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TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR

TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING JANUARY 27 1903—TEN PAGES

ONE CENT

DOUBT AS TO TRUE BOUNDARY OF ALASKA UNCLE SAM'S CONCESSION TO JOHN BULL

Luminous Light Cast on Interesting Move on the International Chessboard Where Germany is Forced to Stop Fight on Monroe Doctrine—How the Kaiser Was Placed in Un-Splendid Isolation.

New York, Jan. 26.—Matthew F. Tigue wires The Journal from Washington a despatch that is luminous on the German-Alaskan question. He says: The State Department has announced an agreement with Great Britain in the German-Venezuelan crisis by which Germany has been forced to abandon its fight against the Monroe Doctrine, and the State Department has surrendered to Great Britain the American principle that there was nothing to arbitrate on the question of the Alaskan boundary.

It is by reason of this move of tremendous significance and interest on the international chessboard that the State Department was enabled to say that Minister Bowen would at an early day be able to solve the grave South American situation.

Germany Yields at Last.

The position of Germany has been communicated to the State Department and to the President, and the State Department has construed the reply as meaning that Germany finds her position untenable as to further acts of violence against Venezuela, and that she does not find it inconsistent with her purposes to consent to the raising of the blockade as soon as the negotiations for settlement are substantially under way.

In other words Germany has backed down for two reasons:

First—The crystallized American sentiment in Congress that the State Department should have an explanation from Germany. Second—The success of the State Department in buying the good offices of Great Britain for the isolation of Germany, the price paid being the surrender to Great Britain and Canada on the Alaskan boundary question.

The State Department and British Foreign Office entente has been pushed thru in the days in which it became apparent to Secretary Hay that the State Department would soon be called

on for an explanation of its toleration of the acts of Germany in Venezuela. Forced by Public Opinion. Up to the time of the aggressions of Germany and the popular demand for an explanation from the State Department there was no negotiation on foot with respect to the Alaskan boundary.

SIR WILFRID'S STATEMENT.

Ottawa, Jan. 26.—(Telegram special.)—Sir Wilfrid Laurier arrived this afternoon from Montreal. Seen at the depot by your correspondent the Premier was asked as to whether or not there were any conditions attached to the treaty for the settlement of the Alaskan boundary.

"There are no conditions," replied Sir Wilfrid. "The arbitrators are appointed to interpret the treaty." "That is the treaty of 1825?" "Yes, the treaty of 1825. The arbitrators will not be hampered by any conditions. They will have the whole case before them as shown by the convention of 1825."

"What are the provisions as to the selection of arbitrators?" "The only provision is that they are to be jurists of repute. There will be three jurists of repute on each side." "Canada will be represented?" "Of course Canada will be represented. It is needless to ask that."

"And if the arbitration be against Canada, what then?" "Canada must just bear it. We will have to abide by decision of tribunals."

The whole question will be submitted for arbitration. When the matter came up before the Joint High Commission it was proposed by the United States that the area and Skagway be recognized as United States territory no matter what the arbitrators might think. In this regard the present treaty is more advantageous to Canada, but it is lacking in finality without an umpire, and many fear that there will be no result. If it should be otherwise then the U. S. Senate would, in all probability, throw out the treaty. Some of the views expressed to-day.

CHARRED BODIES FOUND RIND DEBRIS OF WRECK

Remains of Victims of G. T. R. Collision Near Port Hope Identified by Sorrowing Relatives.

Port Hope, Jan. 26.—(Special.)—What is left of the bodies of fireman Thomas Mathews and brakeman Benjamin Everist, the victims of the awful collision on the Grand Trunk last Wednesday night, was found by the searching party to-day. The charred remains of Mathews were discovered this morning and were absolutely unrecognizable. The top part of the body was burned almost to a crisp, and the left arm had been evidently torn off. The back of the skull and the spine were found, but only on the legs was there any flesh. He was identified by the trousers and the smouldering remnants of a woollen vest he wore. His father and two brothers have been searching for his remains since day for the body since the wreck.

The remains were placed in a soap box and brought to Port Hope. They were found at a spot near that indicated by the trainmen who were in the crash and it is no doubt that they are those of the unfortunate fireman. The badly charred remains of Brakeman Everist were dug from beneath the wreck this evening by the wrecking crew, and were brought here, where they lay beside those of the other victim. His left arm had been torn off.

The wreckage is not yet all cleared away, but the line is open for regular traffic. The wrecking crew will have an inquest to-night, and Operator Alex. McDougall of Newville will repeat the circumstances of the mistake, which led to such a tragedy. The Crown will be represented by County Crows Attorney J. N. Kerr of Cobourg, and it is likely that John Bell, K. C. of Belleville, will represent the company. Whether or not McDougall will have a legal adviser is not known, but it is thought that in view of the plain statement he has made shouldering the responsibility for the wreck he will not think it worth while. Much sympathy is felt for the man. He has States hopelessly and can only wait for whatever is coming.

