

SALE

By and a half red Rose avenue, size Price \$2,600; Cottage on Terrace 17. Price \$2,000; in a condition on St. Paul's \$2,000. frame house on t. with an extra 100.

HER & SON

Market Street. and Auctioneer Marriage Licenses.

Bank Railway

LINE EAST Standard Time. help. Palmerston and Hamilton. Niagara Falls and Montreal. Toronto and Inter- Hamilton, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Hamilton, Toronto, Hamilton, Toronto, Hamilton, Toronto.

and Hamilton

nd Hamilton Railway A.M.: 6:30; 7:50; P.M.: 1:05; 2:05; 7:05; 8:05; 9:05; 10:05;

RAILWAY

MARCH 2ND, 1918. BOUND except Sunday—For Hamilton, Toronto, St. Catharines and Philadelphia. BOUND except Sunday—From intermediate points, for Hamilton, Toronto, St. Catharines and Philadelphia.

N. Railway

11.15, 11.45, 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45, 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45, 12.15, 12.45.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, Sept. 18.—A depression which has formed since yesterday is centered in Wisconsin, while the weather is still more or less unsettled over the greater portion of the Dominion. Forecasts. Fresh to strong south shifting to west and north-west winds; showers to-night and for a part of Thursday.

TITLEY

Member of the Ontario Association of Architects. Telephone Building, Phone

BRANTFORD DAILY COURIER.

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1918.

TWO CENTS

BRITISH ATTACK NEAR ST. QUENTIN

Village of Holnon, Three Miles Northwest, is Taken ATTACK NORTHWEST OF ST. QUENTIN LAUNCHED TODAY

British Driven Back to Western Outskirts of Moeuvres Village by Superior Enemy Forces Last Night—Germans Exhorted by Leaders to Stand Firm

By Courier Leased Wire. LONDON, Sept. 18.— British forces attacked this morning northwest of St. Quentin, according to an official report from Field Marshal Haig, received at the War Office this forenoon.

The village of Holnon, three miles northwest of St. Quentin has been captured by the British, the field marshal reported.

A German attack last evening at Moeuvres under heavy artillery protection resulted in the British being pushed back to the western outskirts of the village.

The text of the statement reads: "As a result of our operations yesterday on the southern portion of the battle front, we gained possession of Holnon village with several prisoners."

"This morning our troops attacked northwest of St. Quentin.

"Yesterday evening the enemy attacked at Moeuvres under cover of a heavy artillery barrage and pressed our troops back to the western outskirts of the village.

By a successful local operation carried

out during the night, we advanced our line slightly immediately south of the La Bassee canal."

CAN RETREAT NO FARTHER British Headquarters in France, Sept. 17.—Canadian Press Dispatch for Reuter's Limited.—A captured document signed von Morgen, dated September 10th and addressed to the 104th Reserve Corps near St. Quentin, says:

"Hitherto owing to military instructions we have allowed the English to occupy desolate enemy country. Now, however, you have taken up strong defensive positions, not one foot more of ground is to be given up."

The document exhorts the men to defend their homes, their families and the fatherland, and adds:

"You are more than a match for the enemy, who only attacks with dash when accompanied by tanks. These we will destroy. I expect every man from General to junior private to do his duty in the imminent decisive battle."

von Morgen was the general who streaked off in a motor car early in our attack



THE ST. MIHIEL SALIENT The front of the wedge shape salient had a length of 46 miles. Slightly over 200,000 German troops had been assigned the task of holding the salient until all was ready for its abandonment, and of that number 100,000 were actually on the firing line, the remainder being in reserve just beyond the base of the salient, many of them probably at Chameley.

WILSON'S REPLY TO AUSTRIAN NOTE FINDS ECHO IN LONDON

Both Promptness and Substance of President's Answers are Endorsed by London Press; Would Have Britain Follow Lead of U. S.

London, Sept. 18.—The promptness, as well as the substance of President Wilson's reply to Austria-Hungary, approved by the London morning papers. Even the pacifist Daily News urges the Allies to follow the American lead and endorse the points enunciated by President Wilson, under the invitation to drive the wedge into Germany and her Allies.

The Times admires the promptness of the reply as heartily as it agrees with the line taken by the President.

The Morning Post says that the answer is framed in the only terms which merit the occasion.

The Daily Chronicle thinks that the Allies cannot fail to be influenced by President Wilson's example which makes it certain that they will reject the Austrian invitation. The Chronicle contends, however, that this position is different from America's and that their reply ought to be framed so as to carry a message of hope, and not despair to the masses of Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Another Demonstration? London, Sept. 18.—It is rumored in Berlin that when the Reichstag meets there will be another peace demonstration similar to that of July 1917, according to Amsterdam dispatches to the Exchange Telegraph Company. It is said that terms of a peace resolution are now being drafted by the majority leaders in consultation with the imperial chancellor. The Reichstag will convene on November 5.

Captured Tontons Interested With the American Army on the Lorraine Front, Tuesday, Sept. 17.—(By The Associated Press)—German and Austrian prisoners taken in the recent advance by the Allies in this section, displayed great interest when they learned of the Austrian peace suggestion when the news reached

west of Trazitzin and to have occupied the town of Trazitzin in the same region. Further west there has been successful fighting by the Bolsheviks in the neighborhood of St. Pol. It is announced that Makahof in Kuban, has been captured by the Bolsheviks.

MACEDONIAN DRIVE MAY PROVE MAJOR OFFENSIVE

Allied Successes on Eastern Front are Developing, and May be Fore-runner of Major Operations—Very Little Known of Macedonian Front

By Courier Leased Wire. NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The Associated Press this morning issued the following:

As the Allied offensive in Macedonia continues to develop, the impression is growing that an operation of major proportions may have been begun there. The front where the fighting is going on is almost shut off from the world, and except for official reports there are few details known as to the progress of the Entente forces. It appears, however, that the attack which was launched on Sunday, is still going on, and is gaining important ground just to the east of Monastir.

Sofia admits that the Allies have been successful at some points, and says that the Bulgarian troops have been withdrawn to positions further north. This may be taken as confirmation of reports from Allied sources telling of the success of the drive over the high ridges which the Teutonic Powers have held for the past 18 months or more. Last reports from the Macedonian front would seem to indicate that the rather restricted front over which the French assault was launched is now being lengthened, especially to the west. Maps of the region where the battle is being fought show that the Allies have carried valuable positions on high ground, and that it is possible that they have passed through a zone where the hardest resistance might be expected.

The front through Sokola, Dobropolje and Vetrenik has been widened to twenty-five kilometers, and the allied forces have penetrated to a depth of seven kilometers.

Prisoners to the number of 4,000, including a staff colonel, have been captured. Thirty guns, numerous mine throwers and machine guns and considerable booty have been taken.

"The Serbian forces are vying with the French in courage and spirit."

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THREE BRANTFORD MEN GIVE LIVES

Pte. J. P. Powers, Pte. Louis Angelo, Pte. James Lamb Killed. Killed in Action. Pte. J. P. Powers, Pte. Louis Angelo. Died of Wounds. Sgt. J. G. Lamb. Wounded.

Mr. George Sheath, 38 St. Paul's avenue, received word yesterday to the effect that his son, Pte. Milford Sheath, had received severe gunshot wounds in the left hand. Pte. Sheath went overseas with the 125th battalion, and was wounded in April last.

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HUNS DID NOT EXPECT TO LEAVE ST. MIHIEL

By Courier Leased Wire. With the American Army on the Lorraine Front, Tuesday, Sept. 17.—(By The Associated Press)—The Germans apparently never expected to be ousted from the St. Mihiel salient. They had done much work in building shelters and beer gardens and about the Souverelle Farm the country had been made to look like a prosperous German neighborhood, with resorts, where the townpeople might spend their holidays. Little club houses were built and equipped not wholly in keeping with front line operations. The dugouts and shelters of the officers were fitted almost luxuriously, some of the larger ones being fitted with bath tubs and running water and lighted by electricity. Outside of many of them were huge summer houses, where the occupants were accustomed to sit and drink beer. When the Americans advanced they captured a German mess sergeant, who had been instructed to pack up and leave, but who had underestimated the speed of the Allied progress. He was carrying a quantity of beer and cheese, and when he saw the Americans approaching, he did not run, but bustled himself like a bartender and received them standing behind a table, on which the beer and cheese were ready for consumption.

BOLSHEVIK SUCCESSES AT SEVERAL POINTS

By Courier Leased Wire. Amsterdam, Sept. 18.—Bolshevik successes in the valley of the Volga River and along the Kuban coast of the Black Sea are reported in news agency dispatches to the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung. The Bolshevik troops are said to be advancing

west of Trazitzin and to have occupied the town of Trazitzin in the same region. Further west there has been successful fighting by the Bolsheviks in the neighborhood of St. Pol. It is announced that Makahof in Kuban, has been captured by the Bolsheviks.

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ENEMY GAINS OF LAST SPRING LIQUIDATED

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CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Killed in Action—240, 311 W. J. Wild, Hamilton. Wounded—184, 71 W. H. Walker, Hamilton; 475, 678 F. E. Allen, 211 Boulton; C. W. H. 534, Walkerton; 751, 173 W. Bates, Kitchener; 682, 219 C. A. Campbell, Harrow Bay.



# NORFOLK NEWS

## EXEMPTION CLAIMS HEARD AT SIMCOE

Conditional Extension is Granted in Several Cases by Judge Boles

### OTHER SIMCOE NEWS

Simcoe, Sept. 18.—(From Our Own Correspondent).—Applications for extension of exemptions and appeals with a view to curtailing exemptions, which were up for consideration last week, before his Honor Judge Boles and W. E. Kelly, K.C., have been disposed of as given herewith.

Wm. McKenzie Ross, Buffalo, chemist, disallowed; as applicant lives in Eastern Ontario and has been granted exemption by a tribunal of the Kingston division and desires the matter to be disposed of there.

James Trevall, Courtland, cheese box maker, allowed till Jan. 1st, 1919, provided he remains at present employment.

Wm. Matell, Vanessa, railway bridge carpenter, same as above. Chas. Benjamin Kilmaster, Port Rowan, private banker, allowed so long as the occasional business obligations and domestic position exist, but not longer than Jan. 1st, 1919.

Milburn Kramer, Delhi, mechanic, allowed till he ceases to be employed as a farmer, but not after March 15th, 1919.

Charles Gladstone Ivey, Port Dover, miller, same as Kilmaster above.

Evert Wesley Staght, Waterford, teller, disallowed on all grounds other than physical condition. Owen Livingston Emmott, Port Rowan, fisherman, allowed till Jan. 1st, 1919, provided he continues to be employed as a fisherman.

Gordon Percival Near, Hartford, ministry, exemption disallowed. Frank Kennedy Sells, Port Dover, fisherman, allowed till Dec. 1st, on condition that he continue to be employed as a fisherman.

Bruce Wilber Whiteside, Simcoe, shoe manufacturer, allowed by reason of exceptional financial obligations and domestic position, but not after Jan. 1st, 1920.

Frank Dickinson, Port Rowan, fisherman, same as Sells.

Called to the Bar. David W. Kelly, son of W. E. Kelly, K.C., of Simcoe, was called to the bar before Mr. Justice Middleton last Thursday at Osroode Hall, and on Friday admitted and enrolled as a solicitor in the Supreme Court by Mr. Justice Ross. Our congratulations.

Building in Demand. The firemen desire quarters at the market, vacated by the public school board. The Great War Veterans would be pleased to have temporary quarters there also, and J. E. Johnson wants to rent the shed and former kindergarten room to put up a special shipment of apples to fill a contract secured from the Red Cross organization, we presume, for overseas.

Internment at St. Mary's Cemetery. The remains of the late Wm. Karns, who died at Hamilton on Sunday, were brought to Simcoe for internment, which took place yesterday morning. Deceased was 37 years of age and will be remembered as having become mentally unbalanced during the summer and having been about town with a propensity to talk recruiting.

Wm. Hamilton, he continually kept in both physical and mental condition. Odd Ends of News. Water began to rise in the town on Monday morning. During the few weeks that the water was out, the original bars mud had become partially covered over with the "white fronds" of the botanist, and this was in full bloom.

## SIMCOE AGENCY

The Brantford Courier  
55 Peel Street  
An Excellent Local Advertising Medium  
Telephone 390; Nights 356-3

Messrs. Frank Reid and Frank E. Curtis are off to Montreal to see some high class golf.

The Presbyterian folk had a general social evening about the church, and mance yesterday evening. Clergy of the other town churches were present.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sharp spent the week-end in Brantford.

Gordon O'Hearn, a recent Brantford casualty, is a grandson of Mrs. John Sharp, Colborne St.

Barl Luscombe, son of Mrs. Sharp, who was some time since wounded in both legs, is getting on nicely.

Dismissed All Four. The charge laid by the police against a young man and three youths of Simcoe for being in a gambling house or playing a game of chance for money, was dismissed yesterday in the magistrate's court. The case was up last week and adjourned because one of the quartette was not on hand. It was Mr. Innes' day with the court, and the charge was considered as too drastic to obtain a conviction. The marble works could hardly be termed a common gambling house just yet, and evidence as to the money floating was conflicting.

The sneak thieves who returned from a water melon trip, to the country a few nights ago, with a buggy full of melons, would have shown indication that the melon works could grower might have got seed. The public has been warned that seed will be scarce next year, and the lads may have killed the proverbial goose.

From the stories about "own regarding water melons, one would judge that the spirit of the former dark-ey colony of Simcoe has remained with us. If the settlement and its little school have passed into history, the water melon appetite appears to have overcome in some the last sense of integrity or even decent theft, if one might use the phrase. It's strange, too, that the fellow who does not know a green melon from a ripe one, seldom knows enough to stay out of the vines.

## CANADIAN CASUALTIES

By Courier Leased Wire

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—To-day's list of casualties follows:  
Infantry—Killed in action: N. J. Jackson, Stratford; J. H. Huffman, Walkerton; W. Johnston, Elora; H. G. Steel, Owen Sound; F. Bennett, Caledonia; F. C. Grealls, Clinton; C. Cumberland, Owen Sound; F. Odell, Fletcher.

Died of wounds: H. J. Mooney, Hamilton.

Missing: W. J. White, Paisley. Wounded: Lieut. Ed. Campbell, Popular Hill; Lieut. A. N. Guernsey, Hamilton.

Artillery: Killed in action: A. R. Hewitt, Benningville; W. H. Paddy, Sarnia; A. Ferguson, not stated.

Died of wounds: G. McKay, not stated; H. Nelson, St. Catharines.

Gassed: J. W. Johnson, Merriton; E. Eckhardt, Vineland.

Infantry: Wounded: A. Pearson, Hamilton; C. R. Wilson, Allentown; J. McNaughton, Bluevale; G. C. Wheeler, Hamilton; C. Wistart, Preston; R. C. Griffiths, St. Catharines; A. H. Lyons, Mount Forest; A. Ra- del, Guelph; P. M. MacPherson, Guelph; T. H. Wilson, Hespeler; J. D. Black, Springfield; J. Kennedy, Hamilton; M. J. Greenhalf, Guelph.

Mounted Rifles: Died of wounds: L. E. McMaster, St. Mary's.

Wounded: C. W. Ramsay, Hamilton; J. Moore, Hamilton; A. L. Pond, Jarvis; J. Millington, Acton; W. B. Walker, Eramosa.

Gassed: R. A. Sweeney, London; W. Willoughby, Mitchell.

Medical Services: Wounded: C. H. Carter, Niagara Falls; L. V. Martin, Wallaceburg.



Group of visitors at Dover, Saturday. Left to right, Senator McCall, Brantford; W. P. Cocksutt, M.P., Brantford; Hon. F. B. Carvell, Minister of Public Works; T. L. Buck, Warden of Norfolk County; J. H. Hancock, Galt, Secretary of Grand River Municipalities.

## LAURIER TRIES TO REVIVE PARTY

Meets His Lieutenants in Ottawa for the Above Purpose

Ottawa, Sept. 7.—Plans for the creation of a political organization for the Opposition in the Dominion parliament engaged Sir Wilfrid Laurier and a number of his followers, who were summoned to confer with him here today.

By the division of the Liberal party at the time of the formation of the present Union government, Sir Wilfrid and the anti-conscription Liberals found themselves without an organization, particularly in Ontario and in Western Canada, at the last general election. The lack was keenly felt, and therefore Sir Wilfrid and his followers have set themselves to the task of building up an organization to replace that which was lost to them. Details of the method of procedure decided upon are set forth in an official account of the meeting given out this evening. The statement speaks as if the subject of organization alone occupied the conference, is said that in addition the question of contesting the bye-elections to be held in North Ontario, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. Sam Sharpe, and in Glengary, due to the death of Duncan McMartin, was under discussion. Votes for these bye-elections have not yet been issued, but there has been a suggestion that they may be before parliament reassembles.

