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Donald Macdonald fills finance portfolio as federal Cabinet reshuffles

Six changes and two new appointments to the Cabinet were announced by the Prime Minister on September 26 as a result of the vacancy created by the resignation of John Turner in the finance portfolio.

Donald Macdonald, formerly Energy, Mines and Resources Minister, is the new Minister of Finance. The 43-year old M.P. for Toronto, Rosedale, has been in the House of Commons for 13 years, the last seven as a member of the Cabinet.

Replacing Mr. Macdonald, is former Industry, Trade and Commerce Minister Alastair Gillespie.

Marcel Lessard, Minister of Regional Economic Expansion, and Jack Cullen, Minister of National Revenue, are the two new appointees to the Cabinet.

Mr. Lessard was first elected to the House of Commons as the Social Credit member for Lac St-Jean, Quebec, in 1962 and re-elected in 1963. He was defeated in the 1965 election when he stood as an Independent Liberal. Mr. Lessard was elected the Liberal member for Lac St-Jean in 1968 and was re-elected in both 1972 and 1974.

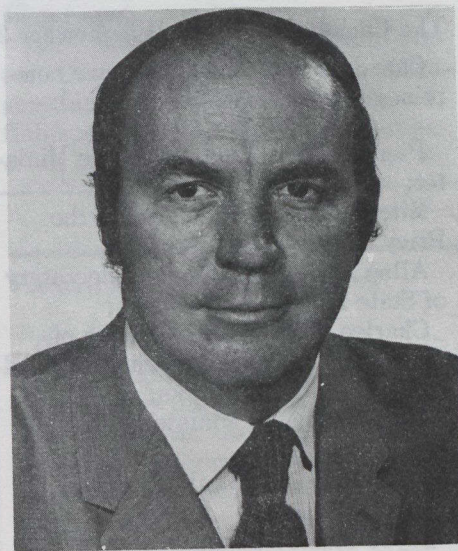
Jack (Bud) Cullen was first elected to the House of Commons for the constituency of Sarnia-Lambton in 1968, and was re-elected in 1972 and 1974. He has served as Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of National Defence, the Minister of Energy, Mines and Resources and the Minister of Finance.

Other changes announced by the Prime Minister:

Jean Marchand becomes Minister without Portfolio, from Transport (Mr. Marchand has been in poor health recently and sought lighter responsibilities); Ron Basford becomes the Minister of Justice, from National Revenue; Don Jamieson becomes the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce, from Regional Economic Expansion; and Otto Lang becomes the Minister of Transport, from Justice.

Mr. Macdonald's career

Donald S. Macdonald, a native of Ottawa, was called to the Bar of Ontario in 1955. In 1956 he was awarded



Donald S. Macdonald

a Master of Laws degree by the Harvard Law School and, on a Rowell fellowship of the Canadian Institute of International Affairs, earned a diploma in international law at Cambridge University.

After his election to Parliament in 1962, he became Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Justice from 1963 to 1965, in the latter year being appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Finance. In 1966 he was appointed Parliamentary Secretary to the Secretary of State for External Affairs, and in January 1968 became Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Industry.

In April 1968, Mr. Macdonald was appointed Minister without Portfolio, and performed the duties of Acting Minister of Justice until his appointment in July as President of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada and Government House Leader. In September 1970, he was appointed Minister of National Defence. He became Minister of Energy, Mines and Resources in January 1972.

In the summer of 1965 the new Minister of Finance was a member of the Canadian Parliamentary delegation that visited the Soviet Union and Czechoslovakia, and he subsequently represented Canada abroad at a variety of international meetings. He was Can-

Late news

Margaret Trudeau gave birth to a baby boy on October 2.

The 7-pound-14-ounce addition to the Prime Minister's family is the third boy. The other two, Justin and Alexandre (Sacha), were both born on Christmas Day 1971 and 1973.

adian representative to the United Nations Economic and Social Council in 1966 and delegate on the Economic and Financial Committee of the UN General Assembly in the autumn of that year.

