The Daily Tribune.

VOL. I. SAINT JOHN, N. B., MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 15, 1872. No. 20.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

OPENED AT THE

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

Market Square,

A large assortment of

NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

To enumerate the different articles would occupy too much space for the limits of an advertisement.

THE STOCK OF

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plate,

CUTLERY,

Paper Machie Ware,

AND

Fancy, Ornamental, and Useful Goods,

are offered at reasonable prices.

☞ An inspection of the Stock is respectfully solicited.

dec 22 6i RICHARD THOMPSON

NEW YEAR'S BAZAAR

R. S. STAPLES & CO.'S

NEW YEAR'S BAZAAR

OF

Toys and Fancy Goods

IS NOW OPEN.

A Grand Display.

INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY INVITED.

R. S. STAPLES & CO.,

46 Prince Wm. Street.

dec 28 8i

Watches, Jewelry, &c.,

FOR THE

HOLIDAY TRADE.

PAGE BROS.,

41 KING STREET,

Invite special attention to their stock of

RICH GOODS,

Suited to the requirements of the Season,

IN

Fine Gold and Silver Watches,

ENGLISH GOLD CHAINS,

JEWELRY,

Silver and Electro-Plated Goods, Clocks, Bronzes, &c., &c.

PAGE BROS.,

dec 21 41 KING STREET.

25 KING STREET.

A. & T. GILMOUR.

Brown, Blue and Black

BEAVER, CHINCHILLAS,

MOSCOWS,

AND

HEAVY PILOTS.

25 KING STREET,

(NORTH SIDE.)

dec 22

LOGAN & LINDSAY

TEAS,	ORANGES,
SUGARS,	GRAPES,
RAISINS,	APPLES,
CURRANTS	LEMONS,
FIGS,	NUTS
CONFECTIONARY,	CANNED PEACHES,
BON BONS,	do. PINE APPLES,
COSSAQUES,	do. TOMATOES,
LUGGAGE,	do. PEARS,
WREATHS,	do. STRAWBERRIES.
CANNED OYSTERS,	SARDINES,
do. LOBSTERS,	ANCHOVIES,
do. SALMON,	POTTED MEATS
do. MACKEREL,	CHUTNEY'S,
SPICED SALMON,	CURRIES.
PICKLES.	FANCY BISCUITS,
SAUCES,	CHOCOLATES,
OLIVES,	COFFEES,
CAPERS,	SPICES,
DRIED HERBS,	PRESERVED GINGER.

And all seasonabe Goods.

dec 21—3 i 67 KING STREET.

IN STORE.

20 BARRELS CRUSHED SUGAR:
5 bbls Powdered do;
10 bbls CURRANTS;
500 boxes RAISINS, new fruit.
For sale by JOSHUA S. TURNER.

dec 22

NOTICES OF

'THE WISDOM OF THE KING,'

BY

Rev. James Bennet,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

"EVIDENCES of deep and serious thought throughout the volume."—*Belfast News Letter, Jan. 24, 1871.*

"Succeeds well in seizing on the salient points of the words of the Royal Preacher, and in bringing them home to present duty."—*Glasgow Daily Review, Feb 6, 1871.*

"Characterized by directness of aim, sound sense, and right appreciation of the sacred writer's meaning."—*The Preachers' Lantern, (London), Feb. 1871.*

"It is a good book of sterling value."—*The British and Foreign Ecclesiastical Review, April 1871.*

"His Book may be recommended as worthy to take a place in the Homiletical Literature of Ecclesiastes."—*British Quarterly Review, April 1871.*

"The production of a highly cultivated mind. . . . We have read several works on Ecclesiastes, and well remember the pleasure with which years ago we perused the 'Royal Preacher,' but for fine criticism, comprehensiveness of thought, striking illustration and unostentatious, yet eloquent and forcible style, THE WISDOM OF THE KING, we think, surpasses them all."—*St. Croix Courier, March 6, 1871.*

"The volume is not an unworthy companion of Dr. Buchanan on the same book."—*The Homilist (London), April 1871.*

"A series of charming Essays. . . . Each chapter branches out into innumerable topics of a secondary and collateral nature, giving to the work a boundless diversity, enriched with stores of ethical as well as of spiritual wisdom, evincing at once acute observation of social life and of human character, and containing the noblest lessons for practical guidance. Our author's style is remarkable for its free, unconstrained flow, almost colloquial at times, but invariably signalized by elegance, force, adaptation to the subject, and not seldom by originality of thought in combination with terseness and beauty of expression. . . . There is about it a freshness, as well as a fullness of practical teaching, rarely to be met with in ordinary Biblical commentaries."—*Londonderry Standard, Feb. 15, 1871.*

"This is a bright, breezy book, both interesting and instructive. We can most conscientiously commend this book generally, as one of the most sprightly, attractive and instructive works of its kind that has fallen under our observation."—*Boston Evening Traveller, May 6th, 1871.*

"Every portion of the work indicates extensive scholarship and mature thought."—*Belfast Northern Whig. April 8th, 1871.*

"The force, raciness and robust manliness of Mr. Bennett's style and mode of treatment will arrest attention and excite interest in quarters where preaching or writing of the average quality would fall flat and dead."—*Home and Foreign Record. March, 1871.*

"So plain yet so suggestive, so practical yet so profound are these Lectures that while you read them you feel their deep truth and reality; that you are in contact with realities both visible and invisible; that you are in close contact with the beating heart of nature and humanity, and that all their life and hope flow full and free from God alone."—*Fredericton Head Quarters, March 1st, 1871.*

"The writer is evidently well acquainted with the literature of his subject, and that acquaintance reveals itself almost unconsciously in every page. There is no ostentation of reading or learning, but there is everywhere the gleaming forth of light which cannot be hid. . . . The style is simple, intelligible, graceful. It shows at once that Mr. Bennet is a man of literary culture, who can express his thoughts with scholarly chasteness and good taste. We could not open a page without meeting some thought vigorously expressed. The work is eminently fresh and readable."—*Pres Witness, Halifax.*

"He reveals in the treatment of his themes strong common sense, a firm grasp of thought, a logical acumen and a clear insight into human character. Even when dealing with trite ideas he imparts to them a novelty and interest by which they are lifted into an importance they scarcely deserve. The style throughout is lucid, pure, compact, forcible,—and it is his own—the garb of his own thinking. We have met in our perusal of the book with numerous paragraphs of finished and brilliant rhetoric—fine specimens of pulpit oratory. He is never tame nor tiresome. We have not found one slip shod sentence in the volume."—*Christian Visitor, (Baptist) March 6th, 1871.*

"We were not prepared to find him writing in such a finished style and issuing such a volume as the result of certain preparations made for an evening lecture to his congregation. If all his pulpit performances are equal to these, his people have reason to rejoice in the Providence which guided his steps to them."—*Evangelical Witness, May 1st 1871.*

"This is a remarkably thoughtful, solid book. Mr. Bennet is evidently at home in Metaphysics and Ethics, and he is a shrewd observer of human nature in its ordinary manifestations; consequently he ranges over the lessons of the Preacher with a power of illustration which shews his mastery of the subject. The style is close and direct, and yet so lucid, that any reader may understand every sentence in the volume. . . . It will, we doubt not, take its place, as it ought to do, among our household expositions of this treatise of observation and Jewish wisdom."—*The Presbyterian (Philadelphia), May 20, 1871.*

"The lessons to be learned are drawn with a master's hand, and are expressed with a combined force and beauty that we have rarely seen surpassed in the production of any author. The ordinary reader will find nothing that is above his comprehension, and yet it would be difficult to find a common place thought or form of expression. A combination of these requisites we deem the highest merit a writer can possess.

"We will be much disappointed if the book do not command a wide circulation. Wherever a sound literature is felt to be a desideratum, THE WISDOM OF THE KING has but to be known to be prized as a work that the world will not willingly let die."—*Saint John Telegraph and Journal.*

"THE WISDOM OF THE KING is well worth careful reading. Indeed you cannot read much of it at once. There is a constant play of fancy about the thoughts, and often the very words, that is admirably suited to the Scripture book, of which this is an exposition, but which demands such constant attention on the reader's part that he gets tired, for he does not know where it is to end. The style is compact, lucid, often sparkling and epigrammatic, the sentences cut sharply, but with a poetic fulness of original illustration that redeems them from all hardness."—*Halifax Monthly Record, (Church of Scotland).*

"Each chapter is so well done, so lucid, yet concise in its exposition, that it is sometimes difficult to determine which is the best and most interesting.—*Stewart's Quarterly, St. John*

☞ A few copies of the above work may be had at Messrs. McMillan's, Chubb's, Barnes's, and Colonial Bookstore. Jan 5

BOOKS.

Bar and Forbear—Optic;
Old Merry's Annual for 18.2;
Our Old Uncle's Home;
King's Highway—Newton;
Sir Wilfred's Seven Flights.

AT McMILLAN'S.

Far and Near—by Ita;
Our Domestic Pets;
Resolution—by A. S. Roe;

AT McMILLAN'S.

Brake Up—Oliver Optic;
Omens and Superstitions;
Young America Abroad—Optic;
Stars in a Stormy Night.

jan 10 At 78 PRINCE WM. STREET.

Fresh Hickory Nuts.

JUST received direct from Ohio—3 brls. Fresh HICKORY NUTS. For sale by R. E. PUDDINGTON, Charlotte street.

jan 9

SPICES, PICKLES AND SAUCES.—Spices of every kind. For sale Pickles and Sauces (dec 21) R. E. PUDDINGTON.

Brooms! Brooms!

Just received ex "Girsey," from New York:—
15 DOZ. first rate BROOMS;
5 doz. Broom Brushes. For sale by
dec R. E. PUDDINGTO

Christmas Stock

OF

PIANO-FORTES,

From the most Celebrated Manufacturers of

BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

C. FLOOD'S WAREROOMS,

75 Prince Wm. Street.

☞ Special inducements to purchasers during the Holidays. dec 21

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER,

AS SUITABLE FOR

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

A FINE SELECTION OF NICELY BOUND

MUSIC BOOKS,

FOLIOS AND WRAPPERS,

OF DIFFERENT DESCRIPTIONS,

E. PEILER & BRO.,

64 Prince William Street,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

dec 21

THE LOCKMAN

FAMILY

Sewing Machine.

THE best and most useful CHRISTMAS BOX or NEW YEAR'S GIFT is a LOCKMAN SEWING MACHINE.

Special Discount for the Holidays.

79 KING STREET.

Hoop Skirt Factory,

DAVID MILLAR.

dec 21

CHRISTMAS GOODS!

H. CHUBB & CO.,

Beg to call the attention of the public to their Stock of Goods suitable for the Holiday Season, consisting of

Writing Desks,
Work Boxes,
Jewel Cases,
Dressing Cases,
Work Baskets,
Glove Boxes,
Bibles,
Prayer Books,
Wesley's Hyms,
Catholic Prayers,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,

in great variety.

OPERA GLASSES in PEARL, &c

and a Great Variety of other Goods.

Remember 65 Prince William Street.

dec 22

NUTS! NUTS!—A full assortment of Nuts including a recent arrival of Fresh Hickory Nuts. For sale by R. E. PUDDINGTON.

dec 21

Money to Loan.

$800, AND SMALLER AMOUNTS, to Loan on Freehold or Leasehold security. J. R. ARMSTRONG, BARRISTER, Canterbury street.

dec 21 2i

Family Tea.

20 QR. CHESTS FAMILY TEA. For sale by R. E. PUDDINGTON.

dec 29

GATES & CO.'S

Life-of-Man Bitters.

AN excellent preparation, entirely vegetable, pure, powerful and pleasant to the taste. For all diseases of the Lungs and Stomach. A full supply of the above popular remedy just received from the proprietors, and for sale by GEO. STEWART, Jr., PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, 24 King street.

dec 23

MALAGA GRAPES.—10 kegs Grapes; 10 boxes finest London Layer Raisins. For sale by (dec 21) R. E. PUDDINGTON.

Fall Shad and Labrador Herring.

50 HALF Barrels Fall Shad; 25 do. do. Labrador Herrings. GEO. S. DEFOREST, 11 South Wharf.

dec 21

FROM

Saturday's Edition!

[For the benefit of those who were unable to secure copies of Saturday's issue, we reprint on this page a portion of Saturday's contents. All of the reading matter on inside pages, however, has been set up specially for this number.]

Sleighing in Saint John.

The Citizens who enjoy it with elegant double teams—trotters—and staid family horses—Flashes on the Marsh Road—The Flyers and those who owns them.

[BY OUR OWN REPORTER.]

All the present week the sleighing has been excellent, the ground being covered with a smooth sheet of ice and encrusted snow which has rendered the roads as slippery as ever was seen; but it does not bid fair to continue, as the thaw of yesterday proved quite injurious. However, since Monday last the weather has been extremely fine, and the principal streets of the city and the roads in the vicinity thereof have been ringing with the music of the bells. We believe everybody who is fond of this merry winter's sport has been out, and the Marsh Road during the week presented a crowded scene of pleasure which may not be witnessed again this winter. In the afternoons it seemed that every one who had charge of a pair of runners and a steed to draw them gathered there.

There might be seen single trotters, hitched to light cutters, flying up and down the broadest part of the road between Jardine's and Dan's—a distance of two miles, almost straight away, indulging in frequent "spurts" with one another, to the evident fright of some steady going citizen, whose steed, in jogging along quietly, would bound to join the racers, as if to show what he could do. There, too, was the comfortable double sleigh containing a joyous family party, as well as the stylish barouche sleigh laden with beauty and fashion. In fact, all sorts of horses and sleighs were dashing up and down the road, except when their progress was impeded by some heavily laden teams toiling slowly by. But as we propose to give our readers in town and country some idea of the many fine equipages and valuable horses owned here, which may be seen on the roads nearly every fine day, it is time to speak of

THE DOUBLE TEAMS.

Foremost amongst them in completeness of style is the handsome turn out of Thos. Furlong, Esq. The horses are a closely mated pair of dapple greys, of good size and appearance, attached to a new barouche sleigh brought out this week from Price & Shaw's factory, which for beauty of design and finish will compare favorably with anybody's vehicle. It is painted a delicate cherry color, with gold stripe, and provided with neat silver railings, also with costly robes. It is tastefully carpeted and cushioned. The harness is of the latest fashion, gold mounted, with neat pole, chains and other equipments.

Dr. Wm. Bayard displays a high bred pair of bay mares, which drive very evenly together to a superior blue barouche sleigh, fitted with expensive robes, etc.

John Armstrong, Esq., has a spirited team of greys, of bold and stylish carriage, which take along his elegant barouche sleigh in fine style.

Messrs. Magee Bros. possess a neat pair of black horses, closely matched and look well together. One of them is said to be speedy; however, it is not everybody's team that has a license to beat them when driven to a light sleigh, and they carry along a handsome, crimson lined barouche sleigh presenting an attractive appearance.

E. D. Jewett, Esq., has a fine black team, of perfect form, with long, flowing manes and tails; they attract much attention from their close resemblance to each other, and seem admirably adapted for drawing the comfortable double sleigh to which they are generally attached.

Mr. E. L. Jewett can show as fast and stylish a team of family horses to a handsome barouche sleigh as can be produced here. One of them is said to be the handsomest carriage horse in the city, but we dare say Mr. Hugh Gregory would dispute the palm with him. They are both handsome horses.

Hon. J. Robertson's pair of bays make a splendid team, and his vehicles are richly and tastefully equipped.

Geo. McLeod, Esq., drives a fast and stylish cross matched team, a bay and black, with full flowing tails. They step along together very evenly to a neat looking double sleigh.

Dr. Hamilton has a team which, for beauty, speed and style, cannot be surpassed in St. John. They are a pair of well matched sorrels, with high knee action; up headed, they need no check reins, and they seem to have the principal requisites for a desirable team. The Doctor drives them to a new and fancy high-seated sleigh.

We should like to describe other turnouts, particularly of the medical fraternity, but space will only permit a passing reference to the fact that Drs. Earle, Keator, Berryman and Addy own double teams, each worthy of special description. Mr. Thos. E Grindon, also, has an extensive stable with many styles of sleighs, carriages, harness, &c., which should be specially mentioned.

The next duty is to take

THE SINGLE TEAMS,

which, judging from their appearance, cannot be classed as one horse concerns in the ordinary sense of the term.

Mr. John W. Nicholson's family ride behind a splendid mare, lately brought from Shediac. She is a fine family horse, taking along a neat double sleigh with as much apparent ease as some double teams.

