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TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION.
VICTORIA B. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 6, 1908.

VOL. 40.

NO. 26

and
ralls Carpenter
nts, Etc.
Guaranteed
& Co.
SALE DRY GOODS
C.

g's Best
ack" Goods
est Money Can Buy.
.....40c and 50c
(while you wait.)
per tin...25c, 45c and \$1.25
tin.....15c and 25c
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Grocery Phone 312

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WILL NOW CLAIM
ION.
PLEMENTS, TOOLS
successful farming
anything from a trowel

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AD STS. P.O. Box 683

be very unfair in so far as lands
taken up. It might be advisable
to the old survey to stand in
where lands had been taken up,
but a map it was impossible to go
the merits.
debate was adjourned on motion
Macdonald.
bill to amend the Succession
Act was discharged.
House then adjourned until 2
o'clock on Monday.

NOTICE.
uant to the by-laws of the said
any, notice is hereby given, that
Annual General Meeting of the Vic-
Lumber and Manufacturing Com-
Limited, will be held at their office
Government street, in the City of Vic-
on Monday, the 6th day of April,
at 2 p. m. for the purpose of electing
directors and transacting any other busi-
ness that may be brought before the said
meeting.
E. J. PALMER,
Local Secretary.

ntary 26th, 1908.

INION HOTEL, Victoria, B. C.
highest of the highest standard;
\$1.50 to \$2.50 per day; Free bus.

NOTICE
OF FARMERS
or about the 1st MARCH, '08,
VICTORIA CREAMERY ASSO-
CATION will be in their new premises
OHNSON STREET, VICTORIA,
will be in a position to handle more
than formerly. If you have
to sell come in and have a talk
our Manager, who will be pleased
to give you all information.

Victoria Creamery Association

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

he Matter of an Application for a
uplicate Certificate of Title to Lot
1) of Part of Sub-Division
avenue (1) and Twelve (12) of Section
Escoumait District (Map 520), Vic-
ria City.

ice is hereby given that it is my in-
on at the expiration of one month
the first publication hereof to issue
uplicate Certificate of Title to above
nted to William John Boardman
8th day of April, 1908, and numbered
S. Y. WOOLTON.

egistrar-General,
and Registry Office, Victoria, B. C.,
10th day of February, 1908.

FARMERS—The Stump Puller
ntly patented in Victoria, more pow-
ul than any other ever made, catches
one to twenty stumps in one pull,
is surprising to all who have seen it
ck and is just what the farmer and
tractor needs. Will clear up a
s of 320 feet round without moving;
is removed with ease in thirty
utes; it doesn't matter whether your
id is hilly or covered with green or
stumps. Those having land to clear
uld have one of these. Apply 468
inside Road.

COAST LAND DISTRICT.

DISTRICT OF BELLA COOLA.
ice notice that J. T. H. Thorsen, of
a Coala, B. C., by occupation a farm-
nted to apply for permission to pur-
se the following described land: Com-
ng at a post planted at the north
of H. Thorsen's homestead, Sec-
30, Township 1, hence S. 20 chains,
20 chains, N. 20 chains, thence S. E.
s along H. Thorsen's south bound-
to post of commencement, containing
eres more or less.
T. H. THORSEN.
th, 20th, 1908.

COAST LAND DISTRICT.

ake notice that A. Hammer, of Bella
la, farmer, intends to apply for per-
n to purchase the following de-
ed lands: Commencing at a post
20 chains south of the northwest
er of Lot 24, Range 3, Coast District;
ace west 20 chains to shore of Abund-
Lake, thence N. 20 chains to a post
along shore line to the west bound-
of Lot 24, thence north five chains,
e or less, to point of commencement,
ntaining 10 acres, more or less.

ALBERT HAMMER.

IN QUANDARY OVER MANCHURIA

SITUATION OUTSIDE CONTROL OF POWERS

Japan's Attitude May Defeat Alliance Looking to Integ- rity of China.

Peking, March 4.—The British new-
spapers in China are giving the most ser-
ious consideration to the attitude of Ja-
pan, which they assert will defeat the
object of the alliance looking to the
integrity of China.
The stand taken by the Japanese in
Manchuria in the matter of the rail-
way questions has given rise to much
discussion, but the determination of
Japan, however, involving all its diplo-
matic resources to back up its position
with regard to its refusal to permit the
construction of the Hsin Min Tun Fak-
umen railroad, has to some extent al-
tered the tone of the press comment.
The representatives of the powers have
referred to their home governments
in detail about the matter of the Hsin
Min Tun Fakumen railway, and the
question of the control of the Harbin
municipality. The British government
is anxious for a settlement of the Har-
bin question, so that a precedent may
be furnished to Japan upon the deci-
sion as to whether or not China assent to
convey a settlement of municipality rights
by the railway concession, or whether
the railway should be operated by the
governing power. The British position
differs from that of the Japanese,
Upon this may depend future action
looking to the restraining of Japan.
Altogether the situation is believed to
be outside the control of the powers,
unless China is able to arouse joint
aid.

CHURCH ROBBER MUST SERVE SIX YEARS

French Purloiner of Relics at Last Gets His Reward.

Limeoges, France, March 4.—Thomas
Antoine Thomas yesterday was sen-
tenced to six years' imprisonment at
hard labor. Thomas is the cooper of
Clermont Ferrand who committed the
series of sensational church robberies
in France, the revelation of which
created a sensation last fall.
The trial began here on February
27th. His son, Francois, and his
mother, together with three anti-
quaries, Michel, Faure and Duffy, were
charged with complicity in the thefts.
The mother and Michel were acquitted.
The son and the other two anti-
quaries were found guilty and sentenced
each to two years at hard labor. Or-
ders were given that the stolen relics
be turned over to the state.

NO DECISION IN BRITT-NELSON BOUT

Lightweight Pugilists Give Dis- appointing Exhibition at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 4.—Jimmy
Britt, of San Francisco, and Battling
Nelson, of Hegeswick, Ill., fought ten
rounds before the Pacific Athletic
Club in this city last night, with Britt
a slight victor in the eighth round.
The son and the other two anti-
quaries were found guilty and sentenced
each to two years at hard labor. Or-
ders were given that the stolen relics
be turned over to the state.

ACCOUNTANT SUSPENDED. Action By Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Ottawa, March 4.—O. W. Owen, ac-
countant of the marine and fisheries
department, has been suspended by the
minister. This is said to be some of
the aftermath in connection with the
preparation of returns for parliament.

THE BURNING QUESTION. Action in Toronto Court Over Proposed License Reduction.

Toronto, March 4.—Controllers Hook-
in, Harrison and Spence were consid-
ered in their seats to-day in an action
taken before J. S. Cartwright, K. C.,
master-in-chambers, by an opponent of
the proposed license reduction in To-
ronto.
ACTING MAYOR OF WINNIPEG.

BILLS BROUGHT IN ARE VERY DEFECTIVE

Government Brings in Meas- ures to Be Put in Shape by Opposition.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
This session again the government
has manifested its inability to deal
with legislation. From time to time
bills are introduced into the House
which show absolute ignorance of the
needs of the country. The bills are
brought in in the crudest form by
the minister in charge and to the
opposition falls the work of whipping
the measures into something like ac-
ceptable shape.
Last evening an example of this was
afforded in the bill to amend the coal
mining act. This measure, introduced
by the Hon. J. A. A. Macdonald, was
so very defective. The government
could not deny the force of the criti-
cisms of the leader of the opposition,
and allowed section after section to
stand over while the suggestions of-
fered should be acted upon.
Practically no attempt was made
by the government to defend the bill
as it was introduced, but to the op-
position will fall the task of making
it workable, if that is done.

TRAGEDY OF INFIDELITY.

Portland, March 4.—Tormented by
the suspicion of his pretty wife's in-
fidelity, George W. Plummer last night
shot himself after writing the note:
"Dearest Maggie: Good-bye, sweet-
heart. I love you and will trouble you
no more. Will."

CONSERVATIVES WIN IN NEW BRUNSWICK

Maritime Province Changes Political Faith—J. D. Hazen New Premier.

St. John, N. B., March 2.—After being
in power 26 years under different
leaders, the New Brunswick govern-
ment suffered a decisive defeat in to-
day's elections. Going into the fight
with 33 supporters to the 11 possessed
by the opposition, the result to-night
leaves the situation practically re-
versed, the government having only 15
members and the opposition 41.
Premier Robinson narrowly escaped
defeat in Westmoreland, where the
government carried all four seats. In
addition they won the Restigouche, St.
John county, Victoria and Madawaska,
and giving them the three seats
in Gloucester, which went independent
Liberal on Monday, they have only 15
seats. Four members of the govern-
ment were defeated: Jones, solicitor-
general in Carleton; Allen, provincial
secretary, in York; Farris, commissioner
of agriculture, in Queen's; and
Purdy, member of the cabinet without
portfolio, in St. John city.
The following are some of the re-
turns:
St. John City—Government—Sears,
3,887; Liberal—T. D. Skinner, 2,634;
Purdy, 3,648. Opposition—Wilson, 4,452;
Maxwell, 4,388; McIver, 4,289; Hath-
away, 4,288.
St. John County—Lowell, govern-
ment, 1,281; Liberal—McKeown, 1,243;
Moser, 928; Clark, 900, opposition, 850.
Restigouche—Government—Labi-
lols, 1,295; Currie, 1,131. Opposition—
Stewart, 1,067; Culligan (one poll to
bear from), 1,008.
Westmoreland—Government—Rob-
inson, 4,770; Sweeney, 4,577; Copp, 4,421;
Leger, 4,441. Opposition—Sum-
ner, 4,287; Black, 4,218; Mellison, 4,171;
Mahoney, 4,046.
Kings—Opposition—Jones, 2,119; Mur-
ray, 2,100; Spron, 2,061. Government—
McAllister, 1,886; Wetmore, 1,879; Scot-
t, 1,875.
Charlotte—Opposition—Taylor, 2,450;
Clark, 2,420; Hart, 2,418; Grimmer, 2,400.
Government—Byron, 1,823; Armstrong,
1,845; McCoe, 1,805; Hill, 1,835.
Victoria—Tweedie, government, 1,041;
Burgess, government, 1,008; Manser,
opposition, 846. Curless, opposition,
674.

Hundred and Fifty Children Lost Lives In Blazing School

EXIT CHOKED WITH BODIES Heartrending Disaster Occurred in Suburb of Cleveland, Ohio

Panic Caused by Wild Rush During Which Little Ones Were Trampled to Death—Escape Being Cut Off by Flames—Agonising Scenes

Cleveland, March 4.—In the most terrible holocaust in the history of this section of the country, over 100 children lost their lives to-day in a fire which destroyed the three-story brick school building on Collamer avenue in Collingwood, a suburb just outside the city limits. Fire started in the basement of the building just after school convened. It was caused from an overheated furnace.
The smoke from the fire quickly filled the building and alarmed the children and teachers. A panic ensued. No fire drill was used in rescuing the children. They madly rushed for the doors and windows.
Walter G. Kelley, a newspaper man, two of whose children were in the building was one of the first on the scene. He stated that the rear door, one of two exits, was locked. The children rushed for the front and rear doors.

FIGHTING HUMANITY.

The front exit was jammed full of fighting and panic-stricken humanity. Many who reached the exit were supposed to have been followed and choked the doorway. Those who fell were trampled upon and many were supposed to have been killed. Those behind turned and made for the windows. Some upon the second and third floors jumped from the windows and escaped. In this way three or four were killed, while others were more fortunate and escaped with slight injuries.

LIKE RATS IN TRAP.

The great number of those who met death were cut off from escape by the smoke, which blinded them. Caught like rats in this manner, they fell with the lower floor and blazing timbers to the basement below. Bodies were taken to the morgue at the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway company's shops.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 4.—In a fire which completely destroyed the common school building in Collingwood, a suburb of this city, to-day, one hundred and fifty children lost their lives.
The fire was started by an overheated furnace. The flames quickly spread, but a panic ensued when the building filled with smoke, and the 400 children attempted to escape.

EXIT CHOKED WITH CHILDREN.

There were but two exits in the building that were available. One soon became choked with the children, who madly dashed for the open air. Those who fell in the doorway were trampled upon by those behind, and soon the doorway was impassable.

FLAMES CUT OFF ESCAPE.

The frightened and panic-stricken children turned to get out through the windows, and any other means that could be found. Escape was cut off by the flames, which by this time had spread throughout the rooms. The building was of brick, yet this did not retard the progress of the fire.

WRITHING FORMS.

Plainly the writhing or stilled forms of dozens of others could be seen in the basement.
Nearby factories dismissed their men and instructed them to assist in the recovery. They braved the fire and made heroic efforts to save those who were not dead.

BODIES RECOVERED.

At 11:30 twenty-five bodies had been recovered from the ruins and were taken to the shops of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, where the company's physicians are attending to the injured.
Practically every ambulance in the eastern part of Cleveland was called as well as every available physician. Many children rescued are believed to be fatally injured either by fire or by being trampled upon. Scores of children have been taken to the city hospitals.

SOME OF THE DEAD.

Among the known dead are Edna Eahner, 12 years old; Bernice Schubert, 10 years; Willie Welsbarth, 7 years; Meyers, 6 years; two Buschman girls, 10 and 15 years; Thomas Thompson, 9 years; Eddie Keh, 11 years; Roster, 10 years; two Woodmyer girls, 10 and 12 years; Harold Sanderson, 12 years; Mary Ridgeway, 10 years; Anna Beth, Gertrude Davis, Walter Herter, Helen Herter, Martha Herter and Werner Herter.
Three little girls met instant death in attempting to jump from the third floor. They were Mary Ridgeway, Anna Roth and Gertrude Davis. Schaeffer, 9 years; Kelly, 10; Kelly, 7; Katherine Weller, teacher; Harry Zingelmann, 10; Lucy Zingelmann, 8; Mabel Zingler, 10; Don Rush, 12; Irene Davis, 14; Angeline Zupan, 11; Edward Myers, 6; Frank Weimar, 6; John Widman, 10; Lillian Roster, 6; Emile Rostock, 14.
Among those missing are Lizzie L. Lyon, Emma Heings, Peter Heninger. Injured: Glen Barber, 10 years old; Mildred Schmidt, 10.
Of the nine teachers of the school, seven are accounted for. The two missing are Katherine Weller, of Cleveland and Grace Fiske, of East Cleveland.

TRAGIC OCCURRENCE.

A man named Dorn, who arrived upon the scene early, when the children were crowded in the front door, discovered his little girl among the mass of injured and crushed. He caught the girl by the hands, and his frantic efforts to save her, pulled her arms from her body.
The last four, who were children of the janitor, lost their lives together.

DOORS WERE CLOSED.

The greatest loss of life was caused by one of the exits being closed, to which point scores of the children rushed. Their escape was blocked by a door that opened inward. In this manner they were delayed in reaching the other door and windows. It is said that as a result of this stampede alone scores of children lost their lives.
Reports as to the number of dead vary. The first estimates placed the number as high as two hundred. Reports are conflicting at this time. In the excitement it was impossible to form a reasonable estimate.

150 HAVE PERISHED.

Judging from the number of bodies with the number that have been recovered and the number missing, together with the number that can be seen in the basement, it is safe to say that 150 have perished. The list may grow as the truth is revealed.

SIXTY RECOVERED.

Cleveland, March 4.—Up to 1 o'clock this afternoon 60 bodies had been recovered from the ruins. Of these 32 were identified. The bodies of 12 boys and 11 girls are at the morgue of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway company's shops, and are burned beyond recognition.

RAKED OUT BODIES.

The panic that had worked such fearful results inside the building spread to the crowd outside, but only for a brief time. Organized efforts at rescue were soon under way. Firemen played streams upon the piles of bodies in the doorways and tried to drag out bodies with rakes and other implements. Ambulances and automobiles were soon available to take the wounded to hospitals.
After the fire had been controlled somewhat, piles of charred little bodies were still visible in the doorway. In the rear door bodies, burned beyond recognition, lay piled five feet deep. A man who reached the scene shortly after the fire broke out declared that the back door was locked. He attempted to break it down, but failed. He then smashed in the windows with the aid of others and rescued a number of children. The flames rapidly shot up through the central halls.

TERRIFIED BEYOND CONTROL.

It is said the children were terrified beyond all control and the teachers, although they struggled bravely to marshal their charges out of the building, were utterly helpless.

U. S. N. DESERTER ARRESTED.

Vancouver, March 4.—John Kerr, a confessed deserter from the battleship Nebraska, was arrested this morning following the capture of his pretty 17-year-old wife. The latter yesterday stole a diamond while looking over a tray of goods in a jewelry store. The girl gave away the hiding place of her husband and told the story of his desertion from the Nebraska. It was to supply him with money that she stole the diamond.

SENTENCED TO TEN YEARS.

Vancouver, March 4.—J. Labourdette this morning pleaded guilty to a series of thefts and was sentenced altogether to ten years by Magistrate Williams. He got five years for stealing pair of shoes and another five for taking \$2 and a slot machine.

ANNUAL MEETING OF VICTORIA GUN CLUB

Officers Elected and Arrange- ments Made for Club Shoots.

The annual meeting of the Victoria Gun Club was held last night in the office of Messrs. Weller Eros, when the reports showing the year's business were presented. The reports from the officers showed the club to be in a flourishing condition, with the outlook for this coming season of the brightest. The first shoot of the season will be for the Dupont trophy, and will take place on the club grounds at Langford Plains on April 6th at 2 o'clock. Another shoot of more than usual interest will be the handicap shoot for the Weller cup, but at last night's meeting the date for this shoot was not set. All members of any gun clubs in Victoria are eligible to shoot for the Dupont trophy. There will be five shoots in all and fifty birds at each shoot, the dates of the shoots to be arranged at the regular monthly meetings of the club. There are now 40 members, all in good standing, of the Gun Club, and their assets, which amount to about sixteen hundred dollars, is distributed as follows: Land, six and one-quarter acres, value \$100; clubhouse, \$200; traps, etc., \$150; Leggat trap and fittings, \$100; sundries, \$35. There remains a balance on the clubhouse of \$25, leaving cash on hand amounting to \$1,234.
The election of officers was also conducted last night and resulted as follows:
President—W. G. Beckwith.
Vice-President—J. W. Mansell.
Treasurer—W. H. Adams.
Sub-treasurer—E. Smeator.
Captain—O. Weller.
Club manager—J. B. Sewell, E. J. Wall and officers of the club.

VICTIM OF CANCER.

Winnipeg, March 4.—J. W. E. Darby, assistant Dominion land agent, and brother-in-law of the late Judge Killam, is dead from cancer. He was a prominent barrister here at one time.

DANGEROUS SYSTEM REGARDING LICENSES

The Government's New Policy of Dealing With Question Very Unpopular.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
There has been a custom develop-
ment under the present provincial govern-
ment, which is detrimental to the
cause of good administration of affairs
in this country. This is the practice
on the part of the government of tak-
ing to itself all kinds of power which
should reside in the legislature or in
other bodies more in touch with local
conditions.
The practice of relegating all kinds
of functions to the government has
been steadily developed by the Mc-
Bride administration.
The latest example of this is the tak-
ing of the liquor license in unorganized
districts out of the hands of license
commissioners and placing it in the
power of the provincial police.
This system which was put in prac-
tice by order-in-council some months
ago, is now before the legislature in
the form of a bill which has been found
necessary in order to clearly define cer-
tain powers.
It is proposed to give the provincial
police the power to cancel any license
in these unorganized districts and
from the decision of the police there
shall be no appeal.
It has been pointed out by the opposi-
tion in the House that the power which
is to be placed in the hands of the pro-
vincial police is a most dangerous one.
It has been pointed out that the pro-
vincial police are the servants of the
government and as such are directly
under the control of the government.
The superintendent of provincial pol-
ice in any action he would take would
have to be guided by the report of the
local officer of the district. License
holders are naturally very loath to have
their licenses disposed of in the man-
ner suggested by the above.
The amendment would leave the
question of licenses in a position to be
made a political matter.

PROHIBITS IMPORTATION.

London, March 4.—The board of agri-
culture prohibits the importation of
hay and straw into Great Britain, this
prohibition taking effect immediately.

