

THE WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST

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NO 27

THE BRITISH COLONIST
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PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY MORNING.
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AGENTS:
S. D. Levi, N. A. ...
Mr Perkins, ...
Mr Clark, ...
Mr ...

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NEWS NEWS!

The "British Colonist" is the only newspaper published at Victoria that receives the Latest Telegraphic Dispatches, as a comparison will prove. Late Telegrams appearing in any other paper are copied without credit 24 hours after they have appeared in the British Colonist. The circulation of the British Colonist being greater than that of any other Paper, it offers the best medium to Advertisers.

The Civil List Bill.

It is not unlikely that most of our readers have been congratulating themselves upon having heard the last of the profless and for the most part senseless agitation created by the Civil List Bill of last session. It will be seen by reference to an able article which we published from the *Cariboo Sentinel* that the thunder culminated in the capital, a few months ago, and which was to have rolled up through the canons of the mighty Fraser with terrific roar, has been re-echoed back, but very faintly, from the foot-hills of the Rocky Mountains. This is not the first political agitation of which British Columbia has been the theatre; but it is questionable whether weaker men ever took to the 'stump' with a weaker cause, and, as was predicted, it fell still-born on the intelligent, and master-of-fact people of the Mainland. Of the four newspapers published in the United Colony, three have ridiculed the miserable attempt of a small knot of hatulent political demagogues to agitate and mislead the public mind upon a false and unimportant issue at a period in the history of the country when it appeared to be of special importance that the public mind should be calm and rationally engaged with more useful matters. The fourth one—the Communist organ in this city—as was to have been expected, adopted a different course; but we may be permitted to point out the glaring inconsistency by which that course has been characterised. On the 11th March, it pointed out in a leading article the duty of the Government to enact a civil list. On the 14th of the same month the present Civil List Bill was sent down to the House. On the 15th there appeared in the afore-said organ a denunciatory article, in which the Bill was represented as utterly infamous and an attempt to fash a whole regiment of officials upon the Colony for life. On the following day it contained another article, devoted to the same subject, an article which might be presumed to be the result of calm reflection and second thought. In this second article the following passage occurred:—Granting that may be the case, still the bill, enacted into law, will only be an act; and the power that enacts may repeal, and alter Confederation what is now brought forward as a security to those in office will be just as subject to change as it is now. In fact, if such were not the case one of the functions of the Legislature would be destroyed. That, however, cannot be the case, even after Confederation, for under the British North American Act, 1867, one of the exclusive powers of Provincial Legislatures and which we, as a colony, will hold and, we hope, exercise is, 'The Establishment and Tenure of Provincial offices and the appointment and payment of officers.' Any one may readily perceive that all the legislation that may be attempted at present will be bound to give way before the deliberate voice of the Representa-

tives of the country, whenever in their judgment circumstances demand; or else there will be a collision between the Provincial and the Federal Governments. Here a good case is made out; and this view is sustained by the best legal authority in the country. But the writer of the above paragraph, fancying he saw in the Civil List Bill, conventional hobby-horse upon which to ride into Parliament and power; returned to the work of denouncing the measure as calculated to place the officials entirely beyond the control of the local Legislature.

What is most curious is that these officials can only be got rid of by pensions or by death. With this patriotic object in view, the Communist head-centre dispatched his satellites upon a missionary tour through the Mainland, and we have seen the result. To the pathetic appeals of these 'peripatetic mountebanks,' as our 'Cariboo' contemporary not inaptly designates them; public opinion made no response. In fact, it turned away from them in disgust, and the two missionaries of 'liberty' would appear to have fainted by the way, for even their master ceased to chronicle their triumphal progress towards the Rocky Mountains. It now appears, however, that at an embryo town, boasting the pretentious name of Stanley, on Lightning Creek, some parties have been endeavouring to relieve the monopoly of a dull season by playing the political agitator. The proceedings of the Stanley meeting have not yet been given to the public, but they will doubtless reach the Communist organ to-morrow through the tardy medium of the 'public boon,' express, as suggested by our 'Cariboo' contemporary, and will in due time be published with circumstance and flourish of trumpets. We are no friend of the Civil List Bill; but we have still less sympathy with men who can stoop to such miserable falsehood and chicanery in order to widen the gap between the people and the official classes, at the very moment when the colony is about to enter upon a dispensation under which that gap must disappear altogether. If we may judge from the press of the Mainland, as well as from private advice the attempt to raze the Communist and his clique into power upon this Civil List hobby-horse has failed ignominiously.

ECCLIASTICAL.—The Rev Mr Russ has received intelligence from Canada that the Rev William Rollard and the Rev Joseph Haislop in this colony, and may be expected to arrive very shortly, the former to be stationed in this city and to take the superintendence of the whole work, and the latter relieving the Rev Mr Derrick at Cariboo. With the abilities of Mr Hall we are not acquainted, but Mr Rollard we know to be one of the most able members of the Canadian Conference, one who has for wellnigh a quarter of a century held a front place in the work. We congratulate our Wesleyan friends and the public at large upon the prospect of having so important an addition to the missionary staff of the colony.

