





UNITED STATES.

The New York Herald thus speaks of our Queen:

"The Queen of England, from her character, her youth, her power, occupies a more important position in human affairs, than any other person now alive. Not in England alone does she excite enthusiasm—throughout Europe and America, there is an intense feeling of interest for her position and destiny. In England she is the ideal of the mob—the divinity of the masses. Wherever I went, I could see this."

In this republican country, among all classes, she excites as much interest, though of a more refined and poetical character. In England, purity and beauty mark with the sentiment—here it is a poetic abstraction—vision of the imagination—a throbbing of the heart alone.

How comes it to be so? How can it be explained philosophically? Very easily.

In the classical age of Greece, the brilliant fancy and refined feelings of that wonderful people, clothed every power of nature and of mind with the attributes of humanity. Wisdom was represented as a young woman with classical features. Starting from the head of Juno—Jove was pictured forth as another, beautiful, enchanting, and lascivious—rising from the wave that flows gently around the rock of Salamis—the Graces walked over the lawns and threaded the groves—and the Muses reclined on the flowery vale, and loved their naked beauties in the dim streams. Political power has been heretofore held by woman, but never, in the history of the world, till now, has the power of an empire, on which the sun never sets, been wielded by an intelligent, sensible, amiable, interesting, pretty, fascinating young woman, with a fine figure, exquisite hair, fair face, auburn hair, rosy lips, small feet, and graceful in every movement. The poetical feelings of fifty centuries have collected around Victoria, and given her a name and a fame, that is perfectly unique. If England is to be preserved from a radical and bloody revolution, it is the influence which this young woman of destiny exercises over the imagination of the masses, an influence that may prevent, check, or moderate its force. If the Canadian Patriotes are deluged in their attempts to excite American sympathy for their cause, it is owing to the singular influence which that young girl exercises over the imagination of the Republic. Fanny Wright may speak till doomsday—her low cheeks—wild hair, short red hair, light cheek bones, baggy appearance, cannot stand for a moment, before the wit smiles, and sweet looks, and dimpled cheeks of far Victoria.

These are not idle fancies. We do verily believe, that the Virgin Queen of England is destined to be one of the most extraordinary characters of the present age, or any coming. She is a little Napoleon in person—she determined, as lofty, as generous, as original as he was. Wait and see.

New Councilmen.—Letters were received in town, yesterday, from Head Quarters, stating that George F. STREET, Esq. (Solicitor General), of Fredericton; THOS. WYER, and HARRIS HATCH, Esquires, of Saint Andrews, and WILLIAM B. KINRAID, and JOHN ROBERTSON, Esquires, of this City, had been appointed Legislative Councilmen.—Mr. WYER's nomination will cause a vacancy in the Representation of Charlotte County.—Centre.

New Brunswick, HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, EXTRAORDINARY FROM THE JOURNALS, January 16, 1839.

Mr. OWEN, by leave, presented a Petition from John Wilson, James Rait, Harris Hatch, and 48 others, of the County of Charlotte, praying a Bounty may be granted to vessels employed in the Fisheries, as well as on Fish-taken and cured, and also that protection be afforded to persons engaged in the Fisheries from the encroachments that continue to be made on the fishing grounds by vessels from the United States; which he read.

Ordered, That the said Petition be received, and lie on the Table.

Mr. OWEN, also presented a Petition from William Fisher, James Chaffey, J. Snel, Esquires, and 181 others, of the Parish of Grand Marston, West River, and Campobello, in the County of Charlotte, praying some legal provision for the encouragement of the Fisheries, as also protection from the encroachments which continue to be made on the fishing grounds by vessels of the United States; and likewise that a regular Jacket Boat be maintained between the Island Parish and the main land, and for the establishment of a Post Office in the respective Parishes; which he read.—Ordered, That the said Petition be received, and lie on the Table.

Mr. BROWN, presented a Petition from Donald Maclellan, John Maclellan, and 204 others, inhabitants of the County of Charlotte, praying that Lays and Bays of Fish may be appointed without being chargeable with the existing Provincial Duty; and that an Act may pass imposing a duty upon Foreign Shrimps imported into the Province; which he read.—Ordered, That the said Petition be received, and referred to the Committee of Trade.

Mr. WOODWARD, presented a Petition from Richard McGee and 23 others, of the County of Charlotte, praying that they may be allowed to withdraw a Petition presented to the House on the 7th March, 1833, complaining of bribery and corruption on the part of William F. W. William Owen, Esquire, at the last General Election for the said County of Charlotte, and that permission be given to present a new Petition, transcribed in accordance with the forms and usages of the

House; which he read.—Ordered, That the said Petition be received and lie on the Table.

