

Suits
\$25.00
\$1.00

PINSKA
No. 82, Warehouse 76-B.

...ing at Nugget office.
...-A Black Sheep

PROFESSIONAL CARDS
LAWYERS
... & RIDLEY - Advocates
... & S. A. C. O'Neil, Bldg.

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The Nugget Circulates
From Skagway to Nome.

THE DAILY KLONDIKE NUGGET.

Nugget Advertisements
Give Immediate Returns.

Vol. 4—No. 41

DAWSON, Y. T., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1903.

PRICE 25 CENTS

ALASKA'S TRADE RECORD.

Is Now Being Carefully Prepared by United States Government—Figures Indicate a Surprisingly Large Volume of Traffic—In Good Condition.

Special to the Daily Nugget.
Washington, Feb. 16.—The United States government has started to keep a systematic record of the domestic commerce of Alaska. The result is a fine showing of the great resources and active development of the territory. The grand total of commerce passing between Alaskan ports and ports in other parts of the States during the last six months of 1902 was \$28,729,894. This of course takes no account of the foreign trade of the territory, which is larger than many persons suppose. The treasury

CONCERNING BOUNDARIES

Contest Over the Limits of a Claim

Court of Appeals Hands Down a Decision in the Case of Lamb vs. Krober.

Another judgment handed down yesterday by the court of appeals was in the case of Charles Lamb and H. I. Miller vs. A. Krober and S. T. Kincaid. The contest was practically confined to a dispute as to certain boundary lines of a mining claim. The following is the opinion of Mr. Justice Craig:

"This case is purely a question of boundaries and consideration of the weight of evidence. There being only one question of law to consider, I have had the advantage of reading the judgment of the learned chairman of this court and would be glad to concur with him in his finding as perhaps the best solution of this case, but that I find I cannot do so on my view of the law, as it is clear from the survey was irregular. Practically the case is boiled down to this: Did Miller use the Newman post as his lower line post, that is, his down hill post? Did he start from point A in his staking or from point B? The question as to whether he is entitled to the whole of his staking on the ground of priority is one which is settled by the gold commissioner. I see no reason to disturb his finding upon that matter. However I may view the evidence, I do not think there is sufficient weight in favor of Krober to disturb the finding on that point. I have read the evidence in this case most carefully and I have come to the conclusion that I cannot follow the learned gold commissioner on his finding on the facts. Miller, the first witness, is a most unsatisfactory witness, hesitating and uncertain and contradictory; he was on the ground once for a short time after he was sick and the staking was done and he paid very little attention to what he did. Kincaid, the important witness against him, was on the ground for a long time prior, knew it intimately, had gone over it and marked out the features of the ground. Warren, who concurs to a certain extent with Miller, is forced to admit upon examination that an affidavit made by him in staking and that he will not support it, proving either that he was willing to sign anything laid before him without reading it, or that, having read it, he was willing to swear to it anyhow, in either case being a most ungracious witness. Then, again, Warren in his evidence swears that he can recognize a stake other than that set out on the ground, and five inches from the ground. Any man who will swear to that state of things is not worthy of being heard. Boucher, who concurs with Miller

CASE BEING HEARD.

Frank McArthur Charged With Keeping a Gaming House

The case against Frank McArthur charged with keeping a common gaming house, was begun this morning before Police Magistrate Macaulay, and is still being continued this afternoon. The principal evidence adduced at the hour of going to press was that of Sergeant Smith and a number of constables relative to the raid made upon the rooms and the incriminating evidence that was discovered. The case will probably not be concluded until tomorrow.

SUIT OR PAIR OF PANTS

This Spring see BREWITT, The Tailor. Don't send outside. We can give you the Best, no Waiting, No Fitting Over and no more expense. See our New Goods.

GEO. BREWITT, THE TAILOR.
Second Avenue.

READY FOR BIZ

Communication With Venezuela Is Reopened.

WAS A DRAW

The Great Chess Tournament at Monte Carlo.

FOR WEEK OF PRAYER

Thirty Mission Boards Take Action

Representatives of All Denominations Will Pray for the World.

THROUGHLY ALARMED

English Cotton Spinners Have Taken Alarm

Are Now Dependent Upon America for Cotton and Want Aid for Colonies.

SENT TO SENATE

President Recommends Geo. B. Cortelyou.

KING PRESIDES

Opens Parliament With Brilliant Ceremony.

Wants Concession

Italy's Policy

LABORERS STRIKE

On Account of the Dismissal of a Comrade.

23 Below.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

WOMEN

DISGUISED

As Men Undertake Daring Robbery

Had Attempted to Secure \$3,000 Worth of Diamonds From Their Sister.

JAPANESE BUDDHIST

Returns After a Trip of Great Peril

Penetrated to Forbidden Territory and Was Forced to Flee for His Own Safety.

TO BE SOLD.

Will Auction Off the U. S. Cutter Grant.

CASE OF BLACKMAIL

U. S. Captain Given His Return Papers.

LABORERS STRIKE

On Account of the Dismissal of a Comrade.

23 Below.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

COLD WAVE.

Strikes the Central Belt of States.

CAPTURED SHIPS

Were Turned Over to the U. S. Consul.

MIS-USED POSITION

Ambassador Wanted to Push Sale of Wine

Had Endeavored to Secure Use of Particular Brand at Meteor Launching.

TWO MAILS LAST NIGHT

Passenger Traffic Heavy From Outside

Merchants Stage Brings Eight Hundred Pounds of Second Class Matter

BOUCHER FOUND

Shows How the Nugget is Read on the Creeks.

See Mrs. W. S. Herbert as "Edith" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

A MATTER OF SURPRISE.

