

THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

Vol. 10.

Price—One Cent.

St. John's, N. F., Tuesday, February 7, 1888.

\$3.00 Per Annum.

No. 31.

By Telegraph

OPENING OF GERMAN REICHSTAG.

Bismarck Supports the Military Bill.

NO IMMEDIATE FEARS OF WAR.

Russia Continues Her Preparations.

DELIMITATION WORK COMPLETED.

When the British Parliament Opens.

HALIFAX, N.S., Feb. 7.

Prince Bismarck addressed the German Reichstag yesterday, warmly supporting the military bill. He was enthusiastically greeted by crowds along the streets during his passage to and from the Chambers. In his speech he said France had elected a peaceful President, and consequently the prospect of peace looked better. Germany had no fears of an attack from Russia. He believed the Czar's word absolutely. Russia continued to mass troops in readiness for the next crisis in the Eastern question, and the warlike tendencies of France and Russia compelled Germany to arm. The treaties between Austria and Italy, he said, were not a threat, but a declaration of common interest.

The French press declare that the publication of recent treaties will further estrange Germany from Russia and bind Russia and France closer.

It is stated that the Afghan Commission have completed their delimitation work.

The British Parliament meets on Thursday next.

FROM CAPE RACE.

(Special to the Evening Telegram.)

CAPE RACE, This Evening.

Wind N.N.E., blowing a stiff breeze and weather fine and clear. No vessels have been sighted to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction—bankrupt stock.....John McL. Fraser
Auction—furniture.....John S. Simms
Auction—wrecked property.....Benjamin Miller
Auction—beef, mutton, etc.....Clift, Wood & Co
Dwelling house for sale.....John T. Gillard
Hervy black oats.....James Murray
Oysters ("Big Beauties").....at Mrs. G. Walsh's
Flour and butter.....Rothwell & Bowring
Tea meeting and entertainment.....C.E.T.S.
Presentation notice.....see advertisement
Wanted—a matron.....address Rev. Henry Dunfield

TAKE NOTICE:

ALL PERSONS wanting COALS for winter use can be supplied with the best North Sydney or English Household Coal, from the People's Depot at Brookings's, at the rate of TWENTY-FOUR SHILLINGS [24s.] per ton, sent home promptly for cash on delivery.
Jan 24, fp, eod JAMES MURRAY.

NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO OUR FIRM are requested to make payment at our office of

Accounts due 31st Dec'r last,

BEFORE THE 8th FEBRUARY NEXT,
After which date payment will be enforced.
J23, 4p, 30, 1, 7 J. & W. BOYD.

Those Delicious "Sixpenny" Hams.

{ WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED : }
{ NINE CASES MORE OF THESE }

Delicious "Sixpenny" Hams,

which we are now selling at McBRIDE'S HILL at the low price of only SIXPENCE per pound, for nett cash only.
Jan 27, fp JAMES MURRAY.

FOR SALE,

That commodious

Dwelling House,

Now occupied by Mrs. SALTER, Military Road (nearly opposite the Colonial Building), containing: six Bedrooms, Drawing-room, 2 Parlors—both handsomely frescoed, and Breakfast Room, two Kitchens (one concrete), two Cellars, and Back Yard.
The house is built on land leased for 999 years, at a small annual rent, and is supplied with water, gas, bells throughout, closets, and every convenience calculated to make it a very desirable residence. For particulars, apply to
WALTER CLOUSTON,
MRS. T. SALTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION SALES.

FURNITURE SALE.

To-Morrow, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
I will sell at Auction,

At **VIMIERA COTTAGE,**
(King's Bridge Hill.)

The Furniture of **W. B. Reed, Esq.,**

WALNUT CENTRE TABLE, COUCH, EASY & other chairs, 1 small table, 1 oval table, oil paintings, pictures, mirrors, poles and rings, carpets, venetian blinds, 1 cheffonier, 1 extension table, 1 handsome rosewood side board, cane back chairs, rocking chair, 1 child's chair, 1 small table, book-case, coal vase, fire irons and stand, carpets and mats, ornaments, poles and rings, venetian blinds, iron bedsteads, mattresses, couch, chest drawers, looking glasses, chairs, druggist, toilet sets, wash stands, child's cot, 1 clock, 1 table, oil cloth, hall clock, table, chairs, lamp stand, oil cloth, stair carpet and rods, 1 cooking stove, etc., table, kero. lamps, lot electroplated ware, etc.
feb 7 JOHN S. SIMMS, Auctioneer.

To-Morrow, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,

On **McBRIDE'S HILL,**

30 barrels Winter APPLES.

10 cases NEW ONIONS.

10 cases ORANGES.
feb 7 JAMES MURRAY.

On **THURSDAY** next, at 11 o'clock,

ON THE WHARF OF
CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,

50 quarters CHOICE FRESH BEEF,

10 cars CHOICE FRESH MUTTON,

50 Choice Geese.
feb 7

LOOK OUT FOR THE BARGAINS

offering at the sale of goods belonging to the insolvent estate of

MR. THOMAS MCCONNAN.

Sale commences

On Wednesday, the 8th instant,

And will be continued daily, Sunday excepted, until the stock is cleared.

Lovers of Books will have a chance on Saturday Night, at 7.30. p.m.

JOHN McL. FRASER,
Agent for Mortgagee.

feb 7, 3p

NOTICE!

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, AT NORTH-ERN BIGHT, Random, Trinity Bay, on SATURDAY, 25th February, at 11 o'clock, on the following MONDAY, (for the benefit of whom it may concern.) The wrecked

Hull of the Schr. "Trixie H." 1 mainmast, some rigging, and other material, 1 mainboom (at Bonaventure), one steering wheel (at Trinity), and on FRIDAY, 2nd day of March, at 11 o'clock, on the following day at Mr. JAMES BYAN'S premises, Mungrave Town, Goosebay, in Bonavista Bay—1 mainsail, piece of foresail, some running gear, 1 jib, 1 staysail, 1 gaff topsail, 1 anchor, 1 large line, 3 shrouds, 14 blocks, 1 wire stay, jib-wipes, 2 pieces small rigging, 2 barrels damaged flour, 1 box damaged soap, part keg of linseed oil, all belonging to the "Trixie H." and cargo.

