## Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

Canadiana.org has attempted to obtain the best copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below.

Coloured covers /
Couverture de couleur
Covers damaged /
Couverture endommagée
Covers restored and/or laminated /
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
Cover title missing /
Le titre de couverture manque
Coloured maps /
Cartes géographiques en couleur
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) /
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
Coloured plates and/or illustrations /
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
Bound with other material /
Relié avec d'autres documents
Only edition available /
Seule édition disponible
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serree peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.

Additional comments /

Canadiana.org a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.

$\square$
Coloured pages / Pages de couleur

Pages damaged / Pages endommagées

Pages restored and/or laminated /
Pages restaurees et/ou pelliculees
Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquees
Pages detached / Pages détachées

## Showthrough / Transparence

Quality of print varies /
Qualité inégale de l'impression

$\square$
Includes supplementary materials / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire

Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas eté numérisées.

[^0]
## EOOLESIASTIOAL HOTES,

It is proposed to revive the Irish Church Society, and establish a branch in every diocese in Ireland.

The Bishop of Liverpool (Dr. Rylc) objects to and forbids laymen preaching, or eyen reading prayers in the churches of her diocese.

An anonymous donor has given the sum of $\dot{S}_{5,000}$ to the special fund which the National Society is raising for the assistance of poor and necessitous Church schools.

The i25th anniversary of the organization of the parishes of Christ church, Poughkeepsic, and Trinity church, Fishkill, was celebrated in Christ church, on St. 'Thomas' Day.

For all--At Trinity church, Pittsburg, Pemnsylvania, on the first Sunday in Advent, Bishop Whitehead, administered confirmation to six deafmutes, presented by Rev. A. W. Manu.

The Merchant Taylors' Company have given a donation of five hundred guineas, payable in five annual instalments, to the Bishop of London's Fund.

Bhshor Whipple, of Minnesota, was so fruil in health that he has been forced to cancel a number of appointments. He left for Forida on the roth of November, and will remain there until about the middle of April.

Unsatisfactory.-A perusal of the Huron Synod Journal for the year 3891 reveals the deplorable fact that in only four out of the 246 churches of the diocese is there a weekly Eucharist, that is to say, that in less than two per cent. of the churches in that diocese is the Lord's service on the Lord's Day celebrated.-Living Church.

Avother Bishop gone.-On Weduesday, December and, Rt. Rev. Bishop Perry died in England, at the advanced age of eighty-four. He was consecrated in 1847, Bishop of Melboume, Victoria, Neiv South Wales, but had been living in England for many years. He found Victoria a pastoral colony with only three clergymen. In 1876 be left the church in his diocese well developed and with no fewer than 90 clergy. He retired in 1878 and devoted the remainder of his life to talking as active apart as his age wants allow in Church work at home being constant in attendance at the committee meetings of the S.P.G. etc., in S. \& S.P.C.K. His funeral service was full choral.

The London Diocesan Magasine amounces that a legacy of $£_{10,000 \text {, free of duty, has been }}$ bequeathed to the Bishop of London's Fund under the will of the late Rev. John Buck, formerly rector of St. George-the-ATarfyr, Holborn. It is not, however, as yet ascertained whether the legacy will yield the full anount stated.

Tino mecir concern-Christunas, telling how Christ was bom of humble parents, and in a stable, of whose birth the gracat men of the carth knew ncthing, may show us, as Maurice said, "that the concern about our reputation is the great hindrame to usefulness; that if we desire to be uscful we must struggle agitinst it night and day."

The Person-" No such word as Christiamity is found in the New Testament. For what: vaguc phrase it is! How contimually it stands for a hundred different me:mings, or does duty for a meaning that is absent attogether. It is not Christanity of which the beloved Apostle and all the Ajostles speak to us; it is Christ. It is not a collection of notions, habits, practices it is a Person."--Mauric.

Bisiop or Winchester dma--The death is announced of the Rt. Rev, Edward Harold Hrowne, late Bishop of Winchester, at the age of eighty. He was consecrated bishop of Eiy in r864. At the death of Dr. Wiltserforce in 1873, he was translated to Winchester and held that see until last year, when he resigned. He was a voluminous writer, his chicf work leing an Exposition of the Thirty-nine Articles.

The Church Times says that the Rev. Father Benson, who has spent the past year visiting the mission slations in India, left Bombay for Colombo on November 1 1gth. He is expected to sjend a fortnight in Ceylon and then to proceed to Yokohama, probably spending New Year's Day with Bishop Bickersteth. Afer a fornnight's stay with the Corean Mission, he will go to Vancouver, thence to Manitoba, and finally exjects to reach Boston for Septuagesima, where he will take up the work of Father Hall now in England.

## The New York Indtpendent remarks :

"In an interesting article a few weeks ago President Kobinson spoke of the large number of clergynen of other denominalions who go into the Episcopal Church. Last Sunday three such were ordained as deacons or priests in this city, of whom two have been twell-known men; Dr. Bridgman, of this city, who thought the Baptist body too narrow for him, and ex-President H. O. Ladd, whosc cunnection with the defunct Congregational College in Santa Fe may be |semembered. They are both men of ability."

A cherghan and one of his elderly parishioners were walking home from church ono frosty day, when the old gentleman slipjed and fell on bis back. The minister looking at him for a moment, and being assured that he was not much hurt, ssid to him-"Friend, simerss stand on slippery places." The olit genteman looked und, as if to assurc himself of the fact, and saide"I see they do-bimt I can".". "
Henes Funflem....'the Advent mission at Calgary church, New fork, fals mere than fulilled the hopes of its projetors. The services -and there were many of theme every day-were well altended and devonty followed. The eveniug services were enjecially suecessful. The Rev. George H. Bothme, of (Grace chureh, read we service every evening and hithops Budky preached. His discourses were models of horatory preaching, concisc, puinted, eloquent. If spoke withom notes. It is estimated that over 5,000 persons abended the evering services alone.
The Roman Catholics theonghout the State are devoting all their energies towards capturing the secular schools, with a view to bringing them wider the control of their appointed teachers. In order to disarm alnosition, they are willings to remove all pietures, stittues, and emblems of Komanism from the walls of sthoul honses, and the distinctive dress of the tearhers, if insisted upon, their school hooks to lie sitbjeet whe the approval of the State Board of Edication: and they agree not to teach their religion, exeeph before or after schoul hours. Protestamls are excited over this' solution of the sichool yuestion and are denouncing it vigoronsly from their pul-pits.-Living Church C'or:

Riv. Dr. E. Edward leardsley, for forty-hree years rectur of St. Thomas' Church, New ILaven, Conn, died Tuesday morning, December 22nd, 801, from ironchial pneumonia. Besides the cares of his parish, Dr. Beardsley had given much time to historical studies relating to the Episcopal Charch and a number of valuable hisorical works written by him besides sermons and addresses have been published. In the councils of the Church Ir. Beardsley had long been prominent and inthenvial. Since 869 he had been a deputy to the Gencral Convention from Connecticut. He was the president of the House of Clerical and Lay Deputies in the conventions of 1880 and 1883 in New York and Philadelphia, In his own Diocese of Connectieut he had been for many years the most influential presbyter from 1850 he had been a member of the Standing Conmittec, and for many years the president. At the time of his death he was the senior presbyter of the Dio. cese in term of service, from 1835 .

The Rev. Cyril Ausgar Wilberforce Robins, curate of Lydd, and son of the rector of Holy Trinity, Windsor, has received the congratulations of the Prince of Wales for an act of conspicuous bravery during a recent gale off Dungeness.

A beautiful specimen of a churchyard ctoss has lately been erected to the memory of the late vicar of Upton Bishop, Ross, Prebendary Havergal, D.D., a brother of the well-known writer, Miss Frances Ridley Havergal, the memorial being given by his widow and five children.

In the parish books at Prestwich, date 1736 , the following entry occurs : "It is ordered that 135. a year, and a new coat every other year, be given to George Grimshaw for his trouble and pains in waking sleepers in church, whipping out dogs, keeping children quiet and orderly, and keeping ye pulpit and church walls clean."

A memorial, critas to the late Dr. Mackenzie, 1Bishop of Zululand, has been placed in St. Peters's Church, Raunds, Northamptonshirc, by Mrs. Mackenzic. The cross is of brass, and bears the inscription, "In memory of Douglas Mackenzie, Bishop of Zululand." 'The deceased Bishop formerly resided at Raunds.

The Dean of Worcester (Dr. Forrest) jrenched his last sermon at St. Judes's, South Kensington, as Vicar, on the Second Sunday in Advent, but he'will be responsible for the duties until the end of the year. The actual value of the testimonial which was presenteds to the Dean on Wednesday evening was $\pm_{2}, 300$.

The growlh of the Church in the Diocese of California during the past ten years gives us great cause for thankfulness. A search of records shows that from 188 to 189 t the communicants lave increased 159 per cent. ; this is most gratifying ; and when we consider that the influx of immigration has been in a majority foreign and not over Christian, it must be said that the Diocese of Califorma has done well.

As cminent Methodist divine, who had come back from a tour of observation of religious work in the far West, (U.S.) being asked his opinion of the methods of work, remarked that the Jepiscopalians possessed an advantage over every one else in that they send chosen men as Bishops, who go to stay and grow up with the country. While other ministers are here to day and away tomorrow, the Bishops of the Episcopalian Church identify themselves with the life of the people, and their interests, and in this clement of permanence there is a great power, while the character of the picked men who represent the Episcopal Chureh insures to them larye influence.

A farbewela service wis held in the second weck in December, in the chapel of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, Delahay Street, Westminster. Five graduates of 'Trinity College, Dublin (who are going to form a community misssion at Hazaribagh in the society's mission of Chota Nagpur, Bengal), another graduate of the same university, who is going to Bombay, and a son of the Bishop of Chota Nagpur, the Rev. S. 14. Whtley, of Queen's College, Cambridge, who is about to join his father, tock leave of the society. The Holy Communion was celebrated and an address given by the Dean of Worcester.

## THE NATIVITY.

" glad tidings of great joy."
Oh! glorious aight the Eastern sky adorning,
Oh! wondrous song, which woke that Chrismas morning,
From countless angel voices, to the God who lay
A helpless infant, on a lrumble bed of lay.
The watching shepherds gazed with rapture at the sight
Of lovely beinge thronging, in robe of dazaling white. Soft aliadowing wings unfolding to clear the morning sir,
Never did human creatures behold a sight so fair.
"Glad tidings to the earth," the heaveuly singers 1 ell ,
"The Saviour, Christ, is born this day, wilh men to dwell,
"The Lord, the Only Son of God, has come to earth from beavea,
"To live for men, to die for men, that all may be forgiven,
"That, reconciled through Him, they may God'e children be for ever,
" Nor aught in Heaven or carth have power them all from His love to sever.
"In lowly stable dwelling the Virgin you will find,
"T'be Babe all meanly wrapped, though He is Lord of mankind."
Swirtly then sped the shepherds this wondrous eight to see,
And, in the Bahe, they worship their Gol, on bended kuee,
The Virgin Mary hushed her Babe, yet knew Him as lier Joord,
For her pure, faithful heart beijeved God's holy nagel's word,
And, pondering on this marveloust thing, she laid her Babe to yest
His hallowed hestal soft pillowed upon his Mother's breast.

Donorne Fonstra.

## THE TRUE IDEAL OF THE CHORCH SUNDAY-SCHOOL: WHAT IS IT?

[A Pater read at the quarterly mecting of the Dunedin Church of England Sumalay-School Union, in St. Mrath hu's schoolroom, Dunedin, New Zealand, by the Rew. E. T. Howelf, M.A., Incumbent of St. Matthew's.]

All thoughtful members of our Church recognise the fact that, whatever may be the condition of the Church at any given time, such as the present, its strength or weakness twenty years after will depend enturely on the way in which, at the given time, the children of churchmen are being trained. Twenty years henfe the life and vigour of the Charch will be found not in ourselves, but in those whom we are teaching now. Ours may be still a guiding and even a controlling power, but the motive power, the influential energy, will be ours no longer. It becomes us, then, surely, to consider carefully and earnestly how we can so do our work in teaching the young, that they in their turn may be a power for good in the Church, and train others in like manner to be faidrul in their generation.

Ours, then, is a great work, and we must try to do it well, because I am sure of two things: (r.) That unity, which is strength, unity without absolute uniformity, is the life of the Church itself, the very object for which Our Lord founded it, the supreme work of the Holy Spirit in our hearts; (2.) That, taking Sunday-schools as a whole, in town and country, there is no institution in the word in which there is such a waste of power and waste of precious opportunity.
Leaving these to another occasion, or to some abler person than myself, I will address myself now to the point I wish to speak of in this pa-per,-What is the true ideal of the Sundayschool?
If one might judge from casual inspection of average Sunday-schools, especially when the clergyman has not himself introduced and carefully supervised a regular scheme of teaching, the answer to this question might fairly be stated as follows:-The Sunday-school is the place to Whict many parents send their children instead of taking them to church-indeed, often instead
going to church themselves-as anethod of observing the commandment to keep the Sabbath day holy. Others who do attend chirch, send their children to Sunday-school, leaving the whole further responsibility as to leaming lessons, taking books with them, \&c.. to the teachers. A few take an active intererest in their children's spiritual training. Such is the idea of the Sunday-school in the mind of parents. The teachers' idea, on the other hand, is that their scholars must learn the Catechism if possible, but, at all events, must say a verse of a hymn and read a chapter in the Bible and be told how that chapter teaches them what is right or wrong in a Christian. I am not, of course, speaking of the best Sunday-schools here, but of the average ; and I say that in most that I have visited, the children learn next to nothing, unless they be specially well disposed and anxious to learn. And ever, then, they are only taught such a vague and indefinite Christianity as will be indeed a help to themselves, but will never make them intelligent and useful working members of their Church.

And that is in my humble opinion precisely What we ought to aim at in all our education of the young: to make them intelligent and useful working memhers of our Church. For, as churchmen and churchwomen, we lead a two: fold life-a life hidden and secret between ourselves and God, and a life of fellowship or communion with our brothers and sisters in Christ. And I make bold to say that the mere spiritual life can never be vigorous and healthy, unless it be fed by sympathetic common action with our fellow members in the Church. The outer life of the Church must be sound if the inner is to be sustained, and the unity of the Church must be precious in our eyes, if the spirit of our Lord and Master is to dweil in us with power. One Lord, one Fajth, one Baptism, one Sipirit, and one Body; one Church visible, as well as one Spirit invisible: these and nothing less are our inheritance from Apostolic times. To make our children know the exalted privileges they possess as covenant members of the One Holy Catholic and Apostolic Church, and the solemn duties involved in such possession, ought to be the conscious aim of all Sunday-school training. How this can be attempted I would desire briefly to indicate.
(I.) The very little ones can learn nothing of the Church except in the simplest form. They must be taught, the moment they can speak distinctly, to say the Lord's Prayer, and from it to understand that they and aill the little children about them in school were made God's children in Daptism, and that they all are in God's sight brothers and sisters, and must be kind one to another. The simple story of Jesus' birth and childhood, and little hymns suited to their understanding will suffice for a year or two: after which
(2.) They can learn the Creed, which should be explained to them by means of simple stories from the History of the Creation and Fall, and the whole life of our Lord, including His death and resurrection. They will now be able
(3.) To learn the Commandments, and may be laught the nature of a Church by learning how God called out Abrahan to live a separate life, and to be the father of a separate family, with a sjuecial and separate blessing; and how in the time of Moses God establishec, at the giving of the Ten Commandments, His first great Church, from which ours sprung. With this they should be taught the simple history of the foundation of the Church of Christ on the Day of Pentecost.
(4.) We will now suppose the child old enough to understand the Catechism with explanations. He may therefore learn it carefully, word for word, until he can say it through without a mistake, and answer simple questions on it. Meanwhile he will be taken through such a course of scripture study, from Old and New Testaments, as will fill in the outline sketched above of the nature and history of the Church of Moses and the Church of Christ; and, as he
advances to the highest class, will be taught carefully from the Acts of the Apostles what the constitution and work of his own Church is and from the services of the Prayer-book itself, how the divine ordinances received from Apostolic times are there preserved for us. To illustrate this in detail would cause me to trespass on your patience too long. But I would say that no child should ever pass from one of our Sun-day-schools into the confirmation class, which ought to be always the next step above the highest class in the school, without at least a clear knowledge of the sacred nature of the divine constitution of the Church, and of the marks which distinguish the Church from any religious organization of man's devising.
Every lad and girl trained by us should know that where there is no Bishop there is no Church; that none can administer the sacraments exe: pt he be lawfally ordained by the laying on of the Bishop's hands; that there are three orders of the ministry-bishops, priests, and deacons what are the special functions of each; how the sacraments are necessary for all men in the Church for salvation; how confirmation is the necessary step before admission to the great sacrament of Holy Communion, because it is the ordination of the laity to their priesthocd.; and all these things should be associated with il careful study of the fact that it has been the will of Almighty God from the earliest ages, from and yerhaps even before, Abraham's day to call into covenant with Himself certain of His children among men, to lay down special conditions which they must observe and to give them special blessings above all mankind if they observed them. Those conditions were in a measure outward as well as spiritual; and outward obedience as well as, and indeed as a consequence of, inward devotion of heart and mind, was the means of obtaining the fulness of His blessing.

