

THE SICK AT WOLSELEY BARRACKS RECEIVE THE BEST OF ATTENTION

Vast Improvements Made in the Hospital—Staff Also Largely Increased.

Some material improvements lately made in a couple of departments at Wolseley Barracks have added greatly to their appearance and to the comfort of those who use them.

most important ideas necessary for the successful carrying out of his work in the field. Altogether the course is a distinct improvement on those of former years.

The barracks hospital is a vast improvement on the old barracks hospital. It is a modern building, with all the latest improvements.

Photo by Frank Cooper.

Officers' Class for Special Course at Wolseley Barracks.

Standing (reading from the left)—Lieut. Moody (Ninety-first Regiment), Lieut. Reynolds (Thirtieth Regiment), Lieut. Cousins (Twenty-seventh Regiment), Lieut. Clark (Thirty-seventh Regiment), Lieut. White (Ninety-first Regiment).

Manual exercises, first exercise, section and squad leaders in company. An interesting suggestion has come to the attention of the staff.

The redecoration of the officers' quarters at Wolseley Barracks is almost completed and the new appearance is very attractive.

At last after much urging by the press the British Imperial authorities have agreed to the proposed purchase of 160 batteries of Field and Horse Artillery with the Royal Arsenal.

The Ottawa Citizen has the following: The London, Ont., Field Battery has been re-organized and its new commander will be well known to all D Battery men.

The first summer course at the Canadian School of Musketry will open at Rockville, Ont., on Thursday, July 6, and the second or fall course on Wednesday, Sept. 6.

The syllabus of instruction laid down in Militia General Orders for the Royal Schools of Infantry will be of interest to all those contemplating a qualifying course in this branch of the service.

Over 30,000 applicants for the free land grants have been made under the Dominion Lands Act, and 12,000 certificates authorized the holders to select locations have been issued.

THE INDEPENDENT CASH MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Summary of the Financial Statement presented by the Directors at the ANNUAL MEETING of the Cash Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Held January 26, 1905, at the Head Office, 24 King St. W., Toronto, Ont.

PROFIT AND LOSS. To Organization Expenses, To Dividend No. 1, 3 per cent. for 1904, To balance carried to reserve.

BALANCE SHEET, December 31, 1904. Liabilities, Assets.

This is to certify that we have maintained a continuing audit of the books, examined the vouchers and verified the Cash Mutual Fire Insurance Company, for nine months ending 31st December, 1904, and find they have been correctly kept and are truly set forth in the above statements.

Toronto, January 25, 1905. CLAS, C. VAN NOORMAN, President and Manager. STEPHEN NOXON, Secretary. W.M. GRAY, Superintendent.

THE TRADE REVIEW

Commercial Conditions in All Parts of the Dominion. Toronto, Feb. 10.—Broadstreet's trade review, weekly summary: Montreal reports say: The movement of wholesale trade at the present moment is not heavy.

EXECUTORS' SALE

CITY PROPERTY. There will be sold by public auction by J. W. Jones, at his rooms, 242 Dundas street, London, Ont., on SATURDAY, FEB. 18, at 2 p.m.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOLS.

SUCCESS DEPENDS ON CAPABILITY.—A course of instructions at the London Tailoring School, 101 Dundas street, in cutting to measure, and copying ladies' costumes.

MASSEUSE.

FOR SCIENTIFIC MASSAGE CALL TEL. Mrs. J. H. Dunn, 101 Dundas street, Dundas, Phone 1042.

PERSONAL.

FOR YOU—THE DESIRE FOR LIQUOR and tobacco entirely removed. Consult J. H. Dunn, 101 Colborne street, 177.

PERSONAL.

CHILDREN MADE EASY—SECRET. C. Rowan, 43 Adelaide street east, Toronto, Canada.

PERSONAL.

A WEALTHY AND ATTRACTIVE maiden wants without delay kind husband. Address Cook, 67 Flournoy, Chicago.

PERSONAL.

A WEALTHY, MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN gentleman, lonely, wants immediately a kind, home-loving wife; no objection to divorcee. Address Mr. John, 98 Ogden, Chicago.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide call for grip remedy, is the cause of the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove, 25c.

PERSONAL.

An association in Manchester, England, known as the Minchaba Amateur Minstrels, has made a business for the past 25 years of giving performances for charity.

PERSONAL.

In a dairy near San Francisco an overloaded hayloft collapsed upon 69 cows that were in a barn beneath, and either crushed or smothered to death all of them.

PERSONAL.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM THE CRACKS IN THE GRAVE.—Matters of business, love and marriage made clear. What I tell comes true. Send birth date and day, month and year, to Mrs. P. E. Cungeford, P. O. Montreal.

PERSONAL.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD—WRITTEN prediction, love, business affairs, marriage, sent sealed. Send birth date and name, over C. H. Barrett, Dept. 11, Bridgeport, Conn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—MUNICIPAL SECURITIES. In ten annual payments. J. H. McMechan, Phone 671.

"THE MAPLES" PRIVATE HOSPITAL. 138 Grey street, Mrs. A. M. Tooby, Telephone 1725. Nurses' Directory.

ADVERTISING WORLD, COLUMBUS, O.—A monthly journal of information, plans, suggestions and ideas for advertising. Send today for free sample, or for four months' trial.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15, IS THE DATE set for the opening of the Hotel Normandie, Chilton. All friends invited. Lunch served from 8 to 11 p.m. P. E. Lewis, proprietor.

FANCY HAIRDRESSING FOR SPECIAL occasions. Full line hair ornaments. Miller's Hair Store, 223 Dundas.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Green Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

ACCOUNTANTS.

JAMES MCILLIAN, ACCOUNTANT and auditor, 10 St. George street, London.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY'S GARMENT CARE.—Cleaning, dyeing, pressing, repairing, 292 Clarence. Phone 1721. Waags calls.

OLD STANDARD CLEANING WORKS, 242 Clarence—Pressing, cleaning, etc. No contract work. No chemicals used.

DRESSMAKING.

PLAIN AND FANCY DRESSMAKING done by Misses Spencer & McVicar, 194 Dundas.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT CEMENT treatment. Butler's, 252 Water Street, 504 York street, London.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Fair and very cold.



New Black Dress Goods

Priestley's Roxanas and Cardonas.

In anticipation of a very strong demand for these favorite lines for the coming season our buyer (now in Europe) arranged for a special early shipment of same from Priestley's, Limited, the celebrated manufacturers.

65c, 75c, 85c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50

Circular Pillow Cottons for Saturday and Next Week.

In addition to the already splendid array of Bargains in Cottons, Sheetings, etc., we place on sale about 600 yards of Circular Pillow Cottons, bought at a bargain because of a slight imperfection.

4 pieces only 44-inch Circular Pillow Cotton at specially low price. Per yard..... 15c. 15 pieces only Heavy Quality Circular Pillow Cotton at following special prices: 40-inch, 15c; 42-inch, 16c; 44-inch, 17c; 46-inch, 18c; 48-inch..... 19c. Unbleached Sheetting, 2 yards wide, good 20c value, on sale now at per yard..... 15c.

Two Specials in Black Silks.

On our counters in the Silk Department are two specials in Black Peau de Soie—that splendid wearing Silk. If you are thinking of a Black Shirtwaist Suit at a reasonable price this is your opportunity.

No. 1—2 pieces Pure Silk, rich black, soft finish, in Peau de Soie. We can recommend this as an unusually good wearing Silk at the price. Suitable for Skirts, Suits, etc. Value 80c. For, yard..... 65c. No. 2—1 piece only C. J. Bonnet's Black Peau de Soie. Maker's name stamped on selvage every half yard. There's only 1 yard to sell. Price is only, yard..... 75c.

Dressing Sacks at Bargain Prices.

Rare chance to buy a Snug Dressing Sack at a real bargain price. A good assortment of dainty styles and colors. Note what the prices were and what they are now: PRETTY SEMI-FITTED STYLE—In dark red mottled elderdown, sailor collar, point front, bell sleeves with binding of red felt, caught with fancy pearl buttons. Regular price \$1.50, sale price..... \$1.10. IN GRAY EIDERDOWN—Large sailor collar of black felt, large sleeves, filled back, trimmings of black felt and red ribbons. Regular price \$1.85, now only..... \$1.35. DAINY PALE BLUE WAVE EIDERDOWN—Large sailor collar, white check piping and white silk fringe. Regular price \$2.75, now only..... \$1.95. FANCY KNITTED WOOL SACK—In pretty pale shades, with white silk understitching, close collar, trimmings of lace, ribbed, real cozy. Regular price \$2.00, now only..... \$2.95. IN A SUBJECT QUILTED JAPAN SILK SACK—In dark and light colors, semi-back, in a pale blue, with dainty pink lining, round collar, large sleeves with deep cuffs and pockets, beautifully embroidered in silk chrysanthemums. A handsome sack, and rare value at \$5.75, now only..... \$3.75.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM 149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

Advertisement for Smallman & Ingram, listing various services such as Medical Cards, Musical Instruction, Livery and Hacks, Legal Cards, and more.

HEALTH FOR MEN. We control a scientific combined medical and mechanical cure for the so-called "weakness of men." It has been perfected by years of practice-cure being an old and widely-known company.

STEAMERS ARRIVED. Feb. 10.—At Cadiz—Molite, from New York. At Port de France, West Indies—Prinzessin Victoria Luise, from New York.

GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Hichens, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days.

HEALTH FOR MEN. We control a scientific combined medical and mechanical cure for the so-called "weakness of men." It has been perfected by years of practice-cure being an old and widely-known company.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO. Funds available for security of Queen policyholders, \$4,000,000. J. J. BELLEFLORES, Agent, 423 Richmond Street.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE E. TOWE & CO. Agents, City Bank, Dundas & Richmond Sts. (entrance over Richmond). Money loaned on real estate. Calendars for '05 free. Phone 690.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS - NO ADVERTISING FEES. THEAN 10 CENTS. AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC. Two cents per word each insertion.

AMUSEMENTS. LECTURE. Grand Tonight. DE WOLF HOPPER. In the Spectacular Revival of Merry WANG.

WEDNESDAY NEXT. GEORGE PRIMROSE AND HIS BIG Minstrel Company.

TUESDAY NIGHT Grand Opera House, Pittsburg Orchestra London Male Chorus.

London Vandeville Theater. PROGRAMME, WEEK FEB 13.

"BETHLEHEM". Sacred Cantata, by E. B. C. Choir of St. James' Church, Monday, Feb. 13, 7:30.

8th POP AUDITORIUM. Price, 10 cents; reserved seats, 5 cents extra.

Caronio. 2,000 tons, sails from New York Saturday, March 11.

POPULAR LECTURE - "SANDY McCRAE in Canada," by Rev. Hugh Pedley, B.A., of Montreal.

DANCING - BEGINNERS' CLASSES. For ladies and gentlemen, Monday, Tuesday evening.

MEETINGS. W. C. T. U. - REGULAR MEETING. Tuesday, 11th, 7 o'clock.

ARTICLES FOR SALE. CANARY BIRDS FOR SALE - CHEAP. TWO THOROUGHBRED YEARLING BULLS.

Private Residential Sale. King Street - 2 1/2 story brick, stone foundation.

Loans. Money to loan in sums of \$100 and upwards to complete purchase price.

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN. ALBERT STREET - A splendid two-story brick house.

LOST AND FOUND. LOST - PEARL CRESCENT, BETWEEN 4th and 5th streets.

POSTS! POSTS! POSTS! We have 10,000 Posts, and are selling them at a low price.

HOUSE, ETC. TO LET. TO LET - BRICK COTTAGE, 6 ROOMS.

HELP WANTED. WANTED - GENTLEMEN OR LADIES: 800 per year and expenses; permanent position.

HOUSES, ETC. TO LET. TO LET - HOUSE, NINE ROOMS, 100 ft. lot.

W. E. LENG'S BULLETIN. Oxford street, two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern.

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W. E. LENG'S BULLETIN. Oxford street, two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. I. C. KNOTT'S BULLETIN. CHELSEA GREEN - THE NEW HARDWARE COMPANY ARE ABOUT TO START THEIR NEW FACTORY.

Private Residential Sale. King Street - 2 1/2 story brick, stone foundation.

Loans. Money to loan in sums of \$100 and upwards to complete purchase price.

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN. ALBERT STREET - A splendid two-story brick house.

LOST AND FOUND. LOST - PEARL CRESCENT, BETWEEN 4th and 5th streets.

POSTS! POSTS! POSTS! We have 10,000 Posts, and are selling them at a low price.

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HOUSES, ETC. TO LET. TO LET - HOUSE, NINE ROOMS, 100 ft. lot.

W. E. LENG'S BULLETIN. Oxford street, two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern.

Sweet Violets. The ever-fresh and always popular odor, and the fashionable perfume for this season.

VIOLET PERFUMES. MONAD VIOLET. VIOLET AMBRE. VIOLET VIOLETTE.

A Dinner Party. To be a success depends not only on the guests, but on the attractiveness of the table decorations.

Gammage. 207 Dundas Street. Telephone 90.

What Is the Use. Of waiting until the last minute in going to a home for yourself?

The Western Real Estate Exchange Limited. 78 Dundas St., London. Telephone "SIX-NINE-SIX"

Houses for Sale. TWO-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE - All modern improvements.

REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE - A FINE 50-ACRE FARM, part of north lot 18 in the 14th concession.

W. E. LENG'S BULLETIN. Oxford street, two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern.

REAL ESTATE AND BUSINESS EXCHANGE. Gordon Estate, two of the best acreages in London North.

London Advertiser.
 TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
 TELEPHONE CALLS.
 Business Office107
 Editorial Department134
 Job Department175
 LONDON, SATURDAY, FEB. 11

First Year of the War.

Wednesday last marked the anniversary of the opening of hostilities between Russia and Japan. On the evening of Feb. 6, 1904, diplomatic relations between the powers were severed by the recall of the Mikado's ambassador. Forty-eight hours later, Togo made his famous midnight dash into Port Arthur harbor, caught the Russians napping and inflicted lasting injuries on their fleet. The supremacy was practically decided by this bold stroke, compelled the retirement of the Russians from the Yalu, the territory actually in dispute, and within four months the Japanese with a display of military efficiency and aggressiveness that astonished the world, had cut off Port Arthur from all hope of relief and driven Kuropatkin's armies far north as Liao Yang. Three months later Oyama, in one of the bloodiest pitched battles in military history, crumpled up the Czar's legions and drove them back to Mukden in a semi-panic. In October, Kuropatkin, in a bombastic proclamation, announced that the hour for crushing the enemy had arrived, and ordered a general advance. After five days of bitter and sanguinary combat along the Shakhe River, the Russian commander fell back behind his lines, thoroughly whipped. Since then he has been at bay, no fighting of a decisive nature having taken place.

While Oyama was engaged in Manchuria, General Nogi had been pushing the siege of Port Arthur with a relentless purpose that achieved its end in the capitulation of the stronghold on New Year's Day. Incidental to the fall of the fortress was the destruction of the remnant of the Russian fleet.

In the entire twelve months the Russian arms on land and sea have scored no success. Especially on the water has the Japanese triumph been a sweeping one. Beginning with the sinking of the Varieg and Korietz and the torpedoing of the Russian battleships Retziva, Putaya and Czarevitch and the cruisers Pallada, Novik, Askold and Diana, in Port Arthur, the Japanese navy has kept the upper hand. In February, 1904, the Russians lost the Yenesel and the Boyarin by their own mines; on April 13 the battleship Petropavlovsk, with Admiral Makharoff on board, was blown up, and on Aug. 12 the main Russian fleet attempted a sortie and was badly beaten. The battleship Czarevitch was dismantled at Kiao Chou, the cruiser Askold at Shanghai and the Diana at Saigon. Five destroyers were captured or dismantled and the Novik destroyed on the coast of Sachalin, or the Vladivostok squadron the Rurik was sunk in the same month, and the Rossia and Gromobol crippled by Kamimura's fleet. Japan also suffered heavily by sea, but mainly through running foul of the Russian floating mines. The battleship Hatsuse, and the cruisers Ushiyaki, Saiven and Yoshino were sunk in this manner, while sixteen torpedo boats and destroyers were lost in the various engagements off Port Arthur.

Semi-official figures placed the total killed in the course of the year's fighting at 124,596-59,596 Russian and 65,700 Japanese. As the number of wounded is given as 255,000, the total casualties amount to 383,596. Both sides have suffered by the loss of leaders. Generals Rutkosky, Kondrasenko and Count Keller, Vice-Admirals Makharoff and Witoff, Lieut.-Commander Odo and Captain Stepanoff being the most notable.

The net result of the twelve months' fighting by land and sea is all in favor of the Mikado. A decisive victory by Kuropatkin seems impossible. Robstevsky's squadron, at present at Madagascar, should it ever go to the far east, will do so as an untried force to meet an experienced and victorious enemy. Russia's one hope appears to lie in an attempt to crush the Japanese by sheer weight of numbers, but it is probable that the internal troubles will keep many corps at home that would have gone to the strengthening of Kuropatkin.

The "Independent" Press.

A good deal has been said about the role of the independent press in the late campaign. It has been claimed that nearly all the so-called independent newspapers in the Province were opposed to the Government, but this may only mean that they wished to run with the crowd. Not that a journal loses its right to be called independent because it takes sides. Neutrality is not independence, and that type of journal which straddles the fence because it fears to offend readers of either party persuasion has no influence upon public opinion, and invites contempt. It is conceivable that in some cases a truly independent journal, finding something to admire or condemn in the policy of each party, could not conscientiously advise its readers how to vote. In that event its duty would be fulfilled by fairly stating the issues and leaving readers to draw their own conclusions.

The course of the Toronto News has been watched with special interest, because of the antecedents of its editor, who had directed the policy of the Globe with conspicuous success for nearly fifteen years. The public was given to understand that he became a free lance from motives purely altruistic, and was in a position to give

effect to his ideals, because they were shared by a gentleman of means, who considered that his money could not be spent to better advantage than by creating a new moral force in journalism. The News began with a large personal following, composed mainly of Liberals, who had regarded the editor of the Globe as an oracle; and many of them are complaining that there has been a breach of faith. In the Dominion elections the News appeared as a champion of the tariff extremists, in flat contradiction of the teachings of its editor while he directed the Globe. The News supported the Grand Trunk Pacific project, when first laid before the country, but professed that the scheme was fundamentally altered by the amended contract. It turned a sharp curve at the eleventh hour and befriended Mr. Borde's crude proposition with more ardor than any Conservative organ in this Province. It was one of the most intemperate assaults of the Minister of Militia and Minister of Agriculture during the foolish flurry over the Dunderon episode, and in applying the epithet of "liar" to Sir Frederick Borden revealed infirmities from which "high purpose" journalism is supposed to be exempt.

In provincial matters the News might have opposed the Ross Government without throwing suspicion on its independence, but it could not be distinguished from the average Conservative newspaper in its attitude toward the administration. The very day after Gamey made his charges in the House the News convicted Mr. Stratton, and described the member for Manitoulin as a "hero in homespun."

Instead of suspending judgment and waiting for evidence, it violated the instinctive justice which is embodied in British law and holds a person innocent until proved guilty. In this matter the News quite out-venomed the Tory press. In its treatment of the election scandals and the question of corruption, the News exceeded the limits of fair argument, and was not scrupulously fair in its statement of facts. No doubt its professions of independence and impartiality were believed by many, and that it exerted a strong influence against its pet aversion, the Ross Government. We should like to think this aversion was directed against the Government and not against the Liberal party, and now that the former is disposed of, we shall see whether its successor shall receive vigilant and candid criticism from the same quarter.

Newfoundland Stubbed Again.
 Once more Newfoundland has been disappointed in its trade negotiations with the United States. The Bond-Blaine treaty of 1890, which provided for a liberal measure of reciprocity, would probably have passed the United States Senate, but it was suspended by the Imperial Government, in deference to the protest of the Dominion Government, which claimed that the treaty discriminated against Canada in favor of the United States. "The relations of all the North American provinces to the United States and the Empire would be affected," said Sir John Macdonald, in a communication to the Imperial authorities. The Islanders were so indignant that they began a tariff war on a small scale against the Dominion, followed by abortive negotiations for political union in 1897. Though Canada has not formally withdrawn her protest, she did not return it when Sir Robert Bond again became Premier of Newfoundland, and renewed his overtures to the United States. A treaty was framed by Secretary Hay and Premier Bond two years ago, but owing to the opposition of the Massachusetts fishing industry, was not ratified by the Senate. It was brought forward during the present session of Congress with brighter prospects, but the protected interests have succeeded in nullifying it by striking out the provisions for the free admission of salt fish, coal, ores of metals, lumber, and other products, which form the bulk of Newfoundland's trade.

After these lessons in the futility of looking to the United States for any fair commercial arrangement, the island colony may be more inclined to heed the invitation to enter the Canadian Confederation. Standing at the gateway of the St. Lawrence, the island belongs to the Dominion geographically, and plays an important part in the problem of the naval defense of British North America.

The free admission of fish, ore and other products from Newfoundland would benefit the American people, and American manufacturers would benefit by the special tariff privileges in the market of Newfoundland. But because three or four industries in the United States object to a moiety of competition from Newfoundland the Hay-Bond treaty is hung up. If the American people tolerate this sort of thing they deserved to be plundered by trusts.

Any firm with an ice-making plant is free to sell its product in the city for domestic use, if the water supply is approved by the board of health; but inspired newspaper articles will not convince the public that exclusive rights should be given to any firm for this purpose, or that competition should be restricted by refusing anyone the privilege of cutting and selling ice if good ice can be found.

The suggestion to give the leader of the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature a salary is a generous one, but is likely to be entertained by either party. An Opposition has no constitutional standing under the British system of government. A few years ago there were three parties in the Legislature—Liberal, Conservative, and Patron, the latter being more numerous than Mr. Meredith's following. If Mr. Meredith had been given a salary, as was once proposed, the Patron

leader, Mr. Haycock, could have claimed the same treatment. The Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance will call a convention and appoint a delegation to visit the new Ontario Government. The temperance people contribute largely to Mr. Whitney's victory, and they have a right to be heard. It will be an interesting occasion, but it is not likely that Hiram Walker & Sons will view it with alarm.

Press Comments on the New Ontario Government.
 (Hamilton Times, Lib.)
 The Ministers are all inexperienced men, of course, but some are capable of becoming good administrators, if guided by sound policy. Some, however, are exceedingly weak, and it would require a better explanation than to satisfy the public why they should have been given certain positions for which they are peculiarly fitted. It is not likely that the Cabinet as now constituted is merely a temporary one and a rearrangement of contemplated, it may be a better adjustment of men and duties will be made. Perhaps in it Hamilton's use as well as its beauty may be recognized.

(Toronto Star, Lib.)
 The naming of three Ministers without portfolio raises the suspicion that Mr. Whitney is not entirely satisfied with the quality of his Cabinet. If it is to be one of his characteristics it will be an unfortunate one in a premier. But his generosity in allowing three gentlemen to stand up in the Cabinet and look on while the real Ministers do the work may have been due to the excitement of the moment.

(Ottawa Citizen, Con.)
 They are a very strong combination, representing all sections of the Province except New Ontario, which is expected to furnish a Minister of Mines later on. There can be little criticism as to the selections, though some surprise may be expressed at the appointment of Dr. Reame to one of the most important offices in the Government. No doubt Hon. Mr. Whitney has good reasons for the selection, but there are many who expected that Hon. J. S. Hendrie would have had that position, for which he is peculiarly qualified. He is a large manufacturer and contractor, of great business and executive ability, wide experience and possessing peculiar qualifications for the office.

(Hamilton Herald, Ind.)
 Upon the whole, we don't think that much can be said in praise of Mr. Whitney's skill as a cabinet-maker.

(Ottawa Journal, Ind.)
 At best, however, it is regrettable that the great industrial and agricultural interests of the Province are not more weightily represented in the Provincial Cabinet. No doubt a feeling of this kind on Mr. Whitney's own part helps to explain the fact of counsel being desired from three ministers without portfolio, two of them being Lieut.-Col. Hendrie of Hamilton, engineer and contractor, and ex-Mayor Beck, of London, a manufacturer. The claim of the third, a medical man, Dr. Reame, is somewhat long and arduous party service.

(Quebec Mercury, Lib.)
 Dr. Payne has never had more than a local reputation, and his seems a weak appointment for one of the most responsible posts in the Government. Dr. Reame is a French-Canadian; it is regrettable that considerations of this kind should have to weigh in the selection of Mr. Montiel's appointment as Minister of Agriculture will prove popular with the permanent staff and with his fellow graduates of the Agricultural College. Mr. Dryden's place will be the hardest to fill, but Mr. Montiel has youth, ability, and a most kindly disposition, and while he may not do so much constructive work as his predecessor, he will conserve what Mr. Dryden has done and concentrate heartily with his staff in promoting the interests of Ontario agriculture.

(Toronto News, Con.)
 Mr. Whitney has been officially installed in the office of Prime Minister, and has selected his colleagues. Upon the whole, the composition of the cabinet will improve favorably. Three or four of the appointments are admirable; none of them are contemptible. It is a pity, however, to deny that certain of the appointments have been made for purely political reasons, and that one, two, or three of the Ministers are contented on sheer grounds of public service or of proved capacity for public affairs.