Mr. H. S. Gregory is frequently out with his handsome Black Hawk horse, to a fancy cutter sleigh.

The invincible Mr. Pugsley, of Queen's Ward, puts in an occasional gay appearance on the road. He displayed a new and fancy cutter sleigh yesterday, made by Crothers.

Mr. Robert Marshall drives a good looking brown horse, with fashionable sleigh fitted out with wolf robes of the best quality.

Mr. Golding, owner of the Hambletonians, (one a stock horse by the famous horse Jay Gould, whose record is 2.22) shows some fine driving horses from time to time.

To-day we can only give a hurried sketch of our glances at

THE TROTTERS,

Of course, Crown Prince was out in charge of his trainer, Mr. C. W. Bell. It is likely there is no horse on the road, except Andy Johnson, that can give him a genuine "brush" whenever his noted driver is inclined to let him go.

Mr. Barnes has a trotter from the country that can out trot nearly all the fast horses which spread themselves on the Marsh:—he is not perfection in form, but he is strong, speedy and up to weight. His driver puts him at almost everything that comes along: he had the presumption to give Crown Prince a lively shake up a few days ago.

"Andy Johnson" was noticed speeding very fast alone a day or two ago; it is said he trotted like lightning.

There are a few other trotters lately brought from the Country:—their owners claim they can beat 3 minutes, but their performances on the road show nearer four minutes.

From time to time we shall keep our readers further informed of what occurs "on the Road."

Shooting Affair in the Waverley!

A JEW AND AN EMIGRATION AGENT HAVE A SERIOUS DIFFICULTY!

CARELESS USE OF FIREARMS!

Well dressed men shooting each other in hotels is becoming fashionable. A Stokes-Fisk affair on a smaller scale, in the Waverley House last evening, was the cause of great excitement among a large number in the hotel office and in the dining room, where, a few minutes previous to seven o'clock, in consequence of some insulting remarks, Samuel Isaacs, of the firm of M. Jacobs & Co., of the Steel Wire Broom and Brush Factory, 78 McGill street, Montreal, discharged four shots from a Smith & Wesson revolver, at James Whitman, Emigration Agent of the Northern Pacific Railway.

It appears that Isaacs left Montreal on Tuesday evening, arrived here on Thursday night, and went to the Waverley House. He was introduced to Whitman on Thursday evening.

THE FIRST ALTERCATION.

Yesterday afternoon Whitman went in to the hotel, and in conversation with Dr. DeWolf, of St. Stephen, in the presence of Isaacs, narrated a circumstance in which he had just been a participant. He said a shopman down street had asked a laboring man to put in some coal for him, and enquired how much he would charge for doing it. The laborer replied twenty cents, and the shopman offered fifteen cents. Whitman said he (Whitman) told the man not to put it in, and *he* would give him twenty cents.

Isaacs joined in the conversation and asked if the shopman heard him make the offer, Whitman replied no, he took the man away. Isaacs, who then had an appointment at half-past five with Mr. McAvity, in Water St., and was behind the counter in the hotel office putting on his overshoes, remarked to Whitman, who was standing near, that it would be a good joke if that man went back and put in the coal, for he would then make thirty five cents out of it.

Whitman turned around and asked him if he was talking to him or to the stove-pipe? Isaacs begged his pardon, and said he thought he had been introduced to him or he would not have spoken at all. Whitman then called Isaacs "a damned Yankee Jew, a Jew who had crucified our Saviour." Isaacs said, "you would not have had a Saviour if we had not crucified him." Whitman then went up to Isaacs and said he could nail his hands and feet up. Isaacs told him it would take a better man than he to do it; to go away,—he was drunk; when Whitman raised his cane to strike him. The porter and clerk took Whitman away and then let go of him, when he rushed at Isaacs again. The porter again took charge of Whitman and took him off to bed.

THE SECOND DIFFICULTY.

Isaacs immediately went out and returned to tea about twenty minutes to seven o'clock. He sat down at one end of a short dining table, a number of which are in the room. Whitman happened to be at the other end of the table, and said, "a Jew and a Nigger takes away my appetite." Isaacs did not reply, when Whitman called to one of the waiters to put up a screen in the middle of the table, so he would not see "that Jew Crucifier." Isaacs then said, "You are no gentleman."

Whitman jumped up, and Major Macshane who was near him pulled him back to his seat. He jumped up again, when Major Macshane said, "You have insulted that gentleman, come away to your room."

THE SHOOTING.

After this the parties have a different version of the affair. Isaacs says Whitman rushed at him, and he fired at him. Major Macshane says he was taking Whitman away when he saw Isaacs put his hand inside the breast of his coat, take out his revolver and fire three shots at Whitman, who then broke away from him and rushed at Isaac and caught him. During the struggle the pistol again went off. Two of the balls struck the dining room ceiling and fell to the floor and were afterwards found there. One shot grazed Whitman's shoulder and the ball lodged in his vest pocket.

ISAACS

was taken to the Police Station and locked up till this morning. He is a good-looking, well-dressed young man; will be twenty-four years old Valentine's day, and has lived in Philadephia till last July. Since that time he has lived in Montreal.

It appears that yesterday afternoon, after the first difficulty in the Waverly, Isaacs went down to McAvity's hardware store in Water street, having some business with the firm, and while there bought a revolver, probably the one used,

The prisoner was brought into the Police Court before Judge Gilbert this morning, and remanded till Monday, on the application of Silas Alward, Esq., his counsel.

WHITMAN

is the individual who ordered a hearse to the Victoria Hotel some time ago, to take away his baggage. Yesterday afternoon he was intoxicated and was no doubt very offensive, as he is reputed to be when drunk. During the shooting in the dining room, several ladies fainted, and we believe some of the sterner sex took to their heels panic stricken.

Delegates.

The Delegates to the Dominion Board, R. S. DeVeber, (appointed in place of Mr. McLeod,) S. D. Berton, and Mathew Lindsay Esquires., leave for Montreal on Monday next.

Shipping Notes.

Schr. "Alba," hence 30th Dec., for New York, put into Portland, Me. on the 11th inst having carried away main boom at 9 p. m. Saturday 6th. Capt. reports terrible weather; the vessel at one time had, he calculated, 50 tons of ice on her.

Hard.

The brigantine *Little Fury* is still at anchor at the quarantine ground, exposed to the full rigor of this inclement season. Just fancy the sufferings of those on Sunday last, the mercury in the thermometer below zero and a piercing gale sweeping down the harbor. How must the two sick men have blessed the day which brought them into Halifax harbor and delivered them over to the tender mercies of our quarantine authorities.—[Halifax Citizen.

The Vigilance Band.

This is a Society in connexion with Exmouth Street Wesleyan Church, the object of whose mission is one of the noblest in which mortals can engage,—relieving the wants of the sick and destitute,—lessening the sorrow and trouble of those who are friendless. In this selfish, grasping world the necessity for such Associations becomes greater every day, and all should wish the Vigilance Band unbounded success when they appeal publicly for aid. On next Thursday evening Mr. Boyd will give readings in behalf of their Fund, as per advt. in to-day's TRIBUNE.

A Trade Pamphlet.

We are indebted to the Lieutenant Governor for a copy of a Pamphlet recently issued by the Cobden Club on "The Commercial Policy of France and the Treaty with England of 1860." The *brochure* supplies valuable statistics bearing upon the development of French trade, whether in Imports, Exports, Manufactures or Shipping, under the favorable influences of France's Treaties with Britain and other powers. It is also an argument in favor of Free Trade against Protection. Our copy is at the disposal of merchants who may desire to examine its contents.

The "Tribune" again endorsed.

The *Religious Intelligencer* reproduces in full our editorial on "the Habits of Public Men," adding to the title, "Things which the people ought to know." It introduces the article to its large body of readers with the following preface;—"We "have occasionally referred to disgraceful "scenes that have occurred in and about "the Legislative Halls of this Province "in which 'Honorable' members of the "Assembly have been the chief actors. "The press has preserved too strict a silence "in the matter, and a silence unjustifiable, "and which has only served to encourage "a continuance in those ways and habits "which are a reproach to the country. "We are glad to read the following article "in the DAILY TRIBUNE. It contains things "which the people ought to know, and "knowing, ought to profit by."

Masonic.

The officers of Leinster Lodge No. 19, N. B. R., for the ensuing year were installed last evening by Grand Master Wedderburn and the officers of the Grand Lodge, viz.: H. J. Thorne, W. M.; M L Gross, S. W.; J. E. N. Holder, J. W.; C. A. Stockton, Treas.; A. G. Blakslee, Secy.; W. A. Tweedale, S. D.; G. K. Wetmore, J. D; T. C. Wetmore, S. S, A. Williams, J. S.; F. Beverley, D. of C.; W. J. Cornfield, I. G.; D. Scribner, Tyler.

BY TELEGRAPH.

British and Foreign.

RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES AT LOGGERHEADS.—TROUBLE IN THE WEST INDIES.—A TAMMANY JUDGE AT WORK.—COMPULSORY EDUCATION IN FRANCE.

[*Special Telegrams to the Daily Tribune.*]

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Advices from St. Petersburg state that Prince Gortschakoff's note to Minister Curtin was published in the Official Messenger, an unusual course.

It says that Catacazy was ordered to come to Russia as soon as the Grand Duke had departed from the United States, and was informed that he would not be returned to his post.

The Prince regrets that this painful affair did not terminate with the acquiescence by Russia in the request of Mr. Fish, who ought then, by rule of courtesy between friendly nations, to have considered it finally settled.

The subsequent correspondence shows that neither sufficient attention nor respect was shown to the Russian Ambassador whilst performing his duties.

Mr. Fish's letters present complaints against Catacazy, and then invite the Imperial Cabinet to judge his conduct. Many of these complaints Catacazy has satisfactorily refuted, and on others judgment will be passed when Catacazy has full liberty to present his case.

The Prince hopes the justice of this will be sufficiently understood. The United States cannot expect judgment to be passed on Catacazy before he renders his version of the unpleasant affair.

The tone of the whole note is that of studied insolence. It is certain that Gortschakoff has lost his temper and is excessively annoyed. Notwithstanding the expression of continued amity, there is a decided coolness in the relations of the two nations.

PARIS, Jan. 12.

The Committee on Parliamentary Initiative reported to the Assembly a bill providing for the release of all the Communists now confined in hulks who are not known to be guilty of criminal acts.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Jan. 12.

A Prussian man-of-war is here and demands the settlement of German losses occasioned during the revolution.

A French man-of-war is also here and demands a settlement of the French debt. The affairs of the country are in a critical condition.

The ministry have resigned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.

The Grand Jury of the General Sessions better known as the Reform Grand Jury, formally complained to-day at the course pursued by Judge Ingraham in allowing the Grand Jury of the Court of Oyer and Terminer to remain a legal obstruction to their progress. They show that they have investigated Municipal frauds, finding them involving over $10,000,000 loss to the tax payers of the city, and can do nothing further so far as the present state of affairs exist. The Reform Jury is very bitter towards Judge Ingraham, and every pressure possible is brought to bear on him. He has the power, as the law now stands, to effectually prevent any further action against the Tammany thieves.

(*To the St. John Associated Press.*)

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Sir F. Scudamore is appoinsed Director General of Telegraphs in the United Kingdom.

Rev. Mr. Watson, on trial at Chatham for murder, found guilty.

The Papal legation will be re-established in Madrid.

The French Bishops are opposing the compulsory educational bill introduced in the Assembly by the Minister of Public Instruction.

Rouher, Minister of State under the Empire, is a candidate for the Assembly from Corsica.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.

The President refuses martial law in New Orleans.

Chevalier De Sonza Labo was received on Friday as Portuguese Minister to the United States.

Extensive Telegraph Operations.

A million of home telegrams, a quarter of a million of foreign ones; a thousand telegraph offices, and fifteen thousand miles of wire; such is the exhibit of the Montreal Telegraph Company for 1871. From Gaspe to Amherstsburg; from Stanstead to Pembroke; from Sydney and Yarmouth to Bathurst and Rimouski stretch the thin gray lines, the "symbols of civilization." During last year one hundred and fifty new offices were opened, the total number on the Company's lines and its immediate connections now being 895, viz, in Ontario, 430; Quebec, 215; United States, 130; New Brunswick, 66; and in Nova Scotia, 54. The total number of offices of the company and its immediate connections in the Dominion is 765, scattered from the remote points of Gaspe, in Quebec, through the extreme lumber districts of the Upper Ottawa, on the shores of three great lakes of Huron, Ontario and Erie, and the Georgian Bay, to the extreme western section of Ontario. The total length of the wire is about 15,000 miles. Extensions more considerable than any made heretofore, are projected for next season; the policy of the company being rather to anticipated business in a locality than to wait for its development before supplying it with the means of communication with the outside world.

The Daily Tribune.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 15, 1872.

Public Representatives.

No. 2.

Entirely irrespective of the natural abilities and the degree of culture which our public men possess, it is absolutely essential that they should abstain from vices, and it is most desirable that they should avoid some social usages more perhaps in the nature of venal faults than crimes. It is of course difficult and, in a strictly religious sense, it may be wrong, to endeavor to classify and proportion the degrees of departure from perfect moral and religious rectitude, but it is repugnant to human nature to place the hardened profligate in the same category with the drunkard, and we are prone to abhor the one while we pity but possibly in a measure esteem the other, although, with regard to our real interests, he may be worse than useless, while the object of our aversion may be most useful. The representative man should remember, that in assuming his position, he assumes weighty responsibilities, and that, while he should use all his abilities natural and acquired, as though he held them in trust for his constituents, he should also, primarily, so conduct himself among men, that none should be able to accuse him of deviation from rigid morality, from truth, honesty, or any other of the social virtues, and that he should adorn the place he fills, that others following his upward footsteps, and watching his every movement, should not find a precedent for wrong in any of his actions, while to the bulk of the people he should be as Saul of Tarsus among his fellows.

There are few however who seem to entertain or apprehend such ideas as these, and fewer still who carry them into practice, and we find, as a natural result, that legislative efforts in favor of social and religious progress and reform, emanating from impure or unsettled sources, are regarded with suspicious looks by those who find no religion and little morality among the men who should be their great examples for these qualitics. Our remarks in regard to religious and moral qualifications, apply with double intensity to legal gentlemen, and to the few outside of the legal profession who attain permanent official positions where they are independant of subsequent political support or censure; and we do think such persons should remember that their present disgraceful or discreditable actions will surely follow them, and will effect their influence and lower their dignity in their new spheres. Of how few Judges in our Courts can it now be said, he never forsook his party in a self interested spirit; he never betrayed a political friend or colluded with a political foe; he never voted for a wrong measure for fear of injuring his prospects; he never bribed nor was he ever directly or indirectly the recipient of a bribe; and though we are able to say that the greater number if not all of our highest magistrates, are guilty of no immorality, using the word in its ordinary and more restricted sense, and that as a rule they meet pecuniary liabilities with prompt and honorable punctuality; yet we are unable to admit that they are all patterns of sobriety and temperance, or that they always control their liking for the cheering glass, on occasions when prudence demands self restraint and good example is especially beneficial.

With regard to the greater number of our public men, who are yet struggling in the political arena, we do not think that they can be charged so much with wickedness as weakness, but there are a few exceptional cases of men who sneer at religious teaching and virtue, and there are instances of men living in open and boasted profligacy, who have attained leading positions. We have before referred to the revels of members when attending the session at Fredericton, and we have marked, year after year, the growth of that deadly social vice—drunkenness—which has destroyed, not one, but many of our finest intellects, and which, in a single session, retards public business for days at a time, robs the public purse of thousands of dollars, and incapacitates our best workers at periods when we wish them most to scrutinize leading measures with coolest, clearest intellects. It as a difficult task in small communities to treat subjects of this nature without making such references as are at once applied to particular individuals; it is not, however, our present intention to lecture any individual; there is now no special scandal in great circles to induce us to do so, and we have no desire to make a gratuitous attack on any one; but it is the duty of the Press to handle grievances, if necessary, with ungloved hands, and we have the highest authority for calling spiritual, and, may we not add, moral wickedness, in high places a serious grievance

It is time indeed that our young politicians should learn that something else is required of representative men besides push or even ability. We would have them aim at nothing short of a Robert Parker's character and virtues. We would have them learn the advantage of carrying a spotless life down to the grave and of leaving a blameless reputation as a heritage to their children. We select the name of Robert Parker, because we believe that all in this Province unite in thinking him a great criterion of excellence; but though there are others who have passed away whose lives were pure and whose memories we revere, how large is the number of men who, having spent their days in the political arena, are now dead or settled in permanent and secure positions, whose past histories we dare not mention and endeavor to forget;—and, in spite of all we hear of want of charity in this world, there are many men of whose old misdeeds we are not oblivious, but to whom we extend the kindness of silence and "let the dead past bury its dead."

