The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may bee bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

Coloureut covers/
Couverture de couleur

Covers damaged/
Couverture endommagée

Coyers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée

Cover title missing/
Le titre de couversure manque

Coloured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleur

Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)

Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur

Bound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion
along interior margin/
La seliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible. ces pages n'ont pas èté filmées.

L"institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détai!s de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.


Coloured pages/
Pages de couleur


Pages damaged/
Pages endommagées


Pages restored and/or laminated/
Fages restaurées nt/ou palliculées


Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées


Pages detached/
Pages dėtachées


Showthrorigh/
Transparence


Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression


$\square$
Includes index(es)/
Comprend un (des) index

Title on header taken from:/
Le titre de l'en-रéte provient:


Title page of issue/
Page de titre de la livraisonCaption of issue/
Titre de départ de la livraison


Masthead/
Générique (périodiques) de la livraison

Additional comments:/
Commentaires supplémentaires: Some pages are cut off.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


# Hatedens 

Vor Xil'.]



THE CHILDREN'S ENTERTMNMENT-GREAT FC'N.
"SWEETENING" MARY.
"Go to the kitchen. Mary will give you a drink."
"I don't want to," baby demurred. " Mary is cross."
"Why, what made her cross?" asked mamms in surprise.
"I dess I did sumpin' to her," baby re-
luctantly acknowledged. Then if yuu and he threw his arms about her neck and have done something to make her kissed her and calledher his "dear, sweet cross, you would bettet , \&u and du Manic. I love you twohundred bushels," something to sweeten her," suggested he snid.
Baby thought over it a minute, and then rrudged to the kitchen. " 'ou are a swect Mary," he prattled, "and I want to har you.' She stopped her work anll sooped,

When he came lack, smiling, mamma asked, "What did you do to Mary this time, my little boy?"
"Oh, I sweetencd her, I less," was tho reply.

## IHE: NKiRM1'E.

Flice aervice due to Gorl
Is not inere babbling words
Poured tunefally upon the ear Like songe of singing birds.

Tho service due to (iond
In no mere formal part.
"Tis not enongh to bow the heml And novor bow the beart.

The sorvice due to (iod Is life from evil won.
And faith and hope and glowing love And duty bravely done.

Strong Help of foeble faith, l'ure Quide of ago and youth,
Teach us to serve thee, holy God, In spirit and in truth.

## OUK EOSDAY-8OETOOL DADEHS.

The bosto tho cheapent, the mont entertalning, tho yoast jopular.
 Chrtatian Otanrijun end Mcihodlat Magazino and llovlan .................................................. Stagazino and lorlow, Guardian alid Onwand to Tho Wether Sunday actiool linnner, 65 pp, svo.. monthis woct 3 coplixa and over......................... 080 Ilusant lioum, 1 ph., ita, weckls, uingle coples... layst than 30 coplea.
Sublearin, fortnightly, lasn tiasti 10 coplca.............. 0 is
10 conics and ujumatis.a.........
Hajpy lingh, forinikhtly, lase than 10 coples.
Dew Dmpos, weakty (S centa jer quarter)
liernh Senfor Quarterly (quarierfs).
Hermin larkf, monthly.
Qiantorly liovion serviex. 135 tho yent If centa a
 ilowon: soccuits per 100

TIIR AHOVK PHCES INCILDK IOSTAHK
Addrose
WIILIAM 3HIGG:
 Toronta.
C. W. Contra.

2166 St. Catherine Street. Wealeynn imok Hooln. Montronl. Que.
lallfax. N.S

## Tapyy Dave.

TORONTO, FEBRUARY 4, 1899.

## SHORI SERMUNS FOR BUYS.

A Swedish boy fell out of a window and was badly hurt, but, with clenched lips, he kept buck the cry of pain. The king, Gustavus Adolphus, who saw him fall, prophesied that the boy would trake a man for an emergency; and so he did, for he became the famous General Bauer.

A boy used to crush the flowers to get their colour, and painted the white side of his facher's cottage in Tyrol with all sorts of pictures which the mountaineer gazed at as wonderful. He was the great artist Titian.

