"BY PURENESS, BY KNOWLEDGE-BY LOVE UNFEIGNED."-ST. PAUL.

REV. E. B. DEMILL, A. M. Editor

VOL L

Orininal Cautributions For the Christian Watchman,

JEO. W. DAY, Proprietor.

Conquest of India. Continued.

But all his power-descended upon his son Typoo Saib. His father bequeathed him a rich treasury, numerous and well trained armies, and more than all, his own bold and rengeful spirit. While the English were rejoicing over the death of Hyder, they found that a greater than Hyder,

was as fanatical as ambitious, and as powerful power.
as his father, who was so dangerous a foe to them.

Amount Like Hannibal, from his youth upwards, he

this name was only mentioned with a kind of ysterious terror

The peace was followed by a triumph of Typoo over the Mahrattas, which greatly added to his renown. After this be led his victorious troops to the territories of an English ally, an broke the treaty of peace by an attack upo Travencore. The bravery of the garrison led to his repulse, and the justly incensed English again declared war. An army under Lord Corawallis defeated him after a severe battle, and he was again forced to make peace.
Yet this man's hate and ferocity were too strong

to be confined by treaties; so strong were they that continual acts of hostility on his part were constantly breaking forth, and the English had at length no other resource than to crush alto-gether the disturber of their peace.

A vast army was accordingly sent against him under General Harris. So resistless was its pow-er that Typoo could not face it, but retreated from before it, and finally took up his station in

from before it, and finally took up his station in his capital, Seriagapatam. Here he resolved to fight out this great contest which had been the object of his life.

The English invested it on every side. Their cannonade laid it in ruins. Their batteries played incessantly. Typoe's resistance was made with a flerceness and determination worthy of his character. At last all was ready, and on the 4th of May the final areault was made. Never did Asiatics fight more resolutely, more despair-

ingly The struggle was terrible. Before these lofty The struggle was terrible. Before these lofty, walls hundreds of the bravest of England fell, and the deep ditches were filled with heaps of her noblest sons. But all the energy of despair would not save the Asiatics from the hands of the English. Inch by inch they fought their way, resisted till the last; and though they finally conquered; though the flag of England at last floated from the highest towers, yet it did not float there till the city was in ruins, the bravest soldiers on both sides slaughtered, and the Sultan himself, struggling to the last, had been slat. in the terrific conflict. Five millions of treasure which they captured

Five millions of treasure which they captured rewarded the victors, and English ascendancy was complete over all Southren India. But never was a victory more dearly purchased. The bones of thousands of Englishmen whitened the plains, and even the vast treasure was not sufficient to pay the enormous expenses of this

Thus ended this most arduous struggle. The eighteenth contury closed, and the English saw themselves masters of the greater part of indis, with their influence everywhere acknowledged, and a prestige around their name such as no

and a prestige around their name such as no other power had ever possessed in India.

Thus the 19th century dawned apon India.

England, emerging successfully from a dreadful struggle almost for existence, looked forward to a long peace which should be spent in consolidating her power, in improving the government, and in advancing the nations under her rule.—

For now the attempt had been made to modify

SAINT JOHN, NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Mahratta.

They were formed by a number of independ
To be continued. The were formed by a number of independent and the states, bound together by a confederation.—
The most prominent among their chiefs were Scindish who ruled at Gwalior, and Holkar, who ruled at Indore, the Rajah of Berar, and the It is now many years since the visit occurred.

by training and profession a soldier. They armica was a personal friend, Rev. Mr. Hillman, and therefore were atmost innumerable. They were when he invited me to accompany him on one of braver than any other natives and more skilful.

land's high position, and carrying on her policy, gation had all assembled. There were about a collision with this powerful people.

As all India was either under the rule or protection of the English, the Mahrattas out off from dressed, and some even richly. Several ladies

the summoned the s Arthur Wellesly afterwards Duke of Wellington, with others who were destined to become

the South Wielesly invaded the land. Everything yielded to him. Cities were taken fortreeses fell, strongholds without number capitalated. The Peishwa was reinstalled with great

At first all was profound attention. As the

pomp and magnificence.

Pressed by their dreadful enemy Scindiah and

Other victories were gained, and in the North
Lord Lake with but 4,500 men marched boldly
upon Delhi. Under a common commander a
movement like this would have been estain destruction, but Lake knew himself and the troops
that followed him. After subduing all resistance
he finally came in sight of the towers of Delhi.
Within the walls of that great city, which even
yet though in its decline showed much of the
strength and splendor of former days, there was
an army of 19,000, trained by French officers in

tate all India. Wherever the thundering of the Great Mogul had fallen into their hands .their horses hoofs was heard, there the trembling The struggling remnant of the Mahratta armies native left all and fled with his family to the was soon put down, and when peace was domountains or jungle choosing rather the company clared, a territory had been gained more vast in of the tiger, than the harder mercies of the extent, more popular and wealthy, than that of

as arisen in the person of his successor, who head of all the others, and chief in influence and thement of fugitive slaves, of whose curious cus toms I had heard enough to excite my curiosity. Among the Mahrattas nearly every man was The minister who occasionally preached to then all his advantages so skilfully that the English were soon glad to make peace on terms honorable to him.

If there be an Indian whose name is strongly impressed in the English mind, that one is premiently the great Typoo Sultan. Our fathers remember him well, and talk of the days when this found impossible while making of Wellesly, it was found impossible while measures. Answers when he invited me to accompany him on one of the serious contraction. It was small, and as it had been made in the very heart of the forest, I was not surprised to find it rough and uncultivated. These poor lish soon found themselves embroiled. In spite of a tropical clime, fared but indifferently under these sterner skies, and on this ruder soil.

Governor General, the Marquis of Wellesly, it was found impossible while measures when he invited me to accompany him on one of the term the small, and as it had been made in the very heart of the forest, I was not surprised to find it rough and uncultivated. These poor the instruction from home, and the polygo of a tropical clime, fared but indifferently under these sterner skies, and on this ruder soil.

As we entered the small changle which for the serious country in the very heart of the forest, I was not surprised to find it rough and uncultivated. These poor the instruction from home, and the polygo of a tropical clime, a country in the very heart of the forest, I was not surprised to find it rough and uncultivated.

As we entered the small changle which for the very heart of the forest, I was not surprised to find it rough and uncultivated.

The serious country is a surprised to find it rough and uncultivated.

The surprised of the forest, I was not surprised to find it rough and uncultivated.

The surprised that in all Asia there could not be sound a people so brave, warlike, and dangerous.

aiding foreign nations, soon began to fight glowed in silk of brightest hue; others in muslin among themselves. Scindiah and Holkar engaged of spotless white. These, however, formed what in hostilities. Scindiah and the Peuhwa united, I may call the aristocratic circles, and sat in pribut were defeated by Holkar. Peishwa applied to the English for assistance. They readily gave body of the chapel, and shone like birds of Pait, and in consideration of a large tract of land ridise in furniture calice of most brilliant color, surrendered to them, they entered into an offensive and defensive alliance with the Peishwa. His enemies were to be their enemies, and theirs his. At this the other chiefs took offence and the pulpit sat three aged men, with bent figures revolted.

And now a war was inevitable. The Marquis They were the " patriarchs of the tribe." Al of Wellesly was no man for half measures. He these had grown old in slavery, and one had come determined if a blow was to be struck, to strike from Africa, where, it was said, he had been a

manner, his sermons being warm, glowing, carnest addresses. He used such language as famous in future battles.

Then the might of England wielded by no puny hand burst forth as it had never done hefore. Encircling the whole Mahratta country, her armies poured in from the West, the South the least thing drove unto the gravest fault, or and the East upon the startled enemy. From

speaker grew more and more earnest the auditory caught his feeling : some leaned eagerly Holkar united their forces and determined to forward; others bent downward; others leaned sight. They made a stand at Assaye with their heads on their hands, which were spread 60,000 men. Here Wellesly met them suddenly out so as to carry every word to the ear. As with 27,000. A battle ensued. It was the most Mr. Hillman went on they grew still more eager the ribe that had ever been fought in India. For in their attention. Forgetting every thing but thours the two armies struggled frantically, covering the plains with dead and dying. The other natives of India never fought like these Mahratips were mingled with sighs, groans, and words na ives of India never fought like these Mahrattas. For hours the innumerable cavalry charged the British ranks, while the unerring cannonades like British ranks, while the unerring cannonades like the unerring cannonades and the disciplined bravery of his toops finally triumphed over all resistance, and even against the great odds opposed to him. The Mahrattas were routed, and the English remained masters of the field.

On the search of the field.

The Mahrattas were routed, and the English remained masters of the field. Other victories were gained, and in the North in the scene but solemnity. The speaker and

part part in the methy hat been made to modify proper in the fand of the relievable was sumptioned in the proper in the fand of the relievable was sumptioned by French officers in the southers find a sequence of miles which has given her absolute a strength in the proper interface of the relievable was sumptioned by the proper interface of the proper interface of

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1861.

and now a low sound of singing arose which removing will add to the burden when you already bear. Perhaps you may consider the the three of men who were standing up in front of the pulpit. With closed eyes, and clasped hands, they began a strain of peculiar melody, the notes of which produced a magical effect. Instantly a large number came forward, and "with your own hands minister unto your ne-clasping each other's hands, joined the old men. cessities." and formed a kind of circle, which enclosed the But this is not the only trial to which you will

and formed a kind of circle, who described the preacher. He did not seem at all surprised, but the subject. Perhaps you will be discontented stood listening with a placid smile. They all with your limited field of labor. You will imagine sang together, their bodies swaying backward and that your talents it you for a wider sphere and of far-off Africa.

Solo-" We're goin' up to Heaven above, And soon our trouble will be over." This was sung by one of the old men, and imnediately the whole congregation burst forth into triumphant chorus-

Trouble over ! Trouble over ! Bye-and-bye our trouble will be over!" After singing many different verses with th ame chorus, they commenced a second :

Solo-" Oh I wandered up the valley. And I wandered down again, And I wonder will I ever get to Heaven.' Chorus-" What a wonder,

What a wonder. What a wonder if I ever get to Heaven !" A third then followed, which was sung with wondorful enthusiasm: Solo-" Oh we are a seekin', we are a seekin

We are a seekin', we are a seekin', We are a seekin' for thy kingdom, Lord!" Chorns-" Down in the valley

We will go, Is there any mercy here below, Lord Pity-poor-me !

Their glowing visages, lighted up with joy; their impassioned manner, formed a wonderful scene, which is vividly impressed on my memory. cartily feelings. The heavenly Canan, the season, and reaping the only necessary work.

New Jerusalem, the golden streets, the palms of Finally, you will be pained to find that your glors, the robes of white, all seemed present to work is not appreciated. Country people, espe-

Changes have taken place. The successor of same motives which influence him, are engaged in the same work? He must live a solitary life, tices for he considered them barbarous, and reduced the congregation to a civilized standard. It is not probable that I shall ever hear such a

For the Christan Watchman Letter to a Young Minister.

DEAR YOUNG BROTHER:

On the beginning of your ministerial career it will be well for you to form a correct estimate of the peculiar trials and discoura gements to which the peculiar trials and discourance trials are trials and the peculiar trials and discourance trials are trials and discourance trials and the peculiar trials and discourance trials are trials and the peculiar trials and discourance trials are trials and the peculiar trials and discourance trials are trials and the peculiar trials are trials and the peculiar trials and the peculiar trials are trials and the peculiar trials and the peculiar trials are trials and the peculiar trials and the peculiar trials are trials and the peculiar trials are trials and the peculiar trials are trials are trials and the peculiar trials are trials and the peculiar trials are trials and trials are trials are trials are trials are trials and trials are trials are trials are trials are trials and trials are t you will be exposed. These are not always sufficiently considered by those who have the ministry in view, and hence when they arise an unnecessary degree of disappointment and discontent is

wided around Mr. Hillman, eager to grasp his debts have increased in the same proportion. If ad, and gain a word or a smile. They looked you do not pay what you owe, all will condemn, to him as to a superior being, with mingled as and veneration which was touching to be did. They asked a thousand questions, and overed a thousand lessings on his head.—

The debt due to you will, in all probability, neer her ead of the chapel, where finally a crowd will still find, a deficiency at the end of the year.

All the time lost, and the expense increased in the same proportion. If Now we have every reason to believe that it was in Bethabara, it e. Bethany, that Jesus was beptized. Sameon, in his article in the Baptismal Tracts for the Times, says: "The point of the river, her one as he shook hands passed on to the paid. In the Church to which you go, you will still find, a deficiency at the end of the year.

All the time proportion. If Now we have every reason to believe that it was in Bethabara, it e. B lected.

All the time lost, and the expense incurred in a low sound of singing arose which removing will add to the burden which you altered bushed every other voice. It came from ready bear.