(Hamilton Herald, Ind.)
 The general opinion seems to be that Payne isn't good Cabinet timber.

(Branford Expositor, Lib.)
 It will not be seriously contended that in the selection of his new Cabinet Mr. Whitney has made the best of his opportunities. True, he had to make his choice entirely from new and untried men, but in making his more or less of them he has done the best regard to sectional representation and to church considerations than to the qualifications of the men. Certain questions which they have been called upon to fill.

(Sarnia Observer, Lib.)
 It is certainly a surprise to see Mr. J. J. Foy even temporarily in charge of the Crown Lands Department, a position which Mr. A. Miscampbell is well qualified to fill, and still more of a surprise to find Dr. Reame, who is a novice in parliamentary life, given such an important portfolio as Public Works. Again, Dr. Payne, a Toronto who was generally regarded as having been slated for the Speakership, is found with the Education portfolio, which rumor has assigned to Mr. L. Hughes. What qualifications the doctor has for such a position goodness only knows.

(Woodstock Sentinel-Review, Lib.)
 There are to be three Ministers without portfolio. Their appointment is a strange proceeding and makes it evident that Mr. Whitney had not a little difficulty in the distribution of honors. The most important portfolios are all in the hands of one man, Mr. Foy, if ever more than one minister without portfolio and for the past four or five years there has been no one at all in that position. As to the geographical arrangement, the only respect in which it can be criticised is that Toronto has two ministers in addition to the speaker.

(St. Thomas Journal, Lib.)
 One of the most important portfolios is that of Minister of Education. The administration of that department touches the life of every citizen of the Liberal party our educational system was splendidly developed by men of high ability and high character. Mr. W. Ross, now we find Mr. Whitney placing in charge of this important department Dr. R. A. Payne, M. P., for East Toronto. Mr. Payne's title to Cabinet rank will be hard to explain. He is not a man of ability or of aggressiveness. His record in Parliament has not aroused enthusiasm or even interest. He is not a speaker, much less an administrator. His only claim on the attention of his constituents is that he has a seat in the House. Why he should be given a seat in the Cabinet in preference to men of the acknowledged ability of L. B. Lucas, of Center Grey, and Joseph P. Downey, of South Waterloo, is difficult to understand.

(Hamilton Spectator, Con.)
 If our friends the Grits are not satisfied with Hon. Mr. Whitney's Cabinet, perhaps they will kindly indicate what changes they would like to have made. The new Premier is a most obliging gentleman.

PAYNE VS. PAYNE
Judge Maebeth May Give His Decision in the Case on Monday.

Judge Maebeth has reserved his decision in the Payne vs. Payne case, which has been occupying the attention of the assize court for the past week or so. He found, however, that Richard Payne was guilty of several offenses, and that the defendant's wife had charged him, but whether this will substantiate Mrs. Payne's claim for alimony in the face of the evidence for the defense remains to be seen. The decision will probably be given out on Monday.

An Exquisite Complexion
Quickly Acquired If the System Is Regulated by Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

The power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills over the complexion is marvelous. As if by magic all blemishes, humors and pimples disappear. Clear ruddy glow is quickly manifest on the cheeks, and looks that delight the eye come to stay. Very purifying and enriching the blood and thereby building up the constitution that Dr. Hamilton's Pills accomplish so much in a short time. "I can heartily recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills for the complexion," writes Miss E. M. Porter, of Clear View, Ia. "Before using this medicine I had a very pale, dusky complexion, and there was not a pink or color in my cheeks. But Dr. Hamilton's Pills changed this, and my looks have been much improved."

In every case of dull, sallow complexion, wherever the skin is blotchy and rough. Dr. Hamilton's Pills quickly prove their merit. You'll look better, feel vastly improved by relying on this great medicine which is instant in effect. Price 25c per box or five boxes for \$1, at all dealers or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

Pristine Freshness

Fresh crackers are now a delightful reality, any time, anywhere. Tell the grocer.

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

They'll be as crisp and inviting as if hot from the ovens. They're made right to begin with, and packed in air-tight packages to retain all their pristine freshness. Be good to yourself, and get Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas.

since from the state. Mr. Whitney has long been recognized; but it is mischievous nevertheless. Mr. Foy is a Roman Catholic, but explained under Liberal rule there was seldom any other sort of hyphenated Canadian blood. Brains, not blood, should be the set of great issues in the selection of a minister. Mr. Whitney's promotion is explained on account of his origin the explanation is entirely unsatisfactory. The Ontario Government is to keep no man back on account of his race or creed and to put no man forward on account of his blood or origin.

(Toronto News, Con.)
 Ontario wants to be forever done with this business of having men in the Government because they are French-Canadian or Irish-Canadian, Scotch-Canadian or Dutch-Canadian. The qualifications of a public man should not be looked for in his French-Canadian, Irish-Canadian, Scotch-Canadian or Dutch-Canadian blood. Brains, not blood, should be the set of great issues in the selection of a minister. Mr. Whitney's promotion is explained on account of his origin the explanation is entirely unsatisfactory.

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ALL REMNANTS

Must Be Sold

Oddment and Remnant Sale

After the greatest season's business in our history, there are a number of odds and ends that must be cleared out. All remnants on sale are at the very lowest prices. Unexceptional bargains.

Remnants of Silks, Dress Goods, etc. Tweeds and Cloths at a Bargain.



"QUALITY IS THE BEST ECONOMY."
 NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO BUY Remnants of Ribbons, Laces and Trimmings.

Great Bargain Sale of PRINTS AND WRAPPERETTES.

"What We Advertise Is So."
KINGSMILLS' Great Remnant Clearing For This Week.

ENDURED AGONY TO SAVE COMRADE

Crawled Along Heated Fire-Engine Pipes to Step Runaways.
 A SPECIAL FOR THREE
 How the Grand Trunk Met Wishes of Its Patrons.

The extent to which a railroad will sometimes be called upon to meet the wishes of the traveling public was shown on Tuesday last, when a freight collision blocked the Grand Trunk line at Komoka. Between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, two westbound freight trains were taking the siding at Komoka to allow a westbound passenger train to pass, when the second freight ran into the caboose of the first. The accident stopped traffic for some hours. Among those who were accommodated at Windsor, were three passengers for Alvinston, one being a commercial man, another an organizer for a fraternal order, and the third a banker. The second-named of the party, Mr. S. Wilson, had arranged to organize a branch of the order which he represented that evening, and when there appeared to be little likelihood of him reaching his destination in time he consulted the local officials, and was told that everything possible would be done to have the Alvinston passengers there in time. The train for Windsor pulled out of the depot considerably behind time, and when it arrived at Glencoe it was found that the regular train, making connections there for Alvinston, had left, and that the Grand Trunk was running a special train, engine and coach from that place to Alvinston for the special accommodation of the three passengers. It arrived there shortly after 6 o'clock. Naturally, the trio were very grateful to the railway.

FOR ALLEVIATING THAT IRRITATION felt by those who suffer from any Bronchial Affection, Brown's Bronchial Troches are most useful. An unexcelled remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness and Sore Throat.

Chinese labor is said to be proving a great success in South Africa—for the mine owners and the coolie owners.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE... 25c.
 The first Mormon temple ever erected in Europe has been completed in Stockholm.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS.
 Special Notice.
 Cushions! Cushions! Feather and down cushions, 50 cents each. Goose feather pillows, mattresses, springs, beds, brass and iron beds from \$3 each. Bedroom suites, sideboards, spring couches, fancy chairs, rockers, children's tables, at Hunt & Sons, Mattress and Feather Pillow Manufacturers, 592 Richmond street north. Phone 997.

An article in the London Daily Telegraph shows that at the end of July, 1904, 730,214 persons were recording indoor and outdoor relief in England and Wales, representing 21.6 for every thousand inhabitants, an increase of 21,333 compared with the same time in 1902.

DO NOT DELAY.—When, through debilitated digestive organs, poisoning the way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parnele's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assault the intruder with. They never fail. I work at once to the seat of the trouble and I give a permanent cure.

Diamond Flour

yields the bread that helps health.

—All the nutrient properties of the finest Manitoba wheat are preserved in "Diamond" Flour.
 —It is the one flour that survives every test, because it has the requisite quality and purity.
 —Use "Diamond" Flour the next time you bake and the bread will be the lightest, whitest and most wholesome bread you have ever made.

Ask your grocer for "Diamond" Flour, and refuse substitutes.
HUNT BROS.

WOMEN I will send free information to any lady of a never-failing, harmless monthly remedy—a simple home treatment. MISS M. HAMEY, 39 W. Ferry street, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Japanese advance in advertising is all in else. Here is an illustration: "Our wrapping paper is as strong as the hide of an elephant. Goods forwarded with the speed of a cannon ball. Our silks and satins are as soft as the cheeks of a pretty woman, as beautiful as the rainbow. Our parcels are packed with as much care as a young married woman takes of her husband."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

Chancery Lane, London, is occupied almost entirely by lawyers and the tradesmen who cater to their needs. During the "long vacation" there is hardly any traffic upon it.

NOTHING LOOKS more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disgusting growths on your person when a sure remedy is at hand? You can get it found in Holloway's Corn Cure.

Woods' Fair Special value in Wool Shawls.

\$1.25 Hand Bags, on Sale 75c.

27 only Solid Leather Braided Handle Hand Bags nickel trimmings, two compartments, full size, best lining, regular price \$1.25, sale price, 75c.

We have washable Ribbons in all colors for trimming white wear. Amber and Tortoise Side Combs, regular price 25c, sale price, pair 15c.

Finest Heather Socks.

10 dozen pairs Finest Wool Heather Socks, in dark colors, double thread sole, ribbed top, soft inside with card of mending wool with every pair; sold all over at 40c; sale price, pair 25c.

\$1.00 Night Gowns, 75c.

Men's Heavy English Flannellette Night Shirts in pink, blue, brown and grey stripes, lined yoke, rolling collar, sizes 15 to 18, regular \$1.00; sale price, 75c.

Boys' Heavy English Flannellette Night Shirts in pink, blue, brown and grey stripes, lined yoke, rolling collar, sizes 12 to 14, regular 85c; sale price, 60c.

Canadian Bobs
Value \$2.50
Sale Price \$1.00.

Woods' Fair Bargains in Lace at 2 for 5c, 5c, 8c and 10c yard.

YESTERDAY'S MARKET REPORTS

Today's Markets on Page Six.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—With only 9 cars of stock delivered at the city cattle market today, there was but little business done. With a few exceptions, the market all round being better than the opening everything was cleared out. There were not changes in the quotations, the market all round being better than the opening everything was cleared out. There were not changes in the quotations, the market all round being better than the opening everything was cleared out.

FLAXSEED.
Chicago, Feb. 10.—Flaxseed—Northwest, \$1.22; southwest, \$1.18; February, \$1.16; May, \$1.29.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.
New York, Feb. 10.—Sugar—Raw nominal, fair refining, 47-46c; centrifugal, 56 test, 4 1/2c; molasses sugar, 47-46c; refined nominal, Molasses—Firm.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 56 test, 4 1/2c; molasses sugar, 47-46c; refined nominal, Molasses—Firm.

BEAN MARKET.

DETROIT, Feb. 10.—Beans—February, \$1.67; March, car at \$1.65, 3 cars at \$1.70; May, \$1.75 bid.

OIL MARKET.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 10.—Oil opened and closed at \$1.38.

NEW YORK.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 10.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 27c; 20c, 21c; 20c to 25c. Cheese—Steady, 11c to 12c.

New York, Feb. 10.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 6,172 pkts. held, creamery, 34c; mon to extra, 22c to 20c. Cheese—Firm; receipts, 25c boxes; state full cream, small, colored and white, fancy, 12c; full cream, 10c; late-made, colored and white, 8c.

IMPORTANT FACTS FOR THE FARMER

Brought Out at Harrietsville Institute Meeting.

IMPROVEMENT OF LIVE STOCK

The Care and Feeding of Cattle for Beef or for Dairying Purposes—Rules to Follow.

[Advertiser's Special Correspondence.] Harrietsville, Feb. 10.—The Farmers' Institute held two very successful meetings on Thursday, the 9th inst., in the town hall at 1:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m., respectively. Henry Finch, president, of this place, was in the chair, and James H. Wheaton, of Thorncliffe, acted as secretary.

At the afternoon session, Mr. A. C. Hallman, Breslau, a talented speaker, gave an address on "How to Improve Our Live Stock, Their Care and Feeding." He said in part: "There are different methods of improving live stock, the important points being breeding, care, and feeding. The stock-raiser should decide what he wants to do, and select his breed for that purpose with two distinct kinds of cattle, beef and dairy. If a man wants to attain the highest success in dairying he should select his stock from dairy breeds. It is not absolutely necessary to pure-bred sires, and select the very best sire of that breed. A farmer selecting a sire should choose from large producing sires of the line of ancestors that he knows to have been heavy producers. The only way to get an impressive sire or pure-bred side that will leave the impress of his good qualities on his offspring is to get it from the line of heavy milkers. These sires should be mated to the best cows in the herd, though not necessarily to pure-bred animals. Then raise from the best cows. In a short time you will have a herd of cows that will exceed their dams, and with a careful system of care in breeding he will produce a herd nearly equal to the best in the country. Mr. J. W. Clark, Canisville, a gentleman of wide experience, spoke on "Manure, Its Care and Application." He began by saying: "Manure should pay more attention to the liquid parts in the stable. Chaff or cut straw is valuable for a bedding, but manure much better when drawn from the stable and put on the soil at all seasons of the year. If allowed to lay in the yard and rain it, the manure is lost. The process destroys its value. If left in the yard and rained on, much of the valuable part of the liquid is lost. Manure should be kept near the surface of the soil. Our grain crops are shallow feeders. It is only their clovers that carry down the manure. Plant food at any great depth. Manure applied on the surface of the soil acts as a moist-retainer. The liquid parts being the available plant food, they feed the plant at an important time, when it requires it the most—at the early growth. The manure, when eight or ten inches, has been the opinion among many farmers, a great portion of the manure is beyond the reach of our crops. The manure, being kept can be successfully done with clover, especially alfalfa, which is one of the best. Mr. Clark displayed a chart on the platform, which will be a great help in bringing out his idea.



The present quarters of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, at the northeast corner of Dundas and Richmond streets, are unsuitable in some respects for banking purposes, and a remodeling of the building or the erection of a new and much more imposing structure are now under consideration. If remodeling is decided upon the floor of the building will be lowered twelve or fourteen feet to the ground level, which in any event will mean a change in the outward appearance of the building. Measurements of the property are now being taken, and in a short time the decision of the head office at Toronto will be known.

SIGHT OF HEAVEN CAME TO PRIEST

Rector Thought He Talked With Boy in Paradise.

AND DIED TWO HOURS LATER

Remarkable Psychological Manifestation Revealed by Friend of Late Monsignor Doane.

New York, Feb. 11.—One of the strangest psychological manifestations ever recorded was revealed yesterday by the Rev. Father William A. Grady, assistant rector of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Cathedral in Newark, and Philip Healey, one of Newark's best-known and most prominent Catholic citizens.

On the solemn word of these two eminently-reliable gentlemen, it is declared that the night before his sudden death the late Monsignor George Doane, rector of the cathedral, had a vision of himself in heaven, in which he saw and talked with the spirit of Mr. Healey's 16-year-old son Willie, who had died two weeks before.

On the very night of his death, and only about two hours before it occurred, Monsignor Doane called at Mr. Healey's house in Newark to the express purpose of relating the vision he had had the night before. Just previous to his death, Monsignor Doane had told the strange story of his dream to the other priests of the cathedral at the dinner table in the rectory. The narrative has, therefore, the strength of a number of witnesses, all of whom tell it in exactly the same manner as they say it was related to them by Monsignor Doane.

Young Willie Healey was an ardent devotee of the Monsignor and during his last illness the great ecclesiastical dignitary made more than one visit to the Healey house to inquire in person regarding the condition of his young nephew.

Shortly before Willie's death, on a night when his vitality sank so low that it was thought he could live only a few hours, a call was sent to the rectory for a priest to administer the sacraments to him. He answered it in person. He performed last sacraments, and Monsignor Doane called Mr. Healey aside, told him that he had every reason to believe that he had not wished to tell his story but that he had done so because the light effect it might have upon her, but that he particularly wished Mr. Healey to hear the tale.

"Monsignor Doane then told me," Mr. Healey yesterday said, "that on the night before, apparently just after he had fallen asleep, he had had a vision or dream, in which he appeared to be in heaven. 'Philip,' he said to me, 'I had a very strange experience last night. I thought I was in heaven and speaking with you. I can hardly say whether the phenomenon was a dream or vision, for I cannot be absolutely certain whether I was asleep or awake. So far as I can tell, I was awake. I got into my bed at that rate, suddenly I seemed to be translated to a place of ineffable bliss and exquisite sweet music. The aspect of the scene was such as no words could describe. Enchanting strains of music filled my ears and the air was flooded with a brilliant golden light. Although I could see no one there seemed to be voices singing such songs as I have never heard in the grandest cathedral. 'Suddenly,' Monsignor Doan continued, 'I was told by the voice of your Willie. The exact words were these, I remember them perfectly: 'Oh, Monsignor, are you with us so soon?' 'Yes, it is a beautiful place and we are all so happy. There is nothing to do but sing and listen to the sweet music. How are my papa and mamma? I hope they are well. You must stay with us, Monsignor. We want you here, for we are all so happy.' 'Monsignor Doane then told me,' Mr. Healey said, 'that he had replied to Mrs. Healey and I were well, but that he could not remain in heaven, despite the happiness which he saw beyond there. He said: 'Your boy then begged and pleaded with me to remain or to return soon, and to persuade me, led me through that glorious land to the foot

turned, but the passenger coaches remained on their tracks. The passengers were brought to Medicine Hat on a special, and a new train made up here to carry them on to the coast.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Healy's Catarrh Cure is a stick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood-purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 11.—It is reported that Maxim Gorky has been sent to Siberia to undergo his trial. He was permitted to travel first-class, paying his own fare.

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The New Way to make Bread

Send for the "Royal Household" Recipes—they cost nothing—and may mean better bread—better pastry—better baking generally for the rest of your life—think of what that would mean to your family. If you have never used the new Royal Household Flour, there is a delightful surprise for you in the first batch of bread you bake with it—just send a postal card for the recipes.

NANTAWO, B.C., Nov. 25th, 1904. I have been making bread for nearly twenty-five years, and Royal Household Flour is the best I have ever used for Bread or Pastry. (Signed) MRS. ROBT. ADAM.

THE OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LTD. MONTREAL.

GREATEST LIVING AUTHOR TELLS

STRANGE MYSTERIES OF HUMAN LIFE

OVER 300,000 PEOPLE LISTEN TO HIS TEACHINGS

Man Paralyzed Four Years Restored to Health and Made to Walk By Simply Exercise of His Marvellous Power—Woman Cured of Cancer Without the Use of Drastic Drugs or the Surgeon's Knife—Hundreds of the Healing Wonders He Performs Are So Remarkable That They Seem Like

BRINGING THE DEAD TO LIFE

Claims to Have Discovered Secret Law of Nature Overlooked by Doctors and Scientists for Centuries Past.

Invites Physicians to Send Him Their Worst and Most Hopeless Cases to Test His Remarkable Power.

Offers Free Services to Those Living at a Distance to Prove That His Discovery May Heal Every Known Disease, Without Useless Drugs or Medicines.

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 7.—"Does he possess the power divine?" is a question on the ends of the tongues of many men and women who have apparently been miraculously restored to health by the strange power and teachings of Prof. Thos. D. Adkin, of this city. No man, at no time, in no age, has ever been able to perform the startling wonders wrought by this latter-day scientist, who seemingly strikes the rock of life with his magic wand, and abundant streams of health burst forth. He has written a book explaining his remarkable discovery, which has been eagerly read by over 300,000 people. The lame, the blind, the deaf, and those around whom the black night of despair had left not a ray of hope, have applied to him far and near. To each and every one he has lent a helping hand, giving hope when hope had fled; giving health when life was despaired of, and bringing back new life and vigor to many whom doctors had pronounced on the verge of the grave.

Yet Prof. Adkin is an extremely modest man. He emphatically denies that he possesses the power of a deity, or that he has simply discovered a secret law of nature, which has been overlooked by doctors and scientists for centuries past, and that anyone who understands this law can perform all the wonders he performs. He claims that his miraculous cure of Mrs. M. W. Nolen, of Covington, Ga., of a malignant cancer, without knife, probe or drastic drugs, was just as easy to cure an ordinary case of kidney trouble. He says: "When you understand the laws of nature, and apply them as the Creator intended you should, there is no disease you may not heal. Cancer, consumption, paralysis, blindness, may be cured just as easily as an ordinary fever or cold, if you only know how. Take the case of Mr. R. A. Wallen, of Piney Mo. He had been afflicted with paralysis for four years and was steadily growing more helpless in spite of all the doctors who attended him. I cured him so quickly that in a recent letter he says: 'It was surprising how the dead to life,' but I take no such view of it. My treatment simply cures paralysis, consumption, cancer, Bright's disease, heart trouble, and other so-called incurable and dangerous maladies, as easily as ordinary treatment cures intermittent fever or a bad cold, and this is all there is to it. All these diseases might just as well have been cured years ago. Anyone else might have made the same discovery I have made if he had worked along proper lines and quit bothering with strong drugs and drastic remedies, which often kill more people than they cure. Nature's way is always the best way, and Nature's law the best law. If you will just

MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & CO., GENTS.—After suffering for seven years with inflammatory rheumatism so bad that I was eleven months confined to my room, and for two years could not dress myself without help, your agent gave me a bottle of your medicine, and I was completely cured. I have had no return of the pain for eighteen months. The above facts are well known to everybody in this village and neighborhood. Yours gratefully, ST. TIMOTHÉE, Que., 16th May, '03.

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JAS. RYAN CAME FROM RIDGETOWN

Mystery Surrounding Unfortunate Man Who Died Here is Partly Solved.

According to the Ridgetown Dominion, James Ryan, who recently tried to commit suicide in this city, and died a few days later from pneumonia, formerly lived in that place. The Dominion says: "Ryan, is the James Ryan, who, after residing in this town for many years, left his home on Cathcart street, where he lived alone, early in January, without saying a word to anybody. Mr. Ryan was an eccentric character, very uncommunicative, and no one here knows anything of his antecedents or relatives. He owned the place where he lived and went away, leaving the door unlocked. Neighbors, alarmed at not seeing him about as usual, notified Chief Tye. The house was visited but Ryan could not be found, and has not been seen here since."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. Croup, colds, sore throats, and other ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresoline tablets. Ten cents per box. All druggists.

The ink plant of New Granada is a curiosity. The juice of it can be used as ink without any preparation. One of the peace delegates to the Boston convention says that woman's love for brass buttons is the chief cause of war. A dam is being built in Oregon in connection with the plans for irrigating 20,000 acres of land, which will require 3,000,000 feet of lumber.

DR. SLOCUM'S WARNING!

"Look Out For Germs of Pneumonia at This Season of the Year."

A DANGEROUS TIME DR. SLOCUM'S PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

Pneumonia is brought on by over-exposure to cold or damp. This weakens the body. At this time of the year the air is full of pneumonia germs, and as soon as your body is weakened they attack you. If you have exposed yourself take a few doses of "Psychine." This will strengthen you and prevent the cold from developing. The symptoms of pneumonia are a general feeling of dullness and languor, quick shortness of breath, a hacking cough, oppression in the chest, a chilly sensation, and a coldness in the extremities. These symptoms, when they are severe, or the cough becomes worse, and high fever sets in. There is not a druggist in the city who will not advise you to use "Psychine" for coughs, colds and all pulmonary and bronchial troubles.

For sale by all druggists at \$1 per bottle. For further advice, information, write or call Dr. Slocum, Limited, 179 King street west, Toronto, Canada. **\$1.00 Per Bottle.**

PROGRESS OF THE HURON AND ERIE

Well-Known Monetary Institution Has a Remarkably Successful Year.

Attention is called to the 41st annual report of the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company, which appears in this issue. The report of this year is similar to those of previous years, in that it shows this sterling financial institution to be in a sound and healthy position, and following its deep-rooted policy of splendid progress by conservative means. At the meeting of the shareholders held on Feb. 8, President Little presented the annual report. It showed that the Huron and Erie under its wise and careful management has now a reserve fund of \$1,250,000, or over 71 per cent of the paid-up capital. And after defraying the expenses of management and all other charges, the net profit for the year is \$125,000, or over 71 per cent of the paid-up capital. This was divided as follows: Two half-yearly dividends at the rate of 9 per cent per annum, and income tax, \$125,000; 25 cents per share, or \$125,000. This is a handsome dividend of 9 per cent has been maintained, the sum of \$1,250,000 has been added to the reserve fund, and the balance of undivided profits have been increased by \$10,000. The assets of the institution, which are held in Ontario real estate, are valued at \$2,500,000. During the year 1,350 applications for mortgages were received, and 40 per cent of these were accepted, amounting to \$1,250,000. It is also noted that the business of the company is practically confined to first mortgages in Western Ontario. Out of 4,280 mortgages in force at the end of the year, 9 were on property outside of Ontario, 59 in Ontario east of Toronto, and 4,216 were in Western Ontario. This is truly a very satisfactory report for the shareholders, the directors, and the management of this solid financial institution. The Huron and Erie know no peer among the financial institutions of the Dominion.

