

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL XL.

ST. JOHN, N. B. SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1902.

NO. 85.

SOLDIER'S END,  
DEATH FROM MAD  
DOG'S BITE.

Sad Fate of Canadian Who  
Had Fought Well in  
Africa.

DEATH CAME IN LONDON.

Capt. A. E. Restrirk, of Hamilton,  
Ont., Carried Off by Hydrophobia,  
Bite Received in Africa Some  
Months Ago—Hon. Mr. Chamber-  
lain's Words of Praise.

Ottawa, July 10.—(Special)—The militia  
department has been advised of the death  
of Capt. A. E. Restrirk, of the 37th reg-  
iment, Haldimand, who served with South  
Nigeria regiment on the West African  
frontier. He belonged to Hamilton. The  
letter conveying the news was written  
from Pall Mall Place, London, and states  
that he died at 3 o'clock June 14, after  
he took ill first, it was thought he had  
West Coast fever, but later when three  
doctors diagnosed his case he was found  
to have hydrophobia. This diagnosis proved  
to be correct as he afterwards told  
one of the doctors that he had been bitten  
by a mad dog about three months before  
he died in Africa.

The officers who served with Captain  
Restrirk, state that he was a very fine  
soldier and displayed great gallantry  
on several occasions. When he arrived  
in England on six months' leave, he was  
in excellent health and his death was a  
surprise.

Concerning his death, Hon. Joseph  
Chamberlain has sent the following letter  
to the department:

"I regret to inform you of the death  
of Capt. Restrirk, of the 37th regiment,  
Haldimand, who served with the  
South Nigeria regiment on the West African  
frontier. I have to request that an expression  
of my sympathy be conveyed to his  
family. Capt. Restrirk was buried with full  
military honors at Richmond on June  
18th."

(Signed) "CHAMBERLAIN."

REPATRIATION OF THE BOERS.

Commissioners Are Handling the Matter—  
The Plan Followed

London, July 9.—Repatiated burghers,  
says the Times correspondent at Johan-  
nesburg, are steadily and individually re-  
turning home. They are supplied with  
returning, equipment and are being re-  
turned to their homes. The general return  
policy of government transport of those not  
possessing horses and carts of their own  
is being carried out in each district with  
a shelter, seeds and stock when necessary.  
Each commission will be under the pres-  
ence of the resident magistrate and will  
exercise broad discretion in making grants  
with regard to present needs, and not  
with regard to the position of the fam-  
ily before the war. The Boers who fought on  
the British side deserve preferential treat-  
ment and are as eager as the others to  
return to their homes, preferring to take  
advantage of the government land settlement  
schemes.

The sum of \$15,000,000 will be put at  
the disposal of the local commissioners  
for the settlement of claims for war losses.  
When a successful claimant has received  
no supplies his share will be paid in  
cash. In other cases the value of the sup-  
plies granted will be deducted.

"BOBS" IN EARNEST.

Rustication of Royal Military College Cadets  
Comes Up in House of Lords

London, July 10.—Lord Roberts, com-  
mander-in-chief of the forces, replying in  
the house of lords today to criticisms  
made by Earl Curriington (Liberal) and  
others, regarding the "rustication" of 20  
of the cadets in the Royal Military Col-  
lege, Sandhurst, as a result of their failure  
to denounce the persons guilty of starting  
the recent fires at that institution, and  
who were not convicted of any connection  
with the attempts at incendiarism, de-  
fended his order which affected the  
"rustication" of the cadets in question on  
the ground that otherwise he found it im-  
possible to discover the culprits. He  
promised personally to investigate each  
of the "rusticated" cadets, and that if  
they would lose his seniority unjustly.  
Lord Roberts said, however, that the 20  
cadets would not be allowed to return to  
college until satisfactory conclusion as to  
the origin of the fires had been reached.

Montreal Machinists Form Engineer Corps.

Montreal, July 10.—(Special)—The 37th  
militia force is to be increased by the ad-  
dition of an engineer company number-  
ing 106 officers, non-commissioned officers  
and men. The organization of the com-  
pany, which is already practically effected,  
is largely due to the energy of a number  
of practical machinists in Point St.  
Charles, many in the Grand Trunk shops.

ROYAL COMMISSION REPORT RECOMMENDS  
RADICAL CHANGES IN ST. JOHN HOSPITAL.

Finds There Were Grounds for Complaints as to Food, Want of Cleanliness, and Inattention to Patients—Nine More Lady  
Nurses Suggested—Practical Instruction in Cookery—Three Trained Male Nurses—Should be General  
Superintendent, Also Head Nurse—Matron Merely House Keeper—Commission  
Reduced to Five—\$25,000 for Building Improvements.

Fredericton, July 10.—At the meeting of  
the provincial government held here the  
report of the royal commission appointed  
to investigate the St. John Hospital was  
received. In their report the commis-  
sioners recommended some radical changes.

The full text of the report is as fol-  
lows:—St. John (N. B.), June 9, 1902.  
To His Honor, the Lieutenant-Governor  
in Council:

The undersigned, by virtue of authority  
of a commission dated the 14th February,  
1902, under the great seal of the province,  
which directed them to proceed to inquire  
into all questions connected with the  
"general management of the Saint John  
Public Hospital, the care of patients and  
generally all matters connected with its  
administration; also as to the desirability  
of continuing the arrangements made some  
years ago with the dominion government,  
whereby the Marine Hospital was discon-  
tinued, and the Marine Hospital was discon-  
tinued, under an agreement with the  
dominion government, as to whether  
the hospital might not be more effectively  
promoted if this arrangement were discon-  
tinued," beg to report that they have  
made diligent inquiry before dealing with  
the evidence brought out during the investi-  
gation, it may be well to say that the General  
Hospital was created and managed un-  
der the provisions of an act of assembly  
of the year 1860, and of certain other  
subsequent acts. The bill of 1860 was pro-  
posed by Dr. William Bayard, the present  
chairman of commissioners, and when  
submitted suggested a much larger assess-  
ment on the city of St. John for main-  
tenance than was finally authorized by the  
bill. Had Doctor Bayard's view then been  
adopted, and the larger assessment asked  
for made available, one of the answers  
repeatedly made to the charges investi-  
gated by your commissioners, viz., "lack of

money to manage the institution," would  
not have rested upon as solid a founda-  
tion as it appears to do.

Dr. Bayard.  
In the opinion of the commissioners, a  
debt of gratitude is due to Doctor Bayard  
for his persistent, faithful, conscientious  
work in establishing the institution; for  
the active aid which for many years he  
has given to its management, and also for  
his having had the courage of his con-  
victions at all times with regard to its  
welfare. These convictions at last found  
expression in his statement to the commis-  
sioners—page 490 of the evidence—em-  
bracing some of the most radical changes  
suggested by medical men.

Complaints Have Foundation in Fact.  
The complaints made by patients fall  
naturally into three divisions, viz., quality  
of food; absence of proper care by the  
internal staff; uncleanness of the insti-  
tution.

Your commissioners find that these com-  
plaints have some foundation in fact—the  
evidence which is submitted herewith  
stating the details.

THE FOOD QUESTION.

Dr. Emery's Evidence Practically Sums Up  
Commissioners' Conclusions on This  
Point.

Dealing first with the food question,  
your commissioners direct attention to the  
evidence of Dr. A. F. Emery, pages  
208, 209, 270 and 271 of the evidence. This  
practically sums up the conclusions at  
which the commissioners have arrived.

Dr. A. F. Emery Examined.

Mr. Lee—Whose duty it is to inspect the  
food?  
A. The matron's primarily, and the resi-

dent physician and the visiting commis-  
sioner. I think the matron is the one  
whose duty it is to see that the food  
comes in all right.

Q. And it is her duty to report? A. If  
the food was wrong. Yes. I do not re-  
member all the details but I think that is  
supposed to be her duty. According to  
the by-laws the resident physician is the  
steward and according to the by-laws it  
is his duty to do that. When I was resi-  
dent physician I did it as largely as I  
could, all the time I had at my disposal.  
I looked into the food, but the resident  
physician has not much time for that.  
The matron has to do that largely.

Q. Did you get a remedy when you had  
complaints to make in regard to the food?  
A. Yes, I did.

Q. Did you get a remedy when you had  
complaints to make in regard to the food?  
A. Well, in my first month as hospital  
physician I refused the butter—without  
going into details. It was on the list then  
and tender and I absolutely refused to  
take it and sent it back and watched it  
myself, the matron of the hospital was  
a very old lady of 80 and over at the  
time, and not very well, so that her duty  
came upon myself largely, and the butter  
was sent back a number of times; those  
tendering said they couldn't afford better.  
I refused to take it and finally the but-  
ter was sent all right.

Q. You complained to the commissioners  
at the same time?  
A. I dealt with it right myself first; as  
steward of the hospital. At the time the  
resident physician had more authority  
as steward than he has at the present  
time, and I think that was remedied as far  
as my memory goes, largely, but it had to  
be kept up continually, the matter of  
food. Many times during my time I had  
to refuse food.

The Chief Justice—Other articles as well  
as butter?  
A. Yes, the meat; I had a regular  
controversy with those supplying meat.

For a time I did not know whether we  
would have any or not.

Com. Lee—You did not find any ob-  
struction on the part of the commis-  
sioners as to getting food?  
A. No, I think they were rather glad  
to have me do it.

Com. Knowlton—As visiting physician  
have you had any reason to complain of  
the food as a general thing?  
A. I think, taking generally—in looking  
over the statements made by patients who  
were up before the commission before,  
you would think no good food ever went  
into the hospital—that is not correct. But  
I do not think the quality of the food  
in many instances is right. I think the  
butter very often is not up to what I  
would call good butter. I have looked  
into it at various times, and while it is  
not absolutely bad, sick people are pretty  
particular about what kind of butter they  
get, and my impression is that very often  
butter of a quality that sick people could  
not eat went into the hospital; but it was  
not as bad as would be judged.