BENJAMIN MILLER,
Wreck Commissioner,
Auctioneer.

feb 7, 2p

NOTICE.

A MOVEMENT HAVING BEEN SET ON foot in many Colonies to make a presentation from the Colonies generally to their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, on the occasion of their "SILVER WEDDING," their Excellencies the Governor and Mrs. Bick wish to bring the matter before these people in this Colony who may wish to subscribe. They beg that any lady or gentleman who wishes to join in the movement will meet them at the Athenaeum, on THURSDAY next, at 4 o'clock, p.m.

GEORGE FITZGERALD, P.S.
feb 7, 2p

HAY-HAY

Small Bundles, just received

ex S.S. "Newfoundland" and for sale by

Jas. & Wm. Pitts,

800 bds P. E. Island Hay.
feb 6, 3p

TO LET,

A Suite of Offices

on the 2nd flat of TELEGRAM Building,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL BANK.

For terms, etc., apply at this office.
Jan 12, fp

REAL Canada BUTTER.

50 tubs Selected Townships FRESH

100 tubs Selected Kamouraska CANADA

100 tubs Choice Morrisburg BUTTER

of exquisite flavor, for sale by

JAMES MURRAY,
Jan 24

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cook's TOURISTS' Tickets

EMBRACE EVERY POINT OF INTEREST TO TRAVELLERS AND TOURISTS. DO NOT COMPEL the holder to travel in parties, are available by any train, or any day, and in most cases are issued at a material reduction from ordinary rates.

Intending travellers and tourists will find it greatly to their advantage to call upon the undersigned before purchasing their tickets to any part of the world. For full particulars as to single journey and tourists' rates, apply to

GEORGE LEMESSURIER,

OFFICE: Opposite Commercial Bank, Duckworth Street. feb 6, 1m, 3fp
Post Office address, Box 572. Agent Thomas Cook & Son.

Important to House-keepers!

T. T.

In buying at our store you can have the Choicest

HYSON or SCENTED ORANGE PEKCE mixed with the

2s. 6d. or 3s., without any extra charge. We carry heavy

stocks, which have been bought in the best markets in the

world, and you can rely upon getting good value from

WATER STREET, NEAR JOB'S. GEORGE E. BEARNS.

AT PARNELL'S!

.. We have ..

A VERY .. CHOICE .. THREE-SHILLING .. TEA

Our 2s. 6d. TEA is the best in the market!

F. PARNELL,

131 WATER STREET.
January 30, fp

FRESH Turkeys. FRESH Ducks. FRESH Geese.

—LANDING EX "PORTIA" AND FOR SALE BY—

James & Wm. Pitts,

FRESH TURKEYS.

FRESH DUCKS.

FRESH GESE.

FRESH CHICKEN.
January 17, fp

NOW READY!

The Newfoundland Almanac for 1888.

For Sale at the Bookstores, and at the Office of publication, Gregory's Lane.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

STANDARD - MARBLE - WORKS.

287 New Gower Street, St. John's, Nfld.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent stock

OF

Headstones, Monuments, Tombs, Mantelpieces, &c.,

At rates sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guarantee solid stock and the best of workmanship. Outport orders solicited. Designs cheerfully furnished by letter or otherwise. Special reduction on all goods ordered during winter months.

JAMES MCINTYRE.
Jan 28, 1m, sw, fp

The London Guarantee & Accident Company,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Authorized Capital - - - \$1,250,000.

HEAD OFFICE FOR NEWFOUNDLAND: 132 WATER STREET, ST. JOHN'S.

The Bonds of this Company are accepted as security by the Home, Australian, Canadian, Indian and Colonial Governments. Blank forms can be had, and rates and other particulars given, on application to

T. W. SPRY, Agent for Newfoundland.
June 9

White Star and Bijou Shingles. Shingles.

500 BARRELS EACH OF THESE FAVORITE BRANDS

Superior Ex. Flour,

—FOR SALE BY—

JAS. MURRAY.
Jan 24, fp

NOW LANDING,

Ex "Zepho," from Clarke's Beach,

AT BROOKING'S

118 M Prime Fir Shingles,

W. F. Horwood's celebrated make.

JAMES MURRAY.
Jan 28, fp

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Now Landing

Ex S.S. "Portia,"

500 BARRELS FRESH-GROUND

Extra Flours,

200 brls Fresh-ground Superfine Flour.

100 TUBS BUTTER,

Willow Grove Creamery.

ROTHWELL & BOWRING
feb 7, 3p, eod

FOR SALE,

That Valuable Freehold Dwelling House,

—SITUATE IN—

Barnes's Road, in the occupation of

GEORGE GEAR, Esq.

THE HOUSE HAS RECENTLY been fitted up with all the modern improvements, and is heated throughout with hot water. The GROUNDS, which are about an acre in extent, and surrounded by trees, include a highly cultivated Garden. The basement of the house contains frostproof cellars, washhouse, etc., the floors of which are of concrete. The ground floor comprises dining, drawing and breakfast rooms and kitchen and pantries. There are nine bedrooms, and a large bath-room, with fire-place. In the yard adjoining are stables and coach house. The house is in first class condition and from its central position forms one of the most desirable Residences in the city. For further particulars apply to

JOHN T. GILLARD.
feb 7, 3p, t, w, f

C.E.T.S.

Tea Meeting and Entertainment,

ST. PATRICK'S HALL, 7th FEB.

NOTICE:—All the Tickets for the above Tea are SOLD; but after the Tea, (say 5.15) there will be accommodation for about one hundred persons to the ENTERTAINMENT. Admission: 20 Cents.
feb 7, 11

N.Y. & Baltimore OYSTERS,

BIG BEAUTIES, by steamer "Portia,"

At Mrs. G. WALSH'S,

102 and 104 Water Street.
feb 7, 11

Heavy Black Oats.

As the cargo of schooner "Ceylon" is now discharged, we have no more Heavy Black Oats in bulk. Our price in bags is Three Shillings and Nine Pence (3s. 9d) per bus.

JAMES MURRAY.
feb 7, fp

JUST RECEIVED,

by S.S. "Portia,"

100 brls. Kero Oil,

Cheap while landing; also,

20 BRLS CHOICE APPLES.

CANADA -:- BEEF.