The Independent Cash Mutual Fire Insurance Company

From the financial statement of the above company appearing elsewhere in this issue, we observe that it began business last April, and has secured since then the substantial income of \$47,876.41. The organization expenses have all been paid, as also a dividend out of \$7,456.55 surplus revenue, and the company has carried forward \$5,431.55 cash, in addition to \$4,988.47 of unassessed premium notes, making a total reserve of \$10,000.00, which is certainly an excellent record in a year particularly unfortunate in fire losses. The head office of the company is at 24 King street in Toronto, and is under the presidency and management of Mr. Chas. G. VanNorman, who is interested in a number of other successful financial and industrial institutions. Mr. Wm. M. Gray is superintendent. The company's subscribed capital is \$25,000, 10 per cent paid up. The total assets are \$133,030.02. This young company and its management is to be congratulated upon its present position, worthily entitling it to the confidence of the insuring public.

Kansas is getting nearly as bad as Kentucky when it comes to titles. Everyone in Kansas now has to have one, and the men who run the soda fountains are now known as engineers.

DOMINION Savings and Investment Society, MASONIC TEMPLE.

NOW is the time to begin a "savings account" if you have none. A dollar in our Savings Department grows continually greater...

C.N. SPENCER, Stock Broker. Correspondents the O'Dell Stock and Grain Company (established 1865), Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provision, Lumber and so on for cash or on margin.

F. H. BUTLER, STOCK BROKER. Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions. Send for free pocket manual. Long distance phone 1273. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

THE MARKETS OF TODAY

Yesterday's Reports on Page Five.

LOCAL MARKETS. London, Saturday, Feb. 11. The bird roads and the cold weather this morning was a factor in making the market below the average for a Saturday...

London Electric. Five and all standard investment bonds and stocks bought and sold.

H. C. BECHER, 412 Richmond. Long Distance Phone 212. TORONTO.

Butter and Eggs—While there was considerable butter offered there was a very brisk demand; consequently all of the offerings were soon disposed of at prices which seemed satisfactory to the holders.

Table with columns: GRAIN, PER CENTAL, FLOUR, PER BUSHEL, BUTCHERS' MEATS, LIVE STOCK, HAY AND STRAW, VEGETABLES.

Eggs For Sale, 16c Doz. Flavelles, Ltd. 504 BATHURST STREET.

STOCK MARKETS. H. C. Becher, stock broker, Bank of Commerce building, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington today:

THE LONDON AND WESTERN TRUSTS COMPANY, LIMITED. London, Ont., Feb. 8, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the London and Western Trusts Company, Limited, will be held at the offices of the company in London, on Thursday, the 16th inst., at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

Table with columns: Ontario Bank, Dominion Bank, Bank of Montreal, Bank of Toronto, etc.

Table with columns: Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye, Peas, Beans, etc.

N. S. WILLIAMS, Broker, 113 MASONIC TEMPLE.

Table with columns: Amal. Copper, American Sugar, Amer. Cotton Oil, etc.

Table with columns: U. S. Steel, U. S. Rubber, U. S. Sugar, etc.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE. Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for the Advertiser.

Table with columns: Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, etc.

RIGHT TRUSSES. There should be no guesswork about the trusses. They must do what they should, or they will not.

STREONG'S DRUG STORE. 184 Dundas Street. We are keeping a copy of our new book for sale.

ENGLISH MARKETS. Montreal, Feb. 11. Canadian Pacific, Montreal, Feb. 11. Montreal, Feb. 11.

Government Official Also Notes That the Swamp Taste is With It Still. Today Chairman English, of the board of health, received from the Government analyst at Toronto, Mr. John Amyot, the report of the analysis of a sample of Pond Mills ice sent to Toronto a few days ago.

London's Public Buildings Exempted From Taxation. Full List as Prepared by the Commissioner—Firms Which Have Exemptions.

PRODUCE MARKET. Toronto, Feb. 11.—Fairly steady and quoted unchanged; Ontario is steady at \$1.05 to \$1.06 for red and white; goose, \$1.05; Manitoia, \$1.05 for shorts, and \$1.05 for long.

WEEKLY HIGH COURT. Mr. Justice Magee Presides—Storms Cause Delays West and East of London.

TRAINS WERE LATE. The heavy snowfalls have been causing quite a lot of trouble to railwaymen in Ontario and many of the trains are far behind scheduled time.

AN OLD LANDMARK GONE. Fitzgerald Homestead in Delaware Burned Down. Citizens who happened to be in the western part of the city about 10:30 o'clock last evening noticed that the western horizon was lit up with the reflection of flames.

Pond Mills Ice Show To Be Free of Bacteria. J. Steele, a local ice-dealer is of interest. I have, so far, refrained from saying anything about the outlook for ice, but it is now a matter of fact that the eyes of the public that they are beginning to fear that they will not get any ice this summer.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS. "A Left-Handed Devil" will be the Rev. T. T. Shields' evening subject at the Adelaide Street Church tomorrow. The John Irons has been granted a building permit for a story and a half dwelling on Nelson street, near William street.

ENTERTAINED AT DOHCHESTER. About twenty young Londoners were the guests of a party at the residence of Mr. Gould at Dorchester last evening. An invigorating ride in open sleighs from the city was greatly enjoyed by the guests.

Conservative Methods. THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK are strong believers in the policy of conservatism. They are always willing that the Bank should forego a possible profit, rather than accept business involving undue risk.

THE RESULT—Very few bad debts, trifling losses and undoubted safety for depositors. WE HAVE A SEPARATE BANKING ROOM FOR WOMEN.

The Bank of Toronto. The building belonged to Mrs. Fitzgerald, a resident of this city, living on Grand avenue. It was an old family homestead, and Mrs. Fitzgerald, who is an elderly lady, was extremely sorry when she learned this morning that it had been destroyed.

OLD BOYS WANT NEW SECRETARY. Are Seeking Mr. J. S. Bell's Services, as Mr. C. B. Edwards Would Quit.

The members of the Old Boys' executive are much perturbed because they fear they may be left without a secretary this summer. Mr. C. B. Edwards, the present secretary, was appointed to the position by an Old Boys' meeting at which he was not present.

WANT NEW IDEAS. Principal Radcliffe, of the Collegiate Institute, and his wife, Mrs. Radcliffe, left yesterday on a trip to the larger cities of the east, where they will visit the collegiate institutes and public schools with a view to securing new ideas for London schools.

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\$105.25 Greater Gain. Two business men in London receive this year in the money from two Canadian companies for their 15-year Endowment policies of \$1,000, with profits.

LOOK! 1,000 Oyster Patties, 1,000 Tea Biscuits, 1,000 Bread Rolls, 50 Large Charlotte Russe, 20 lbs. Macarons, 50 lbs. Lady Fingers, 15 lbs. Fancy Kisses, 15 lbs. Fancy Short Bread, 15 lbs. Fancy Glacées.

What Is the Use of Losing Money? You burn a ton of poor coal and lose fifty cents or perhaps a dollar and you don't know it.

IT'S WORTH KNOWING. That eye-strain causes headache. We give glasses that overcome the strain and so stop the headache.

OLD FAMILY LACE. What more valued than a piece of old family lace? It may be sold, but it can't be bought.

LET'S GET ACQUAINTED. J. BATES, High-Class Tailor, 264 1/2 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Sunshine Furnace. Coal Wood Coke Burns All Fuels.

McClary's. London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John N.S.

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THE HURON AND ERIE

LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY.

The Forty-first Annual General Meeting of Shareholders was held at the Company's Office in London, Ontario, on Wednesday, Feb. 8, 1905. Present: Messrs. Henry Arnott, M. D., P. P. Betts, A. A. Booker, U. A. Buchner, Major Hume Cronyn, F. R. Eccles, M. D.; Col. C. E. H. Fisher, Alex. Fraser, Caleb Hurst, George F. Jewell, F. C. A.; John Labatt, F. E. Leonard, J. W. Little, Judge Talbot Macbeth, G. A. Somerville and others. The President, Mr. J. W. Little, took the chair, and the Manager, Mr. G. A. Somerville, acted as Secretary.

The notice calling the meeting having been read, the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting were read and approved. The Annual Report and Financial Statement were submitted, as follows: The Directors of The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company have pleasure in submitting herewith their Forty-first Annual Report, showing the result of the Company's operations for the past year, accompanied by the balance sheet to Dec. 31, 1904, duly audited. After defraying the expenses of management and all other charges, and writing off anticipated as well as actual losses, the balance available for distribution is \$182,966.99, as follows: Brought forward from the previous year's accounts \$19,812.68 Net profits upon the past year's business 150,184.31 Provision for depreciation in securities found to be unnecessary 13,000.00

PROFIT AND LOSS.	
Dr.	Cr.
To Dividend No. 80, 4 1/2% \$83,000.00	By balance brought forward \$19,812.68
To Dividend No. 81, 4 1/2% 63,000.00	By provision for depreciation in securities found to be unnecessary 13,000.00
To Income and revenue tax 2,566.32	By interest earned 402,128.06
To interest on deposits 49,955.47	By rents from office building 575.90
To interest on sterling debentures 54,748.45	
To interest on Canadian debentures 94,576.31	
(Including interest accrued but not due)	
196,360.23	
To general expense account 23,468.16	
To other expenses 8,059.90	
(Including directors' fees, auditors' salaries, solicitors' fees, taxes on office premises, etc.)	
To commission on loans 10,750.01	
To land inspection 7,519.75	
To commission and other expenses on debentures 3,525.97	
53,323.82	
To losses on real estate 26,730.70	
To transferred to reserve fund 25,000.00	
To balance 29,600.67	
\$435,526.74	\$435,526.74

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.	
Liabilities to the Public:	By cash value of mortgages \$7,367,125.90
To deposits \$1,659,162.55	Less amount retained to pay prior mortgages 65,281.24
To sterling debentures 499,255.53	By office premises 20,341.46
To Canadian debentures 2,588,763.26	By real estate on hand 2,300.00
To interest and other (not due) 51,329.08	By municipal and other securities 318,467.63
5,838,010.42	By cash in banks 264,159.66
To the Shareholders:	By cash in hand 285,825.28
To capital stock paid up 1,400,000.00	571,565.96
To Dividend No. 80, 4 1/2% 83,000.00	
To Dividend No. 81, 4 1/2% 63,000.00	
To reserve fund 1,000,000.00	
To undivided dividends 181.82	
2,947,781.50	
\$8,785,791.92	\$8,785,791.92

G. A. SOMERVILLE, Manager.

We hereby certify that we have carefully audited the Books and Accounts of The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company for the year ending Dec. 31, 1904. The Cash and Bank Accounts have been audited monthly; the postings and balances of all the Company's Ledgers examined quarterly; and the whole and balance in accordance with the above Statements. We have also examined the Company's securities and find them in order.

GEORGE F. JEWELL, F. C. A., ALFRED A. BOOKER, Auditors.

The President, in moving the adoption of the Report, said: I am sure the report which has just been read will prove satisfactory to all our shareholders, showing as it does, another year of continued prosperity in every department of the Company's business. Slightly higher rates of interest have prevailed, especially towards the close of the year, whilst all through the year there has been a good demand for money, and owing to the company's valued connection with a large staff of most efficient correspondents throughout the Western District, where the Company has been doing business for so many years, a great number of applications for mortgage loans have been received. This number of applications were laid before the board and during the year 1,256 applications in all were received and considered. After the most careful investigation, about 40 per cent of this number, amounting to \$1,370,000, were accepted and completed. The net results of the year's business are about the same as in previous years. In accordance with our usual practice, no item has been taken into account the collection of which there appeared to be any doubt, and ample provision has been made for anticipated losses. A pleasing addition to the Company's assets is the \$125,000 in securities which we have covered possible depreciation in securities and now found to be unnecessary. The dividend of 9 per cent per annum has been maintained, \$25,000 added to the reserve, and the balance of undivided profits carried forward increased by nearly \$10,000. The business of the Company may still be said to be practically confined to first mortgages on Western Ontario real estate. Out of 4,280 mortgages in force at the end of the year, 3 were on property outside of Ontario, 59 in Ontario east of Toronto, and 4,218 in Western Ontario. The number of loan companies doing business in St. Thomas having been reduced within a short time from five to one, the Board thought it wise to make an effort to secure increased business at that point. Arrangements were therefore made with Messrs. D. M. Tait and W. H. Murch to represent the interests of the Company there. Mr. Tait had been long and favorably known as Manager of the Star Loan Company, and Mr. Murch had a creditable record as Manager of the South Western. The business they have secured has been most satisfactory, the large number of excellent mortgage loans being particularly gratifying. Collections during the year have been made without much difficulty, compulsory proceedings having been necessary in only seven cases. We have two farms on hand (135 acres in all), which fell in shortly before the end of the year—and should be disposed of very quickly. All our assets are in a most satisfactory condition, and the Company was never in a better position to serve the interests of its patrons. The Reserve Fund, it will be observed, is now one million dollars, a feature which must be pleasing alike to depositors, debenture-holders and shareholders, since it increases so materially the stability and earning power of the Company. In the early part of the year, Mr. Philip Mackenzie, our oldest Director, and Vice-President, was obliged to send in his resignation, owing to continued ill-health. Mr. Mackenzie became connected with the Company on its organization in 1864 and for forty years took a prominent part in its management. He, whilst prudent and cautious, was at all times most zealous in furthering the interests of the Company, and his familiar voice and figure are greatly missed at our Board meetings. The Directors reluctantly accepted the resignation, and appointed His Honor Judge Talbot Macbeth to fill the vacancy. Judge Macbeth is well and favorably known to most of our stockholders, and will, no doubt, prove a worthy successor to our old friend and colleague. Mr. Leonard, in seconding the adoption of the report, emphasized the cardinal principle, SECURITY, adopted at the inception of the company, and so closely adhered to by the directors ever since. All securities offered are closely examined by the company's inspectors before an investment is accepted, and the system of re-inspection adopted gives constant information regarding the condition of all the properties mortgaged to the company. Although depositors may see high rates of interest advertised elsewhere, they have the satisfaction of knowing that with us they have absolutely unquestionable security. Mr. Alex. Fraser said he was convinced that the board looked after the affairs of the company as they would their own. The profits of the business

were excellent, and he thought this should be regarded as a jubilee year, the reserve fund having reached an even million dollars. Mr. U. A. Buchner expressed himself as highly pleased with the report. Dr. Henry Arnott thought the fact that the company was able to do so large a business almost entirely at home was the highest tribute that could be paid to the management; it was an evidence of square, honest dealing, and he thought there was more reason to be proud of that feature of the business than of any other referred to in the report. The report was unanimously adopted.

The usual votes of thanks to the president, directors, manager and other officers of the company, and a special vote to Mr. Philip Mackenzie, the late vice-president, were unanimously adopted. In responding to the vote of thanks to the Directors, Judge Macbeth said: "It has been a pleasure to me to attend the directors' meetings since my appointment a few months ago in Mr. Mackenzie's place. As a new member, I would like to mention to the shareholders one or two matters which have been impressed upon me. I was surprised at the very large amount of business which came before the directors every week, and I was struck by the great caution shown by the board in dealing with the applications for loans. And I found that any information required by the board as to transactions in former years would be forthcoming in a few minutes, showing that the records of the enormous amount of business passing through the company's offices are kept in the most careful and systematic manner.

"The business in which I was engaged for many years gave me opportunities of forming some opinion as to the values of real estate, especially in the County of Middlesex, and since I became a director I went over the valuations of a large number of properties in Middlesex upon which mortgages were held by the company, so far as my judgment goes, I found that these valuations were on a conservative basis, and the company's claims seemed to me, in every case, to be amply secured."

The retiring Directors were unanimously re-elected.

CLOSE GAMES IN PRINCESS LEAGUE

Waterloo and Y. M. C. A. Was an Easy Victory—None of the St. John's O. H. A. Team Played.

Last Night.

As the season advances, vast improvement is shown in the games in the Princess League. Last night two exhibitions that were little short of perfect were played. The St. John's and Waterloo and the Bankers and the Y. M. C. A. met. The Waterloo and Y. M. C. A. were the victors. The scores were close as the play in both matches was exceedingly interesting. At present the Waterloo have the lead by a fair margin and so fast a pace have they set that they are looked upon by a great many as winners. The Bankers follow closely, and the Y. M. C. A. and St. John's teams are close together in the race. In the Waterloo-St. John's game it was hard to choose between the teams, combination proving to be the strongest card. The Waterloo led all the way. At half-time the score stood 2 to 1. The same scoring was done in the second half, leaving the score 4 to 2. The line-up: St. John's A. C.—Goal, Callahan; point, Hueston; cover, Skilton; right wing, Beach; right wing, B. Woodley; center, McGregor; rover, Bridgeman. Waterloo—Goal, Orr; point, Fleming; cover, Spence; center, Carrothers; right wing, H. Marshall; center, Hammond; rover, Towe. The second game was a fight to the finish. The score at half-time stood 1 to 1, and at the close 3 to 2. The line-up: Y. M. C. A.—Goal, Pearson; point, Gillies; cover, Parker; left wing, Tait; right wing, Hartley; center, Canfield; rover, Turner. Bankers—Goal, McHattie; point, Carrothers; cover, McGuffin; left wing, Kennedy; right wing, Tassie; center, McDonald; rover, Kennedy, Finnegan. Jack Brown refereed the games to the complete satisfaction of all the spectators. The league standing up to date is as follows:

Waterloo	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	Pts.
Waterloo	5	1	0	10
Bankers	4	2	0	8
St. John's A. C.	2	4	1	5
Y. M. C. A.	2	5	0	4

STRATFORD JUNIORS WIN IN SEMI-FINALS—ONE-SIDED SCORE

Defeated the Wellingtons, of Owen Sound, 16 to 2—Carling Cup Series.

Stratford, Feb. 10.—The Stratford Junior team won in the semi-final by 16 goals to 2 in the championship game against the Wellingtons, of Owen Sound, played here this evening. Team and combination were in which the visitors were lacking, and the Stratford, although training in that kind of play would make the Owen Sound men hard team to beat. In the first half the score was 7 to 0 in favor of Stratford. Stratford's goalkeeper prevented several hot shots going into the net, while the Owen Sound men were a stone wall, or the score would have been much higher in favor of the locals. Shortly after the commencement of the second half, Ellis, of Owen Sound, met with an unavoidable accident, colliding with his check, receiving a bad gash in the forehead, the result being broken. This resulted in there being only six men in play during the remainder of the game, as McCallum went off to even up. The line-up was: Owen Sound—Goal, Monroe; point, Ellis; cover, Brown; rover, Armstrong; center, Beattie; left wing, Goodall; right wing, McKenzie. Stratford—Goal, Reg Rankin; point, Roberts; cover, Rankin; rover, McCallum; center, Baker; left wing, Hamilton; right wing, Killo. Mr. Peel, of London, was referee, and was kept on edge and strict on penalizing for rough play and most impartial.

Montreal, Feb. 10.—McGill hockey team defeated Toronto Varsity in the inter-collegiate series here today by 14 to 2. Fenelon Falls, Ont., Feb. 10.—For the second time this week Lindsay O. H. A. team suffered defeat before Fenelon's Trestle Valley hockey team. Yesterday night they went down in Lindsay by a score of 4 to 3; tonight they were defeated on Fenelon Ice by a score of 8 to 4. Kingston, Feb. 10.—Toronto Varsity II, are intermediate champions of the

aggressive in his methods and aided a great deal in the development of the science of the game. He had an extraordinary personality and was always in high favor with the game's patrons. Chris Von der Ahe is authority for the statement that the greatest baseball player of the past century was killed on the Thursday preceding his death. Cuthbert was remarried to Mrs. Magdalen Ross, from whom he had been divorced several years ago. They were married 16 years ago. Later they quarreled and separated and she became Mrs. Ross. When he was stricken and dying, among the ballplayer's old-time friends who tried to cheer his last days was his former wife. She forgave the disagreeable times of the past and devoted her efforts to him. Cuthbert was much affected by her kindness and attentions and at his earnest request the wife of his young nephew again assumed his name.

DYING BALL PLAYER

REMARIED DIVORCED WIFE

Ed. Cuthbert, one of the most noted of the pioneer professionals, died in St. Louis the other day. He was stricken with paralysis last August. His former admirers and fans in various provided him with funds during his illness and contributed to the expenses of his interment. He was in his 60th year. James McTear, George Munson and Billie Medart were active in ministering to his wants in his last days and had charge of the arrangements for the funeral. Cuthbert was one of the game's greatest outfielders and when in his prime played with the original St. Louis famous White Sox and the original St. Louis Browns. He was original and

WOODSTOCK WON IN HOME AND HOME

Defeated Goderich in Second Game by a Score of 10 to 3.

Woodstock, Ont., Feb. 10.—(Special).—In one of the fastest games ever played on a local street of ice, Woodstock tonight defeated Goderich in the second round of the intermediate series. The score, half ice stood 5 to 1 and ended 10 to 3. At times the play was very rough and Referee Burn appeared at times incapable of handling the men. McEly and DeGray played the star game of the evening. The rink was crowded to the doors, among the spectators being many enthusiasts from Goderich, quite a number from London. The Woodstock men who bet money on their team are said to have realized materially on the victory. By winning the home-and-home series, Woodstock is entitled to play in the semi-finals with Berlin on Wednesday next. The lineup was as follows: Woodstock Goal, Earle; point, Smith; cover point, Caister; forwards, McCourt, McLay, DeGray and Larose. Goderich Goal, McVey; point, Campbell; cover point, Harris; forwards, McVey, Wiggins, McDonald and McCarthy. Referee, Burns, of Toronto.

TO DRAW UP RULES FOR CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES

One of the matters to be passed on during the contemporaneous meetings of the two major leagues in New York next week is the drawing up of rules and regulations to govern the world's championship series in the fall between the two pennant winners. The formulation of such rules has been left to the National Commission, which is now at work upon the subject. The commission's recommendations will be submitted to the two leagues for ratification and will undoubtedly go through. One thing is practically certain—the series will consist of seven games. There are advocates of a nine-game series who claim that at least that many contests should be played in order that the element of luck may be eliminated so far as possible. Of course, the longer the series the less luck will enter into it. A week team will sometimes have a good day or two; at the same time a much stronger team isn't quite so sure as to get a win. The latter good and bad days are represented, however, the lower class outfit isn't there—more than once or twice, anyway. The nine-game advocates say that three times three is the number that bars luck as no smaller figure will do. Under ordinary conditions it is likely that three games will be played on the grounds of one team, three on the grounds of the other, and the seventh, if necessary, on a neutral field. For instance, if Boston and Cincinnati should be the winners, three games at Boston might be followed by three at League Park. Then, if each team had won three games, the deciding contest might be played at Chicago or New York, where both leagues are represented, and an enormous crowd would be assured. These details will be left to the commission, which will bind the teams by hard and fast rules in every detail.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN IS A PITIFUL SIGHT

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 8.—John L. Sullivan is laid up with pneumonia and has been compelled to cancel his lecture dates. The big ex-champion has been in the hospital for three weeks, his return from Jefferson City, where he failed to secure a paying house and was obliged to borrow money to get back to St. Louis, being far from the effects of punishment today far more than he ever did during his ring career. Scarcely able to speak, burning with fever and terribly and shakened, the gray-haired gladiator is a pitiful sight. "It's the worst knock-down I ever got," he whispered hoarsely tonight. "I'm taking the cod liver oil, but I'm glad to get up when ten is said. I don't seem to be able to get rid of this attack. I'm taking a raft of medicine, and have a drink for a long time. My manager, Mr. Helkes, has canceled my speaking dates out in the state, but I hope to be able to get back into harness again soon and make up for lost time."

"PITTSBURGH PHIL" A MILLIONAIRE

Was Worth \$1,500,000 and Died Without Will—Estate To Be Divided.

Pittsburgh, Penn., Feb. 10.—George E. Smith, "Pittsburgh Phil," the den-turist pug, left no will. His brother, Wm. Smith, is authority for this statement, which he made to friends on the day of George's funeral. This comes as a surprise when it is considered that Phil was always thoughtful of his business affairs, and had the foresight to erect a mausoleum five years prior to his death. The value of his estate is estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, not less than the former amount, in the opinion of friends who had known him intimately. It is said that Pittsburgh Phil was a legal resident of New York State, where the estate will be settled. His fortune will be divided among his family, consisting of his mother, brothers and niece, and nephews, the children of a sister who died some time ago. Some inside figures of the late Pittsburgh Phil were given out by John Staley, the well-known Pittsburgh sport who was a lifelong friend of the pugger, and who was in with him on many of his largest turf deals. "Phil was a far more wealthy man than many people supposed," said the local sport. "For years past he had been spending his money on the turf, and he began putting his money where it would do his people some good. Phil was worth every cent of \$1,500,000, and it is too bad that he died without a will, as I now know he did."