Politicians Did Not Believe That Senator Turner, Whose Term Expires March 4, Would Be Placed on Alaska Commission—Foster Is Counsel.

Eight Hour Law

BLAZE WAS SERIOUS

Victoria Gulch Has \$1000 Fire

Was Finally Extinguished By Use of Snow—Men Did Good Work.

MILLS OF THE GODS

Unusual Grist in the Police Court This Morning.

See Mrs. P. E. Ritchie as "Mabel" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

Butter, two-pound roll, only 75c, at all stores.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

The Klondike Nugget

Telephone No. 12 (Dawson's Pioneer Paper) Issued Daily and Semi-Weekly. GEORGE M. ALLEN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Daily. Yearly, in advance \$24.00. For month, by carrier in city, in advance \$2.00.

NOTICE. When a newspaper offers its advertising space at a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of no circulation.

LETTERS. And Small Packages can be sent to the Creeks by our carriers on the following days: Every Tuesday and Friday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Hunter, Dominion, Gold Run, Sulphur.

\$50 Reward.

We will pay a reward of \$50 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Daily or Semi-Weekly Nugget from business houses or private residences, where same have been left by our carriers.

KLONDIKE NUGGET. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1903.

AMUSEMENTS. Auditorium—"The Private Secretary."

THE FIRE BYLAW.

The adoption of the new fire bylaw should result in easing the minds of insurance companies with respect to placing risks in this city.

The provisions of the law make it a matter of compulsion that all buildings erected in the future shall be made as nearly fire-proof as possible.

The fire on Second avenue demonstrated plainly that frame buildings may be so protected as to offer effective resistance to an intense heat.

At the present time there is practically no fire insurance offered in Dawson, which condition has been responsible to a large extent for the fact that investors dislike placing their money in business blocks in the commercial centre of the town.

It certainly will cost more to build under the provisions of the new law, but if the same provisions had been in effect three years ago, the people of the town would have saved several hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The Tanana is a good country to stay away from unless one goes well provided with supplies. Grub is not to be obtained in the district for love or money and almost certain hardship and suffering will be encountered by those who join the stampede at the present time.

When it is remembered that millions of dollars worth of gold were taken out of the Klondike district before the introduction of steam plants, some tangible idea may be secured as to the results which would follow the establishment of a public water system.

The future of the Yukon territory rests to a very large extent in the establishment of a public water supply which will enable the holders of low grade properties to work their ground at a profit.

Dawson will enjoy another season of comic opera during the week. The efforts of the amateur operatic company have met with signal success in the past and the management promises that all previous productions will be excelled by "The Pirates."

With the exception of a few thousand dollars, the tax levy for last year has been paid into the city treasury. The delinquencies are extremely few and most of them will be paid up before a sale is forced.

Henceforth Alaska will advance with leaps and bounds. President Roosevelt has interested himself in promoting Alaskan matters, and it may be accepted that in the future Uncle Sam's big northern territory will not lack for proper care and attention.

Our faith in the ground hog—something shaken of late—has begun to revive.

What Joseph won't do in Ottawa would fill an exceedingly large book.

Stroller's Column.

It is a pleasure to find in this cold world north-cold in feeling, often, as it is in fact—that there should be someone who is desirous of expressing thanks for the courtesies every generous heart desires to show and does show to the one in trouble.

That Seattle Transfer Company is a corker. It is a monopoly that ought to be jumped on. I went to the company's office and—well, I said things. I told them I would miss my train and I would miss the boat, and I would stay there until they produced that trunk and would see to it that the United States government charged them so much per minute damages for every minute I was delayed. Did I get that trunk? You bet. But it got away from me at Junoon somehow.

Why, I saw people actually crying there because they could not get their things delivered, and even an official of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company said it was an outrage the way that express company does business.

Although not worked as extensively as formerly, the Elvite & Wills properties on Gold Run are by no means idle. They have out on 12A and 12B some very large dumps.

Amongst many others who have started to make preparations for summer work on Gold Run may be mentioned the Morrison Bros. of No. 34. They have a large plant and will employ many hands.

Another scientific fact has come to light which entirely explains the small earthquakes felt at Skagway and in southeastern Alaska.

Another scientific fact has come to light which entirely explains the small earthquakes felt at Skagway and in southeastern Alaska.

NEW GOODS

LOUISINE SILKS, TAFFETA SILKS, GLACE SILKS, PEAU DE SOIE SILKS, PANNE VELVETS, EMBROIDERY SILKS.

J. P. McLENNAN. 233 FRONT ST. Phone 104-B. Agent for Standard Patterns.

During the past few days a cold wave has swept over the central states, the thermometer registering about 20 degrees below zero. We present our compliments to the wave and request it to remain where it is or go south.

If you fail to receive any letters these times it is simply because the folks don't write. The blame can no longer be placed on the mail service.

The stamped to the Tanana has furnished proof of the fact that dog days are not yet over.

What Joseph won't do in Ottawa would fill an exceedingly large book.

No. 241 is owned by Landry & Stone. The work they are doing is unsurpassed in the vicinity.

Both halves of 243 have good-sized dumps out. The upper is being worked by Penonnault & Coy., and the lower by Demontigny & Roberts.

Hillbertson & Company have a lay on No. 252, and Gouley & Coy on 253. Morrison Bros. on 255 are reported to have the best pay in this vicinity.

On 262 Wessro, Wespo and Lindermann have had the good fortune to strike the paystreak and are working hard.

Mr Lucas at the mouth of Gold Run is working a large force of men and is doing a surprising amount of work.

The roadhouses at 267 Dominion and 113 below on Sulphur are conveniently situated for the accommodation of the travelling public.

