



**REFORM COMMITTEE.**  
Meeting of Ward Committees  
On Tuesday Evening  
MEMBERS of the various Ward Committees are requested to meet on Tuesday evening at the  
**WELLINGTON HOTEL,**  
at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of all members is requested.  
10th Aug., 1867.

**Mercury Office Removed**  
The "Mercury" Office has been removed to the NEW MERCURY BUILDING, on Macdonnell-st. Wyndham-st., and in rear of Golden Lion.  
**Guelph Evening Mercury**  
FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 12.  
Very Consistent.  
On the 11th July the Advertiser in editorial said:—  
One point we would press upon the voters in the meantime, is the qualifications that are necessary for representatives to the two Houses. In Commons, the tariff, the currency, banking, revenue, trade, navigation and commerce, will be the objects of deliberation; and we, therefore, require a man who understands these matters to represent us. A farmer evidently would do, since though he would know about the extermination of sheep and Canadian thistles, he might as ignorant as Fugee on those questions of marine and finance which alone he would be called upon to consider. For the Ontario Assembly, on the other hand, farmers especially suited, as the subjects ought under discussion would relate to agriculture and topics with which they are naturally more familiar.  
It is argued that a farmer had business to ask for a seat in the House of Commons, and that for the Ontario Assembly farmers were especially suited. Now it comes out that a farmer for the House of Commons, and in favour of a merchant for the Local House. This latest sample of the Advertiser's stency. At that time it seemed the same opinion with regard to farmers that a lawyer in this town is famed for his after dinner discourse—expressed about them at a conservative committee meeting the other night. With that jerky eloquence for which he is reported to have said that Mr. Brown was called on to represent the Government, he could only get those men who had growing big turpins, in the cattle, in raising good crops, but who knew nothing of politics. This is certainly a complimentary to our intelligence as on a lawyer, though they are up to all their tricks.—Farmers will not fail to recollect this was said at Mr. Leslie's office, and was acquiesced in by his friends. We of course can this redoubtable lawyer for his farmers, for report says he keeps a small image of John Stone, and duly does homage to his office times a day.  
Conservatives in bringing out Stone and Leslie have put Guelph in a most humiliating position. They admit that they have no hope of Stone's election, and are conceding all their strength on Leslie. Weeks ago they talked about being properly represented; they get out opposition to a candidate. They go to the extreme corner of the Riding opposite to him. They tacitly concede—or as good as acquiesce in—a Puslinch man to go in for the House of Commons from Puslinch. They bring out another Puslinch who has always opposed Guelph to defeat a candidate belonging to the Town. This is a downright insult to the Town of Guelph, which we feel sure will not be present. What do the Conservatives care about justice if they can or by crook defeat a Reform candidate? They would leave Guelph if they could only carry out their plan. But they will find for themselves without their

**The True Issues of the Contest.**  
We would direct attention to an article in another column taken from the *Globe* of Saturday. It is able, and what is more, it shows truly how political matters stand in Canada at present. It cannot be denied that the position which it allots to Macdougall and Howland is the very one that they will of necessity be obliged to be content with, since neither of them (although Macdougall is allowed credit for a good deal of cunning) is possessed of the mental power that is absolutely indispensable to make them the equals of John A. We all know that for a considerable time gone by the word "Coalition" has been discarded from the political vocabulary of those who support the present administration. They call themselves Unionists, and say that were it not for their efforts the Disunionists, as they are pleased to call men as good and as loyal as themselves, would demolish the stately structure that has cost so much time and expense in rearing. Conservatives are not, cannot be, sincere when they make this charge against Reformers. It is a cry got up to catch a few stray votes, but its hollowness has been already clearly demonstrated. Nor will they make the slightest political capital by applying a term meant to be approbrious, but which every one knows is wholly inapplicable. But let them yell until they are hoarse if they choose—if it pleases them it does us no harm. The prospects of the success of Reformers are as bright as the most sanguine have a right to anticipate. All that is now requisite to secure a glorious triumph is assiduous labor for a little while longer.

**Prospects in South Brant.**  
Speaking on this subject the *Brantford Expositor* in its last issue says.—  
In all the years we have been engaged in political strife, we have never estimated the majority any one of the candidates we have supported would receive at the polls. In 1863, we claimed that E. B. Wood would receive 350 majority. We were under the mark. He received 571 votes over his opponent. We now hazard the prediction that he will be defeated by a majority of at least 350. The rural part of the Constituency will be decidedly against him, and his whole dependence is on the town of Brantford. We regret that it should be so. We think that the people of the Town of Brantford can afford to be honest as well as the people of the rural districts. We know they can. Will they do their duty? We think they will thus show by their votes that they regard with abhorrence any departure on the part of public men, from the path of honor and good faith. The Conservatives may be false to their own chosen Candidate, Mr. McEwen. They may throw him overboard and accept in the place of an honest politician, a renegade from the ranks of their opponents, but we have faith in Reformers that they will be true to the glorious principles they profess—principles founded on eternal truth and justice.