Present Position of Life Insurance.

ON THE DOWN GRADE.

[From the New York Times.]

A correspondent was given an opportunity a few days ago to express in our columns his disappointment at not getting from a prominent life insurance company so large a dividend as usual. Two or three communications have since been received by us by way of explanation. Without discussing the question with reference to any particular company, we may properly say a few words about life insurance and its present position in public estimation. There is no disguising the fact that for the past three years the business of life insurance has suffered a serious decline.—Not that the actual receipts of the companies have greatly diminished; but, in most respects, the wonderful progress and popularity of the "benevolent science" have come to a dead stop. Whereas, for ten years preeding 1869, almost every company was able to indulge each year in boasted statements of the great gains made upon the preceding year's transactions, we hear very little of this kind of talk now, and the chief anxiety of offices, latterly, has been to keep from going backward too rapidly. And, even where a respectable amount of new business could be shown, the pleasant picture was clouded by the admitted loss of almost an equal amount of old business through lapses or otherwise. In fact, this latter experience has been so general and so reactionary, that we are safe in assuming that from half to three-fourths of all the new policies issued in the past three years have been neutralized, so to speak, by the cancellations of earlier politics which have taken place. Thus, although during 1870 the companies doing business in New York, reported the issue of 237,180 new policies, insuring $587,863,236, they were also compelled to make the humiliating confession that the number of policies terminated was 149,909, insuring $401,171,745. And, of this enormous amount, only 9,541 policies $20,065,099 of insurance came to an end, legitimately, by deaths. It may be instructive, if not interesting, to specify the several modes whereby these insurances (once gathered in at heavy expense) terminated in a single year. As officially reported, we find that, besides those which became death claims, 1,250 term policies, insuring $3,118,793, expired, having regularly matured; 17,783 policies, insuring $53,805,449, were surrendered by holders who voluntarily backed out; 69,894 policies, insuring $175,888,860, were suffered to lapse; 7,835 policies, insuring $34,969,990, went off the books by being changed for something different, supposed to be better; and 46,606 policies, insuring $108,337,924, were never taken at all by the persons who had applied for them.

These figures are worthy of careful study, for they very plainly reveal the fact that life insurance has lost its former hold upon popular affection, if not upon popular faith. There we see that, in round numbers, for every hundred policies insured, or said to be insured, sixty were canceled for other causes than death, and for every hundred dollars entered as insured, seventy were marked off the books. The plain English of which would appear to be that little, if anything, was gained by the operations of the entire year. There are, indeed, instances reported where very large companies exhibited at the end of 1870 a smaller amount at risk than they showed at the beginning of the year, and yet had taken in new risks, meanwhile, amounting to seven millions in the case of one company, and of twenty-three millions in the case of another! As has been shown, the old business went off the books of all the life companies at a rate which equaled seventy per cent. of the new business reported. A few of the companies were able to report having lost only half of their year's work in this way, but the majority returned figures so much worse, that the average loss to all, by illegitimate terminations, was seventy per cent. upon the entire transactions of the year.

Here is, at once, a proof of the decrease of that popularity which has for so many years braced up the companies, and also a sufficient reason why dividends to patient holders of policies have grown smaller and smaller, until complaint appears to be universal. The shopkeeper who, at great expense, should keep up an establishment mainly for the purpose of taking back one day the goods he sold the day before, would hardly be considered a model of thrift or prosperity; and the dividends of such a business would scarcely be worth while actuarial computation. But this is just the kind of business which scores of life insurance companies have been carrying on for the past two years. What wonder that the owners of these companies—we mean the policy holders—begin to find fault with their servants—we mean the managers—because dividends diminish and disappear in this whirlpool of competition for new business which does not stick, and which, while it does remain on the books, is carried on at an absolute loss? And when it is considered that "dividends" in life insurance are nothing more nor less than a return of what has been unnecessarily exacted from the policy-holder, it is pretty obvious that all this squandering of money in fruitless commissions on new business is the next thing to robbing those policy-holders who have been the best friends of the companies.

Too much New Year's.

A certain youth in Albany concluded to make a few New Year's calls. Arrayed in gorgeous attire, he started, and for the first hour and the first ten calls he managed to get along famously. He was seized upon with much avidity by the ladies, and at the end of his ten calls he had been asked ten times how many calls he had made, ten times he had interchanged the salutation of the day, ten invitations had he received to take or try something, and exactly ten times he had been informed that it was "a fine day," and ten ladies had hoped "he would not be such a stranger as he had been heretofore" Those first ten glasses of wine had made him feel as light, happy and airy as a bird, so that he had a great deal to say to his lady friends, much more in fact than the conventionalities of the day called for. He was gradually becoming funny, and as the day progressed so did his wit, for at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when calling upon Miss Smith, he was so exceedingly funny that that lady, with admirable perception, suggested strong coffee, which was handed. At this juncture he implored Miss Smith, whom he had seen but once before, to sit beside him for a moment while he told her all about his sweetheart and the quarrel they once had, and at the bare recollection of this he began to weep, much to the chagrin of Miss Smith, who, seeing some new callers coming up the steps, quietly suggested that he go home; so he rose to go, but in the hurry and confusion of the new arrivals he took the wrong exit and went calmly down into the coal-cellar; scrambling through the coal and the darkness his pantaloons were seon a sorry sight, and shortly becoming weary with his search for the door, he sank to rest on a ton of coal, and was found there an hour or two later by the servant, who awakened him and took him to the street, set him on his legs and begged him to go home at once. In order to pleasantly terminate the festivities of the day he stepped into the Opera House to see "Richard III.," but soon left with the remark that "it was too full of quotations to suit him." The following item tells the conclusion and points the moral of this little episode: "On Monday night. Officer Morton, of the first precinct, arrested a young man on South Pearl street for being drunk and disorderly, who was so much under the influence of liquor that he was unable to give his name. He was taken before Justice McNamara this morning and fined $10."

The Latest Railway Accident.

A Passenger Train thrown off the Track and several Passengers injured.—Shocking Condition of the Track.

The down train from Windsor on Friday morning had, besides the usual quota of passengers from that place, a number who came from Annapolis by special train, the steamer "Empress" having arrived there from St. John late on Wednesday night. On leaving Windsor the train comprised a locomotive, tender, two box cars, one cattle car, a combined second class passenger and smoking car and a first class passenger car. While passing through the settlement known as Three Mile Plain (three miles from Windsor), and going at the rate of about fifteen miles an hour, the two passenger and the two box cars went off the track. The box cars were overturned and damaged. The second class passenger and smoking car kept upright and sustained no injury, nor did its occupants. The first class car ran on the sleepers for a moment, and then fell over on its side with a crash, smashing the glass and woodwork, overturning the stove, and knocking the passengers about among the debris. Mr. Edward Blanchard a teacher in the Normal School at Truro, was the most injured. His face was very badly cut, and he received some severe bruises in the chest. The wife of the Rev John Campbell received some slight injuries, and a gentleman, said to be an officer of the Royal Artillery, had his face cut. These were the only ones whose injuries were noticeable, but all in the car were more or less bruised. The track was torn up for a short distance. The passengers who were able to do so walked to Newport Station, and the injured ones were assisted to reach there. When the train from Halifax for Windsor arrived at Newport it took the passengers and their luggage and returned at once to the city. Among those on the train at the time of the accident were Rev. John Campbell and Messrs. R. G. Haliburton, Alexander Stephen and Thomas Lavers, of Halifax, Mr. T. W. Harris, of Kentville, and Mrs. Ross, of Windsor.

How did the accident occur? The letter of Rev. John Campbell, which we publish below tells the story, and is confirmed by the statements of other gentlemen who, immediately after the accident, examined the track in the vicinity, and found it to be in a shocking bad state, many of the sleepers rotten, chairs broken, wedges loose, &c

The Rev Mr. Campbell, describing the accident, says:—

At the outset let me state my conviction that there was not the slightest blame to be attached either to the engine-driver or to the guard in charge of the train. They are blameless, as they were doing their duty, so far as known to me, with correctness. The blame of what might have been a most terrible accident, lies at the door of those who ought to keep the road in repair. I have no hesitation in saying that the road in the vicinity of the accident is utterly unsafe for trains to pass over. After attending to the sufferers until medical aid arrived, I made a personal inspection of that part of the track on which the accident occurred, and I found (1) a large percentage of the sleepers perfectly rotten, so that they gave no support whatever to the rails. (2) I found also nearly one-third of the chairs in which the rails rest insecure, from the bolts having started. (3) I found further that many of the wedges by which the rails are kept secure and firm could be kicked out with the foot, and others of them were kept in their places by twigs of bushes being driven in with them.

These things I examined for my own satisfaction, and now give them to the public and defy contradiction There is not the slightest doubt that this insecure and exceedingly dangerous condition of the rails was the cause of yesterday, from which we escaped with our lives as by a miracle. The first carriage to leave the track as declared to me by an eye witness, was the first class carriage, which was as usual the rear of the train. It went off the track because the rails, thus insecure, yielded from beneath it; and at the spot where the accident occurred there were as many rotten sleepers, I believe, as sound ones—*the Rails parted certainly on a rotten sleeper.*

The Riot at Derby.

On Monday night Sir C. Dilke, M. P., and Mr. Odger, attended at the Temperance Hall, Derby, where Sir Charles Dilke was advertised to lecture upon "Land Tenure Reform." The Chairman (Mr. J. C. Cox, of Hazlewood, a county magistrate) endeavored, in a few remarks, to introduce the speakers, but the spirit of opposition was soon apparent, the Chairman being greeted with a warm reception; groans, hisses, cheers and counter cheers were given in quick succession, and it was with the greatest difficulty that the speaker could be heard. He was understood to say that they had not convened the meeting to attack the present form of Government, but the remainder of his utterances were drowned in the multifarious uproars which were rife. Another speaker on the platform then came forward and asked for a patient hearing, but he was quickly compelled to resume his seat, amid loud laughter, groans, and hisses. The Chairman, becoming excited, stated that if he could tell who were the movers in this disturbance he should take legal proceedings. This remark was received with general laughter, and a body of roughs, leading the opposition, cried "Down with Republicanism;" and then proceeded to yell "Britons never shall be slaves." Several athletic-looking fellows, one well known by the *alias* of "Nabby Reynolds," showed great anxiety to cause a row, and after pouring various anathemas at Sir Charles Dilke and party, began a "free fight," in which wearing apparel was torn to atoms, and the "frontispiece" of some of the men causing the disturbance suffered exceedingly. Rotten eggs and cayenne pepper was then introduced, and the audience suffered from a pretty general attack of sneezing. At half past eight o'clock, half an hour after the time for the commencement of the meeting, nothing definite had been done by the persons convening the meeting; but shortly afterwards a deputation was sent to the Mayor (S. Leach, Esq.) asking for the assistance of the police, in order that the meeting might be proceeded with. His Worship replied "that he had no power within the building, and he would take the responsibility of that statement upon himself. If a disturbance took place without the building, he would use proper measures to quell it." This message was received with great indignation by the promoters of the meeting, who forthwith resolved to form a deputation to wait upon the Mayor upon the following morning to ask why they were not allowed to hold a constitutional meeting. The Chairman, finding it impossible to obtain a hearing for the speakers, dissolved the meeting about nine o'clock. The Opposition then mounted the platform, and the scene in the hall became indescribable. A general *melee* ensuing, Sir Charles Dilke and party left the hall by a side door unperceived by the mob. The police were in readiness, but after the crowd had loitered about for a short time they departed from the neighborhood, and the police were not required.

LOCALS.

Arrived.

The R. M. Steamship "Nestorian" arrived at Halifax this morning at 9 o'clock, and the English mail will be forwarded *via* Amherst at 3 P. M.

Not up to time.

The proposed trotting match between Austen's horse and McCann's mare, both of Indiantown, we understand, was finally arranged at $30 a side, to take place on Saturday afternoon, the course to be from Trafton's turn to the Three Mile House. Marsh Road. McCann was on the ground waiting for his competitor, who failed to put in an appearance.

Mr. Kerr in the Field.

The following communication appears in the *Telegraph* this morning:—

SIR: As the time has arrived when Representatives are talked of, I beg to intimate that I shall offer myself as Candidate for this County at the next general election of the Dominion Parliament.

DAVID S. KERR.

Excise.

Inspector Hanford of the Inland Revenue Department being at present on an official visit to the North Shore, and Collector Crookshank being on the sick list, the St. John Division of Internal Revenue is now run by Mr. Excise Officer George Travis, who was on hand yesterday prepared to receive Entries, duties and the Cash necessary for the procuring of Bill Stamps in amounts from $100 upwards.

Merchants' Exchange.

The following despatches were received at the Exchange to-day:—

Montreal, Jan 13th.—Flour at Liverpool 26s. and 30s. Red Wheat 11s. 3d. and 11s. 9d.

New York flour market dull and drooping. Common to Choice Extra State $6.65 a $7.40.

Pork quiet—$14 12 new; $13.12 a $13.57 old.

Grain freights 7d.

Montreal flour market dull; buyers favor Western State and Welland Canal, $6 a $6.05.

New York, Jan. 15th.—Gold opened at 8 7 8.

Music Prematurely.

Last evening a drunken man strayed into St. David's Church, in this city, and after trying in vain to open a pew door, he coolly strided over it and sat down. During the service he had a short nap, and was awakened probably by the earnest tones of the preacher in the concluding paragraphs of the sermon. He felt very happy, and began to sing *do me ri fa* in quite a loud tone The preacher, fairly taken by surprise, enquired "Who is that?" to which the singer coolly replied, "It is me." Finding how matters stood, the preacher proceeded with his discourse, but for a time the attention of the audience was divided between the pulpit and the north-east corner of the church, where the disciple of Bacchus sat quietly with his hair unkempt and his face besmeared with filth. The wonder was that the poor wretch behaved as well as he did.

Doctors Differing Again.

The *St. Croix Courier* says;—"Doctor Gross was called on Monday to attend Thomas McGuire who, some say, came from the woods in the vicinity of Jackson Brook sick. After the disease had time to show itself on Tuesday, the Doctor pronounced it a case of small pox, and acquainted the Mayor of the fact. It appears that there are several cases of the disease at Jackson Brook. McGuire's house which is situated in the rear of Mr. William Johnson's has been fenced in and other measures taken to shut it off from communication with the rest of the town.

P. S.—Since the above was in type we learn that by request of the Town Council Drs. Todd and Black were called upon to give their opinion on the case. Dr. Thomson who called by request of the Mayor, affirms that it is not small-pox. Drs. Gross, Todd, and Black say it is."

Grading the Schools.

Between 400 and 500 children, of Section No. 2, assembled in the Institute this morning, and the work of grading proceeded vigorously. The principal City Teachers, male and female, were present, besides the Trustees and others members of the Board of Examiners. Permits were granted to all the children. The work was completed by 1.30 p. m.

Section No. 1 meets to-morrow morning at No. 11 Brussells St.

The Libel Suit.

Mr. Duff occupied until 1 30 p. m. today, in his address to the Jury on behalf of the defendant. At 2 30 Mr. Weldon commenced his address for the plaintiff. It is generally expected that the Chief Justice's charge will deal largely with civic matters

The Shooting Affair in the Police Court.

FULL REPORT OF THE EVIDENCE!

[*By our own Reporter.*]

Samuel Isaacs, brought up on the complaint of John Guthrie of the Waverley House for firing three shots from a Smith & Wesson revolver on Tuesday evening, January 12th, was arraigned this morning before Justice Gilbert. S. Alward, Esq., appeared for prisoner. The Court was crowded to excess, pistol shooting being a novelty in this city. The charge being read to Isaacs "that he did feloniously and with intent to kill discharge three pistol shots at James F Whitman with intent to kill," he answered, not guilty.

JAMES F. WHITMAN

being called, did not put in an appearance. Some one remarked he had gone out driving.

