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, cushions renovated. Hunt & Sons, Mattress Renovators, 493 Richmond street.

The Roofing that gives satisfaction is PHOENIX
FOR SALE BY
J. A. BROWNLEE
385 TALBOT ST Phone 652.

Brantford Bicycles
A few left at special prices. SEE THEM. Bicycle Tires and Sundries of all kinds.
BICYCLE AND MOTOR SALES CO.
397 CLARENCE STREET.

GOOD TOP AND OPEN BUGGIES
Have been used.
Crawford's Carriage Repository, 343 Talbot Street. ywt

GOLD FISH
Just received from the South. They are fine and healthy. Full line of Bulbs, Flower Pots, Jardinieres, Flower Stands, Lawn Rakes, Fertilizers, etc.
MORGAN'S, 100 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

GOOD SHOES
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
Paxman, 210 King Street
Low rent and small expense allows us to sell cheaply.

JOS. F. CRUMMEY
LEATHER UPHOLSTERING CO
Upholstering and furniture repairing of all kinds. We do the best work. Try us
521 RICHMOND ST. t PHONE 3105.

The Old Umbrella Mender
PERRY DAVID
251 DUNDAS STREET.

Iron Stable Fittings
HAY RACKS, OAT MANGERS, STALL GUARDS, ETC.
Dennis Wire & Iron Works Co. Ltd.
22-30 Dundas St., London xt

ELECTRIC
WIRING AND FIXTURES. Estimates furnished, workmanship guaranteed. THE PEOPLE'S ELECTRICAL CO., 639 Dundas street. Phone 3556. W. J. Chapman, J. Judkins, J. Winegarden. tzx

Southcott Coal Co
Hard and Soft Coal and Wood Dealers.
PHONE 1093. 276 CLARENCE ST.
Prompt delivery and courteous treatment. ywt

BICYCLES
Cleaned Stored and Insured Against Fire for the winter. Best job in the city.
Fred T. Kerr, 635 Dundas St. ywt

FURNITURE
and household supplies. Cash or credit. Prices most reasonable in city. Open evenings.
BARNES & CO.
364 Hamilton Road. ywt Phone 2065.

Do You Need a Truss?
We sell a Truss that is guaranteed. Come and see.
Anderson & Nelles, Druggists,
268 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

BLANCHARD'S FISH MARKET—Moved, 103 King, corner Talbot. Fresh fish daily. Phone 1510.

Silverwoods, Limited
QUALITY FARM PRODUCE
Have You Tried Our
ROSE BRAND Creamery Butter
MANUFACTURED FRESH DAILY?
Quality our aim. Try it.
Ask Your Grocer for it. ywt

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH OF ALL kinds. 143 King, opposite market. Phone 1296.

MURRAY MINE
Anthracite Chestnut $7 Per Ton
GREEN & CO.
495 YORK STREET. TELEPHONE 1391.

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. GORDON L. JEPSON, 310 QUEEN'S avenue. Telephone 2912.

DR. W. J. WEEKES, 438 WATERLOO street. Hours 12 to 3 and 7 to 8. 51tf

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. GEORGE McNEILL HAS REMOVED his office and residence to 245 Queen's avenue.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. X-ray specialist.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

D. HUTCHEON HOGG, M.D., C.M.—Surgical cases. Corner York and Talbot streets.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. N. H. BEAL, CORNER OF DUNDAS and Maitland streets. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 889.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

DR. J. CAMERON WILSON—OFFICE and residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Phone 266.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS—SPECIALTY, diseases of the heart. 363 Queen's avenue.

DR. McLELLAN — EYE, EAR, NOSE throat. Hours, 10 to 4, 6 to 7:30. Sunday by appointment only. 564 Richmond.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE — Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.
DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays. Phone 127.

DR. F. P. DRAKE—SPECIALTY, DISEASES of stomach and digestive system. Office, 371 Wellington street.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R. C.S. (England), 397 King, Phone 839.

NOTICE
To Water Consumers

Pay your water rates on or before the 20th inst., and save 30 per cent discount. By order.
39c-17,18,19 O. ELLWOOD, Secretary.

Executors' Sale of Double Frame House

by auction on the premises, Nos. 121 and 123 Horton street, on Monday, Oct. 21, 1912, at 2 p.m. Each house contains front and back parlors, dining-room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms and bathroom, lot 52x190. For full particulars apply to The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited. 35c-txt

AUCTION SALE
October 22

P. H. Lawson & Son, lot 6, con. 1, Westminster, of 45 Holstein and Ayrshire cows, horses and feed.
B. LAWSON & LAIDLAW, Auctioneers. b

CLEARING AUCTION SALE

Farm stock and implements, lot 18, con. 7, Township of Westminster, one mile west of Glanworth, on Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1912, at 1 o'clock. Mrs. F. M. Shore, W. H. Shore, executors; J. W. Laidlaw, auctioneer. b

AUCTION SALE.

of almost new furniture, 931 Ormsby street, Thursday, Oct. 24, at 10 a.m. Piano, $75 Victor gramaphone, rockers, two extension tables, sideboard, couch, curtains, linoleum, Singer machine, Happy Thought range, new heater (with oven), gas plate, iron beds, mattress and springs, dresser and stands, clock, pictures, screen door, tubs, tools, etc. Terms, cash. Joe. Brown, auctioneer. Take Hamilton road car. 41u-ty

Auction Sale

L. Deadman, auctioneer, will sell for George Olmstead, lot 55, W. T. road, Station 43, S. W. T. Line, farm stock and feed, on Thursday, Oct. 24, at 1 p.m. b

Auction Sale

L. Deadman, auctioneer, will sell for William C. Harris, farm stock, furniture, household effects, lot 73, W. T. road, on Tuesday, Oct. 22, at 1 p.m. b

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY — To close the estate of the late A. E. H. Jolliffe, there will be sold by public auction on the premises, 98 Cartwright street, London, Ont., on Wednesday, the 23rd day of Oct., 1912, at 3 p.m., by J. W. Jones, auctioneer, the following lands: 1. Premises known as 94 and 96 Cartwright street, having a frontage of about 40 ft., 6 in., by a depth of about 148 ft. upon which is erected a double frame cottage. 2. Premises known as No. 98 Cartwright street, having a frontage of about 34 ft., 6 in., by a depth of about 148 ft., upon which is erected a frame cottage. 3. Premises known as No. 102 Cartwright street, having a frontage of about 35 ft., 6 in., by a depth of about 148 ft., upon which is erected a frame cottage. Terms of sale: the purchaser to pay down at the time of sale a deposit of ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the balance within one month of the day of sale. For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to The Canada Trust Company, administrators of the estate, 442 Richmond street. Messrs. Fraser & Moore, solicitors for administrators or to J. W. Jones, auctioneer, London, Ont. O. 5, 12, 19.

Auction Sale

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The undersigned will sell for R. W. Rennie, Esq., contents of well-furnished house, No. 557 Talbot street, near Kent street, on Monday, Oct. 21, comprising in part: Square piano, parlor suite, large rugs, music cabinet, clock, pictures, couch, morris chair, easy chairs in leather, lot valuable books, Edison phonograph and records, hall mirror, sideboard, chairs and table, bedroom suites, etc., card table, lounge, stair carpet, combination bookcase and desk, Souvenir range, refrigerator, sundry other articles. Also the real estate, comprising 9-room brick house, with furnace, bathroom, hard and soft water, lot 29x168. Fine location. Look at it and attend the sale. Furniture at 10:30; real estate at 2:30.
35c-txt NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

AUCTIONEERS.

J. TURNBULL, AUCTIONEER, KOMOKA, agent for Knott & Sangster, real estate brokers, 101 Masonic Temple, London. Telephone Lobo Central. 67tf-t

J. W. Laidlaw Auctioneer and Valuator
FOR MIDDLESEX AND ELGIN.
Wilton Grove P. O. Orders left with A. M. Dwnt, Richmond street, London, will receive prompt attention. Fraser House, Saturdays. t

City of London, Ontario

Tenders for Wharncliffe Road Highway Bridge Over Thames River.

Sealed proposals, addressed to the "Chairman and Members, No. 2 Committee," will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 5 p.m. on Wednesday, Nov. 13, 1912, for constructing and erecting a 270-foot span pin-connected Petit Truss Highway Bridge, with necessary approach spans, concrete piers and abutments complete.

Each bidder shall name lump sum for the various parts of the work, as described in the general specifications, and give price for any deductions or additions to the same, and make his tender on the form furnished by the City Engineer.

Plans and specifications and form of tender may be seen at and obtained from the office of the City Engineer.

Contractors to inclose a marked check for ten per cent (10%) of the amount of their bids.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to accept any bid.
GEORGE W. WRIGHT, City Engineer.
W. E. ROBINSON, Chairman No. 2 Committee.
O19,26,N2,9

Executors' Sale of Valuable Real Estate in the Townships of North Dorchester and North Oxford.

Under the powers and directions contained in the last will and testament of Robert Sutherland, in his lifetime of the Township of North Dorchester, in the County of Middlesex, Yeoman, deceased, his executors will offer for sale by public auction at Paynter's Hotel, at Dorchester station, on Tuesday the fifth day of November, A.D., 1912, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, by Mr. D. R. Dibb, auctioneer, the following property, namely:

1. That part of lot No. 11, in the 4th concession of the Township of North Dorchester, north of the River Thames, containing about 10 acres, upon which the testator resided.

2. Part of said lot No. 11, containing about 2 acres, lying west of parcel No. 1. This is vacant, but is a good building lot.

3. Part of lot No. 20, in concession "A," south of the River Thames, in the said Township of North Dorchester, containing about 95 acres, and known as the Maybee farm.

4. The southwest part of lot No. 16, in the 4th concession, of the said Township of North Dorchester, north of the River Thames, containing about 75 acres, and known as the Mackay farm.

5. Lot No. 21, in the 3rd concession, of the Township of North Oxford, in the County of Oxford, containing 200 acres, more or less, and known as the McCartney farm.

6. The south half of lot No. 22, and the whole of lot No. 23, in the 4th concession, of the said Township of North Oxford, containing 300 acres, more or less.

Terms, 10% of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale, and the balance within thirty days from the date of sale, without interest.

For further particulars, see posters, and for further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Mr. D. R. Dibb, auctioneer, Belmont P. O.; Mr. W. H. Odell, executor, Belmont P. O., Mr. Albert Needham, executor, Arva P. O., or to Messrs. Meredith & Fisher, 74 Dundas street, west, London, Ontario, solicitors for the executors.

Dated at London, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1912. 41c-t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of James Stuart Dickey, late of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Professor of Anatomy, deceased:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Statute L. George V., Chap. 26, Sec. 55, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said James Stuart Dickey, who died on or about the 21st day of September, 1912, are required on or before the 8th day of November, 1912, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. McKillop, Murphy & Gunn, London, solicitors for the administrators of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice, that after such last-mentioned date the said administrators will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said administrators will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

Dated Oct. 11, 1912.
McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN,
Solicitors for The Canada Trust Company, Administrators. O12,19,26

For Sale By Tender

One of the choicest lots in the business section of the City of London, situate on Dundas street, between Richmond and Talbot streets, and numbered 128 Dundas street. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address 486 Dufferin avenue. 35tf

Ladies' Fall Suits and Coats

Exclusive designs, and all the most fashionable and serviceable cloths. Call and look through our large range. No trouble to show you our goods.

Charge accounts opened.

M. FISHBEIN & CO.
638 DUNDAS ST.
Open Evenings.

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company's
SCRANTON COAL
The very best hard Coal. We can supply any quantity promptly.
JOHN M. DALY
KOALMAN,
19 York Street. ywt Phone 348.

Cleaning Kid Gloves
It is not everyone who can clean kid gloves to the customer's satisfaction. Try Parker's. We know how.
R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners,
211 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MARKET LARGEST IN CONSIDERABLE TIME

Wet Weather Forces Farmers to Drop Work in Fields.

The rainfall of Friday night prevented the farmers from continuing their fall work, and as a result the attendance at the market today was considerably in excess of any day this week. Vegetables, as has been the case for the past two weeks, comprised the major portion of the offerings, and where there were changes in the prices it was to a higher figure.

Cabbages and potatoes were the largest offerings of the vegetable section, and the price of the latter jumped to 85 cents and $1 per bushel, and were sold at prices from $1.20 to $1.40 per bag.

Small lots of green corn were offered at prices ranging from 10 to 15 cents per dozen ears. The sales, however, were not brisk. Parsnips were quoted at 40 and 50 cents per bushel. Beets were sold at 40 cents per bushel and green onions at 20 cents a dozen bunches. A few lots o tomatoes were sold at 25 cents per basket, but what remained of the crop was nearly totally destroyed by the heavy frost in the early part of the week. The same fate happened to the cucumbers.

Th Fruit Offerings.

Apples were sold at 40 cents per bushel and 10 cents per peck. Pears, which are rather scarce this season, were sold at prices ranging from $1.25 to $1.60 per bushel. A few lots of rather poor peaches were offered but the demand was not very brisk. Grapes were rather plentiful, but there were no changes in the prices. Crab apples were very scarce, as the season is now over. Citrons were plentiful and the prices dropped to $1.00 per dozen of the best quality. Musk melons were not very plentiful, but the prices remained unchanged.

The butter prices remained firm, and there were no changes. Eggs were slightly higher in price, the dairy hall price being from 32c to 33c per dozen, and the prevailing price among the farmers on the square was 30c per dozen, by the basket lots.

Some eighty loads of hay were sold this week, which was 27 more than the total offerings of last week. The demand was very brisk this week on account of the small supply, and as a result, the prices today were from $15 to $16 50 per ton. No straw was sold this week. The farmers have brought but little grain to the market, and as a result the dealers have had to bring in a few shipments from outside markets.

The price of dressed hogs was also higher today, being quoted at $11 50 to $12 per cwt.

The price that will be paid for live hogs at the shipment on Monday will be $8 per cwt. No price was announced today, but the feeling in the other shipping points was a little firmer than last week, and the same feeling is current here.

The prices were:

Grain, Per Cwt.			
New wheat, per cwt	$1 50	to	$1 50
New oats, per cwt	1 10	to	1 20
Grain, Per Bushel.			
New wheat, per bu	90	to	90
New oats, per bu	37	to	41
Vegetables.			
Lettuce, per doz	20	to	20
Cauliflowers per doz	60	to	1 00
Onions, per bu	75	to	80
Cabbage, per doz	30	to	40
Cucumbers, per doz	10	to	10
Carrots, per bu	35	to	40
Potatoes, per bu	85	to	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	1 20	to	1 40
Tomatoes, per basket	25	to	25
Celery, per doz	30	to	75
Marrows, per doz	30	to	50
Green corn, per doz	10	to	15
Parsnips, per doz	40	to	50
Pumpkins, per doz	60	to	1 00
Turnips, per bu	30	to	40
Squash, per doz	90	to	1 00
Pickling onions, qt	12	to	15
Beets, per bu	40	to	40
Fruits.			
Pears, per bu	1 25	to	1 60
Pears, per basket	40	to	50
Apples, per peck	10	to	10
Green onions, doz	20	to	20
Apples, per bu	40	to	40
Apples, per bbl	1 50	to	2 00
Muskmelons, per doz	75	to	1 00
Grapes, per basket	20	to	25
Citrons, per doz	60	to	1 00
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	15 00	to	16 50
Straw, per ton	9 50	to	10 00
Dairy Produce.			
Butter, dairy, wholesale	28	to	28
Butter, fancy, retail, lb.	28	to	30
Butter, store lots, lb	25	to	25
Butter, creamery, lb	29	to	29
Butter, crock, lb	27	to	27
Eggs, dairy hall price	32	to	33
Eggs, fresh-laid, doz	30	to	30
Eggs, crate, wholesale	28	to	29
Honey, strained 10 lbs.	1 20	to	1 20
Honey, sections, doz	2 20	to	2 40
Poultry, Dressed.			
Chickens, per pair	90	to	1 10
Chickens, lb, wholesale	14	to	15
Chickens, lb, retail	16	to	16
Old fowl, per lb	10	to	11
Ducks, per lb	14	to	14
Turkeys, per lb	18	to	20
Poultry, Alive.			
Ducks, per lb	10	to	10
Chickens, per lb	12	to	12
Old fowl, per lb	8	to	9
Turkeys, per lb	15	to	15
Butchers' Meats.			
This year's lamb, lb	13	to	13
Dressed hogs, choice	11 50	to	12 00
Veal, per cwt	10 00	to	12 00
Beef cows, cwt	7 00	to	8 00
Beef, young cwt	9 50	to	10 50
Mutton, per cwt	8 00	to	10 00
Heavy hogs, cwt	7 50	to	8 50
Stags, per cwt	2 00	to	2 00
Live Stock.			
Select hogs, cwt	8 00	to	8 00
Fat sows, cwt	5 50	to	6 00
Small pigs, pair	7 00	to	9 00
Milch cows, each	50 00	to	70 00
Hides, Wool, etc.			
Wool, unwashed lb	12	to	13
Cow hides, No. 1	11½	to	11½
Wool washed, lb.	19	to	20

For Other Markets See Page 5

LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 300 head; slow and steady. Veals—Receipts, 50,000; active and 50c lower, $4 to $10. Hogs—Receipts, 3,200 head; slow; heavy 10c to 15c up, others steady; heavy, $9 25 to $9 40; mixed, $9 to $9 15; Yorkers, $8 to $9; pigs, $7 50 to $7 75; roughs, $8 25 to $8 50; stags, $5 50 to $7 50; dairies and grassers, $8 50 to $8 90. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 3,000; active; sheep steady, lambs 10c up; lambs, $4 50 to $7 60.

PRODUCE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

WINNIPEG, Oct. 19.—Wheat—Closing prices today: October, 89⅞c; December, 85⅞c.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Dec.	92½	92½	92	92⅛
May	97	97	96⅝	96¾
Corn—				
Dec.	53⅜	53⅜	53⅛	53⅜
May	52⅝	52⅝	52¼	52⅜
Oats—				
Dec.	32¼	32⅜	32¼	32¼
May	34⅜	34½	34¼	34⅜
Pork—				
Jan.	19 25	19 40	19 25	19 35
Lard—				
Jan.	11 07	11 07	11 02	11 02
Ribs—				
Jan.	10 25	10 25	10 20	10 25

[Special ot H. C. Becher.]

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 19.—Wheat—Close—December, 87⅝c.

COTTON

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Cotton prices to 2:30 p.m.: December, 10.58c; May, 10.82c.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

TORONTO, Oct. 19.—Morning prices today:

	Ask.	Bid.
Brazilian T., L. and P.	93½	93⅜
B. C. Packers A.	..	152
B. C. Packers B.	118	115
B. C. Packers, com.	153	..
Bell Telephone Co.	160	156¾
Burt, F. N., com.	110	..
Burt, F. N., pfd.	..	110½
Canada Bread, com.	32	31
Canada Cement, com.	..	27¼
Canada Cement, pfd.	..	92
Canada General Electric	120½	118½
Canada Machinery, com.	..	20
Canada Machinery, pfd.	85	..
Canada Locomotive, com.	..	59
Canada Locomotive, pfd.	..	93¾
Canadian Pacific Railway	167½	266¾
Canadian Salt	..	112½
City Dairy, com.	53	51
City Dairy, pfd.	100	..
Consumers' Gas	174	..
Crow's Nest	80	..
Detroit United	74	..
Dominion Canners	71	..
Dominion Canners, pfd.	101	..
Dominion I. and S., pfd.	101½	101
Dominion Steel Corp.	62	..
Dominio Telegraph	108	..
Duluth-Superior	70¾	70
Electric Dev., pfd.	..	85
Illinois, pfd.	..	92¾
Lake of Woods, pfd.	..	120
Lake Superior Corp.	31	30
Mackay, com.	..	85
Mackay, pfd.	..	68
Maple Leaf, com.	67	62
Maple Leaf, pfd.	97	95½
Mexican L. and P.	90	..
Mexican Tramway	..	125
Montreal Power	..	237½
Monterey, pfd.	73½	72½
Monarch, com.	90	88
Monarch, pfd.	94	93
N. S. Steel, com.	90	..
Ogilvie, com.	..	127½
Pacific Burt, com.	..	40
Pacific Burt, pfd.	91½	90½
Penmans, pfd.	87	85
Porto Rico Railway	74	73¾
Quebec L., H. and P.	21½	20¾
R. and O. Navigation	..	113
Rogers, com.	182	..
Rogers, pfd.	112	110
Russell Motor Car, com.	103	..
Sawyer-Massey	..	44½
Sawyer-Massey, pfd.	..	94
St. L. and C. Navigation	..	110
Sao Paulo Tram	276	..
Shredded Wheat, com.	..	81½
Spanish River, com.	65	..
Steel of Canada, com.	30	29½
Steel of Canada, pfd.	..	92½
Tooke Bros., com.	49½	49
Toronto Paper	70	69
Toronto Railway	141½	140
Twin City, com.	..	106¾
Winnipeg Railway	225	222⅞
Coniagas	..	760
Crown Reserve	..	360
La Rose	250	249
Nipissing Mines	830	825
Trethewey	40	35
Bank of Commerce	..	221
Dominion Bank	225	..
Bank of Hamilton	208	..
Imperial Bank	..	218
Merchants' Bank	197	..
Metropolitan Bank	200	..
Molsons Bank	..	207
Bank of Montreal	..	246½
Bank of Nova Scotia	..	272¾
Bank of Ottawa	..	210
Royal Bank	225	223½
Standard Bank	225	..
Bank of Toronto	210	209½
Canada Landed	..	167½
Canada Permanent	198	..
Central Canada	..	190
Colonial Investment	81	80
Dominion Savings	..	77
Great West. Permanent	..	135
Hamilton Provident	..	124
Huron and Erie	..	204
Huron and Erie, 20 p.c. pd.	..	195
Landed Banking	..	140
London and Canada	..	121
National Trust	..	212
Ontario Loan	..	162
Ontario Loan, 20 p.c. pd.	..	152
Toronto General Trustss	190	..
Toronto Mortgage	..	132½
Toronto Savings	..	200
Union Trust	180	179
Canada Bread	92	..
Canada Locomotive	..	100½
C. N. R. W. R.	..	90
Electric Development	..	92½
Laurentide	..	108
Mexican L., H. and P.	90	89½
Penmans	..	94
Porto Rico Railway	96	..
Quebec L., H. and P.	..	56
Rio Janeiro, first mortgage	98½	..
Sao Paulo	103	..
Spanish River	..	96½
Steel Company of Canada	..	99½

Morning Sales: Bell Telephone, 12 at 156¾; Rogers, 55 at 181 to 183½; Monarch, 35 at 93½; General Electric, 45 at 118½; Spanish, preferred, 20 at 53¾ to 94; do, bonds, $2,000 at 97 and interest; Toronto Railway, 55 at 141; Mackay, 35 at 85 to 85½; La Rose, 50 at 2.50; Brazilian, 1,079 at 93 to 94; Twin City, 66 at 106½ to 106¾; Canada Car and Foundry, bonds, $5,000 at 105 and interest; Standard Bank, 15 at 224½ to 225; Shredded Wheat, 150 at $1 to $1½; do, preferred, 20 at 91¾; Steel of Canada, 50 at 29¾ to 29⅞; do, preferred, 75 at 91; miscellaneous, 21 shares.

Montreal Stock Exchange.

MONTREAL, Oct. 19.—Following were the sales this morning: Shawinigan Falls Power, rights, 147 at 2, 1 at 3; Telephone, 38 at 155½ to 158; Power, 120 at 234 to 234½; Detroit, 75 at 71¼ to 71½; Quebec Railway, 75 at 40¾ to 42; Montreal Tram, 100 at 125; Ottawa L. and P., 25 at 170; Twin City, 2 at 105; Halifax Railway, 95 at 160⅞ to 161; C. P. R., 50 at 268¾; R. and O., 60 at 114 to 114½ Soo, common, 50 at 144½; Tooke, preferred, 190 at 89½ to 91; Spanish River, 10 at 94½; Canada Cotton, preferred, 5 at 75; Cement, preferred, 54 at 93 to 93½; Penmans, 25 at 57½; Textile, common, 1,135 at 77⅝ to 78½; Scotia, 10 at 88; Cement, 30 at 28 to 28½; Sherwin-Williams, 15 at 53 to 53½; Crown Reserve, 180 at 3.50 to 2.52; Laurentide, common, 100 at 227 to 228½; Canada Car, 15 at 85⅞; Converters, 250 at 46½ to 47; Scotia, preferred, 15 at 122; Bank of Commerce, 35 at 222 to 222½; Molsons Bank, 50 at 207 to 207; Bank of Montreal, 4 at 245; Merchants' Bank, 1 at 197; Cement, bonds, $1,000 at 100; Spanish River, bonds, $1,000 at 97½; Quebec, bonds, $3,000 at 57 to 57½; Porto Rico, bonds, $2,000 at 97; Canada Car, $2,000 at 107; Iron, bonds, $1,000 at 95½.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	90½	90⅝	90¼	90¼
Amer. Beet Sugar	70	70½	70	70½
Amer. Locomotive	44⅜	45	44⅜	45
American Foundry	62⅝	62⅜	62⅝	62⅜
American Refining	86⅜	86⅞	86⅝	86⅜
Amer. Cotton Oil	58	59	57⅜	58⅜
Atchison, com	109	109⅝	109	109½
Anaconda Copper	45⅜	45¾	45⅜	45½
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅜	107	106¾	107
Canadian Pacific	268	268¼	267¼	267¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	83⅛	..	..	..
Central Leather	31½	33⅛	31¼	31⅝
Distillers	30¼	..	..	..
Erie, com	36	..	..	..
Gt. Northern, pfd.	139¼	139⅜	139¼	139⅜
Inter-Met., pfd.	67	..	..	..
Kansas & Texas	29⅝	..	..	..
Lehigh Valley	176	176	175½	175½
Louisville & Nash.	60½	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific	45	45	44⅝	45
New York Central	115½	115¾	115½	115¾
Northern Pacific	127	127⅜	127	127⅜
Norfolk & Western	116⅞	116⅞	116⅝	116¾
National Lead	55⅞	66	65⅞	66
Ontario & Western	36⅜	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	124	..	..	..
People's Gas	120½	121¾	120½	121½
Reading	176⅞	177	176⅜	176½
Republic Steel	34½	34½	34	34
Rock Island	27⅝	..	..	..
Rock Island, pfd.	54¼	..	..	..
Southern Railway	29⅞	29⅞	29¾	29⅞
Southern Pacific	111	111¼	111	111¼
St. Paul	112	112¾	111¾	112
U. S. Steel	79¾	79⅞	79½	79¾
Wabash, pfd.	14	..	..	..

COBALT STOCKS.

[Edward Cronyn & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange, report the following quotations on the mining market this morning.]

TORONTO, Oct. 19.—Beaver, 41 to 42; Chambers-Ferland, 19 to 20; Coniagas 7.60 to 7.65; City of Cobalt, 25½ to 26½; Cobalt Lake, 39½ to 40½; La Rose, 2.45 to 2.50; McKinley-Darragh, 1.90 to 1.95; Nipissing, 8.25 to 8.25½; Peterson Lake, 9½ to 10; Temiskaming, 36½ to 37; Dome Extension, 12½ to 13¼; Dome Mines, 21.50 to 22.50; Jupiter Mines, 36½ to 37½; Preston East Dome, 3 to 4; Swastika, 8¼ to 9; Vipond, 2.20 to 2.20½.

Wall Street Letter.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The feature of the stock market today was the return to activity of the old-time market leaders, such as Union Pacific and Steel. A brisk demand appeared in Union Pacific, and made that stock the most important feature, while the buying seemed to come from strong sources. There appeared to be a marked increase in bullish activity in the standard issues, and if the over-Sunday news is of such a nature as not to crystalize adverse sentiment, all indications point to a broader and more substantial market next week. Attention to our markets has inspired much confidence abroad, as they have a tendency to make them realize the stability of our prosperity. With the situation so well in hand and guided by powerful interests, the developments will be in keeping with those committed to the conservative view.

PROVINCIAL OFFICERS INSPECT INSTITUTIONS

Warmly Congratulate Mr. Beck After Visiting Byron Sanatorium.

A deputation of medical health officers, recently named by the Provincial Government, are in the city today inspecting the Byron Sanatorium, Victoria Hospital and the Hygienic Institute. The party were met by Hon. Adam Beck, president of the London Health Association; Lieut.-Col. W. M. Gartshore, chairman of the hospital trust; Dr. E. Williams, chairman of the board of health, and Dr. Hill, head of the London College of Preventive Medicine. They were taken in automobiles to the sanatorium in the morning, visiting the other institutions later in the day. They were entertained at lunch by Hon. Adam Beck at the London Club.

All had excellent things to say of the Sanatorium. They were more than delighted with what they saw, and Dr. Wodehouse, of Fort William, suggested that the Health Association publish a pamphlet showing not only the methods of treating tuberculosis, but also the methods of financing the institution.

"It is a very fine institution from every viewpoint," said Dr. Wodehouse, speaking on behalf of the visitors. "The health view is never lost sight of, in the management of the place, and at the same time modern business methods are adopted.

"The treatment of tuberculosis is much in advance of the majority of Canadian sanatoria, and is copied directly after the most modern methods in vogue in the old land. It was indeed a surprise to me. The financial condition is excellent. It is surprising to me that such a place could be operated such a length of time with so small a shortage as you will face this year. I congratulate you, sir, on its high efficiency."

"I must re-echo what Dr. Wodehouse has so aptly stated," said Dr. Hill. "The sanatorium is a splendid institution."

Others spoke along the same line. Among those present were: Drs. Bentley, Sarnia; McLennahan, Hamilton; McNally, Harriston; Clinton, Peterboro; George, North Bay; Wodehouse, Fort William; Maloney, Toronto.

DEATH OF MRS. M'INTOSH

Respected Resident Passes Away After a Long Illness.

Following a prolonged illness, that of late had become much more serious, Mrs. Margaret Dougal McIntosh, wife of Mr. Duncan McIntosh, of 171 Kent street, died at her home Friday evening. Mrs. McIntosh was 66 years of age. She was a devout member of the First Presbyterian Church, and had a wide circle of friends in London, who learned of her demise with sincerest regret.

