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# The Church Guardian. 

## Upholds the Doctrines andiRubrics of the Praver Book.

## "Grace be with all them that love onf Lord Jemu Ohrint in minoority."mppine Fi, RA.

is Rarnentir oomtend for the faith which was once dolivered unto the saintme"-Indio a.

## Warning.

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## ECCLESIASTICAL NOTES.

A private cablegram from Nice states that Bishop Bedell, of Ohio, has suffered a stroke of paralysis.

The olergy and leading Churchmen of the Diocese of Chichester, have resolved to present the venerable diocesan with apportrait of himself, to be placed as an heirloom in the Palace at Chicheater.

THE enthronement of Bishop Stubbs, as Bishop of Oxtord, took place in Christ Churoh Cathiedral on Tharday, the 31st Janaary. The Mayor and Aldermen in their robes of office attended the ceremony, and there was a large gathering of the dioceean clergy and of the general pablio.
Try Rev. Dr. Knight will be conseorated (D. V.) in All Ssint's Cathedral, Milwankee, on April 25th, St. Murk's Day, and the Thursday in Eraster week. The Bishop of Albany will preach the aermon. The Bishop of Chioago will be the consecrator, assisted by the Bishop's of Obio and Springfield.
Tin Ri-ht Rev. J. M. Speechly, Bishop of Travancore and Cochin, has jast resigned his see. He was consecrated Bishop in Jaly, $1 \times 78$. The C.M.S. are taking eqeps to find a suitable clergyman for presentation to the Archbishop of Canterbury for consecration.
Ten Church in Boston, with the Bishop at its head, is endeavouring to extend its work by distrieting the city, by etrengthoning the two Sonth Boston parishes, by appointing ministrations for the sick in the hoppitals, by luoking after immigrante, by stirring ap the strong. er charches, and by watching for new opening.

In a recent canvass in a certain district in Boston it was fouad that out of a popalation of 22,447 twenty per cent, of the adults and six per cent, of the children never attend Sundayservice. In Riehmond, $\mathrm{Va}_{\text {a }}$, if all the ohurches were full to their utmost capacity only about one third of the population conld be accomodated. What becomos of the olher twothirds ?

Thi Arch bishop of Canterbary is annoanced to preside at the annual meoting of the Churoh Army on St. Philip's day, nuless prevented by the consecration of a church. The Bishop of Bedford presiding at the recent anniversary ${ }^{3}$ ceting of the Truining Institations for working men evang elints atd mission narese of the Chgroh Army said,-"I wish it to be nnder-
stond that I do identify myrelf thoroughly with the work of the Church Army. Having ascertained its methods of procedare and tested its work in different parte of Londnn and the country, it has my entire sympathy."

A guarantee fund is being raised by the laity of Linoolnshire to provide for the payment of the Bishop of Lincoln's legal expenses in the prosecation whioh has been institated against him. His lordabip has anthorized the nee of the Collect for the sixth Sunday after Trinity during the present time of anxiety in the diocese.
Churge Extengion Absooiation.-The Food Mission of this Association sapplied last year, 80.000 meals to the obildren of the very poor; 130,000 dinners were given to the starving unemployed who came to Lond .n frcm every part of England in search of work, hot breakfast and hot dinners. This is the work of the Kilbarn Sisters.

THi Archbishop of Canterbury invited the following Bishops to assist him with their advice as assessors in the trial of the Bishop of Lidooln's case: the Bishops of London and Winchester, as having precedence in the Province; the Bishop of Norwich; ss senior Bishop in date of consearation; the Biahop of Saliabury, as having served as assessor representing the jnnior Bishop when the matter came before the Privy Conncil. The Bishop's of Norwioh, on account of age and infirmity of hearing, declined to eerve, and the Biahop of Koohester was named in his place.
At a meating of the committee of the Bristol Bishopric Society held nader the presidenoy of the Bishop of Gloucenter and Bristol, the honorary secretary, reported that the Rev. H. A. Daniel had given as a suitable residence for the new Bishop a large house in Berkeley Square, which has been in the possession of his family many years. His generous offer had met the approval of the ecolesiastical commissioners, and it had materially rednced the amount to be raised to fulfil the conditions of the British Bishopric Act. The subseriptions now exceeded $£ 40.000$, and as the statutory income of the Bishop was fixed at $\mathcal{Z} 3,000$ a year, of which $£ 500$ would be contributed from the see of Gloucester, there remaingd about $£ 25,000$. to be provided.
N.Y. Misbions.-At the monthly meeting of the Parochial Missions Society, held at Calvary rectory, New York City, the Rev. G. A. Carstensen, Rector of St. Panl's charch, Erie, Pennsyluania, was elected to the offlice of Geaeral Missioner. He is the son of Captain George Carstensen of the Danish army, and who fought with the present king of Denmark in the Schleswig-Holstein wars, and was, later, the architeot of the Crystal Palace in New York. Rev. G. A. Carstensen was born in 'Santa Craz, West Indies, graduated at Hobart College, and then from the General Theologioal Seminary in 1876. For six years be has been a saccess. ful Restor in his present position, having formerly rendered effirsent service at Toledo, Ohio, and Meadville; Ponneylvanian

