

11
Oct. 1917

RIGID EMBARGO BY ALL ALLIES

Sending of Supplies to European Neutrals Absolutely Prohibited.

A despatch from Washington says: Great Britain's embargo on the export of all supplies to the northern European neutral countries, just announced, was declared after every phase of its possible effect was gone over in conferences between American and allied statesmen.

American officials initiated the discussions, and insisted that the British step be taken to make sure that there be no nullification of the purposes the United States Government had in view in putting into operation its own embargo.

The step indicated that the allies have united in a decision that the neutrals must cut off the shipment of all supplies to Germany. American officials and some of the allies here have hesitated as to just how far to go in demanding cessation of trade between the neutrals and Germany. At one time it appeared they would ask no more than that neither allied goods nor materials supplanted by allied commodities be sold in Germany by the neutrals.

BOMBING OF GERMAN TOWNS

French Drop Projectiles on Baden—Italians Attack Austrian Naval Base.

A despatch from London says: While British and French airmen continue their bombing operations against Germany's submarine base at Zeebrugge and points of military importance behind the lines, the French aviators are keeping up their attacks on German towns and cities, in reprisal for shelling by German aircraft of the open town of Bar-le-Duc. More than 15,000 pounds of explosives are reported to have been dropped on numerous German settlements, among them the famous town of Baden, famed as a health resort.

Likewise the Italians are giving the Austrians little respite from aerial incursions, again having dropped four tons of projectiles on military objectives at Pola, the great Austrian naval base on the Adriatic, and bombed other points of military advantage.

THE APPLE INSTINCT.

Each Autumn This Delectable Fruit Has Old-Time Charm.

It is not without reason that the serpent chose an apple for the temptation of Eve, thereby insuring his chances of success. In due course, the race of man falls anew each year when the first shining beauties appear. There is something about an apple that starts a mighty longing in the human breast; perhaps a tangle of the high and far-off times of youth which never quite fade; days when the long grasses, wet with early October dew, reluctantly revealed to the late-rising sun the treasures hid in their tangled depths. Days when you munched apple after apple on your way to school—and how they chilled your front teeth!—always finishing a core in time to hit the tenth fence post beyond.

But you saved the ripest treasure, polished with care and dubious sleeve, for the adornment of Teacher's desk. Was it always a bribe, that best, that choicest offering upon the altar of pedagogy? How you pined for it in secret, longed to bite into its seductive redness; but only while it lingered neglected. When the tutelary deity turned from the blackboard and actually dropped her chalk in her delight, it wasn't a bad world after all, and you wouldn't have the prize back for a king's ransom. How the heart warmed and expanded when you permitted it to be nosed about that the mysterious donor of the Biggest Apple was none other than yourself. Little did the admiring populace realize how your avid little soul reached out through your proud and haughty demeanor to gather up hungrily every atom of glory.

If Teacher knew her pupil—and it is surprising to remember how thoroughly she did understand your shy boy soul—she would detain you on a casual pretext at recess time. She "never could eat all of it herself," but if you would help her out? Of course, if she put it that way, the magnanimous benefactor must comply with the lady's request. Which circumstance may help to explain the daily presence thereafter on her desk of a succession of apples; until the grass dried up and the frosts came, and one's mind turned to other things than women.

The mists of memory dissolve, but the apple comes every year, bringing joy to the hearts of all who love its personality even better than its taste. Whether one knows a Baldwin from a Spitzbergen, a King from a Russet—whether the autumns of boyhood found us answering the bell on the little red schoolhouse or the summons of some metropolitan hall of learning, they bring to all alike the instinctive apple hunger, which we must satisfy, as willing victims of a worthy passion.

The Sunshine Path.
A sunny path winds past my door,
'Tis brightened either side
By flowers of peace and happiness,
And nooks where songsters hide.

I planned the sunshine path myself,
Its borders and its bowers;
I planted little seeds of love,
And God sent me the flowers.



Remarkable Photo Shows Bombing of German Munition Depot

THIS remarkable photo was taken inside the German lines from the aeroplane of the aviator who made a raid on a great Boche ammunition depot. The daring aviator starting out on the apparently reckless adventure of getting by the German lines and successfully bombing the Teuton stores of munitions, flew to a point above the depot and dropped quantities of incendiary bombs while the Germans kept firing a terrific fusillade at him. Despite that danger he kept at his task and earned his reward when he saw the munition store house burst into flames. The smoke from the burning depot can be seen ascending in the photograph. The aviator returned to his own lines safely but his machine was badly damaged.

PROGRESS OF U.S. SHIPBUILDING

Ten Months Gained in Building of Destroyers—Ready Early in 1918.

A despatch from Washington says: Such remarkable progress has been made in the quick building of the immense flotilla of America destroyers to cope with the submarine campaign that the Navy Department now is assured of much quicker delivery of the ships than was contemplated at the last estimate, which in itself was far ahead of the original time. Progress on the ships now building and arrangements for others to follow, it is said at the Navy Department, are such that the American navy will lead the world with its destroyers within eighteen months.

It is now certain that all destroyers now building will be delivered ready for duty in European waters early next year. Many of them had not been expected until the winter of 1918. Approximately, ten months had been saved.

SOLDIERS ALL.

"Fisherman, mend your nets
For the day's trawling!
God and menhaden run
Thick for the hauling!"
"Yes, but beyond the mists
Bugles are calling."

"Writer, the world would count
You with its sages!
Far from the shock of war,
Toil for the ages!"
"No—I must write my life
On Freedom's pages!"

"Surgeon, you cannot go!
Hear the sick pleading!
'Tis not for such as you
Bullets are speeding!"
"Hush—for I see in France
Liberty bleeding!"

"Mother, keep back your lad,
Though his mates scorn him!
Better their jeers than that
Your heart should mourn him!"
"Cease—for his country's cause
My arms have borne him!"

"Pastor, now more and more
Men need your preaching!
How shall they find their souls
If you stop teaching?"
"Yet, on his battle line
God is beseeching!"
—D. M. Henderson.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

Farmers' societies have been formed at Ballycullane, Adamstown and Rathmore, in the county of Wexford. The Cork I.D.A. Executive have under consideration the establishing of an aircraft industry in that district.

At a meeting of the North Dublin Union it was decided that all women workers be given four shillings a week as a war bonus.

Some of the Dublin retail tea establishments had to close their doors on a recent Saturday, owing to the heavy rush of business.

The Islandanny bridge, which spanned the River Peale from there to Duagh, has been swept away by unusually heavy floods.

Lady Barrett, wife of Sir W. F. Barrett, has been made the recipient of the new Order of the Commander of the British Empire.

P. Nolan, secretary of a local entertainment, was fined £12 at the Portlanning Sessions for failure to collect the entertainment tax.

Owing to the great scarcity of milk, the price of butter has increased thirteen shillings per firkin at the Nenagh buttermilk market.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed J. C. Perry, J.P., Dublin, to be an honorary lieutenant of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

The allotment holders at Charleville passed a vote of thanks to Dr. Robert, of Sanders, for securing a field and providing seed potatoes for the poor.

The sum of £37 was raised at Portadown by the sale of flowers in aid of the Cripples' Institute and Homes of Best at Belfast and Bangor.

A very successful fete was held on the grounds of the Howth Lawn Tennis Club in aid of the British Red Cross Society and St. John Ambulance Association.

No Advance Payments.

You'll never make
A single sou
By any deed
You're going to do.
On what you've done
Lies fortune's chance
Life never pays
Us in advance.

Markets of the World

Wheatstuffs

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.23; No. 2, do., \$2.20; No. 3, do., \$2.17, in store Fort William, including 2¢ tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 68¢, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 62¢, nominal; No. 3, do., 61¢, nominal, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—New, No. 2 Winter, \$2.22 basis, in store, Montreal.

Pearl—No. 2, nominal.

Barley—Malt, new, \$1.18 to \$1.20, according to freight outside.

Freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$11.50; 2nd, do., \$11.00; strong bakers', do., \$10.60, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter according to sample, \$9.30, in bags, Montreal, \$9.60, Toronto, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freights, bags included—Bran, per ton, \$35; shorts, do., \$45; middlings, do., \$45 to \$46; good feed flour, per bag, \$3.25.

No. 1, new, per ton, \$12 to \$13; mixed, do., \$9 to \$11, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$7 to \$7.50, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Creamery solids, per lb., 41¢ to 42¢; prints, per lb., 42 to 42½; dairy, per lb., 35 to 36.

Eggs—Per doz., 39¢.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:

Cheese—New, large, 23 to 23½; twins, 23½ to 23¾; triplets, 23½ to 24¢; old, large, 30¢; twins, 30¢; triplets, 30¢.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 40 to 41¢; creamery prints, 44 to 45¢; solids, 43 to 43½.

Eggs—New laid, in cartons, 51 to 53¢; out of cartons, 45¢.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 25 to 30¢; fowl, 20 to 22¢; squabs, per doz., \$4 to \$4.50; turkeys, 28 to 32¢; ducks, Spring, 22¢.

Live poultry—Turkeys, 22¢; Spring chickens, lb., 22¢; hens, 20 to 22¢; ducks, Spring, 20¢.

Honey—Comb—Extra fine, 16 oz., \$3.25; 12 oz., \$2.75; No. 2, \$2.40 to \$2.50; strained, tins, 2½" and 6", 18¢ per lb.; 10", 17 to 17½; 6", 16 to 17¢.

Beans—No Canadian beans on market until last of October; imported, hand-picked, \$7.75 per bush; Lima, per lb., 15 to 16¢.

Potatoes, on track—Ontario, bag, \$1.35 to \$1.45.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 30 to 31¢; do., heavy, 26 to 27¢; cooked, 41 to 42¢; ribs, 27 to 28¢; breakfast bacon, 35 to 40¢; backs, plain, 35 to 40¢; boneless, 43 to 44¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 27½ to 28¢; clear bellies, 26½ to 27¢.