The Chief Justice—It was not contin-  
ually bad?  
A. No. This matter of bad food does  
not go on all the time, because efforts  
have been made by the hospital commis-  
sion and those in charge continually to  
remedy these things. This has been go-  
ing on in the hospital, as it will in any  
institution, and you have got to keep  
continually at it. But about so much  
bad butter when I was in as visiting  
physician, I did not go in at visiting  
hours and patients, as a rule, did not  
complain to me as much as the public  
would suppose. Some of them did, but I  
always found, when I brought it to the  
attention of the house, it was looked  
into, and if it was not remedied at once  
it, although at times it needed a lit-  
tle sharper looking after—it would soon  
fall back. With regard to the food—

I think the method of serving is not ab-  
solutely up-to-date, in serving the food  
into the wards. A large number of those  
in the wards can eat anything that is set  
before them, because there are a lot of  
slight ailments, people whose appetites  
are all right and probably getting much  
better food than they ever got before.  
They can eat anything. The other pa-  
tients cannot eat food unless it is pre-  
pared nicely, and that can only be done if  
there is a larger staff of assistants.

The chief justice states that he  
found here a method in this hospital dif-  
ferent from other hospitals he visited.  
A tray of food for several persons would  
be sent up to the ward, while in every  
other hospital which he saw there was an  
individual tray for each patient.

Com. Lee—When you inspected this  
food and looked after it and saw that the  
food was all right that came in did you  
have any complaint from a patient?  
A. No, I think every time I spoke  
about the food it was remedied.

Q. But did the patients complain when  
you were household doctor, when you  
were doing your best to get the best food  
in?  
A. Well, of course, that is going  
back some years. I presume  
there were always complaints more  
or less, but of course I don't remem-  
ber that. That is going back to '87 and  
'88. I do not think the patients were as  
particular about what they got in the  
hospital then as at the present time.  
They have changed in their ideas. They  
expect more now. In regard to the serv-  
ing of food I think they need a different  
system in the hospital. I am not pre-  
pared to say what they would carry out.

Q. You would not approve of supplying  
stale eggs, I suppose?  
A. Oh, no; I think that was greatly  
exaggerated.

Q. Would you think it right to supply  
poor food to one sick between life and  
death?  
(Continued on page 8, first column)

CORONATION OF  
THE KING MAY  
BE AUGUST 9.

Truth Says It Will Be With  
Little Ceremony; Observ-  
ances Only One Day.

MONARCH'S PROGRESS.

Cannot Yet Sit Up, But Every Day  
is Removed to Couch, Giving  
Welcome Change of Position—  
Last of Coronation Guests to  
Leave Buckingham Palace Today.

London, July 10.—It is said on good  
authority that subject to the approval of  
King Edward's physicians the coronation  
will take place August 9.

The coronation banquet, which is prob-  
ably the biggest affair of its kind ever  
held, was opened by Queen Alexandra  
this afternoon. The banquet was held un-  
der a temporary structure covering 150,  
000 square feet in the Botanical Gardens,  
Regent's Park. It was in aid of the hospi-  
tals for sick children. More than 5,000  
tickets, at a guinea each, were sold in ad-  
vance.

A bank has been established on the  
grounds. Dinners were arranged by Riez,  
and altogether every facility was offered  
those desiring to spend money.

The queen, in semi-state, with an escort  
of the Life Guards and accompanied by  
several members of the royal family,  
drove up to Regent's Park at 4 o'clock.  
Her majesty was welcomed by the Duke  
and Duchess of Devonshire, and other  
representatives of the nobility were as-  
sembled on a dias, from which, amid a  
fanfare of trumpets, the queen declared  
the banquet opened. An inspection of the  
stalls, of which there were nearly 40, was  
then begun. At each stall her majesty was  
received by the ladies who organized it.

Kind Edward is not yet able to sit up  
but every day he is removed to an ad-  
justable couch, which gives a welcome  
change to his position. An attempt was  
made to transfer him to the royal family  
carriage, but that all the arrangements for  
this transfer are kept secret to prevent a  
gathering of the public to witness the  
king's departure.

His majesty maintains his steady im-  
provement.

With the departure tomorrow of the  
Duchess of Aosta, all the coronation  
guests will have left Buckingham Palace.  
Truth says that when the royal family  
is held only the royal family, a few relatives  
from abroad and the permanent am-  
bassadors in London representing foreign  
countries will be present. There will be  
a procession from Buckingham Palace to  
Westminster Abbey and back, and noth-  
ing but the Victoria and Albert in a  
special carriage will be used for the  
actual day of the coronation. The  
suggested August dates are unpopular, as  
August is the holiday month for London  
residents.

CANADIAN GIRL  
KILLED IN ENGLAND.

Miss Strathy, of Montreal, Struck  
by Stone from Falling Church  
Steeple.

Toronto, July 10.—(Special)—The Tele-  
gram's cable from London says: "The  
high wind today blew down the flagstaff  
from All Saints church, Langham Place.  
In falling the pole struck a small pillar  
which became detached and brought it  
crumbling to the ground."

"Miss May Strathy, of Lachine, Mont-  
real, and two other ladies, were passing  
at the time and the falling steeple struck  
all three. Miss Strathy's skull was frac-  
tured. She died almost instantly. The  
other two were seriously injured and may  
succumb. Miss Strathy was enjoining  
with her aged grandmother at Scott's  
Hotel, Langham street. The old lady is  
so feeble the people of the house are  
afraid to acquaint her with the fatality."

Toronto, July 10.—(Special)—Miss Strathy,  
whose death is chronicled in a special  
cable from London was a grand niece of  
Henry S. Strathy, general manager of the  
Traders' Bank, and a relative of other  
members of the well-known Strathy family  
of this city. She was the daughter of Ed-  
ward Strathy, Montreal.

SENSATIONAL TRIAL ENDS.

Started in Clash Between Greek and Latin  
Monks at the Saviour's Tomb.

Jerusalem, July 10.—A sensational trial  
here, the result of the clash between the  
Greek and Latin monks in the Church of  
the Holy Sepulchre surrounding Christ's  
tomb, in November last, has resulted in  
the sentencing of 34 Greeks, including  
12 priests, to terms of imprisonment  
ranging from a week to nine months.

STARTS CHAOTE BOOM  
FOR PRESIDENCY

Possible Successor to Roosevelt in  
Ambassador to England.

London, July 8.—At the annual dinner  
of the Hardwick Society in London to-  
night, Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, who  
was counsel for the United States before  
the international high commission on the  
Bering Sea claims in 1897, referred to  
Joseph H. Choate, the United States am-  
bassador, as a possible candidate for the  
presidency of the United States.

How many are dead it may take several  
days to determine, but that it is a long  
list is certain. It may reach 200 or more.  
The explosion occurred at 10 o'clock, and  
practically sums up the conclusions at  
which the commissioners have arrived.

Dr. A. F. Emery Examined.  
Mr. Lee—Whose duty it is to inspect the  
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A. The matron's primarily, and the resi-

JOHNSTOWN FLOOD HORROR RIVALLED  
BY AWFUL MINING DISASTER THERE.

Number of Victims Estimated from 200 to 400—There Was an Explosion,  
Cause Unknown—Work of Rescue Handicapped by Deadly Gas  
—One Man Saw 50 Dead Bodies.

Johnstown, Pa., July 10.—Johnstown has  
again been visited by an appalling mine  
disaster, only less frightful than the awful  
calamity of May 31, 1889, in cost of life,  
but in its terrible consequences it has  
brought the shadow of sorrow in hundreds  
of homes made desolate by a mine explo-  
sion in the Cambria Steel Company's Roll-  
ing Mill mine, under Westmont Hill, at  
12:20 o'clock this afternoon.

How many are dead it may take several  
days to determine, but that it is a long  
list is certain. It may reach 200 or more.  
The explosion occurred at 10 o'clock, and  
practically sums up the conclusions at  
which the commissioners have arrived.

Mr. Dickinson compared President  
Roosevelt, amid the enthusiastic cheers of  
those present, to Sir Philip Sydney, "sans  
peur et sans reproche."

Dealing with international feeling, Mr.  
Dickinson said:

"We of the United States have long  
since ceased to boast that we alone are  
the champions of liberty; wherever the  
British flag floats today it stands for lib-  
erty."

"Great Britain and the United States  
can make the world's freedom wider; we  
not by alliance, but by an understanding  
that we, the English-speaking nations  
mean well by the rest of the world and  
that the other nations must not attack  
either one of us."

CANADA ATLANTIC PLANS.

General Manager Says a New Central Depot  
is Planned.

Ottawa, July 10.—(Special)—"We fully  
intend to start this summer with the erec-  
tion of the new central depot," said E.  
J. Chamberlain, general manager of the  
Canada Atlantic Railway today.

"Mr. Booth and our chief engineer,  
Mr. Mountain, have been going over the  
station properly this week laying out  
locations and the plans and estimates have  
been prepared. The station which we  
propose to erect is estimated to cost any-  
where from \$200,000 to a quarter of a  
million dollars and will provide the re-  
quired railway accommodation. We in-  
tend to start the work on the structure  
this year and that as soon as possible."

Coal Fell on Jacob Frost, Crushing  
Him to Death.

Glouce Bay, C. B., July 10.—(Special)—  
Jacob Frost, a native of Newfoundland,  
was instantly killed by a fall of coal in  
Caledonia pit last night. He was employ-  
ed as a loader and was in the act of re-  
moving a large lump of coal from the  
conveyor when the face of the room fell  
on him and crushed him to death. The  
body was embalmed and forwarded to  
Trinity Bay (Nfld.).

ficials issued an order to the employees  
not to enter the mine until the gas, and  
that the very next day a young Hungar-  
ian was seen pushing his naked lamp  
along the roof of the mine in search of  
it.