### Graham May Stand

Hon. George P. Graham, who failed to secure a seat at the general election last December, is being urged by his associates, it is said, to be the Laurier candidate in Glengary. In North Ontario the United Farmers of Ontario have nominated R. H. Hal- bart of Melancthon township as their candidate. It is consequently reported that the Opposition may not place a candidate in the field.

The conference today was attended by Hon. George P. Graham, Hon. Sydney Fisher, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, Hon. Mackenzie King, Hon. Charles Murphy, formerly members of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's cabinet, C. M. MacDonald, ex-member for Pictou, N. S.; J. H. Sincalir, M. P. of Guysboro and Antigonish; Ernest Lapointe, M. P. of Kamouraska; Hon. Jacques Bureau, M. P. of Three Rivers; J. A. Robb, of Huntingdon; W. C. Kennedy, M.P. of North Essex; Duncan I. Ross, M.P. of West Middlesex; Alex. Smith, K.C. of Ottawa, and J. H. Adams, Liberal organizer for Ontario. Hon. Walter Scott, ex-Premier of Saskatchewan, was in the city as the guest of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but apparently did not attend the meeting.

Detail of Organization. As a result of the meeting a new method will be followed. Heretofore information of political conditions has been sent through a central committee at Ottawa, giving instructions in different parts of the country. The result has been that the organization in each province practically fell into the hands of a very few. At today's meeting, after considerable discussion, it was decided that Sir Wilfrid should write to a number of leading men in each province requesting them to organize upon a plan and at a time satisfactory to themselves and advise him of the steps taken.

The delegation from Ontario explained that they intended to prepare now a moderate form of organization by dividing the province into districts. It is expected that each of 30 constituencies will shortly send six or eight delegates to meet in London and organize a consultative committee for that part of the province. Once that is done, 18 ridings in Eastern Ontario will do similarly, and afterwards the plan will be applied to Northern Ontario, Central Ontario, the Yorks and Toronto. There will be five bodies in all in the province. Representatives from these bodies will be appointed to form a central committee which will maintain a central office in Toronto to furnish information and direct the organization. It is expected that a similar plan will be followed in other provinces especially west of the Great Lakes, but the party there will decide for itself.

The central information office at Ottawa will be maintained, but will have to do with collecting information rather than attending to organization. It was decided not to revive the Liberal monthly until after the war.

### JAP STATESMAN DEAD

Washington, Sept. 18.—Viscount Ichiro Motono, who resigned as minister of foreign affairs of Japan four months ago, died at Tokyo yesterday from a stomach trouble with which he had suffered for a long time.

## 45 FOE PLANES BROUGHT DOWN

British Accounted for 66 German Machines Along the Battlefield

London, Sept. 17.—Sixty-six German airplanes were accounted for by the British along their lines yesterday. Seven of the hostile machines were destroyed in one engagement by a British squadron.

Describing the operations in the battle zone, an official statement tonight says: "There was great aerial activity all along the British front on September 16, and our machines were busily engaged in every department of their work. Photographic reconnaissance both of forward and distant areas were carried out with great completeness, in spite of strong opposition, and the number of aerial photographs taken exceeds any recorded total for one day.

"Observation of our artillery fire was successfully performed both by airplanes and balloons. Much damage was reported in hostile battery positions, and many fires and explosions were caused.

"Nearly 24 tons of bombs were dropped by day, and 15 tons on the following night, on airbases used by the enemy's night-flying airplanes, and on railroads and dumps.

"The fighting was intense all along the front throughout the day, combats taking place a considerable distance east of the lines. Forty-five hostile machines were

brought down by our airmen. Of these, seven were brought down in one fight by one of our squadrons. Twenty other German machines were driven down out of control. In addition, one hostile airplane was shot down by our anti-aircraft guns. One hostile balloon was destroyed.

## Clerk's Notice of First Posting of Voters' List

Notice is hereby given, that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in sections five and six of "The Voters' Lists Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing on the said Municipalities to be entitled to vote in the said Municipalities at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that said list was first posted up at my office, at the Court House, City of Brantford, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and, if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1918.

J. A. SMITH,  
Clerk of the said Municipality.

Wm. Davies Co., Colborne street, are offering special bargains in fresh meats. Come in and compare our prices. C.F.T. License No. 9-2742.

## RETURNED MEN ELOPE WITH COMRADES' WIVES

London, Ont., Sept. 17.—Military authorities here were officially notified today of two cases in which returned soldiers eloped with the wives of men who are their comrades. Pte. E. Joseph, 849 Marsall Street, London, claims that his wife left on Friday, September 13, with Pte. H. R. Johnson. He alleges that the elopers took his child, furniture and food, and that as a result he is left homeless. He claims that he traced them to Toronto and the police of that city have been asked for assistance.

Pte. W. Q. Blair, a returned man employed as a theatre manager at Kitchener, has filed an allegation that his wife eloped with Pte. Sydney South, a Dominion policeman who was stationed for a time at Kitchener, and who was later transferred to Gatham. Mrs. Blair left three small children, her husband reports, and proceeded with South to Windsor. Captain Asa Minard, Inspector of Dominion Police, claims that South is no longer in the service and that he was dismissed for incapacity.

"The pudding is grudgingly admitted: Ruth! are you good—foolishness, or 'What foolishness! You know very well I suppose you think earning more than act as you please won't stand for showing Ruth she her deductions. 'Why Brian, I of doing anything sibly could object, making a fuss because I discovered I am was paying me. In business for me you are, I should I earning very little meant to me in my own boss, not working for some to me you are work or they wouldn't that you should see one doesn't independent feeling on situated as you are actually. 'There's something the admission was 'But I don't like No man wants a wife that becomes a doer, and—"

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN \$3.00 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER. Clean to handle. Sold by all Grocers, Grocers and General Stores.



"Darkness... but look! In Heaven, a light, And it's shining down... God's accolade! Lift me up friends. I'm going to win—my cross!" From "Tricolor," by Robert Service

TO the sick and wounded, the British Red Cross ministers according to the highest traditions of the Hospitallers, or Knights of St. John of Jerusalem.

To Ontario is given the privilege of once more leading the Empire in aiding the work of the British Red Cross, by contributing generously to its cause.

(TWO CAMPAIGNS IN ONE) For the Sailors and British Red Cross

Brantford's Campaign is Now On! Remember By Giving and Give Liberally



Jack Williams and Arthur Burgess, leading comedians, with the musical comedy sensation "The Million Dollar Doll," at the Grand Opera House, Friday, Sept. 20.

Advertisement for eye care and other services. Includes text like "POOR EYE POOR VISION", "Harvey Optometrist", "DROP IN Tungsten", and "T. J. M. Phone 301".



# THE WIFE

BY JANE PHELPS, AUTHOR OF "MARGARET GARRETT'S HUSBAND," AND OTHER NOTABLE STORIES.

CHAPTER XXVI  
A Delicious Breakfast Helps to Restore Brian's Good Nature.

"This rice pudding is delicious," Ruth said nonchalantly as she took a spoonful. "Do you remember the one I tried to make that first week after we took the flat, Brian? I used half a dozen eggs and it was as hard as a rock. Mrs. Crawford doesn't use any eggs at all. She says it never is creamy if you do."

"The pudding is all right," Brian grudgingly admitted. "See here, Ruth! are you going to stop this foolishness, or not?"

"What foolishness?"

"You know very well what I mean. I suppose you think because you are earning more than I am, that you can act as you please and pay no attention to my wishes, but I tell you, I won't stand for it," he blustered, showing Ruth she had been right in her deductions.

"Why Brian, I have no intention of doing anything to which you possibly could object. You surely aren't making a fuss because my boss has discovered I am worth more than he was paying me. Of course if I were in business for myself as practically you are, I should be willing to go on earning very little because of what it meant to me in the future, to be my own boss. But when you are working for someone else, it seems to me you are worth all they pay you, or they wouldn't give it to you; and that you should get all you can. You see one doesn't have the same independent feeling one has when one is situated as you are," she finished tactfully.

"There's something in that," again the admission was grudgingly given. "But I don't like it just the same. No man wants a woman crowding over him because she earns more than he does, and—"

"Oh, Brian, you don't think that I—"

"Well, most women would," he interrupted, looking a bit sheepish.

"I'm Ruth Hackett, not 'most women,' and so I shan't crow, as you put it. Come on, hurry up and finish that pudding and we'll go to a show," Brian said nothing more. They went to a play at a theatre in the neighborhood, then he proposed they get a rarebit before they went home—proposed it with an air of braggadocio that made Ruth smile while it brought tears suspiciously near.

"Poor fellow, he'll get over that," "It is because he's hurt," she said to herself as she readily agreed.

They had the rarebit and a glass of beer. When he paid the check, Brian gave the waiter an unusually large tip for him, and gave it with a flourish that didn't deceive Ruth.

"Poor fellow, he'll get over that," she muttered as she saw. "He's sore to-night."

Neither of them mentioned the raise again. But long after Brian slept, Ruth was planning how she could propose they move into better quarters, and she pay the difference in the rent. She would wait a few days until he got over the first shock she decided, smiling in the darkness at the thought of his sulking as he had.

"Just like a little boy," she murmured leaner over and smoothing his hair.

Ruth had found long ago that Brian was apt to be morose for a time when he was crowded in any way, and that the best way to deal with him when in that mood, was not to notice. The morning mail came while Brian was in his bath.

"Lucky for once," Ruth exclaimed as she saw the thick letter, the envelope bearing her aunt's handwriting. She knew her aunt's feelings on the subject of women doing anything

out of the home so was sure the letter would be filled with objections and perhaps reproaches. She slipped it into her pocket. She would read it after Brian had gone.

When he came to the table she was immersed in the morning paper and at once commenced to read him the war news, in which he was intensely interested.

Germany had declared war and the French had joined the British in the common cause of defeating her. Brian had from the first been greatly taken up with the Russian side; and although the fighting had scarcely begun, he often declared it would mean a long war, and that, in his opinion, other nations would inevitably be drawn into it before much time had passed.

So now he listened while Ruth read, and forgot to ask if there was any mail. Then too, the breakfast was so good, so to his liking, that he had to hurry to get to the office at his usual time.

Ruth had been up earlier than usual because of her wakefulness, and had gone out and purchased a grapefruit. Mrs. Crawford had cooked crisp tender bacon, eggs, poached like little birds' nests on crisp slices of toast. Then a golden brown waffle with maple syrup finished a breakfast which Brian enthusiastically declared.

"A meal fit for the gods," yet Ruth thought, with a little sinking of the heart, that had it not been for her work and because of that work, he would have had no such breakfast. She couldn't have cooked it to save her life. Why should he not be sensible and let her take over her plans with him? She shared for the moment, the comfort she brought, as much for his sake as for her own. And she hated housework.

To be Continued.

## TWO FOUND GUILTY OF CATTLE THEFT

William Thompson and Lorenzo Young Appeared in Hamilton Court

A dispatch from Hamilton says: In the county Judge's criminal Court this afternoon Judge Gault found William Thompson and Lorenzo Young guilty of the theft of eight heifers from Geo. Horning of Ancaster, and of the theft of a calf from John Wilcox, an Ancaster farmer. Thompson and Lorenzo Young were jointly charged with the theft of the heifers from Mr. Horning, and to this charge Young pleaded not guilty. Thompson pleaded guilty to both charges, and in spite of the strong evidence that was presented against him repeatedly stated that he was innocent. At the conclusion of his trial Judge Gault said his explanations of how he bought the cattle from a stranger were unconvincing and that he found him guilty on both accounts. Both Thompson and Young were removed for a week for sentence. Thompson and Young were sentenced at Brantford to two years several years ago, and were later allowed out on parole. Thompson stated that Harry Ireland, who resides near Brantford, and Young stole the cattle from which he and Young were sentenced, and that he took the blame attaching to Ireland because he did not want to equal on Ireland.

M. J. O'BRIEN  
Widely known capitalist of Brantford, Ont., who has been appointed to the Senate.

Great Russia proper has now become.

Lenine Always for Quitting.

Lenine, according to statements made public as soon as Trotsky's spectacular device of "No peace—no war" failed, always was for peace on any German terms. He dominated the situation thereafter and because of that work, he many asked. Nor did Trotsky cease to continue to obey the German orders delivered to him both by Gen. Hoffman, at Brest-Litovsk, and at Petrograd directly by the Russian division of the German general staff, which was seated in Petrograd itself from November, and which was still there in full operation when the Russian army, March 4, the day that Petrograd received notification that peace has been signed at Brest-Litovsk by the Russian and German delegations.

### BRANTFORD MARKET

Butter	.....	30.00	0.50
Eggs	.....	0.48	0.50
Grain.			
Hay, per ton	.....	16.00	17.00
Oats, bushel	.....	0.90	0.75
Rye, bushel	.....	1.50	1.60
Straw, baled, ton	.....	7.00	8.00
Wheat	.....	0.00	2.10
Barley, bushel	.....	1.00	1.05
Vegetables.			
Beans, quart	.....	0.25	0.30
Cabbage, dozen	.....	0.50	0.60
Watermelons	.....	0.10	0.30
Carrots, basket	.....	0.30	0.50
Onions, basket	.....	0.25	0.50
Green tomatoes, bas.	.....	0.40	0.25
Cucumbers, basket	.....	0.35	0.65
Cabbage, head	.....	0.05	0.10
Celery, large	.....	0.00	0.10
Potatoes, bushel	.....	0.00	1.50
Potatoes, basket	.....	0.40	0.50
Tomatoes, basket	.....	0.40	0.40
Beets, bunch	.....	0.05	0.10
Pumpkins	.....	0.10	0.20
Corn, dozen	.....	0.20	0.25
Green peppers, basket	.....	0.50	0.60
Caulliflower, each	.....	0.10	0.25
Squash	.....	0.20	0.35
Fruit.			
Apples, basket	.....	0.25	0.35
Plums, basket	.....	0.60	1.00
Pears, basket	.....	0.60	0.75
Meats.			
Dry salt, pork, lb.	.....	0.30	0.35
Fresh pork, carcass	.....	0.21	0.24
S Bacon, back trim	.....	0.35	0.50
S Bacon, back	.....	0.45	0.45
S Beef, boiling, lb.	.....	0.25	0.30
S Beef, roast, lb.	.....	0.30	0.40
S Beef, steak	.....	0.30	0.40
S Chickens, dressed	.....	1.60	1.95
S Chickens, per lb.	.....	0.00	0.35

### MURDERS HIS WIFE THEN SURRENDERS

Chapin, New York Journalist, Gives Particulars of Killing

New York, Sept. 17.—Charles E. Chapin, city editor of the New York Evening World, famous for the skill with which he directed his reporters in the solution of murder mysteries to-day in a police station told the story of his own wife's murder with Chapin yesterday shot and killed her in their apartment in the Hotel Cumberland and to-day surrendered himself to the police after failing to get out plans to end his own life.

Smoking a cigarette continually pressing his hands on his head he said that he had been driven to the deed through desperation caused by the demands of his creditors.

Approach of a policeman, the tell for declared, prevented his suicide in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, where he went after shooting his wife.

Chapin asserted that he committed the murder immediately upon arising yesterday morning. While his wife slept, he said, he tried first to shoot her with a magazine revolver but it failed to discharge. He then brought out a police pistol, that had been presented him by former Police Commissioner Waldo and fired the fatal shot.

### REGALIA OF OFFICE WAS PRESENTED

District Deputy Grand Master W. B. Seace Honored By Masons

At a regular meeting of Ozias lodge, No. 598, A.F. and A.M., G.R.C., held last evening, Right Worshipful Brother Wm. B. Seace was presented with the regalia of his office. A good turn out of the members of Brant district was present, particularly from the out of the city lodges. The presentation was made by Rev. Bro. Messner of Scotland lodge, after which representatives from the different lodges in the district made short congratulatory remarks to the new District Deputy Grand Master, Wm. B. Seace, who is official head over this district, one of the banner districts in Ontario. Bro. Wm. Byers of Doric lodge interspersed the program with a few good solos very much in keeping with the evening's work. After the closing of the lodge, a buffet luncheon was served, and the brethren gathered in the club rooms and spent the balance of the evening in games, songs, etc. The first official visit of the new D. D. G. M. will be held Friday evening of this week to Onondaga lodge.

### ROWELL LOSES SECRETARY

By Courier Leased Wire

Ottawa, Sept. 15.—Mr. Main Johnson, who since 1912 has been principal private secretary to the Hon. N. W. Rowell, has accepted a position with the Toronto Star with which he was associated before going with Mr. Rowell. He is therefore resigning from his present position. Mr. Johnson will go to Toronto and take up his new duties within a week or two.