Ex S.S. "Newfoundland," and for sale by

JAS. & WM. PITTS,

30 qrs. Fat Canadian Heifer Beef.
feb 6, 3p

Fresh Pollard

50-lb. Bags, One Dollar.

100-lb. Bags, Two Dollars.

125-lb. Sacks, Two Dollars fifty cents or, in other words, 5s. per bus.

AT BROOKING'S and McBRIDE'S HILL.

POLLARD is not Bran. It is called "shorts" or "middlings," and consists of wheat meal which is very nutritious for man or beast.

JAMES MURRAY.
feb 8, fp

WANTED:

A MATRON, for the Church of England Girls' Orphanage. Application to be made (in writing) to the

REV. HENRY DUNFIELD, Hon. Sec.
feb 7, 6fp

WANTED:

A PLAIN COOK and HOUSEMAID. References required. Apply at this office. Jan 28, fp

WANTED:

About 200 more EMPTY MOLASSES PUNCHONS, at Brookings's, immediately.

JAMES MURRAY.
feb 6, fp

Great Bargains in Blankets & Calicoes, WILLIAM FREW'S, 191 WATER STREET.

JUST RECEIVED, PER "ASSYRIAN," AN IMPORTANT PURCHASE OF CALICOES, which we are offering at 5, 6, 7 and 8 cents per yd, strong and wide; BEST VALUE EVER SHOWN.

NOTE-Canadian and American Silver taken in trade at former value.

WILLIAM FREW

LIME. LIME. A Great Boon to Farmers and Others.

THE SUBSCRIBER, WHILE RETURNING THANKS TO FARMERS AND OTHERS FOR THEIR patronage during the past summer, would beg to respectfully intimate that he is now prepared to make

Twenty Cents per bushel, or delivered by rail at the Rope Walk siding, or the Saint John's Depot at Twenty-five Cents per bushel.

He also agrees to take, in exchange for Lime, PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS, at market rates, from the coming season's crop, to be delivered at his Store, in St. John's, at the end of the season.

John Score

BUILDERS' SUPPLY STORE, Water Street.

200 M. SEASONED PINE LUMBER, 1, 2 and 3-inch. WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

January 13

Drink the Health-Giving Waters! FOR SALE AT FORAN'S, ATLANTIC HOTEL.

Mineral Waters: from the Chalybeate Springs. A Genuine Blood Purifier. A certain and perfect cure for Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Debility.

The Newfoundland Consolidated Foundry Co., Limited.

Patterns for Grave & Garden Railings, & for Cresting of Houses.

J. ANGEL, Manager.

Candles, Candles. ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

Morrill's Celebrated Mould Candles.

FOR SALE BY John S. Simms, TWO TABLE PIANOS.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, SITUATE 1 1/2 miles from Town.

I AM INSTRUCTED TO OFFER FOR SALE BY private contract—a desirable detached Residence, standing on about 30-acres of Land, with elegantly-laid-out gardens and pleasure grounds, including flower and kitchen gardens, tennis, lawn and plantation, approached from the Portugal Cove and Torbay Roads by a very pretty and well-planted avenue.

P.E. ISLAND PRODUCE! On Sale by Clift, Wood & Co.'s.

HEAVY BLACK OATS, CHOICE ISL'D POTATOES, Now landing, ex schr "J. Savard," from Alberton, P.E.I.

ADVERTISING RATES. Fifty Cents per inch for first insertion, every continuation, 1st page 25 cents, 2nd and 3rd pages 10 cents per inch.

Special arrangements made for three, six or twelve months.

The Evening Telegram.

ST. JOHN'S, FEBRUARY 7, 1888.

Persons desiring the EVENING TELEGRAM served at their homes can secure it by postal card request, or order through the Proprietor.

Letters relating to advertisements, job work and other business affairs, to be directed to WM. J. HENDER, Proprietor.

All communications intended for publication or containing intelligence, must be addressed to ALEX. A. PARSONS, Editor.

"CORGEIOUS IND." Rev. L. G. Macneill's Lecture Last Evening.

THE HINDOO AND HOW WE CAPTURED HIM. ONE of the largest audiences of the season greeted Rev. Mr. Macneill's appearance on the Mechanics' Institute platform last evening.

Mr. Macneill stated that the object he had in view was to ask the audience to make with him a flying visit to India, glance at the country, observe the origin, manners, customs and religions of its people, listen to the old story of its conquest, and endeavor to estimate in some measure the advantage or disadvantage to its people of their present form of government.

He then took his hearers, as on big's wings, to what has been called "gorgeous Ind, the empress far away in the emurpled east, throned on the best grandeur of history, and canopied by sublime tradition." Between the Indus on the west and the Brahmapoutra on the east, between the Himalayas, on the north and the great ocean on the south, lies an enormous peninsula, 1,800 miles by 1,500 miles.

In our flight from south to north we pass nearly 1,000 miles over the high table lands of the Deccan, including the famous countries of the Carnatic, Golconda and the Mahrattas, with a population of 100 millions.

The lecturer then traced the origin of the Hindoos. After alluding to the aborigines, many of whom still dwell in the mountains, he pointed out the fact that more than 3,000 years ago the nobler, fair skinned Aryans entered India from the Northwest, a race that could boast of ancient literature, their Vedas and Rigvedas, their poets and priests, a race that doubtless belonged to that splendid stock from which Brahmin and Englishmen have alike descended.

The Hindoo's forefathers and talked the same language and worshipped the same gods in some spot in Central Asia. Their Rigveda, a venerable hymnal, almost as old as the Pentateuch, throws much light on a race that has greatly degenerated.

words that have no echo in India and touch no chord in a Hindoo's heart. Hindoo marriage customs were described, to the amusement of the audience, and our wives and mothers were called on to thank God for their liberty and dignity due to their religion. The treatment of the sick, the dying and the

dead was described, and the Hindoo solution of the great servant problem, Brahmanism, the Hindoo religion, and Pantheism, the Hindoo philosophy, were touched upon, after which the lecturer proceeded to the question: HOW DID WE CAPTURE THE HINDOO?

