ers on the fertile

m 100 to 800 feet. nd to have the wing is now atly in the neigh-ntal farm, where op yards, which can be produced od in every respect gton." He makes magnificent apples ation at Spence's one grown by A. ne World's Fair.

rcumference and f soil from Chilli-ed of samples of es of the surface aid by Mr. Chapn, to be represent-it 4,000 acres, all of 160 acres eac of 160 acres each, ountain range and alysis showed the eedingly rich in ogen. "With a and clay," the requal the most pro-nion. Good drain-he subsoil and an wood ashes and are necessary to oviding that clim-

le."
A. Sharpe gives
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am Colonist.

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY MAY 18 1894.

VOLUME XXXVI, NO. 22

FOURTEEN MAJORITY.

FORTERE ADVINTY

SOUTH A PRINCIPAL STATES COLUMNA FRIDAY MAY 8 594

WOLUME NEXT VI. NO. 92

Charles Arrived VIII. Ab Design on the South And South Associated to the South Ass

delivered by U. S. Senator John W. Daniels, and was one of the best efforts of that orator. At the conclusion of the formal proceedings the president, vice-president and other distinguished guests were entertained at luncheon by the ladies of Fredericksburg in the house in which Mary Washington lived during the revolutionary war, and in which she died on August 25, 1789.

where the property of the prop

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1894. THACHERS SALARIES.

We see that it is proposed to cut down he salaries of some of the city teachers. Ve hope that the Trustees will hesitate We see that it is proposed to cut down the salaries of some of the city teachers. We hope that the Trustees will heaitate before they take a step in this direction. Competent and conscientious teachers are hard workers. No work that we know of is so wearing on the energies and powers of men or women as teaching. Their attention is on the stretch from the time the school opens until it closes. The teacher has opens until it closes. The teacher has scarcely a moment's rest or relief during school hours. There are very few indeed who realize how hard this constant tension of the nerves and this unremitting attention are on both body and mind. It is said that the hours are short. They are not short for the work to be done, and they could not be made longer without danger to both teachers and children. Teachers if they are competent and faithful earn their present salaries, and none but competent and faithful teachers should be better for the schools and for the citizens if the trustees did what they could to secure the services of the best teachers and pay them well than to lower the standard of remuneration. Good teaching like any other good article is,

THE NANAIMO MEETING.

some time ago declared by those who conknown about the state of political opinion in that city that the Government had "no quirements of the occasion." show" in Nanaimo. It has so long been an Opposition stronghold that it was believed to a relief society which was compelled by some that the Government could not by suspend operations after having incurred sion upon it, and as to carrying it by storm, the idea of such a thing was considered perfectly absurd. But the Government party were not to be daunted by the confident tone assumed by their opponents. They knew that they had warm friends in the city and they were determined that an attempt should be made to get possession of its representation. The first of the distress that exists in Melbourne and friends in the city and they were determined move they made was a good one. An ex- in many of the smaller towns is pitiful. cellent candidate was chosen. Mr. Mc-Gregor is a gentlemen who has had not

is now their recognized leader, to be their spokesman. The Premier was well received. The audience appreciated his straightforwardness and his sound non sense. Even those who went to the meeting opposed to him and prejudiced against him, could not withhold from him a hearty tribute of admiration to his manli-ness and his ability. They evidently found him very different from what he had been which the colonies have suffered, and there hearty tribute of admiration to his manlirepresented to be by his enemies. The meeting was most encouraging to the friends of the Government in Nanaimo. They are determined to work hard and to leave no stone that the stagnation in business in Ausdidate. The prospects are that there will be a lively contest in Nanaimo, and many believe that it will result in a victory for the Government.

OUR BOYS.

W. C. T. U. asked, "What are we going to do with our hoys?" A more perticent and a more important question, we submit, would be what are our boys going to do with themselves? We are very far indeed from wishing to underrate the influence over boys of mothers and sisters and aunts and girl cousins and the good women generally of the society in which they move, but after giving that influence all the credit that chiefly in their own hands. The boys must do for themselves what no one else, woman or man, can do for them. We fear that suf-

me expert in any game or athletic exercise. They require to be remirded that training is needed for the world's work as well as for the world's amuse

aring the very best men talk about th

AT THE ANTIPODES

Australia has ceased to be "the poo man's paradise." Times are bad in all the potent and rate of the continent, out the deepest and victoria appears to be the deepest and agricultural districts employment is not obinable at any price, and the universal discontent of the farmers finds free expression The meeting on Thursday evening at agencies in London. . . . In every important centre of population within the sidered that they knew all that could be have been taxed to the utmost, and nowhere have they been able to meet the re-

> The Melbourne Age is quoted as referring debt of some eighty pounds. "The fact," the Age proceeds to say, "remains that the distress in Melbourne is overwhelming in its extent and poignancy. In every suburb there are streets in which rows of houses are untenanted, and hundreds of others which, by mere outward and visible signs, bear

In New South Wales we see that many of much experience in politics, it is true, but their resources. They have borrowed more he is highly esteemed by the citizens for his money than they are able to pay, and the sterling virtues. They have perfect con-banks have closed down on them. We read fidence in his sound sense and his integrity, of the electric plant of one of them being fidence in his sound sense and his integrity, and they believe that he will serve them faithfully in the Legislative Assembly.

The meeting on Thursday evening was by no means a one-sided affair. The Opposition were present in force, and it was considered throughout the colony, and affects large and small, metropolitan and country."

There are many theories as to the cause of this depression, but none of them seems satisfactory. Some attribute it to the boom in real estate. Free traders say that Vic toria owes its troubles to its protectionist policy, and protectionists declare that the trouble in New South Wales is traceable to tralia, like the depression in the United States, is due to a variety of causes, which have been long working silently and unobserved, and which are now producing their inevitable results. Australia being exceedingly rich in natural resources the hard times from which it is suffering will, no A lady at one of the many meetings of the doubt, soon pass away. It is to be hoped

A DEMAGOGUE

When Mr. Cotton at Nanaimo ass the role of the champion of the masses against the classes he said " the Premier had termed him a demagogue; he was not ashamed of the title, which meant a leader is its due it will have to be admitted that of the people." There were some the fate of our boys is, under Providence, in the audience who, believing that Mr. Cotton had made a point, applauded him. This little episode is characteristic of Mr. Cotton. In the first place Mr. Davie ficient stress is not in these days laid upon had never referred to him as a demagogue this truth. Bys are too often treated as if they are made of plastic material which will keep the shape in which it is moulded by the loving hands of Mr. Cotton is not an ignorant man states that, towards the close, the opponents which it is moulded by the leving hands of good mothers. But every day's experience shows us that this is not the sase. If the boys do not do their part the exercitors, the people he was addressing were others in their behalf, no matter who they may be, will have but very little effect.

It seems to make boys these wines act who they their days continued in football or lacrosse or rowing or cricket, or additions provided and to feel insuited at being spoken of their days as a "demangage," for he would not feel insuited at being spoken of their days as a "demangage," for he would not feel insuited at being as the man of the region of the feeling of the special politician in any country in spoke the min object of their existence. They seem to to realize that to ext.

The seems to make the very little effect.

The seems to delay very little effect.

The seems to make the very

se player or rower. The trainer can of the title of demagogue he really im hints, but he must do the work said that he was not ashamed of

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

BRAB MISE BID 1879

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

.....

content of the farmers finds free expression, in spite of the efforts of the Government to propitiate them with beet and butter bossuses and the establishment of produce agencies in London. In every im-

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usu Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft The Title is by grant from the Orewn, and is free of all encumbrances immediate possession can be given.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Ocoking Utensils,

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm and is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

120 Head (more of less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or greats.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are α good order, and farming oper tions can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate to pass cose to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbrom the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year

BONANZAI

.....

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188.

THLEPHONE NO. 74.

Any of these definitions suits Mr. Cotton o a T. He is, moreover, a demagogue withprejudices and the errors of men whom he despises. The average demagogue some-times deceives himself. Mr. Cotton never does. When he tries to make honest but ill-advised people believe that the capitalist is the enemy of the workingman he knows as well as any man in the Province that he is talking mischievous nonsense.

DELIBERATELY UNTRUTHFUL.

sary. Mr. Cotton, in acknowledging himself a demagogue in the way he did, thought
to effect both these purposes. He tried to
deceive his hearers as to the significance of
the word, and to oreate the impression that
Mr. Davie was ignorant of its true signifimr. Davie was ignorant of its true signifithe evening, on the whole the meeting was
a most friendly one, all the speakers being
the evening." Our contemporary

Free Press, given above, that the Premier was heard with evident pleasure, in another out the want of intelligence and the weak. it states on its own hook that "it was the nesses of disposition which go to make the Premier who got the indifferent hearing," ordinary demagogue. He is cold-blooded and not Mr Cotton, against whom it had Premier who got the indifferent hearing," to be annoyed by the senseless clamor and unsympathetic, and he panders to the by inadvertence directed its invention of the previous day.

THE NANAIMO CLAQUE.

Some very smart young men who profess to belong to the Reform party, we hear, organized a claque to lead the demonstrations at the Nanalmo meeting. Their instructions evidently were to enthusiastically welco and appland the Opposition speakers and to interrapt and discourage by demonstrations of disapproval the speakers on the Govern-This is what the same witness says about that Mr. Davie was coldly received and the "irreverent hooting" which our conmade it "dreadfully warm" for him. The Nanaimo Free Press, to its credit be it said, did not help the rowdies to misrepresent

that they do what is exceedingly clever when they take in hand to direct the give him hints, but be must do the work himself, and be must keep himself fit for the work. No instruction can take the place of constant and careful practice. The bie; one who attempts to control the multiple boy who depends upon others to do the work for him is a fool. He can never acquire strength or skill or endurance by leader "—we quote the definition of "dems-

sensible and fair-minded electors that they forego the pleasure of hearing the public men whom they esteem, and for whom they init states on its own hook that "it was the tend to vote, because they do not wish raised by electioneering schemers.

The men who tried to engineer the Nanaimo meeting are perhaps convinced by this time that they have taken a good deal of trouble, and perhaps have brought themselves into that they have taken a good deal of trouble, and perhaps have brought themselves into disrepute, for nothing. Their noise has imposed upon no one. They have not, we venture to say, influenced a single vote in Nanaimo or anywhere else. People are too wideawake in these days to be influenced by these shallow devices.

ASHAMED OF THEIR PRINCIPLES. Although the Columbian protested loudly when we took it for granted that the Op-position, whose organ it is, had adopted the policy to let the people know what it is. This is a singular course to take. The "Nationalists," who have cast in their lot with the Opposition, have promulgated the following platform, which has received the warm approval of the New Westminster Columbian. Is this the platform which Mr. McGraney considers it injudicious to bring before the general meeting? Here it is; it is well worth the close attention of the electors of the province :

1. We demand for the producers and wage-carners the full product of their labor.
2 That population be the only basis of legislative representation.
3 That all obstacles to free representation be removed, and no property or finance.

gogne" as it is given in Webster's Dio- exposed yesterday, for while in one column claquers make are so distasteful to many cial qualification whatever be required of candidates for any election.

4. That all members of the Legislature be compelled to resign their seats at the request of a two-thirds majority of their con-

stituents.

5. That all citizens, irrespective of sex,

7. That the legislative system known as the initiative and referendum be adopted.
8. That the poll tax and personal property tax be abolished, and that all revenue for public purposes be derived by a tax on land values.

9 That the Provincial Government provide immediate relief for the unemployed, by opening up and operating coal and other mines, by clearing and cultivating the Provincial lands, and producing therefrom many of the necessaries of life new imported.

ported.

10. That no subsidy of land or money be granted to any individual, company or corporation for any purpose whatever.

11. That all railways, waterways, telegraphs and telephone systems be made national property, and that all water, light and tramway services be controlled by municipalities, and that no existing franchise be renewed.

renewed.

12 That all banks be nationalized, and the same control the

that the Government issue and control the medium of exchange.

13 That all education, elementary and advanced, with necessary books, be free.

14 That eight hours shall constitute a legal work-day. 15 That the contract system on public

16. That the importation of labor under contract be prohibited.



NEWS OF THE P Grand Lodge Officers Fresh Salmon Shipme —Mining on the M

Arrival of President

Cattle Dise VANCOUVER

VANC UVER, May 11 .- A ing of the city council it impose a tax of \$5 for each proprietors of Chinese was voyants are to be taxed \$30 Bowling alleys, rifle galleries will pay \$5 for a like period, ers \$1 a year. An addition on expressmen will probab and the cost of saloon license

President Van Horne arr by special train, accompanies ing gentlemen: T. G. Shau ing gentlemen: T. G. Shan Alian, P. A. Peterson and G. of Montreal; Robt. Jaffcay Casimir Gtowski, of Toront kins, of New York; Thos. Erskine and C. C. Chipman In a short interview, Horne said: "The recent hands was a matter of neo the hard times. As to work roadway of the Pacific div carried on to completion finished this year. Nothing present as to the extension of

J. R. Anderson, of the Protural department, has writte cil warning them that there eased cows on Lulu island. the conneil to take steps to milk being sold in town.

VANCOUVER, May 12 .- T Labor Council met last even labor day demonstration, wh year on a larger scale than Samuel Gibson, the prisone

overboard from the steamer mo, escaped to the shore, a hiding.

Free water and exemption for two years will be offered

for the erection and operation rel flour mill in this city.

At a meeting of the health day a letter was read from secretary of the Department of acknowledging receipt of the subject of aid for the lepers in and stating that the \$1,000 p lepers in the whole province.

The board of underwriters
tified the Council that so soo

ax is imposed on insurance Surance rates will be advance
This threat is no longer com
Council, as they have receiv
surance that other strong con
yet represented here will con
ness should the present comp he rates. Mr. W. G. Neilson, manag

mills, is the probable candida sition interests for East Koote Yale. Mr. James Warde is t ominee of the government su Last evening's session of the Last evening's session of the dist conference was principal the reception of probationers. Mattland delivered a very is dress in supporting the motion installed ministers are J. E. H. Hall, E. E. Hardwick, J. H. W. Peck, M.A., B.Sc., and The board of management a acted routine business. This J. Crossby addressed the The on the subject of Indian we

WESTMINSTER

NEW WESTMINSTER, May killed near Hope station y named John Christie. He ride, and fell off a freight tr legs were cut off by the whee was instantaneous. Christie of Ireland, 23 years of age, and had been working up the I making his way back to the C The Grand lodge A O U. W. Columbia, which held its fit Ladner's Landing on Wednesd its business to-day. The madelegates remain over for the ling. The proceedings were of esting and important nature and mach work was accomp will route in b-nefiting the ord making good progress all also The reports of the grand receive recorder will be made public in The election of grand officer was instantaneous. Christie

The election of grand officer follows: Grand master works follows: Grand master works
Warren, Victoria; grand for
Paisley, Chilliwack; grand ov
Budlong, Vancouver; grand re
Williams, Victoria; grand
Youdall, Westminster; grand
aminer, Dr. DeWolf Smith,
Victoria; grand aminer, Dr. DeWolf Smith,
Victoria aminer, Dr. De Wolf Smith, V grand guide, A. Wood, V grand inside watchman, Ale: Delta; grand outside watch Hughes, Victoria; represent Supreme lodge to be held at S in June, Messra. J. T. M Leiser and H. Hoy. The next the Grand lodge will be held a beginning the second Wednesd 1895.

W. L. Johnson & Co. s million shingles East to-day. week they expect to ship a sin

week they expect to ship a sin to Ontario.

The low prices for fresh salm in the East, and the excessive for by the C.P.R., have combin stop to salmon shipping to No Montreal in carload lots, Fist they will ship no more in quan rates are reduced.

A monster skate, the largest in the river, was captured b Fraser River Fishing Compa Ewen's slough yesterday. It is test across and five feet ten income to the tip of the tail.

New Westminster, May 12

NEW WESTMINSTER, Mey 12. canneries will pack spring sale Ewen's cannery began opera and on Monday the Canadian ing Company's establishment will follow suit. The run of s moderately good, and East have been stopped neries may be able to put u catch during the next six w murphy's new cannery on Dina will be ready for use in the week. Supplies are now being

farmed with the e vicinity covers arming ope- tions been, so far, pro-

0 feet above sea winter quarters out. Goods and lours.

Il encumbrance

es have been run ne spring in three

within moderate

British Columbia, judging in the next year al centres in the mary stage, the estment of over natically, there

f and farm pro-

store, hotel

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he Legislature be seats at the re-rity of their con-

ective of sex, be enfranchised, tion be required l, Provincial or

be declared legal

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elementary and loks, be free. all constitute a

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GUE TED HEM

BOX

r Them.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Frand Lodge Officers A. O. U. W Fresh Salmon Shipments Stopped —Mining on the Mainland.

Arrival of President Van Hornecouver's New Taxation Cattle Disease.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER: VANC.UVER, May 11.—At a special med ing of the city council it was decided to mpose a tax of \$5 for each six months upon

Samuel Gibson, the prisoner who jumped overboard from the steamer City of Nanaimo, esceped to the shore, and is now in hiding.

Free water and exemption from taxation for two years will be offered Cargill & Cofor the erection and operation of a 150-barrel flour mill in this city.

At a meeting of the health committee today a letter was read from H. B. Small, secretary of the Department of Agriculture, acknowledging receipt of the letter on the subject of aid for the lepers in the province, and stating that the \$1,000 paid to the city of Victoria was intended for the care of lepers in the whole province.

The board of underwriters have again notified the Council that so soon as the \$100 tax is imposed on insurance companies, insurance rates will be advanced 7½ per cent. This threat is no longer considered by the Council, as they have received positive assurance that other strong companies not as yet represented here will compete for business should the present companies advance the rates.

Mr. W. G. Nailson manager of the Respective of the council the second strong companies advance the rates.

the rates.

Mr. W. G. Neilson, manager of the Beaver mills, is the probable candidate in the opposition interests for East Kootenay. In West Yale, Mr. James Warde is the prospective

Yale, Mr. James Warde is the prospective nominee of the government supporters.

Last evening's session of the B. C. Methodist conference was principally devoted to the reception of probationers. Rev. R. R. Maitland delivered a very interesting address in supporting the motion. The newly installed ministers are J. E. Gardner, W. H. Hall, E. E. Hardwick, J. F. Southall, H. W. Peck, M.A., B. Sc., and R. B. Savis.

The board of management and the heard. The board of management and the board of directors met this morning and transacted routine business. This afternoon Rev. J. Crossby addressed the Theological Union on the subject of Indian work in British Columbia.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, May 11 -The man killed near Hope station yesterday was named John Christie. He was stealing a legs were cut off by the wheels, and death was instantaneous. Christie was a native of Ireland, 23 years of age, and a sailor. He had been working up the line, and was making his way back to the Coast.

The Grand lodge A O U.W., of British Columbia, which held its first session at Ladner's Landing on Wednesday, wound up its business to-day. The majority of the delegates remain over for the bail this evening. The proceedings were of a very inter-

George C. Tunstall returned Monday finest draft.

George C. Tunstall returned Monday finest draft.

The proceedings were of a very interacting and important nature throughout the mining camps in southern Yale, going in by way of Kettle activity in and more work was accomplished which will revolt in benefit the cold, which is making good progress all oting the line. The reports of the grad freedows and grand recover and grand recover and grand recover and grand recover will be made public in a few day. The selection of grand officers resulted as follows: Grand matter workman, Captain Warren, Chilliwade; grand oversees, E. L. Radlons, Authority grand recovers, E. W. H. L. Specially the mill.

John R. Cook, who is interested in the Paviley, Chilliwade; grand oversees, E. L. W. W. L. Johnson a contract workman, J. H. H. Special have to contract the contract of the ministry of the grand force and matter workman, Captain was a complete the started up. It is expected that water will hold out until 500 tons can follows: Grand medical examinator; grand receiver, R. L. W. Western, V. The Devort Chilliwade; grand oversees, E. L. Radlons, Amount of grand or special Christian, meak in suntant work of the Captain of the Corout status of powder.

The requires of the grand the success the had dead in mining captain the contract of the mining captain powder.

The requires of the grand the success the state of powder.

The read between the Poorman mine and mill is being repaired, and when in condition the law of the contract of the mill will be started up. It is expected that water will had on Dominion day have decided to invite Sir John Thorpson to perform the unveiling of the Torouts status on the week started the started provided that the popular outcome.

The read between the Poorman mine and mill is being repaired, and when in condition the mill will be started up. It is expected that the popular outcome the provided that the popular outcome the provided that the popular outcome the provided that the popular outcome the pro

W. L. Johnson & Co. shipped a half fillion shingles East to day. Early next reck they expect to ship a similar quantity

can making will begin shortly. F. L. Lord will manage the cannery. Mr. Good murphy has adopted the "Moss Rose" as his brand, and hopes to put up 20,000 passes

this season.

The colachan run is now nearly over, but a few stragglers are still in the river. The heaviest of the run took place about the beginning of the week and the Indians made some good hauls. The river banks above Port Hammond are covered with thousands of dead "sweevies."

The Ross Packing Co. has been organized by local people to salt salmon for export to Australia and Europs.

James Grimmer, an old and respected citizen, is dead, aged 78. He came from Australia 25 years ago.

The new cedar saw-mill at Port Moody is finished, and the saws were started yesterday.

heartily endorsed as a man chosen from the district.

LABNER'S LAYDING.
LADNER'S LAYDING.
LADNER'S LAYDING.
LADNER'S LAYDING, May 12—One of the nicest arranged receptions and balls that has been given in the Province in some time too place as Port Guichon, near Ledner's, last night. The success of the sfair was due in a great measure to Mr. G. Hanck, under whose excellent, management it was callent in a great measure to Mr. G. Hanck, under whose excellent, management it was callent in a great measure to Mr. G. Hanck, under whose excellent, management it was callent in a great measure to Mr. G. Hanck, under whose excellent, management it was called too, the new Hinchilf camery at Port Guichon, lighted with the third of the provided was more excellent by the control of the day. The merce to meet in London on June 6, when the third great provided sand with the satistance of Massra, Ladner, Gilchrist, Green, Hinchilf sand or the stream of the s

NELSON.

(From the Tribune) From Eight Mile creek some marvellously ride, and fell off a freight train. Both his fine specimens of free milling gold ore have

fine specimens of free milling gold ore have been brought into town. The boys have great faith in their property and if it goes they are made men.

C. Hugonin, of Victoria, is at Nelson en route to Slocan district.

On all sides there are signs of spring opening up. Everybody is full of confidence that 1894 is going to make up for 1893.

George C. Tunstall returned Monday from a trip through the mining camps in southern Yale, going in by way of Kettle river. He reports no little activity in a mining way at the different camps, but he does not report any very large sales of powder.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Dutiable List in the Tariff Passes
Through Committee — The
Day's Business.

Lobster Culture in British Columbia to Be Attempted—Provincial Agricultural Interests

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
OTTAWA, May 11.—The house sat in or ttee all afternoon on the tariff, and passed atly all the dutiable list, including the

cil warning them that there are some diseased cows on Lulu island. This will induce the council to take steps to prevent impure milk being sold in town.

Vancouver, May 12.—The Trades and Labor Council met late evening, when the labor day demonstration, which will be this year on a larger scale than ever, was discussed.

Samuel Gibson, the prisoner who jumped overboard from the steamer City of Nansimo, escaped to the shore, and is now in hiding.

Free water and exemption from taxtion for two years will be offered Cargill & Co for the erection and operation of a 150-barrel flour mill in this city.

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LADNER'S LANDING.

LADNER'S LANDING.

LADNER'S LANDING, May 12—One of the nicest arranged receptions and balls that has been given in the Province in some time took place at Port Guichon, near Ladner's, last night. The success of the affair was due in a great measure to Mr. G. Hauck, under whose excellent management it was carried out, with the assistance of Messrs.

mine to the wharf at Trail.

The low prices for fresh salmon prevailing in the Kast, and the excessive resigns danger by the C.P.R., have combined to put at the C.P.R., have LONDON, May 12.—The annual convention of the Irish National League of Great

CABLE LETTER

Endeavors to Secure a Solid Phalaux of Supporters of Rosebery's Government.

Recognition of the Devotion of Mc-Carthy's Followers—Outrages on Negroes - Gossip.

LONDON, May 12.—The supporters of the ministry on every hand now recognize the fact that it will be impossible to pass the Evicted Tenants bill, the Welsh Church Disestablishment bill and the Registration iron and steel items, the reserved and preusy iron and steel items, the reserved and preusy nearly the whole of the free list. Another hour or two on Tuesday will finish the committee stage. The house only sat an hour this evening, passed a few private bills and advanced four minor government measures a supporters of the Government in the House of Commons shall meet the ministry in consultation with the view to determining the course to be policowed.

AN UNWAVERING PHALANX.

The English Liberals are greatly pleased and encouraged by the loyalty displayed by the Irish party. The desertion of the Parnellite faction to the Conservatives might have inflicted a mortal wound upon Home Rule if the main body of the Irish Nationalists had failed to support the government in their full strength on the occasion of the division on the second reading of the budget. Instead of turning their backs upon the only friends they had in Parliament as the Parnelliets did, the Mc-Carthyltes cast their votes for the government to a man. This fidelity to their political companions has won for them the warm admiration of the Liberals, and their action cannot fail to find due recognition in the future. In view of the probable early dissolution of Parliament, the election agents throughout the kingdom have been warned by their respective chiefs to get everything in readiness for

A NEW GENERAL ELECTION.

duced the subject a smalgamating the trustee and quarterly boards, so that all funds of a church may be under the control of one body; this matter will be further discussed. Mr. Jessop has also given notice of a motion that the general conference be memorialized to extend the ministerial term from o otwo parts.

At a ministerial session to-night a number of minor matters, touching on the encumbancy of ministers in outlaying districts, were disposed of.

The Stationing committee has not yet taken action on the Centennial church matter beyond assigning Mr. Hall to it on the first draft.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TOBONTO, May 11.—(Special)—The committee on the unveiling of the Toronto statue to the memory of the late Sir John Macdonald on Dominion day have decided to in-

It is understood that Lord Rosebery will retire from the turf if his horse Ladae wins the Derby. Many prominent Liberals regard his connection with turf and other sports as a source of weakness to the party, and would half his retirement from these pursuits with delight.

Treatment with belladonna has so strengthened one of Mr. Gladstone's eyes that he is enabled to read and write without difficulty.

fund the organization had paid \$40 000 for superananated members. Since the organization of the society it had expended in benefits \$6,000,000. The board adopted at address to the membership, in which it says among other things: "As we learn to respect ourselves, so will employers and the public generally respect a society with funds and property amounting to over £79,000—\$400,000. Above all, let there be no division in our ranks, but let each strive to accomplish the objects which our society is designed to promote."

CABLE NEWS.

Unionist Mass Meeting to Be Held in Hyde Park — Premier Crispi Hissect

Destruction of a Russian Village by Fire—A Constant Court Attendant.

SEIZED AMERICAN STEAMERS.

AMHERSTBURG, May 10.—There is no hing new regarding the seized American teamers Visitor and Brooks. The captain of the cruiser Petrel gave them over to the

WASHINGTON CITY, May 10. - The news of the seizure of American steamers by the Canadian vessel Petrel did not create any surprise at the State department, where it is claimed the seizures were made in waters wholly under the jurisdiction of Canada for any violation of the fishing laws.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

MONTREAL, May H .- (Special.)-Three men are under arrest, charged with robbing Frothingham & Workman. The robberies are said to have been going on for two years and the value of the stolen goods is estimated at about \$8,000.

The Bank of Montreal statement for the

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

WINNIPEG, May 12.— (Special.)— This morning Hon. Mr. Reid minister of defence of Victoria, Australia, arrived in the city on his way home! He addressed the members of the Board of Trade upon the results of his efforts in England connected.

Prof. Morley, the historian, essayist and biographer, is very ill at Carisbrooke. His recovery is extremely doubtful.

Cholera is spreading with alarming rapidity in the districts of Warsaw, Kevno, Plotzk, Radom, Podolla and Kieff. Although exceptionally careful preventative measures have been taken, it is generally deared that the epidemic will be as serious as in 1893.

The avacuation of Emile Head of the control of members of the Board of Trade upon the results of his efforts in England connected with the fast Atlantic steamship service and the new cable scheme. He emphasized the importance of trade relations between Canada and Anstralia and predicted a bright future for the two countries if things were amicably arranged at the coming conference in Ottawa next month.

in Ottawa next month. in Ottawa next month.

D. Simpson succeeds Mr. Breedon as manager of the B. N. A. bank branch here.

Walter Tydman is dead, the result of injuries received in a recent railway accident

at Morris.

General Superintendent Whyte says there will be no more dismissals from the C.P.R.

NEW WESTMINSTER, May 10.—The Trescott Packing Company shipped a carload of frozen sturgeon to New York to-day. The sturgeon catch has been erratic of late and a carload and the sturgeon catch has been erratic of late.

sturgeon catch has been erratic of late, one day good and the next very unsatisfactory. An unknown man was run over and killed by a train at Hope station to-day.

Coast pirates have been robbing houses on the Indian reserve at Squamish. A few nights ago the whole contents of a house were removed.

The Dominion Government is supplying the Columbia Methodist college with a full set of meteorological instruments.

Alexander Ewen is carrying out extensive improvements on his 600 acre farm on Luluisland. He has 70 men at work, clearing, grubbing and under draining the land and otherwise preparing to bring it under a high state of cultivation. The under-drains aggregate 30 miles in length, and will require 250,000 feet of lumber in their construction. They are set only 100 feet apart, by which plan it is expected the drainage system will be perfect. Something over 300 acres are being thus prepared and when this area is got ready for cultivation it is doubtful whether a finer farm will exist in British Columbia. Mr. Ewen is expending upwards of \$20,000 on the work.

A few days ago, Sir Charles Tupper, Candian high commissioner, wrote a letter to Rt. Hon. Henry Chaplin, formerly president of the Board of Agriculture, protesting against the recent statement that the pleuropneumonia in Scotland was traceable to Canadian cattle, and insisted that Canadian cattle had always been free from disease. Rr. Hon. Mr. Chaplin replied that the disease had not appeared in Scotland for many years until it was imported with Canadian cattle in 1892. He added that he regarded the prohibition of live imports from Canada as still imperative.

London, May 11.—Postmaster-General Arnold Morley, having refused to comply with the request that the hours of the employes of the Central Government telegraph office be reduced from twelve to eight, and that the unsanitary condition in the operating and other rooms be immediately remedied, a mass meeting of trades unionists in Hyde park is to be held at an early In the Clerkenwell police court, Jane

Cake Bread, 70 years of age, of high connections, was arraigned before Magistrate Lathom on the charge of drunkenness. Testimony was adduced that this was her 269th arraignment on a similar charge, and that in every case she had been sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from one to two weeks. to two weeks.

The exhibition of fine arts and

to terms of imprisonment ranging from one to two weeks.

The exhibition of fine arts and sports at Milan was opened yesterday by King Humbert, Queen Marguerite and members of the cabinet. Signor Crispi was hissed by a crowd of Socialists. The insult caused great indignation among other people, who drowned the hisses in oheering. Finally the Socialists were obliged to retire in consequence of the threatening aspect of the supporters of the prime minister.

Advices have reached Berlin from Stephanic, in the government of Volhynia, Russia, showing that nearly the whole village has been destroyed by fire. The inhabitants were panic stricken and unable to fight the flames. Five thousand people encamped in the fields about the burning town, each party standing guard over the property they had hastily removed. While thus encamped a cyclone broke over the place, breaking up the rescued property and sweeping the greater portion of it away.

Advices have reached Zanzibar to the effect that the expedition under the command of Colonel Colville, sent against Kabarega, King of Uniyore, has completely defeated the King's forces. In November last King Kabarega attacked a chief at Toru who was a British ally. The chief applied to the British for aid and a force of 200 Nubians, commanded by Major Owen, was sent to his assistance. This force met Kabarega's forces and after a fight that lasted three hours, the latter fled. A force of 400 Nubians and 10,000 Wayandeta natives was then sent against him and he was routed: The expedition has established a chain of forts from the Albert Nyanza, on the banks of which Kabarega's headquarters were situated, to Ugando. It is expected that the success of the expedition will prove a death blow to the slave trade of this region and will bring Arab influence to en end.