While down to the market Thursday morning drop in St. David's Meat Store and get some of their Government inspected beef at bargain prices.

### FOR SALE

\$2,800—Lawrence street, 1-1-2 storey red brick, 7 rooms and all conveniences but furnace. Two of these \$200 will handle.

\$3,000—Lawrence street, 2 storey, 7 rooms and all conveniences but furnace. \$200 cash lets you in.

\$1,000—Lawrence street, new red brick, 2 storey and all conveniences. New hot-air furnace, electric light with fixtures. Immediate possession. Terms are cash.

\$2,500—Lawrence street, each side of double house, 1-1-2 storey, 7 rooms, all conveniences but furnace. \$200 cash will handle either of these.

J.S. Dowling & Co  
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Phone Evenings 1014  
Phone: Bell 1275, 1276  
House, 561. Auto 193

J. T. BURROWS  
The Mover  
Carting, Teaming Storage  
Special Piano Hoisting Machinery  
Office—124 Dalhousie Street  
Phone 365  
Residence—236 West St.  
Phone 638

THE GIBSON COAL Co.  
D. L. & W.  
Scranton Coal  
OFFICES:  
52 ERIE AVE.  
150 DALHOUSIE ST.  
154 CLARENCE ST.

SMOKE  
El Fair Clear Havana Cigars  
10 to 25 cents  
Fair's Havana Bouquet Cigar  
10 cents straight  
Manufactured by  
T. J. FAIR & CO., Ltd.,  
BRANTFORD, ONT.

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We are supplying Printing to Brantford's Biggest Manufacturers. Our prices are Right, the Quality Excellent, and Deliveries Prompt. We want to serve YOU.

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Agent for Jaeger's Pure Wool Fabrics  
Agent for Ely's Neckwear  
Agent for Aertex Underwear  
"Borsalino" and other High-grade Hats  
PHONE 312 MARKET ST.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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Everything Clean and Fresh Try us for your Fish Dinner Meals at all hours.  
T. HOBDAV, Prop.  
145 1-2 Dalhousie St., opp. P.O.  
Open Evenings until 12 o'clock  
License Number 10-1054.

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Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing and Altering.  
G. H. W. BECK  
Bell 560. 132 Market St.

COAL CEMENT  
JOHN MANN & SONS  
LIME BRICK  
323 Colborne Street  
BELL 90 MACHINE 46

Are You Procrastinating About Making Your Will?  
Every man and woman know they ought to make their will, but usually keep putting it off.  
A phone call or a letter to us expressing your desire to make a will is all you need to do. We will attend to the rest.  
The ideal executor is a modern Trust Company. Make your will now and appoint this Company Executor and Trustee. Any advice and assistance which our officers can render to you are at your disposal without obligating you in any way.  
THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED  
SALGARY JAMES J. WARREN  
TORONTO E. B. STODOLSKY  
BRANTFORD T. H. MILLER  
GENERAL MANAGERS MANAGER BRANTFORD BRANCH

THE SAFEST MATCHES IN THE WORLD  
Also the Cheapest Are  
EDDY'S  
CHEMICALLY SELF-EXTINGUISHING  
Silent 500's  
Safest because they are impregnated with a chemical solution which renders the stick "dead" immediately the match is extinguished.  
Cheapest, because there are more perfect matches to the sized box than in any other box on the market.  
War time economy and your own good sense, will urge the necessity of buying none but EDDY'S MATCHES.  
W. J. BRAGG, Auctioneer.

MEN FLOPE  
COMRADES' WIVES  
Ont., Sept. 17.—Military here were officially notified of two cases in which soldiers eloped with the enemy who are their comrades.  
Joseph, 649 Marshall St., claims that his wife, Friday, September 13, R. Johnson. He alleges elopers took his child, and food, and that as a result he is homeless. He traced them to Toronto police of that city asked for assistance.  
Blain, a returned man in a theatre manager at has filed an allegation eloped with Pte. Sydney Hamilton policeman at a time at Blain who was later to Catham. Mrs. Blain small children, her husband, and proceeded to Windsor. Captain Asa better of Dominion Post that South is no longer in a capacity that he was dis-

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS  
WILL MORE FLIES THAN WORTH OF ANY OTHER FLY CATCHER  
Solely Sold by All Drug and General Stores.

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Corson's CHARCOAL TOOTH PASTE  
Will Whiten 25¢ Your Teeth  
H. E. Perrott  
"Druggist"  
Cor. King and Colborne Sts.

POOR EYES MEAN POOR WORK  
Bad eyes cause jumpy nerves and annoying headaches that make concentration impossible. Lack of concentration will cause you to fall short of real success.  
If you are holding a position of responsibility or have a business dependent upon your individual efforts, do not allow yourself to be handicapped by poor eyesight. We are fully equipped to give you the help you need, and will conscientiously advise you what is necessary.  
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DROP IN PRICE Tungsten Lamps  
25 and 40 watt ..... 40c  
60 watt ..... 45c  
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BUY NOW WHILE THE BUYING'S GOOD  
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This Beverage is Approved by the Ontario Temperance Committee  
Carling's Ale-Beer-Porter  
"As Pure as Native Wine"  
Invigorating and wholesome. Have us deliver you a trial case.  
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BEN WELL FISH CO.  
48 DALHOUSIE ST.  
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Both Phones, 204.  
We are open Wednesday Afternoons, commencing September 4, 1918.  
FISH  
General Pershing sends his thanks to the women workers at the International Arms and Fuse Company's plant, at Bloomfield, N.J., for their recent cable of good wishes.

GERMANS SPIED ON RUSSIAN OFFICER  
Lenine, on Orders From the Enemy, Removed Loyal General  
PEACE WITH UKRAINE  
Washington, Sept. 18.—German trickery in breaking the Ukraine away from the Russian-Bolshevik Government, plots against loyal Russian soldiers and their leaders to ensure complete German sway after the false peace conference at Brest-Litovsk, and further evidence of the precautions of the Teutons against Bolshevik preaching in their own ranks are shown in to-day's dispatches. Secret documents from Russia made public by the United States government.  
Communications written in January disclose that the Bolsheviks were fully informed of what the Germans were doing in the Ukraine and knew that peace treaties with the Ukraine and Roumania were coming. They also learned quickly enough that Germany was disposing of their hopes to see their revolutionary propaganda take root on German soil.  
Notes from the German intelligence service to Trotsky, the Commissar of Foreign Affairs, show first that a Turkestan passport was sent to Petrograd to keep watch over the Russian commander-in-chief, and that a month afterward, in February, the removal of the commander-in-chief General Boneh Bruevich, was demanded. Bruevich, whose continuance in the position was "particularly no longer desired" by the Germans, was turned out, and General Parski, named by the German intelligence service, was appointed to command the Turkestan army.  
Hired Assassins Disappointing  
Another note from the intelligence service complains that "the agents sent to kill General Kaledin, Bogatsky and Axelof" were cowardly, non-enterprising people."  
This same document shows that as long ago as December, 1917, former German prisoners of war were being dressed in Russian uniforms to fight loyal Russian soldiers.  
The significance of the documents is discussed in notes by Edgar Sisson, who brought the documents out of Russia for the Committee on Public Information.  
To-day's instalment of Mr. Sisson's report follows:  
The Plot for a Shameful Peace  
Germany made its Russian peace the misnamed Council of People's Commissars the president of which is Vladimir Uljanov (Lenine), the Foreign Minister of which is Leon Trotsky, and the Ambassador of which to Germany is A. Joffe. Germany has made this peace harsh upon the Russian side by insisting on the ambition of its tools in seeking to become too powerful not only that Russia would be delivered over to them, but that they could double-cross the Russian by turning a simulated German revolution into a real one.  
But their craftiness was a toy in the hands of rough German force. Germany was actually counter-acting them by negotiating with the Ukrainian Rada at the moment they dreamed they were tricking Germany.  
Germany, however, did not discard the Bolshevik leaders, recognizing their further use in the German world campaign for internal disorganization in the nations with which it wars, but confining them to the limited inland province which

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WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1918

THE SITUATION

British aerial activity on the St. Quentin front during the past two or three days has been taken as presaging another attack in force upon the enemy lines, and over the Courier Leased Wire today there comes the announcement that Haig's men have launched an assault north west of the place named. It is to be anticipated that this will ultimately develop into a most important battle.

The offensive of French and Serbian troops continues in Macedonia with first-class results. Progress has been recorded to the extent of more than five miles on a front of many miles and important mountain positions have been taken together with many guns and over three thousand Bulgarian prisoners. British and Greek forces are also advancing.

American, British and French detachments, met Bolshevik forces on the Archangel front and suffered an initial reverse. Then British reinforcements arrived—John Bull is always on the job—and it is stated that the enemy fled in a panic.

American troops along their whole front are now definitely facing the Hindenburg line, and it is agreed that there is a hard task ahead of them, as they will have to attack strong defensive positions. Pershing's men are reported to be bombarding Metz. This is the strongest fortress of the German Imperial territory of Alsace-Lorraine, just as in 1871 it was the main bulwark of France on her north eastern frontier, at the time of the Franco-German war. It was to Metz that General Bazaine retired during the course of that struggle, and after an investment of seventy days, during which no attempt was made on the city, Europe was startled to hear of the capitulation by which 180,000 men and immense military stores fell into the hands of the Germans.

ONE VIEW OF INDUSTRIAL RECONSTRUCTION

Major Astor, M.P., British Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Food, during the course of a recent speech, dealt with industrial reconstruction after the war.

He stated that some time ago he invited eight or a dozen trade union leaders in Plymouth, his constituency, to spend a week-end with him in order that they might discuss what had been wrong in the past, and how they might try to improve matters in the future. After a long sitting they "leaded up on four firms." Later he invited an equal number of employers to stay with him, and, without knowing it, both parties came to the same conclusion, alike as to the past and the future. Then he invited both sides to visit him. To their complete surprise they unanimously agreed as to what had been wrong in the past and what was necessary in the future, and they formed themselves into an industrial reconstruction association. Not only did capital and labor not question each other's point of view, but he found that they had never come together before. As soon as they had agreed on the definition of capital, their task in arriving at agreement was enormously simplified. They were all agreed that every form of capital was entitled to receive its particular form of interest, and then they found themselves discussing what is ordinary and fair remuneration should be. Afterwards they discussed what should be done with surplus profit, but did not arrive at any solution as to the way in which it should be dealt with.

On the question of the "living wage," it was regarded as not fair that industry should have to bear the burden of bringing up a man's family; and the conclusion they came to was that the State, and not industry, ought to bear that burden and that responsibility. They were of opinion that a man's income should be such a sum as would enable him to live in comfort and decency, and that the responsibility was on the State to assist in the matter of education, medical services, maternity service, and the free feeding of school children. Another point discussed was the obvious and admitted unfairness of two groups of men, belonging to different industries, putting forth the same amount of energy, labor, and skill in the same locality, and earning largely different incomes. It was felt to be particularly unfair when it was realized that this was due to the fact that one industry had been well organized in the past and another had been badly organized, or not organized at all.



SIR PERCY SHERWOOD

Chief Commissioner of Dominion Police, who has been appointed special commissioner to enforce the anti-loafing law in districts where it is suspected local authorities are lax.

What they had to look forward to Major Astor said, was a more general system of remuneration. In the past our standard of success had been too much gauged by a purely cash basis. If we could have a new conception of industry, and look upon it as a form of national service; and if all connected with industry felt that they did not require financial stimulus as in the past, their reward being in the feeling that they were serving the State, we should be able to get a new spirit in the country, which would be worth living for.

A WOULD BE DICTATORSHIP

The amusing Toronto Globe seems to have got the idea into its esteemed head that it is the dictator of the Union Government.

That administration was formed on the basis of a mutual blending, during the war, of hitherto separate forces on behalf of the one common object and there was to be no one man power about it, but along comes the editor of the Toronto organ and declares himself by written word and attitude to be the supreme boss. So and so shall have this appointment, and so and so shall; the Prime Minister remained too long in England and in consequence must submit to a face downward posture across the editorial knee for the experience with which all well brought up boys are familiar. Thus and so forth, the Toronto journal proposes to run the entire affairs of this Dominion in its own way or, by Heck, there is going to be all-round trouble for all and several. The subject of its latest series of attacks is the Hon. Frank Cochrane. He has been mentioned as a suitable choice for the chairmanship of the Canadian National Railways Board and he would, without any question, make good in that position in a most thorough and impartial manner, but the Toronto Globe says that he is not to be even thought of in connection with the job. That paper, which professes in the face of a great world crisis, that all partisanship should be buried, is at the bottom so partisan itself that it cannot forgive, or forget, the ability and force which the Hon. Frank exhibited as an old-time political opponent. As before related, Cochrane proved himself to be so far above partisanship in his capacity as Minister of Railways and Canals that the Conservative whip from Nova Scotia, resigned because in the administration of the Intercolonial he made railway merit the basis of appointment, and not political pull. On top of that he further proved his capacity for non-partisan conduct when he gave up his portfolio in order to help in the matter of bringing Rowell, Carvell and other prominent Liberals into a newly formed administration. Of his business ability there is no need to speak for it has been proved time and time again.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Nat Goodwin has just been divorced from his fifth wife. They will probably all agree that he was the very reverse of his name.

The next thing in order will be news as to how quickly the Americans will take Metz.

These are the days when the average mortal clings to the belief that summer hasn't really gone and still hangs on to the light ones.

When you are canvassed this week just remember in what shape the Allies would have been without the heroic merchant sailor and in what shape the wounded would be without the British Red Cross. Then give accordingly.

It is stated that in the Fatherland a list of weeds has been issued for Hun food. They'll go quite appropriately with the crow diet which

can be seen in the office.

The "worn out" British soldier still continues to wear out the other fellow.

President Wilson has signed a proclamation which will stop the brewing of all beer after December 1st. Thus another deadly blow is delivered at the Teuton within Uncle Sam's gates.

Your Problems Solved??

By Rev. T. S. Lincoln, D.D. (All rights reserved.)

Dr. Muscott in this column will help you solve your heart problems, religious, marital, social, financial and every other anxious care that perplexes you. If a personal answer is required, enclose a five cent stamp. No names will be published; if you prefer, sign your initials only, or use a pseudonym.

A CIGARETTE ADDICT

"An Anxious Mother" asks, "How shall I stop my little boy from smoking cigarettes?" You must neither threaten nor scold him, for that, as a rule, will arouse a spirit of stubbornness and fight. Talk to him lovingly of the danger of the habit; furnish yourself with facts which will convince him of the danger of his course. It will not be enough to simply tell him it is a bad habit, you must give him evidence of the strongest character which will convince his judgment. When this is done there is a chance that you will get him to quit, but he is in the grip of a terrible enemy.

CHURCH MEMBERSHIP

"New Thought" asks, "What should be the qualifications for membership in a Christian church?" All children are qualified for church membership and should be enrolled in infancy as birthright members. As they get older mother and father should teach them about Christ and the gospel, that they may realize the privilege of being members of the church. All adults are qualified for church membership when they renounce of their sins and believe the gospel.

BAD FIRE IN BRANTFORD TOWNSHIP

Barns and Implements on Tennant Farm Destroyed

NEWS FROM PARIS

Town's Soldiers Again Figure in the Canadian Casualties

Yesterday afternoon a disastrous fire occurred on the Tennant Farm occupied by Mr. James O'Reilly and was on the Brantford Tp. While engaged in threshing, fire by some means came through the blower igniting the straw stack which despite every effort soon spread to the barn which was totally destroyed. The barn was 100 ft. long by 30 ft. wide and a small barn beside it, also a drive shed were totally destroyed. The contents of 500 bushels of threshed grain was also at much, in the now unburned, all the season's hay crop, gasoline engine were also lost. The loss will be very heavy. Mr. Tennant will bear the loss of the buildings and Mr. O'Reilly and son the contents.

During the service at the Baptist Church Sunday morning it was announced that by the will of the late Mrs. G.D. Clump the generous sum of \$1,500 had been left to be devoted towards the purchase of the new parsonage on William St. A letter of thanks was sent to Mr. G. W. Clump by the board acknowledging the gift.

Last evening a very enjoyable concert was given in the Congregational Church on behalf of the Paris Station Mission. Miss Eva Clump, formerly of Paris, and very clever pianist gave "Follia" which was interspersed by good local talent.

The "Folkland Women's Institute meeting" is being held this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Austin Clump.

Mr. Harry Hill, organist of the Methodist Church Paris, has been appointed to the position of organist and choir leader of the Paris Baptist Church, Brantford. He will assume his duties in November.

