

81

PROCEEDINGS



— OF THE —

Supreme Council

of the 33rd

— OF THE —

Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite

— FOR THE —

DOMINION OF CANADA

Annual Session, 1881

HAMILTON

SPECTATOR PRINTING COMPANY, MARKET SQUARE

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PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
SUPREME COUNCIL

—OF—

SOVEREIGN GRAND INSPECTORS GENERAL OF THE THIRTY-
THIRD AND LAST DEGREE

ANCIENT AND ACCEPTED

SCOTTISH RITE

FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

—•••—
ANNUAL SESSION

at the SEE of the Supreme Council, Montreal,

19th day of October, A. D. 1881.

T. DOUGLAS HARRINGTON, 33°, Prescott, Ont.

M.:P.:Sov.:Gr.:Commander.

JOHN WALTER MURTON, 33°, Hamilton, Ont.

Secretary-General H.:E.:



HAMILTON:
SPECTATOR PRINTING COMPANY. MARKET AND MACNAH STS.

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The Supreme
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PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
SUPREME COUNCIL OF THE 33°
OF THE
ANCIENT AND ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE OF
FREEMASONRY,
DOMINION OF CANADA.

SESSION 1881.

The Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors General, 33°, for the Dominion of Canada, assembled in Annual Session at the Asylum of the Rite in the city of Montreal, Province of Quebec, on Wednesday, the 24th day of the Hebrew month *Tisri*, 5642, corresponding with the 19th day of October, V. E. 1881.

PRESENT :

| | | |
|------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Ill. Bro.: | WILLIAM H. HUTTON, | <i>As Sov. Grand Commander.</i> |
| “ “ | JOHN V. ELLIS, | <i>As Lieut. Grand Commander.</i> |
| “ “ | JOHN W. MURTON, | <i>Secretary-General.</i> |
| “ “ | HUGH A. MACKAY, | <i>Treasurer-General.</i> |
| “ “ | WILLIAM REID, | <i>Grand Master of Ceremonies.</i> |
| “ “ | ISAAC H. STEARNS, | <i>Grand Marshall.</i> |
| “ “ | W. J. B. MACLEOD MOORE, | <i>Grand Standard Bearer.</i> |
| “ “ | EUGENE MORTIMER COPELAND, | <i>Grand Captain of the Guard.</i> |
| “ “ | HUGH MURRAY. | |
| “ “ | BENJAMIN LESTER PETERS. | |

The Supreme Council was opened at 12 o'clock.

On the roll being called, the following were found to be absent :

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| Ill. Bro.: | THOMAS DOUGLAS HARRINGTON, | <i>Sov. Gr. Commander.</i> |
| “ “ | ROBERT MARSHALL. | |
| “ “ | DAVID R. MUNRO. | |
| “ “ | ROBERT T. CLINCH. | |
| “ “ | JAMES K. KERR. | |
| “ “ | JAMES DOMVILLE. | |
| “ “ | HUGH W. CHISHOLM. | |

The following Illustrious visitors being announced, viz.:

| | | |
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| Ill. Bro.: | R. M. C. GRAHAM, | <i>Deputy for the State of New York, N. J. U. S.</i> |
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SUPREME COUNCIL.

Ill.: Bro.: GEO. O. TYLER,
Deputy for the State of Vermont, N.: J.: U.: S.:
 Ill.: Bro.: D. B. TRACY,
Deputy for the State of Michigan, " "

they were introduced by the Ill.: Grand Marshall, and were duly received and welcomed.

The Secretary-General read a letter and a telegram from the Sovereign Grand Commander, explaining that indisposition was the cause of his absence, and containing good wishes for the harmony and prosperity of the Council,

Whereupon the following resolution was moved by Ill.: Bro.: PETERS, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: MURRAY:

Resolved,—That the communication of the M.: P.: Sov.: Grand Commander be received, and this Supreme Council records its deep regret at the absence of the Sov.: Grand Commander from this session, and cordial sympathy with him in the illness which prevents his taking his accustomed place to preside over the deliberations of this Council.

And further *resolved*, That the members of this Council unite in the hope that in the good providence of God the Grand Commander will soon be restored to health.

Letters of excuse were read from Ill.: Bros.: J. K. KERR and ROBERT MARSHALL, and telegrams from Ill.: Bros.: CLINCH and CHISHOLM.

Letters from a large number of Illustrious members of the 33° of the Northern and Southern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., were read, acknowledging invitations to this session.

The following resolution, on motion of Ill.: Bro.: PETERS, was adopted:

That, inasmuch as the Proceedings of the last session have been printed and distributed, the reading of the same be now dispensed with, and that they be confirmed.

The question of admitting members of the 32° to hear the Allocation of the Grand Commander, which was suggested at the last session, was then decided in the affirmative,

whereupon the acting Sovereign Grand Commander opened a Consistory of the 32°, and Illustrious members of that rank being in waiting were admitted.

The Address of the Sov.: Grand Commander was then read.

ADDRESS.

To the Supreme Council 33° of the A.: & A.: Scottish Rite for the Dominion of Canada, and the Officers and Members thereof, GREETING:

ILLUSTRIOUS BRETHREN,—

I congratulate you on the arrival of our Eighth Annual Session. Another year has passed over our lives, and we are still spared by the mercy of the G.: A.: O.: T.: U.:, and it is a happiness for me again to declare that not a link has been broken in our "Chain of Union."

Death, although passing us by, has, however, been very busy out of our immediate circle, and our fraternal sympathy is due to those on whom his bolt has descended; and, while extending and offering our condolence to each and all of our suffering brethren and fellow creatures, there are instances which call for special mention.

The first to which I shall refer, is that of the sad departure of our lamented Brother JAMES A. GARFIELD, the late distinguished President of the United States of America, a member of our Rite, and a man and Freemason whose career may well cause us to feel proud of the special Tie that bound us to him and he to us. He succumbed to murder! His sufferings were lengthy and severe, and one does not really know which most to admire, the bravery of his gallant spirit, or his wonderful patience under pain, from the day of his being shot down by an assassin to the moment of his untimely death. His faith and trust were on his Divine Maker. His earthly solace was in being carefully tended by friends, his children and his most admirable wife, to the very last.

I quote from a well known Masonic magazine, the *Corner Stone*, of New York, which thus feelingly and truthfully sums up in brief language the late President's Masonic record:

"To Freemasons throughout the length and breadth of the globe, the calamity of his death comes with appalling force, for he was *one of us*, a genuine Mason. He became a member of our mystic band unsought, unsolicited; he went with us through all the various degrees in the fraternity, and was an honor to every Body with which he was connected. Garfield, our Brother! light rest the sod above you! Green be it as the undying memory of your pure life. Your manly fortitude and patience will remain ever in the hearts of millions."

1881.]

I attach (see Supreme Council occasion, for you

I now pass on ALBERT GALLAT the U. S. of A. circular that I ca

It has pleased Brother, ALBERT in the United Sta

He died on the 26th buried on his funeral was in that city. As s Brother MACKEY a friend, and a t risen in the Maso years of his life—a exceptional honors written by him, his Law as applicable t pædia of Freemason known as an author accomplished writer

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I attach (*see Appendix 1*) an official document showing the action of the Supreme Council of the Northern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., on this melancholy occasion, for your information.

I now pass on to the decease of our late very lamented Illustrious Brother ALBERT GALLATIN MACKEY, 33°, M. D., formerly of Washington, D. C., in the U. S. of A. I do not know that as regards him I can improve upon the circular that I caused to be sent to our members and bodies, viz.:

It has pleased the G.: A.: O.: T.: U.: to end the days of our Ill.: Brother, ALBERT GALLATIN MACKEY, 33°, M. D., late of Washington, D. C., in the United States of America.

He died on the 20th June last, at Fortress Monroe, in Virginia, and was on the 26th buried at Washington with all the honors of Freemasonry, and his funeral was one of the most impressive events that has been witnessed in that city. As stated by the public prints, the large acquaintance which Brother MACKEY had, the high regard in which he was held as a citizen, a friend, and a true and upright man, the eminence to which he had risen in the Masonic fraternity—to which Order he had devoted the riper years of his life—all combined to make his loss peculiarly felt and to induce exceptional honors to be paid to his memory. The Masonic Text Books written by him, his Treatises on Masonic Jurisprudence and on Parliamentary Law as applicable to Masonry, and his great works, the Lexicon and Encyclopædia of Freemasonry, coupled with his other labors, have made him well known as an author of high standing in this and other countries, and as an accomplished writer and an educated physician.

Brother MACKEY held high offices in Symbolic and Royal Arch Masonry, and was a Commander of Knight Templars. At the date of his lamented decease he fulfilled the duties of Secretary-General of the Supreme Council of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite 33°, for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States, and what most interests and concerns us, he was our honored Representative near that Grand Body.

One who knew well his worth—our Illustrious Brother ALBERT PIKE, 33°, his friend and Grand Commander—thus eulogizes our departed Brother: "Brother MACKEY had lived all his life among gentlemen, and had the manners and habits of a gentleman. Tall, erect, of spare but vigorous frame, his striking features were replete with intelligence and amiability. "He conversed well, and was liked as a genial and companionable man, of a cheerful, tolerant and kindly nature, who, if he had quarrels with individuals, had none with the world. Idolized by his wife and children, he loved them devotedly. He had many friends, and made enemies, as men of strong will and positive convictions will always surely do, but he plotted no harm against any one and sought no revenge. Masonry will not soon lose as great a man, and she may well put dust upon her head and wear sack-cloth in her Lodges, where, in Masonry, his heart always was."

The next distinguished Brother that I will make mention of, whose loss we must deplore, was a member of the Supreme Council of the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States of America, Illustrious Brother KILLIAN H. VAN RENSSELAER, who died at California, Ohio, on the 29th day of January last.

I quote from the record of the Sov. Grand Commander of that Jurisdiction, Illustrious Brother H. L. PALMER, 33°, viz.:

"Illustrious Brother VAN RENSSELAER was born at Greenbush, Rensselaer County, New York, September 9th, 1801. Immediately after attaining his majority he was initiated, passed and raised, in Mount Moriah Lodge No. 245, in Otisco, Onondaga Co., N. Y., and then commenced his long, active and useful Masonic career, extending through more than half a century, during which he advanced through all the grades of Masonry recognized in this country. He was an active, zealous laborer, and was honored with official trust in each of the various organizations of our great Brotherhood. While yet a young man, and, if my information is correct, as early as 1824 and 1825, he received the grades of the A. A. Rite to and including that of Prince of Jerusalem, in Yates Lodge of Perfection, and Yates Council of Princes of Jerusalem in Amber, Onondaga Co., N. Y. He received the degrees, from the 19° to the 32° inclusive, in the city of New York, from J. J. J. GOURGASS, 33°, M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander, in 1843. He became M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander in 1862, which position he held until he vacated it by resignation on the 17th of May, 1867. His services to the Ancient Accepted Rite, in this Jurisdiction, during his long connection with it, can scarcely be over estimated. It is said by one who was intimately associated with him in his Masonic labors for many years, and who is well qualified to speak of his services, that 'undoubtedly he did more than any other man, dead or alive, towards popularizing the Ancient Accepted Rite.'

"Brethren, when such a man is removed from our councils it is meet that, while we mourn his loss, we testify to the world our love and respect for him and our appreciation of his character and services."

I turn again to the Southern Jurisdiction, and refer to the loss of one of its distinguished members, Ill. Brother GEORGE STODART BLACKIE, 32° and 33° Elect, and our Ill. Brother PIKE, 33°, thus speaks :

"DEAR BRETHREN: Death forgets us who are old and of little use, and cruelly takes from those who love them, and from those who know not how they are to do without them, others who, having come to the maturity of their powers, are in the prime of their usefulness, best fitted to be the benefactors of men, and with whom the world is loth to part.

"Such a Brother we have just lost, whose ripe intellect and accumulated stores of varied knowledge, with tenacious fidelity to his convictions, intense earnestness in action, confidence in himself, loyalty to the Scottish Freemasonry, zeal, energy and readiness made him most valuable to us.

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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"Brother GEORGE STODART BLACKIE, 32° and 33° Elect, of Nashville, Tennessee, our Deputy for that State, departed this life on the morning of Sunday, the 19th day of June last, and we have no one to take his place.

"He was born in Scotland, and was there made a Mason, and invested by the Supreme Council of Scotland with the 30th Degree. The 31st and 32d he obtained from us in 1868 at Memphis, in Tennessee. Of gentle blood, he was also made in Scotland a member of the Grand Lodge of the Royal Order of Scotland, and a Templar; and in Tennessee he was distinguished by his reports to the Grand Lodge, on Foreign Correspondence, and in "intelligent, untiring zeal."

I will now ask your attention to subjects of a less sombre nature.

AS REGARDS REPRESENTATIVES.—The lamented death of Ill. Brother Dr. MACKEY rendered it necessary to supply his loss by the appointment of another Brother, to act for us near the Supreme Council of the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States of America. I communicated with our Ill. Brother and friend, ALBERT PIKE, 33°, Grand Commander, who furnished three names, the choice of any one of which would be acceptable as successor to Ill. Brother MACKEY. I selected the first one, that of Illustrious Brother WILMOT GIBBS DE SAUSSURE, 33°, an active member of the Southern Supreme Council for South Carolina, and requested our Ill. Secretary-General to prepare and forward the necessary credentials, which he has done, and I trust that this will meet your approval.

He sent likewise the necessary credentials in favor of Ill. Brother Colonel SHADWELL H. CLERKE, 33°, successor to our late Brother Doctor ROBERT HAMILTON, 33°, as our Representative near the Supreme Council of England and Wales, as approved by you at our last Session.

With respect to Representatives near other Supreme Councils, with all of which Bodies our relations continue to be of a most fraternal nature, I will simply repeat what I said last year, viz.: That the full completion of our staff of Representatives is very desirable, and refer to that portion of my Address of 1880 (page 11) which suggested that the Committee on Foreign Relations should offer recommendations at this present Session, for filling every vacancy. Such recommendations will, of course, be at once adopted by the Council and myself.

All necessary information relating to the condition of our Rite in the Dominion will be found in the Reports of your respective Deputies, and there is no necessity for me to occupy your time by repeating it, and I shall content myself by saying that, as far as my immediate knowledge can testify, our general harmony has not been disturbed in any way.

I hope that the Council will hear more from our Brethren of the Maritime Provinces than has heretofore been the case. Their prosperity is our own. An increase of our Bodies in each is very desirable; and the same thing may be said as regards Quebec. I mean as to other localities, if possible, besides the chief cities.

I trust likewise that Returns may be at hand from Manitoba and British Columbia.

Financial Reports I leave to your proper Officers, who are most painstaking. To them, and all other Officers of the Council, I owe thanks for their willing assistance; and I need hardly say that another interesting Report from our admirable Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence and Relations will be very acceptable, and must add to the pleasure of our Annual Session.

I have granted only four Dispensations this year, one to "Hamilton" Chapter, R. C. 18°, and two to "Moore" Consistory, 32°, held at Hamilton, all waiving Statutory time in conferring Degrees. Satisfactory reasons were brought forward and the parties interested were strongly recommended for advancement.

The fourth Dispensation was for a Lodge of Perfection to be held at Kingston, Province of Ontario, on a petition received and recommended by the Deputy of the said Province, and for which I recommend the Council to grant a Warrant.

GENERAL AND MISCELLANEOUS REMARKS.

As regards the advisability of an increase of our 33ds, to which I invited your attention at our last Session (page 43), I would remind you that the question was left for further consideration during this present Session.

The question of the establishment of a Library, which was referred to a committee, will be reported upon. I have to remind the Council that the committee to whom was referred my Address last year, suggested that the several matters of procuring banners and other paraphernalia, the formation of Councils of Deliberation as practised elsewhere, the creation of a fund for the sick, might be looked into during the recess by the Inspectors General, with a view to action this year. The same committee approved likewise of my suggestion to admit 32ds at the delivery of the Sovereign Grand Commander's Annual Allocution, to be acted upon this year if the Council should see fit. Why not include our 30ths and 31sts likewise?

You will see by our Proceedings of last Session (page 45) that our Ill. Brother ELLIS gave a notice of motion to add to the Constitution a proviso to create Inspectors General of Districts, without adding to the active membership of this Supreme Council.

The Report of the Deputy for Quebec on the case of Brother LE BLANC, who seeks to be restored to his membership in our Rite, will be laid before you.

By reference to our Proceedings of 1880 (page 14) you will see a recommendation of the Deputy of Ontario on the question of re-arranging the Jurisdictions covered by the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. It will be advisable for the Council to arrive at a settlement of this matter.

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Before I conclude, exhibited in England be an honor if our Co up the subject and h connected with the C might be attached to

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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The Ritual Committee have reported on the work of the Degrees of our Rite 4° to 32°, but I procured from Ill. Brother PIKE the complete Work of the 33°, as practised by the Southern Jurisdiction, United States of America, for your use and information, and I hope the Ritual Committee will be able to report thereon. It required this addition to make complete our own authorized Work.

The illegal Body styling itself the "Cerneau" Supreme Council, 33°, etc., U. S. A., is still trying to give trouble to our lawful Brethren of the Jurisdictions North and South, of the United States, of which I received due and formal notification, and issued two Circular Letters (*See Appendix Nos. 2 and 3*) warning the members and Bodies of our Jurisdiction against any recognition of or intercourse with that illegitimate Body.

When speaking of our Foreign Relations, I forgot to state the Supreme Council, 33°, Northern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., again sent me a cordial invitation to be present at its Annual Session on the 20th ult., which I could not accept, to my regret. Our Ill. Secretary-General, however, attended, and would represent us well and creditably.

And, in connection with the subject of our Representatives, I should have stated that the Supreme Council, 33°, of Colon (Cuba) has unfortunately become divided into two Bodies, both claiming Jurisdiction. We cannot, of course, recognize both; and, therefore, I instructed our Representative there, Ill. Brother FRED. W. RAMSDEN, 33°, to cease acting upon his credentials until existing difficulties are healed, and Colon has returned to her normal condition. (*See Appendix No. 4.*)

I think I have not forgotten any matter of interest. I beg to make known to the Council that there is at present in this city an English gentleman and a member of the British House of Commons, Brother ALEXANDER STAVELEY HILL, 18°. He is a Knight Templar, and holds the honorable office of Chancellor of the Great Priory of England and Wales. Our Ill. Brother Colonel MACLEOD MOORE, 33°, can speak of Brother HILL more fully than I can, inasmuch as he was the bearer of a letter to Brother Colonel MOORE from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Grand Master of the English Templars and Patron of the Supreme Council, 33°, of England. You might be able to devise some courteous method of showing attention to Brother HILL. I do not know if time would allow an exemplification to be shown of our 18° work.

