## Dalhousie Gazette

Black Friday Edition

October 9





Scotia Square 2179 Gottingen St. 5520 Spring Garden Rd. Halifax, N.S.



## ELECTION

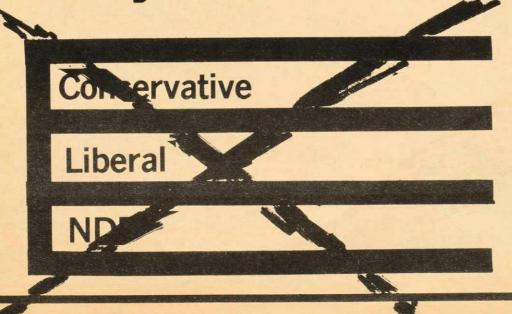


'70

Let us make one thing perfectly clear ... this is your chance ta-dum ta-dum ta-dum democratic rights bop shoo bop deedle-dee-dum-doo responsible scoobee doobee doo vote for bee bop a loola promises, promises etc. etc. and furthermore not only but also clearly moreover in any case nonetheless indeed Nova Scotia Development, ramalama ding dong blit blit blip plit plib hem hem haw hee-haw ha ha ha a bit dull but nonetheless (we lose).



## Mark your ballot with an X



"Every four years
you get to choose
which member of the
bourgeoisie
you want
to oppress you."

-V.I. Lenin

THE KILLAM MEMORIAL
LIBRARY
WILL ENTERTAIN GUESTS
AT AN
OPEN HOUSE
13 OCTOBER 1970

7 and 10 in the evening

The move to the Killam Memorial Library will take place over the holiday weekend and Killam will open for service at 8 a.m. on Wednesday, October 14.

In order to accomplish this move the Macdonald Memorial Library and the Library Annex will close at noon on Friday, October 9. The four departmental Science libraries will not be affected by the move and will remain their normal schedules.

For information call K. Moore - 2555.

## AN INVITATION TO STUDENTS OF ALL FACULTIES

Especially Class of 1971

Come and meet a representative
of the Federal Public Service Commission
who will outline career opportunities
in the fields of
Public Administration and Careers Abroad

DATE: Thursday, October 15, 1970
TIME: 7:30 P.M.
PLACE: Room 201, Arts Building,
Dalhousie University
For further information please contact your
Student Placement Officer

Talk over your future with the Bell employment reps when they visit your campus on

OCT. 22

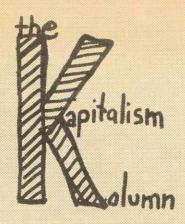
**GRADS-TO-BE-IN:** 

COMMERCE

Ask at your Placement Office for informative booklets and arrange for an interview now!



**Bell Canada** 





"There are times when order must be maintained because order must be maintained."

-- Grayson Kirk, 1968.

Robert Bourassa, Liberal head of the Quebec government, is off to New York early next month "to discuss" with Nelson Rockefeller, state governor, the sale of power from a hydro-electric project now in the planning stages in Quebec.

According to the New York Times, Bourassa is going to talk about the hydro project stated for the James Bay area "with prominent bankers, investment bankers and industrialists" in San Francisco, Los Angeles and New York.

He will also be seeking "private investment" for "predominantly French-speaking Quebec" to help him realize his campaign promise to bring 100,000 new jobs to the province in the next year and a half

The four U.S. auto makers have reported a sharp drop in sales in the Sept. 11-20 period this year, even though new models have been unveiled.

This year in the nine-day period 159,160 sales were made, down over 84,000 from sales in the same period last year.

In other auto news, the Chevrolet Vega has been discovered to be one inch too low for automatic car wash machinery. Serious damage could be done to the cars if put through the washing machines, but GM says it thinks the problem can be alleviated later on.

The Bank of Montreal has opened an account with the Bank of China in Peking.

The move comes as a result of pressure by the Chinese for increased use of its own currency as a unit of account in international trade. Until recently, the more widespread practice was for dealings with China to be settled in sterling or Canadian or some other convertible currency, except the U.S. dollar.

Spare productive capacity in western Canada is sufficient to permit crude oil deliveries to the United States to rise about 200,000 barrels a day over the present quota of 395,000 barrels a day now going to U.S. areas east of the Rocky Mountains.

(There are 42 gallons in a barrel which means that right now over 16 million gallons of crude oil go south daily)

The discovery of the spare productive capacity in the west came in a new survey of the U.S. fuel crisis by a body called the National Petroleum Council.

According to "some observers" quoted in the Toronto Globe and Mail, the oil industry sees little likelihood that Canadian imports of crude oil will be increased before the November U.S. congressional elections.

Government's role in agriculture represents a "concealed socialism" that many Canadian would oppose, D.R. Marshall of Red Deer, Alta., president of the National Dairy Council of Canada, says.

Hi are you new to Dal?

My name is Jim Tesorire, I'm a student but also I'm your Campus Representative. Renault of Canada Ltd. offers to you a student discount of up to 10% on our line of "Canadian Built" economy cars.

For further information please contact:

Jim Tesoriere

Sales Representative for Renault of Canada Ltd. 6417 Lady Hammond Rd.

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# The cycle is not eternal like the tides of Fundy

The lifeboats on the Acadia Neptune are rusted solid to the davits. Last year the Acadia Gull was taken to Pictou for her annual inspection. One of her lifeboats had a hole in the bottom larger than a man's head. The lifeboat passed inspection.

Acadia Fisheries, in the name of profits, had economized on repairing and overhauling its trawlers, by paying off the Department of Transport officials, who inspect the company's trawlers. As a result, Acadia Fisheries has been directly responsible for the deaths of at least 30 of its trawler crewmen.

In the past eight years, at least four of Acadia's trawlers have gone down, two with all hands.

In 1967, The Sea Hawk sunk. The ship's engineer, Clayton Welsh, told the company executives that the ship was totally unseaworthy, and that he would not sail

until the necessary repairs had been made. Acadia Fisheries' reply was that if Welsh did not sail, he would be blacklisted. Acadia has blacklisted crewmen for periods ranging from ten days to 99 years. Clayton Welsh had a wife and a two week old baby to feed. So he sailed. And drowned. Along with the other fifteen crew members on the Sea Hawk.