Mr. T. Scott Davidson is holidaying at Burlington.

Mrs. (Mrs.) Midgley has returned from a pleasant visit with her son in Buffalo, N.Y.

Flight Lieut. "Bobby" Crocker of the Royal Aerial Corps is home on a short visit from his recently starting duties. He is a native of Brantford and has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cleeg.

Paris has again been hard hit among its men as will be seen by the following list: Mrs. James Fasken, Elm St. was notified from Ottawa that her husband, Mr. James Fasken, had received gunshot wound in the scalp, on Sept. 5th. Pte. Fasken went overseas with the 125th battalion, and has since been drafted to the 54th battalion.

Ogilvie, Lochead & Co September Sale of Warm Bedding

Comforters, Blankets for Single and Double Beds, White Wool Blankets, Flannelette Blankets

OGILVIE, LOCHEAD & CO.

Do You Break Your Watch Crystals? Unbreakable Watch Crystals

The Royal Loan and Saving Co. 38-40 Market St.

hospital on Sept. 5th, with gunshot wound in his right arm. Mr. Thomas Markle, South Dumfries, was notified that his son, Pte. Lloyd E. Markle was suffering from gunshot wounds in the right hand and was taken to No. 7 Canadian hospital on Sept. 3rd. Pte. Markle went overseas with the 215th battalion.

merical treaties should again be put into operation. The proposal contained no admission that Germany had wronged Belgium nor anything concerning reparation or indemnities. MAIL TO EXCHANGE. By Courier Leased Wire. Washington, Sept. 18.—Wall service to exchange, Russia suspended June 15, has been resumed, but mail for other parts of Russia will not be accepted by the Russians through that port. The post office department announced to-day that Argentinian mail would be accepted subject to each patch by commercial liners and government transports. Mail for certain other parts of Russia is accepted for transmission via the Pacific. Wm. Davies Co., Colborne street, are offering special bargains in fresh meats. Come in and compare our prices. C.F.B. License No. 3-3732.

Le... ONCE MORE... HAY ON MARKET... A CHALLENGE... CORN ROAST... INSIGNIA'S POSITION... CHORUS SOCIAL... In Addition to a Most Modern Complete Eye Exam for Eye Exam... We have an Lens Man... COME IN and Lenses are... JARVIS OPTIC... 128 Colborne... TRUNK... Special P... ON ALL... Travel... Good... On Trunks... Suit Cases... Travelling... NEI... SHOE... 158 Colborne



# Local News

**ONCE MORE.**  
Green tickets have again appeared on the Brantford street cars, but not on the eight-for-a-quarter basis. Six of them is the total handed out and the idea is to use up the old stock.

**HAY ON MARKET.**  
Hay was present on the market this morning to the extent of a few tons and the returns that it brought are slightly in advance of former prices.

**A CHALLENGE.**  
Director Mosley of the Brantford Bicycle Riders' Club has received a challenge from the Victoria Bicycle Riders' Club of Toronto to a ten-mile team race, the team to be composed of six men.

**NIAGARA SUBWAY.**  
The first concrete was put into the Niagara subway pavement this morning. It was found necessary to build a high curb before the laying of the concrete could be commenced in order to keep the earth from washing in.

**CORN ROAST.**  
The members of Wellington St. Methodist Church Choir, with their friends, held a most enjoyable corn roast at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. W. Anderson, West St., last evening. The weather was perfect, and under Mr. A.S. Miller the executive carried out their program most successfully. Games, music and refreshments were the special features.

**RESIGNS POSITION.**  
Miss Bisset of the Niagara Athletic team, which won the city championship last summer, has tendered her resignation as Sports Manager, much to the regret of the team for she has proved herself to be a most capable and active manager by boosting the team to the top. The team has voted, Miss Lilly Martin, delegate, the star runner of the team, who was presented with a special medal for individual effort, as manager.

**CHOIR SOCIAL.**  
The choir of the First Baptist Church were entertained by Mrs. Davies of the Armories to a social on Friday evening last. A very large company was present. After a short rehearsal various games were taken up which created much fun and amusement. Fruit and refreshments were handed round, after which a hearty vote of thanks were given Mr. and Mrs. Davies for their kind hospitality.

**CURB COMPLETED.**  
The work of laying the curb on Richmond street has been completed and the men have been withdrawn for road work throughout the city.

**GRADING ROADS.**  
Work of grading the roads around the Bell Memorial was again commenced this week as soon as the rain ceased and is now completed.

**TWO MORE.**  
Two more houses of the type built on Waterloo St. some time ago have been completed and work has been commenced on a third.

**OILING STREETS.**  
A bill for the work of oiling streets has been sent in by A. Quinlan to the city for the amount of \$48.50.

**TRADES AND LABOR.**  
A meeting of the Trades and Labor Council will be held in the Labor Hall this evening at eight o'clock. There are several important items of importance to be discussed.

**BUILDING PERMIT.**  
A house will be built by Chas. Coulson at 79 Matland street, estimated to cost \$1,000, according to a building permit issued this morning at the city engineer's office.

**CORN ROAST.**  
Their spirits livened by the coolness of the evening the girls of the Niagara Silk Co., accompanied by friends held a corn roast and dance at Mohawk Park last evening. The gathering assembled shortly before dark before a huge fire, and later retired to the dancing pavilion.

**HIT BY BEAM.**  
Mr. Alfred Evans, 274 Brant avenue, sustained painful injuries about the head yesterday afternoon, when an iron beam, which he was holding at the Waterloo factory, fell from a considerable height. Mr. Evans sustained severe scalp wounds, and his face was also badly cut. Dr. Pearson was summoned to attend him, and he was taken to the hospital, but this morning his condition had improved sufficiently to permit of his being removed to his home.

**POLICE COURT.**  
In the Police court this morning over an hour was taken up by a dispute over a horse trade, the evidence was so contradictory that the case was dismissed. Steve Vorush, Geo. Demoyitch, Louis Grubovitch and Roie Grubovitch, arrested on Saturday night, faced a charge of being drunk and violent also that of having liquor in an unauthorized place. He was fined \$200 and costs on the latter charge while the witness assembly were fined \$10 and costs each for being intoxicated.

**MEMBERSHIP DRIVE.**  
The membership committee of the Y.M.C.A. held an enthusiastic meeting last evening when plans were laid for the grand membership drive which will open the fall season, the dates being Oct. 1-4. It will be the greatest effort in years. 200 men and boys will be lined up under two divisions led by two live wires while each division will consist of the teams of ten men each. The drive will open with a supper on Tuesday evening, October 1st.

Chairman Danby and his associates are anticipating even greater measure of co-operation on the part of the members to make the drive the most successful membership campaign in the history of the association.



**J. K. L. ROSS**  
Who has resigned as Chairman of the Pensions' Board, because he objected to the Civil Service Commission appointing the staff of the Pension Board.

**BOYS DEPARTMENT.**  
The work of decorating the Boy's Department rooms at the Y.M.C.A. will be completed today. There will be a grand reopening of the rooms sometime next week.

**CHANGE ROOMS.**  
The Board of Trade rooms are to be moved to another part of the Temple Building in order to provide additional space for their meetings as the present rooms are decidedly too small.

**TREAS STOLEN.**  
What was the surprise of a young man who motored from Paris to spend the evening at Mohawk Park, to find upon returning to his car that two inner tubes were missing. The matter has been placed in the hands of the police.

**FIREMAN RETURNS.**  
M. Rose a former fireman of this city who resigned from the staff about three months ago, has been appointed to the staff at the east end department to take the position left vacant by the resignation of Fireman Weather.

**LANDSOWNE FARR.**  
The work at Landsowne Park continues to make rapid progress in the construction of the dwelling houses. At present there are seven with the roofs on and about thirty foundations laid. There are engaged in the work three civil engineers.

**MR. W. L. HUGHES** is a business visitor in Toronto to-day.

**FIGHT FOR JUST AND STRONG PEACE**  
By Courier Leased Wire  
Paris, Sept. 13.—(Havas Agency). "We will fight until the hour when the enemy comes to understand that bargaining between crime and right is no longer possible," declared Premier Clemenceau in an eloquent address in the Senate last evening. "We want a just and strong peace, protecting the future against the abominations of the past."

The Premier, who was enthusiastically greeted as he took the tribune, was given an ovation as he retired and the Senate voted that his address be posted throughout the country.

In beginning M. Clemenceau spoke of the gratitude the people of the Allied nations feel "towards those marvelous soldiers of the Entente" by whom those nations won their liberation from the barbarian menace. He recalled "the threatening attitude of Germany, hurried pacific France, which had endured for a half century the infamous wounds, brutalities and tyrannies of an enemy who would not forgive us for having saved from the wreck the consciousness of right and our inalienable claims to independence."

He pointed out how without the slightest pretext Germany hurried herself on French territory, devastated the fields of France, burned and pillaged her towns and villages and enslaved her men, women and children. "The enemy thought that victory would cause all this to be pardoned," continued the Premier, "but fortune has changed. The day of glory has come. Our sons are completing the formidable task of their fathers and with brotherly nations are securing a supreme victory. All right-minded humanity is with our troops, who are liberating the nations from the furore of evil force."

**THE CANADIAN FRONT IS QUIET**  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
Paris, Sept. 17 (9 a.m.)—(By J. F. B. Livassy, Canadian Press correspondent). "Quietness prevails along the Canadian front, though only a comparative quietness. There is that in the British ranks to-day which will admit of no return to the old days of settled trench warfare. Both sides are watchful. Raiding continues along the Canal Du Nord, our bag yesterday morning being an officer. There is much shelling, the enemy paying special attention to gas, which he pours over in quantities suggestive of a purpose which does not materialize. Shipping with big guns has become a feature of the present campaign. Night bombing is developing with the moon, but the capable handling of the searchlights on the Canadian front is defeating the enemy's intentions. Last night was an example of the efficiency of this method of blocking the raiders' progress. An intruder back most of them being caught in the rays and held until they scurried to safety. One was brought down in flames, the crew of the bomber taking to parachutes and landing within the Canadian lines. Again today an enemy machine crashed, but its crew saved their lives by parachutes. This idea which is only now under development will not lag if it is worth developing.

Gas bombing is also being indicated in by the enemy. To-day the brigade which distinguished itself by

USE ALL THE BEST THINGS TO SHOP SUCH

## Womens' Greatest Store

E. B. CROMPTON & Co. LIMITED.

### The New Tweed Suitings

Shown in the Dress Goods Section This Week

Fashion pronounces suits of the more practical type for this Fall, more tailored and trimmed than for former times, and no material is so well adapted to this style of suit as tweed.

Some of the most interesting patterns are the brown homespun mixtures and overcheck designs, shown in 54-inch width, and priced at, per yard, \$3.50 to \$4.00

### The Daintiest of Blouse Fashions!

Now Here for Your Selection



So many lovely styles have come in that one must see them to appreciate their extreme newness.

#### Georgette Blouses

at \$6 up

Dainty, Sheer Georgette Crepe Blouses, delightfully trimmed with embroideries and the oddest little buttons, with entirely new lines at the collar, with touches at the cuffs that are new, in plain and color combinations, in taupe, maize, navy, robin egg blue, grey, flesh, pink, white and black. Priced at \$6.00 UP

Smartly cut and well-finished Silk Crepe de Chine Blouses, in heavy quality with new collars, fine tucked and embroidered fronts, long sleeves with novelty cuffs, in shades of white, flesh, peach, maize, etc. Priced at \$5.75 UP

### Good Style

Comfort and Easy Fitting is Characteristic of C C a La Grace Corsets We Are Now Showing

C-C a La Grace Corsets, designed for slight and medium figures, made from splendid quality coutille, medium or low bust and long skirt, many styles with inserts of elastic in front and back. Neatly finished at top with embroidery or lace. Colors white and pink. Prices range from \$1.25 UP Second Floor.

There is one thing we are most concerned about, and that is: Our Customers must go away satisfied.

### Rest Room

Where you may write letters or read the popular magazines, is on the Second Floor.

### Black Dress Goods

Not Only For Mourning Wear, But For Any Wear

These are shown principally in French and British Serges, Tricotine, Cashmere, Venetians and Jersey Weaves. Every piece if sold for pure wool will be so, and absolutely fast dye.

The quantities are limited, early buyers will get the best selection. Prices from \$5.00 per yard, \$1.00 to \$5.00

### New Sweaters

For the Kindergarten Kiddies or the Average School Miss

Children's Sweater Coats, with square collar and two patch pockets; sizes 22 and 24. Colors rose and white, Copen and white. At \$2.00

Boys' School Sweaters, in plain knit with shawl or military collar. Colors are fawn and khaki, grey and maroon, maroon and grey; all sizes. \$3.25

Prices \$3.50 and up Main Floor.

## E. B. CROMPTON & Co., Ltd.

In Addition to Having a Most Modern and Complete Equipment for Eye Examining

We have an up-to-date Lens Manufacturing Plant—on the premises—wherein we grind every kind of spectacle or eye-glass lenses from the raw material.

No need to send out of town, we make it here and quickly.

COME IN and see how Lenses are made.

**JARVIS OPTICAL CO. LTD.**  
CONSULTING OPTICISTS  
128 Colborne Street  
Phone 1255 for appointments

**Whitaker's Bread**  
like the British Navy  
Always in the lead  
Union Made

Canada Food Board License No. 45-1124.

Should again be put the proposal containing that Germany had a navy anything comparable to the British.

**EXCHANGE.**  
Sept. 18.—Mail from Russia suspended and resumed, but mail from Russia will not be dispatched through that office department that Argosel mail subject to such are offered for special liners and ports. Mail for certain Russia is accepted for the Pacific.

**Trunks and Suit Cases**

Special Prices ON ALL Travelling Goods On Trunks, Valises, Suit Cases and all Travelling Goods

**NEILL SHOE CO'Y**  
158 Colborne Street



**NEWS NOTES**

John Reed, editor and Socialist writer, is held by the New York police on \$5,000 bail for alleged breach of the Espionage Act in a recent speech in the Bronx. His work is being reviewed at his preliminary hearing.

To keep the Mount Harmon School for Boys at Northfield, Mass., full the trustees have dropped the age of admission from sixteen to fourteen years. Mount Harmon has a service flag with more than a thousand stars.

Another policeman was killed by the automobile bandits who are terrorizing Colorado Springs and Denver. This brings the total casualties to two.

Frank and Duncan Smith employed in constructing a coliseum, at the head of Salt Lake Marine rapids, were drowned.

Lucius E. Allison of Belleville has been appointed consulting engineer to the nitrate division of the Ordnance Department of the United States army.

Jencks became president of the company and lived in New York until about twenty-eight years ago. The Hamilton police have organized a union.

the capture of Le Quesnel in the Andean fighting received 115 medals from the hands of the corps commander.

**PROMISES MORE PHYSIC.**  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
London, Sept. 18.—In reply to the message sent by Premier Lloyd George to General Pershing congratulating him on the American victory in Lorraine in which the premier had declared it was "better and infinitely more palatable than any physic," the American commander has sent the following telegram: "Your congratulations are deeply appreciated. It shall be the endeavor of the American army to supply you with occasional doses of the same sort of medicine as needed from now until the final victory has been attained. I trust this will find yourself fully recovered from your illness."

**THE SUNDAY JOY RIDERS AND THE BOYS AT THE FRONT.**  
Put your country before pleasure on Sunday. It is a day of rest, let it also be a day for the saving of gasoline and money. The urgent need of the Allies should be sufficient to assure a ready compliance on your part. When sacrifice is expected of all, to ask the motorist to forego a little Sunday pleasure is a small request. You can serve the Allies very materially by not starting your motor. Its absence on the roads this Sunday will be a strong omen for victory. Those who are not with the boys at the front are against them. The Sunday joy-ride is not with them.

**FOUNDED 1874.**  
**The Brantford Conservatory of Music**  
REOPENS SEPTEMBER 3rd, 1918.  
Corner of Nelson and Queen Streets, Brantford, Ont.  
Oldest and one of the best equipped Conservatories in Canada.

**DEPARTMENTS:**  
Music in All Branches Dancing and Department  
Art Private School Elocution  
Musical Examinations held. Certificates and Diplomas granted  
W. NORMAN ANDREWS and T. C. THOMAS, Musical Directorate.

British Soldiers being rushed up to the front to augment the great drive which is now breaking the Hindenburg line.



to two policemen killed, one probably fatally wounded, and three slightly injured.

Professor Maxime Bocher, of the mathematical department of Harvard University, died suddenly at his home, 48 Buckingham street, Cambridge, Boston August 28, 1887. He studied at Harvard and at Göttingen, Germany.