Canvass screens are being used to wall  
all the side entrances and rooms, so as  
to force a direct current of pure air ahead  
of the rescuers. Engineer A. G. Prosser,  
chief of the rescue party, ordered the  
entrance to be closed and the surface  
at Mill Creek and immediately set about  
securing men and material to aid in the  
rescue.

Harry Rogers and his party were not  
in the Klondike when the explosion took  
place, but started on their way to the  
mine at the main opening, came to the  
surface at Mill Creek and immediately set  
about securing men and material to aid in  
the rescue.

The survivors who have escaped from  
the mine describe the condition as fright-  
ful. Solid walls of masonry three feet  
thick were torn down. The roofs of the  
mine were demolished and not a door  
remained standing. In the face of these  
difficulties even the most heroic efforts to  
rescue may well seem hopeless.

Miners who left the mine by the Mill  
Creek entrance brought the bodies of  
men who had been crushed to death by  
falling rock. They were found in the  
vicinity of the main opening. With the  
help of Foreman Roberts, an effort was made  
to replace a few of the shattered doors.  
All the while the fire damp was closing  
around them. They did not falter but  
went into the midst of danger. Through  
galleries into headings, warning and help-  
ing, the two men went. Roberts fell, but  
Foster staggered on, whether he hardly  
knew. In the midst of the danger he met  
Powell Griffith. They went forward,  
dragging a comrade into a possible place  
of safety here, giving a word of warning  
there, until human endurance could stand  
no longer. Exhausted they staggered into  
the heading where the fire damp had  
entered. They rested there for a moment  
and then plunged forward until finally  
they wandered into a water level and  
through it reached a place of safety.

The latest reports place the dead at 125  
and states that 65 bodies have been seen.

LABORER EXPLOSION EXPEDITED.

St. John's, Nfld., July 10.—The expedi-  
tion under the leadership of Col. William  
Gazier, of New York, numbering 12 per-  
sons, left here tonight on the steamer  
Virginia Lake, to explore the unknown  
wilds of Labrador.

Prince of Wales to Have Dublin Home.

Dublin, July 11.—The Irish Times as-  
serts that the Prince and Princess of  
Wales will reside in Dublin a portion  
of each year.

BRUTAL HUSBAND IS  
SENT TO DORCHESTER.

Two Years for James Stuart, Tried  
at Amherst for Wife-beating.

Amherst, N. S., July 10.—(Special)—  
Under the speedy trials act this morning  
Judge Morse sentenced James Stuart to  
two years in Dorchester penitentiary for  
brutally beating his wife. Stuart pleaded  
not guilty. Mrs. Stuart, the only witness  
called, testified that on 27th of June her  
husband had severely beaten her with  
both stick and whip; had choked and  
otherwise abused her and that he was  
in the habit of striking her frequently  
without any apparent cause; that she was  
confined to bed several days after the  
last assault and was compelled to call  
medical aid. Hon. W. T. Papes, K. C.,  
represented the crown. The prisoner was  
not represented by counsel.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK.

Meetings in Restigouche and Bonaventure  
Counties.

Preparatory to the annual convention  
of these counties the executive called the  
field secretary to attend a series of dis-  
trict meetings chiefly in Bonaventure.

At Sellaireville he re-organized the Sun-  
day school. The district visitor, W. D.  
Duncan, accompanied the secretary.

In Escuminac and Point LaGrande he was  
aided by Pastor Rev. Mr. Ross. In  
Escuminac the address was on the de-  
velopment of a lesson to aid teachers,  
and in LaGrande on important points in  
Sunday school lesson.

At New Carlisle a Saturday evening  
meeting was largely attended. Points in  
association work and our Old Testament  
series of lessons formed the subject of  
the evening. Pastor Rev. J. Sutherland  
presided.

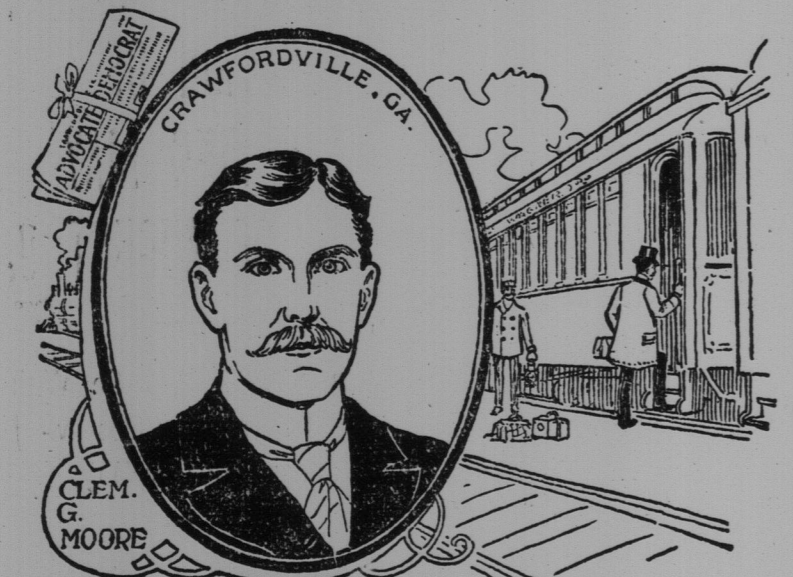
Sunday was given to Port Daniel in the  
morning where a large number of old and  
young welcomed the secretary's sermon on  
Child Life and Its Obligations. In the af-  
ternoon at Hopetown the address, based  
on scripture, was especially on the local  
needs. In the evening at Paspobiac, the  
sermon was to young people and their  
teachers.

On Monday afternoon at Cascapedia a  
conference was held with a small band of  
Sunday school workers for encouragement  
in their work. In the evening at New  
Richmond, the district work was reviewed  
and many suggestions made, for further  
advance. Rev. J. F. McCurdy presided in  
these two meetings.

In this district under Miss Eliza Pidgeon  
whom the last convention appointed, good  
progress has been made in establishing  
home departments.

The appointments at Moore's Settlement  
missed through illness of train, and that  
of Glenview because somebody neglected  
announcement. The secretary and district  
visitor went to both these places.  
The county convention assemblies in  
Campbellton Baptist church on Tuesday  
and Wednesday, the 15th and 16th.

FOR SYSTEMIC CATARRH



Peculiar to Summer Pe-ru-na Gives Prompt and Permanent Relief. Gentlemen--After four years of intense suffering, caused by systemic catarrh, which I contracted while editing, and traveling for my paper, I have been greatly relieved by the use of Peruna. I gave up work during these years of torture, tried various remedies and many doctors, but all the permanent relief came from the use of Peruna. My trouble was called indigestion, but it was catarrh all through my system, and a few bottles of Peruna made me feel like another person, and the improvement after I had used the first bottle, Peruna is undoubtedly the best catarrh remedy ever compounded.--CLEM G. MOORE.

CUMBERLAND MAY NOT BE RAISED FOR DAYS

Divers Patching American Boat Before Attempt to Float Her. Boston, July 8--Steamer Cumberland, which sank yesterday afternoon near the wharf of the New York & Boston Dye Wood Company, lies in the same position today. Divers are at work patching up the openings in the vessel, preparing to attempt being made to pump her out and float her. It is doubtful if the vessel is raised for several days.

Of the collision the Boston Herald says: Although nearly every one on both boats, whether standing or sitting, was thrown to the floor by the shock of collision, no one was seriously hurt. A few women fainted or were afflicted with hysterics, but they soon recovered without aid. It was very fortunate that no one was near the Cumberland's forward companionway, for at that point, on the starboard bow, the iron nose of the Farragut smashed in the wooden planking of the Cumberland from water line to rail for several feet.

Captain Allan of the Cumberland claims that he blew the whistle at regular intervals, according to harbor rules, from the time he left Commercial wharf, and that he was steering at moderate speed. Several passengers, who were standing in the Cumberland's bow, said that the Farragut was laying her course nearly at right angles to that of the Cumberland; that she was moving forward and that she was blowing the whistle suddenly and smashed through the side of the Cumberland before they could even jump. As the latter kept an even keel, after the vessels drew apart, these coo-headed persons decided not to worry and calmly awaited developments.

A Pipeful of Amber Plug Smoking Tobacco will burn 75 minutes. Test it! Save the Tags they are valuable.

Italy's King Leaves to Visit Czar. Home, July 10--King Victor Emmanuel left here today for St. Petersburg to visit the Czar of Russia. The king will remain in St. Petersburg three days. His visit in response to a direct invitation from the Czar.

UNITED STATES RUFFY ABOUT EXTRADITION.

Will Take Gaynor and Greene Case to the British Authorities. COMPLAINS OF CANADA Charges That Dominion Authorities Are Pursuing an Unwarranted and Extraordinary Course--Official Sends a Lengthy Report to Washington.

Washington, July 9.--The extradition case of Messrs. Ben. D. Green and John P. Gaynor, whose removal from Canada to the State of Georgia for trial on charges of misappropriation and embezzlement of more than \$2,000,000 in connection with river and harbor improvements at Savannah, (Ga.), has been sought for some time by the United States, will take on a diplomatic phase in a few days when the Secretary of State will receive a report from the United States department of justice that the Canadian authorities are pursuing an extraordinary and unwarranted course in the case. The delays and embarrassments in the extradition proceedings resulted in Mr. Edwin, special agent to the attorney general, who has been in active charge of the extradition proceedings of the United States, transmitting to the attorney general under date of July 7th, a special report on the case, in which he calls attention to the fact that the legal representatives of Greene and Gaynor are closely connected with professional and family ties with the highest officials of the provincial and Dominion governments. He says that he was thus "precluded by the position taken by them from conferring with the law officers of the crown." He therefore retained two attorneys of the Montreal and Canadian bar, who have ably assisted him. The report then calls attention to the provisions of the Canadian extradition act: "Whenever this act applies, a judge may issue his warrant for the apprehension of a fugitive and a foreign warrant of arrest, or an information or complaint laid before him, and on such evidence or after such proceedings, as he thinks proper, justify the issue of his warrant if the crime of which the fugitive is accused or alleged to have been committed has been committed in Canada."

