

The Charlotteville Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1903

Vol. XXXII, No. 18

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THE MESSENGER

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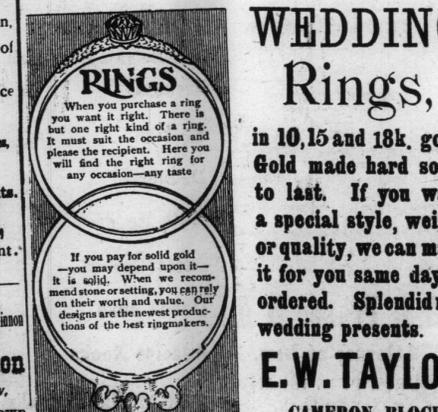
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Bishop Whiteside on Mixed Marriages.

A great amount of interest was centred in the visitation of the Bishop of Liverpool (Dr. Whiteside) to the Newton-le-Willows Catholic Church on a recent Sunday, in consideration of the pronouncement by the Anglican Bishop (Dr. Chavass) on Tuesday week at Newton in connection with the conversion of young people connected with the Church of England to the Catholic Faith as a consequence of mixed marriages.

The Bishop, after holding a Confirmation in the afternoon, gave his pastoral address in the evening to a very crowded congregation, and after reminding parents of their duties as regards the responsibilities of teaching to them in respect to the children, said there was one point about which parents must be very careful, and that was in relation to company keeping. As children were bound to observe what their parents told them, so parents were bound to watch that children did not contract unsuitable marriages. If parents did not know with whom their children were keeping company it was their duty to find out; and if an unsuitable match had been entered into, it was for parents to use their authority, otherwise they would be answerable before God for that unsuitable match or marriage. There should be no need to speak upon the subject of mixed marriages, because their instruction gave them the views of the Catholic Church—which views were not those that the world knew—and they as Catholics were bound to listen and obey. And that teaching was as clear as noonday and it could not be mistaken. The Church had expressed itself clearly, and Pope after Pope had spoken on the subject; therefore there could be no mistake as to the attitude of the Church. There could only be one opinion, and it was that such marriages were a detestation and an abhorrence. Those were the words spoken again and again by the Sovereign Pontiff. And whilst it should not be necessary for him to point the matter out, it was a sad thing to see how many people still took a step that was irrevocable. Sooner or later such marriages led to disturbance, so that there were in mixed marriages obstacles to what even the world called happy marriage. But the unfortunate thing was that the evil did not apply only to this world, but it extended into eternity, because it affected the virtue of their Faith. From his returns of that mission in Newton there were 144 mixed marriages in a period going back it might be forty years, and in all those cases Catholics entertained the very strongest hopes that the non-Catholics would come over to the Catholic religion. But in how many cases had that hope been realized? In only 13 cases. In 131 cases they had not resulted in conversion to the Catholic Church. Had there been any cases in which Catholics had become Protestants? He was sorry to say 43 Catholics had become Protestants. No wonder the Church detested mixed marriages. What could a priest say when a girl talked to him about the hope of conversion with those figures before him? And the figures were almost the same throughout the diocese. The priest might say, and with truth, to anyone who spoke of conversion, that there was just as much likelihood of a Protestant becoming a Catholic as a Catholic becoming a Protestant. And so they could judge of the past. There were no less than 87 children on the issue of those 43 mixed marriages, and they were being brought up Protestants. No wonder the Church hated and detested such marriages when she saw her children being lost in that way. It was the duty, therefore, of the parents to put down their feet when their children kept company with those who were not of the Faith.—True Witness.

just been treated to an extortion of blackmail that is worthy of being recorded. Some two years ago the Governor, Rashid Pasha, a man whose father and grandfather before him were all favorites of the 'Palace clique' in Constantinople and who has held his present post so long through the influence of that pernicification of misrule, succeeded in getting an imperial commission to come down and make a new valuation of all the property in the city. This commission set about and did its business in the approved Turkish way. Those who approached the members in the proper way and with enough gold in their hands succeeded in keeping the taxable value of their possessions at the old figure, while those who did not do so found the value of their houses greatly increased.

"According to Turkish law, when a man feels that he is being rated too high, or higher than his nearest neighbors, he can present a petition asking for a new survey of the property in question and theoretically obtain justice. As a matter of fact hundreds did file their protests against the unrighteous discriminations and unfair increase, but all these petitions were filed and never heard of again. Seeing that the new tax lists will be issued after March 13, on the basis of the new valuation, the city began to get nervous about the matter. Careful inquiry concerning the date of the many petitions filed brought forth a curt answer from the Vail; that none of them would ever be heard of and that all efforts to push them would be fruitless. At the same time a way of relief was pointed out to all who wished to avail themselves of it. Whoever wished his proper valuation to go back to the old figure could have it so at once by paying to the Vail and his associates three times the amount of the increase demanded. The time being short and all hope of righteous redress being denied, the people have made haste to avail themselves of this door of escape and the unholiness of business is at this moment in full blast. We know one man, acting for himself and a few of his family, who has paid over 1,200 Turkish pounds into the Vail's hands, or rather into the hands of his accredited agent. It is estimated that the Vail will pocket in this transaction something like 50,000 Turkish pounds, or, as some estimate it, as much as 100,000 pounds. Of course, it is well known that he must share this unrighteous gain with his backers at the palace, or he could never venture to do such barefaced blackmailing."

An Historic Church.

(By a Regular Correspondent)

No church in England has more historic memories associated with it than St. Mary's Moorfields. Some time ago the olden church was demolished and now a new and beautiful one stands upon its site. It is the Romano-British style and has an imposing frontage of Portland stone, a sculptured group above the doorway representing the crowning of the Blessed Virgin. In its internal ornamentation and furniture it owes much to the old church the sanctuary in particular, which is in the form of an apse, having the white marble altar and splendid Carrara fluted monoliths that adorned the old building. We dwell upon these details, because they show what a wonderful old church was that of historic Moorfields. The best synopsis possible of its historical associations is to be found in the sermon preached, on the occasion of the opening of the church, by R. V. Father Chase. We take the following report of the sermon from a *London Journal*:

"In the course of an interesting discourse Father Chase said they were assembled that day on an occasion which was something more than the opening of a new church on Lady Day. Lady Day, with its associations, was fitting, indeed, for the reopening of that church, for the reopening of the work in a parish so long dedicated to our Blessed Lady in Moorfields. He said it was something more than a mere opening of a church, because it was the continuation of the life of a church and parish which had been parallel with the revival of the Catholic religion in England. St. Mary's, Moorfields, was, indeed, an historic church. The very ground which formed the parish had been the witness of one great event after another connected with the Catholic faith, and, more than that, it was on that ground that saints who had died for the faith one after another in their generation had trod. It might be truly said of the parish of St. Mary, Moorfields, that all its historic associations were built upon the blood of the martyrs. Blessed Thomas More was an inhabitant

Turkish Misgovernment.

of that parish, and the martyrs—the Carthusians and others—who were dragged on hurdles to Tyburn, because they would not acknowledge the royal supremacy, were also representatives of the neighborhood in which they were assembled that day. St. Thomas of Canterbury was born in the neighborhood, where Merce's Hall now stands. Having briefly sketched the history of the church in the parish in the days of persecution, of old St. Mary's in the days of Cardinal Wiseman to the time of its demolition, the rev. preacher said just as the time had arrived when that beautiful church might be opened to the honor of God, through the zeal of the Cardinal Archbishop and their rector, there had been brought over to the Church of God in that mission just about 100 persons. Let them thank God for that. It was surely a sign of a new beginning when God gave the gift of faith to such a number of persons to join with them in worshipping Him in the new church, when He took away darkness from their hearts, and gave them the new light of God's truth, and caused them to submit to God's Vicar upon earth, and enter into fellowship with the Catholic Church. On an occasion like that they should bear in mind what God was doing for them. Some of them might say, "What is the good of reviving ancient history, and talking of terrible things that happened to our forefathers so many years ago?" Today in England Catholics enjoyed great prosperity and great tolerance on the part of their fellow-countrymen, and they should thank God for it. But let them remember that the Church of God must always be fighting against evil, and that she would always have those who opposed and hated her. They had recently seen the persecution she had endured across the Channel, and God had given the Catholics of England an opportunity of showing those who sought a refuge from persecution on their more tolerant shores. Today Catholics stood in this country raised up by the good God to do His work as the one only religious society which could show certainty of faith throughout all her history, the one religious body which could show a succession of sacrificing priests, and that alone could show absolute unity of faith, all being joined together in the bond of peace."—True Witness.

