

The Standard,  
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY  
A. W. Smith.  
At his Office, Water-Street, Saint Andrews, N. B.  
TERMS  
12s 6d per annum—*if paid in advance.*  
15s, if not paid until the end of the year.  
No paper discontinued until arrears are paid.  
ADVERTISEMENTS  
Inserted according to written orders, or continuing till forbid, if no written directions.  
First insertion of 12 lines and under 3s  
Each repetition of Ditto 1s  
First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line  
Each repetition of Ditto 1d per line  
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on

# The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E. variis sumendum est optimum.—Cic.

No 46] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1851. [Vol. 13

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPER  
Subscribers who do not give explicit notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscriptions.  
If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrears are paid.  
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If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

## EXTRAORDINARY FORTITUDE.

The loss of the *Magpie*, in 1828, was distinguished by circumstances of remarkable horror, and by a panic which never disastrous in its consequences, could only be expected. The *Magpie* was a small schooner, under the command of Lieutenant Edward Smith, and was sunk by a sudden hurricane in the West Indies, in spite of every precaution to prepare for it.

At the moment of the vessel going down, a gunner's mate of the name of Meldrum struck out and succeeded in reaching a pair of oars that were floating in the water—to these he clung; and having divested himself of a part of his clothing, he awaited in dreadful anxiety the fate of his companions.

Not a sound met his ear; in vain the anxious gaze endeavoured to pierce his gloom, for the darkness was too intense. Minutes appeared like hours; and still the awful silence remained unbroken; he felt, and he thought was agony that out of the 24 human beings, who had so lately trod the deck of the schooner, he alone was left. This terrible suspense became almost beyond the power of endurance; and he already began to envy the fate of his companions, when he heard a voice at no great distance inquiring if there was anyone near. He answered in the affirmative; and pushing out in the direction from whence the sound proceeded, he reached a boat to which seven persons were clinging, amongst whom was Lieut. Smith, the commander of the schooner.

So far this was a subject of congratulation; he was no longer alone; but yet the chances of his ultimate preservation were as distant as ever.

The boat, which had been placed on the beams of the schooner, had fortunately escaped clear of the sinking vessel, and if the men had waited patiently, was large enough to have saved them all; but the suddenness of the calamity had deprived them of both thought and prudence. Several of the men had attempted to climb on one side; and the consequence was, the boat heeled over, became half filled with water, and then turned keel upmost and when Meldrum reached her, he found some stretched across the keel, and others hanging on by the sides. Matters could not last long in this way; and Mr. Smith seeing that the impossibility of any of the party being saved if they continued in their present position, endeavoured to bring them to reason by pointing out the absurdity of their conduct. To the honor of the men, they listened with the same respect to their commander as if they had been on board the schooner; those on the keel immediately relinquished their hold, and succeeded with the assistance of their comrades in righting the boat. Two of their number got into her, and commenced bailing with their hats, whilst the others remained in the water, supporting themselves by the gunwale.

Order being restored, their spirits began to revive, and they entertained hopes of escaping from their present peril; but this was of short duration; and the sufferings which they had as yet endured were nothing in comparison with what they had now to undergo.

The two men had scarcely commenced bailing when the cry was heard of "a shark! a shark!" No words can describe the consternation which ensued; it is well known the horror sailors have of these voracious animals, who seem apprized by instinct when their prey is at hand. All orders were at an end, the boat again capsized and the men were left struggling in the water. The general safety was neglected, and it was every man for himself; no sooner had one got hold of the boat than he was pushed away by another, and in his fruitless contest more than one life was nearly sacrificed.

Even in this terrible hour their commander remained cool and collected; his voice was raised in words of encouragement, and as the dreaded enemy did not make its appearance he again succeeded in persuading them to renew their efforts to clear the boat. The night had passed away—it was about ten o'clock on the morning of the 28th the bailing had progressed without interruption; a little more exertion and the boat would have been cleared, when again was heard the cry of "The sharks! the sharks!" But this was no false alarm; the boat a second time capsized, and the unhappy men were literally cast amongst a shoal of these terrible monsters.

The men for a few minutes remained uninjured, but not untouched; for the sharks actually rubbed against their victims, and to use the exact words of one of the survivors, "frequently passed over the boat and between us whilst resting on the gunwale." This, however, did not last long; a shriek soon told the fate of one of the men; a shark had seized him by the leg, dyeing the water with his blood; another shriek followed, and another man disappeared.

But these facts are almost too horrible to dwell upon; with the deepest distress; and although aware that, in all probability, he must soon share the same fate, he never for a moment appeared to think of himself. There

were but six men left; and these he endeavoured to sustain by his example, cheering them on to further exertions. They had once more recommended their labours to clear out the boat, when one of his legs was seized by a shark. Even whilst suffering the most horrible torture, he restrained the expression of his feelings, for fear of increasing the alarm of his men; but the powers of his endurance were doomed to be tried to the utmost; another limb was scrunched from his body; and uttering a deep groan, he was about to let go his hold when he was seized by two of his men, and placed in the stern-sheets.

Yet when his whole frame was convulsed with agony, the energies of his mind remained as strong as ever; his own pain was disregarded, he thought only of the preservation of his crew. Calling to his side a lad of the name of Wilson, who appeared to be the strongest of the remaining few, he exhorted him, in the event of his surviving, to inform the admiral that he was going to Cape Ontario in search of the pirate when the unfortunate accident occurred. "Tell him," he continued, "that my men have done their duty, and that no blame is attached to them. I have but one favour to ask, and that is that he will promote Meldrum to be a gunner." He then shook each man by the hand and bade them farewell. By degrees his strength began to fail, and at last became so exhausted that he was unable to speak. He remained in this state until the sunset, when another panic seized the men, from a reappearance of the sharks; the boat gave a lurch, and the gallant commander found an end to his sufferings in a watery grave.—*Grilly's Shipwreck of the Royal Navy.*

Daily Mail from Quebec to Montserrat.—We learn from Le Canadien, that the Post Office department of Canada is about to establish a mail six times a week from Quebec to Montserrat, instead of three times a week, as at present. Tenders for this service, are to be received until the 13th December, in two portions—the first from Quebec to River-du-Loop, (where the post to New Brunswick branches off,) and the second portion from River-du-Loop to Montserrat.

The Railroad line from Quebec to Montserrat (200 miles) follows the line of the post-road very nearly; and the establishment of a daily mail on this route shows clearly the extent of business and the importance of this portion of Lower Canada.

Mr. Paxton, Mr. Fox, and Mr. Corbett, have been knighted by the Queen, and the Royal Commissioners have granted Mr. Paxton, £5,000 for designing the Crystal Palace.