Acadia Fisheries literally robs the trawler crews of one third to one half of their catch. No fishermen are allowed to be present when the catch is weighed and graded. So, the fishermen are not only shortweighted, but their fish are assessed as Grade B or C by the company, bought at dirt-cheap prices, and then sold on the market as Grade A fish.

Everett Richardson is a fisherman from Canso. He is a trawler crewman for Acadia Fisheries. He has been on strike for six months. During this time he and the other trawler fishermen from Canso, Mulgrave and Petit de Grat have been denied the staus of human beings. They have been harassed by the R.C.M.P. They have been the subject of the most vicious smear campaign that the Chronicle Herald has ever dared to conduct. They have been served with ex parte injunctions by the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, which forbade them from picketing. And they have been jailed for defying those injunctions.

Everett Richardson was sentenced to nine months in jail for contempt of court by a judge who called him "a pawn in an international conspiracy."

The Gazette staff urges that instead of voting either for the Liberals, Progressive Conservatives, or NDP, that every student in this riding (Halifax-Cornwallis) should cast a write-in ballot for Everett Richardson for MLA.

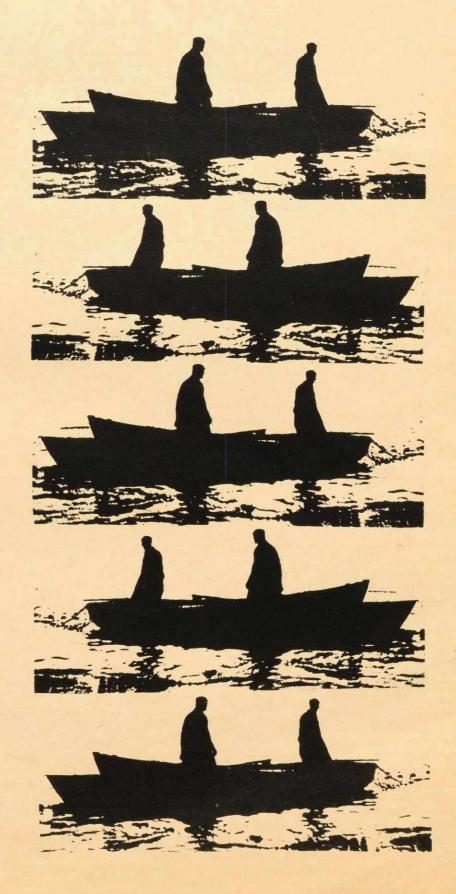
Instead of voting for Richard A. Donahue, the 'man' responsible for prosecuting the fisherman in his capacity as Attorney-General, we urge that you write in Everett Richardson's name on the ballot.

It will count as a spoiled ballot. But it is one of the few ways that we, as students and as Nova Scotians, can register our outrage against a system as brutal as this one.

Everett Richardson is one of the millions of Canadians who are being sacrificed every day for purposes of profit and political expediency. WE are all Everett Richardson.

By writing Richardson's name on the ballot, we can demonstrate our unwillingness to accept the 'reasonable' alternatives offered by Regan, Smith, Donahue, Mitchell or Halderman. We can affirm the right of Nova Scotia fishermen and all Nova Scotians to control their own lives.

but something we can end



## Blind students act to obtain rights

In June of this year former students of the Halifax School for the Blind, set up the Blind Rights Action Movement known as BRAM. Its main objective is to see that blind people get their rights just like other people.

President Edward Russel said blind people are not given the advantage of their rights because they are not broadly educated. He stated that they are unable to get jobs due to the lack of vocational training at the School for the Blind and elsewhere.

In reply to the question, "What steps have you taken. toward this goal?", president Russel said a brief had been drawn up and negotiations staff between management at the school have taken place. BRAM has also established contacts with the government.

#### BRIEF CAUSES CONTROVERSY

drawn up has caused con- for the partially-sighted.' troversy at the school. In their brief, the movement certainly the problem of the them if they are not informed attacked the staff of the blind and some agency should of the situation," Russel School for the Blind by see to it, instead of people just concluded.

referring to them as baby- sitting around and arguing brief as unfair and a juvenile up ideas with regard to way of approaching their vocational training for the goal. Members of BRAM blind," Russel said. pointed out that it may be effort being made.

Governors also felt that the wouldn't accomplish its goal. discussion with members of the staff on Thursday, Oc-

#### LACK OF MONEY

"The main problem at the present is the lack of money and the lack of vocational training for the blind.," said Russel. "I would like to see boat." such vocational training as mechanics, auto body-The brief which has been building, radio and TV repair

"That is, a chance for life French crepes? brief was too negative and so they can achieve, as blind president Russel.

> anyone's sacred cows,' that's what we intend to do.'

"There is a need for what blow-out, in every sense. we are doing which takes priority over all else. The blind can't help themselves "Vocational training is and the public can't help

### Schools must adapt to learning problems

By BETH NEILY

learning disabilities came cipal speaker. under strong attack as inadequate and "tokenistic" at a meeting Sept. 29 in the clinic program which Acadia (Halifax) and the Inter- schools. Agency on Youth.

Gilbert hits "tokenism"

well as a radio commentator, diagnosis of their situations, I want action now," said counselling, and remedial Gilbert.

educators alike, shared the portive emotional therapy. sense of frustration at the Parents and teachers of lack of progress in taking the children enrolled in the clinic action needed to solve the will also be encouraged to problem. One Dartmouth receive counselling, although student, who said he had this will not be mandatory. learning disabilities, spoke of students he knew who were "frustrated to the point of jumping off a bridge". And public school teachers and administrators from all over the province told pretty much same story overcrowded classrooms, lack of qualified teachers to work with the disabled, lack

"If someone gave us \$10,000,000 right now, maybe then we could do something to help these kids," a Dartmouth school board member said bitterly.

Nova Scotia educators University's education go back to school with their treatment of children with department, who was prin- friends and avoid feeling left

Program outlined

tokenism was Halifax radio be visiting Annapolis Valley commentator John Gilbert. schools in a trailer clinic, "As a concerned parent, as which will offer students a work in their studies, and, Students, parents and where appropriate, sup-

UNDERSTANDING ALSO NEEDED

the clinic would offer.