After the inquest the remains of the dead trainmen will be taken to Toronto for interment.

ALBANI'S TRUMP.

Directed by 2000 People in Montreal Last Night.

Montreal, Jan. 27.—Madame Albani sang a magnificent triumph here last night, some 2000 people gathered in the Windsor Hall to applaud the great Canadian artist. In an interview, she said: "I will be in Toronto on Thursday and Friday, and will lunch with my dear old friend, Prof. Goldwin Smith." "I will be glad to see you," said Smith again. "I have many friends in Canada, whom it is a pleasure to meet again."

GETS READY FOR WAR.

Brazil Willing to Agree With Bolivia Over Acre Dispute.

London, Jan. 26.—The Brazilian legation in London announces that the Brazilian Minister at Rio Janeiro has officially notified the Brazilian Foreign Office that President Pando has given him full power to enter into a formal agreement with Brazil regarding the Acre dispute. Pending these negotiations, which are expected to lead to a general settlement of the frontier, Brazil has ordered a naval and military mobilization to meet the eventualities of the situation.

MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

Winnipeg, Jan. 26.—Archbishop Machray of Winnipeg proposes to return to Canada in May. The growth at the base of his spine has completely withered up under the X-ray treatment of the German physician, describes it as one of the most remarkable recoveries known.

Sicbe Gas Cheap as Well as Innocuous—Electricity Knocked Out.

Messrs. T. W. Chapman, leading dry goods store, etc., Orangeville, lit their establishment with Sicbe Gas for the eleven months just ended for \$35.35. The corresponding eleven months of 1902, when they were using electricity, cost them \$208, a saving in favor of Sicbe Gas of \$172.65 in eleven months. This is a record that we challenge any illuminating company to beat. Remember, too, that Sicbe Gas gives four times the light of electricity, from a given number of burners, and is a thousand times less liable to accident. In fact, Sicbe Gas, as its name implies, is absolutely safe. Weston Presbyterian Church threw out thirty-two electric lights and put in twenty-three Sicbe lights, and has vastly better light from the reduced number. In fact, electricity cannot hold its own with Sicbe Gas for a moment. The Sicbe Gas Company has just issued a beautiful illustrated catalogue, with a cut of Sicbe Gas for a moment. The Sicbe Gas Company has just issued a beautiful illustrated catalogue, with a cut of Sicbe Gas for a moment. The Sicbe Gas Company has just issued a beautiful illustrated catalogue, with a cut of Sicbe Gas for a moment.

Nothing so artistic as our ornamental grills and railings. Samples at our showrooms—Canada Foundry Co. Limited, 14-16 King St. East.

NEW BANK TO START.

The Royal Bank of Canada will start business in Toronto next week. W. Brock will be acting manager. Mr. Brock is in the city to-day making all necessary arrangements.

Did you ever try the top barrel?

LONGLEY FOR SENATE.

Ottawa, Jan. 26.—It is hinted here that J. W. Longley may be appointed to the Senate.

EDWARDS & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East, Geo. Edwards, F. C. A., A. H. Edwards.

Nail in Infant's Brain.

Iowa City, Ia., Jan. 26.—Surgons are trying to save the life of the 15-month-old child of W. M. Biggs, a farmer near Lowry, formerly of Malvern.

In Clancey's "Grill Room."

The reason you can get a succulent steak or prime cut of beef at Clancey's is because the meat is the best and is well preserved before cooking. Try it. It's the orchestra at evening dinner, 6 to 8.



TWIN BULL (of the British-German Siamese twins): I 'ope you aint ablamim' me for the scand'lous w'y the 'other twin's conductin' of 'imself, Sammy. By the w'y, 'ere's a little concession for you.

TWO TRAWLERS LOST.

One Drowned and Other Dies Just When Rescue Comes.

Yarmouth, Jan. 26.—The Digby schooner, Daisy Linden, Capt. Snow, arrived here yesterday with flag at half-mast for the loss of two of her crew, Harry L. Syda, son of Councillor Syda of Digby, and Edward Lank of Campbell, N.B. The men were tending trawls near Seal Island, when the dory upset. They managed to climb on the up-turned dory and remained there until the schooner sailed up. The men were so exhausted that when about a dozen rescue boats arrived, they were rescued by them both collapsed. Syda fell off the dory and was drowned, and Lank died while being taken on the deck of the schooner.

NO CREDIT TO EITHER.

Montreal Star Comments on Alleged Compact in North York.

Montreal, Jan. 26.—The Star says to-day editorially: If it is true that the Hon. E. J. Davis, Commissioner of Crown Lands, has resigned or has agreed to resign his seat in the Ontario legislature as the result of a bargain with Mr. Lemox, the Conservative candidate, the deal is discredit-able to both parties.

WIFE BEATER GETS SIX MONTHS.

Had Not Made Provision for Spouse, Would Have Got 3 Years.

