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EIGHTH YEAR — TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 15, 1887. — PRICE ONE CENT

74 HOTELS TO BE CLOSED.

THE FLEMING BY-LAW PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL.

A Majority of 2—Exciting and Protracted Debate—The Chamber Crowded with Friends and Opponents of the Measure—An Amendment to Make the Number 175 Defeated.

At 12.30 this morning the triumphant passage of the Fleming bylaw for the reduction of the number of saloons in this city, ended one of the most exciting evenings the City Council has ever spent. Although it was an ordinary session of the Council, everybody knew that no other business would be discussed but the temperance question. Consequently, in anticipation of a large attendance, the Chamber was filled with seats, but even the extra number could not begin to accommodate the crowd that sought admittance. Towards 9 o'clock it was almost impossible to get in or out of the Chamber. The people were content to get standing room anywhere inside the door. Among those present were about fifty ladies, prominent temperance workers, clergymen, saloonkeepers, workingmen and others anxious to hear an enthusiastic debate. The full Council of thirty-six members and the Mayor were present, Ald. Harvie arriving from his political meeting about 9.30.

The following is an explanation of the proposed change: There are at present 206 tavern licenses, 9 saloon and 2 beer and wine licenses issued in Toronto. The bylaw limits the number of tavern licenses to be issued this year to 150, and raises the total fee from $300 to $350. There are 64 shop licenses, for the sale of liquor, and the bylaw limits them in the future to 40; (the number was subsequently changed to 50 on motion of Ald. Piper). It also raises the entire fee from $300 to $350

After routine, Ald. Boustead moved that the 11 o'clock rule be suspended and that the Council go into Committee of the Whole on the report of the Executive Committee. This was done and the tavern bylaw received its first and second reading. Then Ald. Baxter opened the ball by moving that the number of licenses to be issued in future be 175 instead of 150. Ald. Defoe moved as an amendment to the amendment that the number be 200, but this motion was lost at the second reading, as was also a motion by Ald. Carlyle of St. Thomas' Ward to make the number 165. The Council then entered upon a discussion of the subject with Ald. Baxter's motion and the original before them.

Ald. Dodds spoke as follows: I frankly confess to experiencing about the same feeling as my friend Alderman Baxter. I believe if there is one man more than another that ought to have the courage of his convictions it is the man or men who propose to radically change a law as it exists on the statute books of our country at the present time. Now, I am free to confess—and I presume that no man in Canada more than myself during the past ten or twelve years has had occasion to note that—that the upholders of this partial prohibitory law are everlastingly speaking of those who oppose them, as men who are runners or the friends of the runners. I can only say this much, that one of the very highest evidences of our civilization to-day is, in my opinion, the power to agree to disagree, [hear, hear], and I fail to understand why, if I believe that prohibitory or partial prohibitory legislation, or the cutting down of a large number of licenses and the throwing out of business of a large number of the tax payers of this city is not in the best interests of the public—I fail to understand why, if I raise my voice on behalf of what I believe to be the honest and true interests of those who sent me here, what I believe to be in the best interests of the cause of temperance—I fail to understand why I, and those gentlemen who agree with me, should be blackballed and black-listed by those gentlemen who charge to themselves all the morality on this question. [Hear, hear.] Now, sir, having experienced a good deal of that in the past, it has but very little effect personally upon myself. I can afford to despise all opposition of that description.

I have this, however, to say, that I do regret, and deeply regret, that the introducer of this bylaw considered it consistent with his position as a member of this Council, upon a Sabbath evening, only a few Sabbaths ago, in an almost frantic fashion, to call upon his friends to rally all their strength at this Council Chamber to-night. Why did he make such an invitation? Why did he extend an invitation of this sort? If I understand my position—there may be some gentlemen in this Chamber who consider it presumptuous in a member of this Council on his initiatory year to pass an opinion in this way, but I take the liberty of doing so. I fail to understand the duties of my position if, in taking my seat in this Council Chamber, I am not sent here to represent each and every class of this community, and no particular class. [Hear, hear.] I hold, in coming here, I do not do my duty to the people if I do not honestly and faithfully uphold the interests and honestly endeavor to serve the interests of all classes of the city of Toronto.

By Ald. Fleming's passionate appeal to his friends to crowd into this Chamber to-night, what was he afraid of? Was he afraid there would be some weak-backed friends among his own supporters, or did he imagine, on the other hand, that the introduction of his friends would have a somewhat deterrent effect upon the gentlemen who, like myself, might be opposed to his views? All I can say is, if the first was his desire, it is not in the highest degree flattering to the stability of his supporters; and on the other hand, if it was done for the purpose of deterring friends on my side of the question from expressing their minds and convictions, I can only say that he is a very novice in the art of diplomacy.

Now sir, I have no desire to deal with this question at any very great length, but I feel that I would not be doing my duty if I did not ask this Council to seriously consider the effect of the legislation that is asked at their hands to-night, and I have also to say that I regret that in the interests of that particular party, an organ of that party has seen fit at the late election to issue a map of a part of the City of Toronto, very liberally interspersing that map with black dots showing what they choose to term the rum-holes of the City of Toronto, where the youth and others are led astray. I call that a dishonest map; I call that map entirely unfair and unworthy to be issued by moral men fighting in behalf of what they claim to be a moral cause. For, a man to take up this map as a part of the City of Toronto, he might reasonably conclude that the other great untouched portion of this city was perhaps very liberally marked in the same way.

Now, what do we find? We find around this St. Lawrence market the hotels to be very thick, but we find upon making a personal enquiry into the state of affairs, that in those very hotels there are over 1100 people every day mealed; and that in addition to those 1100 that are mealed there is an average of over 700 people who go in and out, perhaps taking a casual meal; others again who take in their victuals to eat them in these rooms, being allowed the accommodation of the chairs and tables. Now, I find again that on Colborne-street, where a good number of those black marks are—because I am not one of those gentlemen, who, like some of my friends on the other side deal in the staple article, one article alone, and that gush, I prefer to enquire for myself into the facts of the case—I find at least half a dozen of these places mealing on an average from 75 to 240, and even as high as 300 a day, a large proportion of whom are merchants.

The question I want to ask of this Council and of the introducer of this bylaw is this: Do you propose to go to work and close up 74 of the licensed hotels of the City of Toronto? I have it from the lips of the Ontario Inspector that there were 214 tavern licenses issued in the City of Toronto this last year. Now, you go to work and close up 74 of those; and I ask of you to remember this important fact, in closing up those 74 you condense the business of the 74 and add to the monopoly of those remaining in the business.

Now, I am free to confess, as a temperate man myself, I believe one of the evils of this country is the indiscriminate drinking or treating habit that prevails amongst so many of our people. I now desire to draw your attention to the very addition to this temptation that you make by the passage of a law such as this. You go to work and close up perhaps two houses where there are four at the present time. You draw therefore the people who have been in the habit of going into the four, distributed amongst them, into the two houses, and the more people that go in those places the greater liability there is for general treating to prevail and a larger amount of liquor to be drank.

The city of Toronto has, when it suits the purpose of our friends, been held up as the most moral city in America. I believe it to be, by its record, one of the most moral; but, on the other hand, when it suits their purpose they are prepared to express their horror, as it were, at the enormous drinking habits of the people, the enormous number of arrests for drunkenness in this city in a single year. Now, I have no desire to use many figures, but I take the liberty, and I do not think my friends can very well object to it, of asking them to remember there is one city on the continent of America that they are particularly fond of looking at. There is one city in America that for thirty-five years has had a prohibitory law, that during that thirty-five years the Legislature of its State has passed more than 160 amendments thereto, each amendment endeavoring to be more stringent in its provisions than the preceding one. Now then, where they have not struck off a limited number, but have struck off all the hotels, let me make a comparison between that city and this city that I take the liberty of saying enjoys to-day the provisions of a stringent license law better than to-day exists in any civilized country in Europe of which we have any note, a law that has been perfected by years and years of careful work, that I believe has been fairly and honestly administered in the best interests of the people by those gentlemen who have been appointed by this Government. I say I take and compare this same city of Toronto with the city that for thirty-five or thirty-six years has been under the stringent provisions of a prohibitory law—I allude to the city of Portland, in the State of Maine, and I find that during the years 1881, '82 '83, '84 and '85 there were 6907 men arrested in that city for drunkenness; divided by five shows an average of 1381 each year, and the population of the city of Portland ranging during these years from 33,750 to 33,900 last year. Now, sir, I turn from this small city of Portland to the city of Toronto. I will now quote the language of His Worship who said the other day, if he was reported correctly, that the population of the city of Toronto was 140,000. I desire to be exceedingly careful in my remarks; I will come within that 140,000 and will come to the basis of 130,000. I find that the total arrests for drunkenness in this city during these five years was 16,704, an average per year of 3340. I find that in this Prohibition city of Portland where all the places were closed, that there was one man arrested for drunkenness each year to each 27 of her population, while in this city of Toronto, under the stringent provisions of this license law, there was but one arrest for drunkenness to each 39 of our people.

Now then, I desire again to ask of this Council whether it is altogether fair, whether it is altogether honest or manly, to go to work and throw out of their business men who for years have been engaged in extending and working in a business as legitimate in the eyes of the law as any other business extant in this country to-day. I claim here that we occupy an anomalous position. This Council goes to work to strike off so many men. They have not a single atom of power any further than that. They cannot dictate to those commissioners, the representatives of the Local Government, what menshall be thrown out of business. They cannot undertake to say that those commissioners will close up the men that may not be working strictly and faithfully within that law. This Council, as representing the citizens, have no guarantee that the man's house that is closed in this city will be a house that should be closed in the public interest. And again sir, why should we be eternally throwing the blame upon the men engaged in this occupation. If they do not work according to the provisions of that license law that they have paid for the privilege of working under, then it behooves those license commissioners to do their duty and see to it that those men are punished for the infringement of that law. I claim, sir, that the man who acts as inspector, or commissioner, is more derelict in his duty, is a greater enemy to society than those other men if he, charged with a sacred duty to perform, does not perform it honestly and faithfully in the public interests.

Now I come to another aspect of this question. I have heard it advanced in this Chamber that these men were not entitled to compensation. I heard the argument fall from the lips of those gentlemen in favor of this bylaw, namely, to the effect that those men were entitled to no compensation because at the end of the year their license could be dropped. If you recognize that principle the the Government of this Dominion of Canada has a right to close every distillery and every brewery at the end of the year, because it has paid to the Government of this country only so much for a license for that single year.

Again, sir, what do you do? You recognize no principle of compensation, and you throw 100 men and their employes, the proprietors and employes of liquor shops, into the streets of this city on two or three weeks' notice, who with their families number over 500 of your people, at this season of the year when it is difficult for them to get occupation in any other line of business. Now sir, if I err upon this question of compensation, I am prepared and gratified to err in the company that it is possible for me to do. I remember not many years ago, when a strong assemblage of Prohibition men waited upon a man in England, whose name is revered from one end of the world to the other, a man, sir, who as a scholar and statesman, has written his name deep and indelibly upon the pages of England's political history—I remember, sir, when they called upon him and asked for his powerful aid and support in favor of that prohibitory law and legislation, he told them that before that law could be engrafted upon the statute books of England there must be linked with it the principle of compensation, and no man in this Chamber, within the hearing of my voice, whether he be to-day a Tory or whether he be a Reformer can deny that William Ewart Gladstone stands to-day one of the great prominent men of that country. Not alone him—there is another man, a central figure also in the political history of England, a man whose well known eloquence has for years sounded on behalf of the interests of the working classes of Europe, a man, who, from the earliest history of his political life has been found on the side of justice and of right, and this man, John Bright, when approached by those same representatives of the Prohibition party, said that whatever it might be in the interests of the people, English law would not allow that any class of Her Majesty's subjects should have their rights stripped from them without the principle of compensation being recognized. And if you recognize it with the distiller and with the brewer, then I say on the ground of common honesty you have a right to recognize it amongst these smaller dealers, these men whom you may, within a few weeks or nights, throw into the street, unprepared to go into another business, and you will do it all in the name of morality.

Now, in the name of morality, I can only say I do not envy the feelings of some of those gentlemen who can smile serenely to themselves, and, wrapping around them the mantle of that peculiarly transparent morality, I will call it, will say they are prepared to do something that they think might in the end add to the benefit of the community at large; but to accomplish that they will act upon that peculiar doctrine that the end they might attain will perhaps justify the very peculiar and unfair means that they will employ.

Ald. Shaw thought there was matter for serious thought and grave consideration in the bill. They should not ignore the claims of justice. He believed there should be some compensation.

Ald. Graham said that so far they had only heard one side—Ald. Dodds, Baxter and Shaw, but Ald. Baxter immediately rose and objected to being classed with the "other side." Proceeding, Ald. Graham said that no depression would be caused by wiping out seventy-three taverns—only a depression of spirits. [Laughter.] He could sympathize with a man whose pocket was touched, but he could sympathize far more with those whose hearts and homes were touched.

Ald. McMillan said they had heard no argument but scolding from Ald. Dodds. He pointed out that the voice of the people had been heard on the question in the late municipal elections. A great source of evil would be swept away by a reduction, and greater happiness would be brought to the people.

Ald. St. Leger quoted from the constitution of the Knights of Labor that no person who either made or sold strong drink could become a member of that organization. He thought that those who had broken the law should be cut off first.

Ald. Maughan said he had been studying up the law, and he could not come to any understanding how they could reduce the licenses without some basis of compensation.

Ald. Drayton was in the same fix as Ald. Maughan. In regard to the expediency of the measure, he believed that it would have an opposite effect to that wished for by driving the trade into illicit places. He was not in favor of such a drastic scheme. Some distinction should be made between ardent spirits and wine and beer, as he believed that more harm was done by whisky. In Switzerland a reduction in the number of licenses had been tried and had proved a failure.

Ald. Jones said he would vote for the bylaw if he had a guarantee that those who broke the law would be cut off first. Every saloon cut off would create unlicensed places, and although the Mayor had stated there were only twenty unlicensed places in the city, he could take His Worship round some night and show him a great many more than twenty. He thought he could find about 100.

Mayor Howland: All right, I'll go with you.

Ald. Jones went on to say that a reduction of seventy-four was in his opinion too sweeping.