REVELATION OF NAVAL SECRETS

MINISTRY FACES STARTLING CHARGE

Russia Alleged to Have Com- municated Big Gun Process to English Firm.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—An inter-
pellation was introduced in the duma
to-day demanding explanations from
Admiral Dikoff, minister of marine, of
the charges current in navy circles
that Russian naval secrets had been
communicated to Vickers Sons and
Maxim, the English shipbuilders, in
connection with the construction of the
new Russian cruiser Bursk by this
firm. The secrets were thereby ren-
dered available to other nations.
It is alleged that the armor, guns,
and shells, manufactured by Vickers
Sons & Maxim were unsatisfactory.
The ministry of marine instead of re-
placing this material direct from Rus-
sian factories ordered supervising ex-
perts to instruct Vickers Sons &
Maxim to procure the armor accord-
ing to a secret process worked out at
the Kolpin factory and it furnished the
plans of the Russian 8 and 10 inch
guns to the English firm, when the
English failed to get the high velocity
requirements insisted upon by Russia.
The ministry also communicated the
Russian method of rifling bands which
was one of the choicest secrets of the
Russian armory factory. All this was
in direct violation of the military code
regarding the revelation of military secrets.
Admiral Dikoff was asked also
why he had failed to exact penalties
from Vickers Sons & Maxim for the
non-compliance with their contract. This
interpellation was proposed by the
Conservatives, who declare that the
charges are most serious.

MILLER ELECTED MAYOR OF SEATTLE

An Overwhelming Republican Landslide in Sound City— Large Vote.

Seattle, March 4.—The city election
here yesterday proved to be the most
overwhelming Republican landslide in
the history of the municipality. With
the possible exception of the eighth
ward, where Sparkman, Democrat, was
leading at midnight by a narrow margin,
every member of the straight Rep-
ublican ticket was elected.
John F. Miller, Republican, will be
Seattle's next mayor, his majority be-
ing over 6,000; Harry Carroll was elect-
ed city comptroller, Col. W. F. Wheeler
treasurer and Scott Calhoun corpora-
tion counsel.
The day was ideal and the largest
vote in the history of the city was
polled.

IN SEVENTH ATTEMPT HE ENDED HIS LIFE

Asphyxiated, After Failing to Find Death Leaping From Brooklyn Bridge.

New York, March 4.—John Grant, a
former prize fighter, who had failed in
six previous attempts to kill himself,
in one of which he jumped from Brook-
lyn bridge, after gashing both wrists
and swallowing carbolic acid, com-
mitted suicide to-day by gas asphyxia-
tion in his brother's home in
Brooklyn.
Grant gained considerable promi-
nence during his ring career by defeat-
ing Cal. McCarthy and fighting long
draws with George Dixon and Oscar
Gardner.
His escape from death in his leap
from Brooklyn bridge was marvel-
lous. When he took the ordinary
fatal plunge the river was running full
of ice floes and he narrowly missed two
passing tugs. His body plunged into
clear water, and he was only slightly
bruised when rescued and taken to a
hospital.

RECEIPTS LARGER. Earl Grey's Dramatic Competition Brings In Substantial Sum.

Ottawa, March 4.—The receipts from
the performances held at the Russell
theatre last week in connection with
the Earl Grey dramatic and musical
competition were slightly over \$2,400.
This is some \$400 more than last year.
The attendance was also much in ad-
vance of that during the competition
in 1907.

Big Edition to Tell the World of Vancouver Island

For several weeks special writers, advertising men and artists have been engaged in the preparation of a special edition of the Times, designed to attract the attention of the world to the peculiar and tempting field offered to the settler and investor by the potentialities of Vancouver Island.

DEATH TOLL IN SCHOOL HOLOCAUST

MANY VICTIMS CHARRED BEYOND RECOGNITION

Head Teacher Tells of Ghastly Collingwood Disaster—Construction Faulty.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 5.—One hundred and sixty-five lives, all but two of them children between the ages of 6 and 15, are known to have been lost in the fire which yesterday destroyed the public school in North Collingwood, ten miles east of this city.

Victims Indistinguishable

The bodies recovered, 138 have been identified. The remaining bodies are so blackened by fire that they are battered and bruised by tramping, that it is only by means of some unburned articles of wearing apparel that their names can be ascertained.

The cause of the fire, which, aided by a frantic panic, a narrow hall way, and doors which it is claimed by many were made to open inward, still is a mystery. It was at first supposed that it came from an overheated furnace of an exploded boiler in the basement of the schoolhouse. It has been established that there was no explosion and the janitor of the school, Fred Herter, three of whose children perished, declares that it could not have come from the furnace.

Yesterday in Collingwood was comparatively warm, Herter declares that he maintained fires at a lower rate than usual. Fearing he had not sufficiently warmed the building, he was, according to his story, on his way to open the furnace draft, when he was met by three little girls running from the basement who told him there was a fire below. These three little girls are now being sought by the police and by the fire commissioner. It is considered entirely possible by certain members of the Collingwood school board that they may have, through carelessness, started the blaze which cost the lives of so many children.

"Incendiary Origin." L. R. Gardner, a member of the school board, is positive in his assertion that the fire was of incendiary origin. In that portion of the building in which it was discovered there were no electric light wires, and there was no waste or dirt, or means of cheating heat. There were in the building at the time the concrete and covered, between 330 and 335 pupils and nine teachers. Two of the latter are among the dead that lie in the unexported mounds this morning in the warehouse of the Lake Shore and Michigan railway at Collingwood.

Faulty Building. The school was over-crowded and quarters had been provided for the younger children in the attic. Strange as it may seem, more of the pupils escaped from this part of the schoolhouse than from any other. The children were under good discipline, they had been practiced frequently in the fire drill. Their teachers, without exception, retained their self-possession, showing great courage in the face of imminent death, and in most instances half of these little ones died horrible deaths because of the faulty building arrangements. The school house was two stories and a half in height, the walls being of brick and concrete. Inside it was a shell which burned with almost inconceivable rapidity. The entire interior was a mass of smoking ruins lying in the cellar within thirty minutes after the alarm of fire was sounded.

Children Led to Death. Miss Anna Moran, the principal of the school, denies that the doors were not locked during school hours. She said: "When the bell rang, I and I suppose other teachers, thought it was a regular fire drill. Every child in the school has gone out over and over again from the second floor to the open air in one minute and thirty seconds. You can judge from that how quickly we reached the first floor when we heard the front door was

undertaken that was originally intended, and every corner of this "isle of dreams" will receive its share of attention and exploitation. The cost will be very heavy, and to carry it out properly the different towns, villages and districts will be asked to co-operate. There will be no money directly to the paper in the enterprise, but only the satisfaction which comes from circulating the praises of the finest land under heaven and the prospective benefit which follow a more general development of its resources.

This announcement is now made so that when the co-operation of business men and citizens generally from Cape Beale to Cape Scott is solicited, that they will understand the scope and significance of the work. The strategic position of the island with relation to the rapidly developing commerce of the Pacific, the great railway activity promised for this summer and the vastness of this portion of the continent from the financial suffering which has characterized other sections—all these are important elements which will be emphasized.

Let the residents of the island pull together. saw the flames coming up the basement stairs and without knowing it we led those little children into the very face of the fire. Only one of the double outer doors was open. The other was fastened by a spring at the top. Before the janitor got it open the children had wedged themselves into the vestibule and the others in a panic stumbled and climbed over them. It was frightful—so near safety. "If I could have turned my line back they would have had some chance on the third floor but they kept coming down and we could not stop them or do anything to save them. From the outside, men were trying to pull the children out, but the crash was so tight that it was almost impossible. A dozen died within a foot of absolute safety."

Coroner's Investigation.

County Coroner Dr. T. A. Burk began an investigation to-day of the causes leading to the terrible loss of life in the burning of the school building, his work being supplementary to the investigation by the board of education and village council. So far no definite conclusion as to cause of the fire or where it placed has been reached. It is generally admitted that the school building was approved fire proof construction and that the calamity looked at from this standpoint could not have been averted.

Also it may be believed that the fire did not start in the furnace or from the explosion of the heating boiler but that it must have started under the stairway leading from the basement to the first floor of the school building. The janitor, Fred Herter, stoutly maintains there was no waste or other rubbish that could have been the cause of the fire. He is doubling his efforts to ascertain the names of the three girls who are reported to have been in the basement at the time the fire started, and who are said by the janitor to have first noticed the fire. Much depends, it is thought, upon the stories these girls tell. The janitor, although he is largely cleared, has been made to bear the major portion of the blame. Yesterday one father crazed by his grief even made an attempt upon his life and Herter is now being guarded by the police.

IN MEMORIAM.

Large Number Attended Late Mr. Justice Killam's Funeral in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, March 5.—The funeral of the late Judge Killam took place this afternoon to All Saints church and St. John's Cemetery. One of the largest attendances seen here in a number of years was present.

WORK FOUND FOR NANAIMO UNEMPLOYED

Provincial Government Relieves 100 Men by Land Clearing Operation.

(Special to The Times.) Nanaimo, March 5.—A hundred men were set at work to-day by a provincial government clearing land near this city. It is done to relieve the many unemployed who have been idle since the coal trade, when many miners were discharged by the Western Fuel Co. Only work will be given to bona fide Nanaimo residents.

CENTENARY DEAD.

(Special to The Times.) Newcastle, Ont., March 5.—Wm. Dundas has died at Midland after having attained the age of one hundred years, nine months and fourteen days. He left a widow, formerly Isabella Henderson of Kendal and eleven children, all of whom were present at the funeral with the exception of one who resides in the West.

JAPAN SHOWING CLOVEN HOOF

THREATENS FORCE TO RECOVER TATSU MARU

Wants Unconditional Release by China—Refuses Arbitration of British.

Pekin, March 5.—Japan is threatening force to recover the Japanese steamer Tatsu Maru which is still retained by the Huang Pu on the West river. This vessel was seized at Macao on Feb. 17th, by the Chinese customs cruisers on the charge that the cargo of arms and ammunition was intended for Chinese revolutionists, although consigned to a merchant of that place, the cargo of the vessel is still on board.

Changeen Chun, Viceroy of Canton, before taking action is stated to be awaiting proof that the vessel and its cargo should not be confiscated. The government of China is fearful, on account of the weakness of the government and because of the doubtful legality of Chang Jen Chun's action in seizing the Japanese steamer.

Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to China, yesterday handed to the Chinese government, Japan's refusal to accept China's proposal to appoint a joint Japanese and Chinese commission to examine all the charges in the meantime releasing the Tatsu Maru under bonds. Japan's demands are, first, the unconditional release of the steamer and second, an arrangement to protect the shippers from loss. This second provision means that China must buy the cargo on board the Tatsu Maru.

To-day China proposed arbitration by Vice Admiral Arthur William Moore, commander in chief of the British China station, but Japan refused these overtures also, and has warned the foreign board that such proposals are unwelcome. Notices were posted yesterday threatening a lockout of 20,000 cotton operatives in the Colne and Nelson districts, while the engineers who have been involved in the recent ship building strike along the Tyne rejected by a large majority, the compromise effected with the employers by David Lloyd-George, president of the board of trade.

Notwithstanding this, Mr. Lloyd-George is continuing his efforts to arrange a settlement of the trouble. It is probable that Chinese authorities have released the Tatsu Maru because of the reason that the viceroy's proceedings coupled with the menace of Japan, provided that Japan would make no claim for the ship to place the matter on a strongly that Chang Jen Chun believes that she has fully established her charge of a violation of neutrality by the steamer. The Chinese government is working contraband in the same waters where the Tatsu Maru was seized and over which she had jurisdiction. Up to the present time the Chinese and Japanese authorities have failed utterly to come to an agreement or even the principles of a settlement on arbitration.

The internal situation of the Liang Juang district also is threatened. There is a chronic rebellion continually fed by an active trade in contraband rifles and ammunition in which foreign foreigners are taking part. It is understood that Japan has decided to sell the arms and ammunition captured from the Russians during the war and that the Chinese market for such goods is very large. The government is distressed by the use of it, however, during his lifetime.

The government on its part agrees to propose that the chambers vote a special fund to carry out certain undertakings in the Congo and in Belgium, which fund will not exceed \$2,000,000, and at the same time a special annual credit of \$600,000 will be included in the Congo budgets for 15 years for the construction of hospitals and other institutions in the Congo.

It is expected that the annexation treaty which is now being presented to the chambers on Wednesday or Thursday next. It was stated to-day that the official gazette will publish shortly a royal decree abolishing the crown domain in the Congo Free State.

Japan's Statement. Tokyo, March 5.—The Japanese government, while maintaining the firmest attitude concerning the seizure of the ship Tatsu Maru by the Chinese at Macao, February 17th, entertains the idea of resorting to force for the recovery of the vessel.

Possibly if China delays action Japan will appeal to England or America to act as an intermediary in the matter. In view of the agitation against the foreign office instituted by the opposition, any indication of a concession by Japan to China would be extremely dangerous to the present cabinet officials. The foreign office has assured the Associated Press correspondent that they would never go to war on account of such a minor incident, and unless it is believed proper that Japanese vessels should visit the neighborhood of the imprisoned ship.

The conclusion is called to the fact that British warships and torpedo boats recently visited Canton, where a British vessel was attacked and robbed by Chinese pirates near that city.

HALF-BREED RUN OVER.

(Special to The Times.) Vancouver, March 5.—James Klipp, a half-breed, was run over and killed by a train near Whonnock last night. He had been on his forty-second birthday too freely.

THREATENS LIBEL PROCEEDINGS

(Special to The Times.) Kingston, Ont., March 5.—E. A. Lancaster, M. P., has written to Professor MacNaughton, demanding a retraction of the statements made in the Canadian Club at Toronto on Monday, and declares unless this is done he will start libel proceedings. He says the professor imputed acts which his son was never charged.

DICKENS' COLLECTION SOLD.

Dresden and Sevres Examples of Porcelain Bring \$140,000 at Christie's, London. London, March 5.—The sale at auction at Christie's of the famous Dickens collection of porcelain which includes fine Dresden and Sevres examples attracted a host of foreign dealers yesterday. Despite the financial depression, good prices were realized, 104 lots being held for \$140,000. The highest prices were \$18,000 for a Sevres jardiniere, 8 1/2 inches high, painted by Morin and Sclox, and \$16,000 for a set of three Sevres vases and covers painted by Morin and Gildy Vincent.

ONTARIO BANK. Shareholders Decide to Take Action Against Former Directors.

Toronto, March 5.—At a largely attended meeting of shareholders of the Ontario Bank here yesterday, it was decided to take action against the former directors of the bank for the purpose of recovering the double liability, amounting to \$4,702,336.

VESSEL TO ECLIPSE GIANT CUNARDERS

Belfast, March 4.—The firm of Harland & Wolff is building new ships here to enable the construction of vessels 1,000 feet long, as a preparatory step in laying of the keel a year hence of a mammoth steamer for the White Star Company for the Southampton-New York trade.

LABOR CRISIS IN NORTH OF ENGLAND

Threatened Lockout of 20,000 Cotton Operatives—Ship-building Situation.

London, March 5.—Serious labor troubles are still threatening the Lancashire cotton trade and among the engineers on the northern coast. Notices were posted yesterday threatening a lockout of 20,000 cotton operatives in the Colne and Nelson districts, while the engineers who have been involved in the recent ship building strike along the Tyne rejected by a large majority, the compromise effected with the employers by David Lloyd-George, president of the board of trade.

CONGO QUESTION IS SETTLED

BELGIAN PARLIAMENT TO CONTROL BUDGET

King Leopold Gives in to His Ministers—Important Concession.

Brussels, March 4.—It is announced that King Leopold and the Belgian government have come to a complete agreement on the question of the annexation of the Congo Independent State. It is stated in official circles that the agreement was made possible by an agreement between the king and the parliament which gave the king control of the Congo budget.

In addition, the king gives to Belgium the magnificent domain of Cape Ferrat in the south of France, reserving for himself the use of it, however, during his lifetime. The government on its part agrees to propose that the chambers vote a special fund to carry out certain undertakings in the Congo and in Belgium, which fund will not exceed \$2,000,000, and at the same time a special annual credit of \$600,000 will be included in the Congo budgets for 15 years for the construction of hospitals and other institutions in the Congo.

It is expected that the annexation treaty which is now being presented to the chambers on Wednesday or Thursday next. It was stated to-day that the official gazette will publish shortly a royal decree abolishing the crown domain in the Congo Free State.

SHOCKING CUSTOMS OF DOUKHOBORS

Inquest Into Death of Man Reveals Outrageous Conditions.

Fort William, March 5.—At an inquest on a Doukhor found dead last night the juryman decided to investigate the conditions at the house, and afterwards nine juryman allowed for the house. Men, women and children were discovered lying naked and promiscuously in bed. Some of them had not worn clothes since their arrival here.

DESTITUTE IN TORONTO.

Ottawa, March 4.—The immigration department is sending an inspector to Toronto to inquire into the reported arrival there of 100 destitute immigrants. Some of them may be deported.

DEATH OF R. A. ALLEY.

Vancouver, March 5.—R. A. Alley, a well known steamship man, formerly of Tacoma, died in New York to-day of appendicitis.

EARNEST PLEA FOR TASSE SCHEME

WHAT A BEAUTIFIED VICTORIA WOULD MEAN

William Wainwright of G. T. P. Can Conceive no Objection to Plan.

(From Thursday's Daily.) It does not seem to make any difference what kind of persons the Times reporter goes to see, it does not seem to matter whether they are citizens of Victoria or not; any person who who has the interests of the city at heart, who ever he may be realized that the Tasse proposition for the beautifying of the city is one of the most advantageous suggestions for the benefit of the town which has been mooted.

The latest person who was interviewed by the Times was W. Wainwright, the second vice-president of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

It is difficult to make a choice of words with reference to the amount of appreciation which the different elements which go to make up the population of the city have expressed concerning the scheme, and the word "enthusiasts" has been used more than once. Mr. Wainwright was more than enthusiastic, he was earnest.

In substance he said, speaking to a Times reporter this morning, "I not only think that the scheme is a good one, but more than that I think that it is a thing which is absolutely necessary. I never saw a city which had so many natural advantages and which made so little use of them. Take the case of Ottawa. Ottawa is not a city which is set on a hill, nor is it a city which possesses any natural advantages whatever, with the possible exception of the fact that a river runs through it. Yet see what Ottawa has done. The Dominion government, appreciating the fact that the capital of the Dominion should be a city of beauty, have gone so far as to vote a certain sum per annum for the beautifying of the city. I cannot give the exact amount which has been provided by the Dominion government, but it is a very considerable sum. To the commercial people, those people to whom nothing appeals unless it can show a revenue in dollars and cents, the idea did not commend itself. But the wiser people, those people who took some pride in their city, those people who realize that a city should be always all things seemly, saw that the expenditure was wise, and very wise at that. Ottawa is not a place, as I said before, any yet to-day, a city which has to go far indeed to find a city which is more attractive. True, the buildings of the Houses of Parliament stand on the banks of the river, but when this fact has been mentioned, all that has been said can be said, of the natural advantages which are possessed by the city of Ottawa.

The cases are parallel. Ottawa is a good thing for the capital of a Dominion, Victoria is the capital of a province. What is a good thing for the capital of a Dominion should be, if logic means anything at all, a good thing for the capital of a province. In the course of my work I visit every city, town and hamlet in the Dominion of Canada, and I can safely say that I have never seen a city which has so many possibilities as the city of Victoria. The natural beauty of it is surpassed by any city in the Dominion, and the position of it, as far as the trade from the East is concerned, is unique; and yet, in spite of all the advantages which nature has given her, she has not made the best of herself. The sum of \$30,000, which the provincial government is asked to vote, is to my mind a mere fleabite compared to the results which are bound to follow from this expenditure. It is possible, that you think that I am speaking as an interested party, because I am connected with the Grand Trunk Pacific; and I am not prepared to deny that a situation of that nature, The development of the city of Victoria cannot fail to be of benefit to the railway which I have the honor to represent, and so I must plead guilty. I am a busy man and I cannot afford you any more of my time. I can only say this: "In my opinion the scheme which is afoot for beautifying Victoria by means of a subsidy from the provincial government is one of the best schemes which has been put forward for many a long day. It will add to the population, it cannot fail to increase the number of tourists who visit your beautiful city, and, thinking as I may, I cannot conceive of any possible objection which any reasonable man could urge against it."

PRINCE OF WALES TO VISIT CANADA

His Royal Highness Will Represent King Edward at Quebec Tercentenary.