KING PROGRESSES; TALK OF CORONATION.

August 15 the Provisional Date--Talk of Coronation Label Suit. London, July 8--It was said at Buckingham Palace tonight that King Edward's progress was in no way retarded. London, July 8--The news that the coronation of King Edward was to be held before the middle of August was published in the U. S. and Canada before it was known here. But the London Times and other papers this morning confirm the Associated Press announcement. From the same excellent source the Associated Press learns today that the pressing forward of the coronation was due to the personal insistence of the king. His doctors were at first opposed to such an early date but the king declined to agree to any other plans until he is crowned and the doctors, finally realizing that more danger was likely to arise in opposing his majesty at this point, agreed to it. They now see the king is right and that it is as far better for him to get through the turmoil of the coronation as soon as possible than to have it hanging over him for months. King Edward has determined not to break up the court at Buckingham Palace until after the coronation. He may on board his yacht for a few days' cruise, but he is more likely to remain in London till the affair is over and then, take a prolonged holiday.

Without notice to the commission or to the attorneys representing the United States in the proceedings the Montreal jailer, who holds his appointment under the provincial authorities, within a few minutes after service of the writ upon him, conveyed the prisoners by special train to Quebec.

\$5,000 TO \$10,000 BRIBES.

Election of Count Jean de Castellane to French Chamber of Deputies Invalidated. Paris, July 9.--The chamber of deputies by a vote of 397 to 221 invalidated the election of Count Jean de Castellane, a brother of Count Boni de Castellane, a Charles Bon, Radical Socialist, opposed the validity. He said the arrival of Count Jean at St. Pleur was signaled by a rain of gold. Sums of from 5,000 to 10,000 francs (\$1,000 to \$2,000) were given to the voters. Hands of men were even organized to disturb or prevent the meetings of the supporters of the count's opponent. Count Jean admitted various bribes but declared his opponents did the same. He denied the charge of accepting clerical interference.

VOTE HELP FOR STRIKERS.

International Moulders at Toronto Guaranteed \$1,000 if Coal Miners Want It. Toronto, July 9--(Special)--The International Moulders' convention today voted \$1,000 for the striking coal miners, to be paid if President Mitchell decides to call for help from other labor bodies. The Southern States delegates proposed a resolution to exclude negroes from membership. This the northern delegates opposed. Debate on the resolution was postponed.

MORGAN AND BRITAIN IN SHIP MATTERS.

Offer Made by J. Pierpont, But It Has Not Been Accepted. OFFER FOR FIFTY YEARS. Would Place British Vessels in the Combine at Admiralty's Disposal on Certain Terms--British Interests on the Sea Discussed in Parliament.

London, July 8--In the House of Commons the parliamentary secretary to the Admiralty, H. C. Arnold Forster, replying to William de-la-Mare, the Irish leader, confirmed the report that J. Pierpont Morgan had offered to place all the British ships in the new combine at the disposal of the admiralty for the next 50 years on certain terms.

THE PROBLEM IN SOUTH AFRICA

Experiment of Giving Discharged Soldiers Employment at the Mines--British and Cape Opinions on Decision Not to Suspend the Constitution. London, July 8--It seems probable, says the Times correspondent at Johannesburg, that there will be a permanent difference in the employment of native labor kept pace with the growing requirements of the Rand. The importation of Asiatics is politically undesirable, and the opening of the mines, and new mechanical appliances, better organization and increased efficiency may lead to a great reduction in the number of natives which will ultimately be required. If, however, the deficiency remains it must be supplied by the increased number of natives which will be required. The experiment is succeeding in certain mines. If the experiment is successful it may mean incalculable benefits to the country politically and economically.

SIR WILFRID'S SPEECH WARMLY RECEIVED.

Premier and Ministers at Constitutional Club--Fris and Peace Instead of War. Toronto, July 8--(Special)--The Telegram's cable from London says: Sir Wilfrid Laurier and those of his ministers who are in London were entertained at a complimentary banquet at the Constitutional Club last night. They were given a grand reception and the applause which followed Sir Wilfrid's utterances were most profound. He said nothing about the special conference. He observed that while some thought a British empire must be preserved by means of war he believed it could be well defended by the arts and peace. Britain, Sir Wilfrid declared, is the one nation in Europe which can never be carried away by the spirit of militarism.

POISONED EATING CHERRIES.

Child in Maine Town Dead; Five Brothers Seriously Ill. Portland, Me., July 8--As a result of eating cherries thought to have been poisoned, one child is dead, and five others seriously ill in Woodford. The children are those of Charles and Sarah Curran, Walter W. Curran, aged 11 years and five brothers, all younger, last Saturday ate some cherries from a tree in a neighbor's yard. Shortly afterwards Walter was taken sick. Physicians pronounced the case poisoning. The child died today. An investigation probably will be made.

Divide the Oil Market.

Berlin, July 9--The Boersenhalle of Petersburg which says the Standard Oil Company and the Russian Oil Company have signed a contract dividing the Russian market, two-thirds going to the Standard and one-third to the Russian company. The correspondent of the Boersenhalle avers that similar contracts in connection with other countries are being arranged, and he assumes that Germany will be partitioned.

WHY WOOLLEN BLANKETS WEAR THIN.

A SCENE IN A GROCER'S STORE. Sir, I have just come round myself to tell you that you have absolutely spoiled a pair of blankets on me. I have! Yes, sir, you have! I am not mistaken. I sent round my little girl a few days ago for a good strong soap to wash out some heavy things I sent her. I used what you sent me, and the result is that my blankets are ruined. They are ruined, sir, and it's your fault! Yes, but I sent what I usually send in such cases. What you usually send! No wonder Mrs. Moore, my neighbor, complains of her clothes wearing out; I find you usually send her the same soap. But, madam, I always give my customers what they ask for. Had you named a particular brand of soap you would have had it. Named a particular brand! How was I to know anything of brands? But I know better now, and I know what ruined my blankets. I can assure you, madam, that it is not my desire to sell anything that will be injurious to either your or my clothing of my customers, and I shall be glad to know how you prove that what I sold you injured your blankets and your hands. Well, I was telling Mrs. Neill, my neighbor, and she lent me a little cutting, and here it is; you can read it. Dr. Sargent Macadam, Lecturer on Chemistry, Surgeon's Hall, Edinburgh, describes the destructive property of soda upon wool very graphically. "After mentioning how strong alkali such as potash and soda, disorganize affect cotton, linen, and wool, he says: "On one occasion I employed this property of soda in a special way. There was a large quantity of new blankets sent to one of our hospitals, which, when given out, were said by the patients to be not so warm as the old blankets were, and they led to an investigation as to whether the blankets were genuine or not. They looked well, and weighed properly, and I got a blanket sent to me for examination and analysis. We found soon that there was cotton mixed with the wool, and the question was as to separating the two, because they were thoroughly worn throughout, and it was only by detaching the fine fibres from each other that you identified the cotton fibres. I fell on the device of using soda. I took a bit of blanket and put it in a vessel with soda, and boiled it there, and very quickly the wool got eaten away by the soda, and there was left behind the cotton as a kind of skeleton--a sort of ghost--of the original blanket out of which it was taken. I mention this merely to indicate to you the pernicious effects of using caustic materials, which, when employed strongly in this way, and which, even when not very strong, will more slowly, but with equal certainty, tend to destroy the woolen fibre. Now, I want to tell you that we neighbors have had a talk over the matter, and we are not going to have our clothes and hands ruined in this way. Several of our neighbors who know have proved to us that washing with Potash Chloride of Lime, and "soda substitutes" are most injurious to clothes and hands. "Free alkali" in soaps is practically the caustic soda which burns the clothes. Why, you are not kept Caustic Soda in a tin canister; it must be in an earthen jar, or it will even corrode the tin. Now, if you for you to provide us with pure soap without free alkali, or we must find it elsewhere. Madam, you enlighten me! So many soaps are advertised as pure, that I really took little heed to any difference between them, but has medical certificates of its freedom from free alkali. It is guaranteed pure, and the makers offer \$5,000 reward to any one who can prove it is not pure, and further, I am authorized to return the purchase money to any one finding cause for complaint. Let me see it! Why, Sunlight Soap! It's a beautiful clean, fresh-looking soap, and this Octagon shape is very handy. Give me a bar. Note by the grocer--This whole neighborhood is using Sunlight Soap now. I have no more complaints. I have no more new clothes for washing, and I get a blanket sent to me for examination and analysis. We found soon that there was cotton mixed with the wool, and the question was as to separating the two, because they were thoroughly worn throughout, and it was only by detaching the fine fibres from each other that you identified the cotton fibres. I fell on the device of using soda. I took a bit of blanket and put it in a vessel with soda, and boiled it there, and very quickly the wool got eaten away by the soda, and there was left behind the cotton as a kind of skeleton--a sort of ghost--of the original blanket out of which it was taken. 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VATICAN'S REPLY GIVEN.

QUESTION OF THE FRIARS LEAVING PHILIPPINES. Reply of the Pope to Governor Taft in Twelve Articles--Arbitration on Certain Points--Reply Delivered Late Last Night. Rome, July 9--The answer of the Vatican to the note of Judge Taft, governor of the Philippine Islands, concerning religious affairs in the archipelago, which was handed to Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, July 3, was delivered to Judge Taft at a late hour tonight. As the Vatican's reply is in French and is being translated by Bishop O'Gorman, of Sioux Falls (S. D.), and Major Porter, it will be telegraphed entire to Washington tonight.