A Case of Interest to C. M. B. A. Members.

An American exchange says:—

"A strangely contested case involving an insurance in the C. M. B. A., and which will be of interest to all members of beneficial insurance societies, was recently decided in the Court of Appeals at Buffalo. William Lashy was insured for 2,000 in a Niagara Falls branch of the C. M. B. A., when he was taken ill with dropsy. His wife for some reason left him and he went to his mother's home, who carried for him, assisted by the local officers and members of the C. M. B. A. For this reason he decided to make those who had aided him in his extremity the beneficiaries of his insurance, and he executed a paper changing his beneficiary, giving his wife \$1,000, his mother \$500 and certain officers of the local branch of the C. M. B. A. \$500 to pay his doctor's bills, and give him a decent burial, the balance to be turned over to his mother.

The officers of the C. M. B. A., however, were unable to issue him a new certificate, as the original was still in existence in the possession of his wife, who refused to give it up. Shortly before his death the wife went to Niagara Falls and induced her husband to go with her to Buffalo. Before he died she had a lawyer draw up affidavits in which he swore that he did not remember of executing the papers changing his beneficiary and that he did not intend to change it. After his death his wife brought suit for the whole amount against the C. M. B. A. The case was argued in three courts, and the decision in each was the same—that the wife had no right to withhold the certificate and that she could not therefore profit by her own wrongdoing.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

"I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and because so weak I could scarcely get around. I took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me a new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured her." Mrs. THOMAS LEWIS, Wallaceburg, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

THE line of Wall Papers we are showing displays artistic skill and study in the designing and coloring, the warmth and harmony of the colors, the richness and grace will add greatly to the cheerfulness and beauty of your rooms. Have a look at our lines before buying.—Taylor's Bookstore.

Religious Events Briefly Recorded.

The "London Catholic Times" announces the reception into the Church of the Rev. M. B. A. until recently rector of St. Michael's, Anglican Mission, Shorehitch. The ceremony took place in Florence, where Mr. Evans also received the Sacrament of Confirmation. Ninety three persons who were formerly members of St. Michael's congregation have already been received at St. Mary's, Moorfields, and the number under instructions is daily increasing.

The Earl of Fingall, one of the four Earls who accompanied the Duke of Norfolk on the recent English pilgrimage to Rome, is always at home in Rome, having been born there. He enjoys an Irish education and a barony of the United Kingdom. His father was born in Naples, and his grandfather in Geneva. Lord Fingall is the premier Catholic baron of Ireland, as the Duke of Norfolk is of England.

An appeal has been issued by the Duke of Norfolk, signed by many leading Catholics, clerical and lay, for funds towards the erection of a Catholic Hospital in Rome under British administration. The care of the hospital will be confided to the Nuns of the Little Company of Mary, who have two houses devoted to the sick poor in London. The appeal is made on behalf of those English-speaking sick in Rome who find it hard or impossible to pay for nursing in their own homes; also for travelers and others who are taken ill in Rome.

The bulk of the French religious congregations, it is reported, are disposed to adopt a form of resistance to the Associations Law which shall be passive and legal. How this design may be carried out we can infer from what has taken place at Laval. There, a correspondent informs us, the lady who was at the head of the convent has now established herself as a private person. She holds receptions, to which the leading Catholics of Laval and the neighborhood are invited, and generally she acts as a private lady in the world would do. The nuns remain with her as her guests, and as such are granted the liberty of engaging in the religious practices that the rules of the community ordinarily prescribe. This act will be favored by the fact, upon which the Bishop of Quimper has publicly laid stress, that the law of December 4, 1902, has set aside the execution of the law of 1901, by order of the administration, of the Associations Law of July 1, 1901, submitted for it to the judicial authority, with its slow forms, its public discussions and its judgments, accompanied by a statement of the grounds upon which they are based and subject to appeal. The Government may expel the religious from one house after another, but they will discover that it is pretty difficult to carry out a persecution of that kind and at the same time preserve even the semblance of law.

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THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6th, 1903.
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR,
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor.

Subscriptions for 1902 and previous years are now overdue; and subscriptions for 1903, are now payable. Our friends will please bear these facts in mind

The Representation Question.

The Supreme Court of Canada on Wednesday last gave judgment in the case submitted to it, and argued in behalf of the Provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Ontario, in the matter of representation in the House of Commons. By the census of 1901 each of these Provinces loses a part of its representation in the Federal Parliament, and the case argued was as to the interpretation of the clauses of the British North America Act, governing the matter. The number of representatives is regulated by the proportion the population of Quebec, whose representation is stationary, bears to the "aggregate population of Canada." The whole case hinged on the interpretation to be given to the word "Canada," in the above quotation. The argument of counsel for the three Provinces in question was to prove that the word Canada in this connection meant the four original Provinces of the Confederation, viz. Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. The unanimous decision of the Court was against this contention and to the effect that the words "aggregate population of Canada" should be considered as meaning the whole population of Canada, including all Provinces which have been admitted to the Confederation subsequent to the passing of the B. N. A. Act; consequently these Provinces have lost their seats. The case of P. E. Island is on a different footing. The contention in our case is that it was the intention of the Fathers of Confederation and those who were instrumental in bringing the Province into the Union that we were never to have less than six members, the number with which we entered. This, it is held, is sufficiently clear from the recorded statements of the fathers; but through some oversight these expressions were not embodied in the act admitting the Province to the Union. The case is to be argued before the Supreme Court of Canada on the 12th inst. The Attorney-General has associated with him in the matter, Mr. E. B. Williams of this city and A. B. Aylsworth, K. C. of Toronto.

The Opposition Leader

Shortly before the prorogation of the Legislature on Thursday last, Hon. Daniel Gordon; the old and respected Leader of the Opposition announced that he had resigned the leadership of the Opposition in the Legislature and that Mr. John A. Mathieson had been chosen as his successor. He referred to the good feeling that had always existed between himself and his followers in the House and the pleasure he had experienced in working with such men. He was proud to say also that he had always got along admirably with the members on the Government side of the House. No matter how strongly they might be opposed on political questions he had always been treated most courteously by his political opponents. He felt that the duties of Leader should now devolve upon a younger man, and he was proud to know that in Mr. Mathieson, the Opposition had a man of youth and talent and great ability, who, he felt sure, would be most successful as a Leader. Brief speeches were made by the Premier, Mr. Rogers, Mr. McLean, Mr. McLeod, Mr. McLean and others, eulogistic of the retiring Leader and complimentary to his successor, Mr. Mathieson. All were agreed that the record of Hon. Mr. Gordon had been most honorable in every respect. He was true to his political principles but moderate and tolerant of the views of those who did not agree with him. He possessed a well-stored mind and his public utterances were cast in a classic mould. All wished him well and expressed the hope that he might still be spared for many years of life. Mr. Gordon again briefly addressed the Assembly and thanked all who had spoken for the good things they said about him. However much he might have differed

from his friends opposite he constantly kept one end in view, the good of the Province. Mr. Mathieson thanked all who had referred to him in such complimentary terms; he hoped he would in some measure meet the expectations his friends had formed of him. He paid a high tribute to the life and work of Hon. Mr. Gordon. In every walk of life he had been an exemplary man and now he retired from his responsible position as Leader wearing the white flower of a blameless life. There is something pathetic in this change of leadership. The veteran who lays down the burden, with unswerving honor, has stood in the breach and with an army of faithful followers frequently a good deal smaller than it is now, manfully battled for right and in opposition to what he believed to be wrong, rejoices, we feel sure, at the thought that the work will be vigorously continued by his youthful successor. The new Leader has a noble work before him, and we feel sure he is in every way equal to the task. He has in a marked degree the qualities that are required for successful leadership. Let us then give him all the support we can in the work of wresting the Government of this Province from the hands of those who have mismanaged our public business. We tender Mr. Mathieson our congratulations and wish him every success.