Since public teachers cannot possibly cope with all the problems these pressure applied by groups students have, tutors and like teaching assistants are also associations and associations being provided, Tillemans of specialists in children's said. He added that many learning disorders will bring more would be needed.

"We have to keep these public's attention. children from feeling that they are different from pressure, he said, would "Well, you get \$10,000,000 others," said Tillemans. He funds be made available to and then we'll work pointed out that with the combat the problem.

something out," joked Dr. clinic in operation, children Thomas Tillemans, of Acadia now in special classes could

In response to a question to Tillemans outlined a mobile what was going to be done in the sections of the province Dal SUB sponsored by the is starting this year in an without access to Acadia's Dalhousie Students Union and effort to help children in the facilities, local speakers cited members of the YMCA Annapolis Valley region's a remedial physed program being carried on at the YMCA Tillemans said a staff of and two Dal courses in specialists and student Education for teaching Levelling the charge of assistants from Acadia will disabled children. But they conceded the inadequacy of these programs.

> PUBLIC PRESSURE NEEDED

David MacKeen a Halifax city alderman, said most Emotional and Learning Disorders in Children) Report, 1,000,000 children in Canada today "require at-Tillemans emphasized that tention, treatment and children would need un care because of emotional derstanding as well as and learning disorders." This specialized therapy, such as figure represents twelve per cent of the national school population up to age nineteen.

McKeen said only public parent-teacher the problem fully to the

through Only

## Mange Bien

sitters. One member of the about this problem. Experts An Endeavor at a Critical Yet Humane Analysis of the school staff referred to the should be consulted to bring Gastronomic Conditions Obtaining at our Fair University.

By JON PEIRCE

What would Brillat-Savarin make of a certain concoction of "If we can't arouse the pasta and fluids which from time to time turns up in Howe juvenile, but it's the only establishment to act, then we and Shirreff dining rooms as macaroni? Would the salads ffort being made.

Can at least bring it to the therein served be the occasion for one of Claiborne's slightly president Russel said the public's attention and trust peevish flashes of sardonic wit? Could James Beard find brief was a little too negative that their conscience will room in his heart for "Braised Short Ribs, Beaver?" Would and that it was misun- move them to see that the the Galloping Gourmet consider that the person purchasing a derstood by most staff authorities do give blind S.U.B. "steak special" was getting good value? How would members. The Board of people a new deal. "apple pancake" stack up, in Julia Child's book, next to the

Amusing but futile speculations, all. For institutional people, a quality of life to cooking, like justice in the military, is a law unto itself --As a result, the brief is being which they are entitled as occasionally inexorable, at times, impenetrable, and not revised and will come up for Canadian citizens," said infrequently heavy-handed. The nuances that spice great dishes to delight the great palates could not, all too often, "We are not interested in a survive the steam tables. And, like all great art, great witch hunt or in kicking cooking (even great plain cooking) involves risks. It is one thing to take these risks when cooking for an 'audience' of Russel continued. "We see a eight or ten, or when (as at the better restaurants) one's risks need to get a job done, and are in a sense covered by patrons well-heeled enough to "put their money where their mouths are." But institutional "We expect static because cooking, involving the outlay of hundreds or thousands of there is always some sort of dollars each day, cannot afford, either esthetically or discontent when you rock the economically, to take such risks; a fallen souffle large enough to serve the entire university would indeed be a major

> Thus it is manifestly unfair, as well as foolish, to judge institutional cooking on any but its own terms. Granted, it often makes mistakes it does not have to make. But a great many -- I should say the majority -- of complaints directed against it arise simply because not even the best institutional chef can do the impossible; and let us not forget, also, that it's a convenient scapegoat for student complaints more logically directed at other, if less convenient issues. What one must ask of institutional cooking is, does it provide an adequate and balanced diet, presented in attractive enough form so most are willing to eat it?

> This is the same question I have always asked of institutional food -- and I've eaten a lot of it -- from prep school, where the coffee was, in my father's words, "Worse than the swill we got in the Army," and college, to a jail in upstate New York where, upon being incarcerated for speeding (and poverty), I spent most of the time until bail money arrived wondering which would carry me off first, typhoid from the open, fly-infested toilet, or ptomaine from the food, which had to be eaten in close proximity to said

That jail (my failure to report it immediately to the Board of Health was a sign of moral cowardice) represents the nadir of institutional cooking. . . greasy, starch-ridden, unvaried, and unpalatable. . . cuisine of the type that makes one understand a Peter de Vries character's longing for the chromium-plated diner across the street where the food has at least the virtue of being tasteless. At the opposite extreme, I am pleased to report after a dozen or more meals, in both Howe and Shirreff, lies most of the food served in the Dal dining halls. There are difficulties, which, I shall be pointing out shortly. But on the whole, the food is well-prepared, sensibly balanced, fairly pleasantly arranged and, most significantly for those of robust appetite, ample in quantity. "All you can eat" makes the meal ticket or even the single meal a good buy for those who, like yours truly, are as close to gourmands as gourmets. For the finicky, of course, politicians are not aware of that's another story. But the truly finicky are going to have the magnitude of the trouble getting their money's worth out of a meal ticket in problem. According to the any event; at least the variety afforded at the dining halls CELDIC (Commission on gives less cause to be finicky than at most halls, where, where, if you don't like the main course, you're out of luck -and pocket.

Retourner a nos moutons, or, I should say, to our salads. Perhaps the most humane feature of the dining halls is the ample cold buffet, served at lunch and supper, and consisting of cold cuts, potatoes and green salads, cole slaw, breads, rolls, and relishes. Even in the event of a main dish's absolute impossibility, this assures an adequate if not exciting repast -- the potato and green salads, in particular, are really quite decent. Occasionally, once in a long while, there is cheese on the cold table. It would be nice to see the cheese there more often.

