# THE HOME MISSION JOURNAL. 

## The Percep tion of Values.

T.HE passage describing the tribute paid by Mary of Bethany to our Lord at the beginning of the last week of His life, sets in the sharpest contrast the different perception of values entertained by different persons. To Mary, three hundred pence -the wages of a laboring man for an entire year-were nothing, if she might use them to manifest the devotion of her heart. To Judas, thirty pieces of silver-the legal value of a slave -were so precious that for them he was willing to betray Christ into the hands of His enemies.
Our perception of valtues depends upon what is first in oar regard. Every day we see men sacrificing money and comfort and health for the sake of reputation and position; we see those devoted to literature and art surrendering many of the things others prize in order that they may give themselves more completely to these pursuits. The votaries of fashion have their own standards, and the possession and command of money is the chief end to which many subordinate everything else. Mary of Bethany is consistent with her uwn ideals in subordinating treasure to affection. Judas acts in accordance with his standards in making honor and loyalty secondary to a trivial selfish gain.
Our ministers and teachers atd parents render young people a most important service when they inspire them to adopt the worthiest standards by which to estimate values. The issues of life are involved in that. The tendeucies that uplift men or degrade them have their root in these ideals. Make what is called " success," the amassing of money and the attainment of position, the chief end of a young man or woman's life, and you will invariably develop some phase of the Judas type of character. Make truth and houor and byalty to the best spiritual impulses the standard, and the Mary type of character will result. Perbaps there are few lessons mure pertinent to our own times in America than just this. Every community has noble men and women, who illustrate devotion to the best ideals, but the s.t and drift of modern life is toward a worship of material success. The men that fill the public eye are thoss who have done best by themselves in gaining pouer and in building up great fortunes. A Cullis P. Huntington fills the newspapers, and his name is on all lips. Cyrus Hamlin, who passed away atout the same time, is dismissed witi harest mention, and yet Hamlin's life was full of use fulness and achievement. And in natural and acquired qualities-in generalship, and grasp and enterprise, he was the superior of Auntingion
Is it not singular teat the tragedy of the New Testament should centre about a man whose master impulse was the love of moncy? We are apt to think that sins of the flesh or of a passionate nature are the worst. The great dramatists pivot their representations on these passions; but the sins of passion arise from the mistirec. tion of impulses that in their true developnenent produce the noblest life. On the other hand, the love of money, avarice, the habit that weighs everything in the scales of dollars and cents, the materialistic temper that sees nothing in life worth having that money cannot buy, are almost hopelessly evil. Covetonsness alone of sins is identified with "idolatry," because, as Marcus Dods says, there is more choice in it than in sins of the flesh, it is more a siu of the will and of the whole man unresisting. Above all others, it proves that the man in his heart is choosing the world and not God

To preach effectively the preacher must know his people
and their neeessities. To krow them he must visit them and their neceessities. To know them he must visit them
on proper occasions, and talk with them. He need not on proper occasious, and talk with them. He need not
ealtivate too great intimacy or thaniliarity, but he should become so related to his people that in any case of difficulty
or trial he would the looked upon is a sympathetic and or trial he would be looker upon as a sympuathetie and
trusty friend and adviser.

## Personal Influence.

0NE of the prominent moral reflections, suggested by the book of Esther relates to the use of personal influence. The passage sets before us the beautiful Esther, raised to the dizzy height of an Oriental throne, lavishing her resources of winsomeness and persuasion to induce Ahasuerus to reverse the letters devised by Haman to destroy the Jews. Her plea was completely successful, and Queen Esther, through her influence with the king, because the saviot of her people.
Much is written and said about the responsibilities of wealth, but we do not always realize that these principles apply equally to our responsibility fur influence. We constantly put this matter on too low a level. We think of influence under the form of example. We say that we should not do this and that and the other because it will set a bad example; because those who are weaker than we will imitate us in what it is perfectly right for us to do, but it would be injurious for them to do. In enforcing upon Chris. tians the duty of setting a good example, sone natrow minded people make the whime and prejudices of the weakest members of the commus. ity the find standard for the conduct of all men. We clear away a multitude of misconceptions when we stop thinking about example and think about influence. That transfers the whole matter from the negative reahn to the positive. It is not merely the duty of the Christian to avoid the cuarse of life that might directly or indirectly injure others; it is his calling to make the total influence of his life helpful, constructive, and inspiring to others. We do not say that a man uses his wealth aright when he simply avoids doing evil with it. He is bound to use that great force for belpfulness and the promotion of righteousaess. It is precisely the same with the powers of personality. To avoid setting a bad example is better than nothing, but the vit.al Christian seeks to make example, personal force and influence a blessing and an inspiration to others. That is the heatt of this story of Estier She had infleence, and she used it to the full, at the gravest peril to herself, to thwart a wicied plut.
But we are not merely to use our inluence with others for their gool and to promote worthy causes,-we are called to cultivate and extend our influence in order that we may have it to exart. We may well believe that Esther did not spare any resource of womanly art to gain asspare any resource of Womanly art to gain as-
cendency over the mind of the King. Men eatitvate asssiduously their inflience with others to further their own ambitions and pretensions. The foliuwers of Christ are called to use their skill in conversation, social attention, the tact and charm that gain human hearts, to win those hearts to Christ. We say much about the fact that if the money Christian people spend on their luxuries and pride and ambition were diverted to distinctively Christian service, the conversion of the world would be hastened; but it is also true that if ssme of the tact and patience and art, that we spend in gaining one another's favor for wholly temporary purposes, were spent in winning men to Christ, our communities would be far more rapidly Christianized. Occasionally we hear sermons on "Using One's Influence for Christ;" but the point is often missed that we ought not merely to use our influence, but to be making new influence that we can use in Christian service.