Before I conclude, let me invite your attention to the care that is being exhibited in England to the subject of the Archaeology of Masonry. It would be an honor if our Council were to be the first Body on this Continent to take up the subject and begin at once to gather items and articles of antiquity connected with the Craft, and found a museum of Masonic curiosities which might be attached to our Library.

As ordered by our Statutes (Art. 10), I shall report just before the close of the Session, the names of such officers or members whose absence from the Council shall extend to three consecutive Annual Sessions, to be dealt with as the Council may see fit.

I did hope sincerely that I might have the pleasant privilege of delivering this Address in person, as heretofore ; but it is not to be, and I am very sorry. I have not been feeling well for some little time ; the weather is against me, and I am advised to stay at home. May God spare us all to assemble the next year, and may our Father, who is in Heaven, have us always in His holy keeping. So mote it be !

 T. DOUGLAS HARINGTON, 33°,
Sov.: Gr.: Com.: Supreme Council, Dominion of Canada.

PRESCOTT, Ont., 17th October, 1881.

The Consistory of S.: P.: R.: S.: was then closed, and the Supreme Council, 33°, resumed labor.

On motion of Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: MOORE, the Address of the Sov.: Gr.: Commander was referred to a committee.

The following were appointed a committee for that purpose :

Ill.: Bros.: PETERS, MACKAY and STEARNS.

Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS suggested that the Illustrious visitors be permitted to speak during this Session of the Council, which on motion was approved.

The Supreme Council was called from labor at 1 o'clock.

The Supreme Council resumed labor at 2 o'clock.

In the matter of J. G. A. LE BLANC, who petitioned at the last Session for restoration to good standing, and which was referred to the Deputy for Quebec to report upon, the Ill.: Bro.: I. H. STEARNS, Deputy for Quebec, presented a Report opposed to the removal of the suspension. On motion the Report was received and adopted.

The Report of the Committee, on the question of a Library, appointed at the last Session, was read as follows :

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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REPORT OF LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

MONTREAL, October 19th, 1881.

To the Supreme Council, 33°

ILLUSTRIOUS BRETHREN :

The question of a Library for this Supreme Council, which was left to your Committee at the last Session, has been duly considered, and they have now pleasure in reporting that they deem it to be greatly for the benefit of Masonry, and especially this Rite, and a movement which will tend much to the honor and reputation of this Supreme Council, the establishment of a Masonic Library.

In this day, when so much attention is beginning to be given to the subject of Masonic History and Archæology, particularly in the Old World, when the learned and scholarly in the Craft are striving to bring to light documentary and other evidence of the history of our old time-honored Order, it seems to your Committee very opportune now for this Council, the Supreme Body of the Highest Order of Masonry, to form a collection of Masonic Works and Documents which will be at once a source of information superior to anything of that kind hitherto attempted in the Dominion, and a stimulus to members of the Craft in general to become informed on the subject of the History, Literature and Philosophy of our Order. They therefore recommend,

That this Supreme Council do now decide upon the establishment of a Library.

That this Library shall be at the See of the Supreme Council in the city of Montreal.

That a committee be appointed *pro tempore* from the members of the Supreme Council residing in or near Montreal, with power to add to their number from the S. P. R. S., 32°, to begin the formation of the same, arranging for the proper location, providing fit accommodation, and devising a scheme for its maintenance, supply and management, and to report to this Council at its next Session.

And further, should this Council now adopt these suggestions, that notice be given at this Session, " That at the next Session an addition be made to our Statutes providing for another standing committee called The Library Committee," to be appointed in the same manner as the other standing committees of this Council.

JOHN W. MURTON, 33°,
WM. H. HUTTON, 33°,
Committee.

On motion the Report was received and adopted.

Ill.: Brother TRACY, of Michigan, very generously offered to donate several works to the Council for the Library when formed.

Ill.: Bro.: MURTON gave notice that at the next Session he would move, "That an addition be made to the Statutes by adding to the standing committees one to be called 'Library Committee'".

The following Reports of Deputies and Special Deputies were then read:

REPORTS OF PROVINCIAL DEPUTIES.

ONTARIO.

To the Supreme Council, 33°, for the Dominion of Canada.

It is very gratifying to be able to report, that the zeal and interest of Brethren in the Scottish Rite continue not only unabated, but increasing, and that peace and harmony prevail in the different Bodies in Ontario, and that the membership has steadily increased during the past year.

The Hamilton Bodies held their Annual Reunion in January, which was well attended, not only by Brethren of our own obedience from Montreal, Toronto and elsewhere, but by a number of distinguished Brethren from the United States, who were highly pleased and delighted with the work.

In November last I was informed that an organization calling itself the Supreme Grand Council A. & A. S. Rite, as organized by JOSEPH CERNEAU, was trying to get some Brethren in Toronto to join, take their degrees, and form bodies of their so-called Rite. I at once communicated with the Sovereign Grand Commander, who issued a circular on the subject, a copy of which is attached to this Report. Since then I have heard nothing more, and I am very much mistaken in the Masons of Toronto if their so-called Body in New York can ever induce any of them to squander money. The members of our Rite there are vigilant, and have taken every care that the true character of the concern be known.

The Murton Lodge of Perfection some time since asked me for a decision on the following point: A Master Mason, who had been balloted for and accepted in the Lodge of Perfection, had been suspended for unmasonic conduct by the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Canada. The question was put, "How did this action of the Grand Master affect the Brother in our Rite?" Before it was necessary to give a decision the suspension was removed, but it is a subject which I think should be dealt with at once by this Supreme

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MONTREAL, Que., 1

*To the Sov.: Grand C
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ILL.: BRETHREN,—

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[Oct.,

1881.]

SUPREME COUNCIL.

15

Council, viz.: Whether, when the Grand Lodge having jurisdiction over a Brother, a member of our Rite, suspends or expels for unmasonic conduct, such suspension or expulsion should not be recognized by us, so long as it is continued by Grand Lodge.

Under the resolution of the Supreme Council, dated 10th October, 1878, I proceeded to Kingston on the 18th October, and with the able assistance of my Ill. Bros. J. W. MURTON, 33°, and DAVID MCLELLAN, 32°, the Degrees 4 to 16 inclusive were conferred on eight Brethren, who then applied for a Dispensation to open a Lodge of Perfection, to be called the Kingston Lodge of Perfection, which the Sov. Grand Commander was pleased to grant. Sov. Prince W. D. GORDON, 18°, who has been the moving spirit to have the Rite established in Kingston, was chosen as the first T. P. G. Master, and from his zeal and the zeal of the other members, in different branches of Masonry, I entertain no doubt that the Lodge will succeed and have an influential and active membership. It has a large territory, being half-way between Montreal and Toronto. The Brethren now ask that the Dispensation be replaced by a Warrant, and I cordially endorse their application.

In due time the Brethren in Kingston will apply for a Chapter of Rose Croix, and I would ask that the same powers be granted to the Provincial Deputies, in regard to establishing Rose Croix Chapters, as they have in regard to Lodges of Perfection, the fee to be \$20, and subject to the same conditions: Provided, always, that he is of the opinion that the interests of the Rite will be advanced thereby.

I am gratified to be able to report that death has not entered our ranks during the past year.

Fraternally submitted,

H. A. MACKAY, 33°,
Deputy for the Province of Ontario.

MONTREAL, Que., 19th October, 1881.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY,
MONTREAL, October, 18, 1881.

To the Sov. Grand Commander, Officers and Members of the Supreme Council, 33°, for the Dominion of Canada.

ILL. BRETHREN,—

I have much pleasure in submitting the following Report of the condition of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite in the Province of Quebec entrusted to my supervision:

I am happy to report that the various Bodies in this Jurisdiction are in a prosperous and flourishing condition, and that peace and harmony prevail among all.

I regret exceedingly that no new Bodies have been established in this Province during the past year, but trust that in the near future Lodges of Perfection may be placed both in the city of Quebec and in the Eastern Townships.

In reference to the matter of Bro. LE BLANC, who seeks to be restored to membership in the Rite, which was by recommendation of the Committee on the Sov. Grand Commander's Address of last year referred to the Deputy for Quebec, I beg to state, that after a careful consideration of the evidence in the case, I felt unable to recommend that his request be granted, and I accordingly made a report to the Sov. Grand Commander to that effect in December last.

Respectfully and Fraternaly submitted,

ISAAC H. STEARNS, 33°.

Deputy for Quebec.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY

FOR THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

ST. JOHN, N. B., October 17, 1881.

To the Supreme Council, 33°.

ILL. BRETHREN,—

There is nothing of special importance to report respecting the Rite in the Province of New Brunswick. The Lodge of Perfection and the Rose Croix Chapter at St. John hold their meetings regularly, a fair amount of interest is evinced, and the best of feeling prevails among the members. In both Bodies some work has been done during the year, and it has been done very effectually.

In the Consistory there has been no work, which is probably not due to any negligence on the part of the office bearers, but to the simple fact that none has offered.

I have seen no opportunity to extend the Rite in any other part of the Province; and I do not think that at the present time this can be done with any advantage to the interests of the Supreme Council.

As Deputy to the Supreme Council I have not been called on during the year to exercise any authority.

1881.]

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[Oct.,

1881.]

SUPREME COUNCIL.

17

It may interest many members of the Rite to state that the oldest Mason of the Rite believed to be living in Canada, resides at Carleton in the city of St. John. Brother JOSEPH B. WHIPPLE, a land surveyor, and a very excellent citizen, who was born in Yarmouth, N. S., on December, 29th, 1794, and who is still possessor of all his faculties, was made a Mason in Digby Lodge No. 6, on the Registry of the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia, held at Digby in July, 1816, and took the Master's Degree in the same Lodge on the 25th April, 1817. In June, 1817, whilst Brother Whipple was on a visit to the city of Norwich, Conn., the Degrees of Secret and Perfect Master were conferred upon him by the Ineffable Lodge at that place, and which was then attached to the Harmony Lodge. The Degrees were conferred at an emergency meeting called for the purpose. Our venerable brother has a very fair recollection, after the lapse of sixty-four years, of the spirit and work of the Degrees.

Whilst the statement of such a fact as this does not come within the scope of my official duty as Deputy, I think that it will be none the less acceptable to the Supreme Council and to the Brethren throughout its jurisdiction.

Fraternally submitted,

JOHN V. ELLIS, 33°.

Deputy for Province of New Brunswick.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY

FOR THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

St. JOHN, N. B., October 17, 1881.

To the Sov.: Grand Commander, Officers and Members of the Supreme Council, 33°, for the Dominion of Canada.

ILLUSTRIOUS BRETHREN,—

In presenting my Report on the condition of the Rite in the Province of Nova Scotia, I regret that it is not more full and satisfactory. I visited Halifax in September for the purpose of meeting the members of Keith Chapter, the only one in the Province; but, owing to the engagements of the Most Wise Sovereign and the difficulty of getting the members together just then, no meeting was held. The Chapter is composed of sixteen active members; but, owing to the present lack of interest in the Rite, the meetings have not been regularly held and no accession to the membership has taken place during the year. A Return of the names and places of residence of the members is sent herewith.

My business has occupied so much of my time this year that I have not been able to give the attention to the duties of my office which I should have done. I hope this will not be the case in the future.

Respectfully and Fraternaly submitted,

ROBERT T. CLINCH, 33°.

Deputy for Province of Nova Scotia.

WINNIPEG, September 1, 1881.

To the Supreme Council, 33°.

ILLUSTRIOUS BRETHREN,—

I have the honor of submitting to you the following Report of my official acts as your Special Deputy, and the condition of the Rite in the Province of Manitoba :

OFFICIAL ACTS.

1st.—Under the authority of a special commission bearing date the 4th December, 1880, I convened the Brethren of the 32° resident in Winnipeg, on the 24th January, 1881, and from time to time conferred the several Degrees upon Sov. Prince JOHN McDONALD, 18°, from the 19°, or that of Grand Pontiff, to the 32°, or that of Sublime Prince of the Royal Secret, both inclusive, completing the work on the 16th February.

2nd.—I installed the Officers of the Winnipeg Lodge of Perfection on the 22nd February, and the Officers of the Bethesda Chapter of Sov. Princes Rose Croix on the 30th August, 1881.

3rd.—I have been present at nearly every meeting of the Bodies in this Jurisdiction ; and in the Lodge of Perfection on several occasions have presided and conferred Degrees in the absence of the T. P. M.

CONDITION OF THE RITE.

On the organization of the Bodies of the Rite, Masons generally looked upon them with somewhat of suspicion, as there was much ignorance prevailing as to the objects and aims of the Rite. This, I am glad to say, has almost passed away.

In my Address as Grand Master to the Grand Lodge of Manitoba, A. F. & A. M., at the Annual Communication in February, I made the following remarks :

" During the past year Bodies of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry have been established in this Jurisdiction, and I have reason to believe that the good effects are seen in the drawing closer together of the bonds of union and friendship. Having been one of those who had the privilege of receiving the Degrees of the Rite from the 4th to the 32nd inclusive, I would express personally my highest appreciation of the same, and recommend them to the careful consideration of the thoughtful and studious, to the lovers of the beautiful, in passive and solemn, and to all earnest searchers.

" In some countries the A. F. & A. S. Rite holds jurisdiction over all Degrees, from 1st to 33rd inclusive. I would, therefore, recommend the passage of

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[Oct.,

1881.]

SUPREME COUNCIL.

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"a resolution recognizing the A.: & A.: S.: Rite; but that the Grand Lodge retains supreme control and jurisdiction of the three Symbolic Degrees."

On this part of my Address the Board of General Purposes reported as follows:

"The Board entirely agrees with the views expressed by the Grand Master in his Address in reference to the establishment in this Jurisdiction of 'The Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite'. From personal knowledge of its teachings some of your Board can vouch for its many excellencies. We hail with pleasure its introduction amongst us. We can, therefore, as a Grand Lodge, recognize it and wish it every success, while not interfering in any way with the first three Degrees known as Craft Masonry, which are, and should be exclusively under our own jurisdiction, and that the Grand Lodge retains supreme control and jurisdiction of the three Symbolic Degrees."

This recognition was approved of by Grand Lodge on motion.

I am also pleased to be able to report that much interest is manifested in the Bodies of the Rite by the members generally, that the increase of members has been large and of the very best kind, that peace and harmony prevail, and that there has been marked progress in the manner of conferring the different Degrees. The Rose Croix Chapter has not progressed as fast as the Lodge of Perfection, partly owing to the short time the Bodies have been in operation, and partly owing to the neglect of his duties by the Secretary. The Returns and fees were promptly forwarded from both Bodies.

CONCLUSION.

I trust and believe that the time is not far distant when a Consistory will be organized in Winnipeg, and Bodies of the Rite in other parts of the Province. I am also of the opinion that the sooner a Consistory is established the sooner will these Bodies be organized and placed in good working order. The "newness" of the country, and the somewhat changing nature of the towns and their inhabitants, may somewhat delay the consummation of our wishes.

Fraternally submitted.

JOHN HEADLEY BELL, 32°
Special Deputy for Manitoba.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

MASONIC TEMPLE,
VALLEY OF VICTORIA, B. C.

31st day of August, A. D. 1881.

*To the M.: P.: Sovereign Grand Commander and the Supreme Council, 33°,
of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite for the Dominion of Canada,
whose See is at Montreal, Province of Quebec.*

ILLUSTRIOUS BRETHREN.

I regret that my Annual Returns do not show the progress I had reason to expect. We have only added three to our numbers and elected the fourth—they are all first class material. Bro.: TROUNCE is our Senior Grand Deacon and Vice-President of the Board of General Purposes, and architect by profession. Bro.: SMITH is our Grand Chaplain and minister of the First Presbyterian Church. Bro.: E. HERSHANK is a master mariner. Bro.: S. BROWN resides at New Westminster and represents that city in the Provincial Legislature. At the last election in the Lodge of Perfection and the Chapter of Rose Croix, I declined office for the purpose of getting others acquainted with the work and to enable me to give my attention more fully to my duties as Special Deputy. As Special Deputy for this Province I feel my official position to be in name only, as I have no works to guide me. I can, therefore, appeal to you with confidence to overlook my faults, and I ask you to render me that assistance which will enable me to understand the Degrees I have taken, and in future to fulfill my duties in a proper manner.

As the hope of reward sweetens labour, I think it would be well to give your Special Deputy power to confer Honorary Degrees on Brethren who would take an interest in introducing the work in other parts of the Province, and also the discretion to shorten the time for Degrees where Brethren have long distances to travel at great expense and loss of time. We have always enjoyed such privileges in working the other Degrees. Several members of Khurum Chapter are asking for the Higher Degrees; but I cannot give them as I have no works to guide and no person to instruct me, and I cannot see any prospect of conducting the work in a proper manne unless I am furnished with the work from the 4th to the 32nd Degree.

Several circulars have been received from Ill.: Bro.: Murton, and complied with, also letters of condolence have been forwarded to the family and Chapter Rose Croix of our much-respected and well-beloved Bro. Mackey. Praying God to bless you in your deliberations and prosper all that you may attempt for the advancement of the Order,

I am, fraternally yours,

ELI HARRISON ✕ 32°, S.: P.: R.: S.:
Special Deputy for British Columbia.

1881.]

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KHURUM CHAP
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LAWSON LODGE
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BETHESDA CHAP
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WINNIPEG LODGE
Membership, 26; fe

NEW BRUNSWICK
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A. D. Goodwin and J
\$34.75.

[Oct.,

1881.]

SUPREME COUNCIL.

21

Moved by Ill.: Bro.: MACKAY, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: COPELAND, that these reports of the Deputies of this Council be referred to the standing committee on the doings of Inspectors General and Special Deputies. Carried.

It was moved by Ill.: Bro.: MURRAY, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: COPELAND, that a committee be appointed to prepare and submit to this Council, articles to be added to our constitutions, defining the powers of Provincial and Special Deputies.

The following was the committee appointed for that purpose, viz.: Ill.: Bros.: MURTON, PETERS and MACKAY.