Perhaps were proposed in the proposed in the state of the proposed in the state of the proposed in the propos

sang together, their clasped hands moving up and down in unison with the tune. Their melodies is very common. But taking it for granted that were wild and plaintive, created by their own one is not mistaken in the flattering estimate race. They had brought them over the ses, and which he forms of his own abilities, he ought through the forest, and out from the land of bondege; and though the words expressed the hope of the Christian, yet the airs had first sprung to life beneath the fervid skies, and the shadowy forests tax the abilities, of the ablest minister. As a matter of fact, however, most ministers feel that they could fill a higher position than they at present occupy, and are apt to be discontented their lot be cast in the midst of a scanty population, and with an illiterate people. Again, you will find that the ministry is a very labori life. If you be a conscientions man you will find plenty to do in any situation. Your preparation for the pulpit—your pastoral duties—your oversight of the temporal and spiritual affairs the church, will occupy all your time. Nay, you

will continuelly feel as if driven. Though you work ever so hard, you will not be satisfied as you review your labors. The time will seem to be too short for the important and various duties which will devolve upon you, and you will con-tinue to feel that after all your work is only half

Besides this, you will probably be discouraged in reviewing the results of your labors. Your eager desire for the conversion of sinners and the advancement of the church will not always be gratified. You will find sinners become hardened under your preaching, and you will of-ten see with pain that professors of religion are becoming worldly and faithless. It will not tend to encourage you to discover that the church with which you labour never dreams of attaching any blame to itself in view of these sad circumsta They threw themselves into the rapture of the It will hold you responsible for the low state of moment; they lost themselves in their enthusi-asm; and all carried away by the inspiring chant, seed, no matter how faithfully you water the the leader improvised words that stirred their soil. The people are too apt to think that in the soils, till they seemed to lose sight of earth and spiritual field, harvest time is the only precious

their souls, while their eyes were closed, as cially, fancy that the minister leads a very eas though they wished to shut out earthly scenes, and ding more closely to the heavenly vision.

We retired after a long time, but the services sion upon the memory and heart, is anything but continued longer. I left them feeling strangely a sportaneous and extemporaneous effusion, moved. These simple souls were more demonspoke the language of the Kingdom, and the song which they aung was the "song of the lety which he experiences, his labors a- a pastor, Lamb." Many years have passed since then who appreciates, but those who, impelled by the

These, my dear young brother, are the diffiservice again, but the remembrance of that day culties under which the conscientious minister will always linger in my heart, and the strains of must labor. Some of these you have in part extheir wild and rapturous melodies will never be perienced,—all of them will probably, ere many years, make themselves folt. Others to which I cannot now direct your attention will also ap-Yours, etc., pear.

For the Christian Watchman,

NO. 4

for the Times, says: "The point of the river, near Bethabara, at which John first baptized, is fixed by an unbroken and unwaying tradition-As early as one handred and fifty years after Christ, the place was known. Such a spot could no more be forgotten than can Bunker Hill.— Less than two hundred years after Christ was bap-tized, Origon found the site fixed by a permanent tradition. He adds: "There is shown, they say, on the banks of the Jordan, the Bethabars where they relate John baptized." The Latin where they relate John baptized." The Latin pilgrim of A. D. 333, records the following:— "Thence (from the Dead Sea) to the Jordan where John baptized, is five miles. Jerome's note is much the same." Bethabara is beyond Jordan, where John baptized unto penitence Whence also even until this day, very many of the brethren, that is, of the number of those bethe brethren, that is, of the number of those be-lieving, desiring there to be born again, were baptized in the life giving flood. The Scotch Abbot Adamanus, who entertained the ship-wrecked French Bishop in King Alfred's day, about A. D. 698, gathered from the pilgrims lips these particulars. "In the place in which the Lord was baptized, there stands a wooden cress

as high as the neck, which sometimes is hidden by the water rising above it." Lieutenant Lynch, commander of the United States' exploring expedition, thus writes: "At 9.30 P. M., we arrived at "El Meshna," the 9.30 F. M., we arrived at "El meanna," the bathing plece of the Christian pilgrims. This Ford is consecrated by tradition as the place where the Israelites passed over with the ark of the covenant; and where our bleased Saviour was baptized by John. On that wondrous day when the Deity veiled in flesh descended the bank, all nature, hushed in swe, looked on, and the impetuous river, in grateful homage, must have stayed its course and gently laved the

body of its Lord.

Over against this was no doubt the Bethsbars of the New Testament, whither our Lord retired after the Jews sought to take him at the feast after the Jews sought to take him it the least of the dedication. The interpretation of Betha-bara is "a place of passage over." Our Lord repaired to Bethabara, where John was baptis-ing, and as the ford probably derived its name from the passage of the Israelites with the arl of the covenant, the inference is not unreasonable that this spot has been doubly hallowed.— The party which had disturbed us was the advanced guard of the great body of pilgrims.

In all the wild haste of a disorderly rout, Copts and Russians, Poles, Americans, Greeks and Syrians, from all parts of Asia, from Europe, rom Africa, and from far distant America, o they came. Each one plunged himselt, or was dipped by another, three times beneath the su face in honor of the Trinity." X. Y. Z.

Anvientiure.

Agricutural Science.

Many people, and indeed the majorily of farmers, seem to think that the business of farming requires very little study or intelligence; yet no trade, no mercantile business, requires more strength, sense or knowledge.

Modern science had given her aid to agriculture—and wherever her voice has been listened to, her disciples has been rewarded. It is compared to the contract of the

ported that the products of the soil have been doubled, when farming has been conducted on Scientific principles. In England, Scotland, and Belgium—the increase of products has been truly astonishing. Nature is so bountiful that ahe repays the most unakilful of her servants for his toils. But to the intelligent student of her operations—she offers all her wealth.

operations—she offers all her wealth.

There is scarcely a branch of modern science which is useless to the agriculturist. Botany, Meterology, Mineralgy, Geology, and Chemistry, may also be studied with advantage. Not to take the place of experience but to assist the industrious farmer in his operations, to enable him to spend all his time and strength to advantage, and render his business not only profitable, but pleasant.

How to Approach a Horse.

Never run at a horse, said he. Most people in attempting to catch a horse, grab at him (here surting the action to the word, Mr. Rarey rushed violently at the horse, that naturally jump ed back.) Rarey then feinted a grab at his br dle, which he also resisted. Then, catching the bridle, he pulled with all his might, while the horse pulled stiffly in an opposite direction. This was kept up perhaps five minutes, till the horse not knowing who, what, or where he was, pranced anfi kicked, plunged and reared, and shied one way and then another, as if he was distract ed. That, resumed the lecturer, is the popula way of catching and quieting a horse. would you like it if, meeting a friend in the street, you should be caught by your nose [Laughter.] Not much. Well the horse, is just as sensitive about his nose as you are about yours Treat him kindly, use him gently, and you handle his head with perfect impunity; and no smell of you, and put his head in your pocket, it it's big enough.

How TO SHOE A HORSE. I have often, said he, been angry with farrier for the bungling and careless way in which they is a right and a wrong way. Don't grab at it as if it was a roasted apple in a furnace, but begin thus—pat his shoulder, lean yourself familiarly against the upper part of his leg, run your hand gently and soothingly down to his foot, and then easily, steadily (not steady by jerks) take it upall motive for resistance being absent, the foot will lie peacefully in the hand, the nerves are red you can throw it up and up, so, and

there will be no trouble.

KICKING IN THE HARNESS.

I will here say a few words about the reason which impel forses to kick when it harness They kick because they are afraid -looking back they see the wheels running after them, and they at once think—for think they do—that they ought to run too, and so they try it on; that being the case, the wheels keep up with the horse and he finding that he can't get away, becomes still more frightened, begins to kick, and kicking, gets hurt, and being hurt, continues his fear the wagon is smashed to pieces. Now it the horse had been shown the wagon, had nosed it, and been aware of its peaceful nature, he whuld not have been afraid. If not he will do the sam every time he is put before a wagon.

MOUNTING. In mounting a horse, many people go to work with the wrong end first, as indeed they do abou everything. It s as simple as possible. You don't want to have all of your weight come of one side of the horse; if you do, the saddle is drawn on one side, and it is not easy for th horse to sustain it, but you should do so-place your hand on his neck, bearing so that the hand shall balance the foot, then spring lightly in You can do this as well when the saddle is ur girded as when tightly fastened .- N. Y. In-

TERMS	8.
One copy, one year, 12 copies, to one address, 25 copies, AGENT	
Fredericton, Upper Gagetown, Little Falls, Victoria Co., Salisbury, Letite, Charlotte Co., Deer Island, do. do. Carleton, St. John, Hopewell Corner, Albert Co. (Fr. Will our friend J. A. Harvey and neighbourhood. We will send a copy of the cone year, to every minist subscribers and three dellar Notices relating to servic tian Denomination, will be unms of the Watchman, free	G. A. Simpson. John M'Nichol. J. R. Reed. D. H. Calhoun. I. Stevens, act for e Watchman free for r who sends us two s in advance. es, &c., of any Chris- inserted in the col- inserted in the col-

Christian Watchman.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JAN. 23, 1861.

Some of our remarks upon American College seem to require a little explanation. The In stitutions to which we alluded are Denomination al, not sectarian. There is some difference he begun by the Congregationalists, under whose direction it continued for a long time, until it came into the power of the Unitarians. Its constitution was such that any religious Denomina tion could gain control over it by obtaining majority in its governing body. This was effect majority in its governing body. This was effect ed by the Unitarians, gradually, but so effective ly, that at the present time they have a complete and powerful hold upon every branch of the University. The President is always a Uni tarian; so also are nearly all the Profes the College proper, and in the Schools of Law, Medicine, and Divinity. The Rev. Mr. Hunt, ingdon who was appointed to a kind of college chaplaincy a few years ago, was a Unitarian, and when he became an Episcopalian, was forced to leave. It is well known to all who are ac-queinted with Harvard, that Unitarian influe is complete throughout the whole Institu tion. In the same way the Congregationalists control Yale College, and the Baptists, Brown University. This latter is pre-eminently the Baptist College of the United States, but this fact does not prevent it from being even more liberal than either of the former two; for men of different creeds are among its professors; and nts there are sometimes not only tion required to any articles of faith. It will be tide of rebellion may be stayed by those win the eare of the governors to see that the young. men shall have the opportunity of religious instruction, but not to force it upon them. The reason why this plan is so successful can easily be seen. A college can thus be under the fostering care of a Denomination, enjoying its love, its confidence, and its support, with all the unequalled advantages of united Denominational action. In addition to this, its liberal reception and treatment of all classes of students ensure it a constant support and a just popularity. Such is the character of each of the three Universities to which reference has been made. and to this they undoubtedly owe their success.

The issue of the present crisis in the United think that schemes of Crittenden, or the honesty of Lincoln, can suffice to restore affairs to their We would Freedom is encircling slavery, and that the lat- meeting is held on Mor former. It is a fact that a continuation of the evening. These weekly meetings comme Union will surely shut up Slavery in the original half past seven. states, to be cribbed, cabined, and confined, un | Rev. A. W. Crawley attends to the meeting til it shall wither away upon a worn out sail.—
in Ritchie's building. Rev. E. B. DeMill gen
To a patriotic Southerner ardently devoted to
ally attends those which are held at the Bridg: the perpetuation of slavery, and wide awake to the dangers that threaten the peculiar institution hatred to the Union seems natural under the circumstances. This has long been forseen by The subject was-Self Culture. The audien penetrating minds at the South, the disunion sentiment is not new, and the present secession feeling is but the fruit of I ng growing fear and discontent. Such being the manner of its growth it is evident that this feeling will not easily be subdued. No matter how many compromay be made, the facts will still remain as they

may imagine the result of all this. Rever before did a great community like the Southern States, hold so large a proportion of its people in American religious periodicals of the day, and similar slavery. I'l no ancient nation was slavery would be reading matter of the "Christian Watchman" of a higher order than that of amy so widely extended, so progressive, so interwoven of them." with their life, so necessary to their existence. For such an Institution to exist m the present age, is an anachronism, and yet its strength and ge, is an anachronism, and yet we shall apare it the gentleman flatters us, yet we shall apare it the gentleman flatters us, yet we shall apare it. wide extended commerce, the rapid exchanges, the insatiable demand, the quick supply, that characterize our times, slavery owes its position. it at least as useful a paper as any in British It is from this civilized, progressive, christian America. age-that slavery draws its power. Without this the bonds of the slave would be but light; this binds him with fetters of iron. Slavery will be guarded with jealous care as long as it is profitable, and it will be profitable until the commerce which it nourishes can find other and better

would result from a separation. The greatest would result from a separation. The greatest obstacle to the freedom of the slaves is the moral of those who are often unqualified to appreciate power of the North; the consciousness that behind all that is immediately around them, rises them. And when we engage in this de military system. Standing armies must be form the poetry. There's no place for a lukewarmp ed and distributed all over the country; the citizens would have no respite, but would them. citizens would have no respite, but would themselves be forced to watch and guard continually its vast cost in money and in anxiety would be we have now but a faint conception. scarcely repaid by the safety of their institutions; hat very safety would be uncertain. Such iron onds would be beyond the endurance of man. Mr. Epitor .-The former chastisement was with whips, but Allow me through the columns of your much this would be with scorpions. It is not in human esteemed "Watchman" to say a few ature to endure this quietly. Thus the New touching the state of our denomination is the Republic would be forced into enormous expen- Northern Counties, more particularly, that o liture of money, men, and corroding care, to Restigouche. gain only disturbance and more certain insur- It has long been our opinion, that the Baptist gan only sufficiently interested in the cause of Christ in the North. The County where the border line extended for thousands of of Restigouche is one of large caters, is miles, there every slave who chose to strike for fast increasing in population, and will yet be se-freedom, would find a thousand ready avenues of escape. This vast and necessary expenditure, the denomination! And yet apparantly how litthis incessant watchfulness, would actually be tle appreciated.