He is ours. It was a great capture. But how was it made? The story, not always creditable, is interesting. Alexander of Macedon tried it and failed. Tamerlane and Babar also tried and failed. Vasco de Gama and the Portuguese made the attempt. The Dutch took a hand in it. The French also laid envious eyes on the Indian empire, but, as history shows, were unable for the task.

England went to India to trade; 288 years ago, 125 English merchants, with a capital of £70,000, obtained from Elizabeth a monopoly of the East India trade, but no land. It was this modest venture that has resulted in the virtual supremacy of England over that vast country from the Himalayas to Cape Comorin.

By the end of the 17th century the company was supreme within its own limits, but without any desire to emancipate or civilize India. Circumstances compelled the servants of the company to become statesmen and soldiers. The French were there by their side. The cunning and far-seeing Duplex formed the daring scheme of founding a French empire, on the ruins of the Mogul empire, then fast falling to pieces.

In one sense India has been conquered; in another, not. Her wrongs, slavery, ignorance, and poverty are unconquered. The people are still unfit for self government, and have not yet been esteemed fit to become sharers in the rights and liberties of other subjects of the Queen.

A brighter day has arrived. Ripon and the illustrious Dufferin are working out a better and brighter policy—the attempt is made to carry into effect wise and beneficent legislation and to govern India for India's good.

English schools and colleges are multiplying. Caste, still the curse of India is giving way, and the day is coming in India, "That man to man" "Shall brothers be for a' that." (Concluded to-morrow.)

More Cheap Books.

A Voyage in the Sunbeam, by Lady Brassey, 15 cents. Theo, A Love Story, by Mrs. P. H. Burnett, 15 cents. Nicholas Nickleby, by Charles Dickens, 15 cents.

J. F. CHISHOLM.

Choice Canada Butter.

316 TUBS AND FIRKINS (selected) apply to JAMES R. KNIGHT, Commission Merchant.

CHEAP BOOKS.

PICKWICK PAPERS by Charles Dickens, 4 cents. Sketches by Boz do do 4 cents. Life of Queen Victoria 8 cents.

J. F. CHISHOLM.

COAL. Sydney COAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED—TO SUIT THE TIMES—begs to intimate to the Public, that he has opened A COAL STORE, in corner George street and Williams Lane, where he is prepared to sell Wholesale and Retail.

A Cargo Afloat of a 130 Tons, Ex schooner "C. Tupper."

P. & L. TESSIER.

Molasses. Molasses.

P. & L. TESSIER.

Barbados Molasses.

CATTLE FEED.

For Sale by P. & L. TESSIER.

Jersey Meal.

ON SALE, At the City Auction Sale Rooms.

FRESH FROZEN HERRING.

JOHN B. CURRAN & Co.

A Bazaar.

OF FANCY AND USEFUL ARTICLES WILL BE held at Spaniards' Bay, in November next. Proceeds for the erection of a Methodist Parsonage.

Preserve Your Sight.

FRANK LAZARUS.

Renowned Spectacles & Eye Glasses.

These Spectacles and Eye Glasses have been used for the past 35 years, and given in every instance unbounded satisfaction.

For sale by R. HEFFER, agent for Nfld., 200 Water Street, St. John's.

SUGAR.

10 brls Crystallized SUGAR, 10 brls Granulated SUGAR.

CLIFT, WOOD & Co.

The Destiny of Newfoundl'd

is to become the Britain of America under the protecting and fostering care of the Great Dominion.

LAND IS THE BASIS OF WEALTH!

A safe and valuable investment. Substantial Christmas and New Year Presents for your wife, your boys and your girls. Don't let this opportunity go by.

POTATOES AND OATS. For Sale by CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,

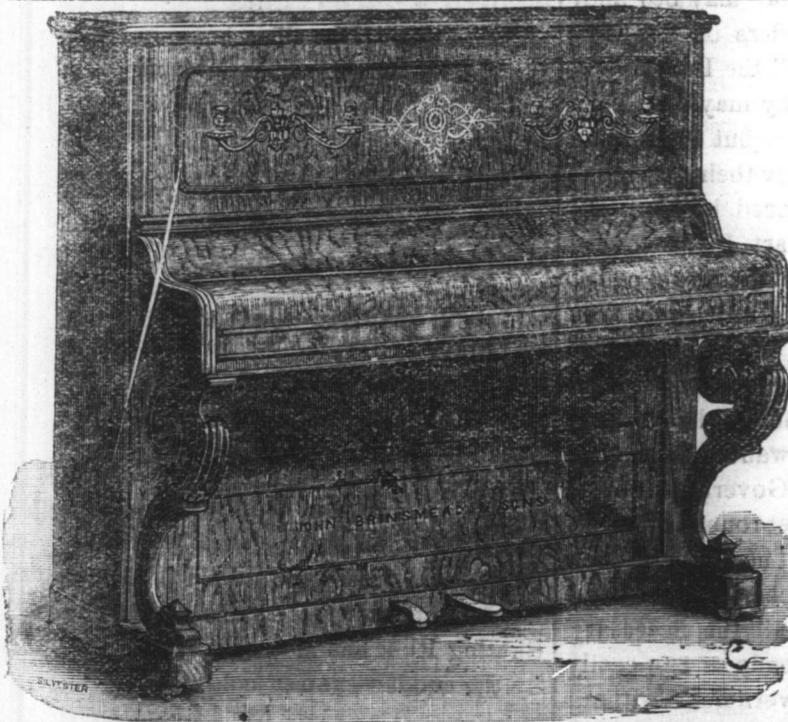
600 barrels Choice Potatoes, 400 bus. Heavy Black Oats,

ON SALE BY P. & L. Tessier OAK PLANK, QUEBEC PINE DECKING

Phoenix Fire Insurance Company. LOMBARD STREET AND CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1782. TRUSTEES AND DIRECTORS: Joseph W. Baxendale, Esq., Bristolow Bovill, Esq., The Honorable James B. Byng, John Clutton, Esq., Octavius Ed. Coope, Esq., M.P.

Pianos! BRINSMEAD! Pianos!



WE are now selling some of the finest specimens of PIANOS ever imported into Newfoundland.

M. F. SMYTH, 172 Water Street, Sole Agent for Newf'd.

The Northern Assurance Company, FOR FIRE AND LIFE.

