## TH2

## RIGHTH

## 

OF THE

## WESLEYAN METHODIST MISSIONARY

## AUXILIARY SOCIETY,

 FOR THE

## NEW BRUNSWICK DISTRICT:

(witii A IIST OF

## SUBSCRIBERS.

"Let the whole earth be Mified wifh His glory:"-Patzat lxxi1, v. 19.

FREDERICTON:
266.7
 majegte.

## mTATIONS

 OF THE
## WESLEYAN MISSIONARIES

IN THE

Saint Johi-Sampson Busby, William Smitheon.
Fredericton-Enoch Wood, William Bannister, Assistant Mis'y. Sheffield-A lbert Desbrisay.
St. Stephen's and St. David's-J. B. Strong, George Johmson.
Westmorland-Michael Pickles.
Petitcodiac-Alexander Wm. M•Leod.
Bridgetown-George Miller.
Annapolis-Arthur M'Nútr.
Sussex Vale-Henry Dinfel.
Miramichi-Rioh. Williams, Peter Suefip, Assistant Missfónary.
Saint Andrews-Richard Shepherd.
Woodstock and Wakefield-Samoel Joll.
Bathurbt-Richardbon Douglass.
JOHN B. STRONG,
Chairman of the District.
legislative द
FRedricton,
per The next Annual District Meeting will commence in Frecie-
reton, on the third Thureday in May, 1885.

PROCEEDINGS

## OF THE <br> B . <br> EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING,

HELD MAY 20, 1834,
AT THE

WESLEYAN CHAPEL,

## SAINT STEPHEN.

George S. Hill, Esquire, being called to the Chair, the Report was read, by the Rev. Enoch Wood, and then the followìng Resolutions were proposed, and passed unanimously:

Moved by the Rev. S. Busby, seconded by the Rev. Henry Daniel :

1. That the Report of this District be printed and circulated, containing such recent information of the general field of the Wesleyan Missions as can be collected in time for publication.

Moved by the Rev. Richard Williams, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Aspinwall, Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the United States:
II. That this Meeting feel deeply affected in contemplating the awfully degraded and helpless state of the greatest part of the human family; apd trust, ere long, their moral and spiritual condition will be improved by the circulation of the Holy Scriptures, and the preacbing of the everlasting Gospel of the Son of God.

> Moved by the Rev. Mr. Pickles, seconded by the Rey. A. M'Nutt:
> III. That this Meeting desire to be unfeignedlya thankful to the divine Redemer for the rich and glorious provision, so amply made, for man'd restoration to the knowlege and love of God; and also for the great failities at present afforded for fhe dissemination of Gospel truth, and the consequegt happiness of precious and inmortal souls.

## Moved by the Rev. William Smithson, seconded by the Rev. R. Douglass :

IV. That this Meeting would devoutly acknowledge the hand of God in every thing connected with the prosperity of religion ; and the great accessions to the christian Church the past year, inspire them with renewed courage to proceed in the glorious work of reformation; trusting, the time will soon arrive when "He shall have the heathen for his inheritance and the uttermost parts of the earth for his possession."

## Moved by the Rev. S. Joll, seconded by the Rev. Gearge

 Johnson :V. That this Meeting have experienced unbounded pleasure the past year in noticing the prompt and active measures adopted by the British Parliament for the future abotition of Slavery in the West Indies; and trust, that by the continued perseverance and zeal of Christian Missionaries, all these stfforing sons of Ham will speedily be brought to realize the spiritual freedom of the Gospel, and live to the glory of God.
Moved by the Rev. A. Desbrisày, seconded by the Rev. William Murray :
VI. That this Meeting consider it to be their imperative duty and highest interest to aid to the utmost of their ability the blessed cause of Missions ; and being fully aware of the necessity of a divine agency to render all human efforts euccessful, do solemnly engage to be more frequent and earnest at the Throne of Grace for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit, that "the wilderness and solitary place may be glad for them, and the desert rejoice and blossom as the rose."

Moved by the Rev. J. B. Strong, seconded by the Rev. Mr. Busby :

The thathks of this Meeting be given to G. S. Hill, Eequire, for his valuable assistance upon this occasion, and also to the Secretary, Treasurers, Collectors; and other official Members of the Society, for their important services duting the past year, and the following persons be respectfully solicited to fill the offices of the Institution for the year ensuing:-

The Rev. Messrs. Williams and Wood, be joint Secretary and Treasurer.
Committee-all the Wesleyan Missionaries in the District, the Circuit Stewards of the respective Circuits, and the following Gentlemen :

Saint John-Mr. John Gaynor, and Mr. Collins.
Fredericton-Mr. Thomas Pickard, and L. A. Wilmot, Esq. Sheffield-Mr. Charles Good.
Westmorland-H. Trueman, and C. Allison, Esquires.
Annapolis-Dr: Samuel Bayard.
Bridgetown-Mr. Aaron Eaton.
Petitcodiac-LewisTrites, Esquire.
Sussex Vale-Mr. George G. Hayward. Saint Stephen-Mi. John Symonds. Miramichi-Mesers. Morrow and Willard.
Woodstoci-Mr. Charles Perley.

Id by the Rov.

, hand of God in nd the great ac$m$ with renewed n ; trusting, the $r$ his inheritance

Rev. George
easure the past 1 by the British st Indies ; and ristian Missionught to realize $f$ God.
by the Rev.
ive duty and assed cause of vine agency to o be more fre1g of the Holy for them, and

$y$ the Rev.

, for his valu'Treasurers, eir important respectfully ng:acretary and , the Circuit men :
mot, Esq.

1

REPORT, \&c.

Encouragement still presents itself to the friends of Missions, when looking over the widening field of Missionary labour which lies stretched before them. The power of the Gospel prosperously attacks and signally subdues the enemies of Christ, a power which is apart from desolation and cruelty, and which exerts its sway over the empire of the mind, and establishes its peaceable and spiritual dominion over the passions of the heart.

Experience tests the utility of any system, and furnishes an opportunity of rightly estimating the pretensions which are made, and the suitableness of the measures employed, for the accomplishment of the end. There are some measures which etrike by their novelty, but fail to produce the effects hoasted of; cautious and wary observers are not elated by their developement; neither are they cast down by their fallures; but there are others who become warmly espoused to a new theory, yet are lacking of that patience and perseverance required to prove its soundness, or to demonstrate its fallacy. Their mode of calculating upon the usefulness of a piece of machizery, or the justice and suitableness of a political enactment, too frequently carries itself into the region of religious exertion; thero are some who would bend religious institutions to their policy, which is often earthly and sensual ; who, would form their judgment upon immediate results and present appearances, forgetting that in the Christian economy we need faith as wefl as works, and that there may be occasions when the issue does not accord with the expectation, as to the time, therefore we are called upon to have confideace in the divine promise and blessing, as to the future. The sowing time and the reaping time are distant. We judge not of the ralun of a painting from the first rough sketch of the artist; we wait till he has piven it his masterly touches ; and then, when light and shade are scientifically blended together, we form our judgment of its beauty, and the workman's skill. Nor ought we to pronounce the character of a building by seeing the stone and the timber scattered promiscuously around the place dug for its foundalion, but wait till the architect has brought the whole to a conclusion.

And yet, because some of the projectora of Missionary Societies were too sanguine, because some of their agents proved unfaithful, and others bonorably fell at their poste, the victims of the violent passions of the barbarous race they hazarded their lives to save, the design was viewed as visionary, and , when the novelty of the thing ceased, the whole was expected to sink into merited forgetfulness.

How contrary to such a destiny the facts associated with Missionary Institutions, show it to be :-
" When He first the work began,
"Small and teeble was its day:
"Now the word does switaly ran,
"Now it wins its widening way."
The Missions of the Moravians, or United Brethren, commenced at an early period of the eighteenth century, and continued with a self dental and patient perweverance almost unparalleled. Their first Mission took place in the year 1732, to Saint Thomas's in the West Indies, by Leonard Dober, and David Nitschmann, senior, who set out from Horrnhut, by way of Copenhagen, on the 21st of Augnst in that year, and arrived at St. Thomas's, Dec. 12h. Their second Miesion was to Greenland in 1733. The Missionaries who engaged in it were Christian David, and Matthow and Christian Stach. Mission colonies were also established in different countries: the first of these was in the island of St. Croix; the second was attempted in Holstein ; the third was established in Georgia, in North America. This colony arrived in Georgia in 1735.

The enterprising and unconquerable Missionary spirit of the United Brethren, or Moravians, was fully evidenced by the extraordinary fact, that within ten years from their first Mis. sion to Saint Thomas's they had established, or attempted, Missions in Greenland, St, Croix, St. Thomas's and St. Jan's in the West Indies; Surinam; Palestine ; to the North American Indians, in Georgia and South Carolina; Guinea; the Hottentots ; Laplanders and Samoides; Livonia; Ethiopia ; Persia; the Calmucs; Ceylon, and China; besides vigorous endeavours to convey instruction to the Jews and the wandering tribes of Gipsies.

