

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL,

Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been refitted and is painted in the most attractive style. AN ELEGANT RESTAURANT, BEAUTIFUL BILLIARD ROOM, GRAND BREAKFAST ROOM, and a new and improved dining room. PERFECT VENTILATION and REFRIGERATION. BATHS and AIR BATHS. COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS on each floor, and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS. It is rapidly growing in popularity, and is today one of the LEADING, as well as the MOST COMFORTABLE HOTELS IN THE DOMINION. The Table D'Hotel supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Staff of Attendants are ever ready to oblige. There are two of the largest and most conveniently fitted TABLE ROOMS in Canada, having street entrances and also connecting with Hotel Office. ROBBERY and CARRIAGE OF every style are to be had at the LIVERY STABLES of the Proprietor, immediately adjacent to the Hotel. The "QUEEN" is centrally located, directly opposite to the Steamboat and Gibson Ferry Landings, and within a minute's walk of the Parliament Buildings, County Registrar's Office and Cathedral. A FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP IN CONNECTION.

WILSON & WILSON,

Attorneys-at-Law,

SOLICITORS and CONVEYANCERS

Office: Carlton St., East Side.

Directly opp. Dr. Coulbaird's Office.

Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated.

WILLIAM WILSON, M. P. F.

GEO. L. WILSON.

H. B. RAINSFORD,

Barrister, Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Clerk of the Peace and Division Registrar, Real Estate Agent - Loans Negotiated.

Office: Lower flat of County Court House.

Adjoining the office of the Registrar of deeds.

Fredericton Nov. 16th, 1891.

GEO. A. HUGHES, B.A. Jno. W. WETMORE, B.A.

HUGHES & WETMORE,

Attorneys and Solicitors,

NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS, &c.

OFFICE: WILEY BUILDING, Fredericton, N. B.

Opp. Normal School, across st.

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH,

MASON,

Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer,

SHORE ST. NEAR GASWORKS,

FREderICTON, N. B.

JOHNSON a specialty.

Workmanship first-class.

Prices satisfactory

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

ATLANTIC DIVISION.

ALL RAIL TO BOSTON, &c.

THE SHORT LINE

LINE MONTREAL, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

In Effect Nov. 30th, 1891.

LEAVE FREderICTON.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.15 A. M. - Express for St. John and intermediate points: Vanadium, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and points north.

10.35 A. M. - For Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East: Vanadium, Houlton, and points West: St. Stephen, Houlton, and Woodstock.

2.00 P. M. - For Fredericton Junction, St. John, and points.

RETURNING TO FREderICTON FROM

St. John, 6.00, 10.00 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

Fredericton Junction, 6.00, 12.15, 4.25 p.m.

Meagan Junction, 10.00 a.m., 2.50 p.m.

Vanadium, 10.00, 2.30 p.m.

St. Stephen, 10.00, 10.30 a.m.

Arriving in Fredericton at 9.35 a. m., 1.25, 7.30 p. m.

LEAVE GIBSON.

3.0 A. M. - Mixed for Woodstock, and points north.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON.

6.10 P. M. - Mixed from Woodstock, and points north.

D. McNEILL, C. E. McPHERSON,

Gen. Pass. Agent, Dist. Gen'l. Agent,

MONTREAL, ST. JOHN, N. B.

W. E. SEERY,

Merchant Tailor,

Has Just Received a splendid new

stock of

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

COMPENSING -

Spring Overcoating,

Suitings,

and Trouserings,

Which he is prepared to MAKE UP

in the

LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE

STYLES

AT MODERATE PRICES.

W. E. SEERY,

WILMOT'S AVE.

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all Ages. For Children and the Aged they are preferable.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS,

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases, It has no rival; and for Contracted and Stiff Joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,

75, NEW OXFORD STREET, (late 533, OXFORD STREET), LONDON

and are sold at 1s. 1d., 2s., 4s., 6s., 11s., 20s., and 35s. each Box or Pot and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 11-10-83 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

FARM AND FIRESIDE.

Timely Hints Useful to the Farmer and his Household.

CORN, THE SILEO AND SLAGE.—There is probably no question as to the importance of the agricultural college, relating to the farm in reference to which there is so great a desire for information at the present time as to that of corn, the silo and the slage. This desire is manifest on the various aspects of the question, in the extent to which it is discussed in the public press, and in the relative importance attached to the discussion upon it at the meetings of many of the farmers' institutes. The principal object of this paper, therefore, is to furnish the desired information in a concise and practical form. This information is based (1) on our own experience, (2) on that of farmers who have made a decided success of the work, and (3) on the findings of various experimental stations which have given special attention to the various aspects of the same.

Crops for the Silo.

1. In this country, beyond all doubt, corn is pre-eminently the crop for the silo.

2. Nearly all kinds of other fodder crops can be cured so readily as to make it at least an open question as to whether the practice of making them into slage should be general.

3. Green ryegrass and clover should probably form exceptions to the general statement in paragraph 2.

4. Good ryegrass made at this station in 1891 by cutting the ryegrass at the blossoming stage, tramping it down firmly in the silo and weighting it to some extent.

5. In feeding ryegrass, some form of covering is requisite to prevent it from drying too rapidly on the surface.

Varieties of Corn.

6. In choosing varieties of corn the aim should be to secure the largest amount of stock and grain consistent with that maturity which is necessary to insure preservation.

7. It is impossible to name varieties that will give equally good results over all portions of the province.

8. For the past three years at this station we have obtained satisfactory results with Compton's Early and King Philip of the early varieties, Learning Dent and Wisconsin Yellow Dent of the medium maturing kinds, and Chester County Mammoth and Sheep's Tooth of the later varieties.

9. Of the other varieties that have done well here and also in other sections of the province we may name the Mammoth Cuban, Thoroughbred White Flint, the Mammoth Southern Seed, White of the North and Smit No. 2.

The Seed.

10. As the power of germination in the seed of corn is easily destroyed, care should be taken to secure that which may implicitly be relied on to start well under average conditions.

11. The purchase of seed should receive attention sufficiently early to enable the grower to test its germinating power some time before it is wanted for use.

12. The most satisfactory way of testing seed is to plant a number of grains chosen promiscuously in a box of average soil, which is kept in a warm place.

13. The character of the germination is more important than the ability to germinate.

14. As only the most perfect ears should be chosen in selecting seed corn, and as it is best to thoroughly ripened before it can be relied on to grow, it is only in limited sections of the province that it will be worth while for farmers to raise their own seed from any but early varieties, but on the other hand there are some sections where the growing of seed might assume the dimensions of an industry in itself.

The Soil.

15. Corn prefers a deep, rich, warm, dry mellow soil, but will grow well in any ordinary soil.

16. Its favorite soils are rich loams, sandy or gravelly in texture.

17. Though not so well adapted to stony soils, fairly good crops may be grown on them, providing a good vigorous germination can be secured.

18. As corn is a cleaning crop, it may with advantage be grown on fields soil that have become foul with weeds.

19. In the case of corn, the soil should be so prepared as to enable the seed and the soil of old pastures, but in the latter instance there is some danger of disturbance to the crop from the ravages of the cut-worm.

Preparation of the Soil.

20. The mode of preparing the land for corn will vary with the place given to it in the rotation.

21. When it follows a grain crop the land should be at once grain-ploughed, and again harrowed or cultivated before the final deep ploughing late in autumn to break up the soil.

22. In spring thorough and frequent surface cultivation should be given to secure good tilth, the retention of ground moisture and the complete destruction of weeds.

23. When the corn is to be planted on an old soil the ground should be ploughed late in autumn or early in the spring, that the weathering influences may give it a good tilth.

24. When it follows a clover sod the ploughing may be deferred till near the time of planting the corn, that the decay of organic matter may be hastened.

Fertilizers.

25. Farm yard manure is probably the best fertilizer for corn where it can be obtained in sufficient quantities.

26. Not more probably than fifteen tons per acre should be applied in any case, and more especially where the land is leachy, lest some of it be lost.

27. Frequent applications of manure in moderate quantities are decidedly preferable to heavy applications but seldom given.

28. When available, the manure may be applied in the autumn on the surface or buried, according to the nature of the soil and the condition of the manure; but when incorporated with the surface soil in the spring, good results may be expected on every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address,

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,

3 BUFFALO, N.Y.

OIL STOVES.

JUST RECEIVED: 2 OIL STOVES round Oil Stoves with two burners, 5 Crested Hand Lamps, one burner; very convenient for general purposes, will boil a kettle of water.

And for sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

smaller varieties to forty-five including the larger.

34. The distance of the plants in the drill will depend upon the kind of corn, and to some extent upon the character of the soil.

35. The actual seed requirements will vary from six quarts per acre in the largest varieties to twenty-four quarts in the smallest.

36. Corn should be planted shallow in most seasons, on cold soils, and in any case when it is planted early.

37. At the usual time of planting, and under ordinary conditions, the average depth for planting is about two inches.

38. In some countries corn planters made for the purpose are used, but in Canada it is usually planted with the ordinary grain drill, when only such of the tubes are necessary.

39. In dry weather the land should be rolled both before and after planting.

Cultivation.

40. After planting, the harrow is sometimes used once and sometimes twice before the corn comes up, and it is usual to harrow twice or three times above ground.

41. The harrows which are most suitable over a wide space, are light of draught and possess numerous sharp teeth, with a backward rather than a forward slant.

42. The cultivator should stir the soil between the rows or hills not seldomer than once a week until the corn commences to tassle, but not after that period.

43. It may be several inches deep at first, but should gradually become more shallow.

44. The cultivators used may be drawn by one or two horses until the corn becomes too high for the latter.

Harvesting the Corn.

45. The crop is in the best condition for harvesting when the corn in the ear has reached what is known as the glazed or orange state.

46. In our experience in cutting the corn, a low home made sled running between two rows, with knives which have a forward slant firmly bolted to the sides of the sled, has given much satisfaction.

47. The sled is drawn by one horse and two men stand upon it and catch the corn as it falls and lay it off in sheaves upon the ground.