Kossuth had arrived at Southampton, and was most enthusiastically received,—addresses, speeches, &c., were made in great abundance.

Louis Napoleon had formed a new Cabinet, said to be quite as good as his predecessors.

The news from the Cape of Good Hope is very gloomy. The Kaffirs had been victorious in several engagements.

Accounts from Vienna state that the Austrian Minister in London had received instructions to break off all diplomatic intercourse with the Court of St. James, if the British Secretary should grant Kossuth an audience.

Cure for Hydrophobia.—Mr. James Hubbard, of Boone County, Illinois, in a letter to the St. Louis Republican, says:—"Eighteen years ago, my brother and myself were bitten by a mad dog. A sheep was also bitten at the same time. Among the many cures offered for the little boys (we were ten or twelve years of age,) a friend suggested the following, which he said would cure the bite of a rattle-snake:—

Take the root of common upland Ash, generally called Black Ash; peel off the bark, and boil it in a strong decoction; of this drink freely. Whilst my father was preparing the above, the sheep spoken of began to be afflicted with hydrophobia. When it had become so fatigued from its distracted state as to be no longer able to stand, my father drenched it with a pint of the ash root decoction, hoping to ascertain whether he could depend upon it as a cure for his sons. Four hours after the drench had been given, and the astonishment of all, the animal got up and went quietly with the flock to grazing. My brother and myself continued to take the medicine for eight or ten days—one kill three times a day. No effects of the dreadful poison were ever discovered on either of us.—It has been used successfully in snake bites to my knowledge.

The new editor of the Boston Pathfinder, Mr. A. E. Newton, throws rather a heavy brick at the New Yorkers; see if he doesn't. The New Yorkers are in a bad way.—They erect costly churches, which poor people cannot afford to enter, and thus obstruct the way to Heaven, by their love of show; and we learn that they are removing the obstructions at 'Hell Gate' at public expense! This latter passage was spoken of, several hundred years ago, as being 'wide,' but it seems to have been found insufficient to accommodate the increasing travel from Gotham.

## POETRY

SPEAK BOLDLY! By William O. Bourne.

Speak boldly, Prometheus! while to-day  
The strife is rising fierce and high,  
Gird on the armour while ye may  
In holy deeds to win or die!

The age is Tragic's whole battle-field,  
The Day is struggling with the Night,  
For Freedom hath again revealed  
A Marathon of holy right.

Speak boldly, Hero! while the foe  
Treads onward with his iron heel;  
Strike steady with a giant blow,  
And dash aloft the polished steel;

Be true, O Hero! to thy trust!  
Man and thy God doth look to thee!  
Be true or smite away to dust—  
Be true, or hence to darkness flee.

Speak boldly, Prophet! Let the fire  
Of Heaven come down on altars curst,  
Where Baal priests and seers conspire  
To pay their bloody homage first;

Be true, O Prophet! Let thy tongue  
Speak fearless, for the words are thine—  
Words that by morning stars were sung,  
And angels hymned in strains divine.

Speak boldly, Poet! Let thy pen  
Be nerved with fire that may not die;  
Speak for the rights of bleeding man,  
Who look to Heaven with tearful eye.

Be true, O Poet! Let thy name  
Be honoured where the weak have trode,  
And in the summit of thy fame,  
Be true to Man! Be true to God!

Speak boldly, Brothers! Wake and come!  
The Anankim are pressing on;  
In Freedom's strife be never dumb!  
Gird flashing blade tis all is won!

Be true, O Brothers! Truth is strong!  
The foe shall sink beneath the sod—  
White love and bliss shall thrill the song  
That Truth to Man is Truth to God.

IRREVERSIBILITY OF SICKNESS.—Those who are blessed with health can never know, till they in their turn are called upon to suffer, what heroic strength of spirit lies hidden under the mask of silent, uncomplaining suffering; how strange the temptations are to be unreasonable, petulant, or repining—how difficult it is to be grateful, and still more to be amiable, when this irritation of every nerve, renders the most skillful attendance irksome, and the dearest presence importunate—when the diseased frame loathes the sunshine of a smile, and dreads the tear and the cloud, where all is pain, weariness, and bitterness. O! let the healthy lay these things ever to heart, and while they scrupulously perform their duty, and while they reverence and almost adore the fortunate but patient of the gentle and resigned, let them have a pity upon many a poor and querulous sufferer—upon their side let the sick not forget that the reverence, adoration, and love thus excited, are as the elixir of life to their often wearied and over-taxed nurses—quicken them to exertion by the sweetest influence, instead of exhausting them with the struggle to perform an ungrateful duty.—[Mrs. Marsh in "Angles."

HINTS TO FARMERS' BOYS.—There is one thing I would like to impress upon the minds of the farmer in this country. To all you that have boys that can write, get each one a memorandum book, a few sheets of paper will do, if nothing better can be had, and in that have each one keep an account of every day's work in the year, the kind of work employed in, and the day of the month and date of the year. If in sowing, mention the kind of grain, and the amount of seed per acre, the time of planting and of reaping. In fact I should have them note all the passing events of the farm; and as they grow older they will find more of importance to note.—Six cents will buy a book that will last one year, in commencing with. My word for it, if the farmer will adopt this course, their sons will be much better farmers than their fathers. It may seem like dry business to commence with the first of January, but as the Spring opens, the green grass appears, and bright prospects are in our paths, and the tasks will be more pleasing every day until the close of the year. Who would not give twice what the paper and ink cost, could they obtain a memorandum book written by a grandfather a hundred years ago? Try it, farmers, young and old; keep a journal of every day, and you will become a race of scientific book farmers, not to be imposed upon.—George Washington, one of the best farmers of America, kept a journal of the farm. Much might be written to prove the benefit of such a course, if adopted; but I leave it for the present, hoping some more capable will write upon the subject hereafter.