The Baptist Missionary Society was founded in 1792, by some members of the Baptist Churches, who had, for several years, been deeply affected with the state of the perishing Heathen ; among whom were Mr. Gerey, now Dr. Carey, of Leicester; Mr. Pearce, of Dirmingham; and Mr. Fuller, of Kettering. At first, difficulties of so insurmountable a nature presented themselves, to carrying their desire into effect, that they only held regular prayer-meetings to entreat "the Liord of the harvest" to raise up Missionaries; but, after some months
had elapsed explore it, i themselves Mr. Thoma the British India Comp Danish sett been erecte labours of 1 Baptist stati made, and ; lects. The his various

A Missior whose prine tary. Mr. the New T not numerot names of M prove. Thi and sometim Principal or excellent wc Gospel," in Protestant I

The ninet the Church rise to an in among many were therefo object of ev: and the east which the ga the first Pri himself, and Sotiety havi have, on mt ministerial al

The first $I$ mation of th and to the $\mathbf{C}$ the origin of lieve, will at subseribers The Loya being proseri Scotia, and at the head

## 7

ionary Sociagents proved s, the victims hoy hazarded isionary, and was expected
ociated with
thren, cemry, and con: almost unyear 1732, Dober, and Lorrnhut, by it year, and and Mission bo engaged atian Stach. r countries: the second ed in GeorGeorgia in
spirit of the seed by the $r$ first Mis. attempted, d St, Jan's jorth Amelinea; the Ethiopia; s vigorous de wander-

1 1792, by for several perishing Carey, of Fuller, of o a nature ffect, that 'the Liord ne months
had elapsed, Mr. Carey offered "to go doww into the mine to explore it, if they would hold the rope." This they pledged themselves to do ; and in 1793, Mr. Carey, accompanied by Mr. Thomas, landed in India. Being denied a residence in the British dominions, from tot being sanctioned by the East India Company, they established the Mission at Serampore, a Dasish settlement near Calcutta, where a Baptist College has been erected, under, the direction of the Missionaries. By the labours of the Missionaries of Serampore, and those of other Baptist stations, many versions of the Scriptures have been made, and published in a considerable number of oriental dialects. The venerablo Dr. Carey still survives, and cominues. his various literary and pastoral labours.

A Missionary Society was also formed at Edinkurgh in 1796, whose principal and most successful efforts havelbeen in Tartary. Mr. Brunton, one of its early Missionaries, translated the New Testament into Turkisb. Its Missionaries, though not numerous, are considered learned and respectable, as the names of Mitchel, Glen, Dickson, Fraser, \&c. will decidedly prove. This association is sometimes called the Edinburgh, and sometimes the Saottish Missionary Society. The present Principal or President is Dr. Willamn Brown, the author of an excellent work, entitled, "History of the Propagation of the Gospel," in 2 vols. 8vo., intended to give a general view of Protestant Missions.

The nineteenth century was ushered in by, the formation of the Church Missionary Society. This Institution owed its rise to an increasing concern for the salvation of the Heathen among many of the members of the Established Church, who were therefore desirous of instituting a Society, with the exclusive object of evangelizing the heathen, especialiy those of Africa and the east. In the year 1801 such a Society was formed, of which the gallant Admiral Gambier, who is recently dead, was the first President : an office which he filled with honor to himself, and advantage to the Society. The Missions of this Society have been widely extended, and their Missionaries have, on many occasions, distinguished themselves by their ministerial and literary labours.

The first Missions of the Wesleyan Methodists atter the formation of their Societies in England were to the West Indies and to the Colonies of Britiah Americay. Adrjef account of the origin of these, the Committee of this Branch Sopiely believe, will at this time, be read with interest by the nomerous subscribers to the Parent Institution :-
The Loyalists, who bad borne arms in the American war, being proscribed by the United States, took refuge in Nova Scotia, and other parts of British America, and received lands at the head of the coves on the coasts. Among these were

## 8

many families desirous of an enlightened Gospal ministry. Daring Dr. Coke's vibit to America in 1785, he was introduced to several of those who were about to emigrate to Nova Scotia, and he then made a public collection for them at Baltimore : the American friends contributed $£ 50$ currency, or about $£ 30$ sterling, besides $£ 60$ currency for Missionary purposes. On the Doctor's return to England, in September, he warmly interested himself in making collections, and preparations for a Mission ta Halifax, in Nova Scotia, and other places, to meet the wishes of these loyal Refugees. After the Conference of 1786 he sniled from Gravesend, in company with Messra. Hammet and Clarke, designed for Halffax, and Mry Warrener, who was appointed by Mr. Wesley to Antigua. If was their intention firat to take Messre. Hammet and Clarker to their station, and afterwards for the Doctor to proceed to the Baltimore Conference, and Mr. Warrener to Antigua; but adverse winds drove the vessel to Antigua, where the whole pairty landed, and were most cordially received by Mr. Baxter, and other frients. The circumstances of this commencement of the Methodist Missions in the West Indies are thus detailed by Mr. Warrener, the first Missionary appointed to those islands, in a speech delivered by him, at Leeds, in 1812. "Nearly fifty years ago, Nathaniel Gilbert, Esquire, Speaker of the House of Assembly, in Antigua, and the possessor of two sugar phantations, came to England, and attended the ministry of our yenerable founder, the Rev. John Wesley. The first time of hearing fim preach was, I think, on Kennington Common, when the word came with power, and was made the vatyor of life to him. No sooner was Mr. Gilbert made happy in the Lord, than he began to feel most tenderly for the unhappy state of his poor negroes in the Weat Indies. On his return to Antigun, he relinquished his situation as Speaker in the House of Assembly, and immediately fitted up a large room, bibove the place where his plantation-stores were lept : he placed a pulpit in it, and seats for the negroes. Many slaves came by stealth, and some more openly, from estates in the vicinity, for the purpose of hearing the Gospel, and the word of the Lord delivered by Mr. Gilbert, was blessed to great numbers. His brother, Mr. Francis Giibert was soon made parfaker of the grice of God. Ho too began to preach; and was a workman that ieedeth not to be ashamed. The two brothers rented a house in Saint John's, and there freely and faithfully publistied the glad tidings of salvation to blacks, mulattoes, and whites. The Lord owned his servants, and blessed their labourf. Nathaniel was, in a hittle time, taken to his reward. ${ }^{-}$Francia then became a atated Preacher in the island, He Was not, howdere, long permitied to exercise his talents in the "milisistry, fifter the deaih of his brother, for the Lord soen removed him also to glory."

After West Antigu "In th the Lot wanted year, 1 Baxier the Me proceec Mission were it were al me that on our States for the of Sept for ten ing ove on boar our ves to make us ; bu we seet rapidly
of $A$ ntig
Cbriston
The 1 dates 0 now oce Connex ence.

I
Antigua,
Saint ViI
Barbado
Dominic
Tortola,
Jamaica,
Bermuda
Bahama
Saint Do
Saint Eu
Nevis,
Grenada,
Saint Ba
Saint Ch
Anguilla,
Saint Ma

After this notice of the introduction of Methadism into the West Indies, Mr. Warrener relates his own appointment to Antigua, and the first visit of Dr. Coke, in the following termis: "In the year 1785, I told Mr. Wesley that I was at his and the Lord's disposal, to go to America, or wherever I might be wanted. At the Conference held in Bristol, the following year, I was appointed to go to Antigua, as an assistant to Mr, Baxter. My oppointment was the first that had been made by the Methodist Conference to the West Iadies. Dr. Coke was proceeding at that time to Halifax, in Nova Scotia, and two Missionaries, Messrs. Hammet and Clarke, with him, who were intended for Newfoundland. The ship in which they were about to sail being ready for sea, the Dactor proposed to me that I should accompany them in it. It was his intention, on our arrival at Halitax, to take a vessel for the more southera States of America; and it was mine to embark in another for the West Indies. We sailed from Gravesend on the 24th of Septembér, ind, in pürsuing our voyage, we encountered, for ten weeks, the most dreadful storms, All reluctance being overcome by the peril in which we then were, every one on board rejoiced, when instead of persisting in our course, our vessel bore away for the West Indies. While we strove to make Halifax, the elements seemed to be in league against us; but no sooner had we put about for the West Indies, than we seemed to 'ride on the wings of the wind:' we were borne rapidly along our new line of voyage, and soon made the island of Antigua, where we all joytully landed on the morning of Christmas-day."

The following are, as nearly us can be ascertained, the dates of the first Missionary appointments, to the stations now occupied by the Missionaries of the Wesleyan-Methodist Connexion, acting under the direction of the British Conference.

## dates of the commencement or the misions.

| West Indies. |  | Tobago, | 1818 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Antigua, | 1787 | Montserrat, | 1820 |
| Saint Vincent's, | 1787 | Trinidad, | 1809 |
| Barbadoes, | 1787 | Demerara, (coast of G |  |
| Dominica, | 1788 | South America,) | 1814 |
| Tortola, | 1789 | British Domini |  |
| Jamaica, | 1789 | America. |  |
| Bermuda, | 1799 | Nova Scotia, | 1786 |
| Bahama Isles, Saint Domingo, or Hayti, | 1801 | New Brunswick, | 1786 |
| Saint Domingo, or Hayti, Saint Eustatius, | 1817 | Newfoundland, | 1786 |
| Nevis, | 1789 | The Canadas, | 1814 |
| Grenada, | 1793 | Honduras-Beliz | 1825 |
| Saint Bartholomew's, | 1797 | Iustralasi |  |
| Saint Christopher'g, | 1787 | New South Wales, | 1815 |
| Anguilla, | 1828 | New Zealand, | 1822 |
| Saint Martin's, | 1819 | Van Dieman'e Land, | 1890 |


| Polynesia. <br> Tongataboo and others of the Friendly Isiands, | 1822 | Bangalure, Negapatan, Mediterranean J | $\begin{aligned} & 1821 \\ & 1822 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Africa. |  | Gibraltar, . | 1804 |
| Southern Africa, | 1816 | Malta, | 1824 |
| Western Africa,-SierraLeone, | 1811 | Alexandria, Zante, | $1825$ |
| India. |  | Europe. |  |
| Ceylon, | 1813 | France, | 1816 |
| Madras, | 1817 | Sweden-Stockholm, | 1826 |
| Calcutta, | 1829 | Germany-Weinenden, | 1331 |

Having given this condensed view of modern Missions, your Committee will proceed to make such selections of intelligence as may excite our gratitude, and promote our zeal in this good cause.