I. W. W. leaders have called a strike in Butte mines to tie up the metal production as a protest against the conviction at Haywood. They declare 2,000 men are out.

Mary Irves Todd, a well-known New York authoress, has been arrested and will face a charge of writing seditious letters. The state of her mind will be investigated.

Roderick Mackey, of Los Angeles, Cal., was chosen president of the National Association of Stationary Engineers at the closing session of their annual convention at Cincinnati.

Mayor Galvin, of Cincinnati, has offered reinstatement to the striking policemen. During the strike Boy Scouts directed traffic at busy corners, and there is no record of conviction at any point.

Daniel Fields, a retired member of the New York Fire Department, died at his home, 575 Broome street. He was born in Canada fifty-six years ago, and for thirty-seven years had lived in Greenwich village.

A big farm tractor demonstration is in progress at Cobourg.

Captain Wells, of the tug S.O. Dixon, was washed overboard and drowned some twenty miles from Kingston.

Frank and Duncan Smith employed in constructing a coliseum, at the head of Salt Lake Marine rapids, were drowned.

Lucius E. Allison of Belleville has been appointed consulting engineer to the nitrate division of the Ordnance Department of the United States army.

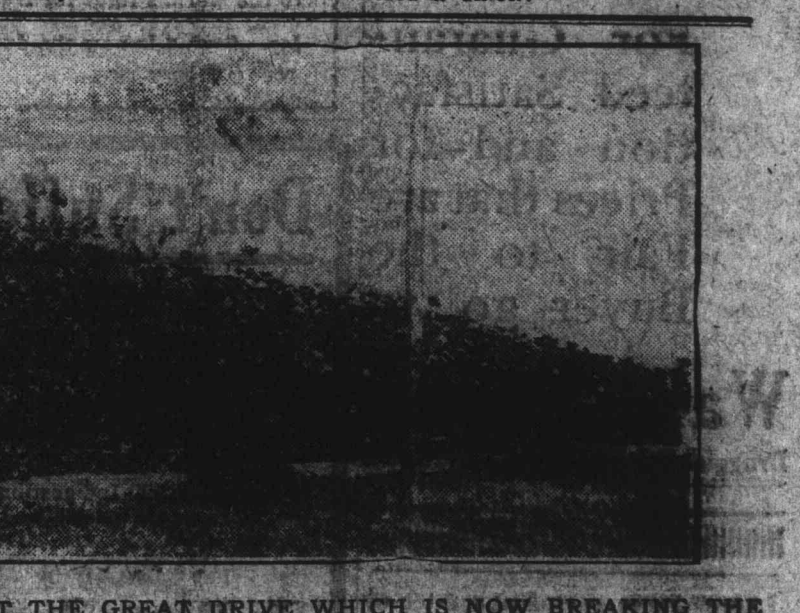
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British Soldiers being rushed up to the front to augment the great drive which is now breaking the Hindenburg line.



TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Lath hand, also night watchman. Apply Superintendent Gould Shapley Muir & Co. M37

WANTED—Ford car with good engine, to be converted into truck. Apply Courier Box 395. M/W

WANTED—Housekeeper, 56 Mt. Pleasant street. F36

WANTED—Circular wood saw outfit. State price and particulars. Apply Box 304 Courier. M/W41

USED CLOTHING bought and sold. Highest cash prices paid. See our line of used men's clothing and furnishings. H. Cohen, 154 Market St. C18 Oct.

WANTED—Experienced farm hand Oak Park Farm. Phone 1102. M35

FOR SALE—White rattan baby buggy, almost new. Apply 181 William street. F35

LOST—Last Thursday black enamel fraternity pin with skull and cross bones and pearl border. Return to Courier. Reward. L31

CARD OF THANKS. Mr. and Mrs. W. Armstrong wishes to thank their many friends for the sympathy extended to them in their recent and sad bereavement.

DIED

SQUIRE—In Brantford on Monday, Sept. 16, John Squire in his 76th year. Funeral will take place from his late residence, 27 Charlotte St., Thursday, Sept. 19, at 2 p.m. in Greenwood cemetery. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

REID & BROWN Funeral Directors and Embalmers 814-816 Colborne St. Phone 459 Residence 441

H. B. BECKETT Funeral Director and Embalmer 188 DAHOUSSET STREET Phone 207-3 & 4 DARTING ST.

H. S. PEIRCE & CO. Funeral Directors and Embalmers successor to H. S. Petro 75 Colborne Street Prompt and courteous services, day and night. Both phones 800 W. A. THORPE. O. J. THORPE

UPHOLSTERING All kinds of Upholstering William & Hollinrake Phone 107-2 and 4 Darling St. Opera House Block 614-616 Colborne Street

Olympia Ice Cream ALWAYS FRESH AND VELVET TRY IT ONCE PHONE 517

WANTED

People that have been pronounced incurable to know that we are curing the worst diseases after all other methods fail. No drugs, no knife used. Let us prove it for you. Dr. B. L. Hanselman, Chiropractor, 222

For Excellence in Optical Service

For Guaranteed Satisfaction and for Prices that are Fair to the Buyer go to Ward Simpson Drugist 28 Market St. Optician

Leroy Jones, a student aviator of the Naval Corps, was drowned by the upsetting of a canoe in Crystal Bay, C.E.P. 1918. His companions were rescued.



CAPT. J. HYDE BENNETT Toronto Officer, who has been given an appointment to the Toronto Company in the Siberian Expedition.

PEACE OFFENSIVE IS CLOSED MATTER

U. S. Willing to Confer Only With a Beaten Germany

Washington, D.C., Sept. 17.—Austria's peace offensive is a closed incident so far as the American Government is concerned. Secretary Lansing sent to the Swedish Minister to-day the note authorized last night by President Wilson flatly rejecting in two short sentences the proposal of the Austro-Hungarian Government for secret and non-binding peace discussions. It was started on the cables at once for transmission to Vienna by the Foreign Office at Stockholm. The President's action, including the precedent-setting brevity of the reply and the promptness with which it was delivered—drew expressions of approval during the day everywhere in Washington, at the Capitol, among officials and throughout the allied diplomatic corps. Similar responses from the other nations at war with Germany are expected to follow quickly. In the Senate, Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, Republican floor leader, and the ranking minority member of the Foreign Relations Committee, voiced the feelings of Congress on the subject in a prepared speech heartily approving the President's course, as both wise and right. The United States, the Senator said, can talk peace only to a Germany beaten and deprived of power further to harm a wronged world. On the House side, Representative Fess, of Ohio, chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, spoke in approval, declaring that the quick reply might "far upon diplomatic ears, but is justified as a rebuke to the double dealing of our enemy."

Unqualified rejections of the Austria offer from all the allies will be in accordance with the general policy which has governed the Entente powers and America in meeting the German peace offensives. Prompt action is regarded as the surest means of defeating the underlying purpose of the Central Powers to shake the allies and develop fatal weaknesses by the encouragement of the expression of the individual aims and views of the separate states. Foreign Minister Balfour's comment yesterday is accepted in Washington as a sufficient indication of the attitude of Great Britain, and it is not doubted similar expressions will be forthcoming from other Entente capitals in the next few days.

Regarding this phase of the peace campaign as practically closed, the Administration is now closely watching for the next move on the part of the enemy, for it is not believed that they will abandon their efforts.

Special low prices at Davies, Colborne street, for fresh choice beef. Come in and compare our prices.

READ THE FINGERBOARD The fingerboard for service stands by our roadway to-day. Every Canadian farmer, the merchant, the professional man and the preacher—all can add weight to our mighty effort at this time. Be loyal enough to the nation's big enterprise, to your own best interests, and to the world's fight for freedom, to save another dollar. Fighting is now the duty that lies next us.

Don't Suffer DR. BANTA'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS Prevent Acid Fermentation and Catarrh of the Stomach They give sure, quick relief to sufferers of indigestion or the more advanced state—Dyspepsia. For Sale Only by Buller Bros. CUT RATE STORE

GIANT BRITISH SUPER-PLANES

Enormous Carrying Power of the Dreadnoughts of the Air

CARRY BOMBS INSIDE

An Aldrome Somewhere in England, Sept. 8.—In giant hangars ranged along the side of this air-drome are to be found a squadron of the super-dreadnoughts of the British air navy. Many pictures of these great bombing machines have been published along with some details of their great size and weight, but it is safe to say that few people, even in England, have any very clear idea as to what these machines are like.

To be able to examine one at close quarters is naturally not a privilege open to many people, and yet it is possible by such close inspection that one can grasp what a mighty thing this giant airplane is, which has accomplished such feats as flights to Constantinople and Egypt, and has taken more than twenty people to a height of 7,000 feet with the greatest ease. The Associated Press correspondent reached the air-drome just as one of the big machines was preparing for a trial flight. At rest it suggested nothing so much as an enormous black grasshopper. It was impressive and yet almost uncanny merely by reason of its size. Seated in the nose of the machine, the pilot looked extraordinarily small and insignificant, and it was hard to believe that he could control the great planes and machinery belonging to the machine. He was in the cockpit and around him in the cockpit were the many instruments for control and bomb-dropping.

Carry Bombs Inside. To reach the front seats the passenger climbed up a ladder under the body of the machine and then scrambled through a trap-door. There is plenty of room to move about inside, although much space is taken up with the stores of bombs, all of which are securely fastened inside the machine. By keeping the bombs inside the body no extra wind resistance is offered during flight, and this is said to be a notable advance in a machine of this size. As yet, the bomb cases in a space which might well be called a cabin, and here there is accommodation for several runners and their guns. To convert this space in peacetime into a passenger saloon seating a dozen persons would be a simple task.

Each engine has a little "house" to itself on either side of the main body, and the gasoline is pumped to the engine from two large tanks fixed above the bomb cases. Searchlights are fixed on the tips of the wings and under the pilot's seat for night flying. The whole craft is so large that to move it on the ground, without the help of its own engine it is necessary to employ a special tractor-automobile. Yet in the air this giant airplane is very easy to fly, and the engine room two engines is required to see that it has a wonderful future before it. The present model has, of course, been designed expressly for war purposes, but it has enormous possibilities for peace use.

Sporting Comment

HAMS HANGING BACK.

Whether their reluctance is due to conscientious scruples as to the laws of life O.B.A.A., or to plain cold feet, the Hamilton Beavers, champions of that city, are not at all anxious to face Frank and Letchworth's "with Johnson in the box, and are threatening to refuse to play to-day's game if Johnson pitches. The fallacy of the Hamilton argument that the twirler in question was signed by the Malleables after August 1, has already been proven, but The Hamilton Spectator last night said: A. J. Waite, president of the H.A. B.A. and Hamilton representative on the Ontario body, declared this morning that the game at Brantford tomorrow would not be played if the Malleables insisted on playing Johnson.

"I called up President Smith, of the O.B.A.A., on the 'phone' this morning, and while he admits that Johnson was not eligible under the Ontario constitution, he claimed that they should stretch a point, as it was Brantford's first year in the association, and the Telephone City boys should be encouraged. But President Waite at noon to-day. "We have forced the teams in Hamilton to live up to the rules, and I see no reason why the youngsters on the Beaver team should be asked to go up against a pitcher who was called into service a month later than the constitution allows. The matter of encouraging Brantford may sound good, but it is not fair to encourage such discourtesy to the Beavers, who are all young players, and need just as much encouragement as the Malleables or any other team. No matter what view Mr. Smith may take, we are going to stick by our rights and we will not play."

The manager of the Beavers had not been consulted on the matter at noon, and his view on the matter may change matters somewhat. It has been suggested that the game be played under protest, and not allow it to go by default, and that is likely what will happen if the Brantford champions insist on playing Johnson. Special low prices at Davies, Colborne street, for fresh choice beef. Come in and compare our prices.

INCREASE MEMBERSHIP OF MERCHANTS' CLUB

Campaign to Enroll All the Dealers of City is Being Planned

The membership of the Telephone City Merchants' Club is to be increased. This was decided at the last meeting since the preliminary adjournment of the Board of Trade Rooms last evening. A membership campaign among the merchants of the city is to be carried out at once, and Mr. W. D. Christianson was appointed chairman. The use of a special merchant's club emblem also received considerable discussion by the members present.

Several communications were read by Secretary J. T. Townsend, including a letter from the Retail Clerk's Association, thanking the merchants for the action they had taken in respect to the extension of the Wednesday half-holiday to include September. The matter of having educational lectures held was among the first to receive discussion. Some of the members seemed to favor Frank Stockdale as the one to invite here. This, however, was not decided upon as the majority of the members were inclined to have some one nearer home, preferably from Hamilton.

Certain merchants of the city had agreed with the others to close on Wednesday afternoon during September, and had not kept their agreement. It was claimed, some merchants were in the habit of keeping the lights in their windows after the allowed hour. Others, if they let them to dress a window were made to shut them out by the police, which they considered unfair. One of the merchants had heard of the Windsor merchants being allowed to use their lights whenever they wanted to, and asked for an explanation thereof. This, it was explained, was due to the fact that there were no munition factories running on electric power in that city and Windsor's peak load was not used during the day as is Brantford's and other manufacturing-cities.

Membership Campaign. Mr. W. D. Christianson then outlined the plan of the membership campaign. The club had very few members at present, compared with what it should have. It was originally intended to have this campaign last summer, but later it was decided to postpone the event until this fall. All the merchants should belong to the club as it was looking after the interests of all. Advantages that it had secured had affected all the merchants in the city, and in order to make the club more influential it was necessary to have the co-operation of all the merchants in the city, hence the membership campaign.

The last matter to be discussed was the emblem of the club. An emblem had been decided on at their last meeting and the matter now was to decide upon its procuring. It was decided to obtain the emblems and to display them in the windows of stores expressly for the club. This would tend to increase the trade of the membership in the city, and also the membership. In this connection a committee composed of Messrs. Conway, Powell and Henderson was appointed to procure the emblems and to design of the emblem.

WILSON IDEALS SUBMITTED TO LABOR CONGRESS

Fourteen Points Outlined by President May be Endorsed

By Courier Leased Wire London, Sept. 17.—The American delegates to the Inter-Allied Labor and Socialist Conference today presented proposals that the conference endorse the 14 points laid down by President Wilson as the conditions on which peace may be established, and maintained.

In an address to Congress on last January 8, President Wilson outlined 14 points as comprising the American program for world peace. The points were: Open covenants of peace; freedom of navigation upon the seas; establishment of equal trade conditions among nations consenting to the peace; reduction of armaments; impartial adjustment of colonial claims; the evacuation of all Russian territory to its free and independent people; restoration of Belgium; the surrender of all French territory, and wrong of Alsace-Lorraine to be righted; the peoples of Austria-Hungary to be given the freest opportunity of autonomous development; Romania, Armenia, Georgia and Azerbaijan to be evacuated and restored; nationalities under Turkish rule to be assured security of life and the Dardanelles to be free; an independent Polish state to be erected with access to the sea; a general association of nations to be formed to afford mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity.

ORLANDO IN PARIS. Paris, Tuesday, Sept. 17.—(Euras Agency)—Premier Vittorio Orlando today arrived in the morning. He was received by Premier Clemenceau and the Italian ambassador.

Ladies' Tailoring and Dressmaking. J. M. YOUNG & CO. Quality First Carpets, Rugs and Curtains

Autumn Announcement From the Housefurnishing Department

At no Time of the Year the Interior of the Home is Quite as Important as the Autumn, When One Lives More Indoors. A New Rug, Curtains or Draperies will likely be required This Season, and our Housefurnishing Department Offers Unusual Merchandise at Prices Considerably Lower Than the Present Market Value.



Axminster Rugs

Extra heavy pile Axminster Rugs, in Oriental patterns, in all shades of brown, blue, tan, rose. In sizes 9 x 12, 9 x 10-6, 9 x 9, 9 x 6-3, 10-6 x 6-9, 7-6 x 4-6. The prices range from \$52.50 to \$17.50

Runners and Hearth Rugs to match, in sizes and prices as follows:

- Size 36" x 63" At \$ 8.00
Size 27" x 54" At \$ 5.25
Size 27" x 12' At \$17.50
Size 27" x 10-6 At \$15.00
Size 27" x 9-0 At \$12.75
Size 27" x 7-6 At \$10.00



Real Scrim and Irish Point Curtains, in 2 1-2, 3, and 3 1-2 yard lengths, also a few pairs of real Pointarab. Prices range from \$18.50 per pair down to \$6.50

A special shipment of English Nets were put into stock this week, which includes some very beautiful designs in white, cream and ecru; 40 to 50 inches wide. 35c

J. M. Young & Co.

BRAVE WOMAN HELPS ALLIES

Made Way Through Hun Lines With Important Information

With the American Army in Lorraine, Monday, Sept. 16.—The devotion of a French woman to her country was recorded last week at one of the American headquarters, to which a woman, whose name cannot be mentioned, has made her way through shellfire and over a section filled with gas and traps to bring the Allies information concerning the Germans.

