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FROM BEHRING'S SEA.

The Pathfinder Repeats the Black Diamond's Exploit, And Returns to Victoria Instead of Going to Sitka.

The seizure and escape of the Pathfinder Alaskan Expeditionary Force from the Black Diamond Exploit.

At 8 o'clock last evening the sealing schooner Pathfinder, Captain O'Leary, (Carne & Munie, owners) arrived in the harbor and came to anchor. The vessel's arrival was not unexpected, as it had looked out that Capt. O'Leary, after parting with the revenue cutter, had returned to Victoria.

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CABLE NEWS.

The London Strike Movement Growing Worse.

Twenty Thousand Tailors Preparing to Drop Their Work.

Thousands of People in Japan and Northern China Lost Their Lives by Destructive Typhoons.

Behring's Sea Affairs.

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"NO SURRENDER!"

Is the Watchword of the London Strikers.

A General Strike May be Inaugurated on Monday.

If the Strike Continues the Metropolis Will be Left in Total Darkness on Monday Night.

London, August 30.—Cardinal Manning has expressed his sympathy with the striking dock laborers, and is pleading with the directors of the dock companies to put an end to the trouble by conceding the demands of the men.

The gas strikers are becoming much disturbed over the strike, and fear are entertained that they may join the dock men, in which case the city will be thrown into darkness, and the danger of a calamity of the neglected streets may be great.

The strikers' manifesto.

The manifesto issued by the strikers' committee this morning is signed by all the participants in a general strike, including the Stewards, Tailors and Pinner's Unions, numbering sixty thousand men.

A GENERAL STRIKE URGED.

Meetings are being held to-night by every trade union organization in London and different working societies.

The Emperor of China Petitioned to Expell Every American Resident in the Empire.

An Election Manifesto.

London, August 30.—The Compté de Paris has issued an election manifesto to the people of France, in which he declares that he is animated by a single aim, and that is to establish a republic.

The Duke of Oldenburg.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 30.—It is learned that the Grand Duke Alexander of Oldenburg has forwarded to the Czar his resignation as commander of the Russian guards, owing to the antagonism of the Russian people.

Expulsion of Americans from China.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 30.—Intense excitement prevails among the Americans residing here, in consequence of news received from Peking that prominent American residents are to be expelled from the country.

The Italian Bank Crisis.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—The Italian banks which have been plunged into a severe crisis by the suspension of two large banks in Turin, have applied to Berlin for assistance.

The Jesuit Arbitrators Disagree on a Fifth Arbitrator.

Private Princes, Westminster Rifles, Wins a Prize in the London Exhibition.

OTTAWA, Aug. 29.—C. S. Hall, of Washington, vice-president of the society of Economic Science and Statistics, in an address before the American Science Association at Toronto, made a glowing forecast of the ultimate political union of Canada and the States.

Princess Sophie's Wedding.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—It is announced that the Czar will attend the wedding of Princess Sophie of Russia, at Athens, Crown Princess Constantine of Greece and Prince Sophie of Russia.

Behind Bars.

London, Aug. 30.—Mayor Connor, of Belfast, and Harbor Commissioner Murray, of that city, have both refused knighthoods.

Mr. Maybrick in the Infirmary.

London, Aug. 30.—Mr. Maybrick has been placed in the infirmary of the Working party.

WHITE HORSE MURDERED.

THE MOUNTAIN QUEEN.

The North Pacific to Go on the Whitcomb Route.

The Oregon Railway & Navigation Company have arranged for the placing of a new steamer on the Tacoma-Seaside route.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—A special from Cheyenne, W. T., says: White Horse, chief of the Crow Indians, has been foully murdered by an unknown assassin and his remains thrown into the Yellowstone river, where they have been found.

A BEAUTY'S SOCIAL DOWNFALL.

Louis Gay, who Eloped With a Waiter, Now a Hunk.

Louis Branch, Aug. 25.—A woman today drove a hunketer wagon along Ocean avenue, stopping at the hotels to sell her goods, who was, twice or thrice years ago, a belle at this same hotel.

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The Colonist

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1889. THE CROP OF THE NORTH-WEST.