Last Days of the Session

The Provincial Government's utter disregard of the people's rights, their disposition to deprive the people's representatives of information on public questions to which they are entitled by constitutional usages; and their evident desire to shut off freedom of speech and trample under foot the principles of representative government were well exemplified during the last few days of the recent Legislative session. The opposition had persistently asked for information regarding an amount of \$3,736 on account of expenditures in connection with the Supreme Court; regarding interest on loans' account; regarding the particulars of the Government's bargain with the Dominion Packing Company; regarding the importation and disposing of stock; The information was not supplied, and the Leader of the Opposition gave notice of intention to move a resolution setting forth that an humble address be presented to his Honor the Lieutenant Governor asking for this information. This resolution was voted down by the Government majority; but they evidently felt that they were treading on dangerous ground and supplied some information about the loans' account and the stock transactions. In the matter of the \$3,736 item in connection with the Supreme Court, however, not the slightest scintilla of information was given. This was the condition of affairs when the House resumed committee of supply on Monday evening, April 27th. The Opposition continued the debate on the different items of supply and pointed out to the Government the constitutional wrong in thus withholding information to which the people had a just right. Regarding the partial information tabled in connection with the loans' account, Mr. Mathieson pointed out that interest to the amount of \$1,225 was due for the past year, and the accumulated unpaid interest on the same account for former years could be no less than \$2,500. This much additional interest should have appeared in the public accounts under the item of "interest." Instead of that the accounts, while acknowledging an increase of \$12,000 in the Provincial debt contained the anomalous statement of a decrease in the interest charge from that of the previous year. The interest paid last year could scarcely be less than \$28,000, within \$2,000 of the whole of the increased Federal subsidy. This addition to the item of interest and amounts due supervisors, and carried over to 1903 with other little discrepancies in the public accounts brought the deficit of last year, according to the Government's own statements, up to \$16,000. The fight for information and the criticism of the Government's methods were kept up by the members of the Opposition till after two o'clock Tuesday morning, but no response or justification came from the Government benches.

When the House again went into committee of supply on Tuesday evening, any one in touch with the trend of events in the Legislature might easily have guessed that something out of the ordinary was about to happen; that some bold, barefaced attack on the people's liberties was in

contemplation; that free speech was to be choked off and an arbitrary application of gag law was to be attempted. Mr. Hughes, who had been chairman of the committee of supply was not in his place, and in his stead the burly Captain Read was put in the chair. Evidently Mr. Hughes had intimated that he was not going to act the bully, and that if the Government had some extremely dirty work to do they must get someone else to do it. Who better adapted for such an emergency than one whose notions of constitutional usages and the rights and privileges of free born people were imbibed on the quarter-deck, where men have no rights the skipper feels himself obliged to respect, and where the ropes' end takes the place of argument or reasoning. Those in attendance had not long to wait till they witnessed the perpetration of one of the most arbitrary breaches of constitutional liberty and the precipitation of one of the most scandalous scenes that ever disgraced a British Legislature. While Mr. Mathieson was addressing the committee and discussing the items of expenditure under consideration, the Leader of the Government rose and moved the adoption of the resolution. The chairman put the motion, while Mr. Mathieson was still speaking, and then pandemonium ensued. A half dozen members of the opposition were on their feet protesting against such arbitrary and scandalous conduct. The Leader of the Opposition, Hon. Mr. Gordon, characterized it as the most disgraceful witnessed in a British Legislature. Mr. McLean, Mr. Mathieson and Mr. Morson were equally emphatic in their condemnation. But the party whip was cracked and all were expected to obey. They did obey, but with evident reluctance; for as each one slowly took his seat he seemed to be conscious of guilt, and appeared more like a criminal rising in his box at the call of the judge than like a free representative of the people. The Speaker was then called to the chair and he justified the conduct of the chairman. The incident did not end there. It remained for Mr. McLeod, the smooth, slick member for Summerside, to add insult to injury. He flung across the floor of the House the insinuation that members of the opposition were "not in a condition to do business." This was most vehemently resented by the opposition members. Mr. McLean said it was "one of the most cowardly and contemptible and lying libels ever uttered in a legislature," and "nothing but a retraction pure and simple would satisfy the opposition members." After some further discussion the House adjourned.

When the House went into committee of supply on Wednesday evening, the galleries were crowded. The accounts of the scenes of the previous evening had roused interest and whetted curiosity as to what was coming. Hon. Mr. Gordon, Mr. Mathieson, Mr. McLean and Mr. Morson took the Government severely to task for the arbitrary and unconstitutional manner in which they had acted in withholding from the House information to which the people were entitled. It is suspected that the \$3,736 in the expenditure of the Supreme Court has been paid to Mr. Wheat and Mr. Palmer contrary to the independence of Parliament Act. If it is so they have not only forfeited their seats in the Legislature, but have left themselves liable to heavy fines. It is also said that Mr. Rogers is guilty in this respect, as supplies for the Government have been purchased from the firm of which he is the head. The Opposition stated that if any two of their members would be allowed to inspect the books containing the entries of the Supreme Court item they would be satisfied. But this was refused by the Government. Being refused the information due them in the Legislature, the Opposition said they would only have to take action in the Supreme Court and endeavor by legal action to gain the rights denied them by the Government. While the Opposition poured all this hot shot into the Government ranks, the members on the Government side sat like dumb dogs and made no attempt at justification of their conduct. Mr. Cumiskey, indeed, attempted to justify the arbitrary conduct of the chairman on the previous evening, but he made a sorry job of it.

King Edward Abroad.

VISITS THE POPE.

King Edward the VII is visiting the capitals of several European countries and is everywhere received with unbounded enthusiasm. On the 29th, he visited Pope Leo XIII at the

apostolic palace, and the meeting between the head of the church and the King and Emperor was of the most cordial nature. The King, who had in the morning reviewed 25,000 of the troops of King Victor Emmanuel, after lunching at Quirinal, drove from the British embassy to the Vatican, accompanied by Col. Lamb, the British military attaché. Behind him followed the members of his suite. The King rode in a private carriage, as no equipage of the King of Italy could enter the precincts of the apostolic palace. The King, who wore a field marshal's uniform, had no escort, except some police-men in plain clothes, and no troops lined the streets, as when Emperor William visited the Pope. The Pope gathered on the street and looked on with curiosity, but they abstained from any demonstration. The Vatican is undoubtedly one of the most picturesque courts of Europe, and all costumes worn there are of mediæval times. As King Edward's carriage, at twenty minutes past four entered the court of San Damaso, surrounded by the Loggia of Raphael, and which has been trodden by the feet of every sovereign who visited Rome, with the exception of the present Shah of Persia, the English ruler was saluted by a battalion of the palatine guards in full uniform. When the royal party reached the grand staircase leading to the papal apartment, King Edward was greeted by the Marquis Sacchetti, who acted for Prince Raspoli, the introducer of sovereigns, who is ill; Monsignor Merry Dal Val and Prince Antici-Mattei. At the upper landing there was grouped in imposing array a number of other ecclesiastics, who formed a characteristic and magnificent assembly. King Edward addressed a few words of kindly thanks in return for the hearty greetings offered him. The royal party then proceeded between ranks of Swiss Guards. At the conclusion of this ceremony the door of the Pope's apartment was immediately opened and the aged Pontiff was revealed standing at the threshold with his hand extended, awaiting his guest. He was dressed in robes of white and a red velvet cap bordered with ermine. Even King Edward paused a moment upon seeing the Pontiff in his white garments. The Pope's face was the color of ivory, but he moved without aid and with no apparent difficulty. The King and the head of the church clasped hands, and exchanging a few words in French, King Edward passed within the papal apartment, the door was closed and the Pope and his guest were left alone. King Edward remained with the Pontiff for twenty minutes. A bell was then rung and the King's suite was admitted and presented. The little ceremony seemed to please the Pope immensely. At its conclusion King Edward took his leave, the Pope crossed the room at his side, and saying his last words at the door. From the Vatican King Edward passed through the Piazza of St. Peter, where he was warmly greeted in English by a number of Scotch pilgrims now in Rome, who shouted, "Hurrah for the King." Had King Edward looked up at this moment he would have seen a figure in the window of the second story of the palace; it was Pope Leo.

