

# Beattie & Co.

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Vol. IV.

"See Rite, See Populo, sed utroque."

[12s. Gd. if paid in advance.]

No. 50.

## The Chronicle.

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Any person forwarding the names of six responsible subscribers will be entitled to a copy gratis.

All letters, communications, &c. must be post paid, or they will not be attended to. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid.

Weekly Almanac.

Acc.	In. Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Friday.	Sat.
16 Saturday	5 37	6 8	1 0	4 4			
17 Sunday	5 47	4 8	2 0	4 4			
18 Monday	5 57	3 8	4 2	1 16			
19 Tuesday	5 67	2 8	7 1	1 12			
20 Wednesday	5 77	1 8	0 30	2 34			
21 Thursday	5 87	5 10	30	3 36			
22 Friday	5 97	7 11	4 1	4 36			

Last Sat. 20th. 7h. 35m. moon.

**Public Institutions.**

**Bank of New Brunswick.**—Thos. Leavitt, Esq. President. Discount Days, Tuesday and Friday. Hours of business, from 10 to 3. Notes for Discount must be left at the Bank before 3 o'clock on the days immediately preceding the Discount Days. Director next week: Geo. Swinney, Esq.

**Commercial Bank.**—Lewis P. Hines, Esq. President. Discount Days, Tuesday and Friday. Hours of business, from 10 to 3. Notes for Discount must be lodged before 1 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount Days. Director next week: R. M. St. Julien, Esq.

**Bank of British North America.**—(Saint John Branch).—R. H. Lison, Esq. Manager. Discount Days, Wednesday and Saturday. Hours of business, from 10 to 3. Notes for Discount must be left before 3 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount Days. Director next week: James Kirk, Esq.

**New Brunswick Fire Insurance Company.**—John Boyd, Esquire, President. Office open every day, (Sundays excepted) from 11 to 1 o'clock. [All communications by mail, must be post paid.]

**Savings Bank.**—Hon. Ward Chipman, President. Office hours, from 11 to 3 o'clock on Tuesdays. Cashier and Register, D. Jordan.

**Marine Insurance.**—I. L. Hebel, Broker. The committee of Underwriters meet every morning at 10 o'clock, (Sundays excepted).

**Marine Assurance Company.**—Jos. Kirk, Esq. President. Office open every day (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 3 o'clock. [All applications for Insurance to be made in writing.]

**ESSENCE OF SMOKE.**

For the Smoking of Hams, Bacon, Fish, &c.

**The** subscribers have respectfully to announce to the Public, that the Essence of Smoke has been extensively used throughout the Province during the past season, and that all those who have given it a fair trial, are decidedly of the opinion that it is the best of smoking and smoking materials.

Housekeepers, Provision-dealers, and others, can make any quantity of meat or fish, without the use of smoke, and in the most convenient manner, by using the following plain directions.—While the ham, &c. is moist from the pickling, wipe it with a dry towel, then wash over two or three times with the Essence of Smoke, allowing six hours to elapse between each washing; hang it up, to dry slowly; it will then keep for years, and in any climate.

No fly or insect will touch any thing preserved with the Essence of Smoke.

A half pint is sufficient for the largest ham. Meat or Fish that has become tainted may be restored to a wholesome state in a few hours by being washed once or twice with the Essence of Smoke.

For its uses in the cure of Rheumatism, Inflammations, Cuts, Burns, Sprains, and many other complaints, and also for its beneficial effects in the removal of dirt, and accidents to which horses and cattle are liable, as Inflammatory sprains, spavin, leucos, &c. see handbills.

A Liberal commission allowed to merchants and traders willing to become agents.

Sold by Thos. Walker & Son, J. & A. Alexander, Peter & Tilley, and G. Glasford, St. John; G. Cook, Charlott; Robert Bond, Port-au-Prince; Travis, Indian Town; James F. Gale, Fredericton; G. E. Belmont, Capetown; J. Baird, Woodstock; J. Lyons, Long Beach; Thos. Sims, St. Andrews; G. Roggias, St. Stephen; Leobold Picket; Kingston; Samuel Fairweather, Bellisle; David Birnham, Digby; N. S. & G. Bent, Bridgewater; Stevens Jones, Newswind; J. Kennison, Amnapolis; E. W. B. Wood, Yarmouth; J. D. Harris, Kentville, and by the subscriber.