## SOUTH SEA MISSIONS

What are generally called the Friendly Islands, including notonly the Tonga groupe, with Eua, or Middlebrug, but also the Hapae or Haabai groupe, Haafulahao, or the Vavaugroupe, and Niua, or the Kebel's Islands; about two hundred islands in the whole, many of which are very small, and without inhabitants ; but others of them are thickly peopled. Till very lately, the inhabitants were living in the grossest idolatry ; but the "Sun of righteousness has arisen with healing under his winge," and many of the benighted natives of these islands "have seen a great light." "They now give glory unto the Lord, and declare his praise in the islands." For these things every friend of humanity will magnify the name of the Lord, "who only doeth wondrous things."

The friends of Missions will rejoice, that from eight to ten thousand persons have renounced idelatry and embraced Christianity in the last six years, at these islands. But many of these islanders are in a very dark and pitiable state at present. This must be the case except we had more help. We rejoice, however; for what the Lord hath done, and trust he will send more labourers into his vineyard. There are from six to eight thousand persons at this island (viz. Tonga) who are yet living in the grossest idolatry. The Tonga people have gods many, such as birds, fishes, reptiles, horses, canoes, clubs; whales' teeth, mats, plants, spirits of departed Chiefs, infernal spirits, \&c. To these they apply in their distress, and offier pigg, yams, cloth, canoes, and property of various kinds. They pray, cry, and cut themselves, cut off the fingers of their children and fripnds, and sometimes strangle their friends, to appease their gods. Let then the friends of Missions help! There remains much ground to be possessed. A Mission of greater promise, or, we may add, of more extraordinary success, both as to the rapidity and the extent of its progress,

## 11

1821
1829
does not, we believe, exist on the face of the earth. We give the following Extracts respecting it from the Journals of Mr. Watkin. Our friends will notice with peculiar thankfulness the details which occur respecting the character, talents, and labours of the Native Preachers and Helpers, as well as the statement that, in six months the number of Members has increased from five hundred to nearly fifteen hundred. "What bath God wrought!"

## Extract from the Journal of Mr. Watkin, dated Lifuka, Haabai Groupe, 1832.

APRIL 29th, 1832.-Yesterday morning I endeavoured to discourse from our Lord's last words, (Mark xvi. 15, 16, stating the nature of baptism, and the obligation of such as receive it to keep the commandments ; after which about one hundred adult females were baptized, making the number of the baptized adults in this place five hundred and thirty. May they walk worthy of the Christian name ! I believe that all strive to do this, and that many attain unto it. I have been much pleased to day, in meeting one of Bita (Peter's) classes, he having accompanied the Chief to Vavou; the earnestness and simphicity of many of them is specially gratifying.

April 30.-We have just experienced the trembling sensations mispired by an earthquake, of which we have had two distinct shocks, which lasted about a minute. Our house vibrated very sensibly, and I was afraid the rude structure would fall; but after rocking like a cradle for several seconds, it became once more quiescent, and we finished our dinner under its roof of thatch. Immediately after the first shock, I heard the commencement of the usual cry; but it was forthwith checked, perhaps, by the people's recollection that they had cast away the fahles they once believed, or by some one who believes that "the Lord reigneth," and that all things are under his controul. You are probably aware that it was their practice to raise
a general cry upon the occurrence of an earthquake, to rouse the sleepy attention o! Mane, the god to whom the drudgery of Atlas is (or was) assigned in this part of the world. Upon the occurrence of earthquakes, they imagined ho was nodding ; and to prevent their being precipitated into the sea, they raised a cry, strong enough to rend the welkin; at the same time belabouring the earth with blows which nothing but an inanimate object could. bear. Most of them now know better; and many of them put their trust in Him, "who holds the world and all things up."

May 5. -The week past has been of a similar character with many preceding weeks, with the agreeable exception of one day, spent in visiting a neighbouring island, for the purpose of publicly admitting into the chureh of Christ more than fifty individuals, who had complied with the conditions we insist on in order to admission. It was the first incident of the kind in the island, and excited great interest. About thirty couples were married, after which brother Thomas delivered his sermon. I then proposed the questions to the candidates for baptism, and it was highly pleasing. to see and hear them. Many of them had grown old before they heard the name of "Christ the Lord;" and to me their appearance was highly interesting. Time had furrowed their faces, and blanched their heads ; and, bending with age, they stood in the
presence of" the "great congregation," and, with tremulous voices, prolessed their belief in God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, one Jehovah. 'This endeद, we administered the "outward and visible sign," after which many of their children were given to God in baptism. May they be "a seed to serve him!" Amen.

12th. We have lost a member ol our English class this week by death, and have good tiope of him. His name was William Singleton; he was one of the number who was spared when the Port-au-Prince was cut off at this place, and had lived more than twenty-six years among these islands, and for the far gieater number of those years as the natives themselves; but had for some time paid attention to the things which made for his peace, and has, I believe, died in the faith of the Gospel. We visited and prayed with him frequently, and he manifested great earnestness, though the subject of distressing pain. I asked the natives who were with him when he died, what were his last words, and was informed that they were these,("Okuo u tuъ man kia Jisu Kalaisi. I believe firmly in Christ.") During the week I havebeen emploved in' translating the book of Daniel.

June 1st.-A week of considerable excitement and application is now closing its account with-me, until the great day. In conjunction with my colleague, I have been attempting to dispread Christ's gracious kingdom in this group of islands. We have sent Stephen to Foa, a neighbouring island, to superintend the schools and lead the classes ; he is, as far as we can judge, an excellent man. Having been disappointed in our efforts to procure one of excellent! promise for a more remote island; we have been obliged to remove a young man, named Encch, from an island in which he hat been
labouring for some time; and he will proceed in a few days to Nomuka, an island possessing a population of about three hundred souls, and capable of supporting as many thoosands; but the horrid war that raged some twentyfive years ago almost depopulated the entire group, comprehended under the denomination, "Friendly Istands." Many of them are without a single inhabitant. Christianity will rectify this evil also ; and we are anxious to diffuse it. Our Chief still deserves the title, "Champion of the Faith," in these realms. He yesterday assembled the Teachers, in consequence of our having had some difficulty in procuring suitable Teachers for two places, exhorted them against supineness, and told them that the conduct of some of them was like allowing their wisdom to sleep. Some stood reproved, and the zealous had their zeal fresh fired. With the young man who succeeds Enoch, I was much pleased. In conversing with me, he said, "Jt is true, I possess a house and a large field, but I will leave them immediately, if I can do the work of the Lord." His name is Abraham.

30th.-On the twenty-seventh instant, I réad and remarked upon 1 Tim. i. 18, and had considerable liberty. On the evening of Thursday, I visited one of those outcasty of men, a leper, and was much aflected by his appearance. He, of necessity, lives alone; none daring to go very near him. He earnestly desired to meet in class, but this could not be permitted; the natives shudder at the idea of the infection. One of our Class Leaders, (Moses by name,) a very zealous young man, visits and instructs him occasionally, though self-preservation compels him in to sit at a distance. He desires to be haptized ; and does know something of Jesus, who cleansed the leper by his word. May his soul be cleansed from "the foul inbred leprosy of sin !"

24th.
ty this from th and La congres to enla new 8 c preachi seconde on this depends number other is schools ship. couragi knowles ble. Ir

In th ers, anc

Is it teken $p$ of thro inacces servers number secondi tributor the Cbr Ladies wherev contrib। Fund, thought tional:
One TI
surers I
wards
number
The
in the 1
subordi
care of
commui
This n ebildret of all co as hear

## 13

; and he 78 to No ing a pohundred pporting the hor-twentyopulated ehended 'Friendhem are abitant. this evil sto difrves the Faith," sterday conse1 some uitable :horted nd told some their stood $s$ had th the inoch, nversitrue, field, ately, ord,'"
venth upon rable harscasty nuch He , none He lass, led; of llass ery and ugh

24th. - I had considerable liherty this afternoon in discoursing from the narrative of the rich maan and Lazarus, to a deeply-attentive congregation. I am attempting to enlarge our borders by opening new schools, and new places for preaching; and am zealously seconded by the Local Preachers on this station, ten in number, independertly of about the same number who are resident at other islands, where they conduct schools, classes, and public wor. ship. 'I heir zeal is truly encouraging, and their talents and knowledge are far from despicable. In visiting the new places,
some will have to voyage from thirty to fifty miles direct ; and I have no doubt but that their visita and instructions will be highly beneficial.
30in.-Yesterday I preached thrice, as usual, and I think I may report progress, as it respects my knowledge of, and facility in, the vernacular torgue ; and I may certainly state that our converis are increasing. At the commencement of this year we numbeted five hundred meeting in class ; at the end of six months we numbered nearly fitteen hundred. To God, whose marvellous work it is, be the praise ascribed!

In the Friendly Isles there are four hundred native School Teachers, and about one hundred native Exhorters or Catechists.

## WEST INDIAN MISSIONS.

In this part of the work, the favourable change which bas teken place in the condition of the Slaves has been the occasion of throwing open many donrs of usefulness which before were inaccessible. The Society at home were not inattentive observers of this ; but made a "special effor"" to increase the number of its Missionaries ; in this they were most cordially seconded by the British public. Amongst the nämes of contributors to this designare found some of the highest rank in the Church, the Bar, and the Senate. The liberality of the Ladies in Manchester, (England,) is worthy of being known wherever a Methodist Mission is founded. Manchester had contributed Six or Seven Hundred Pounds for this special Fund, raised by the Society for the West Indies ; but the ladies thought that in such a a ase they ought to do something additional : they therefore projected a Bazaar; by which they raised One Thousand Pounds sterling, and presented it to the Treasurers at the last Annual Meeting held in London. In all, upwards of Seven Thousand Pounds were raised to increase the number of Missıonaries in the West India Colonies.
The Society has now Seventy-one accredited Missionaries in the West Indies alone, not including catechists and other subordinate agents, and is already responsible for the spiritual care of nearly Thirty-two thousand persons, members of our community, of whom nearly Twenty-three thousand were slaves. This number is exclusive, it should be remembered, of the children of our people, and of a very large number of persons, of all colours, who attend the public minisiry of the Missionariea as hearers, but are not recognised as regular members.