The Vatican's answer to Judge Taft follows: The contract which the Vatican proposes shall be signed by both parties comprises 12 articles. The first says the Philippine government is to buy the lands of the four religious orders concerned, the definite price to be determined by the second article, which describes the agricultural lands to be bought. The third says that if some of these lands are possessed by corporations, the friars will sell their shares. The fourth establishes a tribunal of arbitrators of five members, two to be chosen by the Vatican, two by the Philippine government and the fifth by the other four. In case of disagreement as to the fifth, he shall be chosen by the Pope and President Roosevelt. The fifth article provides that the work of the arbitrators shall begin Jan. 1, 1903. The sixth refers to title deeds; these will be transferred to the Philippine government. Article seven sets forth that payment is to be made in Mexican dollars. Article eight deals with the transfer to the church of ancient crown lands with ecclesiastical buildings on them. The ninth proposes amicable accord in the matter of the existing charitable or educational trusts in dispute. In the event of failing to agree in these matters, recourse is to be had to the same arbitrators. The tenth provides for arbitration as to the indemnity the United States shall pay for the ecclesiastical buildings used during the war in the Philippines. According to the Vatican, the expenses of the tribunal of arbitrators is to be paid by the Philippine government. Article twelve declares that the Holy See in the sphere of action which is in its competence, shall use all its influence for the pacification of the Philippine islands and in favor of their adherence to the established government and that it shall prevent all political opposition on the part of the clergy, both regular and secular. The Vatican promises that it will try to introduce into the Philippines clergy of other nationalities, especially Americans, gradually as they are found ready or adapted to the purpose. The note agrees that the friars shall not return to the parishes they left and where their presence could provoke discord.

SENSATION IN ROME.

Action of Church Authorities Towards a Divorced Woman Who Married a Prince. Rome, July 9--A great sensation has been caused by the action of the Vatican authorities towards the Princess Josephine Rosignoli, an American. Her husband is head of an ancient family of clerical nobility and his brother is commander of the papal noble guard. In August, 1901, Princess Rosignoli married Mrs. Marie Jennings Reid Parkhurst, of Washington, the divorced wife of Colonel Frederick H. Parkhurst, of Bangor (Me). The ceremony was civil and hence was not recognized by the Vatican. Princess Rosignoli, who is now on the point of confinement, engaged an English Blue Sister as a nurse and the latter took up her duties, but the pope's secretary of apostolic briefs hearing of this, forbade the sister to fulfill her duties, on the ground that the marriage was non-existent. The price was furious and exerted all his influence to overcome the scruples of the church, but without avail. Eventually he was obliged to send to England for a nun. The pope is expected to have important developments. A Pipeful of "Amber" Plug Smoking Tobacco will burn 75 minutes. Test it! Save the Tags they are valuable.

New-England Storm Loss \$500,000.

St. John's, Nfld., July 9--The minister of marine and fisheries has issued a statement which shows, from reports forwarded to his department by officials and others along the coast of the island, that the total extent of the damages wrought by the recent storm to property and fishing interests on the coast and in the outer waters amounts to \$750,000. Making allowance for property that has been partially recovered reports show that the loss will reach \$500,000.

R COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, July 9.—(Special)—A serious accident occurred in the Springfield mill this evening. George Howell, one of the mill crew, had his leg badly crushed by a hard wood plank. He was brought to Victoria Hospital. It was found necessary to amputate the limb.

CHIPMAN.

Chipman, July 7.—What proved to be the event of the season took place this evening at a concert in the hall at Chipman. About \$300 was taken at the door and all present seemed much pleased with the programme, which was as follows:

- Opening march—Violin and organ.
Over the Hill, O'er the Hill.
Masses L. Orchard and M. McArrath.
Solo—Till for the Fatherland.
Reading—Miss G. Cradell.
Cornet solo—Miss G. Cradell.
Chorus—Come Where the Ladies Bloom.
Indian bell swinging.
Hoop drill.
Solo—Two Maids.
Mello-Two Maids.
Pantomime—Three Old Maids.
Reading—Miss G. Cradell.
Cornet solo—Miss G. Cradell.
Tablino—Pleasure and Duty.
Tablino—Path, Hope and Charity.
Tablino—Hawthorn.
Tablino—Bluebird.
God Save the King.

HAMPTON.

Hampton Village, July 9.—Rev. Dr. Rose of New York, accompanied by Pres. H. Fisher, of the Board of Trustees, Association, and others from St. John, visited Hampton Tuesday and were met by Warden S. Flewelling, John March, St. Andrew's, and others from the Normal School entrance examination at St. John this year were Stanley Knox and Goldwin Nugent, both recently from Normal school, and R. H. Flewelling, Bertie Danah and Nellie Harner.

MONCTON.

Moncton, July 9.—(Special)—Another week from which as good results as from former ones was shot at St. Joseph's at 6 o'clock this evening. The result will not be known before tomorrow but a good yield is anticipated. The Albert county rolls will probably be shot next week.

FREDERICTON.

The annual sale of unmarked and mixed marked logs raised by the Fredericton Boom Co. took place this morning. R. A. Foster, J. A. Morrison, D. Fraser, Jr., John Kilburn, R. Aiken, W. Hamer, of Fredericton; Daniel Babitt, of Gibson, and W. H. Murray, E. L. Jewett, J. Stevens, J. E. Moore, Geo. Dunn, U. D. Baker, Chas. Miller and N. H. Marchand of St. John, and Parker Glazier, of Miramichi, were present.

SUSSEX.

Sussex, July 8.—Mrs. Rev. Trites and her son, Rolly, of Sackville, are visiting friends here.

PORT ELGIN.

Port Elgin, July 8.—Dominion day was generally observed as a holiday here. At the park, in the evening, the townfolk enjoyed a good display of fireworks.

WOODSTOCK.

Woodstock, July 7.—The monthly meeting of the town council was held in the council chamber tonight. Mayor Belyca was in the chair.

MEMRAMCOOK.

Memramcook, July 9.—Miss Teresa McManus left Saturday on her way to Boston where she will remain for a few months.

HOPEWELL HILL.

Hopewell Hill, July 8.—Joseph Milton, of this place, had his arm broken by the fall of a brick while holding a drill at the new breaker at the Cape. The head of the sledge that the striker was using came off, striking Milton on the head. Dr. Carvath set the fractured bone.

BAYSWATER.

Bayswater, July 9.—Mrs. E. Worden has returned home after a prolonged stay in New York.

HALIFAX.

Halifax, N. S., July 8.—(Special)—C. C. Corll and C. Layt, of Vrede, Orange River Colony, and A. H. Matus, of Pretoria, three Boers, who arrived from Bermuda by steamer Beta early this morning, left at noon for Niagara, and after seeing the sights they will proceed to England.

ST. ANDREWS.

St. Andrews, N. B., July 8.—(Special)—Cases of horse stealing are happily rare in this community, but a case has occurred at Chatham a few miles from town.

TRURO.

Truro, N. S., July 8.—(Special)—At Acadia Mines, Londonderry, yesterday the Montreal Pipe Company suffered by destructive fire to the extent of \$25,000.

TO STOCK NORTHERN ALASKA WITH REINDEER.

United States Will Purchase 15,000 Siberian Stock. Tacoma, July 9.—(Special)—Sheldon Jackson, secretary of the government for Alaska, announced that the government had undertaken to stock northern Alaska with 15,000 Siberian reindeer.

"DO IT NOW."

THE key to health and strength is the stomach. Constipation, indigestion, sick headache and nervousness are the result of the wrong system with which the stomach begins its work. Begin with the stomach. Begin with the stomach. Begin with the stomach.

AMHERST.

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OBITUARY.

Mrs. Lavinia Pickett. Kears, Kings county, July 7.—On Thursday morning, 3rd inst., there passed to rest Lavinia, widow of Stephen Pickett, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ellen Bodwick, Kingston, in the 83rd year of her age.

AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., July 8.—John Read, aged 75, died yesterday at Nappan. Deceased was ill only since Tuesday last, pneumonia being the cause of death.

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THE COUNTRY MARKET.

Shortage of Potatoes—Beef Still High and Firm; Not Plentiful—The Prices. Fish are in poor supply, as last week the bad weather is given as the cause. Mackerel supply is very poor.

CITY'S DEBT TO COUNTY.

CIVIC TREASURY BOARD AND MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS MEET. About \$45,000 in Taxes Owed County by City Ratepayers—Councillor Lowell Says There's Complaint on the Part of County Residents.

GOVERNMENT MEETING.

D. J. O'Neill Appointed Slaughter House Commissioner. Fredericton, July 10.—(Special)—At a meeting of the provincial government, Attorney-General Pugsley, acting premier, occupied the chair.

KING MAY BE TAKEN TO YACHT NEXT WEEK.

This Present Intention --- His Majesty Progressing Well. London, July 9.—King Edward's progress is reported to be just as uninterruptedly favorable.

Wilson's Fly Pad. Will clean your house of flies.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is published every Wednesday and Saturday...

ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper...

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters...

FACTS FOR SUBSCRIBERS. Without exception, names of new subscribers will not be entered until the money is received...

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENCE. Be brief. Write plainly and take special pains with names...

AUTHORIZED AGENTS. The following agents are authorized to canvass and collect for the Semi-Weekly Telegraph...

Semi-Weekly Telegraph ST. JOHN, N. B. JULY 12, 1902.

THE REASON WHY.

A portion of the newspaper press has raised the question as to the propriety of holding a public inquiry...

NO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. Under the caption of "too costly," the Halifax Chronicle gives a black eye to the project...

OUR BOER VISITORS. The wealthy Boers now visiting Canada are seeking a worthy example to their wealthy Boers...