48. Practical men are now nearly all agreed that winnowing is unnecessary, and is decidedly objectionable in wet weather, and this is in agreement with our experience at this station.

49. For drawing the corn to the silo any form of truck with a flat rack upon it will answer well.

50. In our experience, good results have attended drawing on low, long platforms, made of two boards or scantling, with head pieces and bolts nailed across them, the whole being suspended to the front and hind axles of the wagon.

Filling the Silo.

51. It is not considered profitable to cure corn in the silo without first running it through a cutting-box.

52. The cutting-box should be strong and of sufficient capacity to take the corn as fast as it is brought from the field.

53. Carriers are attached to the cutting-box to carry the corn into the silo to any desired height or distance.

54. Our practice aims at cutting the corn into lengths of three-fourths of an inch, and the result is satisfactory.

55. It is claimed that the short lengths pack more closely in the silo, are more easily handled, have less tendency to make sores the mouths of the stock, and are eaten more cleanly.

56. When the corn falls from the carriers into the center of the silo, or of one compartment of it, it is more easily spread and intermixed.

57. Mixing the heavier portions from the center with the lighter portions to equalize the silage, is a desirable quality of the silage, and preserves an equilibrium of moisture.

58. When the corn is kept well spread and in the corners is sufficient to secure even settling.

59. It is now pretty well decided that filling may be rapid and continuous or periodic, as may be convenient.

60. Our experience favors rapid filling, since it is economical of labor.

61. Of the several methods adopted in covering the silo no one has proved uniformly and completely satisfactory.

62. It is at least questionable if there is economy in using any kind of covering, all things considered, as the silo when left in this condition soon coats over with a white mold several inches thick, and so forms its own covering.

63. The waste in such instances has varied from six to twelve inches.

64. A favorite covering with us is an old fence corner hay cut and matted, as it lies compactly when put on in this way.

The Silo.

65. In locating the silo it is usual for those who have bank barns to utilize a portion of the basement along with a corresponding portion of the mow and stable on the outside of the barn.

66. In the case of the silo, it should always be on the same plane with the live stock, and as near as possible to the central point of feeding.

67. The size of the silo will depend upon the quantity of the stock, present or prospective, which are to be fed upon it.

68. A cubic foot of silage weighs about 45 lbs., and we have found that a mature cattle best requires about the same quantity per day, when some other food adjunct as hay or straw are given.

69. Although it is usual to build silos rectangular in shape, there are some important advantages in having them square.

70. In deep silos, the silage settles more compactly, has less waste relatively on the top, holds more because of greater compression and is economical of roofing.

71. All things considered, the wood silo with tar paper between the two linings is probably the best.

72. It is probable that in the near future silos built of boiler iron and cylindrical in form will be used to some extent, and, viewed from the standpoint of durability, they should prove a success.

73. The foundation walls should be stone, and the wood sills which rest upon them should be firmly held in place by iron rods and bolts, coming up through at least a portion of the space.

74. The size of the silos and stads more commonly used is 2x10 inches, and the distance apart should vary from 12 to 16 inches, as the silo is deep or otherwise.

75. The stads should be carefully bridged, and should have double tenons at both ends.

76. There should be a girt for receiving the studs every 8, 10 or 12 feet, according to the height of the silo.

77. The plates may be of the same size as the girts.

78. The sheathing may consist of inch

lumber jointed and nailed horizontally on the studs.

79. Inside the lining sheets of tar paper are tacked up and down to assist in excluding the air.

80. Over the tar paper another thickness of inch boards, tongued and grooved and planed on the inside, is nailed so close that the joints will not admit of air.

81. All things considered, lining the silo on the inside with such substance as petroleum, pitch and coal tar does not seem to be of any adequate advantage.

82. When the silo forms a part of the barn or stable, there does not seem to be any necessity for sheathing on the outside of the stads.

83. Where the silo is large it may be necessary to put in one or more partitions, temporary or permanent.

84. When the walls of the silo are high advantage may be taken of the presence of the permanent partitions to strengthen them by running iron rods through the partition and within it, from side to side of the silo.

85. When the partitions when permanent, may consist of two tiers of inch boards with tar paper between, or of 2x4 or 2x6 inch scantling nailed flatwise on top of one another and nailed firmly together.

86. When the partitions are not permanent they may consist of two-inch planks, kept in position at the ends with cleats.

87. The corners of the silo should have a board or plank, eight or ten inches long and bevelled at the edges, fitted into them, and the air space behind filled with some substance, as sawdust.

88. The farm silo at this station has a succession of doors from the top to the bottom, both at the inside and at the outside of the silo, and they seem to answer the purpose well.

89. In filling the silo, the space between the doors is filled with sawdust.

90. A cheaper form of opening consists in having a number of movable sections of the inner lining between two stads as may be required.

91. Of the different kinds of floors, none have proved more satisfactory, all things considered, than clay, providing the drainage is good, as it always should be.

92. Where there is any apprehension of trouble from rats, a cement floor may be made by first using several inches of small stones or gravel, with a limited quantity of water lime over them, and above this a light coating of Portland cement.

93. From the data given, anyone who knows the cost of material will have no difficulty in computing the probable cost of that which he may purpose to build.

94. The feeding of the silage may commence at one, but usually the silo is not opened for some weeks after it has been filled.

95. The silage should be fed from the top, as feeding by this method is attended with little waste.

96. Silage makes an excellent food for milch cows, feeding cattle and store cattle of all ages when fed with other food adjuncts, as meal or bran and a suitable portion of hay or straw, cut or uncut.

97. It has also been found highly useful for the fattening of calves, and for brood mares and colts of different ages.

98. It has furthermore given good results with breeding ewes, store sheep and lambs that are being fattened when fed in varying quantities along with other food.

99. The silage is best fed in the morning in the different stages of fattening has not been encouraging, but it certainly has a place as a part of a maintenance ration for brood sows.

100. Silage is now considered the preferred ration for the fattening of calves.

Last parties should write for samples of seed for experiment, and so lose time at this late hour, we may mention that the only varieties that can be supplied for this purpose are the Mammoth Southern Seed, Mammoth Cuban, Wisconsin Yellow Dent, Learning, Thoroughbred White Flint and Compton's Early.

PEBBLES IN HIS EYES.

As Well as Needles, Teeth and Sundry Other Things.

For some time past a story has been told that an Indian named John Jacobs of Grand Falls, and Theophile Boiseman, both Indians, say that Jacobs married his daughter about the first of the year, and ever since that time he has been laid up with an unknown illness and, at times, goes mad. His son-in-law, he said, was a fine fellow, and he was a member of a witch who is on the reserve, and they ascribe his disease and mad ravings to her influence.

It seems that the sorceress wanted Jacobs to marry her daughter, and for not doing so, and, instead, marrying another, he has been stricken down by disease; at times he gets mad and lately the most extraordinary manifestations of the power of the sorceress have been displayed, when she has picked pebbles, needles, and teeth out of his eyes. When he is attacked by the spasms it takes five or six men to hold him.

The friends of the afflicted man say that the necromancer is in possession of the medicine "of the tribe and she is revenging herself upon the man who would not marry her daughter.

Mr. VanAbbott, Indian agent, and Dr. Reid, physician to the reserve, place no credence in the stories. The doctor says that the belief in witchcraft among the Indians is very strong. They are very superstitious and believe implicitly in old Indian fables.

NOTHING HUNTS OUT CORNS

Some important correspondence from Lord Knutsford in reference to the differences between Canada and Newfoundland, over the Bond-Blaine treaty, has been laid before parliament. The secretary for the colonies finds it necessary to emphasize the fact that the attitude of Canada and Newfoundland towards one another, is detrimental to the best interests of the two countries. He also gives the Canadian government to understand that unless its promised trade arrangement with the United States materializes pretty soon, Her Majesty's advisors will have to reconsider the question of giving the imperial sanction to the Bond-Blaine treaty, the immediate consideration of which was deferred at the request of the government of Canada, pending its so-called negotiations at Washington. The "negotiations at Washington" are off, and the "trade arrangements" will not be heard of any more until the time for the next general election draws near.

In the meantime the condition of affairs between Canada and Newfoundland is far from satisfactory. Besides interfering with the trade relations between the two colonies, and injuring such other business and industries, the civil quarrel is giving much anxiety and uneasiness to the mother country, which fact in itself should be sufficient to compel such a loyal institution as a Canadian treaty government, to make any sacrifice to restore peace and good will. In his letter to the governor general, Lord Knutsford says: "Your ministers will not fail to observe that the main ground assigned by Newfoundland for this unsatisfactory settlement to Canadians is the opposition of your ministers to the signature of the crown to the treaty between Newfoundland and the United States."

His lordship then advises the government of Canada to endeavor by personal intercourse with the government of Newfoundland, to effect a satisfactory settlement. Lord Knutsford's letter is a comforting and very complimentary to the Canadian government, and the sharp rebuke, together with the wholesome advice, which his lordship felt it necessary to give, was no doubt suggested to him as a painful duty, by the lack of statesmanship displayed by the government of Canada.

THE DAIRY.

We are glad to notice that the people of the Province generally have appreciated the government's intention to improve the dairy industry. The gentlemen appointed by the government to visit the agricultural centres, and give free instruction upon the whole subject matter of the care and improvement of the dairy, in the form of lectures, have already met with much encouragement, and report that the farmers are beginning to realize that no small part of the future success of the agricultural industry of the province depends upon the dairy. This fact was, no doubt, in the mind of the government when they decided upon sending large importations of improved breeds of cattle. After improving the stock, the next thing necessary to success was to give all the aid and encouragement possible to induce the dairymen to give more attention to the dairy industry. A measure was passed providing for financial assistance to better and improve the dairy industry, and a successful effort has been made, and it is still being made, to stimulate the farmers into giving more intelligent thought and systematic work to this important branch of the farm. It is gratifying to note that a lively interest has been awakened and that the efforts of the government to do all in their power to make the dairy a profitable interest in the land, is meeting with success. We would advise the people to bear in mind that the gentleman who will visit them to have to say, and to give the matter careful thought.

SMALL POTATOES.