(Special to The Times.) Ottawa, March 4.—When the Quebec tercentenary battlefield bill was in the House last night Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that he had expected that King Edward might attend the celebrations, but that was impossible. However he had received the following letter from Lord Grey showing that the Prince of Wales would be present: "March 3, 1908. "My Dear Sir Wilfrid Laurier:—"I give me great pleasure to inform you that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, in response to your invitation, has graciously signified his willingness to attend the tercentenary celebration of the founding of Quebec by the British in 1608. It can be held during the day, week of July. "The present arrangements of the Atlantic feet which will accompany the Prince of Wales to Quebec make it necessary for his Royal Highness to arrive on July 22nd and to depart on the morning of July 29th. "His Royal Highness regrets that for this reason his stay in the Dominion must be curtailed so as to make it impossible for him to visit places other than Quebec on this occasion. Lord Grey has expressed his sincere congratulations on the important announcement which it is my duty to convey to you, and to the parliament of his Royal Highness's approaching visit, in joining most sincerely in these congratulations. I remain yours, very sincerely, "SIGNED G. GREY."

MONEY PLentiful IN ENGLAND, Despite Unsatisfactory Conditions Elsewhere.

BANK RATE STILL FURTHER REDUCED

London, March 5.—Owing to the improvement in monetary conditions, the directors of the Bank of England to-day reduced the discount rate from 4 to 3 1/2 per cent. It was thought in some quarters that no change would be made owing to the South American gold requirements, the less satisfactory position in Berlin, and the delay in returning gold from New York, but owing to money being more plentiful here and the receiving of over \$30,000,000 which probably will be increased by shipments to England the bank authorities thought it safe to reduce its rate. The money market already had discounted the change by lowering the rates of three months' bill to 2 1/2 per cent.

WILL MAKE SAWMILL LARGEST IN B. C.

Fraser River Plant Acquired by American Capitalists—\$3,000,000 Deal.

Vancouver, March 5.—By the payment of a quarter of a million dollars within the past week a three-million dollar saw-mill has been completed. The plant, owned by Lester W. David, of Blaine, has with other shareholders disposed of interests in the Fraser River Sawmills, of Westminister, and large timber areas. The mill will be rebuilt and made the largest and best in British Columbia, and will open in August.

SUICIDE OFF BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

New York, March 4.—An unknown man, said to be about 30 years old, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge into the East river yesterday, and was killed. His body did not reach the surface, and the police began to search for it.



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BUSINESS MEN FAVOR SCHEME

CAPITAL OF PROVINCE SHOULD BE BEAUTIFIED

David Spencer Urges Great Importance of Work—Otto Weiler's Opinion.

If the voice of the people is anything like as powerful as it is claimed to be, by an old saying which attributes to it almost Divine influence, and if the representatives of the people will listen to the voice, they are to-day, beautifying of Victoria will take place at no very distant date, and will be completed with a thoroughness that shall last for all time.

From every section of the community the Times hears the same story. This morning a representative of the prominent business men in the city—David Spencer and Otto Weiler. Both these gentlemen combined enthusiasm with interest and tempered the combination with practicality, the result being that the work should be done about now.

"I am most decidedly and emphatically in favor of the scheme by which the provincial government should grant a sum of \$50,000 for the beautifying of the capital city, and I certainly think that they should be glad and proud to do it," said Mr. Spencer.

"I do not believe that there is a single member in the House who will not willingly vote in favor of such a measure when it is brought up. Victoria is the capital of the province, and as such has a right to adorn the body and to honor the name of that country. The provincial government is forever spending money upon some district or upon some town in the province, and Victoria is certainly entitled to a share of that money which is thus distributed. It is impossible for the government to say that it has not got the funds after the surplus which has been shown in the last two budgets. But, as I said before, I do not think that any of the members would raise an objection of any kind."

"It is of the utmost importance that if work of this kind is taken in hand, it should be properly done. Work of this kind, which has been done in the past, has not always been done in the best way. Thus, for instance, the trees which have been planted on Beacon Hill, they have not been cared for. They have been planted in the wrong places, and instead of being a beautification, they simply present a form and deflected appearance and mean in the wind, like the souls of the unfortunates dead."

"In Southern California, where matters of this kind present far more difficulty than they do here, the cities, and even the smaller towns, spend not only infinite money, but what is more, the health and life of the people in this matter. Although water is almost a valuable commodity in some parts of Southern California, and has to be pumped immense distances, nevertheless in the Southern California towns, the streets which are well boulevard, while the walks and the drives of the cities are fringed with trees, these people do not care for them in a thorough manner. They are not content to plant the trees and leave them to live or die, as the case may be. They tend them with constant care and attention. This is a point upon which I would lay great stress. Let the money be spent by all means, and let it be spent in this way, but let it be spent wisely and with discretion. Do not let the city find that in five years or so all the money has been wasted, and that there is nothing to show for it, except a few withered trees and shrubs."

"Again, looking at the question from a business standpoint. Look at it as an investment. An investment should be a paying one, or else it is useless. This scheme would be a paying investment for the city and the money which was spent upon it would be returned to the city a hundred fold in the way of the increase in population which it would bring about. My wife and son have recently spent a month in Southern California, and although that part of the world has an immense reputation as a tourist resort, and although they returned with the firm conviction that they would have done better if they had spent their month's holiday here in the city of Victoria. In my opinion, and I am but one of hundreds who believe that the city of Victoria possesses the essential which goes to make up an ideal tourist resort. And to these Californian cities, notwithstanding the fact that the water, which is so necessary for the plants and for the trees, is hard to obtain, have spent large sums of money and much pain, and the result is that they compare favorably with the city of Victoria to-day in this respect."

"Let the scheme go through. Let the money be obtained from the people whose duty it is to provide it, namely, the provincial government, and when these two steps have been taken let care and circumspection be used so that the beautifying of the city may be a lasting blessing and not a waste of money to no purpose."

Otto Weiler commenced the interview with a very positive statement. It was a bold scheme, he said, and any scheme which tends to increase the population of the city can be nothing else. Yet there are many steps which might be taken by the provincial government themselves which would render the city more pleasant and more attractive. They might pull down the mighty shafts which disfigure so many of the streets, which are in the centre of the town and which compel people who are looking for residences to build farther out, thus rendering a large portion of the property right in the city of little or no value. This would be an immense benefit to the city and would have the additional advantage that the tourists would go away with the belief that the city was a whole than they do at the present time.

"I wish the scheme every success, and only hope that it will be brought about as quickly as human possibility will permit."

INTERESTING CASE AT NELSON.

Great Northern Sued by Former Land Agent for Commission on Timber Limits.

Nelson, March 5.—Before Mr. Justice Martin there has been started in the supreme court the case of A. Buckworth against the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway, a branch of the Great Northern, for commission on land sold. S. S. Taylor, K. C., appeared for the plaintiff and A. H. McNeill, K. C., for the defendant.

Up to a year ago Buckworth was agent of the Great Northern at Timm. In that capacity he claimed that he negotiated the sale of the Porto Rico timber limits for \$70,000 to E. R. C. Clark, of Toronto, which limits are now being worked by the Clarksons brothers, some of the purchasers, immediately on the close of the negotiations Buckworth was informed that his agency was discontinued, and that that concern was securing to him on this and other deals were no longer payable. This communication, he says, came to him from Charles H. Babcock, head of the Great Northern land department in St. Paul, through Charles Scott, head of the land department of the same railway in the Kootenay, residing at Nelson.

E. A. JAMES IS SELECTION.

Winnipeg, March 5.—The Railway Telegraphers of Canada have endorsed E. A. James, of Victoria, for chairman of the Western railway commission board.

TWO POWER STANDARD MUST BE MAINTAINED

British Cabinet is Determined to Keep Command of the Sea.

London, March 5.—The Radical members of the House of Commons who are agitating for a broad measure of disarmament, received scant support from the cabinet in the House yesterday afternoon, when they introduced a resolution inviting the government to take action in support of their views.

Herbert Asquith, chancellor of the exchequer, was the spokesman for the government. He maintained that if Great Britain was to retain command of the sea, this position must be safeguarded against all contingencies. The government believed it to be its duty to maintain the present two standard in the matter of naval strength.

Alluding to numerous references to the naval activity of Germany, Mr. Asquith recalled that the government did not witness with apprehension an expansion which corresponded with the economic and financial needs of that country. He added there was the best reason to hope that the two peoples were advancing together and nearer to a complete mutual understanding. He insisted that the naval policy of Great Britain was purely defensive.

"THE ADMIRABLE CRICHTON."

J. M. Burt's Novel Play Revived at the Duke of York Theatre in London.

London, March 5.—J. M. Burt's "The Admirable Crichton" was revived last night at Charles Frohman's Duke of York theatre with a strong cast, before a distinguished audience, which received it with the warmest of enthusiasms. Lynn Harding played the part of the butler, and Miriam Clements that of Lady Mary. George D'Amade appeared in his original part and Eric Lewis played the Earl, all brilliantly.

WILL HAVE RIGHT TO ENTER VICTORIA

Vancouver Island and Eastern Railway Bill Reported by Committee.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—The railway committee this morning reported the Vancouver Island & Eastern Railway Company bill. The proposal is to start at Victoria, to run along the eastern shore of Vancouver Island as far as Seymour Narrows, where the Straits of Georgia contracts to four miles width, and to cross there by ferry and to proceed by either Butte or Frederick Point to the Yellow Head Pass to Edmonton. The bill as printed made the railway start at Esquimalt.

Mr. Duncan Ross remarked that the committee might some day find itself in the position of the Hamilton Radical; so the committee amended it so as to assure the company's right to enter the city of Victoria.

Mr. Wright (Muskegon) viewed with some anxiety the bill as it stands, as a sub-clause permitting the sale of surplus energy, as possibly prejudicing the rights of Victoria. The point was met by putting the matter under the control of the railway commission.

TRAGEDY OF ICE BOAT COLLISION

Even Year Old Boy Killed Instantly on St. Lawrence.

Kingston, March 3.—In a collision of ice boats at Clayton, N. Y., on the St. Lawrence, Roy O'Brien, aged 11, son of Frederick O'Brien, a steamboat engineer of Thousand Island park, was almost instantly killed, and his comrade, Rosewell Herman, aged 13, was badly injured.

The boats were going 50 miles per hour when they struck. O'Brien's skull was crushed by hitting the mast. Both boats were smashed into bits, and the sailors thrown far out upon the ice.

NOMINEE IN EAST SIMCOE.

Orrilla, Ont., March 3.—J. E. Tudhope, M. P. E., was re-nominated by East Simcoe Liberals for the legislature.

GRANBY SMELTER TO BE ENLARGED

REDUCTION WORKS NOW RUNNING FULL CAPACITY

A. B. W. Hodges Tells of Great Activity at Phoenix and Grand Forks.

A. B. W. Hodges, the general manager of the Granby smelter, is in the city for a few days, staying at the Empress hotel. When seen by a Times representative last night he stated that the mines at Phoenix and the smelter at Grand Forks were both working at their capacity. That means that they are turning out an average of 3,400 tons a day, practically all the ore coming from their own mines.

"Few people realize," said Mr. Hodges, "that the Granby smelter is the third largest in the world, and we intend to enlarge it still more, making its capacity about 4,500 tons a day. This work will be done during the present year if our plans materialize. Already we employ a thousand men, and of course, with the increased capacity of the smelter more will be required."

"Have you reduced the wages?"

"Yes. When times were good and copper was selling at a good price we advanced the wages all round. When the slump came of course it was necessary to put the wages back to the old place. It meant a reduction of about 12 1/2 per cent."

The reason given by Mr. Hodges for the drop in price was the fact that stringency in the money market had curtailed the demand. He thinks it likely the price will not advance much inside of a year. In the meantime the works have to run full blast in order to pay all the larger the output the more economically the work can be done; so the plant must be worked at full capacity or not at all.

Mr. Hodges says everything is going on well in the upper country. He thinks British Columbia is not affected by the bad times anything like the east, and that what stringency there is will not last long.

'FRISCO GRAFTER HAS REMARKABLE GALL

Sues Prosecuting Officials for Prison Expenses—Amount Involved \$4,659.

San Francisco, March 3.—Abe Ruef has brought a remarkable suit. Now that the immunity deal is off he sues the prosecuting officials for \$4,659 prison expenses from September to January, when Ruef to avoid going to jail was quartered at Fillmore street and Pacific avenue and staid the expense.

CRESCENT SHIPPING.

Phoenix, B. C., March 2.—A new shipper was added in the Boundary list last week, the Crescent mine, located about two miles and a half from Phoenix, and an equal distance from Greenwood, having sent out a carload of high grade gold and silver ore, with the expectation of shipping one or more cars each month in the future. The ore was hand sorted and shipped by sleigh to Greenwood, whence it was taken to the Consolidated smelter at Trail.

The Crescent mine is owned by the Crescent Mines, Limited, consisting mostly of Chicago men, who have recently equipped the mine with the latest and most approved electrical machinery, including compressors, hoists, pump, etc. The ore now being shipped is stowed from the drifts on the 225-foot level.

MOROCCO SITUATION.

Paris, March 3.—Advices from General D'Amade, the commander of the French forces in Morocco, report that after the recent engagement with the Madrake tribesmen in a large number of the French were killed or wounded, the troops continued their march, completely traversing the Madrake region and penetrating for some distance beyond. They encountered no resistance.

WILL NOT ADMIT CLAIM.

Toronto, March 3.—The Independent Order of Foresters, through its officers here, has refused to recognize the claims of Mrs. Cronhyatka, widow of the late Dr. Acland Cronhyatka, for \$2,000 and \$3,000, but the reasons for doing so are not given out. An appeal will be lodged with the higher authorities.

Dr. Acland Cronhyatka died suddenly on Foresters' Island, near Deseronto, some months ago.

HOPE WON FIRST BLOCK.

Chicago, March 3.—Willie Hoppe, the professional, beat Calvin Demarest, the amateur champion, by 400 to 365 in the first block of points in their 3,000-point billiard match here last night. Hoppe was playing in 181 style in preparation for his coming battle with Jake Schaefer, and Demarest was knocking off the caroms at 187. In the strength of the opening session Hoppe is a little more than twice as strong a billiard player as Demarest, for 181 is at least twice as difficult.

LEVIATHAN LAUNCHED.

Belfast, Ireland, March 3.—The steamer Rotterdam, the 410-ton Holland-American liner, was successfully launched here to-day. An attempt was made on February 23rd to launch the Rotterdam, but the liner refused to take the water, owing to the tremendous pressure of the ways, which had not been properly greased.

WINNIPEG BANK RAID.

Police Working Hard on Nena Street Case—Work of Educated "Breakers."

Winnipeg, March 3.—Working without descriptions of the robbers who made such a spectacular and desperate effort to rob the Nena street branch of the Union bank on Saturday night, the police yesterday endeavored to apprehend the bold highwaymen. W. F. Sussex, the bank clerk who was shot in the fusillade fired by the robbers, is on today in spite of his wounds.

Chief McCrae, was seen yesterday by a reporter. He stated that the police have not yet succeeded in getting a clue, and no persons were under suspicion. When asked his opinion as to the perpetrators of the crime, the chief stated that he considered them to be bad men of the boldest type.

"I am of the opinion," he stated, "that the robbers carried automatic revolvers strengthened the theory that they were men well educated in the "breaking" game.

9,000 APPLY FOR SEED GRAIN.

Regina, March 3.—Nine thousand farmers have applied for seed grain, for which the Dominion government has voted a large appropriation.

STATISTICS OF SUICIDE AGE

HUMAN DOCUMENT DEALS WITH PRUSSIA

Suffering, Drink, Shame and Despair Chief Causes of Self Destruction.

Berlin, March 3.—Statistics relating to suicides in Prussia during 1906 are just available and present some very significant figures.

In the twelve months no fewer than 2,298 persons, 5,584 men and 1,714 women, ended their own lives. The reasons leading to self-destruction are declared by the statistician department as very difficult to establish in many cases, but it was proved that of each 100 persons who had died of life, 6.8 men killed themselves from disappointment with their conditions, and 3.6 of women from the same cause, owing to physical suffering, 10.3 men and 8.8 women; nervous disorders, 3.3 men and 6.5 women; insanity, 21.1 men and 33.3 women; weakness of intellect, 40.0 men and 2.2 women; alcoholism, 11.8 men and 10.3 women; attacks of passion, 2.8 men and 6.3 women; consequences of immorality, 0.5 men and 0.2 women; sorrow and despair, 3.4 men and 7.4 women; shame at their own actions or guilty conscience, 7.3 men and 6.9 women; anger and quarrels, 1.6 men and 1.8 women; while 24.5 per cent. of the men and 21.6 per cent. of the women took their lives for unknown reasons.

MINER'S SAD DEATH ON SKAGWAY TRAIL

W. J. Cotter Living, but Past Help, When Found by Companions.

Skagway, a miner, 24 years of age, was found by his companions, Tom Butte, Mont., was frozen to death while attempting to walk from Skagway to Bennett on Saturday.

He left this city in the morning in company with three companions, Tom C. Scanlon, Con Harrington and John Hyde. While ascending the mountain and walking the railroad track, he fell behind his companions, telling them to go on and have dinner ordered at the Summit road house. His companions waited in vain for his arrival, and after dining Scanlon went back in search of him. He met a traveler who told him the man was freezing on the trail.

Scanlon ran back for assistance and blankets. The three returned and after a long search found Cotter unconscious down a 200-foot embankment, where he had rolled. He was living, but past help.

When the evening train for Skagway passed he was dead. The temperature was about zero, but the wind was blowing a gale. Cotter was a member of Butte lodge, Western Federation of Miners, and A. O. H. He was a native of Ireland. His brother, James Cotter, lives at 829 Howard street, San Francisco. He had over \$100 in his pocket.

HACKENSCHMIDT V. GOTCH.

Great Russian Wrestler Sailing for America on Saturday—Match April 3rd.

NEW YORK, MARCH 3.—A cablegram received yesterday announces that George Hackenschmidt, the Russian lion, the champion of Liverpool by the Lusitania on Saturday, and will arrive in New York to begin preparations for the championship bout which will be fought with Frank Gotch by Thursday of next week.

WOULD SETTLE IN PROVINCE.

Procter, March 2.—Dr. Bernard Moisset, at present in the employ of the British government in Nigeria, West Africa, is in communication with a local resident with a view to securing a holding here. The fame and popularity of Procter fruit lands has been extended to West Africa and the doctor is anxious to secure in good time, a future home in one of British Columbia's most favored sections, so that when the African suns eventually drive him to other climes he will have a haven of rest prepared in which to shelter.

COLONEL GOURDEAU RESIGNS.

His Reasons for Leaving the Marine and Fisheries Department.

BUILDING AT FERNIE.

Fernie, Feb. 25.—The prospects for a very busy season in the building trade are bright, several contracts having been already let for private residences and stores, and it is also probable that a new theatre and an armory for the Kootenay Rifles will also be constructed during the summer. Real estate is again beginning to be active, several sales having been completed during the past couple of weeks, prices showing a decided increase over those realized last fall.

DEATH OF MILLIONAIRE.

South Bend, Ind., March 2.—James Oliver, a millionaire plough manufacturer, died here this morning.

AT WAR WITH TAKKA KHELS

BRITISH TROOPS TO PUNISH INDIAN REBELS

Troublesome Tribe That Cut Up Detachment in Afridi Campaign.

Seven thousand troops marched out of Peshawar one Thursday recently, to begin operations under Major-General Sir J. Willcocks against the Zakkha Khel tribe of Afridi, who have been stirring up trouble on the northwest frontier of India.

The troops moved towards All Muejld, which is at the entrance to the Bazar valley. The expedition is the first under Lord Kitchener's new system.

The troops comprising the expedition are: First Brigade: 1st Batt. Warwickshire Regiment, 53rd Sikhs, 59th Sikh Rifles, two battalions of the 5th Goodkhas, No. 3 Mountain Battery. Second Brigade: 1st Batt. Searforth Highlanders, 28th Punjab Infantry and 45th Sikhs, No. 22 Mountain Battery. Third (Reserve) Brigade: 1st Batt. Munster Fusiliers, 1st and 6th Goodkhas, the 56th Rifles, the 23rd Mountain Battery.

Divisional troops and communications: Two squadrons of 37th Lancers, 25th Punjab, 23rd Sikhs, and No. 6 Co. of Sappers and Miners. General Mullahy is chief of staff, and the generals of brigades are Generals C. Anderson, A. Barret, and H. Watkiss. The base commandant is Colonel A. Dick.