In 1967, Mr. Macdonald was the first

representative of the Parliament of Canada to address the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe and he was a member of the Canadian delegation to the ministerial meeting of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development the same year.

Mercier, Assistant Deputy Minister of Education, Quebec; Dr. Lyle Cruickshank, Director of Media and Research, National Film Board; Léo Desmarreau, Director of Media, Council of Ministers of Education; Peter McDonald, Director of Broadcast Programs Branch, Canadian Radio-Television Commission; Justice Michael O'Byrne, Chairman of the Board, Agency for Tele-Education in Canada; Miss Sylvia Moss, Manager, Education Division, Canadian Broadcasting Corporation; Finlay Payne, Head, Program Policy, Canadian Broadcasting Corporation; and Malcolm J. McKechnie, Department of External Affairs (secretary).

The Canadian Ministry at September 26, 1975

Canada's federal Cabinet now comprises (according to precedence):

Pierre Elliott Trudeau, Prime Minister;
 Mitchell Sharp, President of the Privy Council;
 Allan Joseph MacEachen, Secretary of State for External Affairs;
 Charles Mills Drury, Minister of State for Science and Technology and Minister of Public Works;
 Jean Marchand, Minister without Portfolio;
 Jean Chrétien, President of the Treasury Board;
 Bryce Stuart Mackasey, Postmaster General;
 Donald Stovel Macdonald, Minister of Finance;
 John Carr Munro, Minister of Labour;
 Stanley Ronald Basford, Minister of Justice and Attorney General;
 Donald Campbell Jamieson, Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce;
 Robert Knight Andras, Minister of Manpower and Immigration;
 James Armstrong Richardson, Minister of National Defence;
 Otto Emil Lang, Minister of Transport;

Jean-Pierre Goyer, Minister of Supply and Services;
 Alastair William Gillespie, Minister of Energy, Mines and Resources;
 Eugene Francis Whelan, Minister of Agriculture;
 W. Warren Allmand, Solicitor General;
 James Hugh Faulkner, Secretary of State;
 André Ouellet, Minister of Consumer and Corporate Affairs;
 Daniel Joseph MacDonald, Minister of Veterans Affairs;
 Marc Lalonde, Minister of National Health and Welfare;
 Jeanne Sauvé, Minister of the Environment;
 Raymond Joseph Perrault, Leader of the Government in the Senate;
 Barnett Jerome Danson, Minister of State for Urban Affairs;
 J. Judd Buchanan, Minister of Indian Affairs and Northern Development;
 Roméo LeBlanc, Minister of State (Fisheries);
 Pierre Juneau, Minister of Communications;
 Marcel Lessard, Minister of Regional Economic Expansion;
 Jack Sydney Cullen, Minister of National Revenue.

Oil sands environment research

Field work has begun on 27 projects in the Alberta Oil Sands Environmental Research Program (AOSERP), with the opening of offices in Edmonton together with a 24-man camp in the Fort McMurray area, according to Jeanne Sauvé, Minister, Environment Canada, and D.J. Russell, Minister, Alberta Environment, in a recent joint announcement.

The AOSERP agreement between Ottawa and Alberta involves a \$40-million program over ten years to conduct environmental research for this rapidly-developing region. Meteorology, air-quality, hydrology, water-quality, hydrogeology, revegetation, land use, human environment, aquatic fauna, terrestrial fauna and reclamation in the area will be studied. The research program will assist industry, the provincial government and the Federal Government in making decisions on the management of the environment as the oil sands are brought into full production.

Existing government agencies (both federal and provincial) are being used where possible. In addition, about half of the present projects involve universities, and the remainder will involve private consultants.

In progress are groundwater inventories, installation of a gauging network for streams and lakes, the construction of meteorological towers, waterfowl and wildlife surveys and revegetation studies and research.

The 23 oil companies that have leases in the Athabasca oil sands area in northeastern Alberta have formed a study group to co-ordinate their work.