A despatch from Zanzibar says 'H. H. Johnson, Imperial Commissioner to Nyassa-

A despatch from Zanzibar says H. H. Johnson, Imperial Commissioner to Nyassaland, denies that any collision between the Portuguese and British forces took place at Tete last March.

A burricane half demolished the Moleo Nassi-Be, off Madagascar on April 28, and destroyed all the plantations. Great damage was done at Ambalon, and the colony has made an appeal to France for help.

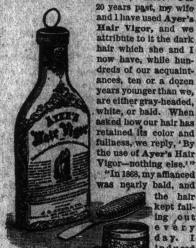
help.

The foreign office has informed Sir J. Blundell Maple, M.P., that any statement that assistance was given by the British naval commander at Rio Janeiro to the Brazilian insurgents, or that British officers had in any way aided in the attempt to restore the monarchy, was unqualifiedly false. Several anti-Hebrew riots occurred in southeastern Russia at the end of April, Many were killed and wounded. Rioters in Ekaterineslay during the fair on April 20 Ekaterinoslav during the fair on April 30 pillaged the shops and overturned and burned the booths. It is stated that they killed several men. Troops eventually quelled the disturbance.

Prof. Morley, the histories

VANCOUVER, May 10.—The new B. C. B. B. G. A. held their first parade last night, turning out 60 strong. They performed their evolutions very creditably. The enthusiasm displayed by the battery boys is bound to bring them to a high state of efficiency.





Hair Vigor, and we attribute to it the dark hair which she and I now have, while hundreds of our acquaintances, ten or a dozen years younger than we, are either gray-headed, white, or bald. When asked how our hair has retained its color and fullness, we reply, 'By the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor—nothing else."
"In 1868, my affianced was nearly bald, and the hair kept fall-ing out e very day. I induced

Ayer's Hair Vigor, and very soon, it not only checked any further loss of hair, but produced an entirely new growth, which has remained luxurant and glossy to this day. I can recommend this preparation to all in need of a genuine hair-restorer. It is all that it is claimed to be."—Antonio Alarrun, Bastrop, Tex.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Che Colonist.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1894.

A NARROW BSOAPE.

Yesterday was an exceedingly anxious day for the British Government. No one appeared to know what would be the result of the vote on the Budget. The fate of the Ministry trembled in the balance, and millions were watching anxiously to see to which side the beam would incline. When it was announced that the second reading was car-ried by a majority of fourteen the Government and its supporters breathed freely gain. The Government just escaped defeat. But their relief must be only momentary They are in a most critical co very small majority may disappear at any moment. When the next orisis occurs the Government may not be so lucky as it was

LORD ROSEBURY'S SPEECH.

Lord Rosebery's Speech in the London Liberal Club is the utterance of a man who knows he is leading a political forlorn hope. The situation according to his admission is desperate, but he is prepared to face the danger and to run the risk.

We may admire his courage but when we take a calm view of the situation we cannot say that his standard of political morality is a very high one. He, in our opinion, carries trine of the supremacy of parliamentary mejorities to an extreme length. He evidently considers that the fact of his having a majority in the House of Commons let it be ever so small, justifies any course which that majority can be persuaded to ap-

The change which he proposes to bring about is a constitutional one, and one which will seriously affect the nation for all time labor made a profit of \$33,000 by overto come. One would think that the states-man, the principal feature of whose policy is a measure that may cause the disintegration of the empire, and which on that account is opposed by a very large number are not included in this calculation of the best and most intelligent men of the It is very evident that the labor contract nation, would seek to have the support and approval, not of a bare majority of the ered that they had in this bridge job a House of Commons, but an unquestioned majority of the whole nation. Yet Lord was worth. They worked on the principle, The principle on which Lord Rosebery is

acting, it appears to us, bears a very strong resemblanca to that very questionable kind of honesty which bears the name of "law The exposure brings to light a disgraceful honesty." The law gives him an advantage state of things, but it is hoped that it will over the nation, and he openly avows his prove a valuable lesson to the Department cention to make the very most of that of Public Works. advantage without giving the slightest attention to the equities of the case. This is surely not the course which a high minded British statesman ought to pursue. There is about it a tinge of trickiness and sharp

San Francisco Chronicle, is in striking con-

The course which Lord Rosebery has expressed his determination to pursue is one which he is under "There is no question," says the Chronicle, that the Prince of Wales has more good no sort of obligation to take. He common sense than any of the rulers of has been told over and over again that Europe. He has none of that absurd notion the Gladstonian policy is not approved by of the divine right of kings which so often the nation. The Liberals have been repeat- causes the young German Emperor to insult edly dared to put their policy to the test of the intelligence of his subjects. He is a general election. An appeal to the people close reader of the newspapers, and his inwould remove all doubts. After it had been made, it would be seen whether the people approved or disapproved of the policy of little from those English peers who recogerally admitted that the House of Lords sesses in the highest measure that tact would not set itself against the known will which is of more value to a ruler than

the description of the state of harged a considerably higher price for the bot that the united States involving discrimination abort than the men received. Then more attributed in the next annext and the united and and the

cessary. The report of the Commissioners shows that the Govern-ment was cheated right and left in all parts of the work, except the steel

\$160,000.

That, allowing for a fair profit on the labor contract and for men working for a government, with officials managing the work harmoniously, properly, the same work should have been done for \$200,000 under such conditions as existed during last winter, which would include the hire or cost of necessary plant and temporary works. THE TOTAL AMOUNTS BENDERED FOR THE

Some partially explanatory paragraph ollow. The first two are :

to \$151,645.

The Grand Trunk bridge substructure should have cost \$56,000. The pay lists for labor alone, without taking into account thaterials and supplies, plant and false works, amount to \$139,622.

It is calculated that the contractor for

charges on wages paid to some of the work men and the hire of teams. The wages paid to stone masons, firemen and engineers and s number of other employes who were sublet bonanza, and they worked it for all that it Rosebery appears to consider his determina-tion to carry measures of the greatest im-portance by means of his parliamentary majority, not only lawful but heroic.

Was worth. They worked on the principle, hitherto too common, that there is no harm in stealing from the Government. They never dreamt while they were hauling in their ill-gotten shekels, that the day would come when, in this world, they would be called to account for the way in which they had done their work and made their charges

APPRECIATIVE.

practice which is exceedingly distasteful to tract to many of the gross and brutal slanders about royal personages that are so often seen in American papers :
"There is no question," says the Chronicle

common sense than any of the rulers of terest in the laboring classes is only on manifestation of the fact that he differs very the Liberal party. If the decision should nize the coming power of democracy. Were be favorable, Lord Rosebery's difficulties he King of England he would be the most

alone in taking this stand. The great majority of Americans, who write and tall about the subject, express themselves in precisely the same way as our San Francisc contemporary does. This being the case, it is either folly or hypocrisy for Canadian Liberals to try to persuade their country reat mass of the American people it, in accept the situation and either give up gitating for reciprocity or openly advoc

Fads, Fancies and Facts of Interest to

They say that more fur is worn thin

flowers par excellence of the season.

They say that the most daring conrasts are used in evening gowns—tulle and fur, for example.

They say that earrings, even the very

iniest screws, are out of date.

They say that hair dealers are grow

ng happy again, as with the present laborate coiffures small switches are beng generally worn.

water drank each day and onions eaten in some form at least three times a week make the skin startlingly brilliant. The result is attained by improving the digestion and cleansing the stomach. They say that phytol berries eaten be fore or after meals reduce flesh rapidly. They say that nibbling on cho

or some other sweet between meals and taking a glass of hot milk just before retiring produce flesh without fail.

They say that very pointed and artificially stained nails are entirely out of

They say that wrinkles can be removed and dimples made by a slight surgical operation, but that there are lines behind ch woman's ears which remorselessly

They say that crude petroleum rubbed on the brows and lashes will make them

They say you really get a good idea of your future by having your palm read by an expert.

They say there are hundreds of act resses out of employment in New York. They say that a reaction must soon set in and the present gigantic sleeves be re-placed by the skin tight ones of the past. They say black hair—the dead, blue black hair—is now considered the most uniquely beautiful. It can never become common, as no dye can simulate it.

They say the Juliet shoes have re-placed slippers for house wear during

They say this is to be a season of character and mind reading, as private the atricals have become commonplace.

They say cigarette smoking is growing as a habit among women in England and America.

They say Russian tea is becoming a national beverage. A slice of lemon, some powdered sugar and a dash of rum in a cup of fragrant Pekoe make a drink that might be called an inspiration.

They say white stockings, though ugly, are healthy.

They say the continental jabot should always be worn with the continental

hat. In this costume a pretty girl looks a dainty, feminine George Washington. They say enameled lorgnettes are ex-remely "fetching," if they do make the azer seem just a trifle supercilious.

Those who have used them say that handkerchief baskets are much more to



THE PREMIER AT NANALMO

A Splendid Meeting at Which Many Political Topics Were Vigorously Discussed.

An Inflammatory Speech by Mr. Cotton Which Failed of Intended Effect.

Nanaimo residents appear to be a unit in pronouncing the political meeting in the government interest on Thursday evening to have been the most successful in all respects ever held there. It was in the to have been the most successful in ell respects ever held there. It was in the opera house, a capacions building with a sulway, which were well slied, while on the floor of the house seven standing rooms who designed to get heling unable to do so. The Premier was met on the survival of the train from Victoria by a reception committee the train from Victoria by a reception committee the well of the work of the work of the meeting place. While the committee and the state was the work of the well and the work of the meeting place. While the committee and the weak of the work of this magnitude arrived, and taking position and the work of this magnitude arrived, and taking position and the work of this magnitude and the work of the raised would fail of effect. In the last eight or ten years of his connection with the miners he had been overman, and he had as such dealt fairly and squarely with all. He was not one of those who seen forgot his fellow workmen, and he would be much missible workmen, and he would be much mistaken if he found them forgettirg him. (Applause.) He could do as much for them in the legislature or elsewhere as could Mr. Keith or any other member of the small ring who had been trying to mislead them, the house workmen and it to use his intelligence and if the government went wrong it would soon be called to book. He saw in the newspapers of the opposition, and the statement was being fellow workmen, and he would be much mistaken if he found them forgetting him. (Applause.) He could do as much for them in the legislature or elsewhere as could Mr. Keith or any other member of the small ring who had been trying to mislead them, and whose actions were not for the benefit of the workingmen, but for their own advantage or gratification. (Applause.) They had never yet been practically tried as he had been. As he had no political career to defend he would not address them further at present, but would ask their support at the polis. (Applause.)

A Voice—"Tell us what you are going to do?"

seldom had the opportunity of addressing. He proceeded to state the platform upon which he was elected four years ago, and claimed that he stood upon the same platform now, in the interest of the masses against the classes, his endeavor having always been to see the affairs of the province administered in the proper manner. This contest, he held, is not a question of personality, and while he had nothing to say against James McGregor he had to say that that gentleman if elected would enter the house not as McGregor the overman but as McGregor the supporter of the present government.

Mr. Keith continued that he had for

Mr. Keith continued that he had found the independent supporters voting for the government in about ninety-nine cases out of every hundred. He claimed that the government had not done their duty by Nanaimo, and had not carried out their pledges to the workingmen in the matter of anti-Chinese legislation. He proceeded to deal with the finances, declaring that the province had been running in debt from \$200,000 to \$400,000 a year, and asking: Is that beneficial or not?

chat beneficial or not?

A voice—"Beneficial."

Mr. Keith—"Possibly. But I will ndeavor to point out whether or not it is sneficial."

Another voice—"It is." (Laughter and applause)

Mr. Keith here appealed to the Chairman to preserve order, and the audience were consequently requested not to interrupt. He continued that a very small proportion of the money had been spent in roads and bridges, and that the province had been running into debt because of its railway policy, for useless buildings, for everything and anything rather than what is useful and beneficial. He appealed to the men before him who have to go down into coal mines to earn their living whether their taxes should be applied to the erection of magnificent buildings in Victoria. "I ask you," he proceeded. "whether as sensible, reasoning men can you see your way to support a government such as that?" (Cries of "Yes!" and "No!") "This meeting seems to be pretty evenly divided," remarked Mr. Keith. Leaving, as he said, further reference to financial affairs to Mr. Cotton, he proceeded to discuss the labor question, in connection with the bills respecting the councils of conciliation and arbitration, and Another voice-"It is." (Laughter and Bighest of all in Leavening Power. U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

section that he had been brought out for no other purpose than to oppose the miners, which he wished to contradict in the most direct manner. Having lived nearly his whole life amongst them he thought his whole career would answer that charge satisfactory. (Applause) He had most gratifying assurances from all quarters which convinced him that the cry thus raised would fail of effect. In the last eight or ten years of his connection with the

opposition, and the statement was being freely made by the adversaries of the government, that the country as a whole is against it, that the government is simply scouted all over the country, but he could tell them that in all the meetings he had tell them that in all the meetings he had held he had not met with a reception less favorable than that received this night. favorable than that received this night. Of (Great applause.) The accounts of meetings supposed to have been held in the interest of the opposition, published in some of their organs, are simply prevarications, and he thought now pretty generally known to be so. (Laughter and applause.) It is said in the opposition papers that the government has no chance in Nanaimo, for instance, whereas even Mr. Keith admitted to night that from appearances this great audience is their piecies in the matter of anti-Chinese legislation, he knew better, for he knew that this government and its predecessors formed from the same party had always been anti-Chinese. (Cries of "No?" and hisses from Reform Club.) "I say, Yes!" emphatically rejoined the Premier, who proceeded to review the history of the anti-Chinese legislation from the time when in 1884 representations on the subject were would still be the policy of the antithinese legislation from the time when it
1884 representations on the subject were
made to the Dominion by the Smithe govternment, for the first time in the history of
the province. The Smithe government had
first passed an act restricting the employment of Chinese and placing taxes upon
them, but this being held to be unconstitutional they had then sought relief from the
Dominion and in a measure obtained it,
after a royal our mission had taken evidence
and reported upon the matter. Had it not
been for the limitation thus placed upon
their immigration there would have been by
this time more Chinese in this country than
whites. The government of the province
have since then time and again pressed the
Dominion to increase the tax, and no measure with that in view has ever been opposed
by the government or or at least by himselfunders so absurd in its terms that it
could not be supported. It would be
seen from the facts as cited how dishonest it
is to claim that the government has moved
for anti-Chinese legislation only because an
election was coming on. While the opposition were so fond of quoting the attitude of
the government with respect to anti Chinese legislation they, never told that one of
their own number, Mr. Forster, opposed up
to 1892 the insertion of a clause in private
bills forbidding the employment of Chinese,
and not one of the party had been heard to
say that he was erong. The fact of the
matter was, the opposition were not at all
unanimous themselves on this question, and
Mr. Sword, one of the least prominent
members, sever noised opposing a bill restricting the employment of Chinese.
He facts and in the supported in the services
of the government with respect to anti Chinese legislation they never told that one of
their own number, Mr. Forster, opposed up
to 1892 the insertion of a clause in private
bills forbidding the employment of Chinese.
He facts and in the terms that
to all the the policy to the facts that these represent
to the th

else need money, and they are glad to realize upon their lands whenever they get a chance. You could not induce capitalists to launch millions and millions of money to run a railroad through an uninhabited years they were to be taxed out of exist-ence. But to refer back to the case of the E. & N. railway, he would like to ask who

E. & N. railway, he would like to ask who it was first proposed to give the land away. A Voice—"Davie & Co." (Laughter.)
Hon. Mr. Davie—"Not much. It was Beaven & Co—(laughter and applause)—the government defeated by the Smithe government, which introduced the Clement act, the Island railway give away. In 1882 Mr. Beaven and his party brought in the Clements bill, proposing to give to San Francisco capitalists 150,000 acres more than was afterwards given to the E. & N. railway, being an absolute gift, without any condi-

that the land should be open for settlement for four years."

C. C. McKensie, M.P.P.—"Two years."

Hon. Mr. Davie—"No, four years. You don't seem to know much about it."
(Laughter.) Continuing he pointed out that in consequence of the settlement clause of this bill upwards of one thousand families went upon the land, establishing the settlements at Alberni, at Englishman's River and other places. The opposition party trying to get into power now are merely the leaven of the old lump. (Laughter.) When it suits them to be combined they are combined; but when it suits them to differ each one knows nothing of the party next door. A Voice—"That's a big question.

I'll tell you, I don't pretend that I can do it all myself, but if elected I will do the best I can for you. (Great applause)

Thos. Keith, M.P.P., who is standing for re-election, being next called to the platform, mounted the steps amidet liberal applause from the andience and to the accomplane from the andience and to the accomplane from the Nanaimo Reform Club, who had taken a stand beneath the gallery at the far end of the hall. In acknowledging the compliment he referred to the splendid audience, which he said was such as one selected four years ago, and selected four years ago, and lating that he stood upon the same plats. That the proceeded to state the platform upon which he was elected four years ago, and lating that he stood upon the same plats that this government had been untrue to their pledges in the matter of anti-Chinese legislation, he knew better, for he knew that this government and its predecessors formed from the parameter of the masses that the government and its predecessors formed from the same plats.

Colan of "No?" and the old lump. It is all in the beautiful the proceeded to state the opposition papers that the government had been untrue to their pledges in the matter of anti-Chinese legislation, he knew better, for he knew that this government and its predecessors formed from the same party had always the lating of the was deceded to a state the platform upon which he was elected four years ago, and lating the complete the proceeded to state the platform upon which he was elected four years ago, and lating the proceeded to state the platform upon which he was elected four years ago, and lating the proceeded to state the platform upon which he was elected four years ago, and lating the proceeded to state the platform upon the same plats.

Colan of "No?" and the old lump.

Lave the the lie devent the bed on the suits them to be combined they are combined to hits method to high the completion of the province and the proceeded to state the proceeded to s mentioned, would dare to advocate that in
Vancouver. (Hear, hear.) He reviewed
the history of the wild land tax, and said it
would still be the policy of the government
to tax unoccupied lands, to encourage the
farmer and industrious man, and to encourage the taking of small holdings.
As to the crofter scheme, to which Mr.
Keith had slightingly referred, its great object was to bring \$5,000,000 capital to
this country and to develop the
faheries. If it had been a success
it would have meant labor for thousands of
men. It had been opposed because one condition was that if the company were successful they were to get 500,000 acres of land.

FVERY PAIR GUARANTEED ADDRESS SAN FRANCISCO CAL ife may be found to stan

clapped their hands with j ance of their champion. ". under rather curious circ Mr. Cottor; "I feel a good men at Balaklavs, with Ds Davie behind me, but if I d take when I am done the D thunder a great deal more." the applause bestowed by t upon this sally, Mr. Cotton clare-himself the representa that after the elections will tinies of the province. Their be, he said, that the govern of the country shall be d people at large. He criticis people at large. He criticis bution bill, which he held to and equitable one because
466 voters is to have two Westminster with 2,466 ven but four. Every double of held, should be divided into first thing the new house wo would be to make the repre-equitable. He proceeded to finances, and stated that the finances, and stated that the the province represents over sides the amount to be in public buildings, which was could not justify. He contegovernment might in many expenses. In the hour's ti him he would not attempt plan, but he believed that could, like Oatario, carry on without any direct taxation, mand that the ordinary expense kept within the ordinary expense kept within the ordinary sto the railway policy, he the News Advertiser and of papers had in 1892 insisted the ment should carry on a vice papers had in 1892 insisted the ment should carry on a vig policy, but he found fault with ment because they had not, he ried it out in a proper and but On that ground and that demned the government for the Slocan matter. He admitted last summer adopted by the was better than the one prevized. He claimed, however, ernment should have built thad never charged in the house had never charged in the house that the Premier or any other per money into their pockets in co this road, but rather that the did not exercise ordinary care a The Premier had last year told ful policy which he intend duce, and had said: "1 duce, and had said: "1 it will make some men wit will make some men wit will give thousands was the trouble with the governthing they propose there to be made wealthy. He had been been made wealthy. He had been made wealthy we will have fewer and fewer men out of employm said, amidst applause, and he expatiate upon the satisfaction to be called a demagogue, be that term simply means a leade ple, which he was proud to be capitalists who would take or papitalists who would take o large enterprise if they could which ought to go to the wo his labor. (Great applause.)

A Voice (affectionately) "G.

Mr. Cotton in conclusion as ple of the Island and Mainle together — "you support will support you," and together carry enough seats to secure a by the people for the people. (The Affectionate Voice—"Go ton!" (Laugiter.)

ton!" (Laughter.).

Hon. Mr. Davie rose to replance with the previously anno gramme, and though the hearty a great number of those in the mathe hall showed that there was a sire to hear him again, the Reparty in the darkness underne lery set up a series of discordant hisses which made it impossible be heard. "If you won't hear those who will not do so must listen to the truth," he said, ar plause with which that declar plause with which that declar greeted appeared to be an to the turbulent party that terruption was not popular, a series of gradually weakening relapsed into silence. Hon, Mr. ceeded to deal vigorously with ments expressed and implied it ton's remarks about the wealth meanitalists who carry on public. ton's remarks about the wealth n capitalists who carry on public at the favor which he had thus sough as the pretended champion of t against the capitalists. The P clared and showed, amidst exp diesent which gradually gave way of hearty applause, that in torder of things some men must wealthy if the masses are to have ment. "Everybody must k said, "that you cannot have of equality. I venture to we want more millionaires (appl we want more millionaires (appl want people with the money and spend it. He tells you that he policy upon the people and not the lats. That is all very well, but you going to open a mine except be penditure of a large amount of and if you want a mine are you ask a man to spend a million in and not give him a chance to ma If you say to the Vancouver Coal C

"As soon as you make a million w
that you make no more," how muc
would they invest after that? H
were simply balderdash, such as wo
no influence with any thinkin
If you were to hear Mr. Cotton ta
C. P. R., why you would be surpris
would be one of the most mild-n
people in the world. (Langh
applause.) Hon. Mr. Davis correc
Cotton's assertion about the debt
province, the net amount of wh
shown by Hon. Mr. Turner to be \$2,
and then proceeded to asswer the ar

and then proceeded to arswer the ar-advanced by Mr. Cotton in the ear-of his speech, taking them up and to them one by one, and at about 1 sumed his chair amidst applause. The Chairman then announce special train for Wellington to tal the large party who had come from attend the meeting, was to start ately. Hon. Mr. Davie moved a Cotton seconded a vote of thanks Cotton seconded a vote of thanks Chairman. Tully Boyce then can the platform and attempted to spe move a resolution, but the audience fine Wallington men out of the hall the wallington men out of the hall

onflicting ele pointicting elements, bir principal mem-them every time, ing the finances very bad picture in-at about running into re as that gentleman money markets, in the list of coloni day. In the matter he government has blicy ever since 1883, there has been spent rovince the immense Applause.) It must s the opposition un-ho are trying to get are divided. Mr. new buildings, ome of the principal supported the vote, Beaven, Milne and one that must go to They would have a precious coalition ase and laughter.) railway and the so-y." Mr. Keith had at no such exemp-d be given nowa-ot what he said. to railways in a say so, however, te parts. Had not e concession, and it them that they They like everyone y are glad to realinduce capitalists illions of money to h an uninhabited ect that after ten axed out of existto the case of the ive the land away.
o." (Laughter.) ot much. It was and applause)—the the Smithe governthe Clement act way. In 1882 Mr. brought in the eres more than was E. & N. railway nithe government

four years. You much about it." he pointed out be settlement clause thousand families blishing the settleware merely the aughter.) When ned they are comread from the way and extend ssume control of rs; and also that and upon fair and asked if this t of the province, who was to speak pices of the club advocate that in d tax, and said it the government o encourage the e, to which Mr. rred, its great obdevelop the en a success for thousands of cause one conany were success-00 acres of land. ould have been a meant a great

not Chinamen! represents were, to take steps to ne place." (Ap-

you have been see, but you have these represent of the services ave been told of Beaven's AttorBeaven's AttorBeaven's AttorBogland without
se.) He next took
railway guaranapposition were
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t every railway
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and in this earnconclusion he
actions of the and in private

ED. GO CAL may be found to stand scrutiny as well those of the government. (Great ap-

THE CITY

From THE DAILY COLONIER, May 11.
ALL DIFFICULTIES SETTLED

The April of the Control of the Cont

COMMANDING OFFICER'S PARADE.

There was a fine turn out at the monthly commanding officer's parade of the E. C. B. G. A. last evening, and the big crowd of approvingly at the very creditable manner in which the various movements were carried out. There were 280 of all ranks in line, as smart and neat a body of men as one could wish to see. During the evening the band of the [battalion under the leadership of Mr. J. M. Finn, rendered the following attractive musical programms:

March—Weish air. "In the company of the parade of the Deep —Sole for Emphonian Thems and variations on "Rocked in Thems and varia

The Control of Section 1992 and 1992 an

But few passengers and a very light freight were all that the steamer Barbara Boscowitz had when she left on her regular fortnightly trip North, last evening Mr. A. S. Robertson and wife and Mr. Partridge, Jr., were the only passengers ticketed in the early part of the day. Mr. Partridge will make the round trip for his health.

SAMUAN IGUANDS.

London, May 10 — The colonial party of the House of Commons met to-day with Sir moan question. Sir George Grey, for some time governor of New Zealand, argued that England should let New Zealand administer the affairs of the islands.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

Geam Baking Powder.

The only Pure Oream of Tartar Powder, -No Amonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes.—40 Years the Standard,

From THE DAILY COLONIST, May 12. THE CHTY

MR JUSTICE DRAKE veeterday dismissed ith costs the cases of Harvey vs. West-dister and Sutor vs. Westminster.

MR. F. S. ROPER, Provincial in gious diseases among animals, yester-caused the destruction and oremation of mable horse belonging to Mr. W. H. 100n, of Foul Bay road. The animal had suffering from glanders.

cht Rev. Bishop Lemmens preached hursday evening at St. Mary's church, nipeg, to a large and interested congress. He left the Manitoba capital yeary for home, and is expected to arrive either Monday or Tuesday.

Apropos to a paragraph in the Times, that Hon. Mr. Davie had "returned in his special car last night," etc, it may be stated that he did not return on Thursday night, nor did he come back by a "special." The Premier was, on the contrary, a passenger by the regular train. This shows how correct the Times is in many of its announcements, particularly those of a political character.

Mr. Parsons, a property owner in Victoria district, yesterday applied to Mr. Justice Drake, by his counsei Mr. Thornton Fell, for an injunction to restrain the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company from trespassing upon his lands; the alleged invasion by the railway company is upon a road which applicant contends was opened up by him through his own lots. The injunction was granted, with liberty to the railway company to move for its discharge upon giving the usual notice.

THE visit made by the city officials to the THE visit made by the city officials to the Darcey island legaretto yesterday reveals the death of another of the lepers. He did a few weeks ago and the remains were interred alongside the grave of the other unfortunates whose life terminated under similar circumstances. Only two of the little colony, which now numbers six, are able to work, and their industry is most creditable, for they have under cultivation a plot of land which would be the envy of almost any of the local gardeners.

Interesting civil, and perhaps also other proceedings are promised by a resident of Victoria West in connection with the disappearance a few weeks ago of a valuable horse of which he was the proud possessor. The animal was last seen grazing peacefully by the roadside; then he was not to be found, even when the aid of the police and an advertisement had been enlisted. It is now asserted that the horse had its leg broken by a kick from a neighbor's charger, and the neighbor thereupon gave orders for its destruction and burial, which orders were executed with military alacrity and thoroughness.

WILLIAM S. SMITH was yesterday formally committed for trial for unlawfully removing a surveyor's landmark from its position, contrary to the statue in this behalf. The case will be heard at the Spring assizes, opening on the 29th instant, and in the meantime the accused is admitted to bail in the sum of \$1,000. his own recognizance of \$500, and one surety of the same amount. The case originated in a property dispute, the particulars of which, however, the magistrate declined to hear; the evidence, he ruled, must be confined to the criminal charge laid.

A NUMBER of pleasure loving citizens took advantage of the first train over the Victoria & Sidney railroad to attend the annual ball of the North and South Sannich Agricultural Association, held last night. The train left Tolmie avenue about 7 c'clock in the evening, making the run in good shape. The ball was a very successful affair, and ranks well with past similar ones held by this association. The weather

tractions in Victoria West last evening.

It was, no doubt, through the popularity of the society that the entertainment was so well attended, and the society was careful inselecting an exceptionally good programme.

In carrying it out the ladies of the Common the Maska run.

Capt D. B. Jackson has stated that he would have a boat on the Victoria run as the since ladge assisted them very materially. In carrying it out the ladies of the Companion lodge assisted them very materially. The programme was: Selection, orohestra; song, Mr. Wilks; solo, Miss Martin; recitation, Mrs. Wilks; tableau, Cave Brothers; recitation, A. Simple; song, Mr. Simple; song, Mr. Wilks; and soarf drill by ladies of Companion lodge. After refreshments had been served dancing was indulged in during the remaining part of the evening.

THE following extract is made by permisfrom a private letter received yesterday from a private letter received yesterday from Ainsworth and bearing date of May 6:
"You will, I am sure, be glad to learn that the concentrator at the 'No. 1' mine is a success, and that Mesers. Carber and Clarke are satisfied with it, which speaks for itself. are satisfied with it, which speaks for itself. So far they have only been experimenting upon the ore, and it saves about all the valuable portion of it. About 25 tons of concentrates have been saved, which average 400 ounces of silver to the ton, and some of them run up to 750 ounces. As this is the result of the rubbish and the cleaning up of the workings, they do not yet know what proportion of concentrates the good ore will yield. It is expected to run about 1 ton to 3. The road to the mine is in bad condition, and they are unable to haul supplies up or ore down. They will therefore be obliged to shut down for a time.

NEARLY every teacher of the city and many of the High school pupils—the teachers of a few years hence—were present yesterday, at the monthly meeting of the Victoria teachers' association. The question drawer was the first feature of the programme, Mr. Paul presiding over this department. The questions were practical and touched on many different points. Who but a brave man would undertake to answer such queries as "What constitutes unprofesgramme, Mr. Paul presiding over this department. The questions were practical and touched on many different points. Who but a brave man would undertake to answer such queries as "What constitutes unprofessional conduct in a teacher?" "How can we teach pupils lately from Eggland to place properly their h's?" "Should a woman who does the same work as man be paid for her services at the same work as man be paid for her services at the same rate?" "Should a principal transfer pupils in mid-term from ome grade to a corresponding greate, because if the gramme of the steamer Vancouver and the steamer Vancouver and the steamer for work, and would be of little use after a principal transfer pupils in mid-term from ome grade to a corresponding greate, because if the steamer vancouver and the steamer vancouver and the steamer for work, and would be of little use after a principal transfer pupils in mid-term from ome grade to a corresponding greate, because if the steamer vancouver and the steamer vancouver and the steamer for work, and would be of little use after a principal transfer pupils in mid-term from ome grade to a corresponding greate, because it is claimed resulted from a collision last summer in Plumper's Paus between the two was to have it loaded with hose, and the greeners attended to a fire. The case will probably yome on for trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of this month. The law trial about the end of the sealing for the sealing

not well be improved upon. After the question drawer, Mc. Russell read a short and interesting paper on grammer, which was discussed by Mesare. Tait, Rose McNeill and Miss Lawson. The meeting then adjoining

FAIRALL'S hall on the Esquimalt road, the cene of an entertainment in aid of St. saviour's church, Victoria West, was filled astevening with an audience who thoroughly onjoyed the bill of fair provided for the occasion. aloyed the bill of fair provided for the ob-saion. The programme was done ample ustice to, being "catchy" and maintaining he interest throughout. A substantial sum was realized towards advancing the object or which the entertainment was given.

GOSSIP OF THE DOCKS.

New Regulations in Regard to Vic-toria and Esquimalt Harbors— Steamers Go Slow.

Captain Perry of the "Warrimoo" Replaced by First Officer Arundel.