A New York charch eommittee, looking for a pastor, made application to a minister whom I thought might suit a business one, pure and simple, for they desired the minister to let them know "the lowest terms"" for which he
would give "two eloquent Would give "two eloquent and instructive" sermons each
Sanday, and one secular lecture in the middte Sunday, and one secular lecture in the middle of the week.
It is because this spirit enters so much It is because this spirit enters so much into the relation be-
tween pastor and peopile that so litle gead in tween pastor and people that so little good is done.

## Christ's Call to Sinners.

1MINER having heard the Gospel preached, after the service waited and said to the minister, "Did not you say I could have the blessing now?' " Yes, my friend," was the reply. "Then," said the man, " pray with me, for I am not going away without it." And he sought and found Christ. The next day a terrible accident occured in the mine, and this very miner was in the thick of it, and only had time to bear witness that the now of yesterday was the comfort of the trial of today, and he passed away triumphantly. "Now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation. -Exchange.

## Persanal Service.

A
MISSIONARY meeting was beld in a certain town. Addresses were given describing the need of more men to go, more money to be given, more prayers to be said. Then the collecting plates were passed rotund and the contents duly counted over. There were banknotes, gold, silver and pence, a goodly pile. But among them was a eard on which a young man at the back of the foom had written one word besides his name. What was the word? "Myself." Yes, that was the young man's offering-his youth and health and str ngth. bis time, his heart, his love -in a word, himself-to the service of God.The 7im.s.

## Firm Faith.

${ }^{14}$OME years ago," said a captain. " I was sailing ty the island of Cuba when a cry rang out through the ship, 'Man overboard!' I immediately threw a rope over the ship's stern, crying out to
the man to seize it. The sailor caught the man to seize it. The sailor caught the rope just as the vessel passed him. He was then drawn up and rescued, but he had grasped the rope with sush firmness that it toos h ours bef ore his hold relaxed and his hand separated from it, and such eagerness had he shown that the strands of the rope had heenme imbedded in the flesh of his hands." Even so we must cling firmly to the rope of faith which is the link between us simners and the Captaiu of our salvation.-The
Times.

## His Praget for the Chilaren's Carper.

TNN all the literature of sacred experience that has grown around that child's prayer of the Christian world. "Now I lay me down to sleep," etc., we have seen few narratives more affecting than this: it was told by the pastor of St John's Church, New York. "Part of the wall of a barnt house," he said, "had fallen on a six or seven year old boy, and terribly mangled him. Living in the neigh. borhood, I was called in to see the stricken household.

The little sufferer was in intense agony. Most of $\mathrm{h} s$ ribs were broken, his breastbone was crushed, and one of his limbs fractured in two places.

His breathing was short and difficult. He was evidently dying. I spoke a few words to him of Christ, the ever-present and precious Friend of children, and then, with his mother and older sister, knelt before his bed. Short and simple was our prayer. Holding the lad's hand in mine, I repeated the children's gospel:
"'Suffer the little shildren to come unto Me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdon of heaven.'

## Che Fome mission Journal.

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## Terms,

## 50 Cents a Year

"He disengaged his hand from mine and fohld his. We rose from our knees. His mind began to wander: he called his mother.
"'I'm sleepy, mamma, and want to say my prayers
'Do so, my datling,' replied the sobling mother.
'Now I lay me-down-to sleen: I pray Thee, loord, my somb-to keep. If I-sh nht -dic.-

And then he was fryond the river of death. On the wings of that simple prayer that hal borne so many of the lambs into the goot shopherd's bosom this sont had sped to him that ghe it. I can see his little pale figure, with clayed hands and closed eyes, like a secping ankel. lefore me this moment, though nore than nine years have passed since the incident occurred.' ${ }^{\prime}$ IMRnown.

## Soul Savers.

T"H1: repert of the Italian govermment, deserthing a great shaparect, said A latge ship was se.th comaing to shore lant tight: we endeatored to give very assistance through the speaking tramper. nevertheless $40:$ bodies were washed ash re this morning." That shows the fatility of attempt. ing to save men by specets. It is not the whole truth, but it is a part of the truth. In saving went is is very often a life for a lfe: goo have to give your life th the men whon whare trying tobetter. Abut the last Chitistion act a man can do for his brother man is to talk aront Chtistianity: the cas: is of a man laving down 'is hite as Clarist haid dowa hix life.-Hciry De itmumel.