JOHN ELLIOTT.  
Hampton, 27 July, 1840.

**SAINT JOHN HOTEL.**

The Subscribers having leased the above named Establishment from the Company, and put the whole in a thorough state of repair, they respectfully beg to intimate that the House will be re-opened on Monday next, the 17th instant.

They are determined that every thing which can conduce to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize them, shall be strictly attended to on their part, and they confidently hope that their exertions will merit a share of public support.

[The supply of the choicest Wines and Liquors will be constantly on hand at the Hotel.]

WILLIAM SCAMMELL.  
St. John, Feb. 15, 1840.

**WANTED** immediately, at Jackson's Hotel, Fredericton, an experienced Cook. The wages will be liberal, but none need apply without a good character. For further particulars apply to Mr. A. R. Tenno, St. John, or at Jackson's Hotel, Fredericton.

[The supply of fresh Garden and Flower Seeds for sale as above.]

**NOTICE.**

All Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of James Malcolm, late of Carleton Place, City of Saint John, N. B., deceased, are requested to present their accounts, duly attested, within Twelve Months from the date hereof; and those indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment to

HANNAH A. BRUNDAGE, Adm'x.  
JOHN OLIVE, Sen. Administrator.  
Carleton, 20th April, 1840.

## J. M'ARDY'S

New Baking Establishment, near the Post-Office, Princess-st.

**WHEAT** and RYE BREAD of superior quality, being manufactured on the most improved plan and warranted free from souring.

Victoria Tea, Roasted fresh every day. Breakfast Roasts every morning at 8 o'clock.

Ship Bread made to order, in the best Greenock style.

**Dr. Poet's Eridictor.**

The celebrity of this Medicine, in curing recent cases of Gonorrhoea, generally in 24 hours, and when the disease is of longer standing, there is no medicine so efficacious. There is no case of Gleet, Stricture, Weakness, Fluor, Albus, &c. where any preparation has been so uniformly successful in extirpating every vestige from the constitution. Warranted to contain no mineral substance. It is pleasant as it is certain, and retained a virtue in any climate. For sale by appointment, at the Circulating Library, by A. R. TRURO, 15th Nov.

**Economical EATING HOUSE, CROSS STREET.**

ALFRED COLLINS begs leave to intimate to his Friends and the Public, that he has commenced at the Establishment in Cross street, a regular EATING HOUSE, where gentlemen can be accommodated with Dinners, Lunches, Tea, Coffee, &c. &c. every day.

Hot Baths every day from 1 to 3 o'clock. Hot Soup at any hour in the day. Tea and Coffee morning and evening.—Private Dining Room when required.

**NEW-BRUNSWICK Mutual Fire Insurance Company.**

This above Company having been duly organized, is prepared to effect insurances on Houses and against loss or damage by Fire. Persons wishing to avail themselves of the advantages to be derived from insuring in becoming Members of the said Company will please make application at the office of CHARLES GALLAGHER, Esq., corner of Market Square and Prince Wm. street, where the articles of association, bye-laws, rules and regulations will be seen, and the rate of Premium for Insurance ascertained. The Company will attend every day (Sundays excepted) from ten to three o'clock, for the purpose of deciding upon any applications which may be made.

[A Box for the reception of applications will be kept at the office.]

**KIRSON & SONS,**  
Architects, Stonecutters, and Builders, from England.

BEG respectfully to acquaint the Gentlemen of this City and Province, that they have commenced business as above in Saint John, and have experience in some of the best Buildings in the North of England, enables them to furnish plans and specifications on the most improved and approved principles, and are now prepared to construct or otherwise engage to erect buildings of any magnitude or fashion. Persons wishing their services may find them at an exhibition, against long house, Church street. April 2.

**Storage.**

FORAGE to a moderate extent may be had in the subscriber's Dock Warehouse, which being covered by a Roof, and having a strong and safe floor, is considered as Fire Proof. Entrance from Prince William street.

JAMES T. HANFORD.