The King visited Paris on May 1st, and his arrival is thus described:—A vast crowd filled the boulevards from the early hours people straggling to gain the vantage points along the route to be followed by the royal procession. On the square fronting the railroad station was a surging mass of humanity. A detachment of the First Cuirassiers, in showy costumes with glittering breastplates and helmets and waving plumes, held back the crowds. The front of the station was elaborately draped with crimson and gold hangings and the interior was transformed into a superb reception room hung with goblin tapestry, having crimson and gold furnishings and decorated with flowers and plants. On the balcony was stationed the band of the Republican Guard, in stunning blue and white uniforms. President Loubet, surrounded by the cabinet, the presidents of the senate and the chamber of deputies, the grand commander of the Legion of Honor, the military and naval dignitaries and the diplomatic corps, presented an imposing appearance. As the train entered the station the trumpets sounded a royal salute and the band played "God Save the King." King Edward descended from his car and advanced slowly and alone, smiling and saluting. He wore the scarlet uniform of a British field marshal, his chapeau topped by waving plumes and his plumes adorned with various insignia, including the cross of the Legion of Honor. President Loubet stepped forward and grasped the King's hands. The meeting between the sovereign and the president was cordial, almost demonstrative. M. Loubet welcomed the King to France, and his Majesty, smiling, responded in French, expressing his thanks for the splendid manifestation in his honor. Traversing the station, King Edward and the members of his party entered state carriages, with gorgeously clad postillions and outriders, and, escorted by a regiment of Cuirassiers, drove to the British Embassy. The route of the procession was through the beautiful Avenue de Bois de Boulogne and the Avenue des Champs Elysees, arched with chestnut trees in full bloom. The lowering clouds which marked the earlier part of the day had broken up, and the sun came forth to add to the splendor of the spectacle. The avenues were lined with solid ranks of dragoons, cuirassiers, heavy artillery, field batteries and infantry, guns, helmets and other trappings gleaming in the sunlight. Behind these martial walls the people were banked in solid masses, and all the trees, windows and housetops were crowded with spectators. It was allowed that a million people gathered along the line. At the Arc de Triomphe the scene was majestic. Along shimmering lines of soldiery, a forest of waving banners, blaring bugles and rolling drums and succeeding bands taking up God Save the King.

Notice of Application.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada now in session for an Act empowering the applicants to construct and operate telephone and telegraph lines throughout the Dominion of Canada. Dated at Ottawa, 27th of March, 1903. KIDD & THOMSON, Solicitors for the applicants. April 15, 1903—91

TENDERS.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 9th day of May next for the painting of the exterior of St. Andrew's Church; also for shingling roof of same, building—Tenders to be marked "Tenders for St. Andrew's Church." The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. A. P. McLELLAN, P. P. St. Andrews, April 23, 1903—31.

A. L. Fraser, B. A.

Attorney-at-Law.

SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND. MONEY TO LOAN.

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING, 1903

GREAT in Assortment, Pleasing in Style, Honest in Quality, Reasonable in Price.

We confidently offer you our New Spring Dress Goods. Never before have we offered you such a fine collection of reliable, fashionable stuffs. They are absolutely correct in every particular, and the prices are low, consistent with the quality offered. We cordially invite all to come and see the goods for themselves.

STANLEY Bros.

The Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include Butter, Cabbage, Beef, Calf skins, Ducks, Eggs, Hides, Mutton, Oats, Oatmeal, Potatoes, Pork, Sheep pelts, Turnips, and Fowls.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Feb. 15th and until April 30th, 1903.

SPECIAL COLONIST RATES

TO NORTH PACIFIC COAST and KOOTENAY POINTS.

- FROM: TO NELSON, B. C.; TRAIL, B. C.; ROSSLAND, B. C.; GREENWOOD, B. C.; MIDWAY, B. C.; VANCOUVER, B. C.; VICTORIA, B. C.; NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.; SEATTLE & TACOMA, WASH.; PORTLAND, ORE.

Proportionate Rates from and to other points. Also rates to points in COLO., UTAH, MONTANA, WASHINGTON and CALIFORNIA.

For Full Particulars call on

C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., O.P.R. St. John, N. B.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, on Friday, the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1903, at the hour of one o'clock, noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, under and by virtue of power of sale contained in an indenture of Mortgage bearing date the seventh day of May, A. D. 1891, and made between Patrick Rice, of Charlottetown, in the Province of Prince Edward Island, Farmer, and Catherine Rice, his wife, of the one part, and Lolla Malinda Mackleson, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Island, of the other part:—All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on Lot or Township number fifty-three (53) in King County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a stake on the west line of the Grand River Road at the west line of land owned by heirs of the late John McLean; and from thence running south thirty-five (35) chains; thence west fourteen chains; thence north five chains and fifty links; thence north eleven chains and forty links to Grand River Road; thence eastwardly along said road to place of commencement, containing sixty-seven acres of land, a little more or less.

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A. L. Fraser, B. A.

Attorney-at-Law.

SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND. MONEY TO LOAN.



New Goods

Are Ready For You.

In Dress Goods

We have the newest and latest effects in Black and Colored. New Voiles, Canvas Cloths, Poplins, Crepe de Paris, Parmentta Cloth and lots of others all bought right from manufacturers and sold cheap.

In the Millinery

We've the Latest Shapes.

Newest Trimmings

OF ALL SORTS.

We'll Please You

In Trimmed Millinery.

We've lately made great improvements in this department. A new floor and several partitions taken down give us the whole second flat, making

The Finest Millinery Parlors in the city.

Try Weeks & Co. FOR MEN'S

Hats and Caps.

In this line we have a new showroom on the ground floor. Nothing in it but Hats and Caps. We've the latest,

English and American Hats and Caps.

New Hats at 90 cents to \$3.25. New Caps at 15 cents to \$1.50.

Buy your Hats and Caps at Weeks & Co's.



HATS and CAPS.

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Tickets Posters Dodgers Note Heads Letter Heads Check books Receipt Books Note of Hand Books

When Adam Picked His First Fig Leaf

When Adam picked and put on his first fig leaf the Men's Clothing Business was born. The first Ready-made Garment was a fig leaf. Probably Adam wasn't satisfied with the first leaf and thought he'd try another. By and by he found one that suited him, cut, material, fit and quality.

Adam Was Shrewd, He Looked Around.

Now, Sir, if you are not fully satisfied with the clothing you are wearing, suppose you look around.

Suppose You Look Here.

Our patrons are always satisfied—we make them so by giving them the best clothing to be had on earth for the money.

OUR TEN DOLLAR SUITS.

Our new Spring Suits have a large sprinkling of the ever popular \$10.00 suits in handsome colors—Tweed, Serge, Worsteds and Oxfords. It will pay you to look at them even if you don't want to buy. We've over forty thousand dollars worth of new Spring clothing in. If you haven't bought clothing at this store follow Adam's example and look around—come here—that's what we're driving at—if you come once, you'll come again.

PROWSE BROS., The Only Stylish Clothiers.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Hon. James W. Carmichael, who recently retired from the Dominion Senate, died suddenly at his home at New Glasgow, on Friday last, the 1st inst., aged 84 years.

The steamer Halifax from Boston arrived on her first trip for the season yesterday about noon, and left on return late last night. She carried a general cargo both ways and a few passengers coming and going.

An Islander named Angus McLeod, a graduate of McGill University, Montreal was shot in London on Sunday last. His condition is not considered dangerous. McLeod is a native of Springton, and had won in McGill a scholarship of \$500 entitling him to attend European Universities, and for this purpose had gone abroad.

A SPECIAL to Montreal from New York on the 1st inst., stated that Mr. James Ross, President of the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., who had just arrived from Europe would announce at the meeting of directors to be held immediately on his arrival in Montreal, that he was unable to procure a general manager for the company while in England.