Ald. Frankland thought the Knights of Labor were illiberal and narrow in prohibiting those engaged in a legitimate business from membership. He didn't want to have anything to do with anyone who would interfere with what he ate or drank. He had no doubt that many graves were filled by men who had led intemperate lives, but many had confessed themselves that something was the matter with their liver. [Laughter.] Dyspepsia filled more graves than drink. He referred to the injustice of casting out upon the world so many families by taking away their means of livelihood. The question should not have been brought there. It was distracting the business of the city. He asked the aldermen to remember the scolding they would get from their wives when they went home with cold feet at 2 o'clock.

Ald. Swait said that Mr. Mowat was going to take the subject up in the Local House, and thought they should postpone action in the meantime.

Ald. Millichamp wished every person to understand that he had not come out as the candidate of the whisky party. He believed that the old council should have submitted the proposition to the people. There was no use referring to that now. While admitting that a curtailment of the traffic was necessary, he thought there should be some scheme for compensation. He was willing to vote for Ald. Baxter's amendment, as a fair compromise.

Ald. Hunter said he had always been a temperance man pure and simple. He would vote for Ald. Baxter's or some other motion to reduce the number of taverns.

Ald. Ingham didn't believe this was the great panacea for Toronto.

Ald. Baxter made a warm speech, and took the extreme temperance men to task for the persistent way in which they were pursuing, to such extremes to heel His Worship's exhortation to young aldermen. He approved of cutting off fifty of those who failed to carry out their agreement in accepting the license, and he would even go twenty-five more if he were sure the culprits would be cut off.

Ald. Harvie said that saloons were nothing but traps, and intemperance was the keynote of crime. They should do what was right in the sight of God and man, and if they were not prepared to do that then they should resign their seats.

Ald. Fleming desired to say a few words, and on rising he was loudly applauded by some of the audience. He reviewed his efforts and stated that he could hand in seventy-three names of those who had so often violated the law as to place themselves outside the pale of sympathy

Mayor Howland referred to the progress of prohibition in the United States, and said we were in training for it here, since we already had prohibition on the Island, at the Exhibition and on Saturday night, and giving twenty as the number of illicit places in the city, he did so on the authority of the Police Department. "If there are more," he continued, "I'll go with anyone that will show me them; but I tell you that once you show them to me they're gone." [Applause.] In regard to a remark made by Ald. Dodds that most of the saloons supplied meals, he had a statement from the Chief of Police that there were 223 licensed taverns, only 73 of which number supplied meals, the communication further stating that 138 houses could be done without. His Worship claimed that there was no injustice in the measure. It was an act of kindness to saloon men to take them out of this business. It was a traffic in flesh and blood that always took the blood of a man or his children in return.

Ald. Dodds refuted several misconstructions that had been placed upon his remarks. He showed that the much talked of Prohibition in Maine was a failure and a farce, since liquor was sold in almost any quantity by the druggists. Closing some of the saloons would never prevent a man from taking a glass of beer if he wanted one. Could they believe that by closing a saloon on one corner they could thereby prevent a man from going into a saloon on the other corner? It was establishing a direct monopoly, for by closing up one place they handed that business right over to some more fortunate person that was left. Turning to the ladies, he said he had no objection to their presence, but the salvation of the country depended more than anything else on a statement he was going to make—that there was no home a woman could reform so well as her own. There was nothing like the power and influence of a woman's love, and the speaker illustrated this by a pathetic story of a dying boy whose one thought in death was for his mother. Every woman present and in Canada had the question in her own hands, and by moral suasion could make for this country a greater and better people than could ever be made by act of Parliament.

Ald. Boustead took up the pathetic thread just dropped by Ald. Dodds, and told a couple of stories to illustrate the curse liquor brought to the home. There was nothing in this world but whisky could so harden a mother's heart as to make her forget her own children. Before concluding he made a strong appeal for the bylaw and was loudly applauded.

Ald. Defoe said he would not vote for any reduction except on the principle that of two evils we should choose the least.

It was midnight when the debate closed. Ald. Baxter's motion was lost in Committee of the Whole by one vote. In Council Ald. Baxter moved his motion again to reduce the number to 175 instead of 150, which was lost on the following division:

Yeas.	*Nays.*
Ald. Baxter,	Mayor Howland,
Defoe,	Ald. Barton,
Denison,	Boustead,
Dodds,	Carlyle,
Drayton,	Carlyle,
Frankland,	Fleming,
Hunter,	Galley,
Ingham,	Gillespie,
Irwin,	Graham,
Jones,	Harvie,
Millichamp,	Hill,
Piper,	Johnston,
Ritchie,	Macdonald,
Shaw,	McMillan,
Swait,	Morrison,
Verral,	Roaf,
Woods—17.	Ross,
	St. Leger,
	Wickett—19.

Note—Ald. Maughan declined to vote.

When the Mayor declared Ald. Baxter's motion lost, the applause from the spectators was deafening. This was the test vote, and no further opposition was offered to the bylaw, which was then passed, read a third time and finally adopted.

The Council was about to break up, when Ald. Fleming reminded the aldermen that the license question had yet to be considered. It was immediately taken up. Ald. Piper moved to limit the number to fifty instead of forty, and this was carried by a majority of one. Ald. Drayton, seconded by Ald. Swait, moved that the fee for ardent spirits be $200, and for wine and beer $150 (in addition to the $150 payable to the Provincial Government. This was lost by a vote of 18 to 18, the Mayor deciding in favor of $200 for a general license.

THE ROW OVER OUR FISH.

THE AMERICANS STILL WANT TO RETALIATE IN SOME WAY.

But They Provide a Substitute for the War-like Bill Debated a Few Weeks Ago—Full Reciprocity Between the United States and Canada Proposed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The sub-committee of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, consisting of Messrs. Belmont, Clements and Rice, to-day presented its report on the retaliatory bills. A substitute bill is recommended for the Senate bill and the Belmont Bill.

It provides that when the President is satisfied that American vessels are denied treaty rights or reasonable privileges he may by proclamation prohibit the entry into American ports of vessels owned wholly or in part by British subjects or arriving from Canada or Newfoundland (except when in distress) and may forbid the importation of any goods, wares or merchandise from Canada or Newfoundland, or any locomotive, car or other vehicle. A violation of this provision is made punishable by fine and imprisonment. Sections of the bill authorize the creation of a commission to take testimony with respect to damages inflicted on American citizens and American vessels.

The Peaceful Way.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—In the House Mr. Butterworth introduced a bill providing for full reciprocity between the United States and Canada.

The bill proposes that as soon as the Government of Canada shall permit all articles of trade and commerce to enter the ports of Canada free of duty then all products of Canada, of every description, shall be permitted to enter the ports of the United States free of duty, it being the intention to provide for absolute reciprocity of trade between the two countries as to all articles of whatever name or nature produced therein.

An Interesting Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—In the House the following resolution was presented by Mr. Lawler:

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be requested to inform the House whether the terms of the Treaty of Ghent, by which peace was consummated between the United States and Great Britain in December, 1814, and ratified by the Senate in February, 1815, are construed to inhibit the United States from maintaining an effective navy on the northern lakes bordering the Dominion of Canada, and also whether the construction by Great Britain of the Welland Canal is not in effect a violation of the Treaty of Ghent, and, in case of war with that country, a menace to the safety of our lake board cities.

A Report Discredited.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14.—Major Tilton, Deputy Minister of Fisheries, discredits the cable report that two cruisers will be despatched immediately to Halifax for the purpose of co-operating in the enforcement of the fisheries regulations. The fishing season does not begin until early in July.

—Wire mats may be left out of doors in the rain, as all the parts are thoroughly galvanized and japanned, and will not rust or injure carpets or painted floors. 361

BISMARCK'S ANSWER.

He Tells a Member of the Landtag That They Live in Peace, But—

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The Post says that in reply to an enquiry by Deputy Eynern, in the Landtag, as to whether war was probable, Prince Bismarck said: "You know quite as much as I do. We live in a state of peace, but look at the French preparations, at the building of bagnecks, at the position of Gen. Boulanger, at the constant outcry of the French Patriotic League during sixteen years, and then consider what we have to fear from France."

The Post recommends Germans who desire to know the position of the French frontier to study the map prepared at Wurtemburg by Major Troltsch, and published at Stuttgart, which shows that between Paris and the eastern frontier troops of the line, combined with the present reserves, form an effective force of 600,000 men, which force can be tripled in a few days.

Hamilton Affairs.

HAMILTON, Feb. 14.—Mrs. McKeand, wife of Mr. George McKeand, insurance and steamboat agent, of James-street north, dropped dead just as she was upon the threshold of her father's residence on Mountain-avenue this afternoon. The lady had walked up to see her father, Mr. Thomas Bush, who is ill. Dr. MacKelcan was called, but too late to be of service. The news of the death of Col. Alfred McKeand yesterday seemed to deeply affect Mrs. McKeand, and she lately has been worried about the condition of her father and Dr. Orton, who was sick at Mr. Bush's. It is thought that heart disease was the cause.

W. H. Parsons of Stoney Creek, arrested for threatening to shoot a constable and with neglecting to support his wife has been liberated. The defendant's father and brother became sureties for his good behavior.

The gold jewels belonging to Barton Lodge have been found. They were discovered in a room off the lodge room where they had been mislaid.

Salvationists Attacked at Quebec.

QUEBEC, Feb. 14.—The females of the Salvation Army were violently attacked by a gang of well-dressed rowdies at St. John-street yesterday afternoon. The Salvationists made no resistance nor any inclination to do so, although their assailants continued to storm the young women with large lumps of snow and ice. One girl was knocked down and very seriously injured, and but for the speedy arrival of the police might have met her death. The names of a few of the scoundrels are known to the police and they likely will be arraigned on a charge of murderous assault.

—Steel wire door mats will not wear out. They require no shaking as they clean themselves. They do not fill with dirt and dust; all dust falls through and can be readily swept up. 136

Committed for Libel.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14.—The criminal libel suit brought by C. E. George, of the Free Press, against James Johnston, editor of the Citizen, was taken up in the Police Court again this morning, and Johnston was committed for trial.

More Wages for School Board Employes.

At the next meeting of the Public School Board the Finance Committee will recommend a number of increases in salary. By this the headmasters will have their salaries raised on the graduated plan by which length of service will be the measure of wages, increasing the total salaries of headmasters by about $3000. The committee will also recommend that the salaries of Inspector Hughes and Secretary Wilkinson be increased by $300 each, making them $2400 and $1900 respectively.

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

The liabilities of Milton Pennington, Montreal, will reach $100,000.

Frank Atkinson, a letter-carrier, is in custody at Leamington charged with having robbed the mails.

Joseph McLellan, aged 76, an engineer on the Intercolonial Railway, was killed in the company's yards at Halifax last Friday.

The Allan Line has notified the Government that it will not carry the mail to Newfoundland if the subsidy is reduced as proposed.

Nicholas Courtney of Leamington fell from a load of wood he was driving yesterday and the wheels passing over him killed him instantly.

Mr. William Treble, for a long time a conductor on the G.T.R. between Windsor and Suspension Bridge, died at Windsor on Saturday.

Mr. James Wallace, for many years a conductor on the Grand Trunk and Great Western Railways, died at his home in London on Sunday.

The medals and diplomas awarded by the Imperial Government to all the exhibitors at the late Colonial Exhibition have been received at Ottawa. They number nearly 3000.

COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING.

A Dry Goods Store in Notre Dame-street, Montreal, Caves in.

MONTREAL, Feb. 14.—Shortly before 4 o'clock this morning Constable Turnbull of No. 6 Station, and City and District Watchman E. E. Shelly, while patrolling Notre Dame-street were startled by hearing a terrific crash. Running in the direction of the sound they were just in time to witness the entire collapse of the building No. 1834, occupied on the lower flats by Mr. Dolan, dry goods, and on the upper floors by Mrs. Grace as a dining saloon. The whole upper front of the building came crashing into the street, which was littered for many yards with the wreck and debris. Both officers at once started to succor the inmates, and to ascertain if there was any danger of fire. Mr. Dolan's part of the building was not occupied, and strange to say, the officers succeded in rescuing the five occupants of the dining rooms from the ruins unharmed. The escape of those persons seems little short of miraculous. As there was no signs of fire and as every one had been gotten out unhurt it was deemed unnessary to summon the fire brigade. As the building was a very old one it is thought that its collapse was due to the great weight of snow on the roof. At this writing it is impossible to obtain any further details such as the amount of damage done, losses or insurance.

THE AMERICAN CARDINALS.

The Propaganda Will Give a Banquet in Their Honor.

ROME, Feb. 14.—The Propaganda will give a banquet in honor of Cardinals Gibbons and Taschereau after the consistory. The Armenian Patriarch at the Pope's reception to-morrow will present His Holiness with a diamond ring from the Sultan of Turkey. Numerous visitors, both lay and ecclesiastical called upon Cardinal Gibbons to-day, among them being Cardinals Jacobini and Parocchi. Cardinal Gibbons this afternoon quietly visited several members of the Sacred Congregation. Cardinal Taschereau resides at the French Seminary at Santa Chiara.

HARD TIMES IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

Many of the Inhabitants of the Island Said To Be in a Starving Condition.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Feb. 14.—Very discouraging reports come from the northern parts of the island, where the condition of the people is said to be deplorable. The coasting steamer Curlew in her last trip north encountered a great many inhabitants of the coast who were without supplies of any kind, the food sent out by the Government being altogether inadequate to meet the demand. Newfoundland has never known such a period of distress as the present.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

Brooklyn Longshoremen Returning to Work at Former Wages.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—The strike in Brooklyn is virtually at an end, and longshoremen are returning to work wherever they can get their former wages. The coal drivers have nearly all gone to work.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 14.—The striking longshoremen and freight handlers made application for their old places here to-day, but they were not received.

Carnival Sports at Montreal.

MONTREAL, Feb. 14.—The free-for-all-trotting race was concluded to-day at the Driving Park, W. H. Barrett's Eckford winning, the best time being 2 mins. 41 sec.

In the Crystal Rink to-night Frank Dowd ran his first professional race against H. J. McCormack, of St. John, N.B. The distance was five miles. Dowd won by one lap, his time being 17 min. 17 sec.

In the Jubilee Rink there were six starters in the ten-mile race for the championship of Canada. Sam Lee won, his time being 38 mins. 58 secs.

Schofield's Scheme.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 14.—A man named Schofield, who was reported to have been foully murdered in Winnipeg on Saturday night, is in jail here. He said he killed two chickens and scattered the blood about the office to give the impression that he had been murdered. He did this to escape domestic troubles.