The crop in Manitoba and the North-west Territories has not turned out so badly after all; the drought in some places did a great deal of harm to the crops of all kinds and the gophers destroyed a large proportion of it in other places, and there was a time when the crop prospect in the whole region was very dark indeed. But the rain came at last, and though late, did a great deal of good. The Manitoba official report for June and July says that the grain well cultivated land has turned out fairly well, while the failures have been chiefly of land turned up in the spring. The pest of gophers has been very trying to the attention of the farmers. Why they should have appeared in such numbers this year no one seems to know. They came in swarms and did any amount of damage to the crops. Harvest weather has been favorable and the grain has been saved in good condition. The results on threshing have been an agreeable surprise to many farmers. There is a better yield to the acre than they dared hope and the quality is a splendid sample. The yield has, according to the telegraph bulletins of the C. P. R. Company, been in some districts quite large. At Morden the estimated yield is twenty-five bushels to the acre, and at Portage la Prairie a careful estimate gives twenty-eight bushels to the acre. One farmer obtained 235 bushels in the eleven bushels sown. It is said that many fields yield from forty to fifty bushels to the acre. The bulletin goes on to say that farmers and grain merchants throughout the province are well satisfied with the season's crop, both as regards yield and sample, and it is now thought that the total crop will exceed the early estimate by one or two millions of bushels. This is good news. The good quality of all the grain is greater in the farmer's favor. Last year the growth was more luxuriant, but the frost injured the crop considerably, spoiling much of the grain for market. This year all the grain harvested is merchantable. Oats and barley, owing to the drought, are a light crop, but even they are better than was anticipated. The quality of the wheat is the best of the season. The grain is generally of the best quality, and the yield is better than was anticipated. The quality of the wheat is the best of the season. The grain is generally of the best quality, and the yield is better than was anticipated.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

An Early Settlement Now Looked For.

One Wharfinger Yields and 7,000 Strikers Return to Work. The Milwell and Royal Albert Docks Will Follow, and the Great Strike Will Soon Be at an End. LONDON, Sept. 3.—For the first time since the beginning of the strike, police started out this morning in the east and districts armed with revolvers. This certainly indicated that the Scotland Yard men who have been for a week mingling with the strikers and overlooking their plans, have reported danger ahead, and that some trouble is looked for to-day. Notwithstanding these precautions, the city appears more quiet this morning than yesterday, and the strikers manifest less impatience for any such days past. This is undoubtedly due to the knowledge that their leaders are considering a proposal to suspend the strike until the night, and which may be accepted at any moment and the strike declared off. In anticipation of this, the committee has decided to supply the city with bread, and it can be easily seen that under its assumed resignation a spirit of unrest is hidden, and that the suspension of the strike is not a permanent one. It can be easily seen that under its assumed resignation a spirit of unrest is hidden, and that the suspension of the strike is not a permanent one. It can be easily seen that under its assumed resignation a spirit of unrest is hidden, and that the suspension of the strike is not a permanent one.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Seal Catch for 1888 Shipped to London.

Accident to the Tender Manzanita Off Cape Hancock. The Glass Workers in Pittsburgh Ordered on Strike by the U. of L.—Another Bank Suspension. PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 2.—The light-house tender Manzanita, while lying off Cape Hancock in a heavy swell on Sunday morning, was struck by three heavy seas in succession. The jurching of the steamer broke the guys to the masthead which fell against the main topmast binnacle, breaking off the topmast. The stack came down across the gunwale, breaking a safety-valve and the steam completely enveloped the vessel, and filled the cabins between decks. The roar of escaping steam caused the men to jump out in a few minutes the steam had blown off, the safety valve was fastened down and the committee refused to accept the offer to resume work until the company had reached Astoria at noon, where she is now undergoing repairs.

CABLE NEWS.

Dervishes Routed in a Fierce Encounter.

English Opinion Over American Jurisdiction Over Behring's Sea. Berlin, Sept. 4.—The expedition headed by Dr. Peters for the relief of Emin Bey has been recalled and Emin is to be left to his fate. A Royal Convert. VIENNA, Sept. 4.—Das Vaterland, the leading Catholic journal of the empire, and which is generally credited with being impartial, announces that the Emperor Augustus of Germany has joined the Catholic Church.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

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AMERICAN NEWS.

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CABLE NEWS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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French Cream Candies.

For \$1.50

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The Colonist

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1889.

AN UNREASONING ORGAN.

The organ of the Opposition is a novel at calling names but it is a mere adept at giving reasons. It condemns with the utmost readiness, but when it is asked why it condemns it is either silent or makes a reply that is utterly irrelevant. We asked it a few days ago to tell the public why the Liberal-Conservative party should be condemned, and why the Robson Government should not be supported by the electors of the province. It notices our question but it does not even attempt to answer it rationally. The Times and those who inspire it have been for years denouncing the different Liberal-Conservative Governments, and it has freely abused every prominent man of that party, but when it is asked to state specifically why it has to say against the party, the Government it refers us to Mr. Beaven's recent speeches.