A special dispatch to the Colonist from Ottawa says that the following important charges have been made in the harbor regulations: "Steam vessels using the ports of Victoria and Esquimalt shall be required to go slow and if necessary stop their engines altogether when near places where sub-marine works are being operated. Any neglect of this precaution will render the vessel liable for any damage that may occur. A portion of Esquimalt harbor known as Constance cove, and situated eastward of a line drawn between Duntz head and Ashe head, is designated a man of war anchorage, and such portion of the harbor shall be; until otherwise ordered, set apart for the use of Her Majesty's ships, it being understood that access to cover shall at all times be allowed to vessels desiring to make use of the graving dock situated there, and to vessels requiring to proceed to the different wharves situated on the shores of Constance cove."

CHANGES ON THE "WARRINGO"

CHANGES ON THE "WARRIMOO"

On arriving in Vancouver with the steamer Warrimoo, Captain Perry received a letter from the management to hand over the steamer to the charge of Mr. Arundel, the first officer—that the company did not require his services any longer. Captain Perry states that he has had no trouble with the management and does not understand his dismissal. His numerous friends met at the Hotel Vancouver shortly after the news became known and expressed their regrets in the following address: "It is with much surprise and regret that we hear you are no longer to continue in command of the Warrimoo, and have no hesitation in saying that it would be hard to find a more courteous, considerate and capable commander. Many of us have travelled on all the leading lines of steamships, and we are usen imonely of the opinion that we have never received better attention and have no hoard the Warrimoo, and we sincerely trust that it will not be long till you are in no board the Warrimoo, and we sincerely trust that it will not be long till you are in pommand of another ship."

De known as "The Orange Cheb, and next united to link, and intend giving some entertainments during the summer and next winter, Mr. A. McAfee being president. They intend giving a ball on May 23 in Philharmonio hall. A district Orange lodge meeting of Vancouver Island will be held here on May 25.

LOYAL Dauntless lodge, C.O.O.F. held their last regular meeting Tuesday, when mittee appointed by Fernwood lodge and to report at the next regular meeting. D.D. G. M. Dwyer conferred the "purple degree" on Bro. L. D. Cummings.

Dr. KIMBALL, of New York, D. H. Gillman, of Seattle, and Professor Dewlax, who have been to Barclay Sound, examining the tron and marble deposits there, returned to Victoria on the steamer Coquitlam yesterday here were to be a seamanship and general management than on board the Warrimoo, and we sincerely trust that it will not be long till you are in pommand of another ship."

THE "IDAHO" PURCHASED.

THE "IDAHO" PURCHASED.

held by this association. The weather proving all that could be desired added materially to the pleasure and comfort of the visitors. The various committees had their work well in hand and the comfort of all guests was made the matter of careful and successful solicitation.

The weather Steamer Idaho, which has been plying on the Whatcom route, has been sold by Capt. Bronfield, and by a second transfer becomes the property of the new Northwest-of inspection over the line. The train left commission to give the actual cost of the work. The Chief Justice remarked that no contractors of the Viscolar and successful solicitation.

The engineers and contractors of the Victoria & Sidney Railroad entertained synumber of in the House.

Wancouver, May 12—(Special.)—The regular Saturday night meeting took place at the central committee rooms of the government supporters. A crowd filled the large room and blocked the arrect. An additional contractors of the Viscolar and contractors of the Winter of in the House.

The House.

The engineers and contractors of the Viscolar and contract may be put on the run to Victoria or left on soon as business would warrant it, which may mean the Idaho or some other steamer. The Idaho is a side-wheeler, with independent engines, like the Schome.—P. I.

THE " SHELBY " REPORTED. An Indian who arrived in from Dodge's Cove yesterday morning reports the steam schooner Shelby, a Siwash sealer and another sealing schooner as being there three weeks ago. The Shelby then had only 20 skins, and had left for the North only 20 skins, and had left for the North with others of the fleet less fortunate than herself. She has had considerable trouble with her Indian crew. They all deserted at Dodge's Cove, and being unable to obtain another full crew of seven canoes the vessel had to be content with securing three. The weather has been very unsettled and unfavorable for sealing operations.

CAPT, SIEWARD AGAIN HEARD FROM. CAPT. SIEWARD AGAIN HEARD PROM.
Capt. Sieward's second letter to R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., was received yesterday. It was dated at Yakutal Island, May 1, but does not give the Mascotte's catch. Capt. Sieward says that he had had but eight days of good sealing weather since leaving here, and in some of the heavy gales he had had two cances smashed. He reports the C. D. Rand with 50 skins, the Katherine with 61, and the American schooner Alice with 13, prior to his date of writing

NEWS OF THE "LOUIS OLSEN." A dispatch from San Francisco yesterday states that the steam schooner Louis Olsen, last heard from at Hakodate, had a catch of 638 seals. The latest advices tend to confirm the report that the Mascotte, of San Francisco, was the sealer the dismantled hull of which was observed by the sealers floating about bottom up.

From THE DAILY COLONIET, May 13. Trend (oner

THE British Columbia sugar refinery ARGUMENT on the application for a new trial of the suit of Wolley v. Lowenberg, Harris & Co. has been adjourned for one

REV. JOSEPH SLATTERY is to deliver his first fecture in British Columbia at Philharmonic hall next Thursday evening, his subject being "Why I Left the Roman Catholic Priesthood."

ALD. DWYER has given notice of a by law which he will present to the meeting of the City Council to-morrow, for the regulation of the Victoria water works, the guidance of the employes of this branch of the public service, and the collection of water rates.

THE following donations were received at the Old Men's Home during April: Mr. Shakespeare, papers; a friend, papers; Geo. Smith, buns; Geo. Jay, seede; Carlo Bossi, eggs, one turkey; F. Partridge, papers; Mrs. Woodward, rhubarb; D. E. Campbell, clothing and arm chair.

THE Trades and Labor Council at their last regular meeting discussed the question of Chinese labor on local clothing manufacturers, and directed the secretary to communicate with the authorities of the union more particularly interested, recommending concerned action on their part.

THE announcement was made in court yesterday that the Divisional Court will hereafter sit only once a week to hear appeals, and the members of the profession are to be notified accordingly. The day chosen for the weekly sitting is Friday, and the rule goes into effect on the 18th of this month.

The committee of the City Council to whom were referred the petitions for and against the compulsory closing of barber shops, tobacconists establishments, etc., on the Sunday, have agreed to disagree, and announce that the decision of the matter will in all probability be left to a vote of the citizens.

A WELL attended parade of No. 1 company, B.C.G.A., took place yesterday afternoon for the purpose of performing the regulation target practice at Clover Point range. The wind as usual was very trouble-some, and the scores even of the best shots were low. The parade was in charge of Lieut. McConnan.

Some of the members of the Orange association in this city have formed a club to be known as "The Orange Amateur Dramatic Club," and intend giving some entertainments during the summer and next winter, Mr. A. McAfee being president. They intend giving a ball on May 23 in Philharmonic hall. A district Orange lodge meeting of Vancouver Island will be held here on May 25.

THE engineers and contractors of the Vic which the various structures have been finher present route. It is known that the ished. After a short time spent in inspectcompany bargained for the Rosalie, but that ing the present terminus of the road, the

The monster cannery at Steveston is now nearly completed, and the new Hincholiffe cannery at Port Guichon ready for business. Quite a number of fish are being caught at the present time; in fact the run of spring the the average of the state of the average.

THE people of St. Mark's church, Boleekine road, held a meeting in the school
house last evening to discuss congregational affairs and church policy, with special reference
to the departure of Rev. Mr. Arden and the
appointment of his auccessor. Some very
radical speeches were made, and it was
urged that the Bishop be requested to give
immediate attention to the grievances of the
congregation Mr. Thomas Caulbeck presided over last night's meeting and the
speakers were Messrs. J. W. Webb, Thomas
Turner, C. Printer, John Godson, John Ruesell and Joseph Hughes, the latter a member of the present church committee,
Messrs. John Godson, Thomas Caulbeck,
William Graham and J. W. Webb were
named as a committee to draft resolutions named as a committee to draft resolution for presentation to a subsequent meetin next Wednesday evening, and then to the

TWENTY FOUR of the sixty new flags for the sealing fleet will be sent to Sitks. Alassa, on the City of Topeka, which sails for the North to-day. According to arrangements H M.S. Hyaounth will call there for them for the purpose of distributing them to the different schooners. The remainder of the flags will be forwarded to Yokoham for the schooners on the Japanese coast.

Some idea of what can be accomplished with native woods may be obtained by seeing the beautiful mautel now on exhibition in the window of Jacob Sehl's furniture wareroom. It is made of British Columbia maple, is highly polished, and equal in every respect to any that could have been made with imported wood. The mantel stands ten feet high, and was designed by Architect Tiarks for the drawing room of Mr. Bryden's new residence, Esquimalt road. Mr. Bryden deserves credit for giving preference to native wood, and Mr. Sehl and his foreman, Mr. Hansen, for the workmanlike manner in which the design has been carried out; the polishing, which was done by Dick Ryan, is not the least commendable part of the work.

MR JUSTICE DRAKE yesterday morning delivered judgment in the County Court cases brought by creditors of Green, Worlock & Co.'s bank, in which garnishee summonses were served upon various debtors of the bank. The case of Morrow, Holland & Co. vs. Green, Worlock & Co. was dismissed with costs, on the ground that the garnishee issued was directed to a firm in its firm name, and was therefore absolutely void. In this case Mr. Robert Cassidy appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. Thornton Fell for the bank. All the other actions were also disnk. All the other actions were also dis-issed, but without costs, as there was no missed, but without costs, as there was no irregularity in the proceedings, and the whole question involved was one of pure law. His Lordship, in a written judgment, decided that the garnishee proceedings before judgment simply operated in the way of an injunction, and in respect to a deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors did not constitute a prior claim.

PRESIDENT VAN HORNE of the C.P.R. arrived over by the Mainland steamer yeaterday evening, accompanied by the following party: Messrs. T. G. Shaughnessy, vice-president; Col. Sir Casimir Gzowski, Toronto; Thos. Skinner, London, England; R. Jaffrey, Toronto; A. A. Allan, of the Allan steamship line, Montreal; G. B. Hopkins, New York: L. R. Erskine, London, England; C. C. Chipman, Chief Commissioner of the Hudson's Bay Co., Winnipeg; L. Govett, London, England; P. A. Petersen, Chief Engineer C.P.R., Montreal; Graham Drinkwater, Montreal; G. A. Macdonald, Montreal; H. Abbott, General Superintendent Pacific division, Vancouver, and J. P. Geddes. They are staying at the Driard. Mr. Van Horne stated last night that he is merely on the annual trip of in-PRESIDENT VAN HORNE of the C.P.R that he is merely on the annual trip of in-spection over the line of the C.P.R., and has nothing of public interest to communi-cate at present. Speaking of the prospects of the Northwest, he remarked that though it was pretty early to form much of an opinion, the farming outlook in Manitoba and the Territories is at present very favorable. The party leaves on Tuesday for the East.

MINISTERIAL SUPPORTERS.

Rousing Meeting in Vancouver-Of What the Opposition Is Made Up.

Mr. Cotton's Political Inconsistency Good Business Men Wanted

large room and blocked the street. An ad- the road would be what the company had to penheimer, demonstrating that the Nation alist platform was unworkable. The speakers were Mesars. McQueen, McLagan, Tat-

low and Anderson. All the speakers brought out some good points.

Mr. McQueen said the opposition were made up of several factions, and if returned to power and tied together like Kilkenny cats nothing would be left of them in two

dutte a number of 18th are being caught at the present time; in fact the run of spring salmon will be quite up to the average. Stargeon are also plantiful. The steamer Edgar is the only regular passenger steamer plying on the lower Fraser at present, the Transfer running up the river from New Westminster. The Hinoholiffe cannery at Port Guichon covers 30,000 square feet and took 200,000 shingles for its roof. Although the season has been very wet and backward, the farmers are trying to make up for lost time by rushing their plewing. There are also a number of acres being planted to hops, with every chance of the Delta becoming a very important hop section.

The people of St. Mark's church, Boleskine road, held a meeting in the school house last evening to discusseongregational affairs and church policy, with special refereace to the departure of Rev. Mr. Arden and the appointment of his successor. Some very

Mr. McLagan said those who supported the opposition were supporting the party that did all it could to prevent the C.P.R. oming to Vancouver, and had always worked against the interests of the city.

Mr. Tatlow said Mr. Cotton in Dominion pointies was a loyal Conservative and supporter of the National Policy in British Columbia, which, however, in his case stood for "Nationalist Platform," and this proved his inconsistency. He was willing to throw aside principle and catch at any straw in the attempt to save himself, as the Nationalist platform was radical in terms and communistic in principle—strange actions these for an ultra Tory. He did not think any intelligent man in the labor party would vote for the Nationalist platform.

Mr. Anderson said there was too much

form.

Mr. Anderson said there was too much politics and too little business in the Provincial Legislature. The electors wanted good business men in the house who had been able to look after their own business well. They wanted the dry dook and the university. It was their right, and they should send men there that would and could secure these things for them.

BRAMPTON, May 12 -Alexander E. Scott. ex-judge of Peel county, died this morning after a long illness. The deceased was a county judge in 1867, and filled that position until March of the present year, when

MONTREAL, May 12 — Fifty-four hundred and twenty-two head of cattle were shipped from here during the week to Great Britali

MONTREAL, May 12 -Steamship Escalor MONTREAL, May 12 — Steamship Recatoms arrived this morning with 30,000 boxes of fruit from the Mediterranean. The sale of the Fremona's cargo commenced this morning. Lemons sold as low as thirty cents.

TOPONTO, May 12.—Last night a number of men of the Northwest force who took part in the fight at Batoche, gathered together to celebrate the anniversary of that occasion, which was entirely informal and was an extremely enjoyable one.

TORONTO, May 12.—Burns' office and Miles' saw works and planing mills, on Dundas street, were burned to-day. Loss \$25, 000, partially insured.

F. J. Carrel, well known to mine operators in Kaslo and the Slocan district, was found dead in bed in his room in the Spokane club on Tuesday morning last. He had died of beart disease.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

Mr. Beaven Concludes His Statement of the Case.

The Premier Makes an Exhaustive Explanation of the Government's Position.

The Royal Commission on the Nakusp & Slocan railway matter re-opened yesterday at 2 o'clock, when Hon. Mr. Beaven resumed his speech begun on Thursday. He first referred to the Order-in-Council authorizing the Minister of Finance to guarantee the bonds of the Nakuap & Slocan up to the exten; of \$25,000 a mile at 4 per cent., but not to exceed in all the sum of \$925,000 for the whole length of the road. By the railway aid act these bonds were only to be issued in form approved by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council as the work of construction progressed (section 4) or if it was decided to dispose of all the bonds the purchase money and proceeds of the bonds should be retained by the Government and should be retained by the Government and paid out by certificate as provided by the act. Instead of this the Government authorized the Minister of Finance to endorse interest and principal for the whole of the \$25,000 a mile. They thus went to the utmost limit although the act provided that in the event of the road costing less than \$25,000 a mile the lesser amount only should have its interest guaranteed. It would be seen by referring to the report of Engineer have its interest guaranteed. It would be seen by referring to the report of Engineer Duchesnay of the C.P.R. that the estimated cost averaged for the thirty-eight miles \$15,216 a mile, and Mr. Abbout of the C.P.R. considered that a fair price, but that possibly 15 per cent. should be added for contingencies, thus bringing the amount up to \$17,500 a mile. By the indenture between the Nekusp & Slocan and the Inland Construction & Development Co., the latter contracted to build the line for \$18,250 a mile. Yet the government guaranteed the bonds up to \$25,000 a mile. Of course, it had been said in justification of this policy that it would cost less to get the money to build the road if both interest and principal were guaranteed. That of course was a question of policy more than anything money to build the road if both interest and principal were guaranteed. That of course was a question of policy more than anything else. He wished, however, to next refer to the contract between the Nakusp & Slocan Railway and the Inland Construction and Development Co. Mr. Duchesnay's estimate was \$15,216 a mile, while the agreement with the government was estimated upon the basis: from Nakusp to Slocan lake, \$14,350 per mile; Slocan lake to Wilson creek, \$16,000 a mile; and Wilson creek to forks of Carpenter creek, \$25,000 a mile, the government agreeing to pay 90 per cent. of the value on this basis as the work progressed. The contract of the Nakusp & Slocan with the Development Co. agreed to pay the contractors 90 per cent. on exactly the same sum—a very peculiar feature, he argued, as it meant that the government were practically finding all the money for the work. Then when contracts were called for by the company, the contractors were obliged to put up a check for \$112,000 until the completion of the contract, so that this \$112,000, which was to be deposited with the province, formed part of the \$118,000 until the completion of the Contract, so that this \$12,000, which was to be deposited with the province, formed part of the \$118,000 until the company had to find as security in lieu of the Dominion subsidy. Consequently the company virtually made the contractors put up a security for them. This being an onerous obligation, the contractors naturally must tender for a larger sum than would otherwise be required to complete the work. By none of the estimates of contractors or of the engineer, Mr. Beaven maintained, could the road cost \$925,000. He would suggest that the subcontractors be called by the Commission to give the actual cost of the work.

The Chief Justice remarked that no con-

Continuing, Hon. Mr. Beaven thought that he had established the course this mat-ter had taken up to the time of the passing of the statute by the legislature last session. He maintained that though there were three railways which the government had decided to aid by the railway aid act the Nakusp & Slocan was singled out and the Government in aiding it departed from the principles of the act in its favor and although the legislature subsequently ratified their action, the government had no right to act as they did before consulting that body.

The Chief Justice pointed out that constitutional governments not unfrequently do acts involving great responsibility and then come before parliament for indemnification. Mr. Justice Burbidge said that the mater was one no doubt for explanation.

Hon. Mr. Beaven proceeded that the government had selected this one company and put them in a position to get the money to build their road. Why was this road so and put them in a position to get the money to build their road. Why was this road so favored? The Kaslo & Slocan railway, as far as he knew, goes into the same section of the country, though developing different parts of it. Why was one company favored over the other? It was the first time in the history of the province that such a departure had been made, and was a matter which demanded most careful consideration. The whole of the business of getting for the company the money to do the work had been done by the government, principally by the Attorney-General, and that was certainly a matter that required more than ordinary explanation. He proceeded, as he had on Thursday, to take exception to the government not having made an appropriation when the house was in session for the carrying on of the Commission, for counsel and witness fees; and, referring to Mr. Forster, said it would have been unfair for that gentleman to be expected to come before the Commission and employ counsel. He would be at a disadvantage should he appear otherwise, arguing against trained lawyers

The Chief Justice—What we want is not the money in the stand of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to the public interest; be it therefore respect to said island of a nature prejudicial to wyers The Chief Justice—What we want is not

Hon. Mr. Beaven went on to say that in other royal commissions provision had been made for expenses; but it had not been done in this particular case.

Hon. Mr. Davie explsined that a special warrant had been passed placing ample funds at the disposal of the Commission for all the expenses necessary.

Hon. Mr. Beaven having concluded his the form of the government, as they are leading the house. That is a matter of form.

Hon. Mr. Davie—Quite so. Proceeding, he remarked that they were told that some-

aibly suggest some witnesses though he was not sure that he would do so.

Hon Mr. Davie on rising stated that he would like to ask Hon. Mr. Beaven a few questions as to certain statements made in the house.

"I should like," said Mr. Davie, "to ask him whether he did not, when the bill was before the house of assembly for the purpose of guaranteeing \$25,000 per mile, say that he expected 'that the guarantee would come up to the limit of the amount as it had invariably done on previous occasions?"

Mr. Justice Burbidge remarked that he hardly saw the utility of the question, as the only matter of fact brought up in Hon. Mr. Beaven's statement was as to the location of the Kaslo & Slocan and the Nakusp & Slocan

railways.

Hon. Mr. Davie replied to the effect that he wished to ask some questions showing that while Hon. Mr. Beaven took exception to the amount of the present guarantee he had himself favored guaranteeity of Victoria for \$20,000 a mile and at 5 per cent. He had a great many questions to ask Hon. Mr. Beaven that were very pertinent to the present case.

Mr. Justice Burbidge remarked that Mr.

Beaven might be sworn and questioned

later.
The Commission then took a recess of

The Commission then took a recess of ten minutes, after which
Hon. Mr. Davie opened his statement.
He proposed, in the first place, to answer the statements, or rather arguments, used by Mr. Beaven and afterwards to tender himself as a witness to answer any questions that might be put to him. He proposed first of all to answer the arguments just adduced, and claimed the right of going into some matters that had been brought up by Hon. Mr. Beaven. He would without travelling over any unnecessary ground refer to the constitution of the Commission and the action of the house and the government in the matter, and show that there ment in the matter, and show that there was nothing different in promoting this inwas nothing different in promoting this in-quiry than in other previous cases. They had been told that the Attorney General and leader of the government had framed the whole indictment in the matter. The motion introduced by him in the house had covered exactly the same ground as that brought in by Hon. Mr. Beaven.

Mr. Justice Burbidge, touching upon the two resolutions referred to, remarked that though that moved by Mr. Beaven had in it two things not in the resolution passed by the house, namely, whether the government had exceeded the Railway Ald Act and who were the persons interested in the townsite of Three Forks, the resolution appointing the Commission opened as wide a field of inquiry as did the other.

Hon. Mr. Davie continued that the resolu tion passed went into the matter as fully and even more so than the other, and demanded the fullest investigation in so far as any charge of corruption could be urged. The the government were guilty of acts of cor-ruption—that was what was meant. Hon. Mr. Beaven had stated from his place in the house that it looked as if some subtle in-fluence was at work in the matter. That was the language made use of, and it was as a result of these attacks that the govern-ment had asked that a Commission be ap-pointed. As to the statement that the leg-islature had been asked to ratify any action of the government is considered. islature had been asked to ratify any action of the government in exceeding the authority of the act, that was simply an attempt to drag a red herring across the trail to keep the public from seeing the true point at issue. What the government had done in the matter was in the true interest of the country. As to the townsite of Three Forks there was nothing to prevent the Commission, under the extensive powers given it, from going fully into the question. If it was desired, every member of the government might be put into the witness box, and Hon. Mr. Beaven could ask them any question he Mr. Beaven could ask them any question he wished and they would be quite ready to answer. It had been said that there was

Commission. There was a similar Commission appointed in 1874 Hon. Mr. Beaven objected to this being alluded to.

something quite unusual in appointing this

Commiss

The Chief Justice remarked that what they had to inquire into was not the Commission but whether the government were actuated by corrupt motives in pushing the bill through the house. Mr. Justice Burbidge assured Hon. Mr.

Beaven that any statement Mr. Davie made he (Mr. Beaven) would be given a chance to

eoly to afterwards.

Hon. Mr. Davie explained that his object Hon. Mr. Davie explained that he object in alluding to the Commission of 1874, was to answer the charge that he had in the present case drafted his own indictment, and he desired to show a good precedent for and he desired to show a good precedent for and he desired to show a good precedent for and he desired to show a good precedent for an comthe government itself moving on to inquire into charges against it.

On the 20th of February, 1874, Mr. Robon the 20th of February, 1874, Mr. Robson moved, seconded by Mr. Smithe, that "Whereas, certain statements have appeared in the public newspapers connecting the names of members of the late government and of the present government, with proceedings of a questionable character in relation to Texada island, in the

Walken moved, seconded by Hon. Mr. Beaven, that:

"Whereas, the hon. the member for Nanamo has stated in his place in this house, that he was credibly informed that prominent members of the late and present government were in a ring to acquire possession of Texada Island, in a maoner prejudicial to the integrate of the public he it therefore The Chief Justice—What we want is not so much argument as facts.

Mr. Justice Burbidge said that Mr. Forster would not have been at a disadvantage by having lawyers opposing him. The Commission, it might be taken for granted, would see to that, and would insure the witnesses being properly examined.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I am sure he would get fair play.

Mr. Justice Burbidge—He would get sasistance as well.

Hon. Mr. Beaven went on to say that in other royal commissions provision had been himself for the way these things shall proceed.

remarks.

The Chief Justice asked if he had any witnesses.

Hon. Mr. Beaven replied that he was not appearing as a prosecutor, but might pos-

Hon. Mr. Beaven ack there was no special func Commission in 1874, but in of the house showed that a for a Commission then. Hon. Mr. Davis replied t throw any light on the sub simply answering one question He had shown conclusively ernment in its present action the precedent of twenty your Hon Mr. Beaven himself were the precedent of the precedent of twenty your Hon Mr. Beaven himself were himself w the government. As to experiment had power to make for special purposes. A bill have been introduced last have been introduced last purpose, but the enpply bit passed the house. What the wanted, however, was that the should be thrown on the matuap & Slocan, and he would in to the Commission a ful speech he had already made of showing exactly what was the position in the matter. He his explanation, practically lines as in his speech of last was as follows:

was as follows:

the present case. The

The Nakusp and Slocan Ra was one of the enterprises inclu way Act of last session, with Spence's Bridge and the Chilli Under section 2 of that act, it were empowered to guarantee were empowered to guarantee an amount sufficient to build road, but not to exceed \$25,00 section 6 limited the umount of to "interest on \$925,000, or to company of the said railway entere might be the smaller sum." passed the house without division as had also the Shuswap and On antee Act at a pravious and of the said railway entered to antee Act at a previous sess of last session followed closely of the act respecting the Shuswa Railway. The public accoun house last year showed the cost road to have reached the limit, mile, within a fractional sum—as ment had then guaranteed intere at four per cent. Practically, the were authorized last year to do the three roads, i.e., the Nak the Nicola & Spence's Bridge, a the Nicola & Spence's Bridge, a wack road, as with the Shuswa gan, in 1890—with the variation the case of the Chilliwack road, cipality was to pay one-half. Shouse rose last year, the Execuenterprises up, and conceiving Slocan road to be the most urgen ment took steps to enquire fully and, taking advantage of the assibe had public business to trans Davie) had gone to the spot, an take long to convince him of the ance to the country of immediate of the road, to preserve the Kowhich otherwise would be div south, and lost to British Colprojected road would give access projected road would give access greatest mining regions of the wo of which, without the road, wou into the adjoining republic. country is situated from twenty to to the westward of the Kootenay way between Kaslo and Nakusp present time the ore being taker Slocan is carried to Kaslo and the Nelson & Fort Sheppard. The desirability of prompt con a commencement made at once, lished—the question arose ho

What was the cost of the road the money to be found? Fortun valuable aid at hand to solve bot

valuable aid at hand to solve bot From a gentleman who happened ling in Kootenay, connected with strongest financial houses in Locame convinced of the undesirabili interest guaranteed bonds. The looked upon as a desirable invecould only be sold at a heavy discowere injurious to a country sor begging as they did—just as a pror with an endorser being hawked a injure the credit of all parties to with this class of bonds, which no much to take. Interest guaran much to take. Interest guaran can, in fact, only be sold at just su would give the investor margin st of the interest and discount to for fund which would make good the the time the loan expires. The Sidney Railway bonds—endorsed ernment and the city of Victoriain point, for with a five per cen they were considered well sold a If the interest had been 4 per cen case under consideration, they wou have brought no more than 75, a not that, particularly in hard tim \$925,000 of Nakusp & Slocan bo be sold at that price, the discour cent. would have amounted to \$ sacrifice which could not be just company could afford this wast government certainly ought not—s apparent that some other method of must be adopted. To have allowed ject to remain over for a year to ol legislation, would have been as i more so, than to make the sacrific not only on account of the delay, the additional time would meantir given to divert the trade, and as is when a market is once lost it is matter to recover it. Vast quanti awaiting shipment, and mines wai road to develop their wealth—th would not have justified the governm ing; the people were impatient for the ment of this country, and the only we British Columbia will benefit by the its development is by this road. To certained by bills of quantities and measurements are the measurements. measurements exactly what the recost, would have meant a year's del the country would not have tole more than they would have con waiting another year's time to consultature in the matter of floating be Mr. Davie) went to Montreal, an Horne ascertained from his engine spot what the probable cost of co would be, what the C. P. R., with would be, what the C. P. R., with ties which they had at hand, could the road for, and that cost was \$17,500 per mile. He, Mr. Davi upon Mr. Van Horne to build the h did not care to undertake it. However, that his engineers would sthe construction, and that the complease the line, paying 40 per cent. O receipts as a rental. He, Mr. Da arranged with the Nakus and Sleep arranged with the Nakusp and Sloca Company to build the Joad, and Davie) then concluded an agreement the Pacific Company and the Na

Slocan, which is now before the hot which the C. P. R. superintend the

tion and agree to operate the line for under a penalty of \$50 per day. The Company pressed for the cost of equivel, which the government would I

authorized under the act to allow matter was concluded for the cost of tion only. The company had to p sum of \$118,400, being the amor Dominion subsidy in cash. To have road by interest guaranteed bonds, w required all of the bonds—for unde

company were to have "the cos

cost of construction at \$17,500 per thirty-seven miles, the length of the miles, amounted to \$647,000. Add the discount of bonds, which would I

enterprise." Placing ther

es though he was rising stated that he Mr. Beaven a few atatements made in

said Mr. Davis, "to

ge remarked that he of the question, as the rought up in Hon. Mr. as as to the location of d the Nakusp & Slocan

replied to the effect ask some questions from Mr. Beaven took count of the present uself favored guaranad running into the 220,000 a mile and at a great many constant. a great many ques present case.

ppened his statement, first place, to answer ther arguments, used afterwards to tender answer the arguments med the right of going

in promoting this in-previous cases. They he Attorney General vernment had framed in the matter. The him in the house had same ground as that r. Beaven.

e, touching upon the red to, remarked that Mr. Beaven had in it resolution passed by ether the government way Aid Act and who sated in the township ed in the townsite resolution appointing d as wide a field of

tinued that the resolu-he matter as fully and ion in so far as any ould be urged. The ouse was simply that guilty of acts of corat was meant. Hon. from his place in the atement that the leg-d to ratify any action at to ratify any action
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i be quite ready to n said that there was ial in appointing this was a similar Commis-

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remarked that what

ge assured Hon. Mr. ment Mr. Davie made I be given a chance to

lained that his object nmission of 1874, was y a good precedent for f moving for a Com-charges against it. ruary, 1874, Mr. Rob-by Mr. Smithe, that :

n statements have olic newspapers con-members of the late questionable charac-exada island, in the ad whereas, transaca nature prejudicial; be it therefore retful address be prene Lieutenant-Goverwill cause a Royal
inted, with full power
roath, and send for
or the purpose of inmatter, and reportgat its next session." se at its next session." Ir. Robson was in

fr. Robson was in inent member of the Beaven was then a ment. Mr. Walkem he government. Mr. to suit his opponents areupon the standing ed, and Hon. Mr. nded by Hon, Mr.

the member for Naplace in this house, formed that promite and present gover to acquire possession manner prejuditial to ablic, he it therefore tiful address be prethe Lieutenant-Gover will cause a royal will cause a royal ated, with full power coath, and send for r the purpose of in-matter and reporting the Lieutenant-Gov-

t set by the Hon, Mr.

dge — Certainly if a house motions for it be made by direct, as they are leading latter of form. It so. Proceeding, were told that somedone in the house to appears of the Company had been done in just the same as in

ernment and the city of Victoria—afford a case in point, for with a five per cent guarantee they were considered well sold at 90 or 95. If the interest had been 4 per cent, as in the case under consideration, they would probably have brought no more than 75, and perhaps not that, particularly in hard times. If the \$925,000 of Nakusp & Slocan bonds had to be sold at that price, the discount of 25 per cent. would have amounted to \$231,250, a sacrifice which could not be justified. No company could afford this waste—and the government certainly ought not—so it became apparent that some other method of financing must be adopted. To have allowed the project to remain over for a year to obtain further legislation, would have been as injurious, or more so, than to make the sacrifice in money, not only on account of the delay, but because the additional time would meantime have been given to divert the trade, and as is well known when a market is once lost it is a difficult matter to recover it. Vast quantities of ore

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THE VICTORIA WERELY OCCURST PRIDAY, MAY 18, 18

The first for the property of the property of

Hon. Mr Davie-No, not in any way.

Hon. Mr. Davie—No, not in any way.

3. Are you or have you been either directly or indirectly interested in any contract of or with either of such companies? Hon. Mr. Davie—None whatever.

4. Are you or have you been either directly or indirectly interested in any contract for furnishing materials or supplies to either of each companies or in any way whatever?