WALL PAPER.—Wall Paper at Taylor's Bookstore, the prettiest designs and best quality of paper, and selling at the very lowest possible prices. Don't buy before seeing our line. Any pattern is new this season. Give us your order, we are satisfied we can please you. Can we see you to-day. Get our sample book at Taylor's Bookstore, opposite front door post office.

A SPECIAL from Saskatchewan says: Fred R. Wood, a settler just arrived from the Elbow of the Saskatchewan, twenty-five miles west of here, reports that fifty Doukhobors from the village at Redberry and Salt Lake, are in the spirit of pilgrimage. They are marching half naked and crying out for Christ, and say they will not stop until they find Him.

A SUNDAY merry-making and celebration by 1500 Polish excursionists from Toledo, was brought to a close by a frightful catastrophe at the corner of Canfield and Dequindre Streets, Detroit, at 8 o'clock on last Sunday evening, in which at least seven of the excursionists were killed. About a thousand were waiting at the side of the track to board the excursion train. Suddenly from out of the darkness came the Grand Trunk, Chicago and New York express known as the "Pan American Flyer." It ploughed through the mass of people, throwing them on both sides of the track beside the maimed, and grinding them under the wheels.

On Thursday evening last the community was shocked to learn that William Irwin, a well known and intelligent citizen, sixty-three years of age, had died from the effects of carbolic acid administered by his own hand. Near six o'clock he entered the Apothecaries Hall and purchased an ounce bottle of carbolic acid. Emerging from the store he moved a few paces on the sidewalk, then drew the cork from the bottle, drank the contents and threw the bottle away. All this took place in the presence of several spectators. He grasped a lamp-post to support himself. A crowd gathered and an attempt was made to administer an antidote, but with not much success. He was taken to his home where he died a few minutes later. He was a native of Liverpool and had served in the army for twenty-three years. His company was stationed in this Province in 1864. He retired with a pension in 1879 and returned to the Island to live.

A serious shooting accident occurred at St. Peter's Harbor on Tuesday afternoon last. Stephen McLean, of Clear Springs, and his brother in law, Ernest Cook, lobster fishermen employed by Mr. H. D. McEwen were in their shanty on the shore. A flock of ducks appeared and both men started in hopes of getting a shot. McLean went out first, and Cook seized a single barreled breach loader, jumped in a carriage and followed. The gun under his arm with the muzzle depressed. There was something the matter with the lock, and as the barrel dropped, the cap scraped against the plunger, exploding the charge which took effect in the back of McLean's left leg, opposite the knee bone. The joint was badly shattered and the leg otherwise mutilated. The leg was not a foot from the muzzle of the gun and the shot and wads were embedded in the bone. Medical aid was summoned and it was decided that amputation was necessary. For that purpose the patient was taken to the hospital in Charlottetown by special train. The leg was amputated four inches above the knee. McLean is but 19 years of age and was the only support of a widowed mother.

A big strike has been in operation among the long-shooters of Montreal for the past week or so. The men refused to work unloading the steamers arriving from Europe, and when non-union men were employed the strikers succeeded in righting them off in many cases. The police were unable to afford sufficient protection; so the militia were called out. Seven hundred soldiers were under arms and in possession of the river front on Wednesday last. One man was shot and four were in the hospital, besides a half dozen in police cells as the result of one day's disorders at the wharves. On Saturday the teamsters of the city had gone on strike in sympathy with the long-shooters. The consequence was that the goods of discharged cargoes were left on the quays. In Toronto there were some two thousand mechanics on strike on Saturday, and the teamsters were reported to be disposed to go out in sympathy with them.

You are cordially invited to have a look over our immense stock of men's and boy's caps, they are the very newest American shapes and the prices are such that you cannot help buying. J. B. Macdonald & Co.

There is a great demand for our trunks and valises—our trunks are specially made for us and you will find them stronger and better made than ordinary kinds and cost you no more at J. B. Macdonald's.

See our new Clothing for Spring. Two special lines D. B. Suits, \$4.75, 5 D. B. Suits, \$5.—J. B. Macdonald & Co.

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

THE WEEK IN PARLIAMENT

The feature of the parliamentary week just closed was the speeches made by Liberal members, Messrs. Heyd, Oliver, Sutherland (Essex), Roche (Halifax), MacLaren (Huntington), Holmes, Thompson, Schell, Ross (Ontario), Galloway, Grant, Puttee, Lumieux, and Hon. Wm. Patterson. These gentlemen's utterances were features because no two of them agreed as to the policy of the government. Some wanted increased protection, others free trade, while a third quota favored tariff stability. On the questions of reciprocity with the United States and the British preference they were equally happy in their disagreement. Nothing in the Liberal policy except the holding of power can bring them together. Each has his parish end of the game to play and each played what he thought would serve to catch the votes of his constituency. Those opposed to the government's attitude joined hands with what was offered for their votes.

For the Conservative policy of "adequate protection" Messrs. Blain, Vrooman, Roche (Marquette), Bel, Richardson, Taylor, Hackett, Morin, Kemp, Henderson, Borden and Clarke were as one man, having no differences on any feature of the watchword, "Canada for Canadians," and Mr. R. L. Borden, the leader of the Opposition, received the solid vote of his following.

Hon. J. Israel Tarte voted against the government. He forced Hon. William Patterson to admit, the increased protection did not mean increased prices. Mr. Patterson, when made to place himself fairly on record, swallowed his main argument against the policy of "Canada for Canadians" and practically admitted that for years he has been deceiving the people in this as in other matters. The redistribution committee met for organization.

ANOTHER BLACK PAGE IN HISTORY.

The black record of the Liberal party in the Dominion politics will not be improved by the allegations made in connection with the North Ontario bye-election, where Hon. George E. Foster was defeated. The Cannington, Gleaner, one of the leading papers in the riding, has this to say of the election: "The corrupting of the electorate was not confined to the laity, but extended to men in high places, so high up in the Government of Canada that when the trial is brought on the people of this grand Dominion will hang their heads with shame. There is much we could write and say concerning this election, but we leave it until the court convenes at Cannington, in due season; then we will publish the evidence as adduced, and we can assure our readers that the Gamy episode will take a second place in the many acts of corruption committed in this riding." Turning to the Montreal Witness, which heralded the result as an endorsement of Sir William Mulock and free trade and a rejection of Mr. Foster and "Canada for the Canadians," the Gleaner adds that "it was not the Government's policy, but the amount of money, whiskey, and other patronage made use of that caused this riding to return a Liberal member. Our personal opinion is that riding should be disfranchised as two English and two Irish boroughs were for bribery and corruption."

LOOK TO OUR OWN INTERESTS.

"What is our position with respect to the United States? We buy from them about \$72,000,000 of manufactured goods, and we sell to them \$6,024,000. We buy from them \$28,000,000 of agricultural products and products of animals, and we sell to them of the same articles less than \$9,000,000. All our producers and manufacturers are concentrated in that country by a practically prohibitive tariff. I maintain that the Finance Minister does not take the proper view of the situation when he says that we had better postpone the revision of our tariff until after we have negotiated on trade matters with the United States. Their tariff is practically double ours, and we with a tariff half as high as theirs are going to negotiate with them. What is the objection to putting our tariff on a better basis first, and then going to negotiate with the United States? Why do we have to wait until my hon. friend the Prime Minister gets further letters from Senator Fairbanks in reference to resuming these negotiations which I thought from the right hon. gentleman's remarks in Montreal about a year ago had come forever to an end? I say it is a bad policy first to give to the United States such concessions as we gave in 1897, to continue these concessions to the present year, and then to say that we avoid touching our tariff at all in order that when we come to negotiate with the United States we may go there handicapped. No, the stronger policy is the better one. Let us first deal with our tariff from the standpoint of our own interests, recognizing that in doing so we must have regard to certain conditions existing in other countries. These, having dealt with our tariff in a strong and bold way, if the United States desire to negotiate, we can inform them that we are at their service and ready to take up the matter any time they may desire. Mr. R. L. Borden in his exposition of the Conservative policy.

Men's Pants, 500 pairs just received. The best value we have ever shown. Price from 90c up.—J. B. Macdonald & Co.

Liberal-Conservative Convention.

Pursuant to notice a convention of the Liberal Conservative electors of the second electoral district of King's County was held at Morell, on Wednesday last, the 29th ult.