I hare now indicated, my friends and fellowworkers in the sacred office of feeding the lambs or Christ, what I believe to be the true aim of Sunday-school education. I have only indicated not fully developed, my ideas on the subject. If you think that I have sketched out more than can ever be accomplished in any ordinary school, I will only say that, provided the line of instruction be followed, 1 would leave it $t$, cach parish priest and his superintendent to apply the principle I contend for in his own way. Only let us try to nurture up in this diocese a body of earnest workers for the Church, a body which will realise the awful importance of their mission in the world, namely, not only to hold fast the one faith of the Church themselves, but gently, and by holy indluences, to lead back into the bosom of the one family those who are now separated from us though working for the same Master; who, in endeavouring to remedy evits or correct errors in the life or teaching of their brethren, have sacrificed unity to uniformity, and in striving to draw near to their Lord have lost touch of the children of His covenant.

## THE BROTHERHOOD OF ST, ANDREW IN OANADA.

Second annual convention will be held in Toronto on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, the $12 t h$ ${ }^{1} 3$ th and 14 th of February, 1892.
The following circular has been issued by the Council:-
Messbers of the Brotherhood in Canada and fellow-churchmen generally:
The Council again brings before your notice the Annual Convention of the Brotherhood in Canada. The growth of the Brotherhood since our last conyention justifies us, we think, in devoting three full days to the Convention. No jittle time and trouble has been spent in prepar ing a programme which will, we feel sure, prove not only interesting but of the utmost assistance to all those who are able to be present and through them also to the whole Brotherhocd and the Church at Jarge.

The names of the speakers who have alread accepted are such as to ensure the different sub jects being handled in a masterly manner, bu the success of the Convention will depend even nore largely upon the number of delegates who are actually able to be present. Nothing in pressed those who were fortunate enough to be at the St . Lovis Convention more forcibly than the feeling that that large body of men had traveled in the majority of instances from 300 to 400 miles to take part in it. 1 We expect and want a large attendance, and earnestly hope that every chapter in Canada will be represented both by official delegates and by as many other members as can possibly attend. Not only wil all members of the Brotherhood be welcome, but all other authenticated visitors representing any parish or Church organization are earnestly invited to attend and take part in the discussions.
Hospitality will be afforded to all. In order to assist the Hospitality Committee in their abours it is particularly requested that the names of all delegates and visitors should be in the hands of the Chairman of this Committee, Mr. 1. H. Baldwin, Maming Arcade, Toronto, by the ist of Jebrnary if possible. If hospitality is not required this should be expressly stated. $\underset{*}{\text { Railroad rates one and one third fare. }}$
Make your arrangentents to be present at the Whole of the sessions, from the opening service to the farewell mecting. Wo not be deterred by the expense, for most catses the greater the trouble and expense the greater the benelit re ceived. Do not hesitate to appeal to loyal church members for financial assistance in sending delegates to the Convention.

Study the programme and be prepared to take an intelligent part in the discussions. Short, crisp speeches, dealing with experience or suggestion, will be welcomed on every point.

The following is the programme, so far as it has been possible to complete it. Where the names of the speakers are blank they will be filled up with the strongest men obtamable. Changes may be necessary and special conferences can be arranged it desired.
Friday morning, lichrumy $12 / h$, I 0.30 a.m.Celebration of the Holy Communion, with charge to the Brotheihood, at St. James' Cathedral, King Strect East. (It is earnesty requested that all Brotherhooct men should be present at this service.)
12 a.m.- ${ }^{2}$ Irganzation mecting in St. James' Cathedral School-housc, conner of Church and Adelaide Streets. Report of Council-lifection of Committecs General Business.

I to $2.15 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. -Lunch
2.15 to 3.-'The Bible Class as a fcature of Brotherhood Work, led by Mr. James Houghteling of Chicago, President of the Brotherhood in U.S.A.

3 to 3.45 - -General business.
3.45 to 5.45 -Conference:-Chairman, Rev. J. C. Davidson, M.A., Rector of Peterboroughsubject, "What practical work the Brotherhood can accomplish," in (A) "City," Mr. W. (s. Mather, and Vice President of the Brocherhood in U.S.A., (B) "Town," Mr. T. W. Saunders of Guelph, (C) "Country." followed by a general discussion in threc-minutes speeches.
8 p.m.- Public service in St. James' Cathedral, preacher the Right Rer. Bishop, Leomard of Ohio.

Saturday, 7 a.m.-Celcbration of the Holy Communion in churches to be arranged.
9.30 to 10.45 -Business.
10.45 to 11.45 - Chapter meeting by Chapter number 6, St. Johns, Peterboro' with general discussion upon Chapter meetings.
11. 45 to I.-Question box opened with dis cussion upon Brotherhood matters in general.

I to 2.55-Lunch.
e.15 to 4.15-Conference, Chairman the Right Rev, the Bishop of Niagara. Subject, "Christian Manhood," in (A) "Home," (B) "State," Mr. Wm. Aiknan, Jr., of Detroit, (C) "Church," Mr. Chas. Jenkins of Petrolla, representing the Huron Lay Workers Associatlon.
4.15 to $5 \cdot 30$--Business.

8 p.m.-Mass Meetung in. Association Hall onge Street, (corner of Mcisill). Subject - The Everlasting Fatherhood of God-the Uni versal Brotherhood of Man," "haimman. Ad dresses by the Rev. Canon In Moulin, Mr James L. Houghteling, and Mr. C. Harry Davis Attorneyat-Law of Phitadetiphia.
Sunday, \& wom.-Celebration of the Holy Communion in churches to be arranged.
II a.m.--Special service and Anniversary Scr mon by the Night Reverend the Lord Hishop of Algoma.
$3.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.-Special services, witis addresses by prominent visiting taymen and elergymen in churches to be arranged

7 p.m.-Special service in St. James' Cathedral, preacher the Right Rev. Bishop, Leonard.

Firewell meeting in St. James' School-house.
The collections will he applied towards the expenses of the Comvention.

In the words of the invitation to the American Convention:-" If you are strong come and help, your weaker Prothess with words of comsel and cheer ; if you are weak come and get hed, ; if you are luke-wam come and be aronsed; come in order that the Rrotherhood ldea maty be a glonious reality to every hrother, and that ati may he stirred, to live as Sons of One Pather, Citizens of one Kingdun-brothers one of another."

## CONTEMPORARY CHURCH OPINION.

Standak of the CRoss and lue Cubrca (11!1,
Is the Christian world mathing progress in the knowledge of Christ from year to year? Is there any new conception of His Person cstab. tished that will remain? Men of the devontest mind, as well as the nost steptical, arestudying as never before, let us say, şuch doctrines as this of the Incarmation ; how forl the Son became of no reputation ; how He at all surrendered Ilis infinity of knowledge, prower ind glory, The conception is incleed more various that ever before, and there secms some profitable truth under each variation. More minds are brought near, perhaps all are bromght neater, in the con templation, to the very l'erson of Christ 1 Im self. If is livinity remains strong enomgh, in the lowest conception, to draw men ur to (iod and His humanity is real enough, in the highest conception, to show that God hats condescended to man's cstate. We crave setuled statements of doctrine ; but better than forms of teaching that may be marked erorreat, and put away uron the sheff, are debates and yuestions that draw us io the feet of the living Cltrist, and to teachers whose doctrine is fresh with the glow of recent and constant participation in His life.
fine fown Cimbchman.
Circumstances lrought to our notice from lime to time reveal an astounding ighorance of Church law and an indifference to Charch principles on the part of Churchmen and Chuteh officers that admit of no excuse. 'The days are past in lowa when a " lay pope," or hali-a dozen " lay popes" combined, are to "run "a parish or congregatien simply as they please. The day has, we believe, forever gone in Iowa when the purse shall control the priest, and when a knot of rich men shall succeed in "freeaing out"a faithful clergyman. It may require some sharp struggles yet, but the time is not far distant when the laws of the Church, wholly unpersonal because made and determined years if not centuries ago, shall be respected and observed rather than the whims of sone rich or influential warden or vestryman. 'fhe study of some one of the enany popular treatises on the law of the Church as the same is affirmed by the civil tribunals would be wholesome reading in a number of cur parishes. The rules which apply in the religious bodies around us do not hold good in our Church controversies. We have a law, clearly defined, and by that law priest and people must be goremed.

## 

## 

## HANTSPORT.

St. Andrews.-The weather on Xmas Day being very stormy the attendance at St . Andrews was not large. The few that met together found it no doubt a blessed privilege. The Rev. F. W. Vroom, B.D.. Professor of Divinity at Kings College, kindly came to Hantsport and took the services for that day. Morning prayer was said and the Holy Communion admintistered to a few communicants. A sermon appropriate for the day was preached by the learned Professor, while the choir rendered the musical part of the service in praiseworthy manner.
The church was on this Xmas very neatly decorated. The pulpit, and reading desk were trimmed with evergreen, with pancls in white.
Within the chancel suitable texts on a white ground with a light trimming of evergreen were placed on each side of the wall. On one side " Glory to the new-born King," on the other "Hark the herald angels sing." The altar was not passed hy. Over it was placed that very suggestive word "Emmanuel" while the retable had vases filled with cut flowers.
Decorations in the mave consisted of a festoning of evergreen on its sides, wilh this text over the east window
> "Uuto us a child is berm: unto us a son is given."

And here it may also be well for the writer to reficr to an event very pleasant to the Sunday School children. Ximas eve the children asssembled and were given booklets and candies by their teachers. All went home much pleased that they had been so kindly remembered at this festive season by those interested in theit spirituat welfue.
The rector has lately received a very liberal donation from Miss Bessie Brown of Halifax. This generous church lady painted a China tenset and devoted the procceds of the sale tewards paying the debt that remains on St. Andrew's clurch. The Rector hopes that others may follow her example and aid a struggling congregation.

## Ohuroh Sohool for Girls.

The Michaelmas term of this institution closed on the aoth ult. Its progress has been continuous and very satisfactory. It began its existence on the Sth Janary of the present year with 45 pupils, it closes the first year of its chaim to support with St names on the register. Of these 61 are boarders, 17 day scholars and 3 young ladies taking special subjects, such as drawing and painting.
It is understood that a a recent meeting of the trustees and directors, the lady principal reported that the condition of the school was encouragingly successful, and the progress of some of the pupils has been excellent. lour additions have been made to the teaching staff since June, and further additions will be made at the beginning of the Lent term.
The new building is in readiness for occupation. Those who have not seen this imposing structure may gather an idea of its capacity and fitness from photographs. Two of these, showing different views, are before us, and they
show that the architect, Mr. Dumaresq, well understands the attractions of a striking exterior and suitable surroundings. The building with its beautiful grounds is a credit to the province. All the rooms, halls and corridors are heated with hot water according to the plans and specifications of Mr. Dow. The furnishing of this large and handsome building is now in progress and when completed it will probably supply some novelties in school arrangements which will be a surprise to many.
Eighty-four boarders, ten teachers and ten domestics are to be accommodated under one roof. Each pupil boarder will have her own bed, bureau, waterstand and wardrobe. The dining room can seat comfortably 120 persons. It is really a beautiful room, well lighted, lofty and with a handsome panelled ceiling and a pitch pine floor. All the floors throughout the building are double; and dendened with ashmortar. The whole building is lighted by electricity, an ample supply of cut offs being provided where the wire enter the building. Hot and cold water baths are provided on each flat. The corridors are about go fect long and of feet broad, there being an open fire-place in cach for ventilation and comfort. Nothing that the forethought of an accomplished and expericnee architect can divinc has been omitted to secure the heallh and comfort of the inmates. Rumor has it that the finances of the church scliool are in a very favorable condition, and if nothing happens out of the ustual course of things, it is to be taken for granted that with continued prudence and watchfulness this young claimant for public patronage among our growing educational institutions will pursue its career of usefulness and become a credit to the country in which it has already found such warm-hearted support.

## Tiitresf uf Qubleq.

MBHOIS COLIEEGE, I.GNNONTLLE
A special meeting of the Corporation has been called for the $14^{\text {th }}$ Jan. at 10.30 a . m., by instruction of the President, the Lord Bishop of Quebec.
Anongst other business to be submitted is the report of the Chapel re-building Committee. (z) The report of the School Building Committec, and to take such action thercon as may be required for the completion of the work and providing the necessary outlay therefor.

## 

## Montreal.

St. Martin's.- Once mevery year the Rector of St. Martin's issucs a booklet contaiuing a bricf account of the work done by the various charitable organizations connected with the parish. If it were not for this fact, a large proportion of the male members of the congregation would have very little idea of the amount of Christian labor performed by the societies known as the "Ladies' Aid," "St. Monica's Guild" and "The Ministerng Children's Lengue," so cuictly and unostentatiously do these bands of workers carry out their benevolent plans. The little members of the last mentioned society are not induced to painstaking effort by the hope of any reward other than that promised all those who "bear one another's burdens." When, therefore, on Mouday atternoon they found themselvns the recipient of a Christmas tree decorated on the orthodox German fashion, the gift of Mr. Zcerfichter of 253 Bleury
street, their surprise' was as genuine as their pleasure. The bright faces of the children conveyed to Mr. Zœrtichter, who has not for long been a resident of Montreal and whose generosity was therefore the better appreciated, their thanks and good wishes.
St Margaret's Home.-The Lord Bishop of Montreal visited the St. Margarets home 104 St. Alexander street, on Wednesday, Jany. 6th, the festival of the Ehiphany, and administered the rite of Confirmation to three of the inmates.
St. John the Evangelist.-A most enjoyable entertainment was given in the school room attached to this church last Thursday night for the benefil of the church choir fund. It consisted of a series of tableaux vivants, very nicely arranged by Messrs. Harrington and Harry Spence. There was a large and appreciative audience.

## ARCHDEACONRY OF BEDFORD.

The and Auculual Convention of the Sunday School Institute is to be held in Waterloo, P. Q., on Thursday, the isth January inst. The proceedings commence with administration of Holy Communion in St. Luke's Cherch at 9.30 a. m . At the morning service a Paper on Catethetieal Instruction by Rev. W. C. Bernard, M. A., will be read, and discussion thereon fol low. At the aflernoon session the Rev. W. B. I,oughurst, Rural Dean, will read a paper on " bible Teaching in the Sunday Sclools" and the Rev. E. Bushell, M. A., one on "Order in the Sunday School" At the evening session, in the 'Jown Hall, addresses will be delivered by Rev. Canon Mills, His Honour Judge Lynch and R. H. Juchanan, Esq.