The Magistrate decided to go on with the case, and

JAMES R. MACSHANE, ESQ.,

was called to the stand. He deposed that as he and Mr. Guthrie, the proprietor of the hotel, were coming out of the bar-room about half-past six, Whitman met them in the passage way and asked them to come into the bar-room and have a glass of sherry. Mr. Guthrie told him he thought he had enough sherry, at the same time speaking to Mr. MacShane, he said he would have "to get rid of that man," meaning Whitman. Witness then went into the dining-room and sat down to tea; shortly after, Whitman came in. Here Mr. MacShane remarked that ordinarily Whitman "is a kind, good hearted, decent little fellow," but when he takes a glass of wine it fills him with an animosity towards colored folks, foreigners, &c. Whitman called for a chop, but seeing witness eating some fish, said he would share with him. He then heard Whitman muttering something about "Crucifier, Jew," and looking up saw Isaacs whom by his features he discovered to be the object of Whitman's remarks. Witness told Whitman he was no gentleman, and seeing there would be a row he told Whitman "to come away to his room," at the same time taking hold of Whitman to lead him away. He had looked at Isaacs, who had his hand in his breast as if looking for a pistol. Turning to go out with Whitman he heard three shots in quick succession fired by Isaacs. The firing did not occupy a minute. Whitman broke away from witness and rushed at Isaacs and grappled with him. Witness then looked after the occupants of the table adjoining, at which some ladies were sitting, and assisted one, who appeared to be in a fainting condition, into No. 6, a room off the office, devoted to the use of the proprietor's family. Witness returned to survey "the field," and found Isaacs in the office. Whitman had disappeared, and Mr. Guthrie had the pistol. Witness examined Whitman some time after, and found a hole through his coat collar on the right side. There was no hole in his shirt; but under the mark on the shirt, on his skin, was a black mark, the size of the palm of one's hand. Whitman handed witness a bullet he found in his vest pocket.

Cross examined:—

Don't know of Whitman's occupation. Thinks he is a Commissioner of Emigration. Don't know of his ordering a hearse to the Victoria Hotel to take away his baggage or of his stabbing a waiter there. Don't know that Whitman has an office any where. Thinks he does his official work in his room. Whitman has an irascible temper. There were others at the table besides witness, Whitman, and Isaacs, but don't know who they were. Heard Whitman call prisoner a "damned Jew Crucifier." Did not hear prisoner give Whitman any provocation. Isaacs said to Whitman "you are no gentleman." Thought Whitman then made a rush at Isaacs but witness seized him to take him away to his room.

The reason witness took hold of Whitman was that on previous occasions, when Whitman had used offensive language when he was intoxicated, he told witness if he ever saw him that way again to take him away Witness had hold of Whitman all the time the shots were being fired. The last witness saw of Whitman this morning, he was going out for a drive. Thinks Whitman has no desire to prosecute this matter.

DOCTOR JAMES CHRISTIE

was the next witness,— He practises medicine in the city and boards at the Waverley House. About half past seven went into tea. Whitman was sitting at the end of one of the tables, Mr. McShane was on his left, Dr, DeWolfe was on his right, did not notice any one else at the table; took my seat at the first table After taking my seat I turned around and saw Isaacs come in. I thought he looked pale but on looking at him now perceive he looked exactly the same then as now. In a moment heard some remarks from Whitman, and on looking around saw him with the peculiarly offensive look he puts on when intoxicated, staring in the most tantalizing manner at Isaacs. I thought I heard Isaacs say he would pay him up for that before the evening was over. Whitman, as if addressing those setting beside him, said "he is a damned coward." Isaacs made a movement as if he was about to rise from his seat, Whitman then said "crucifier" or some such word that witness could not catch exactly. Isaacs drew a revolver and discharged it directly towards Whitman, the parties then rushed at each other and met between the tables; the second shot was then fired. They grappled and both fell on the side of the table. Isaacs put his right arm around Whitman's neck, with the pistol in his hand pointed behind his ear, It was in that position when it was fired the third time Some parties then disarmed the prisoner, and the pistol was handed to Mr. Guthrie:—witness spoke to prisoner and asked him how he came to forget himself so far as to use a pistol in a public dining room. He said he had been insulted most outrageously and could not come even into tea without being insulted. He said he was sorry but couldn't help it.

Cross-examined:

Whitman is the most offensive man I ever saw, particularly when he is drunk, which is the rule with him. He always appears to want to fight I noticed him one d y r ndishing his cane over a small man. He generally picks out small men. It was only after the offensive epithets had been used several times, that the prisoner got up. When Isaacs fired the first shot he was about eight feet distant from Whitman. If any shot struck Whitman it must have been the first. The charge must have been very light or the bullet would have gone through him. Prisoner said he had been insulted about his religion most outrageously, and he was sorry for what happened, as he didn't want to kill any one. The parties around did not express any sympathy for Whitman. The perforation in the coat might easily have been made by Whitman himself. I think Whitman is capable of doing anything. I think Whitman should not be dignified by being shot at.

GEORGE MORRIS,

Porter at the Waverly House, was the next witness: Saw a row between Whitman and Isaacs in the afternoon. Whitman was drunk and noisy, and seemed to be making quite an effort for a row. He brandished his stick about. Whitman was near the stove and Isaacs behind the counter. Isaacs appeared as if he wished to avoid a row. Whitman is a civil enough man when sober, but very offensive when drunk.

THE COURT ADJOURNED

till to-morrow morning, in order to procure the attendance of Whitman, who was said to have gone out of the City.

Important Case.

In August last, Mr. Daniel Patton, through Messrs. Gross & Vail, his Solicitors, obtained a warrant from Judge Watters under chapter 125 of the Revised Statutes, entitled "Of absconding, concealed or absent debtors," against the estate of one Michael Reynolds, who had some time previous absconded, forgetting before he left to pay his debts.

The proceedings were carried on in the ordinary way under the said Act up to the time of the appointment of Trustees, when W. R. M. Burtis, Esq., obtained a summons from Judge Wetmore calling on Messrs. Gross & Vail to shew cause why an order for a *rule nisi* for *certiorari* should not be granted to quash all the proceedings on the ground that the said Act is repealed by the Insolvent Act of 1869.

After argument before Judge Wetmore, the Judge, having doubts, and the matter being an important one as to whether or not the Act is in force, granted the Rule returnable in Hilary Term next, when the matter will be finally argued before the full Bench.

The Act referred to has always been acted upon up to this time, and should it be declared void by the Court, the practice in the case of absconding debtors will be entirely changed, as in that case all such proceedings will have to be taken under the Insolvent Act of 1869.

The Titles from Trustees under the Act since the coming in force of the Insolvent Act, may be in jeopardy should the Court in this case grant the certiorari.

The Shook Trade.

Messrs. Scammell's Circular gives the following figures in reference to shipments of shooks:—

From 1st Sept.,	1869,	to 13th Jan.,	1870.....654,131
" "	1870,	" "	1871.....572,582
" "	1871,	" "	1872.....384,126

Of Freights, the Circular says:—The Market is exceedingly active under a very timely supply of tonnage, while the present rates rule some 5 to 7 cents above those current at the same time last year. The following engagements are reported: "Active," 264, choice of ports, 24c.; "Little Fury," 349, ditto, 25c.; "Gauntlet," 345, North Side Cuba, 24c.; "W. Wood," 550, Havana, 21½c.; "Nereus, 210, Matanzas, 25c.; "Blair Athol," 425, Havana, shooks, 25½c., lumber, $7.75; "Water Lily," 344, Matanzas, 25c.; "Nereid," 563, Matanzas, orders, or a direct port, 24½c.; "S. S. Gilmor," 132, Cardenas, orders, 25c.; "Ottawa," 160, Cardenas, orders, 26c.; "Jessie Goodwin," 346, Cardenas, orders, 25½c.

An Improvement.

We understand that through the efforts of Mr. R. P. Butler, St. Marks Church has been supplied with a set of eight double windows, of figured ground glass, which prove quite an addition to the comfort of the congregation. The windows, (which were imported from England) probably cost over $200.

City Police Court to-day.

Margaret McGay, 56, drunk; fined $8, or 2 months Gaol

Hugh Stevens, 33, drunk; fined $8.

Edward McFadden, 60, drunk; fined $8.

Francis McManus, 22, drunk; fined $8.

Robert Capels, 23, drunk on Brussels street, and assaulting Policeman Jones; fined $20.

Portland Police Court to-day.

Edward Armstrong, using abusive and insulting language to David Dunham; charge withdrawn.

James Akerly and James Garnett, assaulting and striking Richard Martin; charge withdrawn.

Safe Arrival of the Steamer Oceanic.

The steamer *Oceanic*, of the White Star line, for whose safety some anxiety has been felt, arrived at New York on Wednesday. She was seven days over due. Her detention was caused by her having broken three of the four blades of her propeller while on the third day out from Liverpool, which port she left Dec. 21. She was in a hurricane for nine days. In spite of her mishap she continued her voyage, doing remarkably well under the circumstances. She made 308 miles in twenty four hours, with only one blade of her propeller. On Jan. 5, she rescued the Captain and crew of the schooner *Mountain Eagle*, from New York, bound to Portland. They had been two days without food, and some of them were frost bitten. They had been two days at the pumps. The *Mountain Eagle* was sinking when they were taken off. Just before reaching here the cabin passengers of the *Oceanic* passed resolutions thanking Capt. W. H. Thompson, who commands the vessel, and his officers for their excellent conduct throughout, and praising the vessel for her gallant bearing in the storm.

IF YOU LOVE good things secure some of those fine Oysters at George Sparrow's, King Street. 1w—dec 30

BY TELEGRAPH.

British and Foreign.

[*Special Telegrams to the Daily Tribune.*]

NEW TELEGRAPH CABLE.

LONDON, Jan. 14.

The Press generally approves of the project for laying a new Cable from the English coast to that of the United States, and agree that cheaper rates than those of the present lines will be an incentive to the business community and the Press of both countries.

It is expected that the Prince of Wales will have sufficiently recovered from illness to be able to drive out from Sandringham in the course of a week.

PERFECTING FRENCH ARMY ORGANIZATION.

PARIS, Jan. 14.

The Assembly Committee on Army Organization agreed to recommend the adoption of a rule that soldiers, unable to read and write, at the expiration of their terms of service, shall remain in the army until they have acquired these accomplishments.

RETURN OF BRAZILIAN EMPEROR.

The Emperor of Brazil has returned from a tour through the naval arsenals in the North of France.

THE FRENCH TARIFF.

Delegates from the principal Commercial Centres of France are coming here to hold a meeting of remonstrance against the proposed duties on imports of raw material,

Duc De Persigny died at Nice on Friday.

THE FISK-MANSFIELD CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.

The morning papers publish what purports to be, but probably is not, the famous correspondence between Fisk, Jr., and the Mansfield woman. The publication is evidently intended to create public sympathy for Fisk, and to influence the case against Stokes.

MUCH EXCITEMENT IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 14.

Yesterday was the most exciting day since the beginning of the factional struggle.

In accordance with the programme of Carterites, a Committee of that faction demanded of the House a reinstatement of its officers and members as it existed on the 4th instant, which was tersely refused.

Another Committee demanded of Governor Warmoth a removal of the police about the hall of the House, which was also refused.

THE MOB MOVING.

Then a crowd collected about the headquarters of the Carter faction, and Carter said he would appeal to General Emory.

The crowd rushed for Camp street, and the General was called for, accompanied by demand for declaration of martial law.

The General replied to the mob that if they did not dispsere he would give them martial law with

GRAPE AND CANNISTER,

and the crowd went away.

General Emory had the U. S. troops ordered out at the request of Warmoth, and represented that there were threats of riot and of the demolition of the State capital.

To-day the city was quiet, the only event of importance being the sending of a

LETTER TO GENERAL EMORY

by Carter, in which he announced his intention of appointing extra Sergeants-at-Arms to take possession of the State House to morrow, and asked protection from violence in so doing.

The General replied, refusing to give aid or advice.

[The despatches to the Associated Press contain the following items, not included in our specials:—]

LONDON, Jan. 15—5 a. m.

The supporters of Dilke propose to hold

A MASS MEETING

in London on the 30th inst.

Cremer, tried for

SHOOTING A SPY

at Dijon, has been acquitted.

MILLS DESTROYED.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Several saw mills and lumber yards on First Avenue were burned yesterday morning; loss $250,000.

Another fire in a Card Factory and Patent Sponging Company's Works on Wooster street destroyed $100,000; insurance $60,000.

From Ottawa.

PARLIAMENT TO MEET IN MARCH —THE GOVERNMENT POLICY.

[*Special Telegram to the Daily Tribune.*]

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.

Parliament will probably not meet until March.

The Government delay calling it together, in order first to ascertain the action of Congress on the Coal, Lumber, and Salt duties, which may influence their course respecting the ratification of the Treaty.

Hapgood.

The following from a late American paper will interest some people here:—

"The Bridgeport, Conn., Minstrel Association gave a very satisfactory entertainment at the Opera House on Dec. 30th, before a large audience They showed in Birmingham on New Year's night, and were there well received, Their manager, Mr. Harry Hapgood, absconded the day following their performance at Bridgeport, forgetting to settle several bills which he had contracted, the principal one being his board bill at the Atlantic House, amounting to $56 He left in his room a carpet bag containing a bottle of hair restorer, which Mr. Hale, the proprietor of the hotel, will forward to him (C. O. D.) on receipt of his address."

MARRIED.

At Baltimore, Md, on the 24th ult. by the Rev. Geo. A. Leakin, MISS EMMA F., daughter of the late HENRY HERRING, Esq., to Capt. SMITH CARLOW, of St. Andrews, N. B.

"Assault on the Ouangondy."

ST. JOHN, 13 h January.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

A great outcry has been made and a great many morals elaborately pointed on the tragical end of the life of James Fisk, Jr. But the fact remains imprinted on all the public works with which he had the management or ownership, that never did any man in this present century so improve beautify, or render them useful and attractive as did the same James Fisk, Jr. Many in this city have travelled on the steamers "Providence and Bristol;" have gone down to Long Branch on the "Plymouth Rock" and sat in the luxurious Erie Palace cars as they speeded to the West, or witnessed his brilliant dramatic revivals in the Grand Opera House. When we consider all this elegance, refinement and display as the result of the efforts of one man, we turn our eyes homeward and look at our own domestic institutions—our Ferry boat "Ouangondy," for instance, If ever any local affair was of public interest, the thoroughfare of two cities like Carleton and St. John ought to be a fruitful subject. It has been a bone of contention, a nuisance and a "sore and corruption" in the local politics since the days of the "oldest inhabitant." "The civilization of a people can be judged of by its means of travelling." If we apply the comparison how would Carleton suffer by it? Last evening, (Friday,) the patient workingmen, the suffering women, who work in the city and live in Carleton, and every one having occasion to cross the river, waited patiently in the old hulk of a ferry-boat for *two hours and a half*—from fifteen minutes after six o'clock till fifteen minutes to nine. for an opportunity to cross over. We know how ignorant and surly the officers of the crew are; we have experienced it, and speak of that which we do know; but how eminently stupid they were on this occasion to keep the boat all this time we can't imagine. People cursed the Corporation, the Railway Company, and the vessel that was in the way, and which the officers said was the means of keeping them in the dock, but the stolid men who run the boat cared not. We went into one end of the gentlemen's cabin. A stove, the upper part of which once had slides in the sides of mica or sheet iron, now has all these port holes empty. The smoke, instead of going out the pipe, diffuses itself gently around the commodious saloon, and dimly, through the light which the solitary, dirty, smoky old lamp sheds forth, the smoke begrimed passenger finds his way out. In the other end of the saloon was another dirty old stove with just enough fire to give forth an odoriferous smell of tobacco juice and other kindred perfumes. Why don't the Grand Jury indict the affair? The Carletonians are a suffering, a patient and much abused people. In any other country such a boat, such filth in the boat, would be dealt with summarily. Uniform action of the Councillors of the West Side is wanted in the matter, and perhaps if those who run the boat were made to answer for their misdeeds, the people would be better accommodated.

Probably the courteous, gentlemanly, obliging and experienced individuals in charge can show that the "Ouangondy" "is a thing of beauty and a joy forever."

ONE WHO KNOWS.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, Jan 13—Schr Templar, 81, Gale, Boston, A W Masters, gen cargo.
SUNDAY, 14th—Brigt Annie, 193, Rourke, New Haven, Geo Eaton, bal.
Schr Mary G Collins, 290, Robinson, Portland, Wm Thomson & Co, flour, meal and barley.
Schr M B Nickerson, 172, Kirkpatrick, Portland, Melick & Jordan, bal.
Schr Cuba, 143, Baldwin, Boston, Luke Stewart, bal.
MONDAY, 15th—Brigt Salve, 124, Johnson, Sydney, via Halifax, M Pomaree, coal.