Capital Three Million Pounds, Sterling £3,000,000. Fire premiums in 1881 amounted to £444,596 13 7

Sun Fire Office, London. [ESTABLISHED 1710.]

Insurances effected upon almost every description of Property at the current rates of premium.

Walton Court;

OR ADELAIDE CAMERON'S "SHADOW LOVE." By the Author of Dora Thorne.

CHAPTER XXXIII. (Continued.) 'But surely,' she thought to herself, 'when I tell him that it was all for his dear sake he will forgive me.'

But the thought of what he might say had made her cautious. She did not go out, except when she was absolutely compelled; and when it was in her power to avoid visitors she did so.

'I have never seen any one of your age dread strangers as you do,' said Miss Cameron to her one day.

'I should make the school feast an annual institution if I were in your place,' and the heiress had laughingly reminded her that the term of her residence at Walton Court must be a very short one.

'It was the first time that Margarita had heard her mention such a contingency, and when they were once more alone together she said to her—

'You do not intend remaining here for years?' 'How can I?' asked the heiress, laughingly. 'It is Lord Rylestone's home, not mine.'

'I should be happier than I could say, if at the end of two years, I might lose my fortune. The day the money ceased to be mine would be the happiest day of my life.'

'You would be happy,' she said slowly, 'if you lost all your money! Then you do not love money?' 'Indeed I do not,' replied Miss Cameron, promptly.

'I was wondering,' she answered, 'if you care so little about it, why have you so much?' Her face grew burning red.

'I could not help it. Do not talk about it, Margarita. I hate to think of it. It is the one business of my life to forget it.'

And then she went away, but the conversation had made a deep impression on Margarita's mind, and increased her perplexity.

Christmas was over, and the first pale snow-drops were peeping above the ground, Miss Cameron accepted an invitation to Combermere, the beautiful residence of Lady Edgerton.

'You ought to see something of the world,' she said. 'If I allowed you to have your own way; Margarita, you would be a perfect recluse.'

Margarita laughed at the comparison. 'You do not know what bright future may be in store for you,' continued Miss Cameron.

She yielded to Miss Cameron's wishes, and went with her to Combermere, and there amongst a large party of guests they met the Marquis of Hedington, who last season had been so attentive to Miss Cameron.

Combermere was filled with guests—Miss Cameron, the great heiress, was one of the most important visitors there; but even she did not receive more attention than fell to the lot of her beautiful companion.

When the Marquis of Hedington found he could not make any impression on Miss Cameron, he tried to win her companion, so that she might speak in his favor.

'If she would but care for me even ever so little—if she would but smile on me, and give me one ray of hope for the future—I should be happier.'

'Still I do not see what I can do to help you,' said Margarita, gently. 'I would not ask you to betray her confidence—it would be unmanly—but I wish you would tell me if you think there is any one else—any one for whom she cares—as I begin to think she will never care for me.'

'No,' replied Margarita, 'I do not really think there is. So far as I have seen, Miss Cameron treats every one alike. I have never seen her give one single smile of preference to any of the gentlemen who admire her.'

'It was wonderful and pitiful to see how his face cleared.' 'If that is really the case,' he said, 'there is so much the greater hope for me.'

'Yes—I would not yield my prerogative, for I love her very dearly. I meant, would you, as it were, prepare the way for me? I remember the old adage, 'It is a great thing to have a friend at court.'

CHAPTER XXXIV. It was a fine, clear spring day. The air seemed full of the promises of life. The green buds were springing on hedge and tree, sweet violets were peeping out from their green leaves, crocuses of the color of flame looked like huge golden drops, the snow-drops, 'nuns of the garden,' gave promise of still fairer flowers.

Choice Vegetables

ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD & Co., 5 brls. Carrots, 5 brls. Beetroot.

2 Pair Curling Stones.

Wax, Mould & Colonial Sperm Candles.

For Sale by Clift, Wood & Co.'s, 50 BOXES MOULD CANDLES, 25 Bxs Colored Wax Candles, 20 Bxs Colonial Sperm Candles.

HEAVY BLACK OATS.

HEAVY--BLACK--OATS. Ex "Michael Joe," from Ch'town, P.E.I.

NEW BOOKS and NEW EDITIONS. An Original Belle, by Rev. E. P. Roe 20cts. A Day of Fate, by Rev. E. P. Roe 20cts.

FOR SALE, By DRYER & GREENE, Fresh Halibut, Codfish, Partridge, ARCTIC HARES.

FOR SALE, One handsome Double Sleigh, suitable for pair of horses; quite new and in good order.

NEWFOUNDLAND Graving Dock

(SIMPSON'S PATENT.) St. John's - - - Newfoundland. J. E. SIMPSON & Co., Lessees.

RATES OF DOCKING: Upon all Vessels owned in Colony, 25 cts. per gross ton Lay Days, Half Rate.

Bond and other Storage

TO BE HAD ON APPLICATION TO JAMES R. KNIGHT, Commission Merchant.

A: Bazaar

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Partnership, under the firm, name and style of JOHN MAJOR & SON, succeeding to the business heretofore carried on in New York City in the name of Major Brothers & Co.

The Evening Telegram

ST. JOHN'S, FEBRUARY 7, 1888.

IT MUST NOT BE.
The Colony Can't Afford It.

I had rather see my courtiers laugh at my avarice, than my people weep at my extravagance.—Louis XII.

OUR esteemed correspondent "Pro Lege et Grege," in Saturday's TELEGRAM, points to the probability that the death of Judge Hoyles will be made the occasion of a change in the Supreme Bench here. In other words, he assumes that the Government will avail of the opportunity Sir Hugh's demise affords to pension off our universally-respected Chief Justice and appoint either Sir William White-way—who they fear as a political opponent—or the present Attorney General Winter to that important position.