Mrs. McIntosh was a daughter of the late Henry Dougal, one of the pioneers of Barrie, where she resided for many years. She is survived by one son, Mr. A. A. McIntosh, city editor of the Toronto Globe, and two daughters, Mrs. T. A. Bryan, of this city, and Mrs. Isabella Copner, of Los Angeles.

The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon at 2:30, and interment will be made at Woodland Cemetery.

Authentic Information

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LOCAL ITEMS

—There was no sittings of the weekly high court today, as the only case which was entered for trial was withdrawn.

—A bazaar will be held in the St. Peter's Parish Hall for one week, commencing on Monday next. The proceeds are in aid of St. Michael's Church.

—The Rev. Dr. Milligan, of Toronto, will preach in Bethel Church, Proof Line, on Sunday, the 20th inst., at the morning service. Bethel Church was the doctor's first charge after entering the Presbyterian ministry.

—The Ladies' Aid of Knollwood Park Presbyterian Church will hold their annual bazaar and sale of work on Thursday afternoon and evening, Oct. 24. These sales have always been quite successful in the past and preparations are being made to make the coming one exceed all previous efforts.

The Rainfall.

The rainfall Friday night registered at the local observatory was .090.

Anniversary Services at Thorndale.

Anniversary services will be held in the Thorndale Methodist Church next Sunday, Oct. 20. Rev. R. H. Barnby, B. A., B. D., will preach at both services.

Hand Caught in Machine.

Maggie Shunn, who is employed in the laundry at Victoria Hospital, had her left hand crushed and burned in the collar ironing machine at the hospital Friday afternoon. She went to her home, where her injuries were dressed by Dr. MacLaren.

Auto Strikes Wagon.

Mr. C. H. Elliott's automobile, while being driven in East London on Friday afternoon, crashed into a delivery wagon of Mr. Walter Lee's, a grocer on Lorne avenue, with the result that two wheels of the vehicle were completely smashed.

Guests of Miss Chantler.

A pleasant evening was spent at the home of Miss Myrtle Chantler, of Stanley street, Friday evening, in honor of her cousin, Miss Evelyn Jupp. A number of girl friends gathered and surprised her with a linen shower. Many beautiful pieces of linen were received by Miss Jupp, and the evening was spent in playing cards, etc.

Mayor Will Give Address.

Mayor C. M. R. Graham will give an address, and Mr. George H. Andrews, baritone soloist, of the Forest City Male Quartette, with Mission Talent Quartette, will sing at the anniversary service Sunday night at the York Street Mission Hall. Evangelist Belcher's subject will be "From Dungeon to Palace."

Death of William Walmsley.

Information has been received here, announcing the death at Vancouver, B. C., of William Walmsley, formerly of this city, and son of the late Matthew and Frances Walmsley, of London. No details of his illness were forwarded. Deceased is survived by three sisters, Mrs. J. C. Pink, and Miss Clara Walmsley, of this city, and Mrs. Fred Dengate, of Ionia, Mich. Interment will be made at Vancouver.

Promenade Concert.

A promenade band concert will be given in the armories on Wednesday evening, Oct. 25, by the First Hussars' Band. A special program has been prepared by this excellent band for that evening, and besides there will be the introduction of several prominent singers in a program. Among those to take part are Mrs. Adam Beck and Mr. Ed. Webster, Scotch and Irish dancers, will also provide entertainment for the audience.

Answer to Inquirer.

Thanksgiving Day falls on Monday, Oct. 28.

Funeral of Mrs. Scott.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Ann Scott was held Friday afternoon from her late residence, 1093 Florence street, and interment was made at Woodland Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. Humphrey A. Graham, of Centennial Methodist Church, and Rev. George N. Hazen, former pastor of the same congregation, who is now at Wellington Street Methodist Church. The pallbearers were Messrs. J. Coles, R. Taggart, G. Glass, S. Johnston, J. Golding and J. McGugan.

Wray—Monahan.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Isabel Monahan to Mr. Robert Wilfred Wray, both of this city, took place at the home of the bride's parents on Wednesday afternoon, Rev. J. G. Stuart, of Knox Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremony at the house, which was tastefully decorated with autumn leaves, salvia and palms. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of white marquite over white silk, with pearl and lace trimmings. Miss Marion Thompson, of St. Thomas, played the wedding march. The young couple received many handsome presents, also congratulations from Los Angeles and Toronto. The bride's travelling dress was black satin, with large beaver hat, trimmed to match. They left on the evening train east, amid happy congratulations from their many friends.

Personal Mention

Mrs. Wm. J. Berry (formerly Vera H. Chalmers) will receive for the first time since her marriage at her home, 222 St. George street, on Tuesday, Oct. 22, and afterwards first Monday of each month. 40u

Mrs. Wilfred D. Stevenson (formerly Ethel Wilson), 606 Waterloo street, will receive for the first time since her marriage, on Tuesday, Oct. 22, from 3 until 6, and afterwards on the second Friday of each month.

NINE MONTHS FOR HELEN

[Canadian Press.]

Oxford, England, Oct. 19. — Helen Craggs, a militant suffragette, was today sentenced to nine months' hard labor at the assizes on a charge of attempting to set fire to the residence of Lewis V. Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies.

Helen Craggs, who is a daughter of Sir John Craggs, was discovered with another woman in the grounds of Nuneham Park, and was caught by a watchman. When searched she was found to be carrying a quantity of inflammable material and spirits.

DIED OF BURNS

Little Woodstock Child Supposed To Have Played With Matches.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Woodstock, Oct. 19. — Robbie Lawrence, aged 2 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lawrence, died in the hospital here yesterday as a result of burns he received on Thursday. The little fello wran into the house from the yard with his clothes in flames. His mother enveloped him in a blanket and smothered the fire, and he was rushed to the hospital, where he appeared to be doing well until complications developed. It is supposed that the child was playing with matches.

ENGINEERS' ORGAN

Continued From Page One.

day of usefulness of city councils is rapidly passing.

"Suggestions have been made recently as a result of the constantly recurring troubles between city councils and city engineers, that the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers should take up an active policy with the aim of securing more just treatment for the members of the profession following this line of work. We doubt very much if any good purpose would be served by interference on the part of the Canadian society in the endeavor to ameliorate conditions.

This Is a Little Strong.

"The constant criticism and the nagging and fault-finding of municipal councils is due primarily to their comparatively low order of education, and, therefore, to their consequent inability to understand an engineer's work. The members of municipal governing bodies are chosen, as a general rule, on account of their political ability and wire-pulling capacity; and these qualifications are not usually developed in marked degree in the modern, well-educated man. The doctrine of the survival of the fittest is well exemplified in the usual city councils of today; and the fittest there is the vote-getter, the man who may be called a "good mixer."

"The present method of election of city council by popular vote is not conducive to the obtaining of a high standard of municipal governing body, and it is the city engineer who has been the first to feel the evils of the system.

Favors a Commission.

"As we have said, we do not believe that the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers can do anything to help conditions. The trouble lies in the city councils, and the remedy is there also. Until the commission form of municipal government is brought into force, trouble will continue to develop between the city engineer and the municipal governing body.

"Engineers with municipal training, and inclination for municipal work, will be cautious in accepting a position as city engineer of London after the past history of the position."

ROSE TALKED OF

Continued From Page One.

"Did you have another conversation with Rose about a month before the murder?" asked Mr. McIntyre.

"Yes. Rose told me that he was going to have Rosenthal killed."

On cross-examination, Plitt said Rose told him this when he and Rose went to a theatre together.

"Did you tell Becker about this conversation?"

"No, sir."

"Why didn't you?"

"I was afraid I'd be arrested. My brother made a statement and was arrested for murder."

"For a statement concerning the Rosenthal murder?"

"No, another one."

"Why didn't you tell some other officer?"

"I didn't take Rose seriously," witness said.

$10,000 DEBENTURES TO ENLARGE GROUNDS

Finance Committee Authorizes Issue for Aberdeen Improvements.

At the meeting of the finance committee of the city council held Friday afternoon, it was decided to issue debentures for $10,000 to be granted the Board of education for the enlargement of the grounds of the Aberdeen School.

The request was presented, and the members of the committee thought it wise to grant the request. Ald. Johnston thought the board was making a mistake in enlarging the present grounds, stating that the school should be moved a block or more south.

Beatty Bros., successors to Wortman & Ward, made application for a fixed assessment. The communication was referred to the manufacturers committee.

In the absence of Ald. Richter in Toronto, Ald. Spittal acted as chairman.

ROOSEVELT HAS NIGHT OF UNBROKEN REST

Crisis in Colonel's Illness Believed To Have Been Passed.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 19.—Last night was one of almost unbroken rest for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who lies wounded in Mercy Hospital here. He fell asleep shortly after 11 o'clock last night, and he awakened only once between then and after 7 o'clock today, when he announced himself ready for breakfast.

The wound the colonel received at the hands of a would-be assassin at Milwaukee several days ago, gave him little trouble. The crisis in his illness now is believed to have been passed, and his rapid recovery is confidently expected. Blood poisoning no longer is regarded as a possibility by his attending physicians. The only danger to be feared now is tetanus (lockjaw), but even this is believed to be remote.

FRIEDHEIM'S CONCERT.

Lovers of music are promised an evening of rare artistic merit from a musical standpoint upon the occasion of the Friedheim Concert in the Auditorium next Thursday.

The Musical Courier says of one of his recent concerts: "Friedheim's playing of the Liszt concerto was a veritable work of art. His technical prowess revealed itself in the brilliant attack; magnificent sweep of chord and octave playing, scintillating finger work, untiring wrists and the general bravura and impetus of the whole performance. The Friedheim tone is big and noble, with intervening softer moments that appeal when the nature of the composition requires emotional exposition. His sense of climax is stupendous, and he makes his dynamic contrasts range from the most fluttering of pianissimos to roars of sound truly titanic in volume. It is playing filled with the fire of ripe manhood, and the keen, analytical brain, which directs everything that Friedheim does, made the playing of the Liszt concerto more than a mere technical tour de force. It had purpose, direction, soul and musical meaning."

"Friedheim not only sat at the feet of the master for many years, and got to know him better, perhaps, than any of the rest of his pupils, but he was also alive to the historical significance attaching to Liszt and made a thorough study of the famous figures who had surrounded him in the earlier periods of his career."

He will be assisted at his concert here by Mr. Russell G. McLean, the splendid baritone singer, whose reputation as a vocalist is well known to Londoners.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Oct. 19.	Reported at	From
Birma	New York	Libau
Baltic	New York	Liverpool
La Savoie	New York	Havre
Celtic	Liverpool	New York
Laurentic	Liverpool	Quebec
Victorian	Liverpool	Quebec
Oceanic	Plymouth	New York

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For Premium List and Entry Blanks Address G. F. TOPPING, Secretary, Union Stock Yards, Toronto.

23-1-t

Bargains In Dividend Payers

Our weekly market letter, just issued, devotes especial attention to the present condition and future prospects of these thoroughly seasoned dividend-paying mining securities:

COMPANY.	Present Selling price.	Annual Div. rate.	P. C. yield on Investment
Nipissing	$8.37½	1.50	17.9%
Crown Reserve	3.37½	.60	17.7%

This letter is of the sort that points to almost certain profits.

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We will be glad to execute orders for the purchase or sale of active listed mining stocks, either for cash or on margins of 33 1-3 per cent, and will accept certificates, when properly indorsed, as collateral margin against purchases.

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MAN OF 91 FOUND DEAD IN CREEK NEAR HIS HOME

Aged Ronald McNeil Went Out Into Field To See Son-in-Law and Tripped as He Was Going Back to the House.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Alvinston, Oct. 18. — The funeral of Ronald McNeil took place from the home of his son-in-law, Archie McNeil, Brooke, yesterday, to the Kilmartin cemetery. Mr. McNeil, who was in his 91st year, had gone out to the field to see his son-in-law, and while coming back alone fell face downward into a creek. It was not until noon that it was discovered that he had not reached the house, and a search being made, his body was found. Deceased had resided in Sombra for over 25 years. He leaves a large family of grown-up children.

MANITOBA LIBERALS DENOUNCE TRIAL OF WINNIPEG MAGISTRATE

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Residence on Premises. Phone 459.
Private ambulance service.
Delaware Branch, W. Acres, Mgr.

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115 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 586.
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Jan Hambourg
The Renowned Solo Violinist and Teacher.
For terms, etc., apply
LONDON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
or phone 1101.
F. L. Willgoose, Mus. Bac., Principal.

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PRACTICAL HORESHOER AND GENERAL REPAIRER,
172 Maple Street. Smith's Old Stand.
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WRAY'S
Jewelry Store
The Store With the Stock.
When you want to purchase a high-grade Watch, buy a
ROCKFORD
For sale at
WRAY'S

The Brown Optical Co.
OPTOMETRISTS AND OPTICIANS,
237 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1877.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldgs., next Court House, London

Wall Paper SALE
WALL PAPERS AT SALE PRICES.
We have put on sale a number of our best selling Papers which have got down to broken lots and room lots only at a price that will clear them quickly, many at a third the regular selling price. These are in all the different patterns suitable for any room.
Bring the exact size of your rooms and we will please you with a bargain.
COLERICK BROS.
212 Dundas St.

Roland D. Jarvis
DENTIST
Corner Dundas and Clarence Streets.

Our Special
Debentures possess exceptionally favorable features for the investor, in as much as the money can be drawn at the end of any year, with compound interest at 5 per cent., from date of investment.
Write for particulars.
London Loan and Savings Company
ywt

TRAFFORD'S
Window Shades to order. Guaranteed rollers and workmanship.
Special Oak Curtain Poles, complete ....27c.
129 Dundas, 11 Market Square.
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Hamilton's London Porter and Amber Ale
Always in first-class condition. Brewed from finest foreign and Canadian hops and malt.
Kent Brewery
LONDON, ONTARIO.

17-JEWELED ADJUSTED MOVEMENTS
12-size, thin model. Best quality gold-filled cases.

$15.00
Wonderful Watch Values at
Diamond Hall
214 and 674 Dundas St.
2—Stores—2.
W. G. YOUNG.
Official Inspector of Watches for C. P. R. and G. T. R.
Special Note—
Choose them now for Christmas.

"There is nourishment in every crumb."
JOHNSTON BROS.
XXX BREAD
Eating this wholesome bread is your health insurance. Be sure that you get it three times very day.
Johnston Bros., Phone 944.

REAL ESTATE
TRAFALGAR STREET
Near Hamilton Road.
Fine Building Lots
$5.00 Per Foot Frontage.
Close to Street Railway.
See plan.
John Mann & Sons
COAL OFFICE.
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C. H. WARD & CO. DIAMOND MERCHANTS
Best Value in the World
Nothing in the world retains its commercial value like a diamond. Nothing will scratch, mark or mar its brilliancy. We carry a large and well-assorted stock ranging in price from $5 to $800. We guarantee every stone just as we represent it.
C. H. WARD & CO.
Diamond Merchants and Jewelers,
PHONE 1084. 374 RICHMOND ST.
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Parnell's BREAD
There is no food equal to it.
It is clean, pure, wholesome and nourishing.
We have built up a reputation on the quality of our bread.
Try it now.
Don't delay. Take our advice and start using this health-giving Bread.
Bakeries—
75-77 Bruce Street

New French Perfumes
Mary Garden.
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Dralle's Lily of the Valley (Concentration).
New Parisian Ivory.
COMBS, BRUSHES, MIRRORS, ETC.
Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists,
216 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

New Clover Honey
Guaranteed to be the best quality.
Five-pound pails 75c
Ten-pound pails $1.50
No. 1 sections 25c
Glasses .. .. 25c and 30c
T. A. ROWAT & CO.
250 Dundas St., Also South London.

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LONDON AND DISTRICT

—The annual meeting of the advisory board and trustees of the Protestant Orphans' Home is to be held on Monday afternoon at 3:30 at that institution.

Cook—Vaughan.

Rev. R. Whiting officiated at a quiet wedding on Friday evening at 8 o'clock, when Miss Nellie Vaughan, recently of Belfast, Ireland, was united in wedlock to Mr. William Henry Cook, 427 Ridout street, this city. The couple were unattended. After a wedding trip to Detroit, where they will visit friends, Mr. and Mrs. Cook will take up residence at 427 Ridout.

Annual Poultry Show.

The sixth annual international poultry show of the London Poultry and Pet Stock Association will be held on Oct. 25, 26 and 28, at the poultry building of the Western Fair grounds, London. For long the city of London has held an enviable reputation as the home of the world's best poultry, and some of our local breeders, such as Messrs. Wm. McNeil, Richard Oke and others, are known as capable judges wherever fanciers congregate. The directors of the association feel certain that this show will be a record-breaking one both as regards the quantity and the class of birds shown. Now that the shrill call of the cock has gone forth, an army of fanciers will gather on the fair grounds on the above-mentioned dates.

HERMITS OPEN SEASON

One Hundred Couples Dance in Beautifully Decorated Hall.

The first informal dance of the season, given by the Hermitage Club, was held Friday evening in the Masonic Temple. The hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion. About 100 couples were in attendance. The music was furnished by Tony Cortese. The patronesses were Mesdames Morley Adams, C. J. Clark, Ward Casselman, E. Victor Smith, W. Stevenson, and Lorne Spry. The committee in charge of arrangements were Messrs. Stan. J. May, chairman; J. Luscombe, Charles Wilson and J. Greer.

FILMS DEVELOPED AND PRINTED. Bromide enlargements. First-class work.
J. H. BACK & CO.,
210 Dundas Street.
ywt

Funeral of Mrs. Kelly.

The funeral of Mrs. Hannah Margaret Kelly, who died on Tuesday last, was held Thursday afternoon from the residence of her son, Mr. Livingston Kelly, of 147 William street, interment being made at Woodland Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. D. N. McCamus, of Colborne Street Methodist Church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Beer, a superannuated Methodist clergyman. The pallbearers were Messrs. T. Saunders, S. Pettitt, H. Dean, J. E. Scott, P. Riley and W. Purves.

High Chief Companion Their Guest.

The members of Loyalty Circle, No. 99, A. O. F., were honored Thursday evening with a visit by High Chief Companion Mrs. Rockwood, of Toronto, and the local district deputy. The members of Victoria Circle, St. Thomas, were also guests of the local lodge. Speeches of welcome were made by the officers of Loyalty Circle, and suitable acknowledgment made by High Chief Companion Mrs. Rockwood, the district deputy and lady officers of the St. Thomas lodge. An impromptu program of music, instrumental and vocal, was then given, followed by dancing, lunch afterward being served, and a most enjoyable evening brought to a close.

Piano Tuning a Specialty
The Williams Piano Company, Limited,
194 Dundas Street, London.
'Phone 2832.
All work guaranteed. Estimates given for all kinds of Repairing, Tuning, Regulating, Voicing, Re-Stringing, Polishing, etc. All of our Tuners carry a letter of introduction.
ASK TO SEE IT. The Williams Piano Company, Limited. M. Sheldrick, Manager. 33tf

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold all over the world.

Fall Showing of Hats.

Madame Allenby is now prepared to show fall styles at her show rooms, 619 Richmond street. Open every ever[illegible] ywt

Taxicabs and Carriages for every occasion. Hueston's Liveries.

New Clover Honey

Guaranteed to be the best quality.
Five-pound pails 75c
Ten-pound pails $1.50
No. 1 sections 25c
Glasses .. .. 25c and 30c
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Stenographers Graduate— Westervelt School Pupils

The following pupils have recently secured positions: Miss K. Sutherland, stenographer, Calgary Investment Company, Calgary, Alta.; Miss E. Collins, stenographer, R. Neeley; Miss Johnston, stenographer, D. Campbell & Sons; Miss Ball, stenographer, Bank of B. N. A.; Miss Tuckey and Miss O'Meara, office clerks, W. Jenkins Company.

Young people who contemplate a course in bookkeeping, or shorthand, should send for a catalogue of the long-established Westervelt School.

Don't forget T. N. Way's auction sale, Wednesday, Oct. 23. One mile east of Dorchester on Hamilton road.

AYLMER FIELD DAY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Aylmer, Oct. 18. — The annual high school field day held yesterday was a great success. The senior championship was won by Ed Harris, who scored 16 points, the junior by Gervase Howse, with 13 points, and the girls' championship by Helen Caverly, with 9 points.

A Successful Treatment
Mrs. Edward Kennedy, of Meriden, Conn., 40 years old, was advised by her Physician to try Dr. Martell's Female Pills. She did so with wonderful results. Thousands of others would say the same. Twenty years the standard. At your Druggist. ywt

LONDON **ROSS'** EDMONTON LIMITED.

FURS! FURS!
Our range of Manufactured Fur Garments is now complete and larger than ever. Our values are especially good in Hudson Seal, Alaska Seal and Persian Lamb garments, as our purchases were made before recent advances.

Stoles, Muffs and Neckpieces
In Mink, Persian Lamb, Sable, Hudson Seal and Fox. This season has produced some very attractive and artistic designs.

Our Prices Are Based on Actual Cost of Manufacture
No middleman's profit. Every article guaranteed.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR
Special offerings in Suits to clear.
Regular $27.50 and $30 Suits for $25
Regular $18.50 and $22.50 Suits.. $15

DRESSES
Latest in Silk and Evening Dresses.

SKIRTS
Special lines on sale next few days at $5.00 to $5.75.

NECKWEAR
Newest in Robespierre Collars just to hand.

Phone 1319
196 Dundas St.

MEAT INSPECTOR URGED BY JURY

Express Belief That Sausages or Beef Caused Mr. Bartell's Death.

DON'T FIX THE BLAME

Sausage-Maker Testifies That Output Did Not Differ From Usual Supply.

The necessity for a close inspection of foodstuffs, particularly meats, was called to the attention of the public by a jury which, under Coroner Dr. Ferguson, investigated the death of Leo Bartell, of 75 Wilson avenue, at the police station, Friday evening.

The verdict rendered was:

"That Leo Bartell came to his death on Sunday, Oct. 13, from ptomaine poisoning, contracted, in the opinion of this jury, from eating putrefactive sausages, or canned beef. The jury is unable from the evidence to fix responsibility for the cause of death.

"The unfortunate occurrence emphasizes the need of some system of closer inspection of perishable foodstuffs, especially meats."

The first evidence was taken before Coroner Ferguson at Griffith & Willsie's undertaking parlors, on Monday, evening last. Frank J. Bartell, of Detroit, a brother of the victim, Mrs. Leo Bartell, and her daughter, Rosezeffa, being heard on that occasion.

Ptomaine Poisoning the Cause.

At the adjourned session Dr. Bateson, who attended Bartell when he was stricken with his fatal illness, declared that he first diagnosed the man's trouble as due to ptomaine poisoning, and that later this conclusion was verified when, assisted by Dr. N. H. Beal, he conducted a post-mortem examination. He found in the autopsy that the stomach was congested and that other organs showed lesser effects of ptomaine. Dr. Bateson's testimony was corroborated by that of Dr. Beal.

Mr. W. T. Mullins, proprietor of a grocery store at the corner of Dundas street and Wilson avenue in West London, testified that he purchased the sausages, which have been blamed in some quarters, from George F. Morris, and that he sold a pound from this supply to Mrs. Bartell on Saturday at noon. He also sold Mrs. Bartell some canned beef a few days previous. Mr. Mullins' customers had all been served from the same supply of sausages, and no other complaints were heard. They appeared to Mr. Mullins to be in good condition and nothing unusual in them attracted his attention.

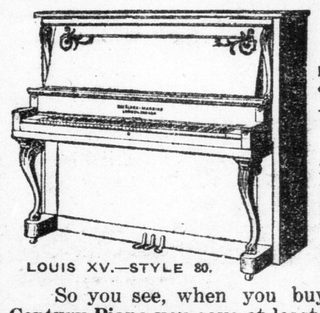
Sausage-Maker Testifier.

Josiah Perkins, sausage-maker, in the employ of George F. Morris, gave evidence to the effect that he manufactured the batch from which Mr. Mullins supplied, and stated that his output on that day did not differ from any other production. This was substantiated by Mr. Morris.

Frank Hier, a boy employed by Mr. Mullins, served Mrs. Bartell with the sausages and believed them to be excellent.

John Tozer, who was with Mr. Bartell when he first became delirious, had known the victim for a considerable period, and had always looked upon him as a healthy person. Mr. C. Badgley told a similar story.

THE
Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Piano
"Canada's Biggest Piano Value"


LOUIS XV.—STYLE 80.

WE honestly consider the Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Piano "Canada's Biggest Piano Value," because:

Our factory is big and modern, thoroughly equipped with labor-saving machinery. We employ skilled workmen in every department. And, we sell direct to you.

So you see, when you buy a Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Piano you save at least $100, and at the same time know you have a piano that's equal to the world's best.

N. B.—You can deal direct with us and save considerable money because our factory is located here. 'Phone 1078 or write us, stating when you've an hour to spare, and we'll send our automobile for you. We simply want an opportunity of proving to your satisfaction that the Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Piano is "Canada's Biggest Piano Value." Then we'll drive you home—all without placing you under any obligation to buy.

Sherlock-Manning Piano and Organ Co.
LONDON. (No Street Address Necessary). CANADA.

DIED IN TEXAS

Funeral of William Badge Was Held at Mount Brydges.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Mount Brydges, Oct. 19. — The remains of Mr. Wm. Badge arrived here from Texas, accompanied by his son George, on Wednesday morning. The funeral was held in the afternoon from the home of his niece, Mrs. E. R. Bond. Rev. Mr. Agnew, pastor of the Methodist Church, conducted the service. Deceased was a member of the Methodist Church, and leaves two sons, Messrs. George and John, both living in Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Cullen, of West Lorne, were here attending the funeral of the latter's brother, Mr. Wm. Badge.

The annual divine service of the Masonic Lodge will be conducted in the Baptist Church on Sunday afternoon by Rev. Mr. Agnew.

Farmers are busy with apples and potatoes at present.

Mr. Kidd and Mr. Charles Steer have both been shipping potatoes from here.

Mr. Alva Gamble and family have returned from Moose Jaw, and intend remaining here.

Mr. Gardner and his son, of Michigan, have been visiting his sister, Mrs. L. Fisher.

Quite a lot of people from here attended the Delaware fair.

Mr. Whiting is quite ill at present.

Anniversary services will be held in the Methodist Church on Sunday, Oct. 27th.

Mrs. McGregor, of Hamilton, is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

TONS OF SUGAR BEETS GOING FROM GLENCOE

Record Shipments This Season Are of the Finest Quality.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Glencoe, Oct. 19. — Tons of sugar beets are being shipped daily from here. Farmers all through the district say that the crop is a record one and of fine quality.

Fred Annett is seriously ill with typhoid fever at his home on Concession street.

Mrs. Fleming is visiting relatives at Wyoming.

An interesting program of sports was held on the high school grounds on Tuesday afternoon. Liberal prizes were provided by the merchants of the town and the teachers.

On Thursday afternoon an exciting game of football was played between Glencoe and Dutton high school teams. The result was 2 to 0 in favor of Dutton. The Glencoe boys played a clean and good game, but were unused to playing with men of the size of which the Dutton team chiefly consisted. The return game will be played in the near future.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

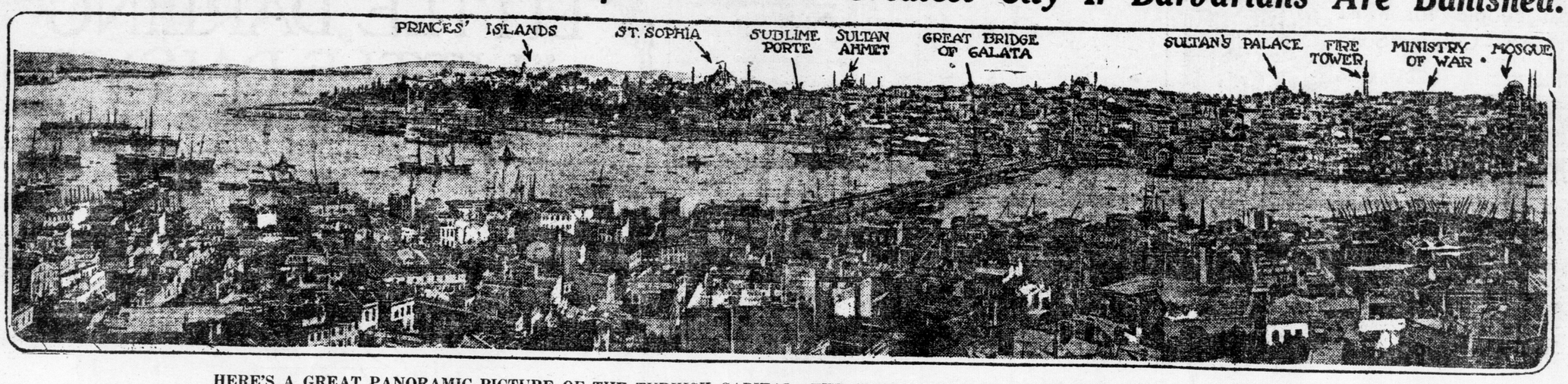
SECOND SECTION

London Advertiser

SECOND SECTION

49th YEAR. THE LONDON ADVERTISER. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1912. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Constantinople, Grand Prize of Europe---"World's Greatest City If Barbarians Are Banished."



HERE'S A GREAT PANORAMIC PICTURE OF THE TURKISH CAPITAL—THE STRONGHOLD OF ISLAM AND THE KEY TO THE ORIENT.

BY A DIPLOMAT.

"On to Constantinople!" is the cry of the Balkan allies, who have entered on a war to the death against Turkey, their ancient foe. And well might this great city be the bone of contention of nations. For the blight of the "unspeakable Turk" has checked, for more than four centuries, the progress of what should be the first and fairest city of Europe—or of the world.

Constantinople, of glorious history, situated in the finest climate in the world, in the best strategic position of any city of Europe or Asia, which might dominate the commerce and the naval armaments of two continents, languishes in the hands of barbarians.