CLEARED.

SATURDAY, Jan 13—Brigt Aylesford, 173, Shamper, Matanzas for orders, Scammell Bros, 5,110 shooks.
Schr Frances, 131, McLaughlan, Matanzas, Wm Thomson & Co, 141,365 feet boards.
MONDAY, 15th—Brigt Catherine Morris, 138, Dunn, Matanzas, A Cushing & Co, 3,360 shooks.
Schr Mary C, 104, Cook, Havana, M Pomaree, 3,441 shooks.

British Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Liverpool, 11th inst, ship Calista Haws, Minchin, from Savannah.

Foreign Ports.

ARRIVED.

At Savannah, 11th inst, ship Peter Maxwell, Sulis, from Liverpool.
At New York, 10th inst, schr Ella G McLean, Cook, from St Andrews; 12th, brigt W N Jl Clements, Lewis, from Havana, 13 days; 14th, schr Tropic Bird, hence.
Below New Orleans, 5th inst, bark Thos Cochran, from Liverpool; 6th, Georgiana, Masters, from Briton Ferry.
At Philadelphia, 9th inst, schr Sinope, Brown, hence; 10th, brigt Ellen H, Dwyer, hence.
At Vineyard Haven, 9th inst, schr Sea Bird, from St George for New York.
At Matanzas, 24 inst, brig Oak Point, Wright, from Liverpool.
At Havana, 6th inst, Reyneds, Grevoyance, hence.
At Boston, 11th inst, schr Adonia, Morris, hence.
At Portland, 11th inst, schrs Black Bird, McKee, and E & F Williams, Pitt, from Boston, to load for this port.

CLEARED.

At New York, 9th inst, brigt Beaver, Pringle, for Aspinwall.
At Savannah, 6th inst, bark Sheffield, Sloan, for this port (not Darien).
At Fernandina, 1st inst, brig Transport, Wyman, for Montevideo.
At Boston, 11th inst, ship Speculator, Murphy, for this port; schrs T B Harris, Quinlan, for this port, via Portland; and Water Lily, Meating, for St George, via Portland.
At Portland, 11th inst, schrs Maggie Quinn, Foster, and Emma, Pitt, for this port.

SAILED.

From St Thomas 27th ult, brigt Joseph Howe, Wilson, for Turk's Island and New York.
From New Haven, 10th inst, schr Prairie Bird, McLean, for New York.
From Providence, 10th inst, schr J K Howard, Howard, for this port.
From Newport, 10th inst, schr King Bird, Simpson, for this port.

Spoken.

Jan 8th, 53 miles from South Shoal Life Boat, schr Sea King, hence for New York.

Memoranda.

In port at Havana, 6th inst, Mary Stewart, McDonald, Nellie Bowers, Stackpole, and Helen Hastings, Aubrey.

Brig Alfaretta, 235 tons, built at Dorchester, N B, in 1863, was sold to M A Williams, as she lay on the rocks, Hell Gate, prior to being got off, for $800.

The bark Nereid still remains at Lewes, Del, 9 h inst, waiting orders.

The schr Annie Mastha, arrived at Vineyard Haven, 9th inst, broke jib-boom and lost flying-jib.

Schr Carrie has discharged cargo at Boothbay, Me, and is receiving the necessary repairs on the Marine Railway there. She is partially insured with Mr. Temple, Insurance Broker.

SLEDS AND FRAMERS.

Oak and Hardwood

SLEDS and FRAMERS.

LORDLY, HOWE & CO.,
52 Germain street.
jan 4 3i

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day given Mr. JAMES SCOVIL an interest in my Commission Business, which will be carried on for the future under the name and style of

James Domville & Co.

JAMES DOMVILLE.
January 1st, 1872. 9 North Market Wharf.
jan 2 3i

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COURSE OF LECTURES.

GERMAIN STREET

Wesleyan Sabbath School.

A COURSE OF LECTURES AND READINGS has been provided for, to be held during the winter, in aid of the funds of the Sabbath School.

The services of gentlemen of culture and ability have been secured.

Tickets to admit a family to the Course $1 00
" " gentleman and lady do..... 0 75
" " one person do..... 0 50
Single admission..... 0 10

On Thursday Evening,

the 18th January,

JOHN MARCH, Esq.,

will give a selection of POPULAR READINGS, in the SCHOOL ROOM, Horsfield street, to commence at 8 o'clock. jan 15 4i

Mechanics' Institute!

THE FOURTH LECTURE

of the present Season will be delivered at the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute,

ON MONDAY EVEN'G,

January 15th, 1872,

BY

Prof. William Elder, M. A.

Subject—"TENNYSON."

Doors open at 7 o'clock.

H. C. McMONAGLE,
jan 15 Secretary.

Colportage Society.

THE subscribers to the above scheme, whether to Mr. McBean, when here some weeks ago, or otherwise, are requested to meet in the Rooms of the Y. M. C. A., on

Tuesday next, Jan. 16th,

at four o'clock in the afternoon, to elect an Executive Committee, and transact such other business as may be necessary.

J. E. IRVINE,
jan 15 2i Sec'y Evangelical Alliance.

For the Household.

M'DOUGALL'S HOUSEHOLD CARBOLIC SOAP, for household purposes. For sale either by the bar or by the pound,

GEO. STEWART, JR.,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST,
jan 15 24 King street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Jan. 9th, 1872

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 8 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
jan 15 3i Commissioner of Customs.

LAURILLIARD & SON,

AGENTS FOR

Hallet, Davis & Co.'s,

AND

Hallet & Cumston's

Celebrated Pianofortes,

AND

GEO. WOOD & CO.'S

SUPERIOR CABINET ORGANS,

DEALERS IN

Musical Instruments.

jan 15

J. D. LAWLOR,

MANUFACTURER OF THE

Singer, Howe and Lawlor's PATENT SEWING MACHINES.

ALSO—AGENT FOR THE

Florence Reversible FEED SEWING MACHINE

The only Machine that will make

FOUR KINDS OF STITCH.

The Subscriber would respectfully state that he has the

GREATEST VARIETY

OF

FIRST-CLASS MACHINES

in this market,

FOR THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF WORK.

He also keeps two mechanics, constantly, in the St. John Office, for

REPAIRING

All kinds of Sewing Machines,

which is an advantage, as parties buying from Agents cannot get Machines properly repaired, unless they are sent to the manufacturer, which may be at a great distance.

All the findings for the different Machines are kept constantly on hand.

A Special Discount made during the Holidays.

J. D. LAWLOR,
jan 15 3m 82 King street.

WALL BRACKETS,

SOMETHING NEW.

A Neat, Handsome, and Useful Article.

LORDLY, HOWE & CO.,
jan 4 3i 52 Germain street.

Pale Seal Oil.

12 BBLS. Pale Seal Oil will be sold very low to close consignment.

C. E. L. JARVIS,
dec 21—3 i 101 Prince William street.

Money to Loan.

$10,000 ON REAL OR LEASEHOLD PROPERTY, in sums to suit Borrowers. Apply to

FORBES & SINNOTT,
BARRISTERS,
79 Prince William street.
dec 26 6i St. John, NB.

Green Grapes.

15 KEGS GREEN GRAPES. For sale by
dec 29 R. E. PUDDINGTON.

Such a Book As you do not get Every Day.

THE POETS OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. Selected and edited by Rev. Robt. Aris Willmott. 16mo. Bound in Full Morocco. Toned paper—Gilt edges.

The Great Book on Spiritualism.

THE DEBATABLE LAND.

BY ROBT. DALE OWEN.

"One of the most remarkable Books of the age."

At J. & A. McMILLAN'S,
an 9 78 Prince William street.

FLORA MYERS'

New York Theatre!

A. W. PURCELL,.....Manager

Will open for a SHORT SEASON in the

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE,

On Tuesday Evening, Jan. 16, 1872

OPENING BILL:

EAST LYNNE!

And the Farce of

BARNEY the BARON.

Change of programme nightly.

Admission 25 cents: Reserved Seats 50 cents.

Doors open at 7; Curtain to rise at 8 o'clock.

jan 12

Mechanics' Institute.

31st January and 1st February.

IN accordance with their engagement with the public, the

ST. JOHN CHORAL SOCIETY

have arranged with eminent Vocalists of the United States to assist them in giving

TWO GRAND CONCERTS

on the evenings above mentioned, when selections from the best composers will be presented, the Solo parts to be taken by

MR. WEST, of Boston, Soprano,
MR. PACKARD, of Boston, Tenor.
MR. SPRAGUE, of Boston, Bass

Further particulars will be made known in due time.

J. MARCH, Secretary. G. C. COSTER, Ph. D., President.
jan 11 3i

LAURILLIARD & SON,

DEALERS IN

PIANOFORTES,

Cabinet Organs, Sheet Music,

AND

Musical Instruments.

VIOLINS,
FLUTES,
CONCERTINAS.
VIOLIN STRINGS,
GUITAR STRINGS,
BANJO STRINGS, &c

All of which will be sold at a slight advance on cost.

A. LAURILLIARD. H. LAURILLIARD.
dec 28

INSURE WITH

Montreal Assurance Company, British America Assurance Company, and Quebec Insurance Company, which are old established and wealthy Marine Corporations, and write Policies upon Hulls, Cargoes and Freights to all parts of the world.

Ordinary Life Policies, Endowments, and all other desirable forms of Life Insurance, on the purely mutual plan, granted by The New York Life Insurance Company, established in 1845.—Assets about $20,000,000.

The undersigned has full power to Insure all classes of Fire hazards, and represents The Imperial of London, Ætna of Hartford, and Hartford of ditto, all of which are exclusively Fire Insurance Companies of upwards of Fifty Years standing, possessing Large Capitals and Accumulated Funds. Full deposits at Ottawa. Current rates accepted.

ROBERT MARSHALL,
jan 6 tf GENERAL AGENT.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

IN THE MATTER OF

GEORGE N. ROBINSON, Junior, and JAMES H. ROBINSON, associated in business under the name and firm of

ROBINSON BROTHERS, Insolvents.

A Dividend Sheet has been prepared, open to objection until the twenty fifth day of January instant, after which, Dividend will be paid.

Dated at the City of Saint John, Province of New Brunswick, this 9th day of January, A. D. 1872.

A. H. HANINGTON,
jan 10 2w Assignee.

FOSTER'S

Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store

BOOTS & SHOES

For Evening Parties.

LADIES' White Kid and Marseilles BOOTS and SLIPPERS;
Ladies' Black French, Spanish and Turkey Leather SLIPPERS;
Ladies' English, French, and Egyptian Bronze Kid SLIPPERS;
Ladies' fine Old English Cordovan SLIPPERS;
Ladies' Superior Irish Cordovan Slippers;
Misses' White Boots and Slippers;
Misses' Bronze Boots and Slippers;
Children's White Kid and Marseilles Slippers;
Children's Black and Bronze Kid Slippers.

House Slippers

of all qualities for Ladies, Misses and Children. Our SLIPPERS and BOOTS are all made in the Newest Styles, and elegantly trimmed and heel'd.

P. S.—Orders by express or mail from all parts of the Maritime Provinces, addressed to

"FOSTER'S SHOE STORE,"
FOSTER'S CORNER,

will receive prompt attention.
jan 12 6i

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the death of **Mr. Joseph A. Crane,** the business of CRANE & WILSON will be, from this date, conducted by me, and on my own account, and I request a continuance of your favors. I am,

Yours respectfully,
J. N. WILSON.

St John, N. B., January 12, 1872. 1w

Potatoes and Turnips.

50 BUSHELS POTATOES;
20 bushels TURNIPS. For sale by
jan 9 R. E. PUDDINGTON.

Saint Malachi's Hall.

A Grand Public Entertainment

will be given in the above Hall, on

Tuesday Evening next, 16th inst,

BY THE MEMBERS OF THE

Father Mathew Association,

assisted by MRS. BYRNE of Fredericton, and MRS. DOHERTY and MRS. LANDRY, of the Cathedral Choir, and by the

CARLETON SERENADE BAND.

THE Programme will consist of Brief Speeches, Select Readings, Choice Recitations, and amusing Farces, Popular Songs, by the members; Solos, a Duet and a Trio, by the Ladies; and Popular Airs by the Brass Band.

A. R. LANDRY will preside at the Piano.

Admission 25 cents. Tickets may be procured from the Members; also at Landry's Bookstore, King street, at Shiels' Drug Store, Portland, and at the Door.

Doors open at 7½. Entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock.

J. J. RYAN,
jan 13 till 16th Secretary.

Exmouth Street Church

VIGILANCE BAND.

FOR the benefit of the Society—the object of which is to visit the sick, relieve the wants of the poor and destitute, &c.—

John Boyd, Esq.,

will give READINGS in the EXMOUTH STREET CHURCH, assisted by a good Choir, which will furnish Music for the occasion, on

Thursday Ev'ng, 18th inst.

Doors open at 7. To commence at 7 30 o'clock. Tickets for adults, 20 cents. To be had at the Bookstores of Messrs. J. & A. McMillan and T. H. Hall, and at Mr. C. Manaton's Store, City Road.

Children will be admitted for 10 cents at the door. jan 13 till 18th 4i

Promenade Concert

AND

SKATING CARNIVAL,

IN THE

Victoria Skating Rink.

THE Directors beg to announce that a Promenade Concert and Fancy Dress Skating Carnival will be given in the Rink on

Thursday Evening, 25th Jan. inst.

Tickets held by Season Subscribers will not be available on that evening.

Gentlemen intending to appear in costume will please send in their names, and the characters to be represented, to either of the Directors as early as possible.

The following ladies—Mrs. B. C. B. Boyd, Mrs. James Robertson, and Mrs. H. D. Troop—have kindly consented to act as a Committee at the Rink, on the evening of the Carnival, to receive the names of ladies intending to appear in costume.

No person will be allowed on the ice unless in costume.

Children under twelve years of age will not be permitted on the ice.

Gentlemen will not be allowed to assume female costume.

To save trouble and confusion at the Rink, all persons appearing in costume will be required to present at the door a card with their name and character represented written thereon.

The stand and gallery in the centre will be reserved for the use of the lady skaters.

Tickets to season subscribers, 25 cents; non-subscribers, 50 cents; to be had from either of the Directors, and at the stores of J. & A. McMillan, H. Chubb & Co., A. C. Smith, T. M. Reed, T. H. Hall, and at the Rink. Subscribers tickets can only be procured from the Directors.

To prevent crowding and confusion, all parties are requested to purchase tickets before going to the Rink.

DIRECTORS:

W. F. Bunting, President.
W. H. Sinnott, A. B. Sheraton,
O. T. Stone, P. P. Clarke,
B. C. B. Boyd, C. E. Scammell,
P. R. Inches, M. D., Chas. McLauchlan, jr.

WARWICK W. STREET,
jan 13 3i Sec.-Treas.

Special Public Notice.

THE School Children in Section 2, or that portion of the City lying west of Waterloo street, and north of Union street, are requested to meet at the Mechanics' Institute, on

Monday next,

instead of Tuesday, as previously advertised, and the children in Section 1, or east of Waterloo street, and north of Union street, are to meet on TUESDAY, instead of Monday, as before advertised, at No. 11 Brussels street.

J. MARCH,
jan 13 2i Secretary.

PROSPECTUS OF

The Provincial Building Society!

AND SAVINGS BANK.

Incorporated under Special Acts of the Provincial Legislature,

In Shares of $50 each.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

C. W. WETMORE, Esq., President.
W. K. CRAWFORD, Esq., Vice-President.
A. A. STOCKTON, Esq., LL.B.
JAMES H. MCAVITY, Esq.
OSCAR D. WETMORE, Esq.
JOSHUA S. TURNER, Esq.
BANKERS: BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE objects contemplated in the formation of this society are, First—To secure to Stock holders a profitable return on their gradually accumulating capital, by its safe investment on real estate. Second—To afford to Borrowers facilities for obtaining legitimate Loans on the security of their property, and to enable them to repay such loans by periodical instalments spread over a period of ten years. Third—To provide all the advantages of a thoroughly secured Savings Bank system of business, but paying a much higher rate of interest than is now to be paid by that institution.

Shares may be taken up at any time. All shares mature in four years. Money is received on Deposit, bearing interest at six per cent. per annum, compounded half yearly. Particular attention is solicited to these Monetary and Savings Bank arrangements. The Society's mission is to encourage and foster thrifty habits, and teach the art of making the most profitable use of capital.