**The Contest in Montreal.**  
The *Witness* says election matters are in a strange state in Montreal. In the Western Division of the city Mr. Devin's supporters boldly proclaim that Mr. McGee has no chance; while Mr. McGee's supporters are earnestly insisting that, if the English fail to come out and vote for him, his election will be lost. From these two testimonies it is clear that he has lost the great majority of the Irish and French constituents. The Grand Trunk also, which exerts an immense influence in Montreal West, has declared its neutrality, thereby intimating that it would as soon have Mr. Devin as Mr. McGee; and in this it has, perhaps, an eye to business. It may be much easier for Mr. Cartier and Mr. Bridges to arrange matters with Mr. McGee, and his services may be more reliable and valuable to them.  
In Montreal East, the issue of the contest will depend, as it has heretofore done, on the money expended; and as Mr. Cartier's resources are much greater than Mr. Lanctot's, there is no doubt of his success. It is, however, asserted that but for this he would be beaten; that is, the working-men, of whom the constituency is mainly composed, will vote for Mr. Lanctot for nothing, unless they are paid to vote for Mr. Cartier. Throughout Lower Canada, the bitterness of the two political parties against each other is very remarkable, especially as exhibited in the French press, and it is quite evident that the pastoral letters of the Bishops have not produced all the effect they intended. The *rangues* or liberals, seem to be pretty strong, and they are evidently animated by a determined spirit.

**Toronto Election.**  
The writs for the elections in Toronto were received on the 8th inst. They are directed to Mr. James Crouther, Returning officer for East Toronto, and Mr. Thomas McLean, Returning officer for West Toronto. These gentlemen are at present busy making the necessary preliminaries, and it is expected that the proclamation announcing the day of nomination will be out on Tuesday.  
Mr. A. M. Smith, candidate for the House of Commons in the east end, on Friday came out with his address in the *Daily Telegraph*, which reads as follows:—  
GENTLEMEN.—Having been repeatedly solicited by a great number of those who supported me formerly, and other electors of the Eastern division, I have decided to offer myself again as a candidate for your suffrages as your representative in the House of Commons of Canada. Should you do me the honour to elect me I will, as heretofore, use every effort to forward the best interest of the new Dominion and especially of this City. Business of importance compels me to be absent from the city for a few days, but on my return I shall take an early opportunity of explaining my views more fully

**South Ontario Election.**  
The Writ for the election in the South Riding of Ontario, arrived in Whitchy on Saturday, and the Returning officer, John Ham Perry, Esq., forthwith issued his proclamation. The nomination is to be held at Whitchy, on Monday next, 19th inst., and the polling days are to be Monday and Tuesday, the 26th and 27th of August. These are the earliest days permissible under the statute. The contest is being prosecuted on both sides with great vigor, and a number of meetings are announced, extending over the remaining two weeks before the polling. Mr. Gibbs will have a majority in Oshawa, where he resides, and a small majority possibly in the Town of Whitchy; but Mr. Brown will have large majorities in the Townships of Pickering, West Whitchy and East Whitchy. The election of Mr. Brown and Dr. McGill as members for the Riding, is beyond doubt.—*Globe*.

**Politics in the Lower Provinces.**  
Accounts from New Brunswick show that Attorney-General Fisher and Mr. Connell, continued in the Local Cabinet. The efforts to bring it into harmony with, or more truthfully, under the control of the Dominion Cabinet, has not yet succeeded. The construction of a Cabinet for New Brunswick by the self-constituted Ministers of the Dominion, is as distasteful to the people there as the patent Cabinet is in Ontario. In Nova Scotia a Cabinet has been constructed, but will be overthrown at the first sitting of Parliament in Halifax, and Ontario will follow suit. It is reported that the elections in Nova Scotia are to be delayed to the last moment. They all take place there on the same day. The overwhelming defeat that the Coalition will get there is stated to be the reason for this course. The corruptionists fear the moral effect of it.

**THE CHEESE MARKET.**—The *Utica Herald* has the following:—The cheese trade has a gloomy aspect, and we regret to report another decline at Little Falls market. Family dairies were selling at 9c. to 10c., which was considered a top price. We heard of but one sale in the morning at 11c., which was for a fancy article. Possibly sales may have improved in the afternoon, but dealers in the morning claimed that 11c. was all they could give for factories, and of which there was no sale in the morning. We have but a meager report from factories, this week. The S. Pope factory, Chenango county, sold on the 15th inst., 195 boxes at 13c. H. Safford's factory, East Otto, Cattaraugus county, sold 423 boxes, being the cheese made up to June 15th, at 13c. Our advices from abroad are up to July 12. At that date our Liverpool correspondent says that sellers having given way 1s. to 2s.; buyers operate freely at 58s. to 60s. for extra factories, which are in most demand. Medium to good dairies offer 52s. to 56s., and ordinary to middling grades at 30s. to 48s. The imports of the week were 42,384 boxes.

**CUSTOMS DUTIES IN ENGLAND.**—From statistics recently published concerning the Revenue of Great Britain, we perceive that the receipts from the Customs duties during the year 1864, were \$109,480,000. What is remarkable about the duties is, that nearly the whole of the amount was derived from only four articles—the chief of which was tobacco. The revenue from tobacco and snuff was over thirty-two million dollars, that from sugar and molasses was about twenty-eight millions; wines and spirits produced twenty-seven millions; and the duty on tea yielded twelve millions. These amounts form a total of \$99,000,000, leaving a balance to be gathered from other sources of revenue of only \$10,480,000. There is no doubt that such a mode of raising revenue speaks well in favor of the simplicity of the English system, but we see no reason for the system to be imitated by others whose circumstances are in no way parallel, and who are in every way differently situated to the English.