ASSAULT.—John, a Gold Harbor Indian charged with assaulting and wounding the nasal organ of Jim, a tiffan of his own tribe, was yesterday arraigned before the Police Court and fined fifteen dollars, or in default one month's imprisonment. Mary a kind hearted dame of the forest, rather than see her brave suffer the ignominy of a month's imprisonment, published the objection and freed the champion of her cause from the prison bars.

WALLA WALLA RAILROAD.—Col Tilton has reported on the proposed line of railway to connect Walla Walla with Walla Walla on the Columbia River. The line will be thirty-one miles and two-thirds long and is estimated to cost, on an average, \$21,271 per mile.

SUMMER AT LAST.—The weather, which has all along continued remarkably cold, underwent a very decided change on Sunday, and was up to midsummer heat yesterday.

CAPT TAYLOR.—Capt Taylor, who has taken command of Capt Stan's new steamer, Capt Taylor is well and favorably known in these parts.

CLEANSE YOUR WAYS.—With the advent of hot weather recurs the duty of cleansing the byways, water courses, and backyards of the city—a duty to which we would invite the attention of the civic authorities.

WELCOMES BACK.—Amongst the passengers by the Olympia yesterday were Mr H Boyd and Mr S McCleery, two of the substantial farmers at New Westminster, who have been on a visit to their native Ireland.

THE SAILING OF THE H.B. CO'S STEAMER OLYMPIA.—The sailing of the H.B. Co's steamer Olympia is postponed until the arrival of the Prince Alfred from San Francisco, when she will leave immediately for Skeena and Skeena.

CONSECRATED.—On Sunday last Bishop Morris, of Portland, assisted by the Rev Messrs Hyland and Summers, consecrated the new Episcopal Church of Seattle, under the name of 'Trinity Church.'

MR. PHILLIPS.—Mr Phillips reached London in 21 days from Victoria.

A Mystery.

Across the Bay, not far from his home, One night an animal, 'tis said, did roam; It passed by a man who was half asleep, So close that it nearly brushed his feet. The man started back, for it seemed to him Some dreadful, ugly, monstrous thing. CHORUS.—Oh! what a monstrous thing! What a dreadful, horrible thing!

He strained his eyes, and it did stare, For it looked so much like a horrible bear. He'd heard that a panther was seen near a wood, He might be mistaken—a panther, maybe, stood. A-wagging its tail and looking about grim. A monstrous, horrible, dreadful thing. CHORUS.—Oh! what a monstrous thing! He sat on his door and richly talked away.

To solve the problem they were bound perforce To search for the track of the panther or bear. They searched and many a track did trace Of quadruped and of biped race. They knew that the cat had been prowling there. The mystery now was becoming profound. For what could have become of the ear of the hound? CHORUS.—

At length they discovered a track well known, Like the cloven foot of a calf well grown; They'd solved the mystery now, 'twas clear, With rills, knives, swords and powder and shot, and then numbered to an arch around Each Government office and public ground. CHORUS.—

THE SCALES FALLING OFF.—The registration has opened the Communist's eyes to the fact that an overwhelming majority in this Electoral District will be prepared to support the Constitutional Reform Party at the approaching election against the Reds or Socialists. He exhibited his chagrin over this discovery in an editorial article yesterday morning, in the course of which he repeated his stale falsehoods about the Civil List Bill, and asserted that the 'Nathan-Helmcken agents' intend to object to all voters who do not pledge themselves beforehand to vote for those gentlemen and particularly for Nathan. 'Such trickery,' it is added, 'can best be stopped by withholding all pledges to them.' There is surely no more to be gained in this community capable of originating anything so utterly childish and absurd. We would advise the unfortunate author of this brilliant idea to abstain from such a weak or feeble defence; he may rest perfectly satisfied: If Dr Helmcken wants a seat in the Dominion Parliament or in the local Legislature or in both, he can be elected on his own popularity; and the same may be said of Mr Nathan. That is rather more than can be truly affirmed respecting the Communist.

LECTURES.—The Rev W H Billiers, of the M E Church of the Albion Hall last night upon 'The changed features in American Political Economy.' The Hall was well filled. Mr N Pointer occupied the Chair and a number of gentlemen were on the platform. The Rev lecturer gave a very interesting historical sketch of slavery in America and of the part the colored people took in the late war, amusing his audience with humorous and well told anecdotes. He was especially interesting and impressive when he claimed for his race a fair field and no favor—affirming that with equal rights and privileges they would demonstrate their capacity to rise in every honorable path of life. The lecturer was repeatedly applauded.

WEARISOME.—Although we are now approaching the middle of June, not a word respecting the passage of the necessary Order in Council for giving effect to the Union addresses has, so far as we can learn, been received from England. There is now small prospect of the interesting ceremony of admission coming off on the first proximo. This is really too bad. What can Mr Trench be about all this time? It is now nearly two months since he left Canada for England. If all has gone well we should have heard the good news ere this. If, the bad news ought to have reached us. It is impossible that the matter is not considered of sufficient importance to be telegraphed across ocean and continent? The people do not hold it in such light estimation.