The convention was called for the purpose of nominating two candidates to contest the district in the next Provincial election. There was a large attendance and confidence and enthusiasm in the Opposition cause predominated. The convention was called to order by the convenor, Mr. L. P. Dyle and Mr. J. M. H. Dingwell was called to the chair. The chairman briefly addressed those assembled, outlining the purpose for which they had been called together. For convenor, Mr. James McLeod, the former candidate, was placed in nomination and no other name being submitted, his nomination was unanimously endorsed by the convention. For Assemblyman the names of Mr. H. D. McEwen and Mr. Peter M. Grant were submitted, and a ballot being called for, Mr. Andrew Lewis and Mr. Donald M. Laine were appointed tellers, to distribute, receive and count the ballots. The roll call by the chairman of the polls showed that fifty-one accredited delegates were in attendance. Before the ballots were counted, brief remarks were made by Mr. John McGregor and others to the effect that whichever of the gentlemen should receive the minority of ballots would heartily throw in his lot with the one receiving the majority and work for his election. Mr. Grant said that he would earnestly support and do all he could to secure Mr. McEwen's election if the latter were the choice of the convention. Mr. McEwen said that being a Conservative he would certainly vote for Mr. Grant should he be the chosen candidate of the convention. The ballots were then examined and the count showed that Mr. Grant had received 28 and Mr. McEwen 23. The chairman announced the result to the meeting and asked if anyone had any remarks to make thereon. No one rising to speak the chairman declared Mr. Grant the chosen candidate of the convention. Rousing speeches were made by the candidates Mr. John McGregor, Mr. Henry Mooney, Mr. Robert Mooney and others on the political questions of the day and the convention came to a close amid enthusiastic cheers for the success of the Conservative cause and the Conservative candidates. JAMES M. MOISAAC, Secretary.

Prorogation.

The Legislative session was prorogued with the usual formalities, by His Honor, the Lieut. Governor, on Thursday afternoon. His Honor delivered the following speech: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: As your Legislative duties are now concluded, I have much pleasure in congratulating you upon the many useful measures you have enacted during the session. I thank you for the liberal supplies you have voted for the Public Service, and assure you that it shall be the aim of my Government to expend them with due economy. In now taking leave of you, I desire to express my earnest hope that your labours may, under Divine Blessing conduce to the material advantage of this Province.

Following are the Acts assented to: To amend an Act for the encouragement of Agriculture. To alter the provisions of wills, of Wm. and Geo. Douglas. To consolidate and further amend the Acts incorporating the Town of Summerside. Respecting property of married women. Respecting the Dominion Packing Company, Limited. To incorporate the Trustees of the Presbyterian Church at Clifton, New London, in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Canada and to vest certain lands therein. To amend an Act respecting investment of Trust Funds. Respecting the profession of Medicine and Surgery. To amend the Domestic Animals Act. To amend the Public Road Act, 1901, and an act in amendment thereof. Authorizing corporations incorporated by the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada to lend and invest moneys in the Province of Prince Edward Island. To amend the Distress Act. To consolidate and amend the several Acts incorporating the city of Charlottetown. To amend an Act to incorporate the Master of the Rolls and Vice-Chancellor to appoint officers of the Court of Chancery. To incorporate Carter & Co., Ltd. To incorporate the Freehold Hall Co. To incorporate The Britannia Hall Co. of Tyne Valley. To amend an Act to Amend the Acts respecting Certain Departments of the Public Service. To amend the Dairy Association Act. To incorporate the Trustees of St. James' Presbyterian Church at Covehead, in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Canada. To incorporate the trustees of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church at Brackley Point Road, in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Canada. To amend an Act to provide for Shorthand reporting in certain Courts in the Province of Prince Edward Island. Respecting a Forestry Commission. To incorporate the Cambridge Hall Company. To amend an Act to confirm and render valid certain marriages heretofore solemnized within the Island and also to declare by whom and in what

manner marriages shall be celebrated in the future and to provide for the public registry of the same. To further amend the Prohibition Act 1900. To confirm in part a certain Deed of the whole valley for a distance of about three-quarters of a mile in width and a mile and a half in length. The entire top of Turtle Mountain seems to have fallen into the Valley carrying death and destruction in its path. It was thought at first that there was also an explosion; but later accounts say that the cloud of dust raised was so dense that it appeared like an upheaval. A large number of miners and other persons were entombed beneath the debris and a great many of them lost their lives. The number of deaths was first placed at about 75 besides the injured; but this may not be near correct. Houses were demolished beneath the tons of falling rock and their inmates were crushed to death without warning. Six cottages were totally destroyed by the rock; they were swept away like feathers as one writer describes the disaster. Among the killed were twenty-one miners, and the other victims include ranchers, railway contractors, engineers and laborers. The injured include 34 men, 7 women and 20 children. Some of these were seriously injured. In the house of one of the Finns there were seven persons, among them a three months old baby. All were killed except the baby, who was found about a hundred yards distant uninjured; but naked and crying from exposure. In another case a man and wife were killed; but the baby sleeping between them was only slightly injured. Many miners at first missing managed to make their way out of the mines unassisted, working their way out through 30 feet of rock. Probably the whole truth about the extent of the loss of life is not learned; but in any event the disaster has been a most serious one.

Terrible Catastrophe.

A terrible catastrophe occurred at the mining town of Frank, N. W. T., on the Crow's Nest branch of the C. P. R. early on Wednesday morning last. The catastrophe was apparently caused by the rolling down from Turtle Mountain of an immense quantity of rock, which blocked up the whole valley for a distance of about three-quarters of a mile in width and a mile and a half in length. The entire top of Turtle Mountain seems to have fallen into the Valley carrying death and destruction in its path. It was thought at first that there was also an explosion; but later accounts say that the cloud of dust raised was so dense that it appeared like an upheaval. A large number of miners and other persons were entombed beneath the debris and a great many of them lost their lives. The number of deaths was first placed at about 75 besides the injured; but this may not be near correct. Houses were demolished beneath the tons of falling rock and their inmates were crushed to death without warning. Six cottages were totally destroyed by the rock; they were swept away like feathers as one writer describes the disaster. Among the killed were twenty-one miners, and the other victims include ranchers, railway contractors, engineers and laborers. The injured include 34 men, 7 women and 20 children. Some of these were seriously injured. In the house of one of the Finns there were seven persons, among them a three months old baby. All were killed except the baby, who was found about a hundred yards distant uninjured; but naked and crying from exposure. In another case a man and wife were killed; but the baby sleeping between them was only slightly injured. Many miners at first missing managed to make their way out of the mines unassisted, working their way out through 30 feet of rock. Probably the whole truth about the extent of the loss of life is not learned; but in any event the disaster has been a most serious one.

DIED.

Very suddenly at Sturgeon, on Monday, April 27th, of pneumonia of the lungs, Henry O'Connor in the 68th year of his age. The deceased leaves a wife and daughter to mourn his loss. He was a man of exemplary character and genial disposition which was evidenced by the large concourse of people that followed the remains to St. Mary's Church where a Requiem High Mass was celebrated by the Rev. William Phelan, P. P., and all that was mortal of the deceased was laid in his last resting place. At Bayfield, Lot 46, on April 23rd, Sarah McAnlay, beloved wife of Joseph McDonald, after seven days illness of pneumonia, having received the last Sacraments administered by Rev. A. J. McIntyre, P. P., and being fortified by all the rites of our holy religion. Deceased who was only 49 years of age at the time of her death was well and favorably known and will be greatly missed particularly by the younger generation by whom she was much esteemed. The funeral took place on Saturday and a cortage of over forty carriages followed the remains to her last resting place in the St. Columba cemetery. May her soul rest in peace.

Remnants.—Such bargains in Remnants of Cottons, Cloths, Dress Goods, Flannels, Flannellets, etc., were never before given in Charlotte town as we are offering to clear lengths from 1 1/2 yds. to 10 yds. A lot of Ladies' Gloves and Mitts at half price. You should see them and share in them.—J. B. Macdonald Co.



