

CANADIAN MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS

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Press Office
Suite 250
866 United Nations Plaza
New York, N. Y. 10017
Plaza 1-5600

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PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY

Text of statement to be made in the General Assembly by the Canadian Representative, Mr. Hugh Faulkner, M.P., on December 13, 1967, on the Question of the holding of further conferences on the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy (Item 27)

The Canadian delegation is pleased to note the recommendation of the United Nations Scientific Advisory Committee, contained in Document A/6886, that a Fourth International Conference be held on the peaceful uses of atomic energy.

When the Annual Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency was before the Assembly last week, several delegations, including that of Canada, drew attention to the wide range of peaceful uses to which atomic energy is being applied in industry and in agriculture, for example, in the desalination of seawater, in large-scale chemical processes such as metal reduction, and in tree crop culture. In medicine, nuclear energy is being increasingly used in diagnostic procedures and radiation therapy and in basic research on diseases. Radioactive tracers are now being widely used in hydrology, meteorology and in studies of the biosphere.

The increased and varied use of atomic energy has had increasingly beneficial effects on the way of life of an ever-larger proportion of the world's population. The Canadian delegation thus fully agrees with the view of the Scientific Advisory Committee that the peaceful use of atomic energy is a matter of importance not only for scientists and technicians but for public officials, planners, economists and others responsible for policies which are affected both directly and indirectly by the peaceful use of atomic power.

Canada considers that a Fourth International Conference on the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy would be useful, in particular if it were to deal with the wide spectrum of activities, social and economic, as well as scientific, which have occurred as a result of the growing variety of peaceful uses

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of nuclear power. It is our view that a conference devoted to this theme could be of shorter duration and of less cost than the Third International Conference in 1964, and still make a valuable contribution to the expansion of man's knowledge of the many benefits to be derived from the peaceful use of atomic energy.

Canada, accordingly, is pleased to be a co-sponsor of draft resolution A/L 537 and hopes that it will receive the unanimous support of the General Assembly. The Canadian delegation looks forward to considering at the twenty-third session of the General Assembly the recommendations of the Scientific Advisory Committee in respect of the agenda and other preparations for the Conference.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud.

2. The second part of the document outlines the specific procedures for recording transactions. It details the steps involved in the accounting cycle, from identifying the transaction to the final closing of the books. It also discusses the importance of using standardized accounting principles and practices.