## hate patth in debs.

Have faith in tiont, fon loe wher reigue on hith
 Still io hiv ama, thine wily rofuge, thy.

Have faith in fixal!
Fear an to call ont bian. $\mathbf{O}$ ant diat reseerel !
Thy mutrow's whinger wone thee to his hreast :


Have fuith in tion!
Lan thet on Egypto neels: slake not thy thirst At carthly cioternes, sek the kingdom tirst. Though man and Sutan fright thow with their worst, Have faith in tina!
tia, tell him att: The vigh thy themen baver
A. heard in heaven. Strength and grawe the given, Who gawe himelf for thee Gar deans lives.

Have faith in tionl! Assa Shurtow.

## A Little Loving Life.

By Eleanor Lesueve Macnatgrion. CHAPTER V.

The shrih shiriek of a steam whistle sounded through the air. Mark started up, but Toto said, tranquilly. " That is just the whistle of Uncle's mill. It blows at six o'clock for the men to leave work, and Uncle will be here in a few minutes to take me home."

Do you live near here ?" said Mark.
No, it is nearly a mile to Uncle's, but the mill is just across the river amongst the trees. Uncle brings me down with him in the afternoon,
and then 1 go and get Sammy; he lives quit near. It thought perhaps tucle would have cone before," he added: "cause I left word at the mill that Sammy had gone to fish and I was going to have a tea patty in my little hotuse ; bot W'nele had goase otrt, and I 'spect he wasn't back Thede had gotae otth, and "spect
in time. He will be hure soon."

He sat down on the dourstep. and Mark let his eyes wander idly around the room. Its adornments were of a varied character. A huge wasp's nest was fastened into one corner, and in another two or three shelves had been set, and on these were placed a china mug holding hluebells, a woolly lamb, a drum and several other chidish toys. A sort of trophy of woden swords. popguns and pea-shoners was arranged against the wall near the window, and helow these a seri:s of pictures, evidently col reat by childish fingers. had been pasted. A horsesboe foung above the door, and giy Chrintmas cards wefe everywhere His gaze came back to the picture of the 'Marriage Feast." and now he noticed that it was suramonted by a beaurivi illuminated tex?

Can youreat it "" be said to Toto, who at that moment turned from the door with a dieat. pinted air.

Ses," said the cirild. "' Awake, thot thit steepest, and arise from the dead, and Christ shall gre the bight.
"Sous can't madetstand that," said Mark.
Why do gon the to have is?'
"Welt, mother likes it," soid Tut?, "and I wantel to have something that word please her: and it makes Sammy and me fed comfortald: playing here on Sundays to have a text up. But I like it too," he added, " it an akes me ses thangs and hear thang."

What did yot mean," sai.l Mut. "What (do) you ses?

1 see a man asletp, oin, very fist astepp, w) that people all think he is dead: ther Gid knows he isn t dead, and wants him to wake and do things and cotas buto the light: and wo be kiys. 'Awake!' and 1 hear $n$; " sounds like a trimpet. I hear it now, " said Toto, his eyes flasime. " and the man has to nake when he hears that call: smethias falt of his eyes, and then the light flashes on him; it covers him, aut he is wever in the dariness any more."
As the child spoke, the suncet glory streamed in at the open dow wrapping him in is radiance, till the little form seemed transfi cur $: 1$, and Mark, gazing at the enger face, sus it as if it had been the face of an ansel. But fever wat gaining on him. His list words had been spoken with great effoth, yet be must say one thing more I cannot get up, I must stay here: but you muse leave me, Toto. Gu home; your friends will be anxions.
Totecast a wistful lo $k$ at the duor, and then said reolutely: "No. 1 must not leave yon alone while you are so sick, and Auntie would not like my walking hane by myself. There must have been a mistake: but tucle will be stire to come, and $h=$ will know what to do. You cannot think how kind he is-just like the Grod S'mallitan. I suspect ine will just pat you on his horse and bring you right home.

Mark moaned and put his fiand to his head, and Tot , once more m istened the handkerchief; then seating himself in the rocking chair, he said, with all the gravity of an experienced nurse:

Now I'm going to sing you to sleep. I know 'Rubinson Crusoe' and 'Little Bird, You Are Welcome, but hymns put people to sleep best, Sol I will sing 'Jesus Loves Me.'
So the last image Mark's brain received before he slipped off into unconsciousness, was of a sweet serious chil-face framed in b, ight-Erown curls, and with deep blue eyes that gazed earnestIy at him; the last words he heard, borne to him on a clear bird-like treble, were-
'Litte ones to Him belong:
They are weak, but he is strong.
Mr. Marshall's non-appearance was owing to the fact that the boy with whom Toto had left his message had misunderstood and told his employer that the little fellow had gone fishing with Sammy Forbes, and would remain at the rectory for tea. Mr. Marshall had, therefore, returned home alone, and not till an hour or so later, when Mr. Forbes happened to come up about some parish business, did he learn the true state of the case. He hastened down at once to the cabin where he found Toto asleep in the rocking chair, and a man, apparently a tramp, lying unconscious
on the pine hed in the corner.
At his tucte's touch. Toto opened his blue eyes and gave a cry if $j$, w, but instantly checked himelf "I forgot" te said "that for highWaman in very sick I'ob aftaid, and mut be quict and mot stur's him; int you'll take bim home, Vucle, won't you: I tohd him you Were just like the $S^{\prime}$ mallitan
"Wh re did you west him, Totoi" anked Mr. Marshall.