Union threatens them, secession will destroy brethren.

To the force and truth of this they are them. This man like a noble Pioneer is working in them. To the force and truth of this they are not all blinded. There are many, especially in defatig ably amidst countless difficulties and distance of the border States, who proclaim this every. where, and assert that in spite of everything, they will not dissolve the Union. The South is by the blessing of God, they are increasing. At a house divided against itself, and even in South the time when the Rev. Mr. Crandal first visitfrom the Capital of that State, we find reports ceeding forty dollars a year. But we hope the of an interesting debate which resulted in a future will give better accounts to record. very class of Protestants, but even Roman peaceful decision. The sentiments were prudent

Catholics also. The character of a Denominational College is this. It is originated by some religious body who are always exercul to appoint the President and the Principal Trustees, and Professors, out of their own body. A small minority of useful men from other denominations will not be unacceptable. But for the students, the college will be as free as arr. There will be no questions asked as to religion, no subscription required to any articles of faith. It will be tide of rebellion may be stayed by these wiscer.

WE have received the communication fr Mehetable, and will attend to her suggestions. directed. We apolegise to those of our contributors whose articles do not appear this week The news from the United States is of such im portance as to engross our usual share column. We have received the Sabbath School Bell, and will notice it next week.

ERRATA,-A mistake was made list week i States is beyond the reach of conjecture. It is a mistake to attribute the secession movements to the mere action of Buchanan, however vacil- of Ritchie's building were said to be held at 3 lating or cowardly; it is an equal mistake to in the afternoon. They are held at 6 o'clock in

We would also state that the services in th former position. After all, in spite of our sympathy with the North, we cannot but see that up as usual. On Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, the South is just in its alarm. It is a fact that on Sunday evening, at 6 o'clock. The prayerter is threatened with final extinction by the house. The Lecture delivored on Thursday

The Rev. Mr. Narraway, delivered a lecture i he Mechanics' Institute, on Monday evening was unusually large, and the lecture very inter

We have received the "Colonial Empire." It makes a very creditable appearance.

MR. EDITOR :- I suppose that gentlen may be made, the facts will still remain as they were, to excite perpetual discontent, and produce periodical excitement.

History gives us no precedent by which we may imagine the result of all this. Never before did a great community like the Southern receives, that he takes several of the leading

> our efforts appreciated in the quarter alluded to Though modesty forces us to acknowledge that pains to make the reading mat er of the Watch man interesting and profitable, so as to rende

For the Christian Watchman Congregational singing is an object to be ear nestly desired by every Chris ian who is animated by the same mind that was in Christ Jest " And they sung an hymn and went out." Le us, brethren and sisters, endeavour to follow the But whatever dangers may threaten Slavery example given us by so great an authority. Let rom a perpetuation of the Union, it is evident us if possible establish congregational singing in rpetuation of the Union, it is evident are not at all equal to those which our midst. It is very pleasant to sit and liste that the property of the Union of the Union, it is evident.

It is very pleasant to sit and liste to a well trained choir, but in doing so remember the property of the property of the property of the Union of the Union, it is evident. the resistless might of the Great Republic with service, let us do so with all our hearts. Is order the resistless might of the Great Republic with which any contest is hopeless for them. Take the good of this service, it is necessary to be in earnest, and to enter fully into the sprift of be in earnest, and to enter fully into the sprift of in this respect realized and cultivated, our reli-Such a system would be necessary; but while gious meetings would have an int rest of which

VOX HUMANA. But and base A For the Christian Watehman

less a means of safety than a cause of 'danger; and the neighbouring free states would forever provoke flight and ensure escape.

In the extensive counties of Gloucester and Restgouche, there has never been a Baptist provoke flight and ensure escape. The Southerners, therefore, are placed in this differences, that time the Rev. W. A. Ctandal, has been a difference in the Union or leave it, they cannot avoid danger. If the

Baptists here are few, and far between: 1 a nouse divided against itself, and even in South less than the Secessionists are not more opposed by the North than by many at home. These in addition to the facts above presented, are insucceed by other considerations. To them, the thought of that glorious Union, which has risen the lime when the Rec. Mr. Crandal first visitless there when the Rec. Mr. Crandal first visitthe North, there was only one Baptist Church in these Counties, this numbering only ten perinsulation of the second of the s thought of that glorious Union, which has risen with such marchless progress, to so sublime a height, is powerful enough to crush out petty interests. They are unwilling that any rash action of theirs should stop that progress, and turn the energies which are now devoted to peace, to the ruinous effects of intestine war.—
We may rely upon finding a majority who hold these sentiments in Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, and personals and the sentiments in Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, and personals which the Board has is the welfare of the denomination in these Northern Counties!

How can a minister be expected to live in Glouervative element predominates in North How can a minister be expected to live in Glou conservative element precommates in Rottin cester, or Restigouche on a sum not much exWATCHMAN.

For the Christian Watchman St. George, Jan. 1861.

The village of St. George, is the largest and most flourishing settlement on the route between St. John, and St. Andrews, being situated at the mouth of a beautiful river, abounding in mill sites and water power. Many of its inhabitan's are will off in the things of this world if one may judge from their well constructed and beautifully finished dwellings, or from the well-beautifully finished dwellings, or from the well-bed etc. between the property of the preservice. filed store-houses abounding in the necessaries

filed store-houses abounding in the necessaries of life.

The Baptist Ci urch in this place, although not at present enjoying any special tokens of the Divine presence, is making commendable exertions to sustain the preaching of the word among them, and have secured the services of brother Philps, late of Nova Scotia, for some months to come. Bro. Stephen March, also resides here at present, but preaches at the Second Falls and at St. Andrews alternately. We were pleased to learn that Mr. M. is we'l received at both places, and has been especially successful at the former settlement where numbers have been genthered into the fold of Carist, through his faithful instrumentality. Possessing a clear and well caltivated mind, enlarged by careful observation of the manners and habits of men, he will, in our opinion, at no distant day, when the season our opinion, at no distant day, when the season of youthful diffidence shall have passed away, exercise a great influence in the world.

The Church at Second Falls, has quite recently njoyed a precious season of revival, are now ood working order, and labour with great unlife. Laborious, watchful, and spiritual, with ne very lofty ones among them to lord it over God's erstage, this people may rank among the best organized Churches in the Province. No dramhop is allowed to exist in the settlement, and sequence, but few of the many evils springing from those dens of iniquity, those eathing holes of Hell, are to be felt or endur ed by this community. Surely no human or Satanic device ever conceived, or could conceive, of a more powerful instrumentatity than this for the destruction of the race.

For the Christian Watchman. MR. EDITOR : I would like to offer a few observations with egard to our Colleges. If I mistake not the number of Pupils in attendance at our insti-tutious at Horion and Fredericton, has never been at all in proportion to the number of Bap-tists in these Provinces. There are now over 20,000 communicants in connection with our churches and probably four times this number would not be far from the amount of Baptist population. Now take 20 as the average number of students in the college, and 100 for the two Academies, and what do we find? That only ne out of every 4,000 goes to College, and but one in 700 who avails himself of the adantages, offered in our three institution Now, is this as it should be? Yet I think the fault does not lie wholly in the people at large. I find many of the brethern in New Brunswick, with ample means, who have sons of a proper age, but never think of sending them away, I they either have not the subject brought to their points, with regard to cost, health of location someness of food furnished etc., and there by prejudiced against them, or are ignorant al-

Now this ought to be corrected. Necessary ormation should be disseminated among our brethren, and their attention awakened by adments in the principal papers, or by circulating pamphlets, (which very useful means has not I think been tried, though universal in the United States,) or by public lectures from some of are dreading a schism in their respecti would like to recommend the example of President Hea of Fredericton, who, by lecturing in the larger towns of our Province, has directed Public attention to the Provincial University,

f the existence of such institutions.

portion forever. The estimation in which Bro. Fitch was held as a minister of the gospel, beloved for his work's sake, was significantly manileved for his work's sake, was significantly mani-fest in the last du'ies of respect by the hundreds that followed his remains to their resting place, there to remain til those in the grave shall obey the voice of their Lord.

wise shall shine as the brightness of the firmament, and they that turn many to righteousness as the stars forever." The pathetic remarks of the preacher contributed to the solemnities of the hour. Brethren Hughes, Duffee and Chase ENGLAND

tion, and the once flourishing church has lost its visibility. Bro. Freeman writes:

Bro. McPhee, lately from the College, is laboring here, with good acceptance, trying to "gather the fragments together," to rear the broken, columns and to "strengthen those that remain." He has a noble field to cultivate, and if by the blessing of God he succeeds, he need not die without the consciousness of having done some good. The few friends and brothren are doing what they can, and are looking somewhat imploringly to the Home Missionary Board. This feeble interest is surrounded by a vast population and should be nursed.

Nova Scotia.—The literary rocieties in second

Nova Scotia .- The literary societies in conection with Acadia college and Horton Academy, and others are noticed in the Christian Mes-

enger. "The Acadia Athenaeum is a literary Society

"The Acadia Athenaeum is a literary Society composed of students pursuing their studies in the College. All graduates of the College are honorary members of this society.

The Mutual Improvement Association is composed of students belonging to the Academy. It is the aim of these societies to favor the public with a course of lee ures during the winter season. The Rev. J. M. Cramp, D. D. delivered the first of the series before the "Athenaeum" on the evening of Nov. 19. Subject.—"The strange and incomprehersible." In this lec'ure the Dr. well sustained his reputation.

Mr. T. H. Rand followed on the evening of Dec. 19th. before the mutual improvement Asso-

Dec. 19th. before the mutual improvement Association. The lecturer gave an able and satisfactory solution of the question, "shall woman learn the alphabet?"

The Rev. S. T. Band is expected to deliver the state of the state of

next lecture before the At inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M." CANADA.—The religious news from Canada

this week is not very important. An effort is being made in Montreal to reclaim the fallen women, and the city missionaries who are the agents in this good work, are not discouraged by the difficutties they encounter. The French Protestants in Lower Canada seem to be increase ing infnumber, and to be coming out more promi-nently before the public. The College question is again being agitated; the Wesleyans are cating denom national colleges.

UNITED STATES .- We have some items of Religious Intelligence from the United States.-The churches of the different evangelical denomination nations have responded to the invitation of the Evangelical Alliance and the missionaries in India to spend the second week in January is united prayer for the outpouring of the Holy

The secession movement is having its influ ence upon the religious bodies. The Methodists are having their trouble with the slaver question. The Presbyterians and Episcopalian and are seeking to prevent it.

The North Carolina Presbyterian says : "The position which we assumed when dis-union was probable, we maintain with equa

The North Cerolina Presbyterian says:

"The nosition which we assumed when distribution to the Provincial University, and almost trebled the number of students this year. I believe Dr. Forrester of the Truro Normal School, has been very successfal in the same way.

I have written so much already, Mr. Edi or, that the ugh I would like to ray something to the holders of Scholarships in the Horton College, in the argumentum "ad Pocketum," about doing what they ought to do to increase the number of its students and turn their investments to use, that I shall have to stop.

In the best of bonds,

ROGER WILLIAM.

For the Christian Watchman.

HOPEWELL, Jan. 21st, 1860.

Mr. PITOR.—Bro. Fitch is no more. After months of wasting sickness, he quietly fell asleep in Jesus on Friday last.

His lingering l'Iness gave him abundant opportunity to glorify his Master by a patient waiting in vain: day by day and hour by how it was evident that the as outer man failed, the inner become stronger; when heart and flesh failed, God was the strength of his heart, and portion forever. The estimation in which Bro. Fitch was held as a minister of the gospel, be-

The Rev. John B. Jones a Baptist missionary nong the Cherokees has been compelled to leave the country by the U. S. Agent. He and his sickly wife after enduring great hardships reached Illinois in safety.

We learn that in Wisconsin there are two hun-The occasion was improved by a sermon from Bro. Marshall from the pa-sage, "They that be also shall shine as the brightness of the firma-A Chinese Baptist church has been organised

in Sacramento, and some other new churches re-

ENGLAND.-The new Bishop of Durham is a ffend-

the hour. Brethren Hughes, Duffee and Chase took part in the services. May God speedily raise others to fill the place of the remov. d.

It is presumed that some one will soon prepare a memoir of the deceased, whose piety, zest and usefulness are embalmed in the memory of a host who shared largely in his affections.

The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing some of the high Churchmen, and delighting all good men by petronizing the Bible Society and establishing a love for the 'brethren.' The new Bishop of Durham, Dr. Villiers, was one of a host who shared largely in his affections.

