

Do you require a First-class
SUIT OF CLOTHING
CHEAP?

THOMAS W. SMITH'S
English, Scotch, Irish,
French, German, Canadian and
Domestic

CLOTHS.

A Perfect Fit every time, or no trade.

Ready Made Clothing, Ulsters, Over-
coats, Suits, Tied Suits.

A FULL LINE OF
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
cheaper than the cheapest.

Hats, Caps, Trunks,
Portmanteaux, &c.

THOMAS W. SMITH
MERCHANT TAILOR.

75 Queen St. E., 1880.



JOHN BABBITT,
Opposite New Post Office

Gold and Silver Watches

GOLD JEWELLRY

Silver Ware

CLOCKS

Spectacles and Eye Glasses

July 25, 1880.

FALL and WINTER

DRY GOODS

EDGEcombe's

MORE NEW ARRIVALS.

NEW DRESS GOODS

New Black Cashmeres.

A FULL DEPARTMENT OF

MORNING GOODS

GENTS' TWEEDS,

DRESS TWEEDS,

ULSTER CLOTHS,

MANTLE CLOTHS.

New Sacques & Shawls.

VELVETS, SILKS,

Satins, Plushes and Brocades

Mantle and Dress Trimmings,

Gloves, Corsets, Hosiery,

Hats, Flowers, Feathers.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS.

HOUSEKEEPERS' GOODS.

Berlin Wool Goods,

CAMP BLANKETING,

COTTON WARPS, &c.

All at Lowest Prices.

WANTED.

3,000 yards Homespun Cloth, &c.

Also: Socks, Mitts, Yarn, &c.

F. B. EDGEcombe,

Queen Street, Fredericton

Communications.

Exemption from Taxation

To the Editor of the Maritime Farmer:

Sir, It is a marvellous thing to me that

section of the City Council of Fredericton as

well as the City Council, with a

view of having placed upon the list the

names of Dominion officials who enjoy all

the privileges and advantages of citizenship

without contributing towards the expenses

one cent out of their income. It is true

that the Council has decided in favor of

the North American Act. But when such an

outrage is based upon a mere technicality of

an opinion formed by the judges as to the

interpretation of the Act, surely the case

ought to be taken to the highest court of

appeal in the Dominion by some one or more,

or by a combination of cities, in order to

have the matter fully tested. But, perhaps

all better would be for the respective cor-

porations to petition for an amendment of

the constitution that no dubious point may

exist about it.

I think, Mr. Editor, you will agree with me

that the exemption from taxation of all

Dominion officials in Fredericton is not

only a wrong but an outrage upon the tax-

payers generally. Here we have the Mayor

and the Council, the aggregate amount of

whose salaries is quite a large item for

making up an income upon the tax pay-

ment, and out of all proportion to what is

and honorable, but paid their taxes like men

and worthy citizens. Then we have a staff of

clerks, and a host of other officials, all of whom

are paid by the city, and who are not

able to pay for their salaries as the ordinary

citizens, who are depending upon the fluctu-

ations of trade, are compelled to pay their

taxes. It is a most unjust and unequal

system, and one which should be at once

abolished. I am not sure that there is any

thing of the kind in the Dominion. I do not

know of any other city which has a staff of

clerks, and a host of other officials, all of whom

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Antimony Company.

The Hibbard Antimony Company has

been organized with a capital of \$500,000, divided

into 100,000 shares of \$5 each, and \$100,000

in the Treasury. Hon. Francis Hibbard, M.L.A.

is one of the directors of the Company, of which

Hon. W. B. Teale, is President, and other

capitalists, of Boston, are shareholders.

The company lately purchased the valuable

mining property, known as the "Hibbard

property," in the Parish of Prince

William, York County, Mr. Hibbard has

sold out his interest in that company for

\$200,000, and \$100,000 stock in the new com-

pany, of which he is a director, he has been

constituted manager. The mine is situated

in the St. Croix River, and it is intended

to mine antimony, which is a valuable

mineral, and is used in the manufacture of

gunpowder, and in the manufacture of

various other articles. The mine is

estimated to contain 100,000 tons of

antimony, and it is expected that the

company will be able to produce 100,000

tons of antimony in the next five years.

The mine is situated in the Parish of

Prince William, York County, and it is

intended to mine antimony, which is a

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The Presidential Election.

When the exact figures of the votes cast

in the Presidential election are examined, it

does not appear to be so unfavorable to the

principles that guide such elections, as the

Republican victory was so great a triumph.

The total vote cast for Hancock was 508,000

votes, and for Tilden 408,000, giving the

Democratic candidate a popular majority of

20,000. But the 408,000 votes for Garfield,

electing 210 electors for the President, the

Republican candidate, a majority of 80. As

180 out of a total of 360 votes are necessary

to elect a President, Hancock will have 84

votes, and Tilden 126, giving the Demo-

cratic candidate a majority of 42. The

States were population alone, the Demo-

cratic candidate was not acknowledged by the

Democrats, to be most decisive. The battle

was lost by them as much from want of

union among themselves, a lack of organiza-

tion, and a want of energy, as from any

defect in the principles of the party. And

there is even now a danger that they will

not submit quietly to the defeat. Though a

Republican President will be re-elected, the

next Congress will not be predominantly

Republican. In the Senate it is calculated

that parties will be evenly divided, and that

in the House Congress the balance of power

will be held by four greenback members.

Infected Cigars.

The editor of the Scientific American says,

that if he was in the habit of smoking cigars,

he would prefer using a holder, to "sucking

the end of a roll of tobacco." If there is any

thing in what he states regarding the places

where cigars are made, and the persons who

smoke them, he is certainly correct. It is

well known that the cigars of the world are

made in the cities of the world, and the

persons who smoke them are the persons

who are the most infected with the disease

of the lungs. The cigars of the world are

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