Lard—Pure lard, tierces, 26½ to 27¢; tubs, 26½ to 27¢; palis, 27 to 27½; compound, tierces, 21½ to 22¢; tubs, 21½ to 22¢; palis, 22 to 22½.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Oct. 9.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 77¢; No. 3, 76¢; extra No. 1, feed, 76¢; No. 2 local white, 72¢; No. 3 local white, 71¢.

Barley—Manitoba, No. 2, \$1.21; malt, \$1.31 to \$1.32.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$11.60; seconds, \$11.10; strong bakers', \$10.90; Winter patents, choice, \$12.00; straight rollers, \$11.50 to \$11.80; do., bags, \$5.50 to \$5.75.

Rolled oats, No. 1, \$4.00; No. 2, \$3.75; No. 3, \$3.50.

Shorts, \$4.00.

Middlings, \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Moullie, \$5.00 to \$6.00.

Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$60.00.

Cheese—Finest Westerns, 21¢; finest Easterns, 21¢.

Butter—Choice creamery, 41 to 42¢; selected, 47 to 48¢; No. 1 stock, 43 to 44¢; No. 2 stock, 40 to 41¢.

Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.40.

Winnipeg Grain

Winnipeg, Oct. 9.—Cash prices:—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.21; No. 2, \$2.18; No. 3, do., \$2.15; No. 4, \$1.94; No. 5, \$1.86; feed, \$1.73.

Oats—No. 2 C.W., 68¢; No. 3, do., 65¢; extra No. 1 feed, 61¢; No. 1 feed, 64¢; No. 2, do., 62¢.

Barley—No. 3 C.W., \$1.22; No. 4, do., \$1.15; rejected and feed, \$1.11.

Flour—No. 1 N.W.C., \$3.19; No. 2 C.W., \$3.04; No. 3, do., \$2.93.

United States Markets

Minneapolis, Oct. 9.—Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.10 to \$1.12; No. 2, \$1.12 to \$1.14; No. 1, \$1.14 to \$1.16.

Oats—No. 3 white, \$0.50 to \$0.52; No. 2, \$0.52 to \$0.54; No. 1, \$0.54 to \$0.56.

Flour—Fancy patents, \$11.50; No. 1, \$11.00; No. 2, \$10.50; No. 3, \$10.00.

Duluth, Oct. 9.—Linsseed—\$3.21; October, \$3.21 asked; November, \$3.21 asked; December, \$3.16 bid.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$11.75 to \$12.50; do., good heavy, \$11 to \$11.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$10.10 to \$10.50; do., good, \$9.50 to \$10.00; medium, \$8.50 to \$8.75; do., common, \$6.75 to \$7.40; butchers' bulls, \$7.40 to \$7.85; do., medium bulls, \$6.85 to \$7.10; do., rough bulls, \$5 to \$6; butchers' cows, choice, \$8.25 to \$8.75; do., good, \$7.50 to \$7.75; do., medium, \$6.50 to \$6.75; stockers, \$7.50 to \$8.75; feeders, \$8.50 to \$9.25; canners and cut, \$5 to \$5.50; milkers, good to choice, \$9 to \$12.50; do., com. and med., \$7 to \$8.50; Springers, \$9 to \$12.50; light eyes, \$5.50 to \$5.90; sheep, heavy, \$6.25 to \$6.75; do., weighed off cars, \$19; do., f.o.b., \$17.75.

Choice steers, \$10.25 to \$10.50; good, \$9.75 to \$10; lower grades, \$8 to \$9; butchers' cows, \$6.50 to \$8.25; bulls, \$7 to \$8.50; canners, \$5 to \$6.25; Ontario lambs, \$14.50 to \$14.75; Quebec lambs, \$13.50 to \$14; sheep, \$8 to \$9.50; milked calves, \$10 to \$14; selected hogs, \$18.25 to \$18.75.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Lodgers in England who buy their own food, will be allowed to get their own sugar cards.

The Parkinson Stove Co., of Birmingham, were fined £112 for improperly using copper in the manufacture of water heaters.

Lord Roundway has become president of the Association of Wilshiremen in London, in succession to the late Sir R. Burbidge.

The Board of Agriculture says that children under twelve years of age should not be released from school attendance.

M. C. Luschem, F.S.I., of Farnham Common, has been appointed honorary secretary of the Royal English Arboricultural Society.

Capt. F. Hurley, who was photographer to Sir E. Shackleton's Antarctic Expedition, has been appointed photographer to the Australia force.

The British Government have had 437 aeroplanes and seaplanes given as gifts from different parts of the Empire since the beginning of the war.

The Royal Humane Society's certificate has been awarded to Marie Sharrat of Windsor, for jumping into the Thames and rescuing a child.

Col. H. B. O. Savile, one of the oldest officers in the Royal Artillery, was buried with military honors at Bristol.

Owing to the shortage of paper the new London telephone directory will not be published before January next. A memorial to the Southend air raid victims is being erected in the grounds of Pritwell Priory.

Of eight new magistrates appointed for Dudley, Worcestershire, three of them represent labor.

An Army Council order has directed the release of a certain quantity of sole leather for civilian use.

At an education conference at Bedford, Lady Betty Balfour stated that it took her children nine years to learn to write and nine more to learn to spell.

W. Courtald, of Essex, has given £2,000 to the Braintree School, as scholarships, on condition that no son of a German parent shall ever benefit by them.

For rescuing two of the crew of a British shipwrecked vessel, Hans Jergenson, a Swedish captain, was presented with a piece of plate by the British Board of Trade.

RUSSIAN FUEL GROWING SCARCE

All Street Car Traffic Has Been Cut One Hour a Day.

A despatch from Washington says: Strenuous efforts are being made in Russia to conserve all fuel resources. Petrograd, according to a despatch from W. C. Huntington, United States Commercial Attaché at the Russian Capital, is being brought under strict fuel regulation. All street car traffic has been cut one hour a day. A further regulation compels the railroad companies to observe a rate of speed that saves coal. The decreased speed rule is credited with surprising results. It is reported that it saves eighteen per cent. of fuel, that thirty per cent. fewer cars are laid up, and a decrease in daily expenditures of 3,000 roubles is secured.

Testing Sense of Touch.

There are feelings and feelings. Some folks have very sensitive feelings; others are morally tougher. But if the question is physical merely, how delicate is your "feel-sense"—in other words, your sense of touch?

A simple contrivance used by the psycho-physicist to determine this point is a little stick with a thread—a fishpole and line in miniature. On the end of the thread (in lieu of a hook) is a bit of cork.

The fishpole is held in such a way as to allow the bit of cork to come gently into contact with your skin. If you don't feel it, trial is made with a bigger piece of cork. It is really the weight of the cork that tells the story, and the smallest piece you are able to feel registers the degree of delicacy of your touch-sense.

GERMAN ASSAULT REPULSED BY HAIG

Enemy Attack in Polygon Wood Region Proves Futile.

A despatch from London says:—An attack by the Germans Wednesday morning between Tower Hamlets and Polygon Wood, following a vigorous artillery fire, was repulsed either by barrage or by British infantry, according to the report from Field Marshal Haig. All the British positions remained intact. The text of the statement reads:

"Shortly before dawn the enemy heavily bombarded our positions between Tower Hamlets and Polygon Wood; afterwards his infantry attempted to advance. Our artillery opened vigorously, and on the greater part of the front the assault broke down before reaching our lines.

"In the area immediately north of the Menin Road, where a few of the enemy succeeded in passing through the barrage, they were completely repulsed by our infantry. Our positions are intact.

"There has been great artillery activity on both sides during the day east of Ypres."

GERMANS HAVE NEW TANK ARMED WITH 3-INCH CANNON.

A despatch from the French Front in France says: The Germans are experimenting with a tank armed with a three-inch cannon and machine guns. The forward end of the tank is fitted with a spur-like ram, while the upper part bears a superimposed cupola, and the armored plates descend sufficiently to protect the caterpillar wheels, which thus are almost invisible.

EX-RING OF GREECE GIVES TO JEWISH FUND.

A despatch from Zurich, Switzerland, says: Former King Constantine of Greece issued from his retirement to announce a gift of 1,000 francs to the Jewish refugees from the Salonika fire.

NEW GOVERNOR NAMED FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

A despatch from St. John's Nfld., says: The appointment of Sir Charles Harris to be Governor of Newfoundland is officially announced. He will succeed Sir Walter Davidson.

HOUSES IN TOKIO WRECKED BY TYPHOON.

A despatch from London says: A Shanghai despatch says that as a result of a typhoon which swept over Tokio on Monday, 100,000 are homeless, and that 138 are dead and 217 missing.

The Doings of the Duff's.



Never Disappoints You

You'll never be disappointed or have to worry about your cooking or baking if you use a "Pandora." In this range nothing has been omitted that could make it more efficient, economical or durable. Write for free booklet.

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For sale by **Liesemer & Kalb fleisch**

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN
Walkerton

Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.

Choice young stock of both sexes on hand on hand.

H. H. Pletsch

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

R. H. FORTUNE.

AYTON ONTARIO

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Wellington, Grey and Bruce. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements can be made at this office.

DR. L. DOERING

DENTIST MILDMAI.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
His office is next to C. Schurmer's, 111 Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayton every first and third Saturday, Cliford every second and fourth Saturday, and Neustad every second and fourth Tuesday, of each month.

Voluntary enlistment has taken thousands of men from office work. Conscription will take more. Office help is scarce now—will be scarcer very soon. Young women must fill the vacant places and they need training.

NORTHERN Business College

OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

remains open all summer to help to meet the demand for trained office help. Students will take office help. Students will take office help at any time. No increase in fees. Circulars free on application.

C. A. FLEMING, F. A. A.
PRINCIPAL O. D. FLEMING,
SECRETARY
For 35 yrs

Increase Your Earning Power!
Your Services will be in demand if you are trained here.

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was recently asked to fill positions at from \$50 to \$100 per month and others at from \$1500 to \$2000 per annum. It pays to get a Business Education if you get THE RIGHT KIND such as may be had AT ALL TIMES in this school. Right now is an excellent time to commence a course. Our Catalogue is free. Get one.