INSTRUCTION TO NURSES. The deep interest shown in the proceedings of the Women's Council last week by the large audience assembled...

At last night's meeting Miss Scovell gave expression to a forcible truth in her remarks when she said that it was of no value to put patients in a hospital if sufficient nurses were not provided for them...

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SEVEN-MASTED SCHOONER; FIRST EVER LAUNCHED. The Thomas W. Lawson Sent Into the Water Near Boston. NO LARGER SAILER. Launching Somewhat Unusual—Is 403 Feet Over All—Cargo Capacity 8,100 Tons—Will Carry 43,000 Feet of Canvas—Description of the New Vessel.

ANOTHER NEW MATCH. The King Edward. Cannot be matched for a king. An attractive package of parlor matches printed in Royal purple. A large box for household use. Ask your grocer to send you one. SCHOFIELD BROS., Selling Agents, St. John, N. B. THE E. B. EDDY COMPANY.

DENTISTS AND MEDICOS IN ANNUAL SESSION. Two Organizations Gathered at Charlottetown—Officers Elected—Discussion on Appendicitis and Cancer. Charlottetown, P. E. I., July 10.—(Special)—At last evening's session of the Maritime Dental Association it was decided to hold an interprovincial meeting at Charlottetown in 1903.

THE CARE OF THE FEET. It is important that the feet be properly cared for. The feet are the foundation of the body and if they are not properly cared for, the whole system will be affected.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Cures Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, and other ailments. See Family Wrapper Below.

WANTED. Complete History of the War. The war between the British and Boers is a story of heroic deeds and noble sacrifices. This book contains a complete and authentic history of the war, from its beginning to its end.

MONEY TO LOAN. Money to loan on any security. Stray Cattle! Three young cattle, one of them in my possession, the other two I cannot get. My own care will be given to any stray cattle found. S. G. ROYLES, Westfield, N. B.

Rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla. What is the use of getting the rheumatism if it is not cured? Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine that will cure it. It is a blood purifier and will remove all the impurities from the blood.



ST. JOHN LADIES ENTERTAINING SKETCH OF LIFE IN CALGARY.

Mrs. Scovil, Writing Home, Describes People and Customs—Business and Social Occupations—The Magnificent Scenery—An Observing Woman's View of Western Life.

Below is given a very entertaining letter received by Chief Clark from his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Scovil, who is now resident in Calgary (N. W. T.).

long line to a high fence. Everything was most informal. Some of the guests were on the veranda, others were sitting round the table in the porch and passed us on to a gentleman who gave us tea, coffee, etc.

Dean Paget is rector of the Church of the Redeemer, and his wife and his sister live near the church in the rectory, and are loved and esteemed by all with whom they come in contact.

German women are available for a day's work, but with one newly arrived by signs. One might as well be at the office as at home.

German women are available for a day's work, but with one newly arrived by signs. One might as well be at the office as at home.

FIVE INNINGS, 25-24. UP-TO-CHAMPIONSHIP-STYLE BALL GAME AT FREDERICTON.

Victoria Hospital Trustees and Doctors Win from City Nine—Raise \$300 for the Hospital—John Kilburn's Two Bagger and Editor Crockett's Catch Were Features.

Fredericton, July 8.—(Special)—The base ball game today between a city team and a nine composed of the trustees and medical staff of Victoria hospital, was witnessed by a large number of citizens.

KILLED BY A BULL IN NOVA SCOTIA TOWN.

Brother of Senator McKeen of Halifax Gored to Death.

Mahon, C. B., July 8.—(Special)—This village was horrified today when it was learned that John McKeen, one of the most highly esteemed residents was killed by a bull.

BUSINESS AND PLEASURE. INTERESTING DAY IN WOMEN'S COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Busy Morning, Then a Sail on the Harbor—Purity in the Schools—Knowledge for Children Advocated—Victorian Order of Nurses at Evening Meeting.

The National Council of Women opened at the usual hour Tuesday morning, and a large amount of business was transacted during the day.

Mixed Paint! Thorne's Pure Ready-mixed Paint, a combination of pure white lead, linseed oil and dryers.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, St. John, N. B.

J. Ritchie, Ald. T. H. Bullock, Hon. A. R. McLean, H. D. McLeod and others, Judge Forbes delivered a neat address, welcoming the visitors and saying kind words for the Victorian Order.

WAS TYING THE ANIMAL. Sixty-five Years Ago His Grandfather Met Death in the Same Way—Leaves Family, the Son a Member of Last Contingent to South Africa.

Mahon, C. B., July 8.—(Special)—This village was horrified today when it was learned that John McKeen, one of the most highly esteemed residents was killed by a bull.

Mr. McKeen leaves a widow, one daughter and one son, who is a member of the last Canadian contingent sent to South Africa. He also has three brothers, Hon. David McKeen, senator of Halifax; Dr. Arthur of Glouce Bay; Lewis, of Mahon; also several sisters. Mr. McKeen was one of the largest and most successful farmers of Inverness county. His grandfather was killed by a bull 65 years ago.

GOOD CROP OF EARLY CANADIAN APPLES.

Accommodation for Shippers—Advised to Communicate With Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 8.—(Special)—Prospects are good for a fairly large crop of early apples in Canada. It is reported that Red Astrachan, St. Lawrence and similar varieties will be abundant and regular.

MURDER IN ROXBURY. HERBERT HILL, PROBABLY INSANE, KILLS HIS SISTER.

Boston, Mass., July 8.—Herbert Hill, a day shot and killed his sister, Alice, at her home in Roxbury, and then shot at his mother, who sought to protect the daughter.

THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY. Increase in Profits Shown by Annual Report.

Montreal, July 9.—The report of the directors of the Hudson Bay Company states that the accounts show a profit of \$1,387,017.31, as compared with \$962,238.91 for the previous year.

DESTRUCTION WAS GREAT. Eighty Newfoundland Boats Wrecked in One Place—At Least Five Lives Lost.

St. John's, Nfld., July 8.—Reports continue to arrive of disasters on the coast in the recent storm. Whittier's craft with five men was lost off Cape St. Mary. Henry's schooner with 25 men and a woman barely escaped foundering in Muldoon Cove.

A PIPEFUL OF CEMENT. Plug Smoking Trade Will Burn 75 Millions.

Big Educational Convention. Minneapolis, July 8.—Minneapolis has tonight 15,000 delegates to the National Educational Association convention.

INDIAN CHIEF KILLED BY LIGHTNING. Chief Levi, One of the Most Important Chiefs of the Six Nation Indians, Was Instantly Killed by Lightning.

Omnodaun, Ont., July 9.—(Special)—Chief Levi, one of the most important chiefs of the Six Nation Indians, was instantly killed by lightning this afternoon while driving in a buggy near Council House. A man named Darlow, riding with him, received a severe shock but was uninjured.

FATALITY AT CALAIS. Two Men Fell from Aloft While Working on a Schooner.

St. Stephen, N. B., July 9.—(Special)—A fatal accident occurred this forenoon by which one man lost his life and another was seriously injured.

HOW IS YOUR LIVER WORKING? Are you satisfied you are enjoying good health as you should?

Are you satisfied you are enjoying good health as you should? If you are not, you are suffering from some ailment of the liver. It is the most important organ of the body and its health is essential to your well-being.

Some People try to make Lime Juice. We don't refine natural product.

Some People try to make Lime Juice. We don't refine natural product. The healthiest and most refreshing drink is the one that is made from the finest natural ingredients.

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Advertisement for Sovereign Lime Juice, featuring a bottle illustration and text describing its benefits as a natural and refreshing drink.



ROYAL COMMISSION  
REPORT RECOMMENDS  
RADICAL CHANGES IN  
ST. JOHN HOSPITAL.

(Continued from page 1.)

UNCLEANLINESS OF  
THE INSTITUTION.

Commissioners Believe Effort Was Made to  
Destroy Vermin, But Can Give No Justification to Explain Miss Iddio's Evidence.

The complaints in this respect were largely with regard to the presence of vermin in the institution, and while the commissioners believe that, in the ordinary routine of hospital work, every effort is made to attack and destroy these intruders, (and while the difficulty of doing so effectually is recognized, yet no justification "satisfactory to the mind of the commissioners" can be given which may explain away the circumstances described by Miss Amy Iddio, page 48, 49 and 50 of the evidence.

Miss Amy Iddio, Examined.

Q. Was your mother ever in the General Public Hospital?  
A. Yes, in the hospital two years ago, in the summer of 1900 she had broken her leg.

Q. Who caused her to be removed there?

A. Dr. MacLaren is our physician and caused her to be taken there. I cannot state positively what time of the day she was taken there, because I was not home, but it was some time between eleven and one.

Q. When was it you first saw her there?

A. I cannot state that positively either, but it was some time directly after noon.

Q. Had her leg been set?

A. Her leg had been set, then. She was then in bed.

Q. What did you notice in connection with the bed?

A. Not anything at first, but towards the middle of the afternoon I saw a bed-bug walking across the bed.

Q. Did you speak of this to anyone?

A. I spoke of it to the nurse.

Q. What did she say or do?

A. She took the counterpane and lifted it up and crushed it.

Q. Crushed it?

A. Yes, I presume so.

Q. Crushed the bug?

A. Yes.

Q. Was your mother in a private ward or public?

A. She was in a public ward, she was carried there by the doctor, when I first saw her, by the doctor's orders, she was not moved to a private ward till later.

Q. To Mr. Truman?

A. I asked the nurse whether it was a bed-bug, and she nodded assent, she did not say anything.

Q. What was the nurse's name?

A. Miss Blythe. I do not know who the other nurses were.

Q. After that did your mother make any complaint to you?

A. She asked me if I would lift the counterpane and look and see what was tickling her toes. I did that and found several bedbugs walking around her foot. Her foot was bound in the box, and as the clothes were opened the bedbugs were around her toes and on the bedding.