**IMPORTANT TO FARMERS, FLOCK MASTERS, AND BREEDERS OF STOCK.**

**Horse, Cattle, & Sheep Medicines.**

MESSRS. HARRIS & CO., London, Proprietors, respectfully solicit the patronage of Nationall Farmers, Flock Masters, &c. for their various Medicines, and beg to say that a single trial will at once establish their value. At this season of the year, it is necessary to direct attention to the various Medicines to relieve the disorders to which young Animals are subject, particularly the Attinging Mare for the scour or looseness in Calves, Sheep and Lambs; and for young Cattle; Sheep; Fleecing Dipping Paste; Yonic Drenches for weak Calves and when weaning; Hooping Hooping; and Restorative Balms for mature calving, lambing and foaling—this is an invaluable preparation, and cannot be too highly recommended; and many others too numerous for insertion.

Messrs. Harris & Co. beg to inform Farmers and others, particularly in remote districts, that they will find it to their interest to have a stock of their HORSE MEDICINES by them, comprising Balms, Drenches, Liniments, Lotions, &c. &c., all of which are at very moderate prices, compounded of the best Drugs that can be procured in London, and under the immediate supervision of an experienced Veterinary surgeon, carefully packed, and with labelled directions for use, so that the most inexperienced person may administer them.

[The above Medicines are for sale at the Circulating Library, German street, and every information further required on the subject, can be had on application to A. R. TRURO, their Agent for New-Branswick, St. John, May 8, 1840.]

**Abandoned.**

**FORN** Apprentices named James Duck. All persons are hereby cautioned against trading him, and any person found harboring said Apprentice, will be proceeded against as the law directs.

Chronicle Office, April 17, 1840.

**Spring supply of Hats.**

W. G. LAWTON, has received per a British Queen from London, 3000 Gents, Beaver, and 5000 Gossamer Hats, of the latest fashions, which he offers for sale at the lowest market price.

May 22.

**William Reynolds,** Bookseller, Stationer and Binder, West side Cross Street, A. Dores from King street, St. John, N. B.

IMPORTER and Dealer in all kinds of Mercurial and Account and other blank Books; Navigation and school Books by the most approved authors; Works in the different departments of Literature and Science; Maps, Charts, and Nautical Instruments; Musical, Mathematical, and Philosophical Instruments; Fancy Hardware and Cutlery; Fishing Gear; Steel Pens; Ladles; and Pottery; Fancy Dressing Cases; Work Boxes, Desks, &c. [Books imported to order.]

## SAINT JOHN, (N. B.) FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1840.

For nearly a century, in the County of Bucks, it is surprising that in Dorsetshire and Wiltshire, where oak is very scarce, the use of beech timber for such purposes has not been introduced. The plank ought to be 2 1/2 feet, and if charred, or deal-tarred, it would last as long as oak, in all probability. The practice of charring or burning the surface of posts is now so general, that it is surprising it has not been adopted in Dorsetshire, not even in the public works; when it is a fact, established beyond all doubt, that there is scarcely a limit to the duration of charred, and so charred wood, the first experience of its value that all the public works in the dockyards are so treated. It should be observed, however, that the beech-plank used for floors in Bucks, is neither charred nor tarred, and yet lasts a long time. —*Salisbury Herald.*

**A GATEWAY BRIDGE.**—We now come to where the stream, which we had thus far followed, poured his copious tribute into the river P. In passing this river, we went over a bridge so novel and primitive in its construction, that it was decidedly the greatest curiosity I had yet seen. It was composed of the pendulous branches of a tree, which, like those of the lumnian tree in the East Indies, grow downwards till they reach the ground, and taking root, grow up again. Of these branches, which, properly speaking, are only strong flexible fibres, right in America, *bejones*, a great number had been woven together, so as to form a cable of considerable strength and durability. This was stretched across the river, and formed the floor of the bridge; while on either side of it, and about three feet higher, two parallel cables of smaller size, about the same distance apart, formed the lantern or railing. The space between the upper cables and the main one was defended by a net work of bejones of a smaller size. Some idea of this invention may be formed by comparing it to a long narrow boat, half open. In passing it, it seemed like the playing of a wind instrument; only that, instead of a ball-pool, we had the side cables to aid us in keeping an equilibrium. We passed one at a time; and at every step we took, the bridge trembled from one end to the other. —*Montgomery's Journey to Guatemala.*