Entering the main serving area itself, usually in a foaming sweat (for reasons no one has explained to my satisfaction yet the dining area is kept at 78-80 degrees and the kitchen, naturally, is warmer than that), you again find a pretty good choice. The soups (I recommend particularly the fish chowder) all seem quite good and are a welcome addition, especially in cooler weather. In the main dishes (more often than not there is a choice of two) there is quite a wide range -both the use of two and the existence of the cold plate give the

Continued on Page 8

#### Dal NDPers contest election

## Coffers low but hopes high

By GLENN WANAMAKER

The money bags are being emptied this week in the headquarters of the three parties contesting the October 13th provincial general election. While the NDP organization is trying to keep the empty money bags to a minimum, it is campaigning hard against the Liberal and Conservative parties.

#### DAL PEOPLE INVOLVED

The Dalhousie community has three professors and one student involved in the political whirligig - all for the NDP.

All three candidates are hoping to cash in on the increasing dissatisfaction the electorate has shown towards the two established parties. With the surprise victory of Manitoba's New Democratic party still playing sweet music in their ears, the candidates are waging spirited, but low-cost, campaigns. In NDP circles, hopes are high that leader Jeremy Akerman can pull off the same trick as Ed Schreyer.

Classics professor Bruno W. Dombrowski, economics professor, Alistair M. Sinclair, Barrett Halderman, former executive-assistant to federal leader Tommy Douglas, and presently in his final year of law, and K.B. Jobson, assistant professor of Law are the four aspirants.

Dr. Dombrowski, whose Halifax-Cobequid riding includes the Bedford-Sackville areas, says that if elected, he would see to it that "the inefficiency, inertia, patronage, and outright mismanagement of the present legislature and government will come to their long deserved end."

#### PROTECT AGAINST ANNEXATION

His immediate goal would be to protect the citizens' interests of this area against possible annexation to the city of Halifax. Annexation would be a satisfactory step but only if properly handled with a plebiscite.

Drastic measures will be taken against the prime contributors to the pollution of Bedford Basin, says Dombrowski, citing the city of Halifax as the largest. Arecent pollution study termed the Basin "dead". He claims the city is responsible for 70%80% of the present pollution.

#### SUPPORTS WOMEN'S RIGHTS

Women's Liberation have a supporter in Dombrowski, who insists on equal rights and equal pay with men. He called Premier G.I. ("Ike") Smith's proposed legislation on equal pay for women at the minimum wage level "medieval" and as "making women feel inferior".

Dombrowski's opponents in the election, Liberal George Riley and Speaker of the House, G.H. Fitzgerald, are not among his chief worries. He describes Riley as an "outsider" lacking concrete ideas on anything and G.H. Fitzgerald as just not very important. He prefers to run on his own merits.

The professor, who is also president of the Halifax-East Hants Federal Constituency Association of the NDP, gives himself a "good chance to win". His is equally bubbling over with confidence when talking about his party's chances, "We could make it in a sweep-in. Don't forget, nobody expected the NDP to win in Manitoba either."

One who is not given too much hope of winning (by his opponents at least) is Alistair M. Sinclair, NDP candidate for Halifax-Needham riding.

As an author of several reports on the economic policies of the city of Halifax and

See Coffers Page 11

## Regan's act 'Wows' Dal crowd

Liberal party boss Gerald Regan last week attempted to wave his magic wand over assembled Dalhousie students, assuring them of a better life under a Liberal government. The problems of pollution, labour, economic growth, and women were touched on in true political style - generalities. Throughout the campaign, Regan and the Liberal party have refrained from attacking the Smith government in its usual "positive approach". Things will be different under a Liberal government, he says, but never says how.

#### WAVING THE MAGIC WAND

The party's main concern seems to be an increase in economic growth for the province. "None of the parties can wave the magic wand to bring Nova Scotia up to the level of Ontario," he told the students. But he spoke as though this ideal should be achieved, and indicated his party would do something in that direction.

More industry, (obviously from outside the region, or country), more international trade and better labour-management relations are the way to achieve this ideal, he feels.

"We must develop our province to make it attractive to industry," he emphasized. Is he

really thinking about the people of the province? It is never clear.

On the subject of labour, the Liberals would like to see laws changed, although they do entirely not specify how. One method would be a system of referees. The referees would be chosen either by union-management or the department of labour, and would be available at short notice to deal with minor labour disputes.

#### NO "INFLAMMATORY STATEMENTS"

The Canso area fishermen's strike has been prolonged over six months because of antiquated labour law, in Regan's opinion.

He says he has not wanted to make "inflammatory statements" that might endanger the negotiations.

If the laws were different, he added, the fishermen would have been organized before the B.C. based United Fishermen & Allied Workers Union arrived.

Furthermore, upon election, a Liberal government would settle the issue within a month. However, the Liberal leader did not say how the strike would be settled.

He seems to have forgotten that at a rally in Sydney in July, his proposed "solution" to the fisherman's strike was roundly booed by the 700 fishermen and their supporters who packed the hall. In fact, Mr. Regan's reception was only slightly less boisterous than that for Conservative Labour Minister T. McKeough.

Pollution was another topic high on the Liberal agenda. There must be strict pollution controls, they say, but controls which do not endanger opportunities to attract industry. This completely ignores the fact that people are suffering from the effect of pollution daily, because companies encouraged and financed by the provincial government have set up shop in the province in the name of attracting industry to this "under-developed area".

Typical of his attack on the problem, is the idea that we must rectify the Boat Harbour situation (in Pictou County) because the government assumed responsibility for effluent control when Scott Paper decided to locate there.

#### WHY NO WOMEN RUNNING?

Questioned about his party's stand on women's rights, and why there were no women running under the Liberal banner, Regan replied, "I'm really in favour of women." He did not say for what. The only position the party has taken is equal pay for equal work, in an attempt to bring equality. Day care centres are also mentioned.

No other consideration is given to this section of the community, consisting of about 50% of the electoral group.

Regan is quite confident that his party can continue to wave its magic wand over the people of Nova Scotia, and win on election

Does it really matter who wins?

## More tutors needed for North-End kids

By JON PIERCE

Operation Out-Reach is in trouble unless more Dal students turn out to act as tutors to North End children needing help with their studies. A spokesman for the program issued the warning following a "disappointing" turnout of 25 for an organizational meeting Sept. 28.