## BOLTON MISSION.

The joyous season of Xmas has again come and gone finding us all one year older, and we hope one degree better than it found us last year.
St. Patrick's Sunday school held its anmual Xmas tree on Xmas eve, in the town hall; considering the wet weather there was a very fair attendance of children and parents. There was a short programme consisting of carols by the children and a solo; by our friend Mr. Hall, who sang "The Star of Bethlehem" in a most feeling manner. Santa Claus then made his appearance and distributed the presents to the children in a most amusing manner, keeping the audience in continued roars of laughter. This part of the programme being over-Mr. Hall, the father of the church, here stepped forward, and on the behalf of the congregation presented Mr. Rollit-presently in charge of the Mission,-with a purse containing $\$ 34.00$, for which Mr. Rollit expressed his thanks in appropriate terms, remarking that he had begun to realize that such kind actions were characteristic of the Bolton people and not occasions of surprise to-him any longer. After this the children adjourned to the suyper room and thence to their respected homes, we trust well pleased with the evening they had spent and fully conscious of the glad event they were celebrating.
Too much cannot be said in praise of the way in which Miss Hall superintends the Sunday school at the Centre, and of the kind and efficient services of the Misses Blaisdell, Bice and Phelps as teachers. Owing to the irregular arrangement of the services during the winter months it is impossible for the person in charge to have much to do with this Sunday School, but the children do not suffer on that account as the above mentioned young ladies are untiring in their efforts on their behalf and consequently merit the unfeigned thanks of the parents and all for their self-denying efforts in promoting so important a branch of the Master's work.
A union Xmas tree was held at Dillonton, ("The Mines") on the evening of the 2gth, the first that has ever been held in that neighbor-
hood. This is a small settlement on the outskirts of the Mission-in fact, partly in the Mission of South Stukely.

During the past summer Mr. Rollit started services in the school house and shortly afterwards the Methodists took up the alternate Sun-day-so that up to date there is service in the school house almost every Sunday-well attended and well appreciated apparently, for both Mr . Stafiort, of the Methodist church and Mr. Rollit, of the church of England were well remembered on the Xmas tree, each receiving a purse of $\$ 18.00$ with the kind wishes of the people. The entertainment at this tree was excellent, in fact, it is said that it was the best of seven that have heen held during the season in comnection with the church of England and the Methodist church, in Bolton. The services at this station are exceedingly bright and hearty, although we have had to get along so far without either organ or pulpit. Both of these requisites, however, have been provided for the next Sunday that our service is held there. The services in this Mission on Xmas day were two in number, both fairly well attended, considering the weather and the state of the roads. The total Xmas offerings were a little over \$7,00.

## CHAMBLY,

The Christmas service at St. Stephen's was a very bright and cheerful one in spite of the dull and unseasonable weather, which prevailed outside. A very pretty anthem, by Simper, and the Xmas hymns and chants were well and effectively rendered by the choir, and our little chureh looked very pretty in its simple, but tasteful decoration, which consisted of evergreen wreathing on the pillars, gallery, pulpit, etc., and some tevis of red letters on a ground of white, borderal with the evergreen, the one on the wall at the back nf the sanctuary being: "The word was made Flesh," and that across the botom of nave windows "Unto us a child is born, unto us a Son is given," while the font, done with sprays of ivy, red berries and cotton wool, and surmounted by a plant, bearing a profusion of red berries, is perhaps the prettiest part, unless we except a beautiful calla fily and a white primula in futl bloom, which were placed one on ench side of the retable. The number of communicants was twenty-five, and the amount of the offertory, which was presented to the Rector was $\$ 23.25$, which may well be considered a handsome sum for our small congregation.
On Wednesday evening the 30 th the clildren of our Sunday school and their friends hada very happy time at the barracks, perhaps better known now as the Fresh Air Home, two rooms of which, whth all the furniture, \&c., that we needed, were kindly loaned for the occasion. The festival began with tea for the children about $5.3^{\circ}$ p. m., after which the tables were quickly moved into the smaller room, and the fun began in round games of various descriptions, which were kept up with spirit till about 8 , when after some carol singing, the large Xmas tree in the far corner of the room, at which the little ones had all along been casting many wistin looks was lighted up, and very beautiful it looked. When the candles began to burn down we sang the children's Xmas hymn "Once in Royal David's City," and then distributed the gifts. Each of the 48 scholars of the school received a present together with an orange and a bag of candy, while to the Rector's surprise, on one of the lower branches was found a gift for him, from the teachers and scholars of the school, a handsome sett for his desk, in brass, comprising inkstand, pen tray, paper-knife and a pair of candlesticks, fitted into a nice case. By this time the younger children were growing tired and after cake and apples had been passed round among them many left for home, while those who cared to do so, stayed for a little more tun, and when the paris finally broke up, about 10.30 , all seemed agreed in pro nouncing it the pleasantest evening they had spent for a long time.

## COWANSYILLE.

The interior of Trinity church has been very much improved in appearance by the taking away of the old vestry, etc., raising the chancel, re-seating the choir, erecting a rood screen, retinting, elc. It is said that still other improvements are to be made.

## FREIIGHSBURG.

Circumcision day was duly observed at the Stewart Memorial church here, and the Holy Communion administered. The Rev. N. P Yates, assisted ly the Rev. Canon Davidson, preached. Canon Davidson has just celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of his ministry in the parish of St. Armand East.

## DUNHAM

The new chapel at Meig's Comer was opened on the 3 oth ult. There were present the Rev. Canon Davidson, M. A., Rector of St. Armand East, Rev. R. D. Mills, M. A., Rector of Cowansville, and the Rev.Mr. Johnson, Rector of the parish. Mr. Aills being the preacher.

The chorr of the parish church with Miss L. Baker as organist rendered the musical part of the service very effertively. The building is a neat structure, costing with furnishings about $\$ 1,000$, and accomodating 100 persons. The costs has been met, except some 36 , by the families in the neighborhood. On Sunday afternoon the 3rd Jany. inst., service was held in the chapel at which the Rev. Canon Davidsnn delivered an able sermon upon worship.

On New Year's ave the teachers and children of All Saints had their annual Cliristmas Entertainment in the lecture room. There was a large gathering and much enjoyment.

## KNOWITON

The Christmas tree celelration of St. paul's $S$. school took place on New Year's eve. Prizes and presents were distributed to the soholars.

## RIVER IUESER'T

In this remote mission on the Catinean Circumcision Day was duly observed by a celebra. tion of Holy Communion in our tiny chajel at 7.30 o'clock a. m . Whilst there were only a half dozen present, (a large number compared to those attending in much more favored localities) a gratifying feature was this, that two of them were Indian women who had walked a distance of 7 or 8 miles carryiug their lantern in hand in order to commence the New Year lyyattending Holy Communion. We fancy that their faithfulness would be a rebuke to many "whites" living nearer to the churels and probably then comfortably asleep in their beds.

## Wiocese of ©ntario.

## KITIISY MISSION.

St. Anne's Church, Easton's Comers, of which Rev. I. J. Stiles is l'riest in charge, was reopened on Xmas Day having been closed during the season of Adven for the purpose of restoration. The work was entrusted to the firm of Spence Bros., Montreal, whit the result that the interior of this little church now presents an appearance not frequently met with in country places. The whole of the Churchchancel and nave received three coats of paint preparatory to the decorations. The tint of the nave is yellowish green wilh stencilled border above the wainscotting and at rise of ceiling.
Around the windows is worked a very pretty design and the chancel arch bears the text "Worship the Lord in the beauty of Holiness" with a decorative cross at the apex.
The chancel, of course, received the greatest
attention, the colours being rich and perfect in harmony; the panels on either side of the Altar being particularly attractive. The ceilings are pale blue.

The openings of the pulpit have b:en filled with artistic designs. The seats have been regrained and varnished. It is hoped at a future date to fill the windows with stained glass. 'The coogregation cheerfully assisted in the in the work-not one member of it refusing to help beautify the House of God. The effect of such restoration is not lost upon a congregation: it tends to reverence; and any thing that will do that, with so many irreverent influences from outside to distract, is to be hailed and used to the glory of God.
The contracts for a new chureh tor the congregation in the Redan-another section of this mission-are just being given, and it is hoped that building will be commenced in the spring. $\$ 1,000$ has been collected towards it, the site has been given, and the stone quarried by the men of the congregation-few in number-but with stout hearts. Revd. A. Jarvis of Napanee, has supplied a plan which has been accepted, and if carried out will provide a Church worthy of its use and nanie. Two most beautiful altar l'rontals (red and white) have been given tor this Church by the Killurn Sisters.
During the past fow yeats the church property in this Mission has been increased in value to the extent of 52,000 .

The offertories on Cluristmas Pay were the largest presented in 27 years.
The Anmal New Years lintertainment was a great success. The proceeds amounted to 85:.25.

New Boynt: and Jumbirne.-Chtistmastide is always a busy season. In this Mission the great Festival of the Incarmation was duly remembered by an early celebration of lloly Communion at Jrinity Church, Jombardy, at $S$ a. m . 'lhere were 21 commmicants. At it a. m., Matins were said at St. Peter's, New loyne, followed by a mid-day celebation at which $\sigma_{3}$ communicated. Ahter the Offertory was presented Mr. Fidmand Willis, of Burgess, on behalf of St. Peter's congregation presented the Incumbent, the Rev. C. A. Frenolh, with all adm deess and a purse containing 355.75 for the purchasing of a fur coat, the selection being left with the elergymath. During the afternoon a return was made to Jombardy when Jevensong was said and at sermon preached to a large rongregation. On Wednesday evening, 30 th Dee., a most enjoyable entertamment was given in the lown Hall, lombardy, for the purpose of rais ing funds for a Sunday school library. Under the direction of Mrs. Firench twenty-five chitdren took part, during the evening and at the close of the programme three trees beautifully illuminated, and laden with divers presents, were displayed to view by the settingaside of a second curtain on the stage. Just as the Incumbent finished making a presentation, on behalf of Trinity congregation, of a beautifully bound volume of Poems, by Miss Frances Ridley Havergal, also one of Milton's beautifully bound, together with a silver napkin-ring (and bouquet holder), and individual salt-cellar and a paperKnife to our esteensed organist, Miss Janny Klyne, Dr. R. J. Gardiner stepped forward and on behalf of Trinity congregation presented Mrs. French with an address and a full set of handsome furs in token of appreciation for her many efforts on behalf of the Sunday School.

Have we not all much to be thankfulfor? Many hearts have been happy this glorious season. Well may we rejoice at the name of Jesus. We would gladly acknowledge donations to-
wards the Christmas trees from the followinglDr. Preston, M.E P, Newböro, Messre GilToy \& Co., Mr. Johnstone, Druggist, and Mr. Steacy, Jeweller, Smith's Falls; A Eriend," Brockville, Chas. F F Smith Esq, Barrister, Kingston, John Williams, Esq., Barrister, Belleville "A.J.Sinclair, Esq., Barrister, Toronto and Mrs. Baker, Port Hope.

## Biocese of 罪oronto.

## TORONTO

Church of St. Luke.-The annual Sunday School festival was aeld on the Feast of the Epiphany and was very enjoyed by the children and their parents. The programme consisted of Christmas play in one act, entitled "'The Year's Chronicle," presentation of prizes and distribution of refreshments. The special prize presented to the scholar obtaining. the greatest number of marks during the year, was awarded to Miss Witta Gray a junior scholar.

St. Paul's.-The North End Club is a worthy institution for the social and moral benefit of the young men. It is situated in the Red Lion block in Yonge-street, north of Bloor. On Wednesday evening, Gh January, the special attraction was a phonograph concert.

Church of the Ascension.-Rev. R. A. Bilkey, assistant-minister of the Church of the Ascension, preached his farewell sermon to the congregation, on Sunday, 3rd January.

General.-Rev. Dr. Mockridge of Holy Trinity, delivered the address at the free breakfast in Richmond Hall, on Sunday morning at $9.3^{\circ}$, and the Rev. C. C. Orven of St. Peter's at the children's tea at the same place at 5.15 .

## Diocese of 罖iagara.

## GUELPH.

S'r. (ieorges.-A Confirmation will be held - in St. George's Church on Sunday evening, the ryth lannary.

The service on the eve of "The Circumeision," or New Year's eve, was very well attended, though the night was stormy. Part of the service for that day was used in the celebration of the Holy Communion, wnich took place between $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ and 1 a. m., 48 communicants being present.

The infant class had a great time Thursday afternoon the 29th wht., in St. George's School Koom. Including the infants; and the older scholars and their parents and other visitors there were about 500 in the spacious room. In the centre was a beautiful Christmas tree, loaded with dolls and all sorts of things dear to boys as well as girlse- Proceedings commenced with a carol, sung very sweetly by some 12 or 4 little dots, about 5 or 6 years of age. The Archdeacon then spoke of the wonderful tree that produced such abundant fruit when all other trees were dead and leafless. Then Santa Claus eutered with a jingle of bells, and the tree Was soon stripped amid peals of joyous hilariIt it vas a very plesing scene.

- Before Mr George Elliott left Guelph, he and Mrs. Elliott presented the Archdeacon and Mrs. Dixon with an exceedingly beautiful and large maible clock richly ornamented, and just imported from London, England, as "a testimonial of affection and regard." It was accompanied by a note as highly appreciated by the recipients as the costly present. There was also in addition another useful gift to Mrs. Dixon.

On Christmas Eve the members of the Bible Association presented Rev. P. Seaborn with a handsome book case as a taken of their appreciation of his services as lecturer to this inportant organization.

On the morning of the 3 rst Dec. Miss Elliott (sister or George Ellioti, Esq, (entered into the rest of Paradise. Miss Elliott will be greatly missed, for, though she lived in quiet privacy, she never failed in a hearty response to all charitable appeals upon her sympathy and as: sistance. She was a devoted member of St. George's church, to the erection of which she contributed largely, as also to the Rectory and the Episcopal fund, and in all the requirements of the parish she could ever be relied upon for sympathy and support. She was also a liberal supporter of the General Hospital. The funeral took place from St. George's on Saturday, the 2nd January, at 3 !. m.

The annual Christmas entertainment was held on Wednesday night, zoth ult, and. was most successful in every respect. The large school room was crowded so that not a vacant seat was to be seen. The $\Lambda$ rchdeacon took the chair at 7.30 , and spoke of the excellent position the schicol occupied. Seventeen of the teachers had passerd creditably the Sunday Sehool Institute searching examinations, and eleven of these were now teaching in the school. To Mr. J. Davidson, the excellent superintenment, and his associate, Mr. S. J, Taylor, the flourishing position of the school was to be ascribed, supported, as they were, by a band of teachers second to none in any church he was acquainted with. Mrs. I'aylor, assisted by Miss Chisholm, had also devoted themselyes enthusiastically' to the infants' class, and to them may be attributed ite great efficiency and success. Several beautiful carols were sung by the children; and Mrs. Wilcocks gave a song, very toueing and appropriate, while the Misses Haugh gave a duet on violin and piano, and Miss Hallett and Miss Taylor a brilliant piano duet. Master Galbraith, a very small boy, gave a recitation which excited loud applause, as did also a dialogue on city and cocintry between 4 young ladies, Misses Lily Nelles, L. Tamblyn, J. Parker and M. Reynolds. There was also a magic lantern display. The Archdeacon, assisted by Mr. Seaborn, then distributed the prizes, consisting of handsome books, to the 27 classes, followed by bags of candies to all the children present. So ended a very happy festival.

## HAMILTON.

On the last morning in December an ordination service was held at Christ Church Cathedral by Bishop Hamilton, assisted by Rev. E. P. Crawford, Rev E. N. Bland, Canon Reid (Grinsby) and Venerable Archdeacon Dixon (Guelph). Rev, Maurice W. Britton was or dained as a priest and Mr. Aborn as a deacon. The sermon was preached by Rev. E. P. Cravford, Rector of the Church of the Ascension,

## Thinete of Pution.

## London.

All Saints' Chapel, Hamilton Road, was filled to the full extent of its seating and standing capacity on Tuesday evening, on the occasion of its Sunday School Christmas tetat After opening exercises, in which Revs. Canon Richardson and Wm. Shortt took part, a very creditable programme prepared under the direction of Mr. W. M. Anderson, superintendent, was given by a large number of youigg folks, who played their parts to the satisfaction of all present. Towa'rds the close a magnificently decised Christmass tree was illuminated, and a present, accompanied with a bag of good things, was handed from it to each child oi the school Aduresses full of encouragement followed from Alderman F. J. Fitzgerald, Messis. W. Wright, J. Yorick, of Stratford, and Anderson. The singing of the doxology and the pronouncing of the benediction by the pastor brought the proceedings to a successful issue.