**A STRANGE SUICIDE.**—We learn from the *Portland Argus* that Gilman Willard, of Cape Elizabeth, Me., committed suicide in the following manner. He went to his yacht, which was in Simonton Cove, about 8 o'clock for the purpose of locking it up, and as he did not return it was thought that something must be wrong. Consequently a boat was obtained and rowed to the yacht, when it was found that the anchor had been thrown over. It was hauled up and with it came the body of the missing man. He was bound around the waist to the anchor, and a hatchet was found on the deck, which was used to cast it off. His face was badly bruised, and it is thought he had striven hard to free himself after he went under. On the deck with the hatchet was found his wallet and a short note, which reads as follows:—"Dear Mother, I do not blame you for this. Take care of George Farewell. Your affectionate son, Gilman Willard." Mr. Willard was a single man, aged 22 years, had some property, and was perfectly happy, so far as known. The cause of his destroying his life in this manner is a mystery.

**A SLIGHT MISCONCEPTION.**—During one of Lord Brougham's electioneering campaigns, in which he was opposed by the powerful house of Lowther, he made use of a familiar illustration in addressing a crowded meeting; he said that one might steal a horse whilst another would be punished for merely looking over a hedge. Unfortunately he was not clearly heard by everybody present, and one sturdy northerner informed a friend that one of the Lowther family had once stolen a horse, and that Henry Brougham could punish him for it, as he happened to be looking over the hedge at the time of the theft.  
The plague, according to the *London Lancet*, has broken out among the Arab tribes in the valley of the Euphrates. The disease is described as commencing with symptoms of high fever. There is intense thirst; delirium quickly supervenes; the eyes are bloodshot; the tongue covered with a white fur; the glands of the throat swell; and carbuncles appear in various parts of the body. During the past winter and spring the district in which the outbreak has occurred was subjected to extensive floods, and the tribes were exposed to great suffering and privation. At the first it was hoped that the malady was a malignant remittent fever, but the symptoms described are said to indicate the true plague.

**HEARTLESS.**—Women will get in love with men in red coats, and though many of them often suffer for the weakness, others will not take warning. The *Thorold Patriot* is responsible for the following little episode:—"Last summer, while the 'Military Camp' was here, a respectable widow of middle age, by the name of Mrs. Foley, in good circumstances, got enamored with a young soldier of the 10th, by the name of Corcoran, whom she bought off from soldiering on condition that he would marry her. The soldier was true to his promise so far as marrying went, but a short time since he made himself scarce, and it is now believed that he has

**New Advertisements.**  
**Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT,**  
No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street.  
Guelph, July 31, 1867. (dw) D. MOLTON

**WATCH DOG WANTED.**  
WANTED, a good watch dog, Bull Terrier preferred. Apply to J. MIMMACK, 4-6in Guelph, 7th Aug., 1867.

**NOTICE TO BUILDERS.**  
**TENDERS**  
Wanted for a Stone House.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon of the 16th inst., for the erection of a Stone House in Guelph.  
Plans and specifications and all particulars can be seen by applying to the Proprietors of the Wellington Hotel, Guelph.

**REMOVAL.**  
THE MESSRS ELLIS will continue to carry on the Straw and other Millinery work, at their residence, next to Mr. Pirie's, East Market Square Guelph, 30th July, 1867. (dw)

**Private Grammar School**  
Corner of Wyndham and Woolwich Streets.  
MR. MOYLES will re-open his school (D. V.) on Monday the 12th inst. Vacancies for three boarders.  
Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867. (dw)

**MISS WHYTE'S CLASSES**  
WILL commence on MONDAY, the 2nd of September, 1867. A first-class DRAWING Teacher in attendance.  
Guelph, 18th July, 1867.

**SOUTH RIDING OF WELLINGTON.**

**To the Electors of the South Riding of Wellington.**  
GENTLEMEN.—  
In compliance with the unanimous request of the delegates of the Reform Convention of the South Riding of Wellington, I am a candidate for the representation of this Riding in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario.  
My residence amongst you extends to nearly a quarter of a century; and having for the greater portion of that time taken an active part both in municipal and political matters, my antecedents are consequently well known to most of you. I need, therefore, only briefly state that, in the future as in the past, I will give a hearty support to the Liberal party—to whose long, consistent and faithful advocacy of their principles we are chiefly indebted for the great constitutional changes we are now about to enjoy—believing that their principles and policy are the best adapted to promote the general interest and prosperity of the country.

I have been an earnest and zealous advocate for the Confederation of the Provinces, and now heartily rejoice at its final consummation. I feel deeply grateful to our beloved Sovereign the Queen, and the British Parliament, for so cheerfully conceding to us the new Constitution for the Government of the Dominion of Canada.  
I rejoice in our new Constitution, because it gives us entire control of our local affairs, recognizes the just principle of Representation by Population, and consolidates those hitherto isolated Provinces into a nation—strengthens the ties between us and the mother country, and increases our power of defence against any foreign aggression.  
Holding these views, I shall ever be ready—whether in or out of Parliament—to heartily cooperate with all true lovers of our country in advancing such measures as are calculated to perpetuate and extend our Union, until the whole of British North America, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, shall have been joined in one grand confederacy.

Regarding the working of our new Constitution, I am decidedly in favor of a pure party government as being, in my estimation, best adapted for the carrying out of the British system of Responsible Government.  
I am opposed to Coalition Governments for ordinary administrative purposes, as being more reckless and extravagant, and more prone to venal and corrupt practices, as their history both in Great Britain and Canada abundantly testifies. But while sincerely holding these views, I wish it distinctly to be understood that I shall discountenance anything like faction, and shall resolutely oppose everything having a tendency to produce a rancorous, virulent state of party feeling in the politics of our new Dominion.