## THE STANDARD.

THE GREAT RAILROAD!—In the *Observer* of the 11th inst., we notice a very plain and common sense letter to the Editor, on the propriety of the people of New Brunswick, choosing the shortest and most beneficial line to Quebec. It is evident the writer labors under the impression, that the Legislature of Nova Scotia will adopt Mr. Howe's first scheme of making the North Shore Railway, which he very justly says, would never be wanted, and merely for the purpose of bringing the trade of Canada to Halifax. We may be mistaken, but it appears to us that Mr. Howe would be as well satisfied to have the central New Brunswick line, which beyond contradiction is not only the shortest but best route, and will open up a fertile tract of country, already sudded with thriving settlements, and abounding in wood and minerals, and possessing numerous other advantages, superior to any the North Pole line can produce. We have not the least doubt as to how the Legislature of this Province will view the subject. The truth is, a million of perhaps more will be voted for the construction of a line to Quebec, but the details as to the line will be arranged afterwards, and no person in his senses will think of taking the Shore route, when one can be had a hundred miles shorter, and through flourishing towns and villages. The writer justly observes: "It is not Halifax the Canadians want, but the nearest port on the Atlantic, and in the summer season the steamers and barges could come down all the way from the Lakes to Grosse Island, 100 miles below Quebec, and put their produce on the soil there, when it could be carried to either St. John or St. Andrews, and American or West India goods taken back, and this by a road not over 200 miles long." The following are the concluding remarks of the writer, who styles himself "A true New Brunsvicker":—

I do not see why we should not get the money at 34 per cent, for this road as well as the North Shore road. I don't suppose Mr. Howe holds the purse-strings and has the bag at his sole disposal; and this road would connect the Colonies and make a military road from Halifax to Quebec, shorter and better in every respect than the other.

The Province has already invested money and given charters to the Saint Andrews and Quebec road and the European and North American.

Just look at it; the two together will make precisely our portion of the Halifax and Quebec road, and it would be much the best and cheapest plan for us to give a little more to those roads so as to continue the road from Woodstock to Quebec, and also advance in the same proportion to build a cheap branch line from the Bend to Miramichi, than to lose what has been invested in the St. Andrews road and break faith with the Stockholders, and then to turn to and build the European road and the North Shore road, thus making three roads, to please Mr. Howe and build up Halifax, when one road is all we want.

HALIFAX AND WINDSOR RAILROAD.—We understand that C. R. Fairbanks, Esq., Civil Engineer, has been most fortunate in the choice of a railway line to Windsor. His purpose is to branch Westward from the main trunk line at a distance of 25 miles from Halifax from the point to Windsor. The distance by the routes surveyed this season will be about thirty-eight miles,—the summit heights are 350 and 299 feet above medium high tides in Halifax harbor. The grades are all good, none to exceed 40 feet per mile, and may be as low as thirty feet per mile.—All the land on the branch is granted; there are no extensive hedges, cuttings or embankments, and the estimate per mile is £5,000 currency.—It is proposed to run light trains at a speed of thirty miles per hour. The minerals along the line are slate, rock, plaster, freestone, limestone, and salt.—In every point of view the new route is best adapted for the wants of the country through which it passes, and in fact is all that can be desired or required.—[Halifax Church Times.

Affection of the Whale for its Young.—I have heard of one of these whales with a cub, when driven into shoal water, being seen to swim around its young, and sometimes to embrace it with her fins, and roll over and over with it in the waves, evincing the tenderest maternal solicitude. Then, as if aware of the impending peril of her inexperienced offspring, as the boat neared her, she would run round her calf in decreasing circles, and try to decoy it seaward, showing the utmost uneasiness and anxiety.—Reckoning well that the calf struck, the dam

would never desert it, the only care of the harpooner was to get near enough to bury his tremendous weapon deep in its ribs, which was to sooner done than the poor animal darted away with its anxious dam, taking out an hundred fathoms of line.—It was but a little time, however, before being checked, and the barb lacerating its vitals, it turned on its back, and displaying its white belly on the surface of the water, it floated a motionless corpse. The huge dam, with an affecting maternal instinct more powerful than reason, never quitted the body, till a cruel harpooner entered her own sides, then, with a single tap of her tail, she cut in two one of the boats, and took to flight; but returned soon, exhausted with loss of blood, to die by her calf, evidently, in her last moments, more occupied with the preservation of her young than herself.—*The Whalman's Adventure in the Southern Ocean.*

DISPOSITION OF CATTLE TO FATTEN.—Many people act on the supposition that all cattle are alike in their disposition to fatten; no greater mistake can be committed, since half the feed will bring forward one animal, required to produce another, and the economy of fattening cattle depends in no small degree in selecting the right animals. Mr. Stephens gives some rules for selecting animals disposed to early maturity. He says: "The most prominent indication of this disposition is a loose, thick, mellow skin, as if floating upon a stratum of fat below; and such a skin is invariably covered with long, soft, mossy feeling hair, bearing a decided color. A firmness of texture over the whole body is essential to a disposition to fatten; no fat encumbers the bones of the legs and of the head. All the extremities, the limbs, head, and tail are small, fine, and tapering from the body. The eye is prominently set in the head and with a placid expression. The forehead is broad. The ears are sensible to every new sound. The muzzle is sharp, the nostrils distended, and the jaws distinct and clean. The muscles broad and flat. The blood-vessels large and full. The chest is broad, and the tail flat at the top, and broad and tapering to the tuft of hair. The line of the back is straight and level, and the ribs round. A back, high above the level, is narrow, and is accompanied with flat ribs and a long narrow face, which are both indications of a want of disposition to fatten. When the back is below the level, the fat and flesh are mostly upon the lower part of the carcass and the hollow increases in the interior. The flanks and cod are then thick and fat. In such a configuration the fore quarters are larger than the hind. Such an animal evinces a disposition to fatten, but lays on coarse pieces. When the curved lines abound over the body and play into one another, giving a brilliancy to the surface, while the sweeping lines of the contour, with the tapering fineness of the extremities, the pleasing countenance, and the joyous spirit, a symmetry, a state of health, and disposition to improve are conjoined, they afford the highest satisfaction and profit to the breeder.

A ship with 300 Chinamen arrived lately at Callao, where they were sold out for three years, at an average of \$407 a piece.—At the end of that time they have their freedom, three years' service being the consideration for their passage. Chinese domestics are much sought after at Callao.

Singular Circumstance.—A reliable friend detailed recently to the editor of the Memphis Enquirer the following singular and interesting occurrence:—

Since the commencement of the term of the Circuit Court for our county, it became necessary for Merriweather, brother of the gentleman some time since murdered in our county, to attend as prosecutor of Peterson, the perpetrator of the horrible crime. It so happened that he rode the horse that his deceased brother was riding on the day of his murder by Peterson. He was in the company of some friends, and travelled the same road.—The horse is a very fine spirited bay, docile in temper, and with an intelligent eye. When they approached near the scene of the murder, the horse manifested evident signs of a large and restlessness. Observing the singular conduct of the horse, Merriweather determined to give him the rein, and watch his movements. As he approached near the spot of the murder, he elevated his head and tail, and appeared to be watchful, and frequently uttered that snort so peculiar to spirited horses when apprehensive of danger. The noble animal finally smelt the ground and trailed the course which the body of his former master had been conveyed by his murderer. He finally reached the spot, smelt the ground, and pawed and snorted. He then took a circle in the woods at a moderate trot, returned to the place where the body was found, and repeated the same ceremony. And when truly set up it was with great reluctance that he was forced to leave the place.—It is his instinct, reason, or what is it?