Brookville, Jan. 26.—Judge McDonald to-day imposed sentence of six months with hard labor in Central Prison on Patrick Travis for maltreating his wife. While his trial was pending he had arranged for a separate maintenance of \$1000 and \$1000 annuity. Had it not been for this he would have been sentenced for three years instead of six months. The parties reside in Spencerville, Ont.

MAY DIE FROM FALL.

London, Jan. 26.—Walter Fitzsimmons, a married man, engaged in the erection of a bridge over the north branch of the Thames near Thorncliffe, fell from the top of the structure to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. He was found unconscious from injuries received, and slight hopes are entertained for his recovery.

DECLARED OFF.

Winnipeg, Jan. 26.—The strike of the Canadian Brotherhood of Employees on the Canadian Northern Railway was officially declared off to-night.

Quality vs. Price. The quality remembered long after the price is forgotten. We are the only Canadian manufacturer of Cold Pressed Nuts. Send for price list. 100—Canada Foundry Co. Limited, 14-16 King St. E.

FOR A MONTH'S TRIP.

Senator Cox left last night for a month's trip to the south, accompanied by Mrs. Cox and Mrs. E. T. Cox.

PIPES—BRIER SILVER MOUNTED, 24c each.

worth 1.00—Alive Bolland, 128 Yonge St.

DEATHS.

LOWRIE—On the morning of Jan. 25, at his late residence, Danforth, James Lowrie, formerly of Malvern.

Funeral Friday, 30th Inst., at 2 p.m., to St. Andrew's Cemetery, Scarborough.

MADDIS—On the 26th Inst., at Grace Hospital, John G. Maddis, in his 39th year.

Funeral Wednesday, 28th, at 2 p.m., from the residence of A. H. Dundell, 12 Spruce-street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Tarte's Genealogical Ties Traced by Former Friend

Editor of Sir Wilfrid's Quebec Organ Starts at 1875 and Winds up in 1903.

Montreal, Jan. 26.—The French Liberal papers are teeming with attacks upon Hon. Mr. Tarte. La Soleil, whose proprietor, Ernest Paquet, used to be the ex-Minister's bosom friend, tries to make a comparison between Hon. Mr. Foster and Hon. Mr. Tarte.

"As for our ex-minister," says Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Quebec organ, "it is quite easy to give his genealogical ties. About 1875 he arrived here from La Nouvelle-Angleterre. About 1880 he turned Tory. In 1883 he travelled thru Quebec with the late L. A. Senecal and returned home the apostle of Seneacalism. In 1885 he delivered an incendiary speech on the Champ de Mars, where he spoke of Biel and connected the proofs of his speech and became an out-and-out Tory. In 1887, 1888 and 1889 he floated undecided between Talbot and Mercier. In 1890 he published some little papers, in 1891 he published some little papers and was elected in Montreal as an anti-Langevinite. In 1892 he lost his seat, not having been elected with prayers. In 1893 he continued to publish little papers, in 1894 he lost his seat, not having been elected with prayers. In 1895 he continued to come to the assistance of needy politicians. In 1895 the Liberals' St. Roche secured his election in

PROFESSOR'S HAIR SINGED.

Famous Mommson, However Showed Admirable Presence of Mind.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—Prof. Mommson, whose flowing white locks are conspicuous at all the scientific gatherings in Berlin, almost lost his hair yesterday. He climbed on a ladder to the topmost bookshelf of his library to get a volume, and held a candle to near his head, with the result that his hair caught fire. The Professor succeeded in throwing the skirts of his study gown over his head and smothered the flames. His face was considerably scorched and his locks partly consumed. The Professor remarked to the members of his family, who ran to his assistance: "It is all over with my beauty."

Smoking mixture, "Perfection" cool and sweet, best you ever smoked—Alive Bolland, New Store, 128 Yonge St.

MILD.

Metropolitan Office, Toronto, Jan. 26.—(8 p.m.)—Mild weather prevails in the lake region, but continues quite cold from the Ottawa Valley and Maritime Provinces. It has turned decidedly cold in the Northwest Territories and Manitoba.

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All Parties Come Together for Peace Blockade Will be Raised Wednesday

Venezuela Agrees to Give 30% of the Receipts of Certain Ports.

Caracas, Jan. 26.—The Associated Press correspondent has just received a communication from the British naval officer at La Guayra informing him that the blockade will be raised next Wednesday.

REPORT CONFIRMED.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—The report that Germany and Great Britain had provisionally accepted the guarantee submitted by Mr. Bowen for the payment of claims reserved for arbitration is confirmed here.

The guarantee offered is a portion of the customs receipts of La Guayra, and, perhaps, of several other ports. The proposal was first made to Great Britain, which provisionally accepted it, and then to Germany, which accepted it in principle on Saturday. The allies are now engaged in examining the value of the guarantee offered, and are negotiating details, like the form of payment.