I fontud him. Uinke, just by the roadside. When Sammy schsed himself, I went tulook f. r someholy, like the king's servants did: but it was a long time bef.re I found him. There are very fex lighwaymen here, 1 think.
Mr. Marshall put a wrap which he hall ronght with him on the little fellow and sont him home with the servant man, whom he told to drive back at once. He also sant a fow lines, bactily pencilled on a leaf from his posket toos, to his wife. They ran as follows:

- Dear Amr: I shall he returning ahmost immediately, bringins a protege of Toto's, who is, 1 fear, serimasly ill. Have the soom in the went wing prepared so that he can lie easily isolated, if $n$ cessary, and sead for murse Bell. Toocth inform yot further: ant, by the way, it would be well to give hima lot bath and use some dismifectuat bere pativg bin to bed.

P'unss.'
Mark hy butweon bie and deah for wetk at Pbilip Mishall's house, never during all this time being whally erthecio is. As in a tronbled dream so mitanes he naw Toto's radiant face. again it was a man thet towked down gravely at hue or tht his pulse A fresh-faced motherly woman reetned countantly about him ministering to his comfort. Sometimes he fancicat his $m$ ther was in the to m ghidng about in the black dess always worn atter his fither's death, and more that once be thought he heard her wise. Then all would lecome a Hank once mote: int be was carefully nursed, and a day came when he was atlowed to do as he had long wished, and tell his stuay tu his kind host.

## (To be Coutinucal.)

Hophwel.t.
Two sisters wete received Albert, Saturday. Feb. 9th, one by letter, and the other by experience.
F. D Davidson.

I have received and accepted
a call to the Surrey field.
Surkev, a call to the Surrey field. Albekt Cocnery. The Lond blessed our efforts new meeting house being built in each village and sixty-six added to the membership, fiftyseven of whom I baptized. Thete is harmony in both churches. I resigned to take up the work on this imporrant field. 1 am favorably impressed and believe that God has blessings in store for the here.

## Militon Addison.

St. $\underset{\substack{\text { S. } \\ \text { Stephen, }}}{\text {. }}$ Without any assistance from
outside we have been holding special services since the middle of Jan. The interes has deepened from week to week. Already twenty have been received for baptism, seventeen of the number receiving the ordinance last Sunday evening. There will be another baptismal service next Sunday. The church is greatly rejoiced over the accession of its membership of so promising a company of young men and women. All branches of church work seem to be in a bealthy condition. The Sunday School especial ly continues to do excellent work. The attendance is large, 211 were present last Sunday. Two Normal classes are well sustained. We have much to be thankful for. May the Lord continue to bless us.
W. C. Goucher.

Faikville, N. B.
We have been holding a few special meetings, with encouraging results: Bro, Hugh McLeau, Singing Evangelist, bas been with us two weeks, and, with his sweet and consecrated voice, has been singing the Gospel into our hearts. I have found him to be very helpful, not only in singing, but also in witnessing, and doing personal work. I can highly recom-

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mend him to any pastor desiring outside help. He is now in Campbellton, helping Pastor Keirstead. From there he goes to Sussex to assist Pastor Camp. Mrs. McLean, who accompanies her husband, is just recovering from a severe sickness at the Parsonage, Fairville. Rev. Ira Smith of Leinster street Church, was with us three nights, and preached the gospel with great cloquence and powar. We are still continuing our meetings, with a bopefut outlook.

## A. T. Dykeman.

We had special meetings St. Francis, Mb., during the week of prayertaking the subjects for texts. Several have expressed an interest in their salva-
tion and two have been quite regular to prayer tion and two have been quite regular to prayer
and testimony. We are continuing our meetings, and wish an interest in your prayers.

Chas. Henderson.
We have been holding a few Hopewela. N. B. special meetings at the "Cape," and the Lord has greatly blessed us. On Sunday, Feb. 3rd, we baptized seven happy believers, and received one on experience. One other has been received for laptism and quite a number profess to have been saved. We hope to be able to send some more good news suou.
F. D. Davibson.

Baptized on Feh. 3rd. Our
Brughels Strbet,
St. Johs. Young Men's Association is mergy. The fooms in the rear of the church have been fitted up for read ng. games, exercise meetings, etc., and are open cvery evening. Under the auspices of the Association an enlarging class of forty men on Sunday afterno ms are led by the 1 astor in instrue tive conversations on the great questions about aud in the Bible.