CIVIL LIST BILL MEETING.—The mighty tide of indignation which is slowly rolling up hill from the sea to the mountains has reached Stanley! We learn that a meeting denouncing the Civil List Bill was held at that rising town on Monday last, but having received no official intimation we did not send a reporter, so that the anxious public must wait for particulars of the proceedings until they appear in the columns of the Victoria Standard—a journal which predicted the meeting, and consequently is to be favored with the result.—*Cariboo Sentinel, June 3.*

THE PANTHER AGAIN.—Hoy, a Chinaman, appeared before the Stipendiary Magistrate yesterday on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. A formidable-looking knife of some ten inches in length and carrying an edge of extreme keenness, was produced and testified to by Inspector Bowen as having been taken from the person of the prisoner on Sunday night at 12 o'clock. Hoy confessed the fact, but pleaded in defence that it was in terror of the howling panther that he carried the knife to defend himself. The Court allowed the prisoner one day to find security for his good behavior.

RAINFALL.—Portland, Oregon, had twenty-four rainy days last month.

As incipient conflagration at Assembly Hall was discovered and quenched by Messrs Hall and Ferguson late on Saturday night. The old building, which was once the Island Forum, had outlived the generation of calicoed hosiery.

SOLDIERED BASIS.—A consignment of solidified beer is now on its way to this port. It is concentrated by a process similar to that which produces condensed milk. A man may carry enough of it in his waistcoat pocket to ruin a temperance society. **FROM SAN FRANCISCO.**—The Olympia arrived from that port Sunday evening.

IN THE HELLS.—Two thousand of the Paris Communists, who have so greatly excited the admiration of our local contemporaries, have been consigned to the hulks at Oberbourg.

SAILED.—Mr Garesche received a telegram from San Francisco last evening announcing that the steamship Prince Alfred sailed for this port yesterday with 117 passengers and 170 tons of freight.

MARRIAGE OF MISS PEMBERTON.—A Toronto dispatch of 2nd June says: Miss Fanny, daughter of the Rev Morley Pemberton of this city, was married yesterday to Prof RAYNOR of Coburg University.

NEW MASONIC HALL.—The Freemasons are erecting a large and beautiful Hall at Port Gambell. The edifice will be 39x50 feet, two stories, and hard finished throughout.

LETTER FROM PARIS.—The dreadfuller dialogue continues, and the miscellaneous reports fall like the blow of a hedge-hammer on an anvil. Houses are demolished with an unparagoned rapidity and impetuosity, fires break out with a suddenness which is appalling and an intensity that laughs at subjection. Brothers dispute the ground inch by inch, struggle till it is hot, and fraternal only in death. 'Is the earth quakes yet?' for Paris, and a gentleman from Peru has assured me his indignation after deposition passes between the combatants, but each replies 'no surrender.' M. Thiers' presence has been a great boon to Paris.

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with Felix Pyat as first fiddle. The name '93' had, it recalls the terrible convention of 1834, and the day of Fougere, Therville and St Just. However, it does not frighten people, nor is there reason to suppose it means to imbue its heads in blood, simply because it would be at once swept away. The Commune detests a Commander-in-Chief once a fortnight. In proportion as a general fails, the average will increase. Oligarchy yesterday, Bismarck to-morrow. It is a system of natural selection, of the survival of the fittest. The most singular thing about Oligarchy's tumble is that nobody knows exactly the cause of it. The present

describe him as a beautiful vitality, and that, instead of organizing everything in three days, he took three weeks to disorganize all. I think he had too much common sense for his taskmasters. Having become a naturalized American created a prejudice against him, and the affair of Fort D'Esly—where he was expected to foresee a panic amongst his defenders—was only the occasion to cast him aside. A Frenchman can understand the subjects of every country from lodge to the Pole becoming naturalized Frenchmen, but the contrary strikes him as being contrary to the law of nature. His successor, Rossel, is but 26 years of age. He is slender, of middle height, pale and very blond and his manner is cold and reserved. Like Pallidus and Democritus he wears glasses and prefers a bill-cock hat and multi to a kepi and uniform. Having held office under Gambetta he is doubly disqualified to associate with the Bonapartists officers who form the Swiss guard of our present Commonwealth. He is a man of great intelligence, activity and resolution—a kind of military Puritan. Perhaps we have our 'Young Napoleon' at last. His enemies accuse him of being ambitious—but Brutus is an honorable man. The Coming Man, if this be he, must look sharp, as the Versailles are uncommonly near.

The Committee of Public Safety has undoubtedly stimulated the execution of affairs. It will save the Commune from being laughed at, owing to its squabbles, and the body from disrespect by seeing its President so often called to order. Ordinary matters will be left to the City Parliament to dispose of—as such as petitions.