The Czar's Views Regarding Bulgaria.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 14.—It is semi-officially stated that the Czar maintains that the candidacy of the Prince of Mingrelia for the Bulgarian throne must be submitted to the Sobranje, and he adheres to his position that Russian policy in Bulgaria necessitates the displacement of the regent and their prefectoral nominees.

An Abyssinian Victory.

ROME, Feb. 14.—A despatch from Gen. Gena, the Italian commander at Massowah, dated Feb. 9, says the situation was unchanged. King John of Abyssinia was sending troops to Adegrat. A force commanded by a son of the King had fought a sanguinary battle with the Soudanese near Metemeh, which resulted in a victory for the Abyssinians.

Counterfeit Canadian Coin.

Thomas Harding, an old man arrested for drunkenness Saturday night, was found to have in his possession seven spurious twenty-five cent pieces, which were poor imitations of the genuine article. He was unable to explain at the Police Court yesterday as to how he got the stuff, and at the request of the County Attorney he was remanded till Thursday. During the day however Detective Cuddy secured a clue which led to the arrest of William Keand of No. 29 Robinson-street. Keand was employed in the Toronto Silver Plating Company, King-street west, and is charged with counterfeiting the coin found in Harding's pockets.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Houston & Co. will, it is understood, offer 50 cents on the dollar to their creditors.

Messrs. Rowe & Teskey, of the Standard Novelty Works, Francis-street, have not failed, but continue to do business at the old stand.

Much sympathy is felt for Capt. and Mrs. Thos. Brown on account of the death of their eldest son, aged 14 years. The funeral takes place from the bereaved parents' residence, 69 Czar-street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Nominations take place in the city to-day at the following places: Centre, Albert Hall; East, City Hall; West, St. Lawrence Hall. The returning officers will wait from 12 to 2 for nominations, after which there will be speechifying.

Bowden & Co.'s list of lots, farms and improved property, advertised in this day's World, is one of the most attractive announcements of the sort we have seen for some time. Their style of business gives general satisfaction to their clients and causes a constant increase in sales.

Mr. George Buskin, agent for the Algoma and Northwest Evangelical and Scriptural Colportage Mission, is making another appeal on behalf the work. The public are requested to assist the society in its operation for the current year. Contributions can be sent to Mr. Buskin at 362 Yonge-street.

Mrs. Ald. Piper and Mrs. S. Hamburger yesterday succeeded in collecting $24 for the benefit of Mrs. Jobson, 67 Euclid-avenue. It is the intention of these ladies to pay Mrs. Jobson a sum of money weekly (as long as the fund lasts) until such time as her husband is able to support her and her family. Mrs. Jobson is in delicate health and it will be some months before she will be able to assist toward the support of the family. Donations will be thankfully received at 66 Gloucester-street.

At the Police Court yesterday, John Beresford was given three months for assaulting Catharine Taylor. Patrick Fallon and Michael Fallon, who assaulted P. C. Meige while that officer was arresting Beresford, were fined $40 and costs or three months. Peter Kelly, the supposed Cincinnati murderer, was remanded on the charge of interfering with P. C. Fyfe till Thursday, by which time it is expected the Ohio authorities will have been heard from.

The House of Industry

Feeds thousands every winter. Help them to doit by sending in your Morse's Mottled wrappers. x

The Choral Society Concert.

—The concert at the Horticultural Gardens on Tuesday Evening next, promises to be one of the best ever offered in Canada, the "talented singers and musicians" comprising the foremost in the Dominion, and are on a par with those who use their superior judgment in buying their housefurnishings from Strathern, 179 Yonge-street.

THE BROWN-HUGILL SWINDLE.

Some of the Duped Workmen Return to Toronto—The Whole Thing Exposed.

Later developments show that C. M. Brown, or "John Wilson," or "John Dawson"—or whatever else he called himself—who got a gang of Toronto workmen as far as Prescott last Friday and swindled them, played the old, old employment-agency game with splendid success. Out of forty-seven men who left Toronto only fifteen have been able to return, the rest being stranded between here and Prescott. The men who have returned speak highly of the Mayors of Prescott and Brockville for having helped them to return, while they denounce Mayor Howland and Toronto's Council for having refused assistance.

In conversation with one of the victims yesterday The World obtained additional information. This particular victim, whose name is T. M. Richardson, showed a contract form with which Brown got the men into his grip. It is called a "Form of Contract for the English," which he had signed at Brown's request. It reads as follows:

I hereby agree to work for C. M. Brown & Co., on railroad construction, in the State of Zacatecus, in Mexico; wages to be $2.50 per day, to be paid in gold or its equivalent, every two weeks, on the works. Board not to exceed $4 per week. I further agree to report to C. M. Brown & Co.'s office, at Prescott, on February the eleventh, am., at my own expense. The aforesaid C. M. Brown & Co. to furnish me with transportation from Prescott to the work inclusive of board during journey, except that I pay the sum of ($8.00) eight dollars, when furnished transportation, the same to be my proportion of my expenses.

Before leaving Toronto each man was furnished with a "check for meals" ticket which read:

This check when taken up must be presented to foreman in charge of men, for payment of meals, when it will be cashed by same. Not good unless stamped with official stamp of C. M. Brown, Gen. Manager, on back of check.

They started for Prescott, each man undertaking to pay his fare there and giving Hugill, the employment agent of 109 York-street $2 each for getting them the job. On the way down each man received a ticket reading as follows, and purporting to be issued by C. M. Brown & Co., railway contractors and builders:

The individual in accepting this check for transportation agrees to be governed by the rules of the different railway and steamboat lines over which he is to be furnished transportation to our work, as per contract with the holder of check. Baggage not to exceed 80 pounds to each man. Said check to be produced when baggage is checked, and at all other times when it may be considered necessary in order to be identified as an employee of the firm of the said C. M. Brown & Co. Not good unless stamped C. M. Brown, General Manager, Prescott.

Arriving at Prescott Brown sent the men to a hotel for breakfast, telling them that the meals would be paid for. First, however, he collected from each man $8 to help pay his fare to Mexico, and then he got some Canadian money from some of the men who wanted it changed for American money. He failed to return. While the men were at breakfast, for which they had to pay themselves, he crossed the St. Lawrence to Ogdensburg. This was on Friday morning, and when the men found that they had been duped they sent a message to the Chief of Police here to look out for Hugill, but nothing was done in the matter. Hugill heard of the trouble at 6 o'clock Friday evening, and on Saturday morning he left town. Some who know Hugill say that he was not in the scheme at all, but that as he had no money to return to the men he decided to get out. On Friday he had telegraphed to his wife, who was living in a town on the Northern Railway, to come down and stay here for a week. She arrived on Saturday only to find that her husband had left.

The returned laborers say however that when in Prescott with them Brown passed as "John Wilson, Superintendent of Construction of Mexican Railways," and as "John Dawson, Chief Engineer of the Mexican Government," and that Hugill, who visited Prescott, spoke to Brown as "Wilson." The stories told of Brown in Prescott are to the effect that he daily received a large mail, and there is little doubt that he had made more money than the $500 or so that he got out of the Toronto men.

Steel wire Mats are now in use in all our principal churches, schools, banks and public buildings. Offices and factory, 6 Wellington west. 136

COMIC OPERAS.

"Merry War" at the Toronto and "Maid of Belleville" at the Grand.

Carl Millocker's comic opera the "Maid of Belleville" was presented at the Grand last night before a large audience. This opera, by the composer of "The Beggar Student" and "Black Hussar" is weak in its construction as a comic opera, there being little of striking originality in the score, and nothing fascinating or catchy in either the solos or choruses. The opera is, however, capable of greater possibilities than were brought out last night. The choruses were not rendered with any degree of finish, and there was a lack of firmness and vivacity throughout. Miss Madeleine Lucette (soprano) was fairly acceptable as Virginie, but the music was at times overpowering to her. Miss Carrie Tuennane sweetly as Adrienne, while Mr. Gustave Adolphi and Mr. Maurice Hagerman acted satisfactorily in the roles of Troupeau and the Baron respectively. Mr. Chas. Cook was the life of the company, and proved himself an accomplished comedian. The "Lamont Trio" (two males and one female) performed some excellent acrobatic feats during the third act, and were twice recalled. The opera will run the remainder of the week, with matinee on Wednesday and Saturday.

At the Toronto last night the Wilbur Opera Company commenced a week's engagement, producing Strauss' "Merry War" before a large audience. This opera, which has been seen here before, is bright and pleasing, and was fairly well presented by the Wilbur people. The repertoire for the week is as follows: Tuesday, "Three Black Cloaks; Wednesday matinee, "Merry War;" Wednesday evening, "Girofle-Girofla;" Thursday, "Fra Diavolo;" Friday, "Three Black Cloaks;" Saturday matinee,

THE TORONTO WORLD

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 15, 1887.

The Detective Force.

There is a feeling abroad of want of confidence in the detective force of Toronto, and reports are current that sweeping changes are to be made. The new chief has an opportunity either to improve and strengthen the force or at least tell the public that it is, as now constituted, quite satisfactory.

A Needless Cry of Despair.

That is surely a needless cry of despair which the Mail gets off with regard to the future of the Maritime Provinces. They cannot permanently be kept within the Dominion because their natural connection is with the neighboring States. Unless, indeed, our neighbors are kind enough to concede reciprocity, in which case everything would be lovely, of course. But if our neighbors aforesaid once get it into their heads that these provinces cannot live without either reciprocity or annexation, then be sure that they will vigorously withhold the former so as to force on the latter. The Globe has for a long time been holding forth to this effect that commercial connection with the United States was and must continue to be the breath of life for all these provinces, but for the Maritime Provinces most of all. And now the Mail has gone heavily into the same doleful business.

This despairing view of Canada's destiny need not particularly recommend itself to reasonable men. It is essentially a Tory view of what must happen, caused by dwelling too much on the conditions of past time, and by being too slow at realizing the new conditions of the present. It is quite within the mark to say that during the last eight years the establishment of the National Policy and the building of the Pacific Railway have been making a commercial revolution in Canada. And yet croakers amongst us describe the situation and forecast the probabilities as if these were still the days of "Sam Slick the Clockmaker" in Nova Scotia, when our fellow-citizens down by the sea had to buy all their "notions" from the States or do without, and when these same States were their only market for what they had to sell. If the sleepy-heads of our time would but waken up, and observe what is going on in the year 1887, instead of dwelling so much on a state of things now passed or rapidly passing away, they might see reason for amending the cheerless "probabilities" which they are issuing to the country every day. For instance, have they noticed this fact—that since 1879, only seven years back—Nova Scotia's production of coal has *doubled?* Or this other fact, rather a significant one—that down there Mr. Blake's candidates now find it prudent to say that the coal duty must and shall be maintained? But if the coal duty must be maintained, for the purpose of causing Canadian coal to be used in Canada wherever distance permits, then the flour duty must be maintained too. On this point Mr. Blake's recent discovery that what is wanted now is merely the reduction but not by any means the abolition of these duties, suggests a world of inferences.

In time past the trade of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick was nearly altogether with the neighboring States, therefore it must continue to be for all time to come; such is the kind of reasoning which leads to the Mail's unhappy conclusion. No recognition of the fact that the world moves; and that the part of it called Canada has been particularly on the move during these few years past. Why, while you are croaking it out that things must always continue to run in the same old grooves as heretofore, changes of vast importance, and that for the better—are actually going on before your eyes, and under your noses. Let us admit that, twenty or twenty-five years ago it *might* have looked as if it were the destiny of all these provinces to drop into the neighboring Union. It certainly does not look so much that way now, does it? Since then Confederation has taken place, the great Northwest has been acquired, and Canadian territory has been extended from ocean to ocean, with an iron band for connection all the way. Can you not see that all these things have *immensely* changed the situation from what it was twenty years ago? The truth appears to be that some of the great events of our time are not sufficiently estimated by many people, simply because they are too near to us, we fail properly to realize their magnitude.

But, it will be contended, in Nova Scotia the cry for separation is louder now than it was some years ago, the dissatisfaction with Confederation is growing instead of diminishing. We deny the fact, and affirm that there the material elements of prosperity are growing greater every year; it is *political* discontent that makes trouble. It is only a question of time when the solid realities of material prosperity shall have overcome and put out of sight the political discontent. While the grumblers are grumbling, employment and business are getting better all the time, and the country has nothing to fear but the return of a free trade government to power. And that passing cloud, let us hope, will have rolled by in about eight days more.

A writer in the Boston Globe computes the strength of the United States organized militia at 92,734; regular army 25,000, making a total of over 117,000 men under arms and immediately available in the event of war. The number of men available but unorganized is placed at 7,700,000, covering all the States and Territories.

The logical relation of cause and effect is a variable quantity in some quarters of Great Britain as the following from the London (Eng.) Protestant Times will show:

The Cabinet of Lord Salisbury could not be expected to hold together or have any power for good, because there were those in it who neither fear God nor regard men. The coalition of Lord Randolph Churchill with Popery and Infidelity, which he forced upon the Premier, together with Lord Salisbury's Puseyite proclivities, were sure to bring failure upon their whole proceeding, and condign disaster to the nation.

If Bartholdi had foreseen current political events in this continent, he would probably have dressed Miss Liberty in fishing garb and placed a spear in her other hand for the catching of Canadian fish by the light of her torch.

The Dundas Standard has a leading article entitled "Blake on Sugar." If the prophesied thaw occurs February 22, we shall expect our contemporary to inform its readers that the Liberal leader is in molasses.

If Mr. Blake is beaten this trip he ought to retire; if Sir John is beaten he will have to retire.

The Hamilton Times still believes that Protection is an economical fallacy; Mr. Blake holds that it is (for us) a necessary fallacy; The World thinks it is good doctrine. The people of the United States have tried it, proved it, and will not hear of its withdrawal.

How Thackeray and Scott and Dickens would stare if they could drop into a bookstore and see the sort of mental food which is being doled out to the novel-reading people of to-day. A reaction from all this will come in its own good time, but that there should be a demand for such kind of fiction can hardly be pointed to as evidence of the existence of a healthy public mind. The appetite grows on what it feeds, but it will surely soon be satiated.

The above is especially good, coming from the Telegram, which for several years has been and is publishing in daily stereotyped instalments, the trashy tales of Mrs. Southworth and other writers of that ilk.