The Report of the Committee on the Doings of Subordinate Bodies, was read as follows:

To the M.: P.: Sovereign Grand Commander and Illustrrious Brethren of the Supreme Council, 33°, of the A.: & A.: Rite, Dominion of Canada.

Your Committee on the "Doings of Subordinate Bodies" beg to report on the returns sent to the Secretary-General.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

VICTORIA.

KHURUM CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX conferred the 18° on two Brethren. Membership, 16; fees to Supreme Council, \$12.

LAWSON LODGE OF PERFECTION conferred the 14° on two Brethren. Membership, 17; fees to Supreme Council, \$13.25.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

WINNIPEG.

BETHESDA CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX conferred the 18° on five Brethren. Membership, 23; fees to Supreme Council, \$29.75.

WINNIPEG LODGE OF PERFECTION conferred the 14° on ten Brethren. Membership, 26; fees to Supreme Council, \$33.50.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

NEW BRUNSWICK CONSISTORY. Returns for 1880: Conferred the 30° on one, 31° on one, and the 32° on one Brother. Died, two Brethren; Bros.: A. D. Goodwin and James Scovil. Membership, 37; fees to Supreme Council, \$34.75.

Returns for 1881: Conferred no degrees during the year. Membership, 37; fees to Supreme Council, \$9.25.

HARINGTON CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX conferred the 18° on one Brother. Expelled one brother. Membership, 64. Fees to Supreme Council, \$20.

ST. JOHN LODGE OF PERFECTION conferred the 14° on one Brother. Withdrawn, two Brethren. Erased from the roll, two Brethren. Membership, 59; fees to Supreme Council, \$22.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX.

KEITH CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX, covering Lodge of Perfection, have conferred no degrees during the year. Membership, 18; fees to Supreme Council, \$4.50.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

HAMILTON.

MOORE CONSISTORY conferred the 30° on nine, the 31° on four, and the 32° on three Brethren. Withdrawn, one. Membership, 83; fees to Supreme Council, \$117.

HAMILTON CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX conferred the 18° on fifteen Brethren. Suspended for non-payment of dues, six Brethren. Membership, 92; fees to Supreme Council, \$105.50.

MURTON LODGE OF PERFECTION conferred the 14° on 13 Brethren. Membership, 123; fees to Supreme Council, \$63.25.

LONDON.

LONDON CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX, covering Lodge of Perfection, conferred the 14° on one, and the 18° on three Brethren. Withdrawn, one. Membership, 50; fees to Supreme Council, \$19.50.

TORONTO.

TORONTO CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX conferred the 18° on one Brother. Withdrawn, two. Membership, 56; fees to Supreme Council, \$18.50.

TORONTO LODGE OF PERFECTION conferred the 14° on ten Brethren. Withdrawn, one Brother. Membership, 76; fees to Supreme Council, \$49.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL CONSISTORY conferred the 30° on three, and the 32° on two Brethren. Withdrawn, seven Brethren. Membership, 37; fees to Supreme Council, \$60.

1881.]

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HOHELAGA
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Respectfully

HAMILTON, O.

On motion

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To the Suprem

ILL. BRETHREN,—

Your Secretary-

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[Oct.,

1881.]

SUPREME COUNCIL.

HOHELAGA CHAPTER OF ROSE CROIX conferred the 18° on six Brethren. Withdrawn, twelve. Died, one Brother: Henry M. Beckett. Membership 43; fees to Supreme Council, \$37.75.

HOHELAGA LODGE OF PERFECTION conferred the 14° on ten Brethren. Withdrawn, thirteen. Died, one Brother: Henry M. Beckett. Membership, 54; fees to Supreme Council, \$47.

Respectfully and fraternally submitted.

H. A. MACKAY, 33°,
Chairman.

HAMILTON, ONTARIO, 15th October, 1881.

On motion the Report was received and adopted.

The following Reports of the Secretary-General and Treasurer-General were read:

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL,

October 19, 1881,

To the Supreme Council, 33°.

MILL' BRETHREN,—

Your Secretary-General has pleasure in presenting the following Report:

RECEIPTS FROM OCT. 13, 1880, TO OCT. 14, 1881.

| | | |
|--|--|---------|
| From Hochelaga Lodge of Perfection, for 1880 | | \$31 00 |
| " " " " 1881 | | 43 50 |
| " Murton " " 1881 | | 63 75 |
| " Lawson " " 1880 | | 3 50 |
| " " " " 1881 | | 10 00 |
| " Toronto " " 1881 | | 49 00 |
| " Winnipeg " " 1881 | | 33 50 |
| " St. John " " 1881 | | 22 00 |
| " Bethesda Chapter Rose Croix, 1880 | | 16 25 |
| " " " " 1881 | | 29 75 |
| " " " " 1880 | | 33 50 |
| " " " " 1881 | | 34 75 |
| " " " " 1880 (balance) | | 50 |
| " " " " 1881 | | 12 00 |
| " London " " 1881 | | 19 50 |
| " Hamilton " " 1881 | | 104 00 |
| " Harington " " 1881 | | 20 00 |

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| From New Brunswick Consistory, for | 1880 | . . . | \$19 75 | |
| " " " " | 1881 | . . . | 9 25 | |
| " Montreal | 1880 | . . . | 20 00 | |
| " " " | 1881 | . . . | 58 75 | |
| " Moore | 1881 | . . . | 117 00 | |
| " Sale of Proceedings | | | 3 35 | |
| | | | | <u>\$754 60</u> |

Which may be particularized as follows:

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| For dues, 1880, unpaid at last Session | | \$50 50 | |
| " " 1881, | | 198 75 | |
| | | | <u>\$249 25</u> |
| " fees, 1880, unpaid at last Session | | 74 00 | |
| " " 1881, | | 398 00 | |
| | | | <u>472 00</u> |
| " Dispensations | | 30 00 | |
| " Proceedings | | 3 35 | |
| | | | <u>\$754 60</u> |

All which has been paid to the Treasurer-General.

There are balances on the Ledger to Sup. Council of \$52.50, and amounts due by two Bodies whose Returns for the past year have not been sent in.

Your Secretary-General congratulates the Supreme Council at the marked increase of fees over past years, showing a much larger addition of new members, viz.: Received in 1880, 53 new members; received in 1881, 89 new members.

J. W. MURTON,

MONTREAL, 20th October, 1881.

Audited and found correct

I. H. STEARNS, 33°,
W. J. B. MACLEOD MOORE, 33°.

REPORT OF TREASURER-GENERAL.

Supreme Council, 33°. for the Dominion of Canada in account with the Treasurer-General.

EXPENDITURE.

| | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|---------|------------|
| 1880. | | (order) | |
| Oct. 14. | J. W. Guy, attendance, session 1880 | . 67 | . \$ 10 00 |
| | Grand Commander, postage to date | . 68 | . 20 00 |
| Dec. 16. | Secretary-General, allowance for 1880 | . 69 | . 200 00 |

1881.

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May 5. Time

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1881].

SUPREME COUNCIL.

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| 1881. | | (order). |
| Jan. 25. | Eastwood & Co., stationery, certificates, etc. | 70 . . . \$107 77 |
| Feb. 28. | W. Bruce, engrossing certificates, etc. | 71 . . . 106 55 |
| May 5. | Times Printing Co., printing circulars, | 72 . . . 14 35 |
| June 27. | Ritual Committee, books | 73 . . . 39 25 |
| July 22. | Sov. Gr. Commander, postages | 75 . . . 10 00 |
| | 23. Times Printing Co., proceedings 1880 | 74 . . . 123 20 |
| Aug. 22. | Bautz, Clayton & Burton, printing dispensations | 76 . . . 3 50 |
| | Balance on hand | 1136 08 |
| | | <u>\$1770 70</u> |

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| 1880. | | RECEIPTS. |
| Oct. 11. | Balance on hand | \$1016 10 |
| Oct. 15. | Secretary-General | 754 60 |
| | | <u>\$1770 70</u> |
| 1881. | | |
| Oct. 15. | Cash on hand | \$1136 08 |

H. A. MACKAY, 33°,
Treasurer-General.

HAMILTON, ONTARIO, 15th October, 1881.

Audited and found correct.

I. H. STEARNS, 33°
W. J. B. MACLEOD MOORE, 33°.

MONTREAL, 20th October, 1881.

On motion, the above Reports were received and referred to the Committee on Audit and Finance.

The Committee on Foreign Relations and Correspondence presented the following interesting Report :

To the Supreme Council, 33°, A. & A. Rite for the Dominion of Canada, Annual Session, 1881 :

Your Committee on Foreign Relations have the honor to submit their Annual Report. Generally, the matters which have come before your Committee are not of very grave importance, though some of them are of considerable interest to intelligent members of the Rite. The relations of our Supreme Council with all the bodies with which it is in fraternal communication are of an agreeable character, and call for no special remark from the Committee.

ENGLAND.

From the Supreme Council for England we have received no communications, except of a formal character. That Supreme Council has withdrawn

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from the Lausanne Convention, a result that was to be expected, the Declaration of Principles, about which so much has been said, being very objectionable to the English mind, and all efforts to recast it satisfactorily having failed.

SCOTLAND.

With the Supreme Council for Scotland no correspondence has been had the past year.

IRELAND.

The Committee always refer with pleasure to the excellent addresses of the Ill. Bro. TOWNSHEND, who presides over the Supreme Council for Ireland. Their moderate expressions, their excellent form, their terse sentences, commend them to the best judgment of the reader; while they afford every evidence of being the product of a man who unites happily the intellectual and the moral faculties. The Supreme Council for Ireland is on the best of terms with the Supreme Councils with which she is in correspondence. In regard to the difficulties in Italy the Ill. Bro. TOWNSHEND takes a view somewhat similar to that held by the Supreme Council for Canada. Favoring and commending unity among the Italian Masons nothing more can be done by those Supreme Councils which have entered into correspondence with the Supreme Council at Turin. In his address delivered in January last the Ill. Bro. states that he has taken the suggested measures to make the ceremonial of the 32° workable, and he hopes that what has been done may lead eventually to the disuse of the objectionable practice of giving that high Masonic grade by communication. As to the Rite generally in Ireland, he says: "No petty animosity or jealousy has disturbed the harmony of the bodies of our obedience, nor any complaint of irregularity or misconduct come before us." In regard to the status of the Rose Croix in Ireland, the Committee quote one paragraph of the address:

"In my first Report I explained to you, and all others who might do me the honor to read it, why this Supreme Council alone of all the Councils of this Degree in the world has no jurisdiction over Rose Croix Masonry. The Rose Croix Masons of Ireland are, as we know, a flourishing body, in number between three and four hundred, highly respectable both intellectually, Masonically and socially. They have greatly exalted Ancient Craft Masonry wherever their influence has extended. I also stated that the Rose Croix Degree, which somehow we have got into the habit of calling 'Prince Masons,' had obtained a footing in Ireland long before the Council of 33d was organized, and how, being independent then, it had never from that hour to the present acknowledged the authority of the Council, as would, no doubt, have been the case had the founders of the Council, who were also the leading members of the Rose Croix (then consisting of some twenty or thirty men), thought the matter of importance. This blunder, like many others, became respectable at last, merely because it had long

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"continued. The Council was never unpopular; indeed, it was hardly deemed worth attention; but the 'Rose Croix' became unpopular for some time, because its leaders (as it seems to me) mistook their mission altogether, and at last made the Masonic Body at large dislike or despise their assumed powers; so that at last the Rose Croix or 'Prince Masonry' of those days had really to struggle for its own existence, and would have died the death which threatened it, had not some changes been forced upon the zealous but very opinionated men who were then the Masonic luminaries of the High Grades, though held in very slight esteem by the General Body of the Order. Those changes infused new strength and vigor into the Rose Croix Degree, which has ever since gone on prospering, and is, I trust, likely to prosper; because its power rests on opinion, and that opinion rightly exercised. But the Council of 33d has thus lost much of the importance it ought to have. Moreover, the Rose Croix Degree itself is in a somewhat unpleasant condition, because some Brethren of other countries have felt at a loss how to recognize the claims of the Irish Rose Croix Body, while they naturally felt reluctant to dispute or openly question them. I thought, and I still think, there would be no difficulty in arranging this matter in a way advantageous and honorable to the Rose Croix Chapters (including the Grand Chapter), as well as to ourselves, and I confess I had hoped to effect that object, while there was yet time, before the close of my long Masonic career, so that something might remain to entitle me to the good will of the succeeding Masonic generation in Ireland. But I fear such will not be my good fortune. Some one more active, more energetic, or more fortunate, may yet be able to follow the course I have indicated; but all I have said has been totally disregarded hitherto. Like the spear flung by the venerable Priam, it fell to the ground '*telum imbelles sine ictu*,' and, like him, I have not strength or spirit to take it up again."

No doubt it is very difficult to rearrange the existing order of Irish Masonry; but all the members of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite in that country should be prepared to make some sacrifice to bring the system into harmony with the practice of the Rite the world over. In closing his address the Illustrious Brother eloquently says: "It is pleasant to meet here, face to face, at this season, when brighter sunshine gladdens the lengthening days, and Hope naturally revives with the reviving spring. Yet we cannot but share in the sadness and apprehension which now pervade this distracted country. Angry contention and perplexing fear of change engross the minds of all around us, and we must of necessity be involved in one way or another in the fierce struggle, the tumult of which fills the air. We cannot but feel that events are impending, which, be the ultimate result of them for the better or the worse, must in their present operation bring trouble and distress to many—it may be to some of ourselves. Discouraged and disheartened we well may be, whether we look only to the anxious and gloomy present, or forward to the dark future. But our trust is in no mere blind chance, in no grinding inexorable law, in no merely human effort, in no vague 'creative principle.' Our trust is in the Living God. In Him, as Masons, we profess to

"believe. To Him our temples are dedicated. To Him we pray, not deeming our prayers idle and foolish words, but the voice of children, speaking ignorantly and helplessly indeed, but speaking to One who can hear and pity—even the Lord and Ruler of the Universe, our Father which is in Heaven."

UNITED STATES—SOUTHERN JURISDICTION.

The Supreme Council held its biennial session [in October, 1880, at the City of Washington, The Illustrious Sovereign Grand Commander in his annual address makes kindly reference to his peers of the Supreme Council, who, since the last session, had been called to rest. He states that since the session of 1878 he had travelled 20,000 miles through the Jurisdiction over which he presides, during an absence of nine and a half months, in the interest of the Rite, which, he reports fairly prosperous. He has devoted much time, labor and great talents and learning to the Rituals of the Degrees, and eloquently says:

"Our Rite can recruit its ranks and multiply its bodies only by commending itself to the consideration of intelligent and thoughtful men. It must not appeal to ignorance and curiosity or to idle display, nor seek to grow strong only by increase of numbers. If it is to live to any useful purpose it must address, especially and incessantly, the intellect, for which alone our degrees are intended. It must show to intelligent Master Masons that they can learn in its degrees and there only, what the Blue Masonry and its symbols really mean. * * * * It is plain, simple and severe, apostle of the truth in morals, philosophy and religion, advocate and defender of freedom of action, speech, thought and conscience. It demands the strict performance of duty everywhere; seeks to impress men only by the thoughts which it expresses in words, and proclaims that the only value of any degree consists in the lessons which it teaches, as it holds that no creed is of any value, except as it bears fruit in action."

Since its last Session the Supreme Council has accumulated, by gift and purchase, a Library of over a thousand volumes, few of any Masonic books of value being wanting; and it has in contemplation the erection at Washington of a Home for the Rite, where all its treasures may be safely kept. Ill. Bro. PIKE is strongly opposed to the recognition of the Perez Supreme Council, of Spain, and declares it clearly illegitimate. Referring to the differences existing between Councils in Great Britain as to the Colonial dependencies of the Crown, he refers to his offer formerly made of arbitration, adds that nothing has come of it, and says that there is no prospect of the restoration of amicable relations, adding—

"I have therefore ventured, some time since, to induce the contending parties to submit the dispute to arbitration; but nothing has come of it, and there is no prospect of the restoration of amicable relations.

"I see this with much regret; and as it seems to me that as the other English-speaking Councils may become deeply interested to have the

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"controversy settled, they properly may and indeed ought to consult together upon the subject and propose to the belligerent Councils a plan by which the questions to which hostilities between them are owing may be definitely adjudicated. The Supreme Council of Ireland, as its own rights are involved in the dispute, would probably not deem it proper that it should be represented in a Tribunal of Arbitration. I venture to suggest, as a plan that ought to be acceptable to the contestants, that the Supreme Councils of Ireland, Canada, the Northern Jurisdiction and ours should propose and strongly urge the submission of all the matters of dispute, for final adjudication, to a tribunal, which might meet at New York, composed of members of the Supreme Councils of Canada, the Northern Jurisdiction and ours, three from each.

"When the great nations of the world settle their disputes by arbitration, to avoid ruinous wars, it cannot be inconsistent with the dignity and pride of Masonic Powers to do the same; and surely their controversies might be safely submitted to the consideration of such a tribunal as I have suggested."

The Supreme Council held a Lodge of Sorrow for the members of the Rite who had died since the previous Session. Ill. Bro. HEDGES EYRE CHATTERTON, our Representative at the Supreme Council for Ireland, was elected an Honorary Member of the Southern Supreme Council.

THE NORTHERN (U. S. A.) JURISDICTION.

The Annual Sessions of the Supreme Council for the Northern Jurisdiction are held at a time of year so near our own that generally their Proceedings appear about the same time as ours, and we are not as likely to look to them for information as we should be if held at another season. The Supreme Council largely concerns itself with its own domestic concerns, and pursues a very wise policy of almost absolute non-intervention in the affairs of other Supreme Councils. Its Annual Session in September, 1880, at Boston, was attended by thirty-nine Active, three Emeriti and sixty-two Honorary members. The Address of Ill. Brother HENRY L. PALMER deals very effectively with the domestic affairs and the foreign relations of the Supreme Council, and many of the documents submitted with it were of much interest. All of the business of the Supreme Council was transacted with much promptness and ability, and your Committee are compelled to express their admiration at the effectiveness and capacity displayed, not only by the Supreme Council but by the Rite generally, in the Jurisdiction which adjoins our own, and which numbers 26,000 members.

In the present year the Supreme Council held its Session at New York. No report was received from the Committee on Foreign Relations, but a very full resume of the condition and affairs of the Rite in many Latin countries was presented by Ill. Brother A. G. GOODALL, Foreign Representative at large of the Supreme Council, and by the Sov. Grand Commander in his Address. The Supreme Council was visited by our Illustrious Secretary.