The day the Turk leaves Constantinople there will be more opportunities for big enterprises than in any city the sun shines on.

The western promoter who comes here has his mouth water at everything he sees. In no place on earth are there so many neglected opportunities, yet there is no use trying to accomplish anything under the barbarous Turkish rule.

There is one railroad running out of Constantinople which might be valuable property, but as the people who built it were paid a subsidy of so much a mile they made the road twist about like a cat chasing its tail, until it is about three times as long as necessary, and just so much more expensive for freight and passengers.

Constantinople with its suburbs which are really an integral part of it, is about two-thirds as large as Chicago. But it resembles Chicago in almost nothing except its opportunities. Both cities are at the centre of great land surfaces and contiguous to inland seas.

There are some people who predict that one hundred years after the Turk has retired from Europe Constantinople will be the first and Chicago the second city in the world.

The possibilities of Constantinople are chiefly found in a list of things she has not got. To begin with, electricity was an almost unknown force in Turkey when I was there a few years ago. There were a few telegraph lines, but the censorship was so severe that nobody used them unless they could not help it. There was no telephone whatever, and only two buildings in the whole of Turkey had electric light.

There were no electric cars, and for the matter of that not a decent road for any vehicle. The streets are so rough that the usual way of conveying goods is by pack trains of horses and mules.

Once a year the sultan goes to a particular mosque and a street leading from the Yildiz Kiosk to the mosque is then paved and put in fine condition.

The city is divided in almost two equal parts by the Golden Horn, a narrow inlet from the Bosphoros. Over this are two narrow bridges built fifty years ago, which have now become so rickety that they threaten to collapse at any moment. The roadway is of rough planks, which are usually not even nailed down.

The sultan collects toll for every person and every vehicle which crosses the bridge, and this way takes in about $1,500 a day for each bridge, but still there is never money enough to even nail down a plank.

In the foreign quarter there are a few fairly good stores, but the great bulk of trading is conducted from tiny little shops which are not much more than holes in the street walls.

Yet the people are not especially poor, and the trade of the city reaches a very large total.

The Turk presents a curious spectacle of arrested racial development. Except for a few trimmings supplied him against his will by foreigners, he is just where he was in the year 1600. He absolutely lacks modern capacity for business, whether in his own affairs or in the management of his country. Economically he is a child half way back to the stone age. Were he not a first-class fighting man he would have been crowded out of Europe a century ago. No better monument could be found to his general inefficiency than this city of Constantinople.

Almost every article of daily use comes from English and German manufacturers. The bazaars of Stamboul, Turkish name for the city of Constantinople, are full of foreign pots, kettles, cloth and furniture. Rugs are about the only article still made in the Ottoman empire.

The only fine buildings in the city, except a few built by foreigners, are mosques and palaces. That anything should be well built for merely commercial reasons is beyond Turkish comprehension. It is equally remote from his ideas that his government should be run on business lines. He gets revenue by extortion, office by bribery and removes his opponents by imprisonment or assassination.

The first thing which strikes a stranger as a little uncanny is the extreme number of human bodies which are found in the Bosphorus. They bob up repeatedly and disappear again, and nobody pays much attention to them. A city of more than a million people has its share of murders and suicides, but these would hardly account for the entire number.

Officials who are suspected of treason or something of that sort have a way of mysteriously disappearing via the old and simple process of tying a man up in a sack and throwing him in the Bosphorus.

THE CITY OF CONSTANTINE.

Constantinople was founded in the year 330 A. D., by the Roman Emperor, Constantine the Great, and was built on the foundations of the ancient city of Byzantium.

It has been besieged 30 times, but captured only three times—by the Venetians and Crusaders in 1203 and 1204, and by Mohammed II., leader of the Turkish invaders, in 1453.

From the fall of the Roman empire in the west until its capture by the Turks, Constantinople was the capital of the eastern empire, and the stronghold of learning and Christianity in the east.

"Constantinople" means "City of Constantine."

The Turkish name of the city is Istambul, or Stambul—a corruption of the modern Greek phrase, "es tam bolin," meaning "to the city." The Turks always heard Greeks talking of going "to town," and oddly adopted "to town" as the name of the place.

Anglican Bishops Take Advanced Ground On Social and Industrial Questions

Archbishop of York Says Wages Should Be the First Charge On Trade—Bishop of London Deplores Individualism Run Mad—The Function of the Church.

The Church of England Congress opened at Middlesbrough, Eng., on Oct. 2, with the customary processions and ceremonies. Dr. Cosmo Gordon Lang, the Archbishop of York, presided, and his presidential address contained a remarkable reference to the industrial unrest. The same topic was the subject of a sermon preached by Dr. Ingram, the Bishop of London.

A Living Wage.

Dr. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of York, in the course of his presidential address, referred to the problem of what was called "industrial unrest." Beneath this unrest, he observed, there was the movement of a true and right ambition to better the conditions of individual life, but the stirring of this ambition sent to the surface a great froth of wild schemes and wilder words of excited and irresponsible agitation. One main cause of difficulties was the division of classes—of rich and poor in our cities, of employer and employed, aggravated by the modern system of limited companies, and of landlord and tenant in the towns.

The message of the church was: "You, employers, get somehow into personal touch with your men: see the conditions of their work and their home life with your own eyes; think out your wage problem from their standpoint. You, workman, try to understand the conditions under which business in these days of international competition has to be carried on, the necessity of attracting capital, of finding and keeping markets, of improving the processes and products of manufacture. Both alike, in your disputes, pay heed to the needs and interests of the whole community."

Wealth and Power a Trust.

The witness of the church was that all wealth and power were a trust. It belonged also to the witness of the church to assert that capital, even in the form of shares in a joint stock company, was responsible for the conditions of the labor which it employed, in railways and factories at home or in rubber plantations abroad. (Cheers.) On the other hand, when power was in the hands of labor, as in these days of vast labor organizations it often was, it was equally a trust.

Another part of the witness of the church was the supreme value of the individual human life. Despite the general improvement in conditions were not multitudes of children born into an environment where the only chances offered were downward, not upward? The squalor and misery which still darkened and disgraced our towns and cities ought to be rendered impossible. It was the merit of that masterful and great master-man whose life work had just closed, General Booth (cheers), that he had the courage of a faith which refused to acquiesce.

Wages First Charge Upon Trade.

In conclusion, Dr. Lang observed that he knew that when he had just spoken of wages he was entering debatable land; but here he was content to speak as a Christian citizen rather than as an official spokesman of the church. He had never been able to regard it as anything else than a plain application of Christian principle that the first charge upon any trade or industry should be a wage for its workers which made a decent living possible (cheers), call it if they would "a living wage"—that a trade or industry which could not pay such a wage could not justify its existence, and that the community had no right to make use of its services. (Cheers.)

To Recreate the World.

In the morning the Bishop of London preached in St. John's Church, taking as his text: "They that have turned the world upside down have come hither also." Having dealt with the social revolution created by the early church because the Christians discovered that God "was all in all," Dr. Ingram said the tragedy was that, with such a splendid start, the church had not done more.

"Think over some of the things still confronting us like grinning spectres, after two thousands years of Christianity," Dr. Ingram proceeded. "So little has the doctrine of brotherhood between man and man been learnt that what is called euphemistically 'industrial unrest' is the special feature of the present day, and so little has the promised peace on earth yet been accomplished that Europe increasingly resembles an armed camp. Another hideous grinning spectre is the 'White Slave Traffic,' and the extraordinary difficulty of rousing even Christian public opinion to understand its powers, its ramifications, and its heartless cruelty."

"What," Dr. Ingram went on to ask, "can redress the effects of individualism run mad? What can prevent the selfishness of those in possession? What can prevent the British buttoning up of pockets with the cry of my land, my motor, my rights? Nothing but the Christian doctrine of stewardship really applied. 'I live, yet not I, but Christ liveth in me.' 'Ye are not your own, ye are bought with a price.' What familiar words! and yet how revolutionary! Live up to them, and we are halfway to the millennium; without them, we have not even started for it. . . . Up, then, brothers and sisters, and without delay draw out of the church the power that yet can recreate the world!"

Insurance in Action.

Mr. C. F. G. Masterman, M. P., financial secretary to the treasury, at an evening function in the Temperance Hall, delivered an address on the principles and working of the insurance act. He observed that in the actuarial estimates upon which the act was framed it was computed that under the conditions of compulsory insurance laid down in its provisions some 9,200,000 men and some 3,900,000 women (apart from voluntary contributors) would be in actual possession of insurance cards; and that, after deducting for holidays, unemployment, sickness, etc., 12,080,000 contributions could be anticipated in any average week of the year. The sale of stamps since July 15 last, with the addition of the members whose cards are stamped in bulk, shows that in rough figures some 12,300,000 contributions are being paid every week.

OF COURSE HE DOESN'T.

"Do you find your husband much of a help?" asked the lady who was a candidate for the Legislature.

"Yes," replied the one who was running for mayor, "I really don't know how I should be able to get along without him. He listens to all my speeches before I make them in public."

"Does he ever criticise them?"

"Never. That is what gives me confidence in myself."

Krupp Guns Manned by Bulgarian Artillerymen at Bucharest.

BOY WHO OPENED THE BALKAN WAR.

PHOTOGRAPH BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

PRINCE PETER—Aged 20, youngest son of King Nicholas of Montenegro. He fired the first shot against the Turks in the battle that began the series of brilliant Montenegrin victories.

A ROYAL GAME-COCK IS KING NICK, WHO STARTED THE BALKAN WAR.

King Nicholas of Montenegro is a fighting man. If there was any doubt of that fact, he proved it when he started the present row with Turkey, and went to the front on his 71st birthday.

Considering that Nick's subjects, altogether, only number 240,000, while Turkey can raise an army of more than 1,000,000 trained soldiers, that was some feat.

This royal gamecock is said to be the best loved ruler in Europe. His people idolize him, and they're all as scrappy as Nicholas.

Every Montenegrin, man, woman and child, wears the same little round cap with "N. I." (Nicholas the First), on it; all art taught how to handle firearms; every male has to carry a pistol.

Those are the decrees of the king, and he himself wears the cap, the national dress and the pistol.

Nicholas is the last of the famous Black Mountain princes, and he is as autocratic as any of his predecessors. His word is law. He alone can declare war or peace; sign treaties, or pass upon acts of the Legislature—which, by the way, he keeps under his thumb by putting too progressive politicians in jail.

The king has ruled over the smallest of European monarchies since Aug. 14, 1860, when he was proclaimed prince, succeeding his uncle Danilo I., who had been murdered. His ancestors, the Petrovic Njegos family, assumed the executive power in 1696, first reigning as "vladika" or prince bishop. Later this title was changed to "hospodar" and then to "prince," and two years ago, to "king."

Most of Nicholas' reign has been filled with alternating periods of starvation, epidemics and battles with the persecuting Turks, who could never forgive the tiny Montenegro principality for being so all-fired independent.

Nicholas married the daughter of a Montenegrin senator and has three sons, the eldest of whom is Crown Prince Danilo, and six daughters, one of whom is the Queen of Italy.

THE KING IN HIS FIGHTING CLOTHES.

Besides being ruler, Nicholas is generalissimo of the army, premier of his cabinet, chancellor of the country, master of arms, judge, playwright, and poet laureate. His plays and poems are the gems of Montenegrin literature.

He holds court under a tree in the palace yards, and receives petitions from his subjects every evening while sitting on the palace steps.

The palace is a two-story building, not nearly so fine as either the Russian or Austrian embassies. The capital, Cettinje, is a small town of 3,600, peopled mostly by shepherds who have their flocks on neighboring mountain sides.

The World's Human Butcher---That's the Real Turk

Horror of a Half Century Under the Bloody Government of the Porte, Listed — Gladstone's Terrible Statement.

Gladstone, the great British commoner, said that more men had been slaughtered in the Balkan states by the Turks than were then alive.

The last half century, during which civilization has made tremendous progress and even war has become less inhuman, has seen no lessening of Turkish barbarities.

Bulgaria has been the scene of massacre after massacre; the most horrible happened in May, 1876, when the Turks burned 65 villages, slaughtering 15,000 men and boys, and carried off 10,000 Bulgarian women to exist in a shameful slavery.

Eight years before, the Turks left a bloody trail throughout Servia and Roumania, and carried many captives back to the Turkish harems.

In 1860 Christians throughout Asiatic Turkey were murdered in large numbers; 12,000 were slaughtered in and near Damascus between the 9th and 11th of July.

Two years before every Christian male at Jedda was slain, and the young women made slaves.

In 1894 the Turks fell on the Christian Armenians and wiped out whole villages and repeated their outrages at the massacre of Sasoui and Talori, 1904, when 9,000 Armenians were killed in a night.

In 1896 more than 7,000 Christians were slaughtered in the streets of Constantinople.

Since 1876 more than 50,000 Armenians have been murdered by the Turks and nearly that many Albanian girls have been enslaved.

Just three years ago, on April 14, 1909, the Christians of Adana, Mersina and Tarsus were made the victims of Turkish brutality. In three days and nights 45,000 Armenians, Greeks and Syrians were slain; their homes laid desolate; their wives, daughters and sisters penned in Turkish harems.

In June, 1911, a large body of fleeing Albanian women and children were caught between two wings of the Turkish army and were dishonored or killed, or both. A British officer wrote his Government a report, and among other horrible instances told of a 16-year-old girl who had been mistreated by 32 Turkish soldiers and then vilely mangled.

Most of the reports of Turkish atrocities made to the great European powers by their own officials are unprintable.

The most recent massacre was on Sept. 9, 1912—a month ago—when two Armenian villages were pillaged and three-fourths of the male inhabitants were killed by the Kurds, a tribe kindred to the Turks, and who have been given police powers over the Armenians by the Young Turks Government.

Long before the Turk made his advent into Europe, in 1356, he was butchering Christians and violating Christian women.

His uncivilized rule in Europe really began with the fall of Constantinople, when the city was stained with the blood of helpless Greeks and Slavs. Convents were forced open and young girls violated at the altar. More than 50,000 Greek women and girls were carried back to Asiatic Turkey; the old to become slaves, the younger to be caged in harems. And he is still the same old Turk.

MORE POWER TO THAT BOOT

COMFORT SOAP

"IT'S ALL RIGHT"

Most Popular — with Most People—for Most Purposes—Comfort Soap

POSITIVELY the LARGEST SALE in CANADA

Every Woman Likes One Dress to Wear On Special Occasions

"Simple but elegant" is an expression often used in describing women's clothes. It exactly suits the full-length model pictured here.

Every woman and girl likes to have one really nice dress in a season which she feels she can wear at any special affair and look well.

It may be made, like the illustration, with low neck, short sleeves, and semi-train. Or it may be easily converted into a high-neck, long-sleeved costume by the use of a separate guimp, with sleeves attached.

The foundation of the dress is apricot-pink satin, with a tunic of green chiffon.

Other materials or color combination may be substituted to suit the individual taste.

The handy needlewoman will do all the embroidering on the tunic.

Page of Interesting News for Women

Autumn Activities In Full Swing

Women's Clubs, Church Societies and Other Organizations Resume Work for the Season Along Charitable, Philanthropic and Literary Lines—A Synopsis of Many Lines of Good Work Done by Ladies of London.

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

Canadianism, imperialism and good citizenship are the special notes being sounded this season by this energetic body of workers, which, besides having a large direct membership, is comprised of numerous affiliated societies.

It will be remembered that the Local Council of Women united with the city authorities in bringing to London this summer Mr. James R. Boose, secretary of the Royal Colonial Institute of London, England. Since Mr. Boose's visit here, the Local Council is doing all it can to promote interest in the institute's work. It is felt that this is one of the best possible mediums whereby warmer relations may be established between Canada and Great Britain, and also between Canada and sister colonies, and a good membership in London is desired.

The Local Council is also taking special interest in the laws relating to the purchase of firearms and the keeping of them in houses or on premises. It is felt that if some law were passed prohibiting the latter practice there would be fewer shooting tragedies than at present. The Dominion and provincial laws regarding firearms are being investigated, and it is probable that the council will take this matter up shortly.

WOMEN TEACHERS' GUILD.

This organization, as its name implies, is comprised of the women school teachers of the city. Their line of work is largely educational, usually taking the form of a series of lectures. This year is to be no exception to the rule, for arrangements are being made with a well-known lecturer for several addresses on Byron, Keats, Shelley and Browning. These will be delivered on six consecutive Monday evenings commencing early in the year, and an intellectual treat is assured to all who attend the course.

ABERDEEN ASSOCIATION.

Each October sees the work of the Aberdeen Association resumed in London. While not large, the membership is steadily increasing, and month after month the good work goes on of sending selected reading matter to isolated families in the Canadian West. For many of these people the "Aberdeen" bundle is often the only communicating link which they have with the eastern world. he workis growing rapidly in New Ontario, and the lumber and mining camps are also kept supplied.

The association is always glad to receive donations of books, magazines or children's games. Their office is situated in the city hall.

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE.

The work of the six local chapters, Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire, consists of a charitable and patriotic nature. The Municipal Chapter is the head body, the primary chapters being the Seventh Regiment, Lord Elgin, Lord Roberts, Princess Patricia, and Trafalgar. A great interest is taken in several chapters in the Victorian Order of Nurses, and members of the Princess Patricia chapter make visits to the Sanatorium and city hospital with gifts of literature and flowers. The Daughters of the Empire are particularly interested in the Boy Scout movement, and have assisted the local corps in various ways. At present the combined chapters are contemplating a large function of some sort, the proceeds of which will be devoted to a local charitable purpose.

WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB.

To stimulate patriotism and to work for social reforms, especially along educational lines, is the aim of the Women's Canadian Club. This worthy organization has practically doubled its membership in the last year, and will probably continue to grow in numbers during the winter. The excellent lectures given each season under the club's auspices have already commenced, and some of the best available speakers on a varied number of subjects are on the schedule. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, will, it is expected, give an address before the club at some meeting this autumn.

YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

As in the past, the evening classes for girls are being resumed this autumn, and a large attendance is anticipated. Scarcely any girl in the city would fail to receive help from the excellent courses mapped out for the winter's work. Classes in first-aid, choral singing, fancy work and plain sewing, and commercial work, have been organized. The latter deserves special mention, as it covers a course of bookkeeping, typewriting and shorthand, and any girl desirous of learning one of these branches is privileged to do so. The domestic science class this year is affiliated with that of the Industrial School.

In their work, the officers of the "Y," come in contact with all sorts and conditions of girls, whose interest is gained by means of personal influence on the part of those in charge, and also of girls who already belong to the association. Rich and poor, domestics, factory girls, and girls of leisure, are all sought for members, as their cooperation and personality are required to make the association successful.

MOTHERS' CLUBS.

There are thirteen Mothers' Clubs in London, in connection with the following school districts: Empress avenue, Talbot street, Victoria school, Wortley road, Simcoe street, Hamilton road, Rectory street, Chesley avenue, Lorne avenue, St. George's, Princess avenue, King street, and Alexandra school. The work of the clubs collectively, is educational almost entirely. To widen the outlook and create sympathy along all lines pertaining to child life and welfare is one of its chief features.

The special effort this year will be the playgrounds' movement, which is felt to be a matter of personal interest by many of the mothers.

VICTORIAN ORDER OF NURSES

This order sustains two nurses in London, and their time is fully occupied in making visits upon the needy sick of the city, giving them every attention that only a qualified nurse can give, and instructing them how to take care of themselves when well.

Last year 2,173 visits were made, and this year's records will show an increase over that number. The nurse is usually called in by the patient, or the physician in attendance, and where the patient finds it impossible to pay even the smallest fee, the same care is cheerfully given, as to those who can. The great object of the Victorian Order is to provide proper care during sickness for the poor and the small wage-earners, and its aim cannot be too highly commended.

* * *

WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

Plans for the new building on Park avenue are occupying the attention of the officers and trustees at present, for it is hoped to move into the new premises this autumn. The building is being thoroughly renovated, and when finished will provide a spacious general headquarters for temperance work in the city. Special efforts will be made this year to stimulate interest in temperance among the young people of the district. With the organizing of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union a short time ago the work has been given an impetus, and it is hoped that many young men and women will lend their united efforts to furthering the temperance spirit here. Several delegates were appointed at a recent meeting to attend the Provincial convention in Renfrew next month, and doubtless upon their return new ideas and plans for carrying on the work will be advanced.

LADIES' AID SOCIETIES, ETC.

The Ladies' Aids, Auxiliaries, Guilds, and other similar bodies connected with the various city churches have commenced their winter's activities. Most of them work with a definite object in view, and raise money by means of bazaars, rummage sales, and congregational teas. Church improvements, from a new heating system, or carpet, to a square of glass for the vestry window, are carefully looked after by these "weaker" bodies.

Missionary work in some phase is usually undertaken also, and much help given, collectively, to workers in both foreign and domestic fields.

KING'S DAUGHTERS.

The four local circles of this order are preparing quietly to lend a hand in many ways this season. Their work often lies amongst the needy poor, and at Christmas time special efforts are made to provide a merry day for as many forlorn kiddies as possible. The recent convention at Aylmer has lent an added stimulus to the work here.

Problems of the Fair Sex Solved by Cynthia Grey

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn as they are received.]

Read This, Blonde.

Dear Miss Grey: Will you kindly answer me as soon as possible the following questions?

1. How to make henna tea to bleach the hair brown?
2. How much henna leaves are required?
3. How should it be used, and how often?
4. When I wish to pomp my hair it goes back into a part. Is there any way to avoid this?
5. Is a girl of fifteen old enough to have a fellow? I really think she is. What do you think on the matter?
6. Is a girl of fifteen old enough to be her own boss? I think she is.

Thanking you in advance for the trouble I have caused you. BLONDE.

A.—1, 2, and 3. The application of henna leaves for bleaching the hair is a very difficult and complicated process and should not be attempted at home. In fact, I should advise you strongly to leave your hair alone. The process is too long to describe here, but I think if you ask at the public library for a book on "The Human Hair," by Stitson, you will find the information contained therein.

4. As you perhaps have worn it parted for a couple of years, of course, you cannot expect it to "stay put" all at once. If you pomp it every day for a while, the part will gradually cease to form.

5. You ask me what I think, so I presume you wish my candid opinion. I think that if all the fifteen-year-old girls, who write me about such matters, would only get the "fellow" question out of their foolish little heads for at least two or three years, there would be fewer anxious mothers and a great lessening of silliness among the girls themselves. These should be the most care-free years of your life, and, of course, it is but natural that you wish to have a good time and include boy companions among your friends. But please listen to this very attentively, don't have any associates that your mother doesn't approve of. She should be your daily guide in such matters.

6. Your last question has, I think, been really answered in No. 5. A girl of your age is certainly NOT old enough to look after herself. Why, my dear, what can you possibly know about how to combat with the temptations and struggles that come to us all? Believe me, your parents with experience in this life are just the ones to turn to. They love you—rest assured of that—and they have your best interests at heart. You will never regret trying to please them, and it is quite likely that, in later years, you will thank them many times over for restraining you and advising you as to what is right.

A Jelly Mishap.

Dear Miss Grey,—Will someone kindly come to the rescue? I have made snow apple jelly, put 16 cups of sugar to 19 cups of juice, and boiled it for 25 minutes. It did not jell. I added a ten-cent package of jelly powder to a kettle of the jelly, and yet it will not set. Will someone please help me out? Thanking you in advance.

A YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER.

A.—The question is referred to readers of the column! Can any housekeeper with a knowledge of such trying matters help her inexperienced sister out?

Don't Be Silly.

Dear Miss Grey—Should a girl of 20 allow a boy friend of 19 to put his arm around her when buggy riding at night? If not, what should she tell him that would not hurt his feelings?

ANXIOUS GIRL.

A.—As a rule the most popular girl among the boys is the one who is very jolly, light-hearted and full of fun, but who does not allow liberties. You are looking at the matter in the wrong light, I think. You ask how you can tell this boy not to put his arm around you without hurting his feelings. Why should HIS feelings be hurt when he is told not to take a liberty? It is your feelings that should be hurt, because he does not hold you in sufficient respect to withhold such attentions. Try to remember that the happiest way for a girl or woman to go through life is the road on which she is able to maintain the belief which most men like to have: that she is on a higher plane than they; that she warrants their respect and care and protection. Begin now by letting your boy friends know you are not the sort who permits all sorts of familiarities. Be jolly, be bright, be friendly, enjoy amusements, but don't be silly.

A Candid Answer.

Dear Miss Grey—What do you think of a girl who will walk about with a young man whom she does not know, in the park, and still keeps company with a young man with whom she has been friends for over a year? J. E. S.

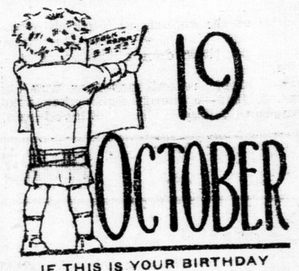
A.—First, I think the girl is very foolish to cheapen her own dignity and worth by allowing any stranger to talk with her. Second, I think she is taking a grave risk to make the acquaintance of a young man in a park or any other public place when she knows nothing about him. Third, I think it is too bad for a few unthinking, uncaring, foolish girls who make acquaintances on the slighest provocation to give young men and boys the conception that all girls would be willing to do likewise. I believe many girls do this sort of thing, because they do not think or do not know how it cheapens them in the eyes of their friends and in the eyes of men generally. It isn't a matter of prudishness. It is a matter of ordinary common sense that a girl's boy or young men friends should be known to be the right sort, just as much as her girl friends are.

Removing Stains.

Dear Miss Grey—Will you kindly inform me through your columns in The Advertiser as to what will remove salmon stain of long standing from a tablecloth, and also strawberry stain, and oblige. A READER.

A.—To pour boiling water through the fruit stain, and then hang in the sun, should be effective. For the salmon stain, try dipping it in javelle water, or else a chloride of lime solution, and then bleach. Try either way a second time, if not entirely removed at first.

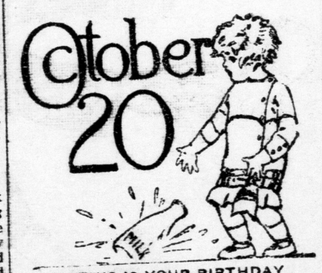
The Birthday Calendar



IF THIS IS YOUR BIRTHDAY

You will be anxious about material things, especially business ventures, but the signs are propitious, and a successful outcome is indicated.

Those born today will possess courage and will try to carry out plans of their own. In this they will usually succeed. Faults to guard against are obstinacy and a tendency to go to extremes.



IF THIS IS YOUR BIRTHDAY

Some domestic trouble or disappointment awaits you, but it will be followed by prosperity and general good fortune. If you are under the direction of others, you will receive favors.

Those born today will be shrewd, energetic and interested principally in material things, in which they will be very fortunate. Later they will understand, but may fail to gain the advantages of a more versatile mind.

NEW TOILET PINS.

Buckle-shaped brooches now fasten the back of the stock collar and these are so wide that they almost fill the space at the nape of the neck and afford the support to the chiffon and net throat veiling at that point which the best of boning will not furnish.

INSIST ON THE SUNSHINE HOSIERY TRADE MARK.

"LITTLE DARLING"
"LITTLE DAISY"
HOSIERY FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN

Let Baby Be Comfortable

Rub your hand over horse-hair chair covering. The stiff, sharp ends scratch your hand.

That is how ordinary wool feels to baby's tender, sensitive skin.

For "Little Darling" and "Little Daisy" hosiery we import the soft, dainty wool of Australian Lambs—Australia, where the seasons are so mild that the wool never grows coarse or heavy.

Your children will always be comfortable in the stockings with the "Sunshine" Trade Mark.

"LITTLE DARLING"—Has silken heel and toe. All sizes for infants up to seven years old.
"LITTLE DAISY"—Reinforced heel and toe. All sizes for children under twelve.
COLORS—Pink, Sky Blue, Cardinal, Black, Tan and Cream.
Your dealer can supply you. Cost no more than inferior kinds.
Look for the "Sunshine" Trade Mark on the ticket.

The Chipman Holton Knitting Co., Limited
Hamilton, - Canada
MILLS AT HAMILTON AND WELLAND, ONT.

22

THE BEST OF ALL RICHES

BY BEATRICE FAIRFAX.

"Poor Love!" said Life, "thou has not gold,
Nor lands, nor other store, I ween;
Thy very shelter from the cold
Is oft but lowly built and mean."
"Nay: Though of rushes be my bed,
Yet am I rich," Love said.
—Princess Troubetzkoy.

"Do you think we will be happy when we have so little money?" a girl asked me recently, looking up from a "Hope Box" filled with dainty little bridal attire she had made herself.

Every article in the box had been bought with a mind fixed on economy; every stitch had been taken with the happy seamstress' brain busied with methods and plans for pretty effects that are obtained by outlay of labor instead of by outlay of money.

"My dear girl," I replied, "no one is so rich as those who love and are loved. You are showing inappreciation of love if you call yourself poor."

She folded away the contents of the box in white tissue paper, putting sweet-scented pads between, and smiling so happily herself while doing it that I wished I had the genius of a painter.

"Hold fast to your love," I said, "and hold fast to your faith in the man who loves you. Nothing else counts."

NOTHING ELSE COUNTS.

"Nothing else counts." I wish every girl, who scorns a love that "hast not gold, nor lands, nor other store," could realize that no Love, be it ever so poor, comes empty-handed.

For if Love's hands contain nothing else, they hold Happiness, and what is wealth without that?

I have seen girls, who think that the only joy in life lies in being able to decorate one's self like a Christmas tree, turn up their little powdered noses in scorn at the thought of a poor man's love.

They would sell their hearts for a ribbon. They find, then the bargain is made, that they have also sold their souls.

No woman can marry a man solely for his money and remain a good woman. She may violate no moral or social law, but down in her heart she violates every law of heaven.

I have heard women argue that marriage to riches gives the woman a broader opportunity of doing good. She has a purse that knows no bottom when appeals are made to her for charity.

A husband's wealth, they claim, gives the wife a greater influence. She is not hampered by the restriction of poverty. She is not limited by time. She never says "I would if I could." Life has placed her where she can say "I will."