Principal Grant, of Kingston, has paid much attention of late years to the study of party government as a national system, with the result of numerous written and spoken philippics against its continuance as an end rather than a means. His two sermons on this subject on Sunday last will not perceptibly diminish, during the present campaign, the party zeal of the voting members of the congregations addressed, but they nevertheless contain reflections that are destined to influence the younger elements of Canada's political life. The germs of true independence are never sown with more certainty of fruition than when the extremes of partisan madness invite sober reaction. We judge the learned Principal's latest jeremiad to have reference not to party government in the abstract but to party abuse. The independent press to which he refers, has like the independent preacher, its hands full in counteracting the latter without indulging in utopian ideas regarding the former.

Important.

—When visiting New York City, save Baggage Express and Carriage Hire, and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite Grand Central Depot.

600 Handsomely Furnished Rooms at $1 and upwards per day. European Plan. Elevators, and all Modern Conveniences.

Restaurants supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. You can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than any other first-class hotel in the city. ed

The Landlord Has Rights, Too.

Editor World: Anent the communication of "G. S.," under the caption "Premier Mowat and the Widow," which appeared in Saturday's issue: this interminable howl of the "oppressed widow" and "distressed tenant" makes me tired. The suggestion re pay in advance is both sensible and reasonable, but how is it the landlord never sirs his hardships nor relates how the "oppressed widow" dodged out after dark, forgetful of the two months' rent she owed, or the distressed tenant who prefers moving to paying. Now, here is an actual experience: One of my tenants agreed to pay in advance; he paid the first month's rent down, he could not pay the second, the third he was sick and out of work. He assured me he was an honest man, and if allowed a little time he would pay up the arrears, but one week from that day he and his chattels had evaporated. Another assured me when I asked for some sort of reference, that his face was sufficient. Well, he followed the honest man, and I whistled for nearly two months' rent. A few days after that I paid six months' interest on an encumbrance on that property, but I paid it out of the salary I save down town to earn. ANTI HUMBUG.

A Speedy Recovery.

—Invalid wife (to husband). "The doctor tells me I ought to have a change of climate, Husband (hopefully) "All right my dear. I see by the probabilities that we are to have colder weather with snow, followed by warm weather and rain, and I will promise you I will always smoke W. E. Dobson's make of cigars, they are the pure quill and knock all rivals in the cold." 159 King-st. East. 246

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Gzowski & Buchan, stock and exchange brokers, 24 King-street east, Toronto. Buy and sell all stocks and debentures, and deal in American, English and foreign money and exchange. Exchange bought and sold for banks, loan companies, etc. 246

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 14.

The local Stock Market this morning was dull without special feature. The transactions in bank stocks were confined to Imperial and Federal, both being firm. The former sold at 138½ for 14 shares and the latter at 105½ for 35 shares. Montreal steady, with buyers at 242, and Ontario ½ easier at 115 bid. Toronto 212 bid, and Merchants' ½ lower at 129 bid. Commerce wanted at 122½, with holders asking 123. Dominion easier, the best bid being 219. Standard steady with buyers at 125½. Loan and miscellaneous shares quiet. British America 124½ bid, and Western higher with buyers at 153½. Northwest Land 50½ bid. Canada Permanent Loan ½ easier at 206 bid, but there were no sellers. Union Loan ½ easier at 129 bid, and London and Canadian wanted at 155, Huron and Erie sold at 136 for 14 shares, and Hamilton Provident 121. The others are unchanged. In the afternoon there were increased transactions, and bank shares generally were firm. Montreal 212 bid, and Ontario ½ higher at 115½ bid. Merchants' sold at 130 for 10 shares, and Imperial is easier at 137 bid. Federal sold at 165½ for 55 shares and Dominion at 229 for 60. British America Assurance sold at 124½ for 4 shares, and Dominion Telegraph was 80 bid. Northwest Land was wanted at 50½, and the balance of the list is unchanged.

Closing prices on the Montreal Stock Exchange: Montreal, 243½, 242½; Ontario, 116½, 115; Molsons, 142, 140; Toronto, 215, 212; Merchants', 131, 129½; Union asked 92; Commerce, 123½, 122½; Northwest Land, asked, 52½; C.P.R., 62, 61½; Montreal Telegraph, 85½, 84½; Richelieu, 65½, 64½; Passenger, 270, 250; Gas, 223, 222; Canada Cotton, 85 81½; Dundas Cotton, 75, 67½.

Foreign exchange was quoted by Gzowski & Buchan to-day as follows:

IN NEW YORK.	Posted.	Actual.
Sixty days' sterling	$4 86	$4.85½ to
Sterling demand,	4 89	$4.88½ to $4.88¾

TORONTO.	Between Banks. Bid.	Asked.	Counter.
New York F'nds	par	1-16	¼ to
Sixty days' sg.	9½	9¾	9½ to
Demand do.	9¾	10	10¼ to
Cables do.			10⅜ to

JAMES & FURNESS,

Produce and Commission Merchants, dealers in mess pork, bacon, hams, lard, butter, cheese, eggs, potatoes, hops, and all kinds of produce, 72 Colborne-street, Toronto. Storage and warehouse receipts given. Hops always on hand. Game and poultry handled in season. Advances made on consignments. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. 246

British consols are 100 9-16 in the London market. Hudson Bay £23¾ and Northwest Land 57s. 6d.

Sterling Exchange stands at $4.89 for three days and $4.89½ for sixty days.

Closing cash prices at Chicago: Wheat 73⅞c, corn 34⅛c, oats 24⅝c, pork $13.55, lard $6.72½, short ribs $6.35.

Oil City oil market: Opened 63¾, closed 62¾; highest 63¾, lowest 62¾.

The receipts of grain on the street to-day were fair, and prices irregular. About 1600 bushels of wheat offered and sold at 77c to 78½c for fall, 80c to 83c for spring, and 70c to 72½c for goose. Barley active and steady, there being sales of 3000 bushels at 48c to 59c. Oats firm, with sales of 200 bushels at 33c to 35c. Peas weak, 200 bushels selling at 56c to 51c. Hay in fair supply; 50 loads sold at $12 to $15 a ton for timothy, and at $9.50 to $12 for clover. Straw lower, with sales of a dozen loads at $8.50 to $10 a ton. Hogs sold at $6.25 to $6.40. Beef, $3 to $4.50 for forequarters, and $5.50 to $7 for hindquarters. Mutton $5 to $6.50. Lamb $7 to $8.

St. Lawrence Market was quiet to day, without material change in quotations. We quote: —Beef, 12c to 14c; sirloin steak, 13c to 14c; round steak, 10c to 11c. Mutton, legs and chops, 12c to 13c; inferior cuts, 7c to 8c. Lamb, 7c to 9c, for front, and 12c to 13c for hindquarters. Veal, best joints, 12c to 13c; inferior cuts, 6c to 8c. Pork, chops and roasts, 10c. Butter, lb rolls 22c to 25c; large rolls, 17c to 20c; inferior, 10c to 12c. Lard, tubs, 10c, pails of new, 11c. Cheese, 13c to 16c. Bacon, 10c to 12c. Eggs, 23c to 28c. Turkeys, 75c to $1.50. Chickens, per pair, 40c to 50c. Geese, 70c to 80c. Ducks, 85c to 70c. Potatoes, per bag, $1. Cabbages, per dozen, 30c to 35c. Apples, per barrel, $1.50 to $2.50. Turnips, per bush., 35c to 40c. Carrots, 30c to 35c. Beets, 50c.

NOW—THE TIME TO SPECULATE

Active fluctuations in the Market offer opportunities to speculators to make money in Grain, Stocks, Bonds and Petroleum. Prompt personal attention given to orders received by wire or mail. Correspondence solicited. Full information about the markets in our Book, which will be forwarded free on application. ed

H. D. KYLE,
Banker and Broker,
38 Broad and 34 New Streets, New York City

Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, Feb. 14.—Flour—Receipts 600; sales, none reported. The market is quiet at unchanged rates. The quotations are as follows: Patents, $4.20 to $5; superfine extra, $3.90 to $4.10; extra superfine, $3.70 to $3.75; spring extra, $3.45 to $3.50; superfine, $3.10 to $3.20; strong bakers', $3.90 to $4.50; fine, $2.75 to $2.80; middlings, $2 to $2.25; pollards, $1.75 to $2; Ontario bags, $1 to $1.90; city bags, $4.30 to $4.40 per 196 lbs. in 140 lb. sacks. Grain—Wheat—Market dull, nominal. Red winter, 88c to 90c; white, 87c to 89c; spring, 88c to 90c. Corn 54c to 55c, duty paid. Peas, 54c to 55c. Oats, 37c to 38c. Barley, 50c to 55c. Rye, 45c to 50c. Oatmeal $4 to $4.50. Cornmeal, $2.90 to $3. Provisions—Pork, firm at 15c. Lard, 9c to 9½c. Bacon, 10c to 11c. Hams, 11c to 12c. Cheese, 11½c to 12c. Butter—Creamery, 22c to 26c; Townships, 19c to 23c; Morrisburg, 17c to 21c; Western, 16c to 18c; low grades, 14c to 15c. Hogs, steady at $6 to $6.15. Eggs, quiet. Limed, 23c to 24c; fresh laid, 24c to 28c.

BEERBOHM'S DESPATCH: London, Feb. 14.—Floating cargoes—Wheat nil, maize quiet. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize, few bids in market. Mark Lane—English wheat steady; foreign a turn easier. American and Danube maize quiet; English and American flour a turn easier. Spot, good No. 2 club Calcutta wheat 34s, was 34s 3d; do. shipment present and following month 33s 9d, was 34s paid. Spot, good mixed American maize 21s, was 21s 3d; straight. Minn. flour 25s 3d, was 25s 6d. French country markets quiet. English farmers' deliveries for the past week—Wheat 38,000 quarters; average price 33s 6d, was 34s 3d. Paris—Wheat and flour firm. Liverpool—Spot wheat slow, maize steady.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 14.—Spring wheat, 7s 1d to 7s 5d; red winter, 7s 3d to 7s 5d; No. 1 California, 7s 5d to 7s 6d; No. 2 California, no stock. Corn new, 4s 4½d. Peas, 6s 5d. Pork, 65s. Lard, 35s 6d. Bacon, long clear, 36s 6d; do, short clear, 37s 3d. Tallow, 28s 6d. Cheese, 64s 6d. Wheat, quiet; poor demand; supply good. Corn, steady; demand poor.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 9¼c; New Orleans 9 11-16. Flour—Receipts 27,000 bbls.; sales 16,300 bbls. Wheat—Receipts 700 bush; exports 62,000 bush; spot 1c to ⅛c lower; options declined ⅛c to 1c, closing with a recovery of ⅛c to ¼c; sales 7,664,000 bush future, 265,000 bush spot; No. 2 spring 92½c delivered; No. 2 red, 89½c elevator, No. 1 red 93c, No. 1 white 93c. No. 2 red Feb. 88⅞c to 89⅞c, March 89½ to 90½c, May 91½c to 92½c. Corn—Receipts 9000 bush; spot 1c to ½c lower; options better; options firm; exports 41,000 bush; sales 1,320,000 bush, future, 196,000 bush spot; No. 2 48½c elevator, No. 2 Feb. 48c, March 48½c to 48⅞c, May 48 15-16c to 49½c. Oats—Receipts 36,000 bush, shade lower; sales 285,000 bush future, 122,000 bush spot; No. 2 35½c, mixed western 36c to 38c, white 38c to 42c, white state 40c; No. 2 Feb. 35½c to 35⅞c, March 35c, May 35½c. Sugar dull; refining 4 9-16c to 4 11-16c, standard "A" 4 5-16c to 5⅛c, cut loaf and crushed 6¼c to 6½c, powdered 5⅛ to 5½c, granulated 5⅛c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—Wheat market was flat and heavy to-day, and a still lower range of prices reached. Corn was flat, in sympathy with wheat. Oats closed a fraction lower. Provisions were lower; May pork sold as low as $13.50, rallied 25, and closed a shade lower than on Saturday. Lard and Short Ribs were dull. The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—Feb. 73½c, March 73½c, May 79½c. Corn—Feb. 34½c, March 34½c, May 39½c. Oats—Feb. 24½c, March 24½c, May 28½c. Pork—Feb. $13.55, March $13.55, May $13.72½. Lard—Feb. $6.72½, March $6.75, May $6.87½. Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat 73½c to 75½c. No. 2 red 76½c. No. 2 corn 34½c to 35½c. No. 2 oats 24½c. No. 2 rye 56c. No. 2 barley 50c to 52c. Pork—$13.60 to $13.65. Lard—$6.72½. Short ribsides $6.35. Dry salted shoulders $5.75 to $6. Short clear sides $7.30 to $7.35. Receipts—Flour 20,000 brls, wheat 17,000 bush, corn 42,000 bush, oats 59,000 bush, rye 2000 bush, barley 29,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 15,000 bbls., wheat 6,000 bush, corn 23,000 bush, oats 42,000 bush, barley 50,000 bush.

STOCKS, SHARES AND DEBENTURES.

ROBERT COCHRAN,

Member of the Toronto Stock Exchange,
6 York Chambers, Toronto,

Correspondent of Norton and Worthington, Chicago. Grain and Provisions bought and sold. 246

REAL ESTATE.

ANOTHER NEW LIST OF LOTS AND PROPERTIES on sale. BOWDEN & CO., 59 Adelaide-street east.

Properties.

$2500—WILLCOCK-STREET.
$1550—MANNING-AVENUE—east side—near College.
$800—WELLESLEY-STREET, opposite Sumach street.
$2350—WOOLSLEY-STREET.
$3500—BOND-STREET.
$2300—BELLEVUE-PLACE.
$2100—MUTER-STREET.
$5500—SPADINA-AVENUE.
$2600—ROSE-AVENUE.
$3400—CLENDENAN-STREET—Three houses.
$185—OXFORD-STREET.
$1250—CLINTON-STREET.
$92 0—COLLEGE STREET.
$4300—CORNER Spadina and Willcock
$5500—OXFORD-STREET.
$6000—SHERBOURNE-STREET.
$2800—HOWARD-STREET.
$1800—LISGAR-STREET.
$4500—HURON-STREET.
$3000—EUCLID-STREET.
$3500—WILLCOCK-STREET.
$4500—SELBY-STREET.
$5000—BREADALBANE-STREET.
$2500—HURON-STREET.
$14,000—FARM only 3 miles from market.
$14,000—FARM on Yonge-street—113 acres.
$3500—FARM on Yonge-street — 37½ acres.
$4000—EGLINTON—10 acres,
$8500—NEAR Deer Park—17 acres.
$1000—SAULT STE. MARIE.

ALSO FARMS—Various Prices—On Bloor-street, Barrie, Orillia, Michigan, Teeswater, Muskoka, Melancthon, Grimsby, Whitby and Amherstburg.