A testimony of no inconsiderable value has been given to the excellency of Missionary labours amongst the slaves, by the Legislature's voluntary offer of immediate emancipation of all the slaves in the island of Antigua : an offer which has been accepted by His Majesty's Government ; so that Slavery on that beautifu! and fertile spot is now only a matter of history. It can no longer be denied but the moral power which has so long been exerted over the negro population there, has prepared them to reccive this great gift; not that it is to be supposed, instances could not be found yet of the darkest ignorance and the most debased morals : but the influence of religious instruction is so generally diffused and sanctioned, that while legislators and political economists were doubting and disputing the practicability of emancipation at some far distant day, the slave-holders here have such confidence in the cbaracter of their people that they offer to snap the chains themselves. The clergy of the Established Church, the Moravians, and the Wesleyan Missionaries have been the only labourers in this island; and well are they rewarded for their patient and honourable toil. These shores were the first to receive the venerable Dr. Coke, the founder of our Missions; as Mr. Wesley, under God, was the founder of our Societies; and on the battlements of Antigua the signal might first have been seen proudly waving in the breeze, "The Sons of Africa are free!"

## SOUTHERN AFRICA.

At Cape Town, and in the places adjacent, the Missionaries are diligently endeavouring to extend the cause of Christ, and the divine blessing is seen to rest upon their labours. Turning to Albany, it is delightful to witness the exemplary and Christian chayacter maintained by the settlers who emigrated thither from this country.

Graham's Town, the capital, now contains upwards of 4000 inhabitants. Several places of worship have been erected, (two of the largest of which belong to the Wesleyan Society,) the ordinances of religion are regularly attended, and the Sabbath is generally observed. The prejudice of caste, which pravailed among the old Dutch settlers, has no existence ; the watchful care of the Missionaries having wholly prevented its introduction into the Societies and congregations ; and in the chapels there, persons of different colours and nations are seen united together, as one brotherhood, in which no invidious distinction, founded on the colour of the skin, has any influence.

Among the Caffre tribes the cause of Christianity is steadily advancing. Every year the number of true converts increases ; but it is not by this circumstance alone, however gratifying, that the magnitude of the work in Caffraria is to be estimated.

The 1 intere perstil their 1 peace are nc to affo be the the pr frariar the $\mathrm{N}_{1}$ sented ver, $h$ have! quisiti and $F$ engag Caffre aries 1 of the are al

All
accom
of No
cstabli
by the may b progre civiliz

In S bers.

The Ajrica the pu of then

In ${ }^{5}$
safed 1 about forty-tl to God and mt appear dred al good;
learnin
given to ives, by icipation bich has Slavery history. 1 has so repared pposed, nce and ious inat while disputint day, aracter iselves. and the in this and hove the Tesley, battleroudly

## 15

The light of divine truth is gradually extending through that interesting country ; and under its gracious influence, the superstitions of the Natives are fading away from their minds, their cruel and ferocious propensities are greatly subdued, and peace and social union are promoted. Thousands of the Caffres are now so far brought under the influence of the Gospel, as to afford good ground of hope that they will shortly prove it to be the power of God unto their own personal salvation. Among the promising indications of great usefulness which the Caffrarian Missionexhibits, is the translation of the Scriptures into the Native tongue. For a long time, the Caffre language presented difficulties which appeared insuperable. These, however, have been surmounted; and Messrs. Shaw and Boyce have prepared a grammar which will greatly facilitate the acquisition of the language by future Missionaries. The British and Foreign Bible Socrety has, with its accustomed liberality, engaged to meet the expense of printing 1000 copies of the Caffre New Testament, in the translation of which the Missionaries of this Society have taken a part. Translations of many of the Books of the Old Testament, into the same language, are also ready for the press.

A letter has recently been received from Mr. Shepstone, accompanied by a copy of "The Graham's Town Journal," of Nov. 14, 1833, which communicates the fact of the legal cstablishment of the Christian Sabbath in their extensive tribe, by the Caffre chiefs, Pato, Kama, Jand Kongo. This measure may be regarded, not merely as a delightful indication of actual progress, but as a pledge of future advancea in religion and civilization.

In Soulhern Africa we have 16 Missionaries and 910 members.

## WESTERN AFRICA.

The stations occupied by the Society on the coast of Western Africa have lost no portion of their interest or importance since the publication of the last Report. On the contrary, every one of them presents the aspect of growing stability and usefuiness.

In Sierra Leone great spiritual prosperity has been vouchsafed during the past year. The Society has increased from about four hundred to four hundred and seventy-one, besides forty-three yet on trial. Various instances of sound conversion to God are stated, among the liberated Africans and others ; and many more have been awakened from the sleep of sin, and appear to be earnestly seeking salvation. There are two hundred and sixteen children in the schools, whose attendance is good; and who generally display considerable quickness in: learning, and are making a satisfactory improvement.

## 16

The station at Macarlhy's Island has been finally selected, according to the intention stated in the Report of last year, as the centre and head-quarters of the new Mission to the Foulahs, to many of whose towns and villages on each bank of the river, it affords great facilities of access, for the purpose of preaching the Gospel to that interesting race, and of establishing Schools.

Four Missionaries, three Assistant Missionaries, and four salaried School Teachers.

## MISSIONS IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

In British North America, the Society occupies fifty-nine stations. Or these thirteen are in Upper and Lower Canada. In Upper Canada the Society has also recently taken some interesting Missions amongst the Native Indians under its care and management. Mr. Stinson; the Superintendent sent out from England to assume the oversight of these infant churches, has visited each station, and has transmitted to the Committeo a very oncouraging report of their state. No less than twelve hundred of the Native Indians are united in ctrorch fellowship; and, by their holy and consistent conduct, as well as by their prograss in the arts and enjoyments of settled and civilized life, they strikingly manifest the great change which has been wrought in them by the instrumentality of the Gospel. Two thousand of their children are under a course of educational and seriptural instruction. In consequerce of the numerous openinge for useful exertion in Upper Canada, Six English Missionaries are about to proceed thither. How delightful to see these poor people who a few years ago were sinking under the influence of every vice which degrades human nature into a premature grave, raised by the power of the Gospel to the dignity of men and christians. Of them it may be truly said, what the eloquent $W$ atson said with reference to the negroes of the West India Colonies, "Your Missionaries have dived into that mine from which we were often told no valuable ore or precious asone could be extracted, and they have brought up the gem of an immortal spinit, flashing with the light of intellect and glowing with the hues of christian graces."

Our English Missions in Lower Canada, in Nova Scotia, in Prince Edwards's Island, in the island of Cape Breton, in New Brunswick, and in Newfoundland, are accomplishing the benevolent purposes of the Society, and maintaining their useful sharacter among the widely scattered pinpulation of those extensive sountries. Every succeeding year increases the number of those who quit their native shores to settle in some of those regions; and thus adds to the necessity, and therefore to the obligation also, of providing more extensively the appeinted. means of grace and salvation.

By th in comn rica, w that the children

In In Seriptur SchoolAssistar 16, and

Appli Mission dia; an 300 l . fr friends, ject is u .

In Stockh
In Contin
In New S
Frien
In Africa
In the $W_{1}$
In British
Total $n$
siol
Last ye
Increast
Income of

## 17

elected year, as Toulahs, e river, aching ichools.
d four
1.
$y$-nine anada. some scare nt out rches, mittes twelve ship ; their ilized been Tivo ional arous glish ul to inder into the said, roes ived ore
$t$ up stel.

By the last returns it appears that the number of members in communion at the Society's stations in British North America, was eight thousand one hundred and sevenly eight ; and that there were in the schools nearly six thousand five hundred children.

In Ireland the Society has 23 Missionaries, 1 Assistant, 3 Scripture Readers, (io be increased to 10,) and 27 salaried School-Masters. Sweden, 1. Germany, 1. France, 6, and 3 Assistants. Mediterranean, 5. Continental India and Ceylon, 16, and 13 Native Assistants.

Application has lately been made for the appointment of a Missionary to Secunderabad, in the Hydrabad country, in India; and powerfully recommended by the generous offer of 300l. from some Christian ladies in this country, and their friends, for the purpose of making a commencement. Thesubject is under consideration.

## MEMBERS IN THE FOREIGN MISSIONS,

 Reported at the Conference, in 1833.In Stockholm, Germany, France, Gibraltar, and Malta, . . . 614
In Continental India and Ceylon, . . . . . . . . . . . 810
In New South Wales, Van Dieman's Land, New Zealand, and the
Friendly Isles,
In Africa, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1445
In the West Indies, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 31937
In British North-Amerıca, . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8178
Total number of Members under the care of our Foreign Mis-
sionaries this year, . . . . . . . . . . . . . 45786
Last year, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 43849
Increase of Members on the Missionary Stations, . . . . 1937
Income of the Society for the year, ending April, 1834, is $£ 54,767$ 9s. $7 d$.