Well, we trust that Mr. Beaven's recent speeches will not be read by his biographer, for utterances more unworthy of a leading public man, and a man who has the reputation of possessing some ability, it would be exceedingly difficult to find. If we did not know that they were the productions of the leader of the Opposition in this province, we would conclude that they were delivered by some small politician who had a penchant for magnifying trifles, and who is too narrow-minded to grasp the whole of any subject or to take a broad view of any question. We take upon ourselves to say that no man possessing the least intelligence, who was not prepossessed against the Government for other reasons, would dream of condemning it on account of the offences which Mr. Beaven laid to its charge. If Mr. Beaven's late speeches contain the worst that can be said against the party in power and against the administration of the day, they may feel quite confident of being maintained in power by an increased majority when an appeal to the people is made.

It is something new for the organ of an Opposition to refer those who want to know why it is that it condemns the Government and hints all sorts of opprobrious epithets at the gentlemen who compose it, to the election speeches of a politician or to its old files. It is precisely because those speeches and those files are so unsatisfactory to the honest and impartial enquirer that the demand for reasons was made. The speeches and articles are very much alike in their leading features; they contain plenty of denunciation of opponents, a constant misrepresentation, personalities more than enough, and a wearisome elaboration of small and unimportant points; but of reasons for condemning the Government, which even an intelligent partisan would pronounce sound there are in the speeches and in the files really none. It is quite evident that both the leader of the Opposition and his organ have depended more upon appeals to prejudice and party animosity than upon the reason and the intelligence of their hearers and readers. Their methods have not been effective in the past, and there is no reason to believe that they will be more successful in the future. The great majority of the people do not like to be treated as they had no judgment. They refuse to think ill of either a man or a government because some one interested in misrepresenting them declares that they are unworthy of confidence and esteem. They want to know what they have done to deserve so bad a character, and if those who speak ill of them cannot support their statements by facts they look upon them as slanderers and defamers. And the conclusion they come to is a just one. The organ of the Opposition and its leader must be prepared to substantiate the statements they make against the Government and the men who compose it by an appeal to facts. They have tried the policy of detraction and disparagement long enough. It has failed and it will fail.

THE ORGAN ALARMED.

The organ of the Opposition is evidently afraid that the organization of a Liberal-Conservative Party in the province will weaken the position of its interests in its business and industry. It believes that in politics names go for a very great deal. It therefore rings the changes upon the words "Tory," "Conservative" and "Liberal." It seems to have a suspicion that in this province the old party names have not as much significance as they have in the East, and that men look to the acts of a government or to a party more than to the name by which it is called. It appears to fear that if men judge the Government by its acts and the Opposition by its character they will not be inclined to support the Opposition candidates at the general election. If therefore tries hard to divert their attention from the acts and the policy of the party in power by shouting "Tory" and "Liberal."

course which Sir John A. Macdonald's Government is now pursuing. It has risked its existence in the effort to preserve a good understanding between men of different races and creeds. It has resisted pressure of the severest kind rather than do that which would kindle the flames of religious discord in every province of the Dominion. We, for our part, cannot understand how, at the present time, any liberal-minded man, no matter what his political creed may have been hitherto, can withhold his admiration from the veteran premier and refrain from resolving to give him his enthusiastic support as long as he continues in the course he has entered upon.

The name of "Tory" did not prevent Liberals like Hartington and Chamberlain from giving their support to Lord Salisbury when, as they considered, the unity of the Empire was in danger; neither should the title "Liberal-Conservative" hinder men who are honestly and truly liberal, whatever party banner they may have fought under heretofore, standing by Sir John Macdonald in the present crisis. If they approve of his act, it is their duty to strengthen his hands. The present is the most important time that can be imagined to raise the cry of faction.

Our contemporary's remarks about the title "Liberal-Conservative" have a decidedly chastising effect. The title is not a new one. The party in power in the Dominion has been known by that name for many years, and any organization formed to support it would necessarily adopt that designation. In no time as if it were something new the Times would lead the public to believe that it had been adopted for a score of years or more. The adoption of the title "Liberal-Conservative," so far from indicating that there is a "schism" in the party in this province, shows that it is in complete accord with the party in power in all parts of the Dominion.

LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

The large number of citizens of all classes and occupations who attended the meeting in the City Hall, Saturday night proves that the inhabitants of Victoria take a deep interest in the Behring's Sea question, and are indignant at the outrages that have been committed on British subjects in its waters. The meeting was quiet and orderly, and the expression of feeling was earnest but not boisterous. The speeches were exceedingly temperate. Considering the provocation that has been given, and the losses which worthy and enterprising citizens have been made most unjustly to suffer, it is surprising that so exciting a subject and one on which all feel so deeply, was so temperately discussed. The speakers showed that the Dominion Government had done all it could do in the matter. It had no right to send armed ships on the high seas. It exercises jurisdiction over the territory waters of Canada. Its power in the presence is confined to statement and remonstrance. It was shown that the Imperial Government was kept advised of all that was done by United States cruisers in Behring's Sea, and that it was urged to come to a speedy understanding with the United States with regard to the extent of jurisdiction over its waters. It was clearly proved at the meeting that there is no ground for war against the Dominion Government of war of seal in this matter, or of being indifferent to the interests of British Columbia sealers. It was admitted that the difficulties in Behring's Sea were beyond the purview of the Provincial Government; yet it was shown that its members could not see the rights of British Columbia outraged and their property unjustly confiscated without making earnest and frequent representations of their grievance.

The impression seemed to be that the Imperial Government has been apathetic with regard to these Behring's Sea outrages, and that it has not extended to British subjects pursuing their lawful avocation under the British flag that protection which they had a right to expect. But indignation as they are, the citizens of Victoria showed great unwillingness to blame the Government of the Mother Country. They evidently hope that when all was known with regard to the matter it would appear that Great Britain's Government has not been indifferent to the rights of the Queen's subjects or careless of the honor of the British flag. The resolutions were carried without a dissenting voice. The press with force and clearness the views held by the citizens of Victoria with regard to the Behring's Sea outrages, and the hopes and desires they entertain respecting the action to be taken by the British Government to protect them in the exercise of their lawful rights.

A WAR ENDED.

The great war in Hungary is over. The "rebels" have won the day. Legitimacy, the President, has been compelled to leave Fort-San-Prince and Hippolyte with his troops entering the city. Legitimacy took refuge in a French gunboat. He was in a sense a protégé of France, but the French failed him in his time of need, and he was left to his own resources. The war appears to have been carried on in a barbarous fashion. Unoffending non-combatants and unarmed persons were killed in cold blood. It does not appear that one side was any better in these respects than the other. The trade of the country has suffered through the disturbances. Under Salomon's peaceful administration the trade of Hungary had increased wonderfully, but as soon as the country became disturbed trade began to languish until at last it had nearly disappeared. It is expected that it will revive under Hippolyte. He is a favorite of the Americans, and it is hoped and expected that he will conduct his Government in a civilized way. While he was in arms against Legitimacy he declared that all he wanted was a peaceful Government, and he will pay so much attention to the popular will now that he is victorious, it is very questionable. However, if he will give the country peace and stem the tide of barbarism that appeared to be setting in strongly, he will do his country good service, no matter how he maintains himself in power. What

THE GREAT STRIKE.

The Dock Companies Still Remain Firm.

Hunger Doing Its Worst Among the Striking Laborers.

London in a State of Nervous Excitement—Belief that a Great Outbreak Will Occur To-Day.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—London is awaiting with breathless anxiety the developments of the great strike to-morrow, when the turning point is expected to be reached. Tremendous pressure has been brought upon the strikers by the offer of a general strike of all the working men, by the leaders of the men now out, to induce them to bring about a general strike of all the working men in London to-morrow. If anything approaching such a

GENERAL STOPPAGE OF WORK

should take place to-morrow and continue for a few days, the danger to the public safety could scarcely be over-estimated. The strikers held another meeting this morning on the finances of the strike, and at its close marched 50,000 strong to the afternoon meeting at Hyde Park. Contributions boxes were carried along the edge of the procession, as on last Sunday, and were liberally treated by the crowds along the line of march. The strikers maintain an undiminished front and profess to be confident of victory, and that soon.

TO CONTINUE THE STRIKE.

Over 2,000 coolies, employed by the London and North Western Railway, joined the strike to-day, and will not go back to work to-morrow. The committee of the strikers had a prolonged meeting last evening, and the result was that the situation was discussed, and they decided to continue the strike. The meeting of the strikers at Hyde Park this evening was a masterly affair. Burns and other of the leaders made speeches, in which they urged the men to stand firm, and assured them that the end was in sight. Resolutions were passed unanimously in favor of continuing until the demands of the men were fully conceded. These were as follows:—

150,000 STRONG.