With her mother and younger brother the young woman, who is not yet twenty, had lived at Soulevre Farm since the day it fell into the hands of the Germans four years ago. Four other brothers are in the French army. The mother, daughter and boy were forced to remain within the German lines and witness the day by day convention of their property into a German club-house. During those four years the two women endeavored to escape rather than to antagonize their captors. From German officers, who frequented the farm the young woman learned information which she recognized to be of the utmost importance.

YANKS "BAWLED" GERMAN CAPTIVES

"Is This the Road to Paris?" Prisoners Landing in England Were Asked

Southampton, Sept. 8.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—A party of twenty German officers, prisoners of war, found an unusual reception awaiting them in Southampton. An American regiment was resting by the avenue, on its march from the ship to camp, when the German officers were escorted past. Their progress through a half mile of Yankies was embarrassing. The latter enjoyed the occasion immensely, but not so the German officers. "Is this the road to Paris?" shouted another. "How do you like crossing the channel?" was another query. "Have you any message for the Kaiser and the Crown Prince when we get to Berlin?" was another. The Germans plodded steadily on in silence, keeping their eyes on the ground.

Wedding Bells

NONA LIVERY. Amid beautiful surroundings at Wesley Church, Miss Hazel Lavery and Cadet C. V. Noble of the Royal Air Force were united in marriage by Rev. W. E. Marshall at 4.30 yesterday afternoon. The happy couple were unattended and were made the recipients of many beautiful presents.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

LABORITES TAKE HOLIDAY

Quebec, Sept. 18.—The delegates to the Trades and Labor Congress in convention here relaxed to-day. They spent the morning and afternoon in trine by steamer to the Quebec bridge and other places of interest in the vicinity. For to-night a program of entertainment has been prepared for the visitors by the local unions.

THE PILOT NOT DEAD

If the Pilot Height He C self Out o

(By O) The first thing those apparently acrobatics called they are not dancing the aeroplanes. Given he pilot can pull the any "stunt" long the ground. The chimes help the pilot to anxiety to rest flying position.

A second accident how stunt is a fighting flyer. who is adroit at to win over the handling his own fighting depends upon brisk stunter has the tricks whereby versary's fire and position for recovery more extensive these evolutions of victory.

Leaping, which all you understand safest stunts, if do height. The pilot, diving a short time, speed, and then pilot stick hard, ca to roar vertically. When he is upside the engine. As he gently out of the engine on again a steep descent should a steep dive as if great a strain upon when the sudden takes place.

A vertical "bank" manoeuvre—that is machine leaning d steeper than forty-hoops such evolutions banks, nose down, "zooming" (a sudden when flying level) ordinary advanced stunting. Tail spinning, the rolling and the fall within the powers pupil. Their ultimate ways the same; to pilot confidence in his ability to man chine speedily into fenest positions.

Indeed, it is not once of an enemy ties are required. T stunting has experience in every con and at every possible mishap occur in n at once the proper to make; and he constant practice, a call. Thus stunting, al mind the proviso of to a safe amusement also the means to accident occur or ing for life and v enemy scout.

DEPUTY By Courier Leased Paris, Sept. 17.— Deputy Abel Fery was wounded by an explosion in the trench. He died last night in the front, where he Deputy Fery was same shell which of Deputy Gaston D a lieutenant of F Fery was elected t Danthes from the cal Socialist.

FERTILIZER

FOR THE HIGHEST LOWEST

Dou & F 7 Georg Both 'Ph



# AIR STUNTS ARE NOT DANGEROUS

If the Pilot Has Sufficient Height He Can Pull Himself Out of Any Hole

(By Observer)  
The first thing to realize about those apparently hazardous aerial acrobatics called "stunts" is that they are not dangerous at all, providing the pilot has sufficient height. Given enough height, a pilot can pull the machine out of any "stunt" long before she reaches the ground. Moreover, most machines help the pilot and show a positive anxiety to regain their normal flying position.

A second point is that to learn how to stunt is necessary to the flying flyer. The pilot who is adroit at manoeuvres gains to win over the man less nimble at handling his machine. Success in air fighting depends upon position. The best stunter has at his disposal all the tricks whereby he evades an adversary's fire and jockeys him into position for evolutions his opponent more extensive his knowledge of these evolutions the better his chance of victory.

Looping, which looks perilous until you understand it, is one of the safest stunts, if done at a reasonable height. The pilot usually begins by diving a short distance to gather speed, and then pulls back the control stick hard, causing the machine to rear vertically upward and over. When he is upside down, he cuts off the engine. As he descends he pulls gently out of the dive and switches the engine on again. The preliminary descent should be gentle, and not a steep dive as this would put too great a strain upon the machine when the sudden upward motion takes place.

A vertical "bank" is also an easy manoeuvre—that is a turn with the machine leaning over at an angle steeper than forty-five degrees. During such evolutions as vertical banks, nose-dives, spiral descents, "zooming" (a sudden upward leap when flying level) belong rather to ordinary advanced flying than to stunting.

Tail spinning, the corkscorer spiral, rolling and the falling-leaf are stunts within the powers of the advanced pupil. Their ultimate object is always the same: to give the fighting pilot confidence in himself and in his ability to manoeuvre his machine speedily into offensive and defensive positions.

Indeed, it is not only in the presence of an enemy that these qualities are required. The skilled pilot in stunting has experience of his machine in every conceivable position, and at every possible angle. Should a mishap occur in mid-air he knows at once the proper correcting move to make; and he makes it, through constant practice, almost automatically.

This stunting, always bearing in mind the proviso of height, is not only a safe amusement in itself, but is also the means to safety should an accident occur, or when one is fighting for life and victory against an enemy scout.

**DEPUTY DEAD.**  
By Courier Leased Wire  
Paris, Sept. 17.—(Havas Agency).—Deputy Abel Ferry, who was wounded by an exploding shell in a first line trench early this month, died last night in an ambulance near the front, where he had been cared for.

Deputy Ferry was wounded by the same shell which caused the death of Deputy Gaston Dumesnil, who was a lieutenant of infantry, and which killed outright a French captain, M. Ferry was elected to the Chamber of Deputies from the Vosges as a radical Socialist.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
RHEUMATISM  
BRIGHT'S DISEASE  
DIABETES  
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# BRITISH ELECTION NOW A CERTAINTY

Results Expected to Justify Lloyd George Government in Conduct of the War

(New York Times)  
The most dramatic general election Britain has known since the passing of the Reform Bill nearly ninety years ago is forecast for the coming fall or early winter. It will be dramatic because the forces of the world are largely involved in it, because of the vast uncertainty which is the accompaniment of votes for women, and because for the first time in history the permeating influence of another country, namely, America, will be felt throughout the length and breadth of the land.

Owing to the war the existence of the British House of Commons has been prolonged beyond its statutory limit of five years, and those who urge an early election say that it is necessary to get fresh blood from the contest with a new, revived spirit in the House of Commons in view of the heavy demands in virility, outlook, and judgment required by the crucial period of the war. On the other hand, there are opponents of a general election, who say that it must inevitably be a war election, verging into a jingo election, in which all who do not see eye to eye with the existing Government will be branded as pacifists or worse. They say it will be a Lloyd George election and that legitimate currents of thought and criticism will be stopped by the belligerent campaign with which he will sweep the country.

A peculiar situation exists in the Government, which, led by Lloyd George, a radical fighter, is composed chiefly of Conservatives, with a strong leaning of labor men. Out of the Government are many of the old Conservative leaders, such as Lord Lansdowne, also the bulk of the official Liberals led by Mr. Asquith, a little group of Socialist pacifists, and also Mr. Arthur Henderson, a trade union leader, who, while strongly for the war, has shown tendencies toward a discussion of peace conditions which are regarded by some of his colleagues as useless if not dangerous, at the present moment.

Each and all of these groups will be in some way critical of Lloyd George, some of them believing that they could conduct the war better than he can. Lloyd George, without any party behind him, but with the genius of his personality in place of it, has a tremendous hold on the country in general.

Here let it be said that whatever the cross-currents and contending sections in British politics, there is no group worth considering in numbers which wants a peace abort of complete victory over Germany. There are scattered individuals, as there have been from the start, with pacifist tendencies, but it would probably be an over-estimate to say that there are 50,000 people out of the 45,000,000 population who would agree to or desire any kind of arrangement with Germany which would leave her anything but a decidedly defeated nation.

At the same time one has to reckon with the fact that the enthusiasts following the banner of Mr. Lloyd George will with deep conviction and the utmost genuineness condemn all who are not wholeheartedly in his support as being pacifists, without going any further. It can be seen that the welter of opinion, personal and political, makes the outcome somewhat of a riddle.

The Prime Minister is a great fighter, but he will have to encounter many difficulties. It is a trait of the British people that while doggedly united among themselves against outsiders they watch with a stern and critical eye those whom they place in authority over their destinies.

There is undoubtedly a bitter spirit among sections of the labor community against Mr. Lloyd George on various grounds, one of them being his iron handed treatment of various matters connected with the war industry. Despite the

**OLD-TIME REMEDY MAKES PURE BLOOD**  
Purify your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has been and still is the people's medicine because of its reliable character and its wonderful success in the treatment of the common diseases and ailments—scrofula, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, general debility.  
Hood's Sarsaparilla has been tested forty years. Get it today.



THE CREW OF A TANK INSPECTING A CAPTURED ANTI-TANK RIFLE. The Allied Armies owe a big debt of gratitude to the tanks for the fine work done by them and their long-suffering crews in the recent fighting. On many occasions it was their support which definitely set the tide running in our favor. The much-discussed anti-tank rifle used by the Germans had no effect when put into use, the tanks being apparently impervious to anything short of high explosives. Above is seen one of the weapons in question, with its intended victims: it fires a cartridge about 5 inches long, and has a 1-2 bore.

fact that he has in his Ministry strong and level-headed leaders like Mr. Clynes, the defection of Mr. Henderson must not be disregarded. Mr. Henderson is a dour north countryman, a partisan in character and obstinacy, and one, moreover, who by his past record of trade union leadership with its mixture of tenacity and moderation appeals tremendously to a British workman.

Moreover, however he may be criticized for his policy his patriotism is beyond doubt. His three sons enlisted in the army at the very outset of the war. One of them, Captain David Henderson, a gallant, dashing youth, was shot dead while leading his men in an attack, and his second son, Willie Henderson, was wounded in the trenches in the very early stages of the war. It is the known patriotism of Mr. Henderson which will lend him some strength in the coming election and when he makes criticism against the government.

These considerations must be added the factor of the new woman vote. The male electorate in 1915 was 8,350,000. The woman voters will number at least 6,000,000. The figures themselves have significance. Ever more important is the question of how this new class of voters will choose their party or their section at the polls. Undoubtedly a great number of them will vote as their men-folk at home vote, but there will be vast numbers who will exercise an independent judgment. The labor movement which has always kept women suffrage to the front in its program, may likely enough carry a tremendous amount of these women votes. This section will be split in the various camps of the labor leaders.

Mr. Lloyd George's recently well-deserved tribute to the women, with their widespread and historic efforts for the war, indicated the general feeling, but among the women, too, there will be a great number of stay-at-home, wives and mothers in addition to those engaged in non-war occupations and all these have to be taken into account. What are they going to do? How are they going to divide themselves? Will the great majority of them support Mr. Lloyd George and his Ministry? Such are the questions which force themselves upon those who watch British affairs.

There is still another consideration which has never before entered in the field of British politics. America's intervention in the war, her colossal efforts, the success with which she has flung huge armies across the Atlantic in the fight for freedom, the inspiring utterances of President Wilson, all these things have stirred the soul of the British nation to its depths. To phrase the matter colloquially, pro-Americanism is rampant. A man who insulted the American flag in London would be as likely to be lynched as in Manhattan.

It is an extraordinary state of affairs such as sometimes sets adrift all the calculations of statesmen.

It is impossible to avoid the conclusion, that the position of America will play a great part in the coming British election.  
A story shows which way the wind blows. Recently there was a by-election, at which a candidate, subsequently triumphantly elected, after a preliminary sentence or two, occupied the whole of election address with messages from President Wilson's speeches and announced that they comprised his policy with regard to the war. The attitude of America will certainly be brought into the contest. I should not be surprised to see every section trying to make ground reason of this policy or that policy from the United States. There will undoubtedly be varying interpretations of President Wilson's announcements. The labor movement as a whole is enthusiastic for the policy, and there have been indications here and there of an attempt to set up portions of it as more worthy of following than the policy of Mr. Lloyd George. Some radicals may take the attitude also, and possibly even some Conservatives. On the other hand, Mr. Lloyd George's champions will see in the President's words an indictment of all that Mr. Lloyd George stands for and is battling for.

What the outcome may be no man can say except this and it may be said with the utmost assurance that the vote of Britain, male and female, among whatever groups of politicians it may be divided, will be unwaveringly, passionately, will be the victory without which the blood sacrifices of the British people will have been in vain.

**GOLFING TOURNAMENT.**  
By Courier Leased Wire  
Montreal, Sept. 17.—George Lyon made the best score yesterday at Dixie on the first score of the first annual tournament of the Senior's Golf Association of Canada. Mr. Lyon's score was 74 with a handicap of three, making net score of 71. The best score was credited to Dr. F. R. Rutten, who, with a handicap of 18, made 83, leaving a net of 65. The putting competition commenced late in the day, was left unfinished and will be completed to-day. Two best scores were those of Judge Weir and W. I. Fenwick, both 25.

**SAVE OIL AND GASOLINE**  
Whitington, Sept. 17.—The unlimited supply of petroleum now available in the United States is only about seventy barrels for each person, a bulletin issued to-day by the Smithsonian Institution points out in urging the necessity for conservation in the use of oil and gasoline. The bulletin, which is based on an exhaustive survey of the oil resources of the nation, says that under present conditions of mining a notorious high percentage of waste is involved amounting, according to conservative estimate, to nearly 90 per cent. of the total resources.

U.S. War Industries Board has put a ban on all new building construction while the war lasts.

# REFUSED TO ADMIT THAT HE HAD VOTED

Officer Commanding Engineers at St. John's in the Stand in Inquiry

By Courier Leased Wire  
St. John's, Que., Sept. 18.—At the re-opening here yesterday of the investigation into the alleged irregularities practiced by soldiers stationed in local barracks at the last Dominion elections, Major Lawrence, of the Militia Department, Ottawa, was called to produce documentary evidence as to the residence of officers and men who were in St. John's barracks at the time of the last Federal election.  
To shorten the process of determining the addresses, Aime Geffrin, K.C., for the Crown, produced a list presented in parliament last session in reply to a question by a private member. This list contained the Canadian addresses of all the St. John's officers. These the witness verified from his papers. The addresses ran from Halifax to Vancouver, with the larger number Ottawa.  
Lieut. Col. Melville, who gave his residence as Carleton county, N.B., was then called. He said he had been officer commanding the engineers training depot at St. John's since February 5, 1916. "Did you vote at the last Federal election?"  
"I refuse to answer. This is up to you to prove whether I did vote."  
Mr. Justice MacLennan—"The commission will grant you protection. You are obliged to answer under protection."  
E. Fabre, surveyor, K.C., appearing for the government and the accused, protested. He said the witness was not obliged to incriminate himself, and argued the point at length. It was not permissible to compel the witness against whom charges of perjury had been made, to plead guilty to the accusation as a witness. He intimated that there had been animosity on the part of the plaintiff in the case, Joseph Archambault, M.P.  
The judge was obdurate and allowed the question.  
The witness said that he thought he voted at the election.  
"Did you mark a ballot or not?"  
"You have the ballot there. Prove it."  
His Lordship—"We don't care how you voted."  
The witness then made a long statement to the effect that he had not been sworn by the deputy returning officer and had not sworn to the contents of the ballot envelope.

**NEW ZEALANDERS AT NIAGARA**  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
Niagara Falls, Sept. 17.—Premier W.F. Massey, of New Zealand, and Sir Joseph Ward, New Zealand's finance minister, visited this city to-day. Their programme included in speciality of the power plants and a return to Toronto by a C.P.R. train early this afternoon. They will not visit Niagara Camp as expected.

# MANGIN'S ARMY NIBBLES ALONG

Making Progress in Laos Region Despite Great Difficulties

With the French armies in the field, Sept. 16.—Creeping on all fours over plateaux and up ravines dotted with German quick-firers, the French are seeking out hidden machine guns and reducing them with grenades when found.  
General Mangin's troops are making one of the most courageous and most admirable flights of this war south of St. Gobain Forest, against what a French officer has described as a "natural etidat that men have been perfecting for four years."