W. J. Elliott, Principal.

J. A. WILSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Medical College, Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Elora Street North, MILDMAI.

Shorthorn Cattle & Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorns:—
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.
In Oxfords:—
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

JAS. G. THOMSON

Prize List, Continued.

Woolens

10 yds Carpet—Jno Diebel; Coverlet—Geo Reinhardt, A Weber; Knitted Coverlet—Geo Reinhardt, Ig Grub; Woollen mitts—Mrs. Hyman; Ladies woollen mitts—Geo. Reinhardt, Mrs. Maurer; Woollen socks—Mrs. Hyman, Ig Grub; Woollen stockings—Geo Reinhardt, Ig Grub.

Ladies' Work.

Crazy Quilt—Julia Ball, Mrs. H Maurer; Quilt not crazy—Mrs H. aer, W G Helwig; Patched quilt, cotton—George Reinhardt, Alb Knechtel; Woollen—Julia Ball, Mrs H Maurer; Knitted quilt—Geo Reinhardt; Crochet quilt—M G Dippel, L Pletsch; Fancy bed spread—Geo Reinhardt, Mrs H Maurer; Hooped mat—Geo Reinhardt, Mrs H Maurer; Rambler Rose Emb.—Alb Knechtel, Mrs E E Reed; Emb in silk—Mrs H Hyman, Stella Duffy; White cotton—Mrs H Hyman, Mrs. D Weber; Hardanger—Mrs H Hyman, Julia Ball; Wallachian—Mrs H Hyman, M G Dippel; Shadow—Mrs H Hyman, W G Helwig; Eyelet—Mrs E E Reed, Julia Ball; Heather bloom—Mrs H Hyman, Mrs H Maurer; Mill-fleur—Mrs H Hyman, Mrs H Maurer; Snirt waist—Mrs H Hyman, Julia Ball; Centre piece silk—Mrs H Hymen, Alb Knechtel; Centre piece white—Julia Ball, W G Helwig; 5 o'clock tea cloth—Mrs E E Reed, Mrs H Hyman, 5 o'clock tea cloth any kind—Geo Reinhardt, Mrs H Hyman; Emb towels—Julia Ball, Mrs H Hyman; Towels any kind emb—Mrs H Hyman, W H Huck; Pillow covers in white—Julia Ball, Mrs Hyman; Emb table cloth and napkins—Mrs Hyman, Julia Ball; Carving or tray cloth—W G Dippel, Mrs Hyman; Sofa pillow—Jno Diebel, Mrs Hyman; Day slips—W H Huck, Mrs E E Reed; Battenburg cente piece—Julia Ball, Mrs Hyman; Sofa pillow point—Mrs Hyman; Tea cozy emb in white—Mrs Hyman, Geo Reinhardt; Tea cozy lace—Julia Ball, W H Huck; Tea cozy wool—Julia Ball, Mrs. E E Reed; Fancy apron—Mrs Hyman, Julia Ball; Apron lace trimmings—Geo Reinhardt, L Pletsch; Bedroom slippers—Mrs E E Reed, Julia Ball; Knitting in wool—Mrs Hyman, Mrs Maurer; In cotton—Geo Reinhardt, J L Tolton; Crochet in wool—Mrs Maurer, Mrs Hyman; Crochet in cotton—Jno Diebel, Julia Ball; Set table mats crochet—Julia Ball, Mrs Maurer; Punch work—Mrs Hyman, Mrs E E Reed; Tatting—Geo Reinhardt, Julia Ball; Slumber robe in silk—W H Huck, Julia Ball; Burnt velvet or leather—Mrs. Maurer; Wood carving—W G Dippel, Mrs Maurer; Pierced Brass—Mrs Hyman, Mrs E E Reed; Fancy work bag—Mrs Hyman, Julia Ball; Drawn work—Mrs Hyman, W H Huck; Pin cushion—Julia Ball, Mrs Hyman; Towel rack emb—Mrs Maurer; Cravat holder—Mrs Maurer, Mrs Hyman; Photo frame—Mrs Hyman, Mrs E E Reed; Fancy handkerchief—Mrs Hyman Julia Ball; Handkerchief emb in white—Mrs Hyman, Julia Ball; Collection of novelties—Mrs E E Reed, Alb Knechtel; Painting on velvet—J Bilger, Mrs Maurer; Painting on silk or satin—Alb Knechtel, W H Huck; On china—Mrs Hyman, Mrs Maurer; On glass—Mrs Maurer, J Bilger; Collection by girl under 16—Mrs Hyman; Canaries—Stella Duffy, Jno Diebel; Patch on old garments—Julia



TAILORING TALKS

Whether you order your new clothes here, or not, you should acquaint yourself with the styles and materials offered for this season in



There is a refreshing newness and individuality apparent in every model and every fabric, that it is impossible to find anywhere else.

We suggest an early visit.

The Wisdom of Buying Early

If you could but see the market conditions, the shortage of many lines, the heavy advances on others, you would see the wisdom of early purchasing.

Ladies, Misses Coats

Our sales of fall coats have been most gratifying to us and satisfying to our many customers. Why? Because the values have been so exceptional and the styles and qualities so attractive.

We are arranging a special showing of Ladies Coats for Friday and Saturday of this week. Don't procrastinate many of these lines cannot be duplicated.

Raincoats! Raincoats

Don't endanger your health by going about these wet, chilly fall days without a good Raincoat.

Ladies mercerized Poplin Coats. Good values at \$10.00 for 6.50.
Ladies heavy Tweed Coats, very dressy and cannot be duplicated at 9.00 and 10.00
Men's heavy motor Coats. Extra heavy for rough wear from 6.00 to 10.00
Mens dressy tweed Coats at 9.00 to 13.00

Mens Gloves and Mitts

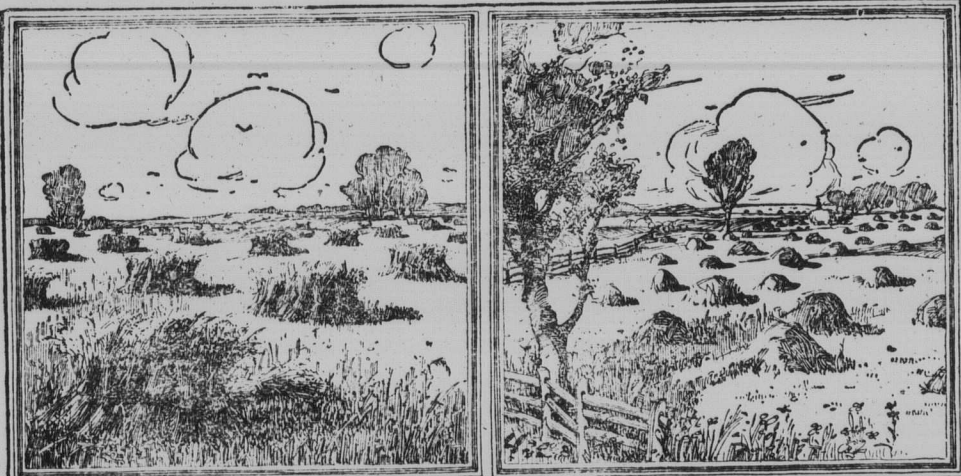
Owing to the high price of yarns and woollen mitts we have put in an extra supply of good leather Mitts and Gloves. Just the thing for the cold raw winds of fall and the frosts of winter.

Get your supply now. The prices cannot be duplicated. From 50c to 1.35 per pair.

Highest Prices paid for Produce

The Store for Honest Values.

KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL



The Ford Saves the Hay and Oats the Horses Eat

FIVE acres of land are required to maintain one horse for a year, according to the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The same five acres would produce nearly enough food for two people. If 40,000 farmers each replaced one horse with a Ford, 200,000 acres would be added to the Nation's source of food supply and enough extra food made available to feed 400,000 people—sufficient to feed Canada's entire army at the front.

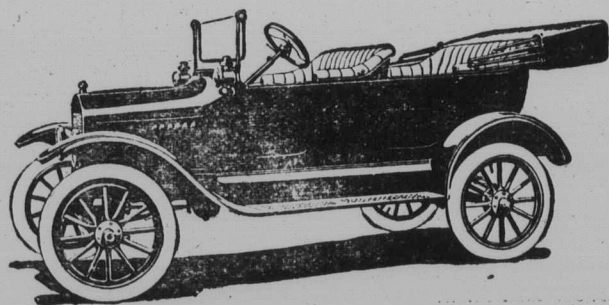
Just think what a great service this means to the country at the present time and the benefit to the farmers from the sale of the food produced on this acreage.

A Ford car also saves the farmer a week or more of valuable time each year, which can be used for further productive work. The Ford travels three times as fast as a horse and rig—costs less to run and keep, and is far easier to take care of. With labor so scarce and high priced, time means money, so do not delay in getting your Ford.

Ford

Runabout - \$475
Touring - \$495
Coupelet - \$695
Sedan - \$890

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.



Liesemer & Kalb fleisch Dealers - Mildmay

Provincial revenue from motor licenses this year is expected to exceed \$900,000. Returns to date show that 75,000 licenses have been issued compared with 50,000 last year. The increase in licenses has brought with it a gain in revenue of approximately \$250,000.

The Midland Argus tells of a farmer who lately brought fourteen bags of potatoes to Midland and offered to sell them at \$1.25 a bag, but he could not get a bid at any price. He had taken the same potatoes to town in the spring and was offered \$5 a bag for them but refused to take less than \$6.

A New York woman who gets an allowance from her late husband's estate has appealed to court that she can't live on \$25,000 a year. We imagine that there would be a fairly good number of offers from editorial sanctuaries to cover and show this poor soul how to put up quite a struggle for an existence at that figure.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held pursuant to the Ontario Vct-er's List Act by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Bruce at the Township Clerk's Office Mildmay on Thursday, the 25th day of October, 1917, at 4 o'clock p. m. to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' of the Municipality of Carrick Township for 1917. J. A. JOHNSTON, Clerk of Carrick Township.