"If education means anything to you, sign up," urged Christine Ghose, 4th year Arts, who is campus coordinator. Those interested may obtain a questionnaire from the S.U.B. information desk, and should fill it out and return it to the same place as soon as possible.

Christine said 25 tutors would not even begin to meet the needs of the program.

"There are hundreds, and perhaps thousands of children of all ages in the North End who need tutoring for one reason or another," she said. "For right now, we shall have to begin with the most serious problems with those in danger of failing one or more subjects in school. But we would like to get to work with the average and even with the bright student . . . our goal is to help as many of these kids as possible get into university, and that means working with the better

students as well.'

Tutoring, which begins the first week in October, will be done in the students' homes in the Mulgrave Park projects on the North End.

"This way, the tutor will be able to see personally what kind of environment the student has to work in," Christine explained. As part of the work, each tutor will talk with the student's parents.

"In the past," she said (she has worked in a similar program in Melbourne, Australia), I would even have parents come to me, once they got to know me fairly well, and say their child was having problems in school because of this or that in the home."

Aside from the tutoring itself, Out-Reach includes a program of monthly meetings and guest speakers on a wide variety of

educational topics.

Funding for necessary expenses such as tutor's carfare, books, and school supplies is from a Student Council grant of \$200, which Veith House has indicated it will match if more money is needed. Overall coordinator of the program is Ernie Rafuse, social worker at Veith House. Christine and Patrick Mabey are campus coordinators. Those wishing more information should call Veith House, 454-2821, or Christine Ghose at 835-9129.



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ARRANGEMENTS FOR PERSONAL INTERVIEWS MAY BE MADE THROUGH THE UNIVERSITY PLACEMENT OFFICE



### Wouldn't you like to graduate?

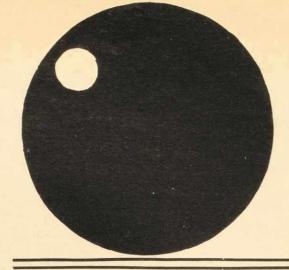
Saving is a lesson everyone should learn. And the Toronto Dominion Bank is prepared to show you all you'll ever need to know about it (incidently, it's a very rewarding subject).

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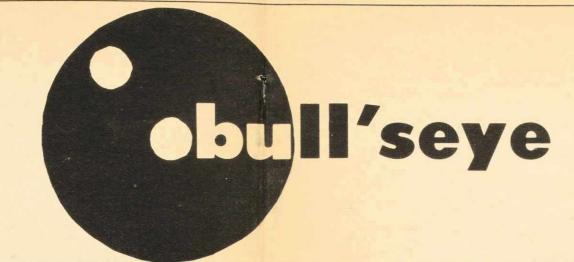
Do it soon. It's the kind of thing you can take an interest in for the rest of your life.

#### **TORONTO DOMINION**

the bank where people make the difference



Dalhousie Gazette



AMERICAN COLLEGES AND universities have become key components of contemporary capitalism.

They are an outstanding instance of the way in which the economic system - the "base" - has become integrated with the political, social, and cultural institutions - the "superstructure" - of the corporation state. This integration is nowhere more evident than in the training functions of the mass education system.

The growth of capitalism in the present period depends upon the availability of a large, highly skilled, technical-scientific labor force. No one corporation can afford to train its own labor force for there is no way to insure that its investment, once trained, will not seek employment

The costs of training therefore have to be socialized. American colleges and universities, subsidized by government collected taxes, have taken on the social function of training skilled personnel and developing knowledge for the needs of advanced capitalism. Far from merely "serving corporate capitalism" by providing occasional research and consulting services, the universities have become a basic point of production.

#### Acceleration and production

In the United States today there are two important features of the capitalist mode of production: the acceleration of technological change; and the emergence of technical knowledge as a factor of

1. With the overall rhythm of technological change accelerated, the life span of fixed capital (plant and equipment) is shortened, labor skills rapidly become redundant, and rationalization at the point of production is increased.

These tendencies have a number of causes: competition for markets between industrial finance groups; annual model and style changes of commodities; built-in commodity obsolescence; political-military compeition between the U.S. and the Soviet Union; tax laws favoring accelerated depreciation of plants and equipment; and the availability of cheap technical-scientific labor

With the emergence of technical knowledge as a necessary factor of production, economic growth increasingly depends more on the quality of labor power and machinery and less on the absolute number of men and machines in production.

Skilled, technical labor power replaces simple labor power, and the knowledge of the work force becomes a fundamentally important productive factor. This is widely recognized by corporate economists and administrators, the former in their literature on "investment in human capital," the latter in their reference to the university as part of the "knowledge industry.

The relationship between the acceleration of technological change and the emergence of technical knowledge as a factor of production is basically simple. The constant creation of new commodities, alterations of old commodities redesign of equipment, reorganization of work processes, and research and development in new productive processes require a constantly expanding technical-scientific labor force. The existence of this labor force, trained by the universities under the expense of the working class as a whole (via tax exploitation), in turn makes the creation of new commodities, redesign of equipment, etc., more profitable.

Because the state, not the individual corporation takes financial responsibility for university-trained labor and university-developed technology, the element of risk for individual corporations is virtually eliminated. As a result, productivity and production can be raised to a level hitherto unimaginable

#### International conglomerates

Because science and technology are basically social in nature - they cannot be owned and controlled like a machine - private corporations and indeed individual countries have met with great difficulty in their attempts to monopolize these new productive forces. They cannot limit the diffusion of technical knowledge to even the capitalist world, much less to special interests within it.

To lighten control over these, enter the new multinational conglomerate corporations. And with this broadened form of organization they have developed a framework for rationalizing the use of technological resources to maximize profits.

However, the social character of scientific and technical knowledge means that ultimately no private form of business organization can completely contain and control it. For this knowledge to contribute to the benefit of the corporations, the intervention of the state is needed. In effect, a form of state capitalism must accompany the growth of the corporate conglomerate.