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.

At New Orleans—Sanction 11 to 5, Redox Infants, February 2 to 2, Lampion 2 to 1, Contentious 8 to 5, Knowledge 2 to 2.

ANOTHER CANADIAN VICTOR.

Montreal, Feb. 10.—In a wrestling match tonight between Eugene Tremblay, the Canadian champion, and Geo. Bohner, the American champion, the Canadian won, getting a fall in 56 minutes.

Lonelies are Good Buying.

The fact that our assortments are broken proves the popularity of our tailoring. These "Lonelies"

—the suits and overcoats that are left after a busy season—are still worth the \$12, \$15, \$18 and \$20, which you were paying for them a month ago. But it would hurt our reputation for up-to-dateness if we carried them over another season. So we cut out the labels and put them all in at the "Lonely"

Sale price—**\$10.00**

Semi-ready Tailoring LONDON

146 DUNDAS STREET also ST. THOMAS and STRATFORD.

ANSON ON THE OLD TIMES.

"If there is one element of baseball which seems to be disappointing," said Capt. Anson, the other day, "it is personal magnetism—the feeling of strong individual attraction which drew half the fans out to the parks in the good old days. Now, when you go to the ball park, why do you go? To see a good game of ball, and to see your own city's team clean up the other fellows," says the Chicago Tribune. "If you went to the park twenty years ago, why did you go? To see the game—yes, and more than that, to see this, that or the other individual play ball. "Of course, there are great players, and there are players whom the people turn out to see, but I don't think there will ever be another Mike Kelly, and I doubt if there will ever be another Lange." What Anson said is strangely correct. The personal magnetism feature of the game is disappearing. Teamwork and collective performance have replaced the system of individual stars. The two big cards of today—Wagner and Lajoie—are wonderful players, but when did a crowd ever warm up to these marvels as the old-time fans did to the old-time stars? It is quite likely, considering all things seriously, that the businesslike, money-saving, non-dissipating young man who now plays ball for a living, is mechanically speaking, a more reliable player than his predecessor. His clear head and steady hands probably gather up a larger percentage of hot grounders with fewer spills than were registered by the jolly fellow whom the ancients fans adored. It would be hard to convince anybody, however, that the sober and close-fisted youth was a better batter than the joyous star of long ago, and where there is one real, genuine, popular favorite today there were ten as recently as 1889. It is no exaggeration to say that there are only a handful of big league players today who receive a free burst of spontaneous applause, unless they have actually done something in the game of the afternoon. "One thing sure," says Anson, "the players of the present time, if not as popular as the older fellows, don't give half the fan interest that their managers. Some of the most popular players of twenty years ago were also the hardest to control, and it was this popularity which made them unruly."

BASKETBALL

BROTHERS MEET WITH ACCIDENTS.

Misfortune seems to follow the Toronto boys this winter. Ever since the close of the baseball season, Jesse, the star pitcher of the Boston Americans, and Lee, the crack third baseman of Comiskey's White Sox, have been staying close to their fireplaces, so as to be in good condition for the coming season. Despite the present, however, both have met with accidents that caused much alarm among friends. A few days ago Lee, while skating near his home in Dayton, Ky., fell through the ice and was nearly drowned. While walking along the street recently, Jesse fell on the ice and dislocated his right shoulder. He is now under the care of doctors.

LOST TO SARINA.

Sarria, Feb. 9.—Two rinks of Sarria curlers went to Theford yesterday, and defeated two rinks of that club by a majority of six shots.

PREVENT DISORDER. At the first symptoms of internal disorder, Parke's Vegetable Pills should be resorted to immediately. Two or three of these salutary pills, taken before going to bed, followed by doses of one or two pills for two or three nights in succession, will serve as a preventive of attacks of indigestion and all the ailments which follow in the train of that fell disorder. The means are simple when the way is known.

CURLING.

FERGUS WON EASILY.

Flora, Ont., Feb. 10.—Flora and Fergus played an amusing game of curling, six rinks to a side, three in each place, Fergus winning by a majority of 56. Score 11 to 55.

TORONTO GRANTITES WON.

Grant, Ont., Feb. 10.—A curling match, five rinks a side, was played here this morning between the Toronto Grantites and the Gait's, resulting in favor of Toronto by 68 to 54. The Toronto Grantites also played five rinks of the Gait Grantites this afternoon, winning the match by a score of 61 to 41.

RADWAY'S PILLS

FOR YOUTH HEALTH AND BEAUTY

CURE CONSTIPATION

AND all Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilem, Flatulency, Dropsy, Rheumatism, and all Derangements of the System. RADWAY'S PILLS are purely vegetable, harmless, small, easy taken, perfectly coated and tasteless. All Druggists have them. TAKE NO OTHER. 25c a Box. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR RADWAY'S PILLS. PREPARED BY DR. J. C. RADWAY, 1085 ALMANAC & BEAUTY CALendars. RADWAY & CO., Ltd., Montreal, Can.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS

F.C.B.C.

It is acknowledged to be the largest and best equipped Business College in the west. By strict attention to business it has commanded the respect of the best business men in London. Never more prosperous than at the present time.

J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

\$22 Scotch Tweed Suitings
CHOICEST GOODS.

O. LABELLE
Oddfellows' Block Corner.

JUST RECEIVED NOW ON SALE OF SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Boxing Gloves and Punching Bags
\$1.25 to \$5.00.

BROCK'S GUN STORE
192 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

Burglar Alarms, Door Bells, Door Openers, Gas Lighters, Furnace Regulators Installed.

W. H. SOMERS, ELECTRICIAN
245 DUNDAS STREET, E.

600 Pupils

and over attended the Conservatory last year. Reports sent to parents if desired. You need not know a note of music to study with any teacher.

Diplomas and Certificates granted.

Bring your notes to our expert watchmaker and have it fixed up. Costs little.

WARD THE JEWELER
374 RICHMOND ST.

R. K. COWAN,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldgs., next Court House, London.

SHORTHAND

Is a passport to the best positions. With this qualification no young person will fail. We train young people well in business methods and customs, teach them to write well, and place every graduate in a situation.

The Western Ontario Shorthand Academy.
W. C. COO, C. S. R., Principal.

Wesley Harrison
UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER,
Phone 1156, 67 Dundas St. East.

Wall Paper, Painting, Picture-Framing.

H. & C. COLERICK,
212 Dundas Street.

Ask for **"DAISY"** for

It's the one flour you can depend on. It's made by Hawkins, of Arva, who has made flour for years.

W. J. SMITH & SONS,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
113 Dundas St. Phone 586. Open day and night. Residence on premises.

D. A. STEWART,
Successor to JOHN T. STEPHENSON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
104 DUNDAS ST., PHONE 429.

George E. Logan, Assessor.
Fifteen Years' Experience.

R. H. SMITH, 13 Brighton Street,
Contractor and Builder.
Estimates furnished, repairing quickly done.

London College of Commerce,
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING.
Full Commercial, Shorthand and Typing courses. Day and Evening Classes.
Now is a good time to enter. For particulars call or address
W. N. YEREX, C.B., Principal.

Valentines
THE LATEST THING IN
JOHN MILLS'
PHONE 1486. BOOK STORE.
Wholesale and Retail.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

THOMAS WILSON,
Merchant Tailor,
Removed to 212 Dundas Street,
North Side, Opposite Old Premises.

DR. R. JARVIS,
DENTIST, DUFFIELD BLOCK.
"Old Things Not Found Elsewhere."

Hatpins Beautiful French Gray
Sterling Silver Hatpins,
a dozen or more designs.
Strong pins.
25c each

Thos. Gillean,
402 RICHMOND STREET.

Johnston Bros.' XXX Bread
Contains more nourishment than any other bread you can eat.
An absolutely pure, clean, delicious wholesome bread.
At all grocers. Phone 818.
JOHNSTON BROS.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Miss Lily Ortwein, of Hensall, is visiting in London.
—Mr. Floyd Cooley, Port Huron, has accepted a position in this city.
—Miss Mabel Howells, of Grafton & Co., Dundas, is on a business trip to this city.
—Rev. S. Salton, of this city, preaches in the Central Methodist Church, St. Thomas, next Monday night.
—The many friends of Miss C. Shea will be sorry to hear that she is seriously ill in her home, 151 Maple street.
—Mr. Anothly Adair and daughters desire, through The Advertiser, to thank their numerous friends, for their many kindnesses shown them in their recent bereavement.
—Rev. W. J. Clarke's discourses from the Sermon on the Mount will be continued tomorrow evening in the First Presbyterian Church. The attendance in the evenings has been very large.
—Rev. C. T. Scott is to address the members of W. C. T. U. on Tuesday afternoon in Somerset Hall on "The Present Outlook of the Temperance Question."
—Mr. George Bricken, who for the past fifteen years has been traveling for a wholesale millinery and fancy goods house of this city, has given up his position. He leaves this week for the continent on a purchasing tour.
—An entertainment, every whit of which was Irish in character, was given by the young people of Asskin Street Methodist Church, Thursday evening. A programme, games and supper formed part of a most enjoyable evening.
—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Marshall, of Toronto, are spending a few days of their honeymoon at the home of Mrs. C. Marshall, 238 St. George street.
—Mr. W. Q. Phillips, of Clinton, has arrived here to occupy the position of accountant in the sales office opened recently by Messrs. K. & J. Ransing.
—Mr. Phillips' removal from town will be a great loss, and especially to St. Paul's Church, where he has been an active member for many years as well as choir-master.
—A fire, which broke out in the engine-room of the London Foundry Company, kept the firemen busy for an hour last night. About a hundred dollars' damage was done. The cause of the blaze is unknown.
—AGE 109 YEARS.
—Mrs. E. P. Griffith, of 213 Bathurst street, returned home after attending the funeral of her uncle, John Holbrook, of Brooke Township. Deceased was 109 years old. He was the oldest of a family of seven boys, and outlived all the others.
—LICENSE TRANSFERRED.
—At a meeting of the license commission yesterday afternoon the license of the "Hotel" was transferred from James McDonald to Wm. T. Handford, the new proprietor. Chairman Elliott, Commissioner and Inspector Brown were present.
—L. O. B. A. ASSEMBLY.
—Victoria Lodge, No. 2, L. O. B. A., held its annual assembly in the city hall last evening, and it was a very enjoyable affair. The following ladies had charge of the affair: Mrs. Hier, Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Jones, and Misses Donaldson, Kinnage and A. Boyd. The musical programme was rendered by Dayton & McCormick, Victoria Lodge, intends giving another dance next month.
—YOUNG BACHELORS ENTERTAINING.
—Six of London's popular young bachelors entertained over 80 guests at a most delightful informal dance at the Palace Academy Thursday evening. The academy orchestra furnished a choice programme of all the most popular up-to-date music, receiving an encore for every number. Nothing was left undone to insure the pleasure of every guest present. The following young gentlemen were the hosts of the evening: Allan Clark, Ernest Millar, Murray Murray, Harold Callard, Clarence Tait, Milton Francis.

Our Success
is due to the quality of our bread; first-class materials are used in every department.
You should try our breads if you have not done so.

The Parnell-Dean Steam Baking Co., Limited.
PHONE 929.

Hamilton's Ale and Porter
are not excelled. They have been made for years, and have become superior to all others. Try from your dealer.

Kent Brewery, LONDON, ONT.

Slow Running
Your watch runs slow—keeps you late when you think you're early. Costs you money to let this state of things continue. Bring your watch to our expert watchmaker and have it fixed up. Costs little.

\$15,000.00
Surplus for 1904,
Making Our Reserve Fund
\$315,000.00

The Canadian Savings and Loan Co.
M. H. Rowland, Manager,
420, 422 Richmond Street.

HAD A MERRY TIME.
Grade VIII scholars, principal and teachers of St. George's school, had a very pleasant sleighride last evening, and at its conclusion, Principal Wyatt was the guest of honor at a very tasty luncheon in a downtown restaurant. The pupils were ever so happy to have with them, their principal, their former popular teacher, who was a most competent and pleasing chaperon.

DEATH OF HENRY LAW.
The death occurred at Victoria Hospital yesterday morning of Henry Law, who for many years had been an employee of the institution. He was aged about 55 years of age, and had been ill about a year, death resulting from tuberculosis. He was an Englishman by birth, but was very reticent, and little was known of him. It is understood he has a wife in England, for many years he had performed odd chores around the hospital, and he was well thought of by the management. The funeral will be held on Monday morning at 10 o'clock at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Mr. Law was a Baptist, and a clergyman of that denomination, will officiate.

EX-PROFESSOR SYMPATHY.
The following has been barred in for publication: "The Ontario News," Aug. 27. At a meeting of the directors of the Ontario Hall of Music and Central Conservatory of Music, a resolution of condolence in regard to the death of George, was unanimously passed. We can understand how great the loss must be to you, for we also, his professional co-workers, who have always esteemed him, both as a man and a musician, feel his early demise most keenly. We extend to you, for your own sake, our sincerest sympathy. Signed in behalf of the board of directors, St. J. Hynterbach, W. A. Bleuthner, R. Poock.

PRESENTATION TO ORGANIST.
The organist of St. John's Church, London, presented with a testimonial of five days ago waited upon at the residence of her father, Mr. R. A. Powell, by a large deputation of the congregation of London, which included a testimonial. It was a mark of appreciation for the valuable service rendered, gratuitously by Miss Powell for some time in her capacity as church organist. The testimonial took the form of a handsome oak china cabinet. A complimentary address was read by Archdeacon Richardson, expressing to Miss Powell the high esteem in which she is held by the members of the congregation. Miss Powell was taken by surprise. In a few words she expressed her thanks, after which lunch was served by the ladies, games and musical selections followed, and the company spent an enjoyable time. The gathering dispersed at a seasonable hour, after the singing of the National Anthem.

TRACY A GOOD ENGINEER.
The Vancouver World has the following in regard to the resignation of Col. Tracy, city engineer of Vancouver, formerly of London, which has been demanded by the council of that place: "It is stated that the resignations are to be asked of the city clerk, the city solicitor and the city engineer. Just what foundation there is for the report remains to be seen, but, as regards Col. Tracy, we should like to refer to some of the good taken. We consider him to be a good man in the position of the city engineer, and we fail to see any cause for his resignation should be demanded. On the other hand we find many reasons why he should be retained in office. If he were to be demanded, and his resignation should be refused, then Col. Tracy is entitled to continue to occupy the position he now holds. If the city council desires to overlook these and wants to commit an injustice, then it will seek a new city engineer."

STRAIGHT LEGS.
If yours are not so, they will appear straight and trim as you wear our pneumatic or Cushion-Rubber Forms. Adjusted instantly, impossible to detect, easy as a garment. Highly recommended by army and navy officers, actors, tailors, physicians and men of fashion. Write for illustrated book and testimonials mailed free upon plain seal.

THE ALISON CO., Dept. 31, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sherlock Manning Organs

Are guaranteed by the manufacturers to be of the best quality and highest grade.
Inspect them and you will be convinced.
Our prices will interest you.
Our terms are easy.

W. McPHILLIPS
189 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.
Latest Edison Records all in stock.

Board Submits Estimates at Regular Meeting—Resignation of Mr. Purdon.

Estimates for the year were received at the regular meeting of the hospital trust, held yesterday, in the mayor's office at the city hall. The list provides for quite a number of improvements, some of which were struck out last year because the council did not feel disposed to grant the trust the amount of money asked. As a result the expense comes upon this year's council the estimates being nearly \$24,000, or about \$3,750 in excess of those of last year. The total expenditures for the year were estimated at \$48,270, as against \$44,520 in 1904. All of the improvements which are asked for are reported to be quite necessary.

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THE ALISON CO., Dept. 31, Buffalo, N. Y.

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The bulk of the increase in the financial estimate comes under the heading of extraordinary expenditure, and the largest item presented is for the installing of standpipes for fire hose in the private wards which will cost \$250. The sum of \$200 is to be used for the leveling and beautifying of the grounds of the new Nurses' Home. The repairing of several skylights is estimated to cost \$165, and a new crematorium will be figured at the board the sum of \$175. A call bell system is also to be installed at a cost of about \$45. It is also intended to erect a sign with the words "Victoria Hospital" on the front of the building, at a cost of \$50. In the ordinary expenditures for general maintenance there are also several marked increases. The most noticeable one is for meats. Last year the bill totaled \$2,996, while this year it is estimated that \$3,200 will be required this year. The cost of butter will also be greater, according to the board's committee. The board also has in mind to also cost more, and in place of \$80, as in 1904, it is estimated that \$100 will be required. For the insurance bill for the ensuing year will be almost double that of last year, because of three-year premiums falling due. Also, as a result of the erection of the Nurses' Home, the board paid \$363 75 last year, while this year it will need \$650 to pay the premiums. The receipts for the year are as follows: Government grant, \$3,607 91; interest, \$341 93; from paying patients, \$19,000; from donations, \$1,500; leaving \$23,551 to be derived from the city, as against \$20,000 a year ago.

The resignation of Mr. F. H. Purdon, who has been the well-known Government representative on the trust since its institution, was announced. During his absence, Dr. Family and Messrs. Grant and MacAndrew spoke briefly. Mr. Hamilton announced and heartily applauded that the decision had been rendered to the trustees, Miss Somerville and Mr.

FIVE GENERATION.



On the left of the group is Mrs. Grace Edwards, who has attained the age of 90 years, and is still enjoying comparatively good health at her home in Holworthy, Devonshire, England. The group is her son, Mr. Philip Edwards, aged 67, of Oxford street, city, the other members being Mrs. R. Robertson, of Pall Mall street, daughter of Mr. Edwards; her son, Mr. James P. Robertson, of Battle Creek, Mich., and grandson, Richard Verne Robertson.

MAY BE WINDSOR'S NEW FIRE CHIEF FOR BENEFIT OF HOCKEY CLUB

William A. Howard, Formerly of This City, Is Likely To Be Appointed.

The Detroit News says there is a strong probability that Mr. William A. Howard, formerly of the London fire department, will be appointed chief of the fire brigade of Windsor. It appears that there has been a great deal of discussion amongst the fire-fighters of the border town, and the city council has determined to appoint an outsider to the chief command of the men.

A Successful Concert Given at the Collegiate Institute Yesterday.

A large number of the students of the Collegiate Institute and their friends gathered in the large upper assembly hall yesterday afternoon for the purpose of raising funds for the hockey team. This object was successfully attained, and in addition, those who were in attendance enjoyed an excellent musical programme, and one that did credit to the efforts of those who were in charge. Several well-known artists gave their services and the pupils themselves produced some good talent. Vice-Principal Little had the chair, and opened the programme with a happy speech, explaining the object of the concert and characterizing it as a laudable one.

Among the vocalists was Mr. Cosby James, whose fine baritone voice delighted the audience in "Heroes and Gentlemen." As an encore he gave "The Girl's Good-Night." Miss Mabel Scarlett rendered "The Rose" and "The River," very artistically, and on being encored, she sang "The Rose" again. Some bunch of chrysanthemums. She also contributed "I Love You." Enjoyable readings were given by the Misses Wilson and Anderson. The former recited a juvenile escapade of a very amusing character, and the latter "The Daring Society." Mr. A. D. Jordan played the accompaniments to the foregoing vocal numbers.

Among the pupils who contributed to the programme were: Mr. Kenneth McLean, solo; the Golden Gate Quartet, consisting of Messrs. McLean, Reed, Moffat and Harding, in some enjoyable choruses; Messrs. McLean and Moffat, "The Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond"; Miss Westman, violin solo; Messrs. Leer and Poock, mandolin duet; Chester Smith, piano solo, "March Militaire" (Schubert), Edgar Shuttleworth, violin solo; E. Jeffries, violin solo, including the intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana." All these numbers were heartily applauded.

At the close, the president of the hockey team, Harold Little, tendered a hearty vote of thanks to the ladies and gentlemen who had given their services for the occasion. The speaker also referred to the season's record of the hockey team, giving some praise for its pluck and sportsmanship. During his absence, Dr. Family and Ross and was enthusiastically carried. The singing of the National Anthem brought the concert to a close.

A BAD BRUISE.

Often causes a good deal of trouble. The best cure is a prompt application of Nervilleine, which instantly stops the pain, prevents swelling, removes all heat of an elephant. Goods forwarded with the speed of a cannon ball. Our silks and satins are as soft as the cheeks of a rainbow. Our parcels are packed with as much care as a young married woman takes of her husband.

Houston's Star and Bon-Ton Liveries

An apparatus called the telegraphograph, which telegraphs and records in print messages over ordinary telephone lines, without interfering with the telephone, is said to have been invented by Signor Meotti, an Italian electrician.

Carriages for balls, parties, theaters or funerals. Houston's Liveries.

FILE! FILE!

The T. E. MARA CO.'S

..BIG..
FIRE SALE
Will Open Saturday at 9 a.m.
134 Dundas Street.
Next to Sreaton's. Opposite Market Lane.

CANADA BETTER OFF AS COLONY

The Question of Independence Debated by the Western University Students.

The first of the class debates for 1905 was held in Dr. Tamblin's lecture room at the Western University on Thursday morning. The subject for discussion was "Resolved that Canada would be better off as an independent nation, than in her present position, as a British colony." The debate was first-class in every way, and the speakers showing a good grasp of the question, and the large number of authorities quoted for and against certain arguments being a credit to the preparation had been made. The debate was opened by Miss Harrison, leader of the affirmative, who spoke almost without notes and with a considerable vim. She opened by showing the influence upon national life in being under the guardianship of another power. British would naturally look out for her own interests, those of the colony being placed second. There was nothing in it corresponding to the revolution which separated the American colonies. Continuing, the speaker pointed out the gain which would come from an entire government by Canadians, directly in touch with all home questions. Canadians were prominent in the meetings of colonial delegates and in the celebration. As an independent nation better commercial relations could be secured. Canada, too, would gain by having treaty-making power. At present her commercial relations were influenced and must be influenced by favored-nation treaties, etc., of Britain. With independence and a really more increase of responsibility, an increase of trade, Canada had the territory to maintain an immense population, a territory that industry would have a growth corresponding to that of the United States.

SMALL LUMBER EXPORTS

Lumbermen's Organ Says Last Year Was Poor One for Them.

Toronto, Feb. 10. — The Canadian lumber industry did not have a prosperous year in 1904, according to the annual review contained in February number of the Canadian Lumberman. This authority says: "Uncertainty characterized the lumber trade of Canada during the year 1904. Confidence was lacking, and the result was a strong inclination towards conservatism. The two most important influences were the commercial depression in Great Britain, which was severe in lumber than in any other commodities, and the presidential election in the United States. The trade of the year shows a considerable decline, the shipments from Montreal and other St. Lawrence points being 12,000,000 feet less than in 1903. Brunswick is responsible for a falling off of 30,000,000 feet, and British Columbia for approximately 20,000,000 feet."

The death is announced at Samarkand, Turkistan, of the Mullah Mahomed Razoukoff — the last in the world. There is said to have been ample proof that he was born in 1762. He had been held for 70 years. For 90 years he had taken no nourishment, except koumiss, but he was always an inveterate smoker.

The French Government employs 17-18 million people in its state factories. Fifteen thousand seven hundred of these are women. There are also 714 directors, foremen and overseers.

A FELLOW FEELING

Why She Felt Lientard Towards the Drunkard.

A great deal depends on the point of view. A good temperance woman was led, in a very peculiar way, to revise her somewhat harsh judgment of the poor devil who cannot resist his cups and she is now the more charitable. She writes:

"For many years I was a great sufferer from asthma. Finally my health got so poor that I found I could not lie down, but walked the floor whilst others slept. I got so nervous I could not rest anywhere.

"Specialists told me I must give up the use of coffee—the main thing that always brought on my fits. I consulted our family physician, and he, being a coffee fiend himself, told me to pay no attention to their advice. Coffee had such a charm for me that in passing a restaurant and getting a whiff of the fragrance I could not resist a cup. I felt very lenient towards the drunkard who could not pass the saloon. Friends often urged me to try Postum, but I turned a deaf ear, saying 'That may do for people to whom coffee is harmful, but not for me—coffee and I will never part.'

"At last, however, I bought a package of Postum, although I was sure I could not drink it. I prepared it as directed, and served it for breakfast. Well, bitter as I was against it, I must say that never before had I tasted a more delicious cup of coffee. From that day on this coffee gave me some relief. I consulted our family physician, and he, being a coffee fiend himself, told me to pay no attention to their advice. Coffee had such a charm for me that in passing a restaurant and getting a whiff of the fragrance I could not resist a cup. I felt very lenient towards the drunkard who could not pass the saloon. Friends often urged me to try Postum, but I turned a deaf ear, saying 'That may do for people to whom coffee is harmful, but not for me—coffee and I will never part.'

"One day I handed my physician the table which had prescribed for me, telling him I was sure it was no use for them. He stayed for dinner. When I passed him his coffee cup he remarked 'I am glad to see you are so sensible enough not to let yourself be persuaded that coffee was harmful. This is the best cup of coffee I ever drank,' he continued, 'the trouble is so few people know how to make good coffee.' When he got his second cup I told him I was drinking Postum. He was incredulous, saying 'of Postum and now he uses nothing but Postum in his home and has great improved in health.' Name given by me to see how he would react. I took in each package for the famous de book 'The Road to Wellville.'