The Zakkha Khels inhabit summer the southern portion of the Maidan valley, in the Tiraah, which was the scene of the last campaign against the Afridis. In the winter the Zakkha Khels move towards the Khyber. They are the most daring and reachers of all the Afridis, and in hill warfare are a formidable host. They can muster about 4,000 fighting men.

In the campaign of 1897 they were conspicuous for their attacks on rear-guards, and for harassing tactics generally, and it was a party of these tribesmen which cut up a detachment of the Northampton regiment.

"NAVAL" KOEPEENIK.

Germany would seem to be a land of dupes. Since Christmas the inhabitants of Reus, the capital of the principality of Reus, have been duped by a clever rascal named Specht. Clad in a sailor's uniform, decorated with Chinese medals, he gradually became a familiar and admired figure at the restaurants. He told exciting stories of his adventures in China, of thrilling escapes from the Kaiser's hands and of having been ordered to having a drink at his hearer's expense. Soon he extended his methods of operation, and gave lectures on his Chinese experiences. He also made friends with the parents of naval cadets and presents for their sons.

Although the man had a capital time, until he was clapped on the shoulder by a remorseless constable and taken to goal. Then it was revealed that Specht had been expelled from the army for repeated misconduct. He had never been to China, nor even seen the sea.

MINISTERS ENTERTAINED.

Last evening the ministers entertained the members of the legislature at dinner in the grill room of the legislative building. A splendid meal was served by the caterer, James Robson. After partaking of the dinner they adjourned to the ministers' room, where a cheerful hearth fire had been kindled. Here with instrumental music and songs the remainder of the evening was pleasantly spent.

ASSUME RIGHTS OVER CANNERY BUSINESS

The Provincial Government Introduces Legislation for Control of Fisheries.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The ever vigilant Mackay-general, W. J. Bowser, has undertaken to introduce a bill into the legislature which will test the rights of the province to exercise authority over the fisheries.

The bill is one which provides for the collection of a license from all salmon canneries in British Columbia. The imposition of such a tax presupposed jurisdiction over the cannery business and thus over the fishing interests.

It is even claimed that the move is made with the endorsement of a certain class of the cannery men who want the question settled as to autonomy.

The bill provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to operate a cannery or fish packing establishment in the province unless and until such person shall have been duly licensed under this act, and shall have paid the license fee and obtained the license.

The license fee is an annual one, and is set for one year, from January 1st to December 31st.

The license fees are as follows:

For the operation of a one line cannery, \$100.

For the operation of a two line cannery, \$200.

For the operation of a three line cannery, \$300.

For the operation of a four line cannery, \$400.

For the operation of a fish-packing establishment, for each establishment, \$100.

All such fees must be paid in full for one year, and will not be accepted for any proportionate part of a year.

FOUND DEAD.

Samuel Taylor, of Nanaimo, Fell Prey to Heart Disease.

Nanaimo, March 2.—When members of the household of James Taylor, of Irwin street, went to arouse Samuel Taylor this morning they found the aged man lying dead. He had expired some time during the night, evidently from heart disease. Samuel Taylor was 68 years of age, a native of Oldham, England, and had been in this country for the past 21 years. He leaves to mourn his loss one son, James, and one daughter, Mrs. Wm. Sawright, of South Wellington.

GROWING PORT OF NEW WESTMINSTER

Custom Returns for February Show Rapidly Increasing Prosperity.

New Westminister, March 2.—That New Westminister is again coming to its own as a port is evidenced by the customs figures for the month of February. The total for January was a hundred per cent of an increase over the returns of the same month in 1907. For February the receipts amounted to \$13,174.34, as compared with \$8,467.14 in February of last year, an increase of over fifty per cent.

This port has all the necessary qualifications and in addition almost all of those that are not necessary, but highly desirable, for a terminal for the large ocean liners, and during the past year one of these, the Canada-Mexico line, one of whose boats arrived a couple of days ago, has made it a port of call. This was the start and others are soon expected to realize the great benefits to be derived from coming up the Fraser river. Many smaller lines are also making this city their headquarters, and the result of this increased trade is marked in the ever growing customs receipts.

APPREHENSION FOR SPANISH ROYALTY

Concern in Madrid Over Visit of Sovereigns to Barcelona.

Madrid, March 3.—Considerable concern is being felt in this city for the safety of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria on their approaching visit to Barcelona, which has been fixed for March 12th.

The newspapers regard the trip as imprudent in view of the agitation created by the many recent bomb outrages in that city, and the President Maurya is not finding a pretext for cancelling the proposed trip to Barcelona.

WINNIPEG TAX COLLECTOR.

City Council Turns Down Mayor Ashdown's Choice.

Winnipeg, March 3.—The city council has turned down Mayor Ashdown's choice for a tax collector, R. D. Waugh, appointing H. B. Pattison, the assistant collector, to the position.

MEXICAN BANDITS MADE BIG HAUL

Relieved Bank of \$300,000 and Escaped—Large Reward for Capture.

El Paso, Texas, March 3.—A telegram received from Chihuahua, Mexico, yesterday, says the Banco de Minerio, a bank established by the Mexican government, has been robbed of \$300,000 in Mexican money. No persons have been arrested. Officers here, however, have been obtained to watch the border closely.

The bank was robbed of \$235,000 in bank notes of the \$1,000, \$100 and \$50 and \$20 denominations. A liberal reward has been offered for the capture of the bank robbers.

SUMMARY DISMISSAL.

Toronto, March 3.—Seventeen employees of the Toronto Railway Company have been summarily dismissed, and the company's officials decline to go into particulars as to the reasons. The grievance committee of the union has been appealed to.

OF WALES TO VISIT CANADA

Royal Highness Will Repetition King Edward at Quebec Tercentenary.

(Special to The Times.)

London, March 4.—When the Quebec royal battlediff bill was up in the House last night Sir Wilfrid Laurier had expected that King Edward might attend the celebrations, was impossible. However he liked the following letter from Sir Wilfrid Laurier to the Prince of Wales:

"March 3, 1908. Sir Wilfrid Laurier—It is a great pleasure to inform His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales that in response to your invitation graciously signified his will to attend the tercentenary of the founding of Quebec which will be held in the week of July."

Resigned movements of the Prince of Wales will accompany the King to Quebec make it for his Royal Highness to depart on July 22nd and to depart on July 29th.

The royal highness regrets that for some time he has been in the Dominion and so as to make it impossible for him to visit places other than on this occasion. Lord Bunsford is anxious to do everything in his power to make the tercentenary as happy and successful as possible. He takes this opportunity to congratulate the Dominion on the immigration which it is so anxious to request you to make to the centenary of His Royal Highness's ap- visit. In joining most sincerely your, very sincerely, (Signed) GRAY."

The Prince of Wales will be accompanied by the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke of York, and the Duke of Edinburgh. The Prince of Wales will be accompanied by the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke of York, and the Duke of Edinburgh. The Prince of Wales will be accompanied by the Duke of Devonshire, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke of York, and the Duke of Edinburgh.

S WRECKED BY FORTUNE TELLING

Fortune Telling Makes Strange Charge Against Psychic Readings.

London, Ont., March 5.—Apathy on the part of the police is given by Wm. chief of the international department, as his reason for making some facts in regard to fortune tellers, palmists and others of his class, who, it is said, have been a golden harvest here.

Eight homes have been wrecked in London, according to Huckle, fortune telling, and he further that the grossest immoralities are committed under the guise of psychic readings and such things.

HE IS KING OF ENGLAND.

Of Wales Has Promised to Press Cruel Bearing Rein.

London, March 5.—At the annual of the Anti-Bearing Rein Association, a speaker said that the movement of the heavy support of the of Wales, who had promised a suppression of the cruel bearing practice when he came to the throne.

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Many Novices Took Part in Journey to Pythian Mecca.

Cranbrook, March 2.—El Mamarras Temple No. 52 of Spokane visited Cranbrook a few days ago. The visitors were received at the depot by a large crowd and soon after they passed down Baker street headed by the Temple band to Fraternity hall, where they were officially welcomed and given the freedom of the city by Mayor Fink.

At about 8 o'clock, the Votaries from Spokane, with a large following of novices, all securely fastened to a long rope, marched in procession through the streets of the business portion of the city. The fantastic costumes of the party, the novices in white garments, surrounded by the initiated bunch of votaries, looked miserable and happy in the glare of the red light. It was a magnificent procession, the best of its kind ever held in Cranbrook. It is reported that the novices were very tired, and every novice had a warm and pleasant trip over the great St. Mary's street to the oasis of beautiful Cranbrook.

Shortly after midnight a banquet was held in Fraternity hall, which was supplied by "Bly" the well known caterer of Cranbrook. The speeches were short and pithy, the band playing at intervals selections specially befitting the occasion.

It was about 5 o'clock morning in the desert when the votaries sang "Auld Lang Syne," which closed the proceedings.

Twice-a-Week Times

Published Tuesdays and Fridays by THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED.

Subscription Rates: Timber notices, land and legal, display advertisements, \$2.50 per inch per month.

THE WATER QUESTION.

Some interesting facts, known only to those familiar with the history of Victoria for the past thirty-five years, were brought out at the meeting held in the City Hall last evening.

Mr. McPhillips, the chairman of the Private Bills Committee of the Legislature, through whose action a deadlock has ensued which may prove very embarrassing, to put the matter in an amiable light as possible, was also present.

Which is the flopper? It is not at all surprising that a journalistic, caustic coat of arms is an open, outstretched hand cannot understand the position of the Times upon certain public questions of importance.

MAGISTRATE SUSPENDED. Woodstock Constables Dismissed as Result of Gross Irregularities in Courts.

Tortured by Indigestion. DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS CURED AFTER DOCTORS HAD FAILED.

JEWESS ATTEMPTS SUICIDE. Winnipeg, March 4.—Sophia Bronstein, a pretty young Jewess, has been quarrel with her husband, drank carbolic acid. She is in a precarious state.

his narrow legal mind from the petty technical grooves in which it is accustomed to run. Other legal gentlemen addressed the meeting.

Mr. Thompson, who was the only representative of the city in the Legislature present, is a member of the Private Bills Committee recited the efforts of the minority on the committee to prevent the emancipation of the bill.

THE B. C. PERMANENT CO. The financial stringency of which we hear so much may have affected business in the United States and Great Britain to a considerable extent.

REASON FOR DISMISSAL. Car Conductors Alleged to Have Carried Passengers Free.

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WATER QUESTION DISCUSSED. STRONG RESOLUTION UNANIMOUSLY CARRIED. Meeting Last Night Call on Government to Confirm City's Rights.

Responding to the call of Mayor Hall the citizens of Victoria held a meeting last night in the city hall and unanimously passed the following resolution: and to emphasize the fact that the public were enthusiastic and thoroughly in earnest in their support of the attitude taken by the city council in this matter.

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the government revenue no less than \$150,000 annually. "The interests of a private concern should not override those of the people."

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INDIAN LANDS AND GOVERNMENT. He Outlined Position in the House.

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INTERVIEWED MINISTRY ON BEAUTIFYING CITY. Government Has Subject Under Consideration—Personal Property Tax.

CHILD INJURED. Muriel Grant Run Over by Heavy Truck on Fort Street.

SITE CHOSEN FOR NEW FAIR BUILDINGS. Directors Visited Grounds and Made Final Arrangements.

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INDIAN LANDS AND GOVERNMENT

He Outlined Position of Party in the House Last Evening.

On Wednesday evening the debate on the Grand Trunk Pacific railway agreement was resumed by Mr. Macdonald, the leader of the opposition.

Mr. Macdonald said: "Mr. Speaker without wasting further words, I will say at once that I intend to support the second reading of this bill (Hear, hear). The introduction of the bill made the statement that he is endeavoring as far as possible to keep this matter above party politics, and to treat it in a manner entirely free of partisanship. I am glad to see that on this side, regarded it as a matter of great provincial importance, and we propose to treat it on that basis. I am not prepared to agree with the proposition made by the premier that 2,500 acres of land at this particular place is necessary for this particular railway company. I do not believe that is a true proposition, nor do I believe in giving railway companies large tracts of land for merely townsite purposes. I think the true principle is to give them sufficient for terminal stations and rights-of-way through the Crown lands of the province.

"With regard to these lands the position is entirely different than when 10,000 acres was granted to the Grand Trunk Pacific company for townsite purposes on Kalen Island three years ago. At that time the province was the owner in fee simple of these lands, and was acting as a liquid asset of the province; and without criticising, because I do not intend to go back to that deal which was fully discussed at that time—without criticising that bargain, there is this difference between it and the bargain now proposed: in that case the province proposed to give the Grand Trunk Pacific Company three-fourths of the land which is the property of the province; but in this bargain to ratify by this act, the province proposes to give three-fourths of 10,000 acres of land which it has at the present time fee simple, and in which it may not have fee simple for three or four hundred years longer. In one case we have something we can presently deal with, and in the other a reversionary right which may not fall in for hundreds of years, so, as the premier very properly said, if we cannot presently deal with it, which we had no control unless this bargain was made, if this value were capitalised and extended over a period of one hundred years, it would amount to a very large sum.

"Now the question we have to consider is this, was it better that we should have had three-fourths of the rights in this 10,000 acres of land in Kalen Island and the adjoining islands, or that we should convert it into a present liquid asset of the province? I am going to say now that the course the government is pursuing in this agreement to give the House is a wise one and in the interests of the province. (Hear, hear).

"Now the premier criticised during the course of his speech, some aspects of the Dominion government's conduct with regard to these lands, and while I am not here to defend the Dominion government, let me say that those strictures, as far as they went, were not justified. They implied that the Dominion government had dictated to this province what it should do in this matter, or had hinted that the province should give up its reversionary rights in these lands for the benefit of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, or that the Dominion government initiated the dealings between the Grand Trunk Pacific and this government. But if we look at the constitutional papers we shall find in them that the Grand Trunk Pacific, through its solicitors, Messrs. Bowdell & Lawson, approached the provincial government in reference to the release of the reversionary rights in regard to these lands, and in his letter in reply to them the premier stated among other things, 'No objection to this agreement can be made unless the Dominion government removes the Indians from the reserve.'

"That as far as I can find was the first time in which the question of the Grand Trunk Pacific acquiring these lands was first mooted to this government, or in any other quarter. In other words this government had intimated to the Dominion government by the words I have just read, to remove the Indians from the reserve, and then the Grand Trunk Pacific, with this government would be in a position to deal with the question of the possession of reversionary rights.

"I am not criticising the stand taken by the government. I think they were quite right; but when my hon. friend says that after the railway company dealt with the Indians they then approached this government, he did not state the real facts. The fact was they approached this government in order to find what they should do. They then approached this government, and I found that the Dominion government found what was the proper thing to do, and then obtained from the Indians the Indian title. Now the position is clearly stated in this 18,000 acres, and recognized that the Dominion government had no interest in these lands except to hold them in trust for the Indians. They were not attempting to force anything on the province, they were not attempting even to force the railway company, the company

which that government had brought into existence, and which I think all people will recognize as one of the greatest works undertaken in Canada since the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway we know is recognized by the Liberal party as a monument to the statesmanship of our great leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier (applause). Just as the Canadian Pacific Railway is recognized as the monument of his great predecessor, Sir John A. Macdonald. (Hear, hear). So even while the Dominion government had brought this great railway into existence, for the benefit of Canada, there was no suggestion, when that order in council was passed that this province should waive its rights in those lands; there was no suggestion that it should be for the benefit of the Indians, because according to Hon. Mr. Oliver, the Indian title was already extinguished, and the suggestions made to this government.

"Now following the letter I have just read from the premier to the Dominion government, the Dominion government undertook to secure the removal of the Indians on terms satisfactory to them. Because the Indians, as the premier said, have sacred titles, which are sacred. It is one of the boasts of the British and Canadian people that their treatment of the Indians has always been equitable, and on account of that equitable treatment we have had less trouble with the Indians than other countries that have treated them on a less equitable basis. The report in the Indian department as explained by Hon. Mr. Oliver was to see that the Indians got these rights. The Grand Trunk proceeded to negotiate with the Indians, and were willing to pay the price they asked for the land, and the question was then to be dealt with by the province of British Columbia, which is now dealing with it in the bill before the House.

"While there are many details which I shall criticize in committee, the bill as a whole is one which I think should be the support of this House, and will certainly receive my support. (Applause). My hon. friend the premier has taken some credit for certain provisions in this bill. He justly refuses to concede that assurance, we do not know the public are suspicious of any government or any scheme that does not give everyone an equal chance, and for that reason sale by public auction has been accepted as the fairest and least suspicious mode of dealing with public assets of this kind. I trust my honorable friend, when the bill comes into committee, will see to it that it is so amended that these lands shall be offered for sale in the regular way of such lands.

"I also trust that when this bill comes into committee we shall so amend it as to make it perfectly clear that at least a portion of these lands shall be placed on the market within a definite period. We know there has been great dissatisfaction with the railway company in regard to the present townsite. We know that men have been ordered off that townsite, and up to the present time it has been difficult for the public to get there at all, and it has been impossible for any individual to purchase land.

"I trust that when the bill comes into committee a time will be fixed when the lands will be placed on the market by the G. T. P. I do not mean all the lands, but at least a portion of them, and I am sure there will be no objection by the premier or anyone to provisions of this kind, so that the complaints that have existed during the past year will be cured, and the public will be given an opportunity, as they ought to be given an opportunity, of going in there and settling upon the land.

Hon. Mr. McBride: "Do I understand you to suggest that a section shall be placed in the bill that these lands shall be placed on sale within a certain time?"

Hon. Mr. Macdonald: "Yes."

Hon. Mr. McBride: "Well I do not think that is objectionable at all."

Hon. Mr. Macdonald: "I have a great deal of assurance because it is something that we should have. While the attitude we have taken in regard to this bill may not be quite in accord with the attitude of some of our party outside the House, for I believe that one of our newspapers has taken an attitude hostile to this bill. Mr. Hawthorn was a lawyer, I notice the member for Nanaimo laughs, but I believe I have a right to my opinion, as good a right as he has to his opinions, however erratic they may be, and for the most part they are correct."

Mr. Hawthorn: "I was included under rule 15, Mr. Speaker?"

Hon. Mr. Macdonald: "The hon. gentleman is mistaken, I did not use the expression 'rank.' I said 'erratic,' I say those who differ from us are entitled to their opinions just as we are in this House, and I am entitled to my opinions, but when the true bearings of this bill is considered, when the fact is considered that we are not giving away anything that belongs absolutely to the province, but something that may not belong to it for hundreds of years, something not at present an asset of the province, but for which we are obtaining a fair remuneration, I say that when all these things are considered, the universal sentiment of this province will be in favor of this agreement." (Loud applause).

LIGHTING SCHEME IS ENDORSED

GREAT MAJORITY FAVOR ELECTRICITY IN CITY

Soccer Enthusiasm Aroused Over Ladysmith's Game With Nanaimo.

(Special Correspondent.)

Ladysmith, March 4.—There was no result of the public importance transacted at this week's meeting of the city council. A formidable array of bills was presented, totalling something like \$700, and the council seemed to feel itself verging perilously near to insolvency. However, the accounts were referred to the finance committee for payment.

The city constable reported that he had completed his canvass of the town in connection with the proposed lighting scheme. He had been to every house in town, and as a result of his canvass he had got promises for 1,700 lights. Of this number, however, only 500 were wanted on the 50 cents a light flat rate. The majority of the people wanted the meter system, and with reasonable rates probably another 100 lights would be required. In all there were only about twenty houses in town where lights were refused at any price. The report is a very satisfactory one, and the fullest information possible as to the cost of installing and operating an electric plant will be sought for at once.

May Be Drowned.

There are grave reasons for suspecting that one of the crew of the "Theor" which was wrecked at the wharf, has disappeared, and as he was last seen going in the direction of the wharf, it is generally believed that he has been drowned. A pipe and a pocket knife were found on one of the caps of the wharf, and Constable Cannon has had the water in that vicinity thoroughly dragged for dragging operations and up to the time of writing no traces of the body have been discovered.

The accident, supposing it to be true, is one of quite a list that have occurred at the Wellington company's wharves, and this is not to be wondered at when it is considered that these wharves, at the present time, have crews going back to their vessels at night are able to get aboard without mishap is a miracle, and the place badly needs lighting up.

Exciting Runaways.