"Let Me Help You Carry the Burden, Mother"

"If Canada fails us in October, we must curtail many of our activities."

Sir ARTHUR STANLEY, Chairman, Executive Committee, British Red Cross.

It now costs \$300,000.00 a week to carry on the work of the British Red Cross, or \$16,000,000.00 a year.

Every minute of the day and night it costs \$30 to minister to the sick and wounded and dying.

Last year Ontario's magnificent contribution paid for the entire work of the British Red Cross for nearly six weeks.

This year, in view of the greater need, it is earnestly and confidently hoped that Ontario's contributions will be as great proportionately as the magnificent offering of last year.

Our trust is, that the Citizens of Ontario will give generously to this noble cause on—

"OUR DAY", OCTOBER 18th

A Few Facts about British Red Cross Work.

The British Red Cross Society is the only institution which carries voluntary aid to the Sick and Wounded of the British forces on land and sea in every region of the War.

Its work is therefore the concern of all classes of British subjects, whether living in the British Isles, in the Dominions and Colonies beyond the seas, or in foreign countries.

IN GREAT BRITAIN

57,000 Hospital Beds found in the United Kingdom.

30,000 of these provided with Nursing Staff.

2,000 Trained Nurses working at home and abroad.

7,500 V. A. D.'s helping in Army Hospitals.

\$220,000 spent on equipment of King George Hospital (1,850 beds) and \$130,000 a year contributed to cost of its maintenance.

\$225,000 spent on building and equipping Netley Red Cross Hospital (1,000 beds); and

\$625,000 spent on maintenance.

\$175,000 for Orthopaedic Curative Workshops and Training Fund.

\$185,000 for Facial Injury Hospitals.

Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

The Warton Echo says that there is lots of wood cut there for selling next winter, but so far the owners will not put a price on it, consequently the town council decided at its last meeting to get into the fuel game. A firm in Toronto offers coal in any quantity and of any quality, so the council will order ten cars. It is proposed also to buy some bush lots and get right down to business and the prospects are that wood will be put on the market at less than \$3.00 per cord. A few winters ago the town purchased a bush lot, put men in it, and were able to deliver wood considerably under market price. Last spring the town went into the potato game, brought in a carload, sold them away below the prevailing price, and even then cleaned up \$50.

Brief but to the point is the advice given on a food conservation poster, which says: Food—buy it with thought; cook it with care; serve just enough; save what will keep; eat what would spoil; home grown is best. If these short instructions are carried out a great deal of waste will be saved in many households.

Dominion Finances.

The financial statement of the Dominion for the first half of the fiscal year which ended on September 30, is regarded by the Minister of Finance as most satisfactory. Receipts from all sources, show an increase of \$24,000,000 over the corresponding period of last year. Payments on capital and ordinary account, including the increased interests and pensions charges, are \$1,800,000 less than for the first six months of 1916. The net result, apart from war expenditures, shows an improvement in the financial position of \$25,000,000 as against the first half of the year 1916-17. During the six months in question the surplus of revenue over capital and ordinary expenditure amounted to \$65,000,000, which was applied in payment of the principle of our war expenditure in Canada.

Any coward can get married, but it takes a hero to stay married.

Nasty Accident at Hanover

A nasty accident occurred at the Grand Trunk yards here last Saturday about noon, when Wesley Johnston, brakeman of Palmerston, had five ribs broken and was otherwise injured in being jammed between two cars. The train crew were shunting a car onto the siding of the Spiesz Furniture Co, when the accident happened. There is quite a grade at this point and Johnston, who was bending over working at the coupling, had his back to the car which had been shunted up the grade and he did not notice it come back. He was caught in the chest, sustaining five broken ribs, but fell clear. When picked up he stated to those about that "this is the end" but while his injuries are serious, fatal results are not anticipated. Dr. Stalker was called, and went with the injured man to the Palmerston hospital, the caboose being taken off the freight and he was rushed there with all speed. Johnston is a married man about 35 years of age.—Hanover Post.

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Stratford, Ont.

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President. Principal.

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Fancy China and Glassware

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION.

C. Wendt - Jeweler

WINNER OR WASTER - Which are You?

On a recent occasion the Honorable the Minister of Finance for Canada, in addressing a representative Canadian audience, dealt with the urgency of everybody doing, even in the smallest way, their share towards aiding the Empire.

It is well to remember that every dollar thrown away extravagantly does one hundred per cent. more good to the enemy than one dollar saved by ourselves.

The wealth of the world finally filters through individual dollars, and if the curse of extravagance strikes deeply enough, our ruin is bound to follow.

Save a dollar TO-DAY and do a hundred per cent. more for the Empire than your extravagant neighbor does for the enemy.

Interest to Depositors at 3 per cent.

Merchants Bank of Canada

MILDMAY BRANCH - H. R. LEWIS, MANAGER.

CREAM.. WANTED

We are in the market to buy CREAM, sweet or sour, at the highest market price.

We Supply Two Free Cans

Pay twice each month, test each can received, send our patrons a statement of the weight, test and butter fat in each can, with the empty can returned.

We refer you to any bank as to our standing.

Write for cans to-day.

PALM CREAMERY

TRELEAVEN & RANTON
PALMERSTON, ONT.

NOTICE—We want an Agent here for Palm Dairy Ice Cream. Write for prices and terms.

Sons Strike It Rich.

Afraid that the Government would conscript his wealth for war purposes, a resident of Carrick who has a large family and a fat bank account, is reported to have handed his sons \$2,000 each thus making his boys at the same time that he allayed his own fears. Although the father was the victim of a silly alarm in this case, as the Government has no intention of raiding the bank accounts of the people in this way, yet there are many fond sons right in Walkerton who only wish that dad would take a similar fright and calm himself by handing them over his wad.

An action for \$10,000 damages has been entered at Osgoode Hall Toronto against two Orangeville hardware dealers, W. J. Gillespie and Fred Faulkner by William Delancy of Orangeville. The plaintiff charges the defendants with having, without color of right and against the express warning of the plaintiff placed fire arms and ammunition in the hands of the youthful son of the plaintiff, as a result of which he was killed on Aug 6th last.

It was announced on Saturday that severe penalties will be imposed on anyone trying to influence a medical board or exemption tribunal under the Military Service Act. It is also made plain that any person feeling that he was being wrongly classed by the medical boards in the present voluntary examination may appeal to exemption tribunal for revision.

Germania Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

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The Oldest, Cheapest and Safest Company in the Province.

Amount at risk, over 40 million dollars.

This Company pays market cash value for live stock killed by lightning.

J. M. Fischer

Agent - Mildmay

The new entrance examination regulations for 1918, change the valuation for writing, so that only half the marks assigned for the subject will be given for the writing paper, the other half being allowed for the candidates writing as judged from the answer papers in one of the other subjects to be selected by the board after the examination.

Your Problems

Conducted by Mrs. Helen Law

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question. An answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 233 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

Reader:—1. "Anzac" stands for the initial letters of "Australia (and) New Zealand Army Corps." The name was first coined at the Dardanelles. It has no reference to Canada, for there were no Canadian troops, just the Army Medical Corps, at the Dardanelles. 2. To remove paint from clothing, saturate the spots two or three times with equal parts of ammonia and turpentine, and then wash out in soap suds. 3. Nothing whitens the hands so effectively as rubbing a slice of lemon on them once or twice a day. This is also a good way to remove stains from the fingers.

Worker:—To decorate a table for a Red Cross luncheon, instead of a tablecloth use "runners" of heavy white stuff which can afterward be made into nurses' uniforms. At intervals down the table arrange large crosses of red paper. In between, you might place measuring glasses, filled with red and white flowers. Bonbons may be in the shape of pellets and placed in pill boxes, which mortars might hold salted nuts and olives. Instead of napkins, use squares of cheesecloth, folded bandage fashion; these may be saved, washed and sterilized and used for covers for medicine glasses.

One of the Girls:—For your Halloween party: Begin with the One-Yard Dash. Measure off one yard on the carpet, give each boy a potato, which must be laid on a line. At a given signal each contestant gets down on hands and knees and pushes the potato with his nose until he reaches the other line. There should be a simple little

prize for the winner. The Hurdle Race is for both boys and girls. Each person is given six needles and a spool of thread, and the one who first threads them all wins the contest.

Next comes the Standing High Jump. Hang three doughnuts in a doorway, about four inches higher than the mouths of the contestants. Tie their hands behind them and see who first bites a doughnut.

For a Drinking Race each player is given a half glassful of water and a spoon. The water must be consumed a spoonful at a time, and the one who finishes first is the winner. If any is spilled, that contestant is barred out.

The Bun Race is great fun. A clothes-line is stretched across the room, and from it are hung sugar buns at a height just reaching each player's mouth. The players stand in line with hands behind them, and at a given signal begin to eat the buns. The bobbing of the line makes this very difficult.

Last comes the Rainy Day Race. Each contestant is given a shoe-box containing a pair of over-shoes, and tied with string. A closed umbrella is also handed to each. When the starter counts three the boxes must be untied, the over-shoes put on, and the umbrellas opened. The contestants then walk across the room as rapidly as possible to a set line, remove the over-shoes, replace them in the boxes, tie the boxes, and close the umbrellas before they walk to their starting place. The one who arrives there first wins.

Bedtime Stories

The Fairy With The Lantern.

The little fairy of whom I am going to tell you was named Jack, and he carried about, through all the long, dark hours, a tiny lantern. During the day he must have slept very soundly, for he was up 'nights until very late, but in such snug places that no mortal could ever discover him. At night, though, it was easy enough to see what he looked like. At least so thought Annabel, who, her grandfather said, had eyes that saw what no others ever could see. She declared that Jack was just about five inches high, that he wore a peaked hat, and that the light of his lantern, as it danced over the big marsh near her grandfather's house, was like the blue flame of a candle.

Grandfather had several times warned the little girl when she came to visit him never to have anything to do with Jack. He said that if Jack was a fairy, as she insisted, he was certainly a very naughty one, who would like nothing better than to have people follow him into marshy lands where they would be sure to be stuck fast in the mud; then he would laugh at their plight, but never offer to help.