The Society will receive money on deposit for investment on Real Estate, withdrawable at short notice, for which interest at six per cent. per annum will be paid, compounded half yearly.

By order,

THOMAS MAIN, Secretary.

Society's Office, 108 Prince Wm. street, Saint John, N. B. } dec 28

78 Prince Wm. Street.

AT THE DEPOT

OF THE

London Religious Tract Society,

MAY NOW BE HAD,

THE ANNUALS

PUBLISHED BY THAT SOCIETY, VIZ.:

THE SUNDAY AT HOME for 1871;

THE LEISURE HOUR for 1871;

THE TRACT MAGAZINE, 1871;

THE CHILD'S COMPANION, 1871.

J. & A. McMILLAN.

jan 13

Flour. Flour.

200 BARRELS Howland's Flour; 100 do Tea Rose; 50 do Snow Flake Extra, now landing.

GEO. S. DEFOREST.

Refined Sugar.

70 HHDS. Refined Sugar, for sale low to close consignment.

dec 21 GEO. S. DEFOREST

By H. W. Longfellow.

NICODEMUS AT NIGHT.

The streets are silent. The dark houses seem
Like sepulchres, in which sleepers lie
Wrapped in their shrouds, and for the moment dead.
The lamps are all extinguished; only one
Burns steadily, and from the door its light
Lies like a shining gate across the street.
He waits for me. Ah, should this be at last
The long expected Christ! I see him there,
Sitting alone, deep buried in his thought,
As if the weight of all the world were resting
Upon him, and this bowed him down.

From 'The Divine Tragedy.'

FOR SALE BY

J. & A. McMILLAN.
jan 12

NEW ENGLISH HATS.

English Leather Hat Cases,

JUST OPENED AT

D. MAGEE & CO.'S,

51 KING STREET.

Hat and Fur Warehouse.

jan 11

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE Co-Partnership existing between the subscribers, under the style of A. STEWART & SON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

St. John, N. B., January 6th, 1872.

ALEX. STEWART.
jan 11 tf ANDREW J. STEWART.

Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have this day entered into a Co-Partnership, as SOAP and CANDLE MANUFACTURERS, under the style and firm of

Logan & Stewart.

The business of which will be carried on at the Factory lately occupied by A. Stewart & Son, No. 7 GERMAIN STREET, where they will be pleased to receive a continuance of the patronage extended them under a previous partnership.

St. John, N. B., January 8th, 1872.

WM. LOGAN.
jan 11 tf ALEX. STEWART.

Public Notice.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES, } OF ST. JOHN, Ritchie's Building, 10th January, 1872.

For purposes of the classification of children to be instructed in the Common Schools of the City of St John, the Board of School Trustees have divided the City into the following Sections, the residents in which are requested to send their children to the place stated on the days below named, in order that they may be assigned to the Schools in their respective grades, and receive from the Secretary the "Permit" requisite to enable them to enter the Schools under the control of the Board of School Trustees of Saint John.

Section 1.

All children between the ages of five and twenty years, resident in that portion of the City of St. John comprised within the area north of Union street and east of Waterloo street, are requested to meet at the building to be known as "Primary School, No. 1," No. 11 Brussels street, near Union street, on Tuesday morning next, January 15th, at half past nine o'clock.

Section 2

comprises that portion of the City lying to the north of Union street, to the west of Waterloo street, the children within which will assemble at the Mechanics' Institute, on Monday morning, the 16th inst., at 9.30.

Section 3

comprises all that portion of the City lying south of Union street, and east of Sydney street, the children within which will meet at the Grammar School, on Wednesday morning, the 17th inst., at 9.30.

Section 4

comprises all that portion of the City lying south of Duke street, east of Sydney street, the children within which will meet at the Weldon House, corner of St. James and Wentworth streets, on Thursday morning, the 18th, at 9.30.

Section 5

comprises all that portion of the City east of Sydney street, lying between Union and Duke streets the children within which will meet at the "Advanced School, No. 1," lately known as the Varley School, on Leinster street, on Friday morning, the 19th, at 9.30.

Section 6

comprises all that portion of the City lying on the Western Side of the Harbor, the children of which will meet at the Public Hall, on Saturday morning, the 20th, at 9 30.

By order of the Board.

J. MARCH,
jan 11 till 20th Secretary.

Common Schools.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES, } OF ST. JOHN, RITCHIE'S BUILDING, 10th January, 1872.

The Board of Trustees of Schools of Saint John announce that they have completed arrangements for opening the following Schools for the Education of the children in the City of St. John, between the ages of 5 and 20 years, as soon as they shall have been classified by the Board.

Grammar School,

Corner of Horsfield and Germain streets: for Boys: grades 1, 2, and 3. Teachers—Dr. C. Coster, Ph. D.; E. Manning, A. B; C. Stills, W. V. Wilkins

High School,

Dorchester street; for Girls: grades 1, 2, and 3. Teachers—J. W. Hartt, Miss Wetmore.

Advanced,

No. 1. (Late High School) King street; for Boys: grades 3 and 4. Teachers—W. P. Dole, A. M.; D. P. Chisholm, Thos. Stothart.

No 2. (Varley School) Leinster street; for Boys: grades 1 and 2. Teachers—J. Bennett, Ph. D.; W. C. Simpson. For Girls: grades 1 and 2. Teachers—Miss M. McFee, Miss J. Humphrey.

No. 3 (New Building) Charlotte street, opposite Horsfield, for Girls: grades 2, 3 and 4. Teachers—Mrs. S. J. Parkin, Miss Janet P. Robertson, Miss H. Crawford.

No. 4. (Weldon House) Wentworth street; for Boys: grades 1 and 2. Teachers—John Thompson. For Girls: grades 1 and 2. Teacher—Miss B. Otty.

No. 5. Coburg street; for Boys: grades 3 and 4. Teacher—W. Mills.

No. 6. (Exmouth Street Sunday School) Brussels street; for Boys: grades 1 and 2, and for girls, grades 1 and 2. Teachers—Mr. Baldwin; Miss C. M. Treadwell, Miss S. E. Wood.

No. 7. (St. Mark's) Sewell street; for girls: grades 1 and 2. Teacher—Miss S. C. Frost,

Primary.

No. 1.—No. 11 Brussels Street; for boys, grades 2 and 4. Teacher, Thomas Simpson. For boys, grades 1 and 2; Teacher, George Bennet. For girls, two schools, mixed grades. Teachers, Miss Marian J. Woods, Miss Kate Sugrue.

No. 2.—Rear of Brussels Street Baptist Church; for girls, mixed grades. Teacher, Miss A. M. Robinson.

No. 3.—[late Ragged School] Brussels Street; for girls, mixed grades. Teacher, Miss Abigail A. Williams.

No. 4.—[St. Mary's] Waterloo street; for boys and girls, mixed grades. Teachers, Edwin H. Frost, Miss C. Berton.

No. 5.—Exmouth Street; for boys, mixed grades. Teacher, Mrs. M. Millar.

No. 6.—Peters Street; for girls, mixed grades. Teacher, Miss E. Estey.

No. 7.—Corner Mill and North Streets; for boys and girls, mixed grades. Teachers, Miss M. A. Carleton, Miss Teresa Carleton.

No. 8.—[Knox & Thompson's building] Germain Street; for boys, mixed grades. Teacher, James Sugrue.

No. 9.—Corner of Wentworth Street and Elliot Row; for boys and girls, mixed grades. Teacher, Miss M. E. Wright.

No. 10.—[Same building as advanced 6] Brussels Street; for boys and girls, mixed grades Teacher, Miss B. Boyd.

No. 11.—Charlotte street, opposite Horsfield; for boys, mixed grades. Teacher, John Finen.

No. 22. [Same building as advanced 3] Charlotte Street; for girls, mixed grades. Teacher, Mrs. A. Roberts.

No. 13.—[Same building as advanced 7] Sewell street; for boys and girls, mixed grades; Teacher, Miss Marion Theal.

No. 14.—Duke street, near Sydney; for boys and girls, mixed grades; Teacher, Mrs. S. A. Henigar.

No. 15—Queen street, near Prince William for boys and girls, mixed grades; Teacher, Miss Lydia E. Williams.

No. 16—Queen street, near Wentforth; for boys and girls, mixed grades; Teacher, Miss Lizzie Denham.

No. 17.—Queen street east end; for boys and girls mixed grades; Teacher, J. T. Richardson.

Other Schools for the Eastern side of the harbor will be announced as soon as negotiations for buildings are concluded.

Carleton.

ADVANCED. No. 1.—(Late Superior School) King street: two schools for boys and girls grades 1 2 3 and 4. Teachers, John Montgomery, Miss Susie T. Robertson, Miss Sarah E. Whipple, Miss Kate E. Carr.

PRIMARY. No. 1.—Basement of Masonic Hall, now being fitted up. Teachers and grades to be announced when ready.

Primary, No. 2.—Roman Catholic School; for boys and girls mixed grades; Teachers, Thomas O'Reilly, Miss Nannery.

Other buildings and appointments for the Western side of the harbor will be announced in a few days.

By order, J. MARCH,
jan 11 till 20th Secretary.

CHICKERINGS'

PIANOS

have been before the public for half a century.

CHICKERINGS

were the first to make Pianos in America.

CHICKERINGS

have always stood first in the successive improvements which have rendered the American Pianos famous in the old world.

CHICKERINGS

enjoy in both hemispheres the same prominence which they have always held.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHICKERING & SONS.

E. PEILER & BRO.,

64 Prince Wm. Street,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

dec 26

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

We are still selling our whole stock of

DRY GOODS

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

Previous to giving up our Retail Trade.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

King Street.

dec 30

FIRE, FIRE, FIRE.

Extensive Sale

OF

Millinery and Fancy Goods!

AT

MISS SHARP'S,

58 Germain Street,

OPPOSITE TRINITY CHURCH.

MISS S. would respectfully intimate to her friends and the public generally that owing to the late fire she has removed to the Store recently occupied by MESSRS.

Robinson, Lawrence & Co.,

(a few doors below the old stand),

Where she will offer the whole of her LARGE and HIGH CLASS

STOCK OF GOODS

AT SUCH

Unprecedented Low Prices

as cannot fail to secure a speedy and effective clearance.

The present is a rare chance of securing FIRST CLASS GOODS AT

MERELY NOMINAL PRICES.

The above Sale will commence on

FRIDAY, 29th.

Just received by Express this day,

3 CASES

NEW YORK HAT SHAPES,

AT 58 GERMAIN STREET,
dec 29 Opposite Trinity Church.

WE HAVE RECEIVED,

AND HAVE NOW IN STOCK,

1000 pieces Grey Cotton,

200 PIECES WHITE SHIRTING,

500 *pairs Blue, Grey and White Blankets,*

500 PIECES WINCEYS,

500 pieces Red, Blue, Grey and White

FLANNELS,

1500 bdls. White and Blue Warps

100 PIECES BLUE, BLACK,

Brown and Fancy

BEAVERS, WINEYS, PILOTS, AND NAPPED OVERCOATING.

A FULL AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING

A well assorted stock of

SMALLWARES,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

T. R. JONES & CO.

dec 22

For Coughs, Colds, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, &c.,

Use either of the following standard preparations:

CHLORATE OF POTASSA LOZENGES:
Brown's Bronchial Troches:
Campbell's Cough Pastilles;
Sharp s Balsam Horehound and Aniseed;
Trotter's Pectoral Balsam Horehound;
Mrs. Gardner's Balsam;
Englishmen's Cough Mixture;
Poor Man's Cough Cure;
Cunninghams's Cough Cure;
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral;
Allen's Lung Balsam;
Indian Balsam of Liverwort;
Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam;
Warren's Cough Balsam;
Johnson's Liniment;
Laycock's Pulmonic Waters:
Keating's Cough Lozenges:
Wilson's Neuropathic Drops;
King's Magnetic Fluid;
Flagg's Cough Killer:
Flagg's Instant Relief:
Fellows' Compound Syrup of the Hypophosphites, &c., &c.

For sale by GEO. STEWART, JR.,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST,
jan 8 24 King street.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the great and continued advance in the prices of Iron, we, the undersigned, are obliged to

Increase the Prices of Cut Nails

manufactured by us, commencing January 1, 1872, which will be as follows until further notice:—

4-dy CUT NAILS and upwards, $4 per 100 lbs., including 20 p. c. of 4, 5, 6, and 6 and 8 finishing.
3 dy LATH NAILS, 50 cts. per 100 lbs. higher.
WROUGHT SPIKES, 7 inch and upwards $4.50 per 100 lbs.; 5 and 6 inch, $4.75 per 100 lbs

JAMES DOMVILLE & CO.,
jan 2 1m I. & F. BURPEE & CO.

A Special Sessions of the Peace

OF the City and County of Saint John, for the consideration of the matters remaining over from the December General Sessions, undisposed of, will be held, pursuant to adjournment, at the Court House, in the City of Saint John, on TUESDAY, the sixteenth instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

H. W. FRITH,
jan 11 5i Clerk of the Peace.

AUCTION SALES.

Notice of Sale!

To be sold by Public Auction on SATURDAY the ninth day of March next, at twelve of the clock, noon, at Chubb's Corner (so called) in the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John, for payment of the debts of the late Jean Bruemer, of the said City of Saint John, deceased, in consequence of a deficiency in the personal Estate of the deceased, for that purpose, pursuant to a license obtained from the Probate Court of the said City and County of Sain John, the Lands and Premises following, that is to say:

"ALL that LOT of LAND situate in the said City of Saint John, and bounded as follows—on the South of Saint James street; on the West, by land owned by John Leetch; on the North by the rear of the lot; and on the East by land occupied by one Thomas Grimes, forty feet by one hundred feet, with a Dwelling House and appurtenances thereon, subject, nevertheless, to the widow's right of dower.

Dated 28th December, 1871.

dec 26—t s CATHERINE BRUEMER.

To be Sold.

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND, well wooded, within about a mile of the Apohaqui Station. For further information apply at the office of this paper. jan 3

To be Let or Sold.

BUILDING LOTS, convenient to the residences of Messrs. Fairbanks and Hawes, in the Parish of Portland. These Lots are convenient to the Valley, Factories, and Railway Works, and command a magnificent view of the City and surrounding country. Apply at this office. jan 3

VICTORIA HOTEL,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

THIS HOTEL is built in modern style.

It is furnished and furnished with every regard to Comfort and Luxury, and is also provided with a passenger elevator.

B. T. CREGAN,
jan 6 tf Proprietor.

WELDON HOUSE,

SHEDIAC,

(OPPOSITE THE RAILWAY STATION.)

THE subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has newly furnished the above Hotel throughout in first-class style, and it is now open for the accommodation of the travelling public.

WM. J. WELDON,
Proprietor.

☞ Coaches leave daily for North Shore on arrival of trains.

Shediac, Dec. 29, 1871. dec 29 3m

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE Subscribers have this day entered into a Co-Partnership, under the name, style and firm of LAURILLIARD & SON.

Dated at St. John, this 28th day of December, 1871.

A. LAURILLIARD.
dec 28 H. LAURILLIARD.

WILLIAM JONES,

Merchant Tailor,

BEGS to state that after the first of January next he will adopt the *cash principle* in his business, in order to enable him to fill orders as promptly as he would wish.

☞ Orders, on these conditions, will be attended to at the lowest prices.

GERMAIN STREET,
dec 29 tf Near "Victoria Hotel."

EASTERN EXPRESS COMP'Y

OVERLAND EXPRESS.

Freight to and from Boston in 30 hours

THE EASTERN EXPRESS CO. will dispatch messengers daily, per mail, to BOSTON, PORTLAND, BANGOR and intermediate places.

Goods, Money and Valuable Packages sent to all the available places in the United States and British Provinces.

J. R. STONE, Agent St. John, N. B.
J. R. HALL, Superintendent, Boston.
jan 6

Regular Line of STEAMSHIPS

London to Halifax, N. S., & St John, N. B.

CONVEYING GOODS AT THROUGH RATES TO

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

THE fine new powerful Screw Steamer "MILBANKE," A 1, 20 years, 1296 tons register, 500 horse power, will be despatched, punctually,

On the 15th March,

receiving cargo (unless previously full) until 13th March. TO LOAD IN LONDON DOCKS.

These Steamers will be followed by others of equal class, as the trade demands.