General, Bro.: JOHN W. MURTON, who was most kindly and courteously received. In a Session extending over three days a great deal of business of an important character was transacted; with also the election to the Supreme Council of several active members to fill vacancies in the ranks, which have been much reduced since the union fourteen years ago. There were present at this session thirty Active and three Emeriti, besides nearly one hundred Honorary members, representing seventeen States of the Union.

TUNIS.

Your Committee have received a number of papers relative to the formation of a Supreme Council at Tunis, one of the Barbary States in Africa. Among them is a communication dated 16th August last, from Ill.: Bro.: PIKE, of the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., addressed to the Supreme Councils for Ireland, Scotland and Greece, inviting them to recognize the newly created Body. It appears that there was, previous to 1880, a Body of the Ancient Reformed Egyptian Rite in Tunis; that some members of this Rite thought it best to abandon it and to adopt the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite. To this end Bro.: N. CASSANELLO visited several of the Masonic centres in Europe, and procured from the Supreme Council of Italy, at Turin, the 33° and powers to organize a Supreme Council for Tunis. This he has done; and the Secretary-General, Ill.: Bro.: E. NURRI, sends a formal request to this Supreme Council for its approval. On the face of the papers the formation of the new Supreme Council appears to be regular. The Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction at its last Session voted to enter into fraternal relations with it. The declaration of principles of the new Supreme Council is unobjectionable and contains the following: "The Freemasonry of Tunis professes the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, and solemnly proclaims as a fundamental principle a belief in the existence of a true and living God, known by the conventional name of the Grand Architect of the Universe, and in the immortality of the soul." The Supreme Council is composed of nine active members, and upon the Honorary Roll are the names of several very eminent Masons of other Jurisdictions. It is not within the knowledge of your Committee how many out of the two millions of the population of Tunis are Masons, or whether this new Council represents in any way the native population. The names of the members seem to be, with one exception, all Italian names (and that exception is not apparently in form of a native), which is greatly to be regretted and may lead to trouble in the future. It has also given your Committee some difficulty to determine whether or not Tunis is an independent country. In 1878 (page 35, Proceedings of that year) we adopted as a settled principle of law of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, "That in a Dependency, Province or Colony of a country in which there is a lawful Supreme Council, no foreign power can authorize the creation of a Supreme Council"; and a Body so created as a Supreme Council has no legal existence. Now, there was a Supreme Council in Turkey, organized in 1861, and re-organized some years later by Ill.: Bro.: HYDE CLERKE, of the Supreme Council for England. Whether or not it is in

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existence now your Committee do not know. Whether Tunis is a dependency of Turkey appears to be in doubt. It pays a fealty of some kind to the Sultan of Turkey, as his head is on the coinage; but, as it appears to be able to keep up a war on its own account, it would probably not be the kind of "dependency" contemplated by the above quoted section. It is, perhaps, as much of an independent country as Egypt, whose Supreme Council we have recognized. Both countries are probably "independent" because of the weakness of the central authority. However, taking into account the apparent regularity of the preliminary steps, the evident desire of the members of this new Supreme Council to place their superstructure on a firm foundation, and their recognition by the Supreme Council for Italy and that for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States, your Committee pass over all obtruding doubts and recommend the Supreme Council to follow its own precedent, as in the case of Egypt, and to recognize the Supreme Council of Tunis, of which Ill. Bro. N. S. CASSANELLO is Sovereign Grand Commander, as a lawful power of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite.

COLON.

Your Committee referred last year to the suspension of several members of the Supreme Council for Colon. Practically that Body has been rent in twain. Seven members of the old Council have seceded and have set up a new Council at Havanna, leaving only the late Sovereign Grand Commander and the Secretary-General to continue the Supreme Council at St. Jago. Long and bitter letters have passed between the parties, and their denunciations of each other has been severe. The trouble appears to be largely political. The Sovereign Grand Commander of the old Council seems to have been too friendly to the Cuban national party to please his colleagues, and they charge him with having carried his feelings and acts so far that he drew down upon the Supreme Council the severe denunciations of some prominent members of the Spanish Parliament. Indeed they declare that his association "with ringleaders of the Insurrection," with "deluded and criminal men" who have "destroyed the happiness and wealth of the Island by a fratricidal war * * * had already caused our august body to be considered as a separatistic political club, and had caused the imprisonment of several Masons, and the seizure of the archives of the Sovereign Grand Chapter of Rose Croix." There are other charges against the Sovereign Grand Commander both of a political and a personal kind, arising out of the condition of affairs in Cuba, which the members of the recently formed Council declare justify the radical measure that has been taken by them, after, as they allege, the failure of their efforts to secure from their Sovereign Grand Commander a pledge that he would pursue a wiser course, that he "would restore to our Valleys and Encampments the desired peace, tranquility and union." The question then that the Supreme Council might have to decide is whether it will recognize the new authority or continue its correspondence with the old; but at the present moment it is not worth our while to enter into a dispute, the real merits of which could only be

understood by understanding the nature of the Cuban Masonry, a study upon which it is not worth while at the present moment to enter. The best course is to do nothing, and until there is unity among the Cuban Masons this attitude should be preserved. We have relations with the old Council at the present moment, but as the seat of our representative is declared vacant, it should, if really vacant, remain so for the present. It may be well for the Committee to draw attention to the fact that Cuba is a dependency of Spain. We have recognized a Supreme Council for the dependency, but none for the mother country.

FRANCE.

The quarterly Bulletin of the Supreme Council for France is sent us regularly. Within the past two years there have been some very important changes in the Constitution of the Rite: in that country, changes which have been rendered necessary by the constant agitation of the lodges of the first three degrees to secure self-government. Just before the death of the late Bro. . CREMIEUX, then Sovereign Grand Commander, a number of the Lodges of the Rite seceded from the Government of the Supreme Council and set up for themselves an independent authority called the Independent Grand Lodge (symbolic) of the Scottish Rite. It is one of the anomalies of French Masonry that this independent body was recognized as a lawful governing authority by the Grand Orient of France, without disturbing the harmony that exists between the Grand Orient and the Supreme Council of the A. . and A. . Rite. Although many Lodges remained faithful to the authority of the Supreme Council they did not cease to agitate for what they called reform. By the new constitution, ratified by the Supreme Council on 24th September of last year, it is declared that the Masonic system of the Scottish Rite consists of thirty-three degrees; that the degrees of the Rite are open to every Scottish Mason who has served the requisite time and acquired the necessary knowledge; that the bodies of the Rite from the first degree to the thirty-third degree are for the purpose of advancing Masons who have by their assiduity, their zeal and their Masonic labor, merited it; that the Lodges themselves shall propose to the Chapters those whom they deem worthy of advancement to the 18°; that the Chapters shall in their turn present to the "Third Section" in Paris, and to the Areopagus in the departments as in foreign countries the names of those who deserve admission to the thirtieth degree; for the 31°, 32° and 33° the "Third Section" in Paris and the Areopagus outside of Paris shall send lists of those whom they desire to receive these degrees. The Supreme Council is the chief and regulator of the Rite; it is complete with thirty-three members, and shall never be composed of less than twenty-seven. When a vacancy occurs in the Supreme Council the Grand Lodge central designates three members of the thirty-third degree, from among whom the Supreme Council is to make a selection; and all members of the Supreme Council are to be members of a Symbolic Lodge. Next to the Supreme Council is an Executive and Administrative Council of twenty-one members, of which the Grand Commander, or his Lieutenant, the

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Grand Chancellor, and the Grand Treasurer, and two members elected from the active members of the Supreme Council, form five; the President of the Grand Lodge Central, one; the Presidents of the Three Sections of the Grand Lodge Central, three; the Grand Hospitaller of Grand Lodge, one; seven delegates elected by the First Section, two by the Second, and two by the Third Section complete the number. The Grand Commander, or his Lieutenant, sits as President of this Commission. The duties of the Commission are to give effect to the acts of the Grand Lodge Central and of the Three Sections of which it is composed, to administer the finances, and to exercise in a general way a supervisory work as a Superior Committee or Board of Management for all the Degrees except those immediately controlled by the Supreme Council. It holds its Sessions monthly. The Grand Lodge Central is composed (1) of all the active members of the Supreme Council; (2) of all active Masons of the Rite possessing the 33°, 32°, 31° and 30°, and of delegates from each Lodge, Chapter, Tribunal and Consistory, chosen on a principle in part of representation by numbers. Over this Grand Lodge Central presides the Sovereign Grand Commander Grand Master; but, in addition, there is a President and other officers. The President must be a member of the Supreme Council, the Vice-President a member of Grand Lodge, and the other officers can be, apparently, chosen from the Craft at large. This Grand Lodge is again divided into three sections, the first section engaged with the affairs of the first three Degrees, and under the title Section Symbolic; the second under the title the Chapter Section (Section Chapitrale), taking cognizance of the work of the Degrees from the 4° to the 18° inclusive; the third section comprises authority over the Degrees 19° to 30° and is called the High Grades Section. Each Section elects its own President and other office-bearers annually, and they are eligible for the same office for three successive years. The new Constitution fully sets forth the duties of each Section and of the Grand Lodge itself; and while each has jurisdiction in so far as the Degrees specified are concerned, the Grand Lodge itself—all Sections united under the Presidency and direction of its elected officers—takes cognizance of all difficulties and matters which can arise between the Supreme Council and a Section or a Lodge of the Rite, either for infraction of the Constitution or General Regulations, or for non-observance of the decrees and judgments of the Supreme Council. The object of this division of powers and of authority is clear. It is to give all the Masons in the Rite, of every Degree, a share in the government, and is a concession to the democratic spirit of the times. It is, probably, necessary to the amity of the Rite in France, but in countries where the Symbolic Lodges do not necessarily form a part of the Rite, such a form of government seems quite cumbersome. In reality there are six controlling or governing powers, the Supreme Council, the Administrative and Executive Commission, the Grand Lodge Central, and the Three Sections into which it is divided. The new constitution maintains the Lausanne declaration of principles until the next Convention has resolved the question. During the year the Ill. Bro. JULES SIMON, a French statesman of some renown, resigned his seat in the Supreme Council, as did Ill. Bro.

Bro.: GUIFFREY, formerly Secretary-General. A great many interesting items of information are to be found in the Bulletin. It is stated, for example, that four Lodges had demanded that the use of the Eagle should be suppressed in the Rite. They were informed that since the last meeting of the Council at Lausanne, the old emblem—the Prussian Eagle—had been supplanted by the Double-Headed Eagle of Heraldry, which is not the Prussian Eagle whose suppression they demanded. A silver medal has been struck in commemoration of the ninetyeth birthday of Ill. Bro.: F. ALLEGRI, Past Sovereign Grand Commander, who still maintains an interest in the Rite. An appeal is made by the Administrative and Executive Commission to all the Masons of the Rite in France to subscribe to the support of a school which is to be opened in the name and to the memory of the late ADOLPHE CREMIEUX, Past Sovereign Grand Commander, and which is to be devoted to culture of all kinds. At the meeting of the Grand Lodge Central in December, last the Grand Secretary-General delivered a very interesting address on the condition and state of the Rite in France, which the committee recommend should be printed in our Proceedings (*Appendix 5*) as affording much interesting information of the state and condition of the Ancient and Accepted Rite in that country. They also recommend that the Supreme Council of France be asked to appoint a Representative at this Supreme Council.

BELGIUM.

We have received the official Bulletin of this Supreme Council for the past year. It contains a great deal of valuable information as to the doings of Supreme Councils and other bodies of the Rite in foreign countries, and devotes several pages to a resumé of the proceedings of the Supreme Council for Canada. The treaty of alliance between the Supreme Council and the Grand Orient by which the control of the symbolic degrees is given entirely to the latter, was solemnly ratified and carried into effect at a great feast of the Order, and the Rite in Belgium gives promise of continuing in the career of activity and usefulness which for years has distinguished it.

ST. DOMINGO.

No communications have been laid before the Committee from the Supreme Council at St. Domingo. Practically we have recognized that Supreme Council, and might enter into relations with it at any moment. The chiefs of the Rite in Colon, contending among themselves, can lay no claim whatever to authority over that territory, now politically independent. At the last meeting of the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States, Ill. Bro.: PIKE maintained that there were still some difficulties in the way of recognition, and he suggested that steps should be taken to send a regular member of the Supreme Council to remove those difficulties. The Supreme Council itself adopted this suggestion. If this is to be done it should be done quickly. Whatever may have been the original defect in the formation of that Supreme Council, these ought not to be held by the other Supreme

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EGYPT.

From the Supreme Council of Egypt we have this year nothing of importance. It does not appear that the Supreme Council is in undivided possession of its territory, as some foreign Lodges of the Rite have still an existence and have recently been created there. The officers of the Supreme Council manifest much intellectual ability and Masonic zeal, as is evident by their publications. They should now devote themselves vigorously and actively to the work of consolidating Masonry in Egypt.

SPAIN.

In Spain there are four or five bodies exercising Masonic control, whilst there are also several Lodges working under French authority, and there are also some working under the Grand Orient of Portugal. The most of them have, however, lately formed a provisional government of their own, and their action has been approved by the Grand Orient which created them. The probability is that they will eventually unite with some one of the powers claiming jurisdiction in Spain. Your Committee last year, or previously, expressed themselves well affected towards a recognition of the Supreme Body over which Ill. Bro. PEREZ presides. They observe, however, that the recognition of that Body is strongly opposed by Ill. Bro. PIKE and by Ill. Bro. PALMER, and that the views of each meet with warm approval in the bodies over which they preside. Bro. PIKE is favorably inclined to the Sagasta Body. It is well to mention that the organization over which this distinguished man presides continually gains strength, for Sagasta seems to grow in favor with the Spanish people, while he is not in disfavor with the present ruler of Spain. There are nearly a hundred Lodges and many Superior Bodies under his obedience, and although it has been intimated that his Masonic organization is really a political club, the statement must be received with some caution, or at least with the consideration that all the Spanish Masonry is more or less affected by the constant ebb and flow of opinion on public affairs in that country. The Committee adhere to the opinion expressed by them heretofore, that a union among the Spanish Masons ought to precede a recognition of their governing authority. It may be very difficult, indeed, to bring about such an union. Something would be achieved, however, if the leaders could agree upon a truce in their denunciations of each other. Then, as in France and in some other countries, a recognition of the powers and authorities of each might follow, and the first step towards union would be taken. Such an union must ever involve individual sacrifice, but sacrifice is worth all it costs when it produces harmony. We received the publications of the Supreme Council over which Bro. PEREZ presides. We ought also to get, for the information of the Grand Chancellor and of the Committee on Foreign Relations, the publications and documents issued by the Grand Orient presided over by Ill. Bro. SAGASTA. If we do not recognize we

ought not at least to ignore the existence of an organization claiming to be Masonic which has upon its roll the names of many illustrious public men of Spain.

[After this Report was closed there came into the hands of the committee a circular letter, issued 16th September, from Madrid, addressed to the Supreme Councils, which contains the important information that the Brother JACOBO OREIRO (Gravina), Sovereign Grand Commander of what is known as the Gravina Supreme Council, and one of the most important of the Masonic Bodies in Spain, died about the last of February, and that his death opened a way to a fusion with or absorption into the Gravina Council of the Perez Body. Bro. ALMIRALL, late Lt. Grand Commander of the Gravina Council, has succeeded to the Sovereign Grand Commandership, and Brother PEREZ has become Lieutenant Grand Commander. There are other members of the Perez Body, among them its organizer, Brother MONFREDI, on the roll of office-bearers sent us. They were installed on the 14th September last. There is nothing to show the terms upon which the fusion was effected, but the Committee assume that the result is to take out of existence the Perez organization, and then to dispose finally of the question of its recognition. The union of these two Masonic centres is a matter for much congratulation and is an important step in the direction indicated by the Committee as in their belief necessary for the prosperity of Spanish Masonry. The address of the Grand Secretary and Chancellor is LEANDER TOMAS PASTOR, Calle de Santibanez No. 6, Madrid.]

PORTUGAL.

We have not received any communication from the Supreme Masonic authority in Portugal. From the Bulletin of the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., we learn that the officers of the Grand Orient and Supreme Council for Portugal are—

Comte DE PARATEZ, *Gr. Master and Sov. Grand Commander.*
 General Vicomte DE HARO, *Lt. Grand Commander.*
 Vice Admiral JOAS EUSEBIAS D'OLIVERIA, *Grand Chancellor.*
 Colonel MIGUEL BAPTISTA MACIL, *Minister of State.*
 Colonel EDUARDO AUGUSTO CRAVIERO, *Grand Treasurer.*
 ANTONIO MANOEL DA CUNBA, M.D., *Grand Secretary-General.*

These officers were installed in 1879 for a term of three years. Steps should be taken at once to open correspondence with this Supreme Council, which is a Body of much influence and great intelligence, and, if possible, Representatives should be exchanged.

ITALY.

Our correspondence is with the Supreme Council at Turin, which continually sends us the letters and documents it issues in reference to its difficulties with the Supreme Council at Rome. Much as we desire to see unity among

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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the Italian Masons, and continually urging them with fraternal and brotherly words to lay aside all differences for Masonic unity, as has already been done to a large extent in that country for national unity, we can assure our Ill. Brethren of the Supreme Council of Italy, whose See is at Turin, that our good feelings for them are unabated, and our relations with them so satisfactory as to lead us to believe that these feelings may long remain unchanged.

SWITZERLAND.

Communications from Switzerland refer chiefly to the Lausanne Convention. As Power Executive of the Confederation, the Supreme Council of Switzerland has had its hands full of work, sometimes very unpleasant work. With the withdrawal of the Supreme Councils for England, Peru and Belgium, the dissatisfaction of other Supreme Councils, and the disruption of the Supreme Council for Colon, the Confederation must be considered as in a moribund condition almost. An effort to change the declaration of principles so as to meet the views of the Supreme Council for England failed. However, the Supreme Council for Switzerland in February last issued a circular calling the next meeting of the Confederation for Turin, on the 24th of the present month, at which are to be discussed the question of Italy, of Spain, the demand of the Supreme Council for St. Domingo, and that of the Supreme Council for Egypt for admission into the Confederation; various propositions of other Supreme Councils are to be brought forward, and the Federal Tribunal is to be constituted. The Supreme Council for Switzerland, probably through an error, has sent us a circular to the Supreme Council for Canada, placing upon us an assessment for a portion of the expense which it has incurred as the Executive power of the Convention. The Supreme Council of Canada cannot recognize any liability in the premises, as from the first it refused to take part in the Confederation, and has never been a member of it.