## Fkedericton.

The reports stimitted at the annual cisurch meeting wer of a most encouraging nature.
All departments of wors reported progress and several recorded unprecedented prosperity. The Sunday School continues to grow in fower and the missiouary societies I ave steadily goined ground. The financial report was inspiring. About $\$+000$ was raised for all purposes. Upwards of $\$ 1000$ was given to missions and $\$ 500$ for church repairs. We have had the pleasure of welcoming new members lately. Our great need welcoming new members ately ship.
J. D. F.

Central.
Chebogek.

## This church has recently ex-

 perienced a season of blessing. During November and Decem' er tle interest in our regular meetings constantly increased. During the first month of the new year we held some special meetings, which by the blessing of God, have resulted in much spiritual quickening to the whole active membership, and a profession of saving faith in Christ on the part of some fourteen or fifteen most promising young people. Five were baptized on the 3rd inst., and others will come forward later on. In these special meetings Pastor Parker was with us two evenings and Pastors Mode and Price one evening each, rendering service which was most helpful each, renderi.to the work.

## E. J. Grant.

God continues to bless our
feeble efforts. Despite the feeble efforts. Despite the severe storm of Sunday, February 24th ult., good congregations were present at all our services, especially in the evening when three precious souls followed Jesus in baptism. On Sunday March 3rd, eight were baptized, two received on experience and four ty
letter, a total of seventeen. All of the Gibson church. Twenty-seven received the right hand of fellowship. Pray for us.
W. R. Robinson.

Rev. A. B. Macdonald has beeu supplying of late at

ill Cove and the Narrows, in the field where the greater | Mill Cove and the Narrows, is the field where the greatet |
| :--- | ing good health and finds no difficulty in filling his appointments.