January 17.

On motion of Mr. Woodward, Resolved, That the Petition of Richard McGee and others, presented to this House on the 16th instant, praying to be allowed to withdraw the Petition presented at the last Session, charging William F. W. William Owen, Esquire, with bribery and corruption at the election for the County of Charlotte, and to present an amended Petition be complied with, so far as to allow the said Petition of the last Session to be withdrawn.

January 18.

Mr. WYER, by leave, presented a Petition from Joseph N. Clarke, Esquire, of the County of Charlotte, praying that some Legislative enactment may pass to provide for the payment of Grand and Petit Jurors, which he read.—Ordered, That the said Petition be received, and lie on the Table.

Mr. BROWN, by leave, presented a Petition from John Maclellan, and 204 others, of the County of Charlotte, praying that some Legislative enactment may pass to provide for the payment of Grand and Petit Jurors, which he read.—Ordered, That the said Petition be received, and lie on the Table.

Mr. WYER moved to bring in a Bill, to provide for the payment of Grand and Petit Jurors. Leave granted. The said Bill being brought in, was read a first time.

Mr. WYER presented a Petition from the Justices of the Peace for the County of Charlotte, in General Sessions assembled, praying a Grant may pass in aid of the erection of a new Court House in the said County; which he read.—Ordered, That the said Petition be received, and referred to the Committee of Supply.

Mr. OWEN presented a Petition from the widow of Wm. Young, an old soldier, for pecuniary aid, which was rejected by a vote of 13 to 10.

Mr. WOODWARD moved to present a Petition from Hugh Fishery and 25 others, inhabitants of the County of Charlotte, setting forth charges of bribery and corruption against William F. W. William Owen, Esquire, at the last General Election for the said County, in the year 1837, and praying that the same may be investigated, and if proven, that the said Owen be declared a null and void, and a new writ issued for the election of a Member in his stead. And it appearing in reference to the Rules of the House with regard to Petitions complaining of the undue election and return of members to serve in General Assembly, that the time for presenting such Petitions had elapsed, Ordered, That the said Petition be not received.

January 19.

The Hon. Mr. Johnston, by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, laid before the House for their consideration and consideration, copies of various Despatches as referred to in His Excellency's Speech at the opening of the Session, viz:—1st. Circular Despatch from the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg, dated 24th October 1837, relative to the establishment of Steam Packets for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mail to Halifax, and the improvement of the communication between that place and Quebec.

2d. Correspondence between the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg and His Excellency, on the subject of abolishing the existing duties on Salted Potatoes and Flour.

3d. Despatch from the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg, dated 29th August, 1838, upon the subject of the Survey of the Bay of Fundy.

4th. Despatches from the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg dated 26th July and 17th August 1838, upon the subject of the Colonial Banking system.

5th. Despatch from the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg, dated 23rd August, 1838, containing certain inquiries as to the state and condition of the Aboriginal Inhabitants in the Province.

Government House, Fredericton, May 15.

My Lord.—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Lordship's Despatches, of the 5th and 27th March, Nos. 74 and 77, upon the subject of the proposed repeal of the duties levied by an Act of the Imperial Parliament upon "salted provisions," and "wheat flour," imported into this Province, and having communicated with the Officers of Her Majesty's Customs, at Saint John upon the subject, I beg to invite Your Lordship's attention to the statement which they have addressed to me, in reference to this question, by which it will be seen that the effect of the duty upon the last named article, has been progressively and rapidly to diminish the consumption of Flour into the Province, from the United States, nearly in the ratio in which it has increased the importation of wheat from England; that the former branch of trade, viz. the importation of flour from the United States, nothing can be more injurious to the Colony, in as much as it carries out of it a large amount of specie, in exchange for an article, the value of which is manufactured and imported, which is enjoyed by Foreigners, and further, that the duty proposed to be repealed has no questionably operated as an indirect bounty to the Provincial Agriculturist. By the petitions against the proposed repeal, which I have the honor to enclose, Your Lordship will be informed that large investments of capital have been made in the erection of Mill Establishments in the immediate vicinity of Saint John, and extensive arrangements entered into for the importation of flour from England, with the object of entirely superseding the necessity of importation; the great advantage which, in consequence, is offered to the country in which that article is carried off, added to those derived from the shipping of wheat, and the importation