Since the formation of New Brunswick into an independent District, and the introduction of Branch Missionary Societies into our circuits, the Committeo have viewed with gratitude the increasing interest which our friends have shown to the Missionary cause. The following are the sums contributed during the past year :-


Many are the claims which are made upon their generosity, but it seems never to be forgotten by them that this is a work which cannot be set aside by the calls of other charities; the Committee would acknowledge their gratitude for two liberal donations, of twenty pounds each, from one of their constant friends in the Westmorland circuit, for the last two years : such a spontaneous testimony of good will is as valuable for the expression of confidence which it conveys in the Society's operations, as for the increase which it gives to the funds of the Parent Stock. Nor would they omit noticing the very efficient aid which has been given to tho Institution by several Female Collectors, particularly in the St. John, the Fredericton, and the Annapolis circuits. An exampleso commendable they would recommend to the attention of all who are interested in the success of Missions : many might be found throughout our extended work in this District, who would stoop to "the drudgery of begging," and thereby greatly enlarge the income of this Branch Society.

They would close their observations with the impressive Appeal made by the Committee of the Parent Society, respecting its necessities and claims.

1. It needs, and it claims, in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, and of the myriads of immortal men to whom its agents minister, or by whom its help is solicited, an increased supply of competent and faithful labourers. It needs especially a larger number of such Missionaries as the Great Head of the church has been pleased to qualify for certain stations of peculiar difficulty, responsibility, and trust, -men of some considerable standing and experience, men of general knowledge and matured judgment, as well as of undoubted piety and zeal, -in whose hands might be properly and satisfactorily confided the superintendence of some important foreign districts, which
laudly dence seriot senior abled
2. 1 needs, PURT, forcen the in wishfu worshi contail besieg kindre
have b tressed and as are th hands; by the to com at somt pearst ready from of claims, it is noi do they experie as in th "filled position the past very mu that thit other si and in x holy ent a period good an but cher ples of C treasury ment of pelled ts of being Satisfied Lord an
ependent Societies gratitude n to the ntributed
$\begin{array}{lll}15 & 19 & 51\end{array}$
$1814 \quad 0$
1150

076

111 1
erosity, a work es; the , liberal onstant 3: such the ex's opeof the ficient Female and the would in the yur exidgery f this
essive , res-

## Jesus

 igents upply ally a of the f pe-:onsiledge zeal, fided thichloudly call, at this juncture, for special care, activity, and prudence, and which, humanly speaking, must languish, and suffer serious loss, if the call be not answered. Many of the Society's senior Missionaries have either been removed by death, or disabled by debility and confirmed ill health.
2. Our Society, under its present circumstances, greatly needs, and respectfully claims, an increase of pecuniary bupport, Almost every existing Mission needs immediate reinforcement and enlargement. From new and promising stations, the importunities of men weary of "vanity and lies," and wishful to become acquainted with the God whom Christians: worship, and with the Gospel in which we profess to believe as containing the only truc religion in the world, are continually besieging the directors of our own Society, as well as of other kindred insttutions. Some most affecting instances of this kind have been already mentioned. Your Committee are truly distressed, by their inability to meet such applications as promptly and as extensively as they should be met. Many and hallowed are the pleasures connected with the trust placed in their hands; but those pleasures are grievously tax ed and diminished by the painful necessity of refusing, at almost every meeting, to comply with some call of suffering humanity, or to enter in at some door of usefulness which Divine Providence itself appears to have signally and manifestly opened. Often are they ${ }^{5}$ ready to adopt the sentiment which lately occurred in a letter from one of their Missionaries; who, on a like occasion, exclaims, " If ever I desired the mammon of unrighteousness, it is now, that I might send teachers to the lost." Most highly do they appreciate that liberality which they have so amply experienced in many forme: years, and never so extensively as in the year to which their present Report refers. They are "filled with comfort" and with gratitude. It is not from any disposition, which would indeed ill become them, to complain of the past, that they venture on these remarks. But there is yet very much land to be possessed; and they cannot but be anxious that this Society should co-operate still more extensively with other similar institutions, whose labours they sincerely honour, and in whose success they unfeignedly rejoice, in that great and holy enterprise, the conversion of the World. Never was thera a period when the talent of wealth might be improved to a good and high a purpose as at present; or when the smaller, but cheerful and regular contribution of the less affluent disciples of Christ, if unitedly and perseveringly cast into the Lord's treasury, were more sure to be instrumental in the accomplishment of the best results. The Committee, therefore, are compelled to reiterate the cry, "Give, give !" though at the risk of being numbered among those " that are never satisfied."Satisfied, indeed, the church should never be, till its adorable Lord and Saviour shall himself be "satisfied in seeing of the
travail of his soul ;" till he shall reap the full reward of his mediatorial toils and sorrows, and wear, at length, "the crown of all the earth."
3. Finally, this Sociaty needs, and should earnestly implore, in the ever blessed name of Him whom the Father always heareth, a richer and more effectual outpouring of the Holy Seirit, without whom " nothing is wise, nothing strong." This your Committee more than ever feel to be the great desideratum, for themselves, for their Missionaries, for their various foreign stations, and for their friends and auxiliaries at home. Without this, nothing can succeed; this once secured, nothing essential to prosperity will long be wanting. They therefore humbly remolve that, in all their future plans and labours, they will "give themselven" afresh "unto prayer."

Coller

Ball, Ge Baldwin Barlow, Bradley Camly, Deveber Duff, Pe Faulk, ( Friend, Fisher, Hammo Harris, Hasting Henut, Hubbard Johnson Kirk, Jo M'Kee, M'Kenz Moyes, J Majorib: Perley, I Ray, Ro Ray, G.
Sandall,
Sinnott, Summer: Whitesid Whitesid Whitesid

Collect Bradley,

## SAINT JOHN.



Collected by Filbert T. Ray.

Collected by Gilbert Jordan.
Bradley, John

100

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS, \&c.

## SE BSCRIPTIONS.



Collected by Richard Dysart.
Crother, William $0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Dysart, Richard $010 \quad 0$
Friend, A
Friend, $\mathbf{A}$
Knott, Thomas
Salter, George $\quad 0 \quad 5$
Small Sums

Bayard, Robert M. D.
Busby, Rev. Sampson Bustin, Samuel 0
Duncan, John $010 \quad 0$
Gaynor, John $\quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Hennigar, Henry 184
Robertson, Wm. M. A. 0100
Small Sums
014 91
£6 181
Collecled by W. Smithson.

| Cater, Miss | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Harrison, Mrs. | $0 \quad 50$ |
| Smithson, Rev. W . | 100 |
| Wood, Miss | $0 \quad 50$ |
|  | £115 |
| Collected by Mr. | Olive. |
| Olive, Isaac | 10 |
| Salter, Mr. | 100 |
| Friends in Carleton | 150 |
|  | £3 5 |

Col. by Miss Barlow, 4150 " Miss M'Kee, 410
" Miss S. Jordan, $3 \quad 74$
" Miss Fought, 813 3
" Miss Lombart, 115 2
£17 119
public collections:
City Chapel,
£14 1
Portland do.
$9 \quad 0 \quad 5$
Carleton do.
$418 \quad 0$
£27 1910
£100 00
Total amount,

Collected by S. Busby. 050

## FREDERICTON.

Collected by Mrs. M'Beath.
Baldwin, Mrs. £0 50
Barker, Mrs. T. $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Chestnut, Mrs. $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Cameron, Mrs, W, $0 \begin{array}{llll} & 5 & 0\end{array}$

Cameron, Mrs. N. $\begin{array}{llll}50 & 5 & 0\end{array}$
Dunn, Mrs. R. $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$ Fulton, Mr. Robert $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$ Fairbourn, Mrs. $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$ Gaynor, Mrs. $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$

Grant, Johnso Kenned Leslie, M'Phe Shore, Slason, Sphann Stewar 'Turner Taylor, Tavior, Small :

Coll Annet. Coburn
Coburn
Coburn
Coburn
Lawren
Pickard
Pickard
Piekard
Pickard
Pickard,
Pickard,
Pickard,
Pickard,
Paliner,
Palmer,
Smith, ]
Smith, 1
Tibbett
Thomps
Sums ui

## Co

Armour
Barret,
B-, $I$
Brannen
Borden,
Barrett,
Bowden
Cash
Eagles,
Fisher, 1
Fradehat
Friend,
Friend,

SUBSCRIPTIONS.


犬61812
nitleson.
$0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
050
100
$\begin{array}{lll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$
£1 150
Olive.
100
100
150
£3 $5 \quad 0$
415
410
$\begin{array}{rrr}3 & 7 & 4 \\ 3 & 19 & 3\end{array}$
115 2
87119

NS
415
$9 \quad 0$
$418 \quad 0$
271910
10000


Grant, Margaret
Johnson, Mrs.
Kennedy, Miss
Leslie, Mrs.
M'Pherson, Miss
Shore, Hon. Mrs.
Slason, Mrs.
Sphann, Mrs.
Stewart, Mrs.
'Turner, Mrs.
Taylor, Mr. John Taylor, Mrs. J.
Small Sums

| $£$ | $s$. | $d$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 0 | 7 | 6 |

£5 126

|  | $£$ | $s$. | $d$. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hale, James | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Hale, Mary Ann | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Hale, John F. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Hamilton, Mrs. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Missions, A Friend to | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Miller, Esther | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Robertson, James D. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Robertson, Mrs. M. J. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Simpson, John | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Wood, Rev. E. | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Wood, Mrs. C. M. | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Wood, M. B. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Wood, E. M. B. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Wood, C. M. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Woods, Richard L. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Sums under 5s. | 1 | 0 | 3 |

£11 137
Collected by Miss Nixon.
Beveridge, Mr. Benj. $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$
Babbitt, Mr. Samuei $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 5\end{array}$
Beek, Mr. Joseph $0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Beck with, Mi. F. E. 0050
Brannen, Mr. Matthew 050
Chestnut, Mr. Robert $1 \quad 3 \quad 4$
Colter, Mr. Michael 050
Hamill, Miss Margaret 0
Lincoln, Mr. Charles $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$
M'Pherson, Mr. D. 050
Martin, Mr. Francis $0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Nixon, Miss Elizabeth $0 \quad 50$
Woolhaupter, Mr. B. $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$
White, Mr. George 0
$\boldsymbol{£ 4} 8 \quad 4$
Collected by Miss Gill.

