

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, June 27th, 1900. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

At the National Republican Convention held in Philadelphia last week, President McKinley was unanimously re-nominated as the Presidential candidate in the election to take place in November next. Mr. Theodore Roosevelt, Governor of the State of New York, was nominated as the candidate for vice President. Both nominations were by acclamation and were made amid unbounded enthusiasm.

Mr. McInnis is now ex-Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia. He has been given his quietus by the Federal Government. He acted in the most arbitrary and high handed manner in dismissing the Semlin Government and calling in Joe Martin. On Martin's defeat the Opposition demanded his removal and the Laurier Government felt obliged to act. He was asked to resign, but refused, thereupon he was dismissed. He will now have ample leisure to meditate upon, and perchance to grieve over his rashness. His son was elected to the House of Commons, as a supporter of Laurier in 1896. He is said to have disagreed with his Leader on some matters affecting British Columbia, and it was said the elder McInnis was inclined to call him in as an adviser should Martin have succeeded. At all events he resigned his seat in the House of Commons and was elected as a supporter of Martin, to the Provincial Legislature. It will thus be seen that on the whole, the weather has been a little chilly for the McInnises.

SIR Henri Joly de Lotbiniere, Minister of Inland Revenue in the Laurier Cabinet has been appointed to succeed Mr. McInnis as Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia. Sir Henri is a French Huguenot, born in Paris in 1829. His father by marrying the heiress of the ancient seignory of Lotbiniere acquired seigniorial rights in the Province of Quebec, and young Henri, with his parents removed thither. He was called to the Quebec bar in 1855 and entered political life in 1861. Since then he has been most of the time in either Federal or Provincial politics. It was he who was called upon by Lieutenant Governor Letellier de St. Just of Quebec when he dismissed the Conservative DeBoucherville Cabinet in 1878, and it will be remembered that the result of the elections was close that the Joly Government were obliged to depend on the Speaker to determine every vote. His Government was defeated in 1879 when Mr. Charbonneau took the Premiership. Lieutenant Governor Letellier was dismissed for his arbitrary conduct towards Mr. DeBoucherville, and it is a curious fact that Joly now succeeds the only other Lieutenant Governor of a Canadian Province who has shared the same fate as the one who called him to the Premiership. No doubt his experience will stand him in good stead. Mr. Bernier of St. Hyacinthe has been appointed Minister of Inland Revenue in place of Sir Henri Joly. St. Hyacinthe is a strongly Liberal and Bernier was elected by acclamation in 1896.

The Provincial Government have plucked up sufficient courage to open the West River district and afford the electors there an opportunity to return a representative in place of Mr. Wise. Recent political events in British Columbia may have had a quickening effect on the Government. The writ has been issued; nomination takes place on Wednesday next, July 4th, and the election will be held a week later, July 11th. Dr. Douglas, of Hunter River, has been chosen as the Liberal candidate. The Conservatives lost no time in taking up the gauntlet of battle thrown down by the Government. At a large and enthusiastic convention of delegates from the district, held in Charlottetown yesterday, Mr. Joseph Wise was unanimously chosen as the Opposition candidate. He accepted the trust and amity and enthusiasm of the nomination. He assured those present that he would exert all his energies towards the overthrow of the corrupt Farquharson Government, and with the active co-operation of the electors he felt sure of being returned. This is the answer of the Opposition to the insulting challenge of the nomination. The Grits, at the public meetings, would meet the Conservative candidate ("if any"). The Government have announced a number of public meetings at every one of which the Premier as well as other Liberals, is announced to speak. This means that the fight is to be a hot one, and that the Premier is afraid and that his chosen candidate consent to let his chosen candidate contend even on a public meeting without his (Farquharson's) assistance. A poor cause and a weak candidate surely! The Conservatives will not brook with impunity the arrogance of the Government and their press. They intend to contest every inch of ground, to meet the Government speakers at every meeting and to show up the duplicity and rottenness of the administration and are determined that the people of the second district shall have full knowledge of the political villany of the Farquharson Government. Mr. Wise's old friends are now afforded an opportunity to resent the insults and indignities heaped upon him by the Government and their satellites.

The Patriot, in its issue of the 20th inst., is quite hysterical in its discussion of the issues involved in the bye-election in the 2nd district of Queen's County. This attitude may be assumed, or it may be the effect of perturbation of mind over the weakness of the Government candidate and the hopelessness of the cause he is called upon to espouse. Our contemporary goes on to say that the opening of the district by the Government is a throwing down of the gauntlet and a challenge to the Opposition to "bring on their man."

The Government would be very sorry to open the contest if they were not forced to do so, and they need entertain no fear but their challenge will be accepted by the Opposition. In its endeavor to obscure the real issues before the people, the Patriot makes a feeble attempt to create a little prejudice among the French Acadians, in consequence of the Opposition's attitude towards its dear friend, Pineaau. Our contemporary may save itself any trouble on this score, as there is not a respectable Frenchman in the Province who does not repudiate Pineaau and regard his conduct as disgraceful. The Opposition are asked by our contemporary to send their public men to the West River district to repeat the charges they have already brought against the Government. We have not the slightest doubt but the Patriot's desires in this particular will be fully met. Our contemporary seems to be particularly anxious that the Opposition speakers shall face Premier Farquharson and make their statements where they shall not be "protected by the privileges they enjoy in the Legislature." Are we to understand by this that Premier Farquharson is in the dust anxious that somebody may tramp upon them, so that he may have an opportunity of exhibiting his prize-winning training, a liberty denied him by the "privileges of the Legislature?" If that is what is meant he should proceed to China and join his friends the "Boxers." In any event our contemporary may rest easy, as the Opposition is likely to more than satisfy it on every point it raises.

On Thursday General Buller had advanced as far as Paardekop, where Christian Bolla was reported to have taken up a position to open so him. The Boers however made no fight and fell back, blowing up a few cutwires as they retreated. The Boers were reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony. The Boers are reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony. The Boers are reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony.

On Thursday General Buller had advanced as far as Paardekop, where Christian Bolla was reported to have taken up a position to open so him. The Boers however made no fight and fell back, blowing up a few cutwires as they retreated. The Boers were reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony. The Boers are reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony.

AT OTTAWA.

(Special Correspondence to THE HERALD.)

OTTAWA, June 23

The change of government which has taken place will probably not create a profound sensation. Sir Henry Joly has long been doomed to disappear, and all who know him will be glad his resignation is a permanent one, and may even be regarded as a relief. The dismissal of Lieutenant Governor McInnis of British Columbia was announced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier on Friday. It is the second provincial governor dismissed by a Dominion government in the history of the Dominion, and he is the only case in which the authorities at Ottawa removed a governor of their own appointment.

It is a novel proceeding to send a Quebec man to preside over British Columbia, but it may be that Sir Henri will do better in the present circumstances than any Liberal who could be selected on the spot.

It was Sir Henri Joly's ill fortune that he did not enjoy the favor of the Tarde school of politics. Years ago the English of Lotbiniere gave up his seat in the Quebec Legislature as a protest against the Bolla agitation led by Mr. Mercier and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who at that time acted under Mr. Mercier's direction as he now acts on the suggestion of Mr. Tarte. Sir Henri had a seat in the House of Commons, and did not join Mr. Tarte in declaring that the Bolla agitation was accepted as a precedent. The Minister of Public Works has somewhat ostentatiously been in Quebec since July. At several meetings in Quebec province Mr. Tarte has spoken of himself and the Premier as the sole French Canadian members of the Government. He did the same in the Paris interview. The fact is that Sir Henri is an old school Liberal who is not given to race and religion campaigns, and who does not find it necessary to talk about the inferiority of his own party, or to denounce at every turn the Conservatives of other provinces.

Mr. Tarte is a man of the modern Liberal School of Quebec, and he probably reach the Tarde standard.

EMERGENCY FOOD.