But women do not marry wealth for the opportunity it affords for helping others. Every woman who marries for riches is obsessed with one thought, and that is to help herself.

And no woman, be her heart ever so broad and her purse ever so deep, has helped others as much as the woman who loved a poor man and married him and went on loving him, for She Justifies by Her Happiness Every Claim Love Makes.

She keeps alive the faith of others in their fellow-beings. Her happiness restores failing hope. Her confidence in the man she loves brings renewed confidence to all who know her.

She is an example. There never was a woman who married solely that she might have wealth who did not become a warning.

We may look at Love through the cold eye of prudence; we may scorn him because his arrows are not gold tipped; we may see only the tollsome climb in the road on which he beckons: we may do this and more, but we can't deny that Happiness travels with him.

"Yet am I rich," Love said.

Dress for Work

The woman who has a daily task before her needs to be neatly dressed and to present a good appearance; to be well dressed, that is suitably and becomingly, is part of her stock-in-trade. A good figure and well-cut clothes are often more potent than a pretty face. Cheap, smart clothes, ill kept; mock jewelry and the like, are a bar to success, as are the latest modes interpreted in a second-class style. A well-cut tailor-made in tweed, cloth or serge is of use all the year around. With collar and cuffs of the same, which possibly wear better than velvet or satin, worn with a blouse of the same shade in a serviceable fabric, such as marquisette or flannel, the choice is large, and for winter wear there should be detachable linings. Woollen ratine, and serge make most useful one-piece gowns. Crepe de chine is to be commended for demi-toilette, and in black and white is good and fashionable.

Fads of Fashion

One-piece frocks of taffeta in any sober shade, or even in the changeable effects, are not only exceedingly smart but also very serviceable. These are trimmed with broad cuffs of heavy cream lace and collars that produce a "sailor" effect to the waist.

Another delightful combination is made with a gown of pompadour silk and a collar and cuff set of heavy Venetian lace.

Pale lilac-tinted chiffon with pleatings of shadow lace make a lovely breakfast jacket. Others made of pale pink and blue are equally as pretty.

The skirts of evening gowns have deep slashes at the right side, allowing the display of brilliant-colored under slips or numerous rows of fine lace ruffles.

A really smart woman dresses very simple. Her clothes are of the best materials, made to suit her height and figure and of becoming hues. The trimmings are almost unnoticeable; they are used to set off the lines of the gown and harmonize with the hat, gloves and footwear.

Beryl is much favored nowadays as a jewel for ordinary wear. It suits all ages and styles, and some really beautiful designs are worn set in long chains, pins, brooches and buckles.

The Children's Hour

THE GREAT RACE.

Brer Rabbit came to reckon himself just about the cunningest creature alive. But he did not get the best of old Brer Tortoise. Brer Rabbit said to Brer Tortoise:

"You're a mighty old crawler. If we had a race I'd be able to sow barley as I trotted along and it would be ripe enough to cut by the time you came by."

"Not if you ran on land and I swam in water," says Brer Tortoise.

Brer Rabbit knew Brer Tortoise was as slow a goer in water as he was on land, and he agreed to race him. They measured five miles along a river path and put up a post at every mile. Now, Brer Tortoise had a wife and four children, and you couldn't tell one from another. All tortoises are much alike, and these were very much alike.

Early in the morning Brer Tortoise put his wife by the starting point, a son at each of the first four mile-posts, and he crouched down at the winning post. By-and-bye Brer Rabbit arrived, and seeing Mrs. Tortoise in the water, he cried, "Ready? Go!" And Mrs. Tortoise did go. She went home. At the first mile-post Brer Rabbit saw the young Tortoise. "Golly!" says Brer Rabbit. "Old Brer Tortoise swims pretty fast." When he found the Tortoise at the second post, and then at the third, and then at the fourth, he began to feel very faint.

"I must get up more speed," says he. He put his ears back and did the last mile like a flash of lightning. As he came puffing up towards the winning post out popped old Brer Tortoise from behind it. "I thought you weren't coming, Brer Rabbit," said Brer Tortoise. "Been having a rest on the way, have you?" says he, laughing and rolling his black head from side to side.

Poor Brer Rabbit had run himself lame, and he limped off home, humble and cast down for once in his life.

Proven Quality

When choosing silverware it is both economy and satisfaction to purchase

1847 ROGERS BROS.

This brand, known as "Silver Plate that Wears" ranks first in quality and has been best for over 60 years. Made in the heaviest grade of plate.

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that we give as perfect prescription service as it is possible for you to receive anywhere. Ask your Doctor about our Stores. Ask his opinion of us.

We are confident he will assure you that you make no mistake in bringing your prescriptions here.

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THE PROGRESSIVE DRUGGISTS.

London and the Playgrounds
How the Movement Started
How It Has Progressed

Playgrounds Association Issues Interesting Statement as to Its Origin, Activities, Finances and the Results of the Summer's Work—An Encouraging Report

Last winter the Women's Canadian Club brought Dr. Henry Curtis to this city. On the 22nd of February he addressed the Women's Canadian Club in the afternoon and the Mothers' Clubs in the evening. There were two much interested men at these meetings, Sir George Gibbons and Sheriff Cameron. As a consequence they invited Dr. Curtis to come back to London.

He came back and carried on a campaign of education for a week, May 30 to June 4. During that week he addressed twenty different meetings and roused much interest. As a consequence the London Playgrounds' Association was formed, with George S. Gibbons as president, Mrs. Thomas Hutchinson as secretary, and W. J. Hill, manager of the Home Bank, as honorary treasurer.

Raising Funds.

The newly-formed association at once took steps to equip two or three playgrounds. To this end a campaign was organized to raise funds. Prior to this some of the Mothers' Clubs had already collected several hundreds of dollars for the purpose of equipping the grounds in connection with their various schools. The Women's Canadian Club proclaimed a "Good Citizenship Day," when they tagged every house which was interested in and contributed to the welfare of the children of London. A company of private citizens also canvassed the business section of the city. As a result of these various efforts a very large sum of money was raised, as will be seen from the resume of the treasurer's report.

Four Playgrounds Equipped.

When Dr. Curtis was here he strongly advised the appointment of a permanent supervisor before anything was done in the matter of equipment. Accordingly, at his suggestion, and accompanied by himself an influential deputation of citizens waited on the board of education and asked them to become responsible for the appointment and salary of the supervisor. The board very graciously acceded to the request of the deputation.

Finding themselves in such a favorable financial condition the association decided to equip, supervise and direct four playgrounds as follows: St. George's, Victoria and Chesley avenue schools, and in addition the Parke Flats. Mr. Schott, the supervisor, set to work to have the equipment made and set up, and in the surprising short time of two weeks, all four grounds were being operated and running full swing.

Valuable Help.

In connection with this brief account of the origin of the Playgrounds' Association, the statement would be utterly inadequate were no mention made of the work carried on under the auspices of the Children's Aid Society. That organization equipped the Parke Flats as a playground a number of years ago, and did magnificent pioneer work under great disabilities. In addition they secured the sulphur baths and opened them free two days every week during the summer holidays. Many private citizens might be named who gave valuable help in this work; but there is one name that must be mentioned—a man who has a real love for children; a man who has given, without let or hindrance of his time and his talents for the welfare of children—that man is Sheriff Cameron, "the friend of the children" of the city of London and Dominion of Canada.

Activities of the Playgrounds.

All four playgrounds were equipped in the same way as follows: Swings, see-saws, ladders, slides, flying rings, climbing poles, giant stride, sand bins, etc.

This apparatus was kept going all the time during the early part of the season and in the morning chiefly during the end of the season. In the afternoon games of various kinds and dances were organized. A few may be mentioned and the number indicated: Basket ball, 75 games; volley ball, 125; quoits, 125; baseball, 360; bean bag and board games, 3,000; other games, 3,525. Athletic contests were also carried on such as running, jumping, vaulting, etc. Then at the end of the season a "Play festival" was held in Queen's park to finish up the activities of the holidays and to give an exhibition of some of the work done. There was a splendid turnout of children, but the attendance of parents and others was somewhat disappointing. The prizes and medals for the season's work, and the winners in the several contests were awarded at the close and the children all went home happy, declaring the holidays and the playgrounds a huge success.

An excellent account of the work in detail on the Chesley avenue playgrounds may be seen from the pen of the secretary of the association who acted as assistant director at Chesley avenue) in the supplement of the Saturday Advertiser of Oct. 5. It is well worth reading:

The Attendance.

Just one word may be said about attendance. The total number of attendance for the last six weeks, when all the grounds were open, was 22,788, which is an average of 155 at each ground for each day. When the number of rainy and cold days is kept in mind the attendance is most encouraging. The total attendance at the baths was 2,521, all of whom became accustomed to deep water and 72 of whom learned to swim the breadth of the bath or more.

At the close of the holidays the supervisor, Mr. Schott left. The board of education, however, very kindly continued to grant and thus enabled the association to appoint Mr. Taylor, physicial director at the Y. M. C. A.—a qualified playgrounds man—as supervisor. He has appointed the three assistant masters at St. George, Victoria and Chesley avenues schools as director's to take charge; in the morning, at recess, in the evening and on Saturdays. The Parke flats, owing to the shortness of the days and the distance from the schools, have been closed for the winter. The attendance during the school term is very much larger. That was to be expected and the question now is, how soon can the equipment be doubled to accommodate the immense numbers clamoring for its use. The only way in which the directors can meet the demands to allow the girls the use of the apparatus in the morning and the boys in the afternoon.

During the autumn and winter months the activities are being varied to suit the varying needs of the children during the different seasons, and Mr. Taylor is now, in addition to his supervision of the grounds and instructing the directors, preparing plans and estimates for slides, hockey rinks, toboggan slides, etc., for the winter. A prospectus of that work, and subsequently a report, will be given as the occasion calls for it.

The Finances.

It is very encouraging to find that our finances are in a flourishing condition, as will be seen by the abstract of the treasurer statement. The total amount collected—over $4,000—(subscriptions are yet to come in)—is large, especially when we remember there was not really one very large subscription.

Disbursements.

Equipment	$1,352 72
Salaries	920 50
Advertising	90 00
Sundries	55 45
Dr. Curtis	214 05
Balance on hand	1,338 62
Receipts up to date....	$3,971 34

The moneys raised by St. George's, Victoria and Chesley avenue schools were spent in the equipment of their own grounds, and that of Simcoe street school was spent on the Parke Flats. The moneys collected and ear-marked by the other schools are being held in trust by the association for them. Approximately these moneys amount to over $500.

Gratified at the Results.

The association feels deeply gratified at the large and encouraging measure of success which has accompanied their efforts this year. In one of the schools it is reported on good authority that the direction was not as efficient as it might have been. This was in evidence because any movement as large as this must expect especially at its inception—to find some weak spots. On the other hand, from every quarter there comes encouraging remarks. The movement is a large one, and now that it is firmly rooted in this lovely city we may confidently look forward to the day—not far distant, we hope—when every school will have an equipped and supervised playgrounds; when all the available parks and open places will be used for the physical uplift of the young, and when the play of the child and youth will in every truth and deed be recreative, and every holiday will be a holiday.

This report is edited and issue by the authority of the London Playgrounds Association.

A Sensible Merchant

Bear Island, Aug. 26, 1903.

Minard's Liniment Company, Limited:

Dear Sirs,—Your traveller is here today and we are getting a large quantity of your MINARD'S LINIMENT. We find it the best Liniment on the market, making no exception. We have been in business 13 years and have handled all kinds, but have dropped them all but yours; that sells itself; the others have to be pushed to get rid of. W. A. HAGERMAN.

"Digby, you are worrying about some woman." "Biffels, I am." "I knew it. She is constantly in your thoughts." "I can't get her out of my mind." "I wouldnt dream of asking you to tell her name." "I have no objections to letting you know her name. It is Mrs. Pruner, my landlady. I owe her six months' board."

MORGAN PREVENTS HONEST RACE FOR "CUP THAT REEKS," SAYS LIPTON

Sir Thomas Tells Advertiser Correspondent He'll Challenge Again for America's Cup If Wall Street Bunch in Control of New York Yacht Club Will Adopt "American Rules" and Allow Fair Play.

(The Daily Advertiser's London correspondent, W. G. Shepherd, secured this remarkable interview from Sir Thomas Lipton, on board the steam yacht Erin, while Lipton was preparing to sail for America to challenge again for the America's cup. For the first time the truth is told regarding the "sure thing" men who are preventing an honest race for the famed bit of pewter known as the America's cup. —Editor).

BY W. G. SHEPHERD.

[Staff Correspondence.]

Southampton, Eng., Oct. 19. — Sir Thomas Lipton is headed for the United States to challenge, for the fourth time, for the America's cup—the trophy, which, owing to the unsportsmanlike stand of the New York Yacht Club, is known through Europe as the "Cup that stinks."

When I visited Lipton on the Erin he showed me 200 trophies—a priceless array—snatched from kings and emperors or offered by them for competition; loving cups from Americans, one purchased with five-cent contributions of school children from San Diego to New York, and two silk American flags, made by school children.

"I know they like me," he said, "because I have here the tokens of their regard. You can't tell me Americans don't want to give me a fair chance at the cup."

"Tell me why you don't get a fair chance. Who prevents you?" I asked.

"Not more than 15 men prevent changing the rules to permit European nations a fair race."

"Who heads the coterie?"

"The greatest opponent of fair play is Cass Ledyard, of New York."

Then I asked him the question which covers the hidden power and silences American yachtsmen when the cup scandal is mentioned. American yachtsmen here told me the cup "smelled to high heaven," but refused to be quoted. All admitted they feared the un-named influence.

"How does J. P. Morgan stand upon the question of fair play?"

"Why, Cass Ledyard is Mr. Morgan's attorney," Sir Thomas said with a twinkle in his eye, and a queer smile.

I asked him if he had talked to Morgan about the rules and he said that he had, during a dinner at which both were the guests of a European monarch. Morgan shut up when Lipton mentioned the cup rules.

And Morgan is IT. That grim, beady-eyed, bushy, eye-browed, silent man, who rules Government and finance, is, by his ruthless unfairness, disgracing Americans in the eyes of Europe, over the blue ribbon of the sea.

Sir Thomas tells how great this disgrace is:

"I've heard yachtsmen say the cup is a dishonor and a disgrace to the United States; that the greatest shame is that, while Americans as a people favor changing the rules, a few old men are powerful enough to prevent this.

"I could not be so unkind as to repeat all I've heard. All Europe is interested in this cup. The yachtsmen of the world would welcome a chance to race for it if they had a chance to win—which they have not under the present rules."

"WHEN I REACH THE UNITED STATES," SAID LIPTON, "I SHALL TRY TO HAVE THE RULES ALTERED, IF SUCCESSFUL I SHALL CHALLENGE INSTANTLY."

"Would you be willing to forget the America's cup and complete for a trophy provided by the people of the United States?" I asked.

"That's America all over," he laughed. "The people are for decency."

"No, I couldn't race for such a cup. You see, the America's cup is the blue ribbon of yachting, and it must be that cup or no race."

"What rule changes are necessary before you will challenge " I asked.

"The changes are so simple I'm astonished I have not been able to secure them. I ask that the race be sailed under AMERICAN RACING RULES — the universal rating which every race in the United States is sailed under save one—that for the America's cup. No other club would race under teh rules I want changed.

"IF I ASKED FOR A RACE UNDER INTERNATIONAL RULES THEY'D HAVE A RIGHT TO KICK—A GOOD RIGHT—BUT I ASK A RACE UNDER THE AMERICAN RULES DO YOU GET THE POINT?"

"Are the rules technical?"

"No. I'll explain them. The schooner America, which won the cup, is today a fine boat, capable of crossing the ocean. After the cup was won it was given to the New York Yacht Club, to hold against all comers. The rules called for a boat of 80-foot water line, sloop rig. In those days, before the freak racers, these provisions meant a strong, useful craft.

"But designers began producing freaks. This caused yachtsmen to settle on more rigid rules, so the international and universal ratings were adopted, the United States adopting the latter.

Shamrock, Sir Thomas Lipton's 70-footer, built under the international rating, which has been successful in Europe. Shamrock is not a freak and could cross the Atlantic. The photograph was taken from the bow-sprit, Shamrock close hauled on the starboard tack. Below, Sir Thomas himself from a late photograph.

"All yacht races the world over are governed by one of these ratings—with the exception of that for America's cup.

"The challenger must cross the Atlantic on her own bottom. Shamrock II. reached the United States with 400 rivets missing, and for a week we had a hard time keeping her afloat.

"The American boat that beat her was built to the rules—a 90-foot water line, sloop-rigged craft. Her spar was gigantic; her sail area almost unbelievable; her deck was 140 feet long, I think, and she had tremendous overhangs. This made possible a vastly longer boom than Shamrock had, and also a larger crew. She was not submitted to the strain of the ocean passage.

"She was like a delicate violin, and to beat her I would need a similar violin which COULD NOT CROSS THE OCEAN.

"Under the universal rules we will have yachts that CAN cross the ocean. They will be good, useful yachts that will set the builders to developing real boats instead of freaks.

"What's good enough for America is good enough for me. They prefer the universal to the British rating. I'll accept the universal gladly. Will they permit me to sail for their cup under their own rules? That's all I ask."

Angry Customer—Look at this suit I bought of you; I've only had it a month and it's coming all to pieces. You are a swindler, sir." Proprietor—Easy, mine friendt, easy! You forget von ting. You should nefer shudge a man by his cloding."

What Makes a Complexion?

The season's program of evening parties, social events, etc., is before you. Why not look your best? Why not insure a good complexion? Matter of time and perseverance only if you will use Zam-Buk.

Zam-Buk is a skin food; and complexion is purely a matter of skin health. Zam-Buk smeared lightly over the face, each night, acts as a skin tonic. It stimulates the cells beneath the cuticle to healthy action, makes the capillaries and blood vessels work, and the vigorous circulation, thus started, carries away secreted impurities. Waxy, sallow deposits are thus removed. That yellow tinge gives place to the pink of health.

Isn't this wiser than relying upon talcum powder and cosmetics? Zam-Buk builds up a complexion from blood and tissue. It lasts!

ONTARIO SEPARATES FROM ANGLICAN SYNOD

Resolution Passed at Montreal Convention to Create a New Province.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Oct. 18. — The resolution which has been before the Anglican Synod of the Province of Canada, now in session here, to create a new province of the Anglican Church in Ontario, was carried at the session held this morning. Hon. S. H. Blake, of Toronto, in demanding that the province be created, said that the church lost enormously. It could not approach the Government on questions such as introducing the Bible into the schools, license and marriage laws as a solid body representing the Anglican Church of Ontario.

Chancellor Martin, of Hamilton, also urged that the change would be beneficial as it would make for economy.

The delegates from the Maritime Provinces bitterly opposed the separation, arguing that while it would be a good thing for Ontario, it would impoverish the Anglican Church in the remainder of the Dominion.

The session, after adopting the resolution creating the new province, adjourned to attend the consecration of Rev. Dr. Hamilton as the Bishop of Japan.

LABOR CONFERENCE

Executive of American Federation Gathered in Secret Conclave.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, Oct. 18.—Aroused over the labor conditions in the United States, the executive council of the American Federation of Labor today began a secret conference to consider the various phases of the disturbing situation. Among the subjects which will be given exhaustive consideration is the growth of the Lawrence, Mass., textile strike, and the present trial for murder of the leaders of that industrial struggle. Preparations also will be made for a special report to the annual meeting of the federation in Rochester next month. The conference of the leaders likely will last well into next week.

HOW TO CONQUER RHEUMATISM AT YOUR OWN HOME

If you or any of your friends suffer from rheumatism, kidney disorders or excess of uric acid causing lameness, backache, muscular pains, stiff, painful, swollen joints, pain in the limbs and feet; dimness of sight, itching skin or frequent neuralgic pains, I invite you to send for a generous Free Trial Treatment of my well-known, reliable Chronicure, with references and full particulars by mail. (This is no C. O. D. scheme.) No matter how many may have failed in your case, let me prove to you, free of cost, that rheumatism can be conquered. Chronicure succeeds where all else fails. Chronicure cleanses the blood and removes the cause. Also for a weakened, run-down condition of the system, you will find Chronicure a most satisfactory general tonic that makes you feel that life is worth living. Please tell your friends of this liberal offer, and send today for large ... Dks, box E. 12—Windsor, Ont.

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E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

DUCK HUNTING BY AEROPLANE

Lincoln Beachey Swoops Into Marshes and Gets Big Bag.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Riding an army hydro-aeroplane and carrying automatic guns, Lincoln Beachy, the aviator, and Lieut. L. H. Brereton, U. S. A., went duck hunting in the marshes of the Potomac. Time and again the hunters swooped down upon the marshes, banged away with their guns and then skimmed the surface of the water to bag the game. They returned to the army station at Washington Barracks before dusk, with their bag well filled.

The Hon. Hosea W. Parker, of Claremont, New Hampshire, has an even longer record for attendance at Sunday school than Mr. S. W. Winterton, of Keyport, New Jersey. Mr. Parker has been superintendent of the Universalist Sunday school in Claremont, our informant states, for over fifty-one years. And Mr. Thomas Fitton, of Hamilton, Ohio, has attended the First Methodist Sunday school for sixty-eight years.

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$3.00 to $4.00 Per Day.
T. E. Tolson, Pres. and Mgr.
Chas. McCready, Asst.

xt-Dec 14

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Arrive from the East—*3.52 a.m., 10:56 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:45 p.m.
Arrive from the West—*12:14 a.m., 3:43 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:55 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:26 p.m.
Depart for the East—*12:19 a.m., *3:48 a.m., 7:20 a.m., 9:00 a.m. *12:05 p.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m. *6:53 p.m.
Depart for the West—*3:57 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:20 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:23 a.m., *4:00 p.m., 6:59 p.m., 11:05 p.m.
Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:48 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 8:05 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—11:15 a.m., 1:39 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.
Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive from the East—*11:38 a.m., 6:20 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *10:52 p.m.
Arrive from the West—*4:30 a.m., 11:20 a.m., *12:18 p.m., *5:22 p.m., 8:45 p.m.
Depart for the East—*4:38 a.m., 7:30 a.m., *12:25 p.m., *5:30 p.m.
Depart for the West—8:00 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 6:35 p.m., *8:23 p.m., *11:00 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—7:04 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 4:55 p.m., 9:40 p.m.
Depart—7:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:20 p.m., 10:11 p.m.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:20, 1:50, 4.35, *9:30 p.m.
Depart—5:50, *7:10, 9:45 a.m., 2.30, *4:15, †7:00 p.m.
*To and from Walkerville. All trains to and from Port Stanley, except trains marked with star. †To St. Thomas only. All trains weekdays only.

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Empress of Ireland.....Nov. 1
Lake Champlain.....Nov. 2
Lake Manitoba.....Nov. 9
Empress of Britain.....Nov. 15
Empress of Ireland .....Nov. 29

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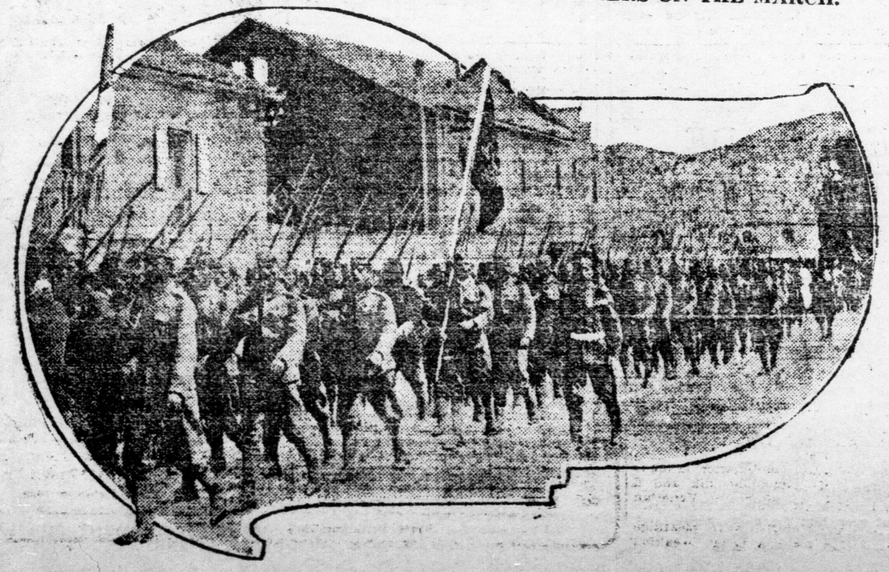

NORMAN ANGELL ON THE ILLUSION OF WAR

The Author of "The Great Illusion" Speaks to British Association—The Moral and Political Futility of War—Says Germany Would Gain Nothing From Conquest of British Dominions—Could Not Germanize Canada.

Mr. Norman Angell, the author of "The Great Illusion," read a paper in the Economic Science Section of the British Association on "Economic and Moral Factors in International Polity." It urged that, just as the economic argument for war is an illusion and is already pretty widely realized to be such, so also the recently-developed "moral" argument is illusory, and will have the same fate as the other.

Those, said Mr. Angell, who have followed at all closely the advocacy in favor of international order as against international anarchy during the last few years will have observed a curious shifting of ground on the part of its opponents. Until quite recently (most peace advocacy having been based on moral rather than material grounds) those advocating agreement between nations as preferable to the arbitrament of force were generally criticised as unduly idealistic, sentimental, oblivious to the practical necessities of men in the hard world of struggle, and disposed to ask too much of human nature in the sense of altruistic self-sacrifice on behalf of an idealistic dogma. During the last few years, however, the defence of war has been made for the most part on very different grounds. Peace, we are told by those who oppose the international movement, may embody the material interest of men, but the spiritual nature of mankind will always stand in the way of its ever being achieved! Pacifism, far from being branded as too idealistic and sentimental, is now scorned as "sordidly material." Although the defence of war on sentimental grounds is not new, the emphasis has certainly been shifted.

A Nation's "Self-Interest."

After illustrating from the writings of Admiral Mallan "this probably unconscious shifting of ground" owing to the growth of events during the last generation having rendered the economic case for war practically untenable, Mr. Angell proceeded: It is essential in this matter to realize that you cannot separate a problem of interest from a problem of right or morality in the absolute fashion that Admiral Mahan would imply, because right and morality connote the protection and promotion of the general interest. A nation, a people, we are given to understand, have higher motives than money, or "self-interest." What do we mean when we speak of the money of a nation, or the self-interest of a community? We mean—and in such a discussion as this can mean nothing else—better conditions for the great mass of the people, the fullest possible lives, the abolition or attenuation of poverty and of narrow circumstances; that the millions shall be better housed and clothed and fed, capable of making provision for sickness and old age, with lives prolonged and cheered; and not merely this, but also that they shall be better educated, with character disciplined by steady labor and a better use of leisure—a general social atmosphere which shall make possible family affection, individual dignity and courtesy and the graces of life, not alone among the few but among the many. Now, do these things constitute as a national policy an inspiring aim or not? Yet they are, speaking in terms of communities, pure self-interest—all bound up with economic problems, with money.

Political Ideals Changing.

Religious wars, movements like those which promoted the Crusades, or the sort of tradition which we associate with the duel (which has, in fact, disappeared from Anglo-Saxon society) do not and cannot any longer form part of the impulse creating the long-sustained conflicts between large groups which a European war implies. In early politics ideals were concerned simply with personal allegiance to some dynastic chief, a feudal lord or a monarch. Early religious ideals had no relation to the material betterment of mankind. But more and more is religious effort being subjected to this test: Does it make for the improvement of society? If not, it stands condemned. Political ideals, continued Mr. Angell, will inevitably follow a like development, and will be more and more subjected to a like test. I am aware that very often at present they are not so subjected. Dominated as our political thought is by Roman and feudal imagery—hypnotized by symbols and analogies which the necessary development of organized society has rendered obsolete—the ideals even of democracies are still often pure abstractions, divorced from any aim calculated to advance the moral or material betterment of minkind. The craze for sheer size of territory, simple extent of administrative area, is still deemed a thing deserving immmense, incalculable sacrifices. And yet even these ideals firmly set as they are in our language and tradition, are rapidly yielding to the necessary force of events. A genration ago it would have been inconceivable that a people or a monarch should calmly see part of its country secede and establish itself as a separate political entity without attempting to prevent it by force of arms. Yet this is what happened but a year or two since in the Scandinavian peninsula. For forty years Germany has added to her own difficulties and those of the European situation for the purpose of including Alsace and Lorraine in its federation, but even there, obeying the tendency which is world-wide, an attempt has been made at the creation of a constitutional and autonomous government. The history of the British Empire for 50 years has been a process of undoing the work of conquest. Colonies are now neither colonies nor possessions. They are independent states. Great Britain, which for centuries has made such sacrifices to retain Ireland, is now making great sacrifices in order to make her secession workable. To all political arrangements, to all political ideals, the final test will be applied: Does it or does it not make for the widest interests of the mass of the people involved?

Moral Futility of War.

The practical question therefore is this: Are the great moral divisions of the great world such that we are likely to find them expressed in one national ideal as against another national ideal? Whenever this question is applied to actual politics no cases are forthcoming. In the latent conflicts between Britain and Germany what is the moral ideal promoting assumed German aggression? If ends which cannot be expressed in terms of tangible advantage — extending trade and territory and the rest—are not at the bottom of that prospective aggression, what are the moral motives behind it? I have, indeed, seen it suggested that Germany will enter upon a crusade to subdue Britain in the interests of autocracy in Europe; and such arguments used to be much commoner when Russia was the enemy instead of Germany. Even though Germany did "vanquish" Britain, some 55 or 60 millions of English-speaking people—some 150 millions if you include the United States—would remain with their own laws, literature, political traditions just as before, and they would remain as much an intellectual and moral ferment in the world as ever. Even though Germany were so completely successful as to be able to effect the incorporation of Britain into her Empire, she would then necessarily incorporate the very elements, which it was the object of the war to prevent from touching her empire—a war undertaken for the purpose of destroying anti-autocratic elements would have resulted in introducing into the new German Empire an immensely strong element of anti-autocratic ferment. It is these moral and spiritual elements which all experience shows to be impossible of destruction, even where the disproportion of power in favor of the conqueror is overwhelming, as in the case of Germany in her Polish and Alsatian provinces. Canada or Australia after German conuest—if we could imagine such a thing possible—would necessarily remain pretty much the same Canada or Australia as before. Since you cannot turn the businessman out of his business and the farmer out of his farm, since they are secure in the means of livelihood for their families, they are in a position to resist all effort at Germanization. They will not send their children to the German school, nor write their letters in German, nor say their prayers therein, and given all the factors of the case it would be a physical impossibility for Germany to make them do so, conquest or no conquest. It was not always so, but it is so today.