Last year the dominion government sent two delegates from the mother country, Messrs. McQueen and Davey, to visit the maritime provinces and report their views regarding the farming and agricultural conditions of these provinces. The expenses of the delegates were paid by the country, and their report, no matter what may be its nature, is public property, and the people have a right to know what it contains. But when Mr. McMillan moved in parliament for copies of the report, the government refused to submit them to the house, giving as a reason for its refusal, that the report was not in the country. It seems, however, that the true reason why the report was suppressed, is because the delegates felt compelled to point out that the government's trade policy was injurious to the farming and kindred interests of the maritime provinces. The government at Ottawa have been forced to do some very humiliating things lately, but the suppression of the report of the British farmer delegates is about the smallest piece of political pettifoggery that has been recorded yet.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mr. Hazen's brilliant suggestion: to make the Intercolonial railway pay by charging the deficit to capital account, is so natural and easy, that it will doubtless be made manager of government railways right away. In the meantime, however, the feasibility of charging the government "deficit" to profit and loss, or some other handy account, and so to get over the necessity of losing a member for his own constituency, as well as the others of which the province will be deprived.

Dalton McCarthy's proposal to appoint a Canadian agent at Washington, has been withdrawn at the advice of Sir John Thompson and hon. Mr. Tupper, who saw that it would interfere with their periodical tour to Washington, for the purpose of deceiving the Canadian people, by pretended negotiations for closer trade relations with the United States. Mr. Laurier and his followers supported the motion, believing that the presence of an authorized Canadian representative at Washington would be an advantage to Canada in many ways, particularly in the consideration of the trade and commercial problem.

The publisher of a little pamphlet around town has been sandwiching between his last year's plate matter, a lot of gratuitous information about THE HERALD and those connected with it. We would inform Dr. Stockton and Messrs. Phinney and Melanson, and any other creditors of the concern, that the organ of the local opposition has been removed from its office on Queen street, but will probably be found in some third story garret within the goal limits of the county of York.

THE VACANT CHAIR.

Seen in Many Homes During the Week.

A little child of the Rev. Mr. Montgomery died on Friday morning and was buried on Saturday afternoon at Springhill cemetery. Thomas Cloney died at Lawrence Station on Thursday, at the age of twenty-eight, after but a short illness. He was a steady industrious young man and his death will cause much sorrow.

On Tuesday morning at eleven o'clock, Mrs. Little, sister of Mrs. Nathaniel Cameron, died at the latter's residence, York street, after a prolonged illness. She was well known and her death will leave a vacancy in many social circles. The funeral took place on Thursday, a large concourse attending.

Mrs. James Smith, of Nashwaak, died at the residence of her brother, Mr. Walter McFarlane, at the N. B. foundry on Tuesday night of the 10th. She had been ill with bronchitis for some time. Deceased was a widow and leaves four children. She was much esteemed in the neighborhood and much regret is expressed.

Thomas H. Rutherford, who a short time since was removed from the hospital here to his home at Tweedside, Manners Sutton, died at his father's residence at that place on Thursday, the 5th inst. The deceased had worked for the past year as foreman of the pile driving crew and was much respected by those who employed as well as by those who worked for him. He was a son of ex-widow Rutherford and was his thirtieth year. Death was caused by a gripe. A wife and two children besides parents, brothers, sisters and many friends mourn a loss that time alone may heal.

Henry G. Estey, who for several years was an alderman of this city, and held the esteem and respect of the citizens, died at his residence on Friday morning, the 12th inst., of bronchial troubles. He was best known to our many readers in his capacity of teller at the People's bank, and also to most by his connection with the Baptist church of this city and his frequent appearance as a singer in concerts for charitable purposes. As an alderman, which position he resigned on account of illness prior to last election, he was always active in the discharge of his duties, being careful to conserve the interests of his constituents in a particular and of the city in general. As a teller he was careful and accurate and devoted respect from the shareholders while every respect and obliging to the patrons of the bank and his fellow clerks. The church will feel his loss very much, in fact the loss may be called a universal one. His wife was Miss Spurdin, a daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Spurdin. The city hall flag was hoisted half mast high when his death was announced. Deceased was a prominent Forester and held in much esteem by members of the order. Mr. Estey was in his thirty-third year and leaves a widow and two sons and one daughter. The funeral will be held at the Baptist church, on Sunday at half past three to four from his residence, Carleton street. In the evening at the Baptist church, the pastor, Rev. Mr. Crawley, will make special reference to the life and character of the deceased alderman.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Mr. J. H. Ballentine and Eldridge have arrived from Bangor and are shipping their last winter's output of last blocks. They have a large quantity on hand.

Henry Blaney, of Maple Ridge, is seriously ill with pneumonia. He had the grip some months since, and going out to sea, is now suffering a relapse.

Several of the young men who were on J. F. Richardson's drive have come out. They report the stream very low and the drive moving along slowly.

Dr. Owens has about all the practice he can attend to, he keeps the road night and day. He brings three horses from getting lay.

Mr. Parker, the teacher, not only runs the school to satisfaction, but teaches private classes in shorthand.

A meeting is to take place on Thursday evening, to consider the best way to repair the foundation of the church.

E. H. Estey has about completed his shipment of bark. He has handled some fifteen hundred cords.

S. W. Jones, the popular postmaster, has a Hiram coat that is going to beat three minutes. Jack knows what is expected and is preparing for it.

BROCKWAY.

May 11.—Death has entered our midst and taken from us one of our smartest and most highly esteemed young men, Thomas Cloney, who died at his home on Saturday, the 7th inst. after a brief illness with erysipelas. Deceased was twenty-six years of age, and his very early death has cast a gloom over the neighborhood, which will take some time to efface. He leaves father, mother, three sisters and one brother to mourn their loss. The family have the heartfelt sympathy of the community in their bereavement. Miss Lizzie Cloney, sister of the deceased, who was working in Boston, was telegraphed for, but did not reach home until after the funeral. Only one sister and only brother, who live in Minnesota, were sent for, but as yet have not arrived. They are expected this week.

TEMPERANCE VALE.

May 12.—The recent high winds which prevailed over the land have fallen, and farmers are again busy scattering the grain.

Richard Rogers, of this place, will remove on Monday to Maple Ridge and William Johnston, formerly of Sussex, will fill his place. We wish them every success in their new homes.

William McFarlane, host of having done the most work in a day, by any man in the Vale, having burnt his allow and underbrushed four acres of land. If any person can beat this we would like to hear from them.

Geo. A. Bartlett, of this place, has been putting some improvements on his store. He makes great reductions for cash.

KINGSLEAR.

May 10.—The farmers are busy putting in their crops for which the weather of late is all that can be desired.

Albert Everett and wife left here last week for Boston where he intends going into the grocery business. James Sutherland left about the same time for Manitoba. By these moves two more farms have been deserted.

Miss Eva J. Dunphy has taken charge of the Lower Queensbury school for the summer.

Miss Bessie Dunphy, of Nashwaak, is stopping at Franklin Dunphy's.

Mr. Kilburn has a large force at work on the creamery and is pushing the work on rapidly.

Thomas Gray who has been feeding forty heaves during the past winter has sold them to Stanley Chase, of Fredericton.

Y. C. R. A.—The following have been elected officers of the York county rifle association for the ensuing year: Major Logie, 71st, president; Major Gordon, I. S. C. vice president; Lieut. McFarlane, 71st, secretary; Committee of management—Sergeant Instructor Long, I. S. C.; Lieut. Pinder, 71st; Sgt. Burns, I. S. C.; Sgt. Wilson, 71st; Sgt. Pte. D. Lee Babbitt, R. M.

YORK STREET SCHOOL.—On account of the illness of Mr. Limerick work at this building did not begin as soon as it otherwise would, but now it will be rushed along as rapidly as possible. If it is possible it will be ready for occupancy at the first of the year. It is expected that the collegiate school will take up its quarters there, so that the house will not be any too large.

HARVEY STATION.

May 11.—Most of the farmers have done seeding except those whose land is exceedingly wet.

Thomas Rutherford, an account of whose death appears in another column, will be much missed here.

Miss Maud Glendinning was presented with a purse of thirty-four dollars as a token of the appreciation in which she is held as organist of the church.

The school is making great preparations for celebrating arday.

There have been many fine trout caught this spring. Some lots of young salmon from the Rapids Des Fannes hatchery have been put into the Oronto and Cranberry lakes.

Bears are reported very plentiful in the vicinity and the local miradors are preparing for them.

Many of our citizens have gone away and others are talking of following.

Meers Moore & Robinson are making preparations to turn out the best cloth and latest novelties at their mill.

Louis Smith has gone back to Seattle.

John Glendinning is night operator at the station in giving good satisfaction.

Dr. Keith as usual is very busy attending his numerous friends but still has time to prepare his flag garden.

Our genial friend Mr. Donahoe is indelibly of work to hammer out.

BLANNEY RIDGE.

May 10.—The farmers at this place began their cropping, the weather having during the last few days become more favorable for said operations.

Miss McKinley the popular music teacher from Maguaguad, spent Sunday with friends in Blaney Ridge.

We congratulate Mr. and Mrs. John McCormack, of Maguaguad, on a happy domestic event—twins.

We had the pleasure of listening to a very interesting sermon on May 1st preached by Rev. Mr. Estey, who in his sermon will preach in this place the first Sunday of each month at half-past three. He is heartily welcomed by his many friends.

Mrs. J. Davis has been welcomed home from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Saunders, of Zevel, N. B. Mrs. Eva Davis who accompanied her mother has not returned much to the regret of her many friends.

The gripe, or at least a very bad cold, is very prevalent around here at present.

Mrs. Wm. Graham is quite ill at present. We hope soon to hear of her speedy recovery.

Ploughing frolics are beginning, the first being to-day at Joseph King's. A general invitation was issued and it would seem was unanimously accepted.

MILLVILLE.

May 11.—Messrs. Ballentine and Eldridge have arrived from Bangor and are shipping their last winter's output of last blocks. They have a large quantity on hand.