Ronald Morrison is spending a few days in Dawson. He is rumored to have some notion of going to the Tanana.

Tom Woodson of 32 above Sulphur has gone on the Tanaana stampede.

R. K. Latimer, the enterprising agent of the Nugget, has worked up on Sulphur and Gold Run an enviable circulation for that paper.

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DOINGS ON THE CREEKS

Work Is Progressing in Splendid Shape

Gold Run Will Turn Out Number of Big Dumps Also Sulphur and Dominion.

No. 241 is owned by Landry & Stone. The work they are doing is unsurpassed in the vicinity.

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FANCY BALL ON SULPHUR

Greatest Event of the Whole Season

Magnificent Costumes and Extravagant Masks Such as Sulphur Had Never Seen.

No. 241 is owned by Landry & Stone. The work they are doing is unsurpassed in the vicinity.

The White Pass & Yukon Route

PASSENGER AND MAIL SERVICE DAWSON TO WHITEHORSE. The only line maintaining regular relay stages with fresh horses every 22 miles. Fares lower—time faster—most comfort—only at the best road houses.

Alaska Flyers

...Operated by the... Alaska Steamship Company. Dolphin and Humboldt Leave Skagway Every Five Days.

Burlington Route

No matter what eastern point you may be destined, your ticket should read Via the Burlington. Puget Sound Agent M. P. BENTON, 103 Pioneer Square, SEATTLE, WA.

FOR SALE Cheap for Cash

Five Horsepower Boilers and 4 Horsepower Engines. Apply - - - NUGGET OFFICE

The Great Northern "FLYER"

LEAVES SEATTLE FOR ST. PAUL EVERY DAY AT 8:00 P. M. A Solid Vestibule Train With All Modern Equipments.

The Northwestern Line

All through trains from the North Pacific Coast connect with this line in the Union Depot at St. Paul. Travelers from the North are invited to communicate with—

F. W. Parker, Gen'l Agent, Seattle, Wash.

Pacific Packing and Navigation Co.

Copper River and Cook's Inlet. YAKUTAT, ORCA, VALDEZ, HOMER.

FOR ALL PORTS in Western Alaska Steamer Newport. OFFICES SEATTLE Cor. First Ave. and Yester Way. SAN FRANCISCO No. 30 California St.

THAT F IN

What Has for the

Swedes of the Canada An Lib

Stockholm, Jan. 17.—The Swedes are coming to the Klondike. The governor estimates that 1,000 Swedes will be in the territory in the near future. More is being done in this country than in any other. The population is increasing. The Swedes are coming to the Klondike. The governor estimates that 1,000 Swedes will be in the territory in the near future. More is being done in this country than in any other. The population is increasing.

THAT FAMINE IN SWEDEN

What Has Been Done for the Starving

Swedes of the United States and Canada Are Subscribing Liberally.

Stockholm, Jan. 30.—Details of the suffering of the inhabitants of the famine-stricken area in northern Sweden are coming slowly. The people who are watching for accurate reports from their friends or a reliable source find little to cheer them in the meager tidings from across the sea.

The governor of the northern province, in which there is the largest number of sufferers, has made an estimate to his government to the effect that 1,000,000 crowns, about \$1,680,000, will be needed for the care of the cropless area. Based on this estimate the national committee, which has charge of the distribution of funds, has sent out appeals to all parts of the world. That appeal reached the United States and was published the latter part of the week in the Swedish papers.

While there are no definite figures to show the exact number of sufferers from the crop-famine the reports indicate that all the inhabitants scattered through the vast territory in the northern part of Sweden are with out food. What are considered reliable estimates by Swedes in this country who are acquainted with the territory in which the people are undergoing the greatest privations places the number at 70,000.

More is being done by the Swedes of this country to aid their suffering brethren than anywhere else. This is due partly to the large Swedish population of the United States, approximately 2,000,000 persons. They are doing all they can, and have sent nearly \$50,000 to the central committee in Stockholm. Of this sum \$20,000 has been contributed by the Swedes of this city. Consul John R. Lindgren being the treasurer of the local committee. He forwards the funds as rapidly as they are turned over to him.

While the Swedes are doing all they can, the relief fund up to the present time has come from them entirely. Although they do not complain, they feel that it would be no more than justice for the people of Chicago to aid them in increasing the fund, which they hope to keep pouring into Sweden until next August, the earliest the native Swedes will be able to receive any assistance from their own efforts as the crops will be harvested then.

A resident of Chicago at the time of the great fire pointed out that Sweden sent \$100,000 to the destitute citizens, the donation being forwarded promptly and at a time when it was of greater benefit than a sum several times as large would have been if it had been sent later. This liberality on the part of the Swedish government and its people is urged as sufficient claim upon the benevolence of the people of this city now, when funds are so greatly needed for the famine sufferers.

Every effort is being made to increase the sum that is being forwarded weekly by the patriotic Swedes of the city. Entertainments are being given by which small sums are being added to the gross receipts. But this is a slow way of raising money, and the necessity for prompt assistance is deemed greater than it will be later in the year, when the forwarding of funds will have been made possible by a general movement throughout the country.

President Robert Lindblom of the local relief committee sent a personal letter to the heads of the great packing firms requesting them, or suggesting, that they should make up a train load of provisions to be sent to New York, and thence transported to Stockholm for distribution. His object was not so much to secure the contribution of provisions, because it is recognized that money will do more good than food, which will require too much time for transportation, but rather for the moral effect the donation of a train load would have, since it would be a recognition of conditions in Sweden which the quiet transmission of funds could not bring. Mr. Lindblom expects to pay a personal visit to the packers this week and renew his appeal, in the hope that they will give as liberally as they have when cities and stricken areas in other parts of the world were suffering from famine, earthquakes or devastations by storm.