Rev. Dr. Pulham Williams writes to Mre Twing,s "Chorch Work" an artiole designed mostly for Christian women in oities who are very busy Chureh workers; He says, "It is avowed and feared at last that the oraze for parish maobinery may quite disturb the most needful repose of the divine life, and perhaps rob some gentler ones of what the Holy Ghost declares to be the grace of Cbristian womanhood, the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit." To whioh, no doubt, Christian women will take good heed; not only the Church workers but the family workers, who, through maoh frot and fass, have lost this ornament, and so turn their busband's thoughts away from a religion whioh has done so little towards making home happy.-Southern Chterchman.

The death of the Röv. Albert Zabriskie Gray, D.D., late warden of Racive College, is annonnced. - The immediato cause was pneumonia, brought on by a cald oontrsoted while attending the funeral of his late coleague at Racino. Prof. H. Severight Smith, at Janesville, Wis. Dr. Gray was born in New York, March 2nd. 1840, and in 1860 he graduated at the General Theologioal Seminary. He was ohaplain of the Fourth Masseohnsetts Cavalry daring the civil war. He was elected warden of Racine College in 1882 , and held that post until a short time ago. A cealons worker in all matters pertaining to the Church, he was always eager for its advancement. He was associated with the work of Church reform and re-union in Earope, and was a delegate to the General Convention in 1886. Dr. Gray was also known as a writer of more than average ability. Between the years 1876 and 1882 he pablished "The Lend and the Life; or, Sketches and Stadien in Paleatine," "Mexico as it is," "Words of the Cross," and "Jesus Only," and otber Sacred Songs.

## IN MKMORIAM JOSEPH ALBERT $L O B L E Y$.

A Sermon preached in the Chapel of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, at the Service held in Loving and grateful memory of the late Principal Lobley, on Monday. February 3rd, 1889, By the Venerable Archdeacon Roe, Dean of the Faculty of Divinity. Printed by request of the Principal.