There have been two exciting runaways in the town these last few weeks. The first was that of a horse belonging to Simon Lister's store. The horses bolted out of the alleyway at the side of the store, across Gatacre street and swept into the highway again in this piece of road, but the runaway got through in safety at a mad gallop. They swerved into Roberts street, crashed near the heavily laden wagon party on the highway again, and then careered along the Esplanade. Passing the store again, one of the employees managed to board the runaway party, and stop them up at the foot of High street. The race created a great deal of excitement, but luckily no one was hurt and no damage was done.

The same can be said of the second runaway, which occurred yesterday. A team and wagon had come out from Carmichael's ranch for a load of hay and feed stuff. The wagon had just been loaded from Russell's feed store when the horses bolted, making obliquely across First avenue. The madly driven beasts dragged the heavily laden wagon party up an embankment, with the result that the whole load was dumped on the street. Then they dashed away, just grazing the telegraph poles, finally swerving into the middle of the highway. They raced along until they were stopped close by the Columbia hotel, after half a mile sprint. Luckily no one happened to be in the road, and the driver was able to come back for his load.

Only Seventeen Working Days.

Owing to an accident to the Wellington Colliery Company's locomotive, of February. For the whole month there has been no work on the mine. The prospects are better for March, and it is expected that there is steady work for the first two weeks. There are no immediate signs of the smelter resuming operations, and no definite news is known as to when the local logging camps will open out again.

To Take Up Ranching.

John Ryan and family are leaving town for the Yakima valley in Washington. Mr. Ryan is going to take up land there and leave here to-day. He is one of the best known residents of the city, and has always been an ardent supporter of local sport. If good news is to come from the Yakima valley, it will be an eminently prosperous rancher.

Druid Lodge Social.

The local Druid lodge gave a most enjoyable and successful social on Saturday evening in the Odd Fellows' hall. An excellent musical programme was rendered, followed by a supper. Among the performers were Mrs. Butler, Mrs. Reid, and Mr. Ingham.

Will Organize Choir.

J. M. Morgan, of Victoria, is making arrangements of forming a male vocal choir here. Mr. Morgan, who is following the profession of music teacher in Victoria, enjoyed a national reputation in the "Old Country" as a choir master. He was conductor of the Resolven male vocal choir, the premier organization of that kind in the "Old Country," and only came out here because his health failed him. It is his present intention to run a choir here in conjunction with one at Victoria,

ARRANGEMENTS FOR KENNEL CLUB SHOW

Elaborate List of Prizes Secured for Event Next Month.

At a meeting of the Victoria Kennel Club held last Monday evening, and reported in last night's Times, the bench committee drew up a list of special prizes for the next annual show, which is to be held in the drill hall on April 1st to 4th. Besides the prize list printed below there will be the regular cash prizes given in every class for first, second and third awards. The committee is working energetically and at the time the show opens it will be the biggest and best ever held in Victoria. The prize list is away ahead of anything ever offered here before and besides the following specials contains numerous other classes and also a cat class. The prize list is now in the hands of the committee and will be published in a few days.

The Victoria members of the legislative assembly offer cup for the best dog or bitch in the show.

Dr. Garesche, president of the V. C. K. C. offers cup for the best brace of sporting dogs, independent of sex.

Mr. Edgar offers a box of White Swan soap to the best conditioned kennel in the show.

Mr. Large donates gold nugget for best dog owned and shown by a lady.

The Charlie Shoe Co. pair slippers for best pair of shoes.

V. C. K. C. offer cup for the best cat in show, and a medal for the best in each breed.

Mrs. Bernards—F. Carne, goods, value \$2.

Great Danes—Special, to be provided for.

Scottish Deerhounds—V. C. K. C. offers cup for best in show.

Cheapsenake Bay Dogs—Terry & Marston offer pair brushes, value \$5, for best in show.

English Setters—Weller Bros., cup for best in show.

W. H. Wilkerson, open class; S. Gooder, best; Miss J. S. Hickford, novice class; Mrs. J. S. Hickford, puppy class.

Irish Setters—Hon. D. M. Evers, cup for the best in show; J. S. Hickford, puppy class; Kingham & Co., best puppy; Mrs. Evers, opposite sex.

Gordon Setters—W. Winlay offers medal for the best bitch; T. C. Smith, cup, opposite sex; Baker Shoe Co., pair slippers; Mrs. Evers, puppy; Mr. Elyth, brooch, best opposite sex.

Pointers—Mayor Hall, cup for best in show; J. A. Sawyer, cup for the best opposite sex; Flinton Electric Co., flash light, for the best puppy dog; Barnesley & Co., best puppy; G. K. C. medal, for the best puppy; J. McDonald, cash, \$1, for the best puppy either sex; T. P. McConnell, cup, for the best novice class.

Irish Wolf Spaniels—Scott & Feden, medal, for the best in show; E. A. Morris, pipe and case, for the best opposite sex.

Field Spaniels—Drake & Horn, goods, value \$2, for best in show.

Chumley Spaniels—H. E. Simpson, pipe in case, for the best in show.

Cocker Spaniels—W. Bridgman, medal, for the best puppy; Geo. Powell & Son, J. Gardner, open class; J. Gardner, best puppy; Mr. Elyth, brooch, best opposite sex; T. P. Milmy, goods, value \$2, best in novice class; E. G. Prior & Co., pair vases, value \$2.50, best of opposite sex; C. C. J. Wood, pipe and case, value \$2, for the best opposite sex; A. H. Haggard, medal, for best novice dog; Mr. Sampson, umbrella, value \$5, best of opposite sex.

Bull Dogs—V. C. K. C. medal, for best in show.

Bull Terriers—Mr. Luck Yuen, mat dog; Mrs. Legano, fancy pair dish, best in opposite sex; V. C. K. C. medal, for best in show.

Fox Terriers (smooth)—Mr. Haggard, Doulton cheese dish, value \$10, for best in show; Challoner & Co., best in show; Senator Riley, cup, for best in opposite sex; Dean & Hiscocks, fancy dog, value \$2.50, for best puppy; Mr. A. J. C. Galletly, \$5 cash, for best bitch in open class; Mr. Hanson, The Marble's Prize Dogs, best bitch in novice class; A. Franke, offers a prize for best bitch in open class; R. Beavan, \$5 cash, best puppy bitch.

Scottish Terriers—Hall & Co., perfumes, value \$3, best in show; Mr. Andersnach, pair of vases, value \$3, for best puppy.

Irish Terriers—Mrs. Bradley Dyer, cup, for best in show; the don't not competing; Mr. H. Taylor, cup, for best in opposite sex; Mr. R. Smith & Co., box dog biscuits, value \$2.50, best puppy; John Cochrane, brush and comb, value \$2.50, best puppy; Mr. Shorholt, hair cream, value \$1.50, best puppy; Satterfield & Johnson, bottle whiskey, value \$1.50, best opposite sex.

Scottish Terriers—Mr. Catteral, cup, for best Airedale bitch; Mr. Bowes, goods, value \$3, for best opposite sex; Mr. Cathart, pair boots, value \$1, for best in show; Messrs. Watson & McGregor, razor, value \$2, for best in opposite sex; Mr. Maynard, pair slippers, value \$1.50, for best puppy.

Retrievers—Charley Bo, pair trousers, for best in show.

Scottish Terriers—Smith & Champron, goods, value \$5, for best in show.

Black and Tan Terriers—Dix H. Ross, tea value \$2.50, for best puppy; Mrs. R. M. Malles Terriers—Fanciers of the Breed offer cup for best in show, cup for best in opposite sex, cup for best in novice.

Miscellaneous Class, not over 25 pounds.—B. Williams & Co., travelling bag, value \$3.50, best in show; L. Dickinson, tea, value \$1, best in opposite sex.

WEEKLY WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Victoria Meteorological Office. 26th February to 3rd March, 1908.

During the first portion of this week the weather was generally unsettled and showery, and on Wednesday, 25th ult., an important storm area from the Pacific spread inland across this province. It caused a southerly gale on the Coast and high winds on the Straits and Sound. As the week advanced the course of these easterly moving low pressure areas was deflected further south and the winds in this vicinity became general from the northward, accompanied by more settled and colder weather, particularly on the southern portion of Vancouver Island. These conditions were caused by the southerly movement of a pronounced high barometer area and cold wave from the Yukon, which by the close of the week extended from Cariboo to the prairie provinces. Sharp frosts were reported at Port Simpson upon six days, and on the 27th of February 10 degrees of frost. The weather Cariboo was generally cold and mild in Kootenay, while in the prairie provinces it was cold, accompanied by light snowfalls upon several days.

Victoria—Total amount of bright sunshine registered was 12 hours and 10 minutes; rain, .40 inch; highest temperature, 48 on 21st; and lowest, 34.8 on 27th.

Vancouver—Rain, 1.55 inch; highest temperature, 49 on 26th, 27th and 2nd; lowest, 38.8 on 27th.

New Westminster—Rain, 1.70 inch; highest temperature, 48 on 2nd; lowest, 34 on 28th and 29th.

Kamloops—Snow, .32 inch; highest temperature, 46 on 26th; lowest, 18 on 3rd.

Backsville—Snow, .22 inches; highest temperature, 49 on 28th; lowest, 16 below zero on 1st.

Fort Simpson—Rain, .13 inch; highest temperature, 42 on 26th and 27th; lowest, 22 on 29th.

Altn—No snow; highest temperature, 22 on 26th; lowest, 14 below zero on 2nd.

Dawson—Snow, .40 inch; highest temperature, 16 on 24th; lowest, 23 below zero on 1st.

PROGRESS OF WORK ON KITAMAT ROAD

Fifty Mile Road Built to Copper River—Final Survey.

Kamloops, March 4.—Considering the difficulties experienced, good progress is being made with construction work on the Kitamat branch of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, according to J. B. Harstone, superintendent for the construction of Copper river, where several hundred men are engaged in grading operations. Ten miles of right-of-way have been cleared. Two engineering parties are now in the field, checking up the final survey, a distance of 50 miles, was completed a fortnight ago. Since then many alleighs of supplies have been forwarded across the divide of Copper river, where several hundred men are engaged in grading operations. Ten miles of right-of-way have been cleared. Two engineering parties are now in the field, checking up the final survey, a distance of 50 miles, was completed a fortnight ago. Since then many alleighs of supplies have been forwarded across the divide of Copper river, where several hundred men are engaged in grading operations. 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LICENSE FEES FROM CANNERS

ANNOUNCING PROPOSES A SYSTEM OF TAXES

Produced into Legislature Yesterday's Sitting of the House.

From Tuesday's Daily.)

The legislature yesterday afternoon after government introduced a bill for license fees for any person engaged in a cannery. For license for a cannery, for any person engaged in a cannery, for any person engaged in a cannery...

license fees to be paid by each person shall be as follows, namely: For the operation of a one line cannery, \$200; for the operation of a two line cannery, \$300; for the operation of a three line cannery, \$400; for the operation of a four line cannery, \$500; for the operation of a five line cannery, \$600...

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AGREEMENT MADE WITH THE G. T. P.

FULL TEXT OF BILL BEFORE LEGISLATURE

Terms Upon Which the Railway Company Has Secured Indian Lands.

The bill introduced into the legislature on Saturday afternoon...

rest in and to that portion of the Metlakatla Indian reserve, more particularly described as follows: All those parcels or tracts of land situated, lying and being in the southern part of the Indian reserve...

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TEXT OF JUDGMENTS IN BRIDGEMAN APPEAL

Mr. Justice Morrison Dissents from View of Other Judges.

The following is the full text of the judgment which was delivered by the Full Court in the case of Bridgeman vs. Heburn:

The facts in this appeal are simple and, for the most part, not in dispute. On April 23rd last the defendant, being pressed by mortgages, requested the plaintiff to purchase the two lots numbered 67 and 68 in the city of Victoria...

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ARION CLUB DELIGHTS DUNCAN AUDIENCE

Interesting Programme, Given in Little Town on Saturday Night.

The Arion Club delighted its audience on Saturday evening in the Duncan opera house. The programme was almost the same as that given in Victoria on Wednesday last...

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WILL BUILD BIG STRUCTURE

COMPANY PLANS APARTMENT HOUSE

Activity in City Real Estate is Again Revived.

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RECTOR TO LATE MR. JUSTICE KILLAM

Mr. Mulock May Become Chairman of Railroad Commission.

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TOSA MARU LEAVES

Leaves For the Orient Carrying a Number of Steerage Passengers.

Tosa Maru Leaves. Leaves for the Orient carrying a number of steerage passengers. The Tosa Maru, a large passenger ship, is scheduled to depart for the Orient...

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EARLY CLOSING-BY LAW ILLEGAL

Early closing-by-law illegal. The British Columbia Court of Appeal has decided that a law which restricts the closing of stores at a certain hour of the day is illegal...

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THE SHARE MARKET

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Following are the latest quotations:

Commodity	Price
Canadian Goldfields	48.00
Giant	48.00
C. M. & S. Co. of Can	75.00
International Coal	41.75
Rambler-Caribou	26.24 1/2
Sultan	48.00
White Bear	48.00
Domion Copper	23 1/2
Alberta Coal	35.25
Granby Consolidated	40.00
B. C. Copper	45.00
Consolidated Coal	48.00
International Coal	48.00
Domion Copper	23 1/2
Alberta Coal	35.25
Granby Consolidated	40.00
B. C. Copper	45.00

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PROTECTION OF MINERS' WAGES

BILL INTRODUCED BY H. C. BREWSTER

Member for Alberni is taking Precautions to Avoid Workmen Being Defrauded.

A bill has been introduced into the legislature by H. C. Brewster which has for its object the protection of miners employed in the collection of wages on properties operated by other than the owners.

The bill is in effect to be a necessity and Mr. Brewster introduces it because of abuses which have come to his attention in his own riding, on Texada Island and on the west coast of Vancouver Island.

At present the opportunities for defrauding miners are too easy and the workman has no redress. The abuse creeps in by means of the bonding system.

The owner of the property takes precautions against any claims by posting a notice that he is not liable for any wages.

Mr. Brewster proposes to overcome this in part at least. He proposes by the bill introduced to force an operator, such as that described, to provide the means of meeting the wages of the men by depositing with a bank the amount required.

Mr. Brewster proposes to overcome this in part at least. He proposes by the bill introduced to force an operator, such as that described, to provide the means of meeting the wages of the men by depositing with a bank the amount required.

The bill shall be liable to apply the sum specified in its certificate, first, to defray any costs it may be put to in the adjudication of any claim made upon the bank by any miner for his wages out of such sum, and then out of the remainder there shall be paid the wages found owing every miner working for the operator at the mine, but not exceeding two months' wages in any case, provided such miner shall, within thirty days after the last payment upon which his wages remain unpaid, file with the said branch of the bank a claim for his wages out of said sum, giving full particulars thereof.

By way of interpretation the following sections appear: In this act "miner" shall mean and include any person employed in or about a mine, either for wages or under contract for the supply of labor, or of labor and materials.

operator for the purposes of prosecution by summary conviction for the violation of the provisions of this act; and in the event of the operator being a person who is not a resident of or absent from the province, then his manager or agent in charge of or directing the operation of the mine shall be liable to prosecution by summary conviction for the violation of the provisions of this act by the operator, to the same extent and in the same manner as the operator.

In order to provide against pressuring unfairly upon bona fide companies or mine operators, the following section appears: Any miner may in writing relinquish or waive his rights under this act, but may, by giving fifteen days' previous notice in writing to the operator, cancel such relinquishment, and after the expiration of such fifteen days his rights under this act will begin.

The bill further provides: It shall be unlawful for an operator to incur at any time greater liabilities in respect of the miners employed by him at the mine than the sum mentioned in the bank's certificate. Any violation by the operator of any provision of this act shall constitute a separate offence for each and every miner employed by him at the mine who is or may be adversely affected by such violation, and the operator shall not be liable to prosecution by only such miner or miners so affected acting separately or jointly as prosecutor or prosecutors under the Summary Convictions Act, and shall be deemed a felon for the purpose of the act.

DEAD FROM STARVATION.

Father ill, Daughter Insane in House of Tragedy.

St. Catharines, Ont., March 3.—Mrs. Lydia Stahr, 44 years old, was found dead in her bed, the cause of death had been no food in the house for a week. Her aged husband is ill with pneumonia and may die.

SAWMILL OBTAINS WATER RECORD

Is Wanted by Fraser River Company for Fire Protection.

New Westminster, March 3.—The Fraser River Sawmills Company, Limited, was granted a record of 200 inches of water from Lake Como by C. C. Fisher, water commissioner, yesterday afternoon. The water is required by the mill company for fire protection purposes and will be piped from the lake to the mill.

The application was vigorously opposed by farmers from the vicinity of the lake, who claimed that the value of their property would be seriously affected through the drawing off of the water. In spite of their objections, however, the record was granted as stated.

Three of the farmers, Messrs. Selim, Fox and Newman were each granted two inches of water for agricultural and domestic purposes, which represents a volume of over 30,000 gallons of water every 24 hours.

TIRADE AGAINST RACE TRACK GAMBLING

"Scandal of the First Order," Says Governor Hughes of New York.

HINDUS ARRESTED UNDER NATAL ACT

British Subjects Jailed in Vancouver—Failed to Pass Educational Test.

Vancouver, March 3.—Fifteen Hindus who had arrived yesterday by the Empress of Japan, were admitted as immigrants by the Dominion Inspector, Dr. Monroe. They were allowed to land.

While still on the ship, and before the Dominion Inspector had given his decision, the new arrivals were lined up and examined by Provincial Inspector Monroe. They failed to pass the examination prescribed by the Natal Act.

Once landed, the constables of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company forcibly kept the Hindus from returning to the ship, where they were ordered by the provincial officer. The latter was powerless against the force of the constables, and indeed, the Hindus themselves, for they do not wish to return to their native land.

Accordingly the provincial police arrested the entire party and took them to jail. Upon being searched each Hindu was found to be carrying a hatchet.

INDIAN DELUDED BY PHANTOM WOLVES

Son of Chief Charlie Bought to Vancouver Violently Insane.

Vancouver, March 3.—Mad with the horrible delusion that he was every moment being pursued by a pack of howling wolves, a young Indian was brought down from the north yesterday for commitment to an asylum.

On another occasion, possessed with his fear, he fired shot after shot from his rifle at random, and when another Indian stepped out of his shack a shot was aimed at him, and the bullet struck his arm.

DASH FOR LIBERTY.

Deported to U. S. From Fernie, American Criminal Leaped From Train.

Fernie, B. C., March 3.—F. F. Fisk, a fugitive from justice from Montana, was ordered deported from here. He left on the Great Northern train in charge of U. S. Immigration Officer Dunlop.

NEGRO ELECTROCUTED.

In Dying Statement He Hoped He Would Meet Everybody in Heaven.

Trenton, N. J., March 3.—George Wilson, a negro, was electrocuted at the state prison early to-day for the murder of Samuel L. Jackson, Fred Romer, Orange, N. J., undertaker, who was killed in his room at an hotel.

COMPANIES INDICTED.

Frisco Railroad Charged With Giving Rebates to Lumber Concern.

REVIEW OF MINES.

Large Tonnage Yielded by Consolidated Properties in Six Months.

Trail, March 3.—During the six months from July 1st to December 31, 1907, the following tonnages were mined from the properties of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. Centre Star group, Rossland

B. C. 87,461 tons St. Eugene group, Moyie B. C. 75,104 tons Snowshoe Mine, Phoenix, B. C. 86,109 tons 218,674 tons which is equivalent to about 1,380 tons per day.

The St. Eugene produced 12,110 tons of silver lead concentrates, some of which was shipped to Europe as the Marquette at Kimberley, B. C., but the greater part was smelted and refined at the company's works at Trail.

The Snowshoe only operated 4 1/2 months out of the six months, but it is intended to start this property again as soon as copper advances in price. There are large ore reserves ready for shipment.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED AS THEY SLEPT

English Brewery Director's Series of Crimes, Followed by Suicide.

The village of Fawley, near Henley, England, was recently the scene of an appalling tragedy—the murder of four persons and the suicide of a fifth. The close to the village, according to the coroner's inquest, stands a large residence, known as Crossway House, occupied by Frederick Herbert Holmes, a brewery director.

PASTOR'S TIRADE AGAINST SOCIAL SIN

Fan Tan Punished, While Race-track Gambling is Openly Condoned.