Q. What did you do?

A. I did not do anything only brush them off. There was not anything there, and when the nurse came I told her.

Q. Did you see anything further in connection with the bedbugs?

A. Yes, I looked again and saw them again. I saw them move then twice. Then I spoke to the nurse about it, and told her the box must be removed, that I leg because it was infested with bedbugs. The box was not unpacked then because they could not remove mother to the room as the nurse was not ready for her until 7 o'clock. About that time they got her ready to go into her room and then unpacked her leg from the box and removed her from the stretcher I presume that is why they unpacked her leg.

Q. What did you see?

A. There was wool around her leg when it was packed in the box, and as they lifted that out it was swarming with bedbugs.

Q. To Judge Tuck, C. J.?

A. No.

Q. To Mr. Truman?

A. I cannot say exactly, but I know the nurse was and I think Dr. Morris was and myself.

Q. What did you say about it, anything?

A. I think I did say a good deal, but I do not remember what was quite exact—I know I said quite a lot.

Q. What was done with the box after it was removed?

A. I said when they removed her into the private room they must not put the box on her leg again, and they did not make any answer, and then shortly after that I went home and came back, and when I came back in the room where mother was, the box was not on her leg, and the box was on her leg all night. The box was replaced next morning.

Q. The same box?

A. I asked if it was the same box and I was told yes.

Q. To Mr. MacLaren, I said "it must come off, it is infested with bedbugs," and he said, "it has been boiled all night."

A. I did not mean that on her leg. He said, "they are not cast iron, they cannot stand boiling." I saw one bedbug in the room she was removed to on the counterpane.

To Chief Justice—Was your mother a paid patient?

A. Yes, she was a paid patient, but she was in public ward when that occurred.

Q. Was it a wooden box?

A. It was a wooden box.

SWARMING WITH BEDBUGS.

One Case Referred to as Most Reprehensible.

Notice page 40 where the witness states that the splint used by her mother was found "swarming with bedbugs"; this condition of affairs is most reprehensible and discloses either lack of discipline, or plain such a thing could occur, or else

carelessness, which explanations will not improve. This implies lack of discipline, or absence of care would be remarked, and in this connection attention is drawn to the evidence of Dr. Murray MacLaren, a member of the visiting staff of doctors.

Dr. Murray MacLaren Examined.

The Chief Justice—Then I gather from what you say just now, doctor, that with the funds at the disposal of the commissioners, the management is as good as it well can be, is that the idea?

A. Well, I would say this, sir, that the money, as far as it goes, is spent judiciously and I have not seen what I mean. Supposing that the management could be bettered by an increased expenditure of money, in the management with the money at their disposal as good as it ought to be?

A. No, I do not think so.

Q. Then referring for a moment to Mr. Coster's question, about ventilation, and bearing in mind the age of the building—completed, if I can remember, in 1865, and having by this time become old, and that so many large improvements have been made since that building was put in view of better ventilation, as it is, noting what is there now is insufficient, what in your mind ought to be done with that building without destroying it, what can be done in order to make it better than it is to-day? Have you ever given that a thought?

A. Yes, I have given it some thought. I would improve the ventilation; I would change a number of rooms, I think are too small for use as they are.

Q. What about the floors, are they hard pine, birch or what?

A. In a number of the wards they are hard wood.

Q. Would you have hard in all?

A. Yes, or have them of some composition.

Q. Then I suppose no one could tell very well just what it would cost to put that building in proper condition, proper up-to-date condition?

A. I could not form an estimate.

Q. Let me ask you then, what would you think of a re-estimate of \$30,000 in making the necessary changes in that building?

A. I think it would do a great deal, I don't know whether it would cover it or not.

Summing Up.

The summing up of these three divisions reveals the fact that at certain periods the food has not been of a reasonably good quality; that vermin has been present when no reasonable excuse could be offered for its presence, and that at times the discipline has been lax.

It must be understood that in view of your commissioners the condition of affairs did not obtain day in and day out. The testimony covers a period of several years and given by a large number of witnesses, who nevertheless were a small proportion of those treated, over the entire period to which the evidence applies. If the evidence discloses merely that a small percentage of such patients had good reason to complain, the statements of Doctor Emery, a former resident physician and at present a member of the visiting staff of doctors, together with those of Doctor MacLaren, also a member of the visiting staff, both gentlemen fitted by long experience with the hospital to express an opinion which might reasonably be taken as decisive, emphasizes the conclusion that a radical change in the administration of these departments is absolutely necessary, in the interests of the public, and for the credit of the hospital. It has been urged before the commission that the food served and the attention given to the patients far exceed these features in the usual every day home life of many of our citizens, but this surely is no answer. Every man who enters the hospital is entitled to receive, and the public expect he shall receive, pure food, properly served, and the attention given to him in this way only can the public health be best assured, and the work for which the hospital was erected be properly performed.

Recommend a Superintendent.

Your commissioners recommend that a superintendent be appointed to manage the business affairs of the institution, under the direction and control of the commissioners; that the system of commissioners rotating monthly in the work of purchasing supplies be discontinued, and that this work become one of the duties of the superintendent, who shall inspect the food upon arrival, and be responsible for its constant excellence to the whole commission.

Nine More Nurses.

With regard to the care of patients, your commissioners recommend that nine nurses be added, making a total of 29 to be employed or trained; that out of the 29 women shall be placed in charge of each floor, all to be under the control of a superintendent to maintain strict discipline, to have authority to dismiss for any of its breaches, and to be responsible to the commissioners for the efficiency of the service. The matron shall act as housekeeper. The nurses in training should receive practical instruction in

cooking, as is done in all the best modern hospitals. At least three trained male nurses should be employed; they are needed to promote the efficiency of the whole work. The medical staff to consist of a resident physician and an assistant under control of the visiting staff of doctors.

THE BUILDINGS.

Large Expenditure Necessary to Modernize the Interior.

Your commissioners received evidence with regard to the condition of the hospital building, from which it appears that while the building was fully up to the standard required at the time of its erection, a large expenditure would now be necessary in order to modernize the interior.

See evidence Dr. W. A. Christie, page 292.

Dr. W. A. Christie Examined.

Q. Would you care to make any observations about the character of the hospital building?

A. Well, at the present time I would not consider it a modern hospital.

Q. Would you say in what respect you thought it would be defective?

A. Well, there is a large portion of the hospital that is practically of no use as a hospital; that is the main portion of the building, where the winding stairs and corridors that take up a good deal of space and are not utilized for anything but going and down stairs, and there is no modern system of ventilation in it. The heating system is better than it used to be. In my time it was very poor.

Q. Is it altogether up to the mark at the present time?

A. I do not think so.

Q. Is there any difficulty in getting the heat better during the winter? It has been a number of times there has been a lack of heat in the building; patients would complain of it.

A. Well, take modern walls, modern floors today and modern ceilings, they are built so that you can thoroughly clean them, you can put on the walls and keep them scrupulously clean, whereas old plaster and old ceilings will not stand such a contamination, it is almost impossible to keep clear of it. Modern hospitals today are so that you can clean the walls and ceilings and floors and make them scrupulously clean.

Q. Does not your view and your evidence involve an expenditure of fifty or one hundred thousand dollars?

A. No, I think the whole thing could be changed for about twenty thousand.

Q. And leave the building shabby?

A. Leave about the four walls.

Mr. Truman—Have you made any calculation, Dr. Addy, that that would be made tolerably good on an expenditure of about \$20,000, that would be about \$3000 a ward?

Q. Can you recall any other occasion where these cases of hospitalism have occurred?

A. Not just at present.

The Chief Justice—These matters which you spoke of, did you speak of where the mother or child has suffered?

A. Afterwards, from the absorption of germs.

Q. Does not sterilization help that?

A. It would if you could thoroughly sterilize a room.

Q. Cannot you?

A. It is not possible I think with the old floor.

Mr. Truman—You really directly attribute it to that, doctor?

A. Yes, I think that you know cases of the kind?

A. Yes, there have been cases of the kind in the General Hospital here, where the patient has contracted something, where it could not be traced to any other source of infection than the building itself.

Attention is also directed to the evidence of Dr. Thomas Walker and that of George E. Fairweather.

All of that evidence brings to light the fact that a large expenditure should be made in order to modernize the institution. The hospital building represents perhaps the best thought of medical men of 30 years ago, but the rapid advances made in the treatment of the sick and in surgery, have rendered necessary hospital buildings of a different plan and construction from those of the earlier date.

Recommend \$25,000 Debetur.

Your commissioners recommend that the hospital commissioners be authorized to issue debentures to the extent of \$25,000 this sum to be expended in remodeling the building, if possible to bring up to the standard outlined by Dr. G. A. B. Addy and Dr. W. A. Christie, and that the amount be expended to the best advantage according to plans to be submitted to the government or the municipal council. The other wards in the Memorial Ward, a portion of the increased money, to be used to enlarge the nurses' home, to provide accommodation for the additional nurses recommended.

Fees for Private Patients.

Your commissioners have carefully studied

the hospital statistics of other Canadian hospitals, and find a marked difference in the receipts from private patients at St. John and elsewhere. Thus, in the province of Ontario, the amount received from private patients in all public hospitals in 1901 was \$75,691.23 and the amount received from municipalities was \$104,674.28, in other words the private patients contributed 72 per cent. of the revenue from these two sources.

The St. John Hospital received last year from private patients in eight months \$1,202.21 and from the Dominion government for the care of soldiers, who for the purpose of this comparison may be classed as private patients, \$1,223.90, in all \$2,426.11. The amount paid by the municipality of St. John was \$11,927.79, and therefore the percentage of these two items that private patients contribute at St. John is one per cent., as against 72 per cent. in Ontario. In no single instance in Ontario does the percentage fall as low as it does here, and as this hospital is concerned it might be well to discontinue receiving private patients altogether, or that a larger number could be taken, higher rates charged and the income of the commission be thereby increased.