Whether the Government really contemplate any such change, we are not just now in a position to determine. No doubt they would not hesitate very long, if they believed such a proceeding would improve their position in any way. But, fortunately, it is difficult at present to see how the feeble tenure of the Thorburn Administration could be strengthened by any promotion to the Bench from the Executive, as now constituted. Perfidious and all as Mr. J. S. Winter is, they cannot possibly do without him at the council board. He displays "a level head sometimes"—although not a very wise or prudent one—and that is more than can be truthfully said of other prominent members of the Government. The fact is, they could not appoint Mr. Winter, nor would they if they could. Why wouldn't they? Well, you see, reader, there was a public meeting held in the Star of the Sea Hall a year or two ago, at which resolutions were passed condemning Mr. W.'s public conduct and pronouncing him as unfit for the office of Attorney General, not to speak of the exalted position of Chief of the Supreme Bench. Some of the Government's indispensable supporters, were present at that meeting and warmly sympathized with the proceedings. How could these consent to Mr. Winter's appointment to the Chief Justiceship or any Justiceship at all? They couldn't do it, and therefore the idea has never been seriously entertained by them.

As regards Sir William White-way, we have only to say that his intention to re-enter the political arena is unaltered and unalterable. The people have asked him to become their standard-bearer once more, and to rescue poor Terra Nova from the ruin into which bold bad men in authority are leading her; and, in compliance with public sentiment, he has pledged himself to do so. Obviously, then, the party at present in power are not going to get rid of Sir William as easily as some of their predecessors managed to silence another popular public man on a previous occasion.

But there's a more important view yet to be taken of this subject. We refer to the matter of economy; and just here the question arises, Can we afford to pension Sir Frederic Carter, supposing, for the sake of argument, that His Excellency felt disposed to retire? No, we cannot. Already the colony is overburdened with taxation; thousands of our people are barely eking out a miserable existence, and as many as can get away are leaving the island by every available opportunity. In a word, our pension list is far too extravagant already. But we happen to know that Sir Frederic does not wish to retire. He is still " hale and hearty," and quite capable of doing all that's required of him. Why, the ablest judges on the Bench in the United Kingdom to-day are much older men than our Chief Justice, and we venture to say that not one of them is anxious to retire. The same may be said with respect to pretty well all the great statesmen of Europe. Here in Newfoundland we are altogether too apt to "pension off" our judges before their judicial faculties are fully developed. This is a grave mistake, and the Commonwealth suffers in consequence.

Furthermore, it is also a mistake on the part of judges themselves to retire earlier in life than is absolutely necessary. It takes a public man much longer to wear out than to rush out, and this fact is now recognized by leading physicians everywhere. Retired judges, as a rule, do not live long to enjoy their pensions. They soon feel their need of mental and physical exercise. Nervous debility and gout then step in and "life's poor play is o'er." On the other hand, it is a noteworthy fact that judges who remain in harness often attain to seventy-five and eighty years of age, while we occasionally hear of one getting "away up in the nineties."

All things considered, then, we may reasonably assume that no change will be made in the personnel of our Bench—for the present, at any rate.

The ocean-boat *Polynesian*, which sails from Halifax next Saturday, will take the passengers hence per Newfoundland to Liverpool.

LAST NIGHT'S CONCERT.

A Well-Filled Hall and a Good Programme.

THE first entertainment of Readings and Music of the Athenæum's course came off last evening and was remarkably successful. Mr. Barrett, the talented organist of St. Andrew's Choir, is to be congratulated that he organized a felicitous programme—which contained a happy admixture of pieces of music, grave and gay, adapted admirably to the tastes of a general audience, whilst his selections of choruses were the finest of any similar number of harmonies heard here. The concert was opened by Mr. John Flannery in a sentimental song—"Ever Dear"—the rendition of which was well up to the standard of his average efforts, but he positively excelled himself in a second contribution in response to an encore—"I Did It"—one of the most humorous and electrical (in its effects) of the many comic songs for which he is famed. Miss Irving followed in a pretty lyric of an amatory kind. Her voice is fresh as the dew of May, and her notes sweet and clearly defined, a voice in which lies the promise of superior accomplishments with maturer years. She was loudly applauded, but did not respond to the encore. Mr. Hepburn's song—"The Storm Fiend is the Lord of Woe"—is first of all a composition of uncommon grandeur, and his really splendid voice, never before heard to finer advantage than in this air, was mellower than usual, and displayed rather the notes of a baritone than of a bass. He certainly earned the flattering encore which greeted him and to which he replied by a repetition of another verse. Then followed a chorus; after which the Rev. Mr. Graham appeared in a reading of Longfellow's famous "King Robert of Sicily." Next came Miss Jardine, ever welcome, who has erected a throne in the hearts of lovers of song and whose presence is certain to make a success of every concert. She sang first the "Pari's Home," a pretty imaginative theme which afforded the fullest scope for her powers of elaborate vocalization, and for her encore a Scottish melody of wooing and winning. Mr. Ledingham was next heard in the spirit-stirring ballad "Where the Highland Tartans Wave," and he sang it finely; his tones have many rich, musical qualities, and our only regret is that they are heard in public so seldom. The chorus of the air was given in grand volume by the united voices of the choir. Mr. Ledingham was handsomely encored, to which he responded in another lyric in which he was equally successful as in the first. The solo by Miss Neyle was one of the sweetest strains of the evening. Her notes are very pure, distinct and mellow in quality, and her voice rich in revelations of high powers of melody which we yet hope to hear fully developed. She was warmly applauded, but did not respond to the evident desire of the audience for her reappearance. The concert was closed in fine style with the chorus "Wake, Gallant Hearts," and by the singing of the National Anthem. A large audience was present.

OUR FRIENDS IN BONAVISTA.

DEAR SIR,—An entertainment, consisting of songs, dialogues, recitations, readings and dances (old English), the latter rather a novel feature on such occasions, was given by Miss Gould, our enterprising teacher, and her pupils, in the hall of the S. U. F. to-night. The audience, considering the roughness of the weather, was rather large; and, without a dissentient voice, expressed complete satisfaction with the performers, who gave evidence of no little talent on their part, and of great care and untiring perseverance on the part of their teacher.

The Chairman (Rev. A. E. C. Bayley, R.D.), at the close of the programme expressed himself astonished, and compared the status of children intellectually, and opportunities for improvement now, with that of the "good old times," when the whole school (of seven) had but one book!!

At the request of some friends, Miss Gould has kindly consented to repeat the entertainment.

Yours, ever truly, VOX.
Bonavista, Jan. 12, 1888.

A COMPLAINT FROM SHOAL HARBOR.