During the past week emergency food has been the chief topic of interest on this Hill. The enquiry is not yet completed but the committee seems to have established certain facts. The charges that the department paid Dr. Devlin \$2 a pound for 2,333 lbs. of alleged emergency food, before the price of flour was raised, is not given. The price is \$2 but the payment was not made until the goods were delivered at Halifax. Another part of the charge was that the food was imported from the United States whereas the genuine article is made in Montreal, and that it was admitted in Montreal. It is found that Dr. Devlin brought the alleged emergency food from the States & he has at last laid the duty on it though against his will. It was established by the Montreal Collector of Customs that the food was taken out of the warehouse by Dr. Devlin on a permit, and that he was to produce later a certificate of free admission from the government. Five months later, when the duty was paid, it had not been made. Mr. Monk made his charge, and the collector was then sitting for the free admission certificate. The government has therefore gained this much sympathy from the action of Mr. Monk.

A SPURIOUS ARTICLE.

The main charge that the Hatch probe tested at Kingston and found good was not the article purchased by the Government, that charge is undoubtedly established. Mr. Hatch, who made the food tested at Kingston, swears that he alone had the formula for making them, and that the goods furnished for South Africa are not the same. His preparation which was tested at Kingston averaged 90 per cent. of protein, whereas the Government's own analysis shows that the goods purchased only contain 16 to 17 per cent. Dr. Borden's statement in the House that the Kingston goods were identical with those purchased may now be read in the light of his own evidence. He swears that he knows nothing at all about it. He had only the assurance of the vendor director in the department that the goods were the same. He had also the contrary assurance in a private letter from Mr. Hatch, the manufacturer of the genuine goods. This letter was received before the goods were paid for, and stated that the goods bought from Dr. Devlin was spurious and useless. The Minister did not give this letter to the Hatch probe, or the latter would probably have made further enquiries.

A CARELESS GOVERNMENT. An Dr. Borden relied wholly upon Dr. Nelson, the medical director, the interest centered in the evidence of that gentleman. Dr. Nelson surprised the committee by stating that he also was ignorant of what was in the tin. He recommended the purchase of the food from Dr. Devlin, on Dr. Devlin's assurance that the Government had analyzed it of its own to make the test. It was until the food had been delivered at Halifax that the Government made an analysis. It was then found that the Devlin goods corresponded to the Devlin sample, and that neither of them had 17 per cent. protein, whereas the genuine Hatch food should have contained 40 to 50 per cent., with an average of 60. Dr. Nelson says that he was surprised to find how little nutriment there was in the food purchased. But he could not then do anything about it because it was as good as the sample. The trouble came when he made the contract on a sample without taking any means to find if the sample was any good.

The government analysis contains this report: "Since the average percentage of protein is about 12, it does not appear that this protein powder is a very concentrated food, as is entitled to be. It is a food of value equivalent to \$2 per pound." "Thomas Macfarlane, Chief Analyst." "THEY PAID EIGHT PRICES." This established the character of the food purchased by the government. The goods contain less nutriment than certain granum biscuits, pea meal, and many other substances of less than one-eighth its value. The Montreal analyst who was examined, swore that he also made a test agreeing substantially with the report of the Montreal analyst. The Montreal analyst classed the food purchased with a number of other vegetable preparations, some a little better some a little worse. It is an average from 20 to 30 cents a pound, or \$700 for the quantity that was sold to the government for \$4,000.

THE WAR!

On Thursday General Buller had advanced as far as Paardekop, where Christian Bolla was reported to have taken up a position to open so him. The Boers however made no fight and fell back, blowing up a few cutwires as they retreated. The Boers were reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony. The Boers are reported to be going on long the line where General Buller is holding back the Boers and the bridge over the Orange River and the Orange River Colony.

Only a Goat

(Special Correspondence to THE HERALD.)

OTTAWA, June 23

Just a common everyday goat, with horns and a set of zuzza whiskers. He was hungry. He couldn't find a thing to eat. He had wandered down one street and up another, and all the streets were empty and clean, for the health department had been around. There wasn't a scrap of meat or any old tin can and the bills were glued so tight to the bill-boards that they couldn't be moved. The more he tried to find a lunch the hungrier he grew. All at once he caught sight of something fluttering in the street. Running to it he swallowed it without hesitation. They found him in the gray morning, dead. On turning him over they found a piece of paper sticking in his throat. They pulled it out and it was a newspaper. He had swallowed it all but an advertisement of a firm with a big name to it claiming to sell Boys Clothing just as good as ours, and for the same price. Even a goat couldn't swallow that. He knew 'twas not so, for he had been eating clothing for years and felt that he was somewhat of a judge himself. He had found there was nothing quite of satisfying as our Boys Suits.

2830

Suits to choose from. We assure you that every ounce of effort expended in our Men's Suits is duplicated in our Boys Suits, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, \$3.00, 4.25, 5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 8.50. The proof of the pudding is the eating, so saith the goat.

PROWSE BROS.

Just a common everyday goat, with horns and a set of zuzza whiskers. He was hungry. He couldn't find a thing to eat. He had wandered down one street and up another, and all the streets were empty and clean, for the health department had been around. There wasn't a scrap of meat or any old tin can and the bills were glued so tight to the bill-boards that they couldn't be moved. The more he tried to find a lunch the hungrier he grew. All at once he caught sight of something fluttering in the street. Running to it he swallowed it without hesitation. They found him in the gray morning, dead. On turning him over they found a piece of paper sticking in his throat. They pulled it out and it was a newspaper. He had swallowed it all but an advertisement of a firm with a big name to it claiming to sell Boys Clothing just as good as ours, and for the same price. Even a goat couldn't swallow that. He knew 'twas not so, for he had been eating clothing for years and felt that he was somewhat of a judge himself. He had found there was nothing quite of satisfying as our Boys Suits.

RIVAL HERB TABLETS

FOR ALL DISORDERS OF THE

BLOOD LIVER KIDNEYS STOMACH. What do you care most for, the quality you get or the price you pay? We have as good clothing as can be made for the price, good dependable clothing, clothing that can be guaranteed, we sell it at as low prices as can be made on good clothing; that ought to get you coming to us. J. B. McDonald & Co.

A Painful Scald.

Mrs. T. Wannamaker, Frankford, Ont., says: "I scalded my hand very badly, then took cold in it. It swelled and was very painful, but half a bottle of Hayward's Yellow Oil cured it completely."

IT PAYS TO BUY AT PERKINS'



"The Ladysmith"

The Ideal Hat for Golf and Outing.

Made of white, soft, fancy Japanese Braid (the same as is used for men's hats), and trimmed with loose folds of silk. The edge of the brim is also bound with silk. The brim is curled, but the flexibility of the braid permits it to be turned down in front, or back, (for extra protection from the sun), or turned down all round, like a helmet shape. It is convertible into other shapes at the will of the wearer, and is the most practical, satisfying Outing Hat shown this season.

These hats are now on display in our Millinery Parlors.

Perkins & Co.

The Millinery Leaders.

Only a Goat

(Special Correspondence to THE HERALD.)

OTTAWA, June 23

Just a common everyday goat, with horns and a set of zuzza whiskers. He was hungry. He couldn't find a thing to eat. He had wandered down one street and up another, and all the streets were empty and clean, for the health department had been around. There wasn't a scrap of meat or any old tin can and the bills were glued so tight to the bill-boards that they couldn't be moved. The more he tried to find a lunch the hungrier he grew. All at once he caught sight of something fluttering in the street. Running to it he swallowed it without hesitation. They found him in the gray morning, dead. On turning him over they found a piece of paper sticking in his throat. They pulled it out and it was a newspaper. He had swallowed it all but an advertisement of a firm with a big name to it claiming to sell Boys Clothing just as good as ours, and for the same price. Even a goat couldn't swallow that. He knew 'twas not so, for he had been eating clothing for years and felt that he was somewhat of a judge himself. He had found there was nothing quite of satisfying as our Boys Suits.