**The Ruins of Pompeii.**—Above thirty streets of Pompeii are now restored to light: it is a third part of the town. The walls which formed its ancient enclosure have been recognised; a magnificent amphitheatre, a theatre, a forum, the temple of Isis, that of Venus, and a number of other buildings, have been cleared. The secret stairs by which the priests of those times slyly crept to promp the oracles have been detected. On beholding the ruins of this city, it is not without a feeling of sadness and melancholy. Behold, along that fall of earth, the vestige of the breast of a woman who was buried alive, and suffocated by death. In the midst of the ruins of this city, we hold the stony relics of a woman by the rubbing of ropes—examining that garment, covered with caricatures of soldiers—one might suppose that the Roman people still existed; and that we were but strangers in one of their towns. Who knows what future discoveries may be made in those august ruins! About two hundred men were employed upon them every year. Only sixty men and 10,000, are now employed upon them. The excavations proceed, in consequence, with diminished success, however great the interest his Sicilian Majesty takes in their success.

**TRINITY SCHOOL.**—NINE PERSONS KILLED. —(S. C.) July 29. A dreadful thunder-storm passed over this section of country, on Friday evening, the 17th inst., in which there was an awful destruction of human life. Just previous to its bursting upon them, twenty of the negroes belonging to the late Henry Middleton, being crowded into a house, whether they had repaired as a place of refuge, was struck down by a vivid flash of lightning, and the following is the result of the stroke. Four of them escaped entirely—two were severely shocked—five were stunned, and nine were killed upon the spot. The electric fluid entered the house at the door, carrying part of the side of the house and gable, and after doing some other damage, seemed to separate into different fragments, as each alternate individual was killed or wounded—it left the house at the back door and in its passage killed one of the people few paces from the house, into which they were hastening. The nine who were killed never manifested any signs of animation, but presented a heap of mangled corpses. The five who were stunned recovered their senses only after the expiration of an hour, and two who were only severely shocked did not lose their reason. The visible and external marks were different according to the intensity of the stroke upon each. Those who were stunned were very much swollen, and presented the appearance of those who were killed some minutes before, who but a few hours before stood up in all the vigor of life, now lay riven and blasted by the dreadful thunder-bolt; their features and bodies distorted and swollen to the full extent of the fluid that they contained. It has been long known that the identity of the individual, the blood uncoagulated poured from their noses and ears, the blood, as it is usually entirely relaxed, as to permit the body to be laid in any direction. In two only of the slain, there was any abrasion of the skin, and that slight, extending merely to the cuticle.

## TO THE QUEEN.

Be not the Queen. Blat, when the sun goes down; When rises high, may love find soft her crown. May music's self not more harmonious be, Than the mild mounds at her side, and she. By means of earth and indolent noise, 'Tis not so cold as she, and yet as warm. And set all fashions healthy, blithe, and wise. From whence good mothers and glad offspring.

May every body love her. May she be loved As brave as well, yet soft as charity. For the embryo, and the infant, and the young, May she be loved as the dear mother, and the young. From whence good mothers and glad offspring.

Pleasure and reason. May she ever day, See some new good winning its gentle way. From whence good mothers and glad offspring.

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## WEST INDIA RAILS.

Return to an Order of the Honourable House of Commons, dated May 7, 1840, for a Copy of the Instructions of the Admiralty, relative to the taking an inquiry as to the comparative advantages of different ports in the Channel, as ports for the departure or arrival of the West India Mail.

Admiralty, May 20, 1840.

Sir—The Chairman of the Royal Mail Steam-ship Company having stated before the Committee of the Admiralty, that Southampton is fixed on as the port for embarking and landing the mails to and from the West Indies, &c. I am commanded by Her Majesty's Admiralty to act as a committee of examination to examine into the claims of the different ports in the British Channel, and to report to Her Majesty's Admiralty the result of their inquiries, and the comparative advantages of different ports in the Channel, as ports for the departure or arrival of the West India Mail.