The questions which really divide men—opposing conceptions of government and society, Socialism as against Individualism, etc.—are not French or German or British conceptions, but are ideas common to all these nations. We have here, therefore, all the factors which led to the abandonment of military force as between the religious groups in Europe three or four centuries ago.

The People Will See.

You will notice that I have spoken throughout not of the defence of a national ideal by arms, but of its attack; if you have to defend your ideal it is because someone attacks it, and without attack your defence would not be called for. We are sometimes told that it is the spirit of nationality—the desire to be of your place and locality—that makes war. That is not so. It is the desire of other men that you shall not be of your place and locality, of your habits and traditions, but of theirs. Not the desire of nationality, but the desire to destroy nationality is what makes the wars of nationality. And yet we are told that it is the Pacifists who are the enemy of nationality, and we are led to believe that in some way the war system in Europe stands for the preservation of nationality!

The final entrenchment of our critics is, of course, that the general realization by European opinion of the new facts of life which make war morally and materially futile cannot be expected; that the nations are impervious to argument, the public impervious to instruction. Well, suppose that were true, what are we to do? To assume that because men do not readily see the facts, therefore we shall not endeavor to ascertain the facts? To assume that because men are in part guided by temper and passion we shall not try any more to find the truth in these matters? Such a conclusion would imply a fatalism which the western world simply does not and cannot adopt. We do and must reason and talk about these things with more or less of wisdom; we all do assume that men will listen to reason and are not indifferent to the truth when it is shown them. The fact that we are here talking, that the preachers preach, that men produce books and write in newspapers, implies that they all believe that in the end their preaching and talking and writing and reasoning will go for something and will do something to modify human conduct.

And in the end, of course, that belief will be justified. What we call public opinion is not a thing that descends upon us from the outside, not something outside our acts and volition, but the reflection of those acts; it is not made for us, we make it.

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Lady Greenall and her sons, at the Dublin horse show. This is the proper caper for kids in British society.

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WARRANTED HIGH PENMAN'S GRADE CANADA

WARRANTED HIGH PENMAN'S GRADE UNSHRINKABLE

WARRANTED HIGH PENMAN'S GRADE HOSIERY

FIRST PINK LEMONADE

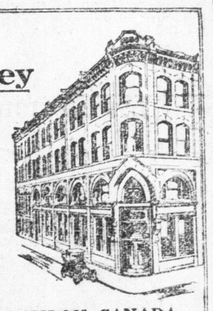
How It Was Accidentally Invented—The Inventor Alive.

The immortal pink lemonade of our boyhood circus days, says F. J. W. in the New York Post, was the accidental invention of Peter Conklin. A quarter of a century ago I was curious as to the momentous question, and so asked the late James A. Bailey as to the origin of the pink variety. He told me that Mr. Conklin was the inventor. I later talked with George O. Starr, at present the manager of the Crystal Palace, in London, and long associated with the Barnum and Bailey Circus, as to this important matter, when he also gave the credit to Mr. Conklin. Others long associated with the American circus, who have questioned on the subject, were of like opinion.

This Peter Conklin is now in his seventieth year and resides somewhere on Long Island with his son, who is in the circus business. Brown, in his history of the American stage, says that Conklin, born in 1842, joined a minstrel show when he was twelve years old, and in 1853 became an acrobat in a circus. When Barnum decided to add a circus performance to his museum, he sent for Peter Conklin, and made him his equestrian director. In short, Peter Conklin was the first man that Barnum had employed as a circus performer. Conklin, as head of the circus feature at the museum, employed all the acts and was made responsible for the performance. He subsequently became one of the most famous clowns of circus life, and was billed as a "Shakespearean Jester." Conklin's love for Shakespeare was no mere affectation. Last spring, when E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe were appearing at the Manhattan Opera House, I met Mr. Conklin in the lobby. I had not seen him for many years, and I then asked him as to the origin of the pink lemonade. I told him that Mr. Bailey had told me that he, Conklin, was its inventor.

He replied that Mr. Bailey was correct in this statement. At that time he gave me a detailed account of how he happened to produce the first pink lemonade. Mr. Conklin was acting as clown with a circus appearing in the West, and had, as well, an interest in the lemonade and candy privileges. One day they ran out of water and were unable to secure any in the immediate neighborhood. He ran back to the dressing-room and there discovered a tub in which one of the acrobats had washed his tights. He and an assistant made away with this tub of pink water and carried it into the circus tent. Lemons and sugar were added to the mixture and the concoction placed on sale. To his surprise, this pink lemonade sold like the proverbial hot cakes. After that pink lemonade was colored with Paris green or some other equally harmless poison. When I saw Mr. Conklin a year ago, he was in the pink of health like his lemonade, and he doubtless could give further details in the matter.

Men Wanted—
—Who Save Money



The man with a savings account gets the job. It isn't luck—perhaps he is no genius but he is a methodical worker. Employers appreciate the characteristics a savings account denotes.

A dollar starts a savings account with us and we pay our depositors 3½ per cent. compound interest.

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SOMETIMES.

"Do you believe in divorce?"

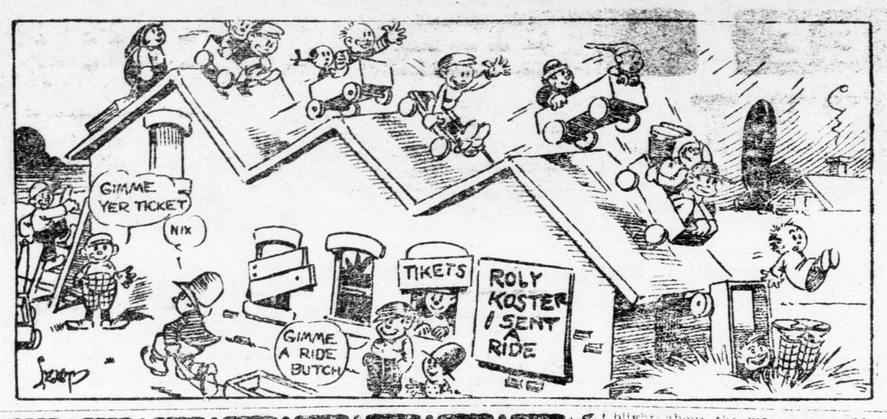
"No."

"Then you are in favor of abolishing it?"

"Oh, no. I don't believe in wet weather, but it seems to be necessary sometimes."

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AND YET THEY SAY THERE'S NO MORE CHANCE IN CANADA FOR INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE.



HIRING A GARDENER AT FIVE DOLLARS A WEEK

From the Nation, London, England.

We had advertised for a single-hander gardener, and the next morning's post brought seventy-one replies. So we turned to the "Eastshire Gazette" in order to refresh our memories, and find out what it was—what extraordinary compelling power lay hidden in our apparently very ordinary advertisment to draw such a haul of applications. We offered £1 per week and no cottage. To us it had seemed so meagre an offer as almost to be insulting, and we had been quite prepared for its producing no effect whatever. But the explanation was not really far to seek. There was only one other advertisment requiring a single-handed gardener, and in this case he had to "turn the hand," and the wages offered were 18s., while there were two columns of gardeners in need of situations—a very great supply and practically no demand.

It was a morning's work to sort the letters. First we could dismiss the married men—they amounted only to about eight or nine. We had been obliged, owing to the dearth of cottages hereabout, to insert "single man preferred." Most of these married ones excused themselves for writing with the words "No encumbrance." Then we could discard all under twenty-three, and those more ambitious ones who spoke of their knowledge of peaches, of vines, and of tomatoes. The rest, if you read between the lines, told the same story. It was the story of the struggle for life, the story of unorganized labor, the story of Failure. It was monotonous. Upon what system were we to single out those with whom to communicate? The fairest and simplest would have been to shuffle them all up in a basket and to pick out two or three with one's eyes shut. As it was, we wasted our time reading the letters over several times in the hopes of discovering some little touch of individuality or difference. Finally, we classified them roughly by their hand-writings, thus: The impersonal clerkly—or the man who had had a little education—and the illiterate scrawl—or the man who had had none. The clerkly showed a dreary parrot-like appreciation of the right phraseology in answering advertisments. "Re your advertisement in 'Eastshire Gazette,' I beg to apply for the post. I have life experience, both inside and out, and I thoroughly understand the routine"—or, as one put it, "the route of garden work," etc. The illiterate, usually over fifty, were generally terse and to the point. "I understands garden work please say what wedges given have good references." The question about wages, as the amount had been mentioned, was, we suppose, merely a formula. This type wrote on half-sheets of notepaper. Then there were tacit admissions of failure. "I have had three men under me, but am willing to take single-handed place," or "I have been having £1 per week, finding own lodge, but would be open to reasonable offer," and "I am fifty-eight and single, well used to a bit of hard work;" and, lastly, those who were willing to be useful on 18s. a week, "housework not objected to." These, no doubt, hoped we might take advantage of their offers to do the work for a lesser sum. So we wrote to four or five of both types in order to have plenty to choose from.

The following day they came, but not only those we had written to. Others arrived, desperately venturing with the chance of unpaid fares in the hopes of attaining this Eldorado, our situation—in other words, £1 per week, "finding own lodge." An old man and a young man were the first. They waited side by side in the hall, and as they had travelled long distances, and it was near dinner time, we gave them a meal in the kitchen. I asked the housemaid, "Do they look as though they would murder one another?" She said "No," they were talking "very sociable." We interviewed the old man first; he was one of those we had not written to—probably on account of his age. He said he had sent a reference, Meshach Tull—did we recollect? He had come on the chance. Meshach was a widower, and looked a good deal over sixty, with a strong likeness to the later portraits of Victor Hugo. He had a thin, snow-white beard and white hair, what there was of it; his skin was very tight and finely wrinkled. There was a large lump on his poor bald forehead. But he was a pleasant-looking old man for all that. He had put on a very clean, ill-fitting, white collar, tied round with a piece of striped black and yellow stuff, made to resemble silk. His clothes were a queerish snuff color. He was very cheerful and jocular in manner, as if to make amends for any appearance of age. He answered questions with a sort of mechanical vigor, straightening his shoulders and jerking his chin. His references to the "young chap" he had been waiting "along with" contained no bitterness. We walked the old boy round the garden; he was garrulous, but not, as so many gardeners are, arrogant or superior. Now he told us stories of wasps stings, and of how a friend of his, a groom, had been recently stung and instantly fell down dead, or anecdotes of the drought down his way, of cattle dying, and of rivers dried up at the source. Picturesque travellers' tales they were, mixed with superstitious saws about the garden and about the weather. Then began the horrid process of letting him down easily. We had to disparage our property—call it "an awkward sort of garden to work," "there was a deal of mowing to be done," etc. Did he think he could manage it? How we wanted him to say "No." But he assured us he would do his best, and then touching his beard, he added, "It's this—I am afraid you won't take me, but I'm only fifty-six." If this was so, it was all the more tragic. We said we would let him know our decision, and gave him his fare, which he obviously hadn't looked for. He went off straightening his shoulders with a jerk of his chin, for he was of the sort with whom hope springs eternal, and who would say to himself in the face of a rebuff, "Not this time perhaps, but another."

The "young chap" was a very different type. We had settled beforehand that he was to be our man, because his master; some cultivated clergyman, had written to us in an exquisite scholar's hand of his gardener's irreproachable character and first-rate abilities.

It was quite a shock when we saw him; the master's scholar's hand had raised our hopes too high. He was clean and very well dressed, but his face looked as though it might have been stepped on by a large foot, which had flattened out all his features to a spread level, and his small black eyes had an extraordinary self-seeking expression. As we passed the garden paths he sang his own praises in no uncertain voice, boasting of his prowness with "the knife," of his prizes for early peas. Further, he informed us that he was a non-smoker, total abstainer, and a member of the Church of England X. Y. Z. Society. He was perfect, and there was no reason whatever why we should not decide on the spot to secure this treasure. But experience had taught us not to stifle an instinct, however unreasonable it might appear, and we couldn't very well tell him that we did not care for his face, or that his personality was repugnant to us, we said we would "think it over," and spoke of other applicants in view.

He was followed by a most desperate looking man of thirty-six—the personification of gloom. It may only have been his cast of feature that gave him so forbidding a look; his overhanging, beetling brow, and his blackness. He spoke in an educated way, and showed more individuality of expression than most of his type. He told us of his life and its loneliness. He had had great tracts of solitary digging to do, making new gardens. And he had bad luck, too; a very good employer had died, and he had not been taken on by the people who came after. For four months now he had been out of work, save for a few temporary jobs. He spoke bitterly of the "young chaps," though he was only thirty-six himself. They stepped in and got all the good things, he said, merely on account of their youth, for they couldn't have the same experience as the older men. There was a sort of blight about the man; one could somehow account for his failure, though his references from former employers ought to stand him in good stead. We told him we would consider him, but I don't believe this man's pulse was capable of beating any faster with hope.

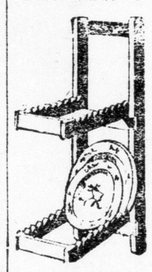
Then followed all sorts, all willing to come, and difficult to put off. They were mostly respectable men, and neatly dressed, though in some cases noticeably pathetic efforts had been made to appear so. One could recognize the passed-on-evening bags of some late master, and, in one instance, though the day was warm, a superior, though well-worn, overcoat had been donned probably to hide deficiencies. It was a comfort when there was no doubt about them, the bottle-nosed ones and the stone-deaf. They could be more quickly dispatched—poor wretches. If we had cared to become employers of sweated labor, it would have been easy enough. There were several willing to give us their services for 15s. a week, and even less. By this time we had learnt that £1 a week is considered a great deal of money.

Victor Hugo haunted us during the still watches of the night. We had sent the fatal postcard by the evening's post, after seriously discussing his possibilities, or rather his limitations. He would be so pleasant and amenable and unlearned, but, on the other hand, in a few years' time he would be past work—the harder work—the carting of wood and manure, and the heavy digging, and then we thought of the hundreds of Victor Hugos in the world, and we couldn't employ them all. Yet what was to happen to him between the ages of sixty and seventy? An odd job perhaps, here and there. If he had kind children they would, perhaps, spare him the workhouse. Then he and his like were jostled in our minds by the middle-aged, able-bodied, unskilled workers, clamoring for £1 a week or 18s., and many with families to support. And what about the younger ones? For all they held their heads so high—their day of reckoning would surely come. But for the poor man to look forward is to look into an abyss, so perhaps he never does.

These people weighed on our consciences. It was useless saving we had no concern with them. There was no comfort to be found in assuring ourselves that we were not responsible. Individually, maybe, we were not, but collectively as a class we were, and there seemed no way out of it. And so we tossed and waited for the sun to rise, which might dispel our doubts about the world being a jolly place to live in—or it might not.

D. P.

USEFUL PLATE RACK FOR A FLAT.



The flat dweller, who must perforce be an economist of space sometimes finds great difficulty in securing a place to store dishes, and especially plates so that they are secure and at the same time easily accessible. An Englishman has discovered a very handy way of overcoming this difficulty with a folding plate rack, which can be used for storing plates in a very small space in the pantry or in drying them.

The making of the plate rack requires but little skill with tools. It should be built in accordance with the size of the plates to be placed upon it, and securely braced. If desired, it can be made to fold up out of the way when the rack portion is not in use.

FEELING STRONG VS. BEING STRONG.

The difference between feeling strong and being strong is profound. All feeling of strength is pleasant, but the strong do not necessarily enjoy this pleasure. On the contrary, the actually weak often feel themselves to be strong, while the actually strong often feel themselves to be weak. Nobody can read the lives of strong men without discovering that as a rule they are painfully conscious of weakness. Nobody can meet weak people without discovering that they usually imagine themselves to be strong. This paradox, indeed, is so generally true that Plato drew from it the practical conclusion that nobody who thought himself capable of governing was actually capable. To aspire to any task was in his view to define oneself incapable of it. There are exceptions, however.—R. H. in the New Age.

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Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c. t

FATHERS AND DAUGHTERS THEIR MUTUAL LOVE

[By the Right Hon. G. W. E. Russell, in the Manchester Guardian.]

Everyone who knows anything of the great Sir Robert Peel knows that he was a man of strangely repressed and repressing manners. People who were admitted to his confidence found that under his cold exterior there was a fund of active benevolence; but they were very few, and his children were not numbered among them. One of his daughters told me this curious experience. When she was a girl she was riding with her father, and her horse bolted, carrying her at full gallop all along Park Lane till he pulled up at the gates of the Marble Arch. Sir Robert, too wise to add to his daughter's danger by galloping after her, came up just in time to lift her from her horse and as he did so he burst into uncontrollable tears. "And so you really do love me?" was her exclamation of astonished delight, when she saw the ice-bound nature thaw. This was not the beginning of love, but the revelation of it; and the current never froze again. "Nelly," wrote Matthew Arnold, "is, like Traddles' young lady, the dearest girl in the world;" and I suppose that in most instances, a Father loves his daughter just for herself, for her prettiness, her brightness, her winning ways—in short, because she is herself and he is her father—and does not reason about it.

If we turn to the other side of the relationship, the devotion of Daughter to Father has been at least as conspicuous a fact in life as in fiction, classical or modern. Goneril and Regan are exceptions to the rule; the world is full of Cordelias. My older readers will recall the exceptional popularity which our own Princess Alice always enjoyed in England, though she left it when she was nineteen, on account of the devotion with which she had tended her father, both in life and in death. A simple and natural virtue, displayed in conspicuous place, seems to knit human hearts together in a singular accord. Daughters are the most enthusiastic hero-worshippers, and the most passionate of partisans. I was infinitely touched by what a lady—the daughter of a very famous man—once told me about a girlish experience of her own. A spiteful neighbor had accused her of an indiscretion. She had no mother, and in her passionate grief she rushed to her father. "As if a child of yours could have done such a thing!" was her indignant cry; and as she told the story, 50 years after the occurrence, she still seemed to feel the reflected blot on her father's scutcheon far more keenly than the direct insult to herself. If I wished to traduce the character of a great statesman, living or departed, I think I should choose any auditory sooner than his daughters. There is no better passage in Macaulay's letters than that which describes the wrath of Lady Clanricarde—Canning's daughter—against the betrayer of her father.

"She and I had a great deal of talk. She showed much cleverness and information, but, I thought, a little more political animosity than is quite becoming in a pretty woman. However, she has been placed in peculiar circumstances. The daughter of a statesman who was a martyr to the rage of faction may be pardoned for speaking sharply of the enemies of her parent; and she did speak sharply. With knitted brow and flashing eyes, and a look of feminine vengeance about her beautiful mouth, she gave me such a character of Peel as he would certainly have had no pleasure in hearing."

If we allow for Macaulay's overheightened way of saying everything, this is a good description of an adoring daughter when once fairly started on the war-path. The same enthusiasm makes her the most indefatigable of canvassers at an election; and the same blind hero-worship makes her the worst of biographers. For a woman who has adored her father to write that father's life is to court disaster; for the reader, turning in dudgeon from a pictured impossible perfection, rushes into the other extreme of unmerited dispraise.

I approach now a department of my subject where I must needs walk very warily, lest I share the fate of him of old, who rushing into the secret places of femininity, was torn to pieces for his crime. But I think I am not far from the truth when I say that a father-worshipping girl often enters society with a fixed determination that the man she marries shall be such a one as her father is or was or must have been. The father may have been a man of thought or a man of action; strenuous or sensitive; conspicuous in the public eye, or scarcely known beyond his own garden; but, if the girl, brought up at his side, has learnt to look upon him as the most perfect being on God's earth, she naturally desires that her lot in life should be linked with such another. But, happily or unhappily, there is a stronger power in the world than a girl's resolve, and the operations of Love cannot be calculated in advance. The girl whose chief delight has been to follow her father across country, rejoicing to see him "cut out the work" for the best men in Loamshire, suddenly finds herself powerless in the grasp of a slum-curate. A girl who has been brought up by an aesthetic sire, amid Morris' wall-papers and soulful-eyed poets with long hair, suddenly links her lot with a soldier or an airman or a hunter of big game. The daughter of a statesman who has held the peace of Europe in his hand finds that true bliss really consists in helping a sympathetic botanist to dissect a weed. In each case, the Father probably objects—indeed, his objections have played a great part in fiction and the drama. If he is a foxhunter, perhaps he would rather that his son-in-law wore a red coat than a black one. If he loves culture, he would sooner see his girl posed in a studio or a library, than hear of her riding astride on the Veldt, or risking her neck in an aeroplane, or transfixing a wild boar in a jungle. The statesman who has pictured his daughter receiving her guests at the foreign office, or playing vice-queen in some great dependency, looks with ill-concealed contempt on the blameless lore of stamen and pollen. But, after all is said and done, Papa, unless he is exceptionally foolish, remembers that his ascendancy must some day yield to a stronger spell; and realizes that the mildest-mannered suitor may, if baulked, proved to be a second Allan-a-Dale—

The Father was steel and the Mother was stone;
They lifted the latch, and they bade him begone;
But loud, on the morrow, their wail and their cry:
He had laughed on the lass with his bonny black eye;
So she fled to the forest to hear a love-tale,
And the lad it was told by was Allan-a-Dale!

Some Recent Sayings of Well-Known People

Mr. Leonard Bicknell:
Those who try to strike a gold mine usualy strike a workhouse.—At the Mercers' School.

Mr. Holbrook Jackson:
The weather as a conversational subject is eternal; it is our only national topic.—In T. P.'s Weekly.

Rev. R. J. Campbell:
A good deal of what the world calls progress is really an ebb tide, whose wave still seems to be coming in instead of going out—At the City Temple.

Mr. W. L. Randell:
The man who never contradicts is a poor invertebrate fellow at the best. —The Academy.

Mr. C. A. Millman:
Where men sigh for land children will cry for bread.—At Liskeard.

Rev. E. Lloyd Jones:
Old sermons will not solve new problems.—At Liverpool.

Mr. Filson Young:
Cecil Rhodes was half of him Elizabeth pirate, and the other half the man of tomorrow.—In the Saturday Review.

Rev. Morton Barwell:
Marriage, as the race goes on, will be invested with more sanctity, not less.—At Grafton Square Church.

Miss Madeline Alston:
The best of all education is unconscious.—In the National Review.

Lord Rosebery:
The happiest of all lives is the life of an English country gentleman.—At Postwick.

Mr. T. W. Dobson:
Brooding over misfortune will never retrieve it. A pint of tears will not mop up a spoonful of spilt milk, but the mingling of the two may magnify the loss.—At Croydon Brotherhood.

Mr. Baxter:
Backward children need help most; the bright intellects will look after themselves.—At Halifax.

Mr. Joseph Pennell.
It is better to hate wrongly and honestly, even if ignorantly, than to swallow yourself, simply to be on the correct, or what you think the correct, side.—In the Bookman.

Mr. M. J. Landa:
There is as great a gulf between the Russian or aGlician ghetto fanatic and the London West End Jew as there is between the Christian of Peckham and the Christian of the Macedonian mountains.—In the Hibbert Journal.

Mr. Kaines Smith:
The artist is what he always most strenuously denies that he is — the slave of his time.—At the British Museum.

Dr. Jowett:
He is an optimist who can believe in the coming of the best while looking at the worst—At Barnard Castle.

Rev. T. R. Hine Haycock:
The deeds of today are the memories of tomorrow.—At Christ Church, Newgate street.

Lord Dunsany:
There are only two ways of understanding life. One is to find some ancient folk and borrow from the storehouse of their wisdom; the only other way is to turn to the poets.—In the English Review.

Rev. Arthur Hoyle:
Candor is sometimes only another way of spelling conceit, and it may mean envy.—In the Methodist Recorder.

Sir Benjamin Browne:
Nothing enables a man to face the unexpected like a long purse.—At Middlesbrough.

Canon Scott Holland:
Man still talks platitudes about the hand rocking the cradle and ruling the world; but at the same time he is calling multitudes of women far from the side of the cradle and making his platitudes impossible.—At Oxford.

Mr. A. C. Benson:
Culture is thought to be an occupation for people who have got to earn their living.—In the English Review.

Archbishop of York:
Capital is bound to see before it touches any of its profits that it is employing no one except under conditions which are fair and right.—At the Church Congress.

THIRTY YEARS OF DISFIGURING ECZEMA CURED

"Ever since I was a little girl, thirty years ago, I had suffered tortures from eczema in one of its worst forms. The disease runs in my family, and mine was of a scaly and most disfiguring kind. The eczema formed in round rings, and then scales all over my face and limbs. I have been smothered from head to foot. I was born in Leamington, which is famous for its sulphur baths and pump waters, and one would think that after taking the treatment there regularly as I did, the disease would long ago have been cured, but it was not. I attended the ——— Hospital for years and years, so you will see I gave it a fair trial. Everyone in the town knew of my case. My face was disfigured very badly. A doctor told me that I should never get rid of it. I spent pounds in doctors' bills, and I attended several hospitals but nothing did any good.

"Then one day an uncle of mine recommended the Cuticura Remedies. I took his advice, and commenced to use the Cuticura Soap. To my astonishment an improvement at once set in, and my hair, which had been a complete mass of scales and scurf, soon began to look in splendid condition. Then I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment, and this cleared my skin wonderfully. In a few weeks' time all traces of the scaly eruptions had completely disappeared. Now my skin is clear and healthy, and thanks to the Cuticura Remedies I am completely cured of eczema. All my neighbours were astounded. The Cuticura Remedies are worth their weight in gold, and one tablet of Cuticura Soap goes further than four cakes of cheaper soaps. It has brought happiness into my home." (Signed) Mrs. Butler, 17, Francis Rd., The Cotterride, King's Norton, Birmingham, Eng., July 26, 1910.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, but those who wish to try them without charge may do so by sending to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 62 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A., for a liberal sample of each, post-free, with 32-p. skin book.

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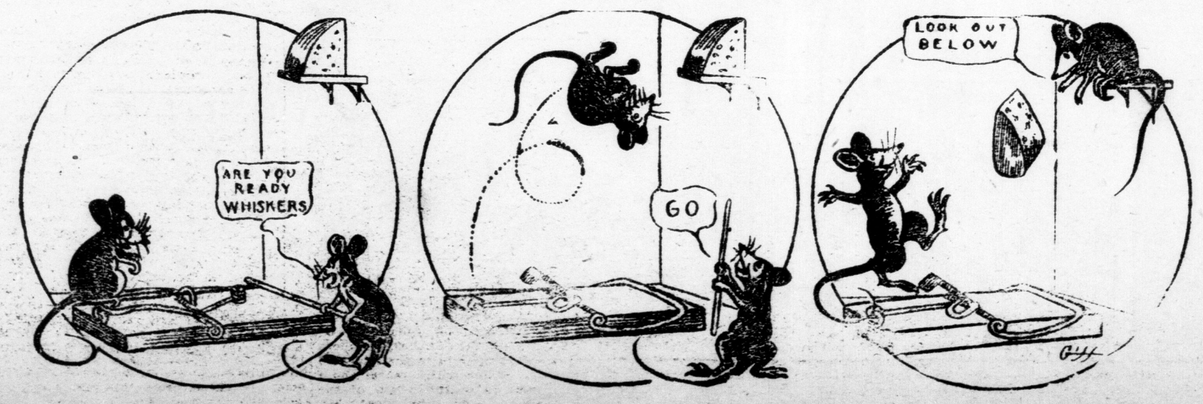

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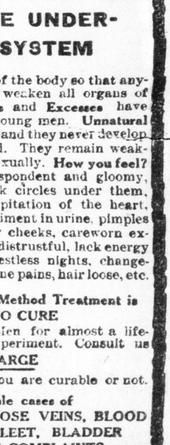

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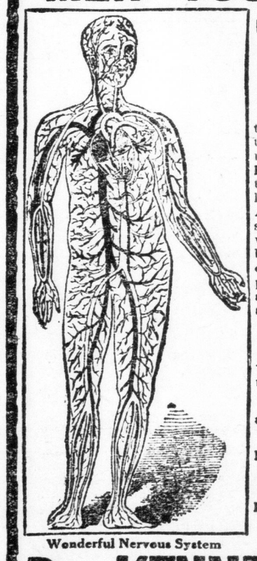

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"CEETEE" PURE WOOL UNSHRINKABLE UNDERWEAR

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Many people have remarked on the peculiar name given to this Underwear, which has earned the reputation of being the best pure wool underwear made.

It might be interesting to some to explain the origin of the word.

"CEETEE" Underwear is manufactured by The C. Turnbull Co. of Galt, Limited, a firm founded a little over fifty years ago. The present Manager, Mr. C. Turnbull, adopted the idea of practically attaching his signature to every high-class pure wool garment turned out on their special machines for full-fashioned underwear. He, therefore, used his initials by putting them into words CEE (C) TEE (T), and surrounding the words with a drawing of an Australian Merino Sheep, from the wool of which every garment of "CEETEE" is made.

To-day the word "CEETEE" on any garment is practically Mr. Turnbull's personal signature. It means that it is guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable and made from nothing but the finest pure Australian Merino wool.

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Return of Side Whiskers Predicted By Fashion Experts

From the New York Evening Post.

It is in France that they keep the closest eye on fashions, and it is from a French source that we learn of the beginnings of a movement in England to restore the side-whisker. So far it is only a tentative and modest effort to return to an earlier style. There is no question as yet of bringing back the long and sweeping hirsute appendages which used to frame the faces of Englishmen during the first years of the last century, falling from the ear far below the chin, as Canning is pictured for us, or Byron appears in D'Orsay's sketch of him. Not even so far as the "mutton-chop" has any bold innovator yet ventured to go. The first step that costs amounts at present to no more than a slight tuft of hair hardly going below the cheek-bone. But this is now admitted by fashion and soon may be decreed. At the recent marriage of a popular actress in London it was noted that the bridegroom as well as each of his best men wore this faint suggestion of a side-whisker. The essential thing is to know how to wear them."