BRAZIL.

The Supreme Council appears to have discontinued the publication of the admirable Bulletin which it published, as we have not received copies for a long time. Through other sources we hear that Masonry flourishes in that Empire and that there is every possibility of an early union of the two Supreme Councils. The Sovereign Grand Commander of the Supreme Council of the Lavradio Body, Ill. Bro. VISCONTE RIO, BIANCO, Councillor of State, died in November last. He was not in communication with the Body over which this Ill. Bro. presides.

MEXICO.

No further steps have been taken to open up communication with the Supreme Council at Mexico. There is no legal impediment in the way of entering into fraternal relations with this Supreme Body (see report of Committee Proceedings, 1879, page 32), and they recommend that that be now done.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Supreme Council established at San José, Costa Rica, and which was to include as well as members for Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua and San Salvador, has been declared dormant by the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States.

THE ILLUSTRIOUS DEAD.

In a few kindly words which admonishes us all of the uncertainty of life and the certainty of death, the Sov.: Grand Commander of the Supreme Council for Ireland announces the death in February last of EDMUND JOHN ARMSTRONG, the Chancellor of the Grand Council and Vice-President of the Grand Chapter of Rose Croix, who had passed his allotted three score years and ten; the Supreme Council for Peru laments the death of its Illustrious Treasurer-General, LEONARDO ALBERTA LENTHOLD, the important duties of which office he had discharged for ten years; and the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States announces the death of Ill.: Bro.: ALBERT G. MACKAY. By the death of this Brother, whose fame as a Masonic writer is world wide, whose knowledge of Masonic Jurisprudence was unequalled, and whose interest in all the works of our fraternity was unsurpassed, Masonry has everywhere suffered a great loss, and in that loss the Supreme Council for Canada largely participates, and to the general sorrow she adds her own, for the deceased Brother was our Representative in the Supreme Council to which he belonged and of which he was so bright an ornament. As a rule we note only the deaths of those who were active members of this grade. Were we to depart from this rule we could place on our roll of honor the names of many eminent men, worthy to live in the memory of our race as having deserved well of their Order, their country, and mankind. The Proceedings of many of the Supreme Bodies which pass under review contain references to Honorary Inspectors, to members of the Supreme Bodies of the Rite, to members of Ineffable and Symbolic Lodges who have lived unselfish lives and have devoted themselves with faithful earnestness to the elevation and adornment of humanity, who have discharged with fidelity their earthly trusts, and who have left the world better because of their existence.

The Committee submit the following resolutions:

1.—That the Supreme Council at Tunis, of which Ill.: Bro.: N. CASSANELLO is Sovereign Grand Commander, be recognized as a lawful power of the Rite, and a Representative be appointed at that Supreme Council.

2.—That in the matter of our Representative at the Supreme Council of Colon no present action is deemed advisable.

3.—That the Ill.: Grand Chancellor be directed to ask the Supreme Councils at Italy and France to appoint Representatives at this Supreme Council.

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4.—That the Ill.: Grand Chancellor be directed to open communications with the Supreme Council of Portugal with a view to an interchange of Representatives.

5.—That the M.: P.: Sov.: Grand Commander be requested to open communication with the Supreme Council of Mexico, with a view to the exchange of Representatives.

Fraternally submitted,

JOHN V. ELLIS,
B. LESTER PETERS.

On motion of Ill.: Bro.: MURTON, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: MACKAY, the above Report was received and ordered to be placed upon the table for future discussion.

An application was presented from a number of Ill.: Brethren praying for a dispensation to open a Consistory in the city of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba; also one from Kingston Lodge of Perfection under dispensation, asking for a warrant.

On motion, these applications were referred to the Committee on the Doings of Subordinate Bodies.

The Secretary-General presented the following accounts,

viz.:

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| His own for postage, telegrams, &c., | \$30 19 |
| W. Bruce, for engrossing, | 14 95 |
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On motion, these were referred to the Committee on Audit and Finance.

The Secretary-General moved, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: STEARNS, that the subject of the Ritual of the 33° be referred to a special committee. Carried.

The following committee was appointed: Ill.: Bros.: MURTON, MACKAY and MURRAY.

Ill.: Bro.: STEARNS asked for an interpretation of the Statute referring to dues payable by Subordinate Bodies for their members to this Supreme Council.

The Council decided the following as the true meaning of the article :

" That dues are payable only for the members actually on the roll of the Subordinate Bodies on the 31st August, when the return is made."

The Supreme Council was called from labor at 6 o'clock.

THURSDAY, October 20, 1881.

The Supreme Council resumed labor at 12 noon.

The roll was called and the following answered to their names :

| | | |
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| Ill. Bro.: | WILLIAM H. HUTTON, | <i>As Sov. Grand Commander.</i> |
| " " | JOHN V. ELLIS, | <i>As Lieut. Grand Commander.</i> |
| " " | JOHN W. MURTON, | <i>Secretary-General.</i> |
| " " | HUGH A. MACKAY, | <i>Treasurer-General.</i> |
| " " | WM. B. SIMPSON, | <i>Grand Chancellor.</i> |
| " " | WILLIAM REID, | <i>Grand Master of Ceremonies.</i> |
| " " | ISAAC H. STEARNS, | <i>Grand Marshall.</i> |
| " " | EUGENE MORTIMER COPELAND, | <i>Grand Captain of the Guard.</i> |
| " " | HUGH MURRAY. | |
| " " | BENJAMIN LESTER PETERS. | |

Ill. Bro. R. M. C. GRAHAM, of New York, also favored the Council with his presence.

The committee to whom was referred at the session of 1880 the question of a Sick Fund, reported as follows :

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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To the Supreme Council 33°, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite for the Dominion of Canada :

The Special Committee to whom was referred so much of the address of the Sov. Grand Commander last year as refers to a sick fund, beg to report :

That during the recess of the Supreme Council they have given the matter much consideration, but are unable to suggest any plan by which effect can be given at the present time to the humane and benevolent ideas of the illustrious head of the Supreme Council.

With our limited membership such a fund must for many years be very small, while the administration of a small general fund over a country so large as ours must involve practical obstacles that would prove almost insuperable.

For the present, therefore, the Committee are of opinion that the matter must remain in abeyance, so far as the Supreme Council itself is concerned.

There is nothing, however, to prevent each Lodge of Perfection in its own locality establishing such a fund, and administering it itself, either according to the rights or the needs of individual members.

As a rule, the Masonic fraternity has not incorporated into its system of relief and assistance any regular plan of sick benefits, which members must draw in case of sickness, whether they need it or not. The theory of our Society is—and its practice is, your Committee believes, largely in accordance with its theory—that its worthy distressed members are entitled to receive at the hands of those who are able to give, all the assistance they may require in time of need, trouble and distress.

The establishment of a permanent sick fund should never be allowed to interfere with the individual brotherly duty of ready and prompt assistance to the fullest and freest extent of the resources at our command.

Many modern Societies have adopted a kind of principle of insurance, by which a member or subscriber on payment of a certain regular amount weekly or monthly, becomes entitled to receive in case of illness a sum previously agreed upon.

Such an idea as this, excellent as it is, is not in accordance with the idea of assistance and relief as taught in Freemasonry. No Masonic sick fund should be founded on that basis alone.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN. V. ELLIS,
ROBERT T. CLINCH,
W. B. SIMPSON,

On motion, the Report was received and adopted.

The Grand Chancellor reported no official act done by him during the past year.

The Report of the Committee on Foreign Relations, etc., was taken up, and after full discussion thereon—

It was moved by Ill. Bro. ELLIS, seconded by Ill. Bro. MURRAY, that the recommendation of the committee as to the recognition of the Supreme Council of Tunis be adopted. Carried.

On motion of Ill. Bro. ELLIS, seconded by Ill. Bro. PETERS, the recommendation of the committee as to the Sup. Council of Colon was adopted.

On motion of Ill. Bro. ELLIS, seconded by Ill. Bro. MURRAY, the suggestions of the committee as to the Supreme Councils of France and Italy were adopted.

On motion of Ill. Bro. ELLIS, seconded by Ill. Bro. MACKAY, the recommendation as to the recognition of the Supreme Council of Portugal was adopted.

And the recommendation as to exchanging Representatives between this Council and that of Mexico was, on motion of Ill. Bro. ELLIS, seconded by Ill. Bro. PETERS, adopted.

It was then moved by Ill. Bro. PETERS, seconded by Ill. Bro. SIMPSON, that the Report of the Committee on Foreign Relations and Correspondence as a whole be now adopted. Carried.

The Special Committee on the Address of the Sov. Gr. Commander presented the following Report :

To the Supreme Council, 33°, for Canada :

The Committee to whom was referred the address of the M. P. Sov. Grand Commander, report :

The Committee, regretting the absence of the Sov. Grand Commander from his Session of the Supreme Council, cordially reciprocate his kindly greetings.

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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and in common with all the members of the Rite in this Jurisdiction, unite in the earnest hope and prayer that it will please the Great Architect of the Universe to restore to perfect health our distinguished and beloved Grand Commander, and long preserve to us his benificent rule over the deliberations of this Supreme Council.

The Committee are in deep sympathy with the tender and eloquent words of the Sovereign Grand Commander as he announces to this Council the lamented death of many Illustrious Brethren removed during the year from Sister Councils and of worthy members of the Masonic fraternity, who, in other Jurisdictions have passed to the reward which awaits the faithful worker in the Master's service. The Committee recommend that in the proceedings of this Council, memorial pages be inscribed to the Illustrious Dead who were members of this degree.

The Committee are in entire accord with the action of the Sov.: Grand Commander in the appointment of representatives at Sister Councils as reported by him; and they express the hope that the Grand Commander, exercising his privilege of appointment, will fill all vacancies in representation of this Council at other Grand Bodies, confident that his choice in each case will meet the cordial approval of this Supreme Council.

The Committee notice with gratification that the Sov.: Grand Commander, in the careful use of his constitutional power of dispensing with time between the conferring of degrees, continues the judicious supervision that has in former years commended his action to this Council.

The Committee consider the suggestion of the Sovereign Grand Commander as to the advisability of an increase of our 33rds as involving a question of the very greatest importance to the Rite, and express the earnest hope that no step will be taken in this direction without the most careful consideration and deliberation by this Supreme Council.

With reference to the illegal Body styling itself the Cerneau Supreme Council 33°, U. S. A., the circulars issued by the Sovereign Grand Commander receive the cordial approval of this Supreme Council.

Respectfully submitted,

B. LESTER PETERS, 33°,
H. A. MACKAY, 33°,
I. H. STEARNS, 33°.

MONTREAL, 20th October, 1881.

On motion of Ill.: Bro.: PETERS, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: MACKAY, the Report was received and adopted.

The Secretary-General was instructed to telegraph the Sov.: Grand Commander, expressing the great regret of the

members of this Council at his absence from this session and their sympathy with him in his illness.

The acting Sov.: Grand Commander announced to the Supreme Council that a very distinguished visitor, in the person of A. STAVELY HILL, Esq., delegate from H. R. H. the Prince of Wales to the Great Prior of the Knights Templar of the Dominion, was then in the city; and as he was a Knight Rose Croix of the obedience of the Supreme Council of England, Wales, etc., he had considered it but an act of courtesy to extend to him an invitation to meet the members of this Supreme Council, and, therefore, would open a Chapter of Rose Croix for the purpose of receiving the distinguished visitor.

Whereupon a Chapter of Rose Croix de H.: R.: D.: M.: was opened and Sov.: Pr.: A. STAVELY HILL, 18°, was introduced by the Grand Marshall and welcomed.

The distinguished Brother replied in eloquent terms to the address of welcome, and the Chapter of Rose Croix was closed and the Supreme Council was called from labor at 1 o'clock.

The Supreme Council resumed labor at 2.30 o'clock.

The Committee on the Doings of Subordinate Bodies, to whom was referred the application for a warrant for Kingston Lodge of Perfection, reported as follows :

To the Supreme Council, 33°, for the Dominion of Canada.

The Committee on the Doings of Subordinate Bodies, to whom was referred the application of the Kingston Lodge of Perfection, at present working under a Dispensation, asking that a warrant be issued, have much pleasure in recommending that their request be granted.

Fraternally submitted,

H. A. MACKAY, 33°,

Chairman.

MONTREAL, QUE., 20th October, 1881.

On motion, the Report was received and adopted.

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*To the M.: P.
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The Standing Committee on the Doings of Inspectors General and Special Deputies submitted the following Report :

To the M.: P.: S.: Gr.: Commander and the Ill.: Brethren of the Supreme Council, 33°, Dominion of Canada.

Your Committee on the Doings of the Inspectors General and Special Deputies have considered the various reports given them, and are much gratified to learn that harmony and good fellowship prevail throughout our Jurisdiction.

With reference to that portion of our duties relating to the Jurisdiction of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which was left over from last year, the Committee would beg to report that it would be inadvisable to disturb the boundaries as they now are.

The Deputy for Ontario asks whether, when the Grand Lodge, having jurisdiction over a Brother, suspends or expels him for unmasonic conduct, such suspension or expulsion should not be recognized by us, so long as it is continued by the Grand Lodge. Your Committee agree with the Illustrious Deputy that this is a question which, as regards the members of the Rite, the Supreme Council should pronounce upon, and recommend that this question be referred to the Committee on Jurisprudence and Legislation.

Your Committee would also advise that a Warrant be issued for Kingston Lodge of Perfection.

Your Committee would also recommend that the same powers be granted to the Provincial Deputies with regard to the establishment of Rose Croix Chapters as given by resolution October 10th, 1878, for the organization of Lodges of Perfection.

With regard to the Report of the Deputy for Quebec, your Committee cordially endorse his recommendation against the restoration of J. G. A. LEBLANC.

Your Committee are glad to learn by the Report of the Deputy for New Brunswick that the condition of the A.: & A.: Rite is improving in that Province, and take this opportunity to thank him for the very interesting record he has given of Bro.: WHIPPLE.

The Report of the Deputy for Nova Scotia your Committee regret to say is by no means encouraging. They sincerely hope that new life will be infused during the coming year and a more healthy report received from that Province at the next assembly.

Your Committee are pleased to learn of the steady increase and prosperity of the Order as reported by the Special Deputy for Manitoba; and, while they are gratified to know that the A.: & A.: Rite is progressing favorably there

they would invite the attention of the Supreme Council to the consideration of his official act No. 1, and recommend that the powers of Special Deputies be defined, as, in the opinion of your Committee, the Supreme Council never intended that the powers of said Deputies should cover the conferring of the 32nd Degree. While this is the opinion of the Committee, they do not think that the Illustrious Special Deputy did exceed the powers which he considered he possessed.

In regard to the Report of the Special Deputy for British Columbia, your Committee recommend that the Ill. Bro. Secretary-General communicate with Ill. Bro. HARRISON, giving him such information in reference to the Degrees and the duties of Special Deputies as will place that Brother in possession of the intention of the Supreme Council in making him their Deputy in that Province.

Your Committee cannot recommend that any Deputy or Special Deputy should have power to confer Degrees as an Honorarium, or to shorten the time necessary to elapse between the conferring of Degrees, or to exercise any power not conferred on them by the Constitution or by the Sov. Grand Commander.

E. M. COPELAND, 33°,
Chairman.

On motion of Ill. Bro. Murray, seconded by Ill. Bro. Stearns, the Report was received and adopted.

The Report of the Standing Committee on Audit and Finance was read as follows :

To the Supreme Council, 33° :

The Committee on Audit and Finance beg to report that they have carefully examined the books and accounts of the Secretary and Treasurer General, and have found them correct and in good order, showing a balance of eleven hundred and thirty-six dollars and eight cents (\$1136.08), which is deposited in the Bank of Hamilton.

Your Committee beg to congratulate the Supreme Council on the financial position, and are of opinion that its present prosperous condition is due in a great measure to the zealous and careful management of our worthy Secretary and Treasurer General.

Your Committee recommend the payment of the following accounts :

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| Secretary-General—postages, express, telegrams, etc., | \$30.19. |
| Wm. Bruce—engrossing | 14.95. |

Respectfully and fraternally submitted,

I. H. STEARNS, 33°,
W. J. B. McLEOD MOORE, 33°.

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On motion of Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: SIMPSON, the Report was received and adopted.

Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS moved, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: STEARNS, the following resolution, which met with a hearty reception and was unanimously adopted :

Resolved,—That this Supreme Council records its sense of the satisfaction and pleasure it has had in a visit from the Ill.: Bro.: GRAHAM, Deputy of the Supreme Council, N.: J.:, for the State of New York; and of Ill.: Bro.: G. O. TYLER, Deputy for the Supreme Council for the State of Vermont; and of Bro.: D. B. TRACY, Deputy of the Supreme Council for the State of Michigan, and returns its sincere thanks to these Ill.: Brethren for their fraternal and courteous assistance in the deliberations of this Supreme Council.

The Committee on the Doings of Subordinate Bodies presented the following Report :

To the Supreme Council, 33°:

The Committee on the Doings of Subordinate Bodies to whom was referred the application of Brethren in Manitoba, that a Dispensation be issued authorizing them to open a Consistory, 32°, beg to report that they are of opinion that the interests of the Rite will be advanced by the petition being granted, and would recommend the Sov.: Gr.: Commander to issue a Dispensation so soon as the constitutional number of 33rds have been elected which are necessary for the proper working of the Degree.

Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS moved, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: REID, that the commissions issued at the last Session of this Council to Special Deputies for the Provinces of Manitoba and British Columbia, and which expire at this Session, be now extended until the Session of 1882, and that the powers contained in the said commissions be confirmed for the further period mentioned. Carried.

The question as to an increase in the number of members of the 33°, which was moved at last Session of the Council by Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS, and which was deferred for action to this Session, was then brought forward by Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS moving the following resolution, which was seconded by Ill.: Bro.: REID, viz.:

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MOORE, 33°.

That it is desirable that there should be an increase in the number of the members of this Supreme Council.