Henry Blaney, of Maple Ridge, is seriously ill with pneumonia. He had the grip some months since, and going out to sea, is now suffering a relapse.

Several of the young men who were on J. F. Richardson's drive have come out. They report the stream very low and the drive moving along slowly.

Dr. Owens has about all the practice he can attend to, he keeps the road night and day. He brings three horses from getting lay.

Mr. Parker, the teacher, not only runs the school to satisfaction, but teaches private classes in shorthand.

A meeting is to take place on Thursday evening, to consider the best way to repair the foundation of the church.

E. H. Estey has about completed his shipment of bark. He has handled some fifteen hundred cords.

S. W. Jones, the popular postmaster, has a Hiram coat that is going to beat three minutes. Jack knows what is expected and is preparing for it.

BROCKWAY.

May 11.—Death has entered our midst and taken from us one of our smartest and most highly esteemed young men, Thomas Cloney, who died at his home on Saturday, the 7th inst. after a brief illness with erysipelas. Deceased was twenty-six years of age, and his very early death has cast a gloom over the neighborhood, which will take some time to efface. He leaves father, mother, three sisters and one brother to mourn their loss. The family have the heartfelt sympathy of the community in their bereavement. Miss Lizzie Cloney, sister of the deceased, who was working in Boston, was telegraphed for, but did not reach home until after the funeral. Only one sister and only brother, who live in Minnesota, were sent for, but as yet have not arrived. They are expected this week.

TEMPERANCE VALE.

May 12.—The recent high winds which prevailed over the land have fallen, and farmers are again busy scattering the grain.

Richard Rogers, of this place, will remove on Monday to Maple Ridge and William Johnston, formerly of Sussex, will fill his place. We wish them every success in their new homes.

William McFarlane, host of having done the most work in a day, by any man in the Vale, having burnt his allow and underbrushed four acres of land. If any person can beat this we would like to hear from them.

Geo. A. Bartlett, of this place, has been putting some improvements on his store. He makes great reductions for cash.

KINGSLEAR.

May 10.—The farmers are busy putting in their crops for which the weather of late is all that can be desired.

Albert Everett and wife left here last week for Boston where he intends going into the grocery business. James Sutherland left about the same time for Manitoba. By these moves two more farms have been deserted.

Miss Eva J. Dunphy has taken charge of the Lower Queensbury school for the summer.

Miss Bessie Dunphy, of Nashwaak, is stopping at Franklin Dunphy's.

Mr. Kilburn has a large force at work on the creamery and is pushing the work on rapidly.

Thomas Gray who has been feeding forty heaves during the past winter has sold them to Stanley Chase, of Fredericton.

Y. C. R. A.—The following have been elected officers of the York county rifle association for the ensuing year: Major Logie, 71st, president; Major Gordon, I. S. C. vice president; Lieut. McFarlane, 71st, secretary; Committee of management—Sergeant Instructor Long, I. S. C.; Lieut. Pinder, 71st; Sgt. Burns, I. S. C.; Sgt. Wilson, 71st; Sgt. Pte. D. Lee Babbitt, R. M.

YORK STREET SCHOOL.—On account of the illness of Mr. Limerick work at this building did not begin as soon as it otherwise would, but now it will be rushed along as rapidly as possible. If it is possible it will be ready for occupancy at the first of the year. It is expected that the collegiate school will take up its quarters there, so that the house will not be any too large.

AROUND THE WORLD.

The Weekly Events in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

Fifteen hundred stone cutters in New York are on strike.

Deeming, the wife murderer, will be hanged at Melbourne on May 23.

After May 15 all children under 14 years, found on the streets in Owen Sound, Ont. after nine o'clock at night, will be arrested.

The military students at Shun King, China, have taken forcible measures to expel the British missionaries from that city.

Clifford Savory, a horse thief, who is supposed to have left for New Brunswick from the former residence, is wanted by the Boston police.

Charles Tanetin, stevedore, committed suicide at San Francisco by jumping into the furnace of a steamboat. He was drunk and despondent.

A Deserter—Junction young man named Almond, who was taken in his left arm while whitening with jack-knife. He fled to death.

Abel Smith, twenty-three years old, of Carnarvon, N. Y., killed his wife Tuesday and then threw himself under a railway train, being ground to pieces.

A true bill has been returned against him. Patrick Greville Nugent, charged with assault upon a young woman in a railway carriage on April 18th, at London.

James Goudie, who built the first boat to cross the Atlantic by steam power alone died in Chicago Wednesday. The boat sailed from Pictou, N. S., to Gravesend in 1838.

Two hundred striking ironworkers from the world's fair grounds had a lively encounter with the Chicago police Wednesday. Many of the men were seriously hurt.

The peopling of Manitoba goes on apace. The number of settlers during the first quarter of 1891 was 2,361, and for the same period this year 5,111, or more than double last.

Owing to the heavy rain lately, Raleigh Plains, Ont., are covered with water. Probably 4,000 acres are flooded and the crops are almost wholly destroyed. The loss will amount to \$75,000.

The Empire's Montreal correspondent states that after the close of the present session of the Quebec legislature premier DeBoucherville will resign his present position of premier of the province.

The Carleton Sentinel says some \$25,000 have been appropriated by the C. P. R. to \$125,000 for the purpose of repairing and renovating locomotives and cars this spring.

During a terrific storm a two story house ten miles below Little Rock, Ark., was blown fifty feet and overturned in the air. The house was blown into the air at the time and it is supposed were drowned.

The British house of commons on Monday rejected the motion of Charles Scales Hayne (liberal) that the county councils should be empowered to purchase any land, any land the councils required to divide into holdings.

The price of logs in the Bangor market has taken a sudden high jump. Spruce has gone up fifty cents a thousand. The prices are now as follows: Spruce, \$11.50 to \$12.50; hemlock, \$7 per M; pine, \$12 to \$20 per M.

Haley Bros. & Co. have purchased the pool and bobbin factory and saw mill in connection therewith at St. Martins. The mills have been closed down for a long time and they will be put in operation at once by the new proprietors.

Mr. Morton Reicker of Montreal, sentenced on Wednesday to consider the penalty for forgery, attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a razor in the prisoner's box and afterwards by swallowing ammonia, but was unsuccessful.

Fort Fairfield, Me., had a \$16,000 fire on Monday. The large Williams' block, occupied as a clothing store, boot and shoe establishment, a barber shop and dwelling in which four families resided, was entirely destroyed. There was \$9,000 insurance.

Last Sunday night burglars broke into the store of Robert Swin, Daoktown. On suspicion it was found that the glass had been broken in the front. Some goods were found on the platform. The loss was small, as the alarm caused them to make a hasty exit, taking little with them.

A case of bigamy is said to have occurred in Woodstock one day last week. The minister who performed the ceremony was not acquainted with the parties; the official who issued the license says he thought the man was a widower; the bondsman is yet to be heard from.

Farmers are alarmed in ploughing their fields which grew potatoes last season, and find quantities of potato bugs alive in the ground, and some who have not forgotten the labor of picking and destroying them last year speak of planting smaller fields this season. It looks as if this terrible enemy of the farmers had come to stay.

The special committee on Col. Amyot's bill to make voting compulsory have approved of the bill. A clause was inserted, however, allowing religious scruples to be pleaded as an excuse for not voting; and another allowing voters not wishing to exercise the franchise to withdraw their names from the voters' list before the final revision.

Rev. Father Vital LeBlanc, assistant to Father Doyle of Milltown, died at nine o'clock Thursday morning, after a few days' illness. He went there on his first mission at Cape Bald, where he was father Bradley's assistant. He was about twenty-eight years of age. He remains putting some improvements on his store. He makes great reductions for cash.

The induction of Rev. Mr. Vans, to the pastorate of the Presbyterian congregation at St. George, took place on Tuesday night. Rev. Godfrey Shore, of Carleton, preached, Rev. Mr. Anderson, of St. Stephen presided and inducted the minister, Rev. A. Gunn, of St. Andrews, addressed the minister, and Rev. Mr. Hayley, of St. James, the people.

The death of John Retallick of Oronto is announced. Mr. Retallick was for upwards of thirty years a resident of Carleton, and was engaged in building the Union line fleet of steamers—the Empress, May Queen, Florenceville and other steamers to the number of twenty-one were built by him. He leaves a widow three sons and three daughters, who have the sympathy of the community.

A large two story house in Lincoln, Sunbury county, owned and occupied by George and Charles True, caught fire in two places on the roof and as there was a very high wind and no one except some children at home, the building would have very quickly been destroyed, but shortly after it caught Miss Lipsett's funeral passed and several men stopped and assisted in putting out the fire.

A young farmer named Provost committed suicide near Chateaugay, Quebec on Thursday. He had been ploughing in the field and after tiring his feet to a large tree threw himself on the ground, put a nose round his neck and with the line attached to the whiffle-tree the horses were started off on the run. The result was that his head was almost severed from his body when found later on by his father.

KESWICK.

May 5.—Farming in this locality is at a standstill, the season being very backward and cold.

Some of our pugilistic youths, an evening or two ago, undertook to show the villagers how John L. earns his money. But the coat being hard to get off, Silver-head called out.

C. E. Hawkins, one of our village traders, has closed his store and is running the cart.

The night train on the Glenora branch of the C. P. R., was held up at Rockland a few nights ago by the members of one of our secular societies. Conductor Hoben was infuriated thereby. A few words were exchanged with the ringleader, a dark and swarthy youth, when the train moved on, no damage being done. A recurrence of this may bring serious trouble to the band.

Leonard Yerxa has four head of as fine beef cattle as one could wish to own.

Miss N. Ward, who has been on a visit to her home at Jenzack, has returned; her many friends here welcome her back.

Ira Hawkins has a very fine strawberry patch which promises to do well this season.

SCOTCH SETTLEMENT.

APRIL 30.—Mrs. Alfred Christie was called home by the serious illness of her father, Sydney Ingraham of Queensbury. Mr. Ingraham is suffering from a complication of grip and heart trouble.

Dennis Campbell paid a professional visit to this place last week and extracted a number of teeth.

We regret to state that Mrs. Walter Allen is still very low, and but little hopes are entertained for her recovery.