A question which is being considered is whether the allies should establish an international commission for receiving the customs, or whether some neutral agent should be appointed this year. If the latter course is decided upon, it is believed, that some American authority will be chosen, perhaps Mr. Bowen. The proposal contemplates dividing the allies claims into three grades, and that each be treated sep-

arately and in proportion to their validity.

It is still believed here that all the matters in dispute will be satisfactorily arranged at Washington, without resorting to The Hague Arbitration Court.

Only a portion of the Venezuelan revenue will be available for the payment of the claims, because of the large part already appropriated as security for foreign loans.

The German Foreign Office is very hopeful of an early settlement, and is of the raising of the blockade without much further delay.

A lively exchange of telegrams occurred between Germany and Great Britain on Saturday before the acceptance of Mr. Bowen's propositions.

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The Toronto World

No. 88 YONGE STREET, TORONTO. Daily World, in advance, \$3 per year. Sunday World, in advance, \$2 per year. Telephone: 222, 233, 234. Private brasserie entrance, corner of King and York.

THE WORLD OUTSIDE

The World can be had at the following news stands: Windsor Hotel, Montreal; Lawrence, Buffalo; Peacock & Jones, Buffalo; Wolcott News Co., Chicago; St. Denis Hotel, New York; P.O. News Co., 217 Dearborn-st., Chicago; G. F. Root, 276 E. Main-st., Toronto; John McDonald, Winnipeg, Man.; T. A. McLaughlin, St. John, N.B.; McKay & Southon, Westminister, B.C.; Raymond & Deberry, St. John, N.B.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP MEANS FULL MEASURE

There is one thing alone that is sufficient to justify municipal ownership of gas and power, and it is that you get full measure under it, and you do not get it from private corporations. In other words you control the pressure.

The consumer sometimes thinks he gets more pressure than gas from the private corporation. A private corporation makes a contract to put 1000 candle power in each arc light that it sells you; but it is so easy to put 400 in instead and you often be none the wiser.

In the meantime the gas consumers of Toronto ought to keep on their feet until the new reduction to see whether a ten per cent. reduction in the price means a ten per cent. reduction in the bill.

CANADA'S INTERESTS ALWAYS SACRIFICED

The World has very little hope of Canada securing justice in the Alaskan boundary unless her case is overwhelmingly strong. In all past negotiations with the United States Canada's interests have been sacrificed by the home authorities. No better instance of this is to be found than in the case cited by Mr. Maclean in the Commons at Ottawa last session. He read a despatch of Lord Lansdowne's as Foreign Secretary, Feb. 22, 1891, addressed to Lord Pauncefote, British minister at Washington. In that despatch Lord Lansdowne says that he cannot consent to a change in the provisions of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, because the change made by the United States was against the interests of Great Britain, and also because, as he pointed out, the United States showed no disposition to settle the Alaskan boundary dispute, in which Canada had a substantial interest, while they were attempting to rush the change in the convention governing the American Isthmian canal.

As Mr. Maclean pointed out, this despatch was one of the charters of Canada's liberties, and was the most pronounced declaration that up to that time had been given in favor of England in regard to the Alaskan boundary question. Unfortunately, however, for some reason or other, the British Foreign minister, Lord Lansdowne, abandoned this entire position, made a new treaty wholly in the interests of the United States in regard to the Isthmian canal and got no equivalent in the matter of the Alaskan boundary. Mr. Maclean contended that the Canadian government should never have allowed the British government to have abandoned the position they had taken in connection with the two questions being settled together without the most pronounced protest. As far as he could gather, no such protest had been made; and he challenged the government to show if they had put in a protest, and no reply was given.

Now another effort is to be made to settle the Alaskan boundary, and a treaty for this purpose has been signed, but there is no assurance that the interests of Canada are not to be sacrificed again. It seems to be considered that one of the great natural resources of Canada is cement for Anglo-Saxon unity.

REASON FOR THEIR BOASTS

American newspapers think that victory for the United States is the only possible outcome of the arbitration of the Alaskan boundary. It is a simple question in mathematics. There will be three American arbitrators and three British arbitrators. The three American arbitrators will simply win over one or more of the British arbitrators and presto, the United States claim is recognized in its entirety.

These preconceived notions of the conduct of three American arbitrators are not flattering to the gentlemen who are to represent the United States. It is assumed that, their duties are strictly judicial, they must stick all instincts of fairness and honor and brutally cling to the American claim. Fine counsel for eminent jurists, truly, but it is what American newspapers offer, and it is what American sentiment applauds. The obligations thus thrust upon the American arbitrators are not less outrageous because they are merely implied. It is clearly and obviously the expectation of the American press that the eminent jurists representing the United States shall proceed to interpret the treaty of 1825 on the unalterable basis that the territory in dispute is American soil.