Hon. Mr. Davie—In no way whatever.

5. Have you or have you had any retainer, engagement, employment or commission by or from the said companies or either of them?

Hon. Mr. Davie remarked that he wished to take the opportunity of stating that he had not been nor was directly or indirectly. In interested in any way in Three Forks.

On being asked by the Commission if he had any evidence to volunteer, Mr. Davie said he would just like to refer to the statement by Mr. Beaven that the government had delayed in placing the papers on the billouse of the Nakusp & Slocan before the house. The sole object of delaying the papers until the bill was brought down was the desire on the part of the government that the Makusp & Slocan before the house. The sole object of delaying the papers until the bill was brought down was the desire on the part of the government that the Askusp & Slocan matter might be discussed on its own merits and not mixed up with other issues, They brought the bill and papers down to gether and produced all the papers that he thought, were required for the proper consideration of the bill. Then they were asked for further papers, some of which the Government did not have in their possession but procured. As to there being no ordering-council. Anyone working in the interest of the rallway and not of the Province and the work of the subject of the subject to the mind that the order-in-council approving of the agreement entered into between the Nakusp & Slocan and the Cipic Commissioner of Land and Works on August 16, was an approval of the sagreement with the C.P.R. and the Nakusp & Slocan and the Cipic Commissioner of Land and Works on August 16, was an approval of the sagreement entered into between the Nakusp & Slocan and the Cipic Commissioner of Land and Works on August 16, was an approval of the sagreement entered into between the Nakusp & Slocan papers to make the contrary.

The Chief Justice—Rogues always have their papers in order.

The Chief Justice—Rogues always have their papers in order.

The Chief Justice—Rogues always have their papers in order.

The Chief Justice—Rogues always have the wished, now that the was on oath, to say the wished, now that t

The Commission then put the following questions to Hon. Mr. Davie:

1. Are you, or have you been, either directly or indirectly, interested in the Nakusp & Slocan Railway Co?

Hon. Mr. Davie—Neither directly nor indirectly have I or have I had an interest of any kind.

2 Are you or have you been either directly indirectly interested in any contract of or with either of such companies? Hon. Mr. Vernon—No.

4 Are you or have you been either directly or indirectly, interested in any contract of or with either of such companies? Hon. Mr. Vernon—No.

4 Are you or have you been either directly or indirectly, interested in any contract of or with either of such companies? Hon. Mr. Vernon—No.

is being built?

Hon. Mr. Vernon—No, not in any way.

3. Are you, or have you been, either directly or indirectly, interested in any contract of or with either of such companies?

Hon. Mr. Vernon—No.

4. Are you or have you been either directly or indirectly interested in any contract for furnishing materials or supplies to either of such companies, or in any way whatsoever.

Hon. Mr. Vernon-No. 5. Have you or have you had any retainer, engagement, employment or commission by or from the said companies, or either of

Hon. Mr. Vernon-No; not directly or indirectly.

6. Have you or have you had any premise of any retainer, engagement, employment or commission by or from the said companies,

Hon. J. H. Turner, minister of finance, was the next witness.

The same series of questions were put to him by the Commission as to the former witnesses, the replies being exactly similar in tenor to those given by Hon. Mr. Vernon.

The Chief Justice—Have you any questions to ask, Mr. Beaven?

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I fear the Court does not understand my position. I came here

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I fear the Court does not understand my position. I came here in response to an invitation from the Commission and not to appear as prosecutor.

The Chief Justice replied that the Commission were very pleased to see Mr. Beaven present, and would be happy to receive any assistance he might give them.

Mr. Justice Burbidge—We would like anyone to suggest any question that would assist the Commission in arriving at a proper conclusion. If the questions put to the witnesses have not been exhaustive enough we would like to have it pointed out.

Hon. Mr. Turner, in answer to the Commission, said that he would state that in regard to the first act passed there had been some difficulty in finding out what the cost of the road would be. The government had, however, something to guide it in the

Hon. Mr. Vernou on being asked if he wished to make any statement replied that the ground had been so well covered by the hy Attorney General that he had little to add. The axtreme urgency of the need of the road was pressed upon the government on all hands, including even the opposition press, and there was only one way in which it could be built. The government had reason to believe that the honds of the axes alonehad been graranteed, werenot in demand in the London market, and after mature deliberation considered the alternative plan the beets and cheapest. Then the C. P. R. wereanstion considered the alternative plan the beets and cheapest. Then the C. P. R. wereanstions to build a branch from Revelstoketo Artivo Lake, but were not disposed to do so unless the line from Nakusp to Slocan was constructed. Without going into matters already stated, the government considering that the only way to bring the trade of that part of the count of the province.

Hon. J. H. Turner, minister of finance, was the next witness.

The eams series of questions were put to him by the Commission as to the former wathers witness, and protection. Mr. McPhillips had into settle the mortgage for their security and in the best interests of the Province.

Hon. J. H. Turner, minister of finance, was the next witness.

The eams series of questions were put to him by the Commission as to the former in tenor to those given by Hon. Mr. Vernon.

The Chief Justice—Have you any questions and the province was all subsequent to the arrespondent to the a drawn up the mortgage, and not Davie & Cassidy. This was all subsequent to the ar-

rangement for a guarantee.

The Chief Justice—You were setting then for the bank and against the company?

The Commission then adjourned till Monday at 11 o'clock.

London, May 12.—While Thomas Cough-lin was rolling a barrel of beer down into the cellar the steps broke and the barrel fell on him. He will die.

Do You Cough?

You need more than a tonic. You need

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites, not only to cure the Cough but to give your system real strength. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

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ARMERS I in order to close out the remainder of our stock of Agricultural Machinery we offer at COST PRICE the following articles which is FIFTY PER CENT. less than the price ordinarily asked for such goods. The machines are of the best quality and all of American manufacture. Farmers requiring any of these articles will save money by purchasing the same from us. Those unable to call in person are requested and with us. The machines offered are: Bull Dog Harrows; Sulky, Gang and Hand Plows; Drag Rakes, Potato Diggers, Horse Hoes, Seed Sowers, Planet Jr. Seed Drills, Walter A. Wood's Combined Reaper and Mower, Reaping Attachment for Wood's Mower, Harpoon Hay Forks, Hay Carriers, Churns and Butter Workers. Also, extra parts for Buckeye, Champion, Wood's, Toronto and Clipper Mowers and Toronto Binder; and extras for various makes of plows.

MARVIN & TILTON, Wharf St., Victoria.

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E. G. PRIOR & CO.

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Builders' Hardware. Carriages.

ACCUSED TO THE PERSON OF THE COLUMN STREET, THE PROPERTY OF THE

The Central Committee Adjust All Matters Satisfactorily — The Tender For Posters.

A meeting of the general committee on the Queen's Birthday celebration was held in the council chambers yesterday aftermoon. Mayor Teague occupied the chair and opened the meeting by stating that it had been called for the purpose of appointing an executive committee to handle the funds and generally direct all expenditures.

Mr. Braden asked for the returns so that the committee might know more what besign

the committee might know upon what basis they were acting.

Treasurer Kent replied that up to date the returns were \$391.50 from outside sources.

Treasurer Kent replied that up to date the returns were \$391.50 from outside sources.

Ald. Keith-Wilson then came to the front and explained that he was not a member of any of the committees and would try to speak in an impartial manner. All the committees had sent in the amounts which they is thought they would require for their games. These amounts made a total which it was impossible to grant. Each one thought that do their special branch of sport or entertainment should have what it required, the remainder to get second consideration. The speaker was surprised that no way had been provided whereby this difficulty could be overcome fairly. A committee should be appointed to deal with this matter boldly. He had always understood that the regatus was the main feature of such celebrations and yet here were others asking for half as much again as had been requested by the regatta committee. The only fair conclusion would be to appoint a committee who understand the matter, and who would see that the fair thing is done by all parties. Those who had labored so hard to collect the money would be interested most in seeing that it was expended in the most economical and desirable manner. It would appear that the laurel wreath of the victor was not now as sufficient as in ancient times. The modern idea appeared to be to grab the funds. The celebration was for the honor of the city, and all should feel willing to join in and make it as complete and meritorious as possible.

Mr. Braden pointed out that the amount

sible.

Mr. Braden pointed out that the amount asked for for sports and games was not for any one club, but for a great number, each of which should be recognized. If sports were to be held at the Hill they should be good sports. Some men were too poor to go up the Gorge, but could take their families out to the Hill for a good time.

Mr. Mart. Egan moved to proceed to business.

Mr. C. Hayward then came forward with

right for any five to bear all the blame. Let the finance committee recommend the amount to be allowed each.

H-d lat. 46 11

Subscribe for THE WEELEY COLONIST.

THE PACIFIC CABLE.

In the course of an interview on his return to Tasmania from Europe, Mr. Audley Coote referred to the proposed Pacific cable. He said that the "route proposed by the governments of France, Germany, America and other countries, and in which England is invited to join, is to have an international Pacific service via Vancouver island. England and these colonies will find it to their interest to join. For one thing it will reduce the prices of ordinary messages to about 3s, per word. The project is now virtually assured. Besides the lowering of existing rates, each of the governments interested would be able to send its messages free in each year to the extent of its guarantee of interest. The idea is to "couple up" Australia with North America, starting from Queensland and proceeding via Fiji, Samoa, Fanning island (one of the Polynestan group), Honolulu (the capital of the Hawaiian kingdom), and thence to Vancouver. The cost will be about two millions.

"To show you how it is impossible to go through the Pacific without going outside the British sphere of influence," says Mr. Coote, "let us start with Fiji. That is a crown colony belonging to England, but virtually to New South Wales; Samoa, the next point, is under the protection of England, America and Germany; and then we have Hawaii under the protection of England, France and Germany; and then we have Hawaii under the protection of England, France and America—and Hawaii is absolutely the key to the whole of the Pacific ocean. The ocean is being well surveyed, and we are quite satisfied with the depths in nearly every instance. The bottom of the ocean has been proved to be almost pure limestone, the fish deposits of millions of years. The limestone is again covered with soft or z., and the cable, instead of lying, as in many instance, in the water, will lie in the ooz;, and free from the toredor which eat the cable."

DASHED TO DEATH.

Many Lives Lost in the Furious Australian Floods-Fortunes Flowing 'In.

New Zealand Ladies Covet Parliamentary Honors-High-Priced and Ancient Eggs.

Floods, fortunes and famine may be given as the headings of the Australian news cought by the steamer Warrimoo, for while accensiand is being devastated by constant rains and consequent overflow of the rivers, with purple dots, the silk being reverunusual good luck is being experienced by sible, which permits several very handthe miners in Western Australia, and at the some effects. There are double width same time starvation stares in the face the silks so wide as to allow circular skirts prospectors at Coolgardie.

The floods have worked their greatest destruction in the neighborhood of Georgina, Ingham, Carnoweal, Cairns and Tawasville, circle, and others of the wide silks have M. C. Hayward then came forward with the statement that the amounts asked for made a total of \$4,600 as follows: Regatta, \$1,000; sports and games, \$1,500; yacht club, \$700; reception, \$300; printing, \$250; band, \$200; illumination, \$500; sandrier, \$200. So far, including the \$1,000 from the city, only \$3,035 50 was in hand, and only \$300 or \$400 more to be gotten. The committee thus had to face a considerable shortage. The general committee was composed of those interested in various ways in the allotment of the cash and squabbling was bound to result. He thought a select committee to handle the case would be best, and moved that such a committee, consisting of five gentlemen, he appointed, the committee to apportion such suins of money as they found proper, and their decision to be final.

M. H. D. Helmcken—Are we to under-stand the season of the wide silks have printed in floral or Byzantine patterns along the edges for flounces. It is a fact not generally known that crosswise flounces one entire family of seven—Archie Buchanan, of Ingham, his wife and five children. District, and others of the wide silks have printed borderings, which are printed borderings, and of the edges for flounces. It is a fact not generally known that crosswise flounces one entire family of seven—Archie Buchanan, of Ingham, list wife and five children. Disturbed to printed borderings, and of the general unworkable, and the damage to property has also been at the damage to property has also been and the damage to property has also been at the damage to property has also been at the damage to property has also been at the Ingham, Carnoweal, Cairns and Townsville. as they found proper, and their decision to be final.

Mr. H. D. Helmcken—Are we to understand that this committee will take the matter out of the hands of the general committee? It may be that enough will come in to cover the amounts asked for. I know that it is usual for committees to put in the outside limit. If the finance committee were to send in estimates we could out our cloth accordingly. It would hardly be survivors, with the punt, were washed ashore at Lottery Creek three hours after. Wards in a very exhausted condition. The bodies of those drowned were recovered and swivel figures. Crepons of all imburied.

Let the finance committee recommend the amonat to be allowed each.

And the seconitive committee the amonat to be allowed each.

Mr. Astee—Then let us vest the power in the finance committee.

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May York, May 10—Richard Crocker tendered his resignation as chairman of the finance committee of Tammany Hall, which position takes with it that of leader, at the meeting of the executive committee this afternoon. The resignation was accepted by a vote of 59 to 1, the negative vote being that of Sohn J. Scannell. Mr. Crocker still remains a member of the general committee of Tammany Hall. No successor was elected. Beyond Mr. Crocker's connection with the general committee he has now no affiliation with the organization.

of mignonette, green and black, or white, by 8 inches and cover one of them dots and figures. All these are for dots and figures. All these are for dots and figures and so will be hundreds of styles in taffets silks, mottled and plain, and some of them dotted with bright colors in raised swivel patterns.

There seem to be no set rules regarding the way of making up these fabrics, and every woman can have a personal choice. The new trimmings are very beautiful and would please the most existence.

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It requires one to be very active to keep abreast with the sudden rush of spring and post Easter novelties. They

are of every kind, class and color, to to say nothing of the style of manufacture, and one may be excused if the mind becomes bewildered and confused with them all. The material for gowns is perhaps more varied than anything else, and we find spread out in tempt



SPRING STYLES.

ing array every imaginable combination possible to obtain from silk, woot, cot-ton and linen. We were gravely told a month ago that there would be no more changeable goods, and, lo! there are velvets, silks, wools and even cottons that show those elusive and always beautiful changing colors woven together so deffly that you cannot tell where one ends and the other begins. There is chameleon silk shown now that has purple on one side, with green dots or figures, and green on the other side, with purple dots, the silk being reverto be cut from them without seams. Some of the most sumptuous of these

bright colors in raised swivel patterns.

There seem to be no set rules regarding the way of making up these fabrics, and every woman can have a personal choice. The new trimmings are very beautiful and would please the most exacting. There is very much jewel work on passementerie, and there are novelities in the manner of passementeries too, some of it being made in the form

ABREAST OF FASHION

of bretelies, collarettes and corelets and stocks as well as tabs and stocks. In short, everything that could be thought of has been wrought out, and these passementeries are unusua!! y fine and artistic. Some of them have all colors wrought in a Byzantine fashion, and they will be largely employed on all sorts of garments. There are some patterns wrought in gold embroidery and beads, in long strips intended to be used peads, in long strips intended to be used on turrets in a skirt or a cape where on threes in a skirt or a cape where there are slashes. There are also patterns for application on front breadths or side breadths. The fancy for the employment of black and white lace insertions has not by any means died out. There are strictly tailor made gowns, and gowns dating back to the middle ages, bonnets like those of Marie Stuart, and the coats simply recal in ages, bonnets like those of Marie Stuart, and the coats simply revel in suggestions of Henry II and the Louises of France. The Eton jackets and the figaros are to be worn, and the bolero jacket and the Breton peasant waist are all to be seen in the newest designs. as well as the directoire, empire and incroyable. Surely every woman should be enabled to look her best with such a variety of styles to choose from. I no ticed in one house an enormous quantity of silk shirt waists of the most startling colors, intended for wear with tailor jackets and skirts when the days shall be warm enough to admit of it. They have plaits down the fronts or double frills, as might be. Still some were u fine lines on delicate grounds. To show the wide range in the most stylish styles I will describe the gowns

Be Worn.

ow on exhibition. One has the nudew skirt of petunia velvet, bordered with a band of petunia moire. The overskirt was of heather mixture, with a diagonal stripe combining the heather colors This also was bordered with moire. The waist, pointed both front and back, opened under the arms and had a row of braid and steel buttons across the bust, hussar fashion. There were no caps to the sleeves, one of the cheviot having a band of moire and cords and buttons on it and the upper one of plain moire. There was a small toque of fur with a steel orgament and two quills. The other was a gown of fancy wool and silk brocade, gray and ivory white, in very large design. The drooping gigot sleeves were of muscovite silk, and over this is to be worn a mantelet of gray faille, trimmed with two deep black lace frills. Along the edge and at the bottom of the tabs is an embroidered design wrought in black silk. This mantelet is somewhat like a Marie Antoinette in shape. The challies and nearly all the light wools and sheer muslins will be made with French waists or surplice waists. There may



be a few serpentine waists, but not of good health and a clear conscience. many, as they do not laundry well, and puts on a simple woolen gown, plainly the wearer always has the appearance of being swathed in bandages.

I forgot to mention the bourettes. This class of goods is one of the most satisfactory of all spring woolens and shows up better with less outlay than any other, besides which bourette is always light while sufficiently warm. A lew stylish buttons, a bit of braid, and with a good fit you have a stylish gown. suitable for all weathers. Besides this a bourette does not mind sunshine or rain. Next to bourette for style in rain. Next to bourette for style in just escapes the ground, and the bodice, weatherproof goods is serge, but few provided it fits her exactly, may be of any like serge as well for a knockabout dress. I call to mind a bourette suit made four seasons ago, with a plain round skirt and a rope piping of brown cloth at the bottom. The waist was plain and round, with a postiche vest front of brown cloth. There was a snug cutaway, half long jacket, with no trim-ming but bone buttons. That gown without one alteration is admired today as its brisk young wearer trips along the street in it. Dresses, when of the right material and judicious make, do not go out of style, except the sleeves. HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

Upon a strip of cardboard an inch

wide mark off by broad dividing lines seven spaces in these oblong spaces draw with nk or paint the first seven cards of any suit. Paste the cardboard on an inch wide ribing dress at the theater. The inch or two of the WHIST ribbon to extend beyond each end. Cut two pices of cardbox by 8 inches and

markers, which

tea gown question was a funny one. So many women wanted to know where to wear them. It may be taken as a positive as a positive an afternoon

tea is permitted this privilege, and that the tea gown outside of one's room or one's own house does not exist. Its appearance in the dining room of a hetelis equivalent to announcing that one is an innocent little bride who never had such an elaborate gown before and felt that she must show the world at large how perfectly beautiful it was how perfectly beautiful it was." ISABEL A. MALLON.

TALK OF TWO WOMEN THE CAMPELL HERESY.

An Amicable Settlement Arrived At in This Celebrated Case—Statement of the Professor. SABEL MALLON ON DRESS FOR ALL OCCASIONS.

her views ex-

intonation of

from it as pos-sible, give her

pressed, wants to listen to the

her voice, decide how much of what she says she means, glean as much brightness from it as pos-

the same privilege and remain of the

same opinion that she was when she

started. As what one wants always does

come when one wishes with great in-tensity, so it did to this lonely one,

known to the world in which she lived as "pretty Mrs. Dick." Her intimate

friend, that everybody called "bright Mrs. Tom," walked into the room as

only a well dressed woman can walk.

She looked at her friend, and she said:

you thinking about?"

Mrs. Dick looked up—and when blue

eyes look up how lovely they are !- and

"I am wondering what a well dressed

Mrs. Tom gave a quick glance, and

he answered:

she said:

voman really is."

"Why, Dick, what in the world are

Attire For Morning and Afternoon—Street, Home and Theater Dress-A Dissertation on Tea Gowns-Where They May Never She was sitting quite alone. She was thinking out two or three things and wishing that another woman would tome in so that she could talk them out. That's always the instinct of a really nice woman. A man will reason out a thing in his mind, and after he is fully

satisfied about it and is sure he is right then it goes into an innocuous desuc-tude. But a woman—well, she wants her dearest friend heside her, and she wants to hear



After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Health.

You are for the time and place. It is 4 o'clock in the afternoon, you are at home, you are going to give me a cup of tea, and you have on a pale pink cloth tea gown trimmed with frills of pink chiffon, while your collar and the knots on your shoulders are of moss green velvet. You are wearing as a guard to your wedding ring a pink pearl set about with diamonds, and you have on your little finger of the same hand a beautiful emerald as its contrast. Your stockings are moss green silk, your slippers moss green satin. Is your question answered?"

"Yes," slowly responded Mrs. Dick, "but I mean the woman who is well dressed at all times. I want the keynote to good dressing."

By this time the visitor had removed her hat. The two were sitting on a comfortable lounge as only two friendstwo women friends-can sit and be interested in each other. Mrs. Tom had a look of thought in her face, Mrs. Dick one of expectancy, and then Mrs. Tom suddenly said:
"Dickie, I'll tell you. It's the being

absolutely harmonious with your surroundings. In the morning the well depend woman setting up with bright dressed woman, getting up with bright made, but of an attractive color and one that is becoming to her. . She has her hair arranged rather smoothly than otherwise, and if you look at her feet cated to its use. Later in the day she wants to go out to shop, to go to a readng class or any of the hundred things that a woman has on hand, so she as sumes a dark tailor made suit. The skirt style suited to her figure. If it is a close fitting habit basque, she must look as if it grew on her, like skin, and not have a wrinkle. If it is a jacket that flares away and shows a shirt front, then the linen must be as immaculate as a white lily, and the scarf must be tied in its place, not be one of those abominations that are sold ready made.

"One o'clock finds her coming home for her luncheon. After that she rests awhile, and then about 4, if she is going to be at home, she puts on just such a tea gown as you are wearing or per-haps a more elaborate one. If she is going visiting, she dons her richest walking dress, wearing an elaborate bonnet, undressed kid gloves, and, above all other things, a handsome wrap.
"At the theater or any place of amuse-

nent the well dressed woman has on an ordinary walking costume, but a rather bright and pretty bonnet. If she happens to be in a box, a little more dressing is allowable, but we do not do as our English consins - that is, wear even-

A TETE-A-TETE.

CARLETON PLACE, Ont., May 11 -The

Jampbell heresy case has been settled. At a conference this afternoon between the Presbytery and Prof. Campbell the latter Presbytery and Prof. Campbell the latter agreed to the following: First, that the statements of the Old Testament writers as to the character (f God were true as far as they went, but in exceptional cases were not the whole truth; 2nd. That in the great majority of cases God, when smiting in judgment and discipline or chastisement, acts in accordance with general laws or through secondary causes.

The Presbytery deemed this satisfactory and reported to the Synod. The Synod expressed its thanks to the Presbytery for the amicalle set thement of this celebrated case, which has been a vexed question for the past two years and at one time threatened to cause a serious rupture.



Hood's Sarsaparilla Cave Perfect

The following letter is from a well-known nerchant tailor of St. George, N. B.: C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's arsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them." J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Sciatic Rheumatism

Capt. McCranahan Tells How He

Was Cured. "About a year ago I was taken with a severe attack of sciatic rheumatism and was laid off most of the summer. I went from here to St. John, N. B., in my packet schooner, and was so helpless and in such suffering that 1 could not get out of the cabin. The captain of another schooner came on board to see me, and wanted me to get Hood's Sarsaparilla; he said it had

Sarsaparilla CURES

had to feed him. I sent to Boston for two bot-tles, which did for me all I had been told Hood's Sarsaparilla would do. I gained rapidly and when I had taken the two bottles I was able to work. A great many people here have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla since it cured me, and all speak highly of it." CAPT. S. MCGRANAHAN. Margaretville, Nova Scotia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists; \$1, six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do ot purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits. First-class Teaching Faculty—Pritish University Graduates. University: Professional, Com-nercial and Modern Courses.

sonable fees. Cricket, foetball, swim-PRINCIPAL J W. CHURCH, M.A.



J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

toe-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated licity in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne the whole story of the defendant Freema literally untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn ta.—Times, July 13

that it had been sworn ta.—Times, July 13
1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN
REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTH
MA. CONSUMPTION. NEURALGIA
RHEUMATISM, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
is prescribed by scores of orthodox
practitioners. Of course it would not be
thus singularly popular did it, not "supnly a want and fill a place."—Medical
Times, Jan. 12, 1885.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
is a certain cure for Cholora, Dysentery,
Diarrhosa, Colics &c.
CAUTION — None genuine without the
words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne,"
on the stamp, Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufac
turer. J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great RusseSt., London. Sold at 1s. 14d., 2s. Rd., 4s.

ap28

CABLE NI

Resignation of Right della-The Irish League

Memorials to Canadia uates-Sir William Cabinet Pos

DUBLIN, May 14.-A tacked an Orangeman's f yesterday afternoon in P. Bann. The Orangemen to volvers and clubs were used and before the police arrive shot dead and several were The police separated these The police separated the fourteen men who were in fight, and were retiring with when the mob turned on the rescue the men under arrecharged and the mob fired them. More police were they arrested more rioters at them discount for the discount for the

they arrested more rioters at then dispersed.

HAMBURO, May 14.—Prisciatica has grown worse and park have been stopped to Schweninger. He has been cline to receive the Hunga phallan deputations at Freights journey to Varzin has be Berkin, May 14.—Chancivi has received a petition man colonial society, asking annex Samoa. annex Samoa. Berlin, May 14 -The in

gress of miners was opened ing with an attendance of n the socialistic element largely The principal discussion by is that of the establishment of is that of the establishment of ing day of eight hours.

BUDA PESTH, May 14.—
President of the House of I this morning. He was 93 yes

BUENOS AYRES, May 14.—
BUENOS AYRES, May 14.—

gentine steamer Thyra, carryi wheat, came into collision t with the Italian steamer Rem of San Pedro, Rio Grande Thyra went down almost im Thyra went down almost impression of her crew were drown Berlin, May 14—The Spondent of the Frankfurter that on March 3 and 4, a seven shook Mioka in the Bismarck Nearly all dwellings were level ground. The missionaries and fered heavy losses, and were great danger in the ruins of Paris, May 14—In speaking exhibition to day M. Rayna the interior, said that althon policy had been abandoned in future was likely to prove tha ers were right, and properly up

ers were right, and properly un country's interests.

PARIS, May 14.—Simon Pos Anarchist who was arrested on having caused the Avenue Klolnas proved an alibi. Neverthardent revolutionist, he will nt revolutionist, he will nder the new law against

doers.

Rome, May 14.—The government of the edge of the state claimed at the beginning of the countries in Massa and Carrary of signs will be ended outbreak in Massa and Carrars
the state of siege will be ended
after the close of Deputy de Fe
London, May 15:—A. J. Mu
dent of the board of trade, has
ceat in the cabinet. His reaso
that he wishes to avoid the app
conflict between his public and
terests, which has resulted from
to the New Zealand loan comp
the exposure of this company the exposure of this company court, Mr. Mundella, as a d criticised scathingly by the judy since the publication of this conservative journals have der he leave the cabinet. Mr. Muretain his seat in publication.

retain his seat in parliament as the Brightside division of Sheffie The National League's mass the Adelphi theatre to be chairman. It passed respressing full confidence in the integrity and patriotism of the leaders. Justin McCarthy s leaders. Justin McCarthy s address that the Irish situation v ful as ever. John Dillon ar Davitt exhorted all Home Rules Davitt exhorted all Home Rulen
The comrades and friends of
Military. College of Canada hav
the south transept of Rochester
handsome memorial to three of
Royal Engineers who were gradt
college, namely: Captain H. B.
Captain W. G. Stairs and Capt
Robinson. The first two office
fever in Africa and Captain Ro
killed in action near Sierra Leone
1892 The college of Kingston
to the British army some exceller
It is not to be supposed becan

to the British army some exceller

It is not to be supposed because the state of the supposed because the state of the sta

and its adoption generally throughest.

With threats of another Indioverhanging, it would appear to vised for Auglo-Indians to stump try in behalf of more sympathetic of the native population. But Si Wedderty has determined to a country in behalf of the "down native. One hundred and thirty of parliament, mostly Irish, have of parliament, mostly Irish, have to help.

Sir William Harcourt has been of his way to let it be believe means to alter his position in the ministry. A fortnight ago he ministry. A fortnight ago he said in answer to a question in the this the fervently hoped that he vibe in the position this till year. On Thursday he reperations, His own words. National Liberal club last Wedness. that he does not mean to retire it tical life. Everything points, how the fact that he will not control the fina loss when next year's budget of it is happens that the Liberal go is then in power, Henry Fowler washly be found by then to have, is

place.

Although the wedding of Josephine of Belgium on May 28 officially quiet, and the Belgian or goes out of mourning a week previe to be marked by two somewhat demonstrations. On the previous allegorical floral pageant is to parprincipal boulevards of Brussels. album containing sketches, posmusic, bound in carved ivory and also to be presented to the brid deputation of fifty Belgian painters and composers, who are to be escort

ELL HERESY. ement Arrived At in This

E, Ont., May 11 -The R, Ont., May 11—The ase has been settled. At afternoon between the Prof. Campbell the latter ollowing: First, that of the Old Testato the character of far as they went, but in sere not the whole truth; great majority of cases g in judgment and disment, acts in accordance or through secondary.

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t of this celebrated case,
exed question for the
at one time threatened. pture.



the Grip

, No Ambition arilla Gave Perfect

ealth. er is from a well-known owell, Mass.: a glad to say that Hood's

had a severe attack of gather strength. arsaparilla proved to be The results were very commend this medicine to with rheumatism or other Sarsaparilla in my house ad a tonic. We also keep and think highly of them." George, New Brunswick

heumatism

han Tells How He

was taken with a sever umatism and was laid off I went from here to St. eket schooner, and was so suffering that 1 could not The captain of another ard to see me, and wanted

parilla IDEC OWEO

was so bad that his wife int to Boston for two botall I had been told Hood's o. I gained rapidly and y people here have taken ince it cured me, and all CAPT. S. MCGRANAHAN. is sold by all druggists;

pared only by C. I. Hood , U. S. A.

e purely vegetable, and do pe. Sold by all druggists.

COLLEGE, ILL PARK.

TE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

Cricket, foetball, swim-



IS BROWNE'S RODYNE.

WNE'S CHLORODYNE AND MOST CERTAIN OUGHS, COLDS, ASTH PTION, NEURALGIA

tesignation of Right Hon, A. J. Mundella—The Irish National League.

CABLE NEWS.

Memorials to Canadian Military Graduates-Sir William Harcourt's Cabinet Position.

DUBLIN, May 14 .- A Catholic mob at-

ful as ever. John Dillon and Michael Davitt exhorted all Home Rulers to unity. The comrades and friends of the Royal Military, College of Canada have placed in the south trausept of Rochester cathedral a handsome memorial to three officers of the Royal Engineers who were graduated at the college, namely: Captain H. B. MacKay, Captain W. G. Stairs and Captain W. H. Robinson. The first two officers died of fever in Africa and Captain Robinson was killed in action near Sierra Leone in March, 1892. The college of Kingston has given to the British army some excellent soldiers. It is not to be supposed because the government have managed to get through the scoond reading of the finance bill, that they have satisfied their followers. The registration bill will prove a fruitful source of discussion. Soon after the house assembles again after Whitsuntide, if those who are eager for this cannot have their way the leaders will yield to popular opinion and issue a definite statement of their intentions. The admiralty have at length signed, sealed and delivered an agreement with Col. Harfield adopting his terms of royalty for the manufacture of his patent compensating steering gear in the royal dock yards, and its adoption generally throughout the fieet.

With threats of another Indian mution

overhanging, it would appear to be ill-advised for Auglo-Indians to stump the country in behalf of more sympathetic treatment of the native population. But Sir William Wedderty has determined to stump the country in behalf of the "down-trodden" native. One hundred and thirty members of parliament, mostly Irish, have promised to help.

of parliament, mostly Irish, have promised to help.

Sir William Harcourt has been going out of his way to let it be believed that he means to alter his position in the Rosebery ministry. A fortnight ago he pointedly said in answer to a question in the House that he fervently hoped that he would not be in the position this time next year. On Thursday he repeated his hopes. His own words at the National Liberal club last Wednesday show that he does not mean to retire from political life. Everything points, however, to the fact that he will not control the national fina sees when next year's budget comes up. It is happens that the Liberal government is then in power, Henry Fowler will probably be found by then to have taken his place.

ably be found by then to have taken his place.