There are four ways in which the state can and has intervened in the corporate economy. In each role the state uses the socialized product of the university: technical and administrative knowledge

First, industrial-financed interests use state power to socialize the costs of production - in particular, the costs of transforming raw labor power into technical-scientific labor power, the

costs of retaining workers and the costs of research and development. Funds are required by the state through public taxation, transformed into college and university facilities, and used to purchase training personnel and to subsidize the industrial

Colleges and universities are thus not merely integral to the production process, but constitute another point of production, increasingly controlled, while not owned by the corporate bourgeoisie as a whole.

Second, these interests use state power not only to socialize costs, but also to subsidize demand. The development of science and technology has reached the stage at which all economic needs can potentially be easily satisfied. Commodity demand based on real economic needs rises only slowly, or not at

Socially necessary labor steadily declines. Consequently, corporations are compelled to lay out larger and larger portions of profits on selling expenses, especially packaging, model changes, style' changes, product differentiation, and forced commodity obsolescence, in order to maintain and expand the volume of demand by discouraging

#### Use-value and waste

In short, commodities contain both use-values and waste; economic waste increasingly replaces use-values, and socially unnecessary labor (that which produces waste) replaces socially necessary labor (that which produces use-value).

To acquire use-values to meet economic needs, the working classes are compelled to consume waste - that is, pay for the expense of selling. The interpenetration of sales expenses and production costs, or waste and use-values, is the basic method employed by business to maintain the level of

As points of merchandizing as well as points of production, colleges and universities help subsidize demand by accelerating the accumulation of waste.

They are proving grounds for new marketing ideas, new products, new brands of "full employment" economics, etc. The activities of these "marketing departments" range from market research courses, home economics departments and seminars in Keynesian economics, to the art and industrial design schools which mobilize and apply creative talent to the latest problems of product design and packaging

Third, the state has had to further embed itself in the corporate economy to help control the social risks resulting from its first two roles. The development of science and technology and the abundance of capital has led corporations to employ a capital-intensive technology despite the existing relative abundance of unskilled labor.

From the standpoint of the corporations it is more rational to combine technical- scientific labor power with capital-intensive technology than to combine simple labor power with labor-intensive technologies, for the costs of training technicalscientific labor power are met by taxation falling on the population at large.

growing stratum of unskilled, untrained workers, and creative part of this system. many of them black, who have never had industrial from the Leviathan (Vol. 1, No. 1) by James work experience and never will. This "post- O'Conner

industrial" proletariat does not constitute a reserve army of the unemployed because it does not compete with the "technical-scientific" proletariat. Unemployed, under-employed, and employed in

menial jobs in the private and state sectors of the economy, these workers, particularly the younger ones, have become increasingly politicized. In black organizations, poor peoples associations,

unions and welfare rights leagues, this group is politically in motion and constitutes a "social problem of the first order for the corporation state.

The colleges and universities, in this case functionally inseparable from the state bureaucracy, are thus more and more preoccupied with questions of "social stability," "law and order," "social reform," and so on. The behavioral sciences, sociology, social psychology, economics, and other academic fields are oriented to "solving" pressing 'social problems" via the development of more refined instruments of social control and social

#### Ranks of unskilled

Finally, the state is employed at every step in the accumulation of capital abroad; in the acquisition of raw materials, the creation of investment opportunities, the creation of cheap labor havens, and the stabilization of international

The state guarantees foreign investments stabilizes monetary systems under the reign of the dollar, provides the economic infrastructure for private investments with public funds, subsidizes exports, bribes local client bourgeoisies and military groups, creates favorable tariff agreements, controls world commodity organizations, and generally exercises economic political, and military control over unstable areas (i.e.,, all underdeveloped areas)

#### Imperialist rule

The role of the colleges and universities in U.S economic and political policy abroad corresponds to their role in the local political economy. They are points of imperialist rule.

They develop and promote new weapons systems. new instruments of local, national, and in ternational social control, new approaches to international marketing problems, and new economic theories which promote the hegemony of American business over world resources.

As a whole, therefore, the colleges and universities constitute four great overlapping departments of the U.S. ruling class - they are points of production, points of merchandizing, points of state bureaucratic social control, and points of imperialist rule. Most of the existing functions of colleges and universities fall into one or more of these categories.

To be sure, the smaller upper class liberal arts institutions still train governing elites - this has been their historical function. But the really important role of the university is to provide the kind of socialized technological-administrative skills outlined above. The colleges and universities therefore are not the "service stations" of the It is this system which has produced a large and corporate system, but rather constitute a decisive



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#### Mange. .

chef more scope than in the usual setting. He seems to have a knack with left-over beef; his "beef stroganoff", "goulash," and "cottage pie" all were delicious, if not precisely classical. I also remember with pleasure a fine Irish stew in casserole and a casserole of left-overpork called "Pork Mareggo." Other dishes, such as chicken a la king, hamburgers, grilled fish, and steak, have been pretty much run of the mill. The fish would be improved by the serving of Tartar sauce along side. Vegetables are usually the bete noire of institutional cooking, and they are not often very good here, except when they are used in casseroles or stews. Luckily, the generous juice and salad selections give you other ways cert. of guarding yourself against scurvy and vitamin deficiencies. No special blame attaches to anyone for this; it is simply impossible to cook vegetables properly in the quantities required at a large university. ( A couple weeks ago a noble but futile experiment of corn on the cob was tried. My piece came out raw in the middle. It was interesting to see corn chowder appear as the soup shortly thereafter)

For some reason I haven't yet figured out, all the dishes I've tried that really seemed to fail were colored white. A macaroni dish was dreadful. So was a tapioca custard. With one item called "scalloped potatoes" I was simply unable to continue: My only chronic complaint, in fact, is on a white substance, allegedly a food -- though it tastes more like a cross between contracaptive foam and mildew library paste.



I refer to instant mashed potatoes, so-called, a substance transportation of which should be made illegal on bridges and through tunnels, as is the case with explosives and dangerous chemicals.

There, now you've had my gripe for today.



#### **Leonard Cohen** as Canadian content

SEX AND CAPITALISM

than our own Malcolm Ross,

Professor in the English

suggested to him several years

ago for inclusion in the series,

too dirty. He is supposed to

have read it three times and to

have found it progressively

more repulsive each time.