The French made 600 more prisoners in this region to-day, under conditions of difficulty which can scarcely be appreciated except by persons on the ground. They gained a thousand yards over a front of 2 1/2 miles, which would seem insignificant in proportion to the effort, were the position less important.  
Every hundred yards of an advance made here weakens a pillar in the German resistance in St. Gobain Forest.

An order signed by the General commanding a German division defending this position was found on a prisoner. The document pointed out how vital it was to hold the lines there. "If the height to the east of Lafaux remains in our hands," says the order, "it prevents the enemy from obtaining a view of both sides of the canal from the Oise to the Aisne. If it falls into the enemy's hands it gives him a most favorable point for future attacks."

Reputation or Position?  
"that the division will be able here to maintain its previous reputation, and will hold the position integrally against all attacks."

Advancing from shell-hole to shell-hole, Gen. Mangin's men defeated this crack division and five others that were put into a line over a front of 5 1/2 miles between Allamant and Vailly. In doing so they conquered four caves at the summit of the heights from which the stone was quarried to build the city of Solsons. One of the caves measures 400 by 300 yards, and has a dozen galleries through which an automobile can pass.

An entire German battalion was made prisoner in one of the caves, while in another a Colonel with his entire staff was taken. All the caves were defended by machine guns that were raised to the mouth of the cave to be fired when a halt in the bombardment announced the approach of infantry. This sort of resistance was particularly stubborn at the top of Mont des Singes, where the French troops exterminated the garrison, which belonged to the Fifth Prussian Guard division. They also occupied the Chateau northeast of Vauxhallon definitely, after it had been taken and retaken several times.

All the stone quarries and caves that were not defended to the last by the enemy were mined before they were abandoned. Ten such mines were discovered in time and rendered harmless. Wherever the caves

# NEVER FEELS NEED OF MEDICINE NOW

Tanlac Completely Restored Health Several Months Ago

"Positively, if Tanlac had been made specially for my case it couldn't have relieved me more quickly and completely than it has," said Mrs. Agnew Kerr, who lives at 639 Ossington avenue, Toronto the other day.  
"For several months, she continued, "I was in such a weak and run-down condition from stomach trouble and nervousness that my whole system was affected. My food did not agree with me, I am stronger eating anything I had an uncomfortable feeling in my stomach and would be distressed for hours from the gas that formed from my undigested food. I felt dizzy and nervous a day and many a night I was so restless that I could hardly sleep at all, then I would get up in the morning all worn out and with no life about me, and I was so weak and listless that I could hardly do a thing. I fell off in weight and kept going down and feeling so awful that I said, 'I would have a breakdown if I didn't get hold of something to stop it.'"

"I took three bottles of Tanlac, and it certainly put me right back on my feet again. That nervousness and indigestion now for several months. My food agrees with me perfectly and gives me proper nourishment, and I am stronger eating in every way than I have been in a long time. After Tanlac built me up so wonderfully last spring I stopped taking it and I haven't felt the need of a dose of medicine since."

Tanlac is for sale in Brantford, Robertson Drug Store, in Paris, Apps Ltd., Mt. Vernon A. Voennans, Middleport William Peddie, Oronoda Neil McPhadden

**ENGINEER DROWNED.**  
NO ONE TO RUN TUG  
It with Barges Drifted till Salvaged  
Now Seized for Payment  
Kingston, Sept. 18.—Last night the tug S. O. Dixon and the barges Louisa and Iselwade were seized here for salvage by Francis King, K. C., solicitor for the Keystone Transportation Company. On Sunday night the steamer Keivite of the Keystone line found the tug and barges drifting helplessly in a gale of wind off the Ducks, twenty miles west of here and brought them to port. The engineer of the Dixon, named Walls, of Detroit, had been washed overboard and drowned, and there was no one else to man the engines.

This morning the boats were allowed to proceed to Belleville to discharge their cargoes of molasses, and the owners will likely file bonds in court. Sheriff Dawson accompanied the boats on the trip. The seized vessels were operating for the Pennsylvania Coal & Transportation Co.

were free of mines, conclusive evidence was discovered that the Germans expected to hold them.

A forsmen in the Chris Alplans and Motor Corporation at Buffalo has been indicted for sabotage, and is held in jail.

**SMOKE Master Mason IT'S GOOD TOBACCO**  
Take a plug of fragrant Master Mason, cut a pipe-load of it, fill your pipe and light and enjoy the best, coolest, sweetest smoke of your life.

Now Watch Cedric Uphold the Majesty of the Law.

# THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S (By Wellington.)



## TO GREAT BRITAIN

### Navy Protected America Since the Opening of the War

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger we republish the following notable tribute to Great Britain: "President Wilson is soon to announce a successor to Walter Hines Page as American Ambassador to London. A recent Washington despatch to the Public Ledger said the choice had already been made. We do not know upon whom the honor is to be conferred; but, whoever it may be, we should like him to carry a message to our blood-brothers of the British Isles, and of the far-flung Anglo-Saxon Empire whose sole links are those of love, not only from the Ledger, and its constituency, but from, we confidently believe, the entire American people.

"Our natural, human, pardonable pride in what our own boys have done 'over there,' from the day that Fort Mifflin was captured, to the day that the American military ability by putting in their keeping the sacred gate to Paris, our ambassador may well leave unspoken. He can say, however, that one source of our pride is that the British found them to be chips of the old block, and that a source of even greater satisfaction is the testimony borne so frequently by British and French commentators to the miraculous manner in which fresh American dash and confidence have been shown in their own dogged, war-weary veterans.

"Gratitude of United States. "But what we chiefly hope that our Ambassador will say is that the sentiment that is apparent in our hearts, that transcends all others, is gratitude—gratitude to that great nation, which saw the real meaning of the German menace to all free peoples when the first spiked helmet out the Belgian horizon. If it had not been for Britain, America could never have struck a blow for liberty in this war. The blow must then come when we, for all our peaceful spirit, would have been driven to forge an imperial sword and fight for our lives and liberties. But we would not have been privileged to fight in France—the shambles would have been on American soil. It would not be the Marne that ran red with blood, but possibly the Hudson or the Delaware. Worst of all, we might well have had to fight alone. This escape we owe to the British, and we shall not forget it. And our new Ambassadors can at this moment do no greater service to the cause of allied unity than to tell the British plainly and emphatically that we do know it now and that we shall know it forever.

"The Shield of the Navy. "After this war there will be only three—four at most—possibly but two—first-class military powers in the world. America will be one of them. We shall have a navy of great army; we shall have a navy of superlative strength; we shall be a Goliath industrially; we shall cover the seven seas with our commerce carriers. But we shall not swaggle in our might. We shall ever remember that we grew great because Britannia threw over us the shield of her invincible navy during the months while we considered and doubted, and then slowly awakened to indignation and righteous wrath. We shall not forget the Old Contemptibles of Kitchener's Mob or the gallant Colonial contingents who held the line while we were learning that a meslin bid for the dictatorship of the world included us.

"The Great Jutland Victory. "We shall not forget especially the splendid strategy, the fine daring, the matchless marksmanship that won the great sea victory of Jutland. The hand that wrote the first account of that modern Salamis came near to inflicting a moral defeat upon the victors; for it

ever won. The proof of this is in the sequel. Ever since that glorious day—it looked like a black Friday when the first news came to America—when the whipped and sinking remnants of the German fleet fled for shelter behind Heligoland, not a German battleship has dared to push a challenging prow into the North Sea. Yes, what would have happened had Beatty and Jellicoe failed to sweep the cowards of the Kiel Canal back into their rat holes? American fathers and mothers who have this year watched the dimpled limbs of their little children caressed by the soft waters of the Summer ocean at our hundred resorts can give the answer if they will think. They might have seen these same children tossed on Hun bayonets had the Germans then gained command of the sea.

"Hand and Heart Outstretched. "But the British navy won there, and has ever since kept watch and ward through winter storm—which no landsman can measure—and under tropic suns that turn a steel ship into a floating American flag. Should like our Ambassador to say that we will reverently remember all these things; and that it will never again be necessary for an Englishman to speak in defence of his country while an American is within hearing. English reserve is one of her national characteristics; but her hands are stretched out to us—and the heart is ready to follow. This has been shown of late in a hundred ways, but never more dramatically to the true British eye than when King George flew the Stars and Stripes over Buckingham Palace on the Fourth of July. That was a sight which must have almost brought life to the Washington memorial in grey Westminster. Our Ambassadors will doubtless take many vital and pregnant messages across the seas with him, but none will be more important than the assurance that America appreciates and ardently responds to every such gesture of amity."



**SAVED FROM DEATH BY HIS STEEL HELMET**  
So that all may see what saved his life, the British "Tommy" on his way to the Field Dressing Station, is proudly exhibiting his steel helmet. A piece of shrapnel has torn a hole through it, and has wounded him in the head. Had it not been for the helmet his name might have been among those on the casualty list.

## THE CROPS

The Ontario Department of Agriculture issues the following report on farm conditions.

"The year is as active as can be, and actual results as a rule continue to be well up to or above earlier expectations.

"Owing to the frequent rains of the last two or three weeks, some spring wheat and oats are still out in the stock in some of the more northern districts. One farmer in Norfolk, however, has already marketed 2,000 bushels of oats at 75 cents a bushel.

"Essex reports that native varieties of corn have ripened nicely, and that a large proportion will be saved for seed, but while Delaware corn is still growing, but fears are expressed that some of it may not mature. In several counties in Eastern Ontario some ensilage corn got touched by frost on the night of Tuesday, the 10th, and as a consequence had to be cut early.

"Roots have been growing well again since the late summer rains reported to be shipping turning.

"Some fields of beans in Kent which were being cut had to be left out in the rain, which may mean considerable loss to the crop.

"Farmers have been giving more attention this season to raising their red clover seed, and in the majority of cases the results have been very satisfactory.

"There is considerable enquiry for winter-keeping apples, which are scarce, but fall apples are not in much demand. In Norfolk, where a number of apple organizations exist, No. 1's are selling at from \$4 to \$6.50 a barrel, according to variety.

"The recent rains have given a good start to the newly planted wheat, but have been delaying further seeding. The men are very bitter about it, and the number of farmers are buying stockers and feeders for the spring market at from 10 to 11 cents a lb. One man in

representing Montreal.

"A resolution to the effect that a deputation be appointed to convey greetings to the new Labor Congress proved contentious. Chancellor Davidson was not certain regarding the constitution of the Labor Congress, but pointed out that the church was at all times willing to assist organized labor in every way.

"Principal Vance, Vancouver, declared that the Congress was the largest local or special. There has been considerable demand in Kent for men to harvest beans, corn and tobacco, and some hands from North Carolina are working in the tobacco fields at \$35 a week and board, with travelling expenses both ways paid. Silo filling is also creating a call for help for the next few weeks.

## DEFINE CHURCH'S ATTITUDE TOWARD RETURNED SOLDIERS

### Committee Appointed by the Anglican Synod in This Regard

By Courier Leased Wire.  
Toronto, Sept. 17.—The General Synod of the Church of England in Canada this morning appointed a committee consisting of Dean Starr, Mr. Justice Hodgins, R. W. Allen and Captain Rev. Corring to bring in recommendations as to the church's best policy towards returned soldiers.

Dean Starr in discussing a motion for the appointment of the committee said that in his opinion the lack of expressed appreciation of the sacrifices made reflected very badly on church and government.

"We were all outspoken in urging them to take up this admirable duty, but we have not even a God speed for them when they relinquish their post in the army. The men are very bitter about it," he said. The Synod appointed Chancellor Davidson to replace J. G. Brock on the executive council.

## LABOR TO DEFINE PRINCIPLES FOR RECONSTRUCTION

### Trades Congress Authorizes Declaration as to After-War Problems

By Courier Leased Wire.  
Quebec, Sept. 17.—The Trades and Labor Congress in annual convention at "Columbus Hall" this morning decided to authorize the executive council to draft a manifesto with a declaration of principles for a program of reconstruction after the war as an inspiration to the workers of Canada governing their actions in their future efforts to establish better social and economic conditions. The debate on the question was at times heated, the radical element in the congress appearing to feel that its wishes would not be respected by the council while the officers considered that they were not authorized to outline the policy of the congress it would be equivalent to a vote of censure.

A motion was submitted by J. T. Bruce of Toronto, which asked that a committee of five be appointed to prepare the document. He pointed out that similar action had been taken in the United States, Britain and France.

P. M. Draper, Ottawa, secretary-treasurer of the congress, moved in amendment that the matter be left in the hands of incoming executive council.

The speakers for the faction in the congress which did not favor leaving the matter entirely in the hands of the council were: Michael Buhay, Montreal, and Joseph Taylor, Victoria. The latter moved for a referendum on the matter before it was accepted as a policy of the congress.

T. A. Stevenson, Toronto, said the council would work for no political party in preparing the manifesto and objected to the work on it going to a special committee.

The congress gave Mr. Draper's

It has Proved a Revelation  
—To Millions of Tea Drinkers

# "SALATA"

Rich in Flavor — Absolute in Purity.  
Sealed Packets Only . . .  
Black—Green or Mixed . . .

**TRY IT!**

amendment a large majority. After the vote had been taken Delegate Wheatley, Bankhead, Alberta, asked that the union be represented at the framing of the manifesto.

Hugh Stevenson, Toronto, contended the council would be elected by the Trade Unionists in the convention and not by a "bunch of reds and I.W.W.'s." Mr. Wheatley replied indignantly:

"I am the representative here for 3,000 union men."

P. M. Draper presented his annual report as secretary-treasurer of the congress. It showed the receipts to have been \$25,804, expenditures \$14,442, and balance in bank \$21,000. The membership is now 117,498, an increase of 35,812. The report also indicated a very steady growth of unionism among police forces in Canada, as well as municipal employees. Police forces unionized and affiliated with the congress lately were Montreal, Windsor and Hamilton.

Friends of President Waters to the action to be taken there-to-day by his local on his credentials. A search of the constitution of the congress revealed the fact that Mr. Waters can sit in convention until a successor is appointed, but to be eligible for re-election must be properly credited.

LICENSES CANCELLED.  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
Rio De Janeiro, Sept. 17.—The Brazilian Government has cancelled the licenses of German insurance companies.

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To Obtain This P

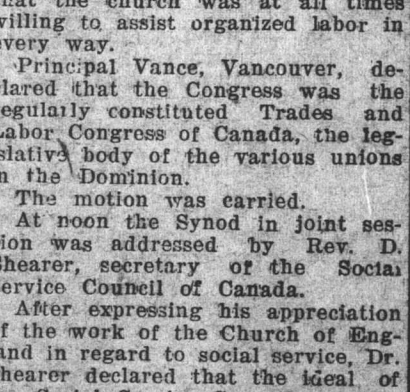
## ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. Cummings, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. Eliza Hays, R. No. 5, Box 68, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try  
**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND**  
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



**Pile up the Surplus**

To win this war every ounce of the strength of each of the allied nations must be put forth to meet the organized, trained and disciplined efficiency of the Central Powers—that gigantic, ruthless force which is the result of fifty years of planning and preparation.

And every ounce of every allied nation's strength is in the hands and brains and hearts of the individuals of each nation, because they are free peoples.

Now the individuals of each nation must live as well as fight, therefore a proportion of the effort and material of each nation must be diverted from war purposes to living necessities.

So the less each individual takes for himself or herself for personal use the more effort will there be left for fighting and winning the war.

Every cent you spend represents that much effort because somebody must do something for you in order to earn that cent—somebody's effort must be given to you instead of to the war.

Therefore the less you spend—the less of somebody's effort you take for your individual use—the more will you leave in the national surplus for war effort.

The war can be won only by the surplus strength of the allied nations. The money each individual saves represents that surplus strength.

So the truly loyal Canadian will use less, spend less, and save more, to help to win the war.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Published under the Authority of The Minister of Finance of Canada.

FOR OVERSEAS

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**WALL**  
in Purity.  
**TRY IT!**

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es, Sep. 17.—Pres-  
has asked Congress  
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difficulties. These  
specially needed in the  
Europe and America.  
has also asked to be  
prohibit the sale of  
sels to other nations  
asures would be oper-  
ing the war.

**BOY NEEDS  
RICH BLOOD**

enables the stomach,  
digestive organs to do  
erily. Without it they  
ere is loss of appetite,  
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and, in general, all  
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## A CUSHY JOB

(By Captain Francis D. Grierson)  
The word "cushy" may not occur in Johnson's Dictionary. I have not got the Doctor's tome by me—but it is singularly expressive. "Soft," "easy," "comfortable"; these do not fall so trippingly from the tongue, somehow. "Cushy"—there is the suggestion of a feather-bed and a cup of tea before you get up out of it.