Upwards of 6000 printers sent a memorial to the Commune alleging they were reduced to misery by the suppression of the journals. The only answer they received was the order to put out two more lights, and another paper has disappeared.

The abolition of human life, instead of interfering them, is to be entertained. We are more interested in the question if we are to be burned alive—but judging from the respect both private property and persons have up to the present been treated, no harm can be designedly anticipated.

The calling of the railway companies to pay their arrears of taxes weekly is a true 'sand' for the Commune, that may exclaim with Mr Squares—'Here's robbery.' The Bank of France is to be again called on for a loan. It has escaped wonderfully well, and what advances it has made have been secured by Treasury or Municipal corporations.

rather than Freemasonry have out every sorry figure during the last few days by a manifestation in favor of the Commune, and the delegates were rewarded by a 'sand' from Thiers. The Grand Lodge of France has protested in the 'writing' up of the indignation with politics, but it is no secret that one of the drawbacks of the Masonic Lodge in this country is the inevitable indulgence in political talk. The placing of the banners on the ramparts was intended to awe the Troops into peace, but Brother Gen Montanlon's batteries did not relax their fire, much of the banging has been shot away and the guardians of the standards also. If the Brothers only keep up the supply of fresh men—about forty per day—the Gods of Harmony in Paris will soon become beautifully less. The officers of the national guard at present wear Masonic insignia over these uniforms.

Parisians believe there are too many foreigners—Poles—in command of the federals and may lead to some difficulty when the time comes for laying down arms. The only new feature I observe in this *civitas delenda* is that everyone seems to carry a revolver or a brace of horns, and men on coming into restaurants to meals hang up their 'case' with as much assurance as their hats. Several 'judges' have been executed in consequence. There is a distinction in the variety of the shell practice in the Champs Elysees. The seekers of strong sensations congregate under the Triumphal Arch, and a few days ago M. Valentin sent a shell that shook the structure and scattered the crowd. Miscellaneous and light mountain guns are being hoisted up on the monuments which may be considered as doomed.

It is not clear what is meant by sending up balloons to scatter addresses over France. It is very remarkable the number of the who fill high offices under every revolution—even to statesmanship. In the city they are ever the foremost in devoting the newspaper.

The Weekly British Colonist, Wednesday June 14th 1871

The Fishery Question.

A leading article in the Communist... In view of such facts as these, and considering that Canadian fishery is being equally... The fishery question is one of the most valuable national inheritances...

Cariboo.

By Bernard's Express, which left Cariboo on the 5th inst, we have files of the Sentinel from which we glean the following condensed summary... The editor of the Sentinel complains strongly and apparently with much reason, about the protracted absence of the Supreme Court...

Court of Assize.

At the Court of Assize held at Nanaimo last week, by Chief Justice Bagbie, the following cases were tried: The Queen vs. Tom, a Nanaimo Indian, for cutting with intent... The Queen vs. Timothy Collins, for larceny...

The Morse Demonstration.

We announced a few days ago that a great demonstration in honor of Prof. Morse would take place on the evening of the 10th, at the New York Academy of Music...

Lower Frases Items.

A Government auction sale of vacant buildings at Sapperton was held on Wednesday. Only three buildings were knocked down... The aggregate price being only \$130...

Good Bye to the Engines.

A bill was recently passed at both Houses of the New York Legislature authorizing the laying of pipes under the streets of New York city to contain carbonic acid gas...

The Steamer Sir James Douglas.

The steamer Sir James Douglas arrived from Nanaimo yesterday at 4 p.m., bringing about 20 passengers and a large quantity of fine potatoes...

BARNARD'S Express.

BARNARD'S Express, from Barkerville on Monday 5th, arrived last night. The mail which left the same day may be expected here on Wednesday next...

The Wildwood.

THE WILDWOOD.—This fine new ship, which struck on the way at Fort Madison a few days ago, was successfully got off on Sunday last.

Mr CHARLES GOOD, Assistant Colonial Secretary.

Mr CHARLES GOOD, Assistant Colonial Secretary, left Liverpool yesterday for Victoria.

The Island Cross all promise a large yield.

THE ISLAND CROSS all promise a large yield. Oats, wheat and barley look splendid and hay will be good and low.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

WHEREAS A PETITION FOR ADJUDICATION OF BANKRUPTCY bearing date the 13th day of May 1871 has been presented to the Honorable William Keyser of Yates and Government Streets in the City of Victoria, Vancouver Island, Trade, and having been read and the petition is hereby referred to the Honorable the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia...

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the Estate of the late JOHN ROBERTSON, deceased, are requested to present the same to the undersigned without delay...

QUALIFICATION AND REGISTRATION OF VOTERS' ACT, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL persons entitled to vote in the Election of a Member or Members of the Executive Council of the Colony of British Columbia, or in respect of any other qualification conferred by law, are requested to give notice of their names to the Registrar for the Electoral District of Victoria City...

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FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, Bilious Affections, Sick or Nervous Heads, Constipation, etc. Purgative Vegetable, containing Mercury, Minerals, etc. Do not take other Drugs.