But Annabel, although she promised that she would never even try to go near the little blue dancing light, insisted that Jack was a good fairy, and some day, she said, they would find out that she was right.

One night, when Annabel was staying at grandfather's, the light came and he was soon seen that there were two of them, and then three.

"Jack has borrowed another lantern or two," said Annabel. "He does well to make the most of his time," replied grandfather, "for to-morrow men are coming to begin the work of draining the marsh, and that will be the last of Mr. Jack and his lantern."

And, sure enough, the next time that Annabel went to stay with grandfather, and at night looked out of the window, there was no light to be seen flitting about anywhere; for the bog was now hard and dry. "It's just as I told you, Annabel," said grandfather the next morning. "That bad fairy has gone away forever."

Annabel's curls nodded, but her lips added, "Only, grandfather, he was a good fairy. You see, he knew that in the dark people might walk into the bog, and get almost drowned. So he stayed after night, Jack stayed there, waving his little lantern to warn them away. I often used to think how sleepy he must have been."

Grandfather smiled. "That's my dear little girl," he said, laying his hand on her curls, "who is going to find all the good she can in everyone, even in a fairy."

But Annabel, her mind still on the fairy, said, "And I'm sure, if you go to another bog, you'll find Jack there with his same little lantern, warning everyone to keep away. Indeed, indeed, grandfather, he was a very good fairy, and I shall always try to remember him."

The number of women acting as substitutes for men in the field in France has passed the 1,000,000 mark.

Build to-day then strong and sure, With a firm and ample base, And ascending and secure Shall to-morrow find its place. —From Longfellow's "The Builders."

The Sunday School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON OCTOBER 14.

Lesson II. Returning From Captivity —Ezra 1. 1-11. Golden Text—Psa. 126. 3.

Verses 1-4 contain the proclamation of Cyrus, King of Persia—Cyrus began his career as king of Anshan, a small district of Elam, to the east of Babylonia. Within a relatively short time he conquered the whole of western Asia. One of his most important early conquests was Persia; hence he is generally known as King of Persia. First year—As king of Babylonia; in other words, in B. C. 538 or 537. Jeremiah—the reference is to Jer. 25. 12; where the promise is made that after seventy years the power of Babylon was to be destroyed, which would result in the liberation of the Jews. Since Jeremiah's message is dated about B. C. 604 the later Jews might well see in the return of 537 a fulfillment of Jeremiah's prediction. The primary interest of the author is in the rebuilding of the temple. Jehovah stirred up—it is only natural that a Jewish writer should trace the impulse which prompted the proclamation to divine suggestion. Cyrus himself asserts that his policies of kindness and generosity were inspired by Marduk the god of Babylon. Proclamation—Ezra 6. 2-5 contains a more original form of the decree of Cyrus, Jehovah given me—There is no indication in any of the inscriptions of Cyrus in any of the inscriptions of Cyrus here may be due to later working over of the decree from the point of view of Jewish religion. There is,

however, no good reason for doubting the historicity of a decree issued by Cyrus giving permission to the Jews to return to their old home: (1) Such decree would be in perfect accord with the general policy of Cyrus as reflected in his own inscriptions; (2) the imminence of a conflict with Egypt would make it desirable to have near the borders of Egypt a nation on whose fidelity and gratitude he could rely. Whosoever is left—Without the means of returning to Jerusalem. Gold . . . silver—To purchase food and other necessities during the journey. Goods—Camp baggage, and furniture. Beasts—Animals for carrying the supplies. Freewill—Voluntary gifts of a more private nature, to be used for: the rebuilding of the temple.

5-11. Preparations for the return and the return itself. Judah and Benjamin—The author holds the view, found also in other Old Testament passages, that the southern kingdom consisted of two tribes (1 Kings 12. 21, 23); other passages assert that Judah alone constituted the southern kingdom (1 Kings 11. 13, 32, 36). Strengthened—The Babylonians and the Jews who remained behind gladly assisted those who decided to return. Vessels of the house of Jehovah—Compare 2 Kings 24. 13; 25. 14, 15, and 2 Chron. 36. 7. His gods—Better "god." The chief deity of Nebuchadnezzar was Marduk, who had a magnificent temple in Babylon. Sheshbazzar—Both he and Zerubbabel are named as governors of Judah (Ezra 5. 14; Hag. 1. 1, 14; etc.); consequently it has been thought by many that the two names refer to one and the same person. It is more probable, however, that they refer to two distinct persons. Sheshbazzar preceding Zerubbabel as governor of Judah. Platters—Bowls—The meaning of the words is not absolutely certain. Knives—Better, "censers." The total secured by adding the figures in verses 9 and 10 falls far below the total given in verse 11. Captivity—The company of exiles accepting the offer of Cyrus.



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ECONOMIC PRODUCTION OF WHEAT IN RELATION TO FOOD PRODUCTION

By Henry G. Bell, Agronomist.
(Concluded from last week)

The Canadian farmer is a manufacturer, and he is interested in everything that will add to the efficiency of his crops. He finds himself short of sufficient manure to cover all of his wheat areas and the areas of the other important crops, such as corn, potatoes, etc., hence, he supplements the plantfood of the soil and manure by the addition of suitable fertilizers. Probably no phase of wheat-growing has a more important bearing on the economic production of the 1918 crop than proper fertilization.

Now, what are fertilizers? They are carriers of available plantfood; just the same plantfood as is carried in farm manure. Fertilizers are composed of materials gathered from sea and mine and air, as well as from the by-products of various industries.

You speak of bread-carrying protein, carbohydrates and ash. Well, fertilizers supply nitrogen, which is the basis of protein, potash, which causes the formation of starch and other carbohydrates, and phosphoric acid, which hastens the growth of the crop. Therefore the fertilizer industry is closely linked with the farmer's important calling in producing the food of the world.

The Value of Fertilizers. Now, does it pay to fertilize wheat? This depends upon four things:

- (a) The productiveness of the soil;
- (b) The yield of wheat obtained;
- (c) The price of wheat;
- (d) The cost of fertilizer.

I have already dealt with the first factor, in last week's instalment of this article.

The yield of wheat is directly dependent upon the supply and balance of plantfood. The oldest fertilizer tests in the English-speaking world have been conducted by Rothamsted Experiment Station, England, where, as an average of 51 years, there was obtained an increased yield of 18.1 bushels per acre from fertilized wheat over wheat grown without fertilizer.

At present wheat prices, such increase in yield is full of interest to the farmer. But he asks, can such increase be made economically? Farm labor has increased in cost; seed and fertilizer have likewise increased. A careful study of the situation shows that the advantage is still with the farmer. A very small increase in yield will pay for a liberal application of fertilizers on wheat.

Time will not permit my going into the adaptability of the analyses of fertilizers used by various experiment stations, but a careful charting of the yields of wheat obtained at Ohio shows that acid phosphate can be used at material profit on wheat. It is strongly advised by the experiment station.

A similar study shows that nitrogen and phosphoric acid give material profit at present wheat prices and fertilizer costs. Complete fertilizers, or those carrying potash as well as nitrogen and phosphoric acid, also give a profit at present prices. On sandy soils or on soils containing a high percentage of muck, potash is especially desirable.

Fertilizers have an important bearing on the next factor in economic wheat production, which is insect and disease control. The most destructive insect effecting the wheat crop is the Hessian Fly. This insect lays its

eggs on the leaves of the healthy plant. The maggot hatches on the leaf and bores into the stalk. Having damaged the wheat the maggot goes into a dormant state known as the "flaxseed" stage. This flaxseed remains in the stubble, coming out in the fly form early in August. The life of the adult fly is but a few days, probably but a week or less, as a rule a great mass of flies appear about the same time. If the wheat is sown after the flies appear, by the time the wheat is up they are gone and the crop escapes the attacks of this insect. Now, late sown wheat is at a disadvantage, in that it has but a short time to make sufficient growth to withstand the cold weather of autumn and winter. By the addition of 200 to 400 lbs. of fertilizer per acre at the time the wheat is seeded, there is added sufficient available plantfood to enable the crop to make this strong healthy growth.

The wheat crop suffers material losses in some sections from attacks of smut. This is a fungous disease which spreads throughout the growing plant and comes to its fruiting stage about the time the wheat grains are filling. The spikelets of the infested crop, instead of containing well-filled kernels, contain sacks filled with little black seed-like bodies known as spores, which are actually the seeds of this disease. The wheat crop can readily be freed of smut disease by treatment with formalin, as indicated in the publications of nearly all of the agricultural experiment stations.

The profitability of the use of fertilizers in producing more and better wheat is established. It is the logical practice in connection with the use of good seed and proper soil tillage.

Five Important Factors.

The fertilizer industry, like all other industries is encountering enormous difficulties arising from the present war. Its nitrogen carriers are used as a basis of explosives. Potash from Europe, as you know, is now only a memory, and submarine activities have greatly aggravated the shortage of sulphuric acid used in the manufacture of acid phosphate. Nevertheless, the fertilizer industry is vigorously endeavoring to supply the Canadian farmer with as much available plantfood as can be assembled and manufactured, so that he may do his part in overcoming the food shortage.

Let me again emphasize these points to all growers of wheat—points which are established beyond a question by careful experimentation and actual experience—that the largest crops of best quality wheat can be produced by giving careful attention to the following five important factors:

- (1) Thorough drainage of the soil;
- (2) Thorough preparation of the seed-bed;
- (3) Selection of suitable varieties of wheat and good quality seed;
- (4) Adequate fertilization;
- (5) Control of insect pests and diseases.

Attention to these five details will enable Canadian wheat-growers to do still more efficient work in the campaign for increased food crops, and thereby render great service to humanity in this tremendous crisis of the world's history.