The Underground Route For Russian Refugees

Hundreds of Thousands Escaping Military Service of the Czar Making Their Way to Western Europe, England and America—Immense Exodus of Russian Jews.

Vienna, Jan. 26.—Thousands of Russian citizens are fleeing from their country to escape being drafted into the war in the Far East. The cities of every neighboring European state are full of them—Jews and Gentiles. The Russian secret police are at work everywhere, spying them out and making lists of names which will be useful later in identifying the refugees on their return. Few of them will go back, however, unless a general amnesty is declared. The penalty is heavy. It means arrest, imprisonment and probably enforced military service in the Far North-east.

There are at least 2,000 recently-arrived Russians now in the single city of Vienna. These are all able-bodied men, young in middle-aged, members of Russia's military reserve corps, and are counted, on paper, at least, as among those who are to keep up the war until Japan has been worn to the point of compromise, or even defeat. Even in time of peace no Russian is supposed to leave his country, and having performed the military service required of every citizen on reaching his 21st year, in time of war, as at present, restrictions are reduced, and notwithstanding the Czar's proclamation to the effect that those with others dependent upon them for support should be spared, every able-bodied man is being seized upon by the authorities and impressed among the troops being hurried to the front at the rate of several thousand each day.

Tales of terrible suffering from cold and hunger, to say nothing of brutal treatment, have already been brought back to every village in Western Russia, and the bond of patriotism which holds the Russian loyal to his Government is not strong enough to bear the strain, and many of them prefer to sever the slight ties which bind them to their native land and flee to safety in some foreign country. If the Russian army has lost 100,000 men through the operations of the war in the east, this is but a partial means of the ground which has been made upon Russia's military strength by the war. The natural emigration from Russia reaches nearly 1,000,000 annually, and to this number must be added several hundred thousand more who have been driven forth during the past twelve months through oppression and fear of compulsory military service.

In ordinary times this movement of population is largely confined to certain recognized channels, and each year, Empire-wide, overflowing at every point along its western and southern borders, where escape can be more easily effected, and through the natural gates of travel. Of the 870,000 Russians who reached their twenty-first year during the twelve months before the beginning of the war, only 220,000 were drafted to meet the needs of active service, and the remainder were enrolled in the optional militia, which gives Russia a paper strength of 4,500,000 men available for war, as compared with her peace organization of about one million in the regular army.

This strength is purely theoretical, and is shown by the difficulties in raising regiments with the rapidity desired. It is not alone the poor and low-spirited who are leaving Russia by the western routes. The men who have come to Vienna are a good-looking lot, well-clothed, and apparently most of them are well-supplied with money. Some of them expect to stay in Europe, others expect to return to Russia after the war is over, and thousands of them are preparing to go, or are actually en route, to the United States. The Russian system of securing a passport is the most complicated in the world, and because of this fact the business of passing is a recognized and recognized calling. If a broker is employed—and it is generally necessary to employ one—an extra charge is involved for his services, the cheapest possible price at which a Russian passport can be secured is \$15, and only those issued under the most favorable circumstances cost less than twice that amount. It can be imagined that a very small percentage of those who do not return to Russia, or who trouble themselves to secure passports unless they are leaving by a route, such as a Russian seaport, where they will not be permitted to embark without the requisite paper.

Underground Methods. There is an irregular traffic in permits to leave, which, unless the applicant is in a very great hurry to get away and the minor officials are aware that they have him at their mercy, costs only about half as much. The people inhabiting the villages and towns on the frontier are entitled to what is known as a "green" pass, an expense. This is a pass which enables the holder to come and go across the frontier through the police lines in the conduct of their regular business. When an emigrant arrives at the frontier he can get one of these passes for a consideration, which will enable him to cross. After he has made his escape the pass is sent back to its owner either by mail or through the friendly offices of some one returning to Russia.

CHINA'S ADVISER

London Hears Japs Will Run Things at Peking After the War.

London, Feb. 11.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio claims the best authority for the statement that Japan intends, after the war, to establish herself in Peking as China's principal adviser. The correspondent adds that the warship which Japan is reported to have purchased is said to be the Chilian battleship Capitan Prat. The negotiations, it is added, were conducted through an American firm. Orders for four battleships have been placed in England, and also contracts for gunboats to the value of \$2,500,000. The same correspondent asserts that the Japanese ambition now undoubtedly is to invade a small portion of actual Russian territory, and an active siege of Vladivostok therefore is expected soon.

ONTARIO ALLIANCE AFTER WHITNEY

Convention To Be Held Feb. 23, and Delegation Sent to the Premier.

Toronto, Feb. 10.—At a meeting this afternoon of the executive of the Ontario Alliance, it was decided to call a convention of the friends of the temperance cause to be held on Feb. 23 in this city. At this convention the president of the Ontario Alliance, Mr. J. C. O'Rourke, will be the chief speaker, and it is probable that a delegation will be instructed to wait on Premier Whitney. It is stated that there will be nothing but a dry and arid convention, but that the whole subject will be discussed in the most friendly and unassuming manner. The conclusion arrived at as to what action it is best to pursue in view of the result of the last election, with which the temperance people consider they had no small part.

MINTZ NU DAVID HARUM

He Trades "Useless" and Gets a Wooden Hobby Horse.

New York, Feb. 11.—When Max Mintz, of Morristown, N. J., goes into a horse trade again it will not be of the usual kind. He has just sold a horse and he has only a wooden hobby horse to show for the trade. Max Mintz, the man who has been in the news lately when he met John Braisted, a hackman, and proposed a horse trade. Neither horse was in view. Braisted said his horse was in London, and he was in his stall eating oats. After some parley an agreement was reached. Each was to get a horse and take it to the other's stable. Max was filled with joy as he started out with his spavined wind-broken cripple. When he returned to his home he saw the wooden hobby horse he thought it was a joke and waited for the real animal to arrive. Later he complained to the police who laughed at him, and have made no arrest.

VICTIM OF FREAK CULT

Girl Losing Mind Studying It Sets Fire to Self.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—"Freak" religion has claimed another victim. Believing that the millennium was near, and that she had received a divine call to offer herself as a sacrifice, Miss Frances Wakley, 6309 Lowe avenue, yesterday morning poured oil over her clothing, placed herself on a bed as if lying on a cross, and set herself on fire. "No, no," she cried, "I am a sacrifice. I am coming and I want to be ready to receive him. Don't stop me. I was asked to do this during the night and you are sinning not to allow me to die."

Her prayer was answered, and the call, which in her disordered brain she had heard for the sacrifice of her life, resulted in a self-inflicted death. About death at the Englewood Union Hospital.

Miss Wakley was 23 years of age. The act which she committed was the result of days of fasting and brooding. She was the victim of a new "religion," which she had made its appearance in Englewood.

Since Saturday the only food the young woman had eaten was a little rice. On Tuesday she was taken to the other residents of the house by her strange behavior. She claimed she had dropped from a cloud and was called upon to save the world.

Yesterday morning she locked herself in her room soon after breakfast. Mrs. H. M. Kelly, who lives in the house, her aged mother boarded, watched her room and an hour later heard a scream rising through the house.

"Oh, mother! Mrs. Kelly!" Mrs. Kelly rushed to Miss Wakley's room. The mother is partly paralyzed and could not go. In the room the girl was found lying across the bed. About one of torn papers of her cell.

It is not known whether the girl was insane or not. The doctor who attended her in quills and carried her into the hall. A neighbor turned in an alarm of fire, as the flames had spread to the carpet and woodwork of the room. The department quickly extinguished the blaze, and the girl, still conscious, was taken to the hospital.

Miss Wakley attended the University of Chicago for a time four years ago. For some time she had supported her invalid mother by needlework done for Englewood households.

The sect of which she had been a member for four months meets every Sunday evening. It teaches that the millennium is close at hand. Miss Wakley was led into the society, which is said to have a good membership, by Mrs. Davis, who lives on La Salle street, near Sixty-second. This woman could not be found last night. The girl often sat up all night reading her Bible.

PATROLS CLASH ALONG THE HUN

Little Prospect of General Engagement in Manchuria.

General Oku's Headquarters, Feb. 10.—Nooon.—Via Fusan. A large Russian force remains on the right bank of the Hun River, but it shows no disposition to attack. There have been frequent clashes between patrols, but without serious results. The Russians bombard daily, but the Japanese suffer no damage. Every day three or four Russians surrender. There is no prospect of a general engagement. The weather continues very cold.

MORE WARSHIPS FOR RUSSIANS

Paris Journal Says Seven Cruisers, Which Belonged to Argentine, Have Joined Baltic Fleet.

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THIRTEEN WIVES HAD MR. HOCH

Confesses to the Unlucky Number, but Claims He Did No Murdering.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Johann Hoch today, for the first time, heard himself accused by witnesses and pointed out to a jury as a bigamist, while the man of Mrs. Welcker-Hoch's death was described. Before entering the jury room Hoch confessed, the police say, to having married thirteen of the 39 women who claim him as husband, but denies he poisoned any. All along the route to the criminal court buildings crowds were waiting, but all they saw was a covered patrol wagon. The grand jury room, where the inquest was held, was filled with witnesses, officials and newspaper men when Hoch arrived. Mrs. Emilie Fischer-Hoch, his latest spouse; Mrs. Bertha Sohn, Mrs. Emma Henkel, one of Hoch's "wives"; Mrs. Delfuego, an interpreter, and Mrs. Klippel, a friend of Mrs. Fischer-Hoch, were the only women in the room. The inquest Hoch sat at the head of a long table. He sat in a dejected attitude with eyes downcast, rarely looking up.

CHASED HIM ON ENGINE

The Sheriff Found Locomotive With Steam Up and Gave Chase.

Peekskill, Feb. 11.—For two miles Chase, N. Y., today, a locomotive, chased a murderer who fled up the railroad tracks to settlements at Highlands. During the pursuit the fugitive was in sight, but he saw the pursuers and escaped into the woods. Pemezzo made a statement before he died, in which he was that he had thrown a snowball at his assailant. He said Charles Salvatore Dalia had committed the deed. Chief Seabury traced the murderer to the railroad tracks, found a locomotive with steam up and ordered the engineer to go at top speed up the tracks. They came in sight of Dalia a mile from Peekskill. An arrow was dashed into the woods. Chief Seabury persists to find him in the settlements at Highlands or Garetson's.

PRINCE SEEN AGAIN

Rudolph, Officially a Suicide, Turns Up This Time in Boston.

Boston, Feb. 11.—Arians who are now residents of Boston declare they have seen within two weeks Rudolph, Crown Prince of Austria, who was said to have committed suicide sixteen years ago. An affidavit to the effect was today sworn to by Eugene Murliaty, Antoni Stanich and George Murliaty, all members of Rudolph's family. They assert there can be no question of their recognition, and that they have seen the prince, and one of the men saw on the prince's neck a scar with which he was familiar. Rudolph was said to have shot himself beside the body of Marie Victoria, with whom he had an affair in his shooting lodge near Baden. The woman died of her wounds. The reported suicide was a mystery, and the alleged burial was private. The soldiers refuse to say what Rudolph is doing.

NEW LOVE SCRAPE

Ex-Crown Princess Louise Fixed Up in Fresh Scandal.

Vienna, Feb. 11.—Ex-Crown Princess Louise of Saxony's affairs have entered a new scandalous phase. The Saxon King's sister, Princess Matilda, who has been on a sharp lookout for her mother's return, has ascertained that for three months the ex-princess had been concerned in a serious love affair in Florence with Count Guicciardini, who accompanied her when she undertook her Christmas trip to Dresden. A leading Saxon lawyer, Dr. Koerner, has been sent by the King from Dresden to Florence to ascertain all the facts and eventually bring home Princess Anna Monika, the child born to Louise after she eloped, who is no longer trusted to her mother's care. Louise's love poems were published this week in Germany, with her portrait.

WHITNEY'S VOTE TOTALED 34,055

Complete Official Returns of Elections Showing How the Parties Stand.

Toronto, Feb. 10.—Thirty-four thousand and fifty-five is the popular majority of the Whitney Government in the election held in Ontario on Jan. 25. Complete official returns have now been received from all constituencies in the Province, and show this result: Members elected—Conservatives, 67; Liberals, 31; Conservative majority in the Assembly, 36. Total Conservative votes, 238,713; Liberals, 204,658; Independent, 2,536; Conservative plurality over Liberals, 34,055; and over Liberals and Independent combined, 3,139. In Dufferin both candidates were Conservative so their vote is added together and placed under the Conservative column, while the same is done with the vote cast for Murphy and Ross, which is added together and placed in the Conservative column.

COLLIERS FEAR JAPS

German Ships Will Not Follow the Baltic Fleet to Far East.

Port Louis, Mauritius, Feb. 10.—Arrivals from Nossi Be (off the coast of Madagascar) report that the Russian second Pacific squadron was still there on Feb. 2. A dispute had arisen between Vice-Admiral Rojstvensky and the German companies, which are coaling the fleet. The admiral, who is well supplied with coal, wishes the colliers to follow the fleet, but they refuse to do so on account of too close proximity of the Japanese squadron. The Russian ships will not leave Nossi Be before Feb. 28. They are getting little news from St. Petersburg, and the admiral is disappointed, owing to the fall of Port Arthur.

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Confesses to the Unlucky Number, but Claims He Did No Murdering.

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Czar's Troops at Lodz Volley Into the Crowds

High School Students Defy Trepoff and Parade Streets of St. Petersburg Demanding Justice for the Workingmen—Authorities Prepare for Rioting Sunday.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—The Pull-off strikers are quiet. The police continue to allow them to gather in groups in the streets. They also hold meetings in the fields. The whole district is constantly patrolled by horse guards and Cossacks. Reserves are held ready near the Narva and Moscow gates to prevent the strikers from entering the city in a body. A few thousand strikers evaded the troops and marched through side streets towards the Nyborg quarter in order to induce the men in the factories there to come out, but troops barred the way and dispersed the crowd.

The strikers are greatly incensed against Manager Smirnov of the Pull-off iron works. According to reports, cutting down wages, Mr. Smirnov's residence inside the works is strongly guarded, a company of the Preobrazhensky regiment, a hundred police being on duty there.

Fight at Lodz. Lodz, Russian Poland, Feb. 10.—A conflict between troops and strikers took place here this evening. According to one report strikers fired on a detachment of soldiers from windows and the latter then fired a volley into the crowd in the streets of Lodz. The report says one striker was killed and four wounded. Other persistent reports estimate the number of killed at twenty and say that 50 were wounded.

A Facer for Trepoff. St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—9:04 p.m.—About 1,500 students proceeded this afternoon to the Nevsky Prospect and made a demonstration. During the morning M. Izvol'sky, curator of the St. Petersburg High School and University, conferred with the students on the question of opening the educational establishments Feb. 25, in accordance with the request of Governor-General Trepoff. The students replied that they would return to their studies when labor reforms were introduced and freedom of the press was restored. The interference of the police was assured.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10, 11 p.m.—St. Petersburg again is face to face with a renewal of labor uprisings. The immediate incentive being the failure of the workmen to secure payment for the time they were out on strike, added to the fact that there has been no adjustment of the demands which had to be made. During the strike, the Pull-off iron works, where the former strike originated is playing the principal role. There are 30,000 workmen already out with their families. The workmen at the torpedo factory in Kolpino, 18 miles distant, also have joined the strikers. There is a strong prospect of the movement extending. Only energetic measures by the troops and police prevented the resumption of the former work. The strikers are marching from factory to factory and inducing or compelling employees to lay down their tools. Thus far there has been no disorder in St. Petersburg, and the authorities appear to have the situation well in hand in this respect, and it is generally believed that such prescailing have been taken as will preclude the repetition of the scene of bloodshed of Jan. 22. However, circumstances reports that the revolutionary element is about to join with the strikers and resort to bomb throwing as causing grave apprehensions. The workmen today held several meetings in open fields, and big assemblages are scheduled for tomorrow. Sunday will be the crucial time. The position of the workmen is distinctly weaker than it was three weeks ago, for they are without money, while the authorities are not prepared to take the risk of under-estimating the gravity of the movement or neglecting precautions. Father Gopov's organization still exists, but secretly, and it is less effective. On the other hand, the employers realize the importance of a settlement of the strike, and have allowed weeks to pass without deciding on combined action. A few have made concessions, but the majority have refused, claiming that to allow the demands of the workmen would mean bankruptcy for the employers, and have resigned themselves to the care of the Government. They appear to think the Government is trying to make them shoulder the onus of settling a political difficulty, and have appointed a committee to draw up a memorial to Finance Minister Kokovtsov, setting forth the position that the Government's persistent efforts to conciliate the men has not borne the expected fruit, and that the anger caused by the events of Jan. 22 has been augmented by the delay in settling their grievances. Reports from many factories show that the hands are ripe for trouble and liable to strike.

Dread of Humiliation Bars the Way to Peace

Berlin, Feb. 10.—The attitude of the Russian Emperor toward peace rests upon considerations of such delicacy that predictions of what he may or may not do are regarded by this court as not worth while making. One reality of the situation is that the Russian Government wants no mediation or even counsel from abroad, and that peace suggestions from without are resented to such an extent that they are an influence against peace. Therefore, Germany has not, and the Associated Press is informed, will not make any attempt to bring the Russian court in. The feeling at the Russian court is that peace is desirable, even at the immense sacrifices, but how to arrive at it without intolerable humiliation is a question likely to remain unsolved for an indefinite term.

THE WELSH REVIVAL OLD LONDON PASSING

Good Results Expected After the Hysteria Has Passed Off. Many and Beautiful Improvements for the British Metropolis.

London, Feb. 10.—The hold which the religious revival is having upon the people of Wales is being recognized by our politicians. This was strikingly illustrated this week when Mr. Lloyd George, M. P., with Mr. Henry Broadhurst, M. P., went to address his constituents and found they had to address a revival meeting instead. Mr. Lloyd George probably struck the right note when he said that social reformers should have the movement which is forcing young men to take more serious views of their duty in life, and to abandon drink and gambling and demoralizing sports. When the unhealthy excitement and religious hysteria are forgotten, there will probably remain an influence which will have far-reaching effects upon the social and political character of the Welsh people. The Archdeacon of London, who, like the Primate, is a very hard-headed Scot, has this week expressed the view that the revival is not likely to spread to London among the working classes. The Alexander and Torry mission, which opens shortly in the Albert Hall, Elywhere, old London is disappearing out of one of the latest, ambitious schemes is that of running an embankment on the south side of the Thames. It is a great scheme, a new bridge between Charing Cross and Waterloo, and building, as the superstructure of the bridge, a great council hall for the City. C. C. This scheme will be a repetition of that which was common in London in ancient times, when the bridge was the first London Bridge, were surrounded with houses. The L. C. C. adopts this daring scheme, it would run an electric tramway along the bridge and under the buildings. The effect of such a pile would be a picturesque, and the site would be an economical one.

Head Torn Off. Montreal, Feb. 10.—Amadeo Daunis, 29 years old, employed by the C. P. R. at the shops, suffered the terrible fate today of having his head torn off by a steam crane. The young man in some way got entangled in the machinery and before the horrified onlookers could stop the machinery the headless body fell to the ground. Andrew Cullen Dead. Montreal, Que., Feb. 10.—The death is announced of Andrew Cullen, chief of the Montreal detective department. The late Mr. Cullen was born in 1836 in Ireland. It was largely on his evidence that Whelan, the murderer of D'Arcy McGee, was hanged.

WHEN PETER HELPED.

"Well!" exclaimed Rita. "You've come at last!" The young man standing at the side door lifted his hat doubtfully. "They said at the agency they would send you up by 9 o'clock, and here it is almost 12. Dinner must be ready promptly, because we must be in time for the first act at the theatre. Now, for pity's sake do hurry to make up for the lost time!"

The young man smiled amiably, and stepped into the hall. "I will do my best," he said, "if you will tell me where to begin." He looked eagerly at the slim little figure in the trim blue and white gingham gown, and the big, enveloping white apron with the be-ruffled bib. The delicately-featured young face was flushed with exertion, anxiety—or both.

"Oh, there is so much I hardly know where to tell you to begin," she was saying, her hands with a wild little gesture of bewilderment. "There's wood and coal to be brought in first, and that kitchen stove must be made to work. And you'll have to help me with the dinner, I know, as he would have spoken, 'I didn't stipulate you'd be obliged to do domestic work when I told them to send me a man of all work, but—' breaking down in helpless laughter, 'if you're really that you won't mind—and I'll be glad to have you leave your hat and overcoat here. You won't have time to get on your working clothes.' She glanced at the man's traveling bag, and said, 'I'll give you one of Selma's aprons when you get the fire started. Oh, dear! That she should have left at such a time! Come this way!'

She whisked away to the kitchen regions, the newcomer striding after. "Can you make that fire burn?" she demanded desperately, she flung out two little smudged and blackened hands. "I've tried—! I've tried—! We'll have a roaring fire in no time, the man cried cheerily. He had removed his coat and tied the big blue apron around him. "I've made lots of fires when I had to," he ended lamely. "It was no end of a lark!" he declared emphatically.

Then the host appearing, was told the story, and insisted on coaxing the new hired man when the Burgundy came around. "The most delightful dinner of my life!" he vowed. "Tremaine! Tremaine! when he put Rita's opera cloak around her after the play. 'May I come to work with you?' she asked. 'I'll be glad to have you help me with the housework, Miss Rita.' Before the look he bent upon her, the girl's eyes dropped in sweet content. "Yes—come!" she said.

man is coming in to wait on table, and she will attend—oh, here she is!" The door opened to admit a brisk individual. Miss Carlton gave her concise instructions about what still remained to be done. "And you won't forget to open the system, Peter," she cried, as she ran up the backstairs. But when later she descended to superintend the final details of the dinner, Peter had vanished. "Gone!" she exclaimed, coming back from the hall. "Gone—bag and baggage! Why, what in— Come into the kitchen, and look at the back door."

"Sure, they did send me up from the agency," announced the shock-headed individual, standing cap in hand on the threshold. "My name is Peter Malloy, and I couldn't come any sooner." Miss Carlton sat down wearily. "Then who my order— heaven— was he?" she gasped. "Precisely at five minutes before the appointed hour, Mrs. Miller, blonde, plump, gracious, smiling, opened the door to her expected guest. And, rustling into the cosy parlors she presented the handsome stranger in evening attire who followed her to the charming young lady who turned graciously from the growing hearth. "Rita, this is Dr. Lawrence Tremaine, of whom—why—what—"

"I have had the pleasure of meeting Miss Carlton before—and have been awaiting the moment when I would meet you again!" Dr. Tremaine declared, bowing. "But Rita, standing motionless, stared at him with great, shining eyes, and cheeks grown suddenly scarlet. "Oh," she said in a horrified whisper, "and I made you build the fire!" "Rita!" shrieked Mrs. Miller. "You— you never!"

"I did," she confessed desperately. "I came in with Peter, and he told me to build the fire. Tremaine, when he put Rita's opera cloak around her after the play. 'May I come to work with you?' she asked. 'I'll be glad to have you help me with the housework, Miss Rita.' Before the look he bent upon her, the girl's eyes dropped in sweet content. "Yes—come!" she said.

"Speed of a Rattlesnake." In this wide world there are several things that are swifter than a rattlesnake, writes A. W. Rolker, in Pearson's, but they can probably be counted on the fingers of one hand. One of these things is a bullet, whereby hangs the explanation why it is easy to shoot the head off a rattler, although a bullet along the fat, seven-foot line between the neck of the reptile and the tip of its tail. It has long been regarded as a curious coincidence that even the man not famed for accuracy has had no trouble in hitting a rattlesnake with a diamond-back. In the diamond-back country only one explanation is offered for this: "It is the snake and not the man that does the aiming."

"No Pockets in a Shroud." Stephen B. Roath, a wealthy octogenarian of Norwich (Conn.), has just distributed a second \$1,000,000 among his relatives. He adopts this course to "avoid any contest over his will after he is dead." This plan has some obvious advantages. The money goes where its maker and owner desires it to go, without dispute, without depletion by lawyers' fees—and incidentally without the payment of an inheritance tax. The River is alive to receive the gratitude of his beneficiaries and to enjoy the satisfaction of seeing them happy. "This is one side. The other presents the pain of consciously 'letting go' of great riches, toilsomely acquired. The reverse of fame, the head of the creature to increase with age. A man must have great faith and a truly generous heart to receive the gift of a million dollars. It is not to be taken to him at dinner at a hotel. She asked him to come early so they might have a long visit together. Indeed, I should not wonder, if glancing nervously at the clock, 'if he were to come any time now. There!' The mice pieces were slipped into the large oven beside the hissing range. 'Everything is going beautifully. I can run upstairs and change my dress before it is time to make the salad. A wo-

FACTORY LIFE PHASES OF FUN

ALTOGETHER AN ERROR TO THINK THAT THE LIFE IS ONE OF GLOOMINESS.



ONE WAY OF LOOKING AT IT. "Here, Chuck it, Mister; You're Spooling the Ice!"—The Sketch.