| Gill, Mr. Thomas | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gill, Miss Catnerine | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Gill, Miss Margaret | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Henley, Mrs. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Miles, Mrs. O. | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| Rice, Miss Amelia | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Stirling, Miss Mary A. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Stirling, Miss Lucy | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Small Sums | 0 | 5 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | £. | 15 | 3 |

Collected by Mr. James Reek.
Agnew, James $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Beek, James $\quad 050$
Morrell, John B. $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$
Pickard, Jesse $\quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 0$

## SCBSCRPPTIONS.

|  | $\begin{array}{cccc}f & s & d .\end{array}$ |  | \& $\begin{array}{lll} \\ 0 & s & d\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payne, Andrew |  | Frien 1, A | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$ |
| Ritcoite, Andrew | 0 ¢ 0 | Small Sims | 0124 |
| Sutherland, James | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 0\end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | 21150 |  | £:12 |
| Collected by Serseant |  | Public Collections, | 1400 |
| Collecled oy Nergeant | Lgan. | Coy, Mrs. Mary S. | $0 \quad 50$ |
| Anderson, Sergt. R. A. | 0 7 | Missionary Box, ? | 063 |
| Campbell, Sergeant, ? 34ih Regiment, $\quad\{$ | $0 \quad 50$ | Mrs. Coburn's <br> Surplus Fee, | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 6 & 5 \\ 0 & 5 & 5\end{array}$ |
| Cook, Henry, " | 0 5 50 |  |  |
| Egan, Sergeant " | $0 \quad 50$ |  | £14168 |
| Egan, Mirs. | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 7 & 6\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Fletcher, Mrs. | 053 | 'Tutal, | $\pm 50183$ |

## SHEFMIELD.

Collected by Mr. Charles Good.
Barker, Asa £1 50
Baiker, Jacob M. D. 10
Barker, Benjamin 100
Barker, Mirs.
Barker, Jacob
Burpe, Miss Hannah
Burpe, Moses
Coulton, Samuel
Good, Charles Good, Mrs.
Johnson, John Johnson, George
Plumer, Elizabeth
Plumer, Rebecca
Plumer, A rchibald
Plumer, John

Taylor, Margaret \& 50
'lavlor, Joha
Taylor, Mis.
Sums under 5 s.

Paterso

Collect.
Clark, ( Clark, Clark, Clark, I Friend, Friend, M'Done M•Farli M'Farla Marshal Roberts Roherts

SA

Albee, $5:$ Albee, $M$ Andrews
Andrews Bowser,' Friend A
Gore, $\mathrm{M}_{1}$
Hill, Abn
Hill, Mrs. Hill, Step Hill, Mrs Hill, Mrs Hill, Dan Hil!, Hor: Hill, Geol
Hill, Mrs.
Hannah,.
Hitchings
Hitchings
M'Alister
M‘Allister
Morrison,
Morrison,
Marks, Sa
Neal, D. S
Porter, Jo
Strong, $\mathrm{R}_{1}$
Strong, M


SE BRCRIPTIONS.


## SAINT STEPHEN and SAINT DAVID.

Sint Stefhen.
Albee, James £ 10 0
Albee, Mis. J.
Andrews lorael 0
Andrews, John $\quad 50$
Bowser, 'Thomas
Friend A to Missions a $\underset{\sim}{2} \quad 6$
Gore, Mrs. 50
Hill, Abner Sen. 1000
Hill, Mrs. A. $10 \quad 0$
Hill, Stephen Sen.
Hill, Mrs. S. $\quad 50$
Hill, Mrs S. Jun.
Hill, Daniel
Hil!, Horatio H.
Hill, George S. Esq.
Hill, Mrs. G. S.
Hannah, James
Hitchings, Stephen H. 50
Hitchings, Robert
100
M'Allister, John $\quad 100$
M‘Allister, Mrs. J. Jun.
Morrison, Mary
Morrison, Jeцnett
Marks, Sarah
Neal, D. Sham
Porter, John
Strong, Rev. J. B.
Strong, Mrs.

| Symonds, John | 5 | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Symonds, Maria | 5 | 0 |
| Thompson, Hannah | 12 | 6 |
| Wright, Mrs. C. | 5 | 0 |
| Young, John | 5 | 0 |
| Small sums | 10 | 0 |
| Collections | 512 | 7 |

Saint David.
Bent, Rev. Joseph F. $\quad 100$
50 Bent, Sarah 100
0 Benson, Sally 50
Cottere!l, Catharine $10 \quad 0$
Friend, Alast year 5
Friend, A 50
Hughes, Prudence 50
Hughes, Mary 50
Linagan, Abner 50
M'Allister, Mary 50
More, Mary $\quad 5 \quad 0$
More, Henry 50
Mooney, Jane
Quinton, Hugh 50
Quinton, Elizabeth 50
Robinson, Daniel . 100
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Robinson, Margaret } & 5 & 0 \\ \text { Westcott, Elmira } & 5 & 0\end{array}$


Coll

Alliso
Allisol
Ander
Ander
Bowse
Bowse
Bowse
Bowse
Boulte
Boulte
Black,
Black,
Black,
Backho
Boulten
Crane,
Crane,
Crane,
Dixon,
Dixon,
Dixon, 1
Dixon, !
Dixon,
Dixon, I
Dixon, I
Fawcett,
Gallaghe
Harris, J
Humphre
Killham,
Lyons, D
M•Kingle
Morrice, :
Pickles, R
Pickles, M
Robson, 'I
Ross, Jam
Richardso
Wilson, M
Wilson, M
Friend, A

Collected $\backslash$
Bowser, Jo
Fawcett, K
Fawcett, Jc
George, Jat
Wheaton, I

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
£て 100
$88 \underset{\sim}{2} 7$

Sackinhe.
Colleciea by Mr. C. Dixon, $3 d$. £ s. d.
Allison, Charles F. Esq. 268 Allison, Joseph $\quad 10 \quad 0$
Anderson, Thomas 4th. 50
Adderson, Ruth 50
Bowser, Richard S. 134
Sowser, Joseph - 50
Bowser, John W. 50
Bowser, Robert 50
Boultenhouse, C. $\quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0$
Boultenhouse, Rebecca 100
Black, Mrs. Rebecca 100
Black, William 50
Black, Jon. $6 \quad 6$
Backhouse, M. L. E.sq. 100
Boultenhouse, Bedford 100
Crane, William Esq. $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 3 & 4\end{array}$
Crane, Miss Ruth 10.0
Crane, Miss Mary 50
Dixon, Edward Esq. 1834
Dixon, Mrs. E. $\quad 5 \quad 0$
Dixon, Charles, Srd. 100
Dixon, Mrs. C. 50
Dixon, Sidney 63
Dixon, Leonard 50
Dixon, Rufus 50
Farvcett, Robert 50
Gallagber, Hugh 50
Harris, John Jun. $\quad 126$
Humphrev, Christopher 76
Killham, James $\quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0$
Lyons, David 50
Mं Kingley, - $\quad 5 \quad 0$
Morrice, Mrs. John $\quad 50$
Pickles, Rev. Michael 1000
Pickles, Mrs.
Robson, Thomas 1000
Ross, James
Richardson, Timothy 50
Wilson, Miss Ann
Wilson, Miss Catherine $\quad 5 \quad 0$
Friend, A $\quad \begin{gathered}0 \\ 0\end{gathered} \quad 0$
£41 611
Tantrama.
Collected by Mr. Wm. Fawcett.
Bowser, John
£ 50
Fawcett, William 1 0 0
Fawcett, John
George, James
Wheaton, Benjamin

Sums under 5 s.

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
\text { £ } & \text { s. } & \text {. } \\
& 2 & 9 \\
\hline & \begin{array}{lll}
2 & 7 & 9
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

## Point De Buté.

Collected by Mr. S. $\cdot$ B. Trueman.
Avard, Joseph Esq. $\quad$ £1 0
Avard, Joseph Jun. $\quad 118$
Avard, Adam 50
Atkinson, Christopher 50
Atkinson, Mrs. 50
Atkinson, Joseph 50
Dixon, Charles 50
Dixon, Jane 50
Etter, William Bradley 50
Foster, George 50
Ferguson, William 50
Jones, Ruth 50
Nelson, James 50
Oulton, William 5.0
Paden, Robert 50
Trueman, Harman Esq. 134
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Trueman, Stephen B. } & 7 & 6\end{array}$
Trueman, Amy 50
Trueman, Sarah 50
'Trueman, Martin 50
'Tingley, Josiah 50
Wiskins, William $10 \quad 0$
Wells, George $\quad 100$
Wells, Lewis 50
Wells, Samuel : 50
Wells, Joseph
Wells, Eliza
Sums under 5 s.
£9 $10 \quad 10$
Collected by Mr. R. K. Trueman.
Allen, George - $\quad$ E 100
Carter, James
50
Chapman, Henry
Chapman, Joseph
Fowler, A mos
Keillor, Thomas
Knapp, Catherine
Page, William
Siddall, Ralph
Siddall, Charles
Trenholm, Robert
Trenholm, Thomas
Todd, Joseph
Trueman, William
Trueman, John
Trueman, Thomas

SU BSCRIPTIONS.


| $£$ | $s$. | $d$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 5 | 0 |
| 1 | 3 | 4 |
|  | 10 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 2 | 0 |
|  |  | 6 |