It is estimated that the great strikers' meeting at Hyde Park this afternoon was attended by 150,000 people, almost all of whom were workmen, and a large share of these strikers. Collections for the strikers' relief fund were taken up at the stands and netted a handsome sum. An American gentleman stepped up to the stand from which Burns spoke and volunteered a large donation.

THE DOCK COMPANIES FIRM.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—A deputation representing eighty of the leading ship owners of London called upon the managers of the dock companies to-day, and urged them to permit the vessel owners to make their own arrangements with the men to load and discharge the ships, pending a settlement of the existing trouble. Charles Morgan, repudiated, chairman of the dock companies, replied to the deputation and told them not to press their request, as it would involve concessions to the strikers against which the companies were bound to resist. The strikers' demands were as follows:—

3,000 TAILORS STRIKE.

The police authorities and Home Secretary Matthews were informed to-day that Labor Agitator Burns had urged the strikers to proceed to the docks and expel the men working in their places. The strike situation is understood to be very serious, and it is expected that the strikers will be able to force their demands upon the dock companies.

SYMPATHY FOR THE STRIKERS.

EDINBURGH, Sept. 2.—The trades union congress at Dundee has adopted resolutions setting forth that the dock laborers now on a strike in London are justified in their course by the arbitrary manner in which their demands were met by the employers, and urging the trades unions throughout the United Kingdom to render the strikers the utmost financial support. Every mention of Burns' name was loudly applauded.

AT THE ALBERT.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—A mob of 800 strikers invaded the Albert docks to-day, and compelled the workmen there to cease their labors.

PREPARING AGAIN AN OUTBREAK.

Hunger has done its worst among the striking dock laborers to-day, and the more savage threats are anything but comforting to the officials charged with the duty of preserving order. The authorities are in hourly expectation of an outbreak, and most careful preparations have been made to meet it. Scottish Yard detectives are consulting among the men, so as to secure the promptest information of the first move in the direction of organized violence. While reserve police are distributed so as to be within call for any point likely to be threatened. Troops have been quietly concentrated at stations near the shipping, where it is expected their services will be first called into requisition, and altogether the strikers will be fully prepared in the event of serious disturbances.

THE STRIKERS REMAINING DEBERATE.

LONDON is in a state of nervous excitement to-night, and little doubt is felt that to-morrow the true battle between the police and the hungry and desperate laborers will be fought on an open field. The strikers are to come to the docks to-night, and act like soldiers in the eve of a battle. For the clubs is almost universal that to-morrow the shock must come, and that the police and soldiers will not be the only ones who will be hurt. The strikers are to be met at the docks, and the strikers are to be met at the docks, and the strikers are to be met at the docks.

Bishop of Londonderry Dead.

DUBLIN, Sept. 1.—The Catholic Bishop of Londonderry died.

When Baby was Sick.

We gave her Castoria.

When she had Colic.

When she became Sick.

When she had Cholera.

When she had Diarrhea.

When she had Worms.

When she had Fever.

When she had Cough.

OUR NANAIMO SPECIAL.

From our own Correspondent.

NANAIMO, Aug. 31.—This evening a blizzardsy rain, aged 60 years, dropped dead in the Britannia Hotel of heart disease. Deceased was an American pensioner, and claimed a few minutes before his death that he had \$7,000 coming from back pensions. He is said to be an old Cariboo miner, and is well known throughout the province. An inquest will probably be held on Monday.

THE CUSTOMS COLLECTIONS FOR AUGUST.

The customs collections for August for the port of Nanaimo amounted to \$5,700.90.

A sailor on the ship America fell down an open hatch this morning and sprained his wrist.

Clear—Ship Glory of the Seas, with 3,400 tons of coal from San Francisco. Arrived—Umatilla from Vancouver. Due—s. Costa Rica.

Steaming Ship Misco passed down Thursday night from Comox to San Francisco with 4,500 tons of coal.

R. J. Watkins and H. McNeil of Seattle on the Oregon Improvement Company, are in the city negotiating for the bonding and purchasing of extensive coal lands near Comox, on Denman and Hornby Islands. They expect to go north the first of next week prospecting.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

NANAIMO, Sept. 2.—Thos. Latham, a miner employed in No. 4 shaft of the Wellington colliery, was slightly injured a few days ago by a fall of coal.