He, of course, as an expert, was prepared to give advice to young elegants whom Jove, in his next commodity of hair, might send a beard. He had prepared a series of carefully designed models, some of them in wax, showing the various arrangements of whiskers permissible. Naturally, the comic papers took the matter up. One of them had the whimsey to print some portraits of modern English statesmen, as each of them would appear with the new hairy ornament. Sir Edward Carson might have seemed even more portentous in Ulster if he had worn the truculent whiskers here assigned him, while Winston Churchill, similarly arrayed, could no more be exposed to the taunt —which, for that matter, was flung at Pitt—of Angry Boy.

Most public men of England are careful of their appearance, and their prevailing style has been to go close-shaven. The full beard is, to be sure,, tolerated: one could hardly imagine the Duke of Devonshire without it, and the gray whisps at the side of Gladstone's face are familiar. Lloyd George's belligerent moustache is an exception, but it goes well with his reputation for being unconventional if not a trifle revolutionary. The general rule is a hairless face: and it is most often seen in the Englishmen of today. One recalls the maxim of Mr. Podsnap: "Rise at eight, close-shave at a quarter past." To many of his fellow-countrymen this has long seemed as indisputable as it did to him a fundamental part of the British Constitution. But with a whisker not so large as a man's hand now on the fashionable horizon, what mad excesses of beard may not be impending!

The fluctuations of custom in this regard have certainly been extraordinary. Women are entitled to turn the laugh on men, in any long view of the styles of wearing a beard, or going without one. The velleities of feminine fashions could show no greater vagaries or more sweeping changes. Go to the library of any college and look at the class-pictures of students graduating between about 1840 and 1855. The faces are clean-shaven. That was then the orthodox American fashion. An old German, who came to this country in those years, has told of his vain looking for work in all the stores and offices up and down Broadway. At last one kind merchant drew him aside and informed him what was the trouble. He wore a heavy moustache. There was no hope of finding employment till he cut that off: it was too defiant of custom, too suspicious. Who could trust a man with hair on his face? But pass on a dozen years to the Civil War period and later, and the land was filled with flamboyant whiskers. Some of the pictures of college baseball teams of that date, as of the first football elevans—or fifteens—look as if no one were eligible unless he were bearded like the pard. The beard, instead of being a badge of irregularity and something like opprobrium, became a symbol of respectability and even dignity. Everybody knows that Lincoln, when he was elected president, felt it necessary to "raise a beard," with a result that was little short of a national misfortune.

There ought to be the largest individual liberty in all this matter. To some faces a beard means salvation; to others a calamity. We have all seen clean-shaven men who appear almost as if making an indecent exposure of their chracter. There is a story of Gibbon allowing Madame du Deffand, who was blind, to finger his face, but she found his features so repulsive that she instinctively cried out: "Why, this is a bad joke!" A stout hedge of beard would have prevented that; and there are plenty of men whose friends ought to advise them not to stop with the incipient side-whisker of the coming English style, but to cover up as much of their faces as they can.

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A POWERFUL WAR SKETCH

Swedish Novelist's Description of a Young Lieutenant's Death.

An excellent example of good missionary work says the London Nation, lies before us, done, however, not by a journalist, but by a novelist—a translation from the Swedish writer, Gustaf Janson. It is a series of sketches dealing with the Italian raid on Tripoli. The truth about the origin of modern wars is told in these pages with a remorseless rationalism. We commend the sketch in this book called "Fever" to the worthy but wofuly unimaginative people who talk so glibly of war, its glories and its benefits, knowing nothing of the meaning of what they say. Here is an extract or two; they are taken from the last wandering words of a young lieutenant, dying in hospital:—

"Can you imagine it, Sister, what a fearful strain it is when the enemy lies all about one? Wherever you turn your eyes only ridges of sand, ravines, and hollows, with here and there a patch of dull green—and the enemy is waiting, hidden in the bushes, half hidden in the sand. They lie there with finger on trigger, watching every step you take . . . safely hidden away . . . invisible. They come spying on you . . . cautiously. Not a sound breaks the stillness . . . and just when you feel quite sure that there is no danger threatening, bang go the shots! Every nerve in your body contracts, every muscle is rigid for a moment. Then you feel a burning pain in breast—in stomach —in brain—everywhere. Where am I hit? Where?

Water—water! Thanks!

"Suddenly you are lying on the sand, you who just now stood erect, strong, full of courage, eager for action. You lie there helpless, and wounded, and faint. You know that you are abandoned to the mercy, or the mercilessness of a fanatical foe, whom you cannot even see. He is somewhere or other near at hand, keenly watching your every move, and loading his rifle again. You cannot escape him, you cannot even shrink aside; his rifle is levelled at you, and he is choosing slowly, but surely the place where the next bullet is to hit. His eyes are afire with the lust of murder, his . . . more water, Sister!

"You are in his power. He can do what he pleases with you. . . . Your pulse beats fast, your lungs are gasping. Where has this brown devil dug himself into the sand? Where has he hidden his grinning face? Where? . . . Where? He is there . . . somewhere . . . behind you perhaps. He is enjoying your suffering, he reads your agonies in your cramped-up, contracted form. Water. . . . No; the sea, sister, the whole sea.

"His bullet comes, swift and sure . . . It hits its mark; it ploughs its way through you; opens a passage through which your blood is running away. All you have is disappearing as your blood mingles with the sand. . . ."

This young fellow, as he lies dying in the hospital-shed, sees always before him "a gigantic sign of interrogation." "Why? Why?" he asks, incessantly. "At night the sign lights up like a pillar of fire; by day it thickens into black smoke." This is the question which the people must themselves learn to ask when told that war is inevitable, necessary, and beneficial, and they must insist upon having an adequate answer.

United States Bans Absinthe Peril of the Green Monster

Filling the Prisons, Asylums and Poor Houses—How the Habit Spread—An Extract of Wormwood.

For the past week there has been no absinthe imported into the United States, and when the present stock of the liquor now on hand is drunk, or exported to Canada, there will be no more of the deadly drug consumed there. On Oct. 1 the act of Congress forbidding the importation or manufacture of the seductive green monster went into force. Action on the part of the Government has rendered necessary by statistics which showed the rapid increase in the consumption of absinthe. Americans who use alcoholic beverages are, as a rule, either beer drinkers or whiskey drinkers, and the use of absinthe had gained no such foothold in the United States as in France, but the French were not absinthe drinkers 30 years ago, and even today they are reckoned as wine-drinkers. Nevertheless, the consumption of absinthe is considered the gravest problem that the republic has to solve. It is filling the prisons, the asylums and the poorhouses. It is the inspiration of the Paris apache. Up to the present time powerful group, and up to the present time have been able to defy the efforts of legislators to interfere with there trade. That they are ruining a nation to build up their fortunes is a matter that does not concern them.

First Used as Medicine.

Absinthe was introduced into France at the close of the Algerian war by the returning soldiers. In the course of the campaign they had been advised by army doctors to use a little absinthe in their wine as a febrifuge, and gradually they formed a taste for it. When they returned to France they demanded their absinthe, and dealers were quick to supply them. Thus the habit spread, until at the present time the per capita consumption of absinthe amounts to about a quart a year for the whole population. In 1910 it was 36,000,000 litres. France consumes more absinthe than all the rest of the world combined, and the consumption is increasing so rapidly that fears are expressed that soon nearly every Frenchman will be drinking absinthe. Should the day ever come when even the majority of Frenchmen are absintheurs it is difficult to see how the rapid destructions of the nation is to be prevented, for no government would then be permitted to interfere with the sale of the drug, and the users would speedily all efforts to arouse the people of France to a realization of the absinthe peril have been in vain. There are no strong temperance organizations in that country. The manufacturers and dealers in absinthe, on the other hand, are a very degenerate below the level even of the opium smokers.

An Abstract of Wormwood.

Absinthe was once suppose to have remarkable qualities as an appetizer, although this claim has been pretty thoroughly disapproved by recent investigations. The ingredients in its manufacture are supposed to be secret, but it is known that its chief characteristic is derived from the wormwood plant, which grows in the Jura district of Eastern France and Switzerland. It is understood that a small precentage of opium is also added, and that there are other ingredients, some alcoholic and some not. The principal market and centre of its manufacture is Pont Parlier, near the Swiss frontier. It tastes not unlike paregoric, and one might sip it without any idea that he was imbibing the strongest and most deadly of alcoholic drinks. Most of the absinthe is frapped, and liberally diluted with water. The French add considerable quantities of sugar, and make a sort of syrup, which they slowly sip, taking probably an hour for a single drink. The real absinthe "fiend" takes the drug neat. The advantage of this method is that it ends rapidly in death or insanity.

Not Like Other Drinks.

One of the peculiarities about absinthe is that, unlike all other alcoholic drinks, its first action is upon the nerves, through which it reacts upon the brain, thus reversing the usual process. It has also an irritating and often fatal effect upon the lungs, so that victims of absinthe can hardly be distinguished from victims of tuberculosis. The after-effects of a debauch on this drug are more terrible than those that follow a spree on alcohol in other forms. Hallucinations of vision and hearing are much more frequent, and the mixture of irritation and sadness that is one of the penalties of indulgence in this liquor distinguishes it from intoxication brought about by other agents. Often the effects do not manifest themselves for several hours, and a man might take two or three glasses and go about his business as though nothing had happened until the poison began to work. Convulsions akin to those of epilepsy are one of the effects of absinthe poisoning, and it is not unusual for a victim to manifest most of the symptoms of the rabies.

Barred in Several Countries.

The United States is not the first country to prohibit the importation and sale of absinthe. To Belgium belongs the honor of taking the lead, the reason being that the large French-speaking population of Belgium showed unmistakable signs of copying the example set by their neighbors. Absinthe was becoming too popular, so the Belgian Parliament prohibited its use in 1906 before the vice had spread from the large cities. In 1910 Switzerland grappled with the problem and prohibited the liquor. Holland followed suit. Brazil also passed prohibitory laws. All these countries realized that only by prohibition could the absinthe danger be got rid of. France, on the contrary, is flirting with the problem by trifling restrictions that will have little or no effect upon the consumption of the drug. Every year that drastic action is deferred makes the task more difficult, and soon it will require a disturbance bordering on a revolution to free the country from the green monster that is so firmly coiled about it.

Sir Philip Sidney

[By Rev. Thos. B. Gregory.]

The battle of Zutphen, fought three hundred and twenty-six years ago, Sept. 23, 1586, was a small affair, both in itself and in its results, but because of the fact that at Zutphen a certain young man was mortally wounded the story of the fight will always hold its sad place upon the historic page.

The name of the young man who was stricken down at Zutphen was Philip Sidney. Though only thirty-two at the time he received his mortal wound, he was already more than famous. All Europe knew him as a soldier and statesman of brilliant promise, as a poet of the highest order of genius, and as a knight, like Bayard, "without fear and without reproach."

But it is on account of none of these things that Sir Philip Sidney has come into such a radiant immortality. All the world has heard of him, and all the world holds him dear, because, in addition to being brave and brilliant, he was a perfect gentleman, ever characterized by the consideration, tenderness and fine sense of personal honor that the true gentleman of all ages has ever manifested.

Millions have been thrilled by the stories of Sidney's forgetfulness of self in his high devotion to his gentlemanly ideal. Take that battle of Zutphen, for example. The Lord Marshall happened to enter the battle without armor, seeing which Sidney cast off his also, in order that he might put himself in the same peril. The cynic world would call that act of Sidney's foolishness, and maybe it was, but it is the sort of foolishness that appeals wonderously to the admiration of all mankind—cynic excepted.

And there is that other little glint of the beautiful in human nature revealed in the story of the wounded soldier and the cup if water—how Sidney, perishing from thirst after his wound, was handed a cup of water by one of the attendants, and, refusing to drink it, pointed to a common soldier close by who was raving for water, and said, "Give it to him. His necessities are greater than mine."

It is such revelations as these that endear men and women to us. Sidney's strong, radiant, graceful and lovable nature reminds every one of us of the things we admire most, even though we may not ourselves possess them to any marked extent; and on that account the man who received his death wound at Zutphen has been canonized by us, to rank high while history endures, among the real "Saints" of humanity.

In every one of us there are two men, the actual man, oftentimes not a very inspiring thing to behold, and the potential man, or the man we dream of and would wish to be. Now and then down the generations there appears the man who realizes this dream of ourselves, who shows us in actual fact the attainments we picture to ourselves in our happier moods; and instinctively we turn to him, love him and crown him with immortality.

This is why Sir Philip Sidney lives, not only upon the page of history, but in our beating hearts. This is why "age cannot wither, nor custom stale," the charm of his simple yet powerful personality.

THE DUTY OF THE THEATRE.

The duty of the theatre (both as art and as an institution) is to awaken more calmness and more wisdom in mankind by the inspiration exhaling from its beauty.—Gordon Craig.

American Women Censured By Unfriendly Critics

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

Those American women, who may chance to read an article by "N. C." in the London Bystander, may dispute some or all of the many indictments brought in a wholesome way.

The article is entitled "The Truth About the American Woman," and reads:

"Women, as well as men, are best judged by their ambitions and their recreations. The American woman's one great ambition is social eminence; to this end she bends all the energies, trains herself and her children, uses every means in her power from her own attractions to the last resources of her, or her husband's purse, aided and abetted by the self-advertisement so readily attained through the columns of the newspaper. A state of society without fixed limitations offers a wide field to the ambitions; anyone who can command a sufficient supply of the sinews of war may aspire to position, and the means is always the same, notoriety. Sometimes the chrism of European recognition is the passport to success, if only chronicled by the home papers, but this is often the last resort of the desperate, an artificial cachet, like a French label on American-grown wine.

* * *

"Society in America is woman's business, instituted, managed and nourished by her for her own benefit, with all the deadliness of the female of the species. For the attainment of social recognition she will descend to anything; she will send her own society notices and photographs to the papers, join the most fashionable churches, subscribe to charities, undergo agonies of physical training, fill her mind with oddments of 'culture,' mortgage her very home for finery, and a motor car in which to parade it. This explains the excess of visible luxury and the absence of real comfort in American life. Appearances, not actual requirements, are consulted. One is forcibly reminded of those impoverished Italian nobles who starve on bread and cheese in order that they may take the air daily in state and the family equipage. The American woman may black her own little boots (she generally does), but unless she can display them to an admiring public in her own motor car she is an aggrieved mortal. She entertains, not causually nor informally, but of set purpose in the furtherance of her ambition, and with a view to impressing her guests with the completeness and magnificence of her domestic appointments. Her dress is not the expression of her own personality, but of the state of her husband's banking account.

"Now, since few women rejoice in a personal fortune, it is obvious that the wherewithal must be obtained from the despised, money-grubbing husband. The woman's page in the morning and evening papers gives valuable and illuminating advice on this subject. Cajolery, flattery, the adroit use of physical attractions and of favorite dishes are inculcated as proved and successful methods. The American woman is clever, with a surface brilliance like that of her polished nails; she is adaptable (outwardly, at least), assimilative of catchwords and new ideas. When 'dolled up' (expressive slang phrase), her appearance would satisfy the most exacting dressmaker. She is quick-witted, amusing, charming, but she is utterly devoid of a sense of humor—what else would account for the prevalence of anti-kissing and anti-tobacco leagues ('the lips that touch tobacco shall never touch mine'), of culture clubs and 'tag days?' Whatever she does is done earnestly, purposefully, intently from planning a dinner to sending bouquets to murderers.

* * *

"As for her recreations, aside from her social activities, which are far too serious a business to rank as amusements, her favorite pleasures seem to be novel reading, the indulgence in sweetmeats and attendance at matinees. Exercise is an unpleasant necessity for the good of the figure. Of course, there is flirtation, but that is, with few exceptions, confined to the very young. It is unseemly for a 'matron' to flirt, and the American woman lives in deadly fear of her neighbor's opinion. Also, where divorce is easy, aimless flirtations are unnecessary, and a waste of energy. The cult of 'affinities' resulting in the divorce court and copious alimony is, of course, a serious matter.

"The American girl begins her career at an early age. At 15 or thereabouts she has her societies, her clubs, her friends, male and female. Except in a few limited circles where European ideals prevail and youthful liberty is curtailed, she enjoys boundless freedom. It is a common thing in the larger hotels, summer and winter resorts, to see at all hours of the day and evening young girls from 14 years upward, innocent of governess or chaperon, trooping about with boys of the same age, or a little older, while mamma occupies herself with a game of bridge, dances in the ballroom, or indulges in rocking-chair gossip. Not that the American woman is a bad mother—as long as her children are young they enjoy the best of professional care (the cult of the child in America is an almost fearsome thing), but maternal responsibilities seem automatically to cease at an astoundingly early age.

* * *

"It is as housekeeper and homemaker that the American woman fails most signally. Hotel life is alarmingly on the increase, and in her own house she is both extravagant and incompetent, and prefers to do her marketing by telephone. It is a curious fact that the American home, hedgeless, innocent of garden walls, exposed unreservedly through unshuttered windows to the gaze of passersby should be really an all but impregnable fortress. The much-vaunted and casual hospitality of tradition is a thing of the past. This is largely due to the servant question. The highly-paid servants expect their afternoon and evenings to themselves, and, in spite of the almost incredible perfection of domestic machinery and household labor-saving devices, the exercise of hospitality is a weariness to the flesh, especially where formal standards prevail and the mistress of the house shuns extra exertion. She will not work, and to entertain informally she is ashamed. This is the reason of the growing Turkishness of American life."

ARNOLD BENNETT—LITERARY BUSINESSMAN.

Arnold Bennett is the only man I ever knew—more than that, he is the only man I ever heard of—who succeeded in literature by strict adherence to business principles. All that he has told young authors to do he did himself. He studied "lines" and "openings" exactly like a pushing young commercial traveller. He got up early and sat down to breakfast at eight sharp. He decided what he would do long before he did it. No waiting for "inspiration." No dreamy idleness. No false starts. After breakfast, settle down to work; write so much a day.—H. Hamilton Fyfe, in the London.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

CRITICAL TIME OF WOMAN'S LIFE

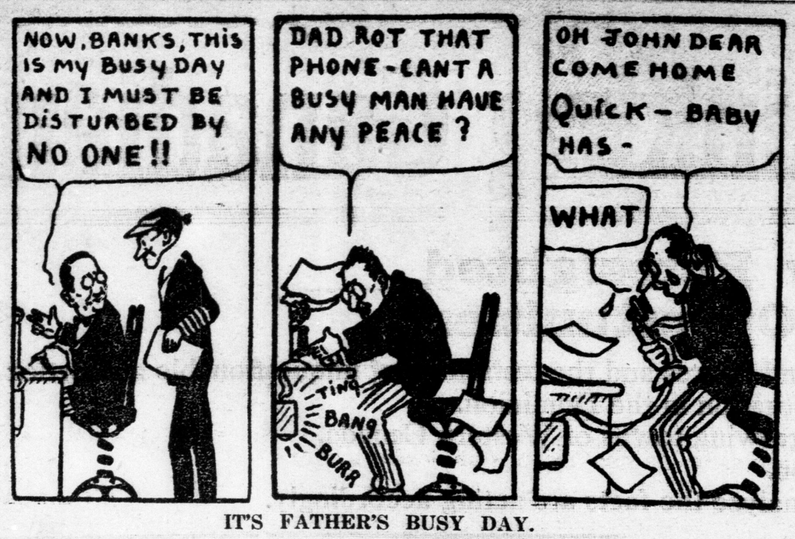
From 40 to 50 Years of Age. How It May Be Passed in Safety.

So. Wellington, B.C. — "For a year during the Change of Life I was all run down. I was really too weak to walk and was very despondent and thought I was going to die, but after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier my health and strength returned. I am very thankful to you and praise your medicine. I have advised several women who suffered as I did to try your remedies. You may publish this if you wish." — Mrs. DAVID R. MORRIS, South Wellington, Vancouver Island, B. C.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. We know of no other medicine which has such a record of success as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 30 years it has been the standard remedy for woman's ills such as inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains and nervous prostration, and we believe it is unequalled for women during the period of change of life.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

AN ACCIDENTAL HERO.



IT'S FATHER'S BUSY DAY.

BUT HE FALLS FOR IT JUST THE SAME.

Memoirs of a Princess
Niece of Great Frederick

[From the Manchester Guardian.]

"Forty-Five Years of My Life (1770 to 1815," by Princess Louise of Prussia. London: Eveleigh Nash. Pp. 461. 16s net.

The writer of this volume (just published), which begins as memoirs and trails off into a diary was the niece of Frederick the Great and married that member of the famous Polish house Prince Anton Radziwill who set the first part of "Faust" to music, and whom Goethe called "the first and only veritable troubadour I have ever known." Her recollections went back to her famous uncle and his hardly less famous brother Prince Henry; she lived through the Great War, and was at Tilsit when Alexander sold his brother of Prussia; and she died in 1836. What is set down in this book—it is worth noting that the original is in French—makes no serious contribution to history. It is the persons and the personalities of life which chiefly interested Princess Louise—evidently—a woman of quick sympathies and strong patriotism, who knew how to love Poland without ceasing to be loyal to Prussia, and there are not a few flashes of light upon the many famous or notorious men and women whom she met.

The record of the princess' earlier years shows that royal, like humbler, families are not spared their cross-currents of like and dislike, but the court of Prussia in the last quarter of the eighteenth century was perhaps singularly unhappy. Frederick very clearly awed his family. For many years he never spoke to his wife, but used to give her his orders in writing. His vicious and weak successor went a stage further. While still married to his queen he married two other women in succession, and all the time kept a mistress. The church, remembering Luther, and the Landgrave of Hesse, was quite indulgent.

Undoubtedly the most interesting thing in the volume is the account of the conference of Tilsit, and the many references to Napoleon. We see Napoleon firing a string of questions of this kind at Alexander over the dinner table: "How much does the sugar duty bring you in annually? What does your sale of peltry and furs amount to in a year? Do you lose money or gain on such and such an article of administration?" Religion crops up, and Napoleon questions "like a priest catechizing a novice." At his first tete-a-tete with Queen Louise he discussed literature, botany, music and the fashions. He broke in upon her petition for Prussia by asking, "Madam, you are wearing a superb dress. Where was it made? At Breslau, at Berlin? Do they make crape in your factories, too?" Almost his last interview with the king ended by his scrutinizing the king's gray pantaloons and saying: "You are obliged every day to button all those buttons? Do you begin at the top or the bottom?" Clearly a formidable man to interview, and little wonder that the king was "lost in admiration at the wide extent of his knowledge and his vast genius. He has discussed in detail the various branches of commerce of all the countries he governs, the various establishments founded to encourage their activity, their origin and their special peculiarities. He has expressed himself with a precision, a clearness, a profound knowledge of the subjects dealt with that have excited the admiring wonder of the two sovereigns." Nor did this devouring passion for affairs and the concrete affect Napoleon's mysticism. He tells Alexander that "Providence was on his side, for those he had to overcome used always to attack him where he was strongest, and never took advantage of the lucky chances that were in their favor," and speaking of the Egyptian campaign, he relates how, "lying fast asleep one night under the wall of an ancient building, a portion of this wall fell without a single stone touching him. On his getting up, a stone was in his hand, over which he closed his fingers mechanically. Examining it, he discovered a cameo of Augustus of great beauty. So it goes on. Everything that might injure him only brings happy and often unexpected results." In his darkest hours he kept his faith in his star. Augereau met him on the road to Elba and reproached him for not dying like a soldier. "What would you have?" Napoleon replied. "The bullets have spared me, fate has respected me, I respect fate; besides, Asia has need of a man."

CONGRESS OF RELIGIONS.

Principal J. Estlin Carpenter writes thus of the Congress of the History of Religions, which has just been meeting at Leiden, in Holland:

"The quiet little university city of Leiden was en fete," he writes, in the Christian Commonwealth. "Flags hung from the houses of the principal streets, where usual calm was broken by groups of eager visitors. The fourth International Congress of the History of Religions was going to begin. Founded at Paris in 1900, under the initiative of M. Albert Reville and his no less brilliant son, M. Jean Reville, it has assembled in 1904 at Basel, and in 1908 at Oxford. It was at the invitation of the University of Leiden that, after another quadrennial period, the congress met in Holland, and was received with the warmest hospitality.

"The whole range of human history was thrown open, and from the rain-gods of the Indians, or the Japanese Jizo, up to the higher religions of Greece, Babylon, Israel and Christendom, the scholar claimed the rights of research without reserve. That is the only possible basis for science, and it was frankly accepted by the congress."

Mothers Need Constant Strength

TO CARE FOR THE GROWING FAMILY AND HER HOUSEHOLD CARES.

When there is a growing family to care for and the mother falls ill, it is a serious matter. Many mothers who are on the go from morning to night whose work apparently is never done, heroically try to disguise their sufferings, and keep an appearance of cheerfulness before their family. Only themselves know now they are distressed by headaches and backaches, dragging down pains and nervous weakness; how their nights are often sleepless; how they arise to a new day's work tired, depressed and unrefreshed. Such mothers should know that these sufferings are usually due to a lack of good nourishing blood. They should know that the thing above all others they need to give them new health and strength is rich, red blood, and that among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their blood-making, health restoring qualities. Every suffering woman, every woman with a home and family to care for should give these pills a fair trial, for they will keep her in health and strength and make her work easy. Here is strong proof that these Pills do what is claimed for them. Mrs. Henry Thomas, Dryden, Ont., says: "When my second child was born I could scarcely walk across a room. My baby was small and weak also, and cried and worried night and day till I discovered that the child was starving, as my nurse had turned almost to water. My husband got me a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I began taking them. The first beneficial effects were noticed in that my child began to thrive, as my nurse began to improve, and baby slept better and naturally. It was not long until I began to feel the improvement myself, and I daily gained new strength, and baby was growing very rosy and fat. I continued using the Pills while I was nursing him and found myself with all the vigor of good health and able to easily do my housework, which had been so great a drag on me before. I am now never without Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house, and take an occasional dose when I feel tired. I can strongly recommend these Pills to all nursing women, especially if weak or run down."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

EXPLAINING TO A WOMAN IN THE SERVIAN RESERVES THE MECHANISM OF A RIFLE.

Settle the Range Question NOW ---Settle It Definitely

Reason out the whole proposition. State in black and white what you require in a range—what you must have.

1st. The range you are going to buy must be a perfect cooking apparatus.

That demands scientifically proportioned Oven and Fire-box—also heating flues that do not deviate one iota from correct principles in range building.

2nd. The range you are going to buy must be handsome in appearance, yet easily kept clean.

This demands a rich, not lavish, nickel adornment with bold, strong carving, none of that delicate, impossible-to-keep-clean tracery.

3rd. The range you are going to buy must be economical on fuel and a time-saver.

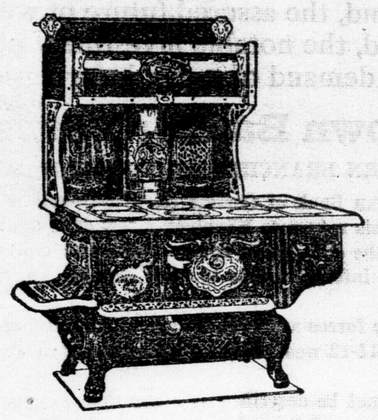
So, you must be sure that the fire-box radiates the maximum of heat quickly,—you must know that every cubit inch of warm air is utilized—you must see that the Oven attends strictly to business with the least possible attention on your part.

4th. The range you are going to buy must be a range of many conveniences.

That demands years of experiment—unusual care—inventive genius and liberal expenditure on the part of the manufacturer before you can get the range of many conveniences.

5th. The range you are going to buy must be a permanent investment.

Therefore, you must know that the material of each part is specially manufactured to serve its special purpose—that every part is tested, then, assembled by stove experts who joy in their work.



"Pandora" Range

6th. The range you are going to buy must be guaranteed by manufacturers with a reputation to sustain.

Investigate, and you'll find that the manufacturers with the best reputation are precisely those who must turn out the best ranges.

The "PANDORA" is the BEST Answer to the Range Question

The Reasons Why

The "Pandora" is a perfect baker and cooker, because—

—Oven, Fire-box and Heating Flues are scientifically proportioned — the temperature always under cook's control.

The "Pandora" is a handsome range, yet easily kept clean, because—

—The carving is bold—our "Duplex" nickel makes for beauty and durability, while the burnished surfaces remain as smooth as plate glass.

The "Pandora" range is economical on fuel and a time-saver, because—

—Every cubit inch of **fresh** warm air flows around the oven twice before passing into smoke pipe. Thermometer shows in plain figures exact degree of heat for baking pies, cakes, etc.

The "Pandora" is a range of many conveniences, because—

—It is furnished with every feature which makes for range perfection, some of them exclusive McClary features. The one piece enamelled reservoir is easily kept clean,—the towel rod supplied is one-third emery—a first-class and handy knife sharpener.

The "Pandora' range is a permanent investment, because—

—Every inch of material is selected for its special purpose, then, tested before range is assembled.

The "Pandora" range is amply guaranteed by the McClary name. Every McClary agent is authorized to guarantee the "Pandora" Range to give utter satisfaction.

Now, read the column of reasons to the right of this advertisement—don't hurry—read carefully, then, you will be convinced that the Pandora is the range you want to buy because the "Pandora" is **the one perfect range**—the range that gives utter satisfaction in the kitchen, and—**The "PANDORA" SAVES MONEY.** Your husband will agree with you. But—you just take him to the nearest McClary agent and he'll buy the range you want—The "Pandora" Range.

LONDON TORONTO VANCOUVER ST. JOHN, N. B.

McClary's

MONTREAL WINNIPEG HAMILTON CALGARY

101

Sold by J. A. Brownlee, 385 Talbot St. J. A. Page, 807 Dundas St. J. H. Bull, Hamilton Road and Rectory St.