For freight apply to Neil, Harrison & Co., 75 Aldermanbury street, London; T. & E. DeWolf & Co., Halifax, N. S.; Fenton T. Newberry, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; or

MELICK & JORDAN,
dec 21 tf St. John, N. B.

HARNESS.

WE would invite your special attention to our Large Stock of—

OREIDE MOUNTED

COLONIAL

BOOK STORE

or. King and Germain Sts.

NEW STORE. NEW STOCK.

CHRISTMAS

AND

New Year's Presents,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Books of

History, Travel, Theology and Science.

CHURCH SERVICES,

PRAYER BOOKS,

PSALMS OF DAVID,

WESLEY'S HYMNS,

PSALMIST.

Writing and Photograph Albums,

MUSIC BOOKS

of every description.

SHEET MUSIC,

For the Piano and Voice.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

in great variety.

French, English and German Fancy Goods,

WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES,

Card Cases, Dressing Cases, Pocket Books, Wallets, Purses, Portfolios, Crayons.

GAMES.

Backgammon Boards, Chess, Checker and Chess Men, BAGATELLE BOARDS, Alphabet Blocks and Cards, Game of Author, &c., &c., Dominoes.

WHITE WOOD GOODS,

in a variety of patterns,

WITH NEW BRUNSWICK, NOVA SCOTIA, AND CANADA SCENERY.

These Goods were gotten up especially for this market, and are well worth an inspection.

T. H. HALL,

dec 21 Cor. King and Germain streets.

Christmas Display

BARNES, ANDERSON & KERR

are showing for the

HOLIDAY WEEK,

LARGE ASSORTMENTS OF

Fancy Woollen Goods,

FANCY SILK DRESSES,

Lace Sets,

IRISH POPLINS,

Lace Handkerchiefs,

STRIPED SHAWLS,

AND A VARIETY OF

NICE SMALL ARTICLES,

FOR

Christmas Presents.

LONDON HOUSE RETAIL,

3 and 4 Market Square.

dec 21

1871. HOLIDAY SEASON. 1872.

J. CHALONER,

DRUGGIST,

Is now receiving and opening a lot of

ARTISTS' MATERIALS

CONSISTING OF

Sheet Wax,

in White and Fancy Colors,

OIL TUBE COLORS, CAKE COLORS,

Sable, Camel, and all sorts of Artists' Brushes

PREPARED CANVAS,

Great Variety Colored Powders,

DIAMOND DUST, BLOOM,

Bronze Wire, Crayons,

COLORED PENCILS, &c, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Atkinson's, Gosnell's Letchford's Heraldic, Cleaver's, and other

PERFUMES.

AROMATIC CACHOUS (Latest Style.)

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HAIR BRUSHES, FANCY SOAPS COMBS. &c., &c.

ALL FOR SALE AT MODERATE PRICES.

Corner King and Germain Streets,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

dec 21

CHRISTMAS

AND

NEW YEAR.

T. B. Barker & Sons

INVITE special attention to their Select Stock of the following Goods, viz. :—

BEAUTIFUL TOILET SETS,

TOILET BOTTLES,

VASES,

Silver Topped Smelling Bottles,

Paper Machie Ink Stands,

ODOR CASES,

GLOVE BOXES,

PORTFOLIOS,

Work Boxes,

Tea Caddies,

&c. &c. &c

Gents' Dressing Cases; Ladies' Dressing Cases; PORTMONIES; PURSES; POCKET BOOKS; Fancy Pipes; Choice Perfumery: Toilet Soaps HAIR BRUSHES, in Ivory, Bone, Buffalo Horn, Shell and Wood: Winsor & Newton COLOR BOXES; and a great variety of SUNDRIES For sale at low prices by

T. B. BARKER & SONS,

dec 21 33 King street.

NEW PLATED WARE.

Received To-Day.

BUTTER COOLERS,

CARD RECEIVERS,

CAKE BASKETS,

TEA SERVICES,

WATER PITCHERS, &c

PAGE BROS.,

dec 21 41 King street.

CHRISTMAS CARD.

HANINGTON BROS.,

Foster's Corner,

KING STREET,

Invite inspection of their very large and carefully selected

STOCK OF SUNDRIES,

IN

Toilet Articles for ladies and gents

PERFUMES,

of choicest make.

TOILET SOAPS

most delicately scented.

POMADES,

AND

Other Hair Preparations,

HAIR, CLOTH, TOOTH, NAIL AND HAT

BRUSHES,

of finest manufacture and finish.

COMBS,

in Buffalo Horn, Genuine Buffalo Horn, &c.

GENUINE COLOGNE.

Artists' Colors,

(in Boxes)

and a host of other articles too numerous to mention.

ALL FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

HANINGTON BROS.,

Foster's Corner.

dec 21 2w

Intercolonial Railway.

THE Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway, give notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the erection of Freight and Passenger Buildings at Little Forks, River Philip, Iron Mines, and Debert; also, Buildings for Flag Stations at Nappan Road, Munidie Road, Salt Springs, Grenville, Purdys, Folly Lake, and Ishgonish; also, for Tank Houses at Little Forks, Salt Springs, River Phillip, Grenville, Folly Lake, Iron Mines, and Debert, on the Nova Scotia District of the Railway.

Plans, specifications, and forms of Tender may be seen on and after the 15th January, at the Office of the Chief Engineer, Ottawa, and at the Railway Offices at Moncton and Halifax.

Tenders may be for the whole or any lesser number of these Buildings, and will be received at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock, noon, of the 20th day of February next.

Tenders will also be received for the erection of new Freight and Passenger Buildings at Moncton and Truro, and Engine House at Truro, and a Refreshment Building at Amherst.

Plans, specification, and form of Tender for which may be seen at the same offices on and after the 15th February next, and Tenders will be received as above, up to 12 o'clock, noon, of the 20th day of March next.

Tenders will also be received for the construction of two Post Office and Smoking Cars, for the Nova Scotia District of the Railway, to be delivered at Amherst or Truro: also, for one hundred Platform Cars, fifty to be delivered on the line of Railway at Campbellton, and fifty on the line of Railway at Miramichi.

Plans, specification, and form of Tender for these Cars, may be seen at the offices referred to, on and after the 15th day of January next, and Tenders will be received as above, up to 12 o'clock, noon, of the 20th day of February next.

A. WALSH,
E. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BRYDGES,
A. W. McLELAN,
Commissioners.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 20th Dec., 1871. } dec 27 6i

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Inspector of Post Offices, and marked "Tenders for Mail Service," will be received at ST. JOHN, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th January, 1872, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, six times per week each way, between

St. John and St. George,

on and from the 1st February next.

The conveyance to be made in suitable vehicles drawn by one or more horses.

The route pursued in the conveyance of this mail to be from Post Office, St. John, by the most direct route to St. George, and back again by the same route, serving all the Way Offices on the route, or which may hereafter be established.

The computed distance is forty-five miles. The rate of travel to be not less than five miles per hour, including stoppages for all purposes.

The hours of arrival and departure to be as follows: To leave St. John daily, at 8 o'clock, a. m., reaching St. George in nine hours from hour of despatch; returning, to leave St George daily at 8 o'clock, a. m., reaching St. John in nine hours from hour of despatch, subject to a right of the Postmaster General, to alter the same, should he consider it advisable so to do.

The Contract, if satisfactorily executed, will continue in force for a term not exceeding four years, the Postmaster General reserving the right to terminate the agreement at any time previous to the expiration of the four years—should the public interest, in his opinion, require it—upon giving the contractor three months previous notice of his intention.

All expenses on the route for Tolls, Ferries, &c., must be defrayed by the Contractor.

Each Tender to state the price asked per annum, in words at length, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties, undertaking that, in the event of the Tender being accepted, the Contract shall be duly executed by the party tendering, for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the Contractor in the sum of One Thousand Dollars for the due performance of the service.

Printed Forms of Tender and Guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices, at St John and St. George, or at the Office of the Subscriber.

JOHN McMILLAN,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John. Dec. 15th, 1871. dec 21 3i

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Inspector of Post Offices, and marked "Tender for Mail Service," will be received at ST. JOHN, until 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th January, 1872, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, three times per week, each way, between

St. Andrews and St. George,

on and from the 1st of February next.

The conveyance to be made in suitable vehicles drawn by one or more horses.

The route pursued in the conveyance of this mail to be from Post Office, St. Andrews, by the most direct route to St. George, and back again by the same route, serving all the Way Offices on the route, or which may hereafter be established.

The computed distance is twenty two miles. The rate of travel to be not less than five miles per hour, including stoppages for all purposes

The days and hours of arrival and departure to be as follows:—To leave either St. Andrews or St. George at 8 o'clock, a. m., on such days as may be determined upon hereafter, reaching place of destination in five hours from time of despatch, returning on same day, subject to a right of the Postmaster General to alter the same, should he consider it advisable to do so.

The contract, if satisfactorily executed, will continue in force for a term not exceeding four years, the Postmaster General reserving the right to terminate the agreement at any time previous to the expiration of the four years—should the public interest, in his opinion, require it—upon giving the contractor three months previous notice of his intention.

All expenses on this route for tolls, ferries, &c., must be defrayed by the contractor.

Each tender to state the price asked per annum, in words at length, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties, undertaking that, in the event of the tender being accepted, the contract shall be duly executed by the party tendering, for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the contractor in the sum of eight hundred dollars for the due performance of the service.

Printed Forms of Tender and Guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices at St. Andrews and St. George, or at the office of the subscriber.

JOHN McMILLAN,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, Dec. 18th, 1871. } dec 22 3i

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the 19th section of "The Fisheries Act," His Excellency has been pleased to make the following regulation—

The waters of the River Tomkedgwick, in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, are hereby set apart for the natural and artificial propagation of fish.

Certified,
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

dec 28 3i

Notice to the Public.

THE following clauses of an "Act respecting Larceny," Cap. 21, Vic. 32 and 33, passed by the Parliament of the Dominion, in the year 1869, is published for the information of the public.

"Whosoever, for any purpose, or with any "intent wrongfully, or with wilful false-"hood, pretends, or alleges, that he enclosed "and sent, or caused to be enclosed and sent, in "any post letter, any money, valuable security "or chattel, which, in fact, he did not enclose "and send, or caused to be enclosed and sent "therein, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall "be liable to be punished as if he had obtained "the money, valuable security or chattel, so "pretended to be enclosed and sent, by false "pretences, and it shall not be necessary to "allege in the indictment, or to prove on the "trial, that the act was done with intent to de-"fraud."

JOHN McMILLAN,
P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, Dec. 27th, 1871 } dec 26—3i

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, Jan. 3rd, 1872

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 8 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

jan 9 3i

Bran and Feed.

10 TONS BRAN;
10 Tons FEED.

Now landing and for sale at lowest rates from Wharf.

HANFORD BROTHERS,
dec 30 11 North wharf.

European & North American Railway.

FOR EXTENSION

From St. John Westward.

ON and after FRIDAY, 1st December, 1871, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:

Leave St. John at 8 a. m. for Fredericton, Me-Adam and Bangor, and at 11.30 a. m. for Fredericton and McAdam.

Leave Bangor at 8 a. m., and McAdam at 6.15 a. m. and 2 10 p. m. for Fredericton and Saint John.

Leave Fredericton at 8.15 a. m for St. John, McAdam and Bangor, and at 2.45 p. m, for St. John and McAdam.

Connections are made at McAdam by the Through Trains with Trains of the N. B. and C. Railway. After above date the daily sale of Excursion Tickets between St. John and Welsford will be discontinued. The passenger fares will be: Saint John to Saint Andrews and Saint Stephen, $3; to Houlton and Woodstock, $3.50; Fredericton, single, $2; return ticket, good for third day, $3.

E. R. BURPEE,
MANAGER.

dec 21

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS!

1871-2. Winter Arrangement. 1871-2.

On and after MONDAY, 4th December next, Trains will run as follows:—

GOING EAST.

No. 2 Will leave Saint John for Shediac at 7 a. m.
No. 4 Will leave Saint John for Petitcodiac at 4.45 p. m.
No. 6 Will leave Saint John for Sussex at 4.45 p. m.
No. 8 Will leave Painsec Junction for Amherst at 3 p. m.

GOING WEST.

No. 1 Will leave Sussex for Saint John at 6.30 a. m.
No. 3 Will leave Shediac for Saint John at 9.15 a. m.
No. 5 Will leave Petitcodiac for Saint John at 1 p. m
No. 7 Will leave Amherst for Painsec Junction at 7.10 a. m.

Nos. 1, 6, 7 and 8 are Mixed Trains.
Nos. 2 and 3 will carry freight *only*, between Petitcodiac and stations East of that place.
Nos. 4 and 5 will be *exclusively* for Freight.

Freight for transportation must be delivered at *St. John* Station before 3 p. m., daily; at *Sussex* at least *one hour*, and at other stations than St. John, at least *half an hour* before the advertised departure of any Freight Train.

LEWIS CARVELL,
General Superintendent.

Railway Office, St John, N. B., 23rd November, 1871. } dec 21

1872.

INTERNATIONAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR PORTLAND AND BOSTON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ONE TRIP A WEEK.

The splendid sea-going Steamer "NEW BRUNSWICK," S. H. Pike, Master, will leave Reed's Point Wharf every THURSDAY morning, at 8 o'clock, for Eastport and Portland. Returning, will leave Portland every MONDAY, at 5 p. m. or after the arrival of the noon train from Boston, for Eastport and Saint John, until further notice.

FARES:

From St John to Eastport	$1.50
" " " St. Andrews	1.50
" " " Calais	1.75
" " " Portland	4.00
By Steamer and Railway to Boston	6 50

Winter rates of Freight charged on and after December 30th.

Freight received on Wednesdays only, up to 5 o'clock, p. m.

All Fares and Freights payable in New Brunswick Currency at St. John.

☞ State Rooms secured at the Office, Reed's Point Wharf.

☞ *All Freight must positively be paid for on delivery of Goods.*

No claims for allowance after Goods leave the Wharf.

All Shipments of Goods to the United States must be accompanied with Invoice; and all amounts over $100 must have a U. S. Consul's Certificate, to prevent stoppage at Eastport.

H. W. CHISHOLM, Agent.

dec 29

25,000 CIGARS,

OF THE FOLLOWING CHOICE BRANDS

Imported expressly for this market.

2,000 CABANAS DE CARBAJAL:
4,000 Halagnenas.
2,000 La Legitimidad;
3,000 Flor el Todo;
3,000 Las dos Polonas
2,000 La Patria;
4,000 La Carolina;
1,000 Emperor's Own;
3,000 Jockey Club;
1,000 Henry Clay's. For sale by

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,
CHEMIST,
24 King street.

dec 7

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,

Chemist and Druggist,

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs, Surgical Instruments.

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.

24 King Street, St. John, N B.
(Pine's Building.)

☞ Ships' Medicine Chests filled and refitted. Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.

SUFFREN,

No. 80 KING STREET.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Call and See our Prices.

dec 21 3i

D. E. LEACH & CO.,

Wine and Spirit Merchants,

ST. STEPHEN'S BUILDING,

No. 2 King Square,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

dec 21 3i

Boarding and Hack Stables,

(Next No. 3 Engine House,)

UNION STREET.

THE Subscriber has rented and fitted up the above Stables especially for

Boarding Horses.

The patrons of this Stable may rely on getting satisfaction.

Ord rs for Hack work taken.

☞ Horses bought and sold.

dec 25 1m T. ELLIOTT.

Model Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber begs to return thanks to all who have patronised him during the past twelve years, and to inform his friends and the public generally that he has opened his new Model BOARDING, SALE AND LIVERY STABLES, in the rear of Mr. Thos. Furlong's Brick Building, Charlotte Street, where, with increased facilities, he will be happy to accommodate all his patrons.

Coaches always on hand.

Horses Boarded on reasonable terms.

J. B. HAMM.

dec 21— y

EXTRACT BEEF

For Invalids—highly recommended.

FOR SALE AT

HANINGTON BROS.

jan 4

24 Water Street.

Landing ex Juliet from Halifax:—

10 BARRELS SUGAR:
20 bbls V. P. SUGAR.

For sale cheap.

JOSHUA S. TURNER.

dec 22

CANNED FRUITS.—A great variety of Canned Fruits. For sale by

R. E. PUDDINGTON.

dec 21

COMMON SCHOOLS ACT.

Notice is hereby Given:

THAT public moneys will not be granted in aid of schools taught between Dec. 30th, 1871, and January 15th, 1872.

2. That the Boundaries of School Districts established under the authority of "the Common Schools Act, 1871," will shortly be posted in each School District of the Province.