An old painter watched a little fellow who munsed himself making drawings of his pot and brushes, easel and stool, and said, "That loy will beat me one day." And he did; for he was Michael Angolo.

A German bny was reading a blood-andthunder novel. Right in the inidst of it he spid to himself: "Now, this will never
do. 1 get toci much esented over it. 1 can't stady well after it. Sinhero it goes!" and he flung the loosk out into the river. Ife was lichte, the great (ierman philosopher.

## CARIふ THREL: HELPMERS

* What is the malter, 'arl ' lou look as if you had heen in a fight, and the other fellow had done the lieking."
"I haven't been in any fight," said Carl, sullenly. He know Mae wits teaving him, and notiody likes to be temsed.
"Wc.ll, what's wrong then ?"
"Our cow has got sut of the gate and gone off somewhere."
"Whow!" said Mac, giving a long whistle. "You had better find her, if you know what is good cor you."
"Why ?" asked Carl.
"Well, they'll put her in the pound, for one thing, and you'll have to pay a dollar to get her out; and, then, it ruins a cow to go unmilked; and when your father and mother get back and find ber gone, you'll catch it like everything. Mind now, I've warned you."

Mac went off, feeling that he had done his duty. It wasn't his faultif Carl didn't get the cow, after the warning he had had; but Carl sat still on the fence, as unhappy as before. He didn't see that Mac's warning was going to help him find Cherry.

But bere was Jin Freeman coming along, asking the same questions and getting the same answers.
"Ill tell you what I'd do, if I were in your place, Carl," said Jim. "I'd go out to I'lunket's meadow first, to seo if she's there, and then come home by the millrace, and you might go around by Mr. Watson's, and-"
"O yes, I might step around by New York while I'm out," interrupted Carl, angrily:
"Well, if you are going to get mad at me for giving you good advice," said Jim, "I'm off: You will" wish you had taken it; that's all."
"Much good his advice will do me," grumbled Carl, "with the sun gaing down, and nobody to leave at home with Rose. It certainly is hard on a fellow to have Cherry go oft like this."

Just then a little girl climbed up besid? him on the fence, carrying something in her sunbonnet. It was a big piece of hot gingerbread.
"It's for you," she said.
" Hello, Rose! It certainly smells good, but I ain't such a pig as to take your reat."
"I've had n piece," said Rose, eagerly, hoping Carl wouldn't ask how big a piece, because, in fact, she had only taken a nil,ble. No, Carl didn't think of asking. If she had had a piece, that was all right; and he ate this piece contentedly, with dear little Rose sitting close veside him.
"I wish I could find your cow, Carl," said his little lover.
"Never mind, honey," said Carl. "Maybe she'll come home herself, wagging her tail behind her, like Bo-Peep's sheep"

Roso laughed, and somehow Carl fol better. Was it the gingerbread? That hac helped, but I think it was tho loving littl, voice and presence beside him. Fealing brighter, he began to use his wits. "Maybe Cherry went to the Moore lot," he said, suddenly; "wo used to pasture her there last spring."
The Moore lot was not far off, and, sure enough, Carl was soon back in triumph. with Cherry lounging along boforo him.

Now, when Mac came back that way and saw Cherry standing in her own lot. he wagged his head knowingly. "It's well I warned that boy," he asid; and he thought he had been Carl's best helper.

Whon Jim Freeman peased, he, too, smiled with satisfaction. "I sec Carl took my advice," he said to himself.

As for Carl, he thought himself very clever to bave thought of Moore's lot. He never knew, any more than Mac did, any more than Jim did, any more than Rose herself did, that his true helper had been the little girl who had gone out to him with gingerbread in her bonnet and love in her heart.

## WHY BESSIE CAME BACK.

"Does little Bessie want to carry a letter to Bridget for mother ?"
"Yes:" and two-year-old Bessie looked very pleased to be allowed to do an errand for mother, sll the way downstairs.

So the note, telling Bridget to turn of the heat in the furnace, was pinned to Bessie's dress, right in front, and she trottod away very happy.