## "An Ancient Beneaiction."

An abstract of a sermon preached by Rev. A. J. Hughes in Music Hall, East Boston, Mass., where the Central Square Baptist church, of which he is pastor, is now worshipping, prior to taking possession of the late Trinity Church edifice, which has been transferred to the Cersedifice, which has been transferred to the Cens-
tral Square Chureh, but which they cannot tral Square Church, but which they cannot
occupy till the lease of the edifice to the School Board of Boston, made before the transfer, has expired. The Central Square edifice was sold a year ago, and the purchaser has taken possession of it, which necessitates the use of Music Hall as a place of worship. The sermon was preached on the opening Sunday in Music Hall, and was on the text, - Numbers $6: 24,25,26$. The abstract is as follows: God wants to bless every person in the world. This fact is contradicted by certain ideas that are held concerning God. Some regard Him as an Omnipotent Tantalizer, delighting in worrying people by harsh and indelighting in worrying people by harsh and in*
scrutable providences. But these strange proscrutable providences. But these strange pro-
vidences are simply means which God adopts to win the hearts of men and wonsen from the unworthy loves of earth to Himself, the worthiest object of the heart's love. Others regard God as a cold-hearted stoic, looking with calm indifference upon the miseries of his creatures. But the Bible represents Him as a Father, grieved because of the world's sorrows, but whose hands are tied by the world's sin: not hopelessly tied. however, for contrition on account of sin will untie them, and to the contrite soul He will cause the strange workings of Providence to effect its good. The text can be explained only on the hasis that God wants to bless people. He had blessed His ancient people by delivering them from their bondage in Egypt, by befriending them along the dreary marches of the desert, by ultimately conducting them into Canaan. He wants tu bless every soul by delivering it from the Egypt of its spiritual bondage, by befriending it across the wilderness of life, and by leading it eventually into the Canaan of everlasting rest. This old benediction is worth the time we may give it this morning.
t. The mystery it contains is worth intestigation. The name Jehovah is repeated in it three times, where once would seem to be enough Then, every time the name occurs it is, in the original Hebrew, with a different accent. Jewish writers have admitted the mystery of this strange fact, as have Christian writers, too. Is there a key that will unlock this mystery? There is, and it is the doctrine of the Tri-Unity of the Godhead, Father, Son and Holy Spirit. As the docirine of a personal Gud unlocks the mystery of the universe, so the doctrine of the Trinity unlocks the my stery of this otherwise
incomprehensible passage of Scripture But what is the doctrine of the Triuity? Is it a piece of humau speculation, or a fact of divine revelation? Let us see. Jesus Christ was not a speculater concerning unseen verities. You never hear Him indulging in a guess; you always hear Him making bold affirmations. So authoritative, indeed, was the tone of His teachings that the multitudes regarded them as conclusive. Well, Jesus revealed the Trinity as a fact; first, by affirming the existence of God; secondly, by affirming the existetice of God; secondy, bity
affirming His own equality with God; thirdly, by affirming the equality of the Spirit with both God and Himself. This revelation of the Trinity on the part of Jesus Christ is a solution of the my stery that inheres in this ancient benediction. Notice, moreover, that this solution of the mystery of the passage is confirmed by the distinctive office that is assigned to each person of the Godhead designed therein. To God the Father is assigned the office of blessing people, The Lord bless thee and keep thee." To God the Son is assigned the office of to shine upon people. and be gracious unto thee." To God the Holy Spirit is assigned the office of pacifying people. "The Lord lift up His countenance upon thee, and give thee peace." Now God the Father has earned the title of being the world's Benefactor, for He blessed the world with the gift of His Son. And God the Son has earned the title of being the world's Illuminator, for it is He in whose face, and life, and teachings, and death, there shines as nowhere else the "light of the knowledge of the glory of God." And God the Holy Spirit is earning all the while the title
of the world's Pacifier, for He is continually
coming to people disturbed by sin, hy sorrow, hy anxious fear, and in lalling to rest the surging anxious fear, and in falling to rest the solution waves of inward disturbance. Thus, the solution
that the doctrine of the Trinity gives to this ohd passage of Scripture is sweet and comforting to the human heart. 2. But there is more than mystery to this old passage; there is blesserl reaching to it as well. And the teaching is a reinforcement of $m y$ original proposition, that God wants to bless people. He does. (a) He wants to bless people with the blessing of comfort The ache of bereavement in a human life is one that touches Him. In the Talmud there is a story of a young laborer in a vineyard who, after a few hours' toil, was invited to leave the scene of toil and walk to and fro with the king in the courtyard of the palace. It was a reward uf diligence. The story was told by the Talnudist to coinfort a Jewish mother who had lost her is $n$ -a youthfnl Rabbi-by death, and she w.s to make her own application of it. If the Bible ie true, and it is, God, like the king in the story, ofteu invites our loved ones away from us, and from the toils of time, to walk with Hint the scented walks of Paradise, and by telling us so He blesses us with the blessing of comfort. (1) God wants to bless His people with the blewing of moral attractiveness. A young lady at board. ing school was much discouraged because of her plain lioks and ungracious maneer. Her teacher noticed it, and gave her a coarse and scaly buls. and with the remark "That is you," told ber to do with it as she knew. She planted and tended it, when there finally emersed from it a beaulifu: Japanese lily, fit emblem of what stic might become if she put herself in the kitping of Him whose hand paints the lily and touches with their tints all the flowers that bloom She acted ou the suggestion, with the resulh if a moral attractivenes , that suines out so conspieuously in face and manner as to be the subjec: of remark in the circle wherein she moves. G $d$ wants to bless in similiar fashion every unlovily life.
(c) God wants to bless with the power to li e a streag and worthy life. The world is full of people who want to live better lives. There is pathos in the late Prof. Huxley's words when he said, 'I protest that if some power would agree to make me always think what was true, and do what is right, on condition that I be turned into a sort of clock, and wound up every morning, I should instantly close with the offer." That is the cry of a man, willing to sacrific his manhood and become an antomaion, if thereby he might be assured of becoming permaneutly good. Is there any hope of a man's realizing that desire? Yes, there is God wants people to be good, and He will help them to be good. How? Well, in this half, yesterday I saw two children learning to dance, and for the time being they were given up to the dancing master, who was instructing them frim another part of the hall. You sield yourself up to God, as these children were given up to the dancing master, and as they will undoubtedly learn how to "rip the light fantastic toe," so you will learn how to be good. (d) God wants to bless us as a church while we are worshipping here. You say, "The place is secular, and has never been dedicated to God.' True. But the stony field, where Jacob slept, just outside the town of Luz, and where he had his wonderful vision, was never dedicated to God either. Yet, the patriarch named it Bethel, the house of God, and it was the very gate of Heaven to him because of the communicating stairway, and the ascending and decending angels. Moreover, it has been a spot of universal religious interest ever since. Yes, and the upper room in Jerusalem where the spirit of God descended in Pentecostal power, was never formally dedicated to God, but the centuries attest to the interest and blessedness of the place. So with us. Let us be receptive, as Jacob was in the open field. as the disciples were in the upper room, and we may have cause to point back to the months vhen we worshipped here as being months of signal manifestations of the presence and power of God with His people.

Don't begin to curtail expenses by stopping your religious paper and lessening your pay-
ments to the cburch. Begin at the other end of ments to the church. Begin at the other end of your religious claims will be easily met.

## Notes.

Rev. Judson Kempton, formerly pastor at Catleton, N. B., and more recently at Mt. Carroll. Itlinois, has found it necessary to guard his young people against incipient infidelity, which scems too prevalent in the western sections. He has published a pamphlet entitled. "Why I an mot an Atheist, Agnostic, or I'nitarian," setting forth the reasons for the things that are most surely believed among us.