DEAR SIR.—The inhabitants of Lower Shoal Harbor and the adjacent settlements would be thankful if our Postmaster General would open a Way Office at this place. Various other places of minor importance have enjoyed such a favor for a number of years. Are we to be overlooked forever and ever? Thanking you for space I remain, dear sir, yours hopefully, INHABITANT.

LOWER SHOAL HARBOR,
Random Sound, Jan. 26, 1888.

P.S.—Two foxes were captured here yesterday—one trapped, the other shot—Archibald Tilley being the lucky person this time.

THE COLONY'S STAPLE INDUSTRY.

Artificial Assistance to Our Fisheries.

II.—PISCICULTURE IN OTHER LANDS.

I HAVE the fishery reports of Canada and the United States before me, as well as extracts from several pamphlets published by the National Fish Culture Association, England, the Deutsche Fischer Verein, Germany, and the Societe d'Acclimatization, Paris, from which I glean the following important facts: In England and Germany the lake and river area, through the scientific propagation of fishes, has become more valuable than an equal area of land. The success which has attended the few hatcheries of late put up in these two countries has begotten a general desire for an extension of their benefits, and the number of these useful establishments is annually increasing. In the United States thirty-nine of the State Governments have sent in their returns—reports of the establishment of separate fishery departments—and have given the names of ninety-seven fishery commissioners. Let him who has any doubts of the benefits conferred by hatcheries in distributing fry turn up a synopsis of these exhaustive reports, and I feel confident of his speedy conversion. This synopsis will be found in appendix to the late Prof. Baird's report for 1886. A wonderful variety of fishes have been changed about from different parts of that great country, and many have been introduced from foreign lands and have been successfully acclimatized to the sea coasts, lakes and rivers of the States. In many cases species have been improved by changes to different waters. In glancing over the report of the late Professor Baird I notice that eggs and live fish were sent by the Department to England, Holland, France, Germany, Switzerland, Australia, Brazil, Chili, and Mexico, and also that the United States Commissioners received many new species of fish from these countries in return. The discovery of a rational system of oyster culture, including the collection of spat, by a new process proposed by John A. Ryder, might be of considerable importance to our Fishery Commission, now sitting, here. Considerable attention is directed to the propagation of lobsters, which, of all food fishes, migrates the least. Flatfish, for a similar reason, are much propagated. It would be useless to hazard a guess as to the number of millions of eggs hatched out during 1886, as outside of these State-aided institutions many private citizens have devoted time and capital to fish-propagation as a work of philanthropy. It is certain that some hundreds of millions of eggs were hatched out. I understand that Mr. Martin has made arrangements for the introduction of the two following valuable fish from United States waters: (1) *salmo salar* or land-locked salmon, and (2) *salmo purpuratus* or Rocky Mountain trout, which weighs from two to ten pounds, and one of which captured has been known to attain twenty-eight pounds. The successful introduction of both these fishes to our waters will be attended with good results. The fresh water herring is another fish worthy of having experiments made upon it in our waters. For disbelievers in the advantages of fish hatching I will cite the Sacramento River. In 1880 there was no fish in that river. Professor Baird erected a hatchery there in 1882. During the past year the take was 15,000,000 pounds of salmon. The fishermen received but five cents per fish and still made \$5 and \$6 a day. Again, let us glance at the white fish fishery of the Great Lakes. In '71 and '80 investigations of this important industry led to the fears of its speedy exhaustion. Sober statistics and a census of the fishery pointed that way. Artificial assistance was rendered at the rate of 50,000,000 fry a year. In 1884 all fears had passed away. The fish were more numerous and larger catches made than ever. Outside of private enterprise and by the commission alone, in two years, 341,096,000 fry were placed in the waters of the United States. In 1885 there were 173,666,083 eggs hatched out.

THE FISHERY BUREAU.

DEAR SIR,—Mr. Murphy, M.H.A., kindly informs us that he is going to furnish us through your columns with an exhaustive report about the Fishery Bureau, which is quite going to "take the shine out of" the report of the Commission (whatever that may be) and, I suppose, induce all the readers of the EVENING TELEGRAM to "swallow" the Bureau.

I have no doubt Mr. Murphy may be a very clever young man, Mr. Editor, but suppose he will allow other people to enjoy their own opinion on this subject, uninfluenced by his "exhaustive" efforts. For my part I fail to see the slightest necessity for that fal-de-rall called a Fishery Bureau, or anything in it except the expenditure of a few sops for a number of covetous people who never seem to know when they have "enough" of the public money, joined with a few more who want to find some colorable pretext for taking a Government bribe while waiting for the sun to get round to the opposition benches. Good might no doubt be done by establishing a few fish hatcheries at the head of our principal bays, but all the necessary machinery for this exists already or can easily be set in motion by the Government without the intervention of a local fishery bureau. What do they know about fish-culture, except what they get out of books already and equally accessible to all? If any money is spent on fish-culture let it be spent directly, on the practical work, not in feeing idle lawyers and other political "hangers-on" who know as much about "fish-culture" as Mickey Free did about Ballagatish Fair.

Yours truly, PHELM O'TOOLE.
St. John's, Feb. 7, 1888.

"CORGEOUS IND!"

AN eloquent lecture on the above subject was delivered at St. John, N.B., on the 30th ultimo, by Rev. L. G. Macneil, M.A. Our second page to-day contains a lengthy synopsis of this brilliant effort, for which we are indebted to a late number of the St. John Sun. Anything from the lips or the pen of Mr. Macneil is sure to be regarded with much interest by his many warm friends here.