STEAM Saw and Shingle Mill, Orillia; also farm and mill.

Lots.

$20.50—SHAW-STREET—North of College.
$28—MARKHAM-STREET.
$20—CONCORD-AVENUE.
$26—CRAWFORD-STREET—West side.
$47—DOVERCOURT—Just west of Queen.
$1000—CONCORD-AVENUE — 44x137 — with cottage.
$40—BATHURST-STREET — Just below Herrick.
$30—ADMIRAL-ROAD—West side.
$14—DUFFERIN-Street—North of Davenport-road.
$60—D'ARCY-STREET—North Side.
$18—SHAW-STREET—South of Bloor.
$10—MARGUERETTA-STREET.
$17—OSSINGTON-AVENUE.
$30—ARGYLE-STREET.
$47—CORNER Lowther-Avenue and Admiral-road.
$10.50—GEOFFREY-Street—Near Roncesvalles-avenue.*
$15.50—HAVELOCK-STREET.*
$9—MUTER-Street—Off Roncesvalles-ave.*
$18 50—HAMILTON-STREET.*

(*These lots must be sold. Owner going away to England.)

$42—N. E. Corner Harbord and Lippincott.
$80—ST. GEORGE-ST.
$5—EGLINTON-ave and Cleveland-street.
$55—SPADINA-Avenue—Just above the Crescent.
$60—COR. Russell and Huron-streets.
$67—SPADINA-Avenue and Harbord.
$37—COLLEGE-ST—$37.
$52—BATHURST-St.—Just Below College.
$30—NORTHCOTE-Avenue—Near Argyle.
$90—COR. Church and Maitland.
$53—SPADINA-Ave—E Side—Near Bloor.

LOTS—In all Parts of the City—Call and see us. BOWDEN & CO., 59 Adelaide-street east, Toronto.

WOOD ENGRAVERS.

J. R. WEBB, Engraver on Wood, 23 Adelaide-street east, Toronto. Prompt attention to all orders, and work guaranteed satisfactory. 536y

FREE SHOW!

Seed Grain Given Away.

THE

Canadian Pacific Rail'y Co.'s

Celebrated Exhibition Car Containing Samples of the Products and Soils of MANITOBA and the CANADIAN NORTHWEST TERRITORIES,

Will be on exhibition at the Stations and hours below mentioned:

Place.	Date. 1887.	Arrive.	Leave.	Date. 1887
Tilsonburg..	Feb. 10..	8.50 p.m.	4.10 p.m.	Feb. 11
Brantford...	" 11..	6.45 "	7.45 "	" 12
Paris.....	" 12..	8.03 "	3.00 "	" 14
Stratford....	" 14..	5.45 "	8.00 "	" 15
Seaforth	" 15..	8.57 "	1.37 "	" 16
Goderich....	" 16..	3.00 "	7.00 a.m.	" 17
Clinton.....	" 17..	1.30 a.m.	6.50 p.m.	" 17
Wingham...	" 17..	8.00 p.m.	12.00 noon	" 18
Lucknow...	" 18..	1.15 "	6.15 a.m.	" 19
Brussels....	" 19..	7.02 a.m.	11.45 a.m.	" 19
Listowel	" 19..	12.44 p.m.	3.55 p.m.	" 19
Walkerton .	" 19..	9.57 "	2.55 "	" 21
Pt. Elgin...	" 21..	4.25 "	10.00 a.m.	" 22
Paisley.....	" 22..	10.45 a.m.	2.30 p.m.	" 22
Tara.....	" 23..	10.20 "	4.40 "	" 23
Chesley	" 23..	5.45 p.m.	11.05 a.m.	" 24
Hanover ...	" 24..	11.45 a.m.	6.40 p.m.	" 24
Harriston ..	" 24..	8.15 p.m.	12.50 "	" 25

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED. 624

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND.

CHEAP MEAT!

PRICES UNEQUALLED.

Best quality meat only small profits! Quick returns at

F. G. Sheepway's Meat Market

Corner Albert and Terauley-Sts. 246

IN the Matter of The Cosgrave Brewing and Malting Company of the City of Toronto in the County of York.

BREWERS AND MALSTERS.

The insolvents have made an assignment of their estate to the undersigned, in pursuance of an Act respecting Assignment for the benefit of Creditors, 48 Vic., Chap. 25, and the Creditors are notified to meet at No. 26 Wellington-street East, Toronto, on Monday, February 14th, 1887, at 3 o'clock p.m., to receive statements of their affairs, appoint inspectors, and for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

And notice is hereby given, that after April 9th next, the said Trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Company, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given, and that he will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

E. R. C. CLARKSON, Trustee.
26 Wellington-st. east, Toronto.
8th February, 1887. 561234

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of Henry Fox, deceased. Pursuant to the provisions of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 107 and 46 Victoria (Ontario) Chapter 9.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having any claim against the estate of Henry Fox, late of the city of Toronto, in the County of York, lumber manufacturer, deceased, who died on or about the 25th day of December, A.D. 1886, are hereby required to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Morris & McNab, No. 15 Building and Loan Chambers, Toronto-street, Toronto, Solicitors for the executors of and under the last will and Testament of the said Henry Fox, deceased, on or before the 14th DAY OF MARCH, 1887, their christian and surnames and descriptions with full particulars and proof of their claims and a statement of their accounts and of the securities, if any held by them. And notice is hereby given that after the said 14th day of March, 1887, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice. And the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim or claims they shall not have notice at the time of such distribution. MORRIS & MCNAB,
Solicitors for the Executors.
Dated 31st January, 1887. 22222

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Statutes in that behalf, that all creditors or persons having claims against the estate of the late Edward A. Nealon of the City of Toronto, Doctor of Medicine, are hereby notified to send in their claims to the undersigned Solicitor, at his office, 18 and 20 Toronto-street, Toronto, on or before the first day of April, 1887, with their full names and particulars of their claim and the amount thereof.

And notice is hereby further given that on and after the First day of April, 1887, the executors will distribute among the persons entitled thereto the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice.

D. A. O'SULLIVAN,
Solicitor for Executors.
Dated this 11th day of February, 1887. 2222

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statutes in that behalf that all creditors or persons having claims against the estate of the late Daniel O'Sullivan of the Village of Norway, in the County of York and Province of Ontario, Gentleman, are hereby notified to send in their claims to the undersigned solicitor at his office, 18 and 20 Toronto-street, Toronto, on or before the First day of April, 1887, with their full names and particulars of their claim and the amount thereof.

And notice is hereby further given that on and after the First day of April, 1887, the executors will distribute among the persons entitled thereto the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice.

D. A. O'SULLIVAN,
Solicitor for Executors.
Dated this 11th day of February, 1887. 2222

FINANCIAL.

A LARGE AMOUNT of private funds to loan on real estate, city or farm property. FRANK CAYLEY, real estate and financial agent, 65 King-street east, cor. Leader-lane.

A LARGE AMOUNT of private money to loan, on real or personal security. No delay. General conveyancing done. BEST & FORTIER, real estate and insurance agents, 16 Victoria-street, 3 doors south of the Arcade.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY to lend at lowest rates. J. W. G. WHITNEY & SON, 25 Toronto-street.

BOWDEN & CO., Real Estate, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agents and Money Brokers. Immediate attention given to business. 59 Adelaide-street East, Toronto.

COLLINS, JONES & CO., Real Estate, Loan and Financial Brokers. Estates managed, rents collected, mortgages bought and sold, notes discounted. 67 Yonge-st, Toronto.

CLIENTS' FUNDS TO LOAN on mortgage at lowest current rates. No commission. W. HOPE, 15 Adelaide-street east.

LARGE amount of money to loan in sums to suit at lowest rates of interest; notes discounted. WM. A. LEE & SON, Agents Western Fire and Marine Assurance Company, 10 Adelaide-street east.

MONEY TO LOAN—Six per cent., no commission. R. C. DONALD, Barrister, 28 Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN—Lowest rates, city and farm property, first and second mortgages, short loans to builders, advances made to assist purchasers of house properties. MONK & GREENWOOD, 27 Adelaide E.

MONEY TO LOAN on mortgages, endowments, life policies and other securities. JAMES C. MCGEE, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street.

MONEY TO LOAN at lowest rates—H. T. BECK, Barrister and Solicitor, 65 King-st. East corner Leader-lane. 246

MONEY TO LOAN—Private funds, 6 and 6½ per cent., large or small amounts—advanced to builders; also on improved farm and city property. BARTON & WALKER, Estate and Finance Agents, 40 King-st. west.

MONEY TO LOAN on mortgage. Trust funds. For particulars apply to BEATTY, CHADWICK, BLACKSTOCK & GALT, Toronto.

5 PER CENT.—Money to loan. STEPHENSON, DICKSON & TAYLOR, barristers, Manning Arcade. 16

$250,000 OF TRUST FUNDS to invest in real estate mortgages at lowest rates. Apply to the Toronto General Trusts Co., 27 and 29 Wellington-street East. 36

ROOMS AND BOARD.

GREEN'S HOTEL—104-106 Shuter-st. The best house in the city for table board, $2.25 per week, 6 dinners 90c. Large bill of fare every day.

G. L. COLLIS, having taken two years' lease of 29 Wood-street, has opened a first-class boarding house. Hot air, hot and cold water and bath. None but first-class gentlemen of temperate habits received. Excellent table, with daily changes. 246

SURVEYORS.

HANNING, MURPHY & ESTEN, Provincial Land Surveyors, Engineers, etc. 26 Adelaide-street East. 126

General Ocean Ticket Agency

M. D. MURDOCH & CO.

69 Yonge-street, Toronto.

We are now offering the Lowest Possible Rates to or from

England, France, Scotland, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Wales, Switzerland,

and all continental points. Correspondence promptly answered. Lowest Rates Guaranteed. Call before booking.

The Intercolonial Railway OF CANADA.

The Royal Mail, Passenger and Freight Route between Canada and Great Britain, and direct route between the West and all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Baie de Chaleur, and also New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton, Newfoundland, Bermuda and Jamaica.

New and Elegant Buffet Sleeping and Day Cars run on Through Express Trains.

Passengers for Great Britain or the Continent, by leaving Toronto by 8.30 a.m. train Thursday will join outward Mail Steamer at Halifax a.m. Saturday.

Superior Elevator, Warehouse and Dock Accommodation at Halifax for shipment of grain and general merchandise.

Years of experience have proved the Intercolonial in connection with Steamship Lines to and from London, Liverpool and Glasgow to Halifax to be the quickest freight route between Canada and Great Britain.

Information as to passenger and freight rates can be had on application to ROBERT B. MOODIE, Western Freight and Passenger Agent, 93 Rossin House Block, York-street, Toronto.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., November 10th, 1886.

THE NOW WELL-KNOWN ISLAND OF

BERMUDA BERMUDA

Is reached in 60 hours from New York by the elegant steamers of the Quebec S. S. Co., sailing weekly. The situation of these islands South of the Gulf Stream renders

FROST UNKNOWN

and the porous coral formation PREVENTS MALARIA. The Quebec S. S. Co. also despatch highest class passenger steamers every 17 days for Santa Cruz and the principal West India Islands, affording a charming tropical trip at a cost of about $5 per day. For all particulars apply to BARLOW CUMBERLAND, 72 Yonge-street, Toronto; A. AHERN, Secretary, Quebec, Canada; or, A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 51 Broadway, New York. ed

SECURE YOUR

Excursion Tickets

and Choice Berths in Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars for the

MONTREAL CARNIVAL

at City Ticket Offices of the Grand Trunk Railway.

COR. KING & YONGE STS.

AND

20 York Street.

P. J. SLATTER,
City Passenger Agent.
246

TICKETS to ALL POINTS

In Michigan, Illinois, Minnesota, Dakota, Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin, and all points East, West, North or South.

For Maps, Rates, Tickets and other information call on

A. F. WEBSTER,

56 YONGE-ST., or 4 QUEEN-ST., Parkdale.

ALLAN LINE.

Royal Mail Steamships.

If you are sending for your friends, we can furnish you with prepaid passage certificates to bring them from England, France, Germany, Sweden, Norway, etc., at the VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Frank Adams & Co.,
ALLAN LINE AGENTS,
24 Adelaide-street east, Toronto, and 18 Queen-street, Parkdale. 26

WHITE STAR LINE

Royal Mail Steamers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The "S.S. Germanic" of this line will be the only Liverpool steamer leaving New York on Saturday, February 12th.

Intending passengers will do well to make application as soon as possible for berths, etc., so that the necessary accommodation can be reserved. Call on or apply to

T. W. JONES,
General Canadian Agent,
35 YONGE-ST.,
TORONTO. 246

CARPET SWEEPERS

ONLY $2.00,

Just the thing for a CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

P. PATERSON & SON

77 King-street East.

STORAGE.

Mitchell, Miller & Co.,

WAREHOUSEMEN.

45 Front-street East.

"HEADQUARTERS"

HEADQUARTERS. HEADQUARTERS.

FOR

American and Canadian Overshoes and Rubbers,

GERMAN FELT SLIPPERS,

And the Largest Stock of

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS

IN CANADA.

TORONTO SHOE COMPANY

144, 146, 148 KING-STREET EAST.

PREVENT YOUR COLDS.

THEY ARE THE CAUSE OF NEARLY ALL THE DEATHS.

A MOXIE LOZENGE on your tongue during or immediately after severe exposure will positively stop one, and its use does not render you more liable to take cold afterwards. They give sweet sleep and feed strength to your nerves. Keep a few in your pocket. Harmless in large quantities. Only 15 cents per box. Sold everywhere.

ROBT. J. GROVE - - Manager

Canadian Harness Co.,

Wholesale Manufacturers & Importers,

104 Front-street, opposite Hay-market, Toronto.

It will pay you to call and see our full line of Light Driving Harness, Butchers', Grocery and Team. Also Blankets, Oil Covers, Whips, etc. All hand-made. Best of stock used. EVERY SET GUARANTEED. We can save you $5 to $10 per set. 246

RUSSILL'S, IN THE MARKET

FOR CHEAP

China, Crockery, Cutlery, Lamps and Glassware.

6 Medium Chimneys 25c.
4 Large Chimneys 25c.
Hand Lamps 15c.
4 Pieces Toilet Sets 90c.
100 Pieces Combination Sets $7.50.
Goods delivered at

RUSSILL'S,

IN THE MARKET. 246

Public Notice.

TO HOUSEHOLDERS.