Rev. W. J. Bleakney has been of late visiting sonte of his family at Malden, Mass, and wr tes that he is enjoying a rest, anticipating a return sown to the provinces. We should the glad to see hius in some of our vacant ficlofs in Now Rounswick. Trmly here in thany farts the harvent is great and the laborers are few

Here is a statement that many people need to ponder: Many men are too small to hemb. Very many think it an indication of bigness to be un levelimg, when it may be that it only shoms them to have a ligig head. A truly great man will always confess to being wrong, and will sied his own will for the sabe of higher interens and clams. It is only the little man that refues to hend his will, even though to te stablorn will imperil the heet interest- of a charch or conmanity. We commend this remath which we have quoted to the consideration of those who are wo unfortorate as to be jarties in charch difficulties.

Every man's leart is deceitful; it must le guarded agninst.

Jents was regular in ohereing all requirel re ligious obecrances. We mast initate Him.

## marries.

Berby t.vers-at Jawnon Settlement, Foh, 0, by Mastor A. A. Kutedge, Mhas II Eery to thorench N

Milto w. O'Porle-At Riverkide, Allipt county, X Five 26th, by Rev. F. D, Davidson, Whitman Mit Albert county, $N$. B.
Hals.seliv-at the home of the bride, Havelowk Fth, 6th, by L. A. Coony, W. Hall of St. Cowx and susie seley of Havelork.
Hesartstey Poote-at st, Croix, by L., A. Coony, Feb.
 pasting clergyana, Wondstock, on the nith, by Rev atal Lottieg. Quigley of bancrott, theth of the state of Saine, $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{N}$ A.

Ritcmu-G Rant-At the residence of the officiating d.gyman, Woodstock, on Feb. 27h, by Whe Rev,
Thom. Todd, Todd Rathie and Ketta Grant, Loth of Thor. Todd, Todd Ratchie and Ketta Grant, Loth of
the parith of Cantertury, county of Sork.

 Chent,









 now



w. r. M.

Ancis-Near Fennlyn, S. B., on the 2nth inst., of
 biged tat yeara, leavit
brother in thournang.

Steves-At llilikbotongh, N. B, of Fuhtuaty 14th, Kichard E. steesens aged 79. The death of the higlily esteemed ant much-loved broteret is a great buse in any wass. It is a less to lus famuly, to the con haptist denomination at harge. Str, Steeses. Somt for many years been the of the leading cotioe k of Hillo
 The removal in te a deprivation in our, publie life, was manifested by the large attendance at tois funerat. mare that half a century hed filed the rosg. For more thath half a century he filted the ferpotsithle to cemmand the good wilt of atl thove who had deat inge with hum. Thi the homp afti sociat etrele be was nuch reppected atid beloved. With a mint of com Irehensive grasp. a wide knowlodge of men and ffairs, and prosevesed of a tusatinus nemers, his con

 pervant of the lard leaus Christ. He was bapt zed in The year 1843 , being theretore for neariy 58 y-ars a memiber of the church, and, as he was aptrinted its that imgortant office for glmost the same tong space -f finu. In that gosition and in other wity heservel the peotle of God with marked at lity and unfailing devotion. Dis intets it our wow here a mit plase. Where was moxt deep a d ataadfast, He eveq gave Phererfolly towards the maintename of the ministry, ational enterprises at bome and abroat Ilis idens concerning thrstian work were solud. Ho belt red in epiritual power sad apontolic meth is, and he To hi n thrist erwitiod was ever a juyfol sound Wheth athe to take part thour conference meethas ha coudd speak thoughtfut and gracious $w$ rds which pubnic theans of grace he found mueh selace in watl
ing his Bible H. loved ton of en the forines things of God. In cauncll he was jndien the the dery tie was ind fatigal le in -pirit he was ferverit, in busiHess had as obliging, in mannes he was cruteous character. Take him for all in all, we wriall balanced fok upon his like again His wife, wnd tree chilson pre deceaved him, and lae is survived by two me fis and
 $21 \times t \quad t=1$, John Hutchins, ared if years, leaving a
 L.ake churth.

Chayman-In Cambing, queems C'o., on 18th inst, of cars Fer of the -trmach, tharles Chapmat, aged 6a gratly from an incuratile mulady but death suffered fer gth to her riease. He was a wortis member af Lower Newcastle church. I widow and eight shild ten are left in mourning.

AleEN-In shipman, N . B, in 20 th inst., of syphoid fe, Jem, kpernd son of ceorge Allen, aged 9 years. The departed had gone a few months since to eape Freton, and whie hiere contracted the hatal after prolonged suffurins he was called home, wher

DuFFy-At Hillsboroukh, N, B., on Feb, 12th, Jane
C. danghter of the late Patrick Duffy, aged 50. Our dear sister was baptized at Lynn, Ma*s, and united with the church at Hilsborough by letter in 1879 she was a true child of God and adorned the doctrine of exus Christ her saviour. For some time pa the had been greatly afflicted, but she bors her sufferings with exemplary patience The last time the writer aw her ative, after praying with her she herself prayed with mnch !iberty and unction. The Lord tions. She leaves an aged mother and a brother and sister to motirn her departure

DobsON-Ure, Thoman Dithom, formarly of River si le, Albert Ca, die I ${ }^{\prime}$ 'W burn, Yiue, at the Fome
 Peb 2. The re+nains were brought by traiz and the itterment to $k$ placas nt the Ray View Cemetery, $^{\text {Harey whe }}$ it ing, whote the sotv ce was condu ted by Rev. F Thomas Mcelol n and Mra Thomas Pearson, trothor John Turner of Calectonia, on" daughter Mrs James Bennett of Woburn, Mass three sons toseph W. of Portland, MP. and Thomas H, and Elisla If, of duherst, N. s, with numerous relatives.