2830

Suits to choose from. We assure you that every ounce of effort expended in our Men's Suits is duplicated in our Boys Suits, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, \$3.00, 4.25, 5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 8.50. The proof of the pudding is the eating, so saith the goat.

PROWSE BROS.

Just a common everyday goat, with horns and a set of zuzza whiskers. He was hungry. He couldn't find a thing to eat. He had wandered down one street and up another, and all the streets were empty and clean, for the health department had been around. There wasn't a scrap of meat or any old tin can and the bills were glued so tight to the bill-boards that they couldn't be moved. The more he tried to find a lunch the hungrier he grew. All at once he caught sight of something fluttering in the street. Running to it he swallowed it without hesitation. They found him in the gray morning, dead. On turning him over they found a piece of paper sticking in his throat. They pulled it out and it was a newspaper. He had swallowed it all but an advertisement of a firm with a big name to it claiming to sell Boys Clothing just as good as ours, and for the same price. Even a goat couldn't swallow that. He knew 'twas not so, for he had been eating clothing for years and felt that he was somewhat of a judge himself. He had found there was nothing quite of satisfying as our Boys Suits.

RIVAL HERB TABLETS

FOR ALL DISORDERS OF THE

BLOOD LIVER KIDNEYS STOMACH. What do you care most for, the quality you get or the price you pay? We have as good clothing as can be made for the price, good dependable clothing, clothing that can be guaranteed, we sell it at as low prices as can be made on good clothing; that ought to get you coming to us. J. B. McDonald & Co.

IN CHINA!

In the House of Commons on Friday William St. John Brodriek, the under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said the Foreign Office had no news from Pekin or Vice Admiral Seymour. He added that news by runner, June 18, from Tien Tsin arriving at Taku June 21, announced that several attacks had been made and repulsed. Continuing Mr. Brodriek said that on June 17th, the Chinese shelled the foreign settlement and the Chinese military college was attacked by a mixed force of 150 Russians, British, Germans and Italians. They destroyed the guns and burned the college, which contained a considerable store of ammunition, and killed its defenders. The Russians, with four heavy field guns did excellent service. The British loss was one man killed and five men wounded, the Germans had one man killed, the Italians had five men wounded, and the Russians had seven men killed and five wounded. During the night of June 17, the Chinese tried to seize the bridge and boats, but were repulsed with loss including, it is reported, a Chinese general.

REINFORCEMENTS DESPATCHED.

Rear Admiral Bruce, at Taku, telegraphed the further information at Tien Tsin June 20, that fighting was progressing, and that reinforcements were required. Mr. Brodriek also said: "We have further heard from Admiral Bruce, dated Taku last night, and Che Foo this morning, as follows:—'I am hoping that Tien Tsin may be relieved to-night. No news from the commander-in-chief. The Terrible landed this morning 382 officers and men of the Fusiliers.'"

In conclusion Mr. Brodriek announced that he believed various other troops would arrive in a day or two, if they had not already landed, and that arrangements had been made by the government to supplement the force already ordered to China.

The United States gunboat Monocacy was two miles up the Pei Ho river when the international fleet began the bombardment of the Taku forts. According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express she was shot through the bow. The correspondent says that Chinese riflemen on both sides of the river, attached her, but unsuccessfully.

Mr. L. N. Ford, the London war expert on Saturday says: There is deep anxiety in official circles over the situation in China, and this feeling is shared by diplomatic circles. Nothing is known respecting the legations and anything may have happened at Pekin. Seymour's force of marines was not supplied for a march of twelve days, and it has been out of communication with Tien Tsin. There will be an intense feeling of relief when authentic information is received from the column. Meanwhile thick fog has settled over China and the most experienced men in public life do not understand what is going on. The best informed frankly admit that they do not know what Lord Salisbury is trying to do or what he has in mind. There is a general feeling in government circles that a large military force is needed for service in China, and the question is under discussion whether 20,000 men cannot be shifted without delay from South Africa.

SITUATION AT TIEN Tsin

which is a city with a population of a million, seems to require the presence of a much larger force than is now available and that is only one of the great centres where foreign interests are menaced. The latest authentic news from Tien Tsin was sent by runner Wednesday, when fighting was still in progress, and the defending foreign settlement and the Chinese naval college, needed reinforcements. Additional relays have been laid and the Tien Tsin naval forces will probably be relieved to day. The foreign war ships seem incapable of meeting adequately the present emergency. An army of 20,000 men is needed. Intelligence of the bombardment of Tien Tsin by the Chinese has been brought by the American cruiser Nashville to Che Foo. The foreign force engaged was estimated at over 1,000, including 800 Americans, heavy reinforcements having arrived from Taku. The Chinese had a superiority of 50,000 men in need of a large number of guns and as there were many hundreds of women and children in Tien Tsin, who had sought refuge from the various districts great anxiety prevailed as to the result. The London Express understands that Reginald Thomas Tower, late Charge D'Affaires at Washington, is to be minister in charge of the British legation at Pekin in succession to Macdonald, recalled owing to ill health.

Tien Tsin was being bombarded on Friday in the fighting the Commander of A. M. S. Barber was killed and Captain Beatty and Lieut. Wright severely wounded. According to some reports the allied forces were defeated with a loss of 300 men. A London despatch of the 25th says:—The Forces are said to have fatally underestimated the numbers, desperation and armament of the Chinese, who for three years have been accumulating rifles at the rate of 20,000 a month. The British Admiralty has ordered five more cruisers to go to China. According to the Times despatch from Simla, the Indian force going to China will be increased to a division.

According to a despatch of yesterday, Tien Tsin was relieved June 23rd and Admiral Seymour's expedition have marched back to within ten miles of that city. A relief force has been sent to his assistance. It is believed that a great number of foreigners were killed before the city was relieved. It is suspected that Russia is playing a double game and that she is trying to raise discussion in the allied ranks so as to enter Pekin alone. She is marshalling 30,000 men for China.

Toothache Cured

Dr. Low's Toothache Gum cures toothache promptly, and does not blister the gums, lips or cheeks. Price 10c.

DIED

At Boston, Mary H. relict of the late Patrick Butler, of Charlottetown. At St. Mary's Road on the 24th ult. Jane, aged 3 years and 4 months, daughter of Patrick McEneaney. At Allison, Brighton District, Boston, Elizabeth Weatherbie, aged 88 years, formerly of Prince Edward Island. At Big Pond, on the 15th inst., after a lingering illness Sarah McPhee, daughter of Neil P. McPhee, in the 24th year of her age. May her soul rest in peace. In Boston, after a brief illness of apoplexy, on the 13th inst., Ronald Charles McDougall, son of Catherine and the late Daniel McDougall, formerly of Bayfield, Kings County, in this Province. May his soul rest in peace.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store

SPECIAL OFFER ON LADIES' SPRING JACKETS



Finely tailored, perfect fitting German made Jackets—all silk lined, and all very latest styles. We have 20 left, and to make a quick sale of the lot WE OFFER THEM AT SACRIFICE PRICES

STANLEY BROS.

The Colors are Fawns and Light Greys.

FOR FIRST CHOICE COME QUICK. \$5.85 JACKETS for \$3.95 \$5.95 JACKETS for \$4.05 \$6.50 JACKETS for \$4.50 \$6.95 JACKETS for \$4.75 \$8.35 JACKETS for \$5.75

New Hats and Caps

NEW CLOTHING

Our new Hats and Caps are in. They are the best value that money can buy. We can sell you a good Soft Hat from 50c. up to \$2.00. Hard Hats from 25c. up to \$2.50. Fashionable Caps from 9c. to 75c.

NEW CLOTHING

We have choice lines in D. B. and S. B. Suits in pure Tweed and Worsted. Every Suit guaranteed to fit in every respect, at any price you want to pay. We can save you money in buying your Hats and Clothing. Try us.