of the unmanufactured material, in British Shipping, and I will add, to the New Brunswick Farmer, in respect to such of the grain as may be raised in the Province, are too obvious to render it necessary for me to do more than advert to them, and to observe that from the enclosed documents, but still more from the communications which I have held with the members of Her Majesty's Council and others whom I believe to be well-informed upon the general and local interests of the Province, I am convinced that the conclusion, that it would be inexpedient to repeal the duty upon the importation of flour into New Brunswick before the sense of the various interests concerned can be ascertained and declared at the next meeting of the Provincial Legislature, that no final determination be adopted by Her Majesty's Government upon the subject, as respects this Province, for one year, in order to afford time not only for the Legislature to express its opinion upon a subject of so much importance, but also for all those of Her Majesty's subjects of the Province, who may take views of it different from those which have as yet been presented to me, to be heard by your Lordship, which I will take care shall be truly and impartially.

I am aware that an objection may be urged upon the plea of a monopoly being raised upon the consumption of a prohibitory duty, upon the importation of Wheat Flour from Foreign Countries to the prejudice of fair competition, but I am inclined to the opinion that there can exist no monopoly for any well-founded apprehension upon this subject; the strongest objection which presents itself to my mind is the quality of the imported wheat, which is represented as being generally of a soft state, and therefore incapable of making sound, sweet, and wholesome bread.

Upon this subject, I beg to invite Your Lordship's attention to the answer to a series of queries which I sent down to St. John, in the month of November last, and which will be found in the enclosed documents, and at the same time believe to be free from any interested view upon the subject.

With regard to Salted Potatoes, the annual importation is so trifling as to render any imposition or removal a matter of indifference to the people, or to the revenue of the Province. I therefore consider it unnecessary to discuss it.

I have not failed to convey to the Chamber of Commerce of St. John, the common canon, in relation to the extract enclosed in your Lordship's Despatch, No. 67.

Doubts have been expressed to me, as to how far this body represents the real commercial interests of the Province; to this point and if necessary to the reconstruction of that body, which I apprehend possesses no legally recognized existence, my early attention shall be given—one of my first objects, this summer being to visit and make myself better acquainted with the various interests of the rising City of St. John.

I have the honor to be, &c. (Signed) J. HARVEY, Lt. Governor. The Rt. Hon. the Lord Glenelg, &c.

THE STANBARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY JAN 20, 1839.

Charlotte County Bank.

HARRIS HATCH, Esq. President. Director next week, R. H. COOPER, Esq. Discount Day, THURSDAY. Hours of business, from 10 to 2.

ST. BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before Wednesday, unless they must be over until next week.

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tion, and loitered away his time on the margin of the path to knowledge, merely for want of a guide to direct his steps into the proper course he should follow. The system laid down in the article alluded to has the further advantage of being adapted to refresh the memory of the best informed, while it is calculated to improve the heart and the understanding at the same time; and in the end to effect the most important consideration of all—that of leading the mind to a due contemplation of the order and progress of divine rule, and of raising the affections to a pure and unalienable devotion to the deity. The "Student" is a new paper published in New York on a new plan, altogether different from any other newspaper; and if it continues to furnish articles like the present, it will prove a valuable accession to the moral and literary stores.

His Excellency Sir Colin Campbell opened the Legislature of Nova Scotia on the 14th inst. After addressing to the gracious reply of the Queen to the loyal address on Her Majesty's accession to the throne, His Excellency says:

"I am happy to be able to congratulate you on the continued prosperity of the Province. At the present moment we have simple cause to be thankful to the Almighty for an abundant harvest—a successful fishery—an improving Commerce, and Revenue, and for uninterrupted tranquillity."

Having then adverted to the nefarious attempts to sever the Canada from the parent Kingdom, he observes:

"You cannot have failed to observe, with high satisfaction, that every act of Her Majesty's Government relating to these Colonies, has clearly indicated Her firm resolve to withstand all attempts to destroy or weaken her supremacy over them."

His Excellency then commiserates the intention of Government to employ Steam Packets to convey the Mails between Great Britain and Halifax, and invites the co-operation of the Legislature in improving the Mail routes and in affording such facilities as depend on them. The address made last session on the "voluntism" by the Americans of the treaty, and their interference with our fisheries, has induced Government to Station an armed force on the Coast of Nova Scotia for their protection, and to enforce strict observance of the existing treaty.

Judge JONES, of Upper Canada, has published a most powerful letter in answer to a member of the American Congress, who applied to him in favour of the "segregated route" who came to cut the throat of the Provincial Loyalties, and whose reckless imputation prayed might not be stretched according to Merit Law. There is a strain of severe invective pervading the Judge's letter which keeps attention on the rack, but our letter feelings and judgment are never compromised. Excepting the flimsy narratives of "Miles" in the Atlantic, we have not met anything so straightforward, unadorned, honest, and clever, as Judge Jones's letter. It is very long, which prevents our publishing it, greatly to our regret, as we should like our readers to know the whole truth, and listen to Judge Jones's telling it.