## [OONTINGED.]

"Know ye not that there is a Prince and a great man fallen this day in Inrael ?"-2nd Samuel iii, 38.
I have dpeelt long upon his work in connec tion with the chapel and ite services; but important as these were, there is something else quite as important, in some reapecta even more essential to the health and life of auch a sosiety as this I moan the Collegedisoipline. And here we all know how he ezcelled; what a power of discipline he posseased, not I am persuaded by any natural gift, but by the deep sense he had of its importance, and by ever keeping a steady rein on those impalses of agenerous.beart, and
no one folt this more than he did, which were over tending to relax and destroy $i t$. The reins of disoipline in his hands were nover for a single moment relaxed. Eivery rile once laid down, and as long as it continued to oxist, was enforced. And yet how wonderfa ly he sucooeded in making his striotness of disoipline coeded in masist with gentleness, kindness, love; how wonderfally did be succeed in 00 enforoing it, as that none fretted under it, as that no sense of soreness and wounded feeling was left behind No doubt the reason was in part the sense that every one had of the perfect fairness and jaetice with which he was treated. Bat there was more than this. No one could come under his discipline without foeling that Colloge life in Dr. Lobley's view was somothing very saored. Bivery stadent soon arme to see and feel that personal interest and perponal care as real and affectionate as it was ceaseloss - was devoted by the Principal to his spiritual and moral as well as to his intelleotasi development. This, all the deeper and more generous natures recognizing, beosme bound to him by a tie of the atrongest kind, and anbmitted to his disoipline withont a murmur. Dc. Lobley's view of College disoipline, andoabtedly the only true one, to which be вo uncom plainingly, so unreservedly devoted his life, never relaxing his watohful oare of his papila, bogradging overy hour he spent away from them, living for them and tor them only, will I trust be a sacred tradition among the students of Lennoxville, as lasting as the Col. lege Brotherbood itself.
Such, brethren, was the lifework done for Bishop's College by its second Prinoipal. There was no department of it which did not grow to something better and stronger under his oare and charge; the material fabria, the religious services, the College life and disoipline, and the eduoation imparted, all were raised by him to greater excellence; and under his rale Bishop's Oollege gained a higher standing-a very high standing indeed among the Edroationsl institutions of the land. Fivery one knew what a brilliant sobolar, what a great tesoher, we had as our Principal ; an eminent anthority said: "the ableat teacher on the continent,", and reppected us accordingly. But we conld not keep him. Under the pressare of great nocessity he undertook the additional work of the headship of the School. To this he gave up too muoh time and energy; and after several yearr, finding bis powers failing under it, he retired.
Of his last three years work in Eingland I have not time now to speak; it was of the same oharaoter as his work everywhere, thorough masterly, loving and suocessful. But disease was undermining his strength. Einlargement of the heart ensued. Finally that groat and loving heart suddenly gave way, and God took bim to Himself.
Thus have I tried to draw as faithful a portrait as the brif time for preparation permitted, of the eminent servant of God whom we have met to commemorate, though the half of his goodness has not been told. And now, in conclasion, let me briefly sum up what I conceive to have been the main features in a charaoter whioh, as I read it, was singalarly noble and singalarly Christian.
And first we mant aoknowledge to the fall God's gifts to him, his rioh and rare intelleotual endowments, a fine mind, singalarly well balanoed. But this had been developed into the keen and aplendid instrument we know by a faithfal and consoientious cultivation never I a believe excelled. Ten talents had indeed been given to him, bat surcly he had gained other ton talents besides them.
8. Next came his moral qualities; and among them what I think would comonend itself most to overy one who knew him for siny length of time was his fairnoes of mind, his anxioty to bo alwaya fair and jast to every one. This was seen in everything, in the considerateness with whioh ho treatod everyone, in bis anxiety to
soe things from the standpoint of others and to do jastice to their viows. This made him so fair-more than that, so sympathetio to every sohool of thought in the Ohuroh, and while very olear and decided in his own views of Divine trath, yet generously granting; not mere tolerance, bat the fall right to standing groand in the Charch of England to thnse who differed widely from hin in religions conviotiona. Indeod this, his generosity towards those from whom he differed like his generosity towards individusls morally weak, seamed sometimes to be oarried by him almost to a fault.
3. Next, I must place his high sense of the value of trathfalness and candour as the foandation of all that was good in the human character. He wan the very soul of trath and honour, and the habitual dwelling place of his own inner life was-if we may elightly alter Paber's beautiful lines:

> "Where loyal hearta sad true,
> "Stand even in the light,
> "All candour through and through
> "In God's most Holy sight."
4. His modesty and hamility deserves a very conspicaons place. This, in a man of such brilliant parts and acknowledged ancoess, and in a self-made man too, was remarkable. He conld indeed assert his rightfal position with quiet dignity when it was his duty to do so, but I never knew a man so free from mere self aspertion and with so little apparent oare for atanding well in the jadgment of others. When you grew to know him better you discovered that this singular modesty arose from two canses; first from his true Ohristian humility his own estimate of himself was lowhy, and socondly, from the fact that his mind was always thinking of others-too much ocoupied with care for them to think of or care for himself. This, the highest of all Christian graces, the grace of hamility and meekness, wae, by the Grace of God, wonderfally developed in our dear Prinoipal. 5. No less conspicnous and sttractive wes his gentleness, his sweetness and attractiveness of manner, which at once drew you to him and won your confidence, when you found it to be not a menner caltivated, bat the natural outcome of a gentle and genial heart. 5. His devotion to duty I have said above, was the pole-vtar of his life. To it he saorificed overything, lived for it, indeed it is evident that we must now add, his devotion to duty cost him his life. I have spoken of his wonderfal power of work anexampled in my experience, and of his quietaess, absence of hurry, restfalness of manner, under this heavy pressare of work, never saying anything aboutit, so that he never seemed to have too maoh to do. Here was the secret of it. Bis work was his daty; and his duly was his life; was, in his view, what he was made for, what he was sent into the world to do. And to do it as perfectly as possible so as to please God, was overything to him.