MADAME MELBA BACK FROM AUSTRALIA

Prima Donna Returns to England From Native Country—Her Great Reception.

Mme. Melba, after fourteen months spent in her native country, has returned to England, and is about to start on a long concert tour.

When a London newspaper representative saw her, the famous prima donna was in excellent spirits.

"I start at Nottingham very soon on a long tour of 25 concerts," she said. "I have just spent six months at my home in Australia, at the close of my tour there.

An Impromptu Concert.

"I had a splendid time. The people seemed to like me; they crammed and banged and fought for tickets. In fact, over 1,000 of them waited from 4 o'clock in the morning to get seats, and when they were admitted (much earlier than usual) the management lent them a grand piano to while away the time of waiting. They gave an impromptu concert and sang very well, too. We discovered quite a good tenor among them, and he's now being trained.

"They were very enthusiastic and showered flowers from the gallery on string!

"Australian audiences are more unconventional than English ones. The people at Sydney gave me a gold bowl and my Melbourne friends made me a present of a gold loving cup."

Mme. Melba had more than one exciting adventure. One day she set out by motor-car from Albany to Melbourne (roughly 2,500 miles) to try and beat the train.

A Wonderful Road.

"I shudder at the recollection of it," she said. "We got lost in fogs and mists, and the road was terrible; I was jolted from one end of the car to the other. Every time we asked what the road ahead was like we were told that we had just got over the best part and there was ever so much worse to come.

"The provisions ran out and when we got home I had hysterics and the chauffeur had to go to bed and stay there for two days."

On another occasion, "for the sake of diversion," Mme. Melba visited a dam in course of construction, and undertook a journey in a "flying box"—a rough car which crosses a chasm, in this case 500 feet deep. "I just lay in the bottom and screamed," said the prima donna, with a shudder. "It was horrible."

Mme. Melba is delighted with her home among the mountains. She designed it herself, and she says Australians are delighted that she has a home amongst them.

Not Many Changes.

It is two years since she last visited Australia, but she told the representative that she had not noticed many changes, excepting in Sydney, which is getting bigger and bigger.

"It is going to be another New York in time," said Mme. Melba, and added: "There is one other thing which seems to be changing—the climate. There are no droughts now; civilization seems to have brought the rain with it! A great deal of irrigation work is being carried out, but the climate is wonderful. I had roses in my house the whole year round. The Australians have a frank and passionate love for flowers. They are much more enthusiastic about such things than English people; perhaps they aren't so blase."

TODAY'S WIZARDS.

"Prophecy and wizard-craft were never easy callings, and our modern professors of these arts must be reflecting sadly on the fact today, for Scotland Yard has risen against them, and issued a decree which will strike at the foundation of their profession," says the London Telegraph, apropos of the commissioner of police's action in prohibiting them to make public announcements of their trade.

"How greatly the latter-day wizard has been flourishing recently may be judged from the statement that there are over 150 fortune-tellers in the neighborhoods of Regent street and Oxford street alone, while in the entire district covered by the commissioner's decree no less than 700 men and women, a large proportion of them of foreign birth, draw very substantial incomes from the pockets of the weak and credulous. Probably the number of clients of these professors of the black art would be still more surprising if it could be disclosed."

ONCE.

"Have you ever posed in the 'altogether?'" asked the artist.

"Once," replied the new model. "I went over to Europe last summer and when I returned the customs officials at New York seemed to think they had reason to believe I was trying to smuggle something in."

Bureau of Engraving
PROCESS ENGRAVERS
LINE AND HALF-TONE ETCHINGS
436½ RICHMOND STREET. PHONE

$1,000 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery or whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Fits, Skin Disease, Blood Poison, Genito Urinary Troubles, and Chronic or Special Complaints that cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge Street, Toronto.

8tf-xt

Ready For The Cold Days?

Keep your body warm and your digestion perfect in these chilly days by eating

SHREDDED WHEAT

with hot milk every morning for breakfast. Shredded Wheat is better for children or grown-ups than mushy porridges. It is easily and thoroughly digested and fortifies them against cold and exposure.

It contains all the muscle-making, brain-building material in the whole wheat grain made digestible by steam-cooking, shredding and baking.

Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with milk or cream will supply all the strength needed for a half day's work or play. Delicious in combination with peaches, baked apples or stewed prunes.

A CANADIAN FOOD FOR CANADIANS

Toronto Office: 49 Wellington Street East

Made by The Canadian Shredded Wheat Co. Limited Niagara Falls, Ont.

03

THE SPHERE OF MUSIC.

It is with music as with the other arts; only the tendency is born with us, it must be developed with assiduous cultivation.

Emotion, not thought, is the sphere of music; and emotion quite as often precedes as follows thought.

Culture at the beginning follows a single path; but it must not restrict itself to any set routine. One-sided culture is no culture.

We should endeavor to think and feel with the best heads and the best hearts. This is how "taste," in its fullest sense is cultivated. Taste cannot be modelled upon what is second-rate. Its standard must be the highest conceivable.

The ideal of beauty is simplicity and tranquility.—The Music Review.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES COLDS, ETC.

Investment Facts For Thinking Canadians

Large Profits Being Made by Foresighted Investors Who Grasp Today's Opportunities

In this series of announcements we have shown from week to week by the citation of facts and figures and the testimony of unquestionable authorties:—

First, the fundamental solidity and stability of the present investment situation in the Dominion.

Second, the assured future of well-placed investments in vigorous and growing towns of Western Canada.

Third, the notable investment opportunity presented by such a situation.

The demand of today is for basic facts, and intelligent investors who analyze the facts are acting accordingly.

Well-Known Banker Views Western Conditions

SUPERINTENDENT OF WESTERN BRANCHES OF CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE OUTLINES PRESENT SITUATION.

Mr. Vere C. Brown, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, who travels many thousands of miles in the course of business trips through the West, made the following statements on his return to Winnipeg a few days ago:

"The growth and development of the cities is, of course, the most impressive thing to the eye of the traveller through the West.

"Even to those who have accurate information as to what is going on, the growth of the large centres during a twelvemonth is always surprising when actually viewed. . . .

"It is becoming clear that economic forces are in operation which must result in the settlement of our lands at an unparalleled rate.

"The immigration to Canada in 1911-12 was 354,237, a figure which was not reached in the United States until that country had a population of 38,558,000. . . .

"Business conditions generally cannot be described as other than excellent, indeed, they could hardly be better."

It is at least significant that bankers and financial authorities throughout the Dominion are in general accord with the views here stated.

No Setback in Canada

THE DOMINION'S FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS DEMONSTRATED.

Mr. J. Norton Griffiths, British M. P., who is very heavily interested in investments in Canada, has visited Canada many times, and is thoroughly familiar with Canadian conditions, stated upon his return from a recent trip to the Dominion:

"When one goes to Canada and sees on all sides the natural prosperity of the country, based not on a mining boom or on an industrial bubble, but on the exchange of wheat for gold, it makes one smile on returning home to hear people talking about a setback in Canada, and saying that Canada has gone ahead too quickly.

"I can see no grounds to justify such criticism, and as long as people continue to go on the land as they have been doing, one need not worry about setbacks.

"People do not realize that the huge Canadian trunk systems, with all their rolling stock combined, make one of the biggest railway undertakings in the world; and yet they cannot cope with the traffic. . . .

"Those who are desirous of investing in town properties will find every security in investing in such properties in main centres and thriving towns.

"Because London does not realize the vast undeveloped resources of Canada, that is no reason for saying that there is going to be a setback in the country."

The foregoing interview was reported in a recent issue of The Canadian Mail, of London.

Industries and Cities

CENSUS FIGURES SHOW GIGANTIC INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION OF CANADIAN WEST.

Within a single decade, 1900 to 1910, the aggregate annual production of Canadian industrial establishments increased by 142 per cent.

In the same period the aggregate invested capital in these same industries increased by 178 per cent.

In 1900 the output ofCanadia n manufacturing plants was valued at $481,053,375.

In 1910 this figure had increased to $1,164,695,032—and is still growing.

But mark well this point: In the period when Canada's population was increasing by about 34 per cent, according to the official census, the increase of industrial capital was over 178 per cent, or more than five times the increase in population.

Let this same ratio continue for even eight years to come—let population and industrial expansion maintain even their present rate of increase—what do we have?

An industrial capital in 1920 of about five billion dollars—with the whole world as a market for the output of Canadian industries.

The agricultural basis of the Dominion's future is supplemented and reinforced by the industrial basis. On this double foundation there can be no limit to future expansion.

As the agricultural West is developed, thriving cities and distributing centres will be needed to meet the requirements of a great producing territory—new industries will be established—population figures will expand steadily and consistently—and real estate values must act accordingly.

How Land Values Grow in Western Canada

WELL-KNOWN AMERICAN WRITER SUMS UP THE SITUATION.

Howard N. Whitney, editor of the Register and Farmer, of Des Moines, Iowa, and western correspondent for a group of eastern financial journals, is authority for the following outline of investment conditions along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific from Winnipeg to Edmonton:

"One of the most striking conditions," he states, "is the comparatively low price of the land.

"When a man enters upon the land in these later years to possess it, he comes with a twentieth-century equipment.

"Yet this does not rob the new country of its romance or of its adventure.

"The self-same spirit which stirred the men of '49 to risk their lives and futures in the new land in search of gold stirs the hearts of the strong men today.

"So that it is not strange that cities of the most modern type are builded on these northern prairies in the space of a few years.

"Thus it is that the low prices asked for this productive land is one of the conditions which strikes a man from the States most forcibly.

"There are big opportunities for money-making in Canada.

"With the tremendous immigration into Western Canada, the great railway development, and the money which is being invested in this new country, the vast prairie region is developing not only rapidly but substantially.

"This means increased land values. There is every reason why it will advance steadily from year to year."

These Investors Speak From Personal Knowledge of This Company. Read Their Statements Herewith

NORTH BATTLEFORD PROPERTY ALREADY DOUBLED IN VALUE.

Saskatoon, Sask., Sept. 23, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Dear Sir,—I am in receipt of your letter concerning the progress of the town of North Battleford.

As I own some real estate in this town, I took a trip up there last week, to see for myself if all I had heard was true; and must say I was greeted with a pleasant surprise, for the town even exceeds the circulated reports concerning its rapid growth.

While there I went out to look at my lots in Block 21, Battleview Park, and must say they are beautifully situated, and in every way what they were represented when I purchased them. Nearly all of this subdivision lies on a gentle slope overlooking the town and river; and in two years, if the town's present growth continues, will be almost entirely built up.

After talking with several of the leading real estate and businessmen of the town, I am thoroughly convinced that these lots in less than another year will be worth treble what the owners paid for them. At the present time they are selling at $200 per lot and upwards, which is double what the owners paid for them; which taking into consideration the terms on which they were sold, I consider an A1 investment. In closing I may state that I am in every way satisfied with my holdings, and I intend to hold them.

(Signed) GEORGE R. LOGAN.

PLEASED WITH HIS INVESTMENT.

Metiskow, Alta., Oct. 2 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Gentlemen;—I am well satisfied. I am the owner of one lot in Tuxedo Park, and I am just in receipt of a letter from Sterling Trusts Corporation offering me a good price for my lot, but I do not wish to sell it yet, as I would like to keep it longer. Also, I am very satisfied dealing with the International Securities Co., Ltd., and whenever I have a chance, I am going to deal with your company.

(Signed) M. JURYN.

INVESTIGATES—THEN DECIDES TO HOLD.

Wilmer, B.C., Aug. 12, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Gentlemen,—I have made an investigation of my lots, and am highly pleased with my small purchase, which is just three lots, which I could have sold on the 20th June for a profit of $258.75, and I refused the offer. Later, on 3rd August, I refused another offer, which was $375 more than the first one. I think it fair to advise that I have found business relations with this company satisfactory, and its property is genuine, and I am well pleased.

(Signed) W. ROY ZIMMER.

VALUES ENHANCED BY ACTUAL DEVELOPMENT.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 20, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Gentlemen,—The news that values are enhanced on account of the extension of the street car service to the property was, I assure you, most gratifying to me, and I cannot help but be satisfied with my investment.

As for the business dealings with your company, I must say that I consider your company absolutely reliable, for if not, you may be certain I would not place my money with you.

(Signed) M. RABINOVITCH.

BELIEVES IN DEALING WITH RELIABLE FIRM.

High River, Alta., Sept. 19, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Dear Sirs,—It may interest you to know that at intervals since I purchased lots from you I have made inquiries regarding their values. I have always had very gratifying replies, and the prices quoted now as being their market value would yield me a substantial profit were I to sell. I have found the property is all your agent represented it to be; and as confirmation has come from disinterested parties, it is pleasing to me to know that I am dealing with a firm whose statements can be relied upon.

(Signed) WILLIAM H. BAGOT.

ATTENTION IS GIVEN TO OUR CLIENTS' INTERESTS.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 28, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Dear Sirs,—I must say that your interest in your clients and courtesy to them is most gratifying. You have been prompt and obliging in answering all questions concerning the property I purchased from you, and all business transacted has been satisfactory.

I appreciate very much the information from time to time regarding developments and improvements, and feel that you have the best interests of your clients at heart.

(Signed) MARGARET WALKER.

RELATIONS SATISFACTORY FROM THE START.

Montreal, Que., Aug. 14, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Gentlemen,—The business relations I have had with your firm are but of a preliminary nature and as such have been perfectly satisfactory. I thank you for the information regarding Regina lots, and feel satisfied that, as things now seem, my investment will eventually be very profitable to me. I also believe that the Swift Current purchase will prove to be a satisfactory one, and shall be glad to receive any information you may from time to time receive concerning it.

(Signed) P. L. PRATLAY.

APPROVES OUR BUSINESS METHODS.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 2, 1912.
The International Securities Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

Dear Sirs,—As a purchaser of several lots in your Tuxedo Park property, Regina, might I express my satisfaction and appreciation, not only as to the worth of my investment, but also as to the business methods of your company. I am sure that the interest which you display in all your clients, the care taken to give perfect satisfaction, is without precedence in any other real estate firm.

Trusting that in the near future I shall be again in a position to do further business with you, I am,

(Signed) T. P. DAVIES.

INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES COMPANY, LIMITED AUTHORIZED AND EXCLUSIVE AGENTS OF GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

For sale of its Townsite Lots in Divisional Points of Melville, Watrous, Biggar, Wainwright, and Junctional Point of Tofield, as well as Town of Scott, all located on main line of Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, between Winnipeg and Edmonton.

The International Securities Company, Limited, is the owner or manager for sale of other important Townsites or Subdivisions to Cities or Towns, as follows:

Lethbridge, Alta.	Brandon, Man.	Moose Jaw, Sask.	Cardston, Alta.	Kamloops, B.C.	Weyburn, Sask.	Lacombe, Alta.	Macleod, Alta.
North Battleford, Sask.	Regina, Sask.	Medicine Hat, Alta.	Swift Current, Sask.	Canora, Sask.	Entwistle, Alta.	Yorkton, Sask.	Winnipeg, Man.

Also land for Fruit Raising near Elko, British Columbia

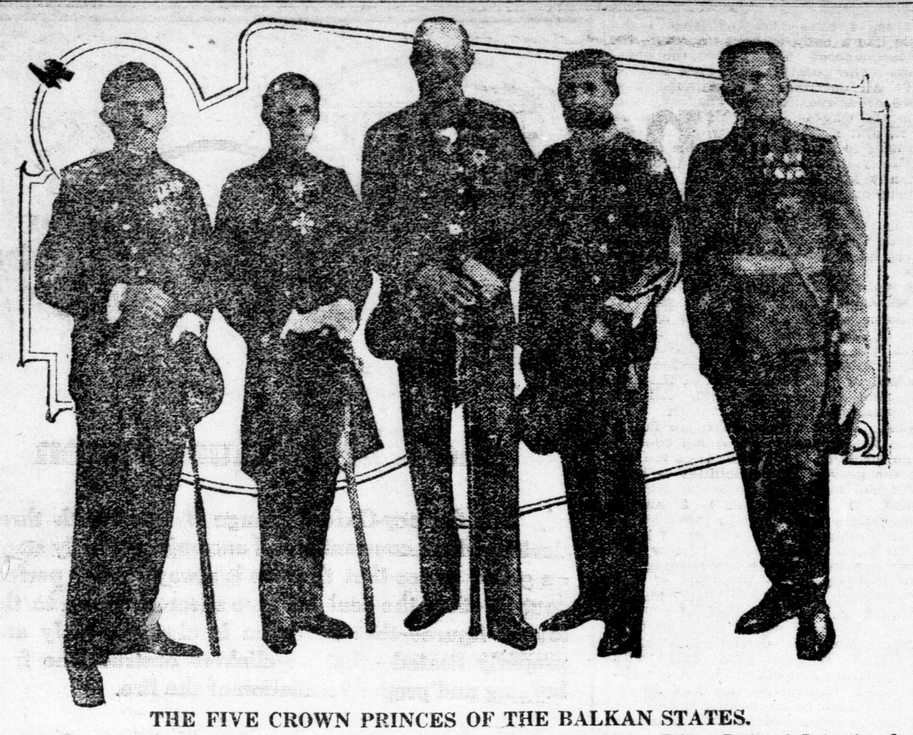
INQUIRIES ARE SOLICITED FROM PARTIES SEEKING A SOUND INVESTMENT IN ANY OF ABOVE-NAMED CITIES OR TOWNS, OR BRITISH COLUMBIA FRUIT LAND. THESE CITIES AND TOWNS AFFORD SPLENDID OPENINGS FOR BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN. FULL INFORMATION WILL BE FREELY FURNISHED AND BOOKLETS, MAPS, ETC., MAILED FREE UPON REQUEST.

ADDRESS NEAREST OFFICE.

International Securities Company, Limited

11 DOMINION BANK CHAMBERS, LONDON, ONT.

TORONTO, Kent Building.
ST. JOHN, N. B., Dearborn Building.
REGINA, SASK., Western Trust Building.
CALGARY, ALTA., 1321 First Street West.
MONTREAL, QUE., Yorkshire Building.
MOOSE JAW, SASK., Simington Block.
VANCOUVER, B. C., Dominion Trust Building.
WINNIPEG, MAN., Somerset Building.
BRANDON, MAN., McKenzie Building.
SASKATOON, SASK., 116 Twentieth Street East
VICTORIA, B. C., 1324 Douglas Street.



THE FIVE CROWN PRINCES OF THE BALKAN STATES.

Reading from left to right are: Crown Prince Alexander of Servia; Crown Prince Boris of Bulgaria; Crown Prince Constantine of Greece; Crown Prince Ferdinand of Roumania, and Crown Prince Danilo of Montenegro.

Rev. R. J. Campbell's Answer To Dr. Schaefer's Address On the Origin of Life

(A Sermon at the City Temple, London.)

"Bound in the Bundle of Life With the Lord Thy God."—I. Sam., xxv., 29.

Within the past week or two the address delivered from the chair of the British Association has attracted widespread attention and evoked a greater amount of discussion than any similar address for many years past; in fact, I do not think that so much general interest has been shown concerning a great scientist's opinion on the nature and origin of life since Professor Tyndall's famous deliverance in Belfast in 1874—also from the chair of the British Association—which contained the declaration that we must look to matter for the promise and potency of all forms of life. It will be within the memory of many present that twenty years later this dictum was precisely reversed by Lord Salisbury, who had been elected president of the association for that year. Lord Salisbury's contention was that it was to life we must look for the promise and potency of all forms of matter. It is thus evident that the pronouncements of eminent scientists, even from the position of highest authority, the chair of the British Association itself, are by no means mutually consistent.

Professor Schaefer's Views

are in brief as follows: He expressly leaves all question of the soul out of count, and confines himself to the task of shedding light upon the origin of physical life. "The problems of life," he says, "are essentially problems of matter. We cannot conceive of life in the scientific sense as existing apart from matter." He then goes on to affirm that the more the manifestations of life are studied the less disposed observers are to call in the aid of anything supernatural to explain those manifestations. Phenomena supposed to be specially characteristic of living things are found to take place in substances which are not classed as living. Growth and reproduction, for instance, are not peculiar to living bodies; crystals exhibit both, and they can be, and often are, artificially and mechanically produced. When, continued Dr. Schaefer, the chemist succeeds in building up the particular compound of elements found to be essential to living beings, "it will without doubt be found to exhibit the phenomena which we are in the habit of associating with the term life." He saw no reason to doubt, he added, "the possibility of the formation of life—of living substance from non-living substance." He believes that living matter has been spontaneously evolved from lifeless matter in the past without the necessity for any special act of creation, and he holds that it may be going on still, and that with fuller knowledge chemists may be able to achieve it—this mysterious and wonderful

Passage From Death to Life

—by purely mechanical means. It is well to understand clearly what these words imply. It is that life is nothing more and nothing less than a particular mode of matter; get the right atomic formula, make sure of your constituent elements in their correct proportions, and forthwith life appears where there was no life before; you do on a small scale what the universe has done on a large—you cause life to emerge from death with no other dynamic behind it than that of the action and reaction of purely material forces.

Now, I notice two things particularly in connection with this authoritative utterance of an eminent physiologist. The first is the disposition on the part of many expert scientists to deny the mere layman any right to express an opinion on the subject, and the second is the clamorous haste with which many religious minds have repudiated Professor Schaefer's theory as mischievous, absurd, and in flagrant opposition to the findings of religious experience. I venture to protest against both of these attitudes. The expert, whether in the field of science or that of theology, must not expect to rule out criticism from the non-expert and to arrogate to himself the special privilege of telling the rest of the world what conclusions to draw from the facts with which he is best acquainted. We must have

No Dogmatism of Science.

any more than of religion; the issues are too important for that, too vital to the general welfare to be left in the hands of a highly-trained group of specialists; nor does past experience warrant us in trusting the expert in anything too far; he is rather apt to get his values wrong through ignoring other aspects of human knowledge than those he has made particularly his own. I do not say Professor Schaefer has done this; indeed, so far as one can judge, he has been careful to avoid it, but there are plenty of others doing it for him and ready to treat with contempt all outside objection, especially religious objection, to their materialistic confession of faith—for that is what it comes to. On the other hand, religious zealots might surely learn from history that it is no use flying in the face of scientific facts. Facts are facts, and if they can be established religious faith should have no quarrel with them and no need to fear them. From Galileo to Darwin dogmatic religion has shown itself in a humiliating light in its frantic endeavors to silence the voice of truth it could not fit into its narrow system, and it has been compelled to retreat from one position after another. Would it not be well for Christian apologists to be more careful this time and meet Professor Schaefer's arguments with no less of zeal perhaps but with more discretion?

The point, then, which I specially wish to press upon your attention this morning is that

Professor Schaefer May Be Right.

I do not say he is, for I am no more competent than most of you are to say whether he is or not; I only suggest that he may be, and that the school he represents may prove to be triumphant in the long run. To be sure, he does not speak for the whole scientific world; he only speaks for the mechanists as opposed to the vitalists, whose most brilliant spokesman is Professor Bergson, and on the whole the vitalists seemed to have as much to say for themselves as the mechanists, and they claim to represent better the general trend of the thought of our time. But, I say, suppose Professor Schaefer is right. Suppose that, after all the life which we know only in association with matter, from its lowest to its highest forms, culminating in man, has not been brought into the world from outside but has appeared spontaneously at a certain stage of evolution; admit for the sake of discussion that it may indeed be the result of a specific combination of chemical elements and not of some distinctive interference on the party of the Deity—

What Then?

I contend that the situation from the standpoint of religious faith is in no wise altered. We can no more dispense with God than we could before; we are no nearer a satisfying explanation of the fundamental problems of existence; the validity of our highest spiritual experiences remains unaffected. This is what many people fail to see, and yet it is the simple truth. Science has told us nothing of ultimate realities, nor can it do so; it is dealing with phenomena all the time, but as to what lies at the back of phenomena it is as ignorant today as in the days of Aristotle; it can neither prove nor disprove the spiritual man's belief in the commerce of his soul with God; its limitations are sharp and clear, and when it has laid bare all it can discover of Nature's processes it is as much in the dark as ever as to what lies beyond the confines of sense experience. It is handling impenetrable mysteries; it has not been able to lift the veil of Isis; the Sphinx remains silent. We touch surfaces, smell odors, taste flavors, hear sounds, and see colors, but as to what the reality is that produces on our consciousness the impression of surface, odor, flavor, sound and color, the greatest scientist in the world today knows no more than the youngest child. Let me emphasize this, for, as I say, it is apt to be overlooked. The criteria of religious experience have no dependence whatever upon the findings of science, but are derived from other sources wherein the wise and understanding have no advantage over the babes. While I was away on holidays I went a few weeks ago into an ancient church and was shown around it by

A Blind Man,

a man who had never seen the light of day in all his life. It sounds paradoxical to say that the blind man showed me the church, but there is a sense in which the remark is true enough. He had been custodian of the building for forty years, and, as he said, knew every stone of it, and could describe it architecturally from the crypt to the topmost pinnacle of the tower; he knew all the inscriptions, and could state what they were better than the visitor who had eyes to see; and, most marvellous of all, was so intimately acquainted with all the subjects of the fine old stained-glass windows that he could put his finger on every figure in them and tell the history of it. I found the man more interesting than the church, and questioned him closely to see whether he could form any idea of the colors and shapes of the objects with which he was so familiar. Apparently it was not so; never having seen anything he had no conception of beauty, could not imagine what the building was really like in which he was more at home than any other living being. It was infinitely pathetic, and he knew it himself, for when, on leaving him, I remarked that there was a wonderful glory waiting to burst upon his astonished vision when he awakened in the eternal morning, he replied that he fully believed it, and was waiting till then in the hope of realizing at last what the beauty was in the midst of which he had been living all his days. Earthly wisdom is like the expert knowledge of that blind man; it gropes in the dark; it knows, and yet it does not know; it is dealing at close quarters with eternal reality all the time, but until the spiritual eyes are opened it is totally ignorant of its true nature and relation to ourselves.

Let me tell you what I myself think is a possible development of Professor Schaefer's theory. I should not be surprised to find that the physical science of the near future will tell us that there is

No Such Things as Dead Matter,

that in fact there is nothing but life—every atom, every electron, that builds up the visible universe being a manifestation of life. That a chemist in his laboratory should then be able to reproduce with the humblest materials all the characteristic phenomena of life as we now know it will perhaps not seem to very wonderful after all; it will only push the mystery of being a little farther back; it will not tell us any more about life itself. But, without being greatly daring, I will go so far as to say that the spiritual man knows already something of what life is and whence it came; it is the forthputting of the eternal divine substance under temporal conditions and limitations that it may declare its inmost quality. Things are ever in flux, the universe is ever in the making, but nothing is being produced—which is not already present in the being of God waiting to be lived. I am fully conscious of the defects of language here. This is as near as one can come to an expression of what countless men and women of purest spiritual insight have dimly felt concerning the mystery of the cosmos. From this transcendent point of view even

The Problem of Evil

is not wholly insoluble; it is the negative which calls out the divine affirmative, the resistance which enables the good to flame into sublimity. There are many questions which this confession of faith does not answer, but it answers more than any other and accords with the highest testimony ever given by the souls that dwell in habitual communion with the glory that lies beyond the veils of time and sense. To live with God is to find him everywhere, to miss him nowhere, for he is present in his fullness at every point in creation and reveals himself as such within the heart that seeks to know and do His will.

"Bound in the bundle of life with the Lord thy God." It is a glorious thing to discover that in essence human and divine are a solidarity and that nothing can separate between the two. But that discovery is his alone who is prepared to live the life that makes it possible. Yes, life is a bundle, one and indivisible; we are not only members one of another as human beings, but members of a stupendous whole which includes everything that lives. We cannot escape our connection with that whole, nor would it be well that we should, for it is all needed to express God, and he indwells it all; but there is a sense in which this fact of facts is truer of the spiritually-minded man than of aught else in creation. There is a story told, I think, on the authority of Robert Louis Stevenson that during a tempestuous voyage the passengers on a certain ship remained huddled together below for several days and nights, carried they knew not whither and in constant danger of destruction; as to what was passing on deck they were totally ignorant. At length, in the early morning of the third day of storm, one passenger ventured to leave his stuffy quarters and fought his way right up to the bridge. It was scarcely possible to hear anyone speak for the roar of the gale, but as he ascended the perilous stairway to the point where the captain stood the latter turned and looked at him and smiled. That was enough; the inquirer instantly made his way back to his shipmates with the news that all was well;

The Captain's Smile

had told him that they were all shut up together in a frail vessel on raging seas, but their course was being made by one who knew what to do and was able to bring them safely to their desired haven; he had mastered the elements and outridden the storm. Poor weak humanity, shut up within the confines of material existence along with all other living things, is often dismayed at the magnitude of the forces which play upon and around it. Life has no guarantee of security from one moment to another; the horizons beyond it are illimitable, and earthly vision can discern no eternal harbor, no home beyond the dark floods that are ever threatening to swallow us up. A tiny casket indeed is this ship of life, in which we lie so closely bound together in the continual presence of vast and awful forms of death! Is it conceivable that it can come safely through?—and through to what? Oh, man of faith, fight your way up on the bridge, and you will see. Get up to the highest, even if you cannot keep your footing there for long at a time. Mount by the way your captain climbed, and you will see what no skulker, no cowardly self-seeker, no mere worldling has ever yet seen — the smile upon the face of the conquering Christ. It is a mighty but a pierced hand that steers this ship of life, the hand of one who knows the way home. Surely it is worth while to buffet one's way to the level on which he stands—yea, to ascend by the cross to the place of spiritual vision, for to do so is to learn with a sureness of conviction nothing can disturb that the guiding power behind all life's processes is the love of Christ which passeth knowledge. We are bound in the bundle of life with Him, and therefore all is well. As Browning makes David say to Saul:

It shall be
A face like my face that receives thee; a man like to me,
Thou shalt love and be loved by, for ever; a hand like this hand
Shall throw open the gates of new life to thee! See the Christ stand!