Canadians at Commonwealth Educational Broadcasting Conference

Heading the Canadian delegation at the First Commonwealth Educational Broadcasting Conference in Sydney, Australia, from October 7 to 16, is Freeman M. Tovell, Deputy Director General, Public Affairs Bureau, Department of External Affairs.

Educational broadcasting and educational change is the main theme of the conference, which was organized under the auspices of the Government of Australia, the Commonwealth Secretariat, the Commonwealth Broadcasting Association and the Australian Broadcasting Commission.

Delegates are examining: educational broadcasting in the wider context of broadcasting and national development; users and makers in educational broadcasting; technological developments related to broadcasting and their potential for extending the use of educational programs; development of materials for educational broadcasting; and Commonwealth co-operation in educational broadcasting.

The other delegates representing Canada are: Dr. E.K. Hawkesworth, deputy head of delegation, Deputy Minister of Education, Alberta; Maurice

Canada reopens East Coast ports to Soviet fleet after meeting with Mr. Gromyko

Following discussions in Ottawa, between the Secretary of State for External Affairs, Allan MacEachen and the Soviet Foreign Minister, Andrei Gromyko, Mr. MacEachen announced on September 26 that the fisheries dispute with the U.S.S.R. had been resolved.

Canada's East Coast fishing ports, which had been closed recently to Soviet fishing vessels because of over-fishing would, said the External Affairs Minister, be reopened on September 29.

Mr. MacEachen stated that the solution to the problem was the result of talks in Ottawa and of the meeting of the International Commission for North Atlantic Fisheries that was being held in Montreal, where, he said, the Soviet delegation would support Canadian efforts to achieve a 14 percent reduction in foreign fishing off Canada's East Coast.

In addition, Canada and the U.S.S.R. will sign a bilateral agreement covering fishing in an extended 200-mile Canadian fishing zone; and, another agreement will be negotiated between the two countries establishing a joint commission to deal with any future fisheries problems that might arise.

Mr. Gromyko was in Ottawa for two days beginning September 25 – a reciprocal visit for the one paid to Moscow by former External Affairs Minister Mitchell Sharp in 1973. He spoke with Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau on international and bilateral matters.

In a statement on his arrival from the United Nations in New York, the Soviet Foreign Minister said that co-operation was possible between Canada and the U.S.S.R. in several areas – trade and economics, science and technology, agriculture and maritime navigation.

Success at ICNAF

Canada achieved a victory on September 28, when the International Commission for the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries meeting in Montreal agreed to reduce the catches of groundfish off the East Coast by foreign vessels by 40 per cent.

The Commission also agreed to support Canadian demands for more stringent limits on catches of endangered fish species and a higher percentage of all catches.

Pickering airport project halted

The new Toronto International Airport at Pickering, Ontario, has been cancelled by the Federal Government after an announcement by the Ontario provincial government that it had reversed its decision to provide services such as roads and sewers for the \$240-million project.

The announcement marks a victory for citizens' groups in the area who are opposed to the new airport.

The federal Minister of Transport said that, although the airport had been cancelled for the present, it may be resurrected later. Land that had been acquired, he said, would be leased back for agricultural use, provided the province ensured that it was zoned for farming.

Airlines appear to be in agreement with the decision – one statement said: "The current depressed state of the world economy and the air transport industry suggest that additional airport facilities will not be required in Toronto until a later date than had been anticipated."

Mosquitoes beware

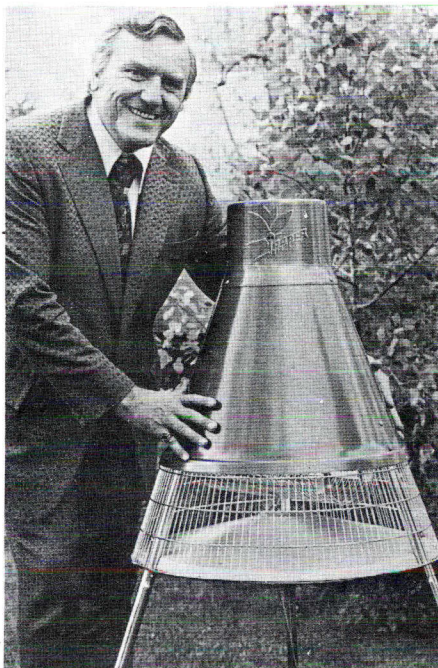
A machine called the Zapper, which kills mosquitoes and other small insects by an unusual method, was unveiled in Winnipeg, Manitoba, early this summer. An ultra-violet light lures the pests into the body of the device, where a form of radio wave dries them out and kills them instantly. The "zapping" sound heard when the machine disposes of the insect is the reason for its name.