J. B. McDonald & Co.

The Money Saving Store.

The Pic-Nic Season IS AT HAND.

We wish to intimate to Pic-Nic and Tea Party committees, and Parishioners generally, that we are prepared to quote as low prices as any one in the trade on Pic-Nic supplies, including Flour, Raisins, Currants, Spices, Baking Powder, Cream Tartar, Powdered Sugar, Essences, Biscuits, Coffee, Tea, Pickles, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Confectionery, Syrups, etc., etc. Dishes loaned free to purchasers of supplies.

To Householders.

We can also offer good value in all lines of staple Groceries, "SATISFACTION TO OUR CUSTOMERS" is our motto. We aim to supply the best class of Groceries at the lowest possible prices. There is no one article in the Grocery line so hard to please the majority of people with as Tea, so we pay special attention to selecting our TEAS to suit the many different tastes of our customers. We call your special attention to the following grades: PERFECTION BLEND at 25 cents per lb. HAZARD'S BRAHMIN at 25 cents per lb. ORANGE PEKOE at 28 cents per lb. EGGS AND BUTTER—We are preparing for a big Egg season. Highest market prices for Eggs and Butter in exchange for groceries. Cases furnished free to our customers. MAIL ORDERS—Mail orders will receive our prompt attention. Write us for prices or anything you may want. Free delivery of goods to all parts of the city. Telephone connection.

R. F. MADDIGAN & CO.

Lower Queen St. Successors to W. Grant & Co.

"HUNGER IS THE BEST SAUCE." Yet some people are never hungry. What- ever they eat has to be "forced down." There is, of course, something wrong with these people. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a short time they are given an ap- petite and then they enjoy eating and food nourishes them. If you find your ap- petite falling, just try a bottle of Hood's. It is a true stomach tonic and every dose does good.

The best family cathartic is Hood's Pills.

There is a tonic in a new suit. Everyone feels braced up when well dressed. Its better than spring medicine, the best value in suits will be found at J. B. McDonald & Co's.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The militia went into camp yesterday at Brighton.

The price of flour has advanced from 40 to 50c on the barrel in Halifax.

CANADA'S timber display at the Paris Exposition has been awarded the first prize.

A FIRE in Quebec city on Wednesday last destroyed five buildings, and did damage to the extent of \$10,000.

EFFORTS are being made to have the Dunk river salmon hatchery rebuilt and the trout fishing protected.

MANITOBA is said to be suffering from excessive heat and it is feared that the crops may be damaged.

THE body of Wilbert Arsenault who was drowned at Fifteen Point several weeks ago was recovered on Monday.

GENERAL O'Grady Haley who is coming to Canada to command the militia forces will only remain in this country for one year.

A MAN named Frederick George was run over and killed by the maritime express between Bedford and Halifax last Thursday.

Mr. Admiral Dewey has purchased Big Fish Island, Chester, St. Margaret's Bay, the leading summer resort in Nova Scotia. The Admiral and his wife will build a fine summer residence.

THE Canadian Biscuit team, under command of Colonel Delamere, of Toronto, left for England on Saturday. Every member is a crack shot, and the team will likely give a good account of itself.

THE British warships Crescent, Triton, and Quail left Halifax on Monday for Quebec and Montreal. Admiral Bedford has sent word to Lieut. Governor McIntyre that the ships will visit Charlottetown July 12th.

JAMES King, lumber merchant of Quebec, formerly M. P. for Magalloway, Mrs. B. Nolin, her son, and Joseph St. Pierre, Alfred DesChamps and Joseph Fournier were drowned at Lake Metapala, Quebec, by the upsetting of a boat while fishing last Wednesday.

COLONEL A. W. Collard, of the army service corps, deputy assistant adjutant general at Halifax, has received orders from the War Office, London, to proceed immediately to Tien Tsin. He will leave Halifax on July 2nd, and Vancouver a week later.

THE warehouse of Messrs Sinclair & Stewart, Summerside, was struck by lightning on Thursday afternoon last, and the end badly shattered. At Campbellton last 4, the storm was particularly severe and window panes in several houses were broken by hail. At O'Leary the telephone fuses were burned out.

THE landing stage of the Portland Packing Company at St. Peter's Island, collapsed on Saturday and a boy named Wellington Houston, seven years of age had his leg broken above the ankle. He was brought to the city and had the limb set by Dr. Jenkins. Two other persons who were standing on the erection at the time were slightly injured.

THE news was received in Ottawa on Saturday of the death of Col. Tyrwhitt, M. P. for Simcoe. All who have had a seat in any of the last four parliaments, especially on the Conservative side, will lament the loss of one of the most able and most popular representatives who ever sat in the House of Commons.

HIS Excellency, Mgr. Faloutsos, Apostolic Delegate to Canada, will arrive at Charlottetown from Halifax, via Pictou, on Monday evening next. At a meeting of the Cathedral congregation held on Sunday evening last, a committee was appointed to decorate the church and make all necessary arrangements for a worthy and proper reception to the distinguished visitor. It is expected that he will be met at the wharf on arrival of the boat, by the different Catholic societies and other members of the congregation, and thence escorted to the Cathedral, where addresses from the clergy and laity will be presented. After replying to these addresses, Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament will take place, his Excellency officiating. On Tuesday a reception will be held at the Palace and other functions will follow in due order.

A TERRIBLE accident occurred in the Moncton yard of the I. O. B. early on Monday morning. Brakeman John Boyce was about to uncouple a car and stepped between the slowly moving cars and this it is supposed caught in the fish plate and he was unable to extricate himself. He was dragged down and the car passed over the entire length of his leg and body to the shoulder, fearfully mangleing it and almost severing the arm. After one car passed over him he managed to throw himself clear of the rail, but the train was not stopped till it had gone another car length. He lived for almost three hours in frightful agony, retaining consciousness until shortly before his death. He called for his mother, who lives in Salisbury, and a light engine was sent for her, but he was unconscious when she arrived. The unfortunate man was 39 years of age, a powerfully built man and had been in the yard only about six months.

THE through train on the C. P. R. from Edmonton to Aroostook Junction consisting of seven freight cars, two passenger and one baggage car, broke through the second span of the Grand Falls Bridge over the St. John River Thursday morning and the entire train went into the river. Conductor Henderson was hurt internally, a commercial traveller named Smith was seriously injured, General Passenger Agent McKenna had his shoulder broken and was internally injured. J. O'Neil, the engineer of the train, was seriously injured. A number of passengers were slightly hurt. It is believed that Smith and Henderson will die. The bridge is 75 feet above the bed of the river. The engine and freight cars were piled up in the river, with the passenger coaches standing on end upon the wreck. The engineer and fireman went to the bottom of the river with the engine, but in some way managed to extricate themselves and cling to the wreckage until they were picked up before they were swept into the current of the falls, which are half a mile below the bridge.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The United States warships Brooklyn and Oregon have been ordered to China.

Horses and cattle have colic and cramps. Pain-Killer will cure them every time. Half a bottle in hot water repeated a few times. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

A REPORT is going the rounds of the press that Sir Louis Davies is working for an appointment to the bench of the Supreme Court of Canada. It is a sign of disaster when the rats begin to leave the ship.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of the Grand Tea Party to be held at Kinkora on July 10th. A grand day's entertainment is promised. This, together with the worthy cause, the cheap fares and the convenient train arrangements, should be sufficient to ensure a very large attendance.

It is also rumored that eight officers were killed. Provisions at Kumassie are scarce and there are many wounded. The investment is so complete that no one is able to leave. Great privations are endured by the native population. Day by day the position is becoming more precarious, and there are no prospects of relief.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

FILIPINOS TURED OF WAR.
A Manila despatch of the 21st says: Two hundred Filipinos met this morning in Manila to determine honorable and decorous methods for securing peace. The results were submitted this evening to Gen. McArthur, who accepted them. The leaders of the meeting will use their influence to induce Aguinaldo to accept the arrangement. If they are successful, as they hope to be, they believe Aguinaldo will issue orders in conjunction with the American authorities for the cessation of hostilities.