New Westminster, March 3.—The swindling company promoter, the stock exchange operator, the souvenir hunter who "lits" things, the race-track betting and betting for fun at afternoon bridge parties were all condemned in strong terms by Rev. J. S. Henderson, in a strong and interesting sermon on Respectable Sins and Respectable Sinners at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Sunday night.

THREATENED PRIEST.

Man Arrested in Chicago for Demanding Money.

Chicago, March 3.—Frank Zukack was arrested to-day charged with threatening letter to a Roman Catholic clergyman, Procopius Nuzzi, a priest of the Benedictine Fathers. The priest, who is 38 years old and lives at 844 Blue Island avenue, on the borders of the ghetto district, admitted sending a demand for \$1,000 to the priest, according to the police.

VANCOUVER'S GROWTH AS SHIPPING CENTER

Large Number of Vessels on Waterfront Loading and Discharging.

Vancouver, March 3.—The rapid advance made in shipping by the port of Vancouver was shown in a striking manner yesterday, when vessels which voyage to widely different parts of the world were berthed along the waterfront.

The yacht-like Empress of Japan was discharging cargo from the Far East and behind was the fast ferry, Princess Victoria. The next steamer in line was the big Montagu and longshoremen had their hands full in putting aboard a consignment of pig lead from the Trail Smelter.

The Montague will leave for the Orient on Thursday. A little further along the waterfront was the Amur, loading lumber and general freight for Northern British Columbia ports. The Princess Beatrice arrived from Skagway, and as the Princess Victoria had left for the Capital, she took the later berth and secured a new propeller blade to replace one lost on her northern trip.

At the Union Steamship Company's wharf the Cotuitan, Capilano, Casiar and Comox were berthed, making ready for their different runs, and on the west side of Evans, Coleman & Evans's wharf, the Blue Pannel liner was taking aboard lumber and merchandise for the Orient and the United Kingdom. The British brig London Hill added a touch of the picturesque to the scene, and on the east side, the squat little Waialeale was preparing for her run to Seattle.

SALVATION ARMY CHANGES.

Staff-Captain Hayes Coming Here From Vancouver.

Vancouver, March 3.—The officers of No. 1 corps in charge of the work of the Salvation Army in Vancouver, will arrive in the city hall next Sunday evening. The final farewell will take place on Wednesday evening, March 11th.

LULU ISLAND MYSTERY.

Fisher Missing Since Feb. 21st When He Set Out From Vancouver.

Vancouver, March 3.—The disappearance of Harry Jessman, aged about 56 years, from his home on Lulu Island, was reported to the city police this morning by P. J. Kelly, who thinks the former may have been drowned in the river.

JAPAN PUNISHED U. S. EMBEZZLERS

Utah Too Poor to Bring Them Back for Justice.

Salt Lake, Utah, March 3.—Because Utah did not have the money to bring back two embezzlers from Japan, the Mikado's government not only tried and convicted the offenders for a crime committed in this state, but has paid Utah for collecting and forwarding the culprits in the case.

Utah, more than a year ago with more than \$16,000 entrusted to them for safe keeping by 75 Japanese laborers employed in the best fields. The men were traced to Japan and arrested there.

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

Speech From Throne Pays Considerable Attention to Education.

Quebec, March 3.—In the Quebec legislature, assembled this afternoon, the speech from the throne pays considerable attention to education affairs.

VISION OF RELEASE WAS DISPELLED

General Jail Delivery Did Not Come Off in Vancouver.

Vancouver, March 3.—Mr. Justice Clement gave judgment yesterday morning in the matter of the jurisdiction of H. O. Alexander to sit alone on the bench at the police court, in the absence of Police Magistrate Williams, to the effect that Mr. Alexander was quite entitled to impose sentences.

CURIOSITY LED TO DISASTROUS RESULTS

Youth Lit Fuse of Ship's Distress Signal in Vancouver Store.

Vancouver, March 4.—Because Snyder Conway, aged 17, wished to ascertain what kind of a report followed the explosion of a ship's distress signal, he lighted a fuse in a ship's outfitting store in which he worked.

ATHLETICS TO SELECT CONTESTANTS.

Amateur Athletic Union, messages were read from Halifax and Winnipeg, offering the co-operation of the authorities in the selection of the athletes for the Canadian Olympic teams. Representatives of the union will arrange for try-outs at Vancouver for British Columbia and Calgary, for Alberta.

SWIMMING NEW WORLD RECORD.

New York, March 3.—Henry J. Handy, of the Illinois A. C. of Chicago, made a new world's record of 1:18:15 swimming the breast stroke for 100 yards at the Fairgrounds last night. The previous time of 1:24:55, held by Gardner, of Australia. Last night's race was a handicap in which Handy beat F. H. James, of Bath Beach, to whom he allowed eight seconds.

RUFGY FOOTBALL "ALL BLACKS" WON.

For the first time in the history of the game a match under Northern Union rules was played in London, England, when the New Zealanders decided their second test match, the result being a win for the colonies by 18 points to 6. The game was played at Stamford Bridge.

VICTORIA LUNATIC.

Prisoner Made Matters Lively For Attendant on Way to New Westminster Asylum.

New Westminster, March 3.—An insane man of the most violent character was brought to the city yesterday from Victoria consigned to the provincial asylum. When about to be loaded on the passenger car at Vancouver, the patient literally "went up in the air" and, though handcuffed and escorted by a husky looking attendant, made things so interesting that the trip to the B. C. E. R. passenger car had to be abandoned, and the man was confined to the city on a good, reliable freight car.

VICTORIA WEST ORGANIZED

LACROSSE ENTHUSIASTS HOLD MEETING

Officers Elected and Grounds Chosen for Coming Season.

Last evening there was a meeting in the Victoria West A. A. gymnasium, where a lacrosse team was organized for the coming season. There was a large attendance and the enthusiasm was very great.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Captain, W. Crocker; manager and coach, A. Stevens; secretary, Ray Goodacre, Geo. North. The above officers are all old players and under their management the success of the club is already assured.

The list of players who have signed their interest for the playing with the Wests are as follows: W. Crocker, A. Stevens, F. Young, T. Cessford, H. Brown, C. Stringer, A. Corkle, J. Bailey, W. Wilson, W. Johnson, W. O'Keil, F. Fairall, G. Brown, C. Brown, J. McBeach, C. Medbridge, C. Burnette, Arnold, S. Ross.

CRICKET MEETING LAST NIGHT.

A meeting of the Victoria Cricket Club was held last night in the Driad hotel when preliminary arrangements were made for the coming cricket season. It is likely that the annual cricket week in Victoria will this year be a much more pretentious affair than formerly, as, at last night's meeting, the club secretary, J. C. Barnacle, was instructed to write all other cricket clubs of the city inviting their co-operation in making the tournament a success.

Supreme Court The House again votes on the Act with Neil Meek.

The bill to amend the Act was introduced by the Hon. J. W. Bowers, J. H. Hawthorthwaite. The bill passed its third reading. The report was adopted.

Rock Bay C. E. Embezzlers

The bill to authorize the Rock Bay was commended by the committee rose bill. The report was adopted.

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PROCEEDINGS OF LEGISLATURE

MEMBERS ARE NOW WORKING

Steps Are Being Taken to Complete Work at Date.

(From Tuesday) In the House yesterday bills passed a stage, and more than one stage was completed.

The bill to provide \$10,000 to the Canada Company passed through the main stages, and on Monday was referred to the committee on the ground that it was better paid according to the wishes of the House. If superannuation was added it should apply to A. E. McPhillips and J. H. Hawthorthwaite.

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PERFECT FUGGIES, CARTS, CUBATORS, BROOK KITCHEN CABINETS D. H. HAM 123 DOUGLAS ST. P. O. Box 147

OCEANIC WEST ORGANIZED

BASE ENTHUSIASTS HOLD MEETING

Elected and Grounds Chosen for Coming Season.

Opening there was a meeting in Victoria West A. M. gymnasium, lacrosse team was organized...

Prayers were read by Rev. S. J. Thompson. Hon. W. J. Bowser introduced a bill respecting dentistry.

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ATHLETICS SELECT CONTENDANTS

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The first time in the history of the game a match under Northern rules was played in London...

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PROCEEDINGS OF LEGISLATURE

MEMBERS ARE NOW WORKING OVERTIME

Steps Are Being Taken to Complete Work at an Early Date.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) In the House yesterday a number of bills passed a stage, and in some cases more than one stage was taken.

On the second reading of the resolution reported from committee of supply, Parker Williams moved to strike out the resolution voting \$5,000 for immigration.

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STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWERS

Relieve FEVERISH HEAT. Prevent FITS, CONVULSIONS, Etc.

Preserve a healthy state of the Constitution. CONTAIN NO POISON.

Please observe the EE in STEEDMAN. Made only at WALWORTH, SURREY.



number of licenses would come under the provisions of the act and would not be held by Mr. Oliver. The relief was to the effect that a bill could be advanced only one stage each day.

Mr. Oliver pressed his point. The Speaker ruled that the point was well taken by Mr. Oliver. The relief was to the effect that a bill could be advanced only one stage each day.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Coal Mines Act, Hon. F. J. Fulton explained that it was proposed to make the regulations less severe with respect to carrying on work where the means of transportation do not exist.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Liquor License Act, the attorney-general stated that the government had decided to put the control of the licenses in the north in the hands of the superintendent of provincial police.

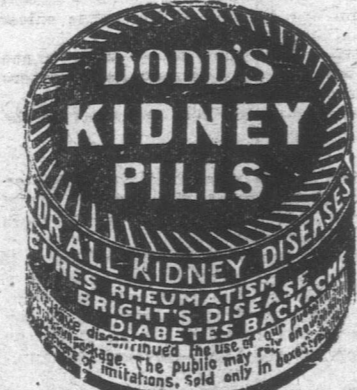
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PERFECTION advertisement for D. Hammond, 143 DOUGLAS ST. P. O. Box 194 VICTORIA, B. C.

should be raised to paying \$125 on 640 acres of land. Mr. Macdonald pointed out that it was not pretended that \$125 should not be collected. It was proposed to insist upon the work being done in a way which should develop a mine. Transportation companies would only come in after tonnage was in sight. The amendment was allowed to stand over.

The following new section caused considerable discussion:

"In any case in which the coal or petroleum underlying lands previously alienated or held under lease is granted to any lessee under the provisions of section 5 of this act, such grantee shall be deemed to acquire also the right to enter upon the surface of said lands for mining purposes, and to occupy and use such portion of said surface as may be reasonably necessary for mining purposes; provided that prior to such entry being made or such surface being occupied and used as aforesaid, the lessee shall give adequate security to the chief commissioner of lands and works for any loss or damage which may be caused by such entry, use or occupation, and shall after such entry, and before any of said lands are permanently used or occupied as aforesaid, make full compensation for said loss or damage; the amount of such compensation, in case the parties differ, to be referred to arbitration, under the provisions of the Arbitration Act."

Mr. Macdonald contended that this required to be fully considered and the section being re-drafted. He pointed out that the question of remuneration at the initial stage would not represent the remuneration which might later be required.

The section was allowed to stand over.

The committee rose, asking leave to sit again.

Land Registry.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Land Registry Act with Dr. King in the chair.

Parker Williams wanted to know if there was no way by which the government could exercise control over townships so that "wild cat" schemes might be guarded against. There were many of these floated in the north and he thought some way should exist by which fraud should be prevented in the matter.

The committee rose and reported progress.

The bill to amend the Timber Measurement Act passed its second reading and was considered in committee, with H. Behnen in the chair.

The bill was reported complete.

Cannery Licenses.

On the second reading of the bill to increase the revenues of the crown, Hon. W. J. Bowser explained that it was proposed to collect from canneries and cold storage places of the province. The right to the waters of the province was vested in the province and the fisheries connected with these undoubtedly were under the province. The object was to raise a revenue to be used in administering the business. There had for years been a falling off in the Fraser river salmon. It was the duty of the province and the Dominion to take steps to save the fisheries.

John Oliver saw no reason why the remarks of the attorney-general should be taken as a ground for accepting this bill. The proposal to tax cold storage establishments would put a number of institutions in his riding out of business. These were in many instances carrying on work on a small scale in salting and pickling fish, and these would be wiped out. The using of the by-products, he felt, was rather a benefit and should be encouraged rather than discouraged.

Hon. Mr. Bowser said it was not intended to effect these salting works. It was merely a matter of having the mid curing establishments were to be made subject to this license.

Hon. Mr. Bowser said it would affect only the large canneries.

J. A. Macdonald pointed out that this legislation differed from the ordinary trade license. He wanted to know if it was proposed to prohibit the canning business being carried on unless the license were taken out from the government.

Hon. Mr. Bowser pointed out that this was not the case.

Mr. Macdonald said he would certainly protest against any such proposition. It was in line with the action of the government in the past to attempt to control all lines of business possible in the province and place these industries at the mercy of the government. Such an usurpation of office he would vigorously oppose.

The bill passed its second reading and the House adjourned at midnight.

Succession Duty Bill.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Succession Duty Act the attorney-general explained that in future all estates over \$5,000 would be dealt with by the treasury department

Orange Juice and Health

FOR STOMACH AND SKIN.

Few of us realize what an important part the skin plays in keeping us well or making us ill.

The millions of tiny glands, or pores, are intended to rid the system of waste matter, which the blood brings to the skin. It is a well-known medical fact that the healthy skin carries off more Urea or waste matter than the kidney. Just how much poison remains in the system when there is any skin trouble.

The skin and stomach are intimately associated. Find a person with a dry, harsh skin and you will find one who suffers with indigestion or constipation, and both, usually.

Both may be relieved by a judicious use of orange juice. Both can be cured by taking the juice of an orange every morning before breakfast, and taking "Fruit-a-tives" at night. "Fruit-a-tives" are fruit juices in tablet form. The fresh juices of oranges, apples, figs and prunes are separated from the pulp and then combined in such a way that the medicinal action is intensified.

Orange juice alone will not cure Skin, Stomach or Bowel troubles. But when taken in connection with "Fruit-a-tives," a positive cure results. "Fruit-a-tives" may be obtained at all dealers or will be sent on receipt of price—50c. a box—6 for \$2.50. "Fruit-a-tives," Limited, Ottawa.

and the amount of duties figured out. The bill passed its second reading.

Placer Mining Claims.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Placer Mining Act, Hon. H. E. Young said the act was not altered. It simply arranged for the fixing of the method of measuring a claim.

The bill passed its second reading.

Classes Bill.

Hon. F. J. Fulton on the second reading of the bill to amend the Water Clauses Act pointed out that the right to store water was given to the owner of land. This was the most important feature of the bill. Provision was made for the method of applying for water. It provided that application should be made where the water was to be applied, but notice was to be posted in the district where the water was to be diverted.

The intention was to have brought down a comprehensive report after Prof. Carpenter's report should have been received. He had hoped to have a bill ready and to have had it made public. He did not feel like doing this on the second reading of the bill.

He would before next session have a bill drafted and published the suggested changes in the act so that the fullest discussion could take place and the House would thus be in a position to pass upon as complete an act as could be framed.

The bill passed its second reading.

Game Protection.

On the second reading of the bill to amend the Game Protection Act, Hon. Mr. Fulton pointed out that the bill was not more complete than that at present. The present bill would permit being given to the Dominion to take steps to save the fisheries.

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J. A. Macdonald pointed out that this legislation differed from the ordinary trade license. He wanted to know if it was proposed to prohibit the canning business being carried on unless the license were taken out from the government.

Hon. Mr. Bowser pointed out that this was not the case.

Mr. Macdonald said he would certainly protest against any such proposition. It was in line with the action of the government in the past to attempt to control all lines of business possible in the province and place these industries at the mercy of the government. Such an usurpation of office he would vigorously oppose.

The bill passed its second reading and the House adjourned at midnight.

As chief of police of the city of Victoria, I beg to point out, in my official capacity, consider the number of men under my command is insufficient to properly safeguard all parts of the city. There is no police patrol duty carried on in the outskirts of the city, such as Victoria West, James Bay and the other various outlying places, and, as citizens of Victoria, it must be obvious to you that an increase in my staff is very much to be desired. Quite often we are asked for men to act as special constables, but their work is very unsatisfactory, they naturally being new, or I might say "green," to police duty. It will be remembered that our city covers an area of about seven and one-quarter miles, or in other words, approximately we have 150 miles of streets, finished and unfinished. It is quite evident to you that the police department is severely handicapped in view of the above mentioned circumstances. Strangers are arriving every day, and we are constantly receiving demands from householders living in various parts of the outlying districts. We are doing our best in this regard, but in reality with the present amount of men it is impossible to patrol the whole area of the city.

"I earnestly beg at this time for the appointment of nine regular constables and one permanent detective at the rate of \$500 per month, plus an increase of 50c. in the rate of \$2.50. 'Fruit-a-tives,' Limited, Ottawa."

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The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Placer Mining Act with Dr. King in the chair. The committee rose and reported the bill complete without amendment. The report was adopted.

Parks Bill.

The bill to provide for the maintenance of provincial parks passed its third reading.

Timber Measurement.

The report on the bill to amend the Timber Measurement Act was adopted and the bill passed its third reading.

Civil Service.

The civil service bill was committed to the Hon. Mr. Ross in the chair.

On Hon. Dr. Young moving to strike out all the section of the bill after the title for the purpose of substituting for it a new bill, John Oliver raised a point of order. He contended that by Rule 43 this was an impossible proceeding.

Hon. Dr. Young then proceeded to move to amend the bill by section.

Mr. Oliver then raised the point of order that there were strangers on the floor of the House.

It was quite apparent that the member referred to the actuary who had assisted in the preparations of the sub-perannuation section of the bill and who was seated beside the minister in charge of the bill. The actuary retired a distance, and a discussion followed, in which Mr. Oliver continued to prove his rights.

Dr. Hall moved in favor of an appeal from the decision of the police to the courts. He contended that this was absolutely necessary.

Mr. Macdonald pointed out that the superintendent of provincial police was given power to deal with licenses in certain outlying districts. It was now proposed to go beyond this and give the superintendent of provincial police the power to administer the license not only in those outlying parts, but in other places where license commissioners had existed. The police were charged only with the keeping of peace, and the duties of the superintendent of police and his questions. There would grow up a system by which saloons would see that they by which officers who were to hold the absolute power of cancelling the licenses would be favored with free drinks. The bill was providing for a most dangerous condition of affairs where police officers, influenced by local prejudices, would be allowed to work in the administration of the license laws. This was especially dangerous when it was taken into account that the license laws might be disapproved of at Ottawa and thus jeopardize the bill.

Mr. Stuart Henderson alluded to the fact that the proposed bill would do away with the existing regulations respecting licenses.

Stuart Henderson alluded to the fact that an investigation had been called for under the old system at Cranbrook and elsewhere. The finding had never been made public. Abuses were brought to light, however, at that time, and must have been against the system, for the old system was done away with. It was brought out that large sums were paid for licenses.

Mr. Ross said that he thought the investigation took place since the new system came in.

He thought that while that was a fact the abuses under the old system were brought forth.

The attorney-general said that it was proposed to give Superintendent Hussey control only in certain districts of the country. The sooner this was known the better he would be pleased.

Parker Williams alluded to the fact that the interests of the province, so far as modern development of resources were concerned large tracts of land were required by companies. He was advised that the Dominion authorities had gone so far as to suggest that it was necessary in the prairie sections to allow the G. T. P. a grant of 640 acres every seven miles, and 2,560 acres as divisional points. The needs of a terminal for a great transcontinental line of railway would be very great. In arranging for a terminal point of the importance of Prince Rupert he felt it was necessary to have the expect that 23,000 acres would be required. The Dominion government had by order in council requested the handing over of 15,000 acres of Indian lands in addition to the lands which were not above reproach. Influences might be brought to bear on such men. He thought there should be an appeal at the next day's court judge.

W. C. Munro felt that the placing of the power proposed in the hands of the provincial police was a vicious one. In the small towns it was difficult to put the power of the system who brought under the influence of this traffic. Under the system the license holder was made subservient to the police officer. If commissioners were appointed under the present system what did not do their work well, did not need to be reappointed. In the majority of cases the commissioners, if not suitable, were appointed for a direct purpose, and the abuse arose by their "carrying out what they were appointed for."

Mr. Ross explained that in connection with the statements that certain commissioners had failed to do their duty, and this brought about the conditions which called for the charge, the inclusion in his district. In one case a second wholesale license had been refused in Hosmer by the commissioners. An appeal was taken to the county court judge, who granted it on the ground that under the existing law it was impossible to refuse it.