The man who had to lower his shirt-collar, to pass under Wheeling bridge, arrived in Cincinnati last week. He was laboring under a slight attack of the colicky morbus.

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away from Halifax the plans suggested, that with a little more will be extended on, from whence a vessel through British opposite Detroit, at set with a line pro to Chicago, and main to the Head at Galena, a com British Province, and through Brit for 1700.

IOS. RUDEY, P. C. JOSEPH HOWE. 1851.

The opening lec delivered on Monday p.m. JACOB D. D. lege, Prediction - "An Initial Inquiry local principles and necessary to the Hap of Human Nature."

Testing match between Epiphany, and the Sand which was appointed for the place of the year a strong N.W. wind a two preceding days.

an arrival at Boston, let as late as Oct. 23d, imperio, had at last, in demands of the Foreign sign a treaty of peace signants, and that one be given of the re-com.

ILWAY COMPANY - We at this work is now ge the Company has been hosen and arrangements completed early in the be Company has in view and goods, between the w falls. Two tracks overful engine as placed station motion both ways.

William Campbell, a red very suddenly on a 29th Oct, and has not he was last seen in Cald ten o'clock in the eveance of him can be dicatates have made most di without gaining any inally supposed that he tharves into the River or drowned. - [b

AGES. he Rev. Wm. Temple, v. Printer, to MARY MA of Mr. James B. Berry,

to be due for a libral f. We wish our young s.]

T. ANDREWS ARRIVED - Lucia, Meloney, Boston cargo, at St. Stephen. Corn, Wier, Belfast, U. ballast, as of Zealand, Watson, - W. Todd, ballast, avia, Westport, Blarney, avia, do do do, avia, do do do.

NO. 1 CANADA FLOUR. Ex Schooner "Topah" from New York. 80 BLS. Superior CANADA FLOUR. On Hand - A good assortment of BOOTS, Shoes, and Rubbers. W. WHITLOCK, St. Andrews, Nov. 19, 1851.

NEW-BRUNSWICK CLOTHING STORE. (Sole of the Golden Lamb), Water-Street, St. John.

RECEIVED per "Highland Mary" from London "John S. De Wolf," "Beadies," and "Thames" from Liverpool, "Henry Holland" from Glasgow, "Mary Turcan" from New York, and "Crested" from Boston - 117 Packages, containing: BEAVERS, Plots, Whitney and Canada Cloths, in all shades and every quality.

REAR and LAMB FUR COATS. BEAVERS, Cash, and Wolf Sleigh ROBES, warranted best description, without seams, and seasonable furs.

Molasses, Sugar, FLOUR, &c. 50 Hbls. prime retailing Molasses, 10 Hbls. Muscovado Sugar, 100 Hbls. Extra No. 1 Canada Flour, 10 do. do. Rye Flour, 10 Bags Coffee, &c. &c. Which will be sold low. Nov. 3, 1851. J. W. STREET.

St. Stephen ACADEMY. MILLTOWN, N. B.

THIS Institution will be opened about the FIFTEENTH of NOVEMBER next, under the direction of Mr. ISAIAH BOLE, A. M. Principal, a popular and experienced teacher, who has the reputation of being one of the best classical scholars in New England.

NOTICE. THE Annual FAIR of the ST. CROIX AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will hold at St. Stephen, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of Saturday the 20th day of November next.

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NOVEMBER, 1851. FALL AND WINTER GOODS. ODELL & TURNER, Importers of British and Foreign Goods, Water Street, St. Andrews.

Have just received from the Manufactories, per ship "Speed," a part of their Fall and Winter supply of British Merchandise: - consisting of: SQUARE and LONG SHAWLS, new st les best quality, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SHIRTING and long CLOTHS, BONNET RIBBONS, latest fashion; & HOSIERY and GLOVES.

Superfine Wool dyed BROAD CLOTHS, Black, Blue and Brown-Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Doeskins of every new design, Geatian, Tweeds and Union Cloakings, A very extensive stock of seasonable DRESS GOODS.

Public Notice. I HEREBY CAUTION all persons from either purchasing or negotiating five certain Notes of Hand, drawn by me and made payable to one Joseph P. Hay, as follows: - one made payable for Twenty-five Pounds, in November 1851; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1852; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1853; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1854; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November 1855; said notes are given to and signed Joseph P. Hay for a certain House and piece of Land, wherein the said Joseph P. Hay has no title whatever; therefore there has been no value received for said notes, and I will not pay them.

FRUIT TREES. THE NURSERY and ORCHARD of the Subscriber, consisting of nearly Forty Thousand Trees, are now offered for the inspection of the Public and for sale. Persons planting these Trees may be assured of success, as every possible precaution has been used in the selection of varieties; all that have not proved hardy, have been at once discarded, and those which have not yet fruited here have been propagated with the advice of the most distinguished cultivators of New England and Canada.

IRON and STEEL. Just received per Norway from Liverpool, 365 BARS and 74 Bundles IRON, 3 Cases and 2 Bundles STEEL, Crow Bars, Iron Pots, Bakepans and Tea Kettles, &c. at as low prices as can be purchased in the Province. May 28, 1851. ODELL & TURNER.

WHISKY. Per "Sophia," from Greenock. 1 Panchon best MALT WHISKY. Oct. 11, 1851. J. W. STREET.

Earthenware. Just received per the Olive, from Liverpool via St. John. 11 Crates well assorted Earthenware. Oct. 11, 1851. J. W. STREET.

HOUSE LAND FOR SALE. THE Subscriber offers for sale, his Property on St. Andrews Island, consisting of 16 Acres of excellent LAND, under cultivation, which cuts from 3 to 4 tons of Hay, annually. On the premises are the Frame of a new Dwelling, also, an old House. For terms, &c. apply to JAMES MELONEY, October 15, 1851.

JUST RECEIVED. Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low, by JOS. WALTON.

JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF CHERRY AND LUNGWORT, FOR THE CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma, Liver Complaints, and CONSUMPTION.

Can be had and has been cured in thousands of cases by this only certain remedy. JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF CHERRY AND LUNGWORT, and no remedy has ever before been discovered that will certainly CURE CONSUMPTION.

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION. Its operation is mild, yet efficacious; it loosens the phlegm which creates so much difficulty, relieves the cough, and assists nature to expel from the system all diseased matter by expiration, producing a most delightful change in the breathing and chest, and this, after the prescriptions of the very best medical men and the inventions of kind-sorrowing friends and Nurses, has failed to give the smallest relief to the Consumptive sufferer.

THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIVE persons have been deceived in buying medicines which were said to be infallible cures, but which have proved only palliatives, but a cure for ulcerated lungs. It contains no deleterious Drugs and one trial will prove its astonishing efficacy better than any assertions or certificates of curing consumption and all diseases of the Lungs, such as Spitting of Blood, Coughs, pain in the side and chest, Night sweats, &c. &c.

CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENT. For the cure of Founder, Spilt Hoof, Hoof bound Horses, and contracted and Feverish Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the flesh, Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scalds, Cuts, Kicks, &c. on horses.

CARLTON'S RING BONE CURE. For the cure of Ring Bone, Blood Spavin, Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Spint - a certain remedy.

CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS FOR HORSES AND CATTLE. The changes of weather and season, with the change of use and feed, have a very great effect upon the blood and sinuous fluids of horses. It is at those changes they require an assistant to nature to throw off any disorder of the fluids of the body that may have been imbibed, and which, if not attended to, will result in the Yellow Water, Heaves, Worms, Bots, &c. All of which will be prevented by giving one of these powders, and will at any time cure when any symptoms of disease appear, if used in time. They purify the blood, remove all inflammation and fever, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and invigorate the whole body, enabling them to do more work with the same feed. The action of these powders is direct upon all the secretory glands, and therefore have the same effect upon the Horse, the Ox, the Ass, and all Herbivorous animals - all diseases arising from or producing a bad state of the blood, are speedily cured by them. Remember to ask for CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS, and take no others.

CARLTON'S NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT FOR HORSES, and for the cure of all diseases of man or beast that require external application, and for contracted tendons and muscles, strength weak limbs, and is also used for sprains, bruises, swollen joints, swollen legs, sores of all kinds on horses.

Wanted. At this Office, TWO BOYS from 12 to 16 years of age, to learn the Printing business.

CAUTION. None can be genuine unless you find the name of J. Carlton on the wrapper of each article.

COMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. This is the most extraordinary remedy for Worms ever used; it effectually eradicates Worms from both adults and children. It cannot harm the most delicate infant or strongest adult, and never fails to completely root out and destroy all kinds of Worms. The cost, 25 cts. per bottle, put it within the reach of all, and all parents who are without it are wantonly exposing the lives of their children to those full destroyers of youth, "Worms." Look for the name of Comstock & Brother, proprietors, on the wrapper of each bottle.

TOOTHACHE. Dr. KISS'S Ointment, for the cure of the Teeth-ache. It is with confidence that we can recommend it as an infallible cure in all cases, without any injury to the teeth or gums. Price 25 cts. CALLIGON LINIMENT FOR THE EYES, &c. It is now used in the principal hospitals, and in the private practice, in our country by an immense number of individuals and families, first and most certainly for the cure of the PILES, and also extensively and effectually as to both credibility unless where its effects are witnessed. Externally used in the following complaints: - For Dropsy, - Swelling of the face, neck, and limbs, - Rheumatism, - Arteries or Chronic, giving immediate ease. - Sore Throat, - Hoarseness, Ulcers, or Colds, - Croup and Whooping Cough, - Externally and over the chest. - All Diseases of the Eyes, and Burns, Curing in a few hours. - Sore and Ulcers. - Whether the result of long standing, and feverishness.

WATCHES, Jewelry, &c. The Subscriber has just received an assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, CUTLERY and FANCY ARTICLES, which will be sold at low prices. - Gold and silver Patent Lever Watches, and Vertical Watches, Gold, Silver, Steel Watch Chains, Gold, Silver, Plated and common Watch Keys, Gold, Plated and steel set Watch Rings, Ladies fine Gold Stone set and Silver Brouches, Plated and Black Brouches, Ladies and Gents, fine Gold Finger Rings, in a variety of settings, Gents, Gold Brouches and Pins, Gold and Plated shirt Studs, Gold and Plated Ear-rings, Gold, Silver, and German silver, Pencil Cases, Ladies' Combs, in silver and common fittings; Silver mounted and Plain Scent Bottles, Flower Vases, Fancy Glass Paper Weights, Ladies Paper Macine Desks, Card Cases, Portfolios, Netting Boxes, and Ink stands; Cigar Cases, Gents' Dressing Cases, Thermometers, Spectacles, Business Knives, Razors, Razor Strops, Combs, Scissors, Stuffers and Trays, Cardinals, Silver Pens, Key Rings, Tea Balls, Sets, Fine Iron, and Tea Trays and Watters, Old Brown Windsor and FANCY Toilet Soaps, Lubin and Vine's PERFUMERY, Hair Oil, Silk and Leather Purses, Purse Monies, &c. &c. with a variety of other articles. Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, &c. Repaired and Cleaned - Quadrants, Compasses, and Log Glasses, adjusted. Musical Boxes and Accordions repaired and cleaned; Wedding Rings of hand and made to order. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. GEORGE STICNEY, Aug. 5, 1851.

Grocery & Provision Store. JOHN B. BALSON, Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and vicinity, that he has opened the store next Pleasant's Hotel, where he has received a fresh supply of Groceries and Provisions, suitable for this market, - consisting of: SUPERFINE FLOUR, in bags and Barrels; Fancy Biscuit, Meal, Tea, Coffee, Brown and crushed Sugar, Molasses, Mould and Dip Candles, Brown and Fancy Soap, Fine and coarse Salt, BARLEY, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Salsaparilla, Nutmegs, Lemon Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Lemon Syrup, CONFECTONERY, Dates, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, Starch, Butter, fine Blacking, Baking and Washing Soda, Boots and Shoes, Pails, Brooms, &c. Which, together with a great variety of other articles, will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. ALSO, in Store, Coils of CORDAGE, a lot of Grind Stones, &c. &c. St. Andrews, June 17, 1851.

BLANKS For Sale at this Office.

# SHERIFFS SALES

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 15th FEBRUARY, 1851, at 12 o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE, in St. Andrews.

All that Lot of land situated in the Parish of St. Stephen's, conveyed by John Dunn to the said Wm. Porter, by deed dated 13th Jan. 1827, beginning at the Eastern corner of the lot upon which Aaron Upton resides, 49 feet from the corner of the street, making the angle of the road leading from the Public Landing to the country Northwards, and the road leading down the river towards the Ledge, thence running the extent of the side line of garden lot No 5, thence across the rear of lots No 5 and 6, thence on the back line to said Aaron Upton's lower line, thence on the line between the lot formerly owned by James Nicholson and the said Aaron Upton, to the first named boundary, containing about one Acre and a quarter.