HEALTHY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND.

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FLUID EXTRACT Sarsaparilla.

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By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

Europe.

Paris, June 5—Bellevue and Montaigne are patrolled night and day. An address to the Pope is in circulation. It says regenerated France will soon lend a helping arm to the Holy Father.

Verailles, June 5—Thiers in the Assembly moved a postponement of the question of the eligibility of the Orleans Princes until the committee had had time to report.

Verailles, June 6—Lambert is made Minister of the Interior, La France of Agriculture, Clusey of War, Leon Errelet of the Colonies, and Lefo Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

The supplementary elections will not take place until tranquillity is restored.

The Constitution says the Assembly's first duty will be to fill the 120 vacant seats, next to assume constituent powers and finally to grant a plebiscite.

A letter from Guizot advocates the validity of the elections of Annale and Joinville and the settlement of the form of government by a vote of the nation.

Behismokor, murderer of Gen. Lecompte and Thomas, has been arrested.

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A French loan of £100,000,000 is proposed.

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Rome, June 5—By order of the Pope masses have been said for the French priests murdered in Paris.

London, June 7—The House of Lords have passed a Bill authorizing Canada to organize territorial agents in the country lying between Manitoba and the Pacific Coast.

Verailles, June 6—Thiers, in a conference with the commissioners appointed by the Assembly to consider the bill concerning the Orleans Princes, urged that a commission should be attached to which the Princes were to hold office before the expiration of two years, and were liable to expulsion from France if they engaged in any intrigues looking to their restoration.

Paris, June 6—The postal service is completely restored.

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Berlin, June 6—The Commercial Reist on between Germany and France have been restored to the same footing as they were before the war.

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The Minister of Marine has written to the manager of arsenals and navy yards instructing them to employ French and not foreign mechanics.

London, June 7—The French appeal from Berlin contains the following: The postponement of Robefort's trial is said to be from apprehension of disclosures compromising the Government of National Defence.

The Sticks advocates the extension of Thiers' term of office.

Ferry is his wisest friend.

The municipal election at Marseilles and Besancon are declared void.

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Attorneys of the Orleans Vendome will be vexally restored.

There is news that Paris is preparing a reply to the manifesto of Prince Napoleon.

This insists on giving the Republic a fair trial.

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La Verite estimates the damage to Paris at 2 millions of merchandise burned, excluding docks, and warehouses.

The Hygiene Council declares that there will be no epidemic if precautions are taken to prevent it.

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The Official Journal contains the Italian note guaranteeing to redeliver the escaping insurgents. Lullier has been arrested.

The reported disturbances at Lyons are false.

Gen Assy's trial comes off July 1st.

Arrests still continue.

Louis Blanc writes to the Figaro denouncing the Commune.

It is said that Ferry will be Minister to Washington.

Madrid, June 6—Minister Morel will resign if the disagreement of the Committee of the Cortes on the Budget continues.

Paris, June 7—The consequences of the late Archduke's Derby took place to-day at the Cathedral of Notre Dame with great pomp, attended by a large number of political military and clerical dignitaries and a deputation of the National Assembly.

By Electric Telegraph

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

Europe

Paris, June 5—Bellemeville and Monthelegre are paroled tonight and day. An address to the Pope is in circulation. It says regenerated France will soon lead a helping arm to the Holy Father.

Prisoners at St. Sulpice attempted a revolt but were secured. Rumored that Felix Pyst has been arrested.

VERAILLES, June 5—There is in the Assembly moved a postponement of the question of the eligibility of the Orleans Princes until the committee had had time to report. The motion was carried. The galleries were crowded.

The Provisional Government of France doing and since she will be investigated.

VERAILLES, June 6—Cambait is made Minister of the Interior, Le Finance of Agriculture, Clery of War, Leon Prefect of the Seine and Lefo Ambassador to St. Petersburg.

The supplementary elections will not take place until tranquility is restored. The Constitutional says the Assembly's first duty will be to fill the 120 vacant seats, next to assume constituent powers and finally to grant a plebiscite.

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FRANKFURT, June 7—The obstacles of the late Archbishop Darby took place today at the Cathedral of Notre Dame with great pomp, attended by a large number of political, military and literary celebrities and deputation of the National Assembly.

MADRID, June 7—The Cortes in the budget 4-day discussed the advisability of postponing the loan until the budget is adopted. Minister Morel opposed any postponement and declared that he should make it a Cabinet question. The council then rejected the proposition to postpone, by a vote of 16 to 8.

BRUSSELS, June 7—The session of the German Parliament will probably close on the 15th inst. Von Mollke has returned from a visit to Strasbourg and had an interview with the Emperor. The Prussian Gross Gazette confirms the report that France will shortly send a Charge d'Affaires to Berlin, but mentions no name.

LONDON, June 8—The termination of the Russian campaign against the Khedive is confirmed.

BRUSSELS, June 8—The Emperor William has received the Car and the Czarniz Austria.