('Curiouser and curiouser' said

Alice.) Cohen's immense

popularity as poet and singer

presumably lead to the in-

clusion of The Favorite Game,

isn't nearly as sexy as

Beautiful Losers); this was

the lure of high sales, where

Beautiful Losers had only its

high quality to recommend it.

The inferior of Cohen's novels

was chosen, and joins the

McClelland and Stewart ranks

of Frederick Philip Grove and

Susanna Moody. The point: not

only the prices of the New

Canadian Library are in poor

The assertions above rest, of

book, and I even went so far as

to use the word 'significant.'

Now, I agree with John Barth's

are

taste. End of gossip.

somethings

Losers

Beautiful

Whether he is coming here to sing or not, Mr. Cohen's novels are about to be reviewed -- unaffected, I hasten to announce, by the fact that I fruitlessly invested \$6.50 in tickets for his con-

Virtually all of you will know his music and many of you must know some of his poems; I hereby recommend his novels for their perspective, linear though it may be. (The National Film Board's movie on him is also pretty good.)

Of The Favorite Game I shall limit myself to saying two things, the one being a paragraph of "appreciation" -as we so tenderly title our blurbs--and the other being a

1. Appreciation. Read The Favorite Game if for no other reason than that if you wander around intellectual Canada at all you are bound sooner or later to meet hung-up intellectual Jewish boys from Montreal and you might as well now know something about it. (I'm from Halifax myself).

2. Gossip. This is slightly complex, and I'm using it to introduce Beautiful Losers which I think is the more significant of the two novels. Favorite Game, as well as being in an Avon paperback, is also now published in the like form by McClelland and Stewart "The Canadian Publishers' in their New Canadian Library series and marketed at the competitive price of \$2.35.

I have an intense dislike of paying more than a dollar for a paperback, anyway, but McClelland and Stewart prices have always outraged me: Signet, Avon, Bantam, Dell, and even Penguin with a high trans-Atlantic mark-up are examples of what Saul Bellow this ideal.

and others have been doing for years in the States.

.. AND THE REVOLUTION But in the end there are better things to be than worthy: suggest revolutionary, which the book is, both in its final vision of The Gossip continued. The Revolution, and in its General Editor of the Mc- perspective on North Clelland and Stewart New American society, which is Canadian Library is none other bound up with the Indian.

Leslie A. Fiedler's Return of Department. Apparently the Vanishing American was speaks of American Literature as classifyable into the Northern, the Southern, the but he refused because it was Eastern, and the Western. The latter is anything with an Indian in it, not a cowboy as the movies might suggest, and our mythology of the Red Man is complex. In pointing out the reemergence of Indians in contemporary fiction he relies heavily on Kesey's One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest and on (which has its moments, but Beautiful Losers.

I do not wish to attempt to give a plot summary of Beautiful Losers, but it partly involves the search for Catherine Tekakwitha, 1656-1680, an Indian girl who for the Jesuits and others was as a saint. The contemporary part of the narrative is in Quebec of the Sixties. In a petition for Catherine's beatification it says: "Le Canada et les Etats course, on the assumption that Unis puiseront de nouvelles Beautiful Losers is a good forces au contact de ce lis tres pur des bords de la Mohawk et des rives du Saint-Laurent.'

proposition that everything is Purity is not the point, as the significant but nothing is frenzied comes in Beautiful important, but I would add an Losers amply evidence. Most Orwellian corollary that important is the remore establishment of contact with significant than others: and the peoples whose land and Beautiful Losers is more way of life we are guilty of significant than The Favorite destroying. The escape from Game. If one combines civilization to the good com-Cohen's Favorite Game with panion in the wilderness is a Richler's Duddy Kravitz one major preoccupation of our has a very worthy exploration writing, and the organization of North American Jewish life- of hippies into Indian tribes is a -they are solid Canadian contemporary actualization of

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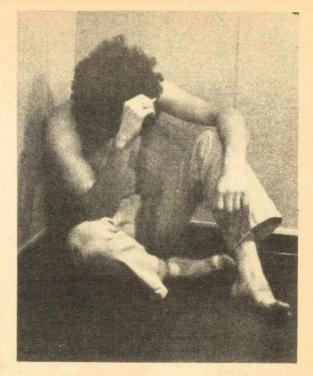
thinking all those people were out walking Sunday off.

perhaps you will see it-this house will show you the theatre of life and pain the memories a package deal-premium to grow to flower plow your own children under

you have cut me, i cannot save you

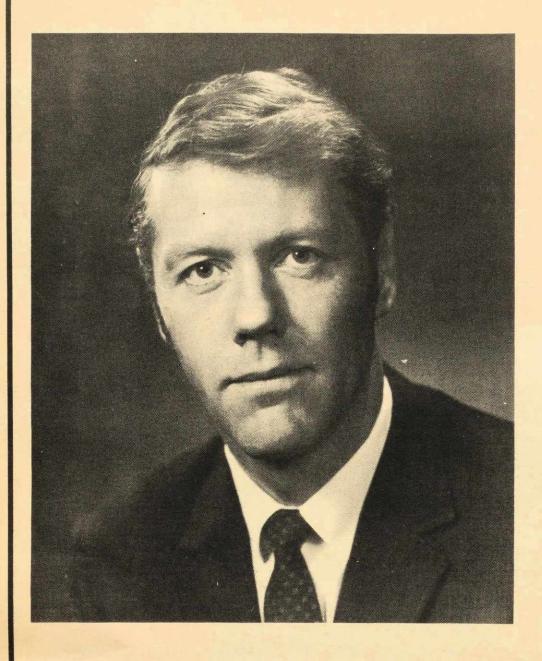
maclennan







the young man sits in his new room. watching the needlemarks on his arm his final eviction of the cold spike he lets his blood wander on the walls and he remembers -hot white flashes shot in a black void voices lying there moaning sweetly icy snow melting in his sickened veins and his gut touches the place where his junk used to be and he anticipates . . . . the bedspew sweat singing in lifeless tones scratching his nerves like telephone wires reciting the promise into a grave and his skin is hard from his nakedness and he is silent like the mouth of one just dead.