The Swedes of Chicago and the United States generally are doing everything in their power to aid their people," said Mr. Lindblom, "but their efforts are not sufficient to supply the ready relief that is necessary. They have contributed nearly \$50,000 thus far, but when the population of this country and the prosperity which we are enjoying is taken into consideration it must be conceded that sum is not what we should contribute.

While our reports are meager, everything that comes to us from the authorities in Sweden indicates that

there is great suffering, which must be alleviated promptly or the loss of life will be frightful. I would like to see the \$50,000 which has been forwarded in the last month increased by Chicago alone to \$100,000 as promptly as possible. Fifty thousand dollars from Chicago's riches would not be much, and its influence on the rest of the country would carry the sum well into the hundreds of thousands. When it is taken into consideration that Sweden purchases a large amount of American products annually, I think it has some claim upon us in the hour of need."

F. A. Lindstrand, publisher of the Swedish-American, said that, while the governor of the stricken province had placed the needs of the people at \$1,000,000, he thought it a conservative estimate, based entirely on the reports he had received from the stricken territory.

"The inhabitants of that territory are scattered through such a broad area that it is practically impossible to reach them all," said Mr. Lindstrand. "Agents must be sent into every section of the province, and until their reports have been received it will not be possible to judge the extent of the suffering.

"The people are poor and the failure of their crops meant that they would be without the customary supplies for nearly a year. During this time they will have to subsist on the charity of the state and what is sent into it from other sources. Their small farms will be stripped of stock, the section in which they live must be robbed of everything that can be converted into food. Not only will they have to be supplied with provisions to keep them until their next crop has been harvested, but their farms must be restocked otherwise the harvest will be as barren as the last when the season was unfavorable.

"The work of the relief committee is made harder because of the large area through which the food and supplies must be distributed. This naturally means increased expense. It cannot be compared to the distribution of relief through any section of this country, because here we have adequate railroad facilities, with a rich territory from which to draw supplies. Sweden is poor, the government itself being in a position which makes it difficult to extend the relief necessary. If Sweden recovers promptly from the effects of the famine it must be through aid contributed by outside sources."

RESOLUTIONS

Passed in Memory of Joseph Reilly.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Judge Council of the Y.M.I., and the Literary and Debating Society of the same organization: "Judge Council of the Young Men's Institute.

"Dawson, Y.T., Feb. 15, 1903.

"Whereas, It has pleased an all-wise and loving Providence to call to the threshold of His kingdom our beloved brother Joseph M. Reilly, who departed this life on Thursday, February 12th, 1903, at 8:30 p.m.; "Therefore, be it resolved, That we take this opportunity of expressing our sincere appreciation of his energetic work, his worthy and successful efforts in founding and organizing this council, and that we express our heartfelt grief and sincere sorrow and regret at his decease; that we extend to his mother, wife and children condolence and sympathy in their sad bereavement;

"And be it further resolved, That we place these resolutions in the minutes of this meeting of the Judge Council of the Y.M.I. and that copies of the same be engrossed and sent to his wife and mother and to the papers of the town of his former habitation, and to the Dawson papers;

"And be it further resolved, That this meeting now adjourn out of respect to our deceased brother."

"Literary and Debating Society of Judge Council of the Young Men's Institute.

"Dawson, Y.T., Feb. 12, 1903.

"Whereas, The omnipotent Creator has seen fit to take from our midst our beloved friend Joseph M. Reilly, whose death took place this 12th day of February, 1903, at 8:30 p.m., who was a devoted member of our society and whose death we sadly deplore for by it this society has lost one of its most devoted and respected members;

"Therefore, be it resolved, That this society do most heartily deplore the death of our departed and respected friend and extend to his mother, wife and children our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement;

"And be it further resolved, That these resolutions be placed in the minutes of this meeting and that copies be sent to his wife and mother and to the newspapers of Dawson and Anacortes, Washington, where his family resides;

"And be it further resolved, That this meeting owing to this sad event do now adjourn."

See Mrs. P. Mullen as "Ruth" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

There are about 5,000,000 farms in the United States, of which 3,000,000 produce corn. The average cost of producing an acre of corn is \$5.73.

Special power of attorney forms for sale at the Nugget office.

ST. ANDREW'S FINANCES

Work of the Church During Last Year

Recommendations of the Board of Managers to Reduce the Debt.

In a neatly printed pamphlet St. Andrew's church has published its annual report of the church up to the close of last year. This shows a net liability at the beginning of last year of \$23,768, as against \$28,307 the total liabilities at present. As against this the present assets are: Church building \$19,480.00; Manse and equipment 9,108.00; Church equipment 4,589.89; Grounds and other bldgs. 4,085.42; Organ 6,725.00.

The report of the board of managers, with its recommendation for this year, is as follows: The attendance at Sabbath services during the year has been good, except the morning services towards the close of the year. The average morning attendance has been 90 and for the evening services 230.

The weekly offerings indicate the interest of the congregation in the work and show a marked increase over the previous year. The loose collections averaged \$45.00 and the envelope contributions \$58.00.

The board experienced considerable difficulty in financing the building fund, owing to the fact that at the beginning of the year there were many bills outstanding and due payment for which no means had been provided, necessitating the borrowing of money at comparatively high rate of interest.

The difficulty was somewhat increased by the congregation early in the year authorizing the purchase of a pipe organ at a large cost. This together with insurance and the rapidly accruing interest charges make it imperative that the congregation should provide for consolidating the floating indebtedness by a second mortgage at a fair rate of interest.