Mrs. Frederick Rowland, who has for a number of years been so well known to many citizens and in whom the members of the Memorial Church will be deprived of an earnest and cheerful worker, with the closing days of the old year. Long nursing, followed by a severe attack of grippe, proved more than she could rally against. Mr. Rowland's bereavement is the more painful as he is nor in a very weak condition.

The annual Christmas festival and entertainment of St. George's Church Sunday school was held Tuesday night. Tea was served from halfpast five until seven to the little folks, after which a cantata entitled "Nothing to Nobody," was successfully rendered by the scholars, the various choruses being well executed, showing careful training on the part of the instructors, Mrs. Milligan and Miss Newman.

A pleasant event occurred in London West Tuesday night week, when 2 number of the friends of St. George's Church visited the home of Miss Gibson and presented her with five beautifully-bound volumes. A suitable address was read by the Rev. Mr. Sage, and Miss Gower made the presentation. Misss Gibson was completely overcome by emotion, but mode a neat reply, thanking them for their kindness. Miss Gibson, who will be much missed by the various societies of the church, left for her new home in New York yesterday:

The special services in connection with the Week of Prayer commenced in the Memorial Church. school room Monday evening. There was a good attendance, and the exercises were bright and hearly. The subject of the evening was " Humiliation, Confession and Praise." The Bishop of Huron gave an address of great power and earnestness, describing the nature and the office of prayer. The meetings will be continued throughout the week, with addresses from clergymen and others. Rev: G. B. Sage has been invited to speak this evening. The subject will be the "Church of Christ:" In several city churches similar services will be held during the week.

Mr Edwin Lee, of Huron College baving been compelled to resign his class of senior boys in. St. Paul Sunday school; the class met at-the residence of W. Traford, Mapléstreet, to spend.
an evening with him and to present him with a complimentary address, accompanied by a handsome gold watch guard and locket. Mr. Lee id reply, thanked the boys for their gift and kind expressions, and asked them to be as loyal to his successor, Mr. Dealey, as they had been to him. The party separated after singing the parting hymn. "God be with yon till we meet again."

The annual reports of the Woman's Auxiliary Missionary Association of St. James' Church, South London, and its two junior Branches, have just been published. From these reports it is evident that a good work has been done during the year and a deep interest laken in the cause of missions. The total amount in money and goods is $\$ 549.68$ and a small fund in hand.

On Sunday, Dec. ${ }^{2} 7$ th, the quarterly open Sunday School (St. James Church) was held, and the Rev. G. B. Sage gave an address on "The Beautiful Gate:" There was a large attendance. A collection in aid of the education of our Indian Boy at Mr. Wilson's Home, St. Marie, which the school has undertakeh, was taken up.

## NEW ZEALAND CHURCH NOTES

We find in the December number of our exchange, The Newi Zealand Church Nezus, reports of the meetings of the Synods of the various dioceses in that Province. In several of them the question of Education occupied an important and leading position, the object being to introduce some definite religious teaching into the secular schools. In the Diocese of Auckland the Synod, affirmed unanimously that it is desirable that provision be made by the Legislature for the daily recital of the Lord's Prayer by the children in the public schools, and (2) also for the reading of short scripture passages of the Bible. Our contemporary, speaking of the first head says :-
"We are far from thinking that nothing would be gained if Parliament were to grant this request. The scholars would be taiught to regard themselves as the children of a Christian people, to acknowledge the spiritual Presence of a Supreme Being, their dependence upon a Heavenly Father, the duty of obedience to His will, their sinfulness, the expectation of a coming kingdom of majesty and glory. Of these truths at least some might gain a glimmering by the constant repetition of this divine prayer ; and who can tell how great a blessing the remembrance of it might prove to many in a thousand conceivable circumstances of their after-lives? "

The Church News also states that the Diocesan Synod of Aulckland refused.by an almost unanimous vote to approve of limited time engagements in the case of incumbents of parishes. The question aruse out of an engagement made by the parish of St. Sepulchre's with its Incumben for a limited number of years without direct authorization, however, of the Bishop. The question came up in Synod with the result above named. On this the Nequs says, (referring to the Canon of the diocese, which allows of dissolution of the pastoral tie for special causes.) :

But that is something very different from the novel arrangement' attempted by the church officers of St. Mary's, Parnell, by which a clergyman and asparish would eater into a partnership terminable, after the expiration of a fixed period, by notice on either side. Such a plan vould be open to all tbe objections, without any of the compensating advantages, of the Wesleyan method of itiverancy, with which that body appears, now not to be entirely satisfied.

## AUCKLAND.

On the opening day of the Synod the Ven Archdeacon Dudley presented to the Bishop of the Diocese a handsome Crozier for the use of the Bishop and his successor; subscribed for by the members of Synod.

The crozier or pastoral staff is of chaste and elegant design. The two lower portions of the shaft are of white manuka; the upper portion is of sandal-wood, from Norfolk Island, symboliz ing the connection of Melanesia with the Auck land diocese ; and the head, which is in the form of a shepherd's crook, rising out of a hatidsome coroma, and containing the figure of an Agnus aci, is of wrought copper, richly ornamented and overlaid with gold. The joints, as well as the ferule, are of bronze, heavily gilt. Below the corona is a scroll inscription.

## WELLINGTON

In this diocese the question of the admission of women to vote at Churcli meetings was brought up in Synod and received some support from both Clergy and Laity but was lost upon being put to vote. The Bishop on putting the question to the Synod said :--
"Such a proposal is based upon a misconcep tion of the position and function of woman in the economy of the world. The Scriptures expressly assert that the man is the head; at the same time they as expressly assert that in her own sphere the woman is supreme. In the domestic affairs she is to be despotic. It is by preserving to ler the power and influence which belong to her, and for which she has been so admirably adapted by God, rather than by taking her dut of her own sphere into another for which she is not constituted by nature, that men will most honour women and ensure to them their true influence, both in the Church and in the world."

## DUNEDIN.

At the meeting of Synod in this diocese an attempt was made to gain some recognition for Mr. Booth, of the Salvation Army, who appears to have been in the diocese at the time. A no tion to welcome him failed of adoption and the result of the debate was, says the Nezus:-
"To make it clear that the Synod only ap proved of Booth's "philanthropic efforts," and not of his religions teaching or the irreiercont ways of his sect. It is difficult to believe that any sane man supposes that Booth's great scheme for turning the scum of London into useful honest labourers, by establishing speclal colonies of them in various places, can prove anything but a dead failure. If he could show a thousand people in England rescued from evil ways, and working together honestly for a few years, he might be trusted to make larger attempts of the same nature ; but there is no proof that he has ever done anything of the kind. There is no doubt that his followers have tried to rescue the fallen : that their method has been permantently effectual has never been shown. As to their religious teaching, we know that it is unwhole sorne, and that the foundation on which they build is unsound. In this department, then the good they do is quite uncertain, the harm periectly evident."

## NELSON.

The Ven. Archdeacon Mules, M.A, has been elected Bishop of Nelson in the place of Dr. Suter, who recently resigned. The Bishop elect was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, and was one of the four Clergy who accompanied Bishop Suter from England in $186 \%$. He has held a good place in the esteem of all who knew him, though he has lived a somewhat re tired life owing to poor health.

## CHRISTCHURCH.

At the meeting of the Clergy of the Arch. deaconry of Rangiora it nas unanimously resolved :-
"That the representatives of this diocese be osked to keep in mind the resolution of the Synod $r c$ amendment of the Education Act, so as to allow of religious instruction being given, and that they be urged to do all in their power to influence the General Synod to take some practical steps in the matter:"

## TEE CONSOLATION.

'There is a time coming-how soon, who can tell - when those that are asleep in Hin, and those who are alive, will enter into the fulness of joy. The hafvest of that which was sown in baptism is now reaped. By our continued prayers and intercessions, we can do much to hasten that day of rejoicing when there shall no more be any division, no more any death or dissolution; but the joy will be one joy; even as we are parts of one body, and as the prayers of the Church are presented to God as one prayer, so the joy will be one united, unmixed joy, for we shall see his His face. Oh, the joy to see Him reigning ! May the time be hastened when He shall come again, and maise us and the faithful departed to the place which He has gone to prepare. "One the gladness of rejoicing on the resurrection shore." May even now all who mourn be comforted ly the thought that the departed in the Jord are blessed for evermorethat the Iord is only trying the patience of IIis saints, only proving the faith of His people by taking away their earthly frensures, giving in re. lurn treasure in heaven; and here He gives the bread whici endureth for ever, for the shattered hopes He quickens in us the blessed hope of seciug Hin as He is perfect in beauty. lec jutting everything behind, let us reach forward unto the things which are being prejared. He who has begun the good work in us will not rest uutil His purpose is accomplished.
Blessed are they who endure to the end; for them the crown of righteousness will be a glorious reality. Let us, that we may endure, keep drawing ever nearer to Him at His altar, where He feeds with His grace hidden under the veil of earthly things. Ily and by, to the faithful shall be given of the hidden mann, and the new wine of the Kingdom-now, at His altar; by-and-loy in His Kingdom. Now are the days of nouming ; by-and-ty (on the first day of the new week, the eighth day of rejoicing) they that dwell under the shadow shall return; they shall revive as the corn and grow as the winc. Thus shall the perfect work of the loord be revealed in and to us. Thus shall the regencration of the body of Christ be accomplished, when by His spirit He shall quicken in us the seeds of the resurrection, and seat us with Himself in heavenly places to the glory of the Father. Lord Jesus, come quickly, and take us to 'Thyself.
J. K.

It is a sad commentary on a Christian commu* nity, which takes that distinctive title from a religion whose founder is called the Consoler, because his word plucks the sting from death, that it surrounds death with every circumstance or woe and gloom. The distinctive ministry of the faith seems to fail at the very point to which it is especially addressed. The natural Christian tone at the burial of the dead would seem to be the cheerthat springs from the thought, of immor-tality-a sublime hope, a tender resignation. The Christian though: in that hour should instinctively dwell upon the soul, not upon the body, and the simplest and most unostentatious rite of burial would seem to be the most truly Christian. But the ostentation of Christian funerals has become so great that burial reform associations are formed, both'in this country and in England, to relieve the poor of the painful and needles cost which; from mistaken respect for the dead, they will not spare so long as ostinta. tion is the custom:- [G. W. Curtis in Harper.

## THE CHURCH GUARDIAN

- Enizah axp Piopnitor:-
L. H. Davidson, D. C. L., Montreal.
- Asbociatr Rititor -

REV. EDWYNS. W: PENTREATI, B.D., Winnipeg, Mnn
 tie Edition, P. O. Box 504 Exaranges to R.O.
Box 1968. For Busingsa nanousozagnts Sef idae 14.

## DEOISIONS REGARDING NEWSPAPERS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post office, whether directed to his own name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for payment.
2. If a person orders his paper discontinued he nust pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3: In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be insituted in the place where the paper is publisilied although the subscriber may reside hundreds of miles away.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the Post ofice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facic evidence of intentional fraud.

CALENDAR for JANUARY.
Jan'y. Ist-The Circumcision of Our Lord.
" 3 rd-2nd Sunday after Christmas.-Nosice of Epiphany.
" Gth-The Eipiphany of Our LordAthan. Creed
" roth-rst Sunday after Ryphiany.
" $17^{\text {th-2nd }}$ do do do
" 2.th-3rd do do do No-
tice of the Conversion of St. Taul.
" 25 th -Conversion of St. Paul.
" $3^{\text {rist-4th Sunday after the }}$ lpiphany.Notice of the Purification.

## JANUARY FESTIVALS.

'Three princijal feasts secuit in this month. The first is that of tic Circumcision, in which our J.ord for our sake was obedient to that hav which was to be, not indeed set aside, but fulfilled to the hast jot by His precious death and sacrifice. By this rite He was formally admitted into the communion of the Jewish Church as are vur own little ones by the sacrament of baptism. And as this admission took place when the child was eight days old, so the Church properly places its commehiioration eight days after the Feast of the Nativity:
In the least of Epiphany, or Twelfth day, as it is sometimes called, we celebrate that manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles, which is related in the second chapter of St. Matthew's Gospel. A number of traditions have been built on this event, as that the three illustrious visitors who came to seek the King of the Jews were three kings, that one of the three was a negro, etc. All these stories, it is almost needless to say; are utterly wibhout foundation and only tond to obscure the beautiful simplicity of the Gospel story. It is from such human additions to the

Word of God that all comuptions of Chnistianity have grown up. The wise men were, no doubt, astronomers from Chaldea where that science was cultivated from the earliest times. The stars in that country shine with wonderfil clearness and briliancy, insomuch that Yenus casts a shadow like a little moon. These wise students, used as they were to observe the stars, and familiar with every aspect of the heavens, were the first to observe the wonderful new star. Following its guidance they came to Jerusalem, naturally expecting to find the new monarch in the capital cily of His dominion. What a surprise it must have been to them to discover the babe, not in the great city,but in the poor little town of Bethlehen ; not in a stately palace and with throngs of attendants, but in the kumblest dwelling, cared for only by His young mother.
Yet the faith of the wise men seems not to have been shaken for a moment. The star which they had seen at home in their own country "went before them till it came and stood over the flace where the young child was.' That was enough for them. "They rejoiced with exceeding great joy," and having paid their homage to the child they presented their gifts, gold and frankincense and myrrh-gifts which were no doubt exceedingly welcome to the parents in their poverty, and which heiped to pay the expenses of the sojoum in Egypt. Such is the simple story of the Epiphany, the manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles, which was begun at this time, and which our Lord left as a legacy to His Church at His ascension when He bade His disciples go and teach all nations. Had the Chureli only been true to that trust, how different might have been the world at this time :
But we cannot get rid of our responsibility in this matter by laying the blame on the shoulders of "the Church." Thie Church is made up of single members, and on each menber rests a portion of the weight of this charge. . The command comes to us as much as to the failhful eleven, "Go je!" What are we doing to fulfil it? There is not one of us who camot do something towards that end. If we have but a cent to bestow, we can give that cent. If we have not even a cent, we can give our prayers, and can by our words and example influence some one else. 'We cannot, like the wise men, bring gold and sweet spices. Let us then, on this great festival, hay at our L.ord's feet the offering of a firm and consecrated resolve to do all in our power to publish to all nations that Gospel which alone makes our own lives worth living. If we cannot go forth preaching and writing like St. Paul, whose festival also occurs in this momh, we can like him ask, "Lord, what wilt Thou have me to do 7"-The Parish Visitor, N.Y.

## INSTITUTIONAL CHRISTIANITY UNASSAMABLE.

From Blehap Lltelejohn's Charge for 1e8s.
It is certainly of moment that, while not loaving undefended the points assailed in these tinnes, we rally, as teacher's of God's truth and expounders of its evidence, around the one luminous and commanding point that has not been and cannot be assailed except as the forlorn hope of an already defeated adversiry, This point, need I say, is at hand in the sacranental,
institutional side of Christianity, and in a sense that it is not on the dogmatic or ethical, side or in its sacred writings. Whatever else in Christ. ianity may be explained away or settled or confused or forgotten, here is an aspect of it which cannot be so treated. Hare is evidence of what God has said and done for the salvation of man clear and positive in its historic, concrete visibility, inexhaustible and unimpeachable in its living and continuous power. Here are voices from out of the sunrise of the Catholic faith and the Catholic Church that fall upon our ears in tones of imperative command. No one who means to accept and obey any requirements of the Christian religion can defy or ignore what these voices tell him. There is the great commission to go forth and disciple all nations wiih the sacramental act of Baptism inseparably bound up with it. There is the command of perpetual obligation wedged into our Lord's words of Eucharistic institution: Do this in remembrance of Me." There is the sacramental rite of Laying on of Hands, with the promised gifts of the Holy Ghost, bearing upon it the visible sign and superscription of the first Apostles, when fresh from the presence of their Lord, and going forth to do whatsoever things He had commanded them. There is the fact from the. start of the continuous Priesthood in the Cluurch charged with the stewardship of the Word and Sacraments, sent forth of Christ into the world, even as Hirmself was sent forth of the Father. Whatever the inward meaning and force of these things they are autward and tangible facts visibly at work among men and grafted on the concrete side of their every day spiritual life. As such they cannot be gainsaid or ignored any more than other facts in the moral order of the world can be. Here, then, in our task of Christian training, we have the firmest grip on the primal foundations of the faith and life of the Church, the firmest grip. on history, the firmest grip on that least disputed testimony among men-the testimony of the outward and sensible man to outward and sensible facts; and yet testimony which, so far from standing alone, is divinely joined by a vital and almost organic connection with the testinony of the inward and spiritual man to another set of facts which are wone other than the truth as God gave it and the gifts of the Holy Spirit which make that truth alive in the soul.