Mother could hear the little feet go slowly down the stairs, one stop at a time, but they stopped a minute down in the hall. There was is lamp there, which Bessie could reach, and which she loved to turn up and down. Mother had told her never to touch it again, though.

Pretty soon the little fect came up the stairs fast and a little voice said:
"Don't touch, Bessie-run away-don't teuch :" and mother knew that Bessic was running away from the lamp for fear she would not mind.

That was a good way, wrasn't it?

## SEEKING HELP FROM A FOX.

## A missionary writes from China:

"I went yesterday to see a little boy six years old. He had been sick, and when I saw him first he was insensible and convulsed. A plaster which I made them put on his neck and on the sole of his fcot seemed to have saved his life, but as the people had left it on too long the skin was off, and his neck was very sore. So I went yesterday to see him. It was a large farm. house. In the room there was a little shrine, and outside there was a little temple; these were dedicated to Hoo le (the fox), and IUwang-tze lang-tzc (the weasel). The woman said the shrine and the temple would give the household peace." Do you not think that they need to be told arout Jesus the Savicur?

## CHRISTIAN, IOST THOU SEE THEM?

Christian, dost thou see them On the holy ground,
How the powers of darkness Rago thy steps around?
Christian, up and smite them, Counting guin but loss;
In the strengtis that cometh By the holy cross.

Christian, dost thou hear thein, How they speak thee fair?
"Always fast and vigil? Always watch and prayer?"
Christian, answer boldly.
"While I breathe I pray :"
Peace shall follow battlo,
Night shall end in day.
"Well I know the trouble, 0 my servant true;
Thou art very weary, I was weary too;
But that toil shall make thee
Some day all mine own,
And the end of sorrow
Shall be near my throne."

## LESSON NOTES.

## FIRST QUARTER.

STUDIES IN THE GOSPEL BY JOHN.

Lesson VII.
[Feb. 12.
CHHIST'S HIVINE AUTHOKITY.
John 5. 17-27. Memory verses, 24-27.

## GOLDEN TEXT.

This is indeed the Christ, the Saviour of the world.-John 4. 42.

## A LESSON TALK.

The Jews laid great stress upon their petty rules for keeping the Sabbath, and other things, and Jesus, who kept the law of God in his heart, did not aiways agree with them. God's law never forbids our doing good, even on the Sabbath day. It made the Jews still more angry when Jcsus told them that he was doing the same kind of work his Father was doing all the time. They said he made himself equal with God. and that was a great sin. Notice that it was not ignorance only that made the Jews treat, Jesus as though he was only a common man. They had seen him do miracles, which they knew very well no man could do! They had not forgoten how he turned the water into wine, and how he healed the sick man at Bethesda. This lesson shows some of the ways in which we may honour the Son of God. A child who does not listen to his parents and believe their words, does not honour them. Just se we shall not honour the Saviour of the world if we do not hear his words and believa and obey thein.

## QUESTIOSS FOH TIIR VOL'N, MEST.

Where was Jesus now ' In Jerualem
What mirncle did he work there? lie healed a sick man.

Who were angry about thia? The lews.
What lid they try to do' 'lo kill Jeaus.

What sin did they any he had commit. ted, Broken the Sisbbath.

II ho wis Jesus? God's own Sont.
Who had given him all power' God, his Father.

Whom does God tell uy to honour? Jesus.

What is true if we do not hunour lexuy Then we do not honour God.

How do we honour our parents' By velieving and obeying them.

How can we best honour Jesus? By following him.

When should we begin to follow him , While we are young.

Lesson VIll.
[Feb. 19.
CHRIST FEEDINO THE FIVE THUUSANH.
John 6. 1-14. Memory verses, 9-11.

## GOLDEN TEXT.

I am the bread of life.-John 6. 3is.