Whereupon,

It was moved in amendment by Ill.: Bro.: H. MURRAY, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: J. W. MURTON,

That this Council do not now increase the membership of the Supreme Council, but affirm the principle that Brethren who have been elected to, may have the 33rd Degree conferred upon them, without the right to vote in this Council; and that a Committee be appointed at this Session to arrange details and to report at the next meeting of the Council. This resolution not to go into effect until after the reception and adoption of that Report.

After much discussion the amendment and motion were severally put and lost.

The question of adopting a rule admitting at each Session members of the Rite below the 33rd Degree to hear the allocution of the Sov.: Grand Commander read, was discussed, and upon motion it was

Resolved,—That hereafter all members of the Rite of the obedience of this Council in good standing may be admitted to hear the said Allocution read.

The following resolution was adopted :

That this Supreme Council suspend for the present year declaration as to seats forfeited by three years' consecutive absence, under the 10th Article of the Statutes.

Ill.: Bro.: J. V. ELLIS moved, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: H. A. MACKAY,

Resolved,—That a Committee of the Supreme Council be appointed to take into consideration the matter of Honorary members of the Thirty-third Degree, and report to the Supreme Council whether it is desirable in the interest of the Rite to create Honorary members of the Degree in Canada.

The motion was adopted.

The following was the Committee appointed to carry out the foregoing resolution : Ill.: Bros.: ELLIS, MACKAY, PETERS, MURTON AND SIMPSON.

The Acting Sov.: Grand Commander appointed the following Committee to carry out the resolution regarding the

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SUPREME COUNCIL.

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Library, viz.: Ill.: Bros.: W. H. HUTTON, 33°; I. H. STEARNS, 33°; W. B. SIMPSON, 33°; E. M. COPELAND, 33°; C. G. GEDDES, 32°.

Ill.: Bro.: PETERS made the following motion, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: MURTON, which was carried :

That the cordial acknowledgments of this Supreme Council be recorded, and be communicated to the Brethren of the Rite in Montreal, for their courteous hospitality extended at this Session to this Supreme Council.

On motion the sum of \$10 was voted to Bro.: _____ for his kind attendance on this Council at this Session.

The Acting Sov.: Grand Commander announced that Hochelaga Lodge of Perfection had arranged and had called a special assembly for this evening for the purpose of exemplifying the 4° and 5° before the members of the Supreme Council, and expressed the hope that every member would be present.

Ill.: Bro.: MACKAY moved, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS, and

Resolved.—That the Secretary-General be and is hereby authorized to print 500 copies of the Proceedings of this Session for distribution.

The notice of motion of Ill.: Brother ELLIS *re* the appointment of Inspectors of Districts, which was to come up for action at this Session, was by consent of the Council deferred to the Session of 1882.

It was moved by Ill.: Bro.: ELLIS, seconded by Ill.: Bro.: PETERS, that this Council expresses its hearty satisfaction at the able and courteous manner in which the Ill.: Lieut.: Grand Commander has presided over the deliberations of this Council. Carried.

The Acting Sovereign Grand Commander appointed the following standing committees for the year :

On Audit and Finance.

- Ill. Bro.: ISAAC HENRY STEARNS.
 " " EUGENE MORTIMER COPELAND.
 " " ROBERT THOMSON CLINCH.

On Foreign Correspondence and Relations.

- Ill. Bro.: JOHN VALENTINE ELLIS.
 " " B. LESTER PETERS.
 " " DAVID RANSOM MUNRO.

On Jurisprudence and Legislation.

- Ill. Bro.: HUGH MURRAY.
 " " WILLIAM HENRY HUTTON.
 " " HUGH ALEXANDER MACKAY.

On the Doings of Subordinate Bodies.

- Ill. Bro.: HUGH ALEXANDER MACKAY.
 " " WILLIAM REID.
 " " ISAAC HENRY STEARNS.

On the Doings of Inspectors General and Special Deputies.

- Ill. Bro.: WILLIAM BENJAMIN SIMPSON.
 " " ISAAC HENRY STEARNS.
 " " HUGH MURRAY.

Ill. Bro.: R. M. C. GRAHAM, of New York, thanked the Supreme Council for the courtesy extended to him during the Session.

The Committee appointed to define the powers of Special Deputies asked for further time to report upon this very important subject. Granted.

The question having been asked in the Report of the Deputy for Ontario as to the standing of a member of our Rite who has been disciplined by his Grand Lodge, and which question had been referred to the Standing Committee on Jurisprudence and Legislation, the said Committee requested to be allowed further time until the Session of 1882 to report upon the same, which was granted.

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J. W. MURT

[Oct.,

1881.]

SUPREME COUNCIL.

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The labors of the Supreme Council being ended, the box of fraternal assistance was passed and the contents handed over to the benevolent fund of the Montreal Bodies.

The Chain of Union was formed, and the Supreme Council was closed in full at 6 o'clock.

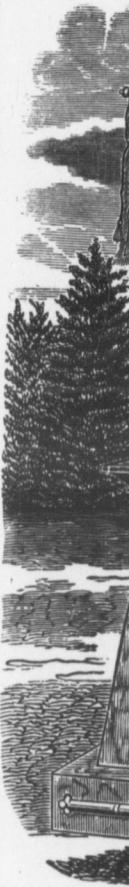


T. DOUGLAS HARINGTON, 33°,
Sovereign Grand Commander

J. W. MURTON, 33°,
Secretary-General.

In

In Memoriam.



Albert

Secret

REPRESENTA
S



ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER

Albert Gallatin Mackey, 33°, M. D.

Secretary-General of the Supreme Council, 33°,

S.: J.: U.: S.: A.:

AND

REPRESENTATIVE OF THIS SUPREME COUNCIL NEAR THE
SUPREME COUNCIL S.: J.: U.: S.: A.:



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ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER

William H. Van Rensselaer, 33°

PAST SOV. GRAND COMMANDER OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33°
FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS AN ACTIVE LABORER IN
THIS RITE.

U. S. A.

Letters and othe

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APPENDIX

CONTAINING

Letters and other Documents referred to in the foregoing Proceedings ;

ALSO,

TABLEAU

*Of the Supreme Council, Bodies under the Supreme Council, and
Registered Members of the Rite in the Dominion of Canada.*

Circular o

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(APPENDIX 1.)

Circular on the death of Bro.: JAMES A. GARFIELD.

Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors General of the Thirty-third and Last Degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry, for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, in Annual Session assembled in its Consistorial Chamber, in the Masonic Temple, in the City of New York, on the 26th day of the Hebrew month Elul, A.: M.: 5641, answering to the 20th day of September, 1881, E.: V.:

III.: HENRY L. PALMER, 33°, M.: P.:, Sovereign Grand Commander, in a most eloquent and touching address, announced the death of Bro.: JAMES A. GARFIELD, President of the United States of America, whereupon a Special Committee was appointed to draft suitable resolutions expressive of the sorrow of this Supreme Council, which were subsequently presented, and unanimously adopted, as follows:

"The Supreme Council of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States, now assembled together, join with their fellow citizens in bewailing the untimely death of Brother JAMES A. GARFIELD, President of the United States, struck down by an assassin's hand in the beginning of his honorable career as Chief Magistrate of this Republic, to which he had been elevated by the votes of a free people, influenced by their knowledge of the abilities and virtues he had displayed in various walks of public service.

"The impulses of a patriotic heart were seen throughout his public career, and now when, with experience ripened as a statesman, liberalized by varied and profound studies, he promised to yield in the administration of his high trust a generous harvest for the commonweal of these United States, an inscrutable Providence has removed him from this sphere of action to that vast Spiritual realm at whose threshold we all humbly kneel.

"Our grief for the lamented deceased is more personal in this, that we were joined in the relations which spring from the common bond of Freemasonry.

"Our deceased Brother, for many years, had been a member of the Grand Lodge of Perfection, in the jurisdiction of our sister, the Southern Supreme Council of this Rite, and we bear cheerful witness to the wisdom and assiduity

with which he fulfilled the mission of Charity, Friendship and Brotherly Love that his high grade imposed upon him.

"The cause of humanity, to which Masonry is devoted, found in his generous heart a kind and sympathetic field, and in the various Masonic organizations with which he was connected he won the affection, confidence and esteem of his comrades and brethren.

"In losing him, Masonry has lost a rare and precious jewel, but she will long cherish the memory of his virtues with pure and loving sympathy.

"We tender to the Southern Supreme Council; and the Masonic Bodies in which the deceased was affiliated, the expressions of our appreciation of their great loss.

"The Sovereign Grand Commander is requested to cause a copy of these resolves to be transmitted to the Mother and to the Wife of the Illustrious deceased, with assurances that this Council, in the name of the Brethren of its jurisdiction, shares the grief that has fallen on his family, and condoles with them on their irreparable bereavement.

"*Resolved*,—That the Banners, Jewels and Altar of this Council be draped in mourning for forty days, and that similar mourning be worn on the Jewels, Banners and Altars of every subordinate Body of this jurisdiction during the same time.

"*Resolved*,—That Brother GARFIELD having died while within the Masonic jurisdiction of this Supreme Council, that the Sovereign Grand Commander tender to the authorities in charge of his remains the services of this Council and its brethren at the funeral obsequies.

Fraternally submitted,

"CHARLES LEVI WOODBURY, 33°

"ALBERT G. GOODALL, 33°

"THOMAS A. DOYLE, 33°

"FRANCIS A. BLADES, 33°

"ANTHONY E. STOCKER, 33°."

OFFICIAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 23, 1881.

HON. HENRY L. PALMER,

51 Astor House, New York.

DEAR SIR,—Your letter and accompanying resolutions of the 20th inst. add

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Circular No

FROM THE E

To all Members an

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a deeply touching proof of the veneration of the High Masonic fraternity for the memory of their lamented Brother, the late President, in this hour of National sorrow.

The arrangements for the funeral are under the directions of the authorities of Ohio.

Very respectfully yours,

JAMES G. BLAINE,
Secretary of State.

The foregoing was received in acknowledgement of the resolutions of condolence adopted by the Supreme Council.

The above resolutions and dispatch are true copies from the records of the Supreme Council.

Attest:

CLINTON F. PAIGE, 33°
G. S. Sec. Gen. H. E.

(APPENDIX 2.)

Circular No. 1 anent the spurious Cerneau Sup. Council.

FROM THE EAST OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL, ETC., ETC.

To all Members and Bodies of the Obedience of this Supreme Council.

GREETING: Information having come to me of the existence of a *clandestine* Body, styling itself "The Supreme Grand Council S. G., I. G. 33rd and last Degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, Valley of New York," as organized by Ill. JOSEPH CERNEAU, for the U. S. of America, its Territories and Dependencies in 1807, but in reality organized October, 1880, in the city of New York.

And Whereas the only legitimate Supreme Councils of this Rite for the United States of America are those of the Northern Jurisdiction, whose See is at Boston, and whose Sov. Grand Commander is Ill. Brother HENRY L. PALMER, 33°; and of the Southern Jurisdiction, whose See is at Washington, and whose Sov. Grand Commander is Ill. Bro. ALBERT PIKE, 33°.

And Whereas the said clandestine Body has, through some of its members, approached members of the Craft in this Dominion offering them the Degrees of their so-called Supreme Council for \$10 each candidate, with a view of establishing Bodies of this so-called Rite in this Dominion :

Now Know ye that the said Body, calling itself after a Supreme Council now long since defunct, and for many years out of existence, is CLANDESTINE AND FRAUDULENT! and is not, nor ever will be, recognized by any legitimate Supreme Council in the world; and that no one made by it or by any member under it, can or will be recognized by any legitimate member or Body of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, and you are hereby instructed to see that any person presenting himself for visitation, claiming to be a member of this Rite from the United States, do show his certificate, which must be issued from either of the above named Supreme Councils of the U. S., and you are further requested to warn any whom you may know as being tampered with to avoid becoming dupes of this utterly worthless concern, that they may be saved from paying their money for what are called *Degrees*, but which will be entirely valueless.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the Supreme Council, this sixth day of November, 1880.

T. DOUGLAS HARINGTON,
Sovereign Grand Commander.

(APPENDIX 3.)

Circular No. 2 regarding the spurious Cerneau Supreme Council.

FROM THE EAST OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL, ETC., ETC.

To all Members and Bodies of the Obedience of this Supreme Council.

GREETING:—Referring to my former letter of the 6th November last, I have now to call your attention to the following communication from our Ill. Bro.: ALBERT PIKE, 33°, Grand Commander of the Supreme Council, 33°, A. & A. S. Rite of F. My., for the Southern Jurisdiction of the U. S. A., relating to the acts of that illegal, illegitimate and spurious Body, styling itself "*The Cerneau Supreme Council, 33°, &c.*," which Body has invaded the Territory and Jurisdiction presided over by our said Ill. Bro.: ALBERT PIKE, viz.;

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SUPREME COUNCIL, 33d, A.: & A.: S.: RITE OF FREEMASONRY,

For the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States.

218 THIRD STREET N. W.,

CITY OF WASHINGTON, D. C., April 27, 1881.

To the lawful Supreme Councils of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, of all Countries of the World, wherewith we have relations of amity and intercourse, to wit, unto those of Nor.: Jurisd.: U. S. A., England and Wales, Ireland, Scotland, Belgium, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Hungary, Canada, Egypt, Peru, Brazil, Nueva Granada, Venezuela, the Argentine Confederation, Uruguay, Mexico and Colon, and the Provisional Supreme Council of Tunis:

* * *

We hereby make known unto you that there have recently been established, at Pensacola, in the State of Florida (one of the States of our Jurisdiction), a Body pretending to be a Chapter of Rose Croix and one pretending to be a Consistory of the 32nd Degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, by the illegal, illegitimate and spurious Body in the city of New York (within the Jurisdiction of our sister Supreme Council of the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States), which pretends to be a Supreme Council and styles itself "The Cerneau Supreme Council," vending its Degrees from the 4th to the 32nd at \$10 for the whole.

And that the following-named persons compose the said irregular, illicit and base-born Bodies at Pensacola, viz.: Elijah Laws, Engineer, U. S. N., Samuel S. Harvey, George E. Wentworth, George H. O'Neal, Z. T. Brown, Paymaster, U. S. N., Louis P. Knowles, S. P. Hutchinson, Charles A. Foster, U. S. N., J. M. Hilliard, A. Whiting, A. Paul Spencer, U. S. N., C. McK. Oerting, L. H. Sellars, D. L. McKinnon, E. A. Perry, W. F. Lee, J. C. Hall, U. S. N., G. Fricheimer, Otto Goldstucker, Charles H. Ball, U. S. R. C., G. W. LeGallais, James McDonald, R. W. Steele, U. S. N., J. A. Chaffin, J. C. Peterson, and J. C. Whiting, M.D., who, being worthy and reputable men and Masons, have been egregiously duped and befooled by vendors of worthless Degrees.

And we do fraternally request you to make known to the Bodies of your Obedience the establishment of these illegitimate Bodies at Pensacola and the names of the members thereof, and to forbid the admission as visitors of any of the said persons, if they should present themselves, as also that of any other persons coming from any State or Territory of our Jurisdiction, and not having Diploma, Brief or Patent signed by our Grand Commander, Grand Chancellor and Secretary-General, and bearing our Great Seal.

And we do formally denounce to you the said so-called Supreme Council as spurious, self-created, an impostor in Masonry, existing under false pretences,

and not even being in any sense entitled to use the name *Cerneau*; and we request you publicly to warn the Brethren of your Jurisdiction against it and to repudiate, denounce and proscribe it and all who adhere to

In testimony whereof our Grand Commander doth hereunto set his hand, and cause this letter to be countersigned by the Secretary-General, and our petty Seal to be hereunto affixed.

(L. S.) ALBERT PIKE, 33°,

Grand Commander.

ALBERT G. MACKEY, 33°,

Secretary-General.

And you are now again instructed to require that any and every person presenting himself for visitation to your Body as a member of the A.: & A.: S.: Rite of Freemasonry, or claiming recognition as such, shall and do exhibit his *Certificate, which must be issued*, as far as the United States are concerned, from either the Supreme Council of the Northern or Southern Jurisdiction thereof; and you are further instructed hereby to warn every member of your Body, so as to save them from becoming dupes of this worthless concern, and paying their money for *what are called Degrees of the A.: & A.: S.: Rite*, but which are quite valueless. Please not to neglect this.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the Supreme Council, this ninth day of June, 1881.

T. D. HARINGTON, 33°,

Grand Commander.

(APPENDIX 4.)

Correspondence regarding the Sup.: Council of Colon.

LONDON, 16th November, 1880.

To the Grand Secretary Sup.: Council of 33° for Canada.

DEAR SIR AND ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER,—

I left St. Jago de Cuba on 5th May last, and start again to-morrow on my way back there. When I left dissensions had arisen in the Sup.: Council of Colon, and I have since received information thence, which enables me now to report that the members of said Sup.: Council of Colon have divided and have formed two Supreme Councils with exactly similar titles and seals. The Sov.: Gr.: Commander and the Gr.: Captain of Guards have formed one Supreme Council resident at St. Jago de Cuba; and the Lt.: Grand Commander, Gr.: Secretary and remaining officers—myself excepted—have formed the other with its seat at Havana, and this last Supreme Council possesses the original Archives and Seals.

I have endeavored to have attached my name to the communication. Nevertheless, I have appended my name to the communication while, on the other side, two days ago, I received a communication in the pretext of my having concluded will have honor to represent

With my expressions

Ill.: T. D. Harington

DEAR SIR AND ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER,—

Your favor of the 11th inst. is received. It is an honor to me to receive it to Ill.: Brother. I enclose. It is a pleasure to me to receive it in twain, and I shall be glad to receive it

I do not know of any other information recognized by our Brethren of the Southern Jurisdiction. I have no information on the subject.

Ill.: A. P. Moriarty

DEAR SIR AND ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER,—

On account of a matter of business, and I hasten to reply to you. I am 33°, which you enclose. I have every reason to believe that Ill.: Bro.: RAMSDEN

I have endeavored so far to prevent this division, but without success, and have attached myself to neither of the two parties, nor do I intend to do so. Nevertheless, the Havana Supreme Council have, without my authorization, appended my name along with theirs to a pamphlet setting forth their action; while, on the other hand, the St. Jago Supreme Council have, as I learned two days ago from the Supreme Council of England, asked them in a communication evidently pre-dated, to withdraw my Exequator, under the pretext of my having rebelled against the Supreme Council of Colon, and I conclude will have done the same with the other powers which I have the honor to represent.