Finally, let it be understood that what has been said on this sulbject is not the outcome of theological speculation or of any private interpretation of the attributes and functions of Christianity. If there be an assignable rationale or philosophy of these views, it is that of the Incarnation itself which was the outwardly signified, visibly attested presence among men of the eternal Godhead. God became man that He mighit deal with man in his twofold nature of body and spirit, of sense and reason-the one binding him to this world and the other to the world unseen. So likewise, as the ordered sequel to the Incarnation, Christianity eatered on its task not only as a force or a life, but as a kingelom visillyy:con-stituted-as an invard power working through external sacramental rites and positive institutions of whose purposes and methods there never could be any reasonable doubt. And further, if this be true, what has been said can be materialistic limitation of the spiritual essence of
our religion, but is rather the delimitation of essence by following more closely the inherent law of its own manifestation as the power of God unto salvation to every soul that believeth. The more we look to the central, all dominant verity of the Incarnation for the law which is to govern us in our dealing with man as composed of body and spirit, in our elaboration and use of schemes of instruction and training for the young, in our general conceptions of Christianity, and in our choice of the lines of evidence which shall most cogently sustain, in these strangely unsettled times, its claims to a Divine origin, the more likely will we be able to do surely and safely the tasks we have undertaken as the ordained secvants and representatives of Him who is head over all things to His Church. Let us then, one and all, endeavour by God's grace to feel more and more in the great work of Christian nurture the almost audible throbbings of the supernaturai nysteries of redemption in the outward things of God's appointment-in the very sacraments and institutions which Christ established to certify His healing presence. Let us build up the regenerated life ahout us by the means and in the ways that He intcnded, not fearing to make the most we can, as of all other parts of His plan, so especially, in view of the negations and confusions of these days and of the over-wrought, spurious spiritualism around us, of the one Baptism for the remission of sins, of the Laying on of Hands, of the Holy Eucharist and of the sacred Ministry in its threefold Order and its threefold functions. If we do this it is certain that what we build will not rest on individual experiences and emotions, or on any man's private judgment of his soul's needs, or on any man's private interpretation of God's acts in our behalf sacramentally expressed and certified; here are His promises and our vows wrought up-into evelastings covenants, signed by His hand and sealed with the atoning biood of His only Son-here are truths and powers and gifts that have their unfailing source in the In: carnation; and from it are derived upon the Church as the perpetuated body of Christ and upon its individual members through the operation of the Holy Ghost. If what we build do rest upon these objective realities, then our beliefand the life growing out of it sill be exempt, as much as anything can be in this shifting, vanishing world, from the alternate heat and chill, weakness and vacillation of a purely subjective hold on that eternal life which is and ever must be the gift of God through Jesus Christ.

## ODR CALLING OR WORK IN LIFE.

It is a kind providence which for the most part hides our future from us. We often hear people say, if they could only look into the future and see what turn things would take they would know exactly what to do. This sounds very plausible, and not a few are taiken by the idea and: adopt it. As they cannot see what their future is to be, they dismiss much thought about it and do nothing. Do such persons really think they are wiser than the Creator? That they know better than He does what will be for our higeest good? The future is nid from our eyes. But that future is sure to come, and come to us; and if we did but know it, its condition and character will be shaped very much
by ourselves. If we begin early to do honestly and faithfully the work which comes to us day by day, and improve our time and opportunities as well, we need not borrow much trouble about our future. We shall soon see that we are in the process of just the kind of education which will fit us for the work which comes up to our hand. We would say therefore to one and all spend not so much time in speculating as to what your calling or work shall be hereafter, but do now, with might and main, what your hands find to do, and do it so well that there wili be no lack of demand for your services, and your calling will take care of itself. Bear in mind that anything the Lord calls us to do, no matter when or where, must be right, and respectable, and honorable. There is a great deal of sinful pride even among Christians on this subject. They want their children to have high places in the world. They do not object so very much 10 religion and the Church, only let them have good places. A mother of old was willing her two sons, James and John, should be the discibles of Christ, but she wanted they should have places of honor, one on His right hand, the other on His left. She little knew what she was asking. They both became great and widely known. Each obtained a crown, but the crown of martyrdom. Let us rather live day by day in the spirit of the Lord's Prayer, doing our duty humbly and faithfully, and our calling and life's great work will be made plain to us. When that work is finished here we shall go to a higher service above. - The Paris/h Visitor, N. Y.

## MARRIAGE.

As with the State, sowith the Family, the possibility of its existence depends upon preparedness on the part of all to submit to a will higher than the will of self; and where there is a recognition of pre-ordained rule, as in the very existence of the State and the family, there must be some provision for the embodiment and execu tion of rule. There is always risk that the ap pointed ruler may be tyrannical wherever there is any rule, and the tyrannical ruter is a far worse sinner against the sacreduess of obedience and authority than any other rebel, because he brings obedience and reverence for authority into discredit, and puts the best subjects at a disadvantage as compared with the worst.
The Church provides to her utmost against a tyrannical use by the husband of the wife's promise of obedience by retuiring the ring on her finger, "With my body I thee worship." In the face of this it is impossible to contend that the Church pre-supposes any unworthy idea of superiority on the man's part. The man nomore than the woman is to undertake marriage except with one whom he is prepared thus to honour highly. The ideal marriage, the ideal home, is one in which the husband can worship the wife and the wife can be subject to the husband and to the Lord Jesus Christ at the same time. 'Ye husbands,' says St. Peter, ' in like manner dwell with your wives according to knowledge, giving honour unto the woman as unto the weaker vessel, as being heirs together (joint-heirs) 'of the grace of life; to the end that your prayers be not hindered.'
The compendium of all prayers, as the begin ning of all prayers, is in the words, 'Our Jather, hallowed be Thy Name.' That is the most fundamental of all buman aspirations alike for the individual, man or woman; and for the family, and for the community. And, in the light of the man's wedding words, the prayer, "Father, hal-
lowed be Thy Name,' conveys the same aspiration for the mother's name. Whatia prayer for purity the words are, from the earliest moment when their prospective as well as present beanug can be comprehended.

When we think thus of Holy Matrimony, as so much more than the civil authorities can enforce, we cannot but feel that there is something very insufficient to the satisfaction of highest human aspirations in the mere Registrar-office form of marriage. Of course, that form of unarriage is perfectly legal, and as indissoluble as marriage by the Church. But surely it is not all that our human, national, Christian aspirations demand that the act of marriage should be. It seems therefore, very sad when two persons, rea!ly marrying with high purpose, are contented to do without the full marringe office of The Church as before God and their fellow-nembers of Christ. And Church-folk should be at some pains to master the reasons for, and to remove all obstacles to, Church celebration of marriage. Surely those who believe that there is such a thing as God's Blessing and Grace, which can be sought for and received in anything, should seek for that Blessing and Grace in an act of such profound import and far-reaching consequence as the act of marriage. We must be receptive in our state of mind and heart if we would have the blessing and grace which are to be had in hours when indifference must be loss, and aspiration cannot but be fruitful. A sorrowfu! scepticism as to the existence of a spiritual kingdom, in which we live and move and have our being, can alone justify the severance of Matrimony from the adoring recognition of a Power ahove either and both of those who desire to live the life of oneness, a Power who is Love Supreme, Abundant, Unfailing, Ever-renewing. The truly human conditions for marringe are, as we have seen, that each should recognise in the other something above himself and herself; something -nay, some one-to be worshipped and to be obeyed. How difierent this from a inere legal contract between two self-assertive individuals. Surely the only sufficiency for these things is in the humble, reverent, seeking, receptive, adoring yeilding of the two selves, 10 lee fused by the mystic power of God in man. Surcly, unless their conscience forbid, a mats and a wontinn have no right, just in order to save themselves a bittle mental exertion, to venture to do without thone unseen gracious majestic induences which earls needs in order to be what each may be to the other, what both may be, and are bound to seck to be, towards the community ujon which their union will excreise untold influence for gool or bad.
And in proportion as we in our (hurch life think thus scriously and reverently of Iloly Matrimony we bught to do our utmost that its calc. bration may have befilting dignity and hournur, When we assist at the marriage of our friendswe ought to feel that we are at l)ivine Sicrvice (at Service, remember, which, according to the rulbric of the Church, should have the Joly Communion embolied in it). We should seck to hehave, not as sightseers, but asfellow-worshippers and interceders at Holy Communion, trying to surround every marriage with every little token of our belief in the sacred mystic character, feeling that the more we cando this the more we shill educate our Church, and neighborhood, and human life in lofty conceptions of the sacredness of humanity and the power of mutual reverence.

It would in many cases be most profitable if ruridecanal chapters and conferences, would discuss the local customs, and charges, and prejudices which are in any way obstacles to the maintenance and fulfillment of the instinctive idea that marriage should be celebrated at the spot, and amid the surroundings, which testify supremely to the sacredness of human birtil and life, and to the fact that these are not merely our own individualistic possessions, but are bought with a price by Christ for our neighborhood, and fatherland in God.-G. S. in Church Bells.

## 

## AN EPIPHANY SUMMONS.

By the Rev. Edmund Leaf.
"Das unto day ultereth speech."
0 , all ye anous of God,
Behold the land ye trearl, Whither God's tiand and roll, Your soul-tried fathers led.

Wide spreads it forth to view, With all good gifts supplied, Giftes from the heavens that fall And in the carth abile.

Behold ye sons of God, If sons of God ye are,
Go ye, and through the lund
The love of God declare.
The people come from far, Toilers with us to be,
I'o :ive and labor 'ueath The banner of the free.
Co ye and gladly tell, O'er hill and level plain, The blessed One huth come In every heart to reign.

Forth from the eastern wave, Ben to the weatward sea, Of God's own love proclaint The messege full and tree.
From North to South upbuild The Altars of the Lord,
Till all the people know
The tidings of His Word.
The teeming throngs nwait-
Of while amd black and red-
The day when all shall be Into one kinglom lell,

Then O ye eons of Goul, Tell forth Measiah's birtl
Thtil His light completes The circuit of the earth.
—St. Michacl's Rectory, Birdsboro, Plt

## Little Trouble-the-House.

## By L. 'T. Meane

CHAP'TER [-DON'T mam: HM, NURSE. (Continued)

At these words the littie children ceased sobling, and regarded Miles with faces of the most absorbed interest.

One hand was on the mantelpiece, and with the other he had just secured the coveted box when there came an interruption. The door was unlocked, and Miss Cecil, the governess, came in. It was the hour when Lucy and Hugh always repeated their evening prayer at their mother's knee; and the four children all thought, with an angry feeling swelling tneir little learts, that Miss Cecil had come to take their mother's place ; but she had no such intention.
She was a cold looking, stately person, and she moved gravely across the room without addressing the children. She would have gone away after fetching whot she wanted, without speakinff one word, had not her attention been attracted by the sight of the match box in Miles' hand,
"Put that box down, Miles," she said; "you know you are on no account to touch the matches.': She went over herself, and remor ing the box from his grasp, placed it far out of his reach.

As she'left the room, a little blaze of light leaped up in the grate, and fell on the boy's face ; it was furshed and impalieut.
"There, now," he said ; "I'll have to mount on a chair to reach em. How tiresome of Miss Cecil!"
" But, Miles," said Polly," you won't ever light the gas up now ?"
"Why not ?" asked Miles."
"Miss Cecil said 'No."
" Polly," said Miles; " once for all I witl say that I won't be forced to obey Miss Cecil. I'm a big boy, now, and I'll soon be having a tutor, and have nothing more to say to murse or our governess. Of course I've always got to obey father and mother-I know that quite well-but Miss Cecil, why she's just a tiresome old woman."

This last was said in a tone of great contempt.

Polly, looking puzried but not convinced, resumed her seat on the hearth-rug, and Miles turned to Hugh.
"Shall I make a big blaze ?" he said to the child
"Yes, yes ; I'd 'ike it, Milsie," exclained the little fellow, clayying his hands.
"Very well, you shall hold the match for me, while Polly keeps Lucy quiet ; you won't be afraid ?"
"No," said the little boy in a tone of delight.
"Then," here goes !" said Miles! and with a great flush of triumph and determination on his face, he jumped on a chair again, and securing the match box, drew a mach therefrom, and prepared to strike.-As he did so he was assanled by a memory. Words his mother said to lim some months before returned to his mind. These were the words:-_" It is God's will that you should obey those who have authority over yout."

After she said the words, she explained them, and in her explanation she showed him very clearly, that for the present, as long as he was under her care, Miss Cecil was one of those people whom he had to obey; and what was more, whenever he disobeyed Miss Cecil, he disobeyed his father and mother, who had placed her over him ; and when he disobeyed his father and mother, he disobeyed God, and thus committed a great sin.

Miles did not like this memory; he did not wish to consider his present act as sin; he would rather have tried to persuade himself that what he was about to do was quite right and proper ; but this his conscience would not allow, and it gave him now one or two very sharp pricks, and said to him as plainly as possib.'e :
"What you are going to do is wrong. You will be sorry for this by and by," but instead of listening to, and being guided by his conscience, he endeavored to silence it by at once doing what it told him not.

With all his might he struck the match against the side of the box, and when it blazed up he gave it to Hugh to hold for him, then jumping on another chair under the gas jet, he drew it down as he had often watched nurse do, and turned on the gas in quite a clever way.

But here a dificulty presented itself to Miles. Hugh had found the match burning down very low, and in a fright had thrown it from him, and it now lay on the hearth-rug, burning a little hole into it.
"How troublesome of you, Hugh !" said Miles in a voice half impatient, half angry, and then he jumped in' a hurry off his chair, and seizing another match, he struck it, and applied it to the gas, which, turned full on, flared up with a voise that really frightened Miles.
" There ! I have done it ! Hurrah !" he cried, springing to the ground, -" but I rather wish it would not quite roar so much."

Just then the door was opened, alld the children's father and nurse came in.

Mile's had again mounted a chair, and was trying to lower the flaringgas, and little Hugh stood underneath, gazing at him, and holding the smouldering end of the last used match close to his linen pinafore.
Nurse had her handkerchief pressed to her eyes, but at this scene she flung it from her, and rushing forwird, took the match away from Hugh, and lifted Miles off his chair:
"Mr. Miles, how very, very wicked! You might have set your little brother on fire ?"
"Don't blame him now, nurse," said Miles' father, coning forward and taking his hand.

## CHAPTER II.-HE GOOD, MULES.

The moment Miles heard his father's voice he felt that something was very wrong indeed, and instantly, with that knowledge eame the strongest desire he had ever experienced in his young heart-he wished he could undo the work of the last few moments; he saw very clearly that in disobeying Miss Cecil he had also; disobeyed his mother and his God.

This was his first thought, but when from hearing his father's voice he came to glance at his' father's face, all other recollections were swallowed up in a quick and sudden fear.

In the entire of his short life Miles had never seen his father look as he did now. He was not crying, but his eyes had an expréssion in them which no tears could relieve.

When Miles went up lo him, which he did at once, he put his arms around him, and pressed his face down for half an instant on his curly head.
"I want you, Miles," he said then;" you are to come with nie."
And taking the boy's hand, he led him from the room.
As they walked down the hall together, Miles heard the rurse solbing in a very frec ind unrestrained manner, but sceing that his father shed no tears, he was determined to push back his own.
All the same he was terribly frightened.
Whate were they going ?
Oh !-with a sigh of relief-to mother's room.
The instant he found himself in this corridor, with the oriel window at the end, his fears fled away; he looked with pleasure at the flowerstand, and the door with the white. handle-he recollected how proud he had been when first he learned to turn the handle of that door.
What a delightful, delicious room there was within! There never were any ornaments like the ornaments on mother's dressing table, no pictures like the pictures on her walls, no view ike that from her windows-and, above all, no face like the face that, morning after morning, as long as he could remember anything, had smiled on him, the lips that had kissed him, the heart that had loved him.