Although the wedding of Princess Josephine of Belgium on May 28 is to be officially quiet, and the Belgian court only goes out of mourning a week previously, it is to be marked by two somewhat imposing demonstrations. On the previous day an allegorical floral pageant is to parade the principal boulevards of Brussels. A superbalbum containing sketches, poetry and music, bound in carved ivory and sliver, is also to be presented to the bride by a deputation of fifty Belgian painters, authors and composers, who are to be escorted to the

most of the artistic associations in the Belgian capital will be represented.

Prof. Henry Morley, LLD, who died at Cariabrooke, Isle of Wight on Monday was born in London, September 15, 1822. He was sent to a Moravian school at Neuwield on the Rhine, and was graduated at King's college, London, where he established and edited the King's College Magazine, He practiced medicine in Shropebire from 1843 to 1848. Beginning in 1847 he published numerous papers on public health. From 1851 to 1857 he was Dickens' assistant in editing Household Words, and from 1859 to 1864. In 1859 he became professor of English literature in King's college of a bill to render more effective DUBLIN, May 14.—A Catholic mob at tacked an Orangeman's funeral procession yesterday afternoon in Portadown on-the-Bann. The Orangemen fought back. Revolvers and clube were used on both sides, and before the police arrived one man was shot dead and several were injured severely. The police separated them and arrested fourteen men who were in the blick of the fight, and were retting with their prisoners when the mob turned on them and tried to rescue the men under arrest. The police charged and the mob fired their revolvers at them. More police were summoned, and they arrested more rioters and the mob was then dispersed.

Hamburg, May 14.—Prince Bismarck's solution has grown worse and his walks in the park have been stopped by order of Dr. Sohweninger. He has been colleged to decline to receive the Hungarian and Westphalian deputations at Freidericherube, and his journey to Varzin has been pasponed.

Berrin, May 14.—Chancellor von Cap.—By the capital adequation of the Hoglish men of letters, to which he was a bose editor from 1870 to 1879 to 1870 to 1870

MINERS' CONVENTION.

CLEVELAND, O, May 14.-Nearly on housand miners, representing the 170,000 or more now on strike, assembled here to day in national convention in advance of the joint conference to be held to morrow between representatives of the miners and operators, at which it is thought the present trouble will be satisfactorily adjusted. The object of to day's convention, which is being held with closed doors, is to prepare views and opinions that mey assist in adjusting the terms for mining upon a proper basis, it is understood that President John Mc-Bride has received numerous appeals from bodies of organized labor whose members have been thrown out of work by the stoppage of mills and other industrial establishments owing to the scarcity of bituminous coal, and who take the ground that, as fellow unionists, they are entitled to consideration in the effort to bring about an early adjustment of the dispute. lay in national convention in advance

MONTREAL MATTERS.

Montreal, May 14.—(Special)—The striking corpenters are gradually returning to work. About 1,400 men are working in shops paying the union rate of wages, 20 cents an hour. About 600 men are still out, but an early settlement is expected.

It is understood the Counters of Aberdeen will not leave for England until May 25, because she is meeting the members of the Royal Society delegates who attend here May 22 to 25.

CAPITAL NOTES.

And the second s

Rome, May 14.—The debate in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon was exceedingly stormy. The opposition reiterated all their objections to the war budget and instead that several items should have been out down. General Mocenni spoke repeatedly to refute the arguments against the budget. On the vote the government got only nine of a majority, and the opposition set up a hideous din of jubilation. The situation is extremely complicated, if not critical. The popular hostility to the military expenditure is very strong, and the opposition leaders are making the most of it without respect to consequences The seminofficial newspapers hint that a dissolution is likely. After the vote the chamber was found to have been without a quorum. The vote therefore was nullified, and the whole question will be debated again to-morrow.

MINERS' CONVENTION.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

VANCOUVER, May 14. - (Special) - On VANCOUVER, May 14.— (Special)—On Sunday morning the conference love feast was led by Rev. A. E. Green, the ordination sermon being preached by Rev. Joseph Hall, followed by the ordination of H. W. Peck, J. F. Southall, W. L. Hall, E. E. Hardwick and P. C. E. Harris.

On Monday morning a deputation from the W.C.T.U. waited upon the conference, requesting their support in urging upon the Provincial Government a plebiacite upon the question of the prohibition of the liquer traffic and to secure better legislation for the observance of the Sabbath. The President assured the delegation of hearty cooperation.

dent assured the delegation of hearty ocoperation.

Mrs. Sexsmith addressed the conference
on behalf of the Women's Mission Society.
The conference assured the mission society of
its bearty accord.

The following delegates were elected to
the general conference: Rev. J. W. Hall,
J. F. Betts, C. Watson, R. R. Maitland and
E. Robson. Laymen: E. Odlum, A. E.
Belton, A. C. Wells and D. Spencer, of Victoria, with J. Jessop, reserve.

The report of the stationing committee
was set down for to-morrow.

CLOSER TRADE RELATIONS.

CAPETOWN, May 14.—Capetown will send Sir John de Villiers, chief justice, and Sir Charles Mills, agent general in London, as delegates to the conference which will be held in Ottawa to arrange for the closer trade relations of the British colonies. Sir John de Villiers will sail from this port to-morrow.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Electric Lighting and Tramway Ser-vice in Nanaimo—Stargeon Fish-ing Season Ends.

Political Matters-Settlers for Alberta -West Kootenay's Mail Service -Mining Notes.

VANCOUVER, May 14.—Dr. Lefevre was ated in the Government interest at r. Cunningham's three.
Hen. Mr. Reid, minister of defence of ictoria, Australia, will address the council the Board of Trade and the citizens of ancouver to-merrow on improved trade liations, the cable and fast Atlantic line.

New Westminster, May 14.—By orders received from Ottawa, sturgeon fishing ends to-morrow for two months' close season.

(From the Ledge.)

It is semi-officially announced that Capt.

Fitzstubbs, gold commissioner, will resign his position because of increasing infirmities.

his position because of increasing infirmities.

W. J. Goepel, gold commissioner pro tem, went north on Thursday on business.

A number of farmers from Palouse county, Washington, with their families, were on the Columbia on Thursday bound for the Alberta territory. They reported that the influx during the next few months from the other side would be a heavy one.

West Kootenay is to be given a much improved mail service this summer. The South riding will get four mails per week, two via the Northern Pacific and Nelson & Fort Sheppard railways, and two by way of the C.P.R. and Revelatoke. In the North riding there will be five mails a week via Revelatoke.

On Friday, and in fact every day since, large numbers of men are returning to town to work on the railway.

J. M. Kellie, M.P.P., hopes to be in Nakusp in two weeks' time to render to the electorate an account of his stewardship during the past four years.

Upwards of \$50,000 was paid during the week by the inland Construction Company.

New Denver merchants pay \$6 freight per hundreds pounds on their goods from Kasio.

(From the Miner.)
The most enthusiastic meeting ever held in Kaslo took place here on Friday night in the Presbyterian church. The occasion was the ratification of the nomination of G. O. Buchanan, as Government candidate for the South Riding of West Kootenay in the coming election, and it was done with an enthusiasm and unanimity which portends an overwhelming majority for the candidate. The house was filled to overflowing, there being over 200 people present, and all true supporters of Mr. Buchanan and the present Government.

RAMLOOPS.

(From the Sentinel.)

P. Burns, of Calgary, is on his way with six car loads of cattle for the Coast.

G. B. Martin, M.P.P., is here attending the meeting of the directors of the Inland Agricultural Society. Agricultural Society.

Thomas Flyun, of the Homestake mine,
Adam's lake; came in on Tuesday afternoon, bringing in picked samples of a strike they have made, much different from what they have previously taken out of the vein they on the rock has an exceptional weight and they purpose sending it to San Fancisor, to be analyzed, as they believe it to run rich in nickel. For the past four weeks all the force possible has been engaged cutting a trail through to the North Thompson, a distance of about twelve miles. Six miles of this has been made, twelve feet wide, into a wagon road; the remaining six is a good pack trail, and with a little more work can be made into a wagon road.

nitors night and day until the season

Mr. Penzer, one of the directors of the Cariboo & Kootenay Prospecting and Mining Company, accompanied by Mr. A. D. Hoar, manager, left on Tuesday morning for Trout lake to examine the company's placer claim on the Lardeau river and start the work.

George Laforme expects to have his pack train running between Big Bend and Revelstoke on or about the 25th inst., and will thereafter leave Revelstoke every Wednesday.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, (May 14.—(Special)—For the Provincial general election the Conservatives have so far nominated candidates in fifty-seven constituencies; the Reformers in sixty. three; the Patrons in forty-three; and the Protestant Protective Association in nine; while there are two Independents.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of "Doo." Andrews and his wife on a charge of about the country. three; the Patrons in forty-three; and the Protestant Protective Association in nine; while there are two Independents.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of "Doo." Andrews and his wife on a charge of abortion, alleged to have been performed on Nellie Lafontaine. It is believed Andrews and his wife left on Friday night for Mayion.

the Earl of Harrowby, Lord Chancello

Herschell and other distinguished men. Herschell and other distinguished men.

The committee having charge of arrangements is holding daily sessions, and from the programme already mapped out the events will be memorable in the history of this remarkable organization. The corporation of the city of London has appropriated, \$6,000 for a reception to the delegates, and the lord mayor is also to entertain them at the Guildhall. Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's eathedral have been thrown open for a special services, while other special arrangements have been made, including attentions from some of the city quilds. An immense marquee will be erected on the Thames embankment for evening meetings, while Windsor Castle and all its surroundings, including the tomb of the late Prince Consort, will be thrown open to the delegates. It is, moreover, nightly probable that the farewell meeting will take place in a special tent in Windsor Park.

On the Sunday following the opening fifteen hundred special sermons will be preached reviewing the work done by the Linted States and Canada, and nearly a thousand more from India, Japan, France, Belgium, Switzbriand, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Italy and Germany. The convention will last for a week, and accoording to the advance programme the delegates will be in demand for fourteen hours out of were y twenty-four. A prominent matched and several sections and the contents, J Herbert's atore occupied by Mr. Hannsford and A. Keer general store. Both the huildings of Ruther-tony delegates and Canada, and nearly a thousand more from India, Japan, France, Belgium, Switzbriand, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Italy and Germany. The convention will last for a week, and accoording to the advance programme the delegates will be in demand for fourteen hours out of week, and accoording to the advance programme the delegates will be in demand for fourteen hours out of week, and accoording to demand for fourteen hours out of week, and accoording to demand for fourteen hours out of week and account of the care of the care of the The committee having charge of arrange-

Y.M.C.A. s of the world. A hundred and twenty delegates are expected from the United States and Canada, and nearly a thousand more from India, Japan, France, Belgium, Switzerland, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Italy and Germany. The convention will last for a week, and according to the advance programme the delegates will be in demand for fourteen hours out of every twenty-four. A prominent notable connected with the affair will be the venerable George Williams, founder of the Y.M. G.A. fifty years ago, and president of the National Council, who, notwithstanding his advanced age, still shows remarkable activity and will preside over the inaugural meeting of the convention.

If ever a man feels like "a poor worm of the dust" it is when he suffers from that tired feeling. Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes this discouraging physical condition and imparts the thrill of new life and energy to every nerve, tissue, muscle and fibre of the whole body.

Subscribe for THE WEELEY COLONIST.

STRIKING MINERS.

United Mine Workers Will Stand By the Position of the National Convention.

Contradictory Stories as to the Pos-sibility of Reaching an Amica-ble Settlement.

CLEVELAND, May 14.—The representatives of the United Mine Workers met here to-day. One hundred and sighty-sight (From the Kamicops Sentinel.)
Superintendent Brophy of the Van Winkle
Hydraulic Gold Mining Company, has
everything in perfect shape to run two

A resolution was adopted to stand by the monitors night and day until the season closes. All that is required is a few warm days to raise the supply of water, when, if there is any gold in the diggings, Mr. Brophy will surely get it.

A Chinaman jumped from a work train Wednesday while in motion, and received a deep gash in the back of his neck. On learning of the accident other Chinamen took him away and immediately removed the bandages and stock on some of their own mixture.

Campbell Johnston of Vancouver, spent sew days at the Bootanie creek claim last week. districts and report to morrow. President McBride says there is no possibility of the miners yielding to any local agreement whereby the scale should be paid, nor any possibility of their yielding to any general compromise.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., May 14.—The strike of miness in the Huntingdon and Broad

men's political association here to-morrow

men's political association here to-morrow

men's political sesociation here to description of the leading one to see Mr. W. R. Megraw, whose life

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CLEVELAND, O., May 15.-Representatives of the organized mine workers of America were astir early this morning in preparation for the meeting to-day. There is no evidence of weakening in their de-

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of "Doo." Andrews and his wife on a charge on the colville reservation, carried a stick of dynamite around in his top boot. When asked why he did so he said he was an anarchist.

W. T. Thompson has returned to Fairly wire from Boundary Mountain. While there he purchased the well-known McCormick properties, the St. Lawrence and the device.

The klootchman who was shot in the foot at the strikes have been made.

The klootchman who was shot in the foot at the analysis of the strikes have been made.

The klootchman who was shot in the foot at the analysis of the strikes have been made.

The klootchman who was shot in the foot at the analysis of the strikes have been made.

The klootchman who was shot in the foot at the strike of 22 inches solid ore is reported from the Skylark.

Anaw strike of 22 inches solid ore is reported from the Skylark.

William Postil, of Duck lake, is going to drive his cattle over to the Bear oreek and analysis of the strike of the strike.

Mr. Mac Thompson lies seriously ill and is not expected to recover. He is an old Montans and British Columbia miner, and 78 years of age.

G. MoAulay has a small gold bar valued at \$64.50, the result of crusning 25 pounds of picked ore from the Cariboo, Camp McKinney.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of "Doo." Andrews and his wife on a charge on a charge on the leady to the strike if possible.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of "Doo." Andrews and his wife on a charge on health wife left ton Friday night for melling the content of the strike if possible.

Patrick J. Duffy, railway mail clerk, the morning a settlement of the strike if possible.

Patrick J. Duffy, railway mail clerk, the purpose of effect-mick properties, when a caquity the dy the jury at the assignments. It is believed Andrews and George Oama, to the strike if possible.

Warrants have been issued for the view left ton Friday night for morning for the purpose of effect on Friday night for morning for the purpose of effect on the s Membership in the World's Metropolis.

The Queen Interested in the Movement—Considerations Extended to the Delegates.

London, May 14.—Ex-Postmaster-General Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, is expected to arrive here in a couple of days, being the first of the foreign delegates to arrive for the great international jubilee convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, which opons next month. Apartments have been engaged for him at the Cannon street hotel, although he will be extended the hospitalities of Lord Kinnaird, the Earl of Harrowby, Lord Chancellor

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

naford and Kees had no insurance on their stock.

Lang, Strachan & Co., proprietors of the Cheapeide dry goods store, estimate their loss by yesterday's fire to be \$25,000. The stock is insured for \$30,000.

The body of Robert Fitzgerald, of Norman, Ont., who disappeared last fail, has been found in the Lake of the Woods.

Senator Lougheed returned to Calgary from Ottawa to-day.

Is your tongue coated? It is biliousness. Get Essijay's Liver Lozenges at once, 25 cts.

the other. It is seen that these able and impartial Commissioners, after inquiring into the matter carefully, have some to the conclusion that there is no reasonable ground on which to base even a suspicion that the

must be a corrupt bargain." He is a very lucky man indeed whose experience has not proved to him that this is as true a saying marks were confined wholly to the appointas ever was uttered.

sions arrived at by the Commissioners on every part of the subject inquired into are favorable to the Government, and those conclusions are expressed in language so simple and so clear that it will be Honorable gentlemen opposite have made

THE COMMISSIONERS REPORT.

The report of the Royal Commission appointed to inquire into certain matters donorously the Nakuap & Slocan Railway will be the the shall be found in another column. It will be read with great interest by rea of every shade of public opinion in the Province. So much was said and written lest winter respecting the "suspicious circumstances" connected with the extension of the Provincial guarantee to the honds of the Nakuap & Slocan Company that the electors are naturally surficus to see the interpretation placed upon those circumstances by two gentlemen of known ability and long experience in weighing evidence of all kinds—gentlemen, too, of the highest character, who can have not possible metive in favoring one side or the othery. It is seen that these able and impartial Continisioners, after inquiring into the matter consists.

The News-Advertiser, at a loss to acc

a ever was uttered.

As we have already indicated, the conclube conducted, he said, according to pre-

simple and so clear that it will be impossible for the ablest and the most malignant of the enemies of the Administration to misunderstand or to misinterpret it.

The absence of the accusers of the Government is noticed in the Report, and it is shown that there is no excuse for it on the score of expense. The failure of the men who were so ready a short time ago to lead the public to believe that they were in possess on of evidence with respect to the the public to believe that they were in possess'on of evidence with respect to the negotiations connected with the extension of the Government guarantee to the bonds of the Nakusp & Slocan Railroad most damaging to the Government, is proof, if proof were wanting, that they themselves were at the time convinced that there were no grounds for the accusations which they in so many ways, direct and indirect, preferred against the Government. The conclusion to which every man of sense must arrive, is that they did not attend the sittings of the Commission, because they knew that if there was did the sense of the country and would ask: "To whom does this lawyer owe alleigtance but to the men that employed him." I say the thing is not to be thought of for one moment.

clusion that the arrangement "which was ratified by the Act of 1894 is more advantageous to the Province than the arrangement contemplated by the Act of 1893."

But even if it were not they very properly say, "it does not follow that a bad bargain must be a corrupt bargain." He is a very with the investigation. Here is the report is the report the interport in him, a it appears in the Times:

"He (Mr. Davie) contended that the Opposition supplies them, in the manner they consider best, without the Copyoration from the Leader of the Government or any of its members. The notion that every writer who favors the Administration has Mr. Davie perpetually at his shoulder directing him what to say or what should be followed in this case."

WELL DONE.

WELL DONE.

It is needless to say that the passage of all the truth as possible.

and the state of t

the completed its investigation. The Government of the Province did not wait for the people to petition for an inquiry; they courted the fullest investigation, and the Commission which the Nor Wester believes was granted on the people in the people of British Columbia was appointed at the instance of the men whose integrity had been questioned.

that men who are not protected from pi and violence by the local authorities we show the weakness of the state government of the translation is to be taken against offer who have votes or who are in symptomic than the case of the men whose integrity had been questioned.

A STRIKING ILLUSTRATION.

the charges they had made against the Government while the Legislature was in season. If they believed that there was any ground for those charges they would have a passage in the leading article flooked to Victoria regardless of expense to prove that they were true.

If they believed that there was any ground for those charges they would have a possible to the followed to Victoria regardless of expense to prove that they were true.

JOURNALISTIC INSOLENCE, the many a true word and in jest "was strikingly exampled to be jocular. Commenting on what we said on the acceptance by Mr. Gotton of the term "demageger" as applied to himself, our contemporary quotes the following sentence from, our remarks: "He focts what cannot possibly be known to be true is either excessively stupid or utterly and the panders to the prejudices and errors of mon whom he despited," and then goes on to say: "This brings to our recollection a please as being supplied with material by the Leader of the Government, and as being his "journalistor servants." Now, it is perfectly im possible for the aditor of that paper to was a genius. Nothing could give the other, it is sen, the three she faculting in the matter carefully, there is faculting to the type of the type peaking party which is to provide and the proposition of the type peaking party which is to provide the matter carefully, there is a constant of the peaking and the party which is to provide the peaking and the party has been appeared to the formatting of the type peaking party which is to peak to the peaking and the party has the peaking and the peaking and the party has the peaking and the peaking and the peaking and the party has the peaking and the

the big the place Mr. Davis has no hypogeness of the first place of a Government of the committee of the same as every leader of a Government of the same as any of the mesting of the same as any of the mesting of the same second plank of the Nationalist platform which the exigencies of the situation compet the party of which the News-Advertises is the organ to swallow, is: "That population be the only basis of legislative representation." Articles have appeared in the Opposition of the National street of the News-Advertises is the organ to swallow, is: "That population be the only basis of legislative representation." Articles have appeared in the Opposition was asserted, and Opposition orators have penditure. The largeness of the vote in favor of, and the weakness of the opposition was asserted, and Opposition orators have insisted upon it with great earnestness and one provided themselves to be unduly energy. When, therefore, the Government have not allowed themselves to be unduly depressed by creakers and obstructionists, was sated that the matter of the sate. It was stated that the one opposition to measures, no matter how mines at Roslyn, its full in the East, and no information has been received for publication, that the dempty proposes to bring in ments addressed to us, only one conclusion to the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of the mines from the East to take the place of th

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COMMISSION'S REPORT.

The Premier and His Colleagues Declared Biameless and Their Course Fully Justified.

Forster's Statement Pronounced to Be Not True—Comment Upon the Bargain Made.

whatever for the charge of wrongful motive in the matter. The Commissioners' report in full is as follows :

To the Honomable Edgar Develney, Lieuten-ant-Governor of the Province of British Golumbia:

We, the undersigned Commissioners appointed by the Commission of the twentieth day of April, 1894, to inquire into certain matters therein mentioned, concerning the Nakusp & Slocan Railway Company, have the honor to report that the manner in which that inquiry has been made, and the evidence taken therein, will appear by the record of the proceedings of the Commission, which we have the honor to submit herewith.

It will be seen from the notes of evidence It will be seen from the notes of evidence that, though tall notice was given of the time and place of sitting, and also, in our opinion, a sufficient intimation that the reasonable expenses of witnesses would be recouped to them through the Commissioners, no one has thought fit to appear in support of the accusations.

te voted on again to-day and was rejected by

NEWS OF THE

Nanaimo's Fire Limit -Van Horne Unah

Premier Davie Speaks City-Interesting C at Vancouv

(Special to the Con

VANCOUVE VANCOUVER, May 15.—J they must not erect any mo streets without their permis The City solicitor has give

The City solicitor has give on that the extraordinary p the council ultra vires, and it was not n peal the by law passed at the these privileges.

The Women's Missionary ference held their initial convouver yesterday. Mrs. Cooccapied the chair. Mrs. the meeting on the Chill home. Several ladies from stations delivered interest Mrs. Raley of Kil-e-mat, 500 Victoris, being among the n McCraney welcomed the delecouver, and Mrs. Chapman, plied.

plied.

A largely attended Gosp meeting was held last night hall. Rev. J. M. McLeos meeting and Rev. E. Robson address. Mr. Robson said the was part of the religion of and that these people were vorised at the numerous se World's Fair during the sittingress of religions. Mrs. Ballowsend, and the Rev. J. addressed the meeting. Townsend, and the Rev. J. addressed the meeting.

The 10-year old son of M. Mrs. Warden, of Boston, Masuddenly at the Hotel Vancou Judge Bonham, of the Su Oregon, is a guest of Mr. Pete VANCOUVER, May 16.—The

Macdougall, charged with the Massender, a C.P.R. track March last, came up for trial The evidence was all in at si the jury retired. Justice D them to bring in one of dicts — guilty, not guilty, slaughter. At 8:30 the ju with a verdict of "mansiar extreme provocation," and a tion to mercy. The judge said taken a more merciful view of he had, but he would have to ing to their finding. In his cwas no doubt that the prisoner ately waited for the unfortunat life he had taken, to provo The prisoner was then he had anything to say tence should not be passed, who is a very small man, of ab not at all a vicious-looking coun rather a determined expression dock and hesitatingly answer to do it to protect myself. I ask "The sentence of the court," Drake, "is that you be taken tentiary and there kept in one term of eight years. March last, came up for trial

WESTMINSTER. NEW WESTMINSTER, May Van Horne was expected to Royal City, but he went East to out giving it a call, and there appointment in consequence.

Premier Davie was in the c and addressed a meeting of Men's Political Association. T was not a public one, only the

ing present. The up-river districts are im ter and vegetables from Californ The city council has abandon of reducing the assessment all rates will be equalized if any

are found on the roll, and if furt are taken the council will fight NEW WESTMINSTER, May 16. the Fraser has fallen 10 feet week. Not since 1862, so say

has the water in the river been this time of the year. If war comes suddenly the river is ever before observed at this seaso Kai Tees ranch, at Texas bar, sold to American investors for \$4 will spend \$10,000 putting in

plant.

Lt.-Col. Peters, D.A.G., was it to-day inspecting the arms of N pany. Forty stand of the latest condemned and will be returned. Stores at Victoria.

A buy seriously wounded a little

an air gun yesterday. The police cided to confiscate all weapons of found in the hands of boys. James Wardle, of Hope, has himself as a candidate for the wes HALL'S PRAIRIE.

HALL'S PRAIRIE, May 15.—A puing was held here on Wednesday last, with Mr. C. D. Moggridge in to discuss the proposed attenue. between Victoria, Vancouver, a Rock (Surrey.) The chairman st necessity for some such an outly produce of the acttlement and ratepayers to support and enco project. Mr. H. T. Thrift of H also addressed the meeting at sor pointing out the advantages that orus to the various settlement of the surrous settlement.

orue to the various settlement the boundary line were nection made as suggested. M. McElmore, Mr. Shields, Mr. Arn Cameron, and several other gentl lowed, all urging the expediency of an effort to secure the steamer of after which a resolution was adopt ing those present to support, the n established. Resolutions were als asking the government to open of on the section line east from the co-one or two miles north of the bounand requesting the Surrey Council and requesting the Campbell river road west prove the Campbell river Hall's Practice with the Hall's Practice wi intersection with the Hall's Pra A hearty vote of thanks to the terminated the proceedings of the

NANAIMO, May 15.—Mayor Questhis morning for Douglas lake; he

away until the end of the week. L. Lawrence has been re-elected for the hook and ladder company, R. assistant, and A. E. Hilbert, secret The twenty-eighth drawing of the mo Building Society will take plan awaning of Friday next, at the Y. M. The scholars of the 2ad and 3rd YS REPORT.

ain Made. lves of Any Kind or Influenced" nisters.

sion in the matter of n Railway presented y, and the con w. It will be no ers, Chief Justice Sir gbie and Exchequer Burbidge, pronounce we been a more advan-which it superseded tely justify the cour d his pollesques, pere was no foundation ge of, wrongful motive

d Commissioners ap-ssion of the twentieth inquire into certain loned, concerning the lway Company, have that the manner in been made, and the will appear by the ngs of the Commis-

the notes of evidence e was given of the ing, and also, in our intimation that the witnesses would be agh the Commission-fit to appear in sup-

whom we have re in this direction has seaven, M.P.P., who, ie for making the rd some facts upon

force, which could er-in-Council. th an irregularity, to upport the charge finister. The Statu nto operation by an it immediately after-ansaction has been by the Statute of inister was the agent ts distinctly in the it would have been

Statute of 1894 Im-ment, in lieu of that e former year, was tageous, that it was ald only have been ted through corrupt t be added that he

course, that a bac rupt bargain. Ar h we have been in-rary we think that uced, and the arguonly one conclusion that the arrange-ion of the Nakusp dvantageous to the dvantageous to the ement contemplated and we have had no to us by the Comhink no room for follows, that is to

onorable the Pre-advising the guar-said Commission,

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orrupt motives of influenced Your e advice tendered in relation to the sy Company; a of Your Honor's has, any interest,

Slocan Railway

ion Company by ag built; or by or with either ther in furnishing a any way what

May, A.D., 1894
BEGBIE,
BURRIDGE,
Commissioners.

ARMY.

rything now, to have a military on the march to of as an army, nd their rank and empletion, having nor commissariat.

tie folks W. K. B.

n the Chamber.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

HALL'S PRAIRIE.

HALL'S PRAIRIE, May 15—A public meeting was held here on Wednesday evening last, with Mr. C. D. Moggridge in the chair, to discuss the proposed steamer connection between Victoria, Vancouver, and White Rock (Surrey.) The chairman showed the necessity for some such an outlet for the produce of the aettlement and urged the ratepayers to support and encourage the project. Mr. H. T. Thrift of Haziemere, also addressed the meeting at some length, pointing out the advantages that would accrue to the various aettlements along the boundary line were the connection made as suggested. Mr. D. R. McElmore, Mr. Shields, Mr. Armand, Mr. Cameron, and several other gentlemen followed, all urging the expediency of making an effort to secure the steamer connection, after which a resolution was adopted pledging shose present to support, the new line if established. Resolutions were also passed asking the government to open, out a road on the section line east from the coast either one or two miles north of the boundary line, and requesting the Surrey Council to improve the Campbell river road west from its intersection with the Hall's Prairie road. A hearty vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings of the evening.

Figs of the price will be a price with the price will be a price will be a price with the price will be a price with the price will be a price will be a pr The city council has abandoned the idea of reducing the assessment all round. The rates will be equalized if any inequalities are found on the roll, and if further appeals are taken the council will fight them.

New Westminster, May 16.—Water in the Fraser has fallen 10 feet during last week. Not since 1862, so say old timers, has the water in the river been so low at this time of the year. If warm weather comes suddenly the river is expected to come up by leaps and bounds. There is more shown on the mountains at Yule than ever before observed at this season.

Kat Tees ranch, at Texas bar, has been one as do which should arrived as the round be declared off. The declain, will probably Kat Tees ranch, at Texas bar, has been between the proposed the state issue were condenned and will be returned to the stores at Victoria.

Lt. Col. Peters, D.A.G., was in the city body mapper, Forty stand of the latest issue were condenned and will be returned to the stores at Victoria.

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MALL'S PRAIRIE, May 15.—A public meeting last, with Mr. C. D. Mogridge in the obair, and blescalers, a large subol hours, a wight of the latest for the weat riding of Yule in the government interest.

While the financial loss is not a circum stance to that of the above mentioned fire yet in less than three hours some twelve acres of territory were burned over. The base ball grand stand and bleachers, a large school house an engine house, 164 wooden buildings, and 13 briok buildings were burned and some 1,000 families rendered homeless. The loss is conservatively estimated at from \$300,000 to \$500,000, although one authority puts it at \$1,000,000. Several persons were injured, but none severely.

NOT HOSTILE TO THE REPUBLIC

he boundary line were the connection made as suggested. Mr. D. R. McElmore, Mr. Shields, Mr. Armand, Mr. Cameron, and several other gentlemen followed, all urging the expediency of making an effort to secure the steamer connection, after which a resolution was adopted pledging those present to support, the new line it established. Resolutions were also passed asking the government to open, out a read on the section line east from the coast either one or two miles north of the boundary line, and requesting the Surrey Council to improve the Campbell river road west from its intersection with the Hall's Prairie road. A hearty vote of thanks to the chairment terminated the proceedings of the evening.

NANAIMO.

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NANAIMO, May 15.—Mayor Quennell left the morning for Douglas lake; he will be away until the and of the week.

L. Lawrence has been re-elected foreman of the hopk and ladder company, R. Langel assistant, and A. E. Hilbert, scoretary.

The twenty-eighth drawing of the Nausilmo Building Society will take place on the evening of Friday next, at the Y. M. C. A.

The scholars of the 24d and 3rd divisions New York, May 16.—Bourke Cockes

river.

Dr. Weldon's bill to disfranchise voters who have taken bribes, occupied the attention of the house all day. The measure was strongly opposed by the Quebec members, and little progress was made.

SAMOAN QUESTION.

London, May 16.—The Government has received an intimation from U.S. Ambassador Bayard that his Government desires to recede from the Berlin agreement in regard to Samoa, provided that all the rights of citizenship of the United States in Samoa are safeguarded. The Australian representative in London some time ago informed the Home Government of the intention of their government to persist in the request for a termination of the passent arrangements in Samoa. The reply of the Imperial Government was that an attempt to reconsider the Berlin act was already in progress.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

VANCOUVER, May 15. The stationing committee ast to-night with slored doors, and it was impossible to get the report. Reitef in Six He

six hours by the six hours by the NKIDWHY CURE. This new remedy surprise and designt on account of its promptness in relieving pain in the lidateys back and swerm part of the passages in male or female. It requires the passages in male or female in passing tention of water and pain in passing tention of the passing tention tention

"There is danger," seid Mr. Hoar, "in such assemblies. Within ten years an attempt has been made to blow up the house of parliament; within two years another attempt to blow up the French assembly. Two Presidents of the United States have been murdered—one in a crowd at the depot, the other in a crowd at the theatre—by misguided fanatical persons, to whom the peaceable assemblages alforded an opportunity to escape. This is why, in the provisions of the riot law of every State, when the magistrate reads the act all the people must go home. A man may be there with peaceable intentions, but if, when the riot act is read, he refuses to go, he is liable to punishment. Those who are peaceable shield those who are not.