The new Constitution provides that the Legislature of the Province of Ontario shall consist of the Lieutenant Governor and one House, styled the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, composed of eighty-two members, five of whom shall form the Executive Council. Thus the Assembly shall have exclusive powers to legislate on the following subjects, namely:—The raising of revenue by direct taxation, the establishment and tenure of Provincial Offices, the management and sale of the Public Lands, the establishment and maintenance of Prisons, Asylums, Hospitals, &c., the Municipal Institutions of the Province, the management of all local Public Works, incorporation of Companies with Provincial objects, all matters relating to property and civil rights, the administration of justice both of civil and criminal jurisdiction, and all other matters of a purely Local or Provincial character. These subjects have a wide range, including as they do the whole of our internal government; and just in proportion as they are well or ill administered, so shall we have contentment and prosperity as a people.

I regard the immediate settlement of our Wild Lands as a subject of paramount importance, and one that has been long neglected. I shall give a hearty support to any liberal, well digested measure that has this object in view, and the encouragement of immigration to the Province.  
Our new Municipal and Assessment Acts, although in many respects improvements on previous legislation, are still defective in several points. I shall give these matters my careful consideration, so that I may be prepared to aid in their improvement.

To the many other subjects that will engage the attention of the first House of Assembly of Ontario, and the various questions that must of necessity from time to time arise, I shall be prepared to give a careful and dispassionate consideration, and decide in all cases to the best of my judgment, ever keeping in view the general interests and prosperity of the Province at large.

I will advocate the most rigid economy in all the departments of the Government, consistent with the efficient administration of the public service, and I shall oppose all unnecessary expenditure of the public funds.

The question of Defence belongs exclusively to the General Government, but I will heartily cooperate with your representative in the Commons to promote every prudent measure for the proper defence of the Dominion.

Gentlemen, should you honor me with your confidence, I shall endeavor to discharge the responsibilities devolving upon me as your representative faithfully and honorably to the utmost of my ability.  
I have the honor to be,  
Gentlemen,  
Your most obedient servant,  
**PETER GOW**  
Guelph, 6th Aug., 1867.

**SUPERIOR**  
**YOUNG HYSON**  
75 cents per lb.

Equal in quality and flavor to a Tea at a higher price.  
**GEORGE WILKINSON.**  
Guelph, 5th Aug., 1867. (G)

**Singer Sewing Machine FOR SALE.**  
FOR SALE a first-class Family A. Singer Sewing Machine, quite new. These machines are acknowledged to be the best made, and have now a world-wide reputation. For further particulars apply to

**GUELPH**  
**BOOT & SHOE FACTORY**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.  
**F. PREST**

BEGS to inform his friends and customers that he has taken into partnership Mr. W. D. HEPBURN for the purpose of manufacturing our own goods, which we will sell as low as any of the Montreal or Penitentiary goods can be sold, and we will guarantee to supply

**BOOTS AND SHOES**  
Worth at least FIFTY PER CENT. more than any other Manufactured Goods sold in the Dominion of Canada.

We have long felt the necessity of bringing into market a better class of Boots and Shoes than we ever have been able to procure, and we now are prepared to offer better goods, and at  
**AS LOW A PRICE AS ANY HOUSE in the TRADE**  
NO MATTER WHAT THEIR PRETENSIONS MIGHT BE.

**Summer Stock of Imported Goods**  
**AT COST PRICE.**

And we are determined to supply our customers with **BOOTS AND SHOES** which cannot fail to give perfect satisfaction.

**COUNTRY MERCHANTS**  
are invited to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere, as we are prepared to sell Goods at wholesale which, for quality, cannot be excelled.

**SUPPORT HOME MANUFACTURE!**  
And buy your Boots and Shoes from **PREST & HEPBURN.**

**THE OLD PENITENTIARY BOOT AND SHOE STORE!**  
REPAIRING DONE AS USUAL.

**PREST & HEPBURN.**  
Guelph, 1st August, 1867. (dw-1y)

**THE RUSSELL WATCH!**  
A FEW REASONS THAT MAKE IT SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

- 1st.—It proves itself a reliable time-keeper beyond all question.
- 2nd.—The RUSSELL WATCH being made on correct and scientific principles, it must follow as a natural consequence that it will keep time.
- 3rd.—Each part of which the RUSSELL WATCH is composed is a reflex of the perfect machine by which, under skilful direction, it is produced.
- 4th.—Truth is the essential of each part.
- 5th.—Uniformity and conformity must therefore characterize the several parts in fulfilling the purpose for which they are made and brought together.
- 6th.—Reproduction, as regards watch work, is simply an application of the principle that "things which are equal to the same things are equal to one another," and if there is any merit, the RUSSELL WATCH possesses that merit to a demonstration.
- 7th.—The greatest variety of price, quality and size, that confidence and perfection will admit, afforded by the RUSSELL WATCH.
- 8th.—The RUSSELL WATCH stands pre-eminently above all competitors for public favor and patronage.
- 9th.—Proofs of the foregoing—the universal testimony of all Watch-makers who have sold, and the positive statements of the thousands in Europe, the United States and Canada, who have worn the RUSSELL WATCH.