Oh yes ! he need not feel frightened; things were all right, as he was going there.
His mother had sent for him to him her good night kiss.........to tell him to come to her as usual in the moming. "He was sorry lie had disobeyed her about the gas......well, he would tell her of it. and she would forgive him; his mother always forgave him at once when he asked her; his beating heart grew tranquil again, and when his father turned the handle of the door, he looked up at him, and said with a mile-
"I'm so glad mother is better...... I never can sleep quite sound when she has those headaches."
His father stared at him blankly, tried to speak, but finding no words, shut himself and Miles into the room.
"I cannot break it to him," he said in a hoarse whisper to a gentleman with white hair, who was standing by the bedside. :

Miles heard the whisper, gave an eager glance round the room, and immediately his I nameless fears returned, stronger than before.

What was it his father could not tell him? What ailed his mother's pleasant, happy room?
There was plenty of light-a fire was burning, and yet a strange look of confusion pervaded everything.
Miles glanced hastily around, then going up to the bed, he pushed aside the curtains to search for his mother.

Doubiless she would explain away this strange scene; tell him what it all meant; and set his beating heart at rest.
Yes, she was there, smiling too as only she knew how, and strecthing out her feelle hand, she laid it on the little fellow's head.
Miles gave one long intense look into her face, and then-suddenly, quietly too, and almost without pain at first-the knowledge no one could explain to him-his mother had sent for him to say good bye. That long illness of nearly a tortnight, during which he never could make out what ailed her, his nurse's tears that night, his father's face, above all, the expression in the eyes now gazing at him, the feel of the hand that now rested on his head, all told him the truth, he knew why the familiar, happy room seemed so unlike itself -his mother was going away, his mother was dying.
The knowledge brought with it absolute surprise and bewilderment, but little pain at first: Miles knew something of death, though he had never seen any one die. He knew what his mother could tell to so young a child on this sulject. He knew that he had a soul within him, and that some day his soul must leave his body and go away. His hody would be put in the groundGod wished it to be put there, and he himself would take care of it, and on no account allow it to be lost ; and his soul, if he loved God, would go at once to a beautiful place, with golden streets, where the children played together, and where children, and grown people, and all, were happy.
This was his idea of death ; and he knew that the graves he sayw in the village church-yard were the homes where God kept very safely the bodies of those whom he loved. Mile knew also that some day God wou'd come and fetch these, and raise thém up again, all perfect and beautiful. His mother had herself given these happy ideas of death, and she was not now at all afraid of saying what she had to say to him.
Still keeping her hand on his head, she spoke-
"Miles," she said, "I am going away from you.......... I bave sent for you to tell you so...... I am going to die, my darling. God will put my body into its home in the church yard, and take goop care of it there :..... and my soul he will carry up to heaven. You know about heaven, Miles, for I have told you of it. Always now think of mother up in heaven.. .....wearing a whise dress...met.and singing to a harp...... and being close to God, and feetinge ohl so very; very happyys
"You will be lonely, my darling,' she continued sfter a pause, "i very lonely, a 'ad sad at first, but you will
be brave about $i t$, Miles, I want'
you to promise me something...... something...... before...... I go.... from you."
"Yes, mother," answered Miles, coming close to her.
" If you promise me, you will keep it, my boy. I look to you to keep it ; it is this-be good, Miles........ grow up good, try for it with all your little strength, and God will help you with all his great strength,$\ldots .$. .prom-
is me, my son se me, my son."
For an instant, but no longer, the child was silent, then he said very solemnly and emphatically-
"I promise"
"Kiss me," said the mother.
They kissed each other.

## to be continued.

Mrs. Alice Freeman Palmer, of Wellesley College, has this to say regarding a subject of absorbing interest to ladies, viz: "How to be beautiful."
I am sorry for the girls and women who have no great and absorbing interest outside of themselves. In studying faces at a social gathering one can hardly fail to be impressed with the different expressions upon the countenances of those accuistomed to assemble purely for pleasure and those whose lives are dominated by any noble purpose. Girls naturally desire to be beautiful. But if the beauty is to be lasting, if at forty and sixty they wish to have that certain something in their personal presence which makes women of that age so attractive, they must live outside of themselves. Self. culture, sought for its owa sake, will never make a girl winsome. Her graces, her accomplishments, her talents of every sort, must subserve some higher good to be really valuable possessions. This is why an outside interest has such an ennobling effect upon a young lady's character. It carries thought and affection to the farthest limit. Therefore, girls with all your gettings, pet an enthusiasm for Christian work.

## a UNIQUE MAGAZINE.

A unique experiment will be tried in the February issue of The Jadies' Home Journal. The entire number has been conuributed in prose, ichon and verse by the daughtera of fainous parentage, as A proof that genius is often hereditary, is he work of thirty of these "daughters"
will be represented. These will comprise will be represented. These will comprise
the daughters of Thackeryy, Hawthorue, Dickeng, Jainef Fenimore Cooper, Horace Greeley. Mr. Gladstone, Presiuen nalor isgalls, Dean Bradley of Weer minster, Juiiz Ward Howe, Gencral Sherinan, Jeffersou Davis and pearly a score of others. Each article, poem or story printed in this number has been especially written for it, and the whole promises to be ge guccessful result of an ilea never beforc atlempled in a magazine.

The Greatest Need of College Girls is the subject of an important article to appear in the Atlantic Monthly for Jannary. It is by Andie Payson Call, anthor of the excell
through Repoze."


## L, O. ETMERSON

TrJust Issued Entirely New Tide latest and beal cinss book; unequ-
alled for blaglng sohools. Mr. Emerson's long ex
judgment have enabled him enoe and rare valuabte suggestlens as to the proper nise of the volde, eapcelally as regards articuitahon and pronunclailon of Words. For bes-
planere, rudimentary exerotsea and lemsonn In note, rudimentary exeroisen and lemgonh arled colleolion of
Clees, Part Songs, Choruses, Hymn unes, Anthoms, Chants, Solos. Rounds, male Quartets.
:Tovaluabie for slusing:8rbools aud Musical Convegitung.
Erice, 600. postimation prer dosen not OLIVER DITSON CO. 453-463 Washinton Street, Boston. GRATEFUL-COMFORTING

## EPPS'S COCOA.

## BREAKFAST

${ }^{4} \cdot \mathrm{Byg}$ a thorough knowledgeof the nataral lape which govern tho operntions of digea: cation or the the oropertles of efoll applied Cocoa, Mr. Epps las provided our brenkfast tablos pith a delicatoly favoral beverage whioh may zave us many heavy
doctora bills. It is by the judiclous use of such articles of diet that a conntitution May bogradasily bult until alrong enough de yealat every tendency to disense, Hunaround us ragdy to attack wherover there Is a weali polit. We may eacape many a falal sbar by heaplog ourselves well fortided wlth pare blood and a properly nourMada slmply with bolling poster or milt gold only in paoketa by Grocers, labellici hun: James Eppi \& Co Homocopalulo
LOCUM TENENS, 1 mamon in as sucis irom now untll ubout Aprlilisth. Address Rev. C. Euale. Gahhural, N.B, 2\% 8 L
AGENT male fit ion in fou deys aving Brushes and Specialtiet 100 par oant proflt Sample
free Toritory Dr Tuos Srakns, Sole Agt, Toronto
 parlal card for particu
Ware Co., Windsor.

## WANTED

$A$ Rector sor the Parth of Wilmol. A pply w Jour W. JAyzis or Whitisa Co. Andapolis, Nova goolls

W
ANTED, for the Diocese of Alvona thae or four ACTYE, in full orden if poasible. Fall informalion may be had by correspondence with tho
Bishop, addrensed to The Arilagton, To Blishop,
ronio.

W
ANTED-By a young person, a situation as Lady-Hel.p. Would be willing to do any kind of light house work, sewing and assist in the care of children Address
bt

Miss E. Clare, Halifax, N.S.


## KNITTING SILK.

## The Only Silk Suitable for Knitting.

Which will bear Washing without injury to Color or Pexture.

FIORENCE HOMENHEDTEWORK, IAcoat isaue sent portpadd on recelpl of six
CORTICELLI SILKX CO.
Rlohellou Street, GT. JOLINE, P.q.

## USEFUL TRACTS

## -ron-

## Parochial Use.

patimways to our chuch
By the Rev. Grorge W. Shinn, D.D., 1Gino., neat mper cover, 10 cents. T Whittaker, N, Y.
Conteals: The Growing Churolh, The
 The hecephion or he Church Iden, Ift sim: derfol comprehpaninonekg.

 Wiot examinntion. Tho pamphinet is nltili-

## THE PRAYER DOOK REASON

 WHY.A Text lBook of Inatructions on the Doctrince, Utateges and History of tho Churchas auggented by the liturgy. By the Rev. Nelmon R. Bonp, M.A., lif mo, sull paper covera, 2nc, net. Sume publieher.
Tha denlyn of the warit in throfofld: (1) tho populit oulicilions mes corntobuty raiked againat tha church nod her surviran ly those not famillar whith hor wayy; (a) To bring unt clearij and concinely mine of tha difllaguinh ibe Epl. copal Charoh from all ather rellgliong bodion ; and (a) To obsyey a the orlafent gpige informalion on the Whioh evory lay man, and eppectally cvery lenoher s ught to bave.
CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEACHING.
By the Very Rev. Ins, Carmichael, D. C, L., Dean of Montreal. Paper 10c. Drysdale \& Co., Monireal.
The Traal way wriluan un meat the need
 out a clear reallaillou of ine mrath jand marya of Her dintingtive tonohing. It ocil. what every one proseguing to belone tolhe Chusch oi Enziand moonidnatarally realizo and puderatand.

## THE APPOINTED GUIDE

A pecessary Erudition for thepe timen. Published by "The Charch Critic," New York. Paper.

## Misitityith

A Suggestion for, Oonsideration.
The Standard of the Cross and the Chiirch suggests that inasmuch as the whole Church elects the Mis: sionary Bishops, enjoys the honor of their work, and is responsible for their maintenance, the diocese might well be assessed for their support, as they are assessed for General Convention expenses. It adds: "For the rest of the appropriations [for General Missions] also, it night be easier to bring home to the dioceses a sense of their mutual responsibility if $\%$ system corresponding to that of the subdivision of a diocese into convocations or archdeaconries were adopted by the whole Church. Let the Missionary Council consider the suggestion. Suppose that the Board of Managers appropriate $\$ 500,000$ for next year ; a schedule could be recommended by the Council in October, showing, together with the expenditure intended in each diocese and missionary jurisdiction, the proportionate amount which experience and fairress would warrant the Council to ask from each of the sixty or seventy dioceses and jurisdictions. Much could be said in support of this suggestion. At present it maly suffice to leave it to reflection. Is not this in the line of the purpose for which the Missionary Council was created ?"

The Rational of the Ohurch's Existence.
It goes without saying that missionary work, properly so called, in the ouffield of non-Christianity is the plain duty of the Church of Christ. It is the very rationule of her existence, according to the original laiv given to Abram, the father of all them that believe, when he himself was called out and separated from the world to become a centre of blessing to that world. "I will bless thee and thou shalt be a blessing, and in thee and in thy seed shall all the families of the earth "or, as St. Paul has it, "all nations" -"be blessed." In the present century, well designated "the century of missions," the cause has been abundautly vindicated at home, and proven to be a success abrond, on the testimony literally of. "all sorts and conditions of men." We have learnt the fact of the complete adaptedness of the Gospel of the grace of God to all racial and religious varieties of man. A vast accumulation of evidence of the power of the Gospel to every soul that believeth has been collected from every part of the globe. The Church's' responsibility for the evangelization of the world has been increasingly brouglit to light, and to a considerable extent practically acknowledged; and the day is past when the old gibes at missions and missionaries are endured, at any rate among thoughtful and intelligent people.-Church Missimary"Intelligencer:

## Remaritablesuccecse at Oyamada

 Y "At the close of the year $188 \%$, the villagers of Oyamada, in the island of Kiu-shiu, Japan, sent un appeal ${ }_{2}$ through a felegate appointed for the purpose, to the Rev. A. B Hitchinson, of the Church Missionary Society's Mission at Nagasaki, to come and teach them "the good doctrine of the perfect, holy, Hiaw less Lord." The people of this very beautiful village, where thousands of excursionists go yearly, had learned ${ }^{\circ} f_{a}^{T}$ the Saviour of mankind from two Japanese who had heard Mr. HutChinson preach at Nagasaki, and being wearied with their idol worship, and pretty wêll convinced of its uselesshess, they resolved to be instructed in Christianity.
Mr. Hutchinson responded at once oo the appeal, and he and one or two native assistants have labored at Oyamada as well as at Nagasaki and Fukuoka. No less than 160 persons have received Baptism at Oyamada, and there are now about 100 communicants. These native Christians have built a church costing $\$ \mathrm{x}, 300$ of which $\$ 000$ was provided lhy themselves.

## A Grand Revolution,

A very significant legal decision has been rendered in India. A minor was baptized by the Rev. Henry Forman. Afterward the boy returned to his relatives, and was so outrageously treated that he abandoned his home and friends. . A brother put in a claim for grardianship, the father being incapacitated, and demanded that the boy should be remanded to him. This brought the matter up in the court, and was finally appealed to the supreme court of India.. The decision was reached by the full bench, one of whom was Justice Ma hamud. His decision was based upon the intelligence of the boy. The decision was that in all cases where there was an intelligent acceptance of the truth, his baptism would be recognized by law. This is * revolution, and the missionaries are rejoicing. For this they have been praying for years, as they were always in danger of being charged with kidnapping when they baptized a native child.-Herald and Presby ter.

STMPLE

## Dawson's

Chocolate Creams

WORM REMEDY



Ahead of everything that can be used for washing and cleaning, is PEAREINE If your work is havy, it is a necessity; il your work is light, it is a luxury. It leseses thelaborof washing, and helps every. where in the houscwork. There's hothing so harmless-nothing so effective-nothing so popular and yet so new-it is rapidly succeeding soap. Try it for washing aishes-try it for washing anythingeverything; only try it-for your own sake and ouirs. A house without Pearline is "behind the times.".

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you

"this is as good as". nr "the same as' Pentilic." IT'S FA ISE-Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, du the honast thing-scmd it matc.

New work by the Author of "How We Got THE OLD DOCUMENTS AND THE NEW BIBLE:

A History of the Old Testament for the elc.
The Old Thstayment. Old Hebrew Documents. Other Old Documents and their A Spectmen of Biulcal Criticisw. Ten Allustrations, fhowlas orfglnal manu seripts, Moabite Shope, etc., eto. 21 Seventh thousand.
utwork of sound scholarshlp and useGniversisy of Glasgowsor Church History University of Glasgow

## By the Same Author.

HOW WEGOT OUR BIBLE
NAnswer to Questions suggested by the New Revision. th edition. Fortiell thousand, 12 mo . oloth, with six $1 l \mathrm{lusira}$ 11 nus, 125 pages. Prlce, 50 cents.
$" 1 t$ has the glow of a slory. terest never ilaged from firgt page to the last."-BISHOP OF DERRY

## RECORDS OF THE PAST.

Belng Faglish translatlons of the Asayriun Under the Edicorship of Prof OAYOE sleted by M. Le Page Renour, Prof MASPERO, MR. BUDGE, MR. PINCHRS Prof. OPPERTr and olher distingulshed "gyptian and Assyrian soholars. heartlly commend them. The two firaly mentloned are especially ciear and interest ng, and coutaln a quantlty of information poputar put. Church Guardian.

JAS. POTT \& CO. Publishers,

THE OHRISTIAN
Madratar lat mbrice ASSCCIMTON.
In Consection witt the Caurob or Enoland: in Canada.