Crisis In Russia One Step Closer to Liberty.

By Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, Pastor Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

If any man would be king over you, let him become your servant. These are God's images whom the noble has marred, debased, and brutalized and turned into demons. It is a pitiful story. What will happen? When Paris lies miserably asked for bread, the noble answered: "Eat grass, you dog!" That night they tore his head from his shoulders. The starving woman put her head on a spike and it fit in front of his house. They pulled a handful of grass from the ground, and, prying his jaws open, stuck it between his teeth and they screamed: "Tonight Foulon eats grass!"

Then they said: "There is no hope. Neither the king nor the nobles will serve or help us. First, they chopped off the heads of Louis and Marie Antoinette. Then they set about the task of slaying the 30,000 downers. Oliver Cromwell began his career on the farm. For thirty years he led his herds and flocks—afraid. But Oliver Cromwell died in Whitehall Palace, known the world round as the greatest monarch that ever sat on England's throne, the greatest diplomat of his generation. Not otherwise did Jesus begin His career in a carpenter's shop, and yet there was no office nor honor to which He might not have looked forward. The people would gladly have housed Him in Herod's Palace, have clothed Him in purple, have given Him an army of servants, but He would not have it. "Will any man among you be king?" He cried. "Let him be your servant. And this is His lesson to men of office and honor: to be the servant of the throne; put aside the scepter; stoop and serve." Therefore today He is the world's king, with millions who would gladly give their lives for Him. "Now, Christ's law of service offers the secret of influence and peace today for princes and cabinet officials, for the money-gods of the business world, and the revolution was on in France. One day a titled gentleman left his chateau to join the hunt. He was clothed in a crimson coat, wore gloves and rode a splendid charger. By chance he fell behind the rest of the company. Hiding through the forest he saw a man, a peasant, and a dog. The peasant, thinking the noble was a fox, carried a lighted torch. The little child, starved and tottering on its legs, lifted the little stones at least that fell against his chateau. "What did they want?" "Bread, sire." When the doors fell they poured into the halls, streaming through the rooms, and the famishing multitude tore the loaves, tore the meat in shreds, looted wine cellar, pantry and store-rooms. Applying the torch to the chateau, they reduced every barn and building to ashes, and the owner of that estate became a wanderer upon the face of the earth. It was not that the peasants wished his chateau—it was only that they wished justice. They could not read, they could not write, they lived in mud huts, they wore garments of sheepskin; they knew ugliness and filth and squalor. They asked justice, work, a living wage.

Had the prince given it to them all would have been well. What if he had obeyed Jesus' law? What if he had remembered the poor, and found his happiness not in banquets, in brutal passions, but in being bread to the hungry and shelter to the homeless? So far from ruining his chateau, he would have given him honor, love and taught their children to revere his name.

In Russia today the nobles and clergy are largely exempt. But not the poor. Their wage is a pittance. Over against the splendid palace and country seat of the Russian noble are the huts on the vast estate. The huts average 13 by 20 feet. The traveler tells us that in one end of an open fireplace with no chimney, black dirt floor, a bundle of old bedding rolled up in one corner, a couple of calves tied in the other corner. The coop for the hens is found there also. There to die a toothless old hag, a woman of thirty, a man and a half-dozen children, stolid, ignorant, half-fed, debased, unable to read or write. Simply one of the 10,000 peasants on the estate. The man has a low forehead and a thick back-head.

Monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, rust, dirt or tarnish—but won't wash clothes. Alligator hunters are wanted in Venezuela, where the animals are said to exist in untold numbers. The hunting is good sport, the skins are valuable, and the oil, which is used for medicinal purposes, also fetches a good price.

WHAT IT IS

The Mucous Membrane and the Important Part It Plays In the Health or Sickness of the Body.

The Mucous Membrane is the inside lining of the body, and of all its vessels and organs. The moment this membrane becomes out of condition, ever so little, illness follows swiftly, in some form or other.

In case of disease hags its beginning is some derangement of the Mucous Membrane. It is very delicate and extremely sensitive, and consequently very liable to disease.

If you are not feeling well you may be sure that the Mucous Membrane of your system is sick and requires immediate treatment.

There is one medicine that is intended to act, and does act, directly and curatively on the Mucous Membrane. It is Dr. Leonard's Anti-Pill. Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Constipation disappear as soon as the Mucous Membrane is restored to its natural healthy condition. Fifty cents a bottle at all Drugstores. The Wilson-Pyle Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Sole agents for Canada.

FACTORY LIFE PHASES OF FUN

ALTOGETHER AN ERROR TO THINK THAT THE LIFE IS ONE OF GLOOMINESS.

Humorous Incidents Related by an English Laborer—A Weaver Like Bottom in "Midsummer Night's Dream."

"People who imagine that factory life is all gloom make a great mistake. But every class has its own brand of nonsense, and ours was delighted sometimes with even the poorest exercises of nature."

In the factory where I worked for many years malapropisms yielded an unfailing supply of merriment. We had a manager who was possessed of a decided leaning towards using "words of learned strength and thundering sound." Some strong language used to him by his majesty's inspectors of factories on the occasion of an unexpected visit he denounced as unworthy of the inspectors' dignity. He would talk about the "state of the atmospheric air," enlarge on certain things which he said were "essentially dissipated," and refer to the "many advantages of 'concentrated' floors, when he meant concrete, and he always would 'press' that his own opinions on everything and everybody were right. We had a weaver, too, who ran the manager very close. Her talk used to remind me of Bottom in 'A Midsummer Night's Dream.' With her 'reserved' people were always 'reigned,' a syntactical error was a 'signatory' for its 'privative'—one day she gave me quite a shock of surprise by declaring that she always used 'steel engraving' to clean her eyebrows. "But you can't afford that," I objected, feeling sure there was a mistake somewhere. "Oh, yes, I can. A penny-worth will last me nearly a month. Then it gradually dawned on me that she meant steel filings."

When I was a small half-timer in the spinning room I recollect that a favorite joke which was invariably played on all newcomers was to send them in search of a leathery leather oil-can. One of the youngsters known in factory circles as a "sweeper-out" would be called aside and confidentially told to go into another room and bring back the leather oil can for the use of the overlooker. Of course the "hands" in the other room would very quickly smell a rat and the boy would eventually get sent all over the mill before the plot was exploded. The weaver shed always goes for its full share of practical joking, and many a learner gets sent on bogus errands, to the great delight of the surrounding weavers. When I was in the mill there was a big boy of 14 or 15 who had come to learn to weave under the able tuition of his mother. The boy was over and above shrewd. As the weavers put it, he had all his buttons, but they were not all bright; thus it came to pass that the mother had no difficulty in turning her knowledge of weaving to her promising offspring.

"One day I had come round once again," he said, "and the mother had 'felled'—i. e., finished—her piece and was ready to deliver it in the pieceroom. Just as she was about to hand the piece to the boy, 'What I think on, Sam, an' follow up?' 'I edge-hooks,' he said. 'I edge-hooks out the edge of the piece in the pieceroom that afternoon, and never known in the weaving shed, but the story leaked out, as such stories do, and for months afterwards Sam nearly had his life bagged out of him by weavers shouting to him from every nook and corner to 'follow up' 'I edge-hooks.' Nowadays, the story is a factory classic, and all new weavers are religiously regaled with Sam's exploit."

Among other practical jokes in which weavers indulge may be mentioned the trick of drawing a string tightly around a man's hat—of course, under the ribbon—thereby making the untidy owner wonder why his hat should suddenly have grown several sizes too small, and thinking in a vague sort of way that he must have secured in some way or other a by mistake. Or again, sewing up the sleeves of a jacket belonging to an overlooker who may have put himself temporarily out of favor.

Many a laughable mistake has been made over dialect words. A girl working in the factory was a native of the north of England. When she first came north she went as servant to a small farmer, and she used to relate how she misinterpreted the word "hanged" her as to her duties, and after recounting them in detail, she wound up by saying, "An' mind the man get a-gait 'I good talm 'I' mornin', an' light 'I' fires." Rather astonished, but still thinking she quite understood this junction, the poor girl was seen wandering about the fields in a disconsolate sort of way in the early morning as if in search of something. Upon coming downstairs the mistress found no fires lighted, and on asking the reason the girl assured her that she had secured in a direction for an old disused grate to use as kindling, but without success, and so, of course, no fires had been pulled to pieces. Now, in the north of England, it is known, a "brat" is a child's pinafore, or the garment wood-worrier wears when at his work; but the southern gentleman had never heard the word applied to anything but children. He was the effect of this startling information may better be imagined in some cases than in others. He had and dashed wildly from the factory in hot pursuit of his dog, only to find him quietly sitting on the steps, with the remains of an old shawler, which the boy afterwards explained, was the "brat" he had meant.

I remember one winter some bother arose between the weavers and the masters, owing to the former refusing to be at their looms promptly at 6 a.m. Orders were issued that the weaver not at her loom at the proper hour was to be locked out until breakfast-time. But for once the weavers were obedient without the least grudge. The next morning between three and four hundred weavers made their way to be five minutes late, and were confronted by locked gates, the time-keeper assuring them that they were late. The weavers then, in a moment of despair, dashed wildly from the factory in hot pursuit of their dog, only to find him quietly sitting on the steps, with the remains of an old shawler, which the boy afterwards explained, was the "brat" he had meant.

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It Relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

When Accidents Occur

Be prompt to apply Pond's Extract—the old family doctor! Its soothing, healing powers are marvelous. Cures Burns, Scalds, cuts, bruises, relieves all pains. 60 years it has been the one family remedy for every emergency. Imitations are weak, watery, worthless! Pond's Extract is pure, powerful, priceless.

BISHOP HEBER'S GREAT HYMN

FROM GREENLAND'S ICY MOUNTAINS—HOW WRITTEN.

Reginald Heber, born at Malpas, Cheshire, April 21, 1783, died Trichopolis, India, April 2, 1826. Anglican Bishop of Calcutta and true poet, is the author of a number of standard hymns. He was a man of unusual attainments. His missionary work, which made him prize poet of Brahmenese, has been pronounced the best poem Oxford ever produced. His "Missionary Hymn" was written at the request of his father-in-law, who had to deliver a missionary sermon the next morning. He who had failed to find a suitable hymn for the service, it was then written as it has ever since been sung, and so admirably does it fit the theme that no missionary service is today complete without it. Its poetic form and its stirring, clarionlike call brought it into immediate popularity, while its subject has caused it to be sung in even more lands than those of which it sings. The tune to which it is always sung was one of Lowell Mason's best compositions, and was also prepared upon request, for this particular hymn.

From Greenland's icy mountains, From India's coral strand, Where Afric's sunny fountains Roll down their golden sand, From many an ancient river, From many a palmy plain, They call us to deliver Their land from error's chain.

What though the spicy breezes Blow soft o'er Castor's land, Though every prospect pleases, And only man is vile; In vain with lavish kindness The gifts of God are strewed; The heathen, in his blindness, Bows down to wood and stone! Shall we, whose souls are lighted With wisdom from on high— Shall we, to men be brought, The lamp of life deny? Salvation! O salvation! Be our theme, O joy, O power, Be our acclaim, Till earth's remotest nation Has learned Messiah's name. Waft, waft, ye winds, his story, And you, ye waters, roll, Till, like a sea of glory, It spreads from pole to pole; Till o'er our ransomed nature The Lamb for sinners slain, Redeemer, King, Creator, In bliss returns to reign!

The Wise Doorkeeper.

Sometimes a senate official, even a doorkeeper, has a sufficient sense of humor and sufficient intelligence to put him on a proper footing with the great men. Such a one is Charles S. Draper, who has been on the United States Senate pay-roll in various capacities for over 40 years. On one occasion the senate showed a disposition to vote down a proposition to give an extra month's pay to the employes, and Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, made a characteristically bitter speech in opposition to the gift. The burden of his speech was, "There is no precedent for this, Mr. President; there is no precedent. The employes held an indignation meeting, and Draper was selected to plead with Mr. Ingalls to withdraw his bill. The senator listened to the tale of hardships endured by the clerks, doorkeepers, messengers, laborers, etc., in being compelled to work twelve months out of 24 without getting thirteen months' pay each year, and then asked abruptly, 'Draper, if you are so dissatisfied with your job, why don't you resign and let some one else get it?' The doorkeeper looked the Kansas senator a moment in the eye, and then replied, with unconscious imitation of Mr. Ingalls' voice and manner in debate, 'Why, there is no precedent for this, Mr. Senator; there is no precedent. Ingalls' astonishment gave way to loud laughter, and when the extra pay proposition came up again for final action he was out of his seat, and it passed.'—Pearson's.

ALL IT NEEDED.

There is more real oxygen in a purified form in the "Solution of Ozone" (the coupon kind), than in any other preparation of a similar nature. As a prompt cure in the killing of all inside germs of thins, lungs, stomach or bowels, it has no equal when coupled with "Celery King," the famous laxative. That the stringent Ozone needed a tonic of this nature to procure the best results was so apparent that the Public Drug Company, of Bridgeport, Ont., offer through your druggist a free package of "Celery King" with every fifty cent or one dollar bottle of "Solution of Ozone" (the coupon kind).

Malt Purity Ale brewed from malt alone processes important dietetic properties that are lacking in common ales. Carling's Ale is brewed from the purest and most scientific prepared malt and contains more food and less alcohol than common ales. That is why it is so regularly prescribed by family physicians for building up their patients. No ale is equal to Carling's for medicinal purposes. Ask for Carling's Ale—accept no other, because no other is quite so good. Carling's Ale The Ale that's Always Pure

Advertisement for Fruit-a-tives. Text: "You can't cure Biliousness with calomel, liver pills, or 'purely vegetable' purgatives. They 'stir up' the liver, but after their effects are gone, the trouble returns worse than ever. Fruit-a-tives are curing the Biliousness, prevent Constipation and relieve all Kidney Diseases. Put up only in 50 cents boxes. At all druggists. FRUITATIVES, Limited, OTTAWA."

OLD LONDON'S STARVATION ARMY BY LADY HENRY SOMERSET.

Well may the headline on the New Year's papers make men pause and ask themselves, "What is the meaning of such news in the Twentieth Century in the world's greatest capital? Forty thousand persons on the verge of starvation, that is the condition of West Ham, one of the largest suburbs in London. Thirty thousand people are receiving pauper relief, the district is wholly industrial, and most of the labor unskilled. Out of the total population of 270,000 there are 7,000 general laborers, 6,000 dock and wharf laborers, and about two thousand coal-heavers and porters, 2,000 messengers and workers of that class, and from three to four thousand unskilled men content with constructive trades, while several more thousands are employed in factories engaged in fluctuating seasonal trades.

NO SUBSTITUTE

has yet been found for cod liver oil. There are so-called extracts, wines and cordials of cod liver oil that are said to contain the active principles but not the oil itself. This is absurd on its face. You might as well extract the active principles of wheat and make bread with them. The best form of cod liver oil, that can be digested and assimilated most easily, is Scott's Emulsion.

DR. MACKAY'S SPECIFIC For the Treatment of ALCOHOLISM

Used in Connection With the Province of Quebec Probation System With Unvarying Success. The city council of Montreal has endorsed this marvelous discovery. The nuisance committee of Montreal recently voted \$500 for the purchase of the medicine in each of the city police stations, as prompt application of the treatment to bad cases will prevent the fatalities continually occurring in the cells. No Sanitarium is required. The treatment can be taken at home. No special diet required. The desire to reform is simply necessary and spirits avoided for a few days. This medicine is now within the reach of all. The wonderful results obtained with the worst class of drunkards coming before the judges and the recorder's courts in Quebec and Montreal warrants the statement that the disease of Drunkenness can be cured readily and surely under ordinary circumstances and with the reasonable desire upon the part of an individual.

The Leeming Miles Co., Ltd. MONTREAL. DR. MACKAY'S SPECIFIC FOR DRUNKENNESS.

LEE HING LAUNDRY. Telephone 1344. 467 Richmond Street. Shirt collars ironed straight, so as not to hurt the neck. Stand-up collars ironed without being torn. Best in the city. Best in the city. Best in the city.

USE FERROVIM TRADE MARK A Splendid Tonic Builds up the System Strengthens the Muscles Gives New Life Sold by all medicine dealers. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Montreal.

ganic is the trouble. Scores of thousands of men in London, willing to work, with nothing to do. When you have seen the facts of his life, the most tragic fact under heaven. The day before yesterday a reservist was charged at Aldershead for refusing to perform his duty as constable in the local casual ward. He told the magistrate that he had tramped 500 miles in fruitless search for work. He had refused to go to the workhouse, and that he might be sent to prison, and his army papers showed that he had been a good character. He was ordered a week's imprisonment.

There are forces at work in society today, sanctioned by conventional economic ideas, which often make it easier to live by crime than by virtue, and the serious mischief is everywhere apparent, that we give men an ideal of life, and then we make it impossible to attain it. It is in doing so we tempt him into an awful doubt and despair of all virtue.

Hitherto we have thrown the responsibility for the solution of our social problems upon the private philanthropy, and this is a state of things which ought no longer to be tolerated. There is a growing and a strong protest against the system which makes the laborer who asks for hire is awarded a dole. To cast a man who is willing to work and who asks for no private charity, however large-hearted and generous that charity may be, is degradation. The finest work that philanthropy can do is to give money, but to create public opinion, to raise moral indignation which shall compel the governors of our country to recognize facts, that is, to do the sacred work than this, and it is one in which all can join, the millionaire and the wage-earner, and their work will be alike valuable.



"Come On, Nick. Drop Your Old Fashioned Truck and Get Into the Band-Wagon."

A "WILD TIME" DUE TO DRUNKEN SQUIRRELS

THESE GENTLE ANIMALS START A CARNIVAL OF CRIME.

For more than two weeks a carnival of crime has prevailed among the wild things which come about the farm-houses in Paduck, a small collection of houses on the banks of the river four miles north of Bangor. It broke out among the red squirrels, which were busy carrying corn to the granaries to the woods. Every time a squirrel emerged from a cornhouse with its mouth full of grain, it would stagger about turning somersaults and dancing jig as if it were afflicted with some strange disease which affected its muscles in such a manner that it could travel in any way except the one it wished to go. The cats soon found out the helpless condition of the squirrels, and for a week the death rate among the frisky rodents was fearful. Then the cats were used for snatching the squirrels until they ceased to squeal and were contented to lie by the fire and be fed on catnip and other delicacies such as are used for snatching innards. After this the bluejays, which were carrying away the grain which the squirrels were carrying away, and which the cats were carrying away, came flying against windows and breaking into peaceful family kitchens through the glass, much to the annoyance of the careful housewives. The advent of the jays inside the houses roused the ailing cats from their naps by the fire, and as fast as any cat took a meal from the body of a plump jay it was stricken with blind staggers and performed feats of contortion on the kitchen rugs that surprised everybody.

A TREASURE IN KEATS; EXEMPLAR OF POETS

WAS ALWAYS THE POETS' POET AND ALWAYS WILL BE.

In reading Keats one is struck with the wealth of his equipment, the bold qualities of his art; his soaring imagination, his rare sense of beauty, his range of emotional response, his rich resources of language, and, not the least noteworthy, his capability of mind almost to pain, so little short of miracle was his actual achievement. We believe there is no evidence that Keats wrote a line of verse after his 24th year, and he probably wrote little after his 24th, and yet what a glorious body of life and inspiration he has left! It is not only his poetry, his beauty, his breadth and solidity. And yet, what a quality of his art is its intensity, its intensity, capable of making all disagreeables evaporate from their being in close relationship with truth and beauty. His transcripts of the classic into modern speech in "Hyperion" and "Lamia," the wonderful music and color of "The Eve of St. Agnes," the depth and lyric directness of such lines as "In a Dream-nighted December we are an anthology of noble sonnets interpreting life and nature—these are but a motley of the overflowing stream of his passionate imaginations, in him the intellectual and the emotional were kindly mixed. In the face of such a record of good work, the faults of his manner are not worth consideration.

Hutch Rests the Nerves.

Be Well This Winter

One cannot enjoy life with nerves which are constantly on the jump. When the nerves are on the jump, they nourish them keep one in misery. To have the nerves well fed it is necessary to have a healthy system. Hutch's Food is a healthy system. Hutch's Food is a healthy system. Hutch's Food is a healthy system.

KUROPAKIN AS A COMMANDER

SVEN HEDIN GIVES HIS IMPRESSIONS OF THE RUSSIAN GENERAL NOW IN MANCHURIA.

Energy With Which He Directed the Affairs of His Province in Russia—Insight Into Czar's Ways.

The first time I personally had the honor to meet Gen. Kuropatkin he was viceroy natchnik, or military commander, of the new province of Transbaikalia. That was in October, 1890, and at Askaniya, where he had his headquarters. When I called upon him my overcoat was taken charge of by a Cossack and I was ushered into a large hall, where I was received and my visit announced by an aide-de-camp. The walls of the noble apartment were adorned with Asiatic weapons, ancient and modern, and with portraits of the imperial family. After I had waited a little the general entered, dressed in full uniform, for he was about to preside at a meeting of some sort. He is a short but strongly-built man, with black beard and small but kindly and intelligent eyes. I was then just setting out on my first journey to Kashgar, and Kuropatkin gave me a good deal of information about the dangerous pass of Terekdavan. Although I expected to find it buried in snow, he did not attempt to dissuade me from the journey. A Northerner would not permit himself to be deterred by either snow or cold.

DIAMOND DYES

Have No Equals for Home Dyeing.

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS SAY THAT DIAMOND DYES are Hummers and always ON TOP. BILIOUSNESS. Biliousness means that your liver is sick and out of order, and you are cross and cranky, can't eat, have a bad, nasty tasting mouth, and are sick all over. To neglect biliousness will result in constipation, loss of appetite, torpidity and bad feelings. Restore the liver to health by using Smith's Pinapple and Butterfat Pills, which cure biliousness in one night, give your liver healthy action, assist digestion, clean up your food, and get rid of all the bad stuff. These little pills will accomplish more in a few days toward making you feel better than a bundle of purgative pills. They ease the liver and stomach to normal activity, and they positively cure constipation, biliousness, headache in one night. Price 25 cents a box. All genuine signed W. F. Smith.

ASTHMA

A Wonderful Cure that has the Endorsement of the Medical Profession.

When the leading medical journals of Canada, England and the United States give their unqualified approval to Clarke's Kola Compound, there can be no doubt of its remarkable power. It is not only used by physicians in private practice, but is fast becoming the recognized specific for asthma in the modern hospitals. The London "Lancet," the most famous medical journal in the world, has this to say about Clarke's Kola Compound: "Clarke's Kola Compound has gained an enviable reputation in England for successful treatment in Asthma. We are informed that it has been used in the Home for Incurables, Toronto, with marked success."

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS

A POSITIVE CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER ILLS. AT ALL DEALERS—25 CENTS. CURE AT THE PEOPLE'S PRICE.

BIND YOU BOOKS

Have you any Magazines or old Books that you wish to bind? H. P. BOCK, 436 1/2 Richmond Street.

SANTAL MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings. IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.



PLAYS, PLAYERS AND PLAYGOERS

THE GRAND. Today, matinee and night. De Wolf Hopper in "Wang"...

THE LONDON. All Week. First-Class Vaudeville. Each Day. Matinee at 2:30.

The galaxy of good things to which Londoners have been treated at the Grand Opera House...

City Engineer Graydon this week, by summoning Manager Korman...

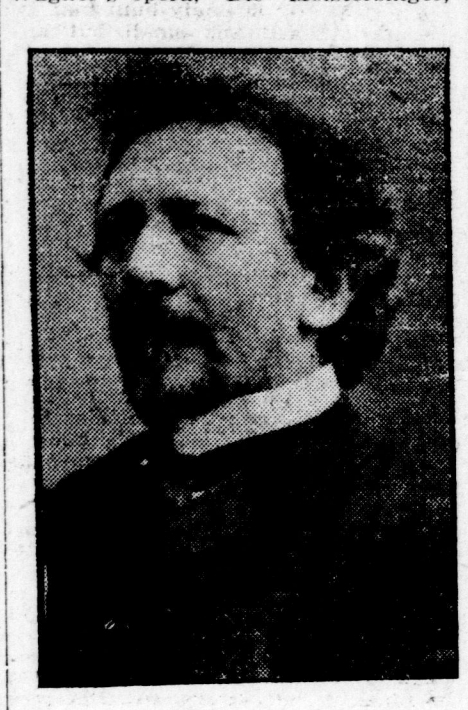
It is from a personal knowledge that Lady Carling, Mesdames Adam Beck...

The following is the bill for next week at the London: PROF. W. O. STEVEN'S ORCHESTRA...

One of the silent features of "The Maid and the Mummy" which comes to the Grand next Saturday...

bringing them out of the group and into the limelight within the next season or two.

From every point of view the visit of the Pittsburgh Orchestra to this city is a most notable event.



EMIL PAUR. Leader of the Pittsburgh Orchestra.

which will receive its first orchestral interpretation in this city. "Die Meistersinger" is spoken of as a comic opera...

George Primrose, the well-known London Minstrel, and his Big Minstrel Troupe...