Ronatis - Fiestor, widow of the late Gohn Roger
 Nx mont is. She fod for many yeara b ell a consisten loved and respeciedty all who had the pleasure if Frer acqu intance. For s veral months she had bue confloed to hor bid and simpiy foll avleen in Jesu-- he leaves two dangliters twhind, o te here and cme i Eritish Colambia. Hers funeral w os largely attond.


Hear eAt Vinneobver, II C, fon the $6 t h$ inst, Mrx Thomas E Sray, aged 62 years Mrs. Bray was th d ughter of the late Theodore Carlinhe of 11 ilistom,
 afid son went io Vancouver to make heir in ma in called fore tole-t. In tses the writer of this notic bant zed Mrs Brav into the fellowship of the 1 s Hifsiono hative chureh. since that time she has
 preceded her a lithe. Now their happy spirits a together it the number if relatives mourn ber lomes, \& if sued are I e derad whe die in the Eerct."

STVEVF: At Hilsstorough, N, B, on Fuh, 7th, Jane wivew of the late steptrin sleever. Had our si-tel pord unfic next month whe would have completed 1 er of Aburt Thas she was one of the oldest tesidem to abumdantly fu fill.d: Thou case the promse was in a fal age," and we thelieve the concluthe part of that passage may be truly applied to her: "like as a aud reaciy for the heavinly in l-90 ty the Rev. W Cump Thou h wivace in If, whers she mited wut the church, hers. numt ins had long twon with the pople of God Her lituse had often burn the heme of preachers if the poinpel Among others who freque tiy empored her h epitaity was the Rev. Joseph Crandal. Dhubtless she has they wheleomed to heavell by many who knew ind bovid her here. Mrs, Sterves leaves behind one som. (bituock, with whom sheresed), three diughters 26 grandelaildren, and 14 grea gra d-children.
Wrats:-It givis us pain to record the death of $19 \mathrm{~h}, 190 \mathrm{I}$, from thite whor fell asleep in Jerus, Feb trived sht the 28 h of Jan last. The dee ased was in bis 81 -t ywar. Mr. Whito engaced in metcantile pur suit* early in lif For a numter of gears he com du ed bu-iness in Belleisle. From here he went t At John where $h$ - becume one of the members of the If m of White brov. In 1873 he c me to Sussex and for abou three ears nas actively ensaged in husi 'swsater which he retired devolim: his tume to th Hatagemen' of his e ates and timbecial int rests at
diff. rent plae s. Deacon Whin, was married thre diff.rent plae 8 Deacon Whie was married thres times His fir-l Wife Was Sarah My.rs; his secoud
Eliza Hattield; lis third, Emily Mott, sister of Dr whi Alchitect Mott of St. Johily. He. leaves a wi of Dr son, Dr. White of Sa-sox, four datusitore, tive timi

 be has lived a co sintent Cliritian ife. For a namteer of ypars hp has served the church as d at on, en terat ing himself to the hemarts of all his brethem. In 2. od citizell. He was formonst in evely poed cause. H, was pre ud of his toun and worked frits highest urifare. The llow falls heavily upen our chacel Our dear brether was a taunch mhd true Baptist. He was gener us in hiv gifts and faithtul in all his dutios In the prayer and con er-nce meeting he Was alwas
present when not pevented by sickness His woid present when not prevented by sickne ss His word
of counsel and comfort were highly appreciatid is of counsel and comfort were highly appreciatid iy
our people. He relied withall his faith on the athin our people. He relied withall his faith on the atri-
men merits of Christ To him Christ was the Alpha man merits of Christ To him Christ was the Alpha
and the Omesa of all his futur- I opers. With the confidence of a chid whor runs to the arms of a loving parent, so he passed to the arms of a loving Fathe death and same at out heaven. Death to him meaut "boing hom." He was a gord hot-band, a kind father and a loving friend. His remains wer- laid mi the womb on the 22nd inst A service war held at the house and alsont the church. In the sacred place where h- roand Christ precious to his soul and where how sat or jears to his relatives and friends with towed heads, and that pross their sorrow. His pistor preached a serm. from John i4: 1-3. While our surow was sriat wo were not without comfort. As we looked into the casket and saw the familiar face lighted up with the glory of heaven, we thoukht of the angels' words at the empty tomb of our Lord: He is risen ; he is n.t here. The remains were laid away in the gave
but the Spirit had gone to bs with Jesus "in the land but the Spirit had gone
that is fairer than day."