We have not room, at present, to publish the high minded representations of Lord STANBARD to the Queen, to Lord Palmerston, and to the Duke of Wellington, of the subject alluded to in the following extract: but we give that extract with great satisfaction, and beg to remind our readers of the account we gave of the extraordinary Lady, in our second volume.

We have inserted a part of the correspondence of Lady Hester Stanhope with Lord Palmerston and others, relative to the threatened withdrawal of her pension, to pay a debt contracted by her Lordship with one Mr. Homan. Lady Hester does not deny the debt, but intimates inability to pay it, which inability, she says in a letter to the Duke of Wellington, has arisen from her large disbursements in protecting persecuted individuals during the late hostilities in Syria. It is assumed on all hands that her Lordship exercises a vast and important influence over the Arabs, and that she made that influence useful to British interests. This fact is touched for by Col. Napier, whose letter we also publish. Now, when we consider this fact and the circumstances under which the debt was contracted; when we recollect that Lady Hester was the niece and Secretary of William Pitt, and that William Pitt gave his whole life to the service of his country, died poor, and was buried at the public expense, and that the pension of £1,500 per annum was given by George the Third, as a reward for her own and her uncle's services—when, in short, all these things are taken into view, the weakness of the ministers in winking at such a pension to pay such a debt, is deep and damning. Surely the services of her great relative as well as her own, might have induced the government of Great Britain to deal liberally with her, and—thus her, for once, to be the difficulty. We trust the people of England will see this offer in its true light, and that Parliament will, for the honour of the country, vote the noble minded woman from poverty.

MARRIED: On the 26th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Quin, Mr. Hugh G. G. of St. John, to Miss Alice Judge daughter of Mr. Charles Judge of this town.

DIED: At her residence in 21 street, New York: Monday the 14th inst. Margaret, wife of A. S. Easton, Esq. after a short illness, aged 20 years; formerly of Dorchester, New Brunswick.

SHERIFF'S SALES. To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 27th day of July next at the Court House in Saint Andrews, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock p.m.

All the Right Title, Interest, Claim and demand of MOSES SEELEVE, and JOHN POTTER in and to two undivided shares of the real Estate of the late STEVEN SEELEVE situated in the Parish of St. George, the same having been taken by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province, to satisfy a debt of WILLIAM CURRY for £22 11 9 with Sheriffs fees, costs, &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, 19th January, 1839.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 27th day of July next at the Court House in Saint Andrews between the hours of noon and 4 o'clock p.m.

All the Right Title, Interest, Claim and demand of JOSEPH THOMAS in and to that Farm Lot on which he now resides, situate at White Cove in the Parish of Grand Marston and fronting thereon, together with the dwelling House, out houses and all and singular the improvements thereon—the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy JAMES T. HAYDON, in a debt of £55 2 11 besides Sheriffs fees and other incidental expenses.

COLIN CAMPBELL, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, 19th January, 1839.

To be sold at Public Auction at the Court House in Saint Andrews on Saturday the 27th day of July next between the hours of noon and 4 o'clock p.m.

All the Right Title, Interest, Claim and demand of WILLIAM MOORE, the one half, in and to, all and singular the certain piece of land situate in the Parish of St. George, and bounded on the west side of the road, described in the said plan, thereon standing North seven and a half degrees West fifty one chain and a half, and a large tract of stone, chains North six and a half degrees West ninety one chain and a half, and a large tract of stone, chains North six and a half degrees East, one hundred and eleven chains and four links to the first mentioned bounds, and extending thence by the same course and distance to the second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the tenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the eleventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the twelfth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the thirteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the fourteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the fifteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the sixteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the seventeenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the eighteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the nineteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to 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course and distance to the hundred and thirty-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and fortieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and forty-ninth mentioned bounds, and 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bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and sixty-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and seventy-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eightieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and eighty-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninetieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and ninety-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundredth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and tenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and eleventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twelfth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fourteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fifteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and sixteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and seventeenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and eighteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and nineteenth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twentieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and twenty-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirtieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and thirty-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fortieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-first mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-second mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-third mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-fourth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-fifth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-sixth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-seventh mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-eighth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and forty-ninth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fiftieth mentioned bounds, and thence by the same course and distance to the hundred and hundred and fifty-first mentioned bounds, and thence