The lamentable part of it is that the United States government is primarily to blame for the spread of this prejudicial bias. The United States government would not consent to a seventh

arbitrator, which would make arbitration a finality. It would not accept a Board of Arbitration such as was appointed to deal with the Venezuelan question. Neither would it refer the Alaskan boundary to The Hague conference, a tribunal to which it elected to decide the latest phase of the Venezuelan question.

And what do all these refusals mean? They mean that the United States has no confidence in the soundness of its claims in Alaska. They mean that the United States will not hazard its contentions to the extent of making the decision of a Board of Arbitration dependent upon the view of one neutral arbitrator.

Clearly, then, it is the intention of the American government to appoint arbitrators who will not approach the Alaskan boundary with unbiased minds. The arbitrators will be men who can be depended upon to maintain the United States claims. They will enter the arbitration in a spirit of stubborn faith in the American contentions, and they will not be moved from that position. What wonder then that United States sentiment should boast of victory before the arbitrators are named? The Americans are confident that a government that refused to allow a neutral power on the Board of Arbitration will take good care to appoint arbitrators who are "what we have held" champions first and eminent jurists later.

MAKE THE ISSUE PLAIN

Toronto's application for the right to develop power at Niagara Falls will confront the legislature with a question which it cannot lightly dispose of. There was no sound excuse for the legislature's refusal to grant the city's original application. There would be less excuse for a second refusal.

It becomes more apparent every day that the city must become a producer of electrical power at Niagara Falls or knuckle under to later to whatever terms the Street Railway Company and the Electric Light Company see fit to impose. Large powers have been granted to three private corporations. In the rights conferred upon them there are no restrictions that will safeguard the city's interests. We are calmly told that we can be protected by limiting the powers of the companies in the matter of rates and the distribution of electrical energy. The companies are organized and where are the protective clauses?

Toronto's only hope is to secure rights from the Ontario legislature equal at least to the powers that have been conferred upon the three private companies. It is no argument to say that Toronto, by securing cheaper power, may attract industries from centres that are not so favored. There is no guarantee that other centres will have cheaper power than Toronto, and then it may be said with equal force that the industries of Toronto are menaced. Municipal development of electrical power at Niagara cannot but be in the interest of all municipalities in the area of distribution. The benefit will not be to Toronto alone, and the economic municipalities realize that Toronto's fight is their fight the better for all concerned.

The case must be placed clearly and distinctly before the Ontario legislature. It can be shown that the exclusion of Toronto from the rights which private companies enjoy at Niagara Falls will place the city at the mercy of the Toronto Street Railway Company when they present their case. There is not the first move to the Toronto's hands. The game began in the efforts to bring the radial railways into the city. So far that move has failed, but now a more dangerous situation has to be met.

If the legislature refuses to grant Toronto's just demands, the responsibility for that refusal must be fixed. J. P. Whitney's duty is no less definite than the duty of Hon. G. W. Ross. The principle is a large one, and it concerns not one but hundreds of municipalities. It will not do, therefore, to treat the question as purely private legislation in which the government and the opposition have no responsibility as such. Toronto's case must be presented in such a way that when her application is passed upon the friends and the enemies of municipal rights may be distinctly ear-marked.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION

The diplomatic triumph, claimed by the American journals in the Alaskan boundary question rests upon the fact that the question is not to be arbitrated, but referred to legal experts as a purely legal question. This is the view taken by The New York Tribune, which has the reputation of being in the confidence of the American government. It places its reliance on the Russian file to the "unbroken strip of Alaskan coast from Mount St. Elias down to the Portland Canal, and says:

The Russian and American title to the unbroken strip of mainland coast was repeatedly and frequently acknowledged and confirmed by Great Britain. That it should now be challenged is extraordinary. That it should be submitted to arbitration in which one party would have the title and nothing to give and the other all to gain and nothing to lose, was an altogether intolerable proposition. Secretary Hay did well in rejecting it, and the British government does well in abandoning that product. Canadian business—such as we must believe the Mother Country took up reluctantly—and in entering into an arrangement of this kind if it is as effective as its authors seem confidently to expect it to be, will result in the final recognition of the settlement of 1825, and in the final demarcation of the boundary in accord therewith, the only settlement to which it is conceivable this country would assent.

We have no special objection to Canada being described as bumptious—that expression being always applied to us when we venture to call our souls our own. And our main object is to show the importance which the American government now seems to attach to the fact that the matter is not to be arbitrated, but referred to jurists who are to give a strict interpretation to the treaty of 1825.