Chas. Allen, who has been visiting at his father's, Walter Allen, returned to Houlton last week.

Alfred Christie is at present sawing shingles at his mill on the south branch of the Mactaquac. It is said that this mill will be offered for sale at the close of this season's work. There is also a fine farm of 200 acres, which will be sold along with the mill. It will probably be sold at a bargain, as Mr. Christie finds it inconvenient to work two farms at such a distance apart.

Colds are the order of the day in this settlement.

James and Jinkins Edmondson have gone on the drive.

Mrs. David Haines has recovered from a very severe cold, and is able to be about again as usual.

KINGARTH.

May 10.—H. McLean, of Jacksonville, passed through here delivering trees of all kinds, and also taking orders. He is a first-class salesman.

Miss M. Aitkins, of Fredericton, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. John Kilburn.

E. Clary, the popular blacksmith, has purchased the farm of L. Goodine.

This is a busy place at present. Work is going on with a rush; painting, building, farming and raftering, which makes things pretty lively around Kingarth.

SCOTCH LAKE.

May 5.—The snow has all gone in the fields, and some of the farmers have commenced ploughing.

David Moore lost a valuable mare last week.

Miss Nellie Jackson has gone to Douglas on a visit.

Mrs. James Palmer, who has been very sick for the last fortnight, is improving under the skilful treatment of Dr. B. Coburn.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GOOD FIT

Fort Fairfield, Me., had a \$16,000 fire on Monday. The large Williams' block, occupied as a clothing store, boot and shoe establishment, a barber shop and dwelling in which four families resided, was entirely destroyed. There was \$9,000 insurance.

Last Sunday night burglars broke into the store of Robert Swin, Daoktown. On suspicion it was found that the glass had been broken in the front. Some goods were found on the platform. The loss was small, as the alarm caused them to make a hasty exit, taking little with them.

A case of bigamy is said to have occurred in Woodstock one day last week. The minister who performed the ceremony was not acquainted with the parties; the official who issued the license says he thought the man was a widower; the bondsman is yet to be heard from.

Farmers are alarmed in ploughing their fields which grew potatoes last season, and find quantities of potato bugs alive in the ground, and some who have not forgotten the labor of picking and destroying them last year speak of planting smaller fields this season. It looks as if this terrible enemy of the farmers had come to stay.

The special committee on Col. Amyot's bill to make voting compulsory have approved of the bill. A clause was inserted, however, allowing religious scruples to be pleaded as an excuse for not voting; and another allowing voters not wishing to exercise the franchise to withdraw their names from the voters' list before the final revision.

Rev. Father Vital LeBlanc, assistant to Father Doyle of Milltown, died at nine o'clock Thursday morning, after a few days' illness. He went there on his first mission at Cape Bald, where he was father Bradley's assistant. He was about twenty-eight years of age. He remains putting some improvements on his store. He makes great reductions for cash.

The induction of Rev. Mr. Vans, to the pastorate of the Presbyterian congregation at St. George, took place on Tuesday night. Rev. Godfrey Shore, of Carleton, preached, Rev. Mr. Anderson, of St. Stephen presided and inducted the minister, Rev. A. Gunn, of St. Andrews, addressed the minister, and Rev. Mr. Hayley, of St. James, the people.

The death of John Retallick of Oronto is announced. Mr. Retallick was for upwards of thirty years a resident of Carleton, and was engaged in building the Union line fleet of steamers—the Empress, May Queen, Florenceville and other steamers to the number of twenty-one were built by him. He leaves a widow three sons and three daughters, who have the sympathy of the community.

A large two story house in Lincoln, Sunbury county, owned and occupied by George and Charles True, caught fire in two places on the roof and as there was a very high wind and no one except some children at home, the building would have very quickly been destroyed, but shortly after it caught Miss Lipsett's funeral passed and several men stopped and assisted in putting out the fire.

A young farmer named Provost committed suicide near Chateaugay, Quebec on Thursday. He had been ploughing in the field and after tiring his feet to a large tree threw himself on the ground, put a nose round his neck and with the line attached to the whiffle-tree the horses were started off on the run. The result was that his head was almost severed from his body when found later on by his father.

BOYS WANTED.

TO LEARN THE CARRIAGE MAKING.
JOHN BLOOMER & SONS.
Fredericton, April 25.—4f.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THAT three story building on corner of Barker House Alley and King Street. Apply to
DEYER BROS.
Fredericton, April 9, 1892.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

THAT self contained residence on King street, at present occupied by Dr. Coburn, supplied with every modern improvement. Rent moderate. Possession given May 1st. Apply to John Edgcombe & Son, April 2.—4f.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Farm and Mill property, known as the Alexander Thompson property, consisting of Carleton Mill and Great Mill, including 200 acres, more or less. Has dwelling house, with hot and cold water, and two barns and outbuildings. Cuts about 30 tons of hay, and 100 tons of straw. Price moderate. Part of the money may remain on mortgage.
Apply to J. A. & W. VAN WART, Barristers.
Fredericton, April 16th, 1891.—1m.

TO LET.

THAT self contained residence on King street, at present occupied by Dr. Coburn, supplied with every modern improvement. Rent moderate. Possession given May 1st. Apply to John Edgcombe & Son, April 2.—4f.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Farm and Mill property, known as the Alexander Thompson property, consisting of Carleton Mill and Great Mill, including 200 acres, more or less. Has dwelling house, with hot and cold water, and two barns and outbuildings. Cuts about 30 tons of hay, and 100 tons of straw. Price moderate. Part of the money may remain on mortgage.
Apply to J. A. & W. VAN WART, Barristers.
Fredericton, March 18th, 1892.—1f.

Farm for Sale.

THAT valuable Farm at St. Mary's, near the Railway Station, containing 500 acres, 100 of which is under cultivation. Has two barns, and outbuildings. For further particulars apply to
JOHN A. EDWARDS, Queen Hotel.
Fredericton, April 9, 1892.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Possession given 1st of May.
THAT three story building on corner of Barker House Alley and King Street. Apply to
DEYER BROS.
Fredericton, April 9, 1892.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT valuable property at St. Mary's, known as the John McFarlane property, consisting of a block of Carleton Mill and Great Mill, including the old ferry landing and extending back to Jeffrey street, with hot and cold water, and two barns and outbuildings. Cuts about 30 tons of hay, and 100 tons of straw. Price moderate. Part of the money may remain on mortgage.
Apply to JOHN McCOY,
47 Waterloo Street, St. John.
April 2nd, 1892.—4f.

TO LET.

THAT Cottage on St. John street, at present occupied by H. W. L. Tibbitts. Rent moderate. Possession May 1st.
Apply to JAMES S. NELLIE.
Fredericton, April 9th, 1892.—4f.

WANTED.

A capable cook.
MRS. R. F. RANDOLPH
P.O. Box 22nd, 1892.—4f.

HIS LAST SEASON.

THE FAMOUS STALLION,
SIR CHARLES, 2745.
WILL make this his last season in this province, at his owner's stable, 47 Waterloo street, St. John. This horse has proved himself such a good sire that it is hardly necessary to say anything about him. He is the sire of Maggie T. 2724; Maud C. 2721; King Charles, 2719 and a score of other fast ones. This will positively be his last season as Mr. McCoy intends removing his stud to St. John in the fall.
TERMS \$30 FOR THE SEASON.
JOHN McCOY,
47 Waterloo Street, St. John.
April 2nd, 1892.—4f.

DANVER'S

American Yellow Onion Seed.
Intermediate Carrot Seed,
VERY CHOICE.
BEETS, BEAN, PEAR, PARSNIPS
and all other seeds in great variety.
Peas supplied in bulk or by the package at a very low rate.
—AT—
GEO. H. DAVIS,
DRUGGIST,
Corner Queen and Regent Street.
FREDERICTON.
May 7, 1892.

FOR SPRING TRADE.

JUST RECEIVED!
SIX NEW RANGES, at sale for hard or best duplex grade, the best grade ever imported. We earnestly solicit inspection and will guarantee every range we sell.
Prices low, quality unsurpassed.
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.
We are headquarters in St. John and Bangor.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that John Owens of the City of Fredericton, Merchant, has this day executed a Trust Deed, assigning all his stock in trade and effects to the undersigned for the benefit of those of his creditors who shall come in and create the said Trust Deed within ninety days from the date. The Trust Deed now lies at the office of Frank J. Morrison, Queen Street, Fredericton, for inspection and execution.
Dated at Fredericton, N. B., this 26th day of April, A. D. 1892.
J. H. BARRY,
FRANK J. MORRISON,
Trustees.
Fredericton, April 30, 1892.

WANTED.

A BOY to learn the DRUG business. Apply to
GEO. H. DAVIS.
Fredericton, April 30, 1892.—4f.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

BLAIR & BARRY have removed their offices to the WHELPLEY BUILDING.
Opposite Post office square, Queen Street.
Fredericton, April 30, 1892.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

THE subscriber has removed his law offices from T. W. Building, to
WHELPLEY'S NEW BUILDING.
Opposite Post office square Queen Street.
GEO. A. HUGHES,
Barrister.
Fredericton, April 30, 1892.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Farm in Upper Queensbury, York County, fronting on the River St. John, containing 200 acres, more or less. Has dwelling house, with hot and cold water, and two barns and outbuildings. Cuts about 30 tons of hay, and 100 tons of straw. Price moderate. Part of the money may remain on mortgage.
Apply to J. A. & W. VAN WART, Barristers.
Fredericton, April 16th, 1891.—1m.

TO LET.

THAT self contained residence on King street, at present occupied by Dr. Coburn, supplied with every modern improvement. Rent moderate. Possession given May 1st. Apply to John Edgcombe & Son, April 2.—4f.

FOR SALE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Third Page.
Bertha's Plan for sale... John Edgemoor & Sons

LOCAL NEWS.

Visiting.—Malcolm Ross, who has taken his domicile in St. John for a year past, is in the city now visiting his friends.

Visitors.—Two cinnamon buns, one of them a monster, reached this city on Thursday, but the officials got after them and their stay was short.