With my expressions of Brotherly love and esteem, I am,

Yours fraternally,

(Signed) FRED. W. RAMSDEN.

51 ASTOR HOUSE,

NEW YORK, January 18, 1881.

Ill.: T. D. Havington, 33°, M.: P.: S.: G.: Commander S.: C.: for Canada.

DEAR SIR AND ILLUSTRIOUS BROTHER,—

Your favor of the 10th inst. was duly received, and I immediately submitted it to Ill.: Brother ODIO, and have just received his reply, a copy of which I enclose. It is apparently too true that the Supreme Council of Colon is rent in twain, and I shall at once tender my resignation as their Representative.

I do not know anything about the St. Domingo affair. It has never been recognized by our Supreme Council, and I do not think the Supreme Council of the Southern Jurisdiction have recognized it. I will endeavor to obtain information on the subject and write you.

In great haste,

Yours truly and fraternally,

(Signed), A. P. MORIARTY, 33°.

NEW YORK, January 17, 1881.

Ill.: A. P. Moriarty, 33°.

DEAR SIR AND ILL.: BROTHER,—

On account of absence, your letter of the 12th inst. reached me only to-day, and I hasten to reply. I have perused the letter from Ill.: Bro.: HARINGTON, 33°, which you enclosed and which I return herewith; and I am sorry to say that I have every reason to believe that the information communicated by Ill.: Bro.: RAMSDEN is correct.

When I visited Cuba in 1878-9, I had a long conference with the Sov. Gr. Com. of Colon, and I gave him my views in regard to the policy that I thought best calculated to keep out of all complications arising from the then existing conflicts between the distinct factions of the Grand Lodge of Colon and also the Grand Lodge of the Island of Cuba, and I warned him against committing the Supreme Council to the support of either of them. In spite of my strong arguments for neutrality, they plunged in with the smallest faction of the Grand Lodge of Cuba, sitting at St. Jago de Cuba, as a matter of local pride; and the members of the Supreme Council who sided with the other faction, sitting at Havana, withdrew from the Supreme Council, among them the Secretary-General, carrying with him the records of the Supreme Council. They (that is the Sov. Gr. Comm.) notified me of this fact, and I being thoroughly sick and tired of the course of affairs in the Jurisdiction of Colon, sent my resignation as the Foreign Representative on May 6th, 1880, which letter of resignation was handed to the Sov. Gr. Comm. by a friend of mine, so that I have no doubt that he received it. I have received no reply, and although I stated that my resignation was irrevocable, no action has been taken upon it.

Last Fall, as if nothing had happened, I received a communication from the Sov. Gr. Comm. informing me of the dissensions among the members and of the scheme of forming a new Supreme Council, to which I have paid no attention, nor do I intend to waste any more time in trying to keep myself informed of the doings of a Body who seems to have no power to discipline its own members, nor even enough moral support to compel its Secretary-General to surrender the records, etc., which he has withheld in so unwarrantable a manner. Besides this, the Supreme Council is committed to sustain the small faction calling itself the Grand Lodge of Colon, sitting at St. Jago de Cuba, which is not recognized by any Body outside of that locality. I cannot act with them in anything connected with such fraction or faction, because I am a Master Mason under the Grand Lodge of New York, which has recognized the Grand Lodge of the Island of Cuba.

In conclusion, my relations with the Supreme Council of Colon, whether they accept my resignation or not, have ceased since 6th May last.

Yours truly and fraternally,

(Signed) B. ODIO, 33°.

EXTRACT FROM TRANSACTIONS OF S. CO. OF SOUTHERN JURISDICTION,
U. S. A., OCTOBER, 1880.

(Page 16, Appendix.)

"The Supreme Council of Colon is rent in twain. Seven of its members, denouncing the Gr. Commander, JUAN MANUEL CRUZ, and accusing him

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“ of grave irregularities and misdemeanors, have withdrawn from association
 “ with him, and establishing themselves at Habana, have proclaimed
 “ themselves the Sup.: Council of Colon and the other Spanish West Indies.
 “ The principal accusation is that he invested rebels with the Degrees of the
 “ Rite. Generally he is charged with despotic exercise of power and violations
 “ of Masonic Law.

“ As the Sup.: Co.: of Colon is a member of the Lausanne Confederation,
 “ it is for the Judicial Tribunal of that Confederation to settle this controversy ;
 “ and if we were disposed to investigate it, we have not been furnished with
 “ the means whereby to judge of the merits.

“ (Signed)

“ ALBERT PIKE, 33°,

“ Grand Commander.”

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TABLEAU

OF THE

Supreme Council of S.:G.:J.:G.:33°

FOR THE

Dominion of Canada.

GRAND EAST, MONTREAL, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

1881-82

OFFICERS.

- T. DOUGLAS HARINGTON, 33°,
M.:P.: Sovereign Grand Commander.
- WM. HENRY HUTTON, 33°,
P.: Lieut.: Grand Commander.
- JOHN WALTER MURTON, 33°,
Ill.: Secretary-General H.:E.:
- HUGH ALEXANDER MACKAY, 33°,
Ill.: Treasurer-General H.:E.:
- WM. BENJAMIN SIMPSON, 33°,
Ill.: Grand Chancellor.
- WILLIAM REID, 33°,
Ill.: Grand Master of Ceremonies.
- ISAAC HENRY STEARNS, 33°,
Ill.: Grand Marshal.
- COL. W. J. B. MACLEOD MOORE, 33°,
Ill.: Grand Standard Bearer.
- EUGENE MORTIMER COPELAND, 33°,
Ill.: Grand Captain of the Guard.

HUGH AL

ISAAC HE

JOHN VAL

ROBERT T

JOHN HEA

ELI HARR

THOMAS D

COL. W. J.

ROBERT M

JOHN W. M

HUGH A. M

DAVID R. M

JAMES DOM

HUGH W. C

JAMES K. K

DEPUTIES.

- HUGH ALEXANDER MACKAY, 33°,
Hamilton, for the Province of Ontario.
- ISAAC HENRY STEARNS, 33°,
Montreal, for the Province of Quebec.
- JOHN VALENTINE ELLIS, 33°,
St. John, for the Province of New Brunswick.
- ROBERT THOMSON CLINCH, 33°,
St. John, for the Province of Nova Scotia.

SPECIAL DEPUTIES.

- JOHN HEADLEY BELL, 32°,
Winnipeg, for the Province of Manitoba.
- ELI HARRISON, SEN., 32°,
Victoria, for the Province of British Columbia.

MEMBERS.

- THOMAS DOUGLAS HARRINGTON, 33°,
Prescott, Province of Ontario.
- COL. W. J. B. MACLEOD MOORE, 33°,
Laprairie, Province of Quebec.
- ROBERT MARSHALL, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- JOHN W. MURTON, 33°,
Hamilton, Province of Ontario.
- HUGH A. MACKAY, 33°,
Hamilton, Province of Ontario.
- DAVID R. MUNRO, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- JAMES DOMVILLE, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- HUGH W. CHISHOLM, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- JAMES K. KERR, 33°,
Toronto, Province of Ontario.

- WILLIAM H. HUTTON, 33°,
Montreal, Province of Quebec.
- JOHN V. ELLIS, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- WILLIAM REID, 33°,
Hamilton, Province of Ontario.
- EUGENE M. COPELAND, 33°,
Berthier, Province of Quebec.
- ISAAC H. STEARNS, 33°,
Montreal, Province of Quebec.
- HUGH MURRAY, 33°,
Hamilton, Province of Ontario.
- BENJAMIN LESTER PETERS, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- ROBERT THOMPSON CLINCH, 33°,
St. John, Province of New Brunswick.
- WM. BENJAMIN SIMPSON, 33°,
Montreal, Province of Quebec.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

- HON. ALBERT PIKE, 33°,
M.: P.: Sov.: Gr.: Com.: Sup.: Co.: Southern Jurisdiction U. S. A.
- HON. JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, 33°,
M.: P.: Sov.: Gr.: Com.: Sup.: Co.: Northern Jurisdiction U. S. A.
- JOHN FITZHENRY TOWNSHEND, 33°,
M.: P.: Sov.: Gr.: Com.: Sup.: Co.: Ireland.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THIS SUPREME COUNCIL.

- LIEUT. COL. SHADWELL HENRY CLERKE, 33°,
London, England; near the Supreme Council of England, Wales, etc.
- W. G. DESAUSSURE, 33°,
Charleston, S.: C.: near the Supreme Council of the Southern Jurisdiction U. S. A.

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 EMANUEL
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- D. BURNHAM TRACY, 33°,
*Detroit, Michigan; near the Supreme Council of the
Northern Jurisdiction, U. S. A.*
- LINDSAY MACKERSY, 33°,
*Edinburgh, Scotland; near the Supreme Council of Scot-
land.*
- RIGHT HON. HEDGES EYRE CHATTERTON, 33°,
Dublin, Ireland; near the Supreme Council of Ireland.
- EMANUEL ARAGO, 33°,
Paris, France; near the Supreme Council of France.
- EDOUARD CLUYDTS, 33°,
Brussels, Belgium; near the Supreme Council of Belgium.
- TIMOTHIE RIBOLI, 33°,
Turin, Italy, near the Supreme Council of Italy.
- RICARDO H. HARTLEY, 33°,
Lima, Peru; near the Supreme Council of Peru.
- DR. ALEXANDER DAMASCHINO, 33°,
Athens, Greece; near the Supreme Council of Greece.
- DR. LOUIS ALVAREZ, D'AZEVEDO MACEDO, 33°,
Rio de Janeiro; near the Supreme Council of Brazil.
- FRANCOIS RAMUZ, 33°,
*Lausanne, Switzerland; near the Supreme Council of
Switzerland.*

REPRESENTATIVES OF FOREIGN SUPREME
COUNCILS NEAR THIS SUPREME
COUNCIL.

- COL. W. J. B. MACLEOD MOORE, 33°,
*La Prairie, Quebec; of the Supreme Councils of England,
Wales, etc., and of Greece.*
- JOHN WALTER MURTON, 33°,
*Hamilton, Ontario; of the Supreme Councils of the
Southern Jurisdiction, U. S. A., and of Belgium.*
- HUGH ALEXANDER MACKAY, 33°,
*Hamilton, Ontario; of the Supreme Council of the
Northern Jurisdiction, U. S. A.*

- ROBERT MARSHALL, 33°,
St. John, New Brunswick; of the Sup.:. Co.:. of Peru.
- JOHN VALENTINE ELLIS, 33°,
St. John, New Brunswick; of the Sup.:. Co.:. of Scotland.
- JAMES DOMVILLE, 33°,
St. John, New Brunswick; of the Sup.:. Co.:. of Ireland.
- WM. HENRY HUTTON, 33°,
Montreal, Quebec; of the Sup.:. Co.:. of Switzerland.
- ISAAC HENRY STEARNS, 33°,
Montreal, Quebec; of the Sup.:. Council of Brazil.
- WILLIAM REID, 33°,
Hamilton, Ontario; of the Sup.:. Council of Colon.

GRAND BODIES IN CORRESPONDENCE WITH
 THIS SUPREME COUNCIL.

- Supreme Council of England, Wales, etc.
 Supreme Council of Southern Jurisdiction, U. S. A.
 Supreme Council of Northern Jurisdiction, U. S. A.
 Supreme Council of Scotland.
 Supreme Council of Ireland.
 Supreme Council of France.
 Supreme Council of Belgium.
 Supreme Council of Italy.
 Supreme Council of Peru.
 Supreme Council of Colon for the West India Islands.
 Supreme Council of Brazil.
 Supreme Council of Switzerland.
 Supreme Council of Greece.
 Supreme Council of New Grenada.
 Supreme Council of Mexico.
 Supreme Council of Egypt.
 Supreme Council of St. Domingo.
 Supreme Council of Portugal.
 Supreme Council of Tunis.

JURISDIC

J. W. Murton, 33°

HAMI
Rob't A. HutchisMURT
Gavin Stewart, 33°LON
James Priddis, 33°TORO
James B. Nixon,TORO
Thos. F. BlackwoKINGS
Wm. D. Gordon,M
Wm. H. Hutton,

Subordinate Bodies

—UNDER THE—

JURISDICTION OF THIS SUPREME COUNCIL

—1881—

ONTARIO.

MOORE CONSISTORY, 32°, Hamilton.

J. W. Murton, 33°, Com-in-Chief. David McLellan, 32°, Gr. Sec.

HAMILTON CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, Hamilton.

Rob't A. Hutchison, 32°, M. W. Sov. Sherman E. Townsend, 18°, Registrar.

MURTON LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Hamilton.

Gavin Stewart, 32°, T. P. Gr. M. Alex. R. Whyte, 32°, Gr. Sec.

LONDON CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, London.

James Priddis, 32°, M. W. Sov. John M. Longan, 18°, Registrar.

TORONTO CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, Toronto.

James B. Nixon, 32°, M. W. Sov. Geo. C. Patterson, 18°, Registrar.

TORONTO LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Toronto.

Thos. F. Blackwood, 32°, T. P. Gr. M. T. D. Ledyard, 18°, Gr. Sec.

KINGSTON LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Kingston.

Wm. D. Gordon, 18°, T. P. G. M. _____, Gr. Sec.

QUEBEC.

MONTREAL CONSISTORY, 32°, Montreal.

Wm. H. Hutton, 33°, Com-in-Chief. H. D. Whitney, 32°, Gr. Sec.

SUBORDINATE BODIES.

HOCHELAGA CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, Montreal.
Isaac Henry Stearns, 33°, M.:W.:Sov.: W. Simpson Walker, 32°, Registrar.

HOCHELAGA LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Montreal.
Chas. Geo. Geddes, 32°, T.:P.:Gr.:M.: W. Simpson Walker, 32°, Gr.:Sec.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

NEW BRUNSWICK CONSISTORY, 32°, St. John.
David R. Munro, 33°, Com-in-Chief. Wm. J. Logan, 32°, Gr.: Sec

HARINGTON CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, St. John.
T. Nisbet Robertson, 30°, M.:W.:Sov.: Augustus W. Reed, 18°, Registrar.

ST. JOHN LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, St. John.
John V. Ellis, 33°, T.:P.:Gr.:M.: Augustus W. Reed, 18°, Gr.: Sec.

NOVA SCOTIA.

KEITH CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, Halifax.
James Gossip, 18°, M.:W.:Sov.: Geo. T. Smithers, 18°, Registrar.

KEITH LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Halifax.
(Under Warrant of Keith Chapter.)
W. Henry Hart, 18°, T.:P.:G.M.: Geo. T. Smithers, 18°, Gr.: Sec.

MANITOBA.

WINNIPEG LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Winnipeg.
Elias G. Conklin, 32°, T.:P.:Gr.:M.: Herbert Swinford, 32°, Gr.: Sec.

BETHESDA CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, Winnipeg.
Chas. N. Bell, 32°, M.:W.:Sov.: C. F. Forest, 18°, Registrar.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

LAWSON LODGE OF PERFECTION, 14°, Victoria.
Eli Harrison, Jr., 18°, T.:P.:Gr.:M.: H. R. Milne, 18°, Gr.: Sec.

K'HURUM CHAPTER ROSE CROIX, 18°, Victoria.
John Teague, 18°, M.:W.:Sov.: Thos. Shotbolt, 18°, Registrar.

REGISTRE

Ardell, James -
Adam, James
Adams, James
Andrews, John
Almon, Rev. H.
Albertson, Rams
Adcock, Thoma
Aitchison, Davi
Adams, James

Birge, Charles A
Brierley, Richar
Bartindale, Thos
Biggar, Wm. F.
Bowman, Wm.
Babcock, Brento
Bruce, Wm.
Boulton, John
Beasley, Thomas
Bull, Richard
Birrell, Geo. S.
Beattie, Thomas
Butterworth, Enc
Brydon, Wm.
Blackwood, Thos
Baxter, Hamilton
Burch, David B.
Byron, Benjamin
Burnett, John
Bray, Wm. T.
Ball, Wm.
Bosant, Christoph
Bartheaux, E. Law
Beatty, John Ho
Baker, Charles P.
Brown, Silas Har
Boyd, Herbert, M
Brown, Charles W
Bryan, Wm J.
Boddy, Ulysses
Bentley, Lewis
Bond, Frank
Brown, John
Bell, David
Brent, Geo. Walte
Ballard, W. H.

MEMBERS

ON THE

REGISTER OF THIS SUPREME COUNCIL,

31st August, 1881.