Patnon:
The Most Rev. the Metropolitan of Canada.
Hon. Sko.-Treas. L. H. Daüilson. Esg., M. A., D. C. L Montreal.

Thls Bociefy wa formen st the las ProGhadal:Synot, to uphnidi the law of the explanatory thereos. Memberatip fee only nominal, olz, 25 cents. Bubsoriptions'from olergy and aity may be sentito the Hon. Seoretary-Treasarer.

## FOR 1892.

The Living Church Quarterly.
(Formerly the Living Ohurct Annual, with
 rectad ciergy
tribution at

## Advent.

Some of the newfeatures ars as follows: A valuable, paper entliled,
Some Hints on Church Furnishing
and Decorations, and on the
Robes and Vestments,
dealgned to ald those having oharge of furnighing churches, chancess a, allara, and lustraifons of vessels and vestmenta 11 The Clergy Ilst is enriohed with the atatement of the sources or all doctors degrees, with a tabulated, summary of the DIx, Morgan. D.D. DOol.], D.C.L. [Un. So j27 York St S Unce, 7 Uhureh St. F New York.
OANS
DoANE WM. Oroswell, D.D. [Col. Tr.,
Oxon.]. L. L. [Un. So. Oamh.] Bishop OfAn.]. L L.D. $\left[\begin{array}{l}U n . \text { So. Camh. Blahop } \\ \text { of }\end{array}\right.$ By referring to ine alphabeticai index, it Fill be observed in the former case that the degrees Were recelv ed from Columbla
Col. College and the Univeralty or the South [Un. Bo.] In Lhe latier case from Columbia [Col.] Trinity [Tr.], Oxford, [Oxon.), Uni veralty of the Soath [Un. So.]; und Cainbridge Univeratty [Camb.] for more than six monthe, and the actual expendicure in time and money in order to make it complete, has been very greal. public.
Excellent frontisplece portralts by chalt tone process, of
The Rt.Rav. RHILLIPS BROOKS, D.D., Blishop of Massachasetts.
The Rt. Rov. 1. U. NIUHOLSON, D.D., Bishop of Milwakeo. These are copled from photcraphas from process known. much usern ed full
DIOUESAN AND PAROCHIAI LISTS
GENERAL CLERGY LISMS; THE CAILRNDAR,
Xembers of contresti
American succession or Bishop: Full Tables or Forelgn Biyhops and many othior userul departments are golog to presa.
Followed, as nual, by the cierge List correoted March, June and Geplamber, I Last year the complete volime conge. GO past joar the complate volume contialned

## Special Offer.

ongro will send the Qartely FQiE to any new sabseriberior any oldigubgeribe Add rens waltor Chinax 30 days.

## PABAGRAPMO COLUMMV.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.
Mrs. WinsLow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea:

A wide spreading, hopeful disposition, is your only true unbrella in this vale of tears:-1. B: Aldrich.

## ARE YOU DEAF

Or do you suffer from noises in the heard. Send your address and I will send a valu able treatise contatioing full particulars for home crire wifich costs comparatively nothing. A splendid work on deafnew nond the ear. AddresB PROF. G. CHASE, Urillia, Ont.:

Women think so much without acting. Men, on the other hand, act so much without thinking.

## Erysipelas.

Mrs. Jane Smith, of Mailland: was cured of a grevious attack of erysipelas by using. Minard's Family Pills 20 days, and applying Minard's Liniment to tue parts affected.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Curedi 410 Dr. J Stephens, Lobanon, ohiot

## - ros

 DYSERPSIA, HFARTBURN, EEADACHE; Kidney and Liver Com: plaints.It has atood the test of the oublle for over a qaiarter of a century. Ask your drug
it. 50 conts per botile. solé Propriator YOU? - PALLACE DAWBON, montreal.


WELL SUIIED.

 ages of
Woodills Geeman Baking Pourde



 has betn emplos ed, minen req.alr
own household for mainy yeu's

GEORGE ULWBON, PH DS.LLCD Fellow of the Jis liate nif Openileiry of (ireal Brie a and Ireland

## Davilson of Ritchie, <br> Advocates, Barristers, "nd <br> r Attorneys at Lam

190 st-famer "Sticet, MONTRBAL:

## DONALD KENNEDY

 Of Roxurury, Masss. says Atrange cases cared by my MrealcalDliscovery come to me every day. Here is Discovery come to me every day Here is
one of Paralysia-Blindinesn-and the Grip Ncw how does my Hedical Dligcovery eure all these o I don't know, pale ss it itzeg hold of che Hidden Poison that makes all
Hnome Bnmor.
Virginia Criy NzVADA, Sept. 9th 1891
Donald Kennedy-Dear Str: I wil
 ago I was paralyzou in about nine jeare yeare and I was sad vised to relfer for two years and ivas ad rised to rry your Dis-
covery, Which did its duty, and in a fow
months month' I. Was rastored to healis. Abont by a ppotteu catarict. Last warch I fraz tazen with La Grippe, and was conaned to hat time, pi la the miart, inen it struck me that your Bhscovery was the thing for me tol gol a bollle, and before it was halr gone Was able togo to my work in Ihe mines. left ege, gnd sbout afx monthy ago my rtght oye became affected wlh blacts spols over the aight as did the leit eye-perhaps
some twenty of them-but eince I bave some twenty of them-but since I bave
been using vour Discovery hey all iall my right eye but one ; and, Lhank iod, the bright light of heaven 18 once more makligg its appearance in my left eye. I am
wonderfully astonished at in, and lhant Wonderfully astonished at 1 h , and $\operatorname{chank}$
God and pour Miodicul Discovery. God and Your Modichl Disoovery
Yours Ira Ji: HANE Wits.

A BOMBARDMENT OF HERESYI

## emergency tracts

By the Young Churchman Co. Mila
Beginning Nov. 2nd, and to te issued weekly therenfter, a periodical consisting of four pages, under the above titc. The numbers so far in preparation are as follows:
No. 1-The Ehergenor.
No. 2 - Most Surely Belleved Amongst Us.
No. 3-Foid on Flock. (8 pp.)
No. 4-Cathohic vs. Broad Churgh Thinkina. (8 pp.)
No. 5-An Antidote of Broad Cnurchism.
No. 6-Why Fleze to Rome?
No 7-Our Seminames-The Propagators of Heresy. ( 8 pp .)
No 8-How to Propagate Herebt,
(The 8-page Tracts will count as double numbers.)
Termas, 50 cents per ycar, or with Tue Cherch Guardtan $\$ 1.60$.

Address,
P. O. BOX 504, Montreal.

## DAVENPORT

SCHOOL FOR BOYS
PORTLAND MANOR, ST. JOHN N.B.
A Church Boarding and Day School

Jinixutity ol Ying's chalged

## WINDSOR: N. S.

## PATRON:

The Arohulshop of Canterburt. Visitior and Prestdent of the Board of Governors:
The Lord Bisiop of Nova Scotia. Governor ex-oftolo, Representing Synod $G$ New Bransítiok :
The Metropolitan.
President of the College:
Tue Rev. Prof. Willets, M.A., D.C.L.
Professional Stayt:
Classices-Rev. Prof. Wiliets, M.A., D.C.L
Rev, Protessor Promen M. A.
Mathematios, inoluding Eviglieering and Ohematural Phill-Profosmor Builer, B.' Chemistry Goolngy, and MIrlng-Proresior Economice and History; Proressor Roberts,
Modera. Languages-Profeseor Jones, M.
Tathrinh Solenco and Maldematies-Mir, W
F. Camplell, B.A.

Difinity Lexturiks.
Canon Law and Eccoles. Polity-Rov. Cayou Odd Paritidgenent Liti. and Exeg.-V on. Arol did reatament Lit and Exeg.-V en. A
deacon Smith, I.D. Apologetiog- Kev: Geo. Hanlam, M.A. Ehlps are under consideratlon
There are elght Divinily
Bcholarablpa or There are elght DIVInily scholarablpa of
the annual value ot $\$ 50$, tenable lor tireo the annual value ot $\$ 150$, tenable lor threc Exuibluon \$50; Three stevenson solvice
 Open Lo Candldates for Holy Orilers One One AkIng Hantorloal milize 8niwi One Hallburton prixe $\$ 80.00$; One Cogswel Cricket prize. 'he necosiary expenses of nom: Nominated atudent do not nay number, are open to all Matricultited Sthdente, and are worth about 00.00 for the threo years course.

REV. PROF. WILLET'S, President King's Collegc. Windsor, Nova Scotia.

## THE CHURCH HOSPITAL,

HALIFAX, N. S.

## -HAB-

## Superior Accommodation

For paying patients of both sexer,
If nituated in a quilet nolghborhood on
Spacious Halls and Airy Wards
 Mase., a branch of the well known slxter hood of Easl Grinaland, surkex, Engiand. Patient $A$ Me provided with NLERBING
NOURSEMEN and HOME COMFOLTB at moderate charges.
Palients select and pay their own surpeon or Physician, and have full freedom of choice when requiring religlous miniatratlona,
Bister in charge. particutars apply to the
ghar
Reforences in Halliax: Vury Rev. Edwin Gilpln, D.D., Dascon of Nova Bcotia; A.... Uowle, M. D.: W. B. Slaylor, M.Di H. A. tornoy General or Nova Rcolie.
: Patron-The Most Reverend the Metropolltan of Canadg. Rev. Bishop, CoadJubr. histed by Restdent Miasiers from England
LENT TERM OPENS
ON
Satuyday, January 2nd, 1892.


ASTLE \& SON MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS

## 



HURCH FURNTUUR
MEMRILRRSSE
FOMTS LECTERMS

CHURCH OF ENGLAND A TEMPERANCE SOCIETY publications.
THE TEMPERANOE CHRONICLE WEEKLY : Id Bl'g.
Time Illugtraten Texpmance Month-
 talning Serlil Blorjes by well known Tom-
 perance Heroci, Past, sid Prosent "Writh Orislail masic, de, do. Id si'g monlaly, postage extra.
THE YoUNG CrUGADER; a now Juvenité padead forn prelmen conp txcellent ap Bends ol Hope; B . 8. children sDd othors and enre to promote laterest of membere 12pp; plice td, potiage extra. .
M OLSTS PORLICATION DRPART MHTSH Whmintor, Londoong Evg.
Mention thde paper:

## CHIREP GUABMIAN

## A Weekiy Newspaper,

NON-PARTISAN -:- INDEPENDENT,
Is pubtamed eveht Wednesdat in tha inthrests of the Churain of Exaband in Cayada, and in Rupert's Land and the Nortio-Weat.

Special Correspondents ia Different Dioceses

## OPrICE:

190 St. James Street, Montreal.

## SUB8CRIPTION

(1)ostage in Canada and U. S. free.)

If paid (atricily in adtauce) $\$ 1.50 \mathrm{n}$ year One year tu Clierigy . . . . $\$ 1.00$
 ondmed ophabwise hequal bath of expiation of sidiseriftion.

Remittances requested by Post Ottice order, payable to L. H. DA VIDSON, otherwise at subscriber's rivk.

Receipt acknowled by change of label If speoial receipt required, atniuped chvelone or post-card uecerairy.

Im omanging an ambures, besa the OLD
as wel. as the NEW Ambiehs.

## ADVERTISING.

Tu: Guamman having a Circlifa. TION LARGELY IN BXCESS OF ANY OTHER CHURCH PAPAR, und extending threnginout the Dominion, the NorthWest and Newfoundland, will be found one of the bert mediums for adverliting.

## RATES.

Iat inbertion, - 10e. per line Noupnreil Bach subsequant issertion, бc. per line. 3 monthy . . . . . 75c. "
12 months . . - $\$ 2.00$ "

Marbiage and Birth noticeh, 50c. eajif ingertion. Deatil notiogh, yryr.

Obituaries, Complimentary Rerolu tions, Appeals, Acknowledginente, and other similar matter, 10c. per line.

腯 All notices must beprepaid.

Addrezs Correspondence and Commu nications to the Editor P. O. 130 X 504.

Exchanges to P. O. Box, 1968, Montreal

## 

Some Conolusions of Canon West as to the O. E. T. Si
(1) The Temperance cause, as carried on by the C.E.T.S., either at headquarters, or by the diocesan or parochial branches, must be carried on under a full sense of responsibility to the whole Church.
(2) The basis of the Sociely's action must be as broad as, and no broder than, the word of the Church's Head gives us warrant for making it.
(3) As Temperance is but one part of the Church's care, it must not be permitted to absorb an undue share of the Church's interest.
(4) The method of procedure, as to which we have no written instructions, is a matter for consideration, under prayer for guidance by the Holy Spirit of God.
(5) To give the sanction of the Church's name to any mere party is improper as well as unvise.
(6) To hesitate to express ap. proval of any political measure cal culated to attain the objects the C. E.T.S.S. is aiming at, by methods of which the C.E.T.S.S. apuroves, is alike cowardly and an abnegation of duty.
(7) As the Church it elf is outside of, and abuve, party, so should its Temperance work be preserved from the arena of party contention.
(8) T'o snatch a victory for Temperance by alliance with party, is to show more faith in political action, than in the truth of the principles the C.E.T.S. is engaged in promot ing.
(9) To purchase apparent immediate success, by the surrender of a higher and holicr interest, is to throw into disorder the proportions of truth, and to disturb the relations of one part of tuwh with another.
(ro) When charged with being unfaithful to the Temperance cause, because we do not either sink our Churchmanship, or adopt popular cries, which cannot be loyally adopted by branches of the C.E.T.S., we should not be afraid to avow that the C.E.T.S.'s objects and methods are, in our judgment, |sufficient, under God's blessing, to secure the Temperance reformation we seek.
(II) We should be Churchmen first; mere Tenperance men second. The Church is God's fanily in process of salvation. There can be Temperance without Christ the Saviour.
( 12 ) Remember always, this sin of intemperance, like all other sins, cau be conquered only by the Spirit and power of God.
(r3) Living, loving, labouring in this Divinely-given puwer, we shall not only bring deliverance to many souls, and honour unto God, into Whose glorious liberty these emancipated sons are brought, but it shal be made ever clear that

None are for a party,
14) Thus shall be obtained tha for which we priy-"A Temperance reformation in our beloved land." Amen.

## TEMPERANCE TOPIOS.

The study of statistics is said to rouse the Chancellor of the Ex chequer to enthusiasm, and dull figures properly introduced to one an other have told stirring tales. Mr. Charles Booth's figures about the poverty of St. George's-in the-East and the figures lately published by the rector in his amual report about the public-houses in his parisn ought 10 be brought side by side. The inhabitants of St. George's East are among the poorest in London. Indeed, Mr. Charles Booth reckons St. George's to be the poorest district in East London, containing 48.8 per cent. of what he calls "t the poor," compared with 39.2 per cent. in Whitechapel and 44.7 per cent, in Bethnal Gren. Thére are, nevertheless, 8I public-houses to suppiy with drink the 11,000 people who occupy the rector's district-one house, that is, for about every 135 persons. On Friday evenifg, October 30 , last year, many of the public-houses were visited, and, taking the average, 45 persons were found in each house. On Sunday, November 7, 71 adults were counted entering one door of a public-house. On one evening, in the short pace of thiriy-five minutes, 67 children were counted entering drink shops with cans, jugs, or bottles. From such figures it would seem a moderate computation that $£_{200}$ a year must be annually pand in over the counter to keep up each of the 81 houses; $f_{1} 6,200$ is thus spent every year by 11,000 of the poorest people in London. A strike against the publicans might thus add more to wages than even was gained by the dockers in their great. strike.

Mrs. Buss, wife of the vicar of Shoreditch, writes that the patience of that quarter of East London is well-nigh exhauted by the tyranny of the drink traffic.

The Mayor of Crewe, addressing conference, mentioned that the London and North-Western Railway Company owned a third of the area of that town, and would not permit a single public-house on their property.

As a rcsult of the Local Option Bill in Ballarat, no fewer than forty drinking saloons have been closed.

The English signatures to the Wome:'s World's Temperance petition numbered 176,000.

The Bishop of Durtham has taken charge of the petition from the Sunday closing meeting recently held in Hartlero il, and has promised to pre sent it to the House of Lords on the first opportunity.