Returned.—Samuel Butler, of Newtonville, Mass., formerly of Marysville, has returned for a short visit. He is at present visiting his friends at Douglas.

Fire.—Mr. Blackner's residence was the scene Sunday evening of a slight fire. It was seen in time to prevent a general conflagration, but some little damage was done.

Telephone.—A line is about to be finished between this city and Emery Sewell's store, Upper Mansfield street.

B. & A. Railway.—Work of construction on the Bangor and Aroostook railway will begin in about ten days and many of the young men are talking of going there to put in the summer.

X. L. Mison.—This mission band, connected with the Methodist church, had a large attendance at their service on Wednesday evening at the Methodist school room. The program was excellent and well rendered.

Low Lander.—On Thursday the tug, Fancheon, towed to the Douglas boats, the patent raft. It was constructed at the St. Mary's repair shop of the boom company and is intended for putting the load logs on the rats.

Entertained.—Capt. Rutter displays a handsome badge presented to him by the members of No. 4 hose company, as a token of esteem. At the sound of the alarm Harry is always ready for the fire and does good work after he gets there.

Business Center.—James K. Finner's mill at Temperance Lake is busily engaged in sawing. He has his lumber yards well filled with all dimensions of lumber for house and all other purposes. It is one of the stirring business centres of the country.

Turn of the Tide.—The ladies of the church of England, Stanley, intend having a concert on the evening of the 24th of May, when the molo-drama, The Turn of the Tide, will be presented. The object is to secure funds for enlarging the stock of the S.S. library.

Vessels Arrived.—The schooner, Silver Wings, left on Thursday for Boston with a cargo of hemlock boards from R. A. Estey's. The screw-woodboat, Sea King, arrived with a load of Grand Lake mud. A new wood-boat, Capt. Flowers, arrived on Thursday afternoon with coal from Grand Lake.

Church Organized.—The Rev. Mr. Parsons, who has been efficiently laboring in the interests of the F. C. Baptist church, has decided to organize a church of this denomination at Gibson on Thursday evening next. Several prominent clergymen will be present and a church strong in numbers and interest will be organized.

Expelled.—H. A. McKewen, M. P. F., has been expelled from the Junior conservative association of St. John for stamping Carleton county in the interest of Dr. Colter. Mr. McKewen may be congratulated. He is a young man who will not be ruled by party distinctions, but looks to the welfare of his native province.

Accidental.—Steve Flowers, of Centreville, while working on J. F. Richardson's drive, Kewick, had his knee dislocated. On Saturday he was working on the logs and jumped from the bank to a jam, a descent of about four feet, when the accident occurred. He was taken to his home by Monday morning's train.

Dairy Station.—The Kingsclear creamery is being rushed along and the plant has been purchased, so that by the time the building is completed there will be no waiting. It will be run this year as a dominion experimental dairy station, and any desiring to learn the business of cheese or butter making will be taught free of charge on application to the heads of the department.

One of Ours.—W. G. McFarlane, of St. John, whose articles have appeared in the Dominion Illustrated, and who is well known here in newspaper circles, has been elected editor-in-chief of the Wolfville college paper. Mr. McFarlane has held the position of tutor in practical chemistry this year and is also an honor student. He is a son of Dr. Foster McFarlane, of St. John.

The Races.—The lovers of speed horses are looking forward to the 24th with interest, as the race that has been arranged for by the park association will be important events. There is some talk of arranging a station race in which only those showing a high breeding can compete. If this can be arranged it will settle a vexed question as to the speediest stallion in the city.

Which.—Under the gerrymander the Sun will have to choose between Skinner and Hazen as one of them must go to the wall. Which one is the question. It is time that organ and its supporters were praying for deliverance from their friends. It would appear that St. John is not flourishing, that it requires but one man where two were necessary a short time since. When is the boom coming?

Brush Fires.—Some few parts of the county have had to burn and the atmosphere has been full of smoke during the week. It would be wise if all necessary precautions are taken so that these fires do not spread, as the young forests are being decimated each year. The leaves have not rotted, but possess life enough to make a fire so strong that the trees will be burnt around at the roots and killed.

Don't Want to Move.—Very few of the Indians at St. Mary's will take advantage of the new homes purchased for them at Ormoco by Indian Agent Farrell. They say that they would be willing to go anywhere if they could get a piece of land individually and practically their own. Some do not care to be wards of the government, and perhaps if they had no support of this kind they would be more willing to work.

Blaze at Nahwahk.—The old Burdige-Fox house at Nahwahk owned by Henry Gill and occupied by John Hazlet was burned to the ground on Monday morning last. It was a very old building and much dilapidated. It is thought that the fire was caused by a defective fuse. A fire had been built in the stove and in a short time after flames were seen issuing from the roof. With the heavy wind and meagre water supply there was no chance to do more than get out the furniture.

New Railway Project.—It is stated that the promoters of the St. John Valley and river du Loup railway company have either applied, or are about to apply to the local government for an extension of their contract, so as to enable them to obtain the subsidy which the government has power to grant in respect of a line of railway between Fredericton and Woodstock on the west side of the river. Several gentlemen of ample means have joined the company, and it is said that they have given assurance to the government of their intention to vigorously prosecute the work. There is little or no doubt that the application will be granted.—Telegraph.

THE STANLEY ARMS.

Famous Old Hostelry Destroyed by Fire.

Years ago when the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia land company began operations on the Nashwaak they chose Stanley as a choice site for a town and roads were located, the forests cleared and the wilderness soon gave place to cleared fields and log houses with healthy and happy inmates. As the traffic and from the lumber regions of New Brunswick and Miramichi increased it was found necessary to put up a suitable building for the accommodation of travellers. So the hotel was built and christened the Stanley Arms, the lion and unicorn gracing the front gable for many years.

After a time the farm and hostelry came into possession of William Logan, who carried on the business until the fame of the house for comfort and good cheer was known particularly over York and Northumberland counties, and generally over the province and Maine.

Here the annual ball that graced and gave an air of gaiety to the cattle show was held year after year. When the hall was built the ball was held there, but Logan's ball took place and it was the one par excellence. Very few citizens of the celestial but remember some of their youthful days spent in the old hotel and the pleasant times would fill a volume. How many when hearing of the fire will recall the good old times when Allison made the fiddle ring, accompanied by the skirl of Hossack's dandy bag pipes.

Here the old house many pleasant scenes are connected, but it, like all else earthly, has gone.

Mrs. Logan was one of the most proficient landladies who ever carried on the business. The table was always provided with the best, and the house was clean and comfortable in every part. But it has passed away, another landmark of the old regime has gone. On Wednesday morning the old building was swept out of existence by fire, some of the contents being saved. The wind was strong and no adequate means were at hand for quenching the flames. It was insured in the Liverpool, London and Globe for \$50,000, about half the loss. It is probable that it will be rebuilt.

THE INTERCOLONIAL.

It appears to be an elephant on the hands of the Government.

In a discussion respecting the Intercolonial railway in parliament on Thursday last, Mr. Gilmour, of Charlotte, characterized the road as the greatest failure in the civilized world. The road, he said, cost \$20,000,000, and yet did not pay expenses to any amount of interest on the cost. The actual deficit yearly was \$3,000,000. This deficit would pay all the flour consumed in the Maritime provinces.

The dominion government feel that the railway is an elephant on their hands, the only benefit that they can derive from it being as a voting machine in a close election.

As such, it has been worked to its full capacity. Before a contest the departments would be deluged with men, an order dismissing them following shortly after the member had been returned.

As a means of helping the trade of New Brunswick it is a total failure; its tendency being to induce business with Ontario when the United States bank of our trade to be with the United States. So far as Fredericton and central New Brunswick is concerned the road might be completely destroyed and not be felt, except that an octopus had swallowed \$20,000,000 annually and yet did not kill.

Hard cash and for less cash could buy more goods from the Americans if the taxes were removed. Business men and farmers here would not be so much in a hurry to trade with the United States, but would wait until the year 1900 when an amount equal to the yearly loss on the I. C. R. is paid to help roads that would be beneficial.

NEW STEAMER.

Her Coming Greater Consternation Along the Coast.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

The residents of this city were awakened rather rudely from their slumbers on Thursday night by the scream of a steamboat whistle. The scream was the strangest ever heard, the boat was the strangest ever seen.

GALA TIME.

Order of Unity Anniversary an Unprecedented Event.

The order of Unity appears to have a strong hold on the affections of the people of this city and the anniversary of Fredericton lodge, No. 28, of this order on Thursday night brought out all the best citizens so that the W. C. T. U. hall was crowded to its utmost seating capacity. An efficient committee, composed of C. A. Miles, C. A. Sampson, H. E. White, J. D. Fox, Mayor Beckwith, Ald. Walker, H. Chestnut, R. Cochran, J. Black, D. Richards, T. Stanger, G. Hazen, W. J. Starr, M. Tennant, J. D. Perkins and J. Williamson have the affair in hand and to them must be attributed the success of the gathering. The program was as follows:

Overture, F. O. M. W. orchestra; address of president, S. R. McCreedy; concert, S. R. McCreedy, J. F. Richards; solo, Miss Bessie Hagerman; piano solo, Miss McCreedy; solo, Miss Nellie Estey; solo, Mrs. John Black; duet, Messrs. Macnutt and Massie; God save the Queen.

The address by the supreme president was one that was not only pleasing but contained facts that will add to the credit of the order. Many points that have arisen as to the stability of the institution have been set at rest. We have not space to go into details. The speaker presented a grand through the chairman, Mayor Beckwith, to Fredericton lodge and its president, C. A. Miles.

Miss Hagerman's solo brought out a rousing encore, to which she heartily responded, and the audience were intensely interested in trying to account for the music.

Miss Estey's solo was received with much applause, and Mrs. Black's song was heard if not surpassing any of her former efforts which is sufficient praise to those who have had the pleasure of hearing her can attest. Miss McCreedy's piano solo showed a careful training and a true love for the instrument when she next appears before a Fredericton audience.