The amendment to allow of an appeal from the decision of the police officer was defeated.

Mr. Henderson proposed to grant power to levy a tax on hotel-keepers without petition.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete.

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The attorney-general said he had not. Mr. Henderson called attention to the fact that the attorney-general by the amendment proposed, in which substitution was to be made of the "may" to "shall," was now providing for the government doing something which it had not properly done before. If the legislature said that the Lieut.-Governor in Council should do something it was the duty of the government to do it. If the government had received \$250 an acre, the rate paid for a second class lands, but this was a very small amount compared with the greater interest which the province was to receive.

The government considered that a wise agreement had been made. The reversionary rights of the province might not come into effect for many years.

The government secured from the G. T. P. early construction of the railway from the western terminus. There had been an attempt made by Hon. Mr. Templeman in this matter at one time. This was not carried into effect, however. The second concession secured from the G. T. P. was that the railways were to be purchased in the province. He was prepared to take the assurance from a company of the standing of the G. T. P. that this would be lived up to the letter by them. It took a lot of negotiation before the company agreed to this.

Another concession was the adoption of the fair wage clause. Mr. Henderson said that the general act on Ottawa assured this. But to make it doubly sure this concession was secured.

The government had also secured a concession with respect to labor. The company had pressed against incorporating anything in the act stipulating any discrimination in the matter of labor which might be likely to be disapproved of at Ottawa and thus jeopardize the bill.

Ample assurance that the company would employ white labor had been given in the following letter:

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The provincial government had been actuated only to make a bargain. The government felt that as trustees of the interests of the province they should be charged with conserving and preserving the resources of the province. So far as modern development of resources were concerned large tracts of land were required by companies. He was advised that the Dominion authorities had gone so far as to suggest that it was necessary in the prairie sections to allow the G. T. P. a grant of 640 acres every seven miles, and 2,560 acres as divisional points. The needs of a terminal for a great transcontinental line of railway would be very great. In arranging for a terminal point of the importance of Prince Rupert he felt it was necessary to have the expect that 23,000 acres would be required. The Dominion government had by order in council requested the handing over of 15,000 acres of Indian lands in addition to the lands which were not above reproach. Influences might be brought to bear on such men. He thought there should be an appeal at the next day's court judge.

W. C. Munro felt that the placing of the power proposed in the hands of the provincial police was a vicious one. In the small towns it was difficult to put the power of the system who brought under the influence of this traffic. Under the system the license holder was made subservient to the police officer. If commissioners were appointed under the present system what did not do their work well, did not need to be reappointed. In the majority of cases the commissioners, if not suitable, were appointed for a direct purpose, and the abuse arose by their "carrying out what they were appointed for."

Mr. Ross explained that in connection with the statements that certain commissioners had failed to do their duty, and this brought about the conditions which called for the charge, the inclusion in his district. In one case a second wholesale license had been refused in Hosmer by the commissioners. An appeal was taken to the county court judge, who granted it on the ground that under the existing law it was impossible to refuse it.

The amendment to allow of an appeal from the decision of the police officer was defeated.

Mr. Henderson proposed to grant power to levy a tax on hotel-keepers without petition.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete.

Cannery License.

The House went into committee on the bill to increase the revenues of the crown, which is the bill to levy licenses on canneries.

H. C. Brewster wanted to know if some appeal could not be allowed a commissioner of the decision of the commission, who was given discretion and power. He suggested an appeal to the Lieut.-Governor in Council.

The attorney-general thought that

which were excluded under the original bill. The chairman ruled against Mr. Oliver, who then took an appeal to the speaker.

After hearing argument on the point the speaker asked time to consider the question.

On resuming the proceedings, the committee decided to rise and report progress.

Liquor License Act.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Liquor License Act, with Price Ellison in the chair.

Stuart Henderson proposed to amend the bill by changing the title to that of an "Act to Provide Free Drinks for Provincial Constables."

The amendment was defeated.

Mr. Henderson wanted to know if he understood the attorney-general to say that he had not appointed license commissioners since the first of the year.

The attorney-general said he had not. Mr. Henderson called attention to the fact that the attorney-general by the amendment proposed, in which substitution was to be made of the "may" to "shall," was now providing for the government doing something which it had not properly done before. If the legislature said that the Lieut.-Governor in Council should do something it was the duty of the government to do it. If the government had received \$250 an acre, the rate paid for a second class lands, but this was a very small amount compared with the greater interest which the province was to receive.

The government considered that a wise agreement had been made. The reversionary rights of the province might not come into effect for many years.

The government secured from the G. T. P. early construction of the railway from the western terminus. There had been an attempt made by Hon. Mr. Templeman in this matter at one time. This was not carried into effect, however. The second concession secured from the G. T. P. was that the railways were to be purchased in the province. He was prepared to take the assurance from a company of the standing of the G. T. P. that this would be lived up to the letter by them. It took a lot of negotiation before the company agreed to this.

Another concession was the adoption of the fair wage clause. Mr. Henderson said that the general act on Ottawa assured this. But to make it doubly sure this concession was secured.

The government had also secured a concession with respect to labor. The company had pressed against

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Accountants F. R. SARGISON, auditing, bookkeeping by the day or month. Books balanced and annual statements made. 1205 Langley.

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SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 1100 Broad street. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught. Graduates filling good positions. Mr. Macmillan, principal.

Music FRANK J. ARMSTRONG, Violinist. Graduate of the Leipzig Conservatory of Music. Private pupil of Hans Becker. Will receive pupils at St. Michael's St. Telephone A345

Land Surveyors

T. S. GORE and J. H. MCGREGOR, British Columbia Land Surveyors, Charterred Surveyors, 63 Langley St., P. O. Box 122. Phone A-394.

ALEX GILLESPIE and J. B. Green, British Columbia land surveyors. Office, 1107 Langley street.

Legal C. W. READSHAW, Barrister, etc. Law Chambers, Bastion street, Victoria.

MURPHY & FISHER, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Ottawa. Parliamentary, Departmental and other office Agents. Practice before Railroad Commission, Charles Murphy, Harold Fisher.

SMITH & JOHNSTON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Parliamentary, Departmental and other office Agents, before the Railway and other Commissions and in the Supreme and Exchequer Courts, Ottawa. Alexander Smith, W. Johnston.

Mechanical Engineer W. G. WINTERBURN, M. E. N. E. A. Consulting Mechanical Engineer and Surveyor. Estimates for all kinds of machinery, engine, mill, and specialty. Phone 131. 1377 Oak Bay avenue, Victoria, B. C.

Medical DR. J. P. RYAN has removed his office from 107 Pandora avenue to the Vernon Building, corner Douglas and View.

Mining Engineers DONALD G. FORBES, Mining and Metallurgical Engineer. Examinations and reports made on all mining properties. Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B. C.

Stenographers Stenographers and typists supplied on application to Mr. Suttle, teacher, 1046 Yates street.

Business Directory Dewdney Trunk, \$4,983.86, J. H. Hampton, J. Lally, S. P. J. A. Youmans; Higginson-Bon-170, H. W. Bonson; Ford, J. T. H. W. Bonson; Harrison Hot 3245.40; Steve Lake, 3539.40, F. Clifton; Wharrock Main, 4000.55; Bher; Bonson-Port Hammond, H. W. Bonson; Sharpe-Port Hill, 556.50, H. W. Bonson; Port Hammond, J. McCamey-Port Hammond, S. Edge; Port Haney-Whar-426.05, J. Blancy; Codd (Maple 1469.74, S. Edge; Steve Lake Washington street (Mission City), D. Clifton; Smith Prairie-Bark-3250, S. Smith; McKamey, S. J. Youmans, A. Youmans; Key-Foley, 353. S. Smith; 2621.13, H. Gunn; Nicomeen Island 296.60, G. Curtis; Coran-Nicomene 3284.36, G. Curtis; DeRoche 34, 64, G. Curtis; Combe, Nicomeen Island, 3151.68, G. Curtis; Hazelton Steve Lake, 5507.77, F. Cyr; and streets, Mission City, \$1,004.94, ton roads and streets, Port 32,590.85, H. Gunn; street, Wash-1249.60, D. Clifton; wharf, Port 12,586, L. F. Bonson, H. W. Bon-50, C. Clifton; H. Gunn; ferry, Pitt 60, 353.12, G. Curtis, general roads, superintending, 4238.85; ey-Harrison Main, road (vote 0,009.92-422,902.82, ey District-Contingencies Vote No. 197.

Business Directory Dewdney Trunk, \$728.24, S. J. ns; Pitt River, 3268.57, H. Gunn; n, 3631.60, H. Gunn; ferry, Pitt (installing new engine, etc.), graveling dyke and building approach, (lot 231), near Port 10, 1190-32,648.01.

Bakery For CHOICE FAMILY BREAD, CAKES, confectionery, etc., try D. W. Hanbury, 73 Fort St., or ring up Phone 361, and your order will receive prompt attention.

Blacksmith NOTICE OF REMOVAL—Having purchased the blacksmith and anvil shop of W. A. Robertson & Son, 56 Discovery street, between Douglas and government streets, I am now prepared to do all kinds of carriage, blacksmith, and carriage work. Give me a call. I. J. Fisher, 56 Discovery street.

Bookkeeping THE VICTORIA SCHOOL OF BOOK-KEEPING is now open for the reception of private pupils. Pupils will be received or visited at hours to suit their convenience. 1233 Douglas street.

Boot and Shoe Repairing NO MATTER where you bought your shoes, bring them here to be repaired. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opposite Pantheas Theatre.

Builder and General Contractor TUBMAN & CLAYTON, Contractors and Builders, corner Fort and Blanchard Sts. Prompt attention given to all kinds of construction work in building and carpentering. Phone 615.

Machinists L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 159 Government street, Tel. 350.

Medical Massage MR. BERGSTROM BJORNELT, Masseuse, room 2, Vernon Block, Douglas street, Victoria, B. C. Office hours 1 to 6 p. m.

Medium R. H. KNESHAUW, Medium and Healer. 175 Chatham street. Sittings daily. Test circle, Thursday night.

Merchant Tailors MERCHANT TAILOR—Do you wish to wear well cut and made garments? Then go to J. Storaasen, tailor, Government street, up stairs, over Anderson's Jewellery Store, or opposite Troupeau Ave. I carry the best of imported cloths and at a very low price. Give me a trial.

Nursing Home MISS E. H. JONES, 731 Vancouver St.

Painter and Decorator PAINTER AND DECORATOR FRANK McLEOD, 201 YATES ST. Phone 1564

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Bottle Washing Wine, whiskey, claret, brandy and all other bottles washed for the trade. Washed tanks always ready for saloons and hotels. Prices moderate. Phone 1338. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store St.

Chimney Sweeping LOYD & CO., Practical Chimney Cleaners, 715 Pandora street. If you want your chimneys cleaned without a mess call, write or ring up A-478. Nuff. Sd.

Cleaning and Tailoring Works GENTS' CLOTHES pressed and kept in thorough repair, at \$2.50 per month, called for and delivered. G. V. Walker, 718 Johnson St., just east of Douglas, Phone 1019.

Cuts LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, bird's eye views, and all classes of engravings for newspapers or catalogue work, at G. E. Engraving Co., Times Building, Victoria.

Dyeing and Cleaning VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—148 Yates street. Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new.

Employment Agencies THE DEVEREUX EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENCY, Rao St., Victoria, B. C. Hours, 10 to 6.

Engravers GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver, Geo. Crowther, 12 West Street, opp. Post Office.

Flowers ROSES—Just to hand, a large consignment of choice varieties in very strong plants. Your choice, \$4 per doz. Flew's Gardens, 39 South Park street.

Furrier FRED. POSTER, Taxidermist and Furrier, 424 1/2 Johnson street.

House Cleaning Make a mirror of everything by using British Veneur Furniture Polish; nothing so good. At all Druggists 25 cents.

Labor Supplied ALL KINHS of Chinese labor supplied and contracts taken, terms moderate. Address: Xin Thoms & Man Wo Co., 1590 Government St., Phone A175.

Machinists J. H. BAKER, 117 Fernwood road.

Medical Massage MR. BERGSTROM BJORNELT, Masseuse, room 2, Vernon Block, Douglas street, Victoria, B. C. Office hours 1 to 6 p. m.

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Pottery Ware, Etc.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Fire Clay, Flower Pots, etc. etc. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora streets, Victoria, B. C.

Second-Hand Goods WANTED—Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shot-guns, revolvers, overcoats, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand stores, 34 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

Stump Pulling TO FARMERS—The Stump Puller recently patented and made in Victoria, more powerful than any other ever made, rip out from one to twenty stumps in one pull. Most surprising to all who have seen it work and is just what the farmer and contractor needs. Will clear up radius of 35 feet round without moving, can be removed with ease, in thirty minutes; it doesn't matter whether your land is hilly or covered with green or old stumps. Those having land to clear should have one of these. Apply 66 Burrside Road.

Teaming TRIMBLE & SON, general teaming, ploughing and carting. 11 Putnam street. Phone A143.

Truck and Dray TRUCKING—Quick service, reasonable charges. Vetter and Baker's Feed Store, 501 Yates street.

Watch Repairing A. FETCH, 39 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

Window Cleaning EXPERT WINDOW CLEANER—R. Dickie, 231 Front street, Victoria West. Store, office and house windows cleaned weekly by contract.

Agents Wanted MEN WANTED—In every locality in Canada to advertise goods, stock up showcards in all conspicuous places and distribute small advertising matter. Commission of salary \$3 per month and expenses \$4 per day. Steady work and excellent pay. Write for particulars. Wm. R. Warner, Med. Co., London, Ont., Canada.

Farm to Rent TO RENT—Gordon Head, 10 acres, 8 acres cultivated, 4,000 strawberry plants, small house, outbuildings, well, etc. \$15 per month. For further particulars apply E. C. Land and Investment Agency, Ltd., 522 Government street.

Help Wanted—Male WANTED—Two strong boys. Apply Albion Store Works.

Personal I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted without my written authority. D. H. Baker.

Property Wanted LAND WANTED—Wanted, to lease, or go in partnership with parties owning and suitable for the raising of early potatoes. Apply J. Hepburn, 585 Yates street.

Rooms and Board FURNISHED ROOM—TO LET—For young man, close in. Apply A. J. Winston, 53 Blanchard street, near Yates.

Houses for Sale FOR SALE—At Carberry Gardens, on easy terms, two new residences nearing completion, one on corner 5th and nine roads, etc., modern in every respect, select locality, large sites, prices away down. Moore & Worthington, contractors, builders, lumber manufacturers and dealers.

FOR SALE—For one week, two story residence, lot 6x120, large stable, price \$2,550; James Bay, four room cottage, centrally located, full size lot, stable, etc. Particulars 1319 Government St., Room 5.

FOR SALE—Bargain, four-roomed modern cottage on Amphion street, wood shed, etc.; full sized lot, close to car garage. Only \$1,500. E. C. B. Bagshaw, 613 Fort street.

SNAP FOR ONE WEEK—Pine Bungalow 7 large rooms etc., greenhouse, fruit-trees, centrally located, lot 100x140, reasonable terms, also 4 room cottage, stable, full size lot, View St., particulars 1319 Government St., room 5.

TO BE SOLD—A 10 room house, on Cadboro Bay road, near St. Charles street.

A BEAUTIFUL HOME for sale cheap and on exceptionally easy terms; situated amid rural surroundings on one of the most desirable residential streets of the city; house contains 11 rooms and is thoroughly well built; grounds include fine lawns with handsome shrubbery and garden with 24 fruit trees in good bearing. Apply 184 Belmont ave.

FOR SALE—A snap, 4 roomed cottage, in splendid condition, beautiful garden and full sized lot, \$200 cash and balance on terms to suit. Apply 848 View street.

Lots for Sale

FOR SALE—Two lots, on Yates street, opposite Police Station, etc. site for rooming house. Northwest Real Estate, 713 Yates street.

LOT—On Duchess street, 5500, Northwest Real Estate, 713 Yates street.

FOR SALE, in Central Park, two choice lots on Pembroke street, 710 each, easy terms. Apply Owner, Box 423 Times office.

A FEW LOTS in Central Park, on Pembroke street, have been re-listed with notice and sold. Apply at once to the choice locations for building. Secure one now. Maynith & Rogers, Mahon Bldg.

A SNAP—Two lots on Manchester road, 280 each. Maynith & Rogers, Mahon Bldg.

FOR SALE—RANCH, Nicola Valley, nearly 1000 acres, beautifully situated, one of best properties in district. Easy disbursement railway station. Cheap purchase for quick sale. Full particulars apply to Pendell Land Co., 569 Granville street, Vancouver, B. C.

SIDNEY—Owner wishes to sell 10 acres good land, all clear, fenced with wire, one mile from Sidney station. Cheap for school, cheap for immediate sale. Apply Box 68, P. O. Sidney, B. C.

LIST YOUR PROPERTY with Maynith & Rogers, Rooms 2 and 11 Mahon Building.

Miscellaneous Goods for Sale Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—Twenty-foot launch, coal oil engine, in first-class order. Apply P. O. Box 588.

BICYCLE FOR SALE—Gent's English Singer road racer, new 1907 model, a bargain. Filimley's, 313 Government St.

FIRST-CLASS SEWING MACHINE, only \$12. Richard, 713 Johnson street.

FOR SALE—Good Canadian piano, very cheap. Wait & Co., 104 Government.

FOR SALE—A few new baggies, latest style, second-hand buggies, wagons and carts, two good fresh calved cows; also all kinds of machinery at J. J. Fisher's Carriage Shop, 748 Discovery street.

FOR SALE—Small brougham, with pole shafts. Apply Coachman, Fernside and Carriage Works, 434 Yates street.

SLAB WOOD FOR SALE—Mill slabs cut into short lengths at \$3.00 per cord delivered to any part of city. G. E. Granum Lumber Co., Ltd., Phone No. 264. Orders also taken at John Bros. Store, 401 Douglas Street, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Violin (very old) \$10.00; Singer Sewing Machine, \$12.00; Air Tight Box, \$3.00; Roller Skates, \$2.00; Suit Case, \$2.50; Dancing Pumps, \$1.50; Sewing Machine, \$1.00; Year, \$3.50; Vancouver Real Estate, \$200.00 lot terms. Jacob Aaronson's New and Second-hand Stores, 34 Johnson street, four doors below Government.

Miscellaneous Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

KNIGHT'S Hardy Cabbage Plants, 50c per 100; 90c per 200; \$1.00 per 300; \$3.00 per 1,000. M. G. Tolmie, 1313 Douglas street. Catalogue of nursery stock free.

THE LATEST sheet metal electric sign, J. Market, maker, Victoria, B. C. Phone B147.

Personal I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted without my written authority. D. H. Baker.

PROPERTY WANTED LAND WANTED—Wanted, to lease, or go in partnership with parties owning and suitable for the raising of early potatoes. Apply J. Hepburn, 585 Yates street.

ROOMS AND BOARD FURNISHED ROOM—TO LET—For young man, close in. Apply A. J. Winston, 53 Blanchard street, near Yates.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With or without board, or for light housekeeping; table board. 1903 Quada street. Phone 226.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen, with board if desired, close to town, 742 Churchway.

TO RENT—One large front room, at 831 Fort street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms 949 Fort St.

TO LET—Beautifully furnished rooms, with or without board; also large, airy furnished rooms. Maplehurst, 1297 Blanchard street.

TO LET—Five-room flat, corner Yates and Quadra. Apply 332 Fort street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms and board. Piano and phone, Bellevue, Quebec, B. C. third house from Parliament buildings.

TO LET—Two well furnished front bedrooms, close in. Apply 835 Kane street, to Mr. Collier's office.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for gentlemen. Apply 422 Colliette street.

TO RENT—3 furnished rooms at 252 Kane street, each suitable for two men.

Rooms and Board Wanted TO LET—Two cheerful, furnished bed rooms, with private bath, for use of healthy, reasonable rent to suitable parties. Apply Box 226.

WANTED—By young lady, board and room, close in, near City Hall. No. 11 in good residential locality, within one mile of public square, and particulars to Box 213 Times office.

A. B. McNeill

REALTY, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. PHONE 648. 11 TROUCEAU AVE.

HOUSES THREE BUNGALOWS—Large grounds with each \$1,800, \$1,300, \$1,000.