The Dairy

A bull is half the herd, if he is a purebred capable of transmitting his good qualities. But if he is a poor sire, he is more than half—he is nearly all of it. At the Ohio station a bull whose dam had a high official record and whose grand-dam had a record of large production, sired daughters which showed an average gain over their dams of 1,902 pounds of milk and sixty pounds of fat the first year. Their average yearly difference was more than 1,100 pounds of milk. Another sire selected from one of the best herds in the state showed a decrease of 687 pounds of milk and thirty-nine pounds of fat. His sire and dam had no official records.

Bitterness in cream and milk is a frequent trouble during fall and winter months. If milk is bitter when it is drawn, the trouble is with the cow or her feed. Very often cows give bitter milk toward the close of their lactation period. The old dry weeds of winter pasture also give rise

to a bitter flavor in milk. The remedy in this case is to keep the cow from such pastures.

Scalding Poultry

Dressed poultry for long-distance shipments had best be dry-picked, but for near-by markets or home consumption scalding is perfectly proper. In fact, scalded birds sell best to home trade.

The water must be as near the boiling point as possible, without boiling. Care must be taken in scalding. The legs should first be dry-picked, so that it will not be necessary to immerse them in hot water, which would change their color and cause them to lose their brightness. Neither the head nor the feet should touch water. If the head is allowed to get in hot water it will present a sickly appearance.

The market generally accepts fowls that are either scalded or dry-picked, with the exception of broilers; with the latter, dry-picking alone is allowable. Scalding also increases the tendency to decay. It is claimed that scalded fat fowls do not cook so well as if dry-picked.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By John B. Huber, M.A., M.D.

Dr. Huber will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Huber will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. John B. Huber, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

"The future of society is in the hands of the mothers."
ENLARGED TONSILS.

In children having adenoids there is mouth breathing and narrow chest—by which the child becomes starved for oxygen and an easy candidate for consumption; snoring; open mouth; vacant dull expression of the face; unpleasant, toneless modifications of a naturally pleasant voice, such as the "nasal twang"; inability to pronounce certain letters; earache and other ear affections, even deafness, by shutting up the Eustachean tube, which leads from the pharynx to the ear, and which should always be open; mental deficiency, making a dunce of a naturally bright child; frequent attacks of coryza (nasal catarrh); nosebleed; irregular tooth and jaw formation; stunted growth; convulsions; and a generally nervous condition, so that an ordinarily good child is accused of wanton misbehavior or crass perversity. Such are signs of adenoids.

In addition to what I have already stated deformities appear. The natural and uniform development of the face is hindered, leading to the narrow jaw with crowded teeth and the high-arched pallet. And it takes the highest skill of those dentists who have made a specialty of "orthodonty"—teeth straightening—to correct these jaw deformities. In the chest, there are likely to be alterations of shape; in some cases the pigeon breast, but in most cases the formation of a hollow at the lower end of a breast plate which the child makes obvious when the parts are sucked in with each inspiration.

When enlarged tonsils are found in children adenoids are sure to be present also in 90 per cent. of the cases. Tonsils are sometimes enlarged from birth; but they usually become so by successive attacks of tonsillitis, or

quinsy, diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, or in fact any nose and throat inflammation. Sometimes the tonsils become so enormous that they actually touch in the act of swallowing; also in such children there is the "throaty" voice, as if the mouth were full of food; and there is a dry cough in some cases. Much stuttering begins thus. The glands in the neck beneath the skin are also liable to become swollen and tuberculous all too often follows.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Baby is Restless.
I am nursing my seven weeks old baby every three hours and whenever she wakes at night. She seems very restless at times.

Answer—Possibly the feeding "whenever she wakes at night" is the cause. Babies on the breast do better on 3 hour intervals during the day and 4 hours at night. 6 and 9 a.m., 12 m., 3, 6 and 10 p.m. are right. After the third month discontinue the 2 a.m. nursing repeat. Try if a little water to drink will not soothe the baby at night; babies should always have plenty of water.

Cocoa.
Can one drink cocoa daily without injury to the health?
Answer—Assuredly, once a day. A most nutritious beverage. Just a trifle heavy in the dog days however, since it has a considerable fat content. Not as stimulating as tea or coffee, but more nourishing. It is therefore preferable in cases where tea and coffee excite the nervous system, causing palpitation, tremors and insomnia. This is not to say, however, that tea and coffee are to be abjured for most of us. When taken in moderation the latter are wholesome.

Hogs

Most economical gains on hogs are secured while the pigs are young, and for that reason it is advisable to finish hogs as early as possible, weighing 200 pounds when marketed. Gains on adults are expensive, and feeding them during too long a period loses money.

Weaning time is the critical stage in the life of fall pigs. Three weeks before weaning teach them to eat, supplying a box or creep which admits the little ones only. Feed a little middlings and skim-milk, adding later, some sifted ground oats.

Pigs may be self-fed from six weeks onward. It is best, however, to start self-feeding at about ten weeks of age. With paddock feeding a self-feeder will save fifty per cent. of the labor. On pasture, with running or a continuous supply of water, nearly seventy-five per cent. of the labor may be avoided.

Kitchen Patriotism

By Ruth M. Boyle

"My son and two of my nephews have enlisted. My daughters are making surgical dressings for the Red Cross. I am kept so busy at home that I can't be of any use, and it is hard to have to go on from day to day just as if there wasn't a great war that we have to win. Yet there doesn't seem to be anything that I can do to help."

She was a farmer's wife, and she was managing a home for six hard-working, healthy people. She didn't realize it, but her part in winning the war was probably as important as that of the son who had enlisted and the girls who were making surgical dressings.

This is the way a woman—a home economics expert—who is giving her time and her talent to the Government to find means of conserving the food which is so necessary and so scarce in the world just now, explained it to me.

"War," she said, "depends on wealth. Now, there isn't any wealth except what is to be eaten. If the wheat, out of the sea, out of the mines, and out of the farms. So you see the fate of the world hangs on the farm, the farmer, and the farmer's wife—and not the least is the farmer's wife. It is the woman of the house who plans what is to be eaten. If she plans well, our own country and the men at the front can be fed."

No woman can think for a moment of the lads—most of them just in their twenties, remember that—"somewhere" at the front, and not feel impelled to strive herself, if necessary. But no such sacrifice as that is necessary. What does the nation ask you to do?

A few simple things—to save wheat, to save meat, to save butter, to use perishable fruits and vegetables as far as possible in order to conserve those that can be shipped long distances. This does not mean that you must not give your family all they need; in order to keep them in proper health, they must have plenty of wholesome food. But it does mean substituting corn and other grains for wheat, which is needed across the sea. It means using cheese and fish and all possible substitutes for meat. It means that although you may use butter as usual for the table, you must not use it in cooking. Above all, it means the elimination of waste. There should be nothing left on the plates,

and the left-overs should be served at another meal.

Plan your meals with the needs of your country in mind, and you are serving your country as truly as any soldier in the trenches. And then it may be some consolation to you, when you think of your own boy "somewhere" under the colors, to know that you, with thousands of other women, are using your skill and your wit in order that he may be well provided for.

Poultry

Winter is fast approaching, and every advantage should be taken of the fine weather for doing such outdoor work that can not conveniently be done when the weather is cold or snow is on the ground. There are fences to repair, roofs to examine for leaks, and general fixing up of the entire house. The runs, too, need a good cleaning up and spading.

All the old hens, not intended to winter over, should be sent to market while the prices are good.

Now is a good time to lay in supplies for the winter, especially such as incubators and brooders, and to secure new blood that may be needed in the flock. Orders are more promptly and carefully filled now than later on when there is a general rush.

The moulting season is surely putting a rusty, unattractive appearance on the fowls. They need a tonic; a few pieces of rusty iron in the drinking water will have a good effect. About five per cent. old-process oil-meal added to the mash is good medicine at this time. Sunflower-seed, mixed with the grain feed occasionally, will add luster to the feathers.

Caponize all the surplus young cockerels during October.

It is not uncommon on farms to allow the poultry to roost outdoors in summer, on trees or wherever they may find a satisfactory perch, and this is often permitted away into the winter months. The practise is not a good one, especially after the fall weather starts. If the stock has not already been placed in the houses, it should be done at once. Exposed hens never have good egg records during cold weather.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID
For POULTRY, GAME, EGGS & FEATHERS
Please write for particulars.
P. FOULIN & CO.
39 Bonsecours Market, Montreal

How better can we

Increase Production

than by putting that extra 100 lbs. of finish on a beef steer?
Finished animals will bring big prices at the

TORONTO

FAT STOCK SHOW

Union Stock Yards

DEC. 7 and 8, 1917

Premium List on Application.

Join the Home Defence movement for the conservation of food. Help to prevent waste by demanding the whole wheat grain in breakfast foods and bread stuffs. Substitute whole wheat for meat, eggs and potatoes. The whole wheat grain is the most perfect food given to man. In Shredded Wheat Biscuit you have the whole wheat grain made digestible by steam-cooking, shredding and baking. Every particle of the whole wheat grain is used including the outer bran coat which is so useful in keeping the bowels healthy and active. For any meal with milk, and fresh fruits.

Made in Canada.

THE LION ROCK OF CEYLON.

Wonderful Natural Fortress Remarkable For Its Curious History.

Among the many relics of ancient civilization now to be seen in Ceylon none is more interesting than Sigiri, a wonderful natural fortress remarkable not only for its singular appearance but also for its curious history. About 475 A.D. a paricide prince, Kasyapa by name, who had also attempted to murder his brother, fled from his home into the wilderness, where he founded a new capital city round a rocky mesa.

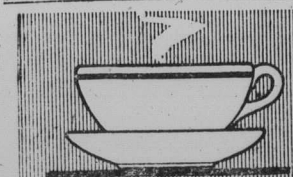
Four hundred feet above the level of the surrounding country on the three-acre top of the mesa, Kasyapa built his palace—a natural garnet-studded throne from which he could survey the city and the wonderful expanse of luxuriant tropical country near by.