The congregation deserves commendation for the liberality and cheerfulness with which the necessary demands made by the board have been met. Although over \$500 has been raised by special contributions, the actual indebtedness has not been

reduced, owing to new liabilities that have been incurred.

The board submits the following recommendations:

1st. That some action be taken to provide for and consolidate the floating debt.

2nd. That a vigorous attempt be made as soon as practicable to reduce the actual liabilities by \$6000.

3rd. That an earnest and persistent effort be made at the beginning of this year to secure sufficient revenue from envelope and loose collections to fully cover the ordinary expenses including all interest and insurance charges.

The board further desires to call the attention of the congregation to the method adopted for the raising of funds for the sustenance of the work. Sittings in church are free and contributions entirely voluntary, as approved by the last annual meeting. It is confidently believed that a faithful adherence to this plan is calculated to bring about the best results, but in order to attain this end, it is imperative that more general interest and attention should be evoked, in order that all should contribute according to their several abilities, without leaving an undue burden to devolve on any. Investigation of present conditions indicates clearly that if all regular attendants were to adopt and faithfully carry out the system of weekly offerings, there would be no difficulty in fully meeting the current expenses.

MEDICO-LEGAL CURLING

Legal Lights Get Badly Beaten by the Merchants.

One of the hospitals was the bet for a \$10 bag of flour yesterday morning, as a result of the curling matches on Saturday evening between the merchants and the lawyers, and the lawyers, for this once at any rate, will have to pay. Each had two rinks, those of the merchants having as skips Phillips and Cornell, and the lawyers Bell and Crisp. All of these had proven themselves competent slips in the bonspiel. But the merchants won by the big score of 13 points.

Greatly Interested

The department of Mr. Justice Craig was well filled yesterday morning by persons interested in the various judgments that were to be rendered. There were an unusually large number of barristers on hand, there being no less than 23 of the learned gentlemen of the bar present. Two judgments were also handed down by the court of appeals, Mr. Justice Macaulay occupying the bench along with Mr. Justice Craig.

See the opera "The Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

THREE HAD GLANDERS

Horses Ordered Shot by Dr. Strong

Two From the City and One From the Stewart Belonging to Mounted Police.

Two more horses were shot yesterday for glanders by the orders of the government veterinary surgeon, Dr. Zeta Strong. One of the animals belonged to C. L. Woodworth and the other to R. H. Delaney, and both had been kept in Davidson's stables on Third avenue, between Duke and Albeit streets.

These animals were quarantined some days ago, the doctor waiting until he received from the government a quantity of saline for making proper tests. This drug arrived on Friday, and all the horses of which he had the least suspicion have all been tested. While all of them yielded to the test and showed that they were glandered, not all of them had the disease in an infectious form. These latter will be allowed to be worked under the close observation of the doctor.

The two mentioned, and one belonging to the police, brought here from Stewart given at the doctor's orders, were ordered shot. The duty was entrusted to Constable Taylor, who had the animals driven to the garbage dump and there killed. Their bodies were immediately buried so as to avoid the spread of the contagion. The stables where these three horses have been are quarantined for three months, or until into May.

Dr. Strong says there are still some cases scattered over a wide area but not many, and he thinks it will be stamped out in a short time. He is making every effort to accomplish this as soon as possible.

Bonanza Social Club.

A meeting of the Bonanza Social Club will be held at the Social hall, Friday evening, 20th inst., at 10 p.m. All persons having accounts against the club will please present them on that date. Address Bonanza Social Club, Bonanza City.

See the beautiful dances in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

CHECK FOR \$1,000

Maud Westwood Puts Up the Coin for Her Release.

Maud Westwood and Maggie Richardson, the two women brought in from the Forks a few days ago charged with rolling Edward Cairns, were arraigned Saturday before Mr. Justice Craig. The Westwood woman made an application for bail and was allowed her liberty upon furnishing two sureties in the extent of \$500 each and herself in \$1000. Victor Gibille and John A. Dygas went her bail and she put up a certified check in the sum of \$1000 in her own behalf. Her companion is still in jail.

Now Sergeant Bates

Corporal Bates, for so long the right hand man of Major Wood in his office at the barracks, has been promoted to sergeant, and as a consequence the major loses his valuable services. He is to go to Whitehorse as hospital sergeant, no other man in the force possessing such ample experience and capability for the position. Sergeant Bates has studied medicine and has occupied a similar position before.

Amaranth Dance

The Amaranth Social Club had an offer of their very enjoyable dances Saturday evening at the Eagle hall. The young folk are not only the best dancers in the city, but they can also give their elders a few pointers upon how to extract the greatest enjoyment out of the least possible time. About 30 couples were present.

See Mr. A. M. Thornburgh as "Samuel" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

Monogram Hotel

AND STORE

No. 6 Below Chicken Creek, Alaska.

Good meals, good beds, good bar. Scott C. Holbrook, proprietor. Take cut-off at the mouth of Lost Chicken which brings you to the door and saves you three miles travel on the river.

See Mrs. A. T. Mattison as "Kate" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

CHANCES AT CIRCLE CITY

Sid Wilson Gives Sourdoughs the Tip

Really Valuable Mining Properties at Circle Can be Snapped Up Cheap.

Sid Wilson, an old sourdough whose word is said to be as good as a bond, wrote a letter to John Joslin which came to hand yesterday having some bearing on the Tanana strike. Sid has not been there himself, but he is mining on Eagle creek in the Circle mining district, and has probably seen many good and coming from the new strikes.