Roger Boulanger, a graduate of the Red River Community College and later an employee of the University of Manitoba, developed the free-standing unit mounted on a tripod that can be fixed to the ground. It is 30 inches in diameter, four-and-a-half feet high and weighs 30 pounds.

Safety factor

The Zapper is harmless to humans but is effective with insects up to the size of a moth. Blackflies, which are not attracted by the ultra-violet light, will be killed if they enter the machine.

Emil Krush, president of Aladdin Enterprises Ltd, which is marketing the machine throughout Canada and the United States, says that researchers have been trying for years to develop a safe and efficient way of killing



Emil Krush, president of Aladdin Enterprises Ltd, displays the mosquito "Zapper" developed by his company.

biting insects, particularly mosquitoes, and have tried everything from electrical grids to poison. Those machines work, Mr. Krush said, as long as the mosquito flies into contact with the electrical grid or falls into the water but they must be mounted out of the

reach of young children.

Roger Boulanger concentrated his efforts on development of a trap which could be operated safely just above the ground level, where mosquitoes swarm. Eventually he produced an electronic component which emits a type of radio wave strong enough to kill an insect, yet safe within the reach of a child. Mr. Boulanger says the Zapper has been approved by the Canadian Standards Association and runs on standard household current.

Trade agreements with Cuba

Canada and Cuba have agreed on loans totalling \$20 million from the Export Development Corporation to support sales of Canadian capital equipment and related services to Cuba.

Present at the signing were Alastair Gillespie (one of his last duties as Industry, Trade and Commerce Minister), and Vice Prime Minister for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, who was in Ottawa from September 23 to 26 as head of a trade delegation from Cuba.

Mr. Gillespie, now Energy, Mines and Resources Minister as a result of Cabinet changes, said that another \$3.5-billion worth of business had been slated in future exports.

"These contracts are just one manifestation of our increasing trade with Cuba," Mr. Gillespie said. "We have identified many areas where we can co-operate in Cuban development and, with the forming of the Cuba/Canada economic committee this week, we expect the Canadian firms will become much more active in Cuba."

The loan agreements cover the sale of 20 diesel locomotives by MLW-Worthington Limited, Montreal; 50 side-dump ore railway cars by the Trenton, Nova Scotia works of Hawker Siddeley Canada Limited; 73 electric power transmission equipment servicing vehicles by Wajax International Limited, Toronto; and a plant for pulp molding equipment for the production of egg cartons, which will be handled on a turnkey basis by Roy W. Emmerly Ltd of Toronto.

Air agreement

Also announced was an agreement authorizing Air Canada to operate services from any point in Canada to Havana and/or Varadero and Cubana Airline from Cuba to Montreal and/or Ottawa.

Dr. Rodriguez said that he was delighted with the agreement and was eager for more Canadian tourists to visit Cuba. Some 40,000 Canadians are expected to spend their vacation there this winter — an increase of 10,000 over last year's figure.

Cuba, Canada's largest single market in the Caribbean area, this year has become Canada's third largest market in the entire western hemisphere, after

the United States and Venezuela. In 1974 Canada was Cuba's third most important supplier, with our exports exceeded only by those of the U.S.S.R. and Japan.

Canada's exports to Cuba have expanded rapidly in recent years, increasing from \$59 million in 1972 to \$83 million in 1973, followed by a further increase to \$145 million in 1974.