For many years he lived there in security, and then his younger brother came. Kasyapa foolishly descended from his rock to fight battle, and his war elephant, turning aside to avoid a marsh, caused his followers to think that he wished to retreat; so retreat they did, and Kasyapa's brother had his revenge. After the prince's death the monk's maintained the citadel for a long time, but the walled city that surrounded the mesa gradually decayed, and so in time did the edifices on the summit. Six centuries ago they were abandoned.

To-day the mesa, on which the archaeologists are working, is stained red by the action of the rain on the bricks of the citadel, and when the sun strikes it at the right angle it looms up in a sort of bloody splendor, forming a fitting monument to its former villainous ruler.

Facing a terrace at the base of the rock is a guardhouse. On the front of the rock is carved the head of a lion, and on this same terrace are its claws, between which a staircase ascended, so that it is thus apparent why the mesa is called "lion rock," a translation of Sinhala-girl—or, as it is contracted, Sigiri. The staircase was a remarkable work, for Kasyapa had to build it round walls that bulge forward at base and summit. It was a walled gallery of stone, spiralling round the rock to its summit, and was covered with cement and decorated frescoes, some of which are preserved even now in their original brilliant colors. As only a small part of the gallery remains to-day, the ascent must be made on an iron stairway constructed by the Archaeological Commission—a climb that is sufficient to test the nerves, for where you go up over the side, nearly four hundred feet above ground and far out beyond the base of the cliff, the downward view is not cut off, as it was in Kasyapa's time.

Stimulate crysanthemums with liquid manure.



POSTUM has been adopted as the table beverage in many a home because of its pleasing flavor and healthful nature

FOOD SAVING IN ONTARIO.

Community Canning Marks a New Epoch in Rural Life.

Ontario is making rapid strides towards food saving. In these war days, we are doing many new things which we would not have thought out in peace times. Almost the very newest experiment is that of community canning. Parkhill Women's Institute is making a successful trial. The canning plant had a capacity of five hundred cans a day. The machinery is simple—a 5 h.p. boiler, two vats, a sink, a copper kettle, pans, spoons, measures, etc. The vats were heated with steam coils, and can be brought to boiling in three minutes. Fifty quarts of fruit can be cooked at once. The smaller vat is used for blanching and sterilizing, and the copper kettle for making syrups, jams, jellies, etc. The aim is to conserve perishable fruits and vegetables, and to store material contributed by interested helpers for convalescent homes and hospitals. Everyone in a radius of ten miles, who keeps chickens, has been asked to contribute one chicken, and each woman who canned her own fruit contributed to this store. It looks as if this might be the beginning of a good work that should not end when the war need is over.

NERVOUS TROUBLE

The nerve system is the governing system of the whole body, controlling the heart, lungs, digestion and brain; so it is not surprising that nervous disturbances should cause acute distress. The first stages of nervous debility are noted by irritability and restlessness, in which the victims seem to be oppressed by their nerves. The matter requires immediate attention, for nothing but suitable treatment will prevent a complete breakdown. The victim, however, need not despair, for even severe nervous disorders may be cured by improving the condition of the blood. It is because Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new, rich blood that this medicine has cured extreme nervous disorders after all other treatment had failed. The nerves thrive on the new blood made by these pills; the appetite improves, digestion is better, sleeplessness no longer troubles the former nerve shatterer, and life generally takes on a cheerful aspect. Every sufferer from nerve troubles, no matter how slight, should lose no time in giving Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial, thus regaining their old-time health and comfort.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE SEA HORSE.

One of the Most Ancient of Fishes and a Strange Creature.

If mermaids were no bigger than some fairies, they might have horses to ride. The sea horses are creatures familiar enough, though most people have never seen one alive. Summer visitors at the seashore find them for sale—very dead, and dried—at shops that specialize in marine curios.

The sea horse (naturalist says) is one of the most ancient fishes. It is one of nature's oddest imitations—a "camouflage," so to speak. It has a horse-like head, and its body is so shaped as to resemble the neck of that quadruped. But really, when one comes to examine it, the thing that counterfeits is the "knight" piece of the chessboard. One might even imagine that the chess knight (which has a horse's head) was modeled after it.

The sea horse has a tube-like snout, at the end of which are the mouth and jaws. Clad in a complete suit of armor plates, it cannot flex its body like other fishes, and its finless tail is of no use for locomotion. But the tail is a prehensile organ, by which it clings to water plants.

It feeds on small shrimps and other crustaceans. Occasionally, uncoiling its tail from the supporting plant, it swims slowly, not like other fishes, but always in a vertical position, its back fin vibrating rapidly.

Like other fishes, the sea horse possesses an air-bladder, which is always distended by a quantity of gas so exactly adjusted for equilibrium that, if a single bubble no larger than the head of a small pin be extracted, the creature falls to the bottom and must crawl about until the wound is healed and a fresh supply of gas has been secreted.

But the most remarkable point about the sea horse is that the male is provided with an external stomach-pouch, in which, at the mating season, the female deposits her eggs. The lining membrane of the pouch secretes a nutritious fluid on which the young, when hatched, are fed. When they are big enough to take care of themselves, the father sea horse rubs his stomach against a wrinkle shell or some other convenient object, and by this means forces them out into the water.

How About the Rice?

Each year the Canadians throw tons of rice at uncomfortable brides and bridegrooms. Some of it lands in ears and eyes, some in the bride's hair, and some under the bridegroom's wilted collar, but most of it literally litters the sidewalk and gutters. All of it is dead waste. There are thousands in France who would be grateful for the rice that is used to torture Canadian wedding parties.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS PRIZED BY MOTHERS

Mrs. Henry Vanreeder, Rodney, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past five years and prize them very much. They have proved of such value to me that I always keep them in the house." Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets she would use nothing else. They are thorough but mild in action and never fail to make the sickly baby well. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Hay Building.

Farmers in the vicinity of Sunny-side, Yakima County, Wash., did a distinctive thing when they erected a "palace of hay" in which to hold their annual county fair. Some 600 tons of alfalfa were used in building the structure, whose walls were twenty-five feet high. It not only housed all the exhibits but a restroom, information bureau and a grand stand in front of which a vaudeville program was given daily. The hay was loaned by the farmers and at the end of the fair was auctioned off at a very good price.

Minard's Liniment Cures Handruff.

Hearts Easy to Break. In the simpler forms of life the heart is a mass of pulsating cells, which, as the creature grows to maturity, lengthen out into a tube. In many insects and flies the heart takes a pencil form, running from the forehead to the tip of the body. In animal and bird life the heart becomes more nearly round and proportionately stronger. An insect, owing to its peculiar structure, does not have to be crossed in love to die of a broken heart. A thumb on the back will do it.

The last hundred pounds of finish on a beef steer is the most economical gain and makes a steer grade prime and get the top of the market. Buyers come from all parts of the country and pay highest prices for the good, well-finished animals at the Auction Sale of the Toronto Fat Stock Show.

Fire From a Slab of Ice.

Take a smooth, clear, curving piece of ice, one not too thick, and hold it in the rays of the sun so that it will bring the light to a sharp focus just as will a lens in a reading glass. The ice will not last long enough to burn a piece of paper, but if the focus rests on a speck of gun cotton it will cause combustion and a flame will result. Arctic explorers have built fires often with this expedient when matches were absent and flint and rock not handy.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,
T. B. LAVERS,
St. John.

Needed a Sample.

Fair Client—"I wish to sue a young man for taking two kisses. At what amount shall I place damages?"
Lawyer—"Kisses, my dear lady, are variously quoted. I—er—I could judge better their value if you gave me a sample."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

The tops of young carrots and turnips are as good as beet tops to cook for greens.

WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fulton, N. Y.—"Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well? For over a year I suffered so from female weakness I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work."—Mrs. NELLIE PHELPS, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If you have had symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

THE ROAD OF DEATH.

Who shall say the road of Death Falseth sheer or harroweth? See how glad they march along, All our manhood, full of song, Chasing, as they pass away, Fears and phantoms of our day, Sure in victory or defeat Their inheritance to meet. He who made them let them see Far above their agony, To the light that never dies Round the rest of Paradise. Gladly do they march along, Full of laughter and of song, Finding none that sorroweth Past the glorious road of Death. —E. E. Speight.

MONEY ORDERS

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

One's Ancestors.

Willie—Pop, who are ancestors? Father—Well, I'm one of yours—and your grand-dad is another.

Willie—Oh, but why is it that folks brag about them?

Can't Fail.

If you'd succeed First find your work; Then work your find.

MURINE Graculated Eye-lids, Sore Eyes, Ears Itched by Sun, Dust, Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. Murine Eye Remedy, 50¢ per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes Etc. For Sale by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Chicago 4

"He had a sore, unequal battle all his days. But he stood to it valiantly, a wise, faithful, unconquerable man; swallowing down many sore sufferings daily into silence; fighting like an unseen hero—nobody publishing newspaper paragraphs about his nobleness. However, he was not lost—nothing is lost."—Heroes and Hero Worship.

ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS

from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar trouble and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. \$2.00 a bottle delivered. Horse Book 9 free.

CUTICURA HEALS ITCHING BURNING

Rash On This Little Baby Over Face and Head. Quite Disfigured.

"When my baby was four months old she had a rash over her face and head, and was quite disfigured. Her skin was inflamed and sore, and itched and burned and the rash later developed into large red eruptions, making her head and face very uncomfortable and frequently developed into a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Soap and I used two tins of Ointment with two cakes of Soap and she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. A. Down, 1040 Gertrude St., Verdun, Montreal, Que., March 2.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment often prevent pimples or other eruptions. For Free Sample Each by Mail add 10¢ post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.



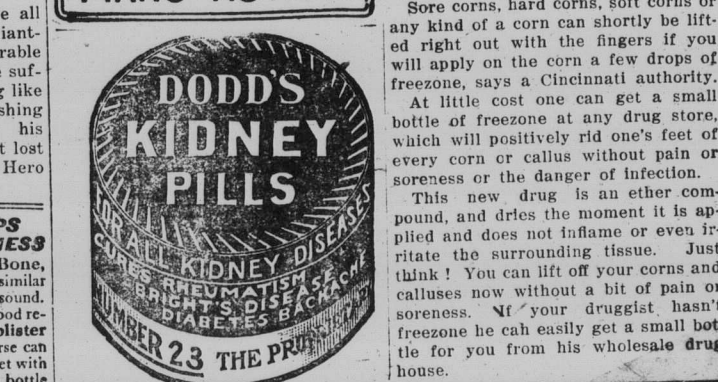
GILLETT'S TOILET SOAP
HAS NO EQUAL
It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

If porcelain baking dishes become discolored on the inside, fill them with buttermilk and let stand for a day or so. The acid in the milk will remove the stains.