SMALL HOMES—Splendid values and good terms \$1,100, \$1,300, \$1,500, \$1,800, \$2,000

EIGHT LOTS, in Pease estate, fine locality \$4,000.

TWO LOTS, Banks street, best on street \$1,300.

ONE LOT, Alfred, corner \$750.

ONE LOT, Gladstone avenue, fine view \$200.

LEE & FRASER, EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE, on Government street, with all modern conveniences, large lot \$3,000.

ONE ACRE, Sidney, all cleared and in orchard, five-roomed house, beautiful home \$2,750.

JAMES BAY, a snap on easy terms, seven-roomed bungalow, and lot 129 x 170 feet.

COTTAGE AND LOT, 60 x 120 feet, Yates street, good buy \$4,000.

Several FIVE-ACRE PLOTS in orchard can be had cheap.

PRIOR STREET, off Hillside ave—2 large lots for sale cheap and on easy terms.

BLACKWOOD STREET—Good lot, splendid location, easy terms.

CORNER THIRD AND BAY STREETS—2 lots for \$1,200; easy terms.

Money to loan in large or small amounts. Fire and Life Insurance.

11 TROUCEAU AVE., VICTORIA, B. C.

Situations Wanted—Male

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER and office man seeks situation, good penman. Address Box 223, Times Office.

WANTED—Situation, by energetic man, either inside or outdoor work. Apply J. H. Salmon, Clarence Hotel.

FIRST-CLASS CARPENTER wants employment, either day or contract work; can give good references. Apply 711 Quadra street.

WANTED—Young man of good address wants work, clerical or manual, will do anything; experience as salesman, shipping and railroad clerk; class papers. Apply W. K. S., Times office.

YOUNG MAN, energetic and willing, desires position in hotel, or office, City of Victoria preferred. R. Longhead, 25 Menzies street.

CAPABLE gardener requires situation; good references. Address—Box 213; this office.

WANTED—Contract to clear land or put on. C. H. Hall, P. O. Box 388, city.

Situations Wanted—Female

Experienced English woman wishes housekeeper's position. Address Box 221 Times office.

Stock and Poultry

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, Black Minorcas, Plymouth Rocks, Buff Orpingtons, \$1 per setting of 35; from prize stock. 555 Superior street.

FOR SALE—Minorca cockerels, 854 Cornmarket street.

FOR SALE—Two milk cows and two yearling heifers. Apply Robt. Dinadale, 309 Quadra street.

FOR SALE—Three work horses and four-inch low truck, James Freeman, Shavlin Lane.

FOR SALE—Eggs, from prize stock, Brown Leghorns and Black Minorcas. Prices reasonable. Apply C. H. Rivercomb, 111 Denman street, or Phone 371.

FOR SALE—White Plymouth Rock, Fishel strain. Eggs and stock from prize winners. Mrs. Griffiths, Snow-view Poultry Yards, Maywood P. O.

FOR SALE—2 nearly new 125-egg incubators and 2 brooders; also several thoroughbred Brown Leghorn cockerels. Apply C. H. Rivercomb, 618 Troupeau Ave.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

LIMITED. Established 1883. REAL ESTATE AGENTS. 104 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. PHONE 1336.

14-4 LOTS 80 x 120 feet each; good soil, fine location. Big bargain. Only \$1,100.

104-5 ACRES good land Strawberry Vale. A real snap \$1,500

12 FULL SIZED LOTS, 60 x 120 each; good soil; fine location; worth double; good terms. Only \$1,650.

48-2 ACRES LAND, fenced, tilled and drained, planted with apple, pear, prune, cherry trees; 2.4 miles from Town Hall \$1,600

PEMBERTON & SON

625 FORT STREET. HILL STREET. SIX-ROOMED HOUSE, In Good Location. Shrub Trees and Lawn. All in Good Shape.

\$2,000. 11 TROUCEAU AVE., VICTORIA, B. C.

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Wanted—Female Help

WANTED—Middle-aged woman as housekeeper and to take care of children. Apply 111 King's road, between 12 and 13 or after 9 p. m.

WANTED—Girl to serve in store. Apply 212 Hill street.

WANTED—A good girl to wait on counter. Apply 221 Cook street.

LADIES wanted at Dresscutting School to learn cutting; corner Yates and Broad St. F. Springkling, Lawrence Anderson, instructor. We cut patterns to measure.

WANTED—Immediately, general servant. Apply 727 Vancouver street.

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Good heads or skins, W. P. O. Box 388.

WANTED—Clean cotton rags, at the Times office.

R. S. DAY AND B. BOGGS

Established 1881. 620 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C

PROCEEDINGS OF LEGISLATURE

(Continued From Page 10.)

If so, what time? 3. Does the company have to have in operation mills of a stated capacity by a stated time? If so, what mills and by what time?

Hon. Mr. Fulton replied as follows: "1. No, except as set out in answer to question 3."

EVENING SITTING

Assembling at 8:45 the House proceeded to the orders of the day.

The House again considered the bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to electors and elections in municipalities.

Dr. Kerwin speaking to the amendment introduced by G. R. Naden, by which he proposed to give the franchise to women, said women were as interested in the affairs of a municipality as the men.

The amendment was lost. The committee rose and reported the bill complete.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Succession Duty Act with Prince Ellison in the chair.

The bill was reported and passed its third reading.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Water Classes Consolidation Act with J. McInnes in the chair.

The bill was reported complete. Game Protection.

The House went into committee on the bill to amend the Game Protection Act, 1898, with W. Kerwin in the chair.

Considerable objection was raised to the section which dealt with the issuing of licenses to kill game, which read as follows:

"It shall be unlawful for any person who is not actually domiciled in or who has not been in actual residence for six months in this province, other than officers and men of His Majesty's regular army and navy and of the permanent corps of militia, for the time being in actual service in this province, at any time to hunt, take, or kill any of the animals or game birds mentioned in this act or amendments thereto, without first having obtained a license in that behalf, which license shall be in the form prescribed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. Every such license may be signed and granted by the provincial game warden or any government agent in the province, and shall be in force only for the shooting season for which same has been issued.

The fee to be paid therefor shall be one hundred dollars (\$100), but such license shall in no case give the right to the holder to kill more than the number of big game or birds allowed to be killed by this act or amendments thereto."

C. Munro wanted a limit put upon the number of birds taken in a day. H. C. Brewster called attention to the fact that those hunters who came into the province had the best of guns, and the best of dogs and the slaughter of birds might be very great.

John Oliver wanted to know if anything could be done to protect cattle form being shot. W. Torston wanted to know if anything would be done to build houses for the bester. (Laughter.)

The bill was reported. G. T. P. BILL. J. A. Macdonald continued the debate on the second reading of the G. T. P. bill. The report appears in another column.

W. J. Bowser took the ground that the Liberal party at Ottawa did not consider 10,000 acres sufficient for terminal facilities at Kalen Island. He took issue that the Dominion government did not urge the province to relinquish its reversionary rights in the land at Kalen Island for the benefit of the Indians alone. The Dominion government, he argued, had not always recognized the reversionary rights of the province. The Dominion government had given a patent to the G. T. P. without recognizing the province's reversionary interests.

Mr. Macdonald pointed out that Hon. Mr. Oliver, in the debates in the House, had pointed out that the province's reversionary rights were recognized. Hon. Mr. Bowser contended that the full returns had not been brought down by the Dominion government at Ottawa. Rensing from documents he contended that while the government gave the G. T. P. a patent to the land there was also a second document which recognized the fact that a reversionary right resided in the province.

reading of the bill respecting dentistry, explained the difficult features of the bill. Mr. Macdonald took the ground that dentistry was not a profession. It required less skill than the business of a jeweler or some other branches. If this organization into associations continued it would be found that the public would rise up and wipe out all off the states. Mr. Macdonald proceeded to argue that this bill was aimed at a particular institution—the Boston Dental Parlors. He referred to the report that the attorney general had made a threat, while acting as counsel, that he would introduce a bill which would put that institution out of existence. Hon. Mr. Bowser denied this. Mr. Macdonald wished to know if nothing like this had been said. The attorney general said he never said anything like that. Mr. Macdonald said he would take the member's word for this. The bill, however, it was evident was introduced to work against that institution which had committed no greater offence than of doing good work at reasonable prices. The institution was incorporated under the laws as they existed and should not be put out of business simply because it did good work at reasonable prices. The business was protected under the existing laws. A. E. McPhillips contended that dentistry was a profession. The Boston Dental Association, he understood, were complained of for unprofessional practice. As he understood this association made use of persons in practice who were not properly qualified. They also advertised he believed.

J. H. McInnes objected to the way in which different professions such as doctors, lawyers and notaries hedged themselves about so that those in the profession controlled the rules by which others entered. This was a close shop if anything was. Engineers were more charged with the lives of men than dentists. J. H. Hawthornthwaite also opposed the bill. John Oliver on the point that the dental firm objected to advertised resented the point that he believed the legal firm of the member of the islands advertised. Mr. McPhillips denied that his firm put their names forward in the newspapers. Mr. Oliver said he would accept the statement and add that his eyes had deceived him. Mr. Oliver said he was informed that the attorney general was the solicitor for the dental association which prosecuted the Boston Dental Association and lost the case, stating that he had introduced this bill. The attorney general had denied this and he would accept this statement.

Mr. Oliver after giving attention to the contention of Mr. McPhillips, argued that he did not know the provisions of the bill introduced. There was ample in the dentistry law now in force to provide against persons not qualified to practice. Dr. McGillivray referred to the growth in dentistry. It had grown from the filling of teeth and extraction of teeth. At the present time medical men referred cases to dentists for treatment. Diseases of the eye and other organs very often had their origin in disease of the teeth. The act now in the statutes in British Columbia was the most inadequate of any in the Dominion. He had no personal feeling in the matter as he was in a position where he did not fear opposition. Parker Williams thought that a new dentistry act was required so soon after the last one it was indeed true that dentistry was making rapid strides. The House could not pass laws to do away with competitors of the dental business. The bill, he thought, was brought by the Vancouver dentists to put out of business a man who brought the practice of this business within the reach of ordinary individuals. It was not very dignified for the attorney general to take this up. W. Kerwin contended that the member for Newcastle was inconsistent having voted for all labor bills and then opposed this one. The bill passed its second reading.

Special Surveys. The bill to amend the Special Surveys Act passed its second reading. New Bills. A bill to amend the False Creek Foreshore Act was introduced by the attorney general and passed its first reading. The House adjourned at 1:25 a. m., until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

MAN'S DESPERATE ATTACK ON BOY Vancouverite First Stole Bread, Then Slashed Youth With Razor. Vancouver, March 4.—As the result of a stabbing affray at the foot of Cambie street early last night an 18-year-old boy, Don Brouesse, is in a general hospital in a critical condition. Phillip Baker, the man who did the stabbing, is in jail, and upon the fate of the boy depends the seriousness of the charge, upon which he will be brought into the police station last night. After the doctors had put fifteen profusely that three heavy doses were necessary to staunch the flow of blood. He was slashed from behind the left ear through the lower lobe of his ear and his cheek laid open to the corner of the mouth.

Reading of the bill respecting dentistry, explained the difficult features of the bill. Mr. Macdonald took the ground that dentistry was not a profession. It required less skill than the business of a jeweler or some other branches. If this organization into associations continued it would be found that the public would rise up and wipe out all off the states. Mr. Macdonald proceeded to argue that this bill was aimed at a particular institution—the Boston Dental Parlors. He referred to the report that the attorney general had made a threat, while acting as counsel, that he would introduce a bill which would put that institution out of existence. Hon. Mr. Bowser denied this. Mr. Macdonald wished to know if nothing like this had been said. The attorney general said he never said anything like that. Mr. Macdonald said he would take the member's word for this. The bill, however, it was evident was introduced to work against that institution which had committed no greater offence than of doing good work at reasonable prices. The institution was incorporated under the laws as they existed and should not be put out of business simply because it did good work at reasonable prices. The business was protected under the existing laws.

Now that the season for fresh apples and other local fruits is drawing to a close, the dried fruits are coming on the market. Recently some newly dried apples have been put on sale 15c. a pound, very clean, the looking fruit. The apricots are very dear, 35c. being asked for a pound, while peaches go at 20c. A day or two ago the Victoria creamery started work in their new premises on Johnson street. Doubtless they will be able to keep up the quality of their butter to the high standard which has been already attained. They are getting opposition, however, from the East. There is now a shipment of fresh East-India creamery butter on the market in 4-pound boxes, selling at \$4.75 a box. That is nearly 30c. a pound. The quality of this is said to be excellent. Oranges may now be bought as low as 20c. a dozen, the highest price asked for the best fruit being 40c. a box. There is a new California cheese just in which retails at 25c. a pound. It is mild and of excellent flavor.

A great many people are fond of asparagus, but few like to pay 40c. a pound for it. This is the retail price of the newest vegetable. It is a luxury which for some time will be confined to those who have plenty of money and few to keep. Eggs now sell at 30c. a dozen for the freshest of the fresh. This is an unusually low price for the time of year. It is not at all likely that they may get lower again before they get to their lowest price in the spring. The retail prices are as follows:

EGGS CHEAP FOR TIME OF YEAR

NEW COMMODITIES JUST ON MARKET

Victoria Butter Now Being Made in the City at New Creamery.

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Wholesale Markets. Onions, per lb. 5/4. Carrots, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.25. Bananas, per bunch. 3.50 to 4.00. Lemons (American), per doz. 3.00 to 4.00. Bacon (rolled), per lb. 19c. Butter (Creamery), per lb. 45c. Butter (Eastern), 14 lbs. for 4.75. Cheese (Swiss), per lb. 30c. Cheese (Danish), per lb. 20c. Lard, per lb. 20c. Sugar (No. 1), per lb. 11c. Sugar (No. 2), per lb. 10c. Sugar (No. 3), per lb. 9c. Sugar (No. 4), per lb. 8c. Sugar (No. 5), per lb. 7c. Sugar (No. 6), per lb. 6c. Sugar (No. 7), per lb. 5c. Sugar (No. 8), per lb. 4c. Sugar (No. 9), per lb. 3c. Sugar (No. 10), per lb. 2c.

Steamer will ply on Harrison Lake. New Royal City Vessel to Ship Supplies to Logging Camps. New Westminster, March 4.—The flat-bottomed steamer, which has been under construction near the Small & Buckley mill for some weeks by Messrs. Garvey and Yates, will be put into the water at 5 o'clock this afternoon. She will then be taken around to Vancouver, where the boilers and machinery will be installed, after which she will return to New Westminster for her finishing touches. The steamer will be used in the Harrison lake business, and will be the first steamer for some years to make a systematic bid for the business with the mills and logging camps which are located at the head of and along the Harrison lake. A large amount of traffic has sprung up with firms at Harrison mills and along the shore, which Messrs. Garvey and Yates will be able to secure.

Cures the Worst Coughs or Colds. The Ozonated Air Cure, better known as "Cattarhoze's," is death to colds. Its heat, fumes contain the leading balsams of the pine woods. Soothing and antiseptic, it gives instant relief—stops gagging, hawking and sneezing. It is the best and most efficacious remedy for all colds, coughs and phlegm are cleared away, breathing made easy, and catarrh symptoms entirely disappear. Delightful and pleasant is Cattarhoze's simple to use because you breathe it—sure to cure colds and catarrh because it destroys the cause. Doctors say nothing is more scientific than nothing possesses such mighty merit in winter ills. Do try Cattarhoze! Two months' treatment, price \$1.00, trial size, 25c.; all dealers. Or N. C. Frost, Pleasant Co., Hartford, Conn., U.S.A. and Kingston, Ont.

Send for this now! Get the free book that tells "When Paul...".

Table listing prices for various commodities like Middlings, Bran, Ground Feed, etc.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Walnuts, Chestnuts, Bananas, etc.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Onions, Carrots, Bananas, etc.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Walnuts, Chestnuts, Bananas, etc.

SEAM OF COAL. Smith Curtis and W. H. Fowler Make Discovery in Biche Creek District. Kamloops, March 4.—Smith Curtis and W. H. Fowler made a trip recently into the country lying near the head of Biche creek, which empties into Okanagan lake, on the west side, lying between Chapman lake and the Okanagan, to look at some coal indications. They found a seven-foot seam of excellent coal lying between strata of sandstone, and so pleased were they with the prospect that they staked four claims, one mile square each. Mr. Curtis went down to the coast last week in connection with the operations. The trip was a rather hard one, involving a tramp on snowshoes and a heavy climb to reach the outcrop, which is about 13 miles back from Okanagan lake.

NEW YORK TO PARIS BY AUTO. Omaha, Neb. March 4.—The American car in the New York to Paris auto race, left Logan, Ill., 30 miles west of Omaha at 6 o'clock this morning and took 2 hours to make 10 miles. The roads are muddy.

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than ERSS'S. A delicious drink and a sustaining food—Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

Send for this now! Get the free book that tells "When Paul...".

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Iron-Clad Brand. Top Shirts, Overalls, Carpenter Aprons, Pants, Tent, Etc. Strength and Durability Guaranteed. J. Piercy & Co. MANUFACTURERS & WHOLESALE DRY GOODS VICTORIA, B. C.

SEASON OF LENT. Lenten delicacies are here and nicer than usual; wholesome and tasty; an essay and agreeable matter to select suitable breakfasts or luncheons from these: FRIED HADDOCK, per lb. 12 1/2c. KIPPERED SALMON, per lb. 20c. KIPPERED HERRINGS, per lb. 25c. CANNED HADDOCK, 2 tins for 25c. CANNED KIPPER, 2 tins for 25c. CANNED CLAMS, 2 tins for 25c.

W. O. WALLACE. Corner Yates and Douglas Streets. Phone 312. The Family Cash Grocery. Phone 312.

SPRING WEATHER ALREADY. THE FARM AND GARDEN WILL NOW CLAIM YOUR ATTENTION. We have in stock all the IMPLEMENTS, TOOLS AND MACHINERY needed for successful farming and gardening. We can supply anything from a trowel to a threshing machine. B. C. HARDWARE CO. Phone 82. COR. YATES AND BROAD STS. P. O. Box 683

FOUND SEVEN FOOT SEAM OF COAL. Smith Curtis and W. H. Fowler Make Discovery in Biche Creek District. Kamloops, March 4.—Smith Curtis and W. H. Fowler made a trip recently into the country lying near the head of Biche creek, which empties into Okanagan lake, on the west side, lying between Chapman lake and the Okanagan, to look at some coal indications. They found a seven-foot seam of excellent coal lying between strata of sandstone, and so pleased were they with the prospect that they staked four claims, one mile square each. Mr. Curtis went down to the coast last week in connection with the operations. The trip was a rather hard one, involving a tramp on snowshoes and a heavy climb to reach the outcrop, which is about 13 miles back from Okanagan lake.

COAST LAND DISTRICT. DISTRICT OF BELLA COOLA. Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a Duplicate Certificate of Title to above corner 11th and 12th streets, north of the 8th day of April, 1907, and numbered 14,385c.

COAST LAND DISTRICT. Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a Duplicate Certificate of Title to above corner 11th and 12th streets, north of the 8th day of April, 1907, and numbered 14,385c.

COMPANIES ACT, 1897. Notice is hereby given that the Victoria Fire Insurance Company is authorized to carry on business in this province in accordance with the provisions of the Insurance Act, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

\$1.00

PRACTICE SYSTEM OF FRE... DOUKOOR LIVE... DEGRADING O...

Herded Together in... liam Shacks—A... ing Revelatio...

Fort William, March... of John Cain, one... created a sensation... tensified by the discover... This brought out... neglect, starvation, lack... tendance and pneumon... causes.

Interesting evidence... and customs of Doukhor... by Alexis, one of the... been sick for three week... for the last couple we... and dry bread. The bu... place his body in the bu... devoured by animals... tom and they believe i... requires burial be made... would tear it to pieces... No medical aid was sur... having that Jesus would... and sisters. They have... ally and believe in free... After a visit to the... homes, the jury report... tedified by the discover... They do not accept or... but practice a system... not tolerated in any civ... ty, and which they wou... to pursue in their own... found apparently bright... are lost to parents and... over proper restraint. W... vise that children at... roundings to suitable in... they will be taught p... dustry, morality and g... As for adults they do n... no other solution than... of the community."

WIFEY TOO LOVIN' SO HUBBY... Lovey-Dovey Bus... Strong—Six Kis... Quite End...

Chicago, March 4.—The limit for Ora... are the limit for Ora... are the limit for Ora... are the limit for Ora...

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