THE ASHANTI WAR.
Sir Frederick Hodgson, Governor of Gold Coast Colony, according to recent reports from Kumassie, was wounded in the shoulder during a recent sortie from the fort. It is also rumored that eight officers were killed. Provisions at Kumassie are scarce and there are many wounded. The investment is so complete that no one is able to leave. Great privations are endured by the native population. Day by day the position is becoming more precarious, and there are no prospects of relief.

BOTH UNANIMOUS.
President McKinley was unanimously renominated for President of the United States by the republican national convention at 1.48 o'clock on Thursday last at Philadelphia, and an hour later governor Theodore Roosevelt, was unanimously selected to stand beside him in the coming battle.

RUSSIAN MINISTER DEAD.
The Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count Murviéff, died suddenly at St. Petersburg on Thursday morning. He had just finished his morning cup of coffee and had ordered his lunch when he fell in an apoplectic fit and expired. Count Murviéff was about 65 years of age. He succeeded Prince Lobanoff Rostovsky, who also died very suddenly at Kiel, on August 30, 1896, while travelling with the Czar. He was the most pacific minister of Foreign Affairs Russia had known during recent years, and exercised a restraining influence over the ambitious generals. He was a strong supporter of the Czar's peace project at the Hague, and his death has come at an inopportune moment for the settlement of the great question connected with the impending dissolution of the Chinese empire. His success or may be more easily imagined from Paris and less easily in dealing with Germany and England. There is a strong suspicion in diplomatic circles in England that the Count was poisoned.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY ACCIDENT.
A passenger train on the Macon branch of the Southern railway ran into a washout one mile north of McDonough, near Atlanta, Ga., Sunday night and was completely wrecked. The wreck caught fire and the entire train with the exception of the occupants of the Pullman car perished. Not a member of the crew escaped. Thirty five people in all were killed.

PIC-NIC

China Point.

ON MONDAY, JULY 9th,

In aid of the funds of their Chapel there, a good water dinner will be prepared, and also tea on the tables at noon. The steamer Jacques Cartier will leave S. N. Co's Wharf, Charlottetown, at 9.30 a. m., to convey excursionists to the grounds, returning in the evening after all the fun is over, calling at Holiday's Wharf going and returning. The band of the League of the Cross will be on the grounds to discourse sweet music, and bag pipes and fiddles and high diddles diddle.

A Saloon well stocked with all the delicacies of the season will be provided for the benefit of the guests, and will be presided over by the Prince of Good Fellows, Mr. John C. Morrisey.

Dancing booths, swings, quoits, and all sports usual on such occasions will be provided, and a fine day's sport may be looked for. All are cordially invited to attend.

Admission to the grounds including tea 25 cents. Dinner 50 cents. By order of Committee.

WALTER MORRISEY, Sec. June 13, 1900—4, w & d x 2 a w t d.

JAMES H. REDDIN, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. CAMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN. Special attention given to Collections. MONEY TO LOAN.

A veritable studio of artistic ideas from the master minds of the tailoring world. See our collection of choice suits at J. B. McDonald & Co's.

ALL ABOARD

For Kinkora

July 10th, 1900.

Elaborate preparations are being made for a Mammoth gathering at Kinkora on the above date. The new Church now closed in is the occasion of the celebration. All who can should come from far and near to see this beautiful structure and render their generous assistance towards its completion. Everything will be arranged for the comfort and entertainment of visitors.

All the amusements usual on such occasions will be provided and novel ones added.

Muttar's Steam Riding Gallery is under contemplation and if arrangements can be made it will be there to cheer the hearts of visitors.

An exhibition of fast Wheel Riding will be given by Brown Bros of Charlottetown. The Maritime champions, and a Trophy will be contested for the morning. Competitor should the champions be opposed. Come on McDuff!

A hot dinner will be put up and dainty Tea Tables provided.

This is the last chance of the century for an excursion to Kinkora. Trains over all lines as follows:

(Standard Time)
Leave Summerside.....9.35 a. m.
" Kensington.....10.00 "
" Freetown.....10.15 "
" Emerald.....10.25 "
Arrive Kinkora.....10.45 "

(Standard Time.)
Leave Charlottetown.....7.45 a. m.
" Royalton Junction.....8.05 "
" North Wiltshire.....8.50 "
" Hunter River.....9.00 "
" Bradabane.....9.27 "
" Emerald.....9.35 "
" Freetown.....9.55 "
Arrive Kinkora.....10.45 "

(Standard Time.)
Leave Cape Traverse.....10.25 a. m.
Arrive Kinkora.....11.00 "

Passengers from stations east of Royalton Junction come by regular morning train, connecting with special train from Charlottetown at Royalton Junction. Tickets east of Royalton Junction good for return on following day.

Passengers from stations west of Summerside come by regular morning train, connecting with special train at Summerside.

Returning special train will leave Kinkora for Charlottetown at 6.30 p. m. (standard time) and for Summerside at 6.50 p. m. (standard time).

SPECIAL RETURN FARES TO KINKORA.

From Freetown to Kinkora inclusive \$1.15
" Alberton to Bloomfield " .95
" Howland to Portage " .85
" Conway to Richmond " .75
" Wellington to Miscouche " .65
" St. Eleonor to New Annan " .45
" Barbara West " Blue " .35
" " " " " .25
" Freetown " " .10
" Emerald " " .10
" Albany " " .10
" Cape Traverse " " .20
" Bradabane " " .20
" Elliot " " .25
" Fredericton & Clyde " " .25
" Hunter River to Loyalist " .45
" Wilton to Charlottetown " .60
" York Mt. Stewart " .75
" Pictou to Perth " .85
" Cardigan to Georgetown " .95
" St. August to St. Peter's " .95
" Fire House to New " .95
" Zealand " .95
" Harmony & Souris " \$1.15

By order of Committee. June 27, 1900.—4.

BIG Clothing Sale!

\$15,000 Worth OF READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING.

Wool, Wool, Wool. SEE OUR \$5.00 All Wool Suits.

JAMES PATON & CO.

Our New HATS AND CAPS.

Shoppers will find it to their advantage to buy at Weeks & Co's Store. We keep the finest range of Dry Goods to be had in any first-class store. Your dollar will go as far if not farther than in any other store in the city. Some of our special lines for the June sale we give below.