## a lesson talk.

A whole year passed between the miracle of the last lesson and the feeding of the tive thousand. This time why spent in Galilee, where Jesus taught and worked many miracles. Now he went across the Sea of Galilee, or Tiberias, followed by great crowds who hoped to see miracles worked. Jesus and the disciples were tired and needed rest, but when the sick and sinful people crowded around then Jesus began to teach them out of his great heart of love and pity. All day long he taught and healed them, and then he fed them, for he knew how hungry and tired they must be. Do you think it strange that Jesus could make food grow right there? But you remember that we have learned that Jesus was God, and that he made all things. It is his life and divine power that makes all the food we have. The wonderful thing was to sea it grow then and there! Are you not glad that Jesus used the little boy's lunch to feed the great multitude? It shows that he thinks about the little things. How good it was that the boy was near Jesus so that he could use his loaves and tishes:

QUESTIONS FOR THE youngest.
Where did Jesus go to rest! Out in the green fields.

Who followed him there! Crowds of people.

What did he do all day? He taught and healed them.

What did he want to do before sending them away? Give ticem something to eat.

What did he ask Philip? Where to get bread for the people.

How many were there to feed! More than five thousand.

What did Andrew tell Insus! That a little hoy had some fant.

How much wat there Five havers and two litele tinhes.

What did Jenus do with these H. blessed them and fed tho crowed

How do wo get oar foud, from (inels owill hand.

How could Jesus make food grow there Becanse he was tiod.

What dees thiy lesson tench uy, That little children can help.

## TISY. TIIE FLOWER-SELALEK

Fanchette anil aramomothor an ${ }^{\circ}$ iny livel away wer in Italy, where the wies are so blue and thin sun is su warm. Grandmother tende. 1 the hanse and Funch. ette sold thowers. l'ing went with Fanchette and sat by her feet anil wontehel everything around him with his slarp black eyes. Tliny vaw only a dhy, but he wes a very smart dog.
One day Fanchette was wick. Her hemd ached so badly that slie could not fot up. Who would sell her fluwers? Fanchetto did not know what to do.

After a while she thought of a plan. She managed to get up and dress, although the poor hend still ached. She took her basket and went to the next house, where the florist lived, and yot her ustual supply of tlowers. Then she went home and called 'liny.
She tied the laaket around has neck. kissed him good-loye and pointed to the door and said, " (is zell my Howers, Tiny:" Then she had to lie down on the leed again
Ting trotted ull to the curner where his, mistress nlways stool. I think Fanchette's customers understood the case, for thes picked out their posies and dropped the money into the basket. When the flowers were all sold, liny trutted hume. The headache was gone. Funchette was watching at the door for him, ard she found more money in the basket than she had ever made before.

The next day Fanchette's custumers. found the little red cheeked girl in her old place, and they toll her what a good flower-seller Tiny was.

## WILLE'S ANSWER.

"Une afternoon," writes a teacher, "just aiter school had closed, as I was locking my desk, little Willie stole softly to my side, and putting his arms around my neek, kissed me. 'I love 'oo, teacher,' he said.
"'Does Willie know what love is?' I asked.
" 'It's what makes us dood to folks.' he replied."

Was not that a good answer, and as true as it was good? It was our Lord's love that made him so good to us in living and dying for our sake. Iet us all try to get a great deal of the love that makes us good to folks.



## 

HY E: I', A.
"I donit winnt to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ (0) church," snid lithe Auy lor, ing divemut ato dly at the fur-trimmed coat nal enp and the little durir king abour "I want to 4 ay at heme and phay wif lora Cora Wiater pine'
Mamim lomked and of course Amy must so to church, hat she did not wnit to make har for mowillingly; it aremed strmue and unaratefol for aislowly to ars to the homere of the Jord with a lugring step and an unwilling hart
 manum: "l hail a littor story to tell your on the was:"
"oh, have you, mammat" cried Amy".
 went the whus wrap and cap, while ten little: fingers wringled themselses puickly into the ten places mate for them.
The chuch wns in the , illage, half a mile nway, so mamma had time for quite a tory while they walkel across the snowy tields. I ditn't hear the story; so I can't tell you all the thing; that happened to the heroine, but I know she whs one of a larefe family, and lived in a heantiful house, and hal a dear. kimd father, who loved her devotedly and gave her everything that it was sale or good for her to have ; indeed, he gave her more than some of his other children, and far more than she desersed to have.
"But why, didn't she deserve to have it, mamma?" interrupted Amy; "wasn't she a good little girl ""
"I hope so," suid mamma, doubtfully: "but I have one very strange thing to tell you about her: when the other children rathered round the Father to thank him for the new gifts he was constantly giving them, this little one wanted to go off and amuse herself, and not thank him at all!"
Amy looked startlea. "10y you mean--" she herran to ask, but they were at the door of the church, and mamma only smited silently at her as they went in.