MR. LAWRENCE PARKER has improved his premises to such a degree by adding extensively to the width of its eastern entrance, that, insensibly, the poor baymen walk right into it when journeying up town in search of cheap flour and pork. As a result one shrewd gentleman from Port-de-Grave dubbed the said entrance, the Gulf of St. Lawrence. It's a high compliment to Mr. Parker's commercial status.

fish, \$434,349; smelt, \$432,213; trout, \$421,400; seal-skins, \$419,546; pollock, \$276,657; oysters, \$189,915; eels, \$163,621; alewives hake, sturgeon, halibut and shad, \$800,000. The total value of fishery plant, vessels, boats, nets, twine, etc., in use in the Dominion in 1886 is set down at \$6,814,295, which shows an embarkation of over \$200,000 of new capital during the year outside of necessary repairs to old gear and plant. There are 55,731 men; 1,113 vessels, 44,605 tons, 28,137 boats and 3,288,061 fathoms of nets and seines engaged in their fisheries. It is now not twenty years since Canada was first blessed with a fishery department and in that short space the value of fish products has been tripled. This wonderful development is largely due to the Bureau. Every important river and lake in the Dominion have been stocked with fry; scientific observation has gained much valuable knowledge of the life, habits and resorts of all Canadian food fishes; and modern engineering by means of ladders and fish ways have enabled the salmon and other fishes to climb rivers which, without these appliances, would be inaccessible. The fisheries are there properly protected, for every 20 or 30 miles of coast has a warden to see that all violators of fishery laws are brought under the whip of justice. The total quantity of ova laid down in all the hatcheries for 1886, throughout the Dominion, amounted to 93,224,000. In other words, for every fish taken out of the waters by Canadian and United States fishermen, they—it would be almost safe to assert—returned a young fish to the sea. This is truly rendering nature that artificial assistance of which she is so much in need. Then when we see almost all the civilized nations of the earth availing themselves of the economic advantages of pisciculture, why should Newfoundland, with her numerous shallow rivers and lake facilities, and off whose coasts extend for hundreds of leagues the richest fish pastures of the globe, hesitate any longer to organize a special department having for its object the protection and multiplying of those treasures which are richer and more inexhaustible than the combined wealth of fabled Ophir and Peru? There is no reasonable cause for delay, and let us trust to see, during the next few years, a well-organized fishery bureau working out the prosperity and well-being of our people.

A PRETTY HARD CASE.

Editor Evening Telegram.

DEAR SIR,—There is a case arising out of what may be called in the common idiom of the day, a grog-squall; but ending pretty hard on one of the individuals concerned. It happened this way: Sergeant Bailey, of the police force here, gave liberty to one of his subordinates, named Best, on Christmas Eve, to be off duty for a time; but, I believe, Best stayed over the time allotted. Bailey met him on the way home and in his authoritative and dignified way accused him of being drunk, whereupon Best, having (I dare say) a glass or two in, struck Bailey, and Bailey then struck him with his stick, and after a little rough and tumble Bailey called for help and arrested Best and put him in the lock-up, wrote to the Inspector and between the Government, the Inspector and the Sergeant got poor Best discharged from the force. Now, there seems to be something strange in this affair on Bailey's part. It is this, he knew when he met Best that he Best, was intoxicated and should have passed him and reprimanded him when sober, but people say here that Bailey was glad of the chance, for he wanted to get Best removed in place of Forsey (another of his subordinates) who was to be removed in the Spring. I wonder very much at Bailey. Now if he was a temperate man himself I would not wonder so much, but to the one glass Best drinks Bailey drinks five, and I would venture to bet he had more in at the time of the squabble than Best had, and if he got his due for being drunk and disorderly he would be dismissed long ago. There is one thing certain Best, is a general favorite here but Bailey got very few friends; he pretends to be very sorry now for what has happened, but no one believes him. He had time enough to reflect before he wrote to St. John's and he pretty well knew what would be the result. He got Best discharged and that is all he wanted; it was a shabby affair to discharge a poor fellow at this season of the year, when all navigation is stopped, and he in a strange place far from his friends, his native place being Placentia. If they intended to discharge him they could have done so in time for him to get home by the last mail boat. But, Mr. Editor, this is in keeping with all the other acts of this despicable Government. However, please goodness, we will soon have a change for the better. Hoping you will find room in your valuable journal for these few remarks, I am, yours very truly,
BONAVISTIAN.
Bonavista, Jan. 20th, 1888.

LOCAL VARIETIES.

THE brig *Trusty*, belonging to Messrs. Munn & Co., Harbor Grace, put in here this afternoon on her way to that port.

MR. JAMES HYNES has hung out this morning his new flag as an auctioneer. Its colors are green, white and blue, horizontally to the mast.

THIRTY-SEVEN sacks of letters and newspapers and one case of parcels were despatched by the postal authorities in the S.S. "Newfoundland."

THIRTY-SIX steerage passengers were the entire number who embarked in the S.S. "Newfoundland," a large proportion being girls and young women.

THE state of the country roads is execrable, but the sudden change from yesterday's thaw to the hard frosty conditions that now prevail have improved the levels. The ice in the Skating Rink has also been made "just right" by the sudden snap of cold.

A TELEGRAM to R. Prowse & Sons, from Harbor Grace, states that the banker *Barberene*, enroute to Carboner is ashore at Feather Point, near Harbor Grace Island. The steamer *Lady Glover* came here yesterday for the purpose of towing the schooner home; the two met each other off Cape St. Francis when the schooner announced that she could get along without the steamer's assistance and she proceeded on her way, while the *Lady Glover* came on here. It is supposed that the sudden change of wind at 3 o'clock this morning from S.E. to N.E. jammed the vessel in on the point.

DIED.
On Monday, after a lingering illness, Joshua Easterbrook, aged 35 years. Leaves a wife and five children to mourn his sad loss. Funeral at 2.30 on Wednesday next, from his late residence Prescott Street; friends and acquaintances are invited to attend, without further notice.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.
ENTERED.
6—Viola, Jelliffe, Halifax, 6 days, J Murray—1155 bales hay, 583 bush oats, 209 pkgs tea, jetty-landed deck load hay, Portia, Dawson, Halifax, 3 days. Harvey & Co.—2536 bris flour, 130 bxs soap, 151 bales leather, 769 tubs butter, 62 qtrs beef, 123 bales hay, 20 bris apples, 1610 bris pork, 50 bris beef, 76 puns, 19 tics, 18 bris molasses, 89 bris meats, 12 bxs meats, 30 puns rum, 30 tics lard, 70 doz brooms, 110 tics, 180 bris oil, 300 bags corn, 24 bxs tobacco, 100 bls sugar, general cargo. Camella, Harvey, Bahia, 48 days, P & L Tessier ballast.
CLEARED.
7—Rosina, Stafford, Pernambuco, A Goodridge & Sons—3402 qts fish.
LOADING.
Feb. 3—Little Wonder, Europe, Job, Bros. & Co.
6—May, West Indies, J Murray.
Ceylon, West Indies, J Murray.

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