- Dress Goods.**
Black Union Cashmeres, 20c, 25c, 28c, 34c, 48c.
Black All Wool Cashmeres, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c, up to \$1.60.
Black all Wool Merinos, 45c, 55c, 65c, 75c, up to \$1.35.
Plain Black Lustres (double width), 27c, 30c, 35c, 55c, 65c, 85c.
Fancy Black Dress Goods, 25c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 45c, 54c, up to \$2.60.
A beautiful stock of Mourning Goods always kept in stock.
Colored Dress Goods all prices and colors. 9c, 12c, 15c, 22c, 25c, better lines 30c, 40c, 45c, and up.
- Ladies' Hosiery.**
Black Cotton, 8c, 8c, 10c, 12c, up to 35c.
See our special Harnsdorff, with natural wool feet, selling fast, 35c.
Black Cashmere, 25c, 25c, 32c, 38c, 40c, up to 75c.
- Summer Muslins and Gingham.**
If you want the prettiest Muslin or Scotch Gingham Dress call in and see our stock. The finest display to be seen anywhere. Bought right and will be sold right.
- Corsets.**
Our stock of Corsets is always complete from 25c a pair to \$1.50. In Competition, P. C. P. D. makes Summer Corsets a full line.
- Ladies' Vests.**
Cotton Vests 5c to 40c, Balbriggan and Merino, up to 75c.
- Blouses.**
One of the prettiest range of Blouses ever shown in the city. Prices the lowest. A few samples. Your choice for 25c.
Nice Plain Gingham, 50c, nice Navy Cotton, 60c, White Muslin, 60c, White Muslin, pleated and Embroidered yoke, \$1.75 to \$2.50, White Lawn, \$1.55, \$1.50, \$2.75, White Pique, \$1.75, \$1.85, striped Cotton, checked, a perfect beauty, 1.20.
Black Muslin, 1/2 yd and a piece, all prices, from 50c. to \$2.40.
Our Blouses all this year's importation, not one of last year's in stock, latest patterns and designs.
- Gents' Furnishings.**
White Laundry Shirts, good Cotton and Linen Bosoms, 50c, 75c, 85c, \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50. Unlaundried, 55c, 65c, 75c, \$1.00.
Ask to see our 75c. Unlaundried Shirt, best value in city.
Colored Shirts, a full range in stock. Lined Collars, four-ply linen in all shapes, 15c each, 2 for 25c. Better grade 18c, each, 2 for 30c.
Linen Cuffs, 18c, 20c, 25c, 30c. See our Globe Cuff, 25c, pair, 2 for 45c.
- Men's Neckties.**
A large stock of newest and latest ties kept in hand, prices from 18c. up to 65c.
All our Gents' Furnishings are bought from the leading manufacturers in Canada and Great Britain.
- Cottons.**
Grey Cottons, White Cottons, Gingham, Ticking, Flannelletts, Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Print Cottons, bought before the heavy advance and sold low.

Weeks & Co R. H. Ramsay & Co.
The People's Store, Wholesale and Retail.

WOOL!

We want all the Wool we can buy. We'll give the highest cash price for it, or we'll give you the most goods for it.

No Firm did or ever will see Dry Goods at as low a price as "My Store."

Clothing

"Not Shoddy."

The Lowest Priced Dry Goods Store in Charlottetown.

Our Clothing Department

Is a busy spot these days. A good wearing suit for men \$3.75. The best suit in the city, assorted colors, for \$4.00. Our Serge Suit in navy and black, worth \$8.00 for \$5.00. We never miss a sale with this suit at \$6.00

OUR

Children's Clothing

Is going out on the run.

Drop in and look at Clothing that is different from what you've seen in other stores.

Thousands of Bargains

All this month in every department in the store.

We're busy, yes we're the busiest store in Charlottetown. No doubt about it. Come see for yourselves.

"MY STORE."

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Sentner McLeod & Co

Successors to Beer Bros.

Picking the Nose

Is a common symptom of worms in children. Mothers who suspect their child is troubled with worms should administer Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup. It is simple, safe and effective. Price 25c.

AT OTTAWA.

(Special Correspondence to THE HERALD.)

OTTAWA, June 16.

The chief topic of discussion this week in the Commons were the election frauds commission and the emergency rations. There is one point of resemblance between the two, for on both questions the Government offers a full enquiry and then narrows down the investigation. Sir Charles Tupper tried to suggest an amendment to induce the Premier to give full effect to the promise that a complete and searching inquiry should be held into the election fraud charges which the Government had removed from the Privileges Committee. The opposition leader pointed out some of the defects and shortcomings of the commission of investigation which it is proposed to substitute for the enquiry now checked off. The Premier said he would consider the suggestions, but refrained with the declaration that they could not be adopted. Every one of the changes proposed by the opposition was in the direction of a more thorough and effective enquiry. They were first suggested by Sir Charles Tupper, and then brought forward by Dr. Borden, of Halifax, in the form of a resolution. Mr. Borden's resolution got forth that the powers and jurisdiction of the commission "are not sufficiently wide and comprehensive to enable the commission to make a thorough, complete and searching investigation and enquiry."

WHAT THE OPPOSITION WANTED.

The resolution asked the following among other amendments:

That the commission should have power to ascertain not only who stole or destroyed or switched ballots, but who aided or abetted or employed the perpetrators of the crime.

That greater facilities should be given for pouring witnesses and for obtaining the truth from them by offering indemnity from prosecution, and by applying other provisions of the Act drawn up for such purposes by Hon. Edward Blake.

That provision should be made to pay the expenses of preliminary enquiry and investigation.

That steps be taken to secure the production of all poll books, ballot papers and other documents connected with the election.

That witnesses should be competent to testify how they voted at any election which is the subject of enquiry before the commission.

That the commission should have power to use as evidence, if they think proper, the testimony taken in the West Huron enquiry before the Privileges Committee.

That the commissions should, in the first instance, proceed with all convenient speed to enquire into the West Huron and Brockville alleged election frauds charged before the House a year ago, and made the subject of a partial investigation in the Privileges Committee.

ALL REFUSED.

All these proposals were refused. The Ministers claimed that the commissions had already power to obtain witnesses and secure the documents and requirements. The use of evidence taken before committees is now positively prohibited. Mr. Blair on behalf of the Government said that much evidence was admitted by the committee which a court would have excluded. He said that the majority allowed it to go in, because they feared that the people would think that its rejection would show a disposition to suppress the facts. By breaking off the committee enquiry, Mr. Blair and his colleagues have escaped the necessity of admitting more of this dangerous testimony, and by excluding what has been given from the commission, much dangerous evidence may be got out of the way. The Ministers also refuse to see the legislation, to provide that the law may tell how they voted. This evidence taken before the committee established the fact that ballots had been stolen. Voters who were robbed of their votes are anxious to prove that the wrong has been done, but the Premier and the Minister of Justice are still more anxious that the secrecy of the ballot shall be maintained in the particular poll where Mr. Pritchard's students operated. All the Premier refuses to order the Huron and Brockville cases to be taken up first, and the order of procedure is left to the judges themselves. The result of it all is that the particular election frauds which alone have been charged in the House, which alone the House began to investigate, and which have already been partially exposed, are to be left undisturbed until the commissioners have travelled all over the country looking for other election charges. The debate on Mr. Borden's motion for a wider enquiry was one of the lively discussions of the session. Mr. Borden, Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Powell, urged a broad and complete and thorough investigation. Mr. Blair and Dr.

Russell spoke in favor of the Government programme. The Government was strongly attacked in the debate, and the fine promises of the Premier were severely criticised with the half hearted fulfilment. On the vote the Government won as usual, except that absence and abstention from voting brought the majority down to 18.

THE SOLDIERS FOOD.

In a previous letter the history of the alleged swindle in the emergency ration for the troops in Africa was outlined. The subject was discussed four times this week, and finally was brought to a head. At the beginning Dr. Borden challenged inquiry and invited charges, especially against himself. This is just what he has got. But he and his colleagues lost their keeness for the enquiry when it came near them. On the first day of the week it was crowded off to Wednesday. On Wednesday Sir Wilfrid demanded notice, though, on a question of privilege he could not claim it. On Thursday he wanted another day. On Friday when the charges were allowed to be moved, the Premier, by the vote of a majority of the House, struck out from the list of charges to be pressed the one which contained the accusation against the Minister.

MR MONK'S STATEMENT.

The member for Jacques Cartier made a neat and precise statement of his charges. He said he was creditably informed and believed he could establish on oath certain facts. These facts are contained in nineteen numbered clauses, which tell the story. They may be thus condensed:

In October, 1898 Col. Neilson, of the Military Medical Staff, wrote to Henri Hatch, of Montreal, manufacturer of "Hatch protose," a well known food used in hospitals, asking him in the name of the Minister for samples of his goods. The samples were sent and in the February following the Minister promised Hatch a trial order for troops in the Yukon, and asked if supplies could be furnished at short notice. Later Dr. Devine was engaged by Hatch to go to Ottawa and seek an opportunity to test the preparation on certain members of the force at Kingston. This test was made on soldiers of 'A' Battery and was a complete success for the food. A few months later when Canada was sending troops to Africa, the Minister had several interviews with Hatch about the emergency food for these soldiers. Then the Minister dropped the subject and when the second contingent went away the Minister bought another food called Vialene, to the extent of 2333 pounds, from another dealer, paying two dollars per pound for it—when it came to the knowledge of Mr. Hatch that this transaction was going on he wrote to the Minister telling him that the food he was buying was not the same thing as that tested at Kingston but an inferior and comparatively useless article. The Minister nevertheless completed the transaction and paid the money. As a matter of fact the charges state that the food bought was inferior stuff, not made in Canada at all but bought in the United States by the contractor, conveyed to this country in saratoga trunks and admitted free of duty. The value is placed at \$500 which leaves a large profit on a sale at \$460. Finally Mr. Monk charges that the Minister has been guilty of gross and culpable negligence in the matter, and asked for a special committee of the House to inquire into the whole matter.