To the man in the street a cushy job behind the lines means a sinecure, but many a civilian who rightly enough considers himself to be doing himself a full day's work would think twice before he accepted one of the cushy jobs of the men behind the lines in France.

There is a Sergeant-Major I know of, a hard-bitten man whose front-line experiences would make an interesting volume if he could be got to talk about them; he is now at a certain headquarters miles behind the fighting line and holds what is considered a cushy job in the opera.

Like the gentlemen in the opera, he rises early in the morning and has already done a good piece of work when the orderly comes to tell him that his breakfast is ready. He usually called away to the telephone more than three times during the meal.

Fed, he returns to his office, lights his pipe, and orders seriously upon the labors of the day there is correspondence to be sorted, registered and passed to the officers or others concerned; orders are received and every conceivable subject seen under the sun; his telephone appears to suffer from nerves. He receives a continuous stream of callers.

"Sergeant-major, Colonel A. wants a car at two-fifteen to go to—"  
"Sergeant-major, the M.O. has come and he says Corporal B. must be sent to the hospital at once."  
"Sergeant-major, Major B. says his telephone is out of order."  
"Sergeant-major, they've hung up about that return of B. 11 men attached for light duties—"  
"Sergeant-major, the military police want to know if—"  
And so on and so on.

After dinner he finds time to go about the camp a little while and visit the mess and the cook-house, and incidentally endeavor to solve the problem of making four motor-cars do the work of eleven.

Meanwhile despatches of all kinds arrive from time to time and after tea, when the civilian is thinking about knocking off, the Sergeant-Major goes back to his office and takes up his pen again. He usually stops

the nearest thing to a candle and polishes off one or two pressing matters after that.  
Often after he is tucked up in bed he has to jump out of the blankets again to see that no lights are showing and that the men are taking what cover there may be while Gottas circle round looking for camp. What a cushy job!

## Rippling Rhymes

By Walt Mason.  
SELF DENIAL.

I do without a lot of things, because I wish to can such kings as Carl and old Red Bill; as Hoover says, "This man is wise and loyal who'll economize and do it with a will." It's been a grievous hurt to me that I can't sail across the sea and stay my share of Huns; it's made me shed the tears of brine that I can't reach the battle line, all loaded down with duns. When first I suffered from this smart there was rebellion in my heart and I remarked, "By James, it's tough when one who's strong and bold is said to be too fat and old to play these martial games." But now I see that one can aid who does not wield a shining blade, or ply a sawed-off gun; and every time I save some scads I'm backing up our fighting lads, and helping squelch the Hun. I'm wearing last year's mohair suit, and hope this to queer a Teut, and make old Bill despond; the coin I'd spend for raiment gay, for shirts and neckties recherche, will buy another bond. And every bond for which I pay brings nearer still the happy day when triumph will be ours; when our brave boys will homeward come, and we shall make the old town hum, and load them down with flowers.

NEGROES HANGED.  
By Courier Leased Wire.

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 17.—Five negroes, whose sentence to death were pronounced by court martial which tried them for participation in the Houston riots, August 1917, and whose sentences were approved by President Wilson, were hanged at Fort Sam Houston at day-break this morning. No civilians were allowed to witness the executions, which were carried through with great secrecy.

The Hot Weather Test makes people better acquainted with their resources of strength and endurance. Many find they need Head's Sarsaparilla which invigorates the blood, promotes refreshing sleep and overcomes that tired feeling.

## LADY'S TUNIC WAIST.

By Anabel Worthington.

This is called a tunic waist because there is no under skirt included in the pattern, but it may be worn over any narrow foundation. It is an excellent idea for making over a dress from another season. The design in soutache braid is very effective and adds much to the attractiveness of the garment, but it is really not difficult to carry out. The tunic is open at each side as far as the waist line. There is a deep V which runs below the belt at the front, and this is filled with an inset waist braided to match the tunic. A beaming collar of satin stands up about the face. The long, tight-fitting sleeves are trimmed with buttons to the elbow.  
The lady's tunic waist pattern No. 2687 is cut in five sizes—24 to 42 inches bust measure. As on the figure, the 36 inch size requires 3 1/2 yards 36 inch or 2 1/2 yards 54 inch material, with 1/4 yard 32 inch contrasting goods. Price, 10 cents.



To Obtain This Pattern Send 15c to The Courier Office, or two for 25c.

## Our Fall Lines of Wall Papers! Are Now Complete

The Patterns are beautiful. The colorings lovely, and the values are even better than previously, but this condition will not continue long, as prices will advance again very shortly.

## J. L. Sutherland

"Paper Hangings and Window Shades"

The Germania Cigar Company, 457 Broadway, New York, was fined \$5,000 for hoarding sugar.



THE CORNERSTONE OF THE GERMAN POSITION  
Dotted line shows old Hindenburg line. Solid black line shows allied line of Sept. 9th. If the Germans are forced to give up this position, it is proof that the war is decided for the Allies. If they hold it through the winter the decision is postponed.

## BUXTON CITY IS NOW CANADIAN

Has Population of 5,000 Con-  
valescing Soldiers Wear-  
ing Maple Leaf

Buxton, Sept. 18.—(By mail)—For twelve months or more the grim streets of this charming town in the heart of the Derbyshire Hills have been daily besprinkled liberally with men in the uniform of the Maple Leaf. Since the Canadian hospitals on the raided east coast moved here, the Canadian floating population has never been far short of five thousand. Canada has commanded well-nigh every large hotel in the place. The Red Cross opened the invasion nearly two years back by assuming the Peak Hotel as a special hospital for convalescing soldiers. Later the Empire Hotel fell to the Adjutant-General as a Discharge Depot. Then both the Hydro and the Palace Hotel were secured by the Medical Corps to serve as free quarters for the Granville Special Hospital previously at Ramsgate. There is also the beautiful convalescent hospital for Canadian nurses at Northwood and a few miles off at Matlock is an equally attractive centre of recuperation for officers.

"Taking the Waters."  
In the far-off days of peace Buxton's floating population consisted in great part of obese elderly folk, who believed they would rid themselves of ailments real or fancied by "taking the waters." There was another section who came mainly to have an enjoyable sojourn at one or other of the big holiday hotels. Another element, permanently residential, was composed of well-to-do manufacturing folk who hired themselves here at night out of the smoke of Sheffield or Manchester. A great change, truly, for staid Buxton to bid farewell to a large proportion of this good, easy class of visitors, and to receive in its stead a crowd of men, many in ungalvanic blue, and to have ambulances driving here and there in place of the former well-appointed hospital buses. The present visitor had a chat with one well-known resident of Buxton, who spoke frankly on the subject of this Canadian invasion.

"Too Polymant Memories."  
There certainly was some little apprehension when the Canadians began to arrive in such large numbers," he said, "You see, the livelihood of the town, except those of us living here merely in comfortable retirement, depended largely upon one old class of visitor. But the easy-going holiday-maker began to disappear to a certain extent after the war opened. There were some of them who had come here with their children for years on end, but when their lads fell on the field they found Buxton had too polymant memories for them. In due time this class of visitor will no doubt return."

Fears Disappear.  
"And then, after the Canadians had been coming for some time in larger numbers, our apprehensions disappeared. There has never been any more disorder here than we used to encounter from the day-visitor on public holidays. Not as much, in fact, for the Canadian soldier is under discipline, and the civilian day-visitor is not. We have four, too, there are plenty of Canadian soldiers—officers and men—who have money to spend besides their pay. This, of course, is all to the benefit of the town's people's pocket. The residents soon realized the Canadians were real good fellows in every way, and I can honestly say the best of feeling prevails between us."

An interesting comment to this statement is the fact that in twelve months, out of a floating population of five thousand Canadians, there were less than two hundred who came into the hands of the local police for any reason. And what the Canadians think of the Buxtonians is perhaps best indicated by Col. Hanson, of the Discharge Depot, who makes a practice of addressing each new batch of arrivals. "The people of Buxton," he said in a recent address, "have treated all the Canadian soldiers like gentlemen, as indeed you are."

RACES POSTPONED.  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
Columbus, O., Sept. 17.—The Grand Circuit races here were again postponed to-day because of a heavy rain. Yesterday's card was postponed because of rain also.

## Music and Drama

A Daughter of the Sun.  
The native of the Hawaiian Islands is called the Kanaka. He is a big man with straight hair, a brown skin and is a world renowned swimmer, boatman and fisherman. He is of the Malay race. He loves music and his own rendition of popular airs is peculiar to himself. The Hawaiian play has enjoyed great popularity. "The Bird of Paradise" is another example, for few plays of the past few seasons have enjoyed the success this play has had.

"The Million Dollar Doll."  
The Million Dollar Doll coming to the Grand Opera House next Friday Sep. 20 is an imaginative, melodious, musical extravaganza, regally arrayed in costumes of regal beauty and variety, presenting a picture of color, movement and melody almost beyond imagination. The changes of costume and scenes are bewildering in their frequency and the final picture of the famous "Joy Zone" at the Panama Exposition and Illumination of the "Tower of Jewels" presents as brilliant a spectacle as anyone could desire. Tantalous songs, and hilarious dancing costumes of great splendor presenting a riot of color and beauty, all presented by a company of people who look only upon the gay side of life. It is one of the biggest musical offerings of the season, and in every way represents the very best in musical extravaganza.

"PHENOL SCARE"  
IS UNWARRANTED  
Dr. Hastings, M.O.H., and  
Food Controller, Makes  
a Statement

Under the caption "An Unwarranted Phenol Scare," Dr. C.J.O. Hastings, M.O.H., and local Food Controller of Toronto, yesterday issued the following statement: "I regret exceedingly the widespread epidemic, not only in the city, but also in the Province, of 'phantoms,' as regards the danger resulting from the slight taste of phenol in some preserved fruits and jams. There was no imputation so far as the smell of phenol was concerned, but it was purely imagination so far as any ill-effects were concerned."

"It must have been apparent to any thinking citizen that it would be quite impossible to get sufficient phenol from rubber rings or a jar of fruit or jam, even if the rings were saturated with phenol, to have any poisoning effects. If you stop to think for one moment you will perceive that any a minute portion of the rubber ring over comes in contact with the fruit at all, but it requires an almost infinitesimal amount of phenol to give an odor of this substance."

"So that, I hasten to assure the public, both in Toronto and the Province, wherever these rings may have been used that caution with lately no danger of phenol was involved. The only possible objection is the odor, which, while it is probably unpalatable, but would have no ill-effects whatsoever on those using it."

ELIMINATE MUCH FOOTWEAR  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
Washington, Sept. 18.—Elimination of 5,500 styles of rubber footwear is called for under war time schedule of production announced today by the War Industries Board, effective as of September 1, for canvas rubber soled shoes and on January 1, for water-proof footwear. Manufacture of all boots except those of an essential nature for men, is to be prohibited. Incidental savings amounting to \$25,300,000 of lumber, used for packing, 29,912,600 cartons; 1,526,495 square feet of shipping and storage space and 40,000,000 feet of lumber that may be diverted to more essential work.

Three hundred prisoners in Sing Sing were registered under the new draft law.

## WASTAGE SAPS ECONOMIC VI- TALITY OF DOMINION.

Figures Compiled by Commission of Conservation Indicate That Canada's Annual Fire Waste is Larger Than That of Any Other Civilized Country in the World—Has Become a Grave Problem.

CANADA'S annual fire waste is \$2.73 for every man, woman and child, and is larger than that of any other civilized country in the world, according to a most exhaustive report by the Commission of Conservation just made public. This enormous waste, the commission asserts, is sapping the economic vitality of the country, and the immediate adoption of compulsory fire prevention measures is necessary.

The investigation also revealed the fact that the expense of conducting the business of fire insurance in Canada is unduly high, and that there are grave abuses inherent in the department agency system.

The report, which was compiled for the commission by J. G. Grove Smith, says that since Confederation, fire loss in Canada, excluding forest fires, has been \$700,000,000. Of this sum \$350,000,000 is made up of direct fire losses, \$150,000,000 represents the cost of maintaining public and private fire protection service, whilst \$197,000,000 is the amount of insurance premiums paid but not returned to policy-holders in compensation for losses. Nearly 200 people are burned to death and about 500 seriously injured by fire every year. In the four normal years, 1912-15, Canada's annual per capita fire loss was \$2.73, as compared with \$2.26 in the United States, 64 cents in England, 74 cents in France, 23 cents in Germany and 32 cents in Switzerland. A disquieting feature is that the losses in this country are increasing with great rapidity.

The commission says that 10 per cent of the fires in Canada are caused by carelessly faulty building construction, arson and lack of fire prevention laws, such laws as exist being but poorly enforced. The Canadian fire departments are described as the best in the world, but they are not preventing a steady growth of fire losses.

In dealing with the remedy for preventing the commission says that compulsory legislation, making individuals responsible for their own careless acts, is imperative. In public, it is asserted, must be aroused to their relative responsibility so that public opinion will urge and support the adoption of restrictive legislation. The Dominion Government not being given direct jurisdiction by the B.N.A. Act it should, the commission thinks, conduct a campaign to educate the public to their responsibility. The purpose of this would be to assist provincial fire prevention efforts. The Dominion Government, it is said, should also maintain a testing laboratory to establish standards in building materials and devices.

The commission contends that the high cost of doing business implies extravagant administration on the part of the insurance companies, and says that from 1869 to 1916 the public has paid the insurance companies 65 cents for distributing every dollar of indemnity. This, it continues, gives food for thought when it is remembered that under present Government management, the collection of customs and inland revenue cost less than five per cent of the receipts. Since the establishment of Government insurance in New Zealand in 1905 the rates on mercantile risks have been reduced 10 per cent, and on dwellings 33 1/3 per cent. The report asserts that insurance agents in Canada are paid, on the average, a commission of slightly over 20 per cent, obviously a large expenditure on middlemen. It is also stated that the number of agents is excessive, a circumstance which makes necessary a higher commission than is economically necessary.

"The root evil of the insurance business and one of the greatest factors in the excessive fire waste in Canada is undoubtedly the method of compensating agents solely on a commission basis," the report declares. The greatest agent is paid equally well with the careful agent. This tends to over-insurance, carelessness in the use and care of property, and arson, all of which cause a heavier fire waste. The remedy for this, the commission says, is a profit-sharing commission for agents, whereby those who write good policies would be more highly remunerated than those who write bad ones. The Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association, it is pointed out, has attempted, but failed, to enforce a similar system of contingent commissions on account of the disadvantage under which it would place its members in competition with non-board companies. The Commission of Conservation, therefore, recommends that uniform legislation be drafted into the Dominion and Provincial Insurance Acts to establish the principle of profit-sharing commissions for all companies, leaving the companies and their agents to work out the details.

Telephoning From Trains.  
The Railway Department, through the Montreal management of the Intercolonial, has during the past three months been facilitating tests of a device for telephoning from and to moving trains. The experimental stage has not yet passed, but tests would seem to establish the practicability of the invention.

A Young Veteran.  
Celebrating his seventeenth birthday after two hard years in the trenches, Ralph Osborne Cloworth, of Hamilton, has now signed on with the R.F.C. for a further period of service.

Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
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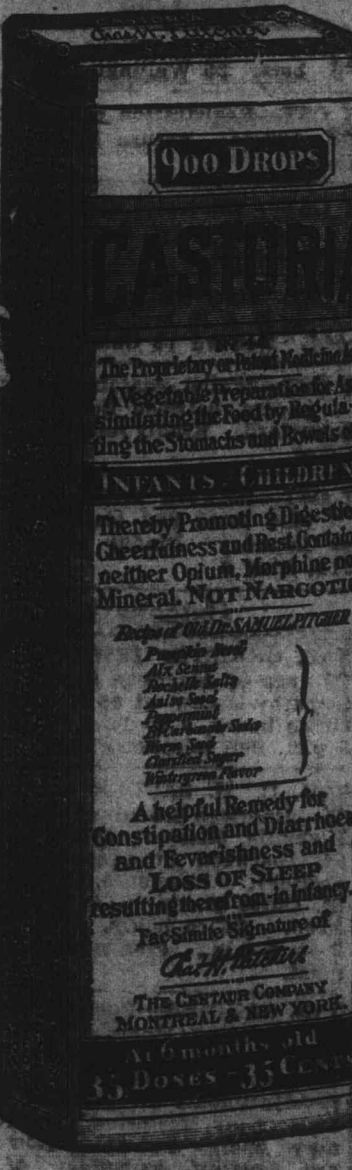
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