Nothing is said in The Tribune about the American title by occupation, and it would appear, notwithstanding the earlier Washington despatches, that

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

1.15 and 1.25 Brussels Carpets for 75c

Making, Laying and Lining Free

Stock-taking is almost upon us. Our January Sale nears its close. Certain lines must go, hence this exceptional clean-up offering of Brussels Carpet. Come at eight Wednesday and secure first choice:



1270 yards English Body Brussels Carpet, 27 inches wide; a well assorted range of stylish designs and color combinations in greens, reds, blues, fawns, browns, etc., with 5.8 border to match; suitable for parlors, dining-rooms, bedrooms, halls, etc.; regular price \$1.00, \$1.15 and \$1.25 yard; Wednesday, made, laid and lined, for 75c

Groceries for One Dollar

- A big dollar's worth for Wednesday. All the more so when you consider the high standard of quality we insist on having: —A pound of our Tea at 25c. —3 lb. Selected Valencia Raisins. —1 Box of Christie's Cream Sodas, (a three-pound tin box). —1 Dozen Sweet Mexican Oranges. —8 lbs. of Flaked Wheat or Oats.

Horse Blankets

- A closing word. Our January Sale is distributing the greatest values obtainable within your reach. These Blankets will bear testimony to that fact when you see them. Note the quantities and prices and govern yourself accordingly Wednesday morning: 50 only All-Wool Street Blankets; plain grey, with red and blue stripes; size 80x80 inches; a good, serviceable blanket; regular \$2.25; Wednesday 1.25 20 only Large Size Pure All-Wool Street Blankets; plain dark colors, with wide braid binding; size 80x80 inches; shaped; strong strap and buckle; regular \$5.50; Wednesday 3.50

Clean-up in Shirts

- Interesting and economical bargain picking among these January Sale clearances for Wednesday: Men's Fine White Unlaundered Shirts; open front or open back; linen bosom and wristbands; double-stitched seams; reinforced front and continuous facings; slightly soiled; large bodied; sizes 14 1/2, 15, 16 1/2, 17, 17 1/2 and 18 inches; regular price 75c and 81c each; Wednesday 47 Men's Fine Neglige Zephyr Shirts; open front; laundered neck and wristbands; full sized bodied; neat stripes and checks; in blue and pink combinations; also some broken sizes; 17-1/2 inch collars; regular 60c and 75c; Wednesday 38

Children's Overcoats

- Toning up stocks for the inventory in which these broken lines will not be included. Note the decisive saving made possible for you by this January Sale price cutting for Wednesday when we sell: 60 only Boys' and Children's Overcoats; in plain box back; Russian blouse and pleated styles, with yokes; Oxford grey chevrot, navy blue and brown chevrot and beavers; best linings and trimmings; well made; sizes 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25; regular selling price \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50, \$5 and \$5.50; Wednesday 2.50

THE TORONTO DAILY STAR WILL HAVE A MORE COMPLETE LIST

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

190 YONGE ST., TORONTO

as one of the eminent jurists to arbitrate the Alaskan boundary. Those two sidesmen who voted against the proposal to enfranchise the women of Toronto are hereby nominated for the Victoria Cross. History provides us with some assurance that the three Canadians would hold their own against three Americans, even if their hands are tied. It would worry the Czar of Russia half to death to know that he had a subject who had been convicted for treason like Col. Arthur Lynch.

Despite the reduction of ten cents a thousand in the price of gas there are consumers suspicious enough to say that the man behind the meter does the work. The Scotch curlers have had such hard luck in Canada that they could almost wish the ice famine had struck this country before they landed on Canadian shores.

When Rudyard Kipling hears what a jubilee the Americans are raising about the arbitration of the Alaskan boundary he will probably write a poem on "The Crowns." The arbitrators award in the Alaskan boundary dispute is more than likely to make the constituency held by Hon. James Ross, M.P., look as if it had been bit by a gerrymander.

Manager Keating of the Street Railway Co. is afraid to put on more cars lest fatal accidents should occur to the few remaining citizens who have not been frozen to death. There is no Hogtown about Hamilton, says our esteemed friend The Spectator, in lofty consciousness of the fact that it never asked for anything but a colonization road for its own fair city.

The commissioners to settle the boundary are to be jurists of repute. A jurist is understood to bear the same relation to a lawyer as a journalist to a newspaper man.

The Great Powers ought to go home and hire some other little South American Republic to fight Venezuela. The little fellows would do more scuffling in a day than the Powers are doing in a month. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is said to have issued orders that the attacks on Mr. Tarte must cease. We did not think the Premier was so vindictive as to deprive the ex-Minister of this source of enjoyment.

In Manchester they have a school of technology where they teach the young idea how to brew. The beer is then poured into the drains. It would seem as if a chair of applied insanity ought to be added to the equipment of the college.

Dealers Have Cold Feet. Detroit, Mich., Jan. 26.—A preliminary injunction was issued today against the Detroit Cold Exchange, an organization of thirty dealers, restraining the Exchange from fixing the minimum prices at which coal shall be sold. The fact was brought out that fourteen of the largest dealers have resigned from the Exchange, leaving the smaller dealers to settle with the law.

Industrial Exhibition. The directors of the Industrial Exhibition Board will meet on Feb. 9 to receive a report from the management of the exhibition. The names of H. J. Hill, Mr. Sheppard and Dr. Orr are mentioned as applicants for the post of manager. It is understood that Mr. Heubach's terms were too high for the Exhibition officials to consider.