In the first six months of this year Canada's exports to Cuba increased by 114 per cent, from \$51 to \$109 million. Cuba's exports to Canada have also shown a rapid increase from \$11 million in 1972 to \$76 million in 1974. In the first six months of this year Cuban exports to Canada were up by 41 per cent, an increase from \$24 million in the first six months of last year to \$34 million in the same period this year.

Cultural co-operation with Poland

At the invitation of the Polish Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Culture and Fine Arts, Jozef Tejchma, Secretary of State James Faulkner visited Poland recently.

In Warsaw, Mr. Faulkner held talks with Mr. Tejchma and with officials in the Ministries of Culture and Foreign Affairs, and later travelled to Krakow and Zakipane to see Polish cultural achievements in various fields.

The Ministers agreed that possibilities existed for co-operation and exchanges in publications, performing groups, the visual arts, feature films, radio and television.

Mr. Faulkner's invitation to Mr. Tejchma to visit Canada was accepted and will take place at a mutually-convenient date.

Canada/U.S. trade balance

For the first quarter of 1975, Statistics Canada reported a trade deficit with the United States of \$323 million, while the U.S. Bureau of the Census reported that Canada had a surplus of \$173 million. The U.S./Canada Trade Statistics Committee has now reconciled the two published figures and has established that Canada was in deficit by \$213 million.

Both the official and the reconciled

statistics indicated a deterioration in Canada's bilateral trade balance with the U.S. between the first quarters of 1974 and 1975. Canadian statistics registered an increase of \$216 million in the Canadian deficit, while the U.S. statistics reflected a decline of \$277 million in the Canadian surplus. But the committee's reconciliation indicated a greater deterioration than either of the two official statistics, a net change of \$436 million from the first quarter of 1974, largely because both Canadian and U.S. official figures overstated the increase in Canadian exports.

The statistics for the first quarter of 1975 follow the pattern found by the committee in previous years, in that both sets of official trade figures overstate their imports and understate their exports by comparison with the reconciled figures. As a result, the two countries' official measures of the trade balance diverge by the sum of these discrepancies.

The committee has published reconciled trade statistics for merchandise trade flow between the two countries annually for the year 1970 through 1974.

In the past, quarterly statistics released by the committee have been in seasonally-adjusted form. The corresponding seasonally-adjusted figures for the first quarter of 1975 are: Canadian exports \$5,286 million; Canadian imports \$5,455 million; Canadian deficit \$169 million.

University bans smoking

The first action of the University of New Brunswick Senate for the 1975-76 academic year was to prohibit smoking in classrooms.

The motion developed from a suggestion by the chairman, President John M. Anderson, that the Senate set an example. Individual professors may except seminars, at their discretion.

Dr. Anderson referred to a number of submissions he had received from students and anti-smoking leagues.

"These were not crank letters," he stated. "I sympathize with the students involved."

The motion passed with only one opposing vote. Senate is responsible for regulations governing conduct on campus.

Orford Quartet European tour

A grant from the Department of External Affairs has enabled The Orford Quartet to undertake a European tour this month. Under the Department's continuing program of cultural relations with foreign countries, the Quartet is performing in the U.S.S.R., Romania, Italy and Yugoslavia.

The trip to the Soviet Union, which began on October 3, is their first visit to the U.S.S.R. During their two-week stay, the Orford Quartet will perform in Moscow, Leningrad and four other cities. Meetings with the Soviet Union of Musicians and Composers are included in their itinerary.

Two concerts in Romania will follow. A recital from Bucharest will be broadcasted over the national radio and television network. The ensemble then proceeds to Rome for two concerts and to Yugoslavia for performances in Ljubljana and Zagreb. The Quartet has also accepted an invitation from Les Jeunesses Musicales of Spain for a recital in Barcelona.

The tour is presented by the Department of External Affairs with the assistance of the Canada Council Touring Office.