The undersigned has for sale one of the best selected stocks of Fresh and Cured Meats in the city, consisting of Prime Devon Beef, Southdown Mutton and Lamb, also Veal and Pork. An extra fine lot of Poultry of all kinds. Call or send your order if you want something nice, without paying fancy prices.

C. H. DUNNING,

359 YONGE-STREET.
Telephone 653

VIOLINS!

Just received from Germany, a large assortment of ¼, ½ and full size Violins and Bows—150 different styles—which we are selling at a great reduction.

Call and see them. 246

BUTLAND'S

5c. MUSIC STORE,
37 KING-ST. WEST.

VISIT

Rosenbaum's Bazar,

159 King-st. east, St. Lawrence Hall.

Where you can see 25,000 different articles in Fanc

THE OLD SYSTEM MADE GOOD MEN.

From the San Francisco Alta.

The question of long hours of labor is one that will not down. It is not to the advantage of the community to deprive large masses of men of needful rest and occasional leisure. But there were generations of men reared in this country under longer hours of labor than are anywhere exacted now by mine, mill or railroad owners. Not many years ago the majority of laborers in this country were on farms engaged in rural occupations. We know how it went with them, for we were "there." Their average pay was $15 per month. Their hour to rise and begin the work of the day averaged, the year round, 4.30 a.m., and their hour to knock off, when the last "chore" was done, 9 o'clock p.m., with a liability to a call in the night if a horse got "cast" in his stall, or a moon calf's mother needed looking after, or a doctor had to be ridden for to attend some sick member of the family. The day's work, from boots to sock, was a good full seventeen hours, for 50 cents. We seem to remember that it raised pretty good men. By threes and a third months work they earned enough money to enter forty acres of land, and were soon hiring other young fellows for the same wages. In those days young Americans were not on the trail of a "soft thing." They were not blubbering on the roadside for sympathy. They had no "walking delegates" to destroy the business of employers who had been guilty of the incredible wickedness of giving them work and wages. They were not in the attitude of permanent protest against their lot in life. Instead of whining about it they used its few advantages to honorably work their way out of it, and they were better sons, better husbands and better fathers for the manliness engendered by the experience.

Mother's Smiles are the Sunlight of Home —There would be fewer clouds and brighter sunshine in many households if every dispirited suffering woman realized what a boon Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is for all weaknesses and maladies to which rsex is liable. No lady who gives this wonderful remedy a trial will be disappointed by the result. It not only acts promptly upon all functional derangements, but by its rare nervine and tonic properties strengthens and repairs the whole feminine system. Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

—Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.

A prominent man in Philadelphia is named E. Burd Grubb. He is called canary seed for short.

—Wonderful is the effect of West's World's Wonder or Family Liniment. One bottle will effect more cures than four times the number of any other liniment. 25 and 50c. All druggists. ed

Coins have been dated ever since the fifteenth century. Eggs are not dated yet.

—As a toilet article, Ayer's Hair Vigor stands unrivaled. It cleanses the scalp and removes dandruff, cures itching humors, restores the original color to faded and gray hair, and promotes its growth. d

Woburn's new postmaster is an undertaker. It is to be hoped he will not develop a tendency in favor of dead letters.

—The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

A man never drops into a newspaper office to tell about a little race on the road unless his horse comes in winner.

—To ladies. The great beautifier for the complexion: One of West's sugar-coated Liver Pills taken nightly. 30 pills 25c. All druggists. ed

The most attractive thing about a toboggan is a pretty girl.

—Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand? 246

A Fortune for Sir Charles Dilke.

Cable Letter in N. Y. Sun.

Fortune, after so many knock-down blows, has outdone all previous displays of fickleness by presenting Sir Charles Dilke with a legacy of $700,000. The fortune comes from the remnants of the Snooke families of which John Snooke married Dilke's great aunt in 1804. It has been said that Sir Charles would be obliged to change his name to Snooke in order to get the money, but that is not so. Now that he is able to sink so comfortable a sum, Dilke may put into execution the scheme of publishing a daily newspaper which he has long cherished. In his will, Snooke declares he gave up his original plan of leaving everything to Ashton Dilke's children because he had become convinced that Sir Charles was an innocent and persecuted man.

—There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Things one would rather have left unsaid.—Jones (under the impression that he is making himself agreeable)—I don't care a bit for a pretty woman, myself. They have no conversation. I like a plain woman who has plenty to say for herself."

—Why will you suffer with a bad cold when a few doses of West's Cough Syrup will cure you? Invaluable for all throat and lung troubles. Consumptives try it. Small size 25c., large bottles $1. All druggists. ed

When a sealskin sacque costs $500, and a diamond solitaire ring half as much more, what does a ton of coal come to? The answer ought to be "ashes;" but we find by a close calculation that it is really "clinkers and slate." 246

The other morning a farmer's wagon which was rattling down Michigan Grand-avenue to the market struck a colored man and sent him sprawling into the mud. Several people rushed to help him up, and one inquired if he were much hurt. "Only in my feelin's, sah; de passon who knocks me down an' won't stop to beg my pardon am no gem'lan, an' he tires my feelin's."

—Mr. R. C. Winlow, Toronto, writes: "Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery is a valuable medicine to all who are troubled with indigestion. I tried a bottle of it after suffering for some ten years, and the results are certainly beyond my expectations. It assists digestion wonderfully. I digest my food with no apparent effort, and am now entirely free from that sensation, which every dyspeptic well knows, of unpleasant fulness after each meal."

Righteous Indignation—"I say, Dumley," remarked Robinson, with some indignation, "I hear you have reported about that I owe you money." "You have owed me $20 for several years." "That may be, but I don't owe you anything now. That twenty-dollar debt became outlawed the first of the year. You ought not to spread damaging reports about a man," concluded the still indignant Robinson.

—The people of this country have spoken. They declare by their patronage of Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil that they believe it to be an article of genuine merit, adapted to the cure of rheumatism, as well as relieves the pains of fractures and dislocations, external injuries, corns, bunions, piles and other maladies.

"How did you enjoy the sermon yesterday morning?" "I didn't hear it. Mrs. Jarvey's bonnet was so loud that I didn't really know the minister was talking."

—No other spring medicine has won for itself such universal confidence as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the most powerful combination of vegetable alteratives ever offered to the public, and is acknowledged by the medical profession to be the best blood purifier.

"Yes," said Mr. Jams, "I did consent to have my son named James, but I must insist that it shall never be shortened to Jim. Who would employ a boy named Jim Jams?"

—West's Cough Syrup stops tickling in the throat, stops that hacking cough, and gives perfect relief; it is certainly worth a trial. All druggists. ed

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NEW MACHINERY:

Iron Tools:
4 Iron Planers
3 Gap Lathes
6 Engine Lathes
4 Bench Lathes
1 Setover Lathe
1 Fox Lathe
1 Monitor Lathe
5 Turret Lathes
6 Foot-power Lathes
20 Drilling Machines
3 Milling Machines
1 Globe Miller
2 Slotting Machines
2 Bolt Cutters
1 Bolt Header
2 Bradley Hammers
1 Drop Hammer
1 Steam Hammer
6 Iron Shapers
2 Punch and Shears

Wood Tools:
4 Planers and Matchers
2 E B Planers
2 Pony Planers
1 Whitney Planer
3 Buzz Planers
2 Moulding Machines
4 Shaping Machines
2 Tennon Machines
4 Post-boring Machines
1 Combined Saw Table
1 Rip Saw Table
1 Cross-cut Table
4 Band Saws
4 Scroll Saws
1 Swing Saw
6 Wood Lathes
2 Door Clamps
3 Blind Tennon Machines
2 Hand Wirers
7 Elbow Sanders

Engines and Boilers:
5 Engines
5 Boilers
2 Uprights (connected)
1 Hoisting Engine
2 12-h.p. Portables
2 14 h.p. Portables
1 20-h.p. Portable

Saw Mill Machinery:
3 Shingle Mills
7 Lath Mills
5 Lath Bolters
2 Block Bolters
10 Shingle Packers.
Belting and Brass Goods

SECOND-HAND MACHINERY:

Iron Tools:
2 Iron Planers
12 Iron Lathes
6 Speed Lathes
6 Turret Lathes
2 Foot-power Lathes
1 Bull Lathe
2 Gear Cutters
8 Drilling Machines
4 Milling Machines
1 Heavy Slotting Machine
6 Bolt Cutters
2 Nut Tappers
2 Bolt Pointers
1 Power Hammer
1 Steam Hammer

Wood Tools:
6 Planers and Matchers
1 E B Planer
1 E B Double Planer
55 Pony Planers
1 Door Planer
1 Whitney Planer
6 Moulding Machines
3 Shaping Machines
5 Tennon Machines
3 Mortising Machines
1 Gang Saw Table
2 Band Saws
4 Scroll Saws
3 Re-Saws
1 Sand-papering Machine
5 Wood Lathes
1 Hand Lathe
1 Spoke Lathe
1 Axe-handle Lathe
2 Door Clamps
1 Sash Clamp
2 Blind Tennoners
2 Hand Wirers
1 Foot Wirer
3 Dowel Machines

Engines and Boilers:
25 Engines
24 Boilers
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21 12-h.p. Portables

Saw Mill Machinery:
21 Shingle Mill's
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NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called "The Manufacturers' Life and Indemnity Company," with power to insure life and to indemnify against accident.

Dated at Toronto, January 6th, 1887.

ed A. R. CREELMAN, Solicitor for Applicants, 23 Toronto-street.

A Desponding Lady Rescued.

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LOW TYPHOID FEVER,

Was sent by my medical adviser to the General Hospital. After one month's treatment for indigestion I returned somewhat better, but remained in very poor health, unable to stand straight up, as I had a constant pain in my stomach. Got your St. Leon Water one week ago, drank freely, felt it do me good at once; in three days pains all gone; to-day, sixth day, feeling well and can stand straight up. Very gratefully yours,

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Parlor Suites made to order. Workmanship and material A1. Old Parlor Suites made over equal to new in the latest style. All kinds of upholstering work solicited—old or new. All work sent for and delivered to all parts of the city. 246

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POLKA DOTS, cash only 40c. each.

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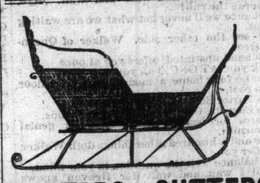

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Will cure a Cold more thoroughly and speedily than any other preparation in use. This medicine is especially beneficial in all affections of the Throat and Lungs, and affords effectual relief even in the advanced stages of Consumption. Thousands of cases of Pulmonary diseases, which have baffled every other expedient of human skill, have been completely cured by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For fifteen years I was afflicted with Lung troubles. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral relieved the distressing symptoms of this disease, and entirely cured me. It is the most effective medicine I have ever used.—C. M. Fay, Prof. of Anatomy, Cleveland, Ohio.

While in the army I contracted a severe Cold, which settled on my Lungs, resulting in exhausting fits of Coughing, Night Sweats, and such loss of flesh and strength that, to all appearance, Consumption had laid its "death grip" upon me. My comrades gave me up to die. I commenced taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it

CURED ME.

In the twenty years that have since elapsed, I have had no trouble with my Lungs.—B. B. Bissell, Editor and Publisher *Republican*, Albion, Mich.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured my wife of Bronchitis, after friends and physicians (so severe was the attack) had almost despaired of her life. She is now in perfect health.—E. Felter, Newtown, O.

When about 22 years of age, a severe Cold affected my lungs. I had a terrible Cough, could not sleep, nor do any work. I consulted several physicians, but received no help until I commenced using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I continued to take this medicine, and am satisfied it saved my life.—C. G. Van Alstyne, P. M., North Chatham, N. Y.

Last year I suffered greatly from a Cold, which had settled on my Lungs. My physician could do nothing for me, and my friends believed me to be in Consumption. As a last resort, I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It gave immediate relief, and finally cured me. I have not the least doubt that this medicine

SAVED MY LIFE.

I am now ruddy, healthy, and strong.—James M. Anderson, Waco, Texas.

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Twenty years ago I was troubled with a disease of the Lungs. Doctors afforded no relief, and said that I could not live many months. I commenced using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and, before I had finished one bottle, found it was helping me. I continued to take this medicine until a cured was effected. I believe that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life.—Samuel Griggs, Waukegan, Ill.

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Treat and Cure Chronic Diseases and Deformities, Consumption, Catarrh, and all Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, and Heart, Disease of the Eye and Ear, Nervous Disease, as indicated by Headache, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, etc.

Diseases of the Stomach and Liver, characterized by Indigestion, Dyspepsia, etc. Skin Diseases, Pimples, Ulcers, etc., Diseases of the Blood, Diseases of the Bowels, their consequences, as Diarrhœa, Costiveness, Piles, Tumors, Prolapsia, etc., Diseases of the Urinary and Generative Organs, Diseases of Women, including Suppressed, Pro use or Painful Menstruation, Leucorrhœa (Whites), Ulceration and Displacement of the Womb.

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OFFICE HOURS, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays, 2 p.m. to 8 p.m.

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Is rapidly increasing. And why? Simply because our Coffee is really good, and the prices fair.

Nice Coffee 30c.; Finest at 35c and 40c. TRY THEM.

JOHN McINTOSH, 281 Yonge-st., Toronto.

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Hope for the Afflicted.

The only Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all Diseases of the Throat, Lungs or Nasal Organs is BUTCHER'S ANTISEPTIC INHALER, By using which proper healing remedies are supplied directly to the affected parts, rendering immediate relief and a permanent cure. Highly recommended by all Physicians. Send stamp for Pamphlet, containing wonderful Testimonials, to ANTISEPTIC INHALER COMPANY, 4 KING-STREET EAST, TORONTO.

THE EAST END DRY GOODS STORE, 158 1-2 QUEEN-STREET EAST.

HURRAH FOR VICTORY! HURRAH FOR VICTORY! Spofford's store crowded these dull times with customers who are more than pleased with the bargains which can be had at 158½ QUEEN-ST. EAST. The sale for ten day's longer only; so come along and get your share too. See those $1.10 White Shirts for 75c. See those 45c. Ties for 25c. See those $1.50 Scarf Pins for 50c. 35 Cases of Spring Goods just opened. I mean business by giving bargains to everyone.

FRED. SPOFFORD, 158 1-2 Queen-st. East. Late of T. Woodhouse.