MARRIED WOMEN AND VOTES

Amusing Discussion in Council Chamber Over a Clause in Proposed Legislation.

WILL SEEK FRANCHISE FOR THEM

Dr. Noble Struck Some Snags When He Moved to Have the Clause Struck Out.

There was any amount of fun in the Council Chamber yesterday afternoon when the aldermen stumbled across the proposal to apply for legislation to enable married women owning property in their own right to vote at municipal elections and on money bills. Submitted to a vote of the duly qualified ratepayers.

Ald. Dr. Noble started the levity. He thought the idea was one of the most foolish he had ever heard of. He moved that the clause be struck out. "What woman wants it?" he asked. "Married women don't understand municipal matters, and they don't want to understand them. They again, what man wants to have half a dozen men, who want to be elected, chasing after his wife in the parlor and thru the dining room and into the kitchen looking for her vote. (Laughter.) It's all right as far as it goes for widows and spinners to vote if they want to."

Vegaries of Women. "I admit," candidly continued Ald. Noble, "that ex-Mayor Howland and myself got a big percentage of the ladies vote thru our canvassing in the last election, but they voted for us because we were so good looking. They were widows or spinners. A married woman with a family to look after has not time to go to the polls. I am not a married man, so I am informed, and that being the case it is an impertinence for him to take upon himself to stand up in this Council Chamber and make the statements he has made. It isn't the first time that an alderman has talked vigorously about something he knew nothing whatever about. When he gets a married woman wanting to vote against it, he will be able, perhaps, to speak an authority upon what a married woman wants. I say the clause is all right, and I will vote against it to good sticking out. The idea of a bachelor striking the wants of married people—especially those of the women—is in apparent disgust, as he dropped into his seat amid great mirth all round."

The fun hadn't finished, Ald. Sheppard had not let anything like that go by. The voting for good-looking men part of the discussion tickled him. "Talking of handsome men," he said, turning to Ald. Stewart, and then quickly turning away again, "I apply to the remarks of Ald. Noble in connection with the ladies voting for him. He asserts that ladies voted for him and women to fall in love with handsome men. It named a lot of ugly fellows who had been married to acknowledged beauties. Some of the men, I was told, were murderers, or something, and some had married five or six times, or had five or six wives at once."

This added to the uproar, and Dr. Noble grimly smiled, but he did not withdraw his motion to strike out the clause. "If a woman has a property qualification, she should be married or single, she has a right to vote," said Ald. Sheppard. The Council agreed with him, for only the Council of London has voted to have the clause struck out.

Applications for Legislation. Application will be made to the legislature for a charter for a railway from Dhorwic to the C.P.R. Lake St. Joseph. A branch line will be built to Sturgeon Lake. Application is also being made to incorporate the Point Anne Railway, to run from Point Anne to the Bay of Quinte, in Hastings County. The International Transit Co. of Salt Ste. Marie, seeks an extension of its powers in the confirmation of letters patent dated August, 1902, and does not intend that it is not subject to the Loan Corporations Act.

The City of London will ask for authority to raise funds to construct concrete sidewalks, the sewers and macadam pavements; also to give the McCarty Manufacturing Co. and the London Rolling Mills portions of Trafalgar, and William-streets; also for ratification of a by-law to raise \$50,000 for protection and hospital purposes.

Will Soon Be Gone. London, Jan. 26.—Within a few days it is expected that the last of those injured in the Wanstead disaster will have been discharged from Victoria Hospital. There still remain seventeen patients from the wreck, but all are well on the way to complete recovery. Mr. Northey and his sister were discharged on Saturday and have left for their home at Young's Point, near Peterboro. Those expected to leave within a few days are Mrs. Stewart of Oshkosh, Wis., her two little sons, Earl and Hobart, and Mr. Frank Baker.

For the sake of saving odd pennies don't buy an inferior emulsion when you really need Scott's Emulsion. The difference in price is pennies. The difference in results is pounds—pounds of new flesh—and days of strength and comfort. Those who have lost flesh can regain it more quickly by means of Scott's Emulsion than in any other way.

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RESIDENCE AT UNIVERSITY. Prof. Wrong Has a Scheme for One to Accommodate 300. The question of a university residence will be brought before the senate on February 6. The agitation against granting land to Greek letter societies have created much trouble with university circles, and this matter will also be aired at the senate meeting. Prof. G. M. Wrong, who has the residence scheme in hand, has plans for a building that would accommodate 300 students. His aim is to assimilate the Greek letter societies into a residence, even if the residence has to be on the cottage plan.

Auto Fire Engines for Paris. Paris, Jan. 26.—The Paris Fire Department has ordered six automobile fire engines for use in the central district. They will be operated by electricity and will cost about \$3000 each.

HAD OVER 500 BOILS.