PARIS, June 8—The funeral services today at the burial of the remains of the five clerical victims of the Commune, were solemn and impressive. Notre Dame was grandly decorated. The central object of the solemn pomp was the golden casket containing the remains of the Archbishop, surrounded by the minor structures bearing the corpses of Duguey, cure of Medelaine, Saret, grand vicar of the diocese, Reppant and Spasiano.

The coffin of the Archbishop was covered with a pall of black velvet embroidered and enriched with a massive silver cross. Thousands of lights were burning in silver candelsticks. The incense vessels were also of silver. The floor was covered with black cloth and the pulpit with black gauze.

Black drapery covered every statue except those of the Virgin and Child, and of St. Denis, the first Bishop of Paris.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8—A dispatch from Paris of May 30th, published in the London papers but omitted in the general press dispatches, says that General Cluserot, Communist Minister of War, was executed at Versailles.

PARIS, June 8—The Eastern States.

NEW YORK, June 6—English correspondents say that President Grant, in an interview, stated that Bancroft, Minister to Berlin, declines to resign and go to Italy to live. He is well pleased on the San Juan question.

To relieve him now would be injudicious. Before October the treaty will be fixed all right, and Mr. Bancroft has asked to be allowed to resign then, but not to do so without injury to the country.

Speaking of Gen. Sherman in connection with the Presidency, Grant said that he and Sherman were the best of friends and he was not authorized to speak for him, but he was pretty certain Sherman would not stand on the Democratic platform. Sherman is no Democrat and never was. The President is satisfied with both well and his policy, and sees no necessity for a change.

His further said he knew very little about the arrangement between Fish and the Russian Minister, but supposed the affair was a private one. When it was reported to him he would be able to say what to do with it if it should be worth while to do anything. Our relations with Russia are very cordial and it would require a great deal to disturb them.

CONCORD, N.H., June 6—The Legislature adjourns to-morrow. All but 10 of the 160 Representatives are counted as Democrats. The Democrats are claiming the organization of the House by 40 majority.

WASHINGTON, June 6—Private letters from England state that Disraeli will personally support the Treaty of Washington. His influence, with that of Sir S. Northcote in the House of Commons expected to carry the majority of the Conservative party.

There is no truth in recently published Washington special setting forth that Gen. Sickles has notified the Spanish Government that the question of restoring sequestered Estates of American citizens in Cuba must be settled, or bear the alternative of force.

NEW ORLEANS, June 5—The flood is increasing, the water is up Canal street to Rampart street, with the exception of neutral ground on Canal street which is not entirely covered. The east of Orleans street is an unbroken sheet of water, covering an area of 6 or 8 square miles including about 800 heavily inhabited houses.

The suffering among the poorer classes of this quarter is very great. Thousands living in one story have moved out, while those living in two story houses have been compelled to move into 2 story houses back of Orleans street. On Canal street there is an average depth of two feet of water. The city authorities are doing all they can to alleviate the sufferings of the people, every available boat and skiff has been brought into use, the police are moving in every direction in rendering such assistance as they can in moving those who are in danger and distributing provisions to the needy.

The damage done by this overflow cannot be estimated, shanties and gardens are all destroyed, the houses are all damaged and property depressed.

The overflow from Quinly road, quarter, has caused a heavy loss in the destruction of many shanties and gardens.

The Middleburg and Penolahtia R.R. at Quinly station is still overflowed.

The water is receding slowly. The trains come through from Mobile on Chautauog, the passengers report about four miles of the road under water. Passengers over the Jackson road, who came in this morning report that the road is under water seven miles north of the pass Blanche.

WASHINGTON, June 5—The army has finally been reduced to a peace footing in accordance with an act of Congress of July 1870. Under this arrangement the regular army consists of a General, 1 Lieut. General, 4 Major Generals and 3 Brigadier Generals with their usual complement of Staff in the field, Commissary and Surgeon General with respective subordinates, a Corps of Engineers for the Ordnance Department, and a Signal Corps. The army consists of ten regiments of Artillery, twenty-five regiments of Cavalry, twenty-four regiments of Infantry, 1 military academy, and a body of 7000 soldiers. The ranks will consist of 80,000 men enlisted as follows: Engineers 3,000, Infantry 15,000, Cavalry 10,000, Artillery 3,000, Ordnance 1,000, Ordnance officers 30, Ordnance privates 2,000, Ordnance department 5,000. The total number of whole numbers which will have to be raised is 35,000 per day.

Next Wednesday it is now set for the departure of the Arctic expedition.

Senator Weyar has concluded to accept the appointment of Governor of New Mexico.

WASHINGTON, June 6—The Secretary of State is himself responsible for the report that he will not be one of the arbitrators in the case of the Alabama Claims.

NEW YORK, June 6—The Directors of the Atlantic Telegraph Company announce that the Cable Tariff for ten-word messages, after July 1st, will be \$10 in gold. The date, address and signature to be counted and paid for. The limit of messages to fifty words has been removed and press dispatches hereafter will be charged full rates.