**TESTIMONIAL.**  
To Robert Cuthbert, Watchmaker, Wyndham Street, Guelph.  
If Society was as perfect in its organization, and was as obedient to the dictates of truth as the RUSSELL WATCH I bought from you is in indicating time, evil would be swallowed up in good, and happiness would become monotonous.  
G. RENNIE, Guelph.

**IMPORTANT!**  
**ROBERT CUTHBERT,**  
WATCHMAKER, WYNDHAM-ST., GUELPH.  
his always on hand a large variety of the celebrated RUSSELL WATCHES. His stock of Clocks, Jewellery and Fancy Goods will be found equally large and attractive.  
Guelph, 20th July, 1867. (dw-1f)

**Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies,**  
**CHURCH STREET, - GUELPH.**  
MISS WIGHTMAN begs to announce that her

**ANGLO-AMERICAN HOTEL,**  
MOUNT FOREST, ON.  
BEST accommodation for the travelling public.  
The choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., always on hand. The largest and best Music Hall in town is attached to this hotel.—Stages to Paris, Guelph, Durham, Owen Sound.

**TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
Subscribers wishing to take the *Evening Mercury* by the week, or for a longer period, will please leave their names at the office, and it will be regularly delivered at their residences. Subscribers whose papers are not regularly left by the Carrier Boys, will please call at the office at once and inform us of the neglect.

**Guelph Evening Mercury**

MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 12.

**NORAH CUSHALEEN**  
OR THE  
**HAUNTED CASTLE.**

'Well, what are we to say?' asked the latter returning Hargreave's look with one of contempt.  
'I will satisfy your claim,' said the youth in a tone of cold gravity.  
'You,' exclaimed the factor; 'why you are nothing but a poor travelling artist, and how can you pay thirty-five pounds seven and ninepence for another man?'

'That is no business of yours, sir.—If I choose to make an effort to get this poor victim from under your claws that does not give you a right to make personal remarks or ask personal questions. Show me your claim on Mr. Cushaleen, and if just, I will settle it.'

'Och, long life to your honour's honour,' cried Michael, his countenance beaming with joy.  
'Sure and its ashamed I am of your kindness,' said Terry, 'but the old man doesn't owe Master O'Brady a farthing. It's all the other way, for every body at Dundarra knows that my father was robbed.'  
'I understand what you mean,' interrupted Hargreave. 'Of that it is not necessary to speak. Your claim, sir,' he added turning to O'Brady.  
The factor handed him a paper which the youth glanced at.  
'This,' he observed, 'merely purports to be a receipt from you for the sum named, but it gives no particulars of the debt, how Mr. Cushaleen comes to owe you this sum.'  
'Sure and he knows himself,' said O'Brady impatiently. He fell back in the rent and the stock in the farm did not make up the arrears.  
'Oh then he doesn't owe this to you, but to the proprietor of Dundarra,' remarked Hargreave.  
'Well, it's all the same. I'm factor on the estate. Everything is under my management.'  
'So I understand,' returned Hargreave gravely. 'But this receipt, to be a proper one, must be signed by you for the landlord.'  
'Bah! we don't bother with such things here,' growled O'Brady. 'Your new fangled English notions won't go down in Ireland.'  
'Mr. O'Brady,' returned Hargreave, firmly, 'in this instance you have to deal with one who knows what your powers as a factor are. You have the liberty, it would appear, to oppress the tenants, but in certain things there is a law for you as well as for them; and Mr. Cushaleen is not bound to take that sort of a receipt from you. Now, if you choose to make out a regular statement of your claim as factor against him, and bring it here received, I will pay you—otherwise you will not be paid, and I shall see that you don't lay a finger on the furniture of this cottage.'  
'Who are you?' asked O'Brady, considerably astonished.  
'Never mind who I am,' was the answer. 'Do as I say and receive the money, or take your own course and want it.'  
'By jabs, and if making out the account will bring the cash, I'll run up and do it. Larry, you don't go out o' this. Maybe its a dodge to shut the house against us, but mind you don't badge till I return.'  
'Larry gave a wink and a nod, as much as to say he was wide awake, and knew what he was about. Finding his official assistant so thoroughly alive to his duty, the factor made a quick exit, and took his way up the village towards his residence.  
In about an hour he returned with the account made out in full, and Hargreave being now satisfied with it, paid the money into O'Brady's hands. The greedy fingers of the latter closed eagerly over it, and he quietly chuckled over the greenness and simplicity, as he considered them, of the wandering artist.  
'Now, sir,' said the youth, 'this releases this old man from your vindictive tyranny. He is at last safe from all your malice.' Terry, he added, turning to the young Irishman, 'if Mr. O'Brady doesn't leave the house in less than two minutes, I would advise you to kick him out.'  
'Faix, and it's just myself that would be mighty glad to do it,' exclaimed Terry, leaping up.  
'You insolent, upstart painter!' roared O'Brady, 'I may live to pay you off for that, and it—'  
'Oft with you,' roared Terry, putting himself in an attitude whereby he might make a vigorous application with his foot.  
The factor did not deem it prudent to risk the result, but beat a precipitate retreat, following at the heels of Larry, who had by this time quietly slipped into the street.  
When they were left alone with the youth who had manifested such munificent generosity, Michael and Terry over whelmed him with a torrent of grateful thanks, though the expressions of Terry were interlarded with fierce maledictions, directed against the factor.  
'Hargreave received the demonstration with quiet good humour, and when his first force was somewhat exhausted, he asked Michael if he had kept the factor's former receipts.  
'Sure and I have, yer honour,' replied the old man.  
'Then put that beside them, and keep the whole safe. They may prove useful some day.'  
So saying, Hargreave returned to his room, took up his drawing portfolio, and calling Dash from his slumbers in the corner, went out for a sketching-ramble.  
Meanwhile O'Brady had parted from Larry, and was crossing the common towards the lonely cabin of Mike.  
'He advised Terry to kick me out, did he?' muttered the factor vindictively to himself. 'I'll not forget that, and I'll have revenge on him for it, if he stays long in Dundarra. A fellow like him will be apt to put evil notions into the minds of the tenants; but, by jakers, if I find he's doing that, some way must be fallen on to get rid of him. I wonder who he is.' Hargreave, Lam told is