Ten years as a group

The four musicians, Andrew Dawes, violin, Kenneth Perkins, violin, Terence Helmer, viola, and Marcel St-Cyr, cello – first formed a professional quartet at the Jeunesses Musicales summer music camp at Mount Orford, Quebec. In July this year, they performed at the 1975 International Series at Mount Orford, marking their tenth anniversary as an ensemble. Since 1965, they have toured extensively through Canada and the United States; and, under the auspices of the Canada Council and the Department of External Affairs, have performed in most major European capitals and at numerous international festivals.

In 1974, they tied for first prize at the European Broadcasting Union Competition. This attracted offers from several important international agents, who heard the Quartet during a series of European concerts in April 1975. The tour coincided with the launching of their first major international recording by the Concert Hall company.

Canada honours French missionary

Indian and Northern Affairs Minister Judd Buchanan was in France September 22, where he presented a plaque honouring a French missionary who spent more than 20 years in the Canadian North.

Mr. Buchanan, on behalf of the Government of Canada, presented the plaque to the Mayor and citizens of Mareuil-lès-Meaux, about 30 miles from Paris, to commemorate the contributions made by Father Emile Petitot to scientific study of the North. Father Petitot, who spent the last 30 years of his life as parish priest in the town, died there in 1916.

Father Petitot, an oblate missionary, was 24 when he came to Canada in 1862 and began the first of many studies on the native peoples, their customs, language and environment. His works, highly acclaimed by the scientific community, are testimony to his affection for the North and its peoples. His published studies include observations in the fields of geography, linguistics, geology, anthropology, zoology, botany and paleontology. Father Petitot also made maps of the North and compiled dictionaries on the various native dialects, all of which have proved invaluable in the continuing study, development and exploration of the North.

"When we read Father Petitot's work, we hear the voice of a man who loved the North and its people and who was loved, in turn, by them," Mr. Buchanan said.

The Mayor of Mareuil-lès-Meaux, Jacques Beaudoin, was presented by Mr. Buchanan with a collection of photographs depicting the sketches and drawings which Father Petitot created during his life in the North.

Mr. Buchanan said that the presentation at Mareuil-lès-Meaux emphasized the historic relations between France and Canada and was particularly significant because of its timely association with present-day studies of Canada's developing North.

Veterans allowances rise

Increases in War Veterans Allowance and Civilian War Allowances for 156,000 persons went into effect October 1.

The scale of payments is subject to the total annual income of a recipient. Allowances paid in respect of children take into account any Family Allowance payments.

For a single veteran, the maximum monthly benefit rises \$6.73 to \$207.12. A married veteran gets \$11.52 more a month for a maximum of \$353.05 and the payment for each child goes up \$1.50 to \$55.24. In the case of a married veteran with two children, the annual income level goes to \$6,402.36 from \$6,228.12.

Because the maximum income level has increased for all categories more veterans and their dependants will become eligible. The maximum income levels are 2.8 percent higher than those in effect during the third quarter of the year.



Last days of summer

Learning to swim is fun! It's also safer – when using inflatable swimming aids developed by Dizard of Canada Limited, Toronto, Ontario.

The company's vinyl swim wings, like inflatable bladders attached to the upper arm, are in three sizes: for infants to six years, six to 12 years and 12 to adult. The company stresses that its inflatable products are not life preservers. They are "confidence-inspiring aids for beginners" to be used only under the supervision of experienced swimmers.

Dizard is participating in the Samples from Canada show in Australia.

Women's Year ethno-cultural seminar

Thirty women from across the country took part in the first Government-sponsored national conference on women from Canada's minority ethno-cultural groups, held in Ottawa, September 8 to 10. This seminar was the sixth in a series sponsored by the women's program of the Department of the Secretary of State as part of the special projects of International Women's Year.

The seminar focused on issues affecting: the woman's function within the minority family; the visible minority woman and the inherent problems in adapting to new roles and values; the working woman, as well as the exploitation of the immigrant woman; existing and non-existing services to immigrant women; and the stereotype-image of the minority woman.

Cast shipping acquires interest in Furness Withy

The Canadian-owned Cast shipping group has acquired a 28.55 percent interest in Furness Withy and Co. Ltd of London, one of the world's largest shipping companies, for more than \$40 million.