All that Lot of Land in the same Parish, conveyed by Mary Nicholson to the said William Porter, by deed dated 13th September 1833, bounded South by the main street leading through St. Stephen towards Oskott, West by a lot owned and occupied by Aaron Upton, North by a lot belonging to the estate of the late Peter Christie, and East six feet from the house in which the said Mary Nicholson then resided, by the said lot purchased from John Dunn, containing one quarter of an acre.

All of those two lots of land in the same Parish, known as Lots No. 12 and 18 of the tract formerly belonging to Robert Pagan Esq., the said lot No 12 fronting on the Ledge Road, and being 160 feet in width on the road, and 177 feet in rear, and 165 feet in length, the said lot No 18, fronting on a road 3 rods wide, laid off in rear of lot No 12, and extending back 165 feet to the line of N. Marks' land.

The Eastern half and front of a lot of land in the same Parish, in part occupied by Jas. T. Bixby.

All of that lot or parcel of land at the Ledge, so called, in St. Stephen, formerly owned by the late Joseph Porter, and purchased by him from Michael Young.

All of that lot of land at the Ledge, aforesaid, conveyed by Michael Young to the said Wm. Porter, by deed dated 3d of August, 1835, commencing at a road leading from the main road to Young's Point, and running at right angles with said road 120 feet, thence parallel with said road 160 feet, thence parallel with said wharf, to low water mark, thence past the end of said wharf up stream, until it meets the Eastern line of lands formerly of Joseph Porter, deceased, thence following said line to the said road, thence along said road to the first mentioned bound.

All that Lot of Land at the Ledge aforesaid, conveyed by the said Michael Young to the said Wm. Porter, by deed dated 27th January, 1849, on the south easterly side of a lane on the south easterly side of Lot No. 12, in the 5th Division of the Penobscot Grant, thence by said lane N. 15° 20' E. 17 rods and 23 links to the south side of a road 3 rods wide, running S. 78° 30' E. 8 rods to a stake and stones, thence S. 2° W. passing 35 feet from the north east corner of Porter's Wharf, thence westerly by low water mark to the easterly line of said Lot, sold to Porter, and following the several courses of the Lot easterly, northerly and westerly, to the place of beginning, containing 3 acres.

All of that Lot of Land in the Parish of St. Stephen, conveyed by Thomas Hasty to Wm. Porter, by deed dated 9th July, 1838, being farm lot No. 29 in the 2d Division, granted to James Fraser, in the grant to Joseph Porter and others, containing 100 acres.

And also all other real estate belonging to the said Wm. Porter, situated in the County of Charlotte, not included in the above list. The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the Suit of the President, Directors, and Company of the Commercial Bank of New Brunswick, indorsed to levy \$1130, 16s. 9d. besides Sheriff's Fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, St. Andrews, July 31, 1850.

The sale of the above mentioned property is postponed until Wednesday the 28th May next, then to take place at 12 o'clock at the Court House.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, St. Andrews, Feb. 15, 1851.

The Sale of WILLIAM PORTER'S Properties is further postponed until Friday the 1st August next, at 12 o'clock.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, St. Andrews, July 1, 1851.

The Sale of William Porter's Properties is further postponed until Saturday the 13th September next, at 12 o'clock.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, St. Andrews Aug. 1, 1851.

The sale of William Porter's Properties, advertised to take place on the 13th September, is further postponed until Wednesday, the 10th day of December next, at 12 o'clock.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte, St. Andrews, Sep. 10, 1851.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. A SUPPLY of POSTAGE STAMPS has been received from England, and will be on sale at this Office on and after FRIDAY next, the 1st September. They are of the respective colors and values as under, viz: Scarlet—Three Pence. Yellow—Six Pence. Pink—One Shilling.

Supplies will also be immediately forwarded to all Postmasters throughout the Province, and through them to the Way Office Keepers, from whom the Public will be able to obtain them at cost prices, in any quantities they may require. N. B. The Postage Stamps should be affixed to the face, or direction side of the Letter, at the Right hand upper corner.

J. HOWE, Postmaster General, St. John, 1st September, 1851.

FOR SALE. The lot of Land and premises, with the Cottage thereon, situate at Princess Royal Street, in the Town of St. Andrews, formerly occupied by John S. Jarvis.

For terms of sale and other particulars apply to GEORGE D. STREET.

REMOVAL. DR. BAYARD, Has removed to the House formerly occupied by Mr. Sloan, situated between the stores of Messrs. Dimock & Wilson, and Odell and Turner, St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1850.

EQUITABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON. CAPITAL £5000,000 STELLING.

Board of Local Directors for New-Brunswick. R. F. HARRIS, WILLIAM WRIGHT, EDWARD ALDRIDGE, JOHN H. GRAY, WILLIAM JACK.

PROPOSALS for Insurance against Loss of Damage by Fire on Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, Farming and Agricultural Stock, &c., will be accepted, and Policies granted on application to GEORGE D. STREET, Agent, St. Andrews, 27th Jan. 1851.

Grand Manan Packet. THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has commenced running the Packet "Prince Albert" between St. Andrews Campello, Esport and Grand Manan leaving St. Andrews every Friday, if the weather permits, touching at the above mentioned places left at the store of William McLean Esq. will be punctually forwarded.

EDWARD SNELL, MASTER, St. Andrews, 4th June 1849.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE. Protection Insurance Company of N. J. CAPITAL, \$200,000. Camden Insurance Company of N. J. CAPITAL, \$100,000. WITH A SURPLUS OF OVER \$30,000. HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CONNECTICUT. CAPITAL, \$150,000.

THE Subscriber, having received the Agency for the above-named Insurance Companies for Calais and vicinity, will receive applications and issue Policies on Vessels, Cargoes, and Freights, on Vessels upon the Stocks, Buildings, Furniture, and Goods, at the current rates, to the amount of \$10,000 on Marine risks, and \$20,000 on Fire risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid, or, in case of differences, the Courts of this State will be recognized.

E. D. GREEN, Agent, Refer to Wm. Ker, Esq., Agent, St. Andrews N.B.

Sheet Iron, Tin Plates, &c. &c. Ex Columbus from Liverpool, via St. John, the 12th inst. 12 boxes Tin plates, 24 Stone Iron Wire, 20 doz Single & Double cut mill Files, 30 " Pit & Hand saw Files, Marabes and Shepherds' make, 10 Bags best Horse and Ox Nails, &c. &c. J. W. STREET.

CALAIS HOUSE, CALAIS, STATE OF MAINE. THE subscriber, in tendering thanks to his former patrons and friends, the inhabitants of New-Brunswick, and especially of St. Andrews, for the patronage they have heretofore afforded him, respectfully advises them and the Public generally, that his Establishment, the CALAIS HOUSE, is again open for the reception of company, renovated and fitted up, he believes, to suit the taste of the most fastidious, where it will give him pleasure to serve his former customers, and the travelling public generally, and promises to use his best exertions for their comfort.