not look quite a stranger to me, but who it is he remembers I can't recollect. But let him beware—Jacob O'Brady never yet proved a harmless enemy.'

**TO BE CONTINUED.**

**Police Court.**

Before T. W. SAUNDERS, Esq., Police Magistrate.  
This morning Darby Herley, was charged by the Chief Constable with lying drunk on the sidewalk. It was his first offence, and the case against him was dismissed.

A CURIOUS SURGICAL CASE.—The *Lancet* states that on the night of March the 5th a woman aged forty-two, was brought by her husband into the accident ward of the Middlesex Hospital. She had caught her foot in one of the metal hoops of her crinoline, had fallen down stairs, and had sustained a compound fracture of both bones of her leg below the knee. On account of the severity of her sufferings, it was considered advisable to administer chloroform to her before the fracture was examined; and while she was insensible the shattered limb was amputated by Mr. Lawson, with her husband's assent. The patient recovered rapidly. Being of timid and nervous temperament, she shrank from looking at the injured limb whilst it was being dressed, and it was thought best not to tell her what had befallen her until the fortieth day after the operation, when she first became aware that she had lost her leg.

**New Advertisements.**

**TEA, COFFEE!**  
**TEA!**  
**SUPERIOR QUALITY**  
AND FINE FLAVOR.

At **JOHN A. WOOD'S.**  
Guelph, Aug. 12. dtf

**CHURCH DOOR**  
**HINGES!**

**JUST RECEIVED!**  
JUST RECEIVED, a large lot of the

Patent Church Door Hinges.  
**JOHN HORSMAN.**  
Guelph, 12th August, 1867.

**WILLIAM BROWNLOW,**  
(Late Toval & Brownlow.)  
Carpenter and Undertaker,  
In rear of the Wellington Hotel,  
**DOUGLAS STREET, GUELPH**

THE Subscriber begs to return thanks for past favors, and hopes by prompt attention to business and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of public confidence. Coffins on hand or made to order, and funerals attended. All orders will receive prompt attention. A Hearse for hire.  
Guelph, 6th June, 1867.

**FARM FOR SALE.**  
FOR sale, in the Township of Cullross, County of Bruce, 100 acres of splendid land, about 35 acres cleared, with log house and stables, being lot No. 24, 14th concession of the Township of Cullross, 2 1/2 miles from Teeswater, and near the gravel road. There is a fine spring creek running through the lot, and the timber is unsurpassed.—It is in one of the finest wheat growing sections of Canada. The soil is limestone and clay loam.—This eligible farm is now offered for the low price of \$1,700, for which a clear deed from the Crown will be given. Address (post-paid).  
**SAMUEL SOFTLEY,**  
Guelph, 29th July, 1867. (4m) Guelph P O

**A NEW NAME,**  
**CALLED TO ACCOUNT**  
BY ANNIE THOMAS.

Good Words,  
Sunday Magazine,  
Leisure Hour,  
Sunday at Home,  
**FOR AUGUST!**  
Chamber's Journal,  
**FOR JULY.**

**At DAY'S BOOKSTORE,**  
OPPOSITE THE MARKET.  
Guelph, 10th August, 1867.

**STORE to LET in ACTON**  
A COMMODIOUS STORE and Dwelling House in Acton, situate in a good locality for business. This presents a favourable opening for a Dry Goods or General Store. Apply to  
**W. DARLING & CO.,** Montreal,  
or  
**W. H. STORRY,** Acton.  
August 3rd, 1867. dtf  
DAILY GLOBE COPY till forbid.

**CENTRE RIDING**  
**OF WELLINGTON.**

**To the Electors of the Centre Riding of Wellington.**  
GENTLEMEN,  
Having received a requisition signed by 416 of the most influential electors from different parts of the Riding, requesting me to allow myself to be put in nomination for the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, in compliance with the said requisition, I now offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages for the representation of your constituency.  
My address has been circulated throughout the Riding. To it I would refer you for my views on the political topics that are now agitating the country, also for my views on the powers conferred on the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, and for my views on the duties of your representative under the new state of things inaugurated under the Confederation Bill.  
I shall endeavor to see as many of the electors as time and circumstances will permit at the meetings that I intend holding before the election comes on, when I shall explain myself more fully on the political questions of the day.  
I am, Gentlemen,  
Your most obedient servant

**English Magazines for July**  
**TO HAND.**

English Woman's Belgravia  
London Society Cornhill  
All the Year Round Temple Bar  
Bow Bells  
Family Herald  
London Journal  
Cassell's Monthly  
The Quiver  
English Mechanics  
Argosy  
People's Magazine  
Boys' Own  
Boys' Monthly  
Leisure Hour  
Sunday at Home  
Good Words  
Sunday Magazine  
Christian Society  
Kind Words  
Children's Friend  
Infants' Magazine  
Sunday Teachers' Treasury  
British Workman  
British Workwoman  
Band of Hope  
Christian Treasury  
Father William's Stories.