He says there has as yet been little prospecting done but that pay has been found on four creeks. He does not refer to any very rich pay, but rather dwells upon his general opinion that it will prove a very large district that can be profitably worked and that it will employ a large population.

Mr. Wilson writes this letter to his old friends who, stamped with him from Circle to the Klondike, and a particular aim of it is to draw their attention to the chances there are now offered at Circle and to advise them to get in on the ground floor while the opportunity offers itself. So many have gone to the Tanana, he says, that good properties near Circle can be acquired at low figures, and he says to tell Bill McPhee, Joe Burke, Ben Levy and the little gang of old timers to come along with their liquors, sawmills, and so on as soon as they can make it.

See Mrs. A. T. Mattison as "Kate" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

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ROUTINE BUSINESS

New Bylaws Are Passed by the Council

Will Hereafter Meet Only on Alternate Mondays—Bank Offer Accepted.

The session of the council was rather uninteresting last night, being confined almost wholly to routine business, and though the meeting was somewhat lengthy the time was largely occupied in the consideration of several bylaws by the committee of the whole.

There were only two communications presented. One was from J. R. Hamilton, a second hand dealer on Princess street, and Anna Cloes, and the other from J. W. Sullivan, manager of the McDonald Trading Company. The former recited that the petitioners were the owners of the south 21 feet of lot 19, block A, in the Ladue addition, upon which is erected a frame building 10 1/2 x 50 feet. The owners wish to build an additional 10 x 12 to that already erected making of it one building. The building inspector has required that iron sheeting be placed on the side next to the building at present in position, instead of allowing them to build on to the old building without such sheeting. They protest over such decision and desire the council to grant them the permission they desire.

The communication of the McDonald Trading Company was a grievance referring to last year's taxation. The company considered they were greatly overtaxed, they paid the rates assessed against them under protest and now think they are entitled to a substantial rebate. It was stated that the assessor, visited the company's warehouses in company with John Cormack, an attaché of the company and that it was mutually agreed that an assessment of \$10,000 would be fair and just. On September 20 the company received notice that they had been assessed at the enormous figure of \$100,000, when as a matter of fact their stock on hand had never exceeded \$15,000. They protested the assessment and appeared before the court of revision with sworn statements to the effect that their total importations had amounted to only \$58,900. They made a proposition to ex-Mayor Macaulay and T. G. Wilson, then one of the council, that they appoint a man to audit their books and the company would abide by his decision and would also pay the expense of such auditing. It is alleged their offer was not considered, though their assessment was reduced to \$75,000 upon which amount they paid the taxes under protest. Their books are open to inspection at all times to any committee the council may appoint. The matter was referred to the committee on finance.

A. Allayne Jones was, by resolution, allowed \$150 premium on the bonds demanded of the tax collector and his assistant, such being furnished by a Toronto guarantee association.

After the Hamilton communication had been read, the writer, who was present, desired to make a few remarks, but as he was out of order it was not allowed.

The finance committee in its weekly report recommended the payment of the following bills:

Table with 2 columns: Item Name and Amount. Includes Electric Light Co., Yukon Saw Mill Co., N. C. Co., Standard Oil Co., Smith's Book Store, A. C. Lockhead, Wm. Campbell, Klondike Nugget, Yukon Hardware Co., Yukon Hardware Co., George Layfield, George Layfield.

Chairman Johnson, of the finance committee, notified the council that he had received advices from the Bank of Commerce to the effect that they would be pleased to furnish the over-

draft desired by the city at the same rate as last season, 8 per cent. per annum.

Ryan asked if tenders had also been asked from the Bank of British North America, saying that he had understood they proposed making an offer of 7 1/2 per cent. His worship and also the city clerk replied that the Bank of B.N.A. had decided to make no tender. They did not want the loan. Johnson moved the offer of the Bank of Commerce be accepted and it was agreed.

The council resolved itself into a committee of the whole for the purpose of considering the amendments to the license bylaw, a full digest of which was published in the Nugget a few days ago. La Lande took the chair. The original decision to issue licenses to cover twelve, nine, six and three months, all to expire December 31, was altered. All licenses issued between January 1 and September 30 will bear the full yearly rate, no matter the date of their issue. Those issued between October 1 and December 31 will cost half the regular rate. All will expire December 31.

The license for bootblack stands, no matter where they are located, is placed at \$50. Some thought the figures quite high and Macdonald surprised them by stating that last season some of the bootblacks had asked that the fee be placed at \$300.

The fee for victualling houses, restaurants, etc., was fixed at \$100. His worship considered that the restaurants which keep open doors the year around should be protected against those who open up in the spring and close down in the fall. He also favored the fee including a cigar license.

Macdonald said the question of cigar licenses was one that had caused the old council considerable trouble last season. The regular dealers complained bitterly against the drug stores, groceries and restaurants which were selling cigars, yet possessed no license. They should be protected in some manner or other.

In speaking of the clash between the second hand dealers and the auctioneers, Ryan asked the city solicitor if a man could auction off his own goods without a license.

Donahy - 'That is a disputed point. Personally, I do not think he can.'

The bylaw will not receive its final reading until the next meeting, and his worship suggested that the standing committee meet some time this week and receive suggestions from those interested who may have anything to offer.

The bylaw amending that providing for the meetings of the council was given its third reading, passed and was numbered 42. By the amendment the council will hereafter meet only on alternate Mondays instead of every week, except in case of an emergency, when the members will be subject to a call by the mayor.

The bylaw authorizing the over-draft at the Bank of Commerce was given its second reading and considered section by section.

Macdonald notified the members that eight lengths of the fire hose purchased from the Toronto Gutta Percha Company for the use of the fire department leaked and had proven defective. The hose had been guaranteed for five years and it was up to the council to see that the guarantee was fulfilled.