The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing some of the high Churchmen, and delighting all good men by petronizing the Bible Society and establishing a love for the 'brethren.' The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing some of the high Churchmen, and delighting all good men by petronizing the Bible Society and establishing a love for the 'brethren.' The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing some of the high Churchmen, and delighting all good men by petronizing the Bible Society and establishing a love for the 'brethren.'

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The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing some of the stablishing a love for the 'brethren.'

The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing and establishing a love for the 'brethren.'

The new Bishop of Durham is a field-ing all good men by petroniz

Care Beerok.—Bro. David Freems writes from Baddeck tolthe Christian Messenger. His letter contains some interesting information respecting the church which he had visited. At Mabou the cause seems to be in a very low state of Formany weeks 'he says 'the church had had no meetings of any kind." At Margaret the church is in a more promising condition. Bro. Freeman writes:—

The pastor Bro Shiels appears to be doing well and is esteemed by the people. The church with great enthusiasm; and a Methodism well and is esteemed by the people. The church with great enthusiasm; and a Methodism when the said to sustain the gospel smong them. A meeting was called on Monday at ten o'clock, when after a discourse by the college agent, an autility to the Home Mission was formed to facilitate the support of the missionary. Bro. Shields performs a mission now and then along the North and Esst coast for a distance of one that the same time enable him to give the residue of his labora to Margaree, which is the largest church in the northern part of the island.

The cause in Baddeck is in a very low condition, and the one flourishing church his soft site without the consciousness of having done some goad. This they can and are looking somewhat implication, and the consciousness of having done some goad. The test man and are looking somewhat implication and should be nursed.

Nova. Scoryta.—The literary recicities in con.

To increase the disgust of the opponents of the church rates, the Record, the organ of the ter Evangelists of the church of England, has come out strongly in favor of Dieroel

church rates, the Record, the organ of the better Evangehars of the church of England, has come out strongly in favor of Disraeli—and the new tory policy.

The "Spectator" says:—If Mr. Disraeli succeeds, and abolishes the rate by stirring up a religious war to d fend it, on the ground that it is part and parcel of the Church of England, then he will really enable the opponents of the Church to say that the Church has lost its national character, just as the opponents of the Jewish emancipation say the House of Commons has lost its Christian character. We have head a good deal about Conservative reaction. Let Mr. Disrae i induce the clergy to back his scheme, and he and they will probably see a liberal reaction, which will not stop short at church rates if once aroused by the spectacle of a body of ministers of Christ working day and night to secure the continued existence of a compulsory church rate. Mr. Disraeli has given much rash counsel in the course of his variagated career; but of all the rash advice he ever gave to the tory party this embodied in the try of church-rates and no surrender! is the rashest, and woe unto the Church, and the Tories too, if they take the counsel of the Seer of Hughendon Maner."

EUROPE. England -The news from England is some what interesting. The Hon. and Rev. Bap ist Noel recently addressed upwards of 200 unfortenate women in the Restaurant, St. James' Hall, upwards of twenty of them have entered. The Montreal Witness publishes the following let-ter from Ediaburgh: We have a glorious work of revival in the city, thanks be to God for his kindness to us. I am happy to state that hun-At a midnight meeting, three hundred fallen women assembled; about one hundred are re-joicing in God their Saviour in truth. We had a man named Richard Weaver, from England, a converted collier. Thousands went to hear him preach. One Sabbath morning, at nine o'clock he preached in the Queen's Park to fifteen thousand people; never will I forget it.

Father Chiniquy before embarking on board

the Canada, delivered a farewell address to a crowded audience in Concert Hail Liverpool,-

He said :—
I am going back, my dear friends, to-morr after a four months visit. It is not for the mo after a four months visit. It is not for the money that I have got from you that I am delighted; but for having seen the glorious British people, of whom I have read the history. But to read your history and to see you are two different things. Although I have not obtained the £5000 I wanted, I have got £2600; but with that I will go back, and begin the work. If I had but £3000, I could begin with more pleasure, for those who know what it is to found a College, to pay the master, to feed the young men, to provide the books hat £3000 is nothing. But I will not go back with a broken heart and tell my countryman that I have failed. I know that something more will come, and that you will do what God has told you to do in spreading his Gospel abroad, because you are his children."

FRANCE.-We have nothing new of a religious character but the following account of the state of Protestantism in Paris, we clip from the

Church Witness:

"A new Protestant church is in course of erection in Paris; when it is completed, Paris will have twenty Protestant Churches and 104 working clergymen. The number of children attending Protestant Sunday Schools is 2,600. The "Post" Paris correspondent speaks highly of the sate of affairs at the English Church in the Rue d'Aguesseau, of which the Rev. E. Forbes is minister: — One of the most valuable of his introductions has been that of Mi. Moore, the Seripture reader, who is charged with the important duty of reading the Bible to poor people who are neither able to read it for themselves nor to leave their own homes to attend church."

Spair. — While the readers of the Bible are Church Witness:

SPAIN .- While the readers of the Bible are suffering imprisonment, the friends of truth are endeavouring to supply the people with religious information. Tracts in great numbers have been printed in London and smuggled into Spain.

CHINA.—The news from this country is expeedingly interesting. We stated in our last number that recent accounts tended to give a favourable opinion of the rebels, and the pros-pects of religion in their midst.

INDIA .- A revival of religion has taken place in North Western India, limited however, to the British troops quartered there. An officer at Sealcote became converted, and then sought the conversion of others. He organized a daily meeting for his men. This meeting was well attended. Then he, with some Christian friende, laboured from house to house. Officera and men have been converted-in all forty-

The Watchman and Reflector gives the following from the Delhi Gazette, dated Futteghue 27th Oct :- " A bigoted Brahmin, named Mohun Lall, has been baptized by Rev. f. L. Scott, in he northern extremity of the Sudder Bazvar of

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AFRICA. in the West Coast Bishop Paine, Episcopal,

encouragingly. We have the following ting the Eastern coast:-

eting the Eastern coast:—

"Westyan Times" says—"A providential ing for a mission to Eastern Africa has tested itself. Our readers will remember acount of Dr. Krapf's travels in that region, and to a correspondence between the composed the United Methodiat Free Church, and entleann, which resulted in his coming from Germany to confer with them on the set of a mission to that part of the African ment. Finding that the Doctor's in-ologicities as abstantially accorded with their own, committee had no hesitation in awailing selves of his offers of service. Mr. Eckett Mr. Checkett Mr. Che

and two who are now preaching among the Methodist Free Churckes, with Dr., who has engaged to give two years to introduction. The party will eail in

E WILMOTS LECTURE. - Last evening the f the Mechanic's Institute was filled to over-

, aisles, platform and gallery being crowd-The subject was China. At the outset the Jent informed the audience that the lecture dake two evenings, and appointed Friday e second part. This lecture being taken up

with geography, population, and early did not call forth all the lecturers well

power. In spite of this however the inter-

as kept up without abatement for two hours. lecture was full of useful information, and econd half will be as eagerly listened to as

r. J. W. Swift who was seversly injured by I from the Scaffolding of St. Jude's Church, on, is rapidly recovering.

ISTRESS AND ANARCHY IN NEWFOUNDLAND.
Tration, sickness, and riot have become fretin Newfoundland. The population of St.

"s is 22,000 and he number of deaths the
year 1500. During the Christmas and New
holidays the streets were infested with rufin masks, who assaulted people indiscrimioly. One young man had his brains beaten
ity a gang of them. Men of property did not
to appear in the streets at night Altogether
he present time, the country presents a
dful picture of destitution, disease and erime
has is met with in no country possessing the
antages of a free constitution; and what the
will be, no man can tell. Even moderate
are beginning to think people must project
maelves.

Anderson case still excites much feeling

the Canadians. There seems to be an unanimous determination that he shall

surrendered Anderson himself is now in ord Jail. The Toronto Globe thinks that

ght to be relessed on bail.

m the United States the news is of the

est interest, and upon the whole encourag-The Southern States which have seceded South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and

da, and other States threaten immediate

Steamer, fired into the "Star of the West" was bringing reinforcements to Fort ster, and has taken possession of Castle sey, Forts Moultrie and Johnston. Georgia

risoned forts Pulaski and Jackson; Alahas seized the important Fort Morgan, at ile, and Fort Barancas and the Navy Yard

ensacola, have been taken possossion of by ama and Florida troops. . se Northern States are determined that the

n shall be maintained in its integrity. The od of hesitation and uncertainty has passed.

The riolence of the Southerners has ted those in the North, who were once re-

ed as pro-slavery, to become the most deter-ed encinies of secession. The New England es are ready to furnish arms and men to put

e treachery of many of the members of the net has been discovered. Secretary Floyd sent 500,000 stand of arms to the Southern

es, and has sold for \$2.50 each 100,000 muswhich cost the Government \$14 apiece, traitors have injured the credit of the counarmed the rebels, and given information as ne other actions of the government. It is

factory to know that Floyd, Toombe, Cobb, Thompson are now no longer members of

e Government now seems inclined to take

steps towards the preservation of the Union. timid or treacherous President has been red to send reinforcements to Mejor Ander-

m and provide against the threstened attack Washington. By this time Fort Sumpler is a position to defend itself against South Caro-a, and the friends of Union need not fear for ashington. The "New York Examiner"

Hews Department.

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as taken place

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Rev. Bap ist of 200 unfor-st. James' Hall, entered. The following let-glorious work to God for his ate that hunelieve in Jesus. nundred fallen andred are reruth. We had om England, a nt to hear him at nine o'clock ark to fifteen

new of a religi-account of the e clip from the hools is 2,600.
speaks highly lish Church in the Rev. E. most valuable to f Mr. Moore, arged with the de to poor peofor themselves titend church." If the Bible are

country is ex-

ded to give a and the pros-An officer at hen sought the ganized a daily

ives the follow-ted Futteghue, named Mohun f. L. Scott, in dder Bazar of

"It has been definitely ascertained that an exmsive conspiracy had been concocted in Virinia and Mariland, to seize Washington and
he government property, and not only prevent
ir. Lincoln's inauguration there, but to hold it
s the capital of the new Southern republic. It
sessid that 12,000 men were pledged to this
sovement, and that others were threatened with
seasnination, or the destruction of their propery, unless they united in it. Effectual measures
are been taken, under the direction of General
cott, to guard against such a treasonable atempt."

The energetic action of Major Anderson in
bandoning Fort Moultrie, and taking posses-The energetic action of Major Anderson in

The State authorities, however, prefer a peacebandoning Fort Moultrie, and taking possesion of Fort Sumpter, has been approved of by

Lamber of the Fort, by which civil war will

Milicent, wife of James W. Boone, in the 67th year

effect upon the minds of some of the audi-while others seeing a bigoted Brahmin has ced Christianity, were convinced of its randed Christianity, were convinced of its

remarkable revival of religion and taken, on board the ship R. B. Forbes, on her to Rangoon from Boston. On her arrival at on a swites of meetings was commenced new chapel, and continued for a fortnight, twenty-five were baptized, funtern from hip, and eleven from the shore. Among baptized were four officers from Her Maarmy, six Burnese and one Eurasian.

M.—The King of Stim seems to have little at for Buddhism, and is d ing much to ish the number of priests.

wote of the House of Representatives, and nearly all the Northern cities have testified their approhation of his conduct, by the firing of cannon, the ringing of hel s, etc.

Mr. Holt, now Postmaster-General, will be sonfirmed to-day as Secretary of War. He sonfirmed to-day as Secretary of War. He segment to reflect on the consequences of rehellion. South Carolina has sent in its ultimatum to the government, and is waiting for an answerThe State seems to be governed by a mob, much to the disgust of those who have property at the disgust of those who have property at the state seems to be governed by a mob, much to the disgust of those who have property at stake. In North Carolina there is a strong conservative element, and the friends of Union are now body expressing their sentiments. We chip the following from the "Standard" of Rachp the following from the "Standard" of Ra-leigh, North Carolina, as expressive of the views ionsts.

servince channels.

Sow bo'dly expressing their sentiments.

Chip the following from the "Standard" of Raleigh, North Carolina, se expressive of the views of many in that State :—

The rabid secsationists in this State are myring heaven and earth, 'o commit the people to favor their views and plungs the State into ravolution. While I am servy to say, all those who are for demanding their rights in the Union, are doing nothing comparatively. Warn the people to arouse from their lethargy, before to be too late, or they will find themselves betrayed, and overwhelmed in ruin.

The recent visit of creating gealtened to a state accountability for any overt act they may commit.