The meaning must have come to Amy while Mr. Frost was preaching his sermon, for she asked no more questions, but, giving mamma's hand a squeeze on the way, home, said, "I thanked him too, mamma."

## A JAPANESE FAIRY TALE.

Once upon a time there was a kind old conple that kept a pet dog. One day the chl man dug where the dog scratched and unexpectedly found a quantity of gold. Now, there was a bad-hearteci couple, their heighturs, who envied them their good fortune, and asked them to lend them their dog. As they would take no refusal, they yot the dog; but when they tonk him nlong the road he would not scratch the :grouml. Therefore, they made him serateh, and then dug where he scratched; lat instead of tinding gold they only found a lot of filthy staft. 'Then they got angry and killed the dog, ant buried him under a smatl pine-tree by the way-side.

The pine-tree saddenly grew to a preat si\%e, and the kind old man cut it down and mude a nortar out of the wood. When he pounded barley in that mortar the barley would flow up out of tha bottom and overllow without end. His neighbour again envied him, and borrowed his mortar to pound his barley in. But when he did so his barley all turned out cracked and worm-caten. Then he became still more enraged, and broke the mortar in pieces and used it for tirewood.

The kind old man thei, took some of the ashes of the mortar and scattered them on dend trees, and made them blossom. He way plentifully rewarded for this with gold. silver, and pieces of silk by the prince of the country; and so he came to be called "the old man who made dead trees blossom." Again his neighbour envied him, and attempted to make dead trees blossom with ashes. But when he took a handful and sprinkled it on the limbs of a dead tree the tree did not blossom, but the ashes blew into the eyes of the prince of the country. The retainers of the prince roared out, "That's a nice state of things:" and seized the old man and gave him a heating. With his head bruised and bloody, he barely escaped. In this cundition his wife suw him returning in the distance. And she said, "My hustiand, too, I see, has been rewarded by the prince with purple garments;" but while she was thus rojoicing he came near, when she looked more closely and saw
that her hurband, insteme of boing clothed in purple, was stained with blood. As to thic man, he then took to his bed sick, and nt last died.

## DURUTHY'S PARTY.

## hy Julia in comton.

Little Dorothy I). gave a party one day ;
Would you like to know who were invited?
When I tell you their names, I am sure you will say
They are friends who should never be slighted.
The first guest to arrive was Miss Oughtto Obey;
She had walked hand in hand with Miss Cheerful.
Bright Miss Happy came skipping along the same way,
Passing by in the strect poor Miss Tuarful.
Miss Polite and Miss Kind came in one large coupe;
Dear Mifas Gentle was waiting to meet them :
And Miss Thankful-who sometines forgets what to say-
With the sweetest of smiles went to greet them.
Close at Jorothy's side two dear friends ever stay-
Calm Miss Truthful, whom nothing confuses.
And that sweet little peacemaker Love, who each day
Takes the pain out of somebody's bruices.

Oh, so merry they were: Dotty often declared,
Even though she should live to be forty,
If with these lovely friends every day could be shared,
She felt sure she would never be naughty!

## AGES OF ANIMALS.

The rabbit lives from six to seven years.
The squirrel from seven to eight years.
The fox from fourteen to fifteen years.
The cat from fifteen to seventeen years.
The dog from sixteen to eighteen years.
The bear and wolf from eighteen io twenty years.

The rhinoceros from twenty to twenty. two years.
The horse from twenty-five to twentyeight years.
The hen from twenty-five to twenty. eight years.
The porpoise from twenty-eight to thirty years.

The camel and crow one hundred years.
The tortoise one hundred and twenty years.
The eagle one hundred and twenty years.

The elephant four hundred years.
The whale one thousend yeure.