Chief Lester being on hand stated the hose was not entirely out of use, though it leaked considerably. The rubber lining was split and it was not the fault of the web. The break had happened the first time the hose was used. Authority was given Macdonald, he being chairman of the fire, water and light committee, and he will notify the Toronto company of the defective hose and endeavor to have it replaced as soon as navigation is open.

The number of passengers carried by boats on the Great Lakes is from a quarter to a third of a million each season.

WANTED—Clean rags at Nugget office for wiping machinery.

Japan has an avenue of trees fifty miles long.

England. Hay is the most profitable crop in the world.

Best hot drinks in town—The Sideboard.

The Nugget's stock of job printing materials is the best that ever came to Dawson.

COURT OF APPEALS

Decision in McDougall-Rose Case

Judgment of Mr. Justice Craig Concurring by Both of the Associate Justices.

The court of appeals sitting en banc yesterday delivered a judgment rendered in a case appealed from the decision of the gold commissioner. The opinion of Mr. Justice Dugas received by mail was read by Clerk of the Court Mackay. The case was that of Frank J. McDougall vs. J. S. Rose, the latter being the appellant. The decision of Mr. Justice Craig, which was concurred in by both Mr. Justice Dugas and Mr. Justice Macaulay, is as follows:

The plaintiff was the owner of a half interest, and entitled in equity to the ownership of the remaining interest, in bench placer mining claim opposite upper half, left limit, No. 1 interest, in bench placer mining claim was due for representation on the 21st July, 1901, but proof of representation work was not made, nor was any relocation or renewal grant issued to the plaintiff of the said claim. The defendant Rose on the 7th of October, 1901, was granted a relocation grant of the said claim. The facts seem to be that the plaintiff relied upon his co-owner — one Packwood — to attend to the representation work. It is clear from the evidence that a large amount of work had been done far in excess of the requirements of the regulations, namely about \$1200, prior to the 21st of July, and almost an equally large amount continuing the work up to August and before the restaking by Rose. Packwood did not attend to the representation work, and both he and McDougall were out of the country during the following winter. McDougall on his return endeavored to settle the matter but settlement was not effected, and this action was brought on the 27th of June, 1902. The defendant Rose swears that he could not see any work on the claim. He saw tailings which he assumed came from the upper claim. The learned gold commissioner finds as a fact that Rose did not know of the prior work and if I agreed with the gold commissioner upon that point I might have some hesitation in coming to the judgment at which I now arrive; but I cannot understand how a person going on the claim as Rose did, could not see the amount of work which it is sworn to by witnesses was done and which McDougall swears he paid for having done. I, therefore, differ with the gold commissioner upon the facts as to Rose's ability to see the work, and I find that the work must have been apparent on the ground when he staked.

His lordship follows by quoting the section of the regulations under which the matter must be decided and continues:

'It is purely a question of the interpretation of that section. Certainly the facts and equities are with the plaintiff in this case. He performed his work. The claim-jumper is not entitled to the sympathy of the court and the court should not read into the regulations more than they actually contain. It would seem at first sight that the non-obtaining of the renewal certificate was ipso facto a cancellation of the claim, particularly when the section is read in conjunction with the grant which provides that the grant shall lapse and be forfeited unless the provisions of section 41 are strictly complied with, but as I had occasion to remark before that form of grant affects the crown, and the party receiving it, and the right which third persons have to enter upon such lands and relocate them is governed by the regulations and not by the grant which the former owner received. Former regulations provided for the claim reverting to the crown. There is no such provision in the present regulations. It would have been very easy for the crown to enact if they so wished, that a claim be-

comes absolutely forfeited and void upon the non-performance of the conditions, but they did not do that. They use words which are capable — and I think naturally capable — of another construction, "shall be deemed to be abandoned." Shall be deemed to be abandoned for what cause? If the annual amount of work has not been performed. But the annual amount of work has been performed and no one is justified in deeming the claim to be abandoned under those conditions. The language is unfortunate, there is no doubt. But it would be, it seems to me, a scandalous thing if the property of an innocent person making an accidental slip, should be confiscated in the manner in which it is proposed to confiscate this property, when over \$2000 worth of work was performed on the claim, — absolutely stolen by one who has no more right, than any other free miner.

'This would be my judgment on the law as I have always considered it, and I would concur in dismissing the appeal but for the opinion expressed for this court in former cases, Steere vs. Lund and Mercier vs. St. Laurent, where it was held that once a grant had been obtained by a person, no matter by what means, then that the ordinary free miner had no standing or status to attack any such grant. There is no doubt that the grant of McDougall is a dead grant. It has expired. His grant only subsists from year to year subject to the right of renewal according to the regulations. It has not been renewed. He has no title whatever in the ground now except what may be called a color of title, and his right to a renewal. The title, so far as the regulations go, is in Rose, and if he had the right to stake and did stake without fraud or false affidavit, the crown has used its right to grant to Rose, has considered that his claim is forfeited as provided for by the grant to McDougall, on non-representation, and has given a grant to Rose. Again, the case of Hartley vs. Matson, decided in the Supreme court, is one which I think also affects this matter. I take the meaning of that judgment to be that where a free miner, having no other rights than the rights of a free miner, stakes upon land granted by the crown, he has no status whatever and that no person has a status to attack a grant from the crown unless he has another grant himself. * * *