The Committee are also to examine into the advantages of selecting any other port in the English Channel, other than those which shall have been before them by memorial, and for such purpose shall give such public notice as they shall think necessary, and shall examine evidence if they shall think fit.

The principal points for consideration, are, having ascertained the draft of water of the vessels to be employed in the service, will have reference to the facilities of access at all times of tide, and safe moorings for the vessels in the harbour; as also the prevalence of winds and currents at all periods of the year, along the coast adjacent to the harbour.

The Committee are to consider all objections raised by the company, and will, as far as possible, consult the interests of the company, so far as they may be consistent with the public service.

The facilities of transmitting letters by land to the port of departure is an important advantage, which, if accompanied with great security, should considerably influence the decision of the committee; but as the safety and regularity of the service will much more depend on naval considerations, the committee will give particular attention to the latter subject.

The report of the Committee will decide where the mails shall be placed on board, the company having the power to start the vessels from any port they please, provided they can be at the port appointed at the hour agreed on.—I am, &c. (Signed) R. MONTEAGUE, Chief Clerk.

Admiralty, May 20, 1840.

**RESOLUTION OF UNIVERSALISM.**

The Universalist table, we believe, are very good, and we are glad to see them published by Mr. Hartford, and late a minister of the Universalist Church in this city, has recently returned from a visit to the Universalist Conference held at the pastoral care of an orthodox church in Salem, (Mass.) We have now to add another resolution from that delusive faith, by the Rev. Mr. Whitcomb, of the Universalist Church in Dartmouth—the oldest that act in the city. It is an important document, calculated to make a deep impression upon all who will read it in a proper spirit.—*New York Commercial.*

The Trustees of the 4th Universalist Society, Dartmouth, to the following effect:—

Dear Brothers—We hope you will excuse the liberty which I have taken in addressing to you these few lines, on a subject which I deem of infinite importance.

It is now about two years since I first commenced my labours among you, and you will not deem it an instance of vanity, if I say that my efforts to advance the cause of Universalism have been generally approved, and signally successful.

To this, you have frequently borne testimony, and for which you have had my warmest acknowledgements.

But in looking calmly and dispassionately at the result of my ministrations, there is one drawback to my happiness—one source of dissatisfaction, which weighs heavily upon my mind.

By the provisions of God, I have recently been led to ask myself the following important questions:—What have I done towards promoting practical piety among my congregation?

Have I induced them to become a deeply religious people—a praying people?

Alas! I am constrained to answer these questions in the negative, and to acknowledge my own confusion and failure.

Now, if the doctrine I have preached be the truth of God, ought I not to have expected a different result?

What, then, is the unavoidable inference? Why, that Universalism is not a scripture doctrine.

Perhaps you may think this a hasty conclusion, but I assure you it is not so.

I have been led by the Spirit of God to investigate the claims—I have traced to the Almighty that he would enlighten my understanding, and lead me to a knowledge of his truth, and blessed be his name, he has so done, and I have been enabled to state the "Giver of every good and perfect gift," that I may open your eyes, and give you to see that Universalism is but a "cunningly devised fable," calculated to delude in the mind, darken the heart, and induce mankind to wander from the paths of right conscience and peace.

Death being my conviction, I can devote it to no longer; and I beseech you, as you hope for mercy at the bar of the Almighty, to renounce its inutility.

Do not, I pray you, suffer yourselves to be deluded by a sentiment which is so dangerous and licentious in all its tendency. By renouncing it, you lose nothing, for if it is true, you are common with the whole world; will be saved—but if it is false, Oh! remember—remember—the awful consequences! But I must close, and bid you adieu, my dear brethren, with my dear congregation, may some be led to see and feel the necessity of an interest in the nothing of this world, and to be the ardent prayer of your sincere friend.

W. M. WHITTAKER.  
New-York, July 21st, 1840.

## impression upon all who will read it in a proper spirit.—New York Commercial.

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Communications.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

IN THE LETTER WHICH I HAD THE HONOR OF ADDRESSING TO YOUR EXCELLENCY LAST WEEK...

In the letter which I had the honor of addressing to your Excellency last week, I took the liberty of acquainting you with the progress of the system...

But, if it be possible, the system pursued with respect to the Great Roads, is more admirable than any other...