£8. 160
Fort Lawrence.
Collected by Mr. John Bent.
Atkinson, Betsey
$\left.\begin{array}{rrr}\boldsymbol{£} & 5 & 0 \\ & 5 & 0 \\ & 5 & 0 \\ & 7 & 6 \\ & 5 & 0 \\ & 10 & 0 \\ & 5 & 0 \\ & 5 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ & 7 & 6 \\ & 10 & 0 \\ & 5 & 0 \\ & 2 & 6 \\ \hline & 4 & 12\end{array}\right)$

Upper Capeb.
Collected by Mr. William Allen. $\pm$ s. $d$.
Allen, William 100 Allen, Ephraim $\quad 100$ Davis, Thomas 50 Rayworth, - $\quad 10 \quad 0$ Rayworth, Jane Rayworth, John Wells, Williams Small Sums

Reen
Reed
Robi
Reas:
Read
Smitl
Smit
Steve
Turn
Wells

Colle
Dulge
Hoar,
Hoar,
Kirby,
Kinnev
Moor,
M.Ada

Patters:
Peck, I
Rogers,
Rogers,
Rogers,
Stules, 1
Stiles, 0
Stiles, 8
Wilburn
Wilburn
Sums un

## PETITCODIAC.

## Coverdale.

| Collected by Mr. S. B. Weldon. |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bannister, William | £1 | 3 | 4 |
| Boyd, John |  | 5 | 6 |
| Bailey, Alexander | 5 | 0 |  |
| Briggs, John | 5 | 0 |  |
| Chapman, Wm. Esq. | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Chapman, John N. | 10 | 0 |  |
| Chapman, Charlotte | 5 | 0 |  |
| Chapman, James | 5 | 0 |  |
| Chapman, Benjamin | 5 | 0 |  |
| Cochran, George | 7 | 6 |  |
| Colpitts, Lazarus | 7 | 6 |  |
| Gildart, James | 10 | 0 |  |
| Holsted, Charles | 5 | 6 |  |
| Mullins, Ernest | 5 | 0 |  |
| Ctiles, Enoch | 11 | 8 |  |
| Turner, Ann | 5 | 0 |  |
| Weldon, Stephen B. | 11 | 8 |  |

Weldon, Robert B. 54
Weldon, Richard C. $£ 50$
Weldon, Sarah C. 50
Weldon, Elizabeth 50
Wallace, Ann 150
Wilmot, James 10. 0
Wilson, Matthew 50
Collection\&small sums, 138
$£ 1015 \quad 8$
Hopewele.
Collected by John Smith, Esq.
Akerley, Asa $\quad \therefore \quad 50$
Bennett, Joseph 50
Chapmant, William 50
Derry, George 50
Derry, Isaac 100
Forsyth, Joseph $\quad 50$

Collecied
Beifour, J
Beaumon
Cameron,
Cartwrig!

Cougle, Xe
Cougle, M:
Creaton, V
Coates, Lei
Dobson, Ju
Fenwick, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{i}}$
Friend, A

SUBSCRERTRNS


## Wall.

50
50
50
50
50
$10 \quad 0$
50
50

| Reed, Joseph | $\begin{array}{cccc} \pm & s . & d . \\ & \vdots & \\ & & \\ & \end{array}$ | Duffy, William | $\begin{array}{ccc} C & s . & d_{0} \\ & 5 & 0 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reed, John A. | 50 | Delegan, William | 50 |
| Rohinson, Joseph | $10 \quad 0$ | Galagher, Patrick | 50 |
| Reacipath, Hamilton | 34 | Levis, John | 50 |
| Readpath, Jane | 50 | O'Neil, Nancy | 50 |
| Smith, John Esq. | 184 | Steeves, John | 100 |
| Smith, Nathaniel | 50 | Steeves, George Esq. | 76 |
| Stevens, Edward | 50 | Steeves, Captaia Israel | el 50 |
| Turner, Isaze | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 3 & 4\end{array}$ | Steeves, bRuth | 50 |
| Wells, Captain Jan | 50 | Steeves, James | 50 |
|  |  | Steeves, Rebeeca | 50 |
|  | £7 50 | Wallace, James | $10 \quad 0$ |
|  |  | Wallace, Catherme | 50 |
| Collected by Mis. J. M:ldams, |  | Sums under 5s. | 26 |
| Dulgen, Capt. Joha | £1 00 |  |  |
| Hoar, David G. | 100 |  | Lj 5 |
| Hoar, Mary | 50 |  |  |
| Kirby, John | 134 | Moncton. |  |
| Kinnev, Oliver | 50 |  |  |
| Moor, John W. | 56 | Collected by Lewis It | rites, Esq. |
| M•Adans, John II. | 50 | Beattie, James | ¢ 100 |
| Patterson, Mary K. | 10 (1) | Dukeshire, David | 50 |
| Peck, Margaret | 56 | Friend, A | 100 |
| Rogers, Capt. George | 134 | Gore, Elfward | 100 |
| Rogers, Lucy | 50 | Harper, Catherine | 50 |
| Rogers, Joseph | 1. 00 | Henderson, Mary | 50 |
| Stules, Ezra | 100 | Humphrey, John | 134 |
| Stiles, Oliver | 50 | Lawrence, William | 50 |
| Stiles, Samah | 50 | Reed, William | 100 |
| Wilburn, Ebenezer | 50 | Rogers, James | 50 |
| W:lburn, Amy | 50 | Steadman, John | 50 |
| Sums under 53. | 1,2 | Smith, James |  |
|  |  | Stultz, Martha |  |
|  | £8 194 | Trites, Lewis Esq. | 500 |
|  |  | Whooten, James | 50 |
| Hilaborough. |  | Wright, Alexander | 100 |
|  |  | An old Watch | 76 |
| Collected by Capt. Israel Steeves. |  | Smal! Sums, | 38 |
| Befour, John $\quad$ \& 100 |  |  |  |
| Beaumont, John | 50 | f | £12 9 |
| Cameron, John | 50 |  |  |
| Cartwright, Edward | 50 | Total amount fis | £44 1310 |

SUSSEX VALE.

| Cougle, Xenophon | $£$ | 7 | 6 | Gove, Dr, | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cougle, Mary |  | 5 | 0 | Hayward, George G. | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Creaton, William | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | Hayward, Henry |  | 5 | 0 |  |
| Coates, Lemuel | 5 | 0 | Hayward, William |  | 5 | 0 |  |
| Dobson, Joseph | 5 | 0 | Hayward, Sophia |  | 5 | 0 |  |
| Fenwick, Samuel | 5 | 0 | Hayward, Jane |  | 5 | 0 |  |
| Friend, A | 5.0 | Harrison, Thomas | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |

STDSCRIPTLONS.

|  | \& s. $d$. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Johnson, (reorge | 1 | 0 | 0 | Ryan, James | 1 | 0 |
| Johnson, Rev. David |  | 5 | 0 | Stockton, Henry | 1 | 00 |
| Johnson, Sarah |  | 5 | 0 | Stockton, Alice |  | 50 |
| Leunard, Thomas |  | 5 | 0 | Sinnett, William |  | $5 \cdot 0$ |
| M'Cully, Samuel |  | 5 | 0 | Seafield, Jacob |  | 5 |
| M'Cully, Catherine |  | 5 | 0 | Wilson, Christopher |  | 10 |
| M Cully, Hopetul |  | 5 | 0 | Collection and sums ? |  | 6 |
| M'Leod, John |  | 5 | 0 | under 5s. \% |  |  |
| M'Leod, Wilford |  | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |
| Perlee, Zachariah |  | 5 | 0 | 'Total amount | 14 | 1 A |

## ANNAPOLIS AND DIGBY。

| Clemints. |  | Welsh, Mrs. Sums under 5 s. |  | $\begin{aligned} & b \\ & \text { a } \end{aligned}$ | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collected by William Jones. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Burnes, Jane E. | $\pm \quad 10$ |  |  |  | 6 ~ | ; |
| Ditmars, Isaac | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Ditmars, Mrs. | 5 | New Caledonia. |  |  |  |
| Ditmars, Vanderbelt | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Jones, William | 50 | Collected by Edward T. Knowles |  |  |  |
| Mohn, Henry | 50 | Dunn, Christopher | £ | 5 | O |
| Mohn, Sarah | 50 | Dillon, 'Thomas |  | 12 | 6 |
| Purdey, Samuel | 5 | Gillart, William |  | 5 | 0 |
| Purdey, Samuel Jr. | 50 | Halliday, Rachael |  | 5 | 0 |
| Purdey, Jane | 50 | Hughes, Thomas |  | 5 | 0 |
| Shaw, Phabe | 12 | Hudson, William Jr. |  | 5 | 0 |
| Vroom, Henry | 100 | Hall, Sibble |  | 10 | 0 |
| Vroom, Abigail | 5 | Knowles, E. 'I'. |  |  | 0 |
| Vroom, Jane | 50 | Leonard, Seth |  | 5 | 0 |
| Vroom, J. D. | 5 0 | "Lettnev, Edward |  | . 7 | 6 |
| Vroom, Harriet | 5 | Mills, Robert Jr. |  | 5 | 0 |
| Sums under 5 s . | 5 | Mills, Mrs. Hannah |  |  | 0 |
|  | む6 3 | Mott, Bichard Mott, Mrs. |  | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Mills, Sarah Ann |  | 5 | 0 |
| Bear River. |  | Parker, Lydia |  | 5 | 0 |
| Collected by Robert Jefferson. |  | Parker, Samuel |  | 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Shaw, Joseph | 15 |  |  |
| Clark, William | £ 100 | Stark, Jacob | 10 |  |  |
| Chute, Abel | 5 | Schofield, Ezra | 10 |  |  |
| Crouse, John | 10 | 'Thorne, Richard W. | 76 |  |  |
| Harris, Joseph | 1.0 | Thome, Sarah Hester | $r 100$ |  |  |
| Harris, James | 10 | Troop, Valentine |  | 0 |  |
| Jefferson, Robert | 10 | 'Troop, Jacob V. |  | 50 |  |
| Jefferson, Abigail | 5 | Willet, A bigail |  | 10 |  |
| Miller, Francis | 10 | Wetherspoon, John |  | 7 |  |
| Milner, Jonathan | 5 | Sums under 5 s. |  | 100 |  |
| Nichols, William |  | Public Collection, | 16 |  |  |
| Purdey, Isaac |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rice, Israel | 10 |  |  |  | 8 |