'When this court was constituted by the order-in-council of March 1901, it was provided that rules could be framed for the procedure. These rules were framed and were confirmed by order-in-council, and it seems to me that when there is a color of title and the attacking party has some equity and interest, then that a mandamus is not the proper remedy where he is attacking the right of some other person; a mandamus, as I take it, is right to compel the performance of an administrative act and not of a judicial one. There can be no mandamus to compel an officer who has judicial discretion to exercise that discretion either one way or the other. It would be quite competent to issue a mandamus when the contest arose between the applicant and the gold recorder only and the duty to be exercised was one of an administrative character, but I cannot see how mandamus is the remedy when there is a judicial function and a discretion. For that reason I do not think that the case of Hartley vs. Matson is a block to this proceeding upon the ground that mandamus should have been the remedy. I have not given that case the full study which I should have liked to have given it but this is my view of it upon the consideration which I have already given to it. I am more disturbed by the findings of this court on the other branch of the case, that there is no status, whatever, in any person to attack a crown grant or lease, however issued. I think the appeal should be dismissed without costs and upon the terms as to costs and other matters imposed in the court below.

While 3500 coal-cutting machines are used in the United States mines, there are less than 400 such machines in British collieries.

See Mr. Geo. Craig as the "Sergeant of Police" in the opera "Pirates of Penzance" at the Auditorium on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 18-21.

Will care for one or two good dogs for their use during the balance of the winter. Apply Nugget office.

NO DEPOSIT NECESSARY

Can Apply for Grant Without It

No Money To Be Paid for Placer Locations Until Grant Received

Now that there are eighty claims on the Matson & Doyle concessions to be thrown open, it may be information to a great many would-be claim owners that after staking they do not have to deposit their \$15 at the time of their making application for a grant. About this point there seems to be some misunderstanding. The matter was brought to the attention of the Nugget some time ago by the query of a correspondent as to why some of those who had been refused grants in the Milne concession, for reasons given, had received their deposits back and others had not. Enquiry this morning seemed to prove that the enquirer had not presented his application for the return of his deposit in due form or it would have been returned to him in due course. Under the old rule an applicant must first deposit his receipt for the \$15 paid in with his application, providing he does not get a grant, and sign a paper to be sent to Ottawa asking a refund of this deposit. This was because all moneys received were at once paid in to the credit of the receiver-general at Ottawa, and could not be withdrawn except under his signature. So the depositor had unfortunately to wait until the communication could reach Ottawa and a warrant be received in reply.

But early in July last the gold commissioner's department here, instead of sending in these deposits to Ottawa, deposited them in a local bank in an account called the Gold Commissioner's Suspense Account, and whenever a depositor who had not received a grant applied for the return of his deposit a check was drawn on this account for \$15. Then they had the records hunted through, and every applicant who had not received a grant was notified to produce his receipt and have his deposit returned.

The responses to these notices, and the applications for the return of this money, have been more tardy in coming in than were the responses from Ottawa for the refund, which generally came as promptly as the state of the mail facilities permitted. As an instance there came in today, in response to a notice offering this refund sent out from the office on July 5th, a certificate of deposit issued on

100 Suits Former Price \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00 NOW \$10.00. SARGENT & PINSKA SECOND AVE. Phone: Store 54 Warehouse 70-B

March 4th in regard to a claim on Lovett gulch, a grant to which had been refused because the ground applied for was within the limits of an hydraulic concession. There are a great many of such instances. But since the opening up of the Milne concession another great convenience has been made in the method of issuing grants, and one altogether in favor of the applicant. No money need be deposited with the application for a claim, although quite a number of applicants will insist upon paying in favor of the applicant. No money need be deposited with the application for a claim, although quite a number of applicants will insist upon paying in favor of the applicant. No money need be deposited with the application for a claim, although quite a number of applicants will insist upon paying in favor of the applicant.

This is the rule with regard to all placer staking now, and the Nugget has pleasure in giving the news the widest circulation, as there are probably many on the creeks who are not aware of it.

MISSING—If there is any one who knows the whereabouts of P. Chris Peterson please notify Mrs. S. Peterson, 12 Schuyler avenue, Kankakee, Illinois, U.S.A.

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N. C. Co. TEMPERATURE SPECIAL CUT IN WOOL DRESS GOODS REDUCED TO \$1.00 YARD Northern Commercial Company

Fresh Morgan Oysters 2-LB. TINS Are now selling cheaper than ever before in the history of Dawson. Ask your dealer for them. Every can sold by our retailers guaranteed. Pacific Cold Storage Co. Telephone 63

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Some Items of Our Immense Stock ...BLACKSMITH'S CUMBERLAND COAL... SILVER DOLLAR SHOVELS, HALF SPRING English Plough Steel Cable, 1-4 to 1 Inch DAWSON HARDWARE CO., Ltd. SECOND AVENUE TELEPHONE 36

The Nugget From Skagway Vol. 4—No. 42 SPAIN For Failure Deliver Time RELEASE ON Saloon Small in Evidence Breaks Plate Glass Is Placed Upon by the Police Special to the Daily Topeka, Kan. Blanche Bone, a plate glass window and two drug stores been released on bond. Everett Harding, a fiction's chief lieutenant, a considerable excitement here, as it recurred period of Mrs. Nation DAMAGE CR Blizzard Warning in the Traffic in Log Centres Greatly Vessels Of ARE A F British Navy Will System Special to the Daily London, Feb. 15. We have again proof the British navy's former system. The use a huge sum of WOMEN MI Strikers Show Ten I Special to the Daily Lynn, Mass., Feb. 15. The matter of L. J. number of women named at their wa Will care for one or two good dogs for their use during the balance of the winter. Apply Nugget office. Job Printing at We have still of beautiful mill we shall continue good prices. SUMMERS No Record Good Dry A. J. PRU 233 Harper St. Phone