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### AROUND HALIFAX

Thursday, Oct. 8 - Dal Film Society "The End of August at Hotel Ozon" McInnis Rm. - 7:30.

Public Lecture - Prof. James M. Buchanan. "Principles of Urban Fiscal Stategy." - Rm. 113; Weldon - 3:30.

Friday, Oct. 9 - Psychiatry Seminar "New Trends in Nursing Education" 9 FL. VGH - 1:00 p.m.

Chemistry Lecture - "Recent Studies of Fast Proton - Transfer Reactions" Rm. 215 Chem. - 11:30 a.m.

Sunday, Oct. 11 - Folk Mass; Rm. 410: SUB

Monday, Oct. 12 - The Atlantic Symphony Orchestra - "Ronald Turini" - Piano. Tuesday, Oct. 13 - Dal Art Gallery - A & A Bldg

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#### A bit dull, but a win nonetheless

## Brutal Bengals scramble "X"

twelve years - - but it won't be the last for twelve more years. Those who read the Gazette last year might remember an article Dick Loiselle and a new era of gridiron gymnastics at Dal. I believed it then, I know it now. No the list, one can dispute that Dan Loney of St. Francis Xavier is the most respected intercollegiate football supremacy in pigskin is fast being equalled by Loiselle. In his sixth in Canada. That in itself is a formidable feat.

We don't mean to detract from

machine. How can one ignore yards to just over the midfield left the gridiron with a 22-0 lead. guys who seldom let a blue and Yes, it was the first time in de la Mothe, Snow, MacRitchie Lewington went wide of the right, speak for themselves. Many others could be included in this list, but we don't feel it is written by myself that featured necessary. Anyone who knows anything about Black and Gold Tanner then intercepted an "X" football can add many names to

Yes, it was the first time in 12 years that the "X machine" fell to ruin at the hands of the Tigers. coach in Canada, but his rise to The tides are now turning, which is a good thing for AIAA. Twentynine to nothing was the final tally second year at the helm of the in a contest that was somewhat Dal squad, "Tricky Dick" has dull even for Dal supporters. Dal squad, "Tricky Dick" has dull even for Dal supporters. moulded a squad that is rated However, the first half provided some exciting moments of good football

Bob Lewington hauled in the the individuals who compose the opening kickoff and scooted 50

and Tanner. Their reputations caught a Rich Rivers pass and galloped 40 yards for the major. The tone of the first half had been set, and Guy Walsh added insult score was on a Rivers pass to allowed a single point - in 120 to injury by converting. Mike pass and two plays later Rivers went over on "the keep" for the second T.D. The convert attempt was wide and the score remained

> Rivers showed more of his poise and confidence in the second quarter when from 15 yards out, with all his receivers covered, he went over by himself for the third T.D. The try for two points was a flop, and the Tigers led 19-0. Just before the end of the half, Guy Walsh kicked a perfect 30 yard field goal and the Tigers

defence again stifle the "X" attack, but the Antigonish

and the gun sounded with no saw few first downs throughout further charge. offensive attack were Rivers, Lewington and John Candiotto

own at the end position.

The second half saw the Dal white uniform cross the line of scrimmage, they have to be one of the most potent line of defensive squad did nearly as defenders ever assembled in the good a job on the Tigers. The only conference. (They haven't John Farrel, the man with the minutes of play thus far.) hands, from the St. F. of X 20 Further statistics were not yard line, which gave the Bengals available at press time. Numbers a 28-0 lead. Walsh converted speak for themselves, but I would successfully for the second time, venture to say that the X-men the contest. Standouts in this Particularly impressive on the department were de la Mothe, Tanner and Ian Thompson.

In summary, the defence was who seems to have come into his outstanding, the offence was good but needs a bit more polish. The One cannot help but be Tigers journey to Mt. Allison this overwhelmed by the Tigers weekend to tangle the hapless defence which constitutes a Mounties who seem destined for major part of the Dal Machine. A another dismal year. Tune in hustling, hard hitting group of than for continued excitement

Cofters con't page 5

the provincial government, Sinclair is quite concerned about the province's economy.

#### RAISE INCOME TAX

"It is unfair to use the sales tax and property tax to bring in more revenue. They should be reduced and the income tax raised so that the wealthy would share more of the burden. Similarly education costs should be removed from the property tax and applied to income taxes.

Housing, employment, and pollution rate equal importance with Sinclair. Much more low-cost housing is needed but should be designed differently from the present projects at Mulgrave Park and Uniacke Square, where the problem is a very high density of population.

**FACES TOUGH OPPOSITION** The thirty-five year old Sinclair who has taught economics at Dalhousie since 1961, faces tough opposition in Liberal leader Gerald Regan and Conservative David

In Halifax-Cornwallis, the riding in which Dalhousie is located, 26 year old Barrett Halderman is carrying the NDP colours. Currently a vice-president of the Halifax Federal NDP Association, Halderman is a candidate himself because he wants to offer a realistic alternative to the two old-line

Halderman believes that "Uniacke Square is the worst kind of public housing because it ignores the social needs of the people. The Housing Commission is subservient to the interests of land speculators, who have strong voices in both the Liberal and Conservative parties.

SCORES TOKEN POLLUTION MEASURES

A volatile pollution combatant, he sees the

main problem as that of a lack of commitment. Token pollution measures, in effect at the Scott Paper plant in Boat Harbour for example, are insufficent. He'said the Water Commission "is too interested in bowing to large companies.

Halderman believes the role of universities in politics is to serve as a catalyst in social change, and students who ignore this are "abdicating their responsibilities.

In the case of university students being unable to vote in riding where they live, Halderman charged the government of being too inflexible. He admits that is is part of the electoral act but maintains that the government is worried about the student vote.

Stiff opposition also faces Halderman, who is confident for both himself and his party at the polls. Attorney-General and Minister of Health Richard Donahoe, and Liberal George Mitchell complete the field in this largely residential constituency

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Saturday - Oct. 10 - Soccer. Dal at Mun.

- Football, Dal at Mt. "A" 1:30
- Tennis at Dal
- Dance. McInnis Rm.

"Spectacular Liberty"

Monday - Oct. 12 - Thanksgiving

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