Klaus Gluesing, president of Cast North America Ltd of Montreal, said that Cast was now the largest single shareholder in Furness Withy, and "to our knowledge, no other shareholder holds more than 10 per cent".

Last year Cast acquired a 37.6 percent interest in Manchester Liners Ltd, a Furness Withy subsidiary that operates a container-ship service between Montreal and Manchester, and connecting feeder services. The addition of the Furness Withy shares gives Cast a beneficial holding in Manchester Liners of 55 per cent.

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Algunos números de esta publicación parecen también en español bajo el título Noticiario de Canadá.

Ahnliche Ausgaben dieses Informationsblatts erscheinen auch in deutscher Sprache unter dem Titel Profil Kanada.

New commander in Middle East

Brigadier-General J.P.R. LaRose, of Kapuskasing, Ontario, has been appointed commander of the Canadian contingent of the United Nations Emergency Force, Middle East (CCUNEFME), Ismailia, Egypt, effective October 1.

He replaces Brigadier-General Donald E. Holmes, of Hamilton, Ontario, who is retiring after 34 years' service, and who served in the Middle East since January 1974.

Recent diplomatic appointments

Secretary of State for External Affairs Allan J. MacEachen has announced the following appointments which will take effect over the course of the next few weeks.

James C. Langley, Ambassador to the European Communities, to be Ambassador to Mexico.

Mr. Langley replaces Maurice Schwarzmann, whose appointment as Ambassador to Venezuela was announced earlier.

Albert F. Hart, Director General of the Bureau of Security and Intelligence Liaison in the Department of External Affairs, to be Ambassador to Poland.

Mr. Hart replaces John A. McCordick, who returns to duty at departmental headquarters.

Pierre Garceau, to be Ambassador to Colombia. Mr. Garceau was Director of the Francophone Africa Division and, during the past year he has been on educational leave at the London Graduate School of Business Studies in England.

He replaces Sidney Freifeld, who is retiring from the Department.

William Thomas Delworth, Ambassador and head of the Canadian delegation to the Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe, to be Ambassador to Hungary. Mr. Delworth becomes the first Canadian Ambassador to be resident in Budapest and will continue to monitor events pertaining and subsequent to Stage III of the Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe.

Claude Châtillon, Director of the Consular Policy Division, to be Ambassador to Cameroon.

Mr. Châtillon replaces Pierre Asselin, who retired earlier this year.

Change in visa requirements

Persons temporarily in the United States, who would require visas if coming to Canada directly from their countries of origin, must, as of October 1, obtain Canadian non-immigrant visas if they plan to enter this country from the U.S., Manpower and Immigration Minister Robert Andras announced recently.

This measure, which will affect a very small proportion of persons visiting Canada each year, was taken "to assist in maintaining effective (non-immigrant) visitor control and enforcement in view of the 1976 Olympics and at the same time to help rationalize our non-immigrant entry system", the Minister said.

Each year, Canada welcomes some 40 million visitors from abroad, and has been a consistent supporter of efforts to facilitate international travel. Mr. Andras emphasized that the more than 38 million U.S. citizens and residents who visit Canada annually would not be subject to the amendment, nor would people coming from countries which are exempt from the non-immigrant visa requirements, such as Britain and France.

Persons who need non-immigrant visas to enter Canada while visiting the United States can apply at any one of 12 Canadian consulates located in Atlanta, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Dallas, Detroit, Los Angeles, Minneapolis, New Orleans, New York City, San Francisco and Seattle. Persons affected may also apply for visas at Canadian embassies and consulates before departure from their home countries.

Gross national product

Canada's gross national product (at market prices) grew by 2.6 per cent in the second quarter of 1975 to reach a level of \$150.3 billion, seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

After allowing for the effect of price increases, GNP in volume terms grew by 0.3 per cent, an extremely modest rise but nevertheless sufficient to make this the first quarter of perceptible real growth in over a year.