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|
| Ardell, James - - - - | 18° | Billings, John - - - - | 18° |
| Adam, James - - - - | 18° | Bell, Charles Napier - - - - | 32° |
| Adams, James - - - - | 14° | Bell, John Headley - - - - | 32° |
| Andrews, John Wm. - - - - | 18° | Burrard, Sir H. Paul - - - - | 32° |
| Almon, Rev. H. P. - - - - | 18° | Ball, Peter Brown - - - - | 4° |
| Albertson, Ransom B. - - - - | 18° | Baker, Edward Crow - - - - | 18° |
| Adcock, Thomas - - - - | 30° | Bickford, Henry - - - - | 14° |
| Aitchison, David - - - - | 14° | Balsillie, John - - - - | 14° |
| Adams, James - - - - | 18° | | |
| | | Charlton, James - - - - | 32° |
| Birge, Charles A. - - - - | 32° | Carey, William - - - - | 32° |
| Brierley, Richard - - - - | 32° | Caulfield, Rev. St. George - - - - | 32° |
| Bartindale, Thos. H. - - - - | 18° | Caw, William - - - - | 18° |
| Biggar, Wm. F. - - - - | 18° | Chisholm, Hugh W. - - - - | 33° |
| Bowman, Wm. - - - - | 32° | Clinch, Robert T. - - - - | 33° |
| Babcock, Brenton D. - - - - | 33° | Caritto, Thomas W., M.D. - - - - | 18° |
| Bruce, Wm. - - - - | 18° | Chamberlain, Montague - - - - | 31° |
| Boultbee, John - - - - | 30° | Clarke, Peter Parlee - - - - | 18° |
| Beasley, Thomas - - - - | 30° | Clark, James Alfred - - - - | 18° |
| Eull, Richard - - - - | 32° | Crookshank, Robert W. - - - - | 32° |
| Birrell, Geo. S. - - - - | 32° | Chesley, John Alex. - - - - | 18° |
| Beattie, Thomas - - - - | 32° | Crossman, Theodore A. - - - - | 18° |
| Butterworth, Enoch B. - - - - | 32° | Cameron, Wm. James - - - - | 18° |
| Brydon, Wm. - - - - | 32° | Cooper, W. M. - - - - | 18° |
| Blackwood, Thos. F. - - - - | 32° | Copeland, Eugene M. - - - - | 33° |
| Baxter, Hamilton A. - - - - | 32° | Clouston, Edward T. - - - - | 32° |
| Burch, David B. - - - - | 32° | Claggett, Charles C. - - - - | 32° |
| Byron, Benjamin - - - - | 18° | Canfield, James - - - - | 18° |
| Burnett, John - - - - | 18° | Clarke, Thomas - - - - | 31° |
| Bray, Wm. T. - - - - | 4° | Campbell, John - - - - | 18° |
| Ball, Wm. - - - - | 4° | Chisholm, Robert - - - - | 14° |
| Bosant, Christopher - - - - | 18° | Campbell, Arthur Ginty - - - - | 14° |
| Bartheaux, E. Lawrence, M.D. - - - - | 18° | Choate, John Frederick - - - - | 18° |
| Beatty, John Howard - - - - | 18° | Christie, Alexander - - - - | 14° |
| Baker, Charles P. - - - - | 30° | Conklin, Elias George - - - - | 32° |
| Brown, Silas Harrington - - - - | 30° | Carter, George W. F. - - - - | 18° |
| Boyd, Herbert, M. D. - - - - | 32° | Carruthers, George P. - - - - | 18° |
| Brown, Charles W. - - - - | 18° | Carman, Thos. H. - - - - | 16° |
| Bryan, Wm J. - - - - | 18° | Clarke, Wm. Raymond - - - - | 18° |
| Boddy, Ulysses - - - - | 18° | | |
| Bentley, Lewis - - - - | 16° | Duncan, Alexander - - - - | 32° |
| Bond, Frank - - - - | 32° | Despard, Fitzherbert R. - - - - | 32° |
| Brown, John - - - - | 14° | Dewar, Wm. - - - - | 32° |
| Bell, David - - - - | 18° | Davidson, Charles - - - - | 16° |
| Brent, Geo. Walter - - - - | 14° | Dalley, Fenner Frederick - - - - | 32° |
| Ballard, W. H. - - - - | 14° | Davis, Evans - - - - | 18° |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|-----|------------------------------|---|---|-----|-------------------|
| Domville, James | - | - | 33° | Gordon, Wm. Dunlop | - | - | 18° | Kennedy, Wm |
| DeVeber, J. S. Boies | - | - | 18° | Gunn, Ralph Leeming | - | - | 12° | Land, John Hen |
| Dolphin, Kellam James | - | - | 18° | Humphrey, Nelson | - | - | 18° | Land, Allan |
| Darby, George | - | - | 18° | Hutchison, Robert A. | - | - | 32° | Lewis, Robert |
| Dixon, Wm. J. | - | - | 14° | Halson, Robert | - | - | 18° | Lawrence, Bela |
| Dewar, David B. | - | - | 18° | Hope, Robert Knight | - | - | 32° | Leonard, J. Hen |
| Davis, Cornelius A. | - | - | 14° | Harington, Thos. Douglas | - | - | 33° | Logan, Wm. J. |
| Dickson, George | - | - | 18° | Hyndman, William | - | - | 18° | Ledyard, Thoma |
| Danks, Isaiah | - | - | 18° | Hewson, George H. | - | - | 32° | Leask, John |
| Dixon, Alexander | - | - | 14° | Hills, Rolland | - | - | 30° | Lazier, Stephen |
| Davies, Stephen Martel | - | - | 14° | Hutton, William Henry | - | - | 33° | Lyon, Napoleon |
| Draper, Joseph Sanford | - | - | 14° | Heron, James | - | - | 18° | London, Wm. H |
| Dexter, David | - | - | 14° | Hood, Frederick J. | - | - | 18° | Longan, John M |
| Edgar, Wm. | - | - | 32° | Hunt, Charles B. | - | - | 30° | Lowrey, Wm. |
| Eckerson, Luther | - | - | 18° | Hyman, Charles S. | - | - | 30° | Lennard, S. J. |
| Englehart, Jacob L. | - | - | 31° | Hatheway, Joseph C. | - | - | 32° | Le Capperlain, J |
| Ellis, John Valentine | - | - | 33° | Hesson, Wm. Alexander | - | - | 18° | Murton, John W |
| Everett, Edwin J. | - | - | 32° | Hart, Wm. Henry | - | - | 18° | MacKay, Hugh A |
| Ellis, James F. | - | - | 31° | Hesslin, Alex. George | - | - | 18° | Murray, Hugh |
| Erskine, John | - | - | 18° | Harman, Samuel B. | - | - | 18° | Moore, Col. W. J |
| Edwards, Geo. O. | - | - | 32° | Howel, Augustus T. | - | - | 18° | Marshall, Robert |
| Edgar, Frank | - | - | 32° | Hamilton, Wm., Jr. | - | - | 18° | Munro, David R |
| Elder, Robert | - | - | 18° | Hutchison, Thomas | - | - | 18° | Munday, Wm. T. |
| Evans, H. Sugden | - | - | 14° | Henderson, James D. | - | - | 18° | Mitchell, Edward |
| Ettershank, William | - | - | 5° | Hagar, Charles W. | - | - | 32° | Murray, Charles |
| Furness, Peter S. | - | - | 18° | Hyndman, Hugh | - | - | 14° | Menet, Fred. Jam |
| Foster, Charles H. | - | - | 18° | Hood, Thomas | - | - | 18° | Mason, John J. |
| Fisher, John | - | - | 30° | Hancock, William | - | - | 14° | Morris, Wm. J. |
| Fleming, William | - | - | 18° | Haslett, Thomas | - | - | 15° | Mason, Joseph |
| Forster, Thos. A. D. | - | - | 18° | Harris, George Becher | - | - | 18° | Meakins, Jonatha |
| Fraser, George | - | - | 18° | Hall, Thos. Brigham | - | - | 32° | Matheson, Walte |
| Fleming, William | - | - | 30° | Harrison, Eli, Sen. | - | - | 32° | Morgan, Benj. J. |
| Fulford, Henry | - | - | 18° | Harrison, Eli, Jr. | - | - | 18° | Milward, Wm. E |
| Falkiner, Nathl. B. | - | - | 18° | Heisterman, Charles Henry F. | - | - | 18° | Moffat, James |
| Fergusson, John S. | - | - | 14° | Heath, D'Arcy | - | - | 14° | Macbeth, John |
| Forrest, Christopher Fortescue | - | - | 18° | Hooper, Angus W. | - | - | 14° | Mackenzie, Capt. |
| Friendly, Aaron | - | - | 14° | Harrison, John | - | - | 14° | Mullin, John |
| Fairchild, Frank Alanson | - | - | 18° | Hunter, David Hamilton | - | - | 14° | Murray, Christoph |
| Fergusson, Rutherford B. | - | - | 14° | Hood, Wm. Nelson | - | - | 5° | Mathews, Samuel |
| Gibson, John M. | - | - | 32° | Irving, Andrew S. | - | - | 31° | Macaw, John |
| Gibson, Robert Lillis | - | - | 30° | Irwin, John | - | - | 18° | Murray, Wm. Er |
| Goodhue, Charles F. | - | - | 32° | Isaacson, John H. | - | - | 32° | Morden, Albert M |
| Godsoe, Thos. Amos | - | - | 30° | Jamieson, W. R. | - | - | 4° | Macklin, Marshal |
| Godsoe, William C. | - | - | 30° | Jackson, Wm. Shutt Sabine | - | - | 18° | Matheson, J. D. |
| Gorham, Edward | - | - | 18° | Jacques, Geo. E. | - | - | 14° | Morgan, J. V. |
| Gossip, James | - | - | 18° | Jeffrey, Albert Oscar | - | - | 14° | Molson, John W. |
| Graham, John H. | - | - | 32° | Kerns, Wm. | - | - | 30° | Mussen, Henry S |
| Guy, John G. W. | - | - | 31° | Kerr, James K. | - | - | 33° | Munro, Colin |
| Girdwood, Gilbert P., M. D. | - | - | 32° | Kilvert, Francis E. | - | - | 30° | Moore, John |
| Geddes, Charles G. | - | - | 32° | Kennedy, Reginald | - | - | 18° | Macbeth, George |
| Gray, John | - | - | 32° | Kerr, Wm. | - | - | 32° | Moore, Edwin Ma |
| Gracie, John | - | - | 32° | Kingsmill, George R. | - | - | 18° | Masters, Charles |
| Glasgow, John | - | - | 30° | Kerr, Murray A. | - | - | 14° | Malone, Elias Tal |
| Griffin, Herbert Spohn, M. D. | - | - | 18° | Kenrick, Edward | - | - | 18° | Macdonald, Thom |
| Gwyn, Herbert C. | - | - | 14° | | | | | Mansfield, John |
| | | | | | | | | Milne, Alexander |

MEMBERS.

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| | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|
| Kennedy, Wm. Nassau | 32° | MacIvor, Roderick | 18° |
| Land, John Henry | 18° | Murray, David B. | |
| Land, Allan | 18° | McLellan, David | 32° |
| Lewis, Robert | 18° | McLelland, Wm. | 18° |
| Lawrence, Bela R. | 32° | McPhie, Donald | 32° |
| Leonard, J. Henry | 32° | McClure, James F. | 18° |
| Logan, Wm. J. | 32° | McKay, Robert | 18° |
| Ledyard, Thomas D. | 18° | McNichol, James J. | 18° |
| Leask, John | 14° | McLeod, Wm. | 18° |
| Lazier, Stephen F. | 18° | McClelland, Thomas J. | 16° |
| Lyon, Napoleon T. | 18° | McCord, David R. | 32° |
| London, Wm. H. S. | 18° | McKenzie, Daniel | 14° |
| Longan, John Maxwell | 18° | McLaren, Alexander | 14° |
| Lowrey, Wm. | 16° | McKeand, Alfred | 18° |
| Lennard, S. J. | 14° | McRae, Colin | 18° |
| Le Capperlain, John A. | 14° | McLean Donald | 4° |
| | | McLaughlan, Alexander C. | 18° |
| Murton, John W. | 33° | McMillan, David Hunter | 32° |
| MacKay, Hugh A. | 33° | McConnell, John Sinclair | 18° |
| Murray, Hugh | 33° | McConnell, Edward G. | 18° |
| Moore, Col. W. J. B. Macleod | 33° | McDonald, John | 32° |
| Marshall, Robert | 33° | McKechnie, John | 18° |
| Munro, David R. | 33° | McVicar, George D. | 18° |
| Munday, Wm. T. | 32° | McArthur, Duncan | 18° |
| Mitchell, Edward | 32° | McNeil, Peter | 14° |
| Murray, Charles R. | 32° | McKay, Alexander | 14° |
| Menet, Fred. James | 32° | McQueen, Alexander | 14° |
| Mason, John J. | 32° | | |
| Morris, Wm. J. | 18° | Northey, George V. | 18° |
| Mason, Joseph | 32° | Niven, James S., M.D. | 18° |
| Meakins, Jonathan M. | 32° | Nelson, Albert D. | 32° |
| Matheson, Walter | 18° | Nixon, James B. | 32° |
| Morgan, Benj. J. | 32° | Neave, Spencer Le Neave | 18° |
| Milward, Wm. E., M.D. | 32° | Neil, John, Jr. | 14° |
| Moffat, James | 32° | | |
| Macbeth, John | 31° | Orpen, Henry John | 18° |
| Mackenzie, Capt. Colin | 18° | Oppenheimer, Isaac | 18° |
| Mullin, John | 18° | | |
| Murray, Christopher | 30° | Patterson, George H. | 18° |
| Mathews, Samuel F. | 18° | Priddis, James | 32° |
| Macaw, John | 18° | Porte, Andrew W. | 30° |
| Murray, Wm. Erskine | 13° | Peters, Benjamin Lester | 33° |
| Morden, Albert Milton | 14° | Partridge, Rev. Francis | 32° |
| Macklin, Marshall, M.D. | 14° | Porteous, Charles E. L. | 18° |
| Matheson, J. D. | 14° | Purvis, Joseph | 18° |
| Morgan, J. V. | 32° | Patterson, George Carson | 18° |
| Molson, John W. | 32° | Perkins, Arthur M. | 32° |
| Mussen, Henry S. | 32° | Pain, Albert | 15° |
| Munro, Colin | 14° | Pentecost, Albert Louis | 18° |
| Moore, John | 30° | Petrie, Thos. Stewart | 18° |
| Macbeth, George | 18° | Petrie, Alexander Bain | 18° |
| Moore, Edwin Manning | 18° | Pullen, James Henry | 14° |
| Masters, Charles | 18° | Peters, Thomas Williams | 5° |
| Malone, Elias Talbot | 18° | | |
| Macdonald, Thomas J. A. | 18° | Reid, William | 33° |
| Mansfield, John | 18° | Robertson, James | 32° |
| Milne, Alexander Roland | 18° | Robb, Thos. B. | 18° |

| | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|-----|-----------------------------|-------|-----|
| Richardson, Charles | - - - | 16° | Slatter, Philip John | - - - | 14° |
| Robinson, T. Barclay | - - - | 18° | Spencer, Charles Norman | - - - | 18° |
| Rankin, Alexander | - - - | 30° | Somerville, George A. | - - - | 18° |
| Ring, George Frederick | - - - | 18° | Smith, Rev. Robert H. | - - - | 18° |
| Robertson, Thomas Nisbit | - - - | 30° | | | |
| Ritchie, Joseph Norman | - - - | 18° | Tilden, John H. | - - - | 32° |
| Richards, William Walton | - - - | 18° | Thompson, John H. | - - - | 32° |
| Reed, Joseph B. | - - - | 18° | Tracy, Thos. H. | - - - | 18° |
| Robertson, John Ross | - - - | 32° | Taylor, John | - - - | 18° |
| Reynolds, Thos. J. | - - - | 32° | Thorne, William Henry | - - - | 32° |
| Russell, George | - - - | 14° | Thornton, John N. | - - - | 18° |
| Reid, William Gillan | - - - | 31° | Taylor, John Miles | - - - | 18° |
| Rix, Wm. John Alfred Emanuel | - - - | 16° | Tennant, David | - - - | 18° |
| Ray, Samuel Wellington | - - - | 18° | Traves, John B. | - - - | 14° |
| Reed, Augustus W. | - - - | 18° | Thompson, Alexander William | - - - | 18° |
| Riddell, Andrew F. | - - - | 14° | Turner, Alexander | - - - | 18° |
| Robertson, James Hay | - - - | 18° | Tregent, Augustus Patrick | - - - | 14° |
| | | | Teague, John | - - - | 18° |
| Stewart, Gavin | - - - | 32° | Toms, Isaac Francis | - - - | 14° |
| Smith, Charles R. | - - - | 32° | Townsend, Sherman E. | - - - | 18° |
| Smith, Alfred W. | - - - | 18° | Trounce, Thomas | - - - | 18° |
| Spencer, Walter | - - - | 32° | | | |
| Scott, John | - - - | 18° | Vail, Albert S. | - - - | 18° |
| Stuart, William R. | - - - | 31° | Vroom, William E. | - - - | 18° |
| Stephenson, James | - - - | 32° | Vose, Charles F. | - - - | 18° |
| Spry, Daniel | - - - | 32° | Venables, John H. | - - - | 18° |
| Smyth, Alfred G. | - - - | 30° | | | |
| Sargant, Thomas | - - - | 32° | Wright, John | - - - | 18° |
| Smylie, Robert W. | - - - | 32° | Whyte, Alexander Ralph | - - - | 32° |
| Sharman, John D. | - - - | 18° | Wright, Hugh McC. | - - - | 32° |
| Shantz, Abraham B. | - - - | 4° | Wilson, Archdale | - - - | 18° |
| Smith, David G. | - - - | 32° | Wright, Edward H. | - - - | 30° |
| Stewart, George J. | - - - | 18° | Wilson, Arthur L. | - - - | 32° |
| Scovil, Rev. William | - - - | 32° | Waterman, Herman | - - - | 32° |
| Stewart, David Smith | - - - | 32° | Willis, Edward | - - - | 30° |
| Sircom, Stephen R. | - - - | 32° | Wetmore, Edwin J. | - - - | 30° |
| Smithers, George Thomas | - - - | 18° | Wilson, J. Newton | - - - | 18° |
| Sterling, Roland M. | - - - | 18° | Wisdom, Freeman W. | - - - | 30° |
| Simpson, William | - - - | 18° | Watson, George | - - - | 18° |
| Stephens, Richard P. | - - - | 16° | Wilson, James | - - - | 32° |
| Stevenson, James D., M. D. | - - - | 18° | Watson, William | - - - | 18° |
| Slack, Joseph A. | - - - | 18° | Wallace, William B. | - - - | 14° |
| Stearns, Isaac H. | - - - | 33° | Whitehead, Edward A. | - - - | 32° |
| Sinclair, David | - - - | 32° | Walker, William Simpson | - - - | 32° |
| Simpson, William B. | - - - | 33° | Warner, John F. | - - - | 18° |
| Sutherland, Louis | - - - | 32° | Wilson, Isaac P. | - - - | 14° |
| Smith, David A. | - - - | 18° | Waterman, Isaac | - - - | 31° |
| Stewart, Adam A. | - - - | 14° | Wilson, James Reed | - - - | 30° |
| Sheriff, Andrew | - - - | 18° | Whitney, Henry Dalrymple | - - - | 30° |
| Simpson, Robert Edward | - - - | 18° | Wilson, Walter | - - - | 30° |
| Stuart, John | - - - | 14° | Wilgress, James C. | - - - | 18° |
| Swinford, Herbert | - - - | 32° | Wilson, James Alma | - - - | 14° |
| Smythe, Henry L. | - - - | 18° | Wilson, James C. | - - - | 14° |
| Steinhoff, Louis | - - - | 18° | Williams, Maurice | - - - | 14° |
| Scott, William George | - - - | 32° | Warner, Geo. William | - - - | 14° |
| Shotbolt, Thomas | - - - | 18° | Wesbrook, Henry S. | - - - | 18° |
| Sorley, Charles H. | - - - | 14° | | | |
| Speight, James | - - - | 12° | Young, David | - - - | 4° |