L. T. Elliott died late on Saturday night of blood poisoning. Deceased was a well known and lived in Victoria for many years. He leaves a wife and three daughters. The funeral took place this afternoon and was largely attended.

David Skumie, the negro who dropped dead on Saturday evening, was buried to-day.

George Sage, mourned the death of his infant daughter.

The coal shipments for the month of August were \$3,595 tons.

Shipping—Arrived: Steamship Costa Rica.

CAPITAL NOTES.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.—The executive of the Dominion Rifle Association met to-night to consider the protest from the president of the British Columbia Rifle Association against the British Columbia marksmen now here being considered as a representative team from the province. It was decided that there was nothing in the rules of the association to prevent the men shooting; but if it was true that two were not efficient they will not be competent to compete for Wimbledon. It will be impossible also for them to compete as a provincial team, as the requisite number is not here. Regret is expressed that British Columbia has not sent a provincial team. Over four hundred competitors have entered. Many have arrived, including regulars from Halifax and sailors from Quebec.

The law officers of the Crown report that the Governor-General was right not to interfere with the operation of the Jesuits' Estates Act, and the act is clearly within the competency of the provincial legislature.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

OTTAWA, Sept. 2.—A despatch has been received from the department of Justice detailing the Crown's action in the harbor master of Victoria and Admiral Hester. The feeling among the officials of the department is that the admiral exceeded his jurisdiction.

The first day of the great rifle meeting was highly successful. The weather was glorious and the shooting high. The Governor-General's Foot Guards were the winners of the Goswaki cup. The Royal Grenadiers won the British challenge cup.

An extra of the Canada Gazette gives text of the despatches relative to the opinion of the Attorney-General, the Crown as to the constitutionality of the Jesuits' Estates Act. The publication of the opinion in to-day's papers caused a great sensation.

A representative of the department of agriculture is visiting Pastour's establishment in Paris for the purpose of studying the method of inoculating animals in case of a contagious disease.

The Governor-General leaves here for the Northwest on the 14th inst.

ATTACKED BY A MADMAN.

Capt. Huntington's Perilous Encounter with a Crazy Passenger.

Among the passengers who took passage on the Mexico at San Francisco, last Wednesday, for Seattle, was a well dressed young man who impressed those who saw him as having a rather melancholy cast of countenance. He took passage as a steerage passenger and seemed very reticent, taking no one, and appeared to wish every one to keep aloof from him.

About four hours after the steamer started on her voyage the young man took a violent fit and had to be held down on the floor by his fellow passengers, as he insisted on jumping into the sea through the open port hole. He was finally calmed, and the passengers thought that they would have no more trouble with him. But they were mistaken.

About 4 o'clock that afternoon the captain, happening to be down among the steerage passengers, noticed the young man sitting alone, apparently lost in his own, and to judge by his countenance, rather unpleasant thoughts. He walked up to him, and touching him on the shoulder, asked him: "If anything was the matter."

The touch of the captain's hand seemed to awake a thousand slumbering demons in the breast of the unfortunate young man. His eyes blazed with fury and his whole face quivered with rage. He jumped at the captain and attempted to seize him by the neck, uttering the most fearful imprecations all the time.

The captain was thoroughly startled, but, losing his presence of mind, he pushed the fellow back with his hand. The madman again made a rush for him, and this time he was sent spinning with a blow from the captain's fist.

Jumping up, the man now frothing at the mouth and his eyes ready to start from their sockets, ran a short distance from the cabin, and then, seized his weapon, and uttering a shriek that made those who heard it shudder with fear, he rushed at the captain, who retreated to the side of the vessel and drew his rifle to defend himself. Fortunately it was not necessary to fire, as the madman, for a while, was satisfied with pinning his arms and with the assistance of some others put the madman in irons.

In a short time he regained his senses and told the sailors to take care of his money and ticket, which they did. He soon became quiet, and when he was put in his berth he was well behaved.

The man's name was ascertained to be L. Martin, a fruit grower in Southern Oregon. It is said that he was not long since a prosperous merchant, and that failing in business and losing money he unbalanced his mind.—Seattle Journal.

THE DOCK COMPANIES STILL REMAIN FIRM.