Oh, magnificent line of

Wall Paper

We Are Showing AND the low prices we are selling ought to bring you straight to our store to-day. We can do better for you than any other store in the city. Try TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE, For Wall Paper.

NEW Clothing!

We have just opened our New Spring and Summer Clothing. We want to say right here—we can offer you greater inducements than ever, bring your money with you and you can look forward to getting the best value in Charlottetown. 500 pairs Men's Pants. These are separate from suits and will be sold cheap. Price from 90c a pair up. A good line Waterproof Coats.

100 DOZENS Men's Hats and Caps,

English, American and Canadian. Caps from 10 cents to \$1.25. Every quality you want in abundance. 100 dozens Men's Black and Colored Shirts. Price commence at 40 cents and up.

J. B. McDONALD & CO.

Leaders of Low Prices.

Our Annual WHITE SALE

IS New Goods, Latest Styles, Lowest Prices. Come, you won't be disappointed.

F. Perkins & Co.

Sunnyside. Phone 223.

We would like to have Your Furniture Trade

We will try to merit it. Our Furniture has had a reputation for being good in the past. We intend that it shall continue to have it in the future.

Farmers, You Don't Want Cheap Furniture

That will go to pieces in a few months. Therefore buy from us. We will treat you right, and you will find our prices very low.

JOHN NEWSON.

The Place to Buy your Watches, Rings and Spectacles.

The Fit OF GLASSES is of the greatest importance—not only for comfort—but to avoid actual danger. The lenses must be accurately adjusted in every way and correctly centered. Many opticians—careful in other respects—often overlook the importance of accurate fitting. We give it special attention and have frames of every size and shape on hand, enabling us to supply the correct size and style at all times. E. W. TAYLOR, Cameron Block, Ch'town.



New Year's Supplies

Don't forget the "EUREKA GROCERY" when making your holiday purchases. Our stock is complete, our prices right, and the quality of our goods we always guarantee. Your wants in any of the following lines we can fill to your satisfaction both in quality and price.

- Raisins, Currants, Spices, Extracts, Icing, Sugar, Peels, Chocolate, Baking Powder, Prunes, Dates, Confectionery, Fancy Biscuit, Cranberries, Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Nuts, Lime Juice, Fruit, Stuffs, Canned Goods, Pickles, etc.
- Preserves.** We have established a splendid trade in Homemade Preserves. And why not? We sell you a pure article for the price, others charge for imported compounds. We have a big stock on hand of Raspberry, Plum, Green Gage, Strawberry, Gooseberry, and Black Currant, in 7 lb. pails, 4 and 6 lb. crocks; also by the lb.
- Teas.** You will want 5 or 10 lbs. of Tea for the winter. Let us fill this order for you. We have a big Tea trade, and can give you good values. 5 lbs. Tea, 90c. 5 lbs. Better, \$1.00. 5 lbs. Eureka, 1.15. Hazard's Brahmin also in stock. Also Union Blend and Red Rose Blend.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Seeds, Seeds.

A LARGE STOCK OF

FRESH SEEDS JUST RECEIVED.

Early Garden Peas and Beans, Flower and Vegetable Seeds, American Lawn Grass.

Ten (10) Carloads of Wheat, Peas, Clovers, Timothy Seed, Vetches, Oats, Barley, etc., etc.

In stock and on the way at lowest prices, wholesale and retail. Charlottetown.

CARTER'S Seed Store.

My Rosary.

O string of pearls, my rosary, What comfort thou dost give to me!

When to my Lord I wish to pray, Or to His own sweet mother dear,

For every wish of my poor heart Is borne to that of Jesus sweet,

For then 'tis Mary pleads for me, And sad or joyful though it be,

The cross is there where hangs my Love, To prove the faith which I profess

Our Father; first I call on Him, I pray as even Jesus prayed,

Then Mary's pearls I count in turn, And whisper Aves one by one,

As through my fingers slip the beads, I seem to see sweet Mary's face,

I ask through her the Saviour's grace, I always love to think her near

When e'er my heart has weary grown, In all my doubts to her I flee,

The glories of the Trinity, Then also do I grateful sing,

The joys and sorrows of my Queen, The glories, too, which she has felt,

O string of pearls, my rosary! God grant that when life's toil is o'er

And when through Death's dark gate I've passed, God grant that Mary's face I'll see;

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

THE WEEK IN PARLIAMENT.

The week in Parliament was marked by an adjournment from Tuesday to Thursday as a token of respect to the late Sir Oliver Mowat.

The budget debate was continued. Sir Richard Cartwright disowned all his past pledges by claiming that it was the duty of the government to first see that the country was prosperous.

Mr. Charlton, at the solicitation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, revived the agitation for reciprocity with the United States.

Hon. J. Israel Tarte made a strong attack on the government and declared that while the cabinet was advocating Free Trade in the open, they arranged in a secret deal with the manufacturers to maintain a high tariff.

Mr. James Clancy, the Conservative member for Bothwell, clearly shows that the government intends to make a dead set in favor of reciprocity with the United States.

Mr. Dwyer, Liberal, also supported the reciprocity scheme and submitted that the west did not care for home markets.

Dr. Sproule, Conservative member for East Grey, made a strong attack on the extravagance of the present administration and showed how the expenditure had grown to an undue extent.

A BROAD CANADIAN POLICY. Mr. R. L. Borden, the leader of the Conservative party, in what is admitted by Liberals to have been one of the finest speeches ever delivered on the Canadian stage, laid down a broad and patriotic policy for the development of this country.

Mr. Borden's speech was a masterpiece of statesmanship and patriotism. He pointed out the weaknesses of the Liberal government and outlined a comprehensive plan for the future of Canada.

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PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE POLICY.

"Sir, it seems to me that our policy in Canada should be to embrace the following subjects:

"1. To so arrange our tariff that all legitimate industries at present established in this country should be as protected as to insure as far as possible permanency under conditions of depression as well as in times of commercial expansion.

"2. To invite capital and attract labor to the establishment of other industries which the resources and raw material of our country amply justify.

"3. To preserve by means of an adequately protective tariff our own home market for our own people and to have the policy of the Government so declared and understood.

"4. In framing our tariff to have regard solely to the interests of Canada which have been committed to our charge, although recognizing that in consulting our own interests we must not be unmindful of the tariffs raised against us by other countries.

"5. To so frame our fiscal policy that labor in Canada shall be paid a fair living wage remembering always that our laboring classes and, therefore, our producers and manufacturers cannot be expected to compete on even terms with countries in which the condition of life among the laboring classes is altogether different.

"6. To utilize the labor of our own people in the conversion of our own raw material into finished products required for use in our country. It is surely bad policy to export our raw material, to send our laboring classes abroad to find work in its manufacturing, and to send after both our money to pay for the finished product."

Mr. Borden expressed in the most energetic manner the opinion that we can, and that we should, manufacture here a large proportion of the things which we buy abroad.

"It seems to me that there can be no doubt on this point, and it appears to be the strongest thing possible that there are those who refuse to see matters in this light."

ALL FORMER CONTENTIONS ABANDONED. The Liberal party has gone back on everything it said in favor of the B-Iish preference, and has come out boldly for its abrogation unless Great Britain is prepared to concede to Canadian wares a mutual preference.

This is one of the most surprising of a surprising series of somersaults which has brought the whole Liberal party into direct opposition to all the principles it laid down up to 1897.

The free gift offered the Motherland in return for the splendid freedom bestowed on Canadians is now a menace to our industrial life. The men who boasted that they would not insult the home authorities by hooking for a mutual preference, and who voted down resolutions favoring it, were on their way a few months ago praying for just such a concession.

Now, by undignified threats, they seek to force the hand of the Imperial parliament. At the same moment they are negotiating with the United States with a view to reopening the question of reciprocity.

The British preference ceases to have force in securing support for Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and his patriotism is exhausted. His first love, the United States, still provides temptation that is irresistible.

England has no longer any charm for the Liberal leader, now that he has his "tin pot" title and his Cobden medal. However, it will be to Sir Wilfrid's advantage to stay his hand in his crusade of Canada for the Americans, and see to the policy of "Canada for Canadian."