Such is human destiny—bound in the bundle of life with almighty love. This is the great revelation that waits upon all holy living; this is

The Grand Cosmic Secret

which lies open not to the wisdom of this world, but to the humble and the contrite heart. Thanks be to God, none can untie that bundle or scatter its contents. "Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? Shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword? . . . Nay, in all these things we are more than conquerors, through Him that loved us. For I am persuaded that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, nor height, nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Jesus our Lord."

GUARD BABY FROM COLDS

The mother can guard her little ones from colds during the damp, cold fall days by the use of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets act as a gentle laxative, keeping the bowels working freely and the stomach sweet—that is the secret of preventing colds. The Tablets will not only prevent or banish colds, but will cure constipation, indigestion, expel worms and make teething easy. They are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to contain no harmful drugs and may safely be given to the newborn babe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BOTTLED GAS.

Farmers and many suburban households far from the gas meter and gas mains may be able in the future to burn gas just like their city cousins if they take readily to the gas "bottle" invented by Dr. Walter O. Snelling, of the United States bureau of mines.

Dr. Snelling has devised a portable gas plant, the gas for which is contained in a steel bottle 4 feet high by 6 inches in diameter, 2,000 feet of gas filling the bottle.

"Say, officer, lemme get me hat, will you?" "Now, ain't you smart? If you wint afther your hat, you'd not come back. No, sir! You wait here. I'll go afther the hat."

The advertising manager was in a towering rage. "What's the matter?"

asked the managing editor. "Why, the make-up editor placed our prima donna's testimonial for a sure cold cure on the same page with the announcement that she had a sore throat and couldn't sing tonight."

How He Escaped An Operation

And Was Completely Cured of Piles of 14 Years' Standing by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Mr. Chas. Beauvais.

Doctors say that about one person in every four suffers more or less from piles, and who can imagine a more annoying, torturing, disagreeable ailment?

After trying a few treatments without success, and as the ailment grows worse, the medical doctor is consulted. An operation, he says, is necessary. You think of the suffering, expense and risk to life itself, and hesitate before taking such a step.

In many thousands of such cases Dr. Chase's Ointment has made thorough and lasting cures. Read this letter for the proof.

Mr. Charles Beauvais, a well-known citizen of St. Jean, Que., writes:—"For 14 years I suffered from chronic piles, and considered my case very serious. I was treated by a celebrated doctor who could not help me and ordered a surgical operation as the only means of relief.

"However, I decided to try Dr. Chase's Ointment, and obtained great relief from the first box. By the use of three boxes I was entirely cured. This is why it gives me great pleasure to recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all who suffer from piles as a treatment of the greatest value."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Heating a Home Properly is Something More Than Raising the Temperature. The air must be pure as well as warm. The health of your family demands it. An odor of gas is not only unpleasant but is a menace to the health. Fine coal dust floating in the air is just as bad.

¶ The HECLA Furnace is absolutely gas and dust proof. The Joints, which in other Furnaces are made with bolts and cement, are fused in the HECLA. This process welds the cast-iron and steel into a solid one-piece construction.

¶ Expansion and contraction cannot spread the fused joint. Even after 20 years of service, the joints in the HECLA will be found perfectly tight. The fumes from the fire cannot find an opening. The air in the living rooms is always pure and healthful.

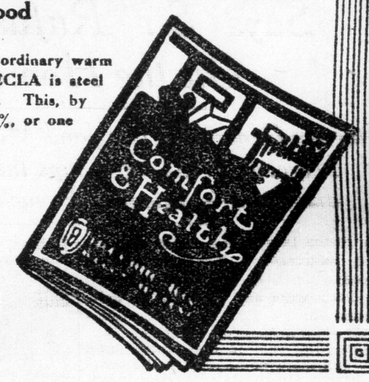
HECLA FURNACE

For Coal and Wood

Ribbed Fire-Pot

Saves one ton in Seven

This healthful heating costs less than ordinary warm air heating. The fire-pot of the HECLA is steel ribbed to radiate the heat rapidly. This, by actual test, makes a saving of 13⅓%, or one ton of coal in seven.



Do you want to give more thought to the heating of your home?

"Comfort & Health" will interest you. It is a book on sane heating. Your address on a post card will bring it.

173

CLARE BROS. & CO., LIMITED, - - - PRESTON, Ont.

CHAS. DYSON, 758 Dundas St., LONDON.

Your Baby's Comfort

Be careful of what you put next to Baby's sensitive skin. Pins and Buttons chafe and irritate. As he cannot tell what annoys, you must look carefully to each garment that touches him. The undervest is the most important because it must not only be perfectly comfortable but it must cover the lungs and the abdomen snugly to prevent croup and colic.

VantaVest

Vanta Vests are scientifically designed. There are No Pins nor Buttons used in fastening this vest in place. It does not slip up and bind because it ties below the curve of the abdomen and cannot work up.

Finest selected, specially prepared cotton and highest grade Imported Australian wool used to make Vanta Vestments. A twistless tape that cannot roll nor string is used exclusively for ties.

PRICES

Selected, specially prepared cotton - - 25c.
Selected cotton and highest grade wool, mixed, 35c.
High-grade special Imported Australian wool 50c.

J. R. MOODIE & SONS LIMITED

MANUFACTURERS OF Hygeian UNDERWEAR HAMILTON, Can.

2

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS.

CHANGE OF CLIMATE DID NOT HELP

But GIN PILLS Conquered His Rheumatism.

THE fact that men of standing and responsibility do not hesitate to come out and state frankly how much good GIN PILLS have done them speaks volumes for this good old remedy.

Mr. W. G. Reid, of Hamilton, whose statement we publish below, with his permission, is one of the best known commercial men in Canada. His many friends throughout the country will be delighted to learn that he is quite himself again. He says:

"I have been for the last two years a cripple with Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I have tried almost everything known to medical science to relieve me of the intense pain and inflammation. I sought change of climate in Kentucky and other Southern points without relief. Your manager in this city recommended GIN PILLS and I have since taken eight boxes and am now cured. I consider GIN PILLS the conqueror of Rheumatism and Kidney Disease.

(Signed) W. G. REID."

Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, and all other troubles arising from weak, inactive or diseased kidneys, have little chance against GIN PILLS.

The curative properties in these pills go straight to the root of the trouble—the failure of the kidneys to keep the blood free from the irritating Uric Acid which is continually being formed in the body. GIN PILLS help the Kidneys to perform this function properly, and the train of troubles vanish.

Just try it and prove it to your own satisfaction. There is no risk—money back if GIN PILLS do not help you.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50. Samples free if you write National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Toronto. z

'We Shall Carry the Bill' Says Sir Rufus Isaacs On the Home Rule Issues

Attorney-General of England Makes Fun of Carson's Heroics in Ulster—Says the Government Is Undismayed—Unionists Preaching Anarchy.

Sir Rufus Isaacs, the attorney, recently addressed a large meeting of his constituents at the Reading town hall. They were met together, he said, in accordance with his usual practice of giving an account of what had happened in the past in Parliament and what was likely to happen in the coming session. On the last occasion when he met them Mr. John Redmond made a speech which it would be well for some of them to refer to on this particular date. He was not going to weary them with a repetition of it, but he would remind those present after what had taken place during the past few weeks of the spirit of peace, amity and goodwill in which Mr. Redmond spoke not only in reference to the Nationalists, but in reference to those who were opposed to him in Ireland, and who he knew differed from him fundamentally, yet against whom he never uttered one single word of calumny or even reproach. (Cheers.) When he (the speaker) heard reference made to religious oppression, of which the Ulstermen, as they called themselves, stood in fear, he could only say that throughout the length and breadth of this land they could show the speech of Mr. John Redmond and the admirable restraint shown by the Irish Nationalists. (Cheers.) It is as well, Sir Rufus went on, to talk of it just a moment, because we have been told in language of more or less violence, which I shall not certainly attempt to reproduce, and which I shall certainly not strive to emulate, about the treasonable compact with reference to the Parliament act. We fought a general election upon the Parliament act in order that we might carry measures which the House of Lords had rejected repeatedly, and one of those measures was home rule for Ireland. (Cheers.) The question of home rule has been and also is a great controversial matter. We Liberals have made many sacrifices for home rule. There was a long period of misunderstanding, and I am afraid of misgovernment, by both parties in dealing with Ireland until there arose one great, noble statesman, who went further than any of those who preceded him. I mean Mr. Gladstone. (Loud and prolonged cheers.) The Irish nation has made no extraordinary or fantastic demand. It has been said that this is a treasonable conspiracy. I said I would scorn to use the language which has been used in reference to this matter in the recent campaign in Ireland, and I will pass from those references hoping and trusting that they are merely frothy rhetoric, indulged in in a spirit of great excitement. Ireland, the Attorney-General went on, had always one great ideal, and that was to be recognized as a nation and part of the British Empire, doing its duty to the empire.

Comic Relief in Ulster.

I am not going to devote my time, Sir Rufus said amid cheers, to the comic relief which was supplied recently in Ireland. I can only think that somehow or other the Irish sense of humor was absent on that occasion when they arrived upon the scene with those dummy rifles, with the toy cannon, with the ambulance wagon to carry wounded from the war which is never to take place, with the nurses to attend upon those who are not to be wounded, and with the salute of which I am not minded to say much because I cannot help thinking that it has already received the severest punishment which could be meted out to it—for has not the great Daily Mail rebuked the great Sir Edward Carson. (Laughter.) If only the leaders had worn brown cocked hats and feathers and let off crackers the illusions of my youth would have been complete, and we should again have been playing at soldiers. (Renewed laughter.) Such incidents in their first appearance, before we realized that they were dummy rifles and toy cannons, were very grave ones, but now they have become so ridiculous that I think we can safely pass from them without making more reflection upon them. Sir Rufus proceeded to contend that in what the Government were doing they were keeping faith loyally with their constituents, and they intended to carry out their duty to give home rule to Ireland to the letter. "We shall be only too glad to consider the case of Ulster most carefully and sympathetically, and to give to it if it is possible any further safeguard which can be suggested. I have as much belief in the civil war of which they are talking as I have in the efficiency of the dummy rifles which they are carrying, but if their doctrine is to prevail there is a far greater isue to be considered. It means that a demonstration admirably stage-managed, led by one of great histrionic genius, and the threat of the use of force is to carry full weight, full authority against the views of Parliament, I wonder whether those who are somewhat lightly rejoicing at what has happened in Ulster think of their responsibility, of the responsibility of men who advocate violence? It is not as though there has been cruelty and injustice. I cannot for the life of me understand the attitude of those who have incited vast numbers of people, who are ready under the aegis of these legal luminaries to do that from which they otherwise would shrink. But the history of this movement shows that big words have been used as to the future with very small results. Sir Edward Carson has said that he does not care whether it is treason or not. Terrible language! (Laughter.) Dragging at the tail of the Unionist party in Ulster you will find the leaders of the Unionist party following a course which, if it is as threatened, means nothing else but anarchy, and if they continue that course they will well deserve the name not of the constitutional party, but the name of the anarchist party. I wonder if those who are using this language realize how difficult such words might make the administration of the law. I do not wonder at people complaining when they are prosecuted if wealthy and prominent men are allowed to make statements of such a kind. But, of course, poor men are not learned in the law. They do not understand the make statements of such a kind. But, it will be very difficult if the Tory party come into power for them to give that protection to which the public is justly entitled at the hands of the law.

The Government Undismayed.

I speak for the Government, Sir Rufus concluded, when I say that these incidents in Ulster will not turn us one hairsbreadth. We are undismayed; we are undaunted by all these performances. We shall pursue our policy calmly and patiently, with such wisdom as we can bring to bear upon the question with which we have to deal, and we shall carry the home rule bill through the House of Commons, and I venture to predict that before the end of this year the bill will emerge from the House of Commons after having passed its third reading. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

Sir Edward Carson Speaks To 5,000 People at Glasgow Flag-Wagging and Singing

Replies to the Attorney-General's "Lecture"—Says His Course Is Leading to Anarchy, But Blames the Government—Says He Is Not a "Thoughtless Lad" Or a Bigot.

Sir Edward Carson from Liverpool went on to Glasgow, and at a demonstration replied to the Attorney-General's "lecture," as he termed it. He arrived with the blackthorn presented to him at Portadown, and at his hotel, it is said, found many messages of good wishes. The demonstration was more ordinary and more a meeting rather than a show than others have been. About five thousand, however, were present, and an overflow was organized. The chairman, Sir Charles Scott-Dickson, said that Sir Edward Carson had worked a mighty revolution in public and governmental feeling. Sir Edward Carson himself, however, noting that Sir Rufus Isaacs had said that the Government would not be turned a hairsbreadth, said that he did not expect that the demonstrations would make any difference with the Government; they were not directed by reason or argument.

The audience in St. Andrew's Hall, while waiting for Sir Edward Carson and the other speakers, listened to the Arthur Balfour Choir. The choir went through a program of music, two items of which were Kipling's "Ulster," sung to the tune of the "British Grenadiers," and "'Rouse ye, Ulster," a part song, in which the audience joined enthusiastically. Many people rose from their seats at intervals during the singing of this song and waved small Union flags. There was an encore and the organist played it over again, while the audience, which numbered 5,000, stood up. When it was finished hats, handkerchiefs and flags were waved all over the hall, and the audience broke out into "Rule Britannia." Sir Edward Carson had a magnificent reception as he stepped on the platform. The National Anthem was next sung and was followed by great cheering. Sir Charles Scott-Dickson, M. P., presided, and others on the platform were the Marquis of Allsa, the Marquis of Graham, the Marquis and Marchioness of Linlithgow, the Earl of Cassillis, the Rev. Lord Blythswood, Lady Arthur, and Lady Helen Stewart-Murray.

The chairman, whose table was draped with the Union Jack, said they had come to bury home rule, not to condemn it. (Cheers.) It had been tried and found wanting and killed in Ireland. Within the last few days Sir Edward Carson had worked a mighty revolution in public feeling and in governmental feeling. (Cheers.) History had been made within the last ten days, and whatever happened to the bill there would be no home rule in Ireland. (Loud cheers.)

Ridicule and Abuse.

Sir Edward Carson then rose, and the audience jumped up and sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," cheered again and again, and waved Union Jacks. Sir Edward Carson said that what he saw before him showed that, just as Ulster had made up its mind and Liverpool had done so, so now Glasgow also had made up its mind. This campaign was going to be not only the death of home rule, but, he believed, the revival of that feeling in this country which would send it out to the nations of the world that no longer were we apathetic to our own interests, and that in the middle of great conflicting questions of international importance upon the whole continent we were not going to start by dividing at the heart of the Empire. (Loud cheers.) It might be that to people over here this home rule bill was a political question. It was not a political question to the inhabitants of Ireland. It was a question in their belief of the very existence of the civil and religious liberty of the people who for 112 years had lived under a union to which they were invited, and from which it was now suggested they should be kicked out. "But," he went on, "I say to the men who would separate us, 'Hands off.' We will not accept separation, and you in England and Scotland will not allow it. (Loud cheering.) I have seen in the last few days a great deal of abuse about myself in the daily press, or a portion of it, and a good deal of ridicule. I can bear it all; I can bear it with the greatest equanimity. I remember once hearing a counsel at the bar say to a judge who had apparently wanted to stop him, 'But I have a great deal more to say to your lordship, and I hope your lordship will listen to me.' And his lordship replied with great politeness, 'Indeed I will, for I may tell you I never listen with greater equanimity than when my mind is thoroughly made up.' (Laughter and cheers.) That is the way that I view their abuse and ridicule. (Cheers.)

The Cause That Matters.

"It is not abuse and ridicule that matters. It is the cause that matters. It is the carrying out of the obligations of the men who have trusted you that matters, and I hope that so long as I am given strength not one of these honest men who have so often cheered me for the little I am able to do will ever have cause to regret that I have ever been diverted one inch from the course set before us by anything that is said. (Loud and prolonged cheering.) I can tell you our claim in a single sentence. We want to stay with you. (Prolonged cheering and a voice, 'So you shall; so you shall.') That is all. We are not out for plunder. (Laughter.) We are not seeking goldfields. We are not even looking for peerages and baronetcies. (Great laughter and cheers.) I should like more of those prominent politicians who are making speeches just now to tell me this—What have these men in the North of Ireland done that you should create a precedent and kick them out like dirt, they who have been loyal and true to the constitution? (Loud cheers.) The question I ask is—What good is home rule going to do? I shall never receive an answer." The Unionists of Ireland, Sir Edward Carson continued, did not believe in subordinate parliaments, and he was bound to state on behalf of these men, let those laugh at it who liked, that they did not intend to submit to this subordinate position. That was why they ventured into the covenant. The covenant was laughed at and jeered at. But these men having made the covenant, he was as certain as he was of anything in the world that they would stick to it. (Loud cheers.)

He saw by the press that the demonstrations and "bogus covenant," as it was called, had left the Government absolutely unmoved. Mr. Gulland stated that all these made no difference, and Sir Rufus Isaacs, whom he had frequently met in conflict in a more friendly way (laughter), said it would not turn the Government aside a hair's breadth. Well, he had heard Sir Rufus say that kind of thing before (laughter), but it was not a very statesmanlike attitude to adopt. He did not think it was the act of a statesman to flaunt a great and important community and to tell them. "We have no alternative but to coerce you to live under a Government you detest." But he never expected that their demonstrations would make any difference with the Government. They knew that the Government were not directed by reason or argument. (Hear, hear.) They were bound hand and foot to John Redmond. (Great cheering and laughter.) As to a suggestion which had been made that the King would be opening an Irish Parliament in Dublin in 1914, he replied, "I don't think." (Laughter and great cheering.)

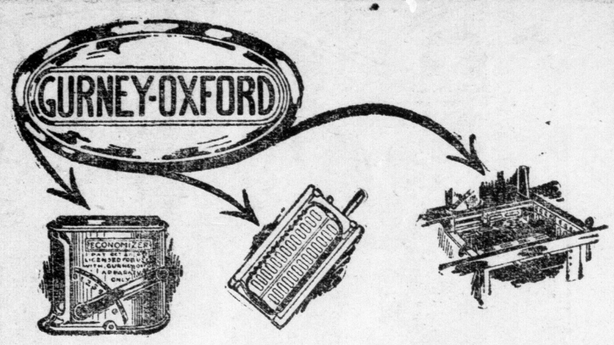
A Serious Matter.

"The Attorney-General," Sir Edward Carson said, "has been reading me a lecture upon what is a serious matter, because I myself once or twice had the honor of being a law officer of the crown. He says my doctrines and the course I am taking lead to anarchy. Does he not think I know that? (Cheers.) Does he think that after coming to my time of life and passing through the various offices and responsibility I have accepted, that I did this like a baby without knowing the consequences? That is not the question. The question is, whose fault is it? All doctrines of resistance, passive or active, tend to anarchy, and that is why no man without pious, just, and righteous cause ought ever to dare to preach to any of his fellow-citizens anything tending to a breach of any law that passes the Imperial Parliament. I admit that, but you must get at the root of this matter: It is the flouting of the people, the filching away of rights on which you were born, and that alone which gives men the right to say 'We are entitled to stake everything in framing the Government under which we and our children are in the future to live.' I should like to ask the Attorney-General dare he lay it down that free men must submit to any act because it is passed by the Government of the day. No man can lay that down. All this chopping of logic is so much nonsense. We are prepared if we fail to take the consequences. (Loud cheers.) The whole of this matter is to me one of the gravest responsibilities I have ever had in my life. (Cheers, and a voice, "I believe you.") I am no thoughtless lad trying to inflame bigoted passions. I loathe them. I know what I am dealing with. I know the fires and flames that are burning at the thought of the betrayal of my countrymen, not only in Ulster but all through the rest of Ireland. I will tell those who trust me to go on making preparations to defend themselves. (Cheers.) In accordance only with the progress and exigencies of the situation, I shall advise them, as I have advised them, to do nothing aggressive, to shrink from nothing that is defensive. I desire this; so do they. All have been the most peaceful, law-abiding subjects in Ireland that his majesty ever had, but I am bound to say that if this bill is attempted to be forced as a law upon Ulster the Government will be provoking forces which neither I nor anyone else could control if we would, and I would not control them if I could. (Loud cheering, the whole audience rising and waving flags and hats.)

"A Little Further Ahead."

"Let us look a little further ahead. Contemplate Ulster coerced and put down for the sake of the Nationalists of the south and west of Ireland. Think of his majesty's loyal subjects shot down and destroyed. Think of that blot of betrayal upon the pages of our noble traditions. Think of men in the workshops, women in the mills, telling their children, 'We were loyal to England. We wanted to stay with England. We believed in her justice and liberty and law. We spoke out and appealed to Englishmen and Scotsmen. And what did they do? They said you must go and be handed over to those who have detested you. We pleaded with them and then we were driven to fight them. They came over here and shot our men down, your father and grandfather.'" (A voice, "No, no," and "It can never be," and cheers.) "I say," Sir Edward Carson added, "the position is intolerable. (Cheers.) I never will believe until it is an accomplished fact that the great English nation, the great Scottish nation, the great nation of Great Britain of which we claim to be a part—I never will believe till it is an accomplished fact that this foul act of treachery and betrayal will ever be attempted. (A voice, "Never, never.") I say the day it is done will be the day of the sunset of England's glory." (Great and prolonged cheering.)

Major Hope, M. P. for Midlothian, moved: "That this meeting of Glasgow Unionists, profoundly convinced that disastrous results must follow the passing of the home rule bill, desires to assure the loyalists of Ireland of its cordial sympathy and support in the present crisis and complete approval of their solemn determination to remain an integral part of the United Kingdom subject to the laws of the Imperial Parliament." Mr. J. A. Lovat Fraser, the prospective Unionist candidate for the Blackfriars and Hutchestown division, seconded the resolution, which was carried with great enthusiasm. Sir Edward Carson addressed an overflow meeting of 2,000 people in the Berkeley Hall, where also Union Jacks were waved and enthusiasm prevailed.



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Lady Lyttelton's Memoirs Throw Amusing Sidelights On Queen Victoria

Letters of a Palace Governess—Vivid Picture of the Queen as a Mother—The Prince of Wales' Baby Courage—Duke of Cambridge at Prayers.

Much interesting matter about the home life of Queen Victoria in the early years of her reign is contained in the "Correspondence of Sarah Spencer Lady Lyttelton, 1787-1870" (Murray, 15s. net), which has been edited by the Hon. Mrs. Hugh Wyndham, and is published today. Lady Lyttleton, the daughter of the second Earl Spencer, became lady-in-waiting to Queen Victoria in 1838, and four years later was appointed governess to the royal children, by whom she was affectionately known as "Laddie."

In one of the letters we see the Queen as a young woman who was particular about the pronunciation of words (which differed in many respects from our pronunciation today), and anxious to be regarded as an authority on such matters. Writing from Buckingham Palace in February, 1839, Lady Lyttelton says:

> The Queen says gold open, not goold; also Rome open, not Room. Also Prussia in my way (she was accustomed in childhood to the other way), rhyming to Russia, in spite of the Dean of Chester. She is particularly pleased at being reckoned an authority about accent, and takes great pains about it.

Card Losses "Honestly" Paid.

There are, of course, descriptions of the Queen's prorogation of parliament, of her wedding, and such great matters. But it is for its account of the familiar, not the public, life of the Queen that these letters are most valuable. Here, for example, is a realistic note on the amusements of the royal household at Windsor in 1841:

> Played at ecarte last night. It is now for money, and I won six pence, which the Queen paid very honestly. A round game was played lately, after which Miss Paget had to pay Prince Albert two pence stirling, which she did, first washing them with yellow soap for his royal hands.

Here again is a vivid picture of the Queen as a young mother:

> The princess hid her head under the nurse's arm yesterday, and on the Queen's peeping round to see why she did it, H.R.H. was detected in that safe corner sucking her necklace, which is forbidden. Then The Queen said, "Oh fie! naughty! naughty!" upon which the child looked slily at her, and held up her mouth to be kissed. It is lucky another is coming. The Queen is, like all very young mothers, exigeante, and never thinks the baby makes progress enough or is good enuogh. She has her constantly with her.

A little later we find Lady Lyttelton commenting on the rather elevated tone which the Prince Consort introduced at the dinner table.

> We have, I begin to notice, rather a raised tone of conversation of late—many bits of information, and naval matters, and scientific subjects, come up, and are talked of very pleasantly at dinner. The prince, of course, encourages such subjects, and no gossip has been stirring since we have been here, but many things are said daily which I am sorry to forget. The prince and Queen are reading Hallam's "Constitutional History of England" together, most carefully, and for a light book "St. Simon's Memoirs." Very pleasant to find him reading aloud to her, while she was at cross-stitch, as I did the other evening before dressing-time. Oh! what a blessing it is that "Love rules the court" as he does!

Prince of Wales' Baby Carriage.

In 1844 we see the Prince of Wales hard put to it to keep up his courage during the firing at a review:

> I was deeply interested in Princey, who sat on my lap in ecstasies till the firing, when he behaved most prettily. It was quite near. "I afraid! Soldiers go popping! No more! I cry!" with the most touching countenance and bursting heart; but he conquered himself completely, did not cry a drop, and grew quite calm before it ceased—a real bit of courage on principle.

There is an entertaining description of how the Duke of Wellington embarrassed the Queen one evening by discussing cabinet secrets at the top of his voice at the dinner table:

> . . . Last evening was amusing enough, thanks to the Duke of Wellington, who made a great joke by beginning to talk as loud as thunder to the Queen, by whom he sat, about a matter of such serious and critical and difficult state importance, that it ought only to have been alluded to in cabinet. He was evidently quite unaware how loud he talked. The Queen blushed over and over, and at last succeeded in screaming out upon some other subject. But he went on: "Yes, madam. That is what I am driving it now. Whether I shall carry my point I am not sure. Lord John says if——" etc., etc.

Prince Albert cuts an odd figure about the same time as he tries to keep himself warm one winter day in Windsor Castle:

> We have been struggling through the coldest day in this winter; so far everybody, from the tailor to Prince Albert, has come in with red nose and tingling fingers. Such a hurricane of northeast wind, such dark clouds, absent sun, and hard obduracy of black frost. I never saw I said to the prince: "Will your royal highness consent to look over the quarterly accounts which I have just brought down?" H. R. H.: "Yes, certainly, if you will consent to my doing reel steps all the time to warm myself." (H. R. H. was actively so doing as he spoke). S. L.: "By all means, sir, provided your royal highness does not insist on my joining." So we were sportive. . .

The Duke of Cambridge at Prayers.

Very amusing, again, is the account of the eccentric habits of the Duke of Cambridge in his later days, as we see in a letter from Osborne in 1850:

> I am again going to dine down, to help to work off the old Duke of Cambridge, who is said to be somewhat troublesome, by asking, in his good Father's tone, such questions as, "How do you get on here? Rather dull, hey?" within two chairs of the Queen at a small table. . . The Duke of Cambridge at Chatsworth the other day, on his knees in the middle of family prayers, very loud before the assembled household, "A d——d good custom this!"

Lady Lyttelton is full of praises for the Queen as a "womanly woman," as may be seen in the following account of another cold evening at Windsor Castle:

> The Queen was cold (as indeed had long been all Her Majesty's loving subjects and servants then with her) the other evening—the great drawing-room having but one of its fires burning, and few people in it. She said, "I am sadly cold. I should like the other fire lighted." Then low to me, "Tell Lord Poltimore to go and ask the prince if he would like the other fire lighted." Of course the prince did like it, but the thing, though small, struck me as a pretty bit of wifeism. . . .

The editor is to be thanked for giving us in this volume one of the freshest and most entertaining books of the kind that have been published for a long time.

Cause of Eczema Explained

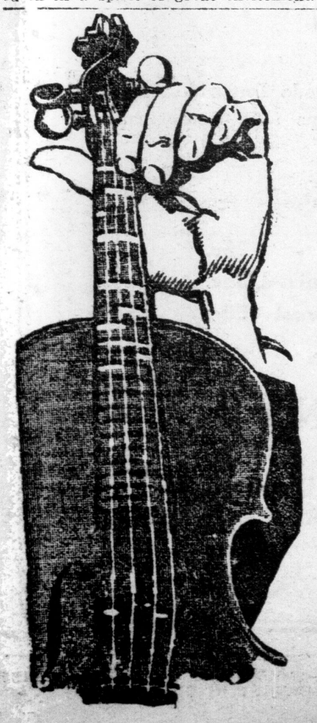
After years of debate medical authorities are now agreed that Eczema and other skin diseases are not seated in the blood, but are caused by myriads of microscopic animals gnawing the flesh just below the epidermis. The patient is perfectly healthy; it is only the skin that is diseased.

Hence scientists are now agreed that you must cure the skin through the skin. The medicine must be in liquid form in order to penetrate properly. And we can say with confidence that we have the true remedy for Eczema in our store—the D. D. D. Prescription.

The instant you wash with this soothing liquid you will find the itch relieved. We positively assure you of this. Will you try a bottle on our recommendation? Besides the regular Dollar Bottle we can now offer you, through an arrangement with the D. D. D. Laboratories, a special large trial bottle at only 25c. We are not sure how long this offer will be open—but it is open today, and by taking it up you can get instant relief from that awful itch and an early cure.

W. T. Strong, druggist; Anderson & Nelles, druggists.

It's a Cinch To Be a Fiddler Now



In all these hundreds of years the beginner has been compelled to feel his way up and down the scale on a violin fingerboard that had not the slightest indication of the places where the tones changed. It has been necessary by hard practice to learn just where these points were and train the fingers to unconsciously cover them when a sequence of tones was desired.

Now a young Australian has come to the fore with a new violin that overcomes this difficulty and makes it possible to tell every note a violin can make at a glance. He has accomplished this by inventing a system of guide grooves for the fingerboard as shown in the drawing. Those for the low notes are wide and deep and those for the higher notes are narrow and shallow. But he has not been satisfied with simply placing guides along the fingerboard.

He has caused these guides to be made of different colored woods or painted different colors so that one can tell at a glance just what note is touched when one is familiar with the system. Books of instruction, containing music written on diagrams similiar to the strings of the new violin are furnished students and they quickly and easily learn just how to master this most difficult—and sweetest—of all musical instruments.