Ada Rehan's brief engagement at the Liberty Theater began with the revival of "Taming of the Shrew"...

The current two weeks at the New York Theater will be charged with the performance for Ward and Vokes...

West, now with the company, and his wife, Margaret Daly Vokes.

Mrs. Lottie Linticum Banks, known on the stage as Lottie Linticum, were married last week in New York...

"Pretty Peggy," the remarkable New York dramatic success, in which Jane Corcoran is the star...

Washington Star: "Ward and Vokes, who have been playing at the Lafayette Theater during the past week...

at the laundry a shirt which she irons and treasures as though it were a gem...

Ada Rehan's brief engagement at the Liberty Theater began with the revival of "Taming of the Shrew"...

The current two weeks at the New York Theater will be charged with the performance for Ward and Vokes...

Modern stage managers have taken so many liberties with the text of Shakespeare's plays...

The play, properly acted, would end with the death of the two lovers, which is the only ending that is justifiable...

Eddie Foy will be seen in one of the big musical comedies next season. In the meanwhile Foy may appear as a clown in a big hippodrome now nearing completion in New York.

When John C. Fisher makes his revival of "Pierrotina" in New York next month it is more than likely that...

Seb. Bauer, burgo-master of Oberammergau, Bavaria, sends the dramatic play "The Passion Play" to the school of the Cross, next summer...

A New York theatrical news company sends out the following very interesting item regarding the manager of the late Sam Fox...

"Checkers" Luck, which has become a thing to confide in, took a most remarkable course in Boston last Wednesday afternoon...

Miss Cecelia Loftus would fain return to vaudeville, temporarily, and she has let it be known in New York that she will re-enter the vaudeville field...

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MISS JANE CORCORAN.

stayed star who will be seen in "Pretty Peggy" at the Grand next week.

anyone leaving the theater. And, as no abatement showed itself after a two hours' wait, the management provided hot coffee and sandwiches...

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Pithy Gossip of Matters Theatrical in New York.

[Special Letter to 'The London Advertiser']

New York, Feb. 12.—E. S. Willard's second play, adapted by Louis Parker from the French of Alfred Capus...

Ada Rehan's brief engagement at the Liberty Theater began with the revival of "Taming of the Shrew"...

The current two weeks at the New York Theater will be charged with the performance for Ward and Vokes...

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SCENE FROM "THE MAID AND THE MUMMY" AT THE GRAND SATURDAY NEXT.

TAUGHT TO SING BY MACHINERY

FIVE THOUSAND CANARIES TUITED EVERY YEAR BY A BIRD DEALER IN CHICAGO.

Value of the Bird Organ—How Instruction Is Given the Feathered Songsters—Hints Regarding Their Care.

Between 4,000 and 5,000 canaries are reared yearly by Eugene Frank, of Chicago. Mr. Frank believes his success with his birds is largely because they are taught to sing by the aid of a "singing machine."

"People ignorant of the fine points of canary culture," says Mr. Frank, "often buy a canary for a pet, and are disappointed when it does not sing."

"The 'singing machine' or 'bird organ' as it would be called in Germany, is a mechanical device, really a well-arranged group of whistles, controlled by an air chamber and operated by a hand crank."

"A canary should never be hung in a glaring window or a draft," says Mr. Frank, "as the bird is very sensitive to cold and draft."

"The bird should be kept in a small cage placed in the large singing room. Gradually they are accustomed to the darkness and seclusion necessary for the highest training."

"The highest type of canary bird is partly yellow, partly brown, greenish or bronze in tinting; the clear, golden yellow birds, contrary to popular opinion, are the most difficult to train."

"CANADIAN" RUBBERS

The maximum of looks and wear



THE MAN WHO WROTE THE "ROCK OF AGES"

MOST POPULAR HYMN IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

[Augustus Montague Toplady (Farnham, Surrey, England, Nov. 4, 1740—London, Aug. 4, 1782). Known to our day only as the author of "The most popular hymn in the English tongue," was celebrated in his own time as a religious controversialist, graduated from Trinity, Dublin, after fourteen years in the English Episcopal ministry, he left that church to become pastor of the French Calvinists in London.

"The great mortality among the non-professional canary birds of the cities, as well as the frequent silence of those who should be full and joyous singers is attributed by Mr. Frank to mistaken care or unintentional neglect of the tiny choristers. Only the purest of water, the finest of rape and canary seed, with an occasional peck at a cuttlebone and a morsel of hard-boiled egg, does the man who produces the finest and most numerous singers in America allow his beloved birds."

"Absolute cleanliness is another indispensable requisite for successful canary culture. It should be made easy and comfortable for the bird to bathe often, and the water should never be too deep nor cold for comfort. A hot canary is practically helpless, flapping its wings to fly up to the perch, so the birds dried to bathing in warmer conditions. Yet regular bathing is necessary to health and good voices."

"The highest type of canary bird is partly yellow, partly brown, greenish or bronze in tinting; the clear, golden yellow birds, contrary to popular opinion, are the most difficult to train. Before the present year he expects to attain his ideal.—Chicago Tribune.



Uncle Sam's Wooing.

FIRST GET SOLID WITH LITTLE SISTER.—Boston Herald.

HER CRITICISM.

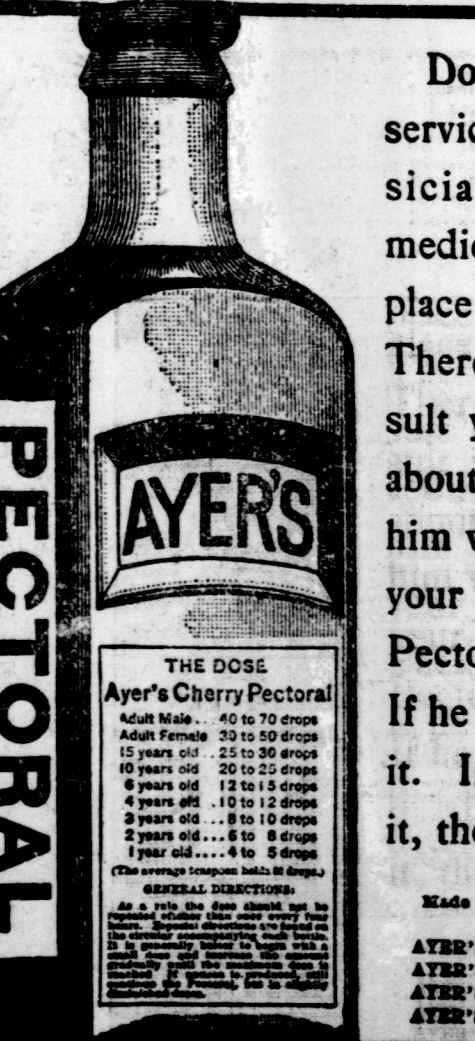
"I do not like it," declared Miss Converse positively. "I thought it was great," protested Darrow. "Now that scene where the girl makes the man propose is awful clever."

HER REFUSAL.

"What the answer would have been if Charlie Sidcot had proposed in person is doubtful. It is tolerably certain that he would not have been so eloquent as he was in his letter. He would never have had the face to say what he did about Miss Dury's countenance and graces of person and mind generally."

HE TOOK HIS WIFE'S ADVICE

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Cured the Stomach Trouble That Confinned Henry A. Coles to His Bed. One of the unpleasant features of Indigestion and Dyspepsia is that it always keeps getting worse. Take the case of Henry A. Coles, of St. Mary's River, Guyssboro Co., N. S. He says: "I had Stomach trouble for about five years, and it was so bad that I was taken to my bed and the doctor called in. He did me no good. I was suffering a great deal and did not know what to do."



Do not undervalue the services of a skilful physician. Even the best medicine cannot take the place of the family doctor. Therefore we say: Consult your physician freely about your case and ask him what he thinks about your taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your cough. If he says take it, then take it. If he says do not take it, then follow his advice.

The Typewriter Girl.

Many of the readers of the World must have noted with surprise the account of the first typewriter girl. So fully has the typewriter occupied the field that it seems almost incredible that it was still practically unknown when Hayes was elected president, and that England did not take kindly to it until a dozen years ago. Today the typewriter is in every continent and country. It is fitted for fifty languages and a thousand dialects. One of its best markets is in what was Cete-way's Zuluiland when it was invented. It lightens the labors of Arabian scribes and Parsae money lenders. A modification of its familiar principle has been made to fit 4,000 ideographic characters of China and Japan. The typewriter has been for thousands of women a broad avenue to business success. At the same time that the wages of the great army of amanuenses have been broken down by competition, the pay of operators holding court positions or places of trust and responsibility has held its own or risen, and many women have become secretaries and general managers of important enterprises. Typewriting now vies with teaching as an occupation for educated and ambitious young women. Euphemists have made the typewriter the "hand" of many jokes but she could not occasionally marry her employer and turn upon him the tables of dictation if she had not brought to his table a grace and charm which thirty years ago she would have lacked. The vast volume of business now done in the commercial world would be almost impossible without her and her machine.—New York World.

Free for a Post Card

It costs just one cent for you to get relief from Kidney and Bladder Troubles. A simple request on a post card brings a free sample box of Gin Pills. We don't ask you to buy. Simply try Gin Pills at our expense, and let them prove themselves all that we claim for them. And we know the samples will do you so much good that you will voluntarily buy Gin Pills until a complete cure is effected. We intend to give away 100,000 Boxes Free of Charge in order to show our confidence in this remedy. We know what Gin Pills will do. We have implicit confidence in their power to relieve and cure all Kidney and Bladder Troubles. We know that you have only to try them to believe in them. Gin Pills Never Fail to Cure. All over Canada, Gin Pills are known as a certain and speedy cure for Inflammation of the Kidneys; Gout and Rheumatism, caused by uric acid in the blood; Catarrh of the Bladder; Painful and Suppressed Urination; "Burning" Urine; Gravel or Stone in the Bladder; Bed Wetting; Pains in the Back, and all other Kidney and Bladder Troubles. Each Gin Pill contains all the medicinal properties of one and a half ounces of best Holland gin, without the alcohol, and combined with other curative agents of recognized value. Don't Delay—Write To-day. Don't put this off. If you have any of these troubles, don't run the risk of Bright's Disease or Chronic Cystitis. Write for a free sample of Gin Pills, and start yourself along the road to a certain cure. Use a post card, ask for a free sample of Gin Pills, say in what paper you saw this advertisement, and sign your name and address. Write to-day—now—to BOLE DRUG CO., Dept. X, Winnipeg, Man.

Interesting Gossip About Notable Men and Women.

BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENROY.

From England comes the news of a good deal of friction between the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Alfred Lyttelton, and his colleague at the head of the war department, Arnold-Forster. They differ on many subjects, and of late the relations between the two have been embittered by the attitude of the Colonial Secretary's brother, Gen. Sir Neville Lyttelton, the first and chief military member of the new army council. The general differs on almost every subject with the war secretary, makes no secret of the fact, and has secured the support of his brother, Alfred. Indeed, Sir Neville has been so outspoken in his criticism of the Secretary of State for war and of men and things at the war department that he has been notified by Mr. Arnold-Forster that unless he refrains from making any further speeches another appointment will be made for him, perhaps somewhere in the colonies.

As Sir Neville is a strong-headed man, extremely independent, and who knows his own mind, it is not considered likely that he will submit tamely to the reproach thus made or be publicly administered, and inasmuch as Arnold-Forster has other enemies in the cabinet, notably Lord Lansdowne, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and St. John Brodick, Secretary for India—both of whom preceded him in the war department, where he has done all their work and vigorously condemned it—it is probable that he will be driven out of the cabinet even before the dissolution.

Already reports are being circulated to the effect that his being in such an extent impaired that he will be obliged to resign and go abroad for rest, and indeed, everything points towards his early eclipse as Minister of War, where he will leave things in most hopeless confusion, thus showing once more that the most able critics and reformers in theory prove lamentable failures when called upon to furnish a practical demonstration of what they have preached.

It is doubtful whether there is any sovereign in the world who possesses such an extraordinary number of clocks as King Edward. He has always had a hobby for collecting clocks, and when he succeeded to the throne he inherited an immense number from his mother. Some of them are of great historical value, as, for instance, the one at Windsor given as a present by King Henry VIII. to Queen Anne Boleyn on her wedding day. It is only four inches deep and ten inches high, formerly belonged to Henry VIII. and was purchased by the late Queen Victoria when his effects were sold at Strawberry Hill for about \$200. This clock is now in the possession of the monarch remains the same after nearly four centuries. The clock still goes. Strictly speaking, it should have stopped forever when Queen Anne died, but by her husband to the scaffold after four years of marriage. The weights are beautifully engraved "H. A." and a true liver's knot on one, and "H. A."

alone on the other. The chief curiosity in the way of clocks at Buckingham Palace is the Ne-gress head clock, made by Lepine, whom Voltaire befriended, and engaged to establish a watch manufactory near Geneva. In this clock the hour numerals are shown in one of the negro's twinkling eyes and the minutes in the other. It stands 2 feet 5 1/2 inches high, the head and bust being in ornate enriched with magnificent decorative features.

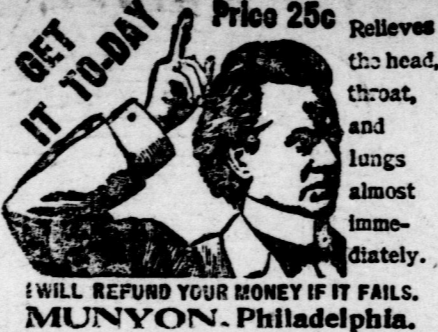
King Edward's clocks number nearly 2,000. At Windsor there are more than 500 alone. They are all carefully inventoried in a number of large volumes in the possession of the lord chamberlain's department, which is responsible for the care and for the custody of the collection.

Lord Fitzwilliam and Rear-Admiral Henry Palliser, having returned safely to England, after their extraordinary expedition to the Cocos Island, lying west of Costa Rica, in the Pacific, for the purpose of recovering the remains of the famous buccaneer and pirate, Sir Henry Morgan, it may be of interest to point out that such ventures do not only resolve themselves into wild-goose chases.

At least one great house of the British aristocracy is indebted for the foundation of its fortune to the recovery of pirate treasure. The family in question is that of Phipps, the head of which is the present Marquis of Normandy, whose wife, whom he married a year ago, has just become a mother. The founder of the house was born in America, although for some reason or another no mention is made thereof in "Burke's," "Debrett's," or any other of the standard peerages. He was William Phipps, the son of James Phipps, a Bristol gunsmith, who had emigrated to America and married there, his son William, whom he apprenticed to a ship carpenter at Boston, Mass., having been born in that city. On attaining manhood, William Phipps took to trading, and during a voyage to the Bahamas learned there of the existence of a buccaneer "cache," on one of the smallest of the West India Islands. He resolved to recover the treasure, and for this he was enabled to make a voyage to England. He had obtained information that there was somewhere among the West India Islands a "mighty treasure hitherto undiscovered"; also that a "cache" and having a strong impression that he was destined to be the discoverer, he managed to get himself appointed by King Charles II. to conduct the search under a commission from the crown.

The King placed the Alger Rose, a frigate of 18 tons and 95 men, at his disposal, and after touching at various West Indian ports, he made his way to the West Indies. He failed, however, to discover the treasure, and he was forced by mutinies and lack of provisions to return to England. Charles having meanwhile been gathered to his father, William Phipps endeavored to obtain another vessel from his successor, James II. But, as the latter would not consent, he opened a subscription for private assistance. At first he was scoffed at. But it length,

GOLD CURE



Price 25c. Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately. WILL REPAIR YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS. MUNYON, Philadelphia.

the Duke of Albemarle, son of that Gen. Monk who had brought about the restoration. The Charles agreed to advance a large sum, and induced some of his friends to do likewise. In 1687 Phipps set sail on more in a ship of 100 tons burden, having previously engaged to divide the profits according to the 50 shares of which the subscription consisted. On arriving on the spot, the banks of Bahama, where he felt persuaded the treasure lay, he employed the various instruments he had inventoried, including the diving bell, but without success. For a long time the search was in vain, but at length the lost treasure was discovered, and before long 32 tons of silver, great quantities of gold, precious stones, and pearls were discovered, the total amounting in value to about \$6,000,000.

On the return of Phipps to England pressure was brought to bear on the King to seize both the ship and the cargo as belonging by right to the crown. The King, however, declared that Phipps was "an honest man," and that he and his associates should share their entire fortune among themselves, even if it was doubtfully legitimate. Not content with this he conferred the honor of knighthood upon Phipps, who as Sir William Phipps returned to America in 1688, and served a term as high sheriff of New England. While there he fitted out another expedition to the West Indies, for the purpose of recovering "cache," and obtained thereby a handsome addition to his already large fortune. Honors came quick upon him. He was appointed governor of Massachusetts, and died in his 45th year in London in 1693.

Phipps' grandson became lord chancellor of Ireland, and his grandson, in turn, was created Lord Mulgrave. A later Lord Mulgrave was advanced to the rank of Marquis of Normandy, and was in turn governor-general of Jamaica, lord privy seal, secretary of state for the colonies, and to the home department, and acting as minister of court of France, while his son, the father of the present marquis, was governor in turn of Quebec, New Zealand and of Victoria, as well as controller of Queen Victoria's household. The present marquis is a clergyman, a canon of Windsor, and until his marriage a year ago conducted a school at Mulgrave Castle, his grand old place in Yorkshire. One of his ancestors, Constantine Phipps, was for many years stationed at Washington as secretary of legation, and was British envoy to the court of Brussels. Lord Normandy was for a time rector of Worcester, in Lancashire.

ther of the late Cardinal Vaughan. Lady Rosslyn has been through no end of trouble in recent years, owing to the Duke of which has been bankrupted, and it was but the other day that the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland and her other children were obliged to order to present to her a completely furnished house in London. Lady Rosslyn is a Fitzroy, of an old family, the Duke of which is the chief and which is descended from King Charles II. and his favorite Barbara. Her first husband was Lord Maynard, who had he lived, would have succeeded to his father's vis-county and barony of Maynard, who is extinct. Her second husband was the late Lord Rosslyn, the memory of whose brilliant gifts may in a measure be recalled by the many scandals in which his son and successor, the present earl, has become involved. He distinguished himself as a poet and as a sportsman, and was reputed to have the most completely appointed house in London. He was a very kind, cheerful, chivalrous, and cultivated man of the old-fashioned profanity of speech, which, it is said, led his friend, Lord Beaconsfield, to appoint him the royal commissioner to the annual assembly of the Church of Scotland, a vice-regal office during the fortnight or three weeks that it lasted. The earl was frightfully extravagant, and left his affairs in a terribly embarrassed condition at his death. Indeed, his son, his daughters, and his widow have been handicapped ever since thereby. With the exception of the yachts Sutherland, they have all become involved in pecuniary difficulties sufficient to attract the attention of the public.

Princess Victoria of Wales has always been somewhat delicate in health, a circumstance which has had far more to do with her remaining unmarried than any unfortunate affaire de coeur with men, whom, by reason of their inferiority of rank, she has been unable to marry. Her health, however, has been current about the matter, and to at least a dozen different men has her persistent infirmity been ascribed. These stories, however, are all irresponsible gossip, whereas there is no doubt as to the fact of her almost constant illness, which has compelled her to leave London in the middle of the season and to retire to Scotland for complete rest. Under the circumstances her recovery from the operation for appendicitis which she underwent last Tuesday will be regarded with a considerable amount of anxiety, the more so as she is exceedingly popular and has given evidence on many different occasions of the fact that she is as devoted and self-sacrificing a daughter as she is an altogether unselfish and tender mother. Her favorite sports, indeed, have more friends than this, the second daughter of King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

"SEAM OF SENTIMENT" IN REGARD TO PANTS

SPORTS THAT SUIT BUSY MILLIONAIRES

HOUSES AND YACHTS FAVORITE PLAYTHINGS FOR NABBOS.

August Belmont has always been an enthusiast about all kinds of sport. He now owns a stable of race horses and a kennel of dogs, keeps several hunters and owns and races a yacht during the season. He is also an inventor of the big telegraph and cable system established by his father, is another enthusiast about all sports. He is fond of horses and lately has taken a great fancy to yachts. He used to be an excellent shot and is very fond of hunting big game. Cornelius Vanderbilt, in spite of his activity in business and as an inventor, devotes lots of his time in the summer to yachting. That is really his only pastime, and he is intensely fond of the sport. Alfred G. Vanderbilt loves horses. He has a large farm near Newport, where he keeps his fine animals. He is one of the best four-in-hand whips in this city and in the coaching school his turnout is on the road daily. Charles H. Flint is fond of fast steam yachts. He has owned several in his time and now has the Arrow, which is the fastest steam vessel of its kind in the world. Mr. Flint uses the Arrow as long as the weather is fine, and lives on board the boat a great deal. A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, finds time to take lots of interest in his horses. He has a large stock farm near Philadelphia, where he has thoroughbreds and hackneys.

E. D. Morgan has horses and yachts, and is an enthusiast about both. He has probably owned more yachts in his time than any other American. He is an expert sailor. The season helps Stokes used to be fond of riding horseback, but met with an accident while riding and lost a leg. Now he goes in for yachting and has a seat around the tiller of his boat, in which he can sit with comfort and get a lot of fun out of racing. W. K. Vanderbilt, with all his business interests, finds time to enjoy his big yacht, Valiant, in which he often makes a cruise across the ocean. He also owns a stable of race horses that compete in France. He has a large stock farm and breeds his racehorses. George J. Gould favors dogs and yachts. Howard Gould is a yachtsman and Edwin Gould finds time to do some yachting. James H. Keene takes a few minutes now and then from his Wall Street operations to watch the work of his big stable of race horses. His stable is one of the largest in the country and is a very successful one. This is his chief recreation.—New York Sun.

Matches a Luxury.

"Gimme a match." A prisoner in the holdover jail in the city jail pressed his face against the grating and called to a man passing by. The call for a match comes every day. About 55 per cent of the men and women who find their way into the city jail are smokers. They have tobacco, usually a few cents with which they can buy it. They seldom buy matches, though, because spending money for matches by a man who has but a few cents is considered extravagance. Every time the jailer goes through the holdover a dozen or more men beseege him for a match. Once in a while he buys a box of matches and has a pocketful every time he goes into the cell room just to keep the prisoners in a good humor. But this is too expensive. The prisoners would use two or three boxes every day. "You can't imagine how many ways a prisoner's contrive to save and get to step in and be had to be tried for murder. A merchant was acquitted him the ground of emotional insanity. Mme. Uru, in Harper's Bazar.



—Ralph Wilder, in the Chicago Record-Herald.

What Next?

matches are scarce a prisoner will never think of wasting a whole match. He will split it up into four pieces. This can be done easily with a pin. Then he announces to the crowd that he is about to light a cigarette and a crowd gathers about him with papers and tobacco. The man strikes the match with great care, and those who can't "light up" from the match do so from the lighted cigarettes of the others. Everybody gets a smoke off of one match. Those on the outside of the cells are accommodating to those on the inside. Women, too often want matches, but there is a small hole through the door between the two rooms, and it is nothing uncommon to see a man hold a lighted cigarette up to the hole for the door so a woman on the other side can get her light.—Kansas City Journal.

How to Wash the Face.

"If more girls were taught just how to wash their faces there would not be nearly so much work for us to do," said a young woman who is studying facial massage. The masseuse explained her statement by adding that, in the first place, the face should never be washed in cold water. Always use warm water, or better still, hot. In the second place, on no account use either a washcloth or a sponge. Use only the fingers. Wash the face in a circular motion, using the tips of the fingers. The sure way to rub up toward the forehead. Rub the nose with the tips of the fingers. About twice a week wash your face at night with any good, pure soap. Rub the soap on your hands, on a cloth or sponge, and with your fingers rub the soap well into the skin of your face. If your skin is inclined to be dry, you can after rinsing plentifully with hot water, rub a little of the skin cream. This same authority tells us that much better for the hair than brushing it is a night's massage. We invite all the afflicted to consult us. This keeps the scalp well loosened and promotes a free circulation.—Harper's Bazar.

The thousands of people who write to me, saying that Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung Tonic cured them of chronic coughs, cannot all be mistaken. There must be some truth in it. Try a bottle for that cough of yours. Prices: S. C. WELLS & Co. \$10 2c. 50c. \$1. LeRoy, N.Y., Toronto, Can.