Co
Adams
Crowle
Campb
Crowle
Cousin:
Crowle
Dakin,
Dakin,
Dakin,
Friend,
Holdsw
Hawks:
Pickard
Ruggle
Sinall,'
Stewarl
Small, 1
Shaw, I
'Titus,
Taylor,
Titus,
Taylor,
Vantass
Wright
Warring
Warring
Sums ur
Public C
$\Lambda$
Colle
Bayard,
Bonnett,
Black, V
Farquha
Goldsmit
Henderse
Henders
LeCain,
LeCain,
M'Nutt,
Pickard,
Runcima

Collecled
Anderson,

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
Digry.
Collected by John Wright.

| Adams, Martha | £ 5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Crowley, James | 10 |
| Campbell, Collin Esq. | 10 |
| Crowley, Margaret | 50 |
| Cousins, Mary | 50 |
| Crowley, Charles | 50 |
| Dakin, Jacob | 50 |
| Dakin, Daniel | 50 |
| Dakin, Rebecca | 50 |
| Friend, A | 50 |
| Holdsworth, Thomas | 0 |
| Hawksworth, Joshua | 50 |
| Pickard, 'Thomas | 10 |
| Ruggles, 'Thomas | 5 |
| Sinall, 'Thomas | 10 |
| Stewart, Henry | 50 |
| Small, Miss | 5 |
| Shaw, Henry | 10 |
| 'Titus, James | 50 |
| 'Taylor, Capt. Wm. | 100 |
| Titus, Mary | 50 |
| Taylor, Mrs. S. | 5 |
| Vantassel, Isaac |  |
| Wright, Johr | 5 |
| Warrington, William | 5 |
| Warrington, James | 50 |
| Sums under 5 s. | 150 |
| Public Collection, | 34 |
|  | 013 |

Annapolis Town.
Collected E'y Dr. Bayard.
${ }^{\circ}$

BRIDGETOWN.


SEBSCRIPTIONA.

H.

Collect Bent, Jol DeLong, DeLong, DeLong, Hawksw
King, Sal Middlem Nichols, Sleep, Sums unc

WI
Colle
Beazley,
Bent, Isaz
Bent, Mi
Brown, J
Morgan,
Moore, E
Parker, J4
Papker, Ji
Robinson,
Slocomb,
Slocomb,
Thomas,
Wood, El
Sums und

Collected

## ar

Bayard, St
Barteaux,
Bent, Sila
Bent, Jam
Brown, At
Eager, Jol
Foster, Jol
Foster, Ez
Foster, Jo:
Foster, Jot
Foster, Ez
Friend, A
Holland, V
Hall, Henr
Holland, H M'Ewan,
M4Ewan,

## SU'BSCRIPTIONS.

Hanley Mountain.

| Collected by Simon DeLong. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bent, John | $\pm$ | 5 | 0 |
| DeLong, Simon |  | 5 | 0 |
| DeLong, Henry |  | 5 | 0 |
| DeLong, Maria |  | 5 | 0 |
| Hawksworth, Easton |  | 5 | 0 |
| King, Sarah |  | 5 | 0 |
| Middlemus, Peter |  | 7 | 6 |
| Nichols, Stephen |  | 5 | 0 |
| Sleep, - by Mr. Peter, |  | 5 |  |
| Sums under 58. | 1 | 9 | 112 |
| ¢3 $16,7 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |

Wilmot Back Road.
Collected by Isaac Bent.


Collected by Messrs. Silas Bent and John Eager.

| Bayard, Sarah |  | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Barteaux, Charles |  | 0 |
| Bent, Silas |  | 0 |
| Bent, James | 5 | 0 |
| Brown, Andrew | 5 | 0 |
| Eager, John | 5 | 0 |
| Foster, John | 10 | 0 |
| Foster, Ezra | 5 | 0 |
| Foster, Joseph | 5 | 0 |
| Foster, Joseph Jun. | 10 | 0 |
| Foster, Ezekiel | 5 | 0 |
| Friend, A | 10 | 0 |
| Holland, William | 5 | 0 |
| Hall, Henry | 5 | 0 |
| Holland, Henry | 7 | 6 |
| M‘Ewan, Samuel | 5 | 0 |
| M4Ewan, William | 5 | 0 |
|  |  |  |

Nixon, Robert
Nixon, Thomas
Robinson, William
Summeffield, Henry
Wiswell, Charies
Sums under 5s.

| $x$ | $s$. | $d s$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 0 |  |
| 5 | 0 |  |
| 5 | 0 |  |
| 10 | 0 |  |
| 5 | 0 |  |
| 13 | 11 |  |
| $\boldsymbol{x} 8$ | 1 | 5 |

## Aylesford West.

## Collected by Jesse Wheelock.

Armstrong, Thomas £ 10 0

| Bent, Asaph | 5 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ewing, John | 5 | 0 |

Foster, Willis $10^{5} 0$

| Foster, Ezekiel | 10 |
| :--- | ---: |
| M'Masters, Samuel | 5 |

M'Masters, Samuel $\quad 5 \quad \mathbf{3}$
M'Neil, Felix 50
M‘Neil, Ann 50
M'Neil, Lavinia 6
Magee, Henry $\quad 7 \quad 6$
Outhet, John $\quad 100$
Pearce, William 50
Palmer, Edmund $\quad 50$
Tupper, Thomas Esq. 126
VanBuskirk, Jeremiah 50
Wheelock, Jesse
Wheelock, A.
Welton, Cephas
Sums under 5 s.

| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 |  |
|  | 18 | 9 |
|  | 5 | 5 |

## Aylesford East.

Collected by Alex. Patterson, 3d.
Fuller, Leonard
Gallagher, Daniel
Hamilton, Isaac
$M^{\prime}$ Gee, Ann
Nichols, Thomas
Patterson, Alexander
Parker, Samuel
Parker, Elijah
Patterson, Nelson
Patterson, Thomas
Patterson, Dawson
Patterson, Catherine
Patterson, Alexander \$d
Patterson, John Sen.
Patterson, Amos B.
Smith, Margaret
Truesdale, Joseph
Truesdale, John
$\boldsymbol{5} 50$
100
50
50
5
5

50

## SUBSCRIPTIONS.



Perley
Purdy
Ray,
Sharp,
'Taylo

- Tuppe

Welsh
Willia
Wooll
Public
Small

Co
Ames, Brown, Burns, Brown, Chandli Friend, Grahan Hasson Jack, M Jarvis, Malone
Putnam
Rogers,
Stinson,
Stubs, 1
Stinson,
Sweet, 1
Sweet,
Treadw
Townsh
Wren, I
Wren, 1
Wallace
Wiggins
Small St

## SUBSCRIPTLONS.

|  | \& | s. | $d$. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Perley, Charles | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Purdy, C. |  | 5 | 0 |
| Ray, Richard |  | 5 | 0 |
| Sharp, James | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Taylor, Benjamin |  | 5 | 0 |
| Tupper, James R. | 5 | 0 |  |
| Welsh, Anthony | 5 | 0 |  |
| Williams, George | 5 | 0 |  |
| Woolhaupter, Charles | 5 | 0 |  |
| Public Collection | 15 | 3 |  |
| Small Sums | 7 | 0 |  |

£14 199

Wakepielid:


Tobique.

| Johnston; Daniel <br> Public Collection | $£$ | 5 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 9 | 3 |
|  | $£ 1$ | 14 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |

## SAINT ANDREWS.

Collected by Miss Wren.
Ames, Mrs.
Brown, Mrs.
Burns, Miss
Brown, Mrs.
Chandler, Mrs.
Friend, A
Graham, Mrs.
Hasson, Miss
Jack, Mrs. D. J.
Jarvis, Miss
Malone, Mrs.
Putnam, Mrs.
Rogers, Mrs.
Stınson, Mrs. J.
Stubs, Mr.
Stinson, Mr. E.
Sweet, Mrs.
Sweet, Miss
Treadwell, Miss
Townshend, Mr.
Wren, Miss
Wren, Mr.
Wallace, Miss
Wiggins, Mrs.
Small Sums

| $£$ | 5 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 |  |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 |  |
| 5 | 0 |  |
| 5 | 0 |  |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 5 | 0 |
|  | 9 | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | 9 | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ |

Collected by John Young.

Berry, G.
Brown, John
Boyd, James
Bartlett, Joseph
Black, Mr.
Clealand, Samuel
Cole, George
Kennedy, William
Harrison, John
Henley, Edward
Jackson, Joseph
M'Leod, Rev. A. W.
$\begin{array}{lll}21 & 5 & 0 \\ & 5 & 0\end{array}$
0
0
0
$\begin{array}{ll}5 & 0 \\ 5 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}5 & 0 \\ 5 & 0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}5 & 0 \\ 5 & 0\end{array}$
50
$\begin{array}{r}0 \\ \hline\end{array}$
76

- 0

100
5.0

100
6
Newport, Robert
Nisbet, John
Pollis, Samuel
Ruggles, William
Smearden, Samuel
Snow, Abraham
Thomson, Joseph
Young, John A.
Small Sums
Public Collection
Total amount $\frac{192}{£ 9105}$