THE CHARGE GERRYMANDED.

The minister was kept at home by illness in his family, and it fell to the Premier to deal with the case. Sir Wilfrid offered the Committee but insisted on striking out the clause which made the charge of negligence against Dr. Borden. The Prime Minister took the remarkable ground that while the other eighteen clauses were mere charges which he was willing to send to the Committee, the last clause was a statement of the Minister's guilt and that the adoption of the resolution would find the minister guilty before trial. Mr. Monk, and other members pointed out that the clause only affirmed the fact that Monk was making the charge and called for no affirmation of the House as to its truth. To make this absolutely clear, Mr. McNeill, with Mr. Monk's consent, offered a second amendment, changing the words so that the adoption of the resolution could not possibly commit the House to an expression of opinion on Dr. Borden's conduct. Still the Premier and his colleagues persisted that the charges of negligence against the Ministers must go out, and finally the majority of the House was called on to strike out that part of the resolutions which authorized the committee to inquire into this charge of negligence. The

Government had a majority of sixteen in voting down Mr. McNeill's amendment, and of seventeen in affirming the amendment of the Premier to garble the charges. The committee will consist of seven members, Dr. Russell, Mr. Britton, Mr. Belcourt and Mr. Costigan, on the Government side, and on the Opposition side Mr. Monk, Mr. Casgrain and Mr. Clarke.

MR. LEMIEUX'S INDISCRETION.

After the emergency food question was settled for the time the House gave some attention to an extraordinary matter. R. Lemieux is M. P. for Gaspe. His father H. A. Lemieux was in 1896 a customs official at Montreal. Dr. Ennis was the conservative candidate against Mr. Lemieux. In February 1898, when the Ministers at the request of Mr. Lemieux, M. P., were tuning out the civil servants at Gaspe, because of alleged tory partisanship, Dr. Ennis brought the conduct of the elder Lemieux to the attention of the Minister of Customs. Mr. Paterson was informed that this Customs officer had left Montreal at the time of the election campaign, journeyed to the Magdalen Island section of Gaspe, and had there campaigned for his son. Not only did he canvass, but on election day he acted as the official agent of the liberal candidate. But the grave part of the offending was that Lemieux did not perform these party services in his own name, but took the false name of Lamirande. Under this name he was sworn in and by this name he signed the return, and it was by this false name that his son the candidate addressed him when they were among strangers. There were the matters which were brought to Mr. Paterson's notice by Dr. Ennis who said he could prove them on an oath. Mr. Paterson had nothing. Mr. Foster brought the matter up in the House and Mr. Paterson promised to look into it. Dr. Ennis appealed to the minister of Justice. Mr. Mills said it was not his department, but he would speak of it to Mr. Paterson. All the speaking was of no avail. Mr. Lemieux, alias Lamirande, had in the meantime been promoted to the position of customs inspector and he is still in undisturbed possession of his rewards. These matters were placed before the House in a brief and calm statement by Mr. Foster, on Friday evening. To the surprise of all who might have hoped that there was nothing in the story, Mr. Paterson did not dispute a word of it.

A FORGIVING SPIRIT.

The minister of Customs said that the reason he did nothing about the charges of partisanship against Lemieux, was that they had not been made until a year and eight months after the offence. He admitted that he might have proceeded against other officials as late as that, but there were not many. Members asked Mr. Paterson in surprise if he saw no difference between an ordinary charge of partisanship and these charges of perjury or personation and fraud. He admitted that the officer had committed some "indiscretions," as he called them, but these proceedings he had referred to Sir Wilfrid Laurier as better qualified to determine whether they were grave offences or not. The Premier concluded that they could be overlooked. This made it necessary for Sir Wilfrid to speak. The Premier also admitted everything, the fraud, the personation, the taking of the oath to an false name and all. But Sir Wilfrid pleaded that Mr. Lemieux had been a faithful officer for many years, and the "indiscretion" was due to his great love for his son. Sir Wilfrid explained that he had bowled of mercy and had forgiven the indiscretion and hoped the House would do so too. The House did so by a party majority of 15. Mr. Gillies had moved the vote of censure, observing that while Mr. Paterson could not find it in his heart to take up the case of Lemieux because it was a year and a half off, he had dismissed in 1897 an officer in Arichat for alleged partisanship six years before. Mr. Foster, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Davin used severe language in showing the Ministers that they were inviting all the members of the public service to a criminal career, when they excused and even rewarded such offences as those of which Customs Inspector Lemieux was admitted to be guilty.

NOTES.

Much interest was felt here in the British Columbia elections, and the Liberal Conservatives are well pleased to find that another Grit provincial Premier has had to give place to a Conservative.

The Premier has introduced a bill increasing the poll tax on Chinese immigrants from \$50 to \$100.

The speeches of Mr. Tarte in Paris have gone so far in their offensiveness to the English people that the London papers are asking Sir Wilfrid to bring the erratic minister home. Sir Wilfrid was constrained to say the other day that he was in communication with Mr. Tarte on the subject, and that the latter complained of false reports. Mr. Tarte seems to be subject to false reports in every country he visits.

Among the visitors in the House of Commons gallery this week was the Princess Arbet of Anhalt, grand daughter of the Queen.

"I Can Eat What I Like."

"Many people suffer terribly with pain in the stomach after every mouthful they eat. Dyspepsia and indigestion keep them in constant misery. After trying the hundred and one new-fangled remedies without much benefit, why not use the old reliable Burdock Blood Bitters and obtain a perfect and permanent cure? Here is a case in point: 'I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia for three or four years, and tried almost every doctor round here and different dyspepsia remedies, but got little relief. I then started using Burdock Blood Bitters, and when I had finished the second bottle I was almost well, but continued taking it until I had completed the third bottle, when I was perfectly well. Before taking B.B.B. I could scarcely eat anything without having a pain in my stomach. Now I eat whatever I like without causing me the least discomfort.'—Mrs. THOMAS CLARK, Brussels, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE WAY OF WOMAN.

Young Lady Passenger (on board liner)—What's the matter, captain? Captain—The fact is, miss, we've broken our rudder. Young Lady—But surely you needn't worry about that, captain? The rudder is under water, you know, and it isn't likely people will notice it.

HIS LITTLE JOKE.

An enterprising Philadelphia restaurant proprietor hung out a large black-board sign one day with the following announcement: "You Can't Beat Our 15 Cent Dinners." This sign proved to be a good drawing card until a young man of a humorous turn of mind came along. The latter, seeing the sign, stopped and, after scrutinizing it closely, smiled one of those smiles which bode no one any good. He waited until none of the employees were watching, and, taking out his handkerchief he erased the letter "b" from the word "beat."

His Own Free Will.

Dear Sirs,—I cannot speak too strongly of the excellence of MINARD'S LINIMENT. It is THE remedy in my household for burn, sprains, etc., and we would not be without it. It is truly a wonderful medicine. JOHN A. McDONALD, Publisher Annapolis Chronicle.

AS A MATTER OF COURSE.