THERE ARE MANY BAKING POWDERS MAGIC BAKING POWDER BUT THERE IS ONLY ONE MAGIC BAKING POWDER It is Pure, Wholesome and Economical SOLD IN ALL SIZES. E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

We Make LEAD SASH WEIGHTS FOR BUILDINGS—TO ORDER. The Canada Metal Company, Toronto

NERVOUS DEBILITY OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers heal up; the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency disappear, the eyes become bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical and social systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. The various organs become natural and manly. You feel yourself a man again, and your life is a new one. We invite all the afflicted to consult us confidentially and free of charge. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard-earned dollars. WE WILL CURE YOU OR NO PAY. THREATENED WITH PARALYSIS. Peter D. Summers, of Kalamazoo, Mich., relates his experience with Nervous Debility for many years. I lay it to dis-ease and excessive in early youth. I became very despondent and didn't care whether I worked or not. I imagined everybody who looked at me, was laughing at me. My mind was a blank at night, I dreamed of my back ached, had pains in the back of my head, hands and feet were cold, tired in the morning, poor appetite, fingers trembled, very nervous, and my memory poor, etc. Numbers in the family were afflicted with the same dreaded paralysis. I took all kinds of medicines and tried many first-class doctors, but received little benefit. While after treatment at Mt. Clemens I was induced to consult Dr. Kennedy & Kergan, though I had from all men I consulted the New Method Treatment and it saved my life. The improvement was like magic—I could feel the vigor going through my nerves. It was a miracle. I have since cured many patients and I can testify to the efficacy of the treatment. I have seen many patients who were afflicted with BLOOD DISEASES, URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES. CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. STRICTURE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEADACHE, BRUISES, AND ALL OTHER DISEASES. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment. DR. KENNEDY & KERGAN 148 SHELBY STREET, DETROIT, MICH.

How Sickness Starts In the Inside Nerves

Most forms of sickness start with the inside nerves. Indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, dyspepsia—weak kidneys, diabetes, Bright's Disease, irregularities—Heart irregularities—Bowel irregularities—all of these ailments, and the ailments which they, in turn, bring on are due directly to derangements of certain nerve centers. Understand first that we have two entirely separate systems. When we walk, or talk, or act, we call into play a certain set of nerves—nerves which obey our mental commands. That is why the arm can be raised, or the mouth opened, or the eye shut, at the slightest desire. That is why your fingers can delicately pick up a pin one moment and hold a heavy hammer the next.

But these are not the nerves we are to consider here. There is another set of nerves which control and govern and actuate the heart and the stomach, the kidneys and the liver, and the rest of the vital organs. You cannot control these nerves. By no supreme effort of mind can you make your heart stop or start—nor can you even make it vary by a single beat a minute. And so with the stomach and the liver and the kidneys and the bowels—they are automatic—they do their work at a certain set speed whether you are awake or asleep—whether you will it or not. It is on these inside nerves that life and health depend. So long as these nerves perform their proper duties we are well and strong. When they fail, we know it by the inevitable symptoms—stomach, heart, liver, kidney troubles. And these troubles have no other origin, ever, than in these same nerves. For the stomach, the heart, the liver, the kidneys, have no power of their own, no self control. They owe their every impulse to the inside nerves. The nerves are the masters. The organs their slaves.

But the most interesting part about the inside nerves is the bond of sympathy which exists between all centers and branches of this great automatic system. The center, which, for instance, controls the stomach, is known to science as the "solar plexus." The heart center is called the "cardiac plexus." The kidney center, the "renal plexus." It is a well-known fact that in prize fights, a solar plexus blow instantly stops the fight, although its usual operations concern only the stomach. Why? Because of the bond of sympathy between the various branches. That is the reason the inside nerves are sometimes called the "sympathetic" nerves.

This explains why stomach trouble often develops into heart trouble—why indigestion leads on to heart trouble, why diseases become complicated. It explains, too, why ordinary medical treatments are wrong—why medicine so frequently does more harm than good to the heart, liver or kidneys, until the inside nerve power is restored. When that is done, Nature removes the symptoms. There is no need of doctoring.

For nervousness give bromides. For weak kidneys, give diuretics. For a weak stomach, give pepsin and bismuth. For a weak heart, give stimulants. To deaden pain, give a narcotic. And so on.

Don't you, who do not know medicine at all, see that this is wrong? That it is mere patchwork? That while the suffering organ is enjoying its temporary relief, the nerve that really sick may be getting worse and worse? Does this not explain to you the reason why so frequently follows a supposed cure? Does this not account for the uncertainties of medicine? More than thirty years ago this thought came to me. "If life and health depend upon perfect heart action, upon proper stomach digestion, upon correct kidney filtering, why does not life itself depend upon these life governing power nerves—these inside nerves. I realized, too, that all ailments which result from one cause may, of course, be cured by one remedy. I resolved not to doctor the organs, but

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to treat the one nerve system which operates them all. For those who treat only the symptoms need a different remedy for each. Such treatments are only palliative; the results do not last. A cure can never come until the disease of the stomach, heart, liver or kidneys, until the inside nerve power is restored. When that is done, Nature removes the symptoms. There is no need of doctoring. My remedy—now known by druggists everywhere, as Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is the result of a quarter century of endeavor along this very line. It does not dose the organ or deaden the pain—but it does go at once to the nerve—the inside nerve—the

power nerve—and builds it up, and strengthens it and makes it well. There is no mystery—no miracle. I can explain my treatment to you as easily as I can explain to you why it freezes water and why heat melts ice. Nor do I claim a discovery. For every detail of my treatment is based on truth, and so founded on science, I deny them. And every ingredient of my medicine is as old as the hills it grows on. I simply applied the truths which I discovered, and the result is a remedy that is practically certain. But my years of patient experiment will avail you nothing if you do not accept my offer. For facts and reasons, and even belief will not cure. Only the remedy can do that.

In eight thousand communities—more than a million homes Dr. Shoop's Restorative is known. There are a whole lot around you—your friends and neighbors, perhaps—who are suffering. It has relieved. There is not a physician anywhere who dares tell you I am wrong in the new medical principles which I apply. Your own common sense will tell you to treat not the ailing organ, but the nerve that controls it. And for six solid years my remedy has cured thousands who have believed. There is not a physician anywhere who dares tell you I am wrong in the new medical principles which I apply. Your own common sense will tell you to treat not the ailing organ, but the nerve that controls it. And for six solid years my remedy has cured thousands who have believed. There is not a physician anywhere who dares tell you I am wrong in the new medical principles which I apply. Your own common sense will tell you to treat not the ailing organ, but the nerve that controls it. 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HER SENSE OF JUSTICE

"Brother Abner was buried just a month ago today," remarked Ezra Willets, helping himself to a huge slice of ham, "an court sets in November, so I reckon we'd as well file our claim to his estate."

Mrs. Martha Adams, his eldest sister, a grim, harsh-featured woman, nodded, "I reckon we might as well," she assented.

Lucy Willets, the youngest and only unmarried member of the family, looked up from the bread she was buttering for her small nephew, in indignant surprise.

"But you know brother Abner meant for his wife to have everything," she protested, "You've both heard him say so a hundred times, and you know he intended making a will, leaving all his property to her."

"He'd got to a done it, then," said Ezra. "Anyway, she'll get her third. We can't touch that."

"She ought to have it all," cried Lucy, angrily. "She has worked so hard to help him pay for the farm, and neither you or Martha need it."

"I feel that I owe it to my children to take all that's coming to me," said Martha Adams.

"I ain't rich enough to give up my rights," said Ezra, stubbornly.

Lucy's brown eyes flashed, "You've neither of you the least shadow of a right to Abner's property," she cried.

"At any rate she won't be robbed of the part that I could claim, for I shall sign it over to her."

"I'd think you'd want suthin' to fall back on, when you git old, so as not to be a burden on your folks," observed her waspish little sister-in-law.

Lucy, the meek, gave her a scorching glance. "If you think I don't earn my board doing the work for your whole family, I can easily get another place," she declared with some spirit.

"You know me and Ezra don't call to be a burden on your folks," replied her sister-in-law, hastily. "You've no need to snap me up."

Then the family convalesced, and the next day, Lucy reluctantly informed her brother Abner's widow that Ezra

and Martha intended claiming a share in Abner's estate.

"I dunno as they've any right to it," said the tiny little widow, "I worked just as hard as Abner did. Taint as if he had it when I married him. I wish new we had children. Taint right, it's like pickin' my pocket."

"I know it isn't right," said Lucy, but you shall have the part that I could claim."

"I'm much obliged," said the widow, tearfully, "but Abner meant that I should have it all."

"I know he did," replied poor Lucy, "but it's all I can do. It's better than nothing at all."

"Yes," said her sister-in-law, meekly, "I suppose it is."

The news that the two well-to-do members of the Willets family meant to claim a share in their brother's estate, while Lucy an unpaid, unappreciated slave in her brother Ezra's household, refused her share, formed for a time the sole topic of conversation in the village.

"I call it mighty self-denial in a girl that's wearin' an old brown cashmere that's been turned three times for her Sunday best," said Mrs. Keshaw, when she told the young minister the story at the tea-table, "but she says she ain't got no right to Abner's property and she won't touch a cent of it. She's the only poor one in the Willets family, too."

"She certainly has a most commendable sense of justice," remarked the Rev. David Spencer, "although she is only doing what she believes to be right." And the next Sunday he for the first time gave her more than a passing glance.

"What a brave, upright little creature she must be," he thought, and then, in the very midst of his discourse he noticed that her bright brown hair waved prettily over her smooth forehead, that her eyes were big and brown and that her cheeks were faintly pink; then he even admired the neatness of the three-turned brown cashmere.

"She deserves a word of encouragement," he told himself, during the singing of the last hymn, and then—

walked home with her after church. Thus, at the age of twenty-eight, Lucy's "sense of justice" won for her her first sweetheart.

A few days before the fall court convened the Willets received written notices from Lawyer Coburn to appear at his office in the afternoon of the following day. Greatly mystified by the summons, they repaired to his office to find and Israel Sparks there before them.

"We'd like to know why you sent for us," said Mrs. Adams, the assembled company with much disfavor. We'd no thought of compromise."

"It was necessary for you to be present at the reading of this document," replied Lawyer Coburn curtly, and he read the following sheet of paper.

"I, Abner Willets, bequeath to my wife, Julia Page Willets, my entire property, real and personal, to be hers unconditionally, and I furthermore appoint Julia Page Willets executor of said property, without bond."

Witnessed by Simeon Howells and Israel Sparks.

"I have omitted the legal verbiage," said Lawyer Coburn, breaking the silence, "but such is the substance of your brother's will. It leaves his widow in undisturbed possession."

"Why that situation did you keep still till now for?" demanded Ezra Willets, wrathfully.

"At Abner's request," replied Lawyer Coburn. "A request made in the presence of his wife and these gentlemen, and to this the aforesaid gentlemen chuckled a gleeful assent. Neither Abner nor I were believed in the community."

"I was suthin' of a joker in his way," remarked Israel Sparks.

"But with filin' papers an' our retainin' fee an' suthin' fur these gentlemen, I meant to fight our claims—we're out mor'n a hundred dollars apiece, Marthy an' me," spat out Ezra.

"Abner meant it all fur your good. He said it would be a lesson to you," remarked the widow.

Lucy kissed her sister-in-law affectionately. "I'm so glad for you, Julia," she whispered.

"I knowed you'd be," answered Julia, "for you're no ways covetous."

That same evening the disgruntled household of Ezra Willets received another crushing blow. Lucy announced her engagement to the Rev. David Spencer. They were to be married immediately.

Ezra Willets gave way to tears. "I'd think you'd have a little fev'el fur me," he sobbed. "Your pore brother Ezra'll have to pay out \$12 a month to some girl, an' then she'll double the milkin'."

"Do you know what first led me to admire you?" said the Rev. David Spencer, during their first breakfast together. "It was the stand you took about your brother Abner's property. Your strong sense of justice first attracted me, then—afterward—"

"Well, men—afterward—," repeated Lucy, smiling across the table at him: "What then?"

"Afterward I learned to love you for your own sweet self," replied the Rev. David.

And five years later, when Abner Willets' widow died, after willing her entire estate to Lucy, the reverend gentleman experienced delightful satisfaction as he reflected upon the wisdom of his choice.

LIFE ON THE RAIL IS A HARD ONE

C. P. R. Engineer's Experience With Dodd's Kidney Pills.

They Brought Back His Strength When He Could Neither Rest Nor Sleep

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 11.—(Special.)—Mr. Ben Rafferty, the well-known C. P. R. engineer, whose home is at 115 Maple street, is one Winnipeg man who swears by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Long hours on the engine and the mental strain broke down my constitution," Mr. Rafferty says. "My back gave out entirely. Terrible, sharp, cutting pains followed one another, till I felt I was being sliced away piecemeal. I would come in tired to death from a run. My sole desire would be to get rest and sleep, and they were the very things I could not get. Finally I had to lay off work."

"Then I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the first night after using them I slept soundly. In three days I threw away the belt I have worn for years. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

How to Read.

"Men have curiously different notions on the subject of reading, and almost all the literary men have had something to say on the subject," said an observant man. "Emerson laid down three rules. He said: 'First, do not read a book that is not a year old, secondly, never read any but books that are good; third, never read any book but what you like. But it is not likely that many persons will follow these rules. In the first place, it is quite impossible to observe anything

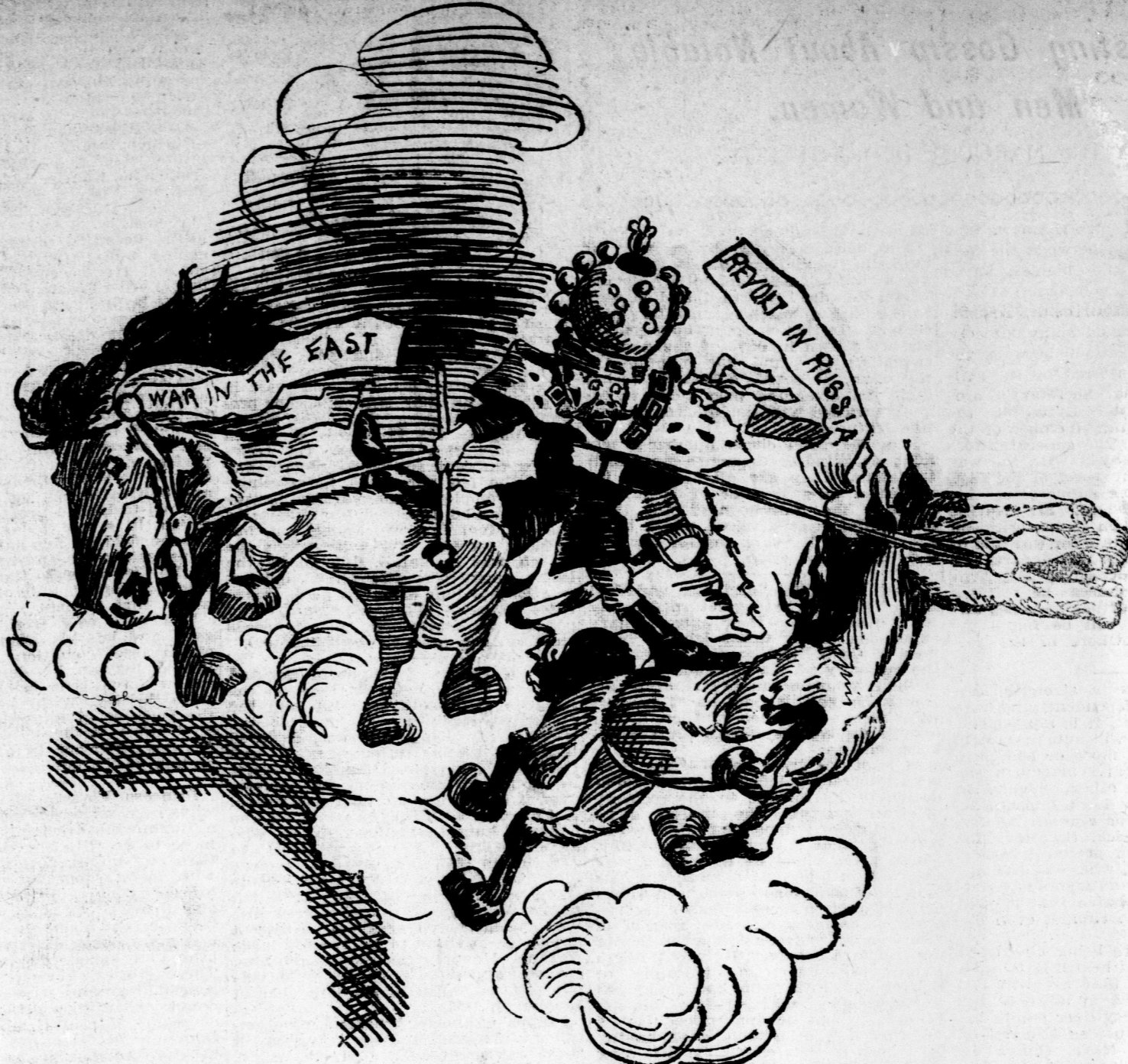
like an arbitrary rule in the matter of reading. There is no reason why a good book should be any older before we venture through its pages. If the book is good it is just as good as fresh today as it will be at any other time. Besides, books are printed so rapidly now that if we do not talk to our friends about contemporary literature, and would be classified as a back number. It is much easier for a bad book to blaze out and win popular attention. Besides, how shall we know whether a book is good or bad without reading it? True enough, some men, like Carlyle, can skim a book, and get a fairly good idea of it; but this is not a satisfactory way of measuring a book's value. I have but little confidence in the literary judgment of the skimmer. The fact is, after all, that every man must read according to his own notion. My friend may like one book, I like another. He may have one standard of literary excellence, I may have another, and so on. Rules for reading cannot be arbitrarily fixed. Human nature is too flexible, and there is too much difference between the temperaments of men to admit of any such thing."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Indescribable Torture.

Six Mile Brook, N. S., Feb. 11.—Such suffering as Munro Guh has endured from asthma, is seldom witnessed.

"For six years," he says, "I suffered torture. Doctors said I couldn't get well, but after using three bottles of 'Carrhoxone' I was cured and never felt better in my life than I do today. Carrhoxone is certain to cure asthma." For bronchitis and catarrh it is equally sure. Don't use doubtful remedies when cure is swift and permanent from Carrhoxone. Sold by all dealers. Two months' treatment, \$1; sample size, 25c. Be sure you use Carrhoxone.

Arrangements are being completed by the City of London International Commercial Association for the holding of an "International Society Dance" in December, at which a thousand guests from the various trading centers of Europe will be present.



How Long Can He Ride Them Both?

A BROKEN IDOL.

Of all the tales that are told of Lady Emily, some of which I, one of her slaves (and, incidentally, her brother), have written down, there is none that shows more plainly the greatness of her heart and the nobility of her character, than that which tells of her kind forbearance and sacrifice of her own wishes when she met the roetic soul of her cousin, Sir Anthony Ashburton, who was filled with the sorrow of a broken idol and a letter awakening from a dream of love.

"I can only excuse the length of this sentence by the fact that it was dictated by Lady Emily herself; also, I am not wholly in accord with some of its statements. But she takes a large interest in these memoirs."

It happened one afternoon late in the autumn. The roses in the garden were dead, and the leaves littered the sodden grass. Lady Emily was pressing her nose gently against the window-pane, and had sighed twice.

"What's the matter?" I inquired, looking up from the book I was man-aging to read. (It was a new book, consequently a duty. "The Study of a Man's Soul," by a lady.)

"The matter," cried my sister, pointing to the landscape. "The abomination of desolation!"

"I have written a poem," began Anthony.

But she turned to him quickly. "Not today, Tony. I really couldn't bear it today."

But he was a man of resolution. "It's—it's a kind of song," he said. "There are many kinds of songs." I remarked, a little sadly, "Anthony was already touching the keys of the piano."

"Will not even a cousin's prayer move you?" implored Emily.

No, he was not to be moved. He began to sing—

"Dreary, dreary, the autumn day; Summer, summer has passed away; Dreary, dreary, the cold, gray sky; On the damp ground the brown leaves lie."

And I have come back from across the sea, To find that my love is false to me."

"Thank you," broke in Emily quickly. "There is another verse," I objected the poet—

"Sadly, sadly, the wild winds moan; Here by the river I stand alone; Sadly, sadly the rushes bow; Life and color are faded now, And now I have come back from across the sea, To find that my love is not for me."

The accompaniment died away with a few sobs in the bass. Emily laid her head on the poet's shoulder.

"Anthony," she said, "this is more than the weather!" scornfully exclaimed the sufferer (he, too, had suffered), spinning round on the music stool to face his sister.

My sister drew a chair close to him and sat down. I experienced a sense of something wanting in her appearance. It was, I decided, a little piece—

"Tell me just how you feel," she said in a low, gentle voice, calculated to soothe.

"Dreadful!" exclaimed Anthony, jumping up and walking to the window.

"It's perfectly plain, of course," said Emily rising (I seemed to hear the click of the piece—being closed), "and a bad case. But it is quite impossible for me to help you unless you give me details."

"No one can help," came in muffled tones from the window.

"Who says Tony?" I asked.

"Of course, not," said Emily, frowning at me.

"Well, then, I don't know." My sister's manner in society are irreproachable; in the domestic circle, however, she occasionally deteriorates. She whistled.

"But when did you see her—and fall in love with her?" she cried.

"Who said I was in love with her?" "Why, anyone with any sense could see that."

"I'm safe in the present company," retorted Anthony. Then Lady Emily's manner changed. When she is determined to have her way, few things—certainly nothing masculine—can stop her. She slipped her arm through that of the angry lover and said—

"Look through this," I suggested, holding out my book. "You'll find here all the adjectives ever invented, and some quite new ones."

"Be quiet, Johnnie," said Emily, sternly, scandalized at the note in her brother's eye.

"I was walking from Kirby this morning, and overtook her. I never saw anyone walk like her, and her face—I just turned my head, you know."

"We know," said Emily, encouragingly. "Oh, it was just—just perfect."

"How was she dressed?" asked my sister.

"In black, and a big black hat. Nothing grand, but very neat and dainty, you know."

I had joined the couple at the window, and we stood in silence, gazing at the landscape. The bare, gaunt branches of the trees were outlined on a dull red sky, and from the setting sun a great black cloud stretched slowly across the heavens, as if a mighty hand were being thrust out over the earth, to fall suddenly and crush it in a giant's grip. The gloom and desolation were of death; the great black hand darkened the sky, and seemed as if at any moment it might fall.

Emily suggested the gas. She said the gas was just—just perfect."

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Ashma.
You've tried almost everything for it, haven't you? And we presume you are about discouraged. Now what do you think of our idea of breathing-in the medicine, bringing it right up to the diseased part? It looks reasonable, doesn't it? And it's successful too.

When you inhale Vapo-Cresolene your breathing becomes easy, the wheezing ceases, and you drop to sleep. For croup and whooping-cough it's a quick cure.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of price. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including a bottle of Cresolene, complete \$1.50. Send for free illustrated booklet. Write to: Wm. C. O. Ltd., Agents, 288 St. James St., Montreal.

Dye to any Color At Home!

"Maypole" is a cake of soap that washes and dyes at one operation. Not an old-fashioned dirty, messy powder dye. It gives brilliant, fast colors—dyes anything—dyes to any color or shade. Good-bye to that trip to the dye house—dye at home with Maypole.

Maypole Soap
Made in England but sold everywhere. 10c. for Colors—15c. for Black.

Baby's First Lesson

NESTLE'S FOOD

has stood the most exacting tests of several generations. It is so easily assimilated that the most delicate baby thrives on it. Made only of pure cow's milk, and needs only water to prepare it for use.

Let us send you, free of charge, a sample package of Nestle's Food containing sufficient for eight full meals.

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ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

will positively cure deep-seated COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP.

A 25c. Bottle for a Simple Cold. A 50c. Bottle for a Heavy Cold. A \$1.00 Bottle for a Deep-seated Cough. Sold by all Druggists.

Why a Torpid Liver Makes the Temper Bad

The Real Cause of Indigestion, Biliousness and Constipation Due to Inactivity of the Liver—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a Great Liver Regulator.

"Oh, it's his liver is bad," you say when you find a person cross and disagreeable without apparent cause. This is a common saying which is founded on scientific facts. The liver, when in health, filters bile from the blood—where it is poison—and pours it into the intestines—where it is necessary to digestion and a proper working of the bowels. Once the liver becomes torpid and sluggish in action the "bile poison" is left in the blood, where it causes biliousness, jaundice and headache. The flow of bile to the intestines being cut off, the food is delayed in the canal, and fermentation instead of digestion takes place. The result is sour stomach, flatulency, feelings of weight and oppression, smothering sensations in the chest, drowsiness after meals, despondency and bad temper.

- Symptoms**
- Coated Tongue.
 - Headache and Indigestion
 - Sour Stomach.
 - Muddy Complexion.
 - Wind in the Stomach.
 - Feelings of Weight and Oppression.
 - Smothering Sensations in the Chest.
 - Pains Under Left Shoulder Blade.
 - Drowsiness After Meals.
 - Despondency, Bad Temper
 - Biliousness, Constipation.

By setting the liver right Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills positively overcome these symptoms and bring about a thorough and lasting cure. It is a common mistake to dose the stomach and overlook the liver—the real cause of such troubles. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are made to act directly on the liver because the liver really controls the digestive organs as well as influences the kidneys and bowels. By the use of this great family medicine you cleanse and purify the organs of digestion and excretion, and ensure a natural, healthful working of these organs. Make a test of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and you will find a cure for indigestion, biliousness and constipation and remove the cause of much ill-temper and unhappiness of life.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanon, Bates & Co., Toronto. The portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box. Remember that Dr. Chase's Ointment is the only actual cure for itching, bleeding and protruding piles.

MIRARD'S LINIMENT CURES COLDS, ETC.