A DISGRACEFUL PIECE OF JOBBERY. One of the most disgraceful transactions ever put through by the government of this country was the construction at Grande Vallee, Quebec, of a private wharf for Mr. Lovell, the Liberal member for Stanstead.

The structure will cost at least \$50,000, and it is intended to provide shipping facilities for a property which Mr. Lovell disposed of for \$125,000. The first vote for this work appeared in the estimates two years ago, in the form of an item of \$5,000.

The small amount attracted little attention at the time, but last year \$25,000 was voted for the same purpose, and this year the government by the brute force of its majority voted an additional sum of \$30,000.

The whole affair is a huge job. Mr. Lovell was needed as a candidate in Stanstead, and the price of his candidature is said to have been the building of the pier at the public expense.

Grande Vallee is a hamlet of only 300 souls, and the finishing of the lumber on the property sold by Mr. Lovell is its only industry.

That members of parliament should be allowed to turn the public funds to their own private advantage is a national disgrace, and that any member of parliament should take advantage of his position to advance his interests is an outrage on responsible government.

The opposition protested vigorously against such a scandalous use of the taxes of the country, but the government insists upon carrying out its bargain with Mr. Lovell; while the latter deliberately kept out of the house and avoided the necessity of explaining an awkward position.

The Liberal party has now reached that stage when they look upon public money as their legitimate prey. It is up to the taxpayers to resent the raid.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS, TORONTO, Ontario. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

8 Cents. Eight cents a pound is what a young woman paid for twelve pounds of flesh.

She was thin and weak and paid one dollar for a bottle of Scott's Emulsion, and by taking regular doses had gained twelve pounds in weight before the bottle was finished.

Eight cents a pound is cheap for such valuable material. Some pay more, some less, some get nothing for their money. You get your money's worth when you buy Scott's Emulsion.

We will send you a little free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS, TORONTO, Ontario. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

MILBURN'S LAXA LIVER PILLS.

Are a combination of the active principles of the most valuable vegetable remedies for diseases and disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

CURE CONSTIPATION. Sick Headache, Jaundice, Heartburn, Catarrh of the Stomach, Distress, Hiccups and Pimples.

CURE BILIOUSNESS. Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Water Brash, Liver Complaint, Sallow or Muddy Complexion.

CLEAN COATED TONGUE. Sweeten the breath and clear away all waste and poisonous matter from the system.

MISCELLANEOUS. A bright girl asked to be absent from school half a day on the plea that company was coming.

"It's my father's half sister and her three boys," said the girl anxiously; "and mother doesn't see how she can do without me, because those boys act dreadfully."

The teacher referred her to the printed list of reasons which justified absence, and asked her if her case came under any of them.

"Oh, yes, Miss Smith," said the girl, eagerly, "it comes under this head," and she pointed to the words "domestic affliction."

Suddenly Attacked. Children are often attacked suddenly by painful and dangerous Colic, Oramps, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, etc.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt and sure cure which should always be kept in the house.

The late Colonel Parker, of Chicago, one of the most important figures in American education, used to tell the story of an experience he once had when he was visiting a public school in Chicago.

A little Scotch boy insisted upon saying "doon" instead of "down." Finally Colonel Parker interrupted and shouted "Down!" in a good, strong voice.

The little Scott stood undisturbed, but a youngster in the rear of the room jumped to his feet, reached out his hand mechanically, and then sat down with a confused look and a red face.

"Well, my boy," said Colonel Parker, "you must be a football enthusiast."

"No, sir, I ain't. I run de elevator down to Morris's."

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure Diphtheria. JOHN D. BOUILLIER, French Village.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure CRUP. J. F. CUNNINGHAM, Cape Island.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best remedy on earth. JOSEPH A. SNOW, Norway, Me.

One day grandma was holding the baby, who opened his mouth, showing grandma's tooth.

"Ob, mamma, come here! As sure as I'm alive, baby's good a tooth!" exclaimed grandma.

Tommy, aged four, was playing with some books. He looked up and said: "Ob, dear! I such a fast about one tooth! Look here! I've got three—four dozen."

Doan's Kidney Pills act on the kidneys, bladder and urinary organs only. They cure backaches, weak back, rheumatism, diabetes, congestion, inflammation, gravel, Bright's disease and all other diseases arising from wrong action of the kidneys and bladder.

Regey Backbay—Miss DeMudd, are you at all interested in psychology? Miss DeMudd—Oh, yes, very much, indeed! But I know I should break my neck if I tried to ride one.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Was So Nervous She Could Not Sleep At Night.

Had Palpitation of the Heart and Loss of Appetite. Are You One of Those Troubled in this Way? If you are, MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS will cure you. They cure Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Anemia, Faint and Dizzy Spells, General Debility, and all Heart or Nerve Troubles.

Read what Mrs. C. H. Reed, Coboonk, says about them:—Over six years ago I was troubled with palpitation of the heart and loss of appetite. I was so nervous I could not sleep at night. I took MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS. They cured me, and I have not been bothered since.

Price 50c. per box, or 3 for \$1.25; all dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

JUST A COLD SETTLED IN THE KIDNEYS, BUT IT TURNED TO DROPSY. IT WAS CURED BY DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Read This Wonderful Cure. It May Do You or Your Friends Some Good to Know About It. Miss Agnes Creelman, Upper Smithfield, N.S., writes:—About 18 months ago I caught cold. It settled in my kidneys, and finally turned into Dropsy. My face, limbs, and feet were very much bloated, and if I pressed my finger on them it would make a white impression that would last fully a minute before the flesh regained its natural color. I was advised to try DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, and before I had used half a box I could notice an improvement, and the one box completely cured me. I have never been troubled with it since, thanks to DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Price 50c. per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25; all dealers, or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

TAYLOR'S FOR WALL PAPER.

A Critical Inspection. Of our stock of Wall Papers shows the best that money can buy at the lowest possible prices.

Prices which save you money. Newest attractive designs and handsome colorings are features of the display. Prices as low as you usually pay for inferior kinds.

Why not have the best? TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE, Opp. front door Post Office, Victoria Row.

SAY! If you want to buy a SATISFACTORY pair of BOOTS or SHOES or anything else in the FOOTWEAR line, at the greatest saving price to yourself, try—

A. K. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN, QUEEN STREET.

High Pressure Days. Men and women alike have to work incessantly with brain and hand to hold their own nowadays.

Never were the demands of business, the wants of the family, the requirements of society, more numerous. The first effect of the praiseworthy effort to keep up with all these things is commonly seen in a weakened or debilitated condition of the nervous system, which results in dyspepsia, defective nutrition of both body and brain, and in extreme cases in complete nervous prostration.

It is clearly seen that what is needed is what will sustain the system, give vigor and tone to the nerves, and keep the digestive and assimilative functions healthy and active. From personal knowledge, we recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla for this purpose. It acts on all the vital organs, builds up the whole system, and fits men and women for these high-pressure days.

Miss Ann Teak—One of my greatest treasures is a five-cent piece which was given to me brand new from the mint on my fifth birthday.

Miss Speitz—I suppose old coins like that do become very valuable.

Quaker MARMALADE. This is a new brand of ORANGE MARMALADE put up in One-Pound Glass Jars.

It is a Very Superior Article. And gives splendid satisfaction whatever used. Try a pot of it from BEER & GOFF, GROCERS.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A. LL. B., Barrister & Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, etc., CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. Offr.—London House Building.

Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of Legal Business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

JAMES H. REDDIN, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., CAMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN. Special attention given to Collections. MONEY TO LOAN.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. eliminates all the pent-up poison from the system, starts the sluggish liver working, acts on the Kidneys and Bowels, and renders it, without exception, The Best Spring Medicine.

Loaded up with IMPURITIES. IN THE SPRING THE SYSTEM IS LOADED UP WITH IMPURITIES.

After the hard work of the winter, the eating of rich and heavy foods, the system becomes clogged up with waste and poisonous matter, and the blood becomes thick and sluggish.

This causes Loss of Appetite, Biliousness, Lack of Energy and that tired, weary, listless feeling so prevalent in the spring.

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After the hard work of the winter, the eating of rich and heavy foods, the system becomes clogged up with waste and poisonous matter, and the blood becomes thick and sluggish.

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