CONCORD, June 6—There is no reason to change the prediction that Weston will be elected. The majority of the House is made up as heretofore of Republicans, but for one reason or another they will coalesce with the Democrats.

WASHINGTON, June 6—The Sub-Committee of investigation of the outrages in the South held a meeting today which was occupied throughout with the examination of Governor Orr of South Carolina. He stated that he had no personal knowledge of the Ka. Klux, did not believe they existed in his section of the State. He expressed the opinion that such opinions that such organizations did exist in some counties in North Carolina and that his object was to intimidate the colored people from voting at the elections in 1875. He believed that the constitution of the Council of Safety published in Charleston by the Republicans last February was the basis of the organization.

Discontented colored laborers renewed their interference with the white employees on the public works today. Several arrests were made, a large police force preventing any dangerous outbreaks.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, June 5—A terrible storm has prevailed here since noon last Saturday. The wind forced the water from the Gulf on the island covering it to the depth of several feet. Harrison & Henderson's railroad has been washed away to the depth of several buildings in the lower part of the city have been washed away, but no lives were lost. Six inches of rain has fallen since Saturday at 2 p. m. The storm also prevailed to a great extent at Houston and much damage was done.

NEW ORLEANS, June 7—The water remains stationary at an inch below the highest point reached. People continue moving from the overflowed districts.

BALTIMORE, June 7—In the International Typographical Convention today several members reported a number of resolutions. A resolution was adopted admitting prescriptive membership in unions, also that the jurisdiction of subordinate unions shall extend half way to the next union, also leaving to subordinate unions the regulation of the apprenticeship system. A resolution was adopted recommending arbitration instead of strikes for the settlement of disputes and arranging the manner in which they shall be effected. Richmond, Va. was chosen as the place for the next annual meeting.

WASHINGTON, June 7—The police are held in readiness in case of further disturbances by colored strikers.

CHICAGO, June 7—General Thomas J. Rodman, distinguished ordnance officer of the U.S.A. and who has for several years past been in command of the U.S. Arsenal and other Government works at Rock Island, died at Rock Island this morning.

WASHINGTON, June 7—The San Domingo reports and accompanying documents are at least completed and will be sent next week.

NEW YORK, June 6—Gen. Sherman addressed a letter to the editor of the Herald stating that he has a deep-seated antipathy to politics and that he never has been and never will be a candidate for the Presidency. If nominated by either party he would peremptorily decline and that even if unanimously elected he should decline to serve.

CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6—A crowd of 15,000 people welcomed the Irish exiles. The exiles made speeches and said the object of their visit was to reorganize Irishmen for the liberation of Ireland.

Harvesting wheat commenced yesterday. The crop will be very light.

The Australian steamship City of Melbourne is overdue.

California Methodists with preachers have gone to Utah to convert the Saints.

Crown Point dividend of \$10 since 1868 has caused a rise in that stock and strengthened the whole market.

The produce market exhibits no change.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6—Water in the lakes and canals is receding slowly. The damage amounting to \$500,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6—Arrive—Ship Prince Alfred, Victoria; ship Dublin, Seabeck.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7—The weather is cool and wind is from the Southwest. The Arrive—Ship J.R. Boscawen, form Kodiak, Alaska, with furs for Lynd & Hoag.

It is positively stated that Alvina Hayward yesterday bought out the entire interest of the Mtn Company in Crown Point, amounting to 4200 shares, at the round price of \$300 per share or total of \$1,260,000. This is the largest transaction of stocks ever reported in San Francisco. There are some who doubt the statement and look upon it as an indication of a vigorous bull movement.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6—The Southern Pacific Railroad Directors, assembled here this evening overland. They will consult with the leading capitalists and business men here with a view to the immediate inauguration of operations on this side of the continent as well as on the other side.

Charles Deichow, a Prussian ship captain residing at 513 Polson street, committed suicide last night by taking strychnine, on account of his wife running away with a brother sailor.

Elsar Brand, a young German, committed suicide at the Washington Brewery, corner of Taylor and Lombard streets, by blowing his brains out, because Augusta Menias, a young country woman, refused to marry him.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7—Sailed—W.H. Myer, Newcastle Island. Ship Matilda, Port Townsend.

LOS ANGELES, June 7—Two tons of the richest rock yet seen in this city arrived today from Clark District. It is said to assay \$2000 silver per ton.

On the midday of Deputy US Marshal Dunlap, the case of Wm A Ford, the National Bank counterfeiter, was postponed to the 19th inst.

From the extraordinary situation of the U.S. Authority here it would appear, were there no other reasons to ferret out and arrest the criminals with no prosecuting attorney and no authority to employ counsel. The conse-

quence is that if a commitment is made, it is by purchase of irrevocable evidence.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7—The steamship Nevada made the run from this city to Honolulu in seven days and sixteen hours. The City of Melbourne was eleven days making the trip from Honolulu to San Francisco, and thirty-three from days from Sydney. When the City of Melbourne left Sydney the mails by the Nevada had not arrived and the impression was that the American line would not be started.