LADIES, SEE OUR

PARLOR FURNITURE

BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

This branch of our business receives our Special Attention and Personal Supervision. We are confident we can please you, and the value we give is indisputable. 246

R. POTTER & CO., COR. QUEEN AND PORTLAND STREETS.

THE CAMPAIGN WAXES HOT

REFORM RALLY FOR CANDIDATE HARVIE IN SHAFTESBURY HALL.

Central Manufacturers Endorse Sir John's Policy—Labor and Conservative Meetings—The Premier Coming West—Notes.

A rousing meeting was that held in Shaftesbury Hall last night to favor the candidature of Mr. John Harvie, the Reform candidate in Centre Toronto. Enthusiasm was plentiful, and when Hon. S. H. Blake, Hon. Oliver Mowat and Mr. Harvie entered it was showered upon them. Mr. H. S. Howland was chairman. Immediately behind him sat Mr. H. W. Darling; on his right were Hon. Messrs. Blake and Mowat and Mr. Harvie, and on his left Hon. A. S. Hardy. Others on the platform were Hon. A. M. Ross, John Leys, M.P.P., J. K. Kerr, Q.C., S. F. McKinnon, Geo. H. Bertram, G. M. Rose, R. L. Baird, C. F. Durand, Alex. A. Allan, Philip Jamieson, Dr. Cassidy, Joseph A. Donovan, L. M. Livingston, T. O. Anderson, Fred Mowat.

After the chairman had expressed confidence in Mr. Blake, he called upon the candidate, Mr. Harvie, who proceeded to read his speech from manuscript, because he was in a hurry to get away to the Council and because he had a cold. He promised to give Mr. Blake his support; and the principles which he advocated were: retrenchment in the public expenditure, denunciation of representatives who enriched themselves at the public expense, temperance legislation, radical changes in the Senate, residential manhood suffrage, abolition of assisted immigration, a Dominion Factory Act, condemnation of land monopolies, reduction of letter postage from 3 to 2 cents and condemnation of the Government's Northwest policy. Mr. Harvie's most pronounced sentences were "Drive them from power with the whip of righteous indignation," and "Should I be elected by you I will consider it as a call from God."

Hon. Arthur Sturgis Hardy—"Little Thunder" from the left bank of the Grand River—let fly his thunderbolts in great style. The many Conservatives in the galleries and at the rear acquirmed at his speech, for it was most effective—from a Grit standpoint. Speaking of the opponents of the Conservative candidates, he endorsed Mr. Harvie as a thoroughly honorable man; Jury as a man of principle and an eminent Liberal; and, when some one yelled "What about Sheppard?" he said, "I'll say little of Sheppard, who's a man certainly able to speak for himself." He spread himself chiefly on the National Debt and the National Policy, and of Sir John he said: "The old fox is nearly run down; the hounds are on his trail; he seeks for a hole—and the villain still pursues him!" Mr. Blake, he claimed, offered the workingmen a better policy than Sir John. He took up Mr. Blake's principles, expounded them, and spoke at length on the Senate rottenness, timber limits and boodlers. "Boodlers," he said, "were sent to the penitentiary in New York State." Cheers and hisses followed this.

Mr. H. W. Darling addressed the meeting as a business man and endorsed Mr. Blake's attitude towards Protection, but he got into deep water and caused cries of "stick to your party!" when he said, speaking of the East and West ridings, "I would have preferred a business man like the chairman but I am pleased that the Labor men are in the field. If we can't send a representative merchant we can at least send an honest man!"

Mr. Mowat was called on to speak and the audience lost its breath for six minutes in a successful effort to shout. The Little Tyrant rubbed it into Sir John bad, and then into Sir Charles Tupper worse. "One's usefulness was gone and the other never had any." He dressed down Mr. Cockburn as a man who thought we had too much Democracy, and he said that Mr. Harvie was as good a Labor candidate as could be selected. He endorsed Mr. Jury as an honest, truthful, reliable man, and when asked to speak about Mr. Sheppard he said: "I don't know much about Mr. Sheppard. You know more of him than I do and are better able to judge. He's got a newspaper to back him up."

Mr. Blake's was undoubtedly the speech of the evening. It took him some time to get warmed up, but when he reached that point he "got there with both feet" and made several impertinent interrupters feel small by the way in which he meekly asked them to repeat their queries, after which he proceeded to lay them out. In reply to one question of "Why don't you support your party?" he said: "We do support our party, and we're doing it emphatically in East and West Toronto, for we've always been true to the workingmen." Regarding Mr. Jury he said he preferred honesty without religion rather than religion without honesty. He preferred "a man whom I hope to see brought to the penitential bench rather than a whited sepulchre, religious outside and full inside of vile things." He would rather have "honest John Harvie than any aristocratic sham in the city." Mr. Blake paid particular attention to Sir Charles Tupper, who he said was hated by his party because he put two hands instead of one into the boodle.

"Who killed Scott?" asked a voice in the rear. Mr. Blake grew hot, and this led him to the Riel question. "It's as pertinent to ask," he said, "who killed Cock Robin." It would have been better if a couple of the foremost had been hanged with Riel—one on each side. For twenty-five years he had been a member of the Howard Association, and he had never felt like swinging a man into eternity with a rope around his neck. He preferred that Riel should have been imprisoned for life rather than hanged, especially since he had been three times in an asylum. During the fifty years of the Queen's reign not one man had been hanged in Great Britain for treason, and he regretted that it should have been done in Canada. He'd have been contented, however, if others had swung. Mr. Blake touched on other matters, chiefly the Rebellion, gerrymander, the C.P.R., the Mail and the Standard. He finished with a grand peroration, and sat down at 11 o'clock, with much applause.

Although the speaking was good, the audience had enough, and after the usual cheers the meeting broke up.

Labor Candidate Jury at St. Lawrence Hall.

A largely attended meeting of the Labor party was held last night in St. Lawrence Hall. Mr. Charles March presided and seated on the platform were Messrs. William Garson (M.P.P. for Lincoln), D. J. O'Donoghue, W. A. Douglas, John Hanrahan, G. T. Beales, Joseph Compton, A. W. Wright and Candidate Alfred Jury. Mr. O'Donoghue claimed that Mr. Small was pursuing a still hunt canvass, and had given no account of his stewardship. Unlike that gentleman Mr. Jury had given no uncertain indication of what his views were. In his opinion East Toronto might as well be represented in Parliament by a piece of white paper as by Mr. Small, and the workingmen should unite in defeating such an incompetent aspirant for the suffrages of the people. The Labor party had acted wisely in nominating such an able exponent of labor principles as Mr. Jury. After Mr. W. A. Douglas had spoken, Mr. Garson discussed the various clauses in the Labor platform, emphasizing the stand taken in regard to manhood suffrage. He was satisfied the workingmen of East Toronto could elect their candidate if they want to. Mr. A. W. Wright said the Labor party men were sworn to support their candidate and prohibited from speaking in support of any other party's nominees, and that if they acted in contravention of their obligations they would be guilty of perjury. Candidate Jury dealt chiefly with the assisted immigration policy of the Government, which he severely denounced. The N.P. he regarded as a past issue, as the Reform party had pledged itself not to interfere with it, but if Mr. Blake should succeed to power and violate his promises he would not support him in his course. He argued that the Conservative Government had failed to protect certain industries, and therefore the workingmen who believed in a protective policy had a right to find fault for their negligence in this respect. The employment of Chinese in the construction of the C.P.R. was denounced as well as the fact of the lithographs used to explain the benefits of the N.P. having been printed in Buffalo.

The Mackenzie Meeting at St. Paul's Hall.

St. Paul's Hall, North Toronto, was filled to the doors last night to hear the Minister of Education and others speak on behalf of Hon. Alex. Mackenzie's candidature in East York. Mr. G. W. Badgerow occupied the chair. Among those on the platform were Hon. G. W. Ross, G. B. Smith, M.P.P., John Macdonald, B. B. Hughes, T. C. Irving, Robert McLean, John Hallam, Wm. Stark, S. Rogers, Joseph Gibson and John Darby.

In response to a request from the Chairman that one of Mr. Boultbee's supporters should open the meeting, Mr. Darby delivered an address in which he pointed out the progress that the Dominion had made under the present Government, and the high place Canada now occupied in the Colonial possessions of the Mother Country.

Hon. G. W. Ross reviewed at some length the political life of Mr. Mackenzie. Mr. Mackenzie, said Mr. Ross, was the one man who had during the five years he remained in power redeemed Canada from the black cloud of corruption that for years had hovered over the vast expanse of our fair Dominion. Mr. Ross spoke at length on the increase of the debt of the Dominion, claiming that it had increased from seventy-five millions under Mr. Mackenzie to two hundred and twenty millions under Sir John Macdonald.

At this point some of the audience became noisy and asked Mr. Ross if Canada had not prospered in a corresponding manner, and "what about the C.P.R.?"

Mr. Ross did not answer these questions. He however claimed that in enlarging the canals and in assisting the railways of the Dominion the Government of the day had frittered away the people's money and placed a debt on the Dominion from which it would take them years to recover. Mr. Ross closed with a fervent appeal to the audience to cast their votes for Mr. Mackenzie on Feb. 22.

Mr. John Macdonald followed, urging his hearers to use every effort to keep Mr. Boultbee out in the cold.

The meeting closed with cheers for the Queen, Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Hon. G. W. Ross and Mr. Badgerow.

A West Toronto Conservative Meeting.

A good meeting was held last night in Bailey's Hall in the interests of Col. Denison's candidature for West Toronto. Ex-Ald. George Evans was called to the chair. Speeches were made by Andrew McCormick, Col. Denison, Chester Arnoldi, W. B. Hubbard and Chairman Evans.

The Latest Scandal.

The Standard, the new Conservative organ opened a new scandal yesterday:

We charge specifically, and have evidence in support thereof, that the iron manufacturers of the Pittsburg district, Pennsylvania, have raised a large sum of money to be used in the Dominion elections against Sir John A. Macdonald's Government on assurances which the said manufacturers have received from Ontario Grits, that Sir John's defeat would mean the repeal of the National Policy and the opening of the Canadian markets to American manufacturers.

We charge specifically that one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) was sent from this fund to Toronto ten days ago and that more is to follow if needed.

The Standard does not follow up the charge by giving the names and dates, but promises fuller information later on.

Reformers say there is not a word of truth in the Standard's allegations.

They Have no Confidence in the Liberal Party.

MONTREAL, Feb. 14.—A large and influential meeting of members of the Canadian Industrial Association held this afternoon, passed the following resolutions:

1. Moved by J. B. Rolland, paper manufacturer, and seconded by E. N. Heney, manufacturer of carriage springs, *Resolved*, That the Canadian Industrial Association, representing almost every industry in the Dominion, is firmly convinced that the prosperity of Canada, remarkable because contrasting so strongly with the severe depression which has scourged other countries, is due to the beneficial influences of the present tariff upon all the industries of the countries, giving life where, under the old tariff there was decay, vigor instead of feebleness, activity in place of stagnation, and affording increasing opportunity for the employment of capital and labor.

2. Moved by A. F. Gault, cotton manufacturer, seconded by Alex. Ewan, woollen manufacturer, *Resolved*, That as Hon. Mr. Blake's statements respecting the tariff policy of his party are uncertain, vague and deceptive, and as since Mr. Blake's statement Sir Richard Cartwright, on February 11, in West York, characterized the National Policy as a tremendous blunder and mistake by which the people had been injured, this association has no confidence in the Liberal party.

3. Moved by R. W. Elmenhorst, sugar refiner, seconded by E. K. Greene, fur manufacturer, and *Resolved*, That the Conservative Government of Sir John A. Macdonald, with its clear, definite and emphatic policy of protection to Canadian industries, is alone worthy of support, and this meeting pledges itself to do all in its power to secure the return of candidates pledged to support the present Government, believing that the best interests of the country demand that there shall be no uncertainty in the tariff policy of the Dominion.

Sir John's Movements.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14.—Sir John Macdonald, with a number of persons from this city, left this morning for Carp and Stittsville, in each of which places he will deliver addresses—Carp at noon and Stittsville at 4 p.m. Sir John will then proceed to Kingston to be present at the nomination to-morrow.

Campaign Notes.

Hon. Thomas White seems to be the most active man that Sir John has about him just now, and to him is entrusted most of the Conservative manipulation of Ontario. He never makes an enemy.

Mr. Mackenzie will not be able to speak at East York nomination to-day. Hon. A. S. Hardy will represent him.

Sir John A. Macdonald, on his way to Hamilton, will address the electors of St. Paul's Ward at noon to-morrow, in the Town Hall. The gallery will be reserved for ladies.

Mr. Bunting will be back from New York today. He went there for a rest—so many people were trying to bring him back in the Conservative fold.

Reform orators are in demand for this week. Telegrams were received all yesterday asking for speakers. Lawyers and law students are mostly the only ones able to get away. Among laymen Peter Ryan is doing sledgehammer work on the outside.

Pat Purcell says it will be nip and tuck in Glengarry.

Mr. Mowat, so an exchange tells us, has been offered several constituencies in the Reform interests, but declined them all for the present. He may go to Ottawa if Mr. Blake defeats Sir John.

The Manitoba Free Press finds fault with Archbishop Tache for signing a petition asking Mr. Royal to become a candidate for Provencher, and the Sun retaliates by taking the position that clergymen of all denominations should abstain from active interference in party politics.

Campaign Poetry.

Victoria Warder.

Sir John A. went to England to do his country good.
Ned Blake to prevent him he did all he could,
But the Pacific railroad contract Sir John did complete,
Now there's millions of dollars and millions of acres of land in Canada to circulate.

SPORTING DASHES.

Officers of Toronto Rowing and Bicycle Clubs—An Ice Boat Challenge.

The Toronto Rowing Club nominated officers at its King street rooms last night, there being a large attendance of members. The first four offices were filled without opposition, A. R. Boswell being unanimously elected Honorary President, L. J. Cosgrave, President, R. W. Gowanlock, first Vice-President, and T. G. Foster second Vice-President. The contest for the third vice presidency will be between J. C. McGee and N. J. Carnegie. Other officers elected by acclamation were: John Wilson, Captain; C. A. B. Brown, Treasurer; James E. Knox, Financial Secretary; George H. Gowanlock, Recording Secretary. The nominations for committees were as follows: House Committee—D. Roberts, J. H. Samo, Alex. McGee, G. E. Robbins, John Doran, Joseph Rogers, John Guinane, J. Spink. Rowing Committee—E. A. Thompson, Wm. Davidson, Joseph Wright, Richard Tinning, jr., Fred Mossop, W. E. Fletcher, Ed. Roach, E. Dwyer, J. H. Thompson.