FURS
BEAUTIFUL FURS BY MAIL. GET catalog showing latest styles Persian Lamb, Mink, etc. Wholesale prices, rare values. Satisfaction guaranteed. McCormick's Limited, Manufacturers, 420 D St. Paul West, Montreal.

WANTED
IN A GOOD HOME, MODERN AND in a quiet neighborhood, a family of three adults would like a girl or young woman, Presbyterian, Methodist or Baptist preferred, to take her home with them and assume part of the domestic responsibilities. We should be glad to have you visit fully concerning your experience, if any, and the terms you consider fair, in your first letter, which will be treated confidentially. We can then furnish you with further particulars. References exchanged. Box 56, Wilson Publishing Co. Limited, Toronto.

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION



Doctor Says Nuxated Iron Will Increase Strength of Delicate People 100% in Ten Days

In many instances—Persons have suffered untold agony for years doctoring for nervous weakness, stomach, liver or kidney disease or some other ailment when their real trouble was lack of iron in the blood—How to tell.

New York, N.Y.—In a recent discourse delivered by a Boston physician who has studied widely both in this country and in great European medical institutions, he said: "You were to make an actual test on all people who are ill you would probably be greatly astonished at the exceeding large number who lack the iron in the blood. The moment iron is supplied all their multitude of diseases and symptoms disappear. Without iron the blood at once loses the power to change food into living tissue and therefore you don't get the strength out of it. Your food merely passes through you, rollers so wide apart that the mill can grind. As a result of this, people become generally weakened, nervous and all run down and are unable to do their work. One is too thin, another is burdened with unhealthy fat, some are so weak they have dyspepsia, kidney or liver trouble, some can't sleep at night, others are sleepless and tired all day, and some are irritable; some skinnier than others, and in such cases it is power and endurance. In such cases it is more than foolishness to take stimulating medicines or narcotic drugs, which only whip you further, and at the expense of your life later on. No matter what one tells you, if you are not strong, make the following test. See how long you can work or how far you can

City Eye Specialists Tell How To Strengthen Eyesight 50% In a Week's Time In Many Instances

Junctivitis and epiphora. Her eyes when not congested had the dull, suffused expression common to such cases. I prescribed Bon-Opto. She used it and in only a few days her eyes were so much improved that she was able to do her work. This treatment and not only improved her eyesight but also her general condition, and she was so much strengthened that she was able to do her work. In a few days, under my observation, the eyes of an astigmatist case were so improved that glasses were discarded by the patient. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by the use of Bon-Opto and if you want to strengthen your eyes, go to any drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and let it dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation and redness will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you to such a degree that you are unable to do your duty to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have saved their sight if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: A city physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Yes, Bon-Opto is a remarkable eye remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have used it very successfully in my own practice on patients whose eyes were strained through overwork or night work, or by exposure to dust, wind, or smoke, or by exposure to steam, or by exposure to cold. It is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." Bon-Opto is not a patent medicine or secret remedy. It is an ethical preparation, the formula being printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It is dispensed by all good druggists, including general stores, also by T. B. Lavers and T. Eaton & Co., Toronto.

Talking Good Coffee

Doesn't make Coffee good, does it?

If it did all coffee would be the best.

No—it takes more than talk. It takes a knowledge of what's what in Coffee to pick and choose—to pick and choose the good—to let the rest go.

Because there are a great number of Coffees that masquerade under false colors.

We want you to judge our coffee by the coffee itself—not by what we say.

If we could get every person in town to do that we would never need to say much about coffee again.

For we have really superior coffee values.

Our Golden Rio at 30 cents per lb., our Star Blend at 35 cts, and our Capital at 40 cents are all leaders in their respective classes.

Try some and be convinced.

The Star Grocery.

The Store of Quality.

J. N. Scheffer

Terms—Cash or Produce.

NEUSTADT

Mrs. Ruby and son, returned to Kitchener after spending several weeks with her daughter, Kathleen, teacher here.

Miss Kathleen Ruby spent the holiday at her home in Kitchener. She also attended teachers convention on Thursday and Friday.

Mr. J. Northgraves, principal in our P. S. here spent several days at his home in Clondeboye.

Mr. Art Weinert of Listowel spent several days at his home here.

Mr. Harvey Weinert of Toronto was renewing old friends and acquaintances in town.

Miss Clara Smith, forelady at the Colonial Knitting Co. spent several days at her home in Dunnville.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Fairweather and son, Donald spent Sunday in Drayton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Russell visited in Kitchener for a few days.

The Misses Edna Diebel and Oledo Helwig are spending two weeks visit with friends in Milverton.

Miss Olga Binkley of Elmira spent the holiday with her parents here.

Mr. Jim Hair is spending a few days at his home in Orillia.

Miss E. Jones of Toronto visited several days at R. J. Hewats.

Miss Lula Kyte of Warioa is spending a week with her friend Anna Huether.

Mr. E. J. Lang of Kitchener visited his mother, Mrs. Victor Lang over the holiday.

Mr. Ezra Hill has quit the butcher business with Mr. Otto Lantz. Ezra has secured a position on a farm.

Mr. J. H. Atkins of Toronto spent several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Walden.

Pte. Oscar Gerber of London visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Gerber in Carrick for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ermel of Hanover Sundayed at the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Meyer.

Pte. Marshall of the Royal Flying Corps visited his cousin, Frank Walden over Thanksgiving.

Rev. Ziemer of Kentucky arrived this week. He will be the new minister of St. Peters Lutheran Church. He will preach his first sermon here next Sunday.

The Harvest Home Festival held in the Baptist Church here on Sunday was largely attended. The program rendered was good.

A number of our town sports attended the shine in Decemerton on Monday night and of course report a good time.

Death has again claimed a victim in the person of Mr. Gottlieb Klages in Carrick who died last week. Deceased was one of the oldest residents around here having reached the ripe old age of over 90 years. The funeral which was held last Friday was largely attended. He was buried in St. Peters Lutheran cemetery.

While out picking butternuts last week Mr. Charles Montag met with a serious accident dropping down from the tree and breaking several ribs. We wish him a speedy recovery.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

With comparatively heavy receipts, nearly 5,000 head, or to strictly accurate, 4948 cattle all told, Monday's trading at the Union Stock Yards was characterized by a good strong market, all the better class being readily sold at practically unchanged figures from last week. The market was not entirely cleared, a good many loads being carried over, but the 12 o'clock closing, which yesterday enforced, was in a measure responsible for this. There was a big run of inferior cattle, too many of them, and their presence is a drag on the market.

As indicated in The World List of representative sales, and which will well repay a close study, some high prices were paid yesterday for extra choice steers and heifers; extra good prices they were and the big packing houses paid out the money far more freely for these than the cheaper grades.

Sheep and Lambs.

There was a fair run of sheep and lambs, 282 in all, and prices held steady. Choice light-weight lambs sold from \$17 to \$17.25, with heavier lambs a little easier at the close.

Choice light-weight sheep sold from \$11 to \$13; heavy fat sheep and bucks from \$8.05 to \$10.

Calves.

There was a light run of calves and the market held steady. Choice veal calves sold at from \$15 to \$15.50; medium \$11.50 to \$13.50; grassers and common calves, \$6.50 to \$9, and heavy fat calves \$8.50 to \$11.

Hogs.

There was a pretty heavy run of hogs, 1951 altogether, and the price held steady around \$18.75, fed and watered, with, it is said, lower quotations for the balance of the week, but time will tell.

An observing newspaper man says it will be noticed that children are never seen clinging to their mothers' skirts for the simple reason that the skirts are so short that they can't reach them.

Helwig's Weekly Store News...

New Fall and Winter Goods



New Caps

Warm

Durable

and Stylish



KLINGKLOSE
INSIDE BAND PATENT APPLIED FOR
EASTERN CAP

Men's Heavy Tweed Caps without bands, from 1.00 to 2.00
Men's heavy tweed Caps with bands from 75c to 2.00
Boys heavy tweed Caps with bands, from 50c to 1.50



Winter Coats

"Northway Garments"

Ladies Coats 10.00 to 47.50
Misses Coats 8.50 to 20.00
Girls Coats 5.00 to 12.50
Childs Coats 3.75 to 7.50



Our showing in Winter Coats for ladies, girls and children is now at its best.
We have a coat for you.

Sport Hats for young Ladies

Ladies sport hats in plain, navy, brown, and green, extra heavy velvet, also in two-tone stripe at 2.00.

Bring us your Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, etc.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

See this—

The "Good Cheer" Cabinet

with elevated oven

For Wood or Coal.

A real Range for the Farm

Perfect in Appointments and Operation.
No Lack of Cooking Surface
No Baking in the Dark
No Flackleading
No Stopping.

For warmth in winter open the oven doors and it has more radiating surface than many a good sized heater.

The Range With the Electric Lighted Oven

Your baking is surely worth while, so why chance the disappointments and spoiled batches by cooking in the dark?

This is the newest in stove production. Call and see it.

Liesemer & Kalbfleish
THE CORNER HARDWARE.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Fall Dry Goods Arriving Daily

Mens,	ladies	and	children's	Underwear
"	"	"	"	Hosiery
"	"	"	"	Mitts and Gloves
Flanelettes				Shirting
Towelling				Batts
Flanelette	and	Woollen		Blankets
Shirts		Collars		Ties

Cash paid for Butter, Eggs, Onions, Poultry.

Phone No. 14

Prompt Delivery

Cash or Produce

Weiler Bros., Prop.