3. That the first Annual School Meeting will be convened in the School Districts of the Province on January 11th, 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by notices issued by the County Inspectors, and may be continued till 4 o'clock, P. M.

4. That the duties and powers of the Annual School Meeting, as prescribed by "the Common Schools Act, 1871," are, in brief, as follows:

(1). The election from among the qualified voters present (*i. e.* persons resident in the District and rated in the Parish Assessment List in respect of real and personal property or income, and persons non-resident in the Parish but rated on property in the District) of a Chairman to preside over the meeting. The Chairman is to determine all questions of order, to take the votes of qualified voters only, to decide according to the majority of votes, and to give a casting vote in case of an equality of votes.

(2). The election, from among the qualified voters present, of a Secretary to record its proceedings

(3). The election from among the qualified voters of the District, three Trustees. Teachers cannot be Trustees.

(4). The election of an Auditor of the School Accounts for the ensuing year.

(5). To determine what amount shall be raised by the District during the ensuing year in supplement of the moneys provided towards Teachers' salaries by the Province and County, and for the purchase, rent or improvement of School grounds and buildings, the purchase, erection, repair, furnishing and care of school-houses and out-buildings, the purchase of fuel, maps or apparatus and prescribed textbooks for the pupils of indigent parents, the payment of interest on money to be borrowed by the District, or any other expenses required in providing an efficient school.

Of the sum voted by the meeting, One Dollar is to be collected from every male resident 21 years of age, and the balance is to be assessed upon the property and income of qualified voters.

If any sum is voted for the purchase or improvement of grounds, or for the purchase or erection of school buildings, or the purchase of furniture, the meeting is to authorize the Trustees to borrow the money (if so desired), and to fix the period (not to exceed seven years) within which the amount borrowed shall be collected from the District in equal yearly instalments.

(6). To authorize the Trustees to dispose of any School property owned by the *District* (if so desired).

(7). To authorize the Trustees to insure the School buildings and furniture (if so desired).

(8). To adjourn to the next day at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue till 4 o'clock, P. M.

5. That the Minutes of the School Meeting are to be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and deposited by the former with the Trustees.

6. That in case a District fails to exercise its right of electing Trustees, the County Inspector is to appoint them on the requisition of seven qualified voters of the District.

7. That the fund for Teachers' Salaries is to be provided from *Three Sources*, viz.:—

(1). *From the Provincial Treasury*, at the following rates for the School Year:—

First Class Male Teachers	$150
Second Class " "	120
Third Class " "	90
First Class Female Teachers	110
Second Class " "	90
Third Class " "	70

Class-room Assistants regularly employed four hours per day are to receive one-half of the above amounts, according to the class of License held.

Teachers and Class-room Assistants employed in Districts entitled to special aid as poor Districts, are to receive for the following school year, at the rate of *one third more* than the grants above named.

In all cases one-half of the Provincial Grants are to be paid to THE TEACHER and *licensed assistants* semi-annually, or rateably according to the number of prescribed teaching days the School shall have been satisfactorily taught.

(2). *From the School Fund provided by the County Assessment*, to be apportioned by the Chief Superintendent to THE TRUSTEES of the School Districts within each County, as follows:—

(a.) At the rate of $20 for the school year, in consideration of each licensed Teacher employed: *of whatever class.*

(b.) The balance, by an equal rate per pupil according to the average number of pupils in attendance at school, and the number of teaching days the School has been open. The Trustees of Districts recognized as poor Districts in any year, to receive, in this latter apportionment, special aid not exceeding *one third more per pupil* than the Trustees of other Districts within the County.

One-half of the County fund is to be apportioned and paid semi annually.

No public moneys will be received by Districts which fail to establish Schools under the Act. It will be observed that the amount of Provincial and County moneys to be expended in any District in aid of Schools will depend almost exclusively upon *local exertion*, or the direct efforts made by the people of the several Districts in maintaining their own Schools. The sum to be received by the Teacher from the Province is definite, but the exact amount that will be received by the Trustees from the County Fund on account of the average attendance of pupils, cannot be known at the time of the School meeting. The meeting should, therefore, be careful in voting its estimates to authorize a sum amply sufficient to enable the Trustees to meet the liabilities of the School year. Any balance remaining in the hands of the Trustees, is, of course, to be carried to the credit of the next School year, while any deficit arising from an authorized expenditure may be carried forward and provided for in the estimates of the following year.

The first disbursement of the County Fund will be apportioned on the School attendance made between January 15th and April 30th, inclusive.

8. That the Board of Education has prescribed the following Regulations respecting contracts with Teachers:—

(1). *Form of Teacher's Agreement:* Each Teacher and assistant before entering on duty in any District, is to make a written agreement with the Board of Trustees, (each party retaining a duly executed copy of the same), in accordance with the following form:—

CONTRACT made this——day of——A. D 18 , between [*name of Teacher or Assistant*], holding a valid License of the——class granted under the authority of the Board of Education of New Brunswick, hereinafter referred to as the Teacher, of the one part; and "The Trustees of School District Number—in the Parish of——in the County of——" [*or* "The Board of School Trustees of Saint John," *or as the case may be*], hereinafter referred to as the School Corporation, of the other part.

The Teacher, in consideration of the below-mentioned Agreement by the School Corporation, hereby agrees with the School Corporation diligently and faithfully to teach a School in the said District during the School Year [*or* Term] ending on the ——day of——A.D. 18 , or as much thereof as is unexpired.

And the School Corporation agrees with the Teacher, licensed as aforesaid, to pay the Teacher in half-yearly instalments, [*or* quarterly, or monthly, *as may be agreed upon*] at the rate of——dollars for the School Year [*or* Term] exclusive of the Provincial allowance to be received by the Teacher from the Chief Superintendent.*

And it is mutually agreed that this Contract shall continue from School Year to School Year, unless notice in writing of an intention to determine the same shall be given by either of the parties hereto at least one month before the time herein limited, or the time to which the same may be so as above mentioned.

And it is mutually agreed that both parties to this Contract shall be in all respects subject to the provisions of the Common Schools Act 1871, and any Acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto, and the Regulations thereunder made by the Board of Education.

In testimony whereof, the said parties hereunto set their seals.

A. B. [*Name of Teacher.*] [*Seal.*]
C. D. } [*Name of Trustees, or a majority of them;*
E. F. } or, *in Cities or incorporated Towns, of the*
G. H. } *Chairman.*] [*Corporate Seal.*]

Witness—I. K.

(2.) *Fixed Salaries:* The amount which the Board of Trustees of any District is to receive from the County Fund, being largely dependent on the regularity with which the pupils are kept at School, and therefore unknown at the date of the written agreement (Reg. 2.) to be made with any Teacher or assistant, the Chief Superintendent is not to recognize any contract by which a Teacher or assistant may agree to receive such unknown sum as a portion, or the whole of his or her remuneration from the Trustees, but shall require that a fixed and definite sum or rate be distinctly named in each and every agreement.

9. That Corporate Seals and School Registers will be distributed by the Inspectors to all the School Districts, previous to January 15th.

10. That each School District will be supplied with copies of the Common Schools Act and the Regulations of the Board of Education, during the present month.

11. That copies of the Syllabus of Examination prescribed by the Board of Education can be procured by Teachers on application to the County Inspectors.

By order of the Board of Education,

THEODORE H. RAND,
Chief Superintendent of Education.

EDUCATION OFFICE, Dec. 18th, 1871.

* If there is anything additional, as the use of a dwelling or field free of rent, it should be specified here in continuance, using the words "together with."

"THE DAILY TRIBUNE,"

the opening number of which we present to our readers to day, is intended to be a journal worthy of the patronage of all respectable classes of our community. It shall be the Editor's aim to so conduct it that the commercial, industrial and social interests of the Dominion may be advanced, while its management shall know neither party, nationality nor sect. THE DAILY TRIBUNE will support all sound legislative measures, wherever they may originate, and oppose every scheme prejudicial to the public good, by whatever political party it may be upheld. While Dominion and Provincial affairs will thus be fully and impartially treated, special attention will be given to matters relating to the City and County of St. John. That our City may retain its present pre-eminence as a commercial centre, greater ability and energy must enter into its corporate management. Its Harbor interests require the most vigilant scrutiny; and not less, but more, important are those guarantees which should be, but unfortunately have not been, taken for securing the Public Health. The Construction and Lighting of our Streets, the Water Supply, the Sewerage question, the proper distribution of Taxation, the support and management of the Public Schools, are also matters of great moment and are intimately related to our City's commercial prosperity. With such questions we shall deal faithfully, although we do not propose that their discussion shall wholly overshadow the many interesting topics that will engage the attention of the inhabitants of other Provincial towns, whose more important local news will be chronicled, from day to day, in these columns.

Special Correspondence, from leading Political and Commercial centres, will be laid before our readers, as circumstances may require; and Letters from the People when brief, dignified and "to the point," will be welcomed. (Contributions from long-winded and prosy letter writers will be respectfully declined.)

Arrangements are progressing for a full and regular supply of Telegraphic News; and when exciting and important Foreign News may be expected, ample Special Telegrams will be forthcoming in THE DAILY TRIBUNE.

The Shipping Reports of THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be found, after the present issue, unusually full and reliable, and such as to secure for the paper a place in the offices of the thousands in the Province who are interested in this important element of our commercial prosperity. A weekly financial Report will also be published—one we trust, that our Merchants will find valuable for reference at home, and for the information of their correspondents abroad.

To Advertisers we offer a sheet whose circulation we propose to extend by all honorable means. We shall not rest satisfied until THE DAILY TRIBUNE finds a place and a welcome in every counting room, and in the home of every newspaper reader, in the City. With Editorials treating of a variety of subjects; with Foreign and Domestic News intended to interest most of the numerous classes of which the reading community is composed; with copious Telegrams, bringing under view the latest intelligence from all parts of the world; and with those other elements that enter into the management of a live newspaper, and which need not here be more particularly referred to, THE DAILY TRIBUNE anticipates a favorable reception at the hands of the Public; and this favor can best be shown by rapid sales and well filled advertising columns.

WHERE SOLD.

The Subscription price of THE DAILY TRIBUNE is $5 per annum, *invariably in advance.* Carriers will deliver early in the evening at the houses of City Subscribers, and Country Subscribers will be served by the first mails leaving after the hour of publication—say 4 P M. Postage (except when the paper leaves the Dominion) must be paid at the office of the Subscriber.

That THE DAILY TRIBUNE may be placed within the reach of all who may desire to read it, it has been decided that, in addition to sales by the street News-boys, and on the Railroads, and delivery by our Carriers, the paper shall be offered for sale at the following central points in and near St. John:—

IN ST. JOHN:—At the Book-stores of Messrs. T. H. Hall, W. K. Crawford, J. D. Landry, H. S. Beck, J. & A. McMillan, H. Chubb & Co.
At Roger Hunter's, Dock street.
At W. Hawker's Drug Store, Reed's Point.
At J. D. McAvity's Grocery, Bustin's Corner.
At James Adams' Grocery, cor. Orange and Carmarthen.
At Mr. Lorimer's Grocery, corner Duke and Sydney.
At Mrs. Bowen's, Princess street, (above Carmarthen.)
At C. F. Burns's, corner Wentworth and Main.
At James Lemon's, corner St. James and Carmarthen.
At James McKenny's, Main street, near Carmarthen.
At Miss Campbell's Pitt street, near King.
At John Smith's, corner Union and Coburg.
At R. E. Puddington's Grocery, 44 Charlotte St.
At John McArthur's, Charlotte street.
At Geo. Williams's, Coburg street.
At J. B. Fenwick's, Railway Station.
At C. Manaton's, City Road.
At W. J. McGowan's, Marsh Bridge.
At L. Currey's, Waterloo street.
At H. C. Frost's, Brussells street.
At Emery & Sons, Golden Ball corner.
At John Morey's, Union street.

IN PORTLAND:—By Mr. Shields, druggist, Main street.
Capt. Speight, Main street.
W. G. Brown, P. M., Indiantown.
R. S. Matthews, Indiantown.

IN CARLETON:—At the Agency of H. Chubb & Co., and on the street.

IN FAIRVILLE:—At C. F. Tilton's, Post Office.

The DAILY TRIBUNE may also be obtained at the Stations of the E. & N. A. Railway. We have only space to add the names of a few of our country agents, such as Mr. A. H. Clewley, St. Stephen, Mr. J. S. Magee, St. Andrews, McLauchlan & Sons, Fredericton, Mr. W. Everitt, Woodstock, Mr. J. W. Pitfield, Moncton, Mr. Ovid Chapman, Shediac, Mr. T. G. Burnes, Ossekeag. A complete list, however, will be given in another issue.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE will unite, when requested, with the other City Newspapers in treating all Advertising as "transient:" that is, it will regard with favor the abolition of agreements for advertising "by the year." The latter practice has gone out of fashion in all well managed newspaper offices; and being a most unjust arrangement, both for the Newspaper and a majority of the Advertisers, should have ceased to exist in this City many years ago. Such a step might place the TRIBUNE at a disadvantage, for a time, in the race with its older and more vigorous Daily competitors, such as the *Telegraph and Journal*, *Globe*, and *Morning News*; but it would establish a just principle, and, in the end, prove advantageous both to the Advertising Public and the Press. Until a change of the character proposed, however, be consummated, the rates for Advertisements in THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be as follows:—

A limited number of yearly contracts will be made on the basis of $30 for one inch of space,— several changes being allowed, say,	$30
Two inches, with changes,	$50
For a Card of 5 lines, 1 year, *unchanged*,	$12
For Advertisements of Government, Corporations, Railway and Steamboat Co.'s, and other public bodies,—for Theatres, Concerts, Lectures and other public entertainments, say first insertion,	80 cts
Each subsequent do.	40 cts
For ordinary mercantile transient advertising, say, first insertion,	60 cts
Each subsequent do.	30 cts
For condensed advertisements, to occupy 5 lines, such as Wants, each and every insertion,	25 cts.

A few special agreements, having reference to position and extra space, will be made at paying rates.

OTHER MATTERS.

We shall be pleased to receive from any of the friends of the TRIBUNE Local News for its columns, and suggestions in reference to subjects requiring journalistic treatment. The news items should be reliable, and the remarks of a practical character. Special contributions will be received, and, when their public value appears to warrant, will be paid for. Extracts from the business letters of Merchants, which in many instances, contain valuable facts and statistics, might frequently be supplied to Editors with advantage to the public. A corner in the DAILY TRIBUNE will be reserved for such Correspondence.

In conclusion, the subscriber would ask for this new enterprise the countenance and practical support of the reading and advertising community. If, in the past, he has been so fortunate as to assist, even to a limited extent, in furthering those interests which the great majority of our citizens have at heart; if he has been instrumental, in any way, in assisting our good City in that grand career of prosperity and influence which appears to lie before her, he has been amply rewarded for the labor of many years. For the promise of the future he can only refer his readers and friends to the performance of the past.

JOHN LIVINGSTON.

"THE DAILY TRIBUNE" Office, St. John, Dec. 21. 1871. }

Business Arrangements.

The fact that this journal is issued nearly a fortnight earlier than was anticipated, with a view to participating in the Holiday advertising, which the merchants of St John deal out so liberally, will probably be accepted as reason sufficient for any imperfection that may appear in the initial number. The printing paper is not as heavy and bright as we propose to use; types now *en route* to us will improve its mechanical appearance; and the Editorial and business staff will be fully organized by the first of January. Offices, centrally located, have been secured in Prince William St. The southern half of Mr. George Philps' office has been taken for a business office, and the *Globe's* former editorial rooms, and offices adjacent, will be occupied by the TRIBUNE Editor and Reporters. These, however, are at present undergoing renovation, and cannot be used for a few weeks to come. In the meantime, parties having business to transact with THE DAILY TRIBUNE will find us in the same building but in the third story.

JOHN McARTHUR

To his Patrons and the Public.

THE Second Anniversary of a Christmas season in business naturally awakens a spirit of thanksgiving towards friends, when the fact is felt, that since his first start in trade, he has, up till date, been the recipient of a very *generous patronage*, he would, at this festive period, offer heartfelt offerings for good to all, and trusts, when another year hath elapsed, he may feel in position and spirit, with greater force of speech to present his manifold congratulations for prosperity vouchsafed to a *liberal people.*

Corner Store Grocery.

dec 21

PRINTED BY

GEO. W. DAY,

Book, Card and Job Printer,

46 CHARLOTTE STREET.