North-Carolina or nine-tenths of the people at least in the State, are for demanding their rights in the Union and under the Constitution; they are for exhausting every honorable, legal, and constitutional method, to obtain these visits in the Union and under the Constitution; they are for exhausting every honorable, legal, and constitutional method, to obtain these visits, and only when these fail are they for revolution, and only when these fail are they for revolution. However, the constitution is the constitution of the constitution; they are for exhausting every honorable, legal, and constitutional method, to obtain these visits, and only when these fail are they for revolution. However, the constitution is the constitution of the people of North-Carolina is not congress, who is the constitution of the people of North-Carolina is not constitution. The following was delivered in the House of Representatives North Carolina by the Hon. C. Brown:

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The following was delivered in the House of States before the visit of the following the people of North-Carolina is visit to color by the people of North-Carolina is visit to color by the people of North-Carolina is visit to color by the state of the visit of the deciral people of North-Carolina is vis sovereignty—shorn of the attributes of sovereignty, the right to think and the right to act, and
to wheel into line as attendants and satellites, by
a law above their own control. In other words,
we are to have a Southern "higher law" overrading the will of our people, and overruling the
very sovereignty of our States,—showing that
Northern and Southern extremes meet in a
"higher law," setting aside State rights and constitutional obligation.

Delaware, Maryland, Mississippi, and even Missouri, seem inclined to preserve the Union, at
least they will not be forced into repellion by
South Carolina, but will consider the question
by the light of their own feelings and interests.

There is some talk of making Delaware, Maryland and Missouri free States. It is intimated

South Carolina, but will consider the question by the light of their own feelings and interests. There is some talk of making Delaware, Maryland and Missouri free States. It is intimated that if the planters were paid for their slaves, there would be no difficulty in accomplishing this

there would be no difficulty in accomplishing this result.

MISSOURL—The Governor of Missouri, in his late message, deprecates the action of South Carolina, and says our people would feef more sympathy with the movement had it originated amongest those who, like ourselves, have suffered severe losses and contant annoyances from the interference and depredations of outsiders. Missouri will hold to the Union so long as it is worth the effort to preserve it. She cannot be frighteredly the past unfriendly legislation of the North, or dragooned into secession by the restrictive legislation of the retreme South. The Governor denies the right of voluntary secession and says that it would be utterly destructive, of every principle on which the national fat is founded; appeals to the great conservative masses of the people to put down selfish and designing politicians, to swet the threat end evils, and closes with a strong recommendation to adopt all proper measure for our rights; condemns the resort to separation; protests against hasty and unwise action, and records his unalterable devotion to the Union so long as if can he made the protector of equal tights.

It is probable that Virginia and Tennessee will not see the virginia development of the virginia development of th

It is probable that Virginia and Tennessee will not get out of the Union before the 4th of March, masmuch as there seeession ordinances, if adopted, are to be submitted to the people for ratification. But unless a change of an almost miraculous nature occurs in the popular sentiment of those States, secession will be carried out, no matter how much it may be regretted afterwards.

New York, Jan. 16.—Gen. Sandford has tendered the First D. vision of the New York State Militia to the Commander-in-Chief, to be ready at an hour's notice.

Arkansas is considered as sure to the Secess

Provisions were dull.

The political news by this arrival is not im-

portant.
Consels stood at 914.

ARRIVAL OF THE "ASIA."

The steamer Asia arrived to-day, bringing one million six hur dred thousand dollars in specie. It is stated that the English Government had sent strong protest to France against the occupation of Syria.

Breadstuffs steady. Provisions dull. Consols 92 3-8 to 924.

Bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £145,000.

The Political news is unimportant.

The Ship Golden Star, from Mobile for Liverpool, was wrecked near Wexford. The captain, wife, servant girl, and sixteen of the crev perished. The mate and six men were saved.

The Bremen brings \$380,000 in species.

The Golden Star had a cargo of 3,750 bales of cot on.

Emperor of Austria has pardoned and libera-

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Gen. Sandford has tendered the First D.vision of the New York State Militia to the Commander-in-Chief, to be tendy at an hour's notice.

The Golden Star had a cargo of 3,750 bales of cot on.

Emperor of Austria has pardoned and liberated the First D.vision of the New York State Militia to the Commander-in-Chief, to be ready at an hour's notice.

The washington that Major Anderson has been ordered not to permit further indignilies to the American flag, and if another indignilies to the Starter of the Start

Washington, to obtain the prestige given by the possession of the archives, treaties, &c., of the Capital.

The conspirators bosst that they have ten thousand men, bound by oaths and pass-words, and are confident of their power to evercome any force which General Scott can bring against them. The assassination of Lincoln while in Maryland is a part of the contemplated plan.

General Scott has obtained considerable information of the signs, oaths, numbers and rendezous of the Maryland Conspirators. The head-quarters of the conspiracy is located further South.

Washington, to obtain the prestige given by the Rev. A. Taylor, Mr. John Slip, to Miss Janet A. Peters, both of Hampstead.

At Hampstead, Q. C., on the 6th inst., by the Rev. A. Taylor, Mr. John Slip, to Miss Janet A. Peters, both of Hampstead.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. A. Taylor, Mr. John Slip, to Miss Janet A. Peters, both of Hampstead.

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At the residence of the bride's father, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. J. B. Norton Mr. John Bowley, of New Branswick, to Miss Mary Sullivan, of the former place.

On the 27th ult., by the same, Mr. Albert Smith On the 28th ult by the same, Mr. Alexander of Fort Sumter, or the State will capture it, regardless of consequence. This is their ultimate um.

The State authorities however, prefer a peace-

—ARRIVED:—
Sunday, Jan 20th—Schr Julia, Simpson, Halifax,
T. McCarthy, gen cargo.
Monday, 21st—Ship Joseph Peabody. Whiting,
Baltimore, W. McLean bal.
TUBBOAY 22d—Brig Gold Hunter Williams, Yarmouth, N. S., J. W. Moody, bal.
Schr Pearl, Whelpley, Boston, Eaton & Bovey,
gen cargo,

Schr Feart, Wheipley, Boston, Eaton & Bovey, gen earge Ann, Wheipley, Boston, do, do. Schr Jean Brown, Clark, P E Island, Cudlip & Snider, oats, &c.

—CLEARED:—
Jan 21st—Bark Cecelia, Cain, Queenstown, S Wiggins & Søn, deals.
22d.—Schr Arctic, Tucker, Richmand, Thompson & Stackhouse, deals.

—MEMORANDA:—

Sailed from Greenock, 22d, Wm Vail, for this Port.

The ship Gottanburg landed at Dover, the master and crew of bark Canton from St John, N B, of and for Hull, which was totally dismasted, and lost boats, and had decks swept on Dec 13th, lat 41, long 48.

Sailed from Ardrossan, 30th, Harriet Cann, Barbane from May Vork.

Sailed from May Vork.

11.

Sailed from Ardrossan, 30th, Harriet Cann, Finkney, for New York.

Ard at New York, 16th, John Moopy, Killam, from Anquilla Sailed from Newport' 31st, Mary Baker, Perry, Gragoston.

Cleared at Savennah, 18th, brig Lizzie Bliss, Pearson, for this port.

Ard at Providence, 18th, brig Olive, Mansfield, hence.

Gordon, J. F.

Hamilton, Charles Hamilton, Capt. Rufu Hameock, William Hameock, William Hameock, William Hayes, James Hicks, Thomas S. Holmes, Galbrauth

Tea Soirce.

THE Congregation of St. David's Prosbyterian Church, (Rev. Mr. Perrie's) propose holding a Tea Soirce, in Smith's Building, Prince Wm. Street, on the Brening of Wedneaday, 30th January.

Proceeds to go towards liquidating the debt on the Church.

The "Union Choir," conducted by Mr. March, has kindly consented to be present.

Several talanted Speakers will address the Meeting.

Proceeds to go we have the Church.

Proceeds to go we have the Church.

The "Union Choir," conducted by Mr.

The "Union Choir," conducted by Mr.

The "Union Choir," conducted by Mr.

Several tainated Speakers will address the Meeting.

Tickets 50 cents each—to be had at the Stores of W. L. Avery, Barnes & Co., and J. & A. Medillan, or of citiler of the Committee. Also, at the Door, Doors open at 7. Ten on Table at 8 o'clock.

Doors open at 7. Ten on Table at 8 o'clock.

Down Milligan. sen., Alex. Henderson, David Miller, M. D. Thos. Fraser, Eavernee

WAY OFFICE INDIANTOWN.

Burns, Patrick

McCunna, John G.

Burns, Patrick

McCunna, John G.

Burns, Patrick

McCunde, James

McCunna, John G.

Cutter, Miss Amelia A.

Cameron, Mrs.

Dixon, James

Dixon, James

McQuade, James

Cameron, Mrs.

Reynolds, Miss

Robertson, Afred

Smith, James

South, James

Oixon, James

Occurrence

WAY OFFICE INDIANTOWN.

McCunde, James

McCunde, James

McCunde, James

Cameron, Mrs.

Dixon, James

South, James

Oixon, James

McQuade, James

Cameron, Mrs.

Dixon, James

McQuade, James

Cameron, Mrs.

McGunde, James

McQuade, James

Cameron, Mrs.

Dixon, James

McQuade, James

Cameron, Mrs.

Mathewon, John Mathewon, John Moore, James

M

NOTICE.

NOT

THOS. R. JONES.

jan 10

Cock CUTTING AND EXCAVATION.—
Tenders will be received by the Commissioners of the General Public Hospital at their Office, Prince William Street, until Thursday, 24th inst., at neon, for Cutting Down and Levelling the Hospital Ground and Excavating at Cellar, according to plens and information which will be furnished on any licentic to H. Peters. Esq., (vil Engineer.

The Building Stone to be the property of the Commissioners, and to be piled where required; the rubbish also to be placed as may be directed. The whole work to be done by the Culie Yard, under the direction and t the satisfaction of the Engineer, who will set off the work or the ground and measure the same, and whose measurement will be final and binding on both parties.

The whole to be finished on or before the 1st day of June net.

Satisfactory security will be required for the performance of the Contract.

Payment will be made monthly according as the work progresses, reserving 10 per cent. of the amount until the whole is completed.

Dy order of the Board.

The Tesident

DUTTER.—Received by Rail This Day—

JUTTER.—Received by Rail This Day—

BUTTER.—Received by Rail This Day2) firkins choice Valley Buter. For sale by
JOSHUA'S. TUREBIL,
jan 17

22 Water-stacet.

1861. JANUARY 17th. 1861. NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

JUST Received per Cunadian Steamer via
Portand from London, and opening this day at
No. 25 King Street.
Black Siks,
Tinseld Bonnet Ribbons,
Magenta Searfs,
Ladies & Genes Turbans,
Ostrich Feathers,
Fancy Head Dresses,
Magenta Wool Plaids;
Fancy Figured Reps.

Magenta Wool Plaids;
Fancy Figured Reps.
Black Chenille Hair Nets.
Also—I Case Ladies, Gents & Childrens Colored
Kid and Gloth Gloves, and Fancy Hosiery,
LT These Goods will be sold at a small advance on
Cost.
BOBER 1 MODRE.
jan 18—4 in 25 King Street. FUR COATS, FUR CAPS, FUR GLOVES.
LOCKHART & CO.,
79 King street. (nov21) 12) Prince Wm-str ANDING ex R. H. Moul, on from Boss ton-2 Bales Wicking,

ton—2 Bales Wicking,
2 Cases Smyrna Figs,
5 Hhds. Molasses, For sale low by
jan 9 JOSHUA S. TURNER. Jan 9 JOSHUA S. 1 OEAR S.

9 A. M. 10,30 A. M. 10,30 A. M. All those Trains will carry Passengers and Freight. By All those Mountain and Freight. By All the Mountain and Freight. By All the Mountain and Freight. Bi. John, Nov. 5, 1850.

St. John, Nov. 5, 1860.

Selling Off!
TO MAKE ROOM FOR SPRING SUPPLIES,
A PRINE assortment of Clothing, particularly
made up for Retail Trade, consisting of—
OVER COAT", at Cost;
Dress Clothing in variety,
Working Clothes, in all qualities,
Jan 11 3 Dood-street.

CHEAP PURS—The subscriber has on hand a
few setts Stone Martin, Sable, Chinchilla and
Fitch Furs, which he will sell at a bargain.
Jan 2 D. H. HALL.



of her age, leaving a husband, 9 children, 42 grand children, and a large circle of relatives to mourn their loss. She bore a lingering painful illness with patience and Christian resignation, and died in hope of a glorious immortality.—(Christian Visitor please copy.

On Monday morning, 21st inst., James Mc-Pyke, in the 8 2nd year of his age.
On Sungay the 20th inst, of influmation of the langs, Andrew S. Cowie, in the 23rd year of his age.
On Britiay, 18 h inst., Mr. Thomas Tarner, agrd 51 years, a native of Searborough. Yorkshire, England, leaving a wife and two children to mourn their loss.
On Monday 21st, inst., Sarah Kee, in her 71st yeas, a native of London, England.
On Friday night, 4th inst, in Portland, Elizabeth wife of Wm. Logan, and daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Saackhonse, aged 30 years. She had been for 8 years a member of the Bapita Scheit, Kinsbeth Domovan, Murgaret Smith, Miss Risabeth Charch. She leaves a husband and five little children with numerous oteer friends to mourn her less.

SHIP NEWS.

SHIP NEWS.

SHIP NEWS.

SHIP NEWS.