"It is needless for me," said Mr. Hoar, drawing his figure up and looking about the chamber, his eyes pausing when they reached Mr. Allen and Mr. Stewart, "to declare that I sympathize with all my fellows in distress. I sympathize with them a great deal more than some of those who always prate sympathy for the down trodden in order to advance their disgraceful political ambitions.

Mr. Hoar closed with an impressive declaration that the senate would stand on its constitutional rights, and it would not be frightened into doing what was not best for the country by any mob demonstration, or by declarations, whether they came from the camp of Coxey or the seat of war from Nevads.

Mr. Harris closed the debate for the day with a vigorously worded speech. Until this morning he had opposed the idea of appointing a committee to investigate the alleged outrages on the capitol steps. But when a senator like Mr. Teller, mually careful and calm in his judgment, entered charges of outregeous conduct against the police of the district of Columbia he thought the senate was entitled to know the facts.

THE CURFEW IN CANADA.

The curiew toils the knell of parting day, sometimes at 3 and sometimes at 9 o'clock in several of the bowns in this province. It no longer means "lights out," but is simply a stanfances to the little boys and girls to betake themselves off the street to the shelter of the domestic roof, where their sphere of danger, of bad company, and of miscrifes will be narrowed, while fuller scopes will be given to their capacity for rest. The curiew bell might be looked upon as a piece of accialistic presumption on the part of the municipality as an encroachment on the inalienable right of the head of the family to order the affairs of his own household. But the moral sense of the town will wink at this elbowing saide of the parent by the municipality. The parent who is jealous of his prerogative as the rules of his obtidees, fails to exercise that prerogative and delegates it to the town when he allows them to be a public nulsance and such a worry to the public. and delegates it we have a public nulsance and service to the public.

The public should not be called upon to render service as nurses or truant officers. They should be left free to keep adults out of mischief. There is no more vexatious,

named Horn gave notice of a protest against named Horn gave notice of a protest against the action of the German government in expelling from the country the Belgian delegate de Fusseaux. Some of the Bohemian delegates spoke on the Ostrau riots. Herr Issinger, German, accused the Austro-Bohemian authorities of habitually inciting the miners to disorder with the view of keeping them in subjection. The miners, he said, were paid starvation wages, generally about 56 cents a day. He suggested that the congress subscribe money to assist the Ostrau strikers. my18 2t

the Ostrau strikers.

Vienna, May 16 — The striking miners in the Ostrau district have withdrawn their demand for an 8 hour day and have pledged themselves to accept a 25 per cent. increase of wages instead of the 40 per cent. increase originally required by them. They will insist, however, upon the reinstatement of the Socialist agitators who were discharged by the mine owners before the strike began. The mine owners, while willing to haggle over the first two questions, decline absolutely to talk of taking back the discharged men; still negotiations for a compromise continue.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, May 16—It is officially announced that the Ontario legislature has been dissolved and writs have been issued for a general election. The nominations take place on Tuesday, June 19, and the polling on Tuesday, June 26. The last Ontario elections were held on Tuesday, June 5. 1890.

Prof. Goldwin Smith has returned from his prolonged stay in England and is again at "The Grange."

The sonate of Toronto university has arranged to have the degree of LLD, conferred upon Lord Aberdeen, Hon. Geo. A. Kirkpatrick, Hon. G. W. Ross, William Mulock, M.P., President Patton of Princeton university and President Loudon of Toronto university.

"MUST BE REMOVED."

London, May 14 .- The executive cour see of the National Liberal Federation has used a call for a conference to be held at





meeting passed resolutions expressing confidence in the Welsh members.

MINERS' CONGRESS.

BERLIN, May 16.—At the International Miners' congress to-day a German delegate named Horn gave notice of a protest against the control of the improverly struck of or omitted from the control of the improverly struck of or omitted from the control of the contro been improperly struck off or omitted from the List of Voters for the Electoral District of Ksouimalt.

> W. J. RANT, Collector.



HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following ap-

20th April, 1894.

Thomas Fletcher of the Settlement of Alberni, Esquire, to be Gold Commissioner, Assessor and Collector, under the "Assessment Act," and Collector under the "Revenue Tax Act," for that pertion of Vancouver Island known as the Alberni District.

WILLIAM ROBERT ARMSTRONG, of North Saanich, Esquire, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the North Victoria Electoral District.

THOMAS FLETCHER, of the Settlement of Alberni, Esquire, to be a Deputy Cellector of Votes for the Cowighan-Alberni Electoral Dis-trict. myl8 it

HIGH CLASS POULTRY

and Eggs for Hatching, Apply to SEASIDE POULTRY FARM. api8 1md&w Plumper Pass, B.C.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen. Fortland, Oregon. myl5-d&w-10w

OTIOE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a forme to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated at Bute Inlet, viz: All that land fronting or a bay midway between Boyd Point and Alpha Bluff, thence inland, taking in all one thousand acres more or less.

DKINKWATER & ROSE.

Victoria, B.C., May 12, 1894.

my15-4tw

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1894.

A MODEL GOVERNOR

When Canadians see what kind of men the le of some of the States of the Union people of some of the States of the Union elect to the position of Governors they are inclined to prefer their own mode of nomination by the Federal Government. The system that places in authority such men as Pennoyer and Waite and Llewelling is not one which judicious Canadians would care to adopt. The vagaries of these men are not always harmless. The Governor who virtually makes himself an accomplice of the violators of the law cannot be laughed at by men who desire to see the law supreme, which it must be in any well governed country. This is what Governor Llewelling became two or three days ago. These are the circumstances. A band of some five hundred Coxeyites, or Commonwealers as they are now called, seized a train at Cripple Creek and went speeding through the country with it regardless of the rights and the safety of their fellow-citizens. The sheriff of Horace County, Kansas, who desired to be a terror to evil-doers, telegraphed to the Governor for troops to aid him in arresting Governor for troops to aid him in arresting the train robbers. This is the answer he received from the first magistrate of the State of Kansas :

the authorities of the State declined to assist the officers of the law to arrest the men on the stolen train. The Governor having made himself an accessory after the fact, it was not to be expected that the subordinate officials would run any risk to capture the offenders. The train was intercepted and the men arrested at Scott City without any help from the authorities of the State of Kansas. The railway company appealed to the United States authorities, and with the aid of one hundred men armed with Winchesters took the thieves into custody. The laws of the United States must be most detective if Governor Llewelling cannot be called to account for his refusal to enforce the law against its flagrant violators.

The Commonwealers when captured wer not treated as oriminals. Their leader, whose name is Saunders, was invited to sur with the superintendent of the railroad in his private car, and the men were treated more like honored guests than criminals deserving of severe punishment. We are rather surprised that the Governor of Kansas did not interfere to question the legality of their arrest, but he seems to have left them to their fate. Such a Governor as Liewelling, thank Heaven, would be an impossibility on this side of the national boundary line.

THE CITY'S SICK AND SUFFERING.

ers who will object to voting the sum necessary to free the Jubilee Hospital of the embarrassment that threatens to impair its governed cities in these days have, the intelligence offices would be out of make it healthy and comfortable. usefulness. The debt which the Institution is asking to be freed from was contracted for the purpose of giving aid and succor to the sick poor of the city. Citizens old and young, male and female, who could not afford to pay for the attendance and treatment supplied by the Hospital were promptly cared for. Close calculations were not made as to whether the Hospital could afford to be so generous. The claims of the sick and the suffering were recognized without hesitation or cold calculation. The directors depended upon the sense of justice and the liberality of the citizens and the public generally to keep the doors of the hospital open to all who need treatment and are not able to pay for it. We are quite certain that they will not be disappointed. The citizens will see to it that provision is made for the sick in need of hospital attend- adds years to the average length of the life ance, and when that is secured all minor of the citizens. Besides the satisfacmatters of difference can be readily adjusted. We expect to see the hospital by law

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

The by-law to acquire the land and improvements of the British Columbia Agricultural Association is different from most of the by-laws which the ratepayers are asked to vote for. It is really to acquire for the city a very valuable piece of property at an exceedingly moderate price.
The land and improvements will be a good investment. Victoria needs more land than it possesses for public purposes of one kind and another. Beacon Hill Park is really the only recreation ground that it postesses. It has no public squares or exhibition grounds such as most other cities of the same size have secured. It may be considered fortunate that the Agricultural Association had the enterprise and the public spirit to secure the fine piece of ground on which the Exhibition buildings stand at a time when land so favorably situsted could be had at a reasonable rate. The ids can be utilized by the city in many ways. As Victoria grows-as we have no doubt it will grow-the Exhibition y useful for many public purposes be-s agricultural exhibitions. The grounds can be made a place of rational recreation, and when the tramway service is duly de-

stoped their distance from the city ill not be considered a drawback. It has will not be considered a drawback. It has been shown very clearly that the city cannot be a loser by acquiring this valuable piece of property, and we are very zure it can be made considerably the gainer. In the hands of the Corporation, the citizens can always be sure that the buildings and grounds cannot be perverted to any demoralizing use. This might not be the case if they were always allowed to remain in the possession of private owners. If the Agri-cultural Association were obliged to part with them, there is no knowing into whose hands they might fall and to what uses they might be put.

THE SEWER BY-LAW.

The ratepayers of the city are called upon co-day to vote for a by-law to enable the Corporation to raise the sum of \$100,000 for sewerage purposes. The continuation of the construction of the sewers is a work of necessity. It is a reproach to the city that the work once commenced was not continued uninterruptedly to completion. Everyone must see that the work must be done and dians would scorn to accept. the expense incurred. It is not an under-taking that can be put off indefinitely. If

the expense of sewering the "James Hurt, Sheriff, Horace, Kan.:

Telegram asking for troops to arrest 500 men who have stolen a Missouri Pacific train received. Was train stolen in Kansas? Have any depredations been committed in your county? Have warrants been issued and processes resisted? Are the men still in your county?

Instead of giving the faithful officer of the law all the assistance in his power the Governor's reply to his request for help to enforce law is a series of questions, each being a suggestion that he should do nothing and allow the law breakers to slip through the stilling. When it is constituted at once, colusion that the main trouble at present is one of distribution. There are not too many hands for the work that must be done. There are not more mouths than the expense of constructing them shall be spread over a long period of years. What the ratepayers are really required to do is to set apart a comparatively small sum, \$5,156, out of the revenue each year for fifty years for the work that must be done. There is plenty of work for everybody. But the work and the workers have become separated by the unwholesome and nnastural exhaustion of one population in order to overcrowd another and drive it to the limits of subsistence. He will be the greatest reformer of the age who shall devise a means of restoring the lost bear to make the situation worse than it is by laying its difficulties to the charge of all sorts. "James Hurt, Sheriff, Horace, Kan.:

"James Hurt, Sheriff, Horace, Kan.:
Telegram asking for troops to arrest 500 or by the present generation of taxpaymen who have stolen a Missouri Pacific train received. Was train stolen in Kanbenefit to this city, it is perfectly fair that not to be paid at once, and allow the law breakers to slip through his hands while he was endeavoring to frame sidered how much is now paid for having the city well drained, the expense is really trifling. When it is considered how much is now paid for doing the scavenger work very badly the sum to be paid annually for keeping it clean and healthy by means of a well constructed system of sewers cannot be considered heavy.

make the situation worse than it is by laying its difficulties to the charge of all sorte of things that have nothing to do with it, and by lending an ear to the fantastic remedies proposed on every side. The simple truth is that the distribution of labor has become irregular and unnatural by the rush of population to the cities. Either that must be corrected by rational measures, or else we must continue to suffer aggravated The city of Victoria has a deeper inter

est in improving its sanitary arrangements

than has any other in the Dominion. There is no city in Canada which is so favored as

respects climate as Victoria. It is blessed with a delightfully cool summer, and its winter is remarkably mild. In fact, the Victorian who has not lived in Eastern Canada knows very little about the Canadian winter. There is, therefore, nothing except the want of enterprise of its own inhabitants to prevent this city being made a place both of summer and winter resort by well-to-do inhabitants both of Eastern Canada and the Northern and Northeastern States. This is a matter that should never be lost sight of by the inhabitants of Victoria. If they want their city to flourish as it can be made to flourish they will do all in their power to make it attractive and pleasant to strangers. There are thousands of aged persons, and persons in delicate health, on this continent who would gladly make Victoria their residence if they were satisfied with its sanitary arrangements. Nature has given it a delightful climate where neither the extreme of heat nor the extreme of cold must be endured, and has placed it We do not think there are many ratepayin a lovely situation with beautiful surdeath in the sweater's den, there is a home

and their children's children. It has been proved beyond a doubt that providing cities with sewers materially improves the health of the population, lessens the death-rate and carried by a sweeping majority. In fact we cannot understand how any one can find it has done what it is his duty to do to prepollution, the property-owner of a city that serve the health and add to the comfort of not only his own family, but the families of his neighbors. It is therefore to the interest of every head of a family and every publicspirited man and woman in Victoria qualified to vote, to cast his or her ballot for the Sewer by-law.

PLAIN TRUTH PLAINLY TOLD.

The New York Sun has gone back on its ld friends, the Canadian Liberals. The Sun, a year or two ago, was coquetting with them in a very lively way, and it took upon its staff their leading Canadian advocate of its staff their leading Canadian advocate or unrestricted reciprocity, which it interpreted to mean annexation. The clever New York daily sees how shallow and insincere the policy of tariff reform which the Liberals gr have now adopted is, and exposes its foollahness in a very vigorous way. Commenting on the attitude which the Opposition in the Canadian Parliament have assumed with respect to Mr. Foster's tariff changes, the Sun in a recent issue says:

Any marked reductions from this rate would paralyze the manufacturing indus-tries of Canada, if not destroy her indus-trial investments, without in the slightest degree enlarging the market for her surplus mayural productions. Why then mislest

and industrial revolution.

The adoption by Canadians of so-called revenue reform will not have any beneficial influence in securing them a treaty of reciprocity with the United States. Political union is the only door to the free admission of the products of Canada into this market. Liberals and Tories alike may as well accept this extrement first as last, and adjust their fiscal policy accordingly. We do not propose to barter our market with 70,000,000 consumers, rapidly increasing in numbers and wealth, for one of 5,000,000 slewly developing upon this continent.

The Liberals of Canada boast of their superior virtue in administration, but in pressing revenue reform to the front as the leading issue in a general election, they are proving themselves blind leaders of the blind, and they will deserve repudiation by the electors at the polls.

The Sun shows here very clearly how

The Sun shows here very clearly asincere or how foolish those [Liberals are who promise the Canadian people reciprocity in trade with the United States. It, like

BACK TO THE LAND.

(St. Paul Pioneer Press.)

It is impossible to look carefully into the question of the condition of labor, the country over, without reaching the conclusion that the main trouble at present is else we must continue to suffer aggravated ills until they right themselves violently in the only way that they can ever be righted.

ills until they right themselves violently in the only way that they can ever be righted.

The movement from the country to the city was, in the first instance, a normal one. Not only was there greater opportunity there, but the progress of invention and the employment of machinery called for a larger amount of labor. No one needs to be reminded now of the truism that all labor-saving machinery makes room for nore workmen than it displaces. The demand for labor in the centres of manufacture was natural enough. But this migration, after a time, continued and increased of its own inertia, after those causes had ceased to operate and after it became a curse instead of a blessing. The attractions of city life, constantly becoming better known, the higher rate of wages offered there, the larger opportunities for amusement and improvement, drew constantly upon the rural population, while there was no compensating influence. The result has been what we see to-day; a totally false conception of the comparative desirability of city and country life, and a false and impossible balancing of population between them. This is what we have to correct, as one of the first and most indispensable conditions of the labor problem.

We say without hesitation that there is plenty of work waiting in this country for every pair of hands that can be spared to do it. The glut of laborers in the city is matched by a greater corresponding famine of labor in the country. For every woman who is starving in her attic or going to her death in the sweater's den, there is a home

we believe that this must be taken into a account by those who have the cause labor at heart. One of the most ap-aling cries is that of the man who says pealing cries is that of the man who says he is starving, is willing to work, and that every man has a right to a living if he is ready to earn it. If that is true, however, it is not true as generally stated. For a man has not a right to the particular work that he selects, nor to employment at the particular point where he would prefer to reside. Work, in the abstract is the thing he asks for. If he refuses work in the country, if he persists in intensifying the evil that an unequal distribution of labor has brought about, he deserves no pity and no help. To restore this lost equilibrium must be a part of the work of the future. It is folly, it is insanity, to propose to make more work neshity, to propose to make more work where there is not enough, in the shape of public improvements by state appropriations, in the cities and thus draw more lapublic improvements by state appropriations, in the cities, and thus draw more labor to the centre where there is already too much. All effort, individual or collective, should be turned in the other direction. Send the unemployed laborer back to the soil. Let municipal authorities and charitable associations keep this constantly in mind. Let every one of them have its burean of applications for help; and, where a man is stranded in a great city, make the first object his restoration to the soil where he belongs and can find sustenance and room to grow. It will be far better to come to this as a matter of reason than as one of starvation. Nature is inexorable. She will not permit men to be maintained where maintenance is exhausted. She has room enough for all, but her conditions must be accepted. A correction of the unemployed of the cities back upon the land, as a condition of helping them, is a policy not only wise but necessary.

figuring eruptions, indicate that there is something wrong within. Expel the lurking foe to health, by purifying the blood with Ayer's Sassaparilla. Oures Erysipelas, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Pimples and Blotches.

THE ALDERMANIC BOARD.

ewerage Commissioners Selected For Appointment Should the By-law Pass the Ratepayers.

Motion to Use Fire Horses on the Street Sprinkler Re-

All the members of the City Council were resent at the regular weekly meeting held last evening, when the Mayor took the chair. The preliminaries of the opening being finished,

An application was read from Wm. Cart-An application was read from Wm. Cartmel for the position of advisory electrical engineer to the city during construction of the electric plant, and enclosing plans for disposing of city refuse as fuel for the engines. Laid on the table, to be referred to a future meeting of the whole board.

The auditor's quarterly statement showing the sums still available from the various appropriations was received and filed.

ALD HARRIS' Ross Bay cemetery by-law and Ald. Dwyer's waterworks by-law amendment were introduced.

ALD. MUNN moved that the resolution passed at last meeting to place a team of the fire department on the street sprinkler be resoluted.

ALD BAKER wanted to know why the

escinded.

ALD BAKER wanted to know why the

ALD. Baker wanted to know why the council should vote away \$200 a month for benefiting one part of the city only. Why should people living in the outskirts pay for watering streets in front of other people's property while they got no benefit themselves from the sprinkler? Let those who

selves from the sprinkler? Let those who got the benefit pay for it.

ALD. LEDINGHAM considered Ald. Baker's idea a good one, while Ald. Wilson, though he thought Ald. Baker hardly spoke to the question, considered that the matter might be taken up later oh. Since last meeting he had examined into the subject and found it would be unwise to take any horses from the fire department for sprinkling purposes. it would be unwise to take any horses from
the fire department for sprinkling purposes,
as each horse had its place and to take them
away might produce disastrous results in
case of fire. There were no spare horses in
the department, he had found.

ALD Baker thought the Council did not
want the fire horses used on the sprinkler.
An exercise wagon should be procured at
once so as to save the fire apparatus which
was being injured by use in exercising.

ALD. MUNN scarcely saw the justice of
making the merchants of the business part
of the city pay for the watering, as the
whole of the people got the benefit practically. It would be well to continue on
the old plan.

ALB. DWYER said if the majority of the
Council were in favor of not working the

Council were in favor of not working the fire horses on the sprinkler, well and good. If one or even two exercise wagons were needed for the department why get them by all means.

When the Mayor was about to put the

ALD BAKER objected that it was not in order, Ald. Munn having at last meeting voted against the resolution he now moved to resoind.

The Mayor, however, declared the motion in order, and it was declared carried, all voting for it with the exception of Ald. Baker and Dwyer, who were in the negative. At Ald. Baker's request the names

ere recorded.

The finance committee's report recommending payment of \$1,512.33 was adopted. The sewerage committee reported recommending that the city engineer find out from the property owners along the line of the Johnson street ravine how much they will contribute to make the necessary drain

xtension. Adopted.

The streets committee reported recom ending among other things that John ennett's tender for \$3.90 for a team for the

The street sprinkling was an important thing to look after at once.

At the suggestion of Ald. Keith-Wilson it was decided to give the contract for two teams instead of one.

The streets committee were authorized to buy 100 cubic yards of broken stone from R. Mason at 75 cents per yard.

On motion of Ald. Styles a vote of thanks was passed to Mrs. Monro, of Menzies street, for the gift of a quantity of plants to the park.

ALD MUNN wanted a meeting called

ALD. WILSON asked that a chance be given the aldermen to see what sites are available, so that all may vote with intelligence.
THE MAYOR said that the alderme

could get a list to-morrow, and arrange to visit them possibly on Wednesday.

In regard to the sewerage by-law coming up to be voted upon to-day (Tuesday) by

he ratepayers,
ALD. DWYER wanted to know whether any condition was to be put in contracts to give "our own citizens" a chance to do the

ALD. WILSON thought such would be the ALD. WILSON thought such would be the case, as it was proposed to let only small contracts, so that there was no opportunity for a large contractor to come in and bring his help from outside, "We don't want people coming here from outside to take this work away from our own people," he re-

narked.
ALD. LEDINGHAM did not see how small contracts would get them out of the difficulty.
His Worship—"The Council has the

power to let contracts to whomever they please." He was in favor of seeing local

please." He was in favor of seeing local workmen get the work.

ALD. DWYER then moved that the Council pledge itself to provide that the men who word on the sewers are residents of the city to the satisfaction of the Council.

ALD KRITH-WILSON supported this, and wanted a rider to the effect that the contracts should not be large.

The motion was unanimously carried, and the Council, on Ald. Humphrey's suggestion, adjourned to the committee room where they selected the following gentlemen to be appointed sewer commissioners, provided the by-law passes the ratepayers:

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria When she became Miss, she clung to Cas

THE DOLLAR

GABRIEL v. Meaher comes up for trial on the 16th instant before a special jury. The oreditors of A. J. Smith are invited o attend another meeting on Monday next

MR. J. TAYLOR has purchased five acres of land at Gordon Head, and is putting up substantial buildings thereon.

THERE was a large attendance at St. John's church on Sunday afternoon last, when Rt. Rev. Bishop Perrin administered the rite of confirmation to a class of forty-three candidates prepared and presented by Rev. Percival Jenns.

Mr. J. B. Freeuson, formerly of this city, was united in marriage on the 6th instant at Grace church, Winnipeg, to Miss Helen Walsh. Rev. G. R. Turk officiated; Miss Clara Walsh was bridesmaid; and Mr. Morley Ferguson supported the groom.

THE Victoria ladies who on Tuesday last so kindly volunteered to solicit subscriptions toward the funds of the British Columbia Benevolent society are meeting with encouraging success in their canvass. Already about \$375 has been subscribed.

An occupied house on Byron street, An occupied house on Byron street, just outside the city limits, caught fire early yesterday morning and was totally destroyed. There was no slarm turned in. Mr. W. Hamley was the owner and occupant of the premises upon which the loss is about \$700, with \$400 insurance in the building.

ARRANGEMENTS have been completed for ARRANGEMENTS have been completed for the lecture and entertainment at Cedar Hill schoolhouse on Friday evening. A good lantern has been secured, which will exhibit to advantage the capital views of the Great Fair, with which Miss Cameron illustrates her lecture. There will be a short musical her lecture. programme and refreshments. A bus will leave the post office at 7.15, calling at the

Just about twelve months ago Joseph JUST about twelve menths ago Joseph Knox, a Colwood farmer, lost a favorite plow, for which he has been looking ever since. The instrument of agriculture was recently traced by Provincial Constables Hutchinson and Campbell to the possession of Edwin Bennett, of the Happy Valley road. Knox yesterday got back his plow; Bennett got two months.

MRS GOLD, of Victoria West, is the pos-MRS GOLD, Of Victoria West, is the pos-sessor of a deceased little Leghorn chicken equipped by nature with two distinct and perfectly formed beaks and three eyes, the extra light being in the top of the head. Had the freak lived it would very possibly have made fame for itself in the world; its fate now is a place on the museum shelf in bottle of alcohol.

THE Victoria Yacht Club's pennant will hereafter be flown from the boathouse of the James Bay Athletic Association. An arrangement has been entered into whereby the yachtsmen will have the use of the boathouse for landing and storage purposes; and the fine clubhouse of the athletic association. house for landing and storage purposes; and the fine clubhouse of the athletic association will be the headquarters of the many visitors who will man the fleet of yachts coming from the Sound for the Queen's Birthday celebration.

YESTERDAY afternoon Mr. Justice Burbidge presided at a sitting of the Exchequer court, the only case on the list being that of the Queen against John Weir and George Webb, a dispute over the value of defendants' land at William Head, expropriated by the Dominion for quarantine purposes. The Dominion Government are willing to pay \$3,000 for the 60 acres expropriated, while the defendants claim \$8,000. Mr. H. Dallas Helmoken appeared for the Crown and Mr. W. J. Taylor for the defence. Taylor for the defence.

The sermons last Sunday at the Reformed Episcopal church mission, King's road, were specially addressed to members and those who next month will be chosen as sprinkler be accepted.

ALD Baker wanted this part of the report left over.

ALD. Harris did not agree with this. The street sprinkling was an important thing to look after at once.

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The street sprinkling was an important thing to look after at once. organization of the church will take place upon the congregation entering into full possession of the schoolhouse about the end of June. The progress and success of the work under Rev. Mr. King has thus far been most encouraging, and a confirmation class is now being instructed. On Friday evening there is to be a transmitted. evening there is to be a stereopticon lecture in aid of the funds.

To have charge of the marquee on Regatta day—Ven. Archdescon Noriven, W. D. Aden, R. Jones, J. Fraser, F. A. Gowen, A. J. Dallain, W. Ralph Higgins, C. M. Roberts, J. E. Wilson, Rev. C. E. Sharp, C. Fletcher, W. H. Wilkerson, H. C. Macanisy, T. A. Ker, T. L. MoFarland, J. C. Scott, H. J. Austin, E. A. Morris, H. F. M. Jones, G. E. Jorgenson, F. A. G. Gibson, Resc.

Monro, B. Wilson and H. F. Langton, To conduct amateur aquatic events—Messrs, E. E. Billinghurst, E. O. Finlatson, D. O'Sullivan, G. F. Askew and H. B. Haines.

Mr. George Ferguson, himself a veteran prospector, will on Friday evening deliver a lecture at Pioneer hall on "Prospecting for Gold in Cariboo." President Graham, of the Pioneer society, has promised to occupy the chair.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER C. C. CHIPMAN, of the Hudson's Bay Company, was seen yesterday in regard to the rumored intention of the company to remove their British Columbia headquarters and wholesale business from this city to Vancouver. "There is nothing whatever in the report," the Commissioner said. "This impression," Mr. Chipman added, "has evidently arisen from the erection of new premises in Vancouver. the erection of new premises in Vancouver, which are at present required for general warehousing purposes."

PRESIDENT VAN HORNE, of the C.P.R. with a number of the members of his party and several Victoria gentlemen, were shown over the line of the Victoria & Sidney yesover the line of the Victoria & Sidney yesterday, and enjoyed the trip. When interviewed last evening as to the trip, Mr. Van Horne said: "Simply for pleasure, I assure you. I always like to study geography when I'm travelling, and never miss a chance. The road's all right—a good road, but the C.P.R. has no designs upon it that I know of. We haven't any intention of establishing ferry connection between Sidestablishing ferry connection between Sidney and the Mainland at present." The President and officials of the C.P.R. returned to Vancouver this mornin

THE Royal Mail steamship Empress of THE Royal Mail steamship Empress of Japan, R. Archibald commanding, sailed for Oriental points at 9 o'clock last evening, with an ordinary freight and passenger list. Her salcon passengers were as follows: Dr. Russell, San Francisco; Z. Ausanama, Yokohama; Miss Bonham, Salem; Miss Brown, Mrs. L. C. Case, Master B. Case, Master B. Case, and Miss Underwood North Brown, Mrs. L. C. Case, Master B. Case, Master R. Case, and Miss Underwood, New York; Mr. and Mrs. E. Young, Toronto; E. Stuken, Hiogo; Dr. and Mrs. Don Sang and family, Chicago; H. Grabam, London; F. Kennedy, Shanghai; Miss Kerr, Toronto; S. Ishida, Yokohama; Herbert Smith, Hongkong; A. S. Smith, Shanghai, and Rev. C. R. and Mrs. Mills, C. G. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Munford, R. Ohtaki, Tokio; L. Rev. C. R. and Mrs. Mills, C. G. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Munford, R. Ohtski, Tokio; L. A. Stimson and Miss Stimson, New York. There were six Chinamen from Victoria

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The "George E. Starr" to Compete for Victoria-Puget Sound Business-News of Sealers.

Captain D. B. Jackson, manager of the newly-organized Northwestern Steamship Company, returned to Puget Sound on Sunday evening, having, during a three or four days' visit in Victoria, completed all arrangements for giving the City of Kingston, opposition and Victorians an additional connection with the continent of America. The steamer to be brought into service for the present is the George E. Starr, which has been thoroughly overhauled and handsomely refurnished recently, and which is no stranger to the people of British Columbia. She is to ply between Victoria and Seattle direct, in connection with the Great North-ern railway, and will make this city her home port and purchasing point—an important consideration in itself. The time table has not yet been definitely arranged,

Whether H.M.S. Hyacinth is acting strictly in compliance with the new regu-lations in her method of warning vessels to discontinue sealing for the season will probably not be known before she returns to Esquimalt on the 20th instant, when H.
M. S. Royal Arthur will also be there. One
thing is certain—that the manner in which
she notified E. B. Marvin & Co.'s schooner REV. Dr. CAMPBELL said to his congregation on Sunday that he had been asked to give a lecture on the authority for observing the first day of the week as the Christian Sabbath, and not the seventh, as enjoined in the fourth commandment. This request was made because much literature is at present being circulated in the city to show that the change from the seventh to the first day of the week as the Christian Sabbath has no authority in scripture, but is a human device. The doctor will give a she notified E. B. Marvin & Co.'s schooner Triumph was a trifle peculiar. The Triumph returned home on Sunday, having been boarded by Captain May of the Hyacinth on Sunday, May 6, off Cross Sound, or in lat. Square, spears and log were all taken possession of by the Hyacinth, and Captain Clarence Cox (commanding the sealer) was ordered to Victoria where he was instructed to report to Collector Milne. This Captain Cox has done, but as he brought no written instructions, Collector Milne is unbath has no authority in scripture, but is a human device. The doctor will give a lecture next Sunday evening as desired, to prove that the first day of the week and not the seventh should be observed as the Lord's Day, and that Christians have the warrant of scripture for so observing it.

Captain Donald Urouhart, well known

Captain Cox has done, but as he brought no written instructions, Collector Milne is unable to do anything mere in the matter, simply allowing the vessel to enter in the pectedly large catch, being topliner so far of all the fleet. The number of skins secured is 1,320, and the hunters were doing avera well at the time the vessel was overof acripture for so observing it.

CAPTAIN DONALD URQUHABT, well known along the Pacific Cosst both as a popular skipper and a prominent sealing man, died yesterday at his home on Menzies atreet, after a potracted illness developing out of an attack of is grippe. The deceased was overhalded by the man-of-war. In speaking ships. Since coming to Victoria he has been actively interested in the operations of the sealing fleet, owning at the time of his death controlling interests in the Penelope, Venture, W. P. Saward, and several others of the fleet. The was also an extensive holder of real estate in this city and in the norther part of the island. Immediately be reaved by Uaptain Urquhart's death are a wife and two daughters, residing in this city, and a mother and three brothers whose home is at Comox.