**AT DAY'S.**

Guelph, 22nd July, 1867.

**INDIA & CHINA TEA CO'Y.**

Home Depot at London and Liverpool.  
Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street, Montreal.  
THE India and China Tea Company beg to call the attention of the Canadian community to their directly imported Teas, which for purity and excellence will be found unequalled.  
The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire produce of some of the best plantations in Assam and on the slopes of the Himalayas, and by a judicious blending of these magnificent Teas with the best varieties of China produce, they are enabled to offer to the public Tea of quality and flavour hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority.  
The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great briskness and flavour, combined with colour and strength, and to be entirely different to the flat and rapid article usually sold as Black Tea; while their Green Teas are altogether free from the deleterious mineral powder so commonly used for coloring the leaf.  
**PRICES:** Rich, full-flavoured Tea for family use a real genuine and fine article, 70 cents per lb. Finest quality procurable, one dollar per lb.  
The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed.  
To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of 5 lbs. and upwards from the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada.—N.B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Tea will consequently retain its flavour any length of time.  
ONSERVE.—All packages have the Company's trade-mark, without which none are genuine.  
**MR. N. HIGINBOTHAM**  
Agent, Guelph.  
Guelph, August 3, 1867. daw-ly

**DR. CUY'S ENGLISH**  
**CHOLERA REMEDY**

IS the only medicine when taken as a specific  
For Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, &c.  
Is quick and certain in its action, pleasant to take, and never fails to cure. Don't trust to Pain Killers and other trash, but get a bottle of GUY'S Great English Remedy.  
Sole Wholesale and Retail by Lyman, Elliot & Co., Toronto; Winn & Co., Hamilton; N. Higinbotham, A. B. Petrie, E. Harvey, and J. Holden, Guelph, and retailed by all medicine dealers. For testimonials see circulars and wrappers.  
Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-2m)

**TROTTER & GRAHAM.**



**DENTISTS!**  
**GUELPH and BRAMPTON,**  
Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario.  
(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)  
**OFFICE:**  
Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES: Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker and Herold, Guelph; A. F. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. F. Taylor, M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold—Brampton. Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel; Dr. Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.  
The new anesthetic agents used for extracting teeth without pain.  
**R. TROTTER.** **W. K. GRAHAM.**  
Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-1y)

**DOMINION BITTERS**  
**R. HOPKINS & CO.,**  
RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country, that they are prepared to fill all orders for any quantity of  
**The Dominion Bitters**

Put up in barrels, half-barrels, kegs and bottles  
S. B. Purchasers will not confound the Dominion Bitters with the "New" or "Old" Dominion Bitters.  
Manufactured a few doors West of the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street.  
Guelph, July 25, 1867. daw-4f

**LOT FOR SALE.**

FOR sale, a valuable lot on the main street in the village of Hanover, on the Durham Road, with a Blacksmith's Shop, 24 x 36 ft., and a Dwelling House attached 18 x 24 ft. Will be sold cheap, and on reasonable terms. The owner being a workman would like to sell to a good blacksmith. For particulars apply (post-paid) to  
**JAMES C. CLARK,**  
Hanover P. O.  
July 18th, 1867. (3m)

**FARM FOR SALE.**

FOR sale, a first-class farm, being the North east half of Lot No. 10, 2nd Con. of the Township of Pilkington, containing one hundred acres, with about 80 acres under cultivation, well watered, and good buildings thereon. Terms moderate. For further particulars apply to

**New Advertisements.**

**No. 2, DAY'S BLOCK.**

**UNDER A NEW NAME,**  
**E. CARROLL & CO.**

THE UNDERSIGNED beg to notify the public that they have purchased the

**BANKRUPT STOCK OF KIERAN BROS.,**

at one half its actual cost, and will be open on **WEDNESDAY, 7th Instant** with a large and choice stock of

**Groceries, LIQUORS, Crockery and Glassware.**

and hope by strict attention to customers' wants, to merit a share of the public patronage. Remember the stand—opposite Horsman's Hardware Store.

**E. CARROLL & CO.**

Guelph, 5th August, 1867.

**NOVELTIES**

**NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED IN**  
**GOLD BROOCHES!**  
**Gold Ear-rings,**  
**Ladies' Gold Chains,**  
**Gents' Gold Albert Chains,**  
**Jet Ear-rings.**

**D. SAVAGE.**  
Guelph, 5th Aug. 1867. dw-ly

**FRESH GROCERIES**

FOR SALE BY

**JAS. MASSIE & CO.,**  
**IMPORTERS,**  
**GUELPH, ON.**

Just Received, Ex. Ship LAUREL, from London.

Boxes Selected Valencia Raisins,  
Barrels New Currants, in very fine order,  
Java Coffee,  
Fresh Sardines.

Just Received, Ex. HERON, from Bordeaux.

Barrels French Prunes,  
Cases Salad Oil,  
Bags Sicily Filberts,  
Bags Grenoble Walnuts,  
Barrels Bordeaux Vinegar.