SUNDAY, Jan 20th—Schr Julia, Simpson, Halifax, T McCarthy, gen cargo.

May 12 to She Leaven Peabedry Whiting.

General Residence of the Residence of Speech Mrs. Mary Saworth, Miss Amelia J. (2)

GENTLEMENS' LIST.

GENTLEMENS' LIST.

worth, Miss Amelia
J. (2)
GENTLEMENS' LIST.
A.
Ilen, David L.
B.
McClellan, Robert
McColiff, John
McDernsott, John W.
McDernsott, John W.
McDernsott, John
McDernst, John
McDevitt, Henry
McDonald, George
McEachern, Augus (1)
McGivern, Owen
McGivern, Owen B.
Bai'y, Henry.
Bliss, Porter C.
Bucham, J. McGivern, Owen McIonis, James A.

Stedman, Henry T.

Tobin, James W.

Nowles, Marmy Duke Nugent, Redmand O'Connor. Time O'Neill, John
P.
Paterson, A. Y.
Proctor, John
Purdy, John
R.

Rankin. J.
Ranney, W. P.
Right, Henry
sRogan, John
Rourke, Wm. P.
Rowly, Thos. (2.)
Rutterford, Richard S. Smith, Calvin Southers, Amos Southward, George Stiles, David Stade P.

Jones, John A. Jordan & Adams, Kennard, S.A. Kenny, William Kirk, William

Cutler, Miss Amelia A.
Cameron, Miss.
Cameron, Miss.
Dixon, James
Eaton, James M. (3)
Gormly, John
Givings, James
Jones, Miss Susan A.
Spragg, Miss Leviaia
Jones, Miss Susan A.
Spragg, Emery
Lary, Miss Mary
Mahony, Patrick
Munroe, Miss Jennet
Tapley, Elizabeth
Munroe, Miss Jennet
MeGowan, Messara Owen Waite, George
& I (2)

& I (2)

SHIP LIST.

Catherine Mariner, Brig Louisville, Schr. (2)

Clara Heckman, Brig Longfellow, Ship (2).

Comet Schr.

Eliza Olive, Barque (2)Sophia McKenzie,

Elizabeth & Jane,

Henry Fernie, Ship

EFPersons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are "advertised"

J. HOWE.



SHIRTS.

98, Prince William Street,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
(Next door to the Bank of British Morth America,
THE Subscriber has just received a large assortment of Pait and Winter Cotha, in Black, Blus
and Brown, Beavers, Pilota, Nixed Miltons, &c. &c.,
Black Broad Cloths, Black and Pancy Doeskins
West of England Tweeds, m all the latest styles
which will be made up to order in the latest Fash
ions.

Now Opening—A splendid assortment of Crimean
Now Opening—A splendid assortment of Crimean
Plannel, the best assortment in the City; Gents,
Lambs' Wool Saltts and Drawers, in Shetland, Grey
and White; Shirt Collars, Neek Ties, Silk and
Wool Scarfs, Wool Wrappers, Gloves, Braces, &c.,

and White; Shirt Collars, Neek Ties, Silk and Wool Scarfs, Wool Wrappers, Gloves, Braces, &c. &c.

Gentlemen in want of the above Goods would find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Always on hand a superior assortment of Damestic Made Shirts of the best materials, and a perfect fit guaranteed.

If Agent for the New York Fashions.

JOHN PRICE.

INGLISHMAN'S COUGH MIXTURE.

In Remedy, which is prepared only by the Subseriber, from the prescription of a London Physician, he more than five years during which time many respectable individuals from different parts of the Province, have testified to its valuable qualities, having received immediate benefit from its use after all other remedies had failed. The subscriber therefore, has great confidence in recommending it to the public as a certain cure for Coughs, Colds, irritation of the Throat, affection of the Lungs, &c. Fut up in bottles at 25 cents, 40 cents and 60 cents each, and for sale by T. B. BARKER, nov29

INTER BOOTS & SHOES—A large assort-

Nov29

No

Youthe' RUBBER BOOTS;
Misses' RUBBER BOOTS;
Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's
RUBBER CVER SHOES!
Heavy, Light Gossamer, and Sandals, all of the
First American Mannfacture, and for Sale at an
exceedingly low rate,
WHOLESALE AND RETIAL.
EDWIN FROST,
jan 2
King-street.

CALL AND SEE !!! SHARKEY.

WARM TOP COAFE AT 20s. 25s. 30s. 35s. 40s. 45. 50s. BOYS! BOYS! A full supply of Boys Clething. Prices commences at 12s. 6d. 15s. 17s. 20s. 22s. 6d. 25s. 30s.

Remember the old stan I.
P. SHARKEY.
Corner of K ng and Cross Streets. AHEUMATISM CURED. KIDDER'S RHEUMATIC AND BONE
LINIMENT.

COR the permanent Cure of Rheumatism, Gout
Neuralgia, Spraisa, Burns, Brukes, Stiffness o
Joint, Ac. &c. and all complaints where an external up
THIS LINIMENT has been successfully used through
out the N. E. States and British Frovinces for more than a
prace, and received the praises of the afficied, and its vir
toes are acknowledged by some of the moon to be a factor
of the complete of the complete of the concy, and irredy recommend and use it in their residence,
THY IT!

All who are suffering from Pains. A thorough trial of this Limiment is warranted to cure all or any of the above samed complaints. For pain and stiffness, arising from BECKEN BOKES it is one of the greatest blassings a suffer an above it is one of the greatest blassings a suffer can have beautiful. braked.

As a remedy for restoring the falling off of HAIR, and removing Dandruff, it is not to be sur lassed by any of the
liner Restoratives of the day.

HEADACHE incured by a brisk application of the Lini-

Prepared and sold West-rate and Retail by D. B. KIDDER
& Co. No. Eg Maverich

by Druggists generally.

Agents for St. John, A. B. T. F. Barker. (successor to

S. L. Tilley, G. F. Everett & Co., W. G. Smith, R. D. RoArthur, T. St. Reed, J. Chaloner, F. R. Inches, C. F. Clarker,

and J. St. Walker,

Land J. W. Walker,

January C. R. Land J. W. J. J. John Wiley

and A. W. Randyley. THOMAS SIME, JR., MANUFACTURE OF TREUS, VALIERS, TRAVELLING BAGS, CANVAS, COVERS, &C.—Having resumed the above business, the Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of every article in the Ting, and will manufacture to order, at short notice, Trunks, &c., of any size, style and material—of quality much superior to imported alop work, and at moderate prices. Repairs made and Reys furnished at the TRUNK PACTORY, 51 Germain Street, St., John. aug L.

THOS. SIME JR.

REDUCTION! REDUCTION! THE Balance of our Stock of
FELT HATS,
MANTLES, and
SHAWLS.
Will be disposed of at Retail
FOR WHOLESALE PRICES.

Those who are in want of such Goods will do well to call early.

RARBOUR & SERLY,
jan 9 67 King Street.

Figure 1 Street Figure 1 Street Figure 2 Stree

Jan 9 W. H. ADAMS.

Corner King and Germann Streets

JANUARY 2d, 1861.

THROUGH the medium of the newly established
"Christian Watchman," the subscriber affectionately winches his friends and patrons the compliments of the New Year's season. He begs to achoovledge with pleasure the new favours which he has every day received from them, and which, certainly calls for new expressions of gratitude.

He hopes, during the current year, to be continually supplied with new goods, which he will exchange on the most favourable terms for the new currency. And, whetever new events may be unfolded as time clapses, it will be the subscriber's duty to make new exertions to give satisfaction to all his customers, whether new or old.

The Subscriber deals in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dycatuffs, Trusses, Syringes, Bruhes, &c. ian 2

FOCONFEC CIONERS AND APOTHE.

TOCONFECTIONERS AND APOTHER
CARIES.—The attention of all who wish to put
up their Christmas Confectionery in the best style is
directed to the school of all officers of the school of t

Drugs, Medicines and Perfu Trops, nedicines and Fernmery.

The mbeeriber has just eceived by the labor that his "Hannah Bownes." from London, a fresh supply of Druge, Medicines, Persument of the labor that his property of Broads.

Hair, Cloth. Youth and Nail Brushes.—Hair, Cloth. Youth and Nail Brushes.—Hair, Cloth. Youth and Nail Brushes.—Also, a pariety of Goods too numerous to mention, all of which are warranted of superior quality, and for sale at reasonable rates, by THOMAS M. REED, Head of North whasf. Waterproof Oll for Boots, Shoes, &c FORD'S Waterproof Oll is an Etherial Solution of India Rubber, Castor Oil and Tannin. It is superior to all other preparations for rendering Boots, Shoes, Harness, &c., soft and pliant, and at the same time completely WATERPROOF. It will

the same time completely WATERPROOF. It will not cause the least injury to the Leather, but will make it last longer. It may be depended on as being the only article that will keep out Snow Water Price, 3' cents per bottle. For sale by all Druggists Wholesale and Retail by GRORGE F. EVERETT & CO., Druggist, jan 2 9 (foot) King Street. A. W. MASTERS,
COMMISSION MEBCHANT,
And Wholesale Dealer in
FLOUR, GROCERIES, SALT PROVISIONS,
No. 27 South Market Wharf, St. John N. B.
jan 2

M. LAWRENCE & CO., m. LAWEBNUE & CU.,

NO. 26 SOUTH WHARF, Sr. JOHN, N. B.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. and dealers in

C Provisions, Groceries, Fish, &c., &c. Keep
constantly on hand a good assortment, and will sell
low for cash, or country produce. Consignments solicited. Lately received—100 cwt COPIES, 30 do
Pollock, 30 firkins Prime Cumberland and Westmore,
land Butter, 40 barrels Country Pork, 50 barrels
Gibbed Herrings, 10 do Quoddy River, do. Tea. Tobacco, Oatmeal, Smoked Herrings, &c., &c.

jan 2

Butter, Pish, &c.

150 Firk INS prime Cumberland BUTTER;
31 bbls Mess SRAD (very fat;)
10 bbls American Mess FORK;
21 do New Branswick do;
20 do Country BEEF;
30 boxes,
33 half do M R & Layer RAISINS;
20 qt do)
20 qts large table Codfish; 100 qtls Pollbok;
165 boxes Smoked Herrings;
2 do bushels BARLEY, with a general assortment of GROCERIES. For sale at lowest market rates by
31 and 2 (ap) 27 South Mkt Wharf.

PORK.—10 barrels Sackville Pork, in good order. For sale low by
32 BEFOREST & PERKINS,
33 dec 19 II South Wharf.

New Year's Presents.

ILLUSTRARED BOOKS;
107 BOOKS;
107 BOOKS, printed on Linen, plain and colored:
WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES, DEESSING

and colored:
WAITING DESKS, WORK BOXES, DRESSING
CASES!
A large assortment on hand and will be sold at
lowest cash prices.
J. & A. McMILLAN.
DOYS UAPS—A good assortment of Boy's Wintec Caps. For sale cheap by
D. H. HALL.

1061 COPAT REBUCTION!

1861-GREAT REDUCTION !

THE following Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices:

Pett Hats; Felt Bonnets;

Wool Shawls, Cloaks and Furs;

Wool Shawls, Cloaks and Furs;

Flannels Blankets, Horse Rugs;

Berlin Goods, Hosiery & Gloves,

With a general Stock of Winter Goods, in order to make room for Spring importations. An early call is respectfully solicited from intending purehasors.

SAMUEL BROWN,

SAMUEL BROWN, 31 King Street

When Jesus left his throne above The tidings through creation rang, Angels adored his wondrous love
And all the Sons of morning sang:
Far flowed the high exultant sound From sea to sea, from shore to shore From heavenly hosts assembled round and wonder, and adore :-"Glory to God who reigns on high And everlasting peace to all beneath the sky

The Nativity.

"He comes—He comes—the long foretold The light and hope of ages past, The joy of all the saints of old, On the sad earth appears at last; He comes, but not in form Divine, Not in the garb that angels wear Oh. Son of God! what love is thine Glory to God who reigns on high. erlasting peace to all beneath the sky

" For thee no glittering pomp attends, No palace opes its golden gate— No loud rejoicing cry ascends, No eager throngs in reverence wait; There lies no pleasant place of rest,

No hand is there the path to smooth No power to heal thy stricken breast, No heart to love, no voice to soothe: Glory to God who reigns on high, And everlasting peace to all beneath the sky

"But there await thee want and woe, Anguish and tears await thee there, 'Tis thine the depths of grief to know, And the keen pangs of fierce despain Thy throne the cross of agony, 'Tis thine to wear the robe of scorn, In grief to live, in woe to die:— Glory to God who reigns on high, And everlasting peace to all beneath the sky

"But theu shalt triumph o'er them all Tiil all the lands thy power obey, The vanquished hosts of sin shall fall, And Hell and Death shall fice away. And every knee to thee shall bend And every heart thy name adore, and evermore thy power extend From sea to sea, from shore to shore: Glory to God who reigns on high, And everlasting peace to all beneath the sky!

The Fireside. For the Christian Watchman.

The Missionary's Son. BY X.