Reduction of Commission to Five Members.

Your commission believe that the hospital commission should be reduced to five members, to be appointed by the city of St. John—two by the provincial government and one by the municipality of the city and county of St. John, during that term of office be limited to five years, but that the members be eligible for reappointment.

If this suggestion be adopted it is recommended that one commissioner be appointed for a year, one for two years, one for three, one for four and one for five years, and as each term expires the new appointment be made for five years.

General.

Last year it cost to support patients residing in St. John—\$16,338.09. Patients residing in other counties outside of St. John—5,381.62. Patients residing outside of the province—5,367.63.

To provide for the support of these mentioned and other patients, the Dominion government contributes \$3,800, leaving a deficiency of \$11,212.32 supplied by the St. John taxpayers.

The cost of patients residing outside the province there could be deducted the sum of \$1,923.90 received from the Dominion government for the board of patients of \$3,443.75. Add together the net deficit caused by the maintenance of patients from New Brunswick counties, except Halifax, of \$1,812.62, and the deficit incurred by supporting those outside the province \$3,443.75, and the result is required to issue \$5,256.37 and the result of the municipality of the city and county of St. John for patients who perhaps should not be properly placed upon the list.

This deficit, so far as the New Brunswick patients are concerned, might be met by a readjustment of the basis upon which the province is taxed, and in which a fixed sum of \$8,800 paid over to the commissioners, the actual cost of maintaining such patients be the province. In this connection it is enacted to provide for the payment to the commission, by the municipalities from which patients come, the actual cost of maintenance.

Care of Sailors.

Dealing with the deficit caused by the maintenance of those whose residence is without the province, it is suggested that the Dominion government might be approached with a view to increasing the allowance per diem for the care of sailors, if the amount received for hospital dues at the port of St. John were reduced. In this connection it may be stated that the weight of evidence is in favor of continuing the present arrangement with the Dominion government for the care of sailors, at a higher rate if possible, with which your commissioners agree.

The increased revenue which might accrue as a result of the adoption of the above suggestions, will not meet the increased cost of managing the hospital, incidental to the proposed changes and improvements suggested by your commissioners, and it is therefore recommended that the commissioners of the St. John Public Hospital be authorized to issue their warrants for a sum not exceeding \$18,000, in the manner provided by chap. 49 of the acts of 1873, and in amendment to sec. 1 of said act.

It is with extreme regret that your commissioners are obliged to recommend this additional taxation, which makes it transparently clear that changes in the administration of the hospital are abundantly necessary, and those changes cannot be brought about unless additional money be provided.

The St. John Hospital, if not semi-provincial in character, is certainly more than a local one. At some number of patients is treated yearly, and directly or indirectly, a large proportion of the people of the province is interested in its welfare. It is in the interest of the public to have the hospital which steps will be taken to modernize the institution and bring it up to the standard of a modern hospital, and to have the best medical men of the province to attend to the sick and injured, and to have the best hospital buildings of the province to receive them, and to have the best medical men of the province to attend to the sick and injured, and to have the best hospital buildings of the province to receive them, and to have the best medical men of the province to attend to the sick and injured, and to have the best hospital buildings of the province to receive them.

Your commissioners beg to point out that the services rendered by the hospital commissioners are given absolutely free, and that they have spent much time and care in managing the institution. In the course of this examination members of the commission with whom your commissioners have come in contact, have facilitated the inquiry and invited a searching investigation. The treasurer, Doctor Walker, has given most complete details and explanations of the transactions of the commission, showing an intimate knowledge of its affairs, as well as an appreciation of its needs.

At the request of the government, the chairman of the commission visited hospitals at St. Stephen, Fredericton, St. Basil, Chatham and Campbellton. At these places he was given cordially respect each one in its every detail. The work in each is being well done and supplying a service needed severely by the districts from which the patients are drawn.

Your commissioners all wish to thank the government for the facilities placed at their disposal in furthering the object of the inquiry. While your instructions were that a thorough, searching examination should be held, it would not have been as complete or as minute in detail without the assistance of counsel which having been provided, the work was faithfully performed. The visits of the chief justice, the chairman of the commission, enabled him and those associated with him to compare the efficiency of the work here with that in other cities, and materially aided your commissioners in reaching the conclusions at which they have arrived.

(Sgd.) W. H. TUCK, Chairman.  
(Sgd.) JOSEPH LEE.  
(Sgd.) F. J. G. KOWALTON.

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A QUEER BARGAIN.

Will and Alice were coming down from the garret, where they had been spreading freshly gathered he-b's to dry.

"What?" said Will, softly, "there's company in the parlor." He pointed to a hat on the hat-rack in the hall.

"That's the minister," said Alice, "he never wears a soft hat."

"Nor the doctor," said Will, the hat's too sporty looking."

Visitors to the farm, who were entertained in the best parlor were a rare luxury. "I bet it's an agent," said Alice. They sat down on the top step of the stairs. Their little mother crossed from the sitting room into the parlor, but she did not notice the children. "Well, mother," they heard father say cheerily, "what do you think of the machine?"

"It's perfect," said the mother with a happy little sigh. "But I don't think that we can afford to buy it, James."

"Sewing machine agent," whispered Will to Alice. "Let's stay here. No harm in listening to an old agent, and I don't want to go down to the parlor."

"Well, it's just this way," their father was saying. "This young man and I have been all over the place to see if there's anything in the way of live stock that he'd be willing to take as pay for the machine. We told him we hadn't the money just now. There's just one offer he's willing to make me. He'll take the old machine and the little brown Alderney and nothing to boot. Will and Alice looked at each other in dismay.

"Not the children's cow!" said the mother. "Yes, I told him how I had given her to the children when she was a calf, how they had always fed and cared for her and milked her and sold the milk to me, and how she doesn't seem to fancy anything but her. She is a very valuable cow."

"I suggested to your husband that he could give the children one of the other cows," said the agent, smoothly.

"I'd like to kick him," whispered Will, savagely.

"Well, you see," their father replied, "we could hardly afford to do that now. A little later we might. I want you to have that machine, mother; it will save you lots of trouble. What do you think?"

"I couldn't bear to have the children give up the cow," said the mother. "They have grown so fond of her, and are making so many plans about the money. No, I wouldn't part of the money even have them know that you had suggested such a thing."

The children looked at each other gallantly.

"The machine would be a help," said the mother, regretfully, "but I guess we'll have to wait."

"That settles it, then," said the father. "I'm sorry I haven't the money. May be if you came around in the fall after all the crops were in we could make a bargain."

Will and Alice stole softly through the bedrooms and down the back stairs. "It's got to go," Will said to Alice, "stating her teeth hard to keep from crying."

"Mother works awful hard," said Will, turning his head away so that Alice could not see how his lips quivered. They stole to the barn. The Alderney was in her stall, for it was late in the afternoon. Will spied his father's express wagon already harnessed to the hay mares. "Quick, Alice," he cried, "we'll present the machine to mother ourselves in grand style, and that won't make it quite so hard to part with our cow. I'll drive in the express wagon down to the end of our private road; I'll go across lots, and they won't notice me from the front of the house while they are putting the machine on the wagon. You lead the cow through the grove and meet me there. We'll make the bargain with the agent, lead the machine on our wagon and bring it home to mother."

He loosened the cow from the stable, put a halter on her with a long rope, so that the agent could lead her behind the wagon. His fingers trembled with eagerness, and he patted the cow lovingly.

All the way through the grove Alice talked to the cow, telling her that if mother hadn't made her so many pretty dresses and been so good to her she would never send her away; never, never!

The agent had been gone from the house some few minutes, when Ben, the hired man, came running in, looking very much frightened. "Where's the Alderney?" he cried.

"In the stable," replied Mr. Ross.

"No 'tain't, nor 'nary sign of the express wagon, nor mares!"

"Why, I was all ready to go to the mill when an agent came along, so I just hitched them to the barnyard gate."

"Wal, I came up from the lower meadow at the minute I went into the barn I missed the Alderney. Then I didn't see the bay mares nor the wagon. All three were hurrying toward the barn."

"Where are the children?" asked Mr. Ross.

"They went over to the burnt woods after bonnet, and haven't come back," said Mrs. Ross.

At that moment they heard the sound of wheels, and turned quickly to see who was coming. There sat the children, boldly riding back in the stolen express wagon.

"Hi," shouted Will.

"We have a present for the best little mother that ever lived. Come on, Ben, and help me unload this sewing machine."

Alice sprang out of the wagon and ran

to her mother. "We sold the cow to the agent. He's coming for the old machine, mother."

"Oh, children," gasped the little mother. "Next morning the agent came back for the old machine. He was leading the Alderney cow behind his wagon. 'I want to see if I can't make another bargain with you, Mr. Ross,' the agent said. 'The cow, being a pet, ain't so valuable as it sh'd had'n' been made so much of; he bellowed all the way home last night, making me feel ridiculous as I went through the village, and so far he's kicked over every drop of milk. What about those young pigs?' Of course it ended in neither having the machine and the children having the cow. But, to this day, Alice cannot determine whether the agent really didn't want the cow, or whether he had a kind heart and brought it back because he saw how much she and Will wanted it.—(Hugh Roberts in Ohio State Journal.)

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The undersigned ratapayers of the parish of Musquoddy, school district No. 5, Parish of Wales, in the county of St. John, are hereby required to pay to the undersigned the amount set opposite his name, together with the cost of this advertisement, within two months from this date, otherwise the real estate will be sold or other proceedings taken for recovery of same. T. K. DONNELLY, 257 St. Samuel Hayward