The order of Unity is a strong society now having on its roll some of our best citizens, as well as many of the members of the surrounding districts. It has a good staff of officers and its business is conducted carefully and promptly, its death claims here being paid as soon as they are without any legal squabbles. The anniversary of Fredericton lodge will be looked for next year with a great deal of interest and although the program makes all efforts they will be unable to surpass the enjoyment of Thursday night.

FARMER DELEGATES.

Their Report of the Maritime Provinces Withheld.

It will be remembered that about a year since this city and province was visited by British farmer delegates whose business it was to see for themselves the new order of offer in the way of inducement to immigrants and who were to publish reports of what they thought were the advantages of this province. They visited all the other provinces glowing reports of which have been received, but that relating to the Maritime provinces has not appeared. In the dominion legislature on the 11th inst., Mr. McMillan moved a copy of the report on the Maritime provinces. He said he had been informed that the reports, although in the hands of the minister of agriculture had not been made public. He had also understood that the reports had been criticized the fiscal policy of the government, in other words they believed that the policy that shut in the farmers so that they could not reach the American markets was not one that they could recommend to the people of Great Britain. He said this was the reason that the reports were withheld.

Sir John Thompson said he would ask the hon. gentleman not to repeat his report at the present time. Messrs. Charlton and Casey said it was a high handed act not to submit the reports.

Many gentlemen here took much trouble to show the delegates this city and vicinity and gave them all the information in their power. Now they would like to see what report is made of it, but the government opposes it. It would damage us to know the worst.

New York Herald, Sept. 30, 1891: There is no telling how Mr. Noble, of Gibson, has been very active in the matter. The orangemen of Fredericton and vicinity visited the lodge here on Wednesday night and a pleasant time was had.

The engine for the shingle mill is completed and will be put in place as soon as possible. The east boom is full of cedar waiting for the mill to start.

Principal Day and his primary teachers observed school day by general cleaning up. Mr. Gibson has done all the tree planting necessary round these schools, the prettiest school lot in the province.

The ladies of the St. John's church, who was doing the town, got into the cotton mill perhaps to have a warm berth for the night, but the watch, who in this case is never asleep let him very lively and ready to get out safely. Richard is just the man to make it hot enough for anyone who takes shelter there.

Several weddings are talked of, but we will see what we will see. The Gipsy family which wintered here has taken up its summer tours.

McParlane's factory has put out a large lot of harness and carriages, orders pushing to the utmost capacity.

Mrs. Wm. Butler has returned from Montana and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hazen.

The boom company have got everything in readiness for the summer and their works here have been busy repairing and building.

B. M. Mullen, M. D., of St. Mary's, has long been at his post at Chatham, Mass. Mr. Mullen's many friends hope he will have a stirring practice.

On Sunday last the Rev. Mr. Wass, of Bostwick, occupied the Methodist pulpit at this place, the resident pastor going to Bostwick, exchanging pulpits.

Geo. Kyle, son of John Kyle, who has lately been employed at R. Chestnut & Sons, Fredericton, left on Friday morning for this west. George is a smart, respectable young man and should do well across the border.

More of His Spite. A certain daily paper of this city has, about the way means of conveying and its love for scurrilous attacks, seen fit to make certain charges against the Frost and Fanshawe theatre company, who have occupied the city hall during the past week. Of course these attacks do not cost much weight where the editor is known, but there may be a few who have not "met him." In respect to the show the following speaks for itself.

Messrs. Frost & Fanshawe, Sirs: I attended your performance at the city hall on Monday, the 9th inst., in company with my wife and family. I can safely say that the performance was good and that there was nothing coarse or vulgar to be seen during the whole evening (as represented in one of your papers).

I have attended theatres in this city where the prices for admission were much above those charged by your company and the acting not so good. Yours, etc., HARRY DEWICKS, Mayor.

I gladly endorse the above statements, Geo. D. MANESSA, Lieut. Col. Mayor's Office, F'lon, May 11th, 1892.

SETTLES.—The fire committee of the city council met on Monday evening and acceded to the request of chief engineer Lippsett that a certain name be expunged from the roll of No. 2 hose company.

BUYING LAMBS.—William Bell, of Lakeville, Carleton county, is in York buying lambs for the Hooligan company. He reports lambs plentiful.

IN THE GARDEN.

Some Suggestions by an Old Hand.

This seems to have been the first summer like day in Fredericton. It prompts the gardener to greater activity when he sees a hundred things that need attention. It is a pity that the time there is surely no monotony in the occupation of gardening. The zealous gardener is not the enthusiast of a day, adversity seems to redouble his energy. Most people love the garden, its flowers, fruits and vegetables, and if they are willing to work and study will soon learn the modus operandi essential to the best results.

The plant or tree is a sort of human being, a vegetable animal. It has, of course, a body and limbs as we have. It has veins and arteries. The sap is the blood and it circulates through these all over the system. Garden crops then may be killed with these that masticate. The leaves are lungs for trees and plants breathe in one side of the leaf and out on the other. It sleeps in winter and wakes up in spring. Trees and plants are subject to disease or sickness and may be treated and cured much the same as human beings or animals. The doctor is the gardener, horticulturist or arborist.

ARBORE DAY.—The city schools observed arbor day in a rather quiet way. There was little tree planting on account of about all the ground being occupied. St. Dunstan's school took the most active part. Some of the teachers and their flocks went over the hill on a botanical excursion.

ACCIDENTAL.—Mr. McNamee broke his leg while at Douglas boom on Thursday by a log rolling over. He was brought to the city and taken to the hospital. Mrs. Laughlin, of Marysville, had an arm broken by a fall on the same afternoon. Dr. Sharp attended.

INVASION.—The Woodstock contingent of the Salvation army invaded the city on Wednesday evening, some fifty strong, and took possession of the army temple. There was a grand gathering and a consequent big time. The army is winning its way.

SEVENTH.—Farmers in the greater portion of this county, except along the high lands bordering on the rivers where the frost is still in the ground, have put in most of their seed the few days of warm sun having dried the soil rapidly.

MISSIONARY ILL.—The well known missionary, Miss Hopson, who has labored in India for several years past, was on the point of starting for home when she was prostrated by illness. She has been taken to an hospital where she is seriously ill.

THE MOLLUSC BUSINESS.

As an outcome of the mollusc business the following has appeared which we publish by request. It is under the heading of "The Mollusc Business." In connection with the discussion between Rev. S. Howard and G. W. White, the Sun has been asked to publish the following:

We, the undersigned members of the quarterly official board of the Florenceville circuit, do hereby most solemnly assert that the statements of G. W. White in respect to our paper, Rev. S. Howard, and published in the St. John Globe in the issue of Feb. 19th and March 21st respectively, are false in every particular. We further state that the said G. W. White was expelled from the Methodist church, in perfect accord with our discipline, for malicious falsehood, gross slander, persistent violation of our rules, and other most unchristian conduct.

As the representatives of the various churches on the Florenceville circuit, we also declare our high appreciation of the work done by Mr. Howard on this circuit and his change now dwelling to a close. Finally, we take this opportunity of publicly expressing our hearty approval of the Christian forbearance shown by Mr. Howard towards the said G. W. White, who has been the most reprehensible character.

Dated Centreville, N. B., March 29th, 1892. (Signed) G. E. McClintock, James W. Page, A. W. Estabrooks, W. A. Taylor, J. E. Simons, J. R. Bennett, Hanford Lunn, William W. Jewett, Simmons Lunn, Alexander Hume, J. Stanley Savage, Samuel Taylor, Joseph Emery, Thomas Johnston, A. B. Carvell.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pure Bred Berkshire Pigs FOR SALE.

APPLY TO John Edgcombe & Sons.

H. G. C. WETMORE, AUCTIONEER.

IRON. IRON.

Just received and to arrive next week by schooner. 24 TONS Bar and Bundles. Iron well assorted. All sizes of rounds from 1 to 3 inches. All sizes of flats from 1 to 1 1/2 and 1 1/4.

NEW MILCH COWS FOR SALE.

APPLY TO BARKER HOUSE, Fredericton, May 7, 1892.

FOR SALE.

A MILLER Square Piano, in good condition. For terms enquire of A. D. MACPHERSON, F'lon, May 7th 1892.—2 ins.

Notice of Removal.

R. HENRY MACKY, House Painter, Paper Hanger, Glazier and Kgl. Joiner, has removed his residence to Daniel Lloyd's Brick House, B. W. Street. All orders in his lines will receive careful and prompt attention. F'lon, May 7th, 1892.

BOYCE BROTHERS. Hay, Grain and Seed Merchants.

Next door above Mr. Hoag's store.

In stock and to arrive WHITE and BLACK seed and feed OATS, Seed Wheat, Feed Two Rowed Barley, Seed Six Rowed Barley, Buckwheat, 3 varieties, Timothy, Clover etc. Middlings, Bran, Linseed Meal, etc. in bags (100 pounds) direct from the Mill's. P'roned Hay, Straw, etc. Fredericton, April 30, 1892.

SALE.

IF not previously disposed of, the following property will be offered for sale at Public Auction on TUESDAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Court House, the 21st May inst., at Elizabeth's Quay, viz: Three acres of land, containing a large building, having a frontage of 30 feet on King street, and being bounded by St. John's street on the west side, and by the street between the present owners, Thomas Miller on the lower side, and the County of York, and owned by Thomas Miller.

For particulars, title and terms, apply to H. W. McCREEDY, Fredericton, May 4th, 1892.—2 ins.

NOTICE.

THE CENTRAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada Eastern Railway Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 7th day of June next, at 11 o'clock.

Per S. S. Edinmore.

300 BOXES Window Glass, 4 Cases Crown and figured double thick. For sale at market rates. R. CHESTNUT & SONS, Fredericton, 1892.—2 ins.

Our Next Governor.