The Toronto Bicycle Club.

The annual meeting for the election of officers last evening brought out the members of the T.B.C. in full force. Their popular President, Mr. A. F. Webster, occupied the chair. Mr. Webster resigned as President, and Harry Ryrie, C. Langley, F. Yeigh, R. T. Blachford and Dr. P. E. Doolittle were nominated for the office, the election of which will take place at the next meeting. The ballotting for the other officers resulted as follows: Vice-President, R. T. Blachford (re-elected); Secretary, A. S. Bowers (re-elected); Treasurer, W. H. West; Statistical Secretary, W. Robins; Captain, W. H. Cox (re-elected); First Lieutenant, F. J. Brimer; Second Lieutenant, C. F. Lavender; Third Lieutenant, W. H. Thomas; Bugler, F. Burdon; Committee of Management: Frank Yeigh, H. Ryrie, E. E. Horton and C. Langley; Surgeon, Dr. P. E. Doolittle.

An Ice-Boating Challenge.

Editor World: I challenge any boat on Toronto bay, for $50 or upwards, for a thirty-mile race on a triangular course; or I will go to Hamilton with expenses paid and run the same race with any Hamilton boat. Wildcat preferred. My ice boat is the Pastime.

CAPT. J. LAWRANCE QUINN, 1 Church-st.

Sailing for the Ice Yacht Pennant.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., Feb. 14.—The ice yacht regatta for the ice yacht challenge pennant of America occurred this afternoon between the yachts of Hudson River and Poughkeepsie Clubs, and twelve boats started. The leaders were Jack Frost and Northern Light of the Hudson River Club and Haze of the Poughkeepsie Club. Jack Frost was never headed. She made sixteen miles in 43.40, Northern Light in 44.20, Haze in 44.30. The wind blew fresh from the south and the ice was not in first-class condition.

General Notes.

The Humber ice races will take place on February 23 and 24.

The Shelburne curlers defeated the Wiarton chiels in a competition for a medal.

A race will come off at the Humber this afternoon between Verrell's Black Prince and McFadden's pacer.

The proposed match between the County of York and Toronto against Ontario has been abandoned, owing chiefly to the refusal of the railways to give visiting clubs a reduced rate of fare.

Of the five umpires to be appointed by Secretary White for the International League, he has only appointed two up to the present: Cummings of New York and Hoover of Philadelphia, who umpired last year.

Michael Kelly, of the Chicago Baseball Club, was released from that organization yesterday by the payment of $10,000. Kelly then signed for the season with the Boston Club. It is understood that his salary is $2500.

Mr. James Temple has sold his half interest in the celebrated trotter Harry Wilkes to the Sier Bros. for $12,000. Harry Wilkes is now in California where he will probably remain to trot the match with Oliver K for $5000 a side on May 2.

Should to-day's probs indicate cold weather, the clubs eligible to compete in the final competition for the Ontario Tankard competition will be notified to meet to-morrow on the Granite and Adelaide-street rinks. In case of warmer weather however the competition will be postponed.

The following is the score, at the close of the sixth day of the 48-hour walking match at Fall River, Mass., Saturday night: At the Casino—Howarth, 272 miles; Noremac, 268 miles 14 laps; Cox, 250 miles 9 laps; Burns, 210 miles; Carver, 162 miles. At the Rink—Hagelman, 237 miles; Guerrero, 222 miles; Taylor, 200 miles; Maloney, 189 miles; Meek, 151 miles.

The Shelburne Lacrosse Club has organized for the season of 1887. Officers: F. A. Campbell, President; R. A. Riky, Vice-President; George Tudhope, Secretary-Treasurer; Wm. McCutcheon, Captain. Committee: Chas. Mason, Hugh Falconer, W. A. McKee, F. A. Campbell, R. A. Riky, Wm. McCutcheon and George Tudhope. Auditors: John Kelly and Wm. McCutcheon.

"Jem" Carney, for years the undisputed lightweight champion of Great Britain, who killed Jimmy Highland in an English prize ring, arrived in New York on Saturday. The first question Carney asked of a prominent sporting man who met him on the dock was, "How did the fight between Harry Gilmore and McAuliffe come out?" He was told that the man he had come over to meet had won after a desperate battle of nearly two hours, and was asked if he thought he could lick McAuliffe. "Well," he answered, "I shall 'ave a bloody good try." Carney is 29 years of age, having been born in Birmingham, England, in 1858. He stands 5 feet 4½ inches in height, and weighs now in his traveling suit, without the greatcoat, 11 stone 2 pounds, or 156 pounds. The fatal battle with Jimmy Highland was fought at 128 pounds for $125 a side. Carney had the best of it, and 2 to 1 was being laid on him, when the "Bobbies" broke it up. Highland's death, he said, was the result of the punishment he received in the battle, took place a few days afterward. Carney was tried for manslaughter, convicted and sentenced to six months at hard labor.

IMPROPER USE OF AMMONIA.

From the American Analyst.

The question has been frequently asked what the objection is to the carbonate of ammonia as employed by the manufacturers of some baking powders.

Ammonia is acted upon by the system as a foreign and objectionable body, and excreted to prevent its action as a blood poison. It is in no sense a food, and should never be permitted to get into the stomach except by the advice of a competent physician. It is well known that water containing ammonia is unfit for drinking purposes. Prof. Smith, of Wittenberg College, who has recently given scientific investigation to the subject, in writing about it says:

"Ammonia, an ingredient of many baking powders, I regard as highly objectionable, since it seriously impairs digestion. I have examined biscuits baked with an ammoniated powder, and have found, as has been repeatedly declared, that the ammonia was still there."

The eminent chemists, Dr. Doremus of New York and Prof. Witthaus of the University of Vermont, corroborate the statement that ammonia, if present in a baking powder, remains in the bread material; and Prof. Witthaus adds: "In my opinion a baking powder containing ammonia is much more liable to produce disturbances of digestion than one containing alum, concerning whose deleterious qualities so much has been said."

Dr. Price, in a newspaper controversy some years ago, took occasion to tell what the United States Dispensatory stated about the unclean sources of ammonia. It is not quite as bad as that now, but it is made from gas house liquor, and this is not savory. The principal reason for the use of ammonia in baking powder is that it enables the manufacturer to use less cream of tartar and a larger quantity of starch. Bread material leavened by baking powder that contains ammonia becomes dry very quickly. Ammonia is never used in the manufacture of the best baking powders, and fortunately the public can easily obtain one that is entirely free from this objectionable ingredient. We can heartily endorse and recommend Cleveland's Superior baking powder for purity and healthfulness. Numerous analyses made by the Government Chemists, ourselves, and other chemists in the interest of the public, have shown that this powder is made only of purest grape cream of tartar, bicarbonate of soda, and a little wheat flour used as a preservative, and that it is entirely free from ammonia, alum, lime, and every adulteration.

"Life Pictures From Rum's Gallery."

The above is the title of the latest addition to the temperance literature of Canada from the pen of Dr. Thomas Trotter, Owen Sound. It contains a series of sketches from the author's own experience of persons who have been ruined through alcoholism and is written somewhat in the style of Ashworth's famous "Strange Tales from Humble Life." It depends for effect on the realism of the narrations, rather than literary merit, and will without doubt be widely read and circulated by temperance workers. The book is published and sold at the Methodist Book Rooms, King-street East, Toronto.

A University College Club.

A meeting of University graduates and undergraduates was held in a Rossin House parlor Saturday night, when it was decided to organize a University College Club, having for its objects "the furtherance of the interests of University College in every possible way, and the promotion of social union amongst University College men." A committee of thirty was appointed to carry out the project. The membership will include graduates, undergraduates and students. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Chas. Moss, Q.C., and about fifty gentlemen were present. The circular calling the meeting together was signed by S. H. Blake, R. E. Kingsford, T. C. Robinette, W. H. Irving, W. H. Blake, W. H. Hunter, F. B. Hodgins and J. H. Moss.

Weir Wants to Stay in this Country.

Lawyer Aylesworth yesterday advanced reasons before the Common Pleas Divisional Court at Osgoode Hall why Dr. Weir, held at London for extradition to Michigan on a charge of murder, should be discharged from custody. The case, it will be remembered, involves the death of the girl Clark while under treatment at the prisoner's hospital in Oscoda. County Attorney Hutchinson of Middlesex opposed the motion for Weir's discharge. Judgment was reserved.

The Governor-General's Dinner Party.

MONTREAL, Feb. 14.—The Governor-General gave a dinner party at his residence here today. Those invited were the Mayor and Mrs. Beaugrand, Hon. M. H. Cochrane and Miss Cochrane, Sir William and Lady Dawson, Sir A. A. and Miss Dorion, F. C. Henshaw, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hickson, Hon. Thos. and Mrs. Ryan, Col. and Mrs. Vanstraubenzie, H. A. Pakenham, A.D.C.-in-waiting.

Consult Dr. Kergan's Surgeons at American Hotel, Toronto.

THE PORTUGUESE AT ZANZIBAR.

Relations With the Sultan Ruptured and the Flag Hauled Down.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Advices from Zanzibar state that the Sultan refuses to comply with the demand of the Portuguese Governor of Mozambique to surrender the territory claimed by Portugal, but recognized in the Anglo-German agreement with the Sultan as belonging to Zanzibar, and has referred the matter to the friendly powers. Portugal has ruptured diplomatic relations with the Sultan and hauled down the Portuguese flag from the consulate at Zanzibar. A number of Portuguese men of-war have proceeded to Tungi, the bombardment of which is threatened.

Not a McGlynn Sympathizer.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Cardinal Tascherau while here only received visits from Canadians and Church dignitaries. He was reserved in expressing his opinions, but had no sympathy with Dr. McGlynn, though looking at the latter's enormous influence he may advise the Pope to conciliate him.

BIRTHS.

RICE—At 350 Berkeley-street on the 13th inst., the wife of R. B. Rice of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

EVANS—PARRINTON—At All Saints' Church on the 9th inst., by Rev. T. Macklin, Dr. J. Evans of Elmwood to Leatie Sophia, daughter of the late Alfred Parrinton of Toronto.

DEATHS.

HASKIN.—In this city on Sunday, 13th inst., of gastric fever, Albert E. Haskin, aged 34. Funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

BROWN—On Sunday, 13th February, at 69 Czar-street, Toronto, Thomas Henry, eldest son of Capt. Thomas Brown, aged 14 years, 11 months.

Funeral on Tuesday, 15th inst., at 3 p.m. to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

A DRAMATIC VIEW OF

WALKER.

To buy—or not to buy? That is the question,
Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to wait—to suffer
The stings and arrows of a homeless man,
Or to take steps against a sea of trouble,
And by opposing, end them? To buy
At Walker's Weekly Payment Store,
And by that stroke to say we end
The thousand inconveniences that man
Without a well fixed home is subject to.
This is a consummation devoutly to be wished.
For if we wait—and wait—and wait. Aye, here's the rub!
Perchance we'll never get what we are waiting for.
Now see the other side. Walker of Queen-street,
With hand unstinted, offers you at once
(Mark you, AT ONCE) all you may need
To make your home a model home, from floor to roof,
With Parlor Suites and Bedroom Suites,
With Carpets, Chairs and Hanging Lamps.
Pictures for beauty, and Stoves for genial warmth,
These and a hundred other things doth Walker offer you, or 156 pounds.
Now balance well the question in your mind,
"Shall I wait and wait (for Heaven knows what),
Or go at once to WALKER'S WEEKLY PAYMENT STORE,
And furnish me a home, so I may know what comfort is.

We would advise you to buy on the Instalment Plan, because otherwise you may wait for years to save enough to furnish your house, whilst by the Instalment Plan you possess the things at once, and you pay for them while you are enjoying the comforts of your own home.

Walker's Weekly Payment Store,
107 1-2 QUEEN-STREET WEST.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
O. B. SHEPPARD, Manager.
Every evening this week, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday, Carl Mulocker's Comic Opera
"THE MAID OF BELLEVILLE."
Box plan now open. Next week, "Devil's Auction."

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE.
Subject—"Rambles Through North Wales," by B. D. THOMAS, D.D., in the Carlton-street Methodist Church, on
THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 17.
Over sixty magnificent views. Lecture to begin at 8. Admission 15 cents and upwards at door. Children 10 cents.

THE HUMBER RACES
Will take place on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, February 23d and 24th.
Verrall's Black Prince and McFadden's Pacer TO-DAY (TUESDAY) AT 2 P.M.
O. L. HICKS, Secretary, Humber Bay.

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C. A. SHAW, Manager.
Week of Feb'y 14. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday
The Original WILBUR OPERA CO.
TO-NIGHT "3 BLACK CLOAKS."
Wed. Mat., "Merry War," Wed. Eve., "Girofle-Girofla;" Thursday, "Fra Diavolo;" Friday, "3 Black Cloaks;" Sat. Mat., "Fra Diavolo;" Sat. Eve., "Mascotte." 40—people—40. Seats now on sale at box-office.
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CANNIFF & CANNIFF, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., 36 Toronto-street, Toronto. J. FOSTER CANNIFF, HENRY T. CANNIFF.
CHARLES EGERTON McDONALD, Barrister, solicitor, conveyancer, etc., Equity Chambers, corner Adelaide and Victoria streets.
D. A. O'SULLIVAN—Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. 20 Toronto-street, Toronto.
EDWARD MEEK—Barrister, Solicitor, etc., 65 King-street east, Toronto.
FULLERTON, COOK & MILLER, Barristers, etc. Money to lend. 18 King-street east.
G. W. BADGEROW & CO., Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Ontario Hall, 50 Church-st. G. W. BADGEROW. JOHN CARSON.
G. S. LINDSEY, Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer, etc. Money to lend. 28 York Chambers, Toronto-street, Toronto.
HUGH MACMAHON, Q.C., Barrister, etc., 16 King-street west. 135
HALL, DEWART & CO., barristers, solicitors, attorneys, notaries, etc., 30 and 32 King-street east, Toronto.
J. A. MACDONELL—Barrister, solicitor, etc. 56 King-street east. Private funds to loan.
J. N. BLAKE, Barrister, American Express Company's buildings, 55 Yonge street, Toronto.
KERR, MACDONALD, DAVIDSON & PATERSON, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., Masonic Hall, Toronto street, Toronto. WM. MACDONALD, J. K. KERR, Q.C., WM. DAVIDSON, JOHN A. PATERSON.
LAWRENCE & MILLIGAN, Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Building and Loan Chambers, 18 Toronto-street, Toronto.
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