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LONDON, Sept. 1.—London is awaiting with breathless anxiety the developments of the great strike to-morrow, when the turning point is expected to be reached. Tremendous pressure has been brought upon the strikers by the offer of a general strike of all the working men, by the leaders of the men now out, to induce them to bring about a general strike of all the working men in London to-morrow. If anything approaching such a

GENERAL STOPPAGE OF WORK

should take place to-morrow and continue for a few days, the danger to the public safety could scarcely be over-estimated. The strikers held another meeting this morning on the finances of the strike, and at its close marched 50,000 strong to the afternoon meeting at Hyde Park. Contributions boxes were carried along the edge of the procession, as on last Sunday, and were liberally treated by the crowds along the line of march. The strikers maintain an undiminished front and profess to be confident of victory, and that soon.

TO CONTINUE THE STRIKE.

Over 2,000 coolies, employed by the London and North Western Railway, joined the strike to-day, and will not go back to work to-morrow. The committee of the strikers had a prolonged meeting last evening, and the result was that the situation was discussed, and they decided to continue the strike. The meeting of the strikers at Hyde Park this evening was a masterly affair. Burns and other of the leaders made speeches, in which they urged the men to stand firm, and assured them that the end was in sight. Resolutions were passed unanimously in favor of continuing until the demands of the men were fully conceded. These were as follows:—

150,000 STRONG.

It is estimated that the great strikers' meeting at Hyde Park this afternoon was attended by 150,000 people, almost all of whom were workmen, and a large share of these strikers. Collections for the strikers' relief fund were taken up at the stands and netted a handsome sum. An American gentleman stepped up to the stand from which Burns spoke and volunteered a large donation.

THE DOCK COMPANIES FIRM.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—A deputation representing eighty of the leading ship owners of London called upon the managers of the dock companies to-day, and urged them to permit the vessel owners to make their own arrangements with the men to load and discharge the ships, pending a settlement of the existing trouble. Charles Morgan, repudiated, chairman of the dock companies, replied to the deputation and told them not to press their request, as it would involve concessions to the strikers against which the companies were bound to resist. The strikers' demands were as follows:—

3,000 TAILORS STRIKE.

The police authorities and Home Secretary Matthews were informed to-day that Labor Agitator Burns had urged the strikers to proceed to the docks and expel the men working in their places. The strike situation is understood to be very serious, and it is expected that the strikers will be able to force their demands upon the dock companies.

SYMPATHY FOR THE STRIKERS.

EDINBURGH, Sept. 2.—The trades union congress at Dundee has adopted resolutions setting forth that the dock laborers now on a strike in London are justified in their course by the arbitrary manner in which their demands were met by the employers, and urging the trades unions throughout the United Kingdom to render the strikers the utmost financial support. Every mention of Burns' name was loudly applauded.

AT THE ALBERT.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—A mob of 800 strikers invaded the Albert docks to-day, and compelled the workmen there to cease their labors.

PREPARING AGAIN AN OUTBREAK.

Hunger has done its worst among the striking dock laborers to-day, and the more savage threats are anything but comforting to the officials charged with the duty of preserving order. The authorities are in hourly expectation of an outbreak, and most careful preparations have been made to meet it. Scottish Yard detectives are consulting among the men, so as to secure the promptest information of the first move in the direction of organized violence. While reserve police are distributed so as to be within call for any point likely to be threatened. Troops have been quietly concentrated at stations near the shipping, where it is expected their services will be first called into requisition, and altogether the strikers will be fully prepared in the event of serious disturbances.

THE STRIKERS REMAINING DEBERATE.

LONDON is in a state of nervous excitement to-night, and little doubt is felt that to-morrow the true battle between the police and the hungry and desperate laborers will be fought on an open field. The strikers are to come to the docks to-night, and act like soldiers in the eve of a battle. For the clubs is almost universal that to-morrow the shock must come, and that the police and soldiers will not be the only ones who will be hurt. The strikers are to be met at the docks, and the strikers are to be met at the docks.

Bishop of Londonderry Dead.

DUBLIN, Sept. 1.—The Catholic Bishop of Londonderry died.

When Baby was Sick.

We gave her Castoria.

When she had Colic.

When she became Sick.

When she had Cholera.

When she had Diarrhea.

When she had Worms.

When she had Fever.

When she had Cough.

OUR NANAIMO SPECIAL.

From our own Correspondent.

NANAIMO, Aug. 31.—This evening a blizzardsy rain, aged 60 years, dropped dead in the Britannia Hotel of heart disease. Deceased was an American pensioner, and claimed a few minutes before his death that he had \$7,000 coming from back pensions. He is said to be an old Cariboo miner, and is well known throughout the province. An inquest will probably be held on Monday.

THE CUSTOMS COLLECTIONS FOR AUGUST.