## MUCH BETTER,

## Thank You!

THIS Is TIE GNTVERSAE TENTIMrONY of ticose who have sufficidifom. CIIBONIG BRONGEITIS, CODGES, CODDS, OL AIY HOLIK OF WAST: ZNG DIBEASSEs, aficu tucy pavotried

of Pure Cod Liver Oil and

## HYPOPHOSPHITES <br> Of Hime and Goda,

1T 18 ALAROST is PACATABLE AB THLLK. TK'IS $\therefore$ IFONDERFUL TLESU PRODUCERA. It ts werd and endoracd by Physiciernas. dvold nll imitations or sulastilicitenci sold by all Dintgoin's at 50 f. and $\$ 1.00$.

SCOTT \& BowNE, Brllevillo.

## PAROCHIȦL

## Missions to the Jews Fund

Patrons:-Archbishop of Canterbury Earl Neivon, Blishops: of Loodon, WInches. ler Durhan, Ininchn, Gallsbary, colchester Liohtilda, Newcabile, Oxford, Truab
 East.
PRI
PRESIDENT:-The Dean of Llohfield D.D

## CANADIAN BRANCH.

## President.

The Lord Bishop of Niagara.
Committee: The Archdeacon of Guelph, The Archdeacon of Kingston, The Provost of Trinity College, Very Rev. Dean Norman, Rev. I. Langtry, Rev. A. J. Broughall, Rev J. D. Cayley, Rev. E. P. Crawford, Rev. C. H. Mockridge, Rev. G. C. Mackinzie, L. H. Davidson, D. C. L, Q.C.

Honorary Secretary: Rev. Canon Cayley, Toronto.
Honorary' Treasurer: J. J. Mason Esq., Hamilton, Treasurer D. \& F. Mission Board.

Diocesan Treasurers: The Secre tary-Treasurers of Diocesan Synods.

Honorary Diotesan Secretaries.
Nova Scotia-Rev. W. B. King. Halifax.
Fredcricton-Rev. Canon Neales, Woodstock, N.B.
Toronto-Rev. I. D. Cavley, Toronto.
Montreal-L. H. Davidson, D.C.L., Q.C., Montreal.

Montreal-Rev. A. J. Balfour, Que.
Ontaria-Rev. W. B. Carey, King. ston.
Niagara-Rev. Cainon Sutherland, Hamilton.
Huron-Rev. C. G. Mackenzie, Brantford.

SUBSCRIBE for the chubcif givardian.
M. B. BRAWN \& CD.

Dearergig incommurion Prate, Brass Altar Furniture, Jewellery and Silper Ware.
138 Granville sleet, Halifax, N. S.
Our special challice 7 Inchcs high, gitit
briwl and Psten's inches with gilt surface if tuperior quality. E. B on White Metal bat Crystal Craet. Whi Malteze Cross acc.p.
Ezf, at $\$ 14$ per set. Is admirably aulapid Eyr at \$l4 per set. Is admirably adapled
for Masionn or amall Pariehes, whise ap. propriate articles at small cost ure 1 e quired.
The sazae set E. P. on Nickel, per sel $\$ 18$ CO Cryktal Cruets, fingly, each,............. 350 Front, 21 B $2 \hbar \times 1$ ninged cover and 150 Brass Aliar Crosios, 15 io 2 Z Inch, $\$ 10$ tu 250
 Brase Altar Candleslicke per pair, 5 to 10
Brase Alcar Vares, plajn and iljum. 5 to 12 Brass Almas Dishes, 12 and lif fuch, parly or wholly decorated, each's 60 to 18 Freigh prepaid to Montreal on Bales for Manitoba and further West.

## TiP INSTITOTR LIEALLT <br> FOR <br> CHURCH SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

Sonior and Junior Scrics.
Eased on the well-known publications of the Church of England Sunday-school Institute, London.

Used largely in all the Canadian Dioceses and heartily approved by many Bishops.

Recommended by the gynods of Mon-ter-Dlocepan gunday. Schools Conferenco ombraclary Delegates from f vêdiocenes. Now in Ihe Eleventh year of publlicailon. Prepared by the Bnnday-school Commit-
tee of the Toronto Dloceve, and published by Mesars. Howsell \& Huichlson, Toronto at the low rate of slx cenis per copy, per annum. The GHEAPEST LeAFLET. In The dactrine and true to the principles of the Prajer Booz, New Serles ou The Prayer Bnok,' and 'The Acts of the A postles,' beink with Advent next.
Adurese Rowsell \& H0TCHISON 66 Ktug street, East Toronto.

## BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL

LENNOXVILILF, P. Q.
The pork of Lent term will begin rn new builuing, Jopecial preparailon for the now buiding. gipecial preparaion for the
Royal Milltary College and the Univor Rilles.

## RESLDENT SHORTHAND MASTER.

Candidstes for antrano must be andor Gfleen years of age, and must pass cngpedinlogtion.
gpegial Preparatory Departifrent.
Bpectal rates for gons of the clergy of
Dloceses of Quebea and Montreal. Infirmary nuder cherge of mained nurse.
HJ. HAMLLON PRTKY, M.A. ARMINE D. NICOLJS,M.A. For terms, do., address R, H. AROFER,


Full English Course Ladguages, Music, For prospectas, \&c,
Y18S GRIDE.
Lady Pri. cipal, Wykahem Hall; Toronto. 8chool 8o-0pan on


## Hellmuth <br> Eduatal College <br> Holch



NEWSENDNOTES.
Men's years ${ }^{2}$ and heir faules are always more hanghey are willing to own.-Rochefoucauld.

TOTHE DEAF
A person cured of Deafness and noises in the hend of 23 years stand ing by a simple remedy, will send a description of it Free to any Person who applies to Nicholson, 177 McDougal street, New York.

Search out the wisdom of nature, her rules are the maxims of frugality. -Martin F. Tupper. F

CONSUMPTION OORED.
An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India nisbiouary the formula of $a$ eimple vegetable remedy for the spedy and permanment cure of Consumption, Bronchitis: Catarrli, Asthnia and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive und radical cure for Nervous Debrlity and all Nervous Complaints, after laving tested its, wonderful curative porrers in thousands of cases, has felt it fin duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and as desire to relieve human sintiting, I will zend free of charge, to aill who degire it, this recipe, in Germa Freechor English, wilh full directions for preparing and usiug. Sent by mail by addreseing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Nores, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

To dare is great. To bear is greater. Bravery we share with bruies foritude wilh saints.

## Wesley Centenary

 TRACTS.No. 1-WELLEYAN METHOD-1sm-A Schlsm.
No. 2-WESLEY'S A MTITUDE towards the Church.
No. 3-PLAIN STATEMENTS from John Wealey's Works.
No. 4-JOHN WESLEY, Piest of the Church of England.
Jer Doren, 0 d ; por post, 7d; 100, 2s 6d. SERMONS BY JOHN WESLEY.
The Duty of Constant Commauton.
A Treatise on Baptism.
The Means of Grace: thelr necessity and Scifiptural Authority.
The Ministry (know as the Korah Serm')
Also, John Wesley 's Relation to the Churcli.
Irice 2 d each; 1p 8 d per dozen ; 50 post free
CHARLES \& SON
Middle Abbey Streét, Dablin, Ireland.
J. E. TOWNSHEND,

LITTLE STI. ANTONNESTREET; MONTREAL.
Bl:jDING, patented: for itspurCuricd Ey Evar, Moss. Alvan, Fitro ind Cotroy Marict Hair, Moss. Alva, Filure and Coltor Fore mif Mattrase. Fealher and Down



Bishop Stewart School, frelighsburg.

HOME PRIVILEGES. -:- EXTENSIVE GROUNDS personal instruction and supervision.
Situation Beautiful and Healthful. Address,

CANON DAVIDSON, M. A. Rector, Frelighsburg, P. Q.

## PREFATORY NOTE BY THE

 Most Reverend the Metropolitan.
## "MANUALS OF CHRISTIAN DOCTRINE."

## A Complete Scheme of Graded Instruction for

 Sunday Schools.-BY THE-
Rev. Walker Gwynn,
Rector of St. Marl's Clurch, Augusta, Maine. - EDITED by the -

Right Fiev. W. C. Doane, S. 'T. D., Bishop of Albany.

## * LEADING EEATURES *

1. The Church Cateohlsm the bapis througbout.
2. Each Season and Bunday or the Christlan Year has thy appropriate legsin. There are rour graces, Prlmary Junlor, Mldate and senlor, each sundey having pracllcable.
3. Short scriplure readings and texts appropriate for each Sundap'n lesion.
 tisynopalis of the Oid 1 Lurgical Worstip, and the History ort ha Prayer book. 7. Liti of Books for Furlher siad
4. Prayers for Children.


## NEW EDITION.

THOROUGHLY REVISED, WITH ADDITIONS,
And adapted for use in both the English and American Churches. Istronuction Br mis
VERY REV. R. W. CHURCH, M.A., D. C. F., Dean of St. F'ul's. Prepartory Note to Canadian Eiditios ay tae
Most Rev. The Metropolitan.
James potet \& CO., Church Publishers, 14 and 16 Astor Place, New York. ROSWELL \& HUTCHISON, Toronto, Canada.
Canada Paper Co.
Owces and 4 arghnuses:

MH1s:
sphayder Milis
Windeor Mul:
"TYEENXDW METEECOD"


as taluu surfabes cory to scoiownt,
FARMC MILSAND HOMES

## Phosphorus

Brain and nerye food.

## Lime

The bone-builder.

## Codliver Oil

Fat nud flesh former.

## Pancreatine

The natural digestive, are combined in

## PUTTNER'S

## EMULSION,

The grand restorative and nutritivó tonic.
of all Drugrists. Brown
\& Webb, Halifax.

## NEW PUBLICATIONS

## $-\mathrm{OF}-$

THE YOUNG CHURCHMAN CO., 412 Milwaukec streot.
Mhiwaukee, - . - Wiscongin.
THE CHURCHMAN'S MANUAL
of Priyato and Fanilly Deyollon Com. piled from the Wrilliga of Engilish Divines, will Grages and Devallonn tor the
 selecllon of Hymma, 318 pages, cluth, rid
tuget, menual will
This manual will bo found excoedingly useful by the Clergy of the Clitrah, 10 bo
placed fo the hands of aducatod tas men placed in hie hands of oducatad men tonla (alridged) Is no follows:
Palat I.-Privato Prayor.
Preratory Mallor.
Preratorg Matior
Dammary or Dooiring. log (linree forms).
Memorlals for the Beanons of the Clurch.

Occaslonal nbd latarc
Gracen and Hynnam.
Graces nad Mynin.
Ofices for lho mours.
Penitential Onlees.
I. Itanles.

Devotlons for the Blak, the DyIng, for The Collectis from tho Prayer Book. Part Il.-Tamily Praver.

## CHURCH SCHOOL

FOR GIRIS,
WINDSOR, Nova Scotia.
Establisued hy the Autborlty and under Establisked hy the Authority of the synod or lic illoceve of Nova Boolin, and the Syno
of whe DJooese of Fredericton.

Lady Principal,

## MISS MACHIN.

The Lent Term of this Institution will Commence on the
3rd Saturday in january.
Applicallong for Caleddar and form of
admisulna may be adid raked to inu SECadmigelna may be add raskel
RERARY, WINISOOR, N.S.

HENRY YOULE HIND, D. C. I.,
Edgeblll, Wladyor, N.S. $\}$

WATCHES FBEE. 100 abmolately trer


## An Elegant Copy of that Worderful Book, The Pilgrim's Progress, -PE to every oneaccepting our

 The book contains 296 Pages, with handsome illustrations.

PEALS A CHMES FOR'CHURCHES.
Cloch Topoper asells. Cire Bells, ${ }^{*}$ Fire Bells; Hand Bells.

Jomaxytiars Co. net Povnden of tho mood ioted-Hiuse of Rells which haveluetn gastitiolu-

 TOENTASTOREGQ Loughboroughr Lsicastershirs, England.


8UOCERSORS TO MENEELY, \& KIMBERIF

## Bell Founders

TROY, N. Y., U.S.A.

## Mannfacture a muperior quadily of Bollis.

 Special allention IVEn to Chu ich BelleCatalogues free to parties needíng bells. mentely a Company WEST TROY; N. Y., BELLS

recuner resth himiself in his dreary prignil-
 ravenled
mot hoon




Any person accepting onr offer will recelve lifs pnper one yoar, ind ation








 FIREBIDE one year, (यnumbers). AARDIAN one year, and also the FARM AND Thts orrer la exteaded to all our aubsortior
2111 OTFER To every old subacriber renawin nnd it every new sabsoribe, eud from the Habllaberd, a oopy otPILGRTM'S PROGRESS LA above.
These Offers are Good Until IBth January, I892.
Addrees,
editur church gumbdan
P. O. Box 30, Montreal.


GOURGB HUBERTNOE, $S T, J O H N, N, B$.

## CHOICE TEAS

## A EPROLALTY,

## Mueal Grucerieh,

Java And Kmora moppees.



Fholomite Warmbingin?-10 Wetara OROL RAPRERTMAEN.


Sisum
Foir muovhacer. Prico loo a boltie.
Publighed by E. R Sxam e Sonnt TBE
NEWS Printing House; St. Johins, P.Q
the ugest cotmonurnimaur




A GQOD BOOK

## GUIDE MARK

FOB YOUNG CHURCHMEN.
Right. Rev. Rlch. Hooler Whmer, D. D. LLD D, Bunop of Alebiman.
Clotr pp, 000, Postamend ańy extra May be had through thals oncial.

BUCKEYE BELL FOUNDRI - Best muanty Pure Copper and Tis Mon favoraby Enown or over 50 Pro 1824 Nutris \& CO., Sole Agents,

## A PRAGTICAL TYPEWRITER FOR \$8:00.

 THE SIMPLEST THING IN THE WORLD.
## THE SIMPLEX TYPEVRITER.

The only really Praetical Ckeap Typewriter ever put on the Marke.
Is Hapid and Doas Good Hork Is Basy to Operaté.
 Is Handsura, Weighs One Pound Can becar. THE LATEST OF THE 日EST TYPEWVRITERS THE CLIMAX OF IMPROVEMENTS. THE MINIMUM OF PRICE. DESTINED TO

REVOLUTIONIZE WAITING, AS THE SEWING-MACHINE
REVOLUTIONIZED GEWING, AS INDISPENSAELETO
THE OFFICE, LIBRARY AND STUDY AS THE SEWE INGMACHINE: IS TO THE HOUSEHOLD:
This machine is not to be placed in the category with other so-called Typewriters, selling or \$1.00 and thereabouts, which are utterly useless for any purpose except that of a toy. The "SIMPLEX". is the product of experienced typewriter manafacturers, and is a
$P R A C T I C A C$ TYPEWRITER in every sense cf the word, and $A S S U C H$ WR PRACTICAL TYPE
GUARANTEE IT:
 write their scrmons with them. AUTLORS their nemanusiodge theit great maluc. CLERGYMBN are legible and neatand at the rate of FORTX WOLDS PRR MNUTE.
 ne misudersod. The machine WEIGIS ONLY ONE POUND, BOX INCLUDED,
For Boys and Girll. -The "SIMPIEX" Will be hailed fith delfgh By BOYS AND GIRLS, Whill improve their spelling and teach proper. plinctuation, It Fill enemgrageneatness and arewraty


Nothing is of greiter importance than correct forms of correspiondence. The "Sinmplex "er


 a the capital letters, all the Ggurta and the necesamy puactuation marks

The alignimeat of the "Stmplex" is equal to the very highert priced machine.
It he postive in action and eack letler is tocked by apatiomatic movement when the meroke is mado
letters written by it an be copies with a letter press of The "simplex ${ }^{n}$. s mounted on
of and full faructions for using.

Wewill gend the above oxcellont ORFERE:
 ADDRESS,

EDITOR CHURCH CUARDIAN P.O.BOX 804 MONTREAL.


[^0]:    1 apr92 ice be with all them that love our Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity."-Eph. vi. 24
    sand Qubbint