At a meeting of the members of the J. B. A. A. yesterday evening, over which Mr. H. D. Heimoken pra-id-d, preparations for the Queen's Bitthday creboration, in which the association will take a prominent part, were enthusiastically discussed. It was decided to have a macquee at the Gorge, for the reception of aquatic visitors and the sutertainment of the friends of the city, and accounting the festival, have been assigned to the apsocial duties referred to Reception to visitors on arrival—Messre. D. O'Sullivan, E. E. Billinghurs, H. C. Macaulay, J. E. Wilson, E. O. Finlaison, J. E. Askew, H. B. Haines and A. J. Dallain. To have charge of the marquee on Regattle day—Ven. Arobdeacon Sorivan, W. D. Adee, R. Jones, J. Fasser, F. A. Gowan, A. Hone, R. Jones, J. Fasser, F. A. Gowan, A. A. Gowan, A. Hone, R. Jones, J. Fasser, F. A. Gowan, A. Jones, J. Fasser, F. A. Gowan, A. Take and the digestive system, They was constrained and the same three digestives and the suce in machine the digestive system, They excite the digestive system. They are the digestive system, They are the suce of the second of the fleet. The amendiate by the man-of-war. In a second to the freet of the residue to the testing the fact of the fleet. T

To give pills and purgatives for aluggishness of the liver is like giving a weak man whiskey to keep him working. They excite the digestive organs to overwork, but leave them weaker and less able to perform their functions. Eseljay's Liver Lozenges assist nature to do its work and at the same time attemption the digestive system. They time strengthen the digestive system. They are 25c. a box at drug stores.

THE ROYAL COM

Mr. Van Horne Gives I Fully Corroborated mier's Staten

He Proves Conclusively ernment Acted Both and Wisely.

All evidence was conclude the sitting of the Royal Com matter of the Nakusp & S when Mr. Van Horne occupie box most of the time.

Hon. Mr. Davie called attent versations stated by him to hav tween himself and Mr. Van F relative to the differences be of 1893 and the plans propose ed by the Government, and the vantages of the two. He had attention of the Commission to the statement he had made wout by the evidence of Mr. Va. Mr. Van Horne being sw. amined by the Commissioners he was acquainted with the country, and that it was important the Province and the country railway should be built from 1 Slocan.

Having had the differences of 1893 and 1894 explained to him

Justice,
Mr. Van Horne stated that conversation in Montreal told General that the Province was a most expensive way of secur—that the bonds on which the was guaranteed to the extent mile, would not bring in the momore than 70 or 75 at most. out also that a guarantee of out also that a guarantee of I interest by the Province would to be sold nearly if not quite seemed to him (Mr. Van Horne) to method amounted to a saving, remembered now, of nearly th railway in twenty-five years pointed out that the Province by of guaranteeing interest and pri have at the end of twenty the railway to show for its mone other plan would by that time le to show. He had had the fig out by an actuary, and Mr. Day much impressed by it. The co-clear that it required no disc had pointed out to Mr. Davie plan to guarantee the interest of mile the company would not be ize enough money to build the re Mr. Justice Burbidge—There some difficulty in floating the bo Mr. Van Horne—The utmost in my experience.
The Chief Justice—Could the

Mr. Van Horne replied that most trusted engineers of th Messrs. Stewart and Duchesnay a careful inspection of the countre the bills of quantities they gave, ter of the work, and his (Mr. Va experience in similar cases ample the Columbia & and C. P. R., he was sait would require \$15,000 a mile it would require \$15,000 a mile under the most favorable circ not providing for interest on during construction and contin omissions. Taking these into had told Mr. Davie that not \$17,500 could be figured on as the the C. P. R., if they built the selves, would have to figure on, had asked if the C. P. R. would road, but he (Mr. Van Horne) had to do it for various reasons. On was that the C. P. R. could not take the chances of making upence between the amount guara the cost. There was the chance more money into the road than get out of it.

Hon. Mr. Davie. There was a the company incurring a deficier undertook to build the road for \$ undertook to build the road for \$1 Mr. Van Horne—A very good a deficiency. In regard to cost o in this Province, the Mission be ceeded that amount by \$5,000 a cost of the Columbia & Kooten exceeded \$17,500. He imagi what he had heard of the specific constructs that its constructs to the constructs are specific to the constructs. & Slocan that its construct be something like that of the C Kootenay, though transport facili be better in the former case an cheaper. It was quite possible the might be built for \$17,500, bu prefer not to contract at that. Hon. Mr. Davie—You told me i

was built at that it would be a ch Hon. Mr. Beaven was then ask Chief Justice if he would like to Mr. Van Horne. Hon. Mr. Beaven declined.

Mr. Justice Burbidge inquire Van Horne if there was anything knew of in the Premier's conduct tion with trying to get the road would make it appear that he working in the interests of the rathar than those of the Province Mr. Van Horne—Quite the cont fact there were, he understood, so promoters of the road who objects change of arrangement. Mr. Justice Burbidge—There wa

then in the transaction to suggest motives?

Mr. Van Horne—Nothing. On trary, Mr. Davie had seemed anxid as cheap a road as possible. Mr. Justice Burbidge—There wa to suggest personal motives?

Mr. Van Horne—Nothing whatefact Mr. Davie had tried to get th

to take up the work.

Mr. Van Horne was about to stand when Hon. Mr. Beaven rose he did not want his position misun

He had come simply to lay what tion he had before the Commission The Chief Justice—We don't ask cross-examine, but we would like suggest any question that would a "We are here," he added, smili

layman would term it), "not in a law, but a court of justice."

Hon. Mr. Beaven said he wished

a chance for argument.

Mr. Justice Burbidge replied to

Commission would be glad to hear any question of fact. question of fact. on. Mr. Beaven proceeded to

the whole of the question as area been based on a fallacy. He proce-repeat the arguments he had used to day in his statement comparing the rangements in regard to the road. Mr. Justice Burbidge—That is a of detail. Even if the bargain made Government were a bad one that is for the Commission to deal with, un

ruption were suggested.

Hon. Mr. Beaven proceeded to re argument than the Government had ed their authority in making the of

C. C. CHIPMAN, of npany, was seen yes-rumored intention of their British Colum-

NE, of the C.P.R., tembers of his party tlemen, were shown storia & Sidney yes-trip. When inter-to the trip, Mr. Van or pleasure I assay or pleasure, I assure a study geography and never miss a and never miss a right—a good road, lesigns upon it that 't any intention of ection between Sid-at present." The of the C.P.R. re-is morning.

mship Empress of ommanding, sailed p'clock last evening, t and passenger list, ere as follows: Dr. o; Z. Ausanama, nam, Salem; Miss Master B. Case, is Underwood, New . Young, Toronto; and Mrs. Don Sang Grabam, London; Miss Kerr, Toronto; Herbert Smith, th, Shanghai, and ls, C. G. Mills, Mr. Ohtaki, Tokio; L. timson, New York.

EMENTS.

rr" to Compete t Sound Busi-Sealers.

iph "-Seized or of the

, manager of the stern Steamshin iget Sound on Sun ng a three or four completed all ar-City of Kingston an additional cont of America. The into service for the . Starr, which has ed and handsomely nd which is no British Columbia ictoria and Seattle the Great North-ake this city her ng point—an imitself. The time efinitely arranged, ve Seattle late at

:30 or 7 a.m.; the urated on May 23 ereafter. RETURNS. acinth is acting th the new reguwarning vessels to the season will before she returns instant, when H. lso be there. One so be there. One manner in which à Co.'s schooner liar. The Triumph lay, having been of the Hyacinth Sound, or in lat.
The schooner's all taken posses-th, and Captain ling the sealer) where he was in-ctor Milne. This as he brought no octor Milne is unector Milne is unto enter in the topliner so far unber of skins anters were doing ressel was overvessel was over-ar. In speaking says he was not legislation, and dered home, al-

ould take rnalia and log is does it seem to w. Capt. May's r, was carried out ed the sealers led the American he Favorite and the time it is notified the reports the Annie e with 100, e Labrador with The weather has ling so far this ful. To-day the loading her skins. ologe to the cus-been brought in re. Her Indian quot on the way terday had a pri-Dobbin of the Triumph, but leve the schooner Milne, Mr. Dob-of the matter

ves for singgishing a weak man king. They ex-o overwork, but able to perform Liver Lozenges and at the same

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

Mr. Van Horne Gives Evidence That Fully Corroborated the Pre-mier's Statement.

He Proves Conclusively That the Government Acted Both Honestly and Wisely.

[All evidence was concluded Monday at the aiting of the Royal Commission in the matter of the Nakusp & Slocan railway,

fact Mr. Davie had tried to get the C.P.R. to take up the work.

Mr. Van Horne was about to leave the stand when Hon. Mr. Beaven rose and said he did not want his position misunderstood. He had come simply to lay what information he had before the Commission, not to conduct cross-examination.

The Chief Justice—We don't ask you to cross-examine, but we would like you to suggest any question that would assist us. "We are here," he added, smiling (as a layman would term it), "not in a court of law, but a court of justice."

Hon. Mr. Beaven said he wished to have a chance for argument.

the second agreement. He also elsimed that only the cost of construction, not including the cost of financing the bonds, could be guaranteed.

Mr. Justice Burbidge did not see how it could concern the Commission whether it was a good or a bad bargain. They were sitting to find out if someone had acted commission.

corruptly.

The Chief Justice—You say that the contract price is the cost of construction?

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Yes, to a certain extent. The act states that the guarantee of bonds shall be on the cost of construction.

Mr. Justice Burbidge—The act says the cost of the enterprice.

The Chief Justice—The cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of

COXEYITE MOVEMENTS.

Washington, D. C., May 14.—The Coxlaw, but a court of justice."

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a chance for argument.

Mr. Justice Burbidge replied that the
Commission would be glad to hear him on
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Hon. Mr. Beaven proceeded to say that
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repeat the arguments he had used the other
day in his statement comparing the two ar
rangements in regard to the road.

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Mr. Justice Burbidge—That is a matter
of detail. Even if the bargain made by the
Government were a bad one that is nothing
for the Commission to deal with, unless corruption were suggested.

Hon. Mr. Beaven proceeded to repeat his
argument that the Government had exceeded their authority in making the change to WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.-The CoxALL WESTMINSTER'S GAME.

The First Lacrosse Match of the Season Easily Won by the Royal City.

Many Fast Yachts Coming For the Further Hearing Adjourned to Permit Celebration—Local Events of the Trustees to Put in Affidavits.

WESTMINSTER, May 12.—(Special)—Six

Game, Won By. Scored By. T	
1 Was minster Rvel 2 -	ime.
	inutes
Peele 5	Sical Strikes
3 Ryal 1	44
4Ryal15	
5VancouverQuann3 6WestminsterRyal16	1243
7 Peele 3	
A CAMPAGAR CANADA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	

GREEN, WOBLOCK & CO.

to Remove Trustees Heisterman and Coltart.

The trouble between dissatisfied creditor cost of the enterprise.

The Chief Justice—The sost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the first championship lacrosse match of the contract.

Hon. Mr. Davie called attention to the conversations stated by him to have been held between the road would not belong to the tween himself and Mr. Van Horne last year relative to the differences between the act of 1893 and the plans proposed to be adopted by the Commission in the matter of the Royal Commission in the matter of the enterprise.

The Chief Justice—The sost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the discount is just as much as first championship lacrosse match of the cost of the discount is just as much a part of the cost of the cost of the cost of th

Jas. A. MoMartin, H. L. Edmonds, Geo. Wintemute, and Allen Seymour. A captain will be appointed later in the season. The follo starts with an enrolled membership of thirty.

CHINESE REGISTRATION.

CHINESE REGISTRATION.

Washington, May 14.—It is alleged that the smugglers of Chinese are selling registration certificates to Chinese who are now waiting in Canada and Havans to get into the United States. Large numbers of registration certificates, it is claimed, are being sent to Chine to secure entrance into the United States. Large numbers of Chinese who have never been here before. The frauds are perpetrated by Chinese who have never been here before. The frauds are perpetrated by Chinese who register, and it is alleged that some of them have registered from twices to a score of times. Professional wibneses have been found who have identified as many as 400 Chinese as having to their personal knowledge lived at least two years in this country. These witnesses have admitted under cast that they have been making a good thing out of their swearing for Chinese applying for certificates.

Stre.—I had such a severe cough that my hroat fest as if seranded with a reap. On taking Norway Pine Syrup I found the first dose gave will be a second bottle completely cured me.

Miss A. A. Downey, Manotic, Ont.

at his request the hearing was adjourned to Monday at 11 o'clock, to allow him to p in more affidavits with the object of showing that the majority of the creditors were favor of the assignees.

A CALIFORNIA BLUE BEARD.

A CALIFORNIA BLUE BEARD.

YREKA, Cal., May 15.—George Decker, a wealthy rancher, will be indicted for the murder of his wife, Margaret E. Decker, and Nevada Decker, a babe, twenty-seven years ago, and Rosie Stone, a grand-daughter, about eight years ago. Ten murders are laid at Decker's, door, as well as other foul and unnatural crimes committed at various times throughout the last thirty years. Besides the three named, the list comprises Edward Stone, who was Decker's second wife's son in law; as Decker's second wife's son in law; as man in the Sacramento valley, name unknown, and a man in Illinois, name unknown. Decker killed his first wife and ohild in 1887, butchering them with his own hand, and buried their bones on top of a high ridge. Their discovery a short time ago crystalized the belief previously prevailing that he was guilty of many atrocities, and led to his arrest. After his first wife's death he married a widow named Goodrich, and lived with her over twenty years, and is believed to have gotten rid of her finally in 1890 by poison. He disposed of one child to the server who bothered him in 1886

TORONTO, May 14.—Captain Lessard has.

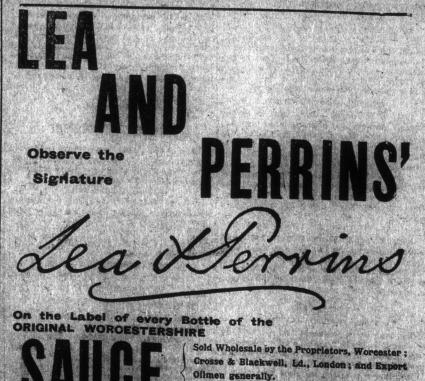
A TRUE BILL FOUND.

VANCOUVER, May 15 .- (Special) -At the assizes opening to-day, the Grand Jury re-turned a true bill against Hugh Lynn for

turned a true bill against Hugh Lynn for the alleged murder of rancher John Green and his breed man Tom Taylor, on Savary Island in October last, the trial being set for the 17th of July.

The Grand Jury also found a true bill against McDongal, for the alleged murder of a Canadian Pacific railroad track-walker, at North Bend two months ago, and the trial is now proceeding.





DE. RICE TAKES THE BROOKLYN HANDICAP.

New York, May 15—Forty thousand people yelled themselves noarse this afternoon when the 4-year old Dr. Rice placed the Brooklyn handicap to the credit of his owner after a sharp tussle with Henry of Navarre and Sir Walter. Coming into the stretch the 3-year old seemed to have a bit the best of it, but Dr. Rice wore him down at the finish, and he won somewhat easily

the best of it, but Dr. Rice wore him down at the finish, and he won somewhat easily by half a length. Betting was very heavy, Clifford starting favorite at 5 to 2, Sir Walter being backed for loads of money at 3 to 1. The winner was much fancied by his connections, his final price being 8 to 1. The favorite Clifford ran rather disappointingly, under his heavy weight, and at no time in the race was he really prominent. The time 2.7½ was very fast, and the owner of Sir Walter who ran third had declared publicly that his colt could not win if 2.08 was beaten in the race.

THE KENTUCKY DERBY. LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 15.—Chant won the Kentucky Derby, with Pearl Long second and Sigurd third,

THE INAUGURATION PLATE. LONDON, May 16—At Lingfield spring meeting to day the Inauguration Plate, one thousand sovereigns, was won by Braw Lass, Chasseur second. Hamiltrude and Smallmint ran a dead heat for third place.

A CHANGE IN THE BULES.

To meet the views of yachtamen who will visit Victoria to take in the celebration races, the Victoria yacht club have decided to adopt for the occasion the load water line measurement for rating, instead of adhering to their own rule. Notice of the change has been sent to the Sound clubs. QUEEN'S CUP COMPETITORS.

LONDON, May 15—In a letter to the Field, Tankerville Chamberlaine proposes to limit the contest for the Queen's enp, won by the Arrow in 1851, to vessels built in Southampton, so far as England is concerned. Chamberlaine also stipulates that the crews of the American yeahts competing must be entirely American, and the English' yachts entirely English. He believes that the Sansitunx is the only eligible yacht.

THE "VIGILANT'S" PROGRAMME. New York, May 16.—George Gould an amily sailed on the Paris to-day for South mpten. He says the Vigilant will leav or the other side as near the first of June a casible, and she would be raced for all she as worth.

THE RIFLE

ONE HUNDRED MEN ENTERED Ten teams will represent the B.C.G.A. In the matches of the Canadian rifle league for his season. The entries were forwarded restarday by Lieut. M. G. Blanchard. The Vestminater company symples Nestminster company supplies two teams, and the other eight are from Victoria, No. 1 and No. 3 company each making up three and No. 2 company two teams. Last year

AN entertainment will be given in Victoria. West hall this evening under the auspices of Victoria West lodge, No. 29, I O G.T., the programme including songs by Messrs. Etherton and Moody, duets by Miss Andrews and Mr. Etherton, and the Messrs. Etherton and the Messrs. Caye, and recitations by Miss Banfield, and cayes and recitations by Miss Banfield, and cayes and recitations by Miss Banfield, and cayes and recitations are more than the same and the same are more than the same are the same and the same are the same and the same are the same are the same and the same are the same

and "The Haunted Room."

Four railway mail clerks and four post office clerks appeared at the City Hall yes terday to write for promotion in the civil service. The embjects taken up during the first day were penmanship, orthography, arithmetic and composition; duties and geography being reserved for to-day. The examiner has received circular instructions from Ottawa, requesting that special care be taken to prevent impersonation, this offence having grown unfortunately common at civil service examinations. The punishment provided by law is imprisonment and permanent disqualification from the service.

In graphic and interesting style Mr. R. B. McMicking last evening lectured at St. Andrew's Presbyterian schoolroom on the hazardous trip he and some 150 other gold seekers made in 1862 across Canada on their way to the mines of Cariboo. The party started from Queenston, Out, and worked their way up through the Selkirk settlement in Manitoba, and from there, with their belongings packed on the old Red river carts, moved across the plains to Edmonton, which they resched in July. This was as far as Mr. McMicking took his andience last night, but he will give the remainder of the trip on some future occasion. Indidents by the way and much interesting information were given by the lecturer in a thoroughly entertaining manner. A sery sice nuscical programme was an additional attraction that helped to make the evening Rey. Mr. Brown for the party of the vening manner.

HEARTILY ENDORSED.

Each of the three loan by laws submitted to the ratepayers yesterday for their endoration was carried with a good safe majority.

Details of the vote appear below:

SEWERAGE LOAN BY-LAW.

Central ward South ward	817 144 202	13I 53 74
Total Majority for	-435.	258
JUBI	LEE HOSPITAL BY LAW.	
North ward		Against.
Central ward	252	182
South ward	132 132	66
	100	
Missionity for	609	333
BBE BEST ET EST SYMBOLY (A 1925) THE PER C	为了April 2014 (2015) 1997/2007 (2015) 1997/2015 (2015) 1997/2015 (2015) 1997/2015 (2015)	a one
700 Harris	TION GROUNDS BY LAW.	第200天只然地图2000位
North Ward	arroll and a second	agamst.
North ward Central ward	137	184
South ward	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9100
Total		7000
THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON		COLOR STATE

AUSTRATIAN RELATION

on the Northwestern, steamship company, things that required my attention with my to three good pulls.

THE AUSTIN RECATEA.

pressed our views as forcibly as I was capable of doing; and in my efforts I was ably supported, helped and assisted by your eminent representative in London, the High Commissioner of Canada, Sir Gharles Tupper (applause), a gentleman of no ordinary ability; and I owe him a certain amount of the apparent success that has attended my mission, for the cordiality with which he entered upon everything that it was necessary to don't in order to push this matter I endeavored to bring into line all the agents general of thustralis; tagether with those of South Africa, and, with the assistance of your High Commissioner; we, in one large joint deputation, saw Lord Rosebery, the Premier, and Lord Ripon, the Colonial Secretary, and placed our views regarding this matter before them, requesting their consent to certain alterations in our constitution, so that in the near future the Dominion of Canada with Australia, South Africa, or any island possessions of Her Majesty, may have with perfect freedom

AN INTERCHANGE OF TRADE.

AN INTERCHANGE OF TRADE.

as if York was dealing with Surrey, or Kent with Middlesex. (Applause.) We believe that no government calling itself Liberal can continue to look with indifference upon an international movement like this, where the various children of the British empire, stretching out their hands to each other, are desirous of increasing and developing the trade that ought to exist between them. (Applause.) Now, for one important movement, we must give the statesmen of your country the greatest credit. May I hken it, sir, to the strands of a rope; the first strand I have already given you, that is the removal of these obstacles to trade. The second strand I would call the increased facilities for steamship and mail services between Australia and the Mother Country, through the great Demission of Canada. (Loud applause.) It is only fair, before proceeding further, to at once admit, that we in Australia recognize the statesmanship and forethought of the proposition of your Government in sending, as they did last year, one of your ministers, the Minister of Trade and Commerce, to hold out to he the right hand of fellowship, and to express a desire to enter into this new ideal—

BUILDING UP OF BRITISH TRADEDIA AN INTERCHANGE OF TRADE.

The Justice Lancons Metrics for the Workship Lancolle of the Lancolle of the Workship Lancolle o

COMMERCE FOLLOWS THE FLAG.

WEATH OF THE EMPIRE.

(Applause) They had silver mises and copper mines in Australia. History repeated itself. They had it on record in a very old Book that silver was counted for nothing in the days of King Solomon (Laughter.) It had come to this pass with them in Australia: they might almost be said to be throwing silver about the streets instead of stones. (Laughter.) The ever increasing demands of labor and the high price it cost to work silver prevented its profitable mining, and the same causes had operated for many a long year in regard to copper. A profitable trade in frozen mutton was being conducted with Great Britain, and it was new proposed to feed the troops in India with this meat, instead of an animal which was called a goat, but which, when hung up, resembled a lantern more than anything else. (Laughter.) By means of refrigerating appliances this trade was being extended throughout the world. Three pences pound was really the wholesale price the Australian theep owner got after paying all casts of transit to the city of London. The Australian colonies were beginning also to turn their attention to the WEALTH OF THE EMPIRE.

THE VICTORIA WEEKTY COLUNIST PRIDAY MAY 18 1894

UNITED, GRAND AND GLORIOUS PEOPLE, unlike any other that ever has flourished on the surface of the globe, with the idea that we shall lift business up into a noble profession, desirous of giving every man his due; in fact, insisting upon it, with the highest intelligent view of business that mortal man can attain for a commercial empire. Then, with good government, good guidance and intelligent statesmanship, there is nothing that can shorten the period of the grand procession from the ages that are yet to come,

Mr. Reid then proceeded to give figures showing the amount of commerce of the Australasian colonies. The trade of the whole of the Australian colonies amounted to £130,000,000 sterling. There was a large portion of that that would be called in this country interstate trade, but the amount of trade with the outside world, altogether, including England, was £36...

O00,000 sterling, out of which £69,000. O00 sterling was done with the motions of the world fight-ring and striving for a share of the trade of the trade of the Australian colonies they could only manage to secure £17,000,000 out of £86,000,000 sterling and repeated of the trade of the trade of the world fight-ring and striving for a share of the trade of the trade

brotherhood of the British Empire the enthusiasm of the audience finding vent in constant and continued applause. The exhaustive handling of the cable, fast Atlantic service and differential tariff rates was listened to with the greatest attention, new light being thrown on many subjects. The Australian trade statistics were presented in a particularly attractive manner, and the wonderful resources of the country explained. Now South Africa wants to join in the conference at Ottawa and would bring its gold and diamonds in exchange for the products of Australia and Canada. In June, through their representatives, the brothers of the British empire the world over would thep hands and look into each other's eyes in fraternal welcome to discuss matters of mutual benefit. He thought when he saw the Rocky mountains on his trip to the coast of the vast wealth hidden beneath them. "Your government should do as ours," he said, "have diamond drills at convenient stations, and allow the owners of mines to use them, simply by paying the expense of working."

Many prominent citizens followed Mr. Reid delivering short speeches. In answer to a vote of thanks tendered by Mayor Anderson, Mr. Reid said he left the last place in Canada with the kindest feelings for her people and his heart warmed to them as he remembered they were all of the same grand old stock.



A Bright Lad,

Ten years of age, but who declines to give his name to the public, makes this authorized, confidential statement to us: "When I was one year old, my mamma did of consumption. The doctor said that of consumption. The doctor said that one was a support of consumption. The doctor said that of consumption did not die. I wou never be able to walk, because I was weak and puny. A gathering formed a broke under my arm. I hurt my inner a trackness and the work out pieces of bord it gathered and threw out pieces of bord it part my see I have sure to become a running same. If he jake olts of medicine, thus mething I done me so much good as a year's Sarsa dilla. It has made me wells and strong. It has made me wells and strong.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla Prepared by Dr. J. G. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Cures others, will cure you

CONSTIPATION AND

SICK HEADACHE,



MRS. FISHER A Splendid Remedy

Sins.—I think it my duty to make known the great beneat I received from B. B. B. I was troubled with constipation and debility, and used three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters, which relieved me from suffering. I esteem this splendid remedy above all others and recommend it to all suffering from constipation.

Take B. B. B.



Registration of Voters

COWICHAN-ALBERNI ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

"Legislative Electorates and Elections Act, 1894."

King, Michael; Kitchen, William; Knudson, Christian; Kriobs, Henry Rose.

Mackay, Alexander Erie; Mackay, Isaac B.; Mackay, John W.; Magee, Patrick; Mehan, John David; Mercer, William Henry; Merrifield, William John; Miller, John; Mitchell, Hugh; Moffatt, John Watsoa; Morrison, Peter; Mottashed, Alfred R.; Mowbray, Thomas; McCokrise Edward; McCormack, Alexander Arthur; McCraig, William; McCraney, Hiram P.; McDonald, Allen; McDonald, Archibald; McDonald, John Alex; McGill, William; McKinnon, Peter; McLesin Peter W; McLellan, Frederick B.; McMahon, Dennis; McMikinnon, Peter; McLesin Peter W; McLellan, Frederick B.; McMahon, Dennis; McMohon, John; McNell, James; Mc-herson, William; McNell, James; Mc-herson, William; Parks, Adam; Paffard, Frederick William; Parks, Adam; Paffard, Frederick William; Parks, Adam; Paterson, Thomas Wilson; Phipps, Herbert; Pike, Simon; Pinkerton, John Henry; Radford, Willam & Idridge; Reading, Edmund; Reeves, Albert Edward; Riley, George; Riley, Thomas; Rivers, Charles; Rivers, Frank Rdward; Rivers, Henry; Robertson, James Roderick; Robertson, William; Robinson, Robert R.; Roundey, Samuel Salt, John Astbury; Shaw, Thomas Benjamin; Smythe, James; Spink, Thomas; Stableford, George H. W; Steadman, William; Storing, Edward; Stewardson, John; Sullivan, John L.; Sutherland, Wellington; Sutton, Richard Keyworth, Mayin; Willey, Love, White, John Henry; Whitehouse, Louis White, John Henry; Whitehouse, Louis Whiten, Willey, Willey, Welley, White, John Henry; Whiten, Willey, Love, Henry Whitwerth, Mayin; Willey, Welley, Love, Henry Whitwerth, Mayin; Willey, Love, Menry Whitwerth, Mayin; Willey, Welley, Love, Henry William; Willey, Wille

Ravier.

White, John Henry; Whitehouse, Louis Henry; Whitworth, Edwin; Wilson, James; Woodruff, George.

List of Persons Transferred From Cowichan-Alberni Electoral District to Other Districts.

TRANSFERRED TO VICTORIA CITY. Amland. Sydney; Beaumont, William; Barber, George Whitheld; 'avin, John M; Croft, Henry; Deley, James; Gray, Patrick; Green, Charles; Guns, Thomas Salter; Handy, Samuel, Westley; Hirsch, John; Mable, Samuel, Westley; Hirsch, John; Mable, Samuel, Westley; Hirsch, John; Mable, Samuel, Westley; Horon, James; Northcote, R. G. G.; Phipps, George Jabez; Phipps, Marcus George; Porter, Walter Harris; Price, Francis Henry; Reynolds, William Ring, Jr.; Swinarton, William,

TRANSFERRED TO VANCOUVER CITY. Barnardiston, Geoffey; Dougan, James, Jr.; reen, Abraham; Green, Francis Jacob; looson, Evan.

TRANSFERRED TO VICTORIA SOUTH. TRANSPERSED TO NANAIMO SOUTH

Blaynev, Chads; Crocker, Samuel; Curran, rederick Johnson; Donckele, Gustayus The shins; Walker, James; Warnook, James. TRANSFERRED TO NANAIMO CITY.

Galbraith, Daniel; Galbraith, James; Good, any Leslie; Johnson, Ira Edmund; Michael, hn; Wood, William Alfred. TRANSFERRED TO NANAIMO (NORTH).

Jones, George: Norcross, James Edwa d. TRANSFERRED TO ESQUIMALT DISTRICT. Harris, Edward Heane; McCarthy, Florence colland; Simpson, Henry Hardey; Street,

TRANSFERRED TO VALE DISTRICT (NORTH RIDING).
Macdonald, Joe; Pottinger, David Reid. my10-wit H. O. WELLBURN.
Collector of Voters.

BISHOP LEMME

ne of the Incider

Audience Wit

When the Premier tied u wharf last evening quite a congregation of St. Andrew on hand to welcome ho Bishop Lemmens, who for months had been absent in Eastern part of this con Fathers Van Nevel and Nic present to meet their Bis

resent to meet their Bia hearty handshaking and cong his safe return the Bishop Fathers drove to the Palaes.

Later in the evening Bigsve a very interesting a travels. The chief purpose to Europe was, he explained count of this diocese, and at he took the opportunity to viewho still live at his native tow in Holland.

"It was in October," sa "when I reached Rome, a time of the year to see it, years the bishops have to rewhile there I had the pleasus andience with the Holy Fathe present at a public audience. I may state that the Pope sai for the press of Vistoria. It he asked me whether we suffer tions from the non-Catholic community. I explained to fullest religious toleration exist Columbia, and that the secule with respect of religious mattithe Roman Catholic faith. I that not unfrequently the Popances were referred to with mentioned, especially the Habor. This pleased the Holymuch.

"You are' he said, "more"

uch. "You are' he said, 'more "You are' he said, 'more we are here in Italy, where o religion reviled in the pages of "The Pope has an immens vitality yet and may still live years," continued the Bishop, first saw him, sitting in his chavery old and frail, his flesh almost transparent look. Y talked, his eyes flashed, his ges animated, and he looked a diffe We conversed in French and he take a great deal of inter-We conversed in French and he take a great deal of interwork in this part of the wour audience was con asked if I could speak when I replied that I could not it, but understood it, he insibeing present at a public audien gave in the Vatican to 600 I and gentlemen.

gave in the Vatican to 600 It and gentlemen.

"It was a splendid sight it hall. The ladies were gowne custom at such audiences, while men were evening dress. I whishop present, but there were cardinals, including Cardinal cardinals, including Cardinal you may remember was sent on Ireland some years ago. The I entered the room borne in his see by young Italian noblemen and to a seat which stood on a plat end of the room. He then gave those assembled. I might add private audience with the Holy spoke of the late Archbishop Seg he remembered very well.

spoke of the late Archbishop Seg
he remembered very well.

"While in Rome I was invite
by Cardinal Ledochowski, head
gregation of the Propaganda, a
met Bishop Pascal of Alberta,
prised at finding the Cardinal
much information of the Pacifi
was really astorishing.