HENRY BATES, Calais, June 24, 1850.

## HEALTH where 'tis SOUGHT! CURES FOR THE UNCURED



Holloway's Pills. CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER, AND STOMACH, WHEN IN A MOST HOPELESS STATE. Extract of a Letter from Mr. Matthew Harvey, of Chapel Hill, North Carolina, dated the 15th of January, 1850.

St. Andrews, 15th Jan. 1850. Your valuable Pills have been the means, with God's blessing, of restoring me to a state of perfect health, and at a time when I thought I was on the brink of the grave. I had consulted several eminent doctors, who after doing what they could for me, stated that they considered my case as hopeless. I ought to say that I had been suffering from a Liver and Stomach complaint of long standing, which during the last two years got so much worse that every one considered my condition as hopeless. I at last resorted to a Box of your Pills, which soon gave relief, and by persevering in their use for some weeks, together with rubbing night and morning your Ointment over my chest and stomach, and right side, I have by their means alone got completely cured, and to the astonishment of myself and every body who knows me.

(Signed) MATTHEW HARVEY. CURE OF A CASE OF WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY, OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING. Extract of a Letter from Mr. Smith of No. 5, Lincoln Street, Glasgow, Scotland, dated the 10th Dec. 1849.

To Professor Holloway. Sir—I beg to inform you that for nearly five years I hardly knew what it was to have a day's health, suffering from extreme weakness and debility, with constant nervous headaches, giddiness, and sickness of the stomach, together with a great depression of spirits. I used to think that nothing could benefit me as I had been to many medical men, some of whom after doing all that was in their power informed me that they considered that I had some spinal complaint beyond the reach of cure, together with a very disordered state of the stomach and liver, making my case so complicated that nothing could be done for me. One day being unusually ill and in a dejected state, I saw your Pills advertised, and resolved to give them a trial, more perhaps from curiosity than with a hope of being cured. I soon found my spirits better by taking them, and so I went on persevering in their use for six weeks, when I am happy to say they effected a perfect cure.

(Signed) WILLIAMS SMITH. (frequently called EDWARD.) CURE OF ASTHMA, OF TWENTY YEARS' STANDING. Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. K. Hayden, 78 King Street, Sydney, dated 10th of November 1849.

To Professor Holloway. Sir—I have the pleasure to inform you that many extraordinary cures of Asthma have been effected here by means of your Pills. One is that of a Lady residing near the "Razorback", who had long-suffered for nearly twenty years, and was unable to make the slightest exertion, suffering very severely from shortness of breath, coughing, and spitting, but is now, to use her own expression, able to run up to the top of that mountain. Another case is that of Mr. Eaton, Tailor for Hutchinson's Buildings, Clarence Street, who was so dreadfully bad that he was confined entirely to his bed-room for six months, prior to his commencing with your Pills, and was regularly by his medical men, who pronounced him to be in a dying state, yet he, likewise, by my knowledge, has been restored to perfect health by the use of your Pills, and rubbing your Ointment night and morning into his chest.

(Signed) J. K. HEYDON. ASTONISHING CURE OF THE EAKL OF ALDBOROUGH. By this Miraculous Medicine! after every other means had failed!!! A Copy of a Letter from the Earl of Aldborough dated 21st Feb. 1845.

To Professor Holloway. Sir—Various circumstances prevented the possibility of my thanking you before this time for your politeness in sending me your Pills as you did I now take this opportunity of sending you an order for the amount, and at the same time to add that your Pills have effected a cure of a disorder in my Liver and Stomach, which all the most eminent of the Faculty at home, and all over the Continent had not been able to effect; nay! not even the waters of Carlsbad and Marienbad. I wish to have another Box and a Pot of Ointment in case any of my family should ever require either.

I remain, with much respect, Your most obliged and obedient servant. (Signed) ALDBOROUGH. TIME should not be lost in taking this Kennedy for any of the following diseases: Ague Consumption Fits Rheumatism Tumours Asthma Debility Gout Retention of Urine Ulcers Bilious Complaints Dropsy Head-aches Sore Throats Venereal Affections Eruptions on the skin Descent of Indigestion Scirrhus, or King's Evil Wounds of all kinds Erysipelas Inflammation Bowel Complaints Female Irregularities Jaundice Stone and Gravel Colic Liver Complaints Secondary Symptoms Weakness from whatever cause Lumbago Constipation of Bowels Fevers of all kinds Piles Tic Douloureux &c. &c.

These Medicines in England are sold at Is. 1-2 2s. 9d. 4s. 6d. 11s. 2s. and 3s., each Box and Pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the large sizes. Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen's, Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and.

FOUND. PICKED UP between Nigger Point and Partridge Island, a small ANCHOR and CHAIN. Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE. November 19, 1850.

CARTS! CARTS! CARTS! For Sale or Hire, on liberal terms, CAR'S suitable for work on the Railroad. Also, all kinds of BLACKSMITH work Apply to EDWD. STENTIFORD, St. Andrews, June 26, 1850.

BRANDY, GIN, WINE &c. Ex Columbus from Liverpool, via St. John 6 Hhds finest Pale HOLLANDS, 1 " fine old PORT WINE, 1 " Martells finest Pale BRANDY.

## Holloway's Ointment.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SCURF, OR SCALD HEAD. Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Alliday, 209 High Street, Cheltenham dated the 22nd of January, 1850.

To Professor Holloway. SIR—My eldest son, when about three years of age, was afflicted with a Scald head, swelling in the neck, which after a short time broke out into an Ulcer. An eminent medical man pronounced it as a very bad case of Scald head, and prescribed for a considerable time without effect. The disease then for four years went on gradually increasing in virulence, when his father the ulcer in the neck, and then formed below the left knee, and a third under the eye, besides seven others on the left arm with a tumour between the eyes, which was expected to break. During the whole of the time my suffering boy had received the constant advice of the most celebrated medical Gentlemen at Cheltenham, besides being for several months at the General Hospital, where one of the surgeons said that he would amputate the left arm, but that the blood was so impure, that if that limb were taken off it would be then even impossible to subside the disease. In this desperate state I determined to give your Pills and Ointment a trial, and after two months perseverance in their use, the tumor gradually began to disappear, and the discharge from all the ulcers perceptibly decreased, and at the expiration of eight months they were perfectly healed, and the boy thoroughly restored to the blessings of health, to the astonishment of a large circle of acquaintances, who could testify to the truth of this miraculous case. Three years have now elapsed without any recurrence of the malady, and this boy is now as healthy as he can wish. Under these circumstances I consider that I should be truly ungrateful were I not to make you acquainted with this wonderful cure, effected by your medicines after every other means had failed.