ALSO,

Hds. DeKuyper's Gin,  
Red Case DeKuyper's Gin,  
Green Case DeKuyper's Gin,  
Hds. Martell's Brandy,  
Cases Martell's Brandy,  
Hds. Jules, Robin & Co's Brandy,  
Cases Hennessy's Brandy,  
Cases Otard Duprez Brandy,  
Cases Claret,  
Cases Champagne, Green Seal

**DAILY ARRIVAL OF TEAS.**

WE are daily adding to our Stock of TEAS, which for quality are unequalled; and being imported direct, we can offer special inducements to purchasers, and supply the trade at Montreal Wholesale Prices.

**J. MASSIE & CO.**  
Guelph, 24th July, 1867. dw

**GREAT ANNUAL SALE!**

**SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!**

**A. O. BUCHAM,**

Is now selling off his entire and complete stock of

**Fancy and Staple Dry Goods**

Including the Newest and most Beautiful Dresses, Mantles,

MILLINERY, STRAW GOODS and PARASOLS, THE WHOLE AT HALF-PRICE.

**NOTICE.**

THE SALE WILL CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS, and the greatest largains ever offered in Guelph can be obtained for **CASH.**

**TROUSERINGS, TWEEDS, DOESKINS, SHIRTINGS, TICKINGS**

Denims and Cotton Goods, of every description, at a tremendous sacrifice in price.

**Terms Cash, and only one price.**

**FRUITS.**

**MRS. ROBINSON**

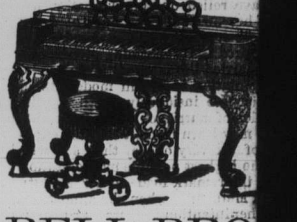
Has just received at the

**Dominion Grocery, Fruit & Fancy Store,**  
Ripe Tomatoes, Lemons, Cherries, &c. A varied stock of General Groceries and Fancy Goods. Don't forget the stand, next door to the Wellington Hotel, Upper Wyndham Street.

**Post Office Store to Re**  
Apply to Mrs. Robinson, or at the Post Office, Guelph, August 1, 1867. dtf

**GUELPH**

**Melodeon and Cabinet Or**  
**FACTORY.**



**BELL BRO**

WOULD respectfully intimate to the public the Dominion that they have entered into partnership with Messrs. R. B. Wood and Leopold, under the style and firm of  
**BELL, WOOD & CO.**  
Mr. Wood has worked in some of the best factories in the United States and Canada, and has a practical knowledge of the business in all its branches; his tuning has invariably taken first prize wherever exhibited. Mr. McLean worked as case maker in the best factory has a thorough knowledge of that department all its branches.  
All our Instruments are warranted for five years. Illustrated Catalogues sent free on application. Pianos tuned to order at Toronto Price. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.  
25 First-class PIANOS for sale.  
Guelph, 18th July, 1867.

**JAPANESE DUS**

THE only effectual preparation for exterminating Moths, Bugs, Fleas, Cockroaches  
Prepared by **WALLS, CLOSE & CO.**  
London, England.

For sale by **N. HIGINBOTHAM** Medicines

**CONDY'S PATENT**

**DISINFECTING FLU**

THE safest and best disinfectant ever discovered. Much superior to the chlorides of Lime Soda. In bottles, with full directions.  
For sale by **N. HIGINBOTHAM** Medicines

**A CHOICE LOT OF**

**DYE STUFF**

INCLUDING Indigo, Madder, Extra wood, Cudbear, Fustic, Sumach, Brazil, Peachwood, &c. Also, a compound of the 'ANILINE DYE', in liquid form to suit purchasers.  
**N. HIGINBOTHAM** Medicines  
Guelph, 27th July, 1867.

**PETRE**

**CHOLERA**

**Diarrhoea Remedy**  
An unparalleled remedy for  
Cholera,  
Cholera Morbus,  
Diarrhoea,  
Dysentery,  
and Summer Complaint.

All the above diseases can be cured by use of this remedy.

**Particular Attention**

Must be given to the premonitory symptoms of Diarrhoea, and if taken in time will result fatally.  
Every Family should be provided with a bottle.

Price --- 25 Cents per bottle.  
Compounded and Sold by  
**ALEX. B. PETRIE**  
Chemist, Market Square  
July 22, 1867.

**ROCKW**

**COMMERCIAL, MATHEMATICAL**  
**CLASSICAL**

**ACADEM**

**The Thirty-Fourth Semi-Annual Session commencing the 18th August**

THIS Institution is better located, more liberal, and presents a more extensive and complete curriculum of studies than any private institution in the Dominion.  
1st.—A thorough English Education, with special attention to the higher mathematics, with appointments of first-class Teachers.  
2nd.—A complete Commercial and Manufacturing course of the most practical instruction of Book-keeping, as well as of the department of Book-binding, Printing, Stationery and Railroad, Domestic and Foreign, Commission, Exchange, Insurance, and routine, Commercial Law, and Plain and Ornamental Penmanship.  
3rd.—Preparatory Course for the University or the professional study of any branch of the Law.  
The best references given.  
Pupils received at any season.  
Terms.—Tuition, board, and teaching quarter, \$15 extra.  
Send for a Circular.  
M. J. B. B. B.  
August 1, 1867.

**MON**

THE Sub-Title class...  
The title and value...  
statements, moderate...  
paid, to  
Handled