"My visit to Rome extended to
weeks, and my time was well of weeks, and my time was well o

weeks, and my time was well of had travelled there by easy stage land, visiting Bologna, Venice, other interesting places, and taking an interest in the inchurches. But after all there is compare with St. Peter's, with ful mosa'cs that have the appears cate paintings and keep a free could not otherwise be obtained.

"I saw the scenery of Switz passed through the wonderful S and Mount Cenis tunnels. What to scenery, however, we have British Columbia much grander of Switzerland. I went from Ro Limburg, where I left my paren health when I started on my retu to Canada. From Holland two yo Miss Eyck and Miss Weimer, ca der my guidance to begin their not the convent here.

"After spending some time in ern States visiting friends, I wen real, where I officiated at mass i mense St. Peter's cathedral there, a couple of days in Ottawa and on nipeg on my way to the Coast."

The reception to be a rendered Bie

nipeg on my way to the Coast."

The reception to be tendered Bis mens by the congregation of the is arranged for Thursday evening a

New York, May 14 .- The 1 London (Whit Monday) and the election at the local stock exch tailed trading in stock circles, tailed trading in stock circles, as only 80,325 shares were traded a this total 57,200 were in four stock Sugar, 29,100; Chicago Gas, 17,44 eral Electric, 6,100, and St. Pashares. The sensational stories from the sugar paragraph in the origin of the sugar paragraph in the tasiff bill had a tendency to managinal holders sell. Besides feeling is more beariah in the stool of an impression that the insider approve of the recent sharp rise, mon rumor that the pool now fit loaded up with the certificates for there is but little market.

in Institute hall.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 14.—The Sea fleet, which has been rendezvou since the middle of April, salls to-the flagship "Mohican" and the tross" take the inside passage, wothers go out to sea. The orders were received last nit companied by a copy of the Brittien the arrival of which the dinas been hinging. The fleet inclusive warships Mohican, Adams and Alert Yorktown, outters Rush and A The route is hence to Sitka, the Ounalaska, which will be the notrhe quarters of the fleet. The British fleet includes H.M.S. Nymph Phessant. PORT TOWNSEND, May 14.—The

Rheumatism Cured in a Day South American Rheumatic Cure, it atism and Neuralgia, radically oure lays. Its action upon the system is its and mysterious. The first doce melits. Sold in Victoria by De E. O.



HAN-DRAL

d Elections Ac'. 1894."

TORAL DISTRICT. nson, Robert James; y, Hugh Gibson.

Field, Jerome E. Graff, Johannes Wiel; all, Harry; Hodgson, oran Robert, ans one, Haliburton; James Alexander; y; Kinney, David; William; Knudson, y Rose.

e; Mackay, Isaac B.;

ee, Patrick; Mehan.
Illiam Henry; Merriller, John; Mitchell,

aldo; Monk, Alfred Aldo; Monk, Alfred
Watson; Morrison,
R; Mowbray, Thom
McCormack, Alexanwilliam; McCraney,
en; McDonald, ArchiP; McDonald, Donax; McGill, William;
san Peter W; McLelMahon, Denn's; Mcin, John; McNeil,
iam.
McKeon, John James

ckson. John James i, James,
liam; Parks, Adam;
n; Phipps, Herbert;
John Henry,
riga; Reading, Edward; Riley, George;
Charles; Rivers,
Henry; Robertson,
on, William; RobinSamuel

J. D. Voutrait, Francis Whitehouse, Louis in; Wilson, James; erred From Cow-toral District to

nont, William; Barvin, John M; Croft,
ay, Patrick; Green,
alter; Handy, Samuel
a; McKay, Eric Bara; McKay, Eric Barm Furrowa; Nixon,
Northcote, R. C. G.;
pps, Marcus George;
ice, Francis Henry;
r.; Swinarton, Wil-

TORIA SOUTH.

AIMO SOUTH.

NAIMO CITY.

James Edwa d. MALT DISTRICT.

David Reid.

BURN. ector of Voters.

BISHOP LEMMENS HOME

nths' Trip to

His Visit to Rome and Private
Audience With the

From THE DAILY CO THE DATE COLORIST, MAY 15

Tire Civil Service promotion examina-tions were concluded yesterday; the results will be announced from Ottawa in the ourse, of a month or eix weeks.

THE funeral of the late Captain Urquhar will take place to morrow (Friday) instead of to-day as at first intended, as two of his prothers and his mother are expected to arrive from Comox this evening by the Joan.

The state of the property of t

ern States visiting friends, I went to Montreal, where I officiated at mass in the immense St. Peter's cathedral there. I spent a couple of days in Ottawa and one in Winnings on my way to the Coast." The reception to be tendered Bishop Lemmens by the congregation of the cathedral is arranged for Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Institute hall.	Oglivie's (Hungarian). Lake of the Woods (Hungarian). Premier. Three Star. Victoria Ldon. Royal
New York, May 14 The holiday at	Ground Feed, per ton
London (Whit Monday) and the annual	Ground Feed, per ton 30,00@35 Corn. whole. 45 Corn. whole. 56 Cornmeal, per 10 lbs. 60 Cornmeal, per 10 lbs. 60 Cornmeal, per 10 lbs. 60 Rolled Oats, per lb. 60 Rolled Oats, per lb. 60 Cablage, per lb. 60 Cablage, per lb. 60 Cauliflower, per doz. 1 Rhubarb, per lb. 60 Rolled Per ton 17@18 Straw, per bale 60 Conions, per lb. 61 Conions, per lb. 62 Cablage, per lb. 63 Cablage, per lb. 64 Cablage, per lb. 65 Cablage, per lb. 65 Cablage, per lb. 67 Cablage, per lb.
election at the local stock exchange cur-	Cornmeal, per 10 lbs.
tailed trading in stock circles, and to-day	Rolled Oats, per lb.
only 80.325 shares were traded the land	Potatoes (new.) per lb
this total 57,200 were in four stocks, wig:	Cauliflower, per doz
eral Electric 6 100 and St. Deal & con	Hay, baled, per ton
eral Electric, 6,100, and St. Paul, 4,600 hares. The sensational stories from Wash.	Straw, per bale
ngton giving the alleged inside history and	Bilver, per lb.
origin of the sugar paragraph in the revised	laported
marginal holders sell. Besides this, the	Butter, fresh
eeling is more bearish in the stock because	Cheese, Canadian per Ib., retail
of an impression that the insiders did not approve of the recent sharp rise. It is com-	Hams, American
porove of the recent sharp rise. It is com-	" Boneless "
oaded up with the certificates for which	Rolled Rolled
here is but little market.	Long clear "
	Regs_Saland, per dosen Imported
PORT TOWNSEND, May 14.—The Behring	Meats—Beef per lb.
ea fleet, which has been rendezvousing here ince the middle of April, sails to-morrow.	Bides ** 8@
he flagship "Mohican" and the "Alba:	Frozen, per lb 8@1
ross" take the inside passage, while the there go out to sea. The official	Pork, fresh, per lb
there go out to sea. The official	Turkey per b
rders were received last night, acompanied by a copy of the British editor.	Pigeons, each
the arrival of which the departure	Fish Salmon (Spring), per lb
as been hinging. The fleet includes the	Halibut 8@1
arships Mohican, Adsms and Alert, cruiser	Small fish
orktown, cutters Rush and Albatross, he route is hence to Sitka, thence to	Meats_Beet per ib Se Bides Se Bides Se Mutton, per is Se Frazen, per ib Se Pork, freak, per ib 10e Chickens, per pair Lougz Turkey per is 18e Geece per is 16e Pigeons, each 25e Fish_Salmon (Spring), per is Se Cod, per ib Se Cod, per ib Ge Small fish Ge Small fish Ge Small fish Ge Se Se Small fish Ge Se Se Small fish Ge Se Scurgeon Ge Se Se Scurgeon Ge Se Se Scurgeon Ge Se Se Scurgeon Ge Se S
unalaska, which will be the notrhern head-	Fruits-Apples per ib
parters of the fleet. The British patrol	Oranges (Australian) per dos. 2569
est includes H.M.S. Nymphe and	Fruits—Apples per lb

PORT TOWNSEND, May 14.—The Behrin Sea fleet, which has been rendezvousing he since the middle of April, salls to-morroo The flagship "Mohican" and the "Alb tross" take the inside passage, while the others go out to sea. The offici orders were received last night, a companied by a copy of the British edic ou the arrival of which the departm has been hinging. The fleet includes the warships Mohican, Adems and Alext, orms Yorktown, outters Rush and Albatros.

METERS DISTRIBUTED TO THE PROPERTY OF THE

day Observance and a Prohibition Plebiscite Mathers of a Finan-cial Character,

The Next Conference for Be Held in Victoria—Final Draft of

BARRIE, May 15. — According to the armers of this section the grasshopper dague threatened this year which will be much worse than last, when great damage as done to the crops. The plows are using up young hoppers by millions, they aving been hatched from eggs deposited in the ground last year, 10, 11 2



Milk

comply here is a system of the control of the contr

Thirdly: That no corrupt motives of any kind existed with or influenced Your Honour's Ministers in the advice tendered by them to Your Honour is relation to the Nakusp and Slocan Railway Company;

Fourthly. That no one of Your Honour's Min-isters has had, or has, any interest, directly or indirectly, in

(a.) The Nikusp and Slocan Railway Com-

pany; or 11

(b.) In the Construction Company by which such railway is being built; or

(c) In any contract by or with either of the said Companies, either in furnishing materials, or supplies, or in any way whatsoever.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Dated the 15th day of May, A.D. 1894.

MATT B. SEGBIE.

No. 2 constant to the second the contract to the second to the second to the contract to the c

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1894. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co'y.
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KLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents olid Nonparell, each insertion. No ad-ment inserted for less than \$2. Where Cuts are inserted they must be

RETALIATORY DUTIES.

Bill Introduced in Congress to Authorize the President to Impose Certain Dis-

WASHINGTON, May 14.- In the Senate to-day Mr. Davis, (Republican, Minn) gave providing for retaliatory duties against such countries as impose discriminating or prohibitory duties on American grain, grain products, or other agricultural products. It is made the duty of the President to certify the fact of the imposition of such duties to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall then, in lieu of the duties provided for, collect the duties provided for, collect the duties provided for, collect the duties mamed in the amendment as follows: Silk, partly manufactured, 50 cts a pound; thrown silk and silk thread, stoexcept spun silk, 40 p. c.; spun silk, 20 p. c. except spun silk, 40 p. c.; spun silk, 20 p. c. claces and articles made wholly or impart of lace, handkerchiefs, and all other articles under this paragraph, 100 p. c; all manufactures of silk, or of which silk is the component material of chief value, including these which have india rubber as a component material, 30 p. c; better, the men of Montreal are an enterprising lot and they say that if these powers are given to them the money will be so expended that it will attract increased trade to the port and naturally lead to a reduction in the harbor dues. The harbor commissioners are component material of chief value, including these which have india rubber as a component material, of chief value, including these which have india rubber as a component material, of chief value, including these which have india rubber as a component material, of chief value, including these which have india rubber of the threat of the containing and they spirits ditilled from grain, etc.

Cordisis, liquors and beverages of all kinds containing spirits, \$3.60 per proof gallon; champagne and all other sparkling wines in bottles containing each not more than one quart and not less than one pint, \$16 and corn, pints \$2; in bottles or other vessels containing more than one quart and not less than one pint, \$16 and corn, pints \$2; half pints \$4; in bottles or other vessels containing more than one quart and not less than one pint, \$16 and corn, pints \$2; notice of an amendment to the tariff bill providing for retaliatory duties against

OTTAWA LETTER

St. Lawrence Waterways—Quarant Against the U. S.—Victoria's Public Buildings.

Curran Bridge—An Australian Cabinet Minister on Trade Relations

OTTAWA, May 5.—Despite the cold water which the Hone Mr. Haggars three upon Col. Denison's advocacy of the enlargement of the St. Lawrence waterways to a uniform depth of 20 feet to enable ocean-going vessels to reach the great inland lakes there is more in the project than would appear a first sight. Competent authorities aver that the project will cost far less than \$130,0000,000, the sum mentioned by Hon. Mr. Haggart as stated. The engineers of the Department of Railways and Casals say that the advocates of the scheme have over looked the fact that dredging will have to be done in portions of the present water ways which do not now even give a depth of 14 feet. For instance, lakes St. Louis and Sr. Francis, above Montreal, at the present time have, in places, less than 14 feet. Near Lockine there is an extensive shoal which will have to be dredged or this instend to give even this depth. These, however, are disputed points, and the sag, knowever, are disputed points, and the sag, knowever, are deputed points, and the sag gestion was made in the house, with a good deal of force, that the government might at least spend a few thousand dollars in investigating the feasibility of the scheme and arraying at a definite basis of cost.

A WISE STEP.

The action of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on account of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the Unit

THE CURRAN BRIDGE JOB,

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The chief of the improvement when he secured the appointment of a royal commission to investigate the excitation and advances of the exports of merchandise from the United States during the month of April, 1894, and during the ten months ended April 30, 1894, are conveyed with similar exports during the compared with similar exports during the conveyed and the presenting year, conveyed to the presenting year, and the presenting year, and the presenting year, and the present during the conveyed to the presenting year, and the present of present year, and the exports exceeded the imports by \$345,853, 888; 1893, \$712,187,183 In April 1808, the excess of imports over exports over imports was \$225,000 and the present of the present of the present of the present of gold exceeded the imports by \$345,885, and during the ten months ended April 30, 1894, was \$21,854,856. In April, 1894, the exports over the imports over exports over any present of the present of

arriving at a definite basis of cost.

A west stree.

The action of the Government in enforcing quarantine agains: the United States on as count of the prevalence of smallpox amongs our neighbors is commended as a wise arget the Huddart line to be passed without the prevalence of smallpox amongs our neighbors is commended as a wise arget the Huddart line to be passed without of the propose afforcement of quarantine regging lation. A great how has been raised by the United States and an argent line to be proposed against the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government, and the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government are the recent action of the Canadian Government. The Vanderbilt lines run that the recent action of the Canadian Government in a street with a straight line that the steamship companies are reliable with a consideration of the Canadian Government in a street with a straight line with a constant line recent action of the Canadian Government in a street with a straight line with the control of the Canadian Government of United States and the recent action of the Canadian Government of United States and the proposed of the Canadian Government in a street with a straight line with a control of the Canadian Government in a street with a straight line with a street with a straight line with a street with a street with a straight line wi in a new line, and even if that were not the case one of the three present lines running from Montreal might receive a bonus to the detriment of the other two. It is clearly some people recognize that the Objections to subsidizing a purely freight line will be stronger to this subject clearly shows that the objection which is being given to this subject clearly shows that the object of defeating the three quarter million subsidy; but on the other hand there seems to be a growing feeling in its favor as part of the great Imperial highway project, and although strong opposition may an educibedly become law.

In this age of reason, and opals are the fashionable jewels now, not that diamonds and pearls now, not that diamonds now are displaced, but that opals now are displaced, but

vital importance to the Chinese merchants was made quite plain and round and was under discussion in the United States gathered under a flame colored velvet circuit court of appeals here yesterday. The belt, Around the bottom were four very. McCreary act, as construed by Attorney narrow ruffles, each one having two

Washington, May 14—Secretary Lamont is making an examination into the records of the clerks in the War department with a view to making a wholesale cut in his force, and it is stated on good authority that the dismissals before July, the beginning of the next fiscal year, will number fully 300.

Washington, May 14—Secretary Lamont after the genuine may have the appearance of the genuine may have the appearance of the wealth that permits of many changes at a modest cost.

There was a dress made for the sister of she who wore the opal gown, and this, too, was a model of beauty and delicacy. The skirt, and in fact the

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., May 14. sectrical storm of a cyclonic character passed over the eastern part of this county last night. Near Henderson the cyclone lifted a portion of the Northern Pacific track bodily into the air and scattered it over the surrounding country. The west bound train has been delayed in consequence and is still at Wadena. As yet there are no reports of loss of life.

The skrit, and in fact the whole dress, was of dotted swiss muslin, with six rows of white lace insertion laid on at equal distances around the skirt. The waist was a simple belt ed blouse, with the insertion laid on to simulate a yoke. The sleeves were balloon puffs, with blue surah forearm pieces and a blue surah sash belt, in which were cate by the same of the skirt, and in fact the whole dress, was of dotted swiss muslin, with six rows of white lace insertion laid on at equal distances around the skirt. The waist was a simple belt ed blouse, with the insertion laid on to simulate a yoke. The sleeves were

HALIFAX, May 14 -The steamer Faraday finished laying the first section of the Com-mercial Cable Company's new cable this morning at 4 o'clock, having laid out 510 morning at 4 o'clock, having laid out 510 knots since landing the shore end on Wednesday evening last. The work has been accomplished without the slightest hitch from beginning to end. The cable is in perfect condition, and Messra. Siemens Bros. & Co. may be congratulated and complimented on this brilliant piece of werk. The Faraday is now on her way to London, where she is expected to arrive about the 26th inst. She will promptly on her arrival refit and commence to take into her tanks the deep sea section, consisting of about 1,500 miles of cable.

GURLPH, May 14.—Henry Howitt, son of Dr. Howitt, and Rhoda Perkins were up-set from a canoe. Miss Perkins was drowned, but Howitt was rescued in an ex-bausted condition.

Sr. Thomas, May 14.—The body of James Armstrong, cabinet maker, was found lying on the Michigan Central railway track. His head and lett arm were severed from the body, the remains being scattered along the track.

About two months ago I was nearly wild with headaches. I started taking Burdock thoud Bitters, took two bottles and my head-aches have now altogether disappeared. I think it is a grand medicine.

EVA FINN, Massey Station, Ont.

WALLES BARD ON DURING

THE OPAL AS A FASHIONABLE JEWEL AND COLOR

Gowns of Pure White-They Will Give



but in the different dress materials. No ne now need be afraid to wear a royal purple shot with green or gold, nor a gown rivaling the tints so dear to the hearts of the children of the Emerald Isle or sunny Italy, for it is fashion—rower moss trimming and having a line of the state of the children of the Emerald Isle or sunny Italy, for it is fashion—rower moss trimming and having a line of the state of t

San Francisco, May 14.—A question of one of these silk muslins. The skirt General Olney, makes it necessary for a construed by Attorney and Chinese to prove that his name is incorporated in the firm name and further show by two credible white witnesses that he had been a merchant for one year prior to the time of his departure for China. The judges on the bench were McKenna, Gilbert and Hawley. A case was presented in all its details and after consulting on the subject for some time, the judges took the matter under advisement until next Monday.

narrow ruffles, each one having two rows of very narrow velvet ribbons bearing the principal opaline colors. No two were alike. There was a ruffled fichu, and these ruffles were trimmed in a similar manner. The sleeves were puffed and ended at the elbow with two ruffles. Around the neck the young some time, the judges took the matter under advisement until next Monday. dress could hardly be imagined. There are imitations of opals very cleverly

> delicacy. The skirt, and in fact the pieces and a blue surah sash belt, in which were set a bunch of imitation

The proud mother of those two levely girls wore a handsome dress of black satin duchess, brocaded in stripes and trimmed with velvet ribbons set on the skirt and richly beaded. The basque was of rich black velvet, with a rolled puff of corded silk held in by velvet riboon and a vest front of the ribbed silk. The giget sleeves were trimmed with velvet and passementerie. Good taste and plenty of money together were necessary to develop these three model cos-

The authorities tell us that there will be very many all white summer gowns made of sheer lawn, flounced and otherwise trimmed with the beautiful new Russian embroidery. This embroidery does not come deep enough to make one whole skirt length, so there will be flounces only, but they may be many or few, as one desires. Three flounces arranged to represent a triple skirt will be a favorite. These embroideries can be had in sets, so that there is one piece with a double edge, which can be used for bretelles or a bertha. The ribbon belts with floating ends will be the made of sheer lawn, flounced and otherfor bretelles or a bertha. The ribbon belts with floating ends will be the preper ribbon garniture when the embroidery is employed as bertha or bretelles, but very pretty garniture and dressy effects are obtained by having ribbon bretelles with bows wherever they can be set with propriety. On the shoulders, on the sleeves and at the waist and set at the bottom of the skirt,

either with or without long ends co ing down for the waist, the ribbon makes dainty and graceful trimming, and it can so easily be removed and replaced for laundry purpose that it is no wonder that it is the preferred trimming for all light decrees. for all light dresses

There are some most beautiful new chambrays, thick and fine, with a sort of changeable effect, that are already very popular. Each of these has an embroidered pattern, some of them done in all over pattern, thicker and ticher toward the bottom, and others again have a plain surface, with em-broidery to match. There was one where the body of the stuff was blue in two very distinct shades. The embroidery was done in dark blue. A lilac and dark heliotrope was done the same way, also a red and pink. As these chambray

those known to be fast and washable. There is quite a rage for at least one nice black dress in each lady's wardabout among the dry goods districts now without a realizing sense that spring has really spring has re come. Such a A very handsome model in black faille wealth of tender was made with a plain seven gored color, not only in the new millinery, skirt, over which were superposed three



picked and dropped carelessly there.
The whole bonnet was a very rich and handsome thing.

There are many very handsome new or above the plaid, and it was exceedingly neat and pleasing. Stripes are seen again, for those to whom they are becoming, but they are shaded and often of two shades of the same color. They are shown in silks also.

The new laces are tea stain and ecru more often than in pure white and are seen in point de gene, point de venise and cluny, and also guipure pattern. and are used as berthas, frills and col-HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

The whiskholder illustrated is made of two pieces of celluloid or smooth finished leather, slanted at the ends to fit the whisk and pinked or scalloped around the edge. In each of the scallops,



on the slanting ends, a round hole is punched, and the two pieces are laced together with silk cord, which is also arranged as a loop by which to hang the article up. The face is decorated with a painted design of flowers to harmonize in color with the cord used. Ivory celluloid painted with forgetmenots might be laced with blue cord or lavender celinloid and violets used with purple cord.
"ISABELLA PROOTOR.

MR. KELLIE'S MEETING.

The Member for West Kootenay Before a Splendid Audience at Revelstoke.

REVELSTORE, May 12.-(Special) -The

largest political gathering ever held in

Revelatoke assembled in Peterson's hall to.

night, to hear J. M. Kellie, M. P.P., give an

secount of his stewardship. The chairman

was F. Frazer and F. B. Wells was secretary. A number of the ladies of the town gowns are expected to stand the hardest usage, the colors are limited strictly to that were discussed. There was not stand. ing room in the capacious hall for the peonice black dress in each lady's wardrobe. Black grosgrain silk, faille, taffeta or lutestring are all favorite materials, besides the beautiful black moires,
satin duchess and brocades. No gown
is more serviceable than a plain black
silk or adapted to such a variety of uses.
A very handsome model in black faille
was made with a plain seven gored
skirt, over which were superposed three
wide folds cut on the length of the silk
and headed by bands of black silk moss
trimming. They were graduated in
width. The waist was plain, with a
deep bertha cape, trimmed with a narrower moss trimming and having a
white satin vest front. The sleeves were
bishop, with a line of moss trimming
set down the entire length. This is a
model design and would be quite easy ple anxious to hear Mr. Kellie's address and et down the entire length. This is a nodel design and would be quite easy for the home dressmaker to copy with good results.

The very newest and most stylish of the evening bonnets are made of what they call spangles of jet. These spangles are made of some sort of metal coated with black enamel. They are cut in fanciful shapes and fastened to wires and then bunched up into flowers and foliage or set pieces like fireworks. These are then sewed over a lace and These are then sewed over a lace and These are then sewed over a lace and the sum of \$225,000 for all purposes, while out of that amount \$137,000 was voted for roads, trails, streets and bridges. He next dealt with the mining laws and amendments to the mineral act and went thoroughly into all the changes that act during the last four years. He touched briefly on the redistribution bill and claimed that the effect of its passage had been to wipe out forever any ill-feeling between the Island and Mainland. He felt confident the bond of union was now perfected, and would never be sundered. He

confident the bond of union was now perfected, and would never be sundered. He next dealt with the efforts of the Government to aid in developing the mineral resources of West Kootenay, and complimented them for their earnest desire to assist in every way in the opening up of the district.

The reason why he supported the Davie administration was its progressive policy.

He was thoroughly convinced that British Columbia's natural resources when utilised or brought to the attention of the world would establish it as one of the the world would establish it as one of the richest provinces of the Dominion. He was satisfied Hon. Mr. Davie's government were thoroughly alive to the fact. He felt confident that in the district of West Kootenay, when roads were built and capital took hold of the mines, the annual output of mineral would run from \$15,000,000 to \$25,000,000 per year. Montana and other mining states had would run from \$15,000,000 to \$25,000,000 per year. Montana and other mining states had a large output annually and he was satisfied that West Kootenay was quite as rich a mineral region as any state to the south. Touching on the Nakuap and Slocan railway charges he said no bill that ever came before the house had given him so much anxious thought. He felt that as the representative of the district it was his place to inquire into the matter if there was anything crooked in the transaction. But, knowing that it was an easy matter to make statements, and as he had found in his political experience that many charges of corruption when sifted down did not amount to anything, he concluded to play a waiting part and watch for developments. Before the vote was taken he went to Seattle and there interviewed a railway friend of his and interviewed a railway friend of his and asked his opinion. This prominent railway contractor said that for a mountain road \$17,500 a mile was cheap, and he had not known of a mile of rails of the contractor. There are many very handsome new woolens, but the prettiest of all are the mottled and flecked effects. There was a reseda green wool, with broken cream silk threads all through it in a close pattern, so that it almost looked to be changeable. A light brown was lightened with white and red threads like stitches all over. A new shepherd's plaid showed these flecks of another color above the plaid, and it was exceed.

\$17,500 a mile was cheap, and be had not known of a mile of railway in Washington or Ocegon that did not cost \$25,000 per mile, and this contractor told him that he might go home feeling satisfied that every thing was all right. Mr. Kellie next took up the matter of the Slocan reserve, and explained why he had taken the decided stand opposing it. He considered a principle was at stake and the applicants for land who had made locations under the provisions of the act of parliament should have the mottled not cost \$25,000 per mile, and this contractor told him that he might go home feeling satisfied that every up the matter of the Slocan reserve, and explained why he had taken the decided stand opposing it. He considered a principle was at stake and the applicants for land who had made locations under the provisions of the act of parliament should have the mouth of the mile of railway in Washington or Ocegon that did not cost \$25,000 per mile, and this contractor told him that he might go home feeling satisfied that every up the matter of the Slocan reserve, and explained why he had taken the decided stand opposing it. He considered a principle was at stake and the applicants for land the might go home feeling satisfied that every up the matter of the Slocan reserve, and explained why he had taken the decided stand opposing it. their interests protected. He dealt with many other questions affecting the districts interests, and after holding the closest attention of the audience throughout his speech, he resumed his seat amidst rounds of applause. f applause. W. M. Brom and Robert Howson then

W. M. Brom and Robert Howson then took the floor, the former to ask for information, and Mr. Howson to attack Mr. Kellie on several matters he had dealt with Mr. Kellie effectively answered both gentlemen to the perfect satisfaction of the great majority of those present. Short speeches were made by T. Lewis and Robert Tapping, after which H. A. Brown rose and proposed three cheers for Mr. Kellie, in which nearly every one participated, even the ladies cheering and waving their handkerchiefs. The chairman, F. Frayer, then rose and read the following requisition signed by a large number of people of Rsvelstoke and Illecillewaet:

"We, the undersigned, would ask you to

large number of people of Revelstoke and lilecillewaet:

"We, the undersigned, would ask you to allow your name to be brought before the electors of the North Riding of West Kootenay as a candidate for political honors at the coming election for the Legislative Assembly of the Province. We take this opportunity of assuring you how deeply your efforts in the past (crowned with such a measure of success) to further the interests and promote the welfare of the district have been appreciated. We are confident that the success which has attended your work during the past four years will atimulate you to even greater efforts in the future.

"The honesty, zeal and integrity which have characterized all your actions both in and out of session has commended you to all classes of the community. We beg in conclusion to assure you of our hearty cooperation, vote, and interest should you comply with our request."

Mr. Kellie in reply stated that he would accept the kind requisition to become a candidate for the incoming legislature, and if elected would endeavor to do in the future as he had done in the past, and would at all times he found anxious to advance the interests of the district and Province. The hour being late the meeting then adjourned after singing the National Anthem.

Canadian Tug Seized.

Port Huron, Mich., May 15. - The Canailan tug Kittle Haight has been seized by the custom house officials at this port for riolating the laws by trading from one United States port to another without stopping at a Canadian port in the meantime. The government officials have been instructed to compet the Canadian boats to comply with the law in every respect and to seize all vessels violating it. Annual Inspection of by Queen Vi Aldersh

DHIRDY

REVIEW OF

Twelve Thousand Me Under Command Connang

London, May 17 .- T panied by the Prince of Dake of Cambridge, jou shott this afternoon to w review of the troops on L were received with app by Generals Sir Redver Henry Evelyn Wood Wallace Grenfel. The superb and the evol troops perfect. Twelve under command of H ness, the Duke of Connaug the reviewing stand. The came first and in the followed the Cavalry, Marines. Afterwards the parties. Alterwards the are marched in columnated troops, and the past the reviewing stand. then formed, and the trofront of Her Majesty, review the Royal salute. The Cuthe Queen's cup to the Wathe winners of the interthe winners of the inter-

PACIFIC COAST DI

SEATTLE, May 17.—The the board of United States on coast defences arrived in steamer Edith last night in examination of the Puget S preparation of a report on t for coast defences in these began their tour at Tacomaing and will continue it f

The visit of this board made in pursuauce of the in pare recommendations to (fences on both the Atlan coast, the whole board acti coast, the whole board active the matter. It would have subject of fortifying Paget Sofor the delay in locating the will now devise plane for that important bint as well coast. Having made an extensive of the Columbia during the the engineers arrived from Hooma at 4 o'clock on Tuesday tools in crosses.

Yesterday they went by way sage to Port Orohard and Po and examined the navy yard, way of Port Madison to this here about 6 o'clock. They v Townsend to-day and then Bay and Deception Pass an which may seem to require de The fortification of the Sou in importance in the eyes of the since the navy yard was less than the superior of the superior than the superior of the superior of

since the navy yard was le Orchard, as it will be the sup point for the navy in these rendered secure by strong defeused in warlike preparations a hostile fleet bluckading the e Sound. The work of constru fences has been in progress under the direction of Cols. R lespie for some years, attention directed chiefly to makin but the placing of the up for consideration. The consist of mortars to thro high in the air, which will fa of a ship and smash through it guns of high power to be fired All these batteries will be pla pearing carriages and protect works and masonry revetment

The visitors are the princi neers in the country, and the tertained by the chamber of their return up Sound, when given an opportunity to become the advantages of the city's lo the construction of the Lake

LO.K OUT, NOT STI

SEATTLE, May 17 -At the ing of the Western Central la communication was received fr ers' executive committee, rela condition of affairs at Roslyr that the Northern Pacific o that the Northern Pacific of posted notices for a 20 per cen The men offered to meet the c way and accept a 10 per cen although the mine has not w than 12 days per month since t of the year. The company, i refused to agree to such a com insisted that it must be 20 nothing, and the alternative w accepting the reduction uncon accepting the reduction unous "bringing out the tools." claimed, is therefore a look-ou strike.

Workingmen and miners communication, " are earnest not to come to Roslyn under not to come to Roslyn under until the trouble is settled. Ver the lat of January have not ave than \$25 to \$30 per month, battle for justice. The men ar and desirons of going to work, advantage of the present industion, the Northern Pacific coal of the present industion, the Northern Pacific coal of the present industion, the Northern Pacific coal of the present industing the Northern Pacific coal of the present industing the Northern Pacific coal of the present industrial than the Northern Pacific coal of the present industrial than the present industrial unjustly undertaken to inflict the ip on the men, and it is that all true men will give us support and aid us by staying this camp until the final termina

WINNIPEG WIRING

Winnipeg, May 17. — Specia Richardson, aged 25, a resident was killed by falling from a C.

was killed by falling from a Crain to-day.

The locomotive engineers in or St. Paul have declined an invita Northern Pacific for a trip to W David Matheson, of Springfield erious injuries by the explosion ridge while loading his gun.