This may seem an exaggeration to you, BUT IT IS TRUE. All sufferers from Bad Blood should read about this miraculous cure by BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS, CURED IN 1886.

Mr. David F. Mott wrote us from Spring Valley, Ont., in 1886. He said: "I suffered from impure blood and had over 500 boils, but since taking BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS I am entirely cured, and can recommend it to any person troubled with bad blood." CONFIRMED IN 1902. Mr. Mott writes from 62 Broad St., Utica, N.Y., under date of Dec. 31st, 1901. He says: "Some time ago I received a letter from your firm, saying that some years ago you received a testimonial from me, stating that I had cured 500 boils. Yes, sir, I had, and I must say that I have never had the reappearance of one since I took the course of your BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. I thank God that I have had good health ever since, for I was a great sufferer. I wish B.B.B. a world of success, which it surely deserves." For sale at all druggists or dealers. THE T. MILLIKEN CO., LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

Famous Beauties.

Adelina Patti. The sweet-voiced songstress is well over fifty years of age, and will never really be old in appearance. A FRESH FACE is gained solely from a fresh, healthy and pure skin. A skin with these attributes cannot but have other effects, but that of making its possessor look young. Campana's Italian Balms is a noted chemical achievement. It will thoroughly improve the worst skin and will surely preserve a good one. It will remove annoying and disgusting skin troubles, if the health be well looked to, and can be generally relied upon as the most perfect skin-food made. Suppose You Give it a Trial. It is gained solely from a fresh, healthy and pure skin. A skin with these attributes cannot but have other effects, but that of making its possessor look young. Campana's Italian Balms is a noted chemical achievement. It will thoroughly improve the worst skin and will surely preserve a good one. It will remove annoying and disgusting skin troubles, if the health be well looked to, and can be generally relied upon as the most perfect skin-food made. Suppose You Give it a Trial.

\$4 Trunks for \$2.85

Only a few more days of the "Stock-taking Sale" left. We will give you a golden opportunity to buy a trunk on Wednesday at less than cost. 24 Steel-Top Canvas-Covered Water-proof Trunks, built with hardware, steel sheet bottom, brass lock and bolt, bumper rollers, a handsome and durable trunk, regular \$4, Wednesday, 2.85. We re-cover umbrellas for 50c in brass repaired free. 800 YONGE ST., COR. AMES ST.

RUPTURE SURE CURE

At home, no operation, pain, danger or loss of time from work. Radical cures in every case. Write or call on the inventor, Dr. W. S. Rice, 2 Queen Street E. (Dept. 261), Toronto, Ont. 2345. The jury in the Stone case, the Ger. who was fined \$25, purchased a false statement of a chattel to be awarded him. The court opened up ten of the two twin lives until they arrived at the understanding that the defendant was unanimous. A case in the C. case in the verdict. While the jury was between the slender by Br. ports as to who taken up. The out the complaint dismissed.

Nuts and Seeds

Do you like to crack twelve nuts and find ten bad? How then must you crack your twelve grains and find them worthless? Use COOT-TAM SEED, with its plump sweet and wholesome kernels. (115) BEWARE of injurious imitations. The name "COOT-TAM SEED" is blown in glass. Buy only from the inventor, Dr. W. S. Rice, 2 Queen Street E. (Dept. 261), Toronto, Ont. 2345.

The Genuine Cyphers Incubators

They are self-ventilating, self-regulating and self-warming. They are the perfect work in the hands of the amateur, citizens, with all information, free on application. J. A. SIMMERS, 147-149-151 King St. E. Phone 314-11.

Michie's Finest Coffee is unrivalled for its wholesomeness and delicacy of flavor and aroma.

45c lb.

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W.H. STONE

Undertaker, YONGE 343 STREET Phone M. 932, 255

PROPERTY FOR SALE

\$400 will buy a house in the West End, near Beverley-street, detached, solid brick, furnace, bath, etc.; good location, immediate possession. Further particulars apply to 246 FRANK OATLEY, 10 Melinda-st.

"Karn is King"

We are the agents in Toronto for Karn Pianos and Organs. Visit our warehouses and test these artistic instruments.

H. W. BURNETT & CO.

9 and 11 Queen Street East.

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Wint

A Grand S G S Shirt

Suits were to be sold at Coats were to be sold at Skirts were to be sold at Children's to 15.00, 10.00. Silk Waist to be sold at JOHN CA King Street-RICH GIRL EL Miss Thompson the Two Albany, Jan. of Valley Falls deeply by a rom Mary Thompson owner of James Th owner and one of the village, elo Hines and Mue ley Falls at d ried in Middle later. Mrs. Hines, hionde of attra was exceedingly father, was for much time in father kept his formed the acq tion the summe lowed the race in caring for a trusted serv family. The elpment the parent's intimation of tion for each of the 25 athletes, well a demagogue and

STONE A

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TERO HAUTE

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