The customs collections for August for the port of Nanaimo amounted to \$5,700.90.

A sailor on the ship America fell down an open hatch this morning and sprained his wrist.

Clear—Ship Glory of the Seas, with 3,400 tons of coal from San Francisco. Arrived—Umatilla from Vancouver. Due—s. Costa Rica.

Steaming Ship Misco passed down Thursday night from Comox to San Francisco with 4,500 tons of coal.

R. J. Watkins and H. McNeil of Seattle on the Oregon Improvement Company, are in the city negotiating for the bonding and purchasing of extensive coal lands near Comox, on Denman and Hornby Islands. They expect to go north the first of next week prospecting.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

NANAIMO, Sept. 2.—Thos. Latham, a miner employed in No. 4 shaft of the Wellington colliery, was slightly injured a few days ago by a fall of coal.

L. T. Elliott died late on Saturday night of blood poisoning. Deceased was a well known and lived in Victoria for many years. He leaves a wife and three daughters. The funeral took place this afternoon and was largely attended.

David Skumie, the negro who dropped dead on Saturday evening, was buried to-day.

George Sage, mourned the death of his infant daughter.

The coal shipments for the month of August were \$3,595 tons.

Shipping—Arrived: Steamship Costa Rica.

CAPITAL NOTES.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.—The executive of the Dominion Rifle Association met to-night to consider the protest from the president of the British Columbia Rifle Association against the British Columbia marksmen now here being considered as a representative team from the province. It was decided that there was nothing in the rules of the association to prevent the men shooting; but if it was true that two were not efficient they will not be competent to compete for Wimbledon. It will be impossible also for them to compete as a provincial team, as the requisite number is not here. Regret is expressed that British Columbia has not sent a provincial team. Over four hundred competitors have entered. Many have arrived, including regulars from Halifax and sailors from Quebec.

The law officers of the Crown report that the Governor-General was right not to interfere with the operation of the Jesuits' Estates Act, and the act is clearly within the competency of the provincial legislature.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

OTTAWA, Sept. 2.—A despatch has been received from the department of Justice detailing the Crown's action in the harbor master of Victoria and Admiral Hester. The feeling among the officials of the department is that the admiral exceeded his jurisdiction.

The first day of the great rifle meeting was highly successful. The weather was glorious and the shooting high. The Governor-General's Foot Guards were the winners of the Goswaki cup. The Royal Grenadiers won the British challenge cup.

An extra of the Canada Gazette gives text of the despatches relative to the opinion of the Attorney-General, the Crown as to the constitutionality of the Jesuits' Estates Act. The publication of the opinion in to-day's papers caused a great sensation.

A representative of the department of agriculture is visiting Pastour's establishment in Paris for the purpose of studying the method of inoculating animals in case of a contagious disease.

The Governor-General leaves here for the Northwest on the 14th inst.

ATTACKED BY A MADMAN.

Capt. Huntington's Perilous Encounter with a Crazy Passenger.

Among the passengers who took passage on the Mexico at San Francisco, last Wednesday, for Seattle, was a well dressed young man who impressed those who saw him as having a rather melancholy cast of countenance. He took passage as a steerage passenger and seemed very reticent, taking no one, and appeared to wish every one to keep aloof from him.

About four hours after the steamer started on her voyage the young man took a violent fit and had to be held down on the floor by his fellow passengers, as he insisted on jumping into the sea through the open port hole. He was finally calmed, and the passengers thought that they would have no more trouble with him. But they were mistaken.

About 4 o'clock that afternoon the captain, happening to be down among the steerage passengers, noticed the young man sitting alone, apparently lost in his own, and to judge by his countenance, rather unpleasant thoughts. He walked up to him, and touching him on the shoulder, asked him: "If anything was the matter."

The touch of the captain's hand seemed to awake a thousand slumbering demons in the breast of the unfortunate young man. His eyes blazed with fury and his whole face quivered with rage. He jumped at the captain and attempted to seize him by the neck, uttering the most fearful imprecations all the time.

The captain was thoroughly startled, but, losing his presence of mind, he pushed the fellow back with his hand. The madman again made a rush for him, and this time he was sent spinning with a blow from the captain's fist.

Jumping up, the man now frothing at the mouth and his eyes ready to start from their sockets, ran a short distance from the cabin, and then, seized his weapon, and uttering a shriek that made those who heard it shudder with fear, he rushed at the captain, who retreated to the side of the vessel and drew his rifle