It has, I dare say, been stated to your Excellency, that the Commissioners for the extension of the roads...

It is a principle of Sir Archibald Campbell's administration, that the Members of Assembly, inasmuch as they have both the granting of the public money and the auditing of the public accounts...

TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY. THE PETITION OF THE UNDERSIGNED, SHARPEAST AND TOWN OF QUEBEC AND VICINITY OF QUEBEC.

That your petitioners from the Committee of the Inhabitants of the City and District of Quebec and the Vicinity of Quebec...

Ann 4. Viet. An Ordinance to incorporate the City of Montreal. An Ordinance to amend and re-permanent the Ordinance establishing a Board of Works in this Province.

Ann 4. Viet. An Ordinance to provide for the improvement of the roads in the City of Quebec and in the Vicinity of Quebec...

THE CHRONICLE.

SAINT JOHN, AUGUST 14, 1840.

TEAMER GREAT WESTERN.—The superior vessel arrived at New York on Sunday last, performing her passage in 14 and a half days from Boston.

The Canada Union Bill has passed, and received the Royal Assent on the 24th inst. The Imperial Parliament has been held before the Imperial Parliament, in which it is proposed that His Royal Highness Prince Albert should be sole Regent, with such restrictions on the exercise of the Royal prerogatives.

The English money market appeared rather depressed, and trade in general in the same state as at our last dates. Colonel Thornton, who went to London for the purpose of negotiating a loan for the state of Illinois, of one million of dollars, met with difficulty in procuring a loan, but he was driven back with the sum of £50,000.

The Duke of Wellington experienced an attack on the 15th ult. of a disease similar to those which he has often suffered from. Doctor Richard Bright, Esq. surgeon-accoucheur, and Sir James Cooper, attended him, the former sleeping at Aspley House. The Duke was so far recovered in a few days, as to be able to attend in the House of Lords, on the 22nd inst.

The trials of several persons for ribandism are in progress in Ireland. The enormous sum of £167,278 was taken on the 20th ult. by the Bank of England, in consequence of the issue of the Nelson column, about to be erected in Trafalgar Square, London, will be made of brass recovered from the wreck of the Royal George.

Accounts from Constantinople of the 10th of June, state that the Sultan had ordered a number of hundred persons to be banished, and that the Government had ordered a number of persons to be banished, and that the Government had ordered a number of persons to be banished.

A REGENCY BILL.—Lord Melbourne, on the 13th ult. announced a message from the Queen, which the Lord Chancellor read to the Peers. "A Victoria II. The necessity of human life, and a deep sense of duty to my people, render it incumbent on me to recommend to your consideration a contingency that may hereafter take place, and to make such provision as may in any event secure the exercise of the Royal authority."

RECEIVED.—On the 24th ult. the Lord Bishop of the diocese held an Ordination in St. Paul's Church, in Halifax, when the Reverend Archdeacon Willis presented to the Lord Bishop for admission to the Holy Order of Deacons, Mr. Wm. Scott, M. A. of the University of Fredericton; Mr. T. N. DeWolf, of the Theological Seminary at New York; and Mr. Robert Jackson, a Licentiate of the Belfast Institution. These gentlemen were solemnly set apart by imposition of hands, to the service of the Ministry, and received authority to read the Word of God to the people, and to preach the same when licensed by the Bishop.

NOTICE.

The Hon. the Secretary of the Board of Trade, in consequence of the late appointment of Mr. Jones as Inspector of Factories, has been directed to suspend the duties of that office in relation to the factories in the City of London, until the 1st of September next.

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HOUSE FOR SALE.

House for sale, in the Parish of Portland, upon the shore of the Bay of Fundy, near the town of St. John's, in the County of York, in the Province of New Brunswick.

House for sale, in the Parish of Portland, upon the shore of the Bay of Fundy, near the town of St. John's, in the County of York, in the Province of New Brunswick.

House for sale, in the Parish of Portland, upon the shore of the Bay of Fundy, near the town of St. John's, in the County of York, in the Province of New Brunswick.

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VALUABLE BUSINESS STANDS FOR SALE.

Valuable business stands for sale, in the City of Halifax, in the County of Nova Scotia, in the Province of Nova Scotia.

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