CHAPTER III, CONTINUED.

The voyage was a long one, and Willie had plenty of time to become acquainted with his companions. After the first burst of sorrow had passed away, his lively and amiable disposition exhibited itself in a thousand ways. The officer and the China merchant becamevery fond of him and loved to talk with him. They admired his cleverness, his bright answers, and shrewd remarks. They also felt for his friendless condu

The officer's name was Major Berton. He had lived for twenty years in India, and was now on leave of absence. The name of the merchan was Henry King.

They were so kind to him that he was soo quite as happy as ever. The griefs of childh cannot last very long. New friends and new joys are eagerly welcomed. He soon became the inseperable companion of his two friends.

He was fond of singing, and had a very sweet voice. It was a pleasant sight to see the bright faced boy upon the quarterdeck, singing the sweet hymns which his mother taught him, the gray headed merchant, and the dark faced soldie listening in delight, and urging him to sing more Then the officer would tell him a story of the Indian wars, of long and terrible marches in Cabul or Afghanistan, of sufferings in the desert of perils in the jungle, of tremendous battles on the plains of Scinde. To these Willie would listen breathlessly, only interrupting the narrative by eager questionings or half suppressed groans. The other would then tell of China, of the vast cities with innumerable inhabitants, hundreds of thousands of whom lived in little boats and died there, of lofty temples, and limitless plains, of vast rivers, greatfleets, and crowded ware houses

Their voyage was attended by many wonderful incidents. Once the skies grew black with a suddenness that was astonishing. Vast ebon clouds rolled overhead, crushing together, and the sea all around rose in long heavy swells, though there was no wind. Gradually the clouds came together in an enermons heep almost over-head, and hung downward as though the weight was too heavy for the skies to bear. eneath hissed and tossed, the clouds lowered further and further downward, until at last sea and sky united. Then followed a wonderful The cloudy column which had thus been formed passed with marvellous rapidity over the sea, urning and twinting violently and drawing nial the water upward into the bosom of the cloud. At last it burst in a deluge of water, with a roar like thunder. The black clouds spread far away

At another time they witnessed a hurricane. It burst upon them falmost in a moment. They had left the deak but a few minutes, and hearing the first crash of the tempest they hurried out. All was changed. The sky was covered with a leads and the whole face of the say white with clouds and the whole face of the sea white with

would slowly rise as if trying to right herself, with fee ting the huge timber, and severing the ropes, tose above the roar of the tempest. It was at this moment that Willie's character was seen in them; streams of human life with the rushing such a way as to endear him still more to his companions. He was close by his two friends clinging to the cabin door. At the very height a thousand sounds all mingled into one; such of the gale, when all seemed lost, his sweet voice was the scene.

They drove for miles, then they turned off inarose calmly and without a tremor of fear, singing one of his mother's favorite hyms.

" Jesus lover of my soul Let me to thy bosom fly, While the raging billows roll, While the tempest still is high. Hide me oh my Saviour hide, Till the storm of life is past, Safe into thy haven guide. Oh receive my soul at last."

"Are you not afraid at all Willie?" said Mr King in profound astonishment.
"No Sir," said Willie meekly.

"You're a noble little fellow," cried Major Barton. "There must be something in your re ligion, if it can have such an effect on a boy." Shortly after the mast went overboard with a crush like thunder, and the vessel, shivering all over, once more rode upright on the waters.

A few days afterwards they arrived at Cape Town, where they waited some time until a ne mast had been fitted.

CHAPTER IV. Thus the vessel proceeded with various inci

dents, common to a sea voyage.

They passed within sight of the island of St Helena. Here the Major related to Willie the wonderful story of Napoleon Bonaparte, and the narrative gained new interest from the presence of his island prison. Willie had heard it all before, but never had it been so graphically des cribed to him; for the Major had fought against Napoleon in the wars, and had been taken pr soner, and had seen him, and spoken to him

Week after week passed and they grew near and still nearer to America. At length they entered a sheet of water, of different color from the ocean. The captain joyfully informed them that they might now consider themselves almos in America, for this was the famous Gulf stream Now the ships became more numerous, hug steamers crossed their path, wherever they look ed sails appeared over the horizon. They were approaching the great metropolis. At last land

sheres. It was the entrance to New York Bay "Willie," said the Major, accosting him as the ship pussed Staten Island,"we will now part and it is not possible that we will meet again Let me give you something to remember me by I would give you a Bible, but your mother has already supplied you with that. Let me give you this watch. If you are led by this to heed the flight of time, and make every hour of your life of use, then it will be your best possession

se before them, and light-houses, and green

next to your mother's Bible." So saying, he handed Willie a splendid gold watch, which the boy took with the utmost pleasure and surprise. Upon the inside was engraved,—"To Willie, from his friend, George Ber-ton." Mr. King smiled as he saw it and said were encored. Many of the audience appea Well Willie, we at least will be able to see one another some times, for we shall be neigh-The watch had been obtained at Cape Town.

Now the sights increased all around, and ed cheered to its very centre. The

foam. A tremendous wind was bearing upon the ship, and the sailors were taking in all sail. Suddenly a violent squall struck them with such force that the ship turned over at once as though it were a Joy, and lay with her broad side down upon the surface of the sea. Two sailors were harled overboard and lost, while all on board the ship clung for their lives to roses, and have tonished him. But soon they reached Broadway. ship clung for their lives to ropes, and beams, and whatever was nearest. The storm grew was Trinity church with its lofty spire, and bemore and more violent, and the ship lay comfore and behind the long vista crowded with

pletely at the mercy of the gale. Sometimes she houses and people. The splendid st res fronted but the next moment a more violent squall would throw her back. At last the Captain's voice was heard crying, "cut away the masts." The sail-with their rich architecture and beautiful winors sprung to obey, and the sound of axes cut- dows; the vast crowds of people, all hurrying

> to smaller streets where the houses were of modest appearance. At length they stopped in front of a neat house with a door-plate bearing

"This is the place," said the driver, as he pened the door. A pale face appeared at the window of the

house. Soon the door was opened. A lady stepped out and gave a look at Willie. Is this Willie-my nephew-I know it 18," aid she, "I am your Aunt Helen."

The next moment he was folded in her arms. Soon the trunks were all on the sidewalk. The najor and his companion would not step in the house, but bidding a kind farewell to Willie, they went their way. (To be continued.)

The Sabbath School

For the Christian Watchm Hymn.

Oh let me sing thy wondrous love And sound a psalm of praise to Thee, Who left Thy glorious throne above, And came to earth to die for me.

The suffering slave of dark despair, In bitterest grief I cried to The Then didst Thou hear my mournful prayer And came to earth to die for me,

The pange of grief, the stings of shame And sorest woes were heaped on Thee, In all I saw Thee still the same, I saw Thee bear them all for me.

I saw thy blood, -a crimson tide, I saw Thee hanging on the tree :-Oh piteous sight! my Saviour died—
And that dear Saviour died for me. Oh Life-Oh Death-Oh Love Divine-

Forever boundless—ever free— That Life,—that Death,—that Love is mine Since Thou didst give them all for me, Oh dying Friend, my life, my love,

My soul, my all, I give to The For Thou didst leave Thy home above, And came to earth to die for me.

For the Christian Watchman

MR. EDITOR : I had the pleasure of attending the Concert given by the Portland Sabbath Sci day evening, 8th inst., in the Mechanics' Institute. It was a very unfavourable evening. Still the hall was well filled, and all and appeared highly gratified. Several times there were bursts of applause between the verses, and several piece perfectly enrantured. I observed one old gentle. man in particular, who would, I often feared, burst the buttons of his vest. He must hav been "Grandpa" I guess, for his old heart seemthe wonders of New York bay gradually unfolded themselves. Willie stood absorbed by the glories of the seene, and admired the soft beauty of the view, so different from the glowing cert. It is the carrying out of the whole. The fervor of a tropical landscape. Most surprising general arrangement was also good, notwiths to him however was the vast and ever increasing standing three of the pieces sung on that occanumber of ships and sailing vessels. They lay all around at anchor, or darted across the surface of the water, or drifted laxily with the within one month. The book used (the Oriele) within one month. The book used (the Ornole) within one month. The book used (the Ornole) was introduced among them but four weeks before. Still all appeared perfectly at their case, understand each other, and to know when and harbor, and sending forth its fleets to all lands.

In the book used (the Ornole) was introduced among them but tour weeks before. Still all appeared perfectly at their case, understand each other, and to know when and how to perform their parts. There was also suffered to the contraction of the co The deep roar of a populous city came up from afar, and sounded solemnly in his ears.

There was also superior taste displayed by their leader, in the selection of tunes to give variety, in arranging afar, and sounded solemnly in his ears.

He saw the wharves with their crowds of the voices to give effect to the diff rent parts, in the saw the wharves with their crowds of shipping, and hosts of mea of all kinds, busy at their various employments; with horses, carriages, carts and waggons, dogs and barrows.

After some delay a tug boat came out and towed the ship up to the wharf. From the quarter-deck Willie looked down upon the scene they were more anxious to hear them than at the beneath, he confusion, the turmoil, the noise, the excitement. Crowds of carriages, and carts, come out again in "Early Spring," they may the excitement. Crowds of carriages, and carts, and hand wagons, throngs of eager men; horses rushing to and fro; cabmen flourishing their whips, and ahouting; hotel runaers thrus ing out their cards. Willie looked upon it, wondering how he could ever reach his destination.

"Which are your trunks Wilee?" asked Major Berton, and Willie hurried off to collect his baggage. It was soon ready. The China merchant seated Willie by his side and told him merchant seated Willie by his side and told him merchant seated Willie by his side and told him mens of their conversion. The influence of the wait patiently. The Major ordered the bug-

merchant seated Willie by his side and told him to wait patiently. The Major ordered the binggage off, and went to see that it was packed
safely in the cab."

"We are going to see you safely to your destination" said his companion. "It would be
very difficult for you to find your way there
alone. Besides, we want to know where our
little friend lives. You have their address."

"Yes Sir," said Willie pulling out his little
pocket book, and showing a leaf wherein was
written the aldress in the firm boid head of his
father.

The Major now returned. They started off,
and soon reached the wharf. The cab was piled
high with their beggage. They jumped in, and
soon were rattling along at a turious pace.

Willie was so absorbed by the wonders around willie was so absorbed by the wonders around that now all our Schools have put aside the old collection of hymns, and adopted one more constant.

" Never forget the Sabbath School, The lessons taught you there The lessons taught you there,
The gentle words of love and truth,
The true and earnest care.

Remember, too, the teachers dear, Who oft for you will pray, That Jesus, by his grecious love, May keep you in the way.

Can we forget the Sabbath School,
The place of light and love;
Place where we learn of wisdom's ways,
That leads to homes above?
Wherever we may wander here,
When through the week we roam,
We'll not forget the teachers dear
Of this our Sabbath home.

Let us step into another school, and listen to he Superintendent "line out" the hymn, Great God how infinite art Thou, What worthless worms are we!

Should there be any one present who can sing, he will perhaps lead off with "New Jerusalem," a few of the teachers joining in, while the scholars are enjoying themselves, Sam keeping time with spplying his tuning fork to Joe's nose, to see if the pitch is well kept up. Do all witness this carelessness in a hymn of the former description?

No.—

"They love to rive the former description?"

"They love to rive the former description?"

"They love to rive the former description?"

"They love to sing together,
Their hearts and voices one."
Why is this difference? The one is emphatically the children's song, just suited to their tastes, adapted to arouse their attention, and nterest them. But the other is the Pilgrim's salm, calculated to " lead his soul from earth

I make these remarks, hoping that our friends nay do as we of the city have done. If so, they will find the children becoming more attached to their School, and in consequence its influence will become greater. And then these concert will prove useful not only as an agreeable way of spending an evening, but also as a means raising money. Brussels Street School last Fall at a concert given by them, raised \$90. It is just as easy for country schools to have co and cash is just as valuable there as in the city,

Ennis & Gardner's eptembe Spring Ladies The above are manufactured of the Tempered Steel.

The usual discount off for Cash.

The usate the control of the control

FASHIONS—1861 FASHIONS.

UST Received at No. 25 King Str et, the London and Paris Fashions, for January 1861, in Dress s, Mantles, Bonnets, and Dress (E. 185, all of which iil be executed with reatness and despatch.

N. B. None but experienced hands employed.

ROBERT MOORE.

TP Expected per "Canadian Stemmer," via Fort-land—"GLENGARRY" Turbans, Magenta Searfs, with a choice assortment of Dress Caps, Bonnets, New Style Ribbons, Berlin Goods, &c. &c. &c. "St. John Millenary and Mantis Rooks."

R. M.

ENGLISH JEWLEY, &c.

AT 50, KING STREET.