(Signed) J. H. ALLIDAY. CURE OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING. Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Pitt, Dudley 19th Jan. 1850.

To Professor Holloway. SIR—It is with the greatest pleasure that I write to thank you for the benefit I have received from your Pills and Ointment, which have completely cured me of the Rheumatism, under which I suffered for this last four years, at times I was so bad as hardly to be able to walk. I had tried every kind of Medicine that was recommended without receiving any benefit. I at last thought I could give your medicine a trial, and purchased from Mr. Holloway, Chemist of this Town, two Boxes of Pills, and two of Ointment, and in three weeks, through them and the blessing of God, I was restored to health and am now as well as I can walk as ever I was in my life. I am well & content in this parish, having been sixty-five years in it, with an exception of ten years I served in the 24th Regiment of Foot.

(Signed) JOHN PITT. CURE OF A BAD LEG OF SIXTY YEARS' STANDING. Mr. Barker, No. 5, Green Place, Drury Lane, St. Paul, had a bad leg from the effects of eighteen years' rheumatism, and although for many years he had sought the first advice, in his country, nothing was found to cure them. He was often tormented with excruciating pain for long periods together, which incapacitated him from attending to his business. He had given up all hopes of getting a cure, when at last he was persuaded to try your Pills and Ointment, which he used, and however wonderful it may appear, the leg was thoroughly healed by your means, and by continuing to use the Pills after his leg was well, he has become in health as hale and hearty as now to be more active than most men of fifty.

N. B.—The truth of this extraordinary statement can be vouched for by Mr. J. C. Reinhardt, 23 Market Place Hall, February 20th, 1850. CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF RING-WORM OF SIX YEARS' STANDING. Lima, 15th of November, 1849.

One of the most eminent Surgeons in Lima (the Capital of Peru) had a child covered with Ring-worm, for more than 6 years, in vain he exhausted all his art in his endeavours to effect a cure, not succeeding. He consulted among his brethren, the most celebrated medical practitioners of the City, but nothing was found to do the child service. He was often tormented with excruciating pain, the English Chemist and Druggist, residing at No. 74, Calle de Palacio, to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which was done, and after using six Boxes of Pills, the child was radically cured, to the surprise of the whole medical profession. The usage of the parent, from motives of delicacy, in which the Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases: Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Muscivores, and Sand Flies, Fistulae, Coco-Bay, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore nipples, Chigo-foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns (soft), Concretes, Contracted & Stiff joints, Elephantiasis, Sore throats, SSKA diseases, Venery, Sore heads, Tumours, Ulcers, wounds, Yaws.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the Civilized World in Pots and Boxes, at Is. 1-2 2s. 9d. 4s. 6d. 11s. 2s., and 3s., each Box and Pot. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot or Box.

ODELL & TURNER, St. Andrews. Wholesale Agents for Charlotte County. CAUTION!—None are Genuine unless the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," are engraved on the Government Stamp, pasted on every Pot and Box; with the same words woven in the water-mark of the Books of directions wrapped round the medicines.

Should unprincipled Vendors recommend parties asking for Holloway's Pills and Ointment not to buy them, but to take something else in their stead, they do so only for the purpose of getting a greater profit by what they wish them to purchase.

## Watches, Jewellery, &c.

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of WATCHES, JEWELLERY, CUTLERY, BRITANNIA METAL WARE, &c. &c. with a great variety of Fancy Articles, which will be sold low for Cash.

Clocks, Watches, and Jewellery, REPAIRED AND CLEANED. QUADRANTS, COMPASSES, and LOG GLASSES, adjusted and touched. Musical Boxes and Accordeons, repaired, tuned, and cleaned. No. 5, 1850. G. F. STICKIN.

MOLASSES, PORK &c. just received of Scher. Letang from New York. 20 Hhds. Molasses, 4 Boxes Tobacco, 4 do do Extra. For sale low by the Subscriber, JUSTUS WETMORE.

TO LET. THAT Stand now occupied by Mr. W. Pomeroy, nine miles from St. Andrews, with the FARMS attached. Apply Mr. Pomeroy on the premises, Mr. D. McCann Diquaghan, or at the Office of this Paper. RACHAEL TURNER, Fredericton, Feb. 27, 1850.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE. BETWEEN ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHEN, MILLTOWN AND BARRING. The Subscriber has contracted to run a Mail Stage between ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHEN, MILLTOWN, BARRING, three times a week, according to the following arrangement, viz: Leaving Saint Andrews on Monday Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock A.M. and Baring on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 o'clock A.M. and St. Stephen at 7 o'clock, on the same days.

The well known disposition of the Subscriber, who for many years has driven up this mail route, to give every attention to comfort and convenience of Passengers, will be trusted, secure him a full share of public patronage.

The Stage Books will remain open at Bradfords Temperance Hotel, St. Andrews, Ryder's Store, St. Stephen; and Ryder's Hotel, Milltown. THOMAS HARDY, St. Andrews, June 4, 1850.

Stoves! Stoves! The Subscriber has just received on consignment by late arrivals from Boston, a large supply of COOKING, AIR-TIGHT, and other STOVES, which are for sale, at his store, in the Market Square, cheap for Cash. W. McLEAN, St. Andrews, 8th October, 1850.

NEW-BRUNSWICK BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY AND SAVINGS FUND. Established at St. John 30th Sep 1847. Trustees—Wm. Wright, Robert F. Hazen, H. Chubb. Agent for Saint Andrews, Geo. D. Street Esq., Do. Saint Stephens, J. G. Stevens Esq.

Sugar, Molasses, Flour, &c. &c. New Landing ex DeLancey, from Boston. 20 Hhds. Bright MOLASSES, 10 do. Muscovado SUGAR, 50 Barrels No 1, Canada Superior FLOUR. Also—a few Barrels Extra Genessee Flour, for family use, &c. &c. St. Domingo and Java CORN, &c. May 26, 1851.

TEA, PAINTS, OIL, &c. DEC. 3, 1850. Ex "Olive" from Liverpool, via St. John 4 Hhds. Boiled & Raw Linned Oil, 8 Cwt. best white Paint, 14, 25 & 50lb. Kegs. 3 do do Yellow 14 & 25lb Kegs. 10 Chests Congou Tea, 5 Pipes, 1 best Cognac Brandy, 5 Hhds. best Cognac Brandy, EX UTICA from Boston, 5 Hhds. bright Muscovado Sugar, ALSO.

To arrive per the "SULTAN" from Liverpool 10 Boxes Blue Starch. For sale by JAMES W. STREET.

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