The New South Wales Government had voted no subsidy to the American line and was awaiting advice as to whether the line would start. The English steamers compare very unfavorably with the Nebraska, Nevada and Moses Taylor in general appearance, convenience and comfort for passengers.

Marin Tracy has been arrested for grand larceny.

The property holders assessed for the expense of opening Montgomery Avenue held a large and excited indignation meeting. A committee was appointed to take legal advice as to what measures could be taken to defeat the confirmation of the Commissioners' report. One speaker thought the cheapest and most effective way would be to sue the Commissioners. Others declared that their lots had been assessed for benefits for more than the entire value of the property. The opposition to the Commissioners' report is so general that it is doubtful if it can be confirmed.

Flight—Weekly

West—\$2 20 is the top price.

Barley—\$1 70 @ 80.

Oats—\$1 80 @ 10.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7—The iron screw steamer City of Melbourne, which arrived here on May 4th—brings about 60 passengers. She touched at Honolulu, but got less than 50 tons of cargo. She is the pioneer of the new British screw steamship line intended to run in connection with the P & O company's lines.

Australia

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7—Sydney papers received per steamship City of Melbourne contain details of a terrible explosion or rupture in which the American brig Kentucky, from San Francisco, bound for Melbourne, is supposed to have foundered with all on board. She was owned by Williams of this city and commanded by Capt. Bryant, formerly a San Francisco pilot, who had just married and had his wife with him. The crew numbered ten.

The Sydney Chamber of Commerce resolved to ask the Government to grant a subsidy of \$50,000 to Hall's British steamship line to San Francisco.

Immense quantities of gold are being obtained from the Calcedonia Reef, New Zealand.

The Thames gold fields are producing well. Heavy floods have caused great damage in South Australia.

The Government of New South Wales will lend half a million dollars for railway extension.

This steamer brings a petition from the Government of New South Wales to the British Government to annex the Fiji Islands. She also brings large mails for Europe.

Canada

OTTAWA, June 6—The Times of to-day, speaking as representing Sir John A. Macdonald, says the statement, accepted in good faith by the American papers, to the effect that the Dominion Parliament would not be asked to consider the Treaty, and that Mr. Ligier had signed and it was ratified as far as Canada was concerned, is without foundation.

HALIFAX, June 7—Three members of the Nova Scotia Government have been appointed a delegation to confer with the Government of New Scotia and Prince Edward Island with a view to united action against the Washington Treaty.

OREGON

PORTLAND, June 6—Arrive—Ship Geo S Wright, Victoria and Bellingham Bay.

SALISBURY, June 8—Stutz, a noted big game man, who has been for several months confined in the State Penitentiary near this city, made his escape this evening. A reward of \$400 has been offered for his capture and a large number of armed men are in pursuit of him.

SOUTH AMERICA

NEW YORK, June 7—Recent advices from Monte Video represent the condition of affairs in the city of Buenos Ayres not only having improved but as having grown alarmingly worse. About the middle of May the yellow fever seemed to be abating and many residences returned, but the disease again broke out violently and the returning citizens had to be quarantined.

THE LAYING OF THE RAILS OF THE SOUTH WESTERN R.R. commenced yesterday, Brigham Young advising the first spike in the presence of a large number of spectators.

ADVICE FROM HONG KONG TO MAY 26th. It is reported that the Oobee ship from Muscovy for Caliao was burnt at sea and that six hundred Coolies perished in the flames. Particulars received are very conflicting.

DELAYED DISPATCHES

CANADA

TORONTO, May 22—Two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt here on Sunday morning. The vibration extended over ten seconds. No damage was done. The shock was felt in Quebec, Ottawa and other places.

OTTAWA, May 21—Fleming, Engineer in Chief of the Canada Pacific Railroad, expects to start several parties with supplies of different kinds and stores required on the route. He expects to have 300 men employed on the explorations.

HALIFAX, May 26—Opposition journals are urging the Government to coopeate the Legislature in order that the Treaty of Washington, as bearing on the fisheries, may be discussed.

OTTAWA, May 26th—The country around Ottawa is threatened with the repetition of the terrible fire of last year. The whole country is surrounded by brush, and the timber is in a state of decay.

Calceon Point is filled with dense clouds of smoke. The fires are spreading rapidly.

Professor Bernard, of the High Commission, is in town, the guest of Sir John A. Macdonald.

MONTEZUMA, May 26—George Speight and A. Sedge—the former sub-editor and the latter night editor of the Gazette newspaper of this place—were drowned yesterday while boating. The boat was drawn into the rapids and capsized.

LONDON, May 24—In the Derby race seven-teen started all in a bunch. It being evident the Zephyr colt would win the race, the interest centered in the contest for the second place which created intense excitement, and when Albert Victor and King of the Forest came in neck and neck, the cheering was tremendous surpassing that with which the winner was received.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO. LOWELL, MASS.

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HALES

VEGETABLE SICIALIAN

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IT IS A PERFECT AND WONDERFUL

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