"Now, boys, when I ask you a question you mustn't be afraid to speak right out and answer me," said a Sunday school superintendent. "When you look around and see all those fine houses, farms and cattle do you ever think who owns them all now? Your fathers own them, do they not?" "Yes, sir," shouted a hundred voices. "Well, where will your fathers be thirty years from now?" "Dead!" shouted the boys. "That's right. And who will own all the property?" "Us boys!" shouted the urchins. "Right. Now, tell me—did you ever, in going along the street, notice the drunks lounging around the saloon door waiting for some one to treat them?" "Yes, sir, lots of them." "Well, where will they be thirty years from now?" "Dead!" exclaimed the boys. "And who will be the drunks then?" "Us boys!" shouted the unabashed youngsters.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Mr. John Smith, Lake Stream, N. B., says: "From my own personal experience with them I willingly testify to the good effects of Lax-Liver Pills for Sick Headache and constipation."

DO YOU FEEL TIRED IN THE MORNING?

Does Sleep not bring Refreshment? Do you feel wretched, mean and miserable in the mornings—so tired as when you went to bed? It's a serious condition—too serious to neglect, and unless you have the heart and nervous system strengthened and the blood enriched by

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, collapse is almost certain to ensue. Mr. Fred H. Graham, a well-known young man of Barrie, Ont., says—"I have had a great deal of trouble with my heart for four years. I was easily agitated and my excitement caused my heart to throb violently. I had dizziness and shortness of breath, and often arose in the mornings feeling as tired as when I went to bed. I was terribly nervous. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done wonders for me. They have restored my heart to regular healthy action, giving me back sound restful sleep, and making my nervous system strong and vigorous."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are sold in boxes of 3 for \$1.25 at all druggists or by mail. The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

IS BABY CUTTING TEETH?

Watch him carefully.—On the first indication of Diarrhoea give Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Hot weather comes hard on babies, especially those cutting teeth. The little form soon wastes and fades away when diarrhoea or cholera infantum seizes upon it. As you love your child, mother, and wish to save his life, give him Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

There is no other remedy so safe to give to children and none so effective. Mrs. Chas. Smith, Sisseton Lake, Man., says: "I think Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the best medicine that was ever made for diarrhoea, dysentery and summer complaint. It is the best thing to give children when they are teething. I have always used it in our own family and it has never yet failed."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Patriot and the Khaki Gent

With apologies to Bret Harte. "I was with White—" the soldier said, "Said the patriot, 'Say no more, but here at the Crown we will drain a glass.'" And they passed through the open door. "I was with White—" the soldier said, "Said the patriot, 'Nay, no more; Old Tom, no doubt, is your favorite drink, you shall have long Tom galore.'" Perhaps you have met my soldier boy, A marine—in the mounted corps? I warrant he fought at Ladysmith Right gallant 'gainst the Boer!" "Don't know him, afraid," said the khaki gent, "And, as I remarked before, I was with White—" Nay, say I know." Said the patriot, "Say no more."

Street Incident

"My Dear Sir," exclaimed Lawyer Bartholomew Livingstone, meeting the Rev. Dr. Archibald Windham on the village street, "What does this mean? I thought you were laid up with all sorts of bad diseases?" "And so I was," replied the reverend gentleman, "I had an attack of indigestion, and from that time on my whole system has been in a diseased condition until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has put me on my feet and cured all my stomach troubles."

"I don't doubt it," said the lawyer. "This same medicine cured my wife of rheumatism and my little girl of scrofula. When they say it's the best medicine money can buy, they only tell the truth."

"Yes, yes, so they do," replied the minister, and the two passed on.

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia. Several firms are very busy enameling bicycles the popular khaki color. It is an excellent shade to hide splashes or mud.—London Chronicle.

Dr. J. C. Houston

Physician and Surgeon. SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND. GRADUATE McGILL UNIVERSITY, 1888. OFFICE: Next door to Merchant's Bank.—April 4th, 1900. 3mo.

EPP'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality and highly Nutritive Properties. Especially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold in quarter lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPP & CO., Homeopathic Chemists, London.

EPP'S COCOA

Oct. 5, 1888—301. Farm for Sale! On Bear River Line Road.

That very desirable farm consisting of fifty acres of land fronting on "The Bear River Line Road" and adjoining the property of Patrick Moriarty and formerly owned by John Pidgeon. For further particulars apply to the subscribers, executors of the late William Pidgeon, or to James H. Bordin, Solicitor, Cameron Block, Charlottetown.

JOHN F. JOHNSON, F. F. KELLY, Executors. Jan. 31—14

North British and Mercantile

INSURANCE COMPANY. ASSETS - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world. This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses. P. E. Agency, Charlottetown.

HYNDMAN & Co.

Agents. Queen St., Dec. 31, 1898.

Wool, Wool, Wool, WANTED, 15,000 Pounds Washed Wool.

For which we are prepared to pay the highest in Cash, Oxford Tweeds, Ready-made Clothing, or any goods in our store.

Oxford Manufacturing Co

D. A. BRUCE.

WHOLESALE

100 doz. Galvanized Pails
40 tons Barb Wire
20 tons Black do.
10 tons Paris Green
40 tons Bar Iron
8 tons Sheet Iron
15 tons Paints
500 Boxes Glass
100 doz. Shovels
400 doz. Arcade Files
2000 Kegs Cut Nails
1000 Kegs Wire Nails
250 Boxes Horse Nails
1000 Rolls Building Paper
Shell Hardware and Stoves.

Fennell & Chandler.

Choosing a Bicycle!

In choosing a bicycle you must judge by appearances. You must judge by reputation and reliability. If you stop to think you will acknowledge that for years the wheels of reliability have been the

Massey-Harris,

Cleveland, Welland Vale!

Season after season these bicycles have led in improvements that have won the praise and patronage of the general public, and for 1900 with the five-fold facilities of capital and equipment at the disposal of their makers, places them in a sphere of their own.

Material and Construction Guaranteed by the

Canada Motor & Cycle Co., Ltd.

TORONTO, CANADA

MARK WRIGHT & CO., Agents, Charlottetown.

Write for Catalogue.

Bazaar Bookstore!

Formerly F. J. Hornsby,

MORRIS BLOCK

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Toys, Wall Paper.

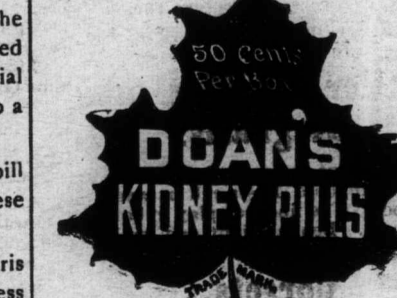
A complete Stock of authorized School Books, Pens, Inks, Paper, Sates, Exercise Books, Scribblers, always on hand.

Lowest prices, prompt attention to customers. Your patronage solicited.

Nursing Mothers

dread hot weather. They know how it weakens and how this affects the baby. All such mothers need Scott's Emulsion. It gives them strength and makes the baby's food richer and more abundant.

See and get All druggists.



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

In these days of imitations it is well for people to be careful what they buy. Especially is this necessary when a matter of health is involved.

There are so many imitations of Doan's Kidney Pills on the market—some of them absolutely worthless—that we ask you to be particularly to see that the full name and the trade mark of the Maple Leaf are on every box you buy. Without this you are not getting the original Kidney Pills, which has cured so many severe cases of kidney complaint in the United States, Australia and England, and as well here in Canada. The Doan Kidney Pills Co., Toronto.



Doan's Kidney Pills

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, collapse is almost certain to ensue. Mr. Fred H. Graham, a well-known young man of Barrie, Ont., says—"I have had a great deal of trouble with my heart for four years. I was easily agitated and my excitement caused my heart to throb violently. I had dizziness and shortness of breath, and often arose in the mornings feeling as tired as when I went to bed. I was terribly nervous. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done wonders for me. They have restored my heart to regular healthy action, giving me back sound restful sleep, and making my nervous system strong and vigorous."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are sold in boxes of 3 for \$1.25 at all druggists or by mail. The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.