BCEIVED per "Canadian," a large assortment
of fine London Jeweiry, in Goun Ceatres. Eockets, Keys, Chains, Brooches, Kings, Stads, Silves
Shawl Pins, &c. A fine stock of Gold Mouring
Brooches, Jet Brooches and Bracelets, Pure Coin
Silver Spons, English Silver Plated Spoons. Forks.
&c., Fine Pocket Cutlery, &c.
In WATCHES we have some of the finest London
Movements in various styles. of Gold and Silver
cases. Also-a full assortment of Gold and Silver
cases. Also-a full assortment of Gold and Silver Movements in various styles of Gold and Silver cases. Also—a full assortment of Gold and Silver Swiss Watches, sore of which come at very low prices and perform remarksbly well.

We are makin, arrangements to keep the new American Watches of the different grades in Stock, and have now a few Movements which will be put in any style of Gold or Silver Cases to order.

St. John, April 29, 1850:

R. R. PAGE. NOV. 19th, 1860.—IMPERIAL BUILDINGS
Prince Wm. street.—Blue Blankets; Blue
Blankets; just received—I bale Blue Blankets, suits
able for making Gentlemen's travelling Coats,
nov 24

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS NEW GOODS I NEW GOODS, DER Steamer "Europa:"-50 PACKAGES PRINT'S, Newest Styles, "Per Steamer Melita; RELT HATS, FEATHERS, FI.OWERS, CLOVES, BOISERY, Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons, Coffered Ribbons, Trimmings. Clapes, Ladies' Ties and Scarfs, in Chencille, Wool and Silk; Hair Nets, in Silk and Chencille, plain and beadet; Muslin Gollars and Seleves. Lace Balls, Shirt Collar, Fires, Shirt Fronts Crimes Shirts and Shirtings, Lamba' Wool Vests and Panta, &c. &c.

I would call particular attentic. to the Stock of MANTLES and "HAWLS; having fitted up a Room. expressly for that purpose, every care and attention. expressly for that purpose, every care and attention will be paid to that Department. Parties preferring buying the Cloth can have it made up in a few hours in any stella aying the Covin of the sold at extremely low prices

(IT All Goods will be sold at extremely low prices

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

The remainder of the stock daily expected per
Lampedo" and " Americana."

JOHN HASTINGS, JOHN HASTINGS, 27 Prince William-street.

FANCY BOXES! One Dollar Orleans Dresses THREE DOLLAR SEAL MANTLES!

SKATING HOODS! WIDE AWAKE HOODS! FANCY BAGS! BROOCHES AND BRACELETTS II
ENNIS & GARDNER,
55 King Street.

JOSHUA S. TURNER. Commission Merchant, Provisions. Fruit, and Groceries.
No. 22 Water Street.
ED GONSIGNMENTS RESPECTIVELY SOLICITED

J. D. UNDERHILL, COMMISSION MERCHANT FLOU DEALER, 4, SOUTH WHARF, ST. JOHN, N. B.

CHEAP LIGHT. GOOD PARAFFINE OILS
3s. 6d. per Gallon.
P. R. INCHES, Druggists.
80 Prince Wm. Street

PISCATAQUA
Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

OF MAINE.

Authorized Capital \$500,000.

Hon. John N. Goodwin, President; & tod P. Miller, Vice President, Shipley W. Ricker, Nev?, DIRECTORS:

Hon. John N. Goodwin, Ded P. Miller, Shipley W. Ricker, David Fairbanks, Abner Oakes, John A. Paine, F. W. de Rochemont.

THE following Agents in the principal Towns in New Branswick issue Policies against Loss and Davage by Fire.
John Richards, J. C. Winslow, W. Odstock.

W. Wilkinson, W. Smith, Dalhousie, J. S. Trites, George Calhoun, Google Galhoun, G. C. Marper, Chatham.
Dalhousie.
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Saexville.
Shediac.
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Robert Stubs,
W. H. Blanchard,
W. T. Coster,
Digby
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J. S. Carvell,
O. D. WETMORE, General Agent,
O. D. WETMORE, General Agent,
Charlotte and Charlotte and Charlotte and Charlotte and Charlotte Town, P. K. I.

G. D. WETMORE, General Agent,
See all practical purposes this Agency is to a strengthened by a paid to

securely and advantageously invested.

Policies are issued when the applications are signed.

Losses are paid in St. John.

Premiums are deposited in St. John, both a h a d

Note, as a GURANTER FUND.

Statements of Affirst have been filed in rovincial
secretary's Office, Fredericton, and with all the
Agents.

General Agent, St. John.

General Agent, St. John. HUTCHINGS & BURNHAM.

HUTCHINGS & BURNHAM.

3 DOORS NORTH TRINITY CRUBEN,
FURMINE Beatlers and Undertakers,
No. 55 and 57 Germain St., St. John N. B.

1 HE undersigned having completed Re-Modelling
of their new Manufactory and Ware Reoma in
accordance with modern progress, are better proparget than ever to execute any order with which they
may be fauoured either in order to facilitate the later
tranch of their business one of the Firm will conthe decided the street of the street of the result of the
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which the city affords for the prosecution of they
business, and being in frequent, communication on
parties abroad, for latest improvements no position o
compete successfully with any it the tradesignal confident they example the street of the
confident they exame the surpassed in regard to quality of work, neatness of design, promptness in execution and moderation in charges. Few Limed and
Cushioned in the most fashionable styles and satis
faction guaranted.

Saddles, 2 bales Salmon Twine. 2 packages Shoe and Scythe Sand Stones, 41d do containing a very general assortment of IRONMONGERY & BRASS GOODS Also, per Parkfield:—30 casks Raw and Boiled PAINT OIL, 40 1 evt casks Brandram's WHITE LBAD, 5 2 cwt do, do, On Hand-Window Glass, Putty, Bubber and Lea-ther Belting, Lacing Leather, Steam Packing, Hose,

W. H. ADAMS SKIES !

M BROWN'S Patent Reversible SKATES, with patent fastenings, for Ladies' use. Easy and comfortable to the foot, Lighter and neater than any other, Cheaper and more durable. Gentlemen's Skates made under the same patent. English SKATES.

American Skates.
Skate Screws.
Skate Straps.

Skate Straps.

And all the necessary Skating Apparatus, at

II King Street.

BERRYMAN & OUIVE. VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION 1—Just received and for sale by the Subscribers—A few Endeld Rifles.

Also—Cartriges and Bullets for the same.

No. 11 King Street,
jan 9

BERRYMAN & OLIVE.

18 IT YOUR OBJECT TO SAVE MONEY! BUY YOUR CLOTHING FROM THOS. R. JONES, 5, DOCK STREET.

IMMENSE STOCK FOR FALL WEAR SELLING OF CHEAP! IS THE WHOLE STOCK MUST BE CLOSED BY
JANUARY NEXT,
"IT MUST AND WILL BE SOLD!"

OVER COATS DRESS CLOTHING ENDLESS VARIETY -- IN EVERY FASHIONABLE WORKING CLOTHING

IN ALL QUALITIES, AND AT ALL PRICES. Cloths, Vestings and Trouserings of ever secription, and garments made to measure in operior manner and at low prices.

Bargains, Bargains. Bargains

SELIFNG OFF.

SAMUEL BROWN, 31 KING STREET.

NOW offers to the public one of the largest and choicest Stocks of Fancy and Staple Dax Goods ever offered in this City, now and Staple Dax Goods ever offered in this City, now and Staple Dax Goods over offered in this City, now and Staple Dax Goods of SHAWLS, MANYLES FURS, FEEL HAT DAND BONNETS; Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers; Dress, Geods, Gala Plaids, Blankets, Tlamels, Tickings. Berlin Jackets, Sieves and Comforters, Striped Shirtings, Gray Cottons, Horse May, Gloves, Steeksings, L. Wool Yests and Drawers, Sab Lined Clove, Mits and Counterlets, Hike, Delaines, Wool Plaids, &c.

The above Goods will be sold cheap for cash in order to make a clearance.

WAYEND—1900 vards HOMESPUN, 100 dozen pr SOCKS, 1000 de MITTS.

MEN'S OVER COATS | In all qualities, cheap; boys' Over Coats in variety, THOS. B. JONES. ar 2 & Dock street.

Departments are replete.

Wholesale and Retail.

oct26

FRASER & RAY.

A MERICAN HOUSE RE-OPENED. So Prince Wm. Street

CARDINES—I case superior Fresh Sardines, in

Soil, from the celebrated House of Gilloux & Co.,
France. For sale by " THOMAS M. REED,

jan 2 Head of North Wharf.

So Prince Wm. Street

Gardines, in

Soil, from the celebrated House of Gilloux & Co.,

France. For sale by " THOMAS M. REED,

jan 2 Brance of public patronage is solicited. Stabling accommodation.

S. B. ESTEY.

HAVANNA OLGARI, One Case Superior Ha na CIGARS, "Regalia Conchas." Just received and for sale by Head of North Wharf Jan 2 Head of North Wharf

TIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of London, (with which is united the Times Assurance Commany) Capital Half-a-Million Sterling, Insure all descriptions of Property at very low rates.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH.

Hyan OFFICE—79, Prince W illiam Street, 8t. John. This Company offers the following inducements to the Insured—Low Rates of Fremium—Prompt Payment of London William Street, 8t. John Consen without the Principles Covering losses by Lightning London and a Capital altogether devoted to the Fire Insurance Musiness.

HENRY W. FRITH, R PENNISTON STARR. General Agent

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1MPORTANT!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF CTO THING.

A the NORTH AMERICAN CLUTHING ASTORE, (Sears' Brick Building, 19, North Side of King Str. et.

B. HUNTER has commenced selling off at greatly Reduced Prices, the balance of his Fall and Winter Stock of CLOTHING, Gents Furnishing Goods, &c. which having been purchased on the most advantaceaus terms—the Clothing being made up on the premises from Cloths and Trimmings imported irredity by himself from leading houses in Englandenables him to sell at such low prices as to dety competition, particularly from those in the Trade who purchase their Goods in this market, being able to elies cheep as they themselves can buy.

The Stock comprises a peneral assortment of Caothing, of all descriptions and at all prices.

Gents Furnishing Goods, in great varietible Casu. Trunka, Valies and Travelling Bugs, Also—A good assortment of Clothe, Docskins, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Vestings, &c.

LT Garments made to order in the most approved strayles at the shortest notice.

R. H. (dec. 6)

BOOKS! BOOKS!!—Just received ex

DOKS BOOKS!!—Just received ex Mail steamer at Haifix:—Postera! Works of Campbell Milton, Longfellow, in various bindings; Shakspeare's Works; Works of Josephus; The Land and the Book, by W. M. Thompson D. D. ; Maur's Geography of the Sea: The History of England's Greatness in Government, Laws, Commerce and Science, by J. Wade; Clevrer's Lectures on Religions Progress; itself wellington and Nelson; The Island Home; Sanford and Merton; Robinson and Crusoe; Swiss Family Robinson. With a varied assortment of Prayers and Church Services.

jan 2

J. & A. Menillan, 1860-FALL AND WINTER-1861.

Extensive Importations. CHEAP GOODS FOR THE MILLION

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his friend and the public generally, in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, that he has now open for inspection the whole of his FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

The section of his Fall And Winter Stock, ust received from Great Britain and the United States, consisting of—

4 bales Winter CLOTH, etc., in Pilot, Beaver, Seal, etc.

6 cases Black and Colored Broad Cloths asi Doceskins.

4 bales PLANNELS and BLANKETS,

8 cases Black and Colored Coburgs, Lustres, and Fancy Dross Stuffs,

6 cases German, Wool, Gala and Cotton Plaids

3 de. Mantilla, Long and Square Shawles asi Cloth Mantles,

Ladies' and Girls Felt Hats, and Bonne Shapes.

6 do. Ribbons, Velve. 1, Plowers, Sewed Mulins, Boanet Borders, Ruches, Blonds Laces Edgings, Vells, etc.

7 cases Hossiers and Gloves, Gauntlets, Polks Candide Bons, and Silk Hand'th Cashmere Hoods, etc.

7 cases Hossiers and Gloves, Gauntlets, Polks Cashmere Hoods, etc.

9 do. Teurs, Seaside Bons, and Silk Hand'th Shales Printed Calleoss and Ginghams, Go, Grey and White Cotton Warps,

4 do. Shirtings Stripes, Bed Ticks and Deniss Conductors, Moleskins and Velvets,

5 cases Gente Fine Shirte; Cellars and Rosom

2 cases Gents Frne Shirts; Collars and Rosom 7 do. Cloth, Fur and Plush Cape, Haberdash ry, and Small Wares, Tailors' [Trin mines. stc. mings, etc.

In addition to the above he has received from the United States—

United States—
120 bales BATTING and WADDING;
22 cases Sattmetts, Flannels, Denims, Drillin
Cotton Flannels, Skeleton Skirts, Hoop
Braces, etc.
TRUNKS, VALISES, TRAVELLING BAG
HATS, CAPS, &c.
Wholesale and Retail
Tublic attention in particularly called to b
immense stock of MADE CLOTHING, consisting

Tablic attention is particularly called to immense stock of MADE CLOTHING, consisting over 5,003 Garments, of all descriptions, for Mand Boys, in Over Coars, Dress and Busine Coats, Reefing Jackets, Pants and Vests, in ever cashionable style and material, all made up unter the impection of our experienced Cutter.

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