Again is the succession to the governorship of this province being discussed after a lull of two or three weeks. Again is the hon. Peter Mitchell spoken of as the man fully qualified for the position. The Toronto Mail in an able article strongly urges the claims of Mr. Mitchell. The appointment would be fully satisfactory to the people of this city and the province as well. Mr. Mitchell is not an applicant for the position, but is being urged by his friends in the different provinces to accept should he be offered the appointment. He has had an extended service as a public man, being first elected to the legislature of this province in 1856, since which time he has been constantly before the people either in the local legislature or that at Ottawa. The appointment will be a popular one and everything conduces to the belief that the hon. Mr. Mitchell will be our next governor.

ONLY A YARN.—A yarn is going the rounds that J. B. Gieves was to take charge of the Barker House, its proprietor, Mr. Colman, having accepted an offer to take a hotel in the Northwest. What Mr. Colman may do is not yet stated, but Mr. Gieves has no intention of giving up the Waverly.

ARBORE DAY.—The city schools observed arbor day in a rather quiet way. There was little tree planting on account of about all the ground being occupied. St. Dunstan's school took the most active part. Some of the teachers and their flocks went over the hill on a botanical excursion.

ACCIDENTAL.—Mr. McNamee broke his leg while at Douglas boom on Thursday by a log rolling over. He was brought to the city and taken to the hospital. Mrs. Laughlin, of Marysville, had an arm broken by a fall on the same afternoon. Dr. Sharp attended.

INVASION.—The Woodstock contingent of the Salvation army invaded the city on Wednesday evening, some fifty strong, and took possession of the army temple. There was a grand gathering and a consequent big time. The army is winning its way.

SEVENTH.—Farmers in the greater portion of this county, except along the high lands bordering on the rivers where the frost is still in the ground, have put in most of their seed the few days of warm sun having dried the soil rapidly.

MISSIONARY ILL.—The well known missionary, Miss Hopson, who has labored in India for several years past, was on the point of starting for home when she was prostrated by illness. She has been taken to an hospital where she is seriously ill.

THE MOLLUSC BUSINESS.

As an outcome of the mollusc business the following has appeared which we publish by request. It is under the heading of "The Mollusc Business." In connection with the discussion between Rev. S. Howard and G. W. White, the Sun has been asked to publish the following:

We, the undersigned members of the quarterly official board of the Florenceville circuit, do hereby most solemnly assert that the statements of G. W. White in respect to our paper, Rev. S. Howard, and published in the St. John Globe in the issue of Feb. 19th and March 21st respectively, are false in every particular. We further state that the said G. W. White was expelled from the Methodist church, in perfect accord with our discipline, for malicious falsehood, gross slander, persistent violation of our rules, and other most unchristian conduct.

As the representatives of the various churches on the Florenceville circuit, we also declare our high appreciation of the work done by Mr. Howard on this circuit and his change now dwelling to a close. Finally, we take this opportunity of publicly expressing our hearty approval of the Christian forbearance shown by Mr. Howard towards the said G. W. White, who has been the most reprehensible character.

Dated Centreville, N. B., March 29th, 1892. (Signed) G. E. McClintock, James W. Page, A. W. Estabrooks, W. A. Taylor, J. E. Simons, J. R. Bennett, Hanford Lunn, William W. Jewett, Simmons Lunn, Alexander Hume, J. Stanley Savage, Samuel Taylor, Joseph Emery, Thomas Johnston, A. B. Carvell.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pure Bred Berkshire Pigs FOR SALE.

APPLY TO John Edgcombe & Sons.

POETRY.

PATIENT IN WELL DOING.

She rested her foot on the cradle,
The click of the needle was staid;
The long seam was finished and round her
White garments, like snow-drifts, were laid.

SELECT STORY.

BERYL BRENTANO

THE SAPPHIRE OF THE SOUTH.

CHAPTER XXV.

"That night turned me to stone; every
tender feeling seemed to petrify.
When I learned that Allen was soon to
marry the woman for whom he had cast me off,

AT SUNSET ON THE SAME DAY BERYL FOLLOWED

the Parthenon smiled down on violet
plaster. Above their wives and
children thronged the temples in sacril-
cious rites, to insure their safety.

CHAPTER XXVI.

Fair and flowery as in the sidylid dawn,
When Theocritus sang his pastoral charms,
and the temptations that betray us; and
He forgives all, if we are true penitents,

THE HEAD SURGEON.

Of the Lubon Medical Company is now
at Toronto, Canada, and may be consulted
either in person or by letter on all chronic
diseases peculiar to man.

THE HEAD SURGEON.

Ed. Bergeron, General Dealer,
Lauzon, Lévis, Quebec, writes: "I
have used August Flower for Dyspepsia.
It gave me great relief. I
recommend it to all Dyspeptics as a
very good remedy."

"August Flower"

For Dyspepsia.
A. Bellanger, Propr., Stove Foundry,
Montreal, Quebec, writes: "I
have used August Flower for Dyspepsia.
It gave me great relief. I
recommend it to all Dyspeptics as a
very good remedy."

BURDOCK

Regulates the Stomach,
Liver and Bowels, unlocks the
Secretions, Purifies the
Blood and removes all Impurities from a
Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

BLOOD BITTERS

CURES
DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE,
SALT RHEUM, SCROFULA,
HEART BURN, SOUR STOMACH,
DIZZINESS, DROPSY,
RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES.

EVAP. APPLES,

For sale at lowest prices.
A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.

SOMETHING NEW.

JUST RECEIVED
A SAMPLE BAKE TUB
5 BARRELS Spirit of Turpentine.

IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

THE PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH
HYPHOSPHITES OF Lime & Soda
IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS PREPARE
HAS BEEN RESPONSIBLY OVER AND OVER
AGAIN, PALATABLE AS MILK. EN-
DORSED BY PHYSICIANS. SCOTT'S
EMULSION IS PUT UP ONLY IN SALMON
COLOR WRAPPERS. SOLD BY ALL DRUG-
GISTS AT 50c. PER BOTTLE.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease;
it is a pleasant, palatable, and strengthening
remedy, and has been used by thousands
of long standing cases of cough, indigestion,
and general debility, with a valuable treatise
in French and English, which will send me
their EXPRESS and P. O. address.

THE HEAD SURGEON.

Ed. Bergeron, General Dealer,
Lauzon, Lévis, Quebec, writes: "I
have used August Flower for Dyspepsia.
It gave me great relief. I
recommend it to all Dyspeptics as a
very good remedy."

BURDOCK

Regulates the Stomach,
Liver and Bowels, unlocks the
Secretions, Purifies the
Blood and removes all Impurities from a
Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

BLOOD BITTERS

CURES
DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE,
SALT RHEUM, SCROFULA,
HEART BURN, SOUR STOMACH,
DIZZINESS, DROPSY,
RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES.

EVAP. APPLES,

For sale at lowest prices.
A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.

SOMETHING NEW.

JUST RECEIVED
A SAMPLE BAKE TUB
5 BARRELS Spirit of Turpentine.

IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

THE PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH
HYPHOSPHITES OF Lime & Soda
IS NOTHING UNUSUAL. THIS PREPARE
HAS BEEN RESPONSIBLY OVER AND OVER
AGAIN, PALATABLE AS MILK. EN-
DORSED BY PHYSICIANS. SCOTT'S
EMULSION IS PUT UP ONLY IN SALMON
COLOR WRAPPERS. SOLD BY ALL DRUG-
GISTS AT 50c. PER BOTTLE.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease;
it is a pleasant, palatable, and strengthening
remedy, and has been used by thousands
of long standing cases of cough, indigestion,
and general debility, with a valuable treatise
in French and English, which will send me
their EXPRESS and P. O. address.

WALL PAPERS.

Having purchased the stock in trade of Mr. E. B. Nixon, at a very low price, consisting of
Fine Bronzes, Gilt and Plain Papers,

WALL PAPERS.

Having purchased the stock in trade of Mr. E. B. Nixon, at a very low price, consisting of
Fine Bronzes, Gilt and Plain Papers,

WALL PAPERS.

Having purchased the stock in trade of Mr. E. B. Nixon, at a very low price, consisting of
Fine Bronzes, Gilt and Plain Papers,

Kalsomine, Glue, etc.

15 Barrels Kalsomine,
4 " " Glue,
10 " " Whiting,
1 Cask Yellow Ochre,
1 " Red "

JAMES S. NEILL.

REAR - MIXED - PAINTS.
In Gal. half Gal. Quart and 1 lb. Tins.
For sale by
JAMES S. NEILL.

JAMES S. NEILL.

REAR - MIXED - PAINTS.
In Gal. half Gal. Quart and 1 lb. Tins.
For sale by
JAMES S. NEILL.

R. C. MACREDIE,

Plumber, Gas Fitter,
AND
TINSMITH,
WOULD inform the people of Freder-
icton and vicinity that he has re-
moved business on Queen Street,
OPP COUNTY COURT HOUSE,

BELL HANGING,

Speaking Tubes, &c.
SPECIAL SALE.
There will be a Special Sale of
ROOM
PAPER.
Commencing immediately
"ALL THE YEAR AROUND."
HALL'S
BOOK
STORE.
STAMPING. - -
- - EMBOSING.
HALL'S
BOOK
STORE.
Steel Monograms Cut To Order.
Scotch Fire Bricks and Fire Clay.

HALL'S

Best Quality Hard Coal,
Old Mine Sydney,
Old Bridgeport,
Victoria Sydney.
ALL SCREENED BEFORE DELIVERING.
E. H. ALLEN,
Campbell St. above City Hall,
Fredericton, April 9, 1902.
Phenyle.
JUST RECEIVED
I CASE of the above, which is a powerful
disinfectant, destroying the offensive odors in-
stantly. Certain death to insect life. Prevents
contagious diseases and those arising from foul
premises. Just the thing for schools, hotels,
Cass Pools, Hog Pens, Cow Stables and places of
this class.
For further information apply to
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

STOVES

JUST RECEIVED
I CASE of the above, which is a powerful
disinfectant, destroying the offensive odors in-
stantly. Certain death to insect life. Prevents
contagious diseases and those arising from foul
premises. Just the thing for schools, hotels,
Cass Pools, Hog Pens, Cow Stables and places of
this class.
For further information apply to
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

GRAND SALE

OF
WALL PAPERS.

GRAND SALE

OF
WALL PAPERS.