And lastly, his life itself, quite apart from anything he did, was itself a power for good. Its transparent honeaty, integrity and trathfal ness, its charity and kindness and liberality, and its faivness and justioe, and its wonderful froedom from prejudice and party spirit, and joined with all this, its religions, its deeply de. votional character. That powerfal intellect, we all knew, had examined with candour every thing the opponents of sapernataral religion bave to say, weighed it all, and still found ample grounds for looting up to Jesus Christ and eaying, "My Lord, and my God." Sarely that we ourselpes actually possessed here such a believer in Josus Christ for aeven years, must over be a mighty help to the weakness of our faith 1

Yes, his roligion was real. He was, we knew, a man of prayer. And we knew the proofe and pledges he had given of the raslity of his faith, how he had resigned all his splendid prospects in Eingland to come out as a Yission.
ary to this Cansds of ours. Wo knew how near the Missionary canse was over to his heart, how steadily he kept it before our eyes. Bat we see in him "a great man and a Prinoe has indeed fallen in Iarael." We have indeed to mourn, for we have lost a friend. But his lifo, his work, his example remain our heritage for ever. This we will oherish as his most precious gift. We will sarely, in the words of the grest Apostle, "Remember him who had the rale over $\mathrm{us}^{\prime \prime}$ : and oonsidering the isane of his life, we will, by the Grace of God, imitate his faith.
RULESS, PRAYERS, ETO., FOR VESTED chOIRS.

In the hope of asaisting those who are engaged in the good work of vested choir training, we publish below a set of rales, prayers, eot., with a brief notice of the benefits accraing to choristers of our Chareh. The rales are the result of much and varied experience in many ohoirs. The prayers, too, are eepecially good, and ean be strongly recommended for use. A perasal of the first part, or "Declaration," will show that it is intended to be aigned by the Rector, Choirmaster and the chorister, who therebp signifies his intention to abide by the ralas. We woald add a word of oantion: du not alopt the rules unle:n you intend to enforoe them. Sach a proceeding woald be injurions to the choristers.

## S————CHORCH CHOLR <br> Fibat Sitabliciehen Renderid-_ <br> Rules and Rrqulations.

having passed the required examination is, this day, admitted a member of S.............Church Choir.

Cleveland, O..................................... 18.
...............................Rector, Choirmaster. .having carefally read the Rales and Regalations of S......... Charch Choir, do hereby agree to faithfally
s bide by them during my ohoristerahip, sad to do all in my power at Services, Rohearsals, in Sanday-school, and on all occasions, towards furthering the interests of the Choir and upholding the high position of Chorister.

## RoLes.

Admissior.-That candidates shall be admitted from the Probationer's class by examination in reading musio, voice production and ear exercises; the admission to be sabjoct in all cases to the spproval of the Rictor.

Payment.-That members shall be paid a certain sam per month acoording to agreemont.
Attendance. -That members shall attend all reheareals of the choir and services of the oharoh in whioh they are required to sing, each attendance to be registered in the choir register-book.

Punctuality.-That members shall be in the vestry room five minutes before the time for commencing rehearsals and services; and after robing for services, absolute silence shall be observed.

Behavior.-That quiet and reverent behavior shall at all times be required.
Absence.-Tbat members provented from attending the rehearsals or service, must send word as earily as possible to the Ohoirmaster.
Supervision.-That the choir shall be under the immediate supervision of the Choirmaster. Music.-That all music shall be at the altinate choice of the Rector.

Penclities.-That members misconducting
themselves or arriving late at rehearsals or services, shall be subject to misconduot marise, or fines, at the disoretion of the choirmaster.

Prayer.-That all rehearasls in the charoh shall be opened and olosed with prayer.
librarian.-That a librarian be appointed whose daty shall be to look after, catalogue and keep in order the books and musio in u.e.

Resignations.-That members shall be required to give, and shall also receive a month's notice before leaving the choir.

Signing Rules.-That a oopy of these rules shall be given to each member, who shall sign them in token of his assent to the same.

Choir Collect.-It is suggested that each member asy daily the choir collect: Prevent us, O Lord, in all our doings with Thy most gracions favour, and further us with Thy continual help, that in all our works begun, continued and ended in Thee, we may glorify Thy Holy Name, and finally by Thy mercy obtain everlasting life, through Jeans Christ our Lord, Amen.
Forms of Prayer for Use Before and Aftor Practice and Before and After Service.
Before Practice.-O Saviour of the world, now that we are assembled together for practice in order to make oarselves familiar with sacred words of prayer and praise, grant that this familiarity may not be hurtfal to us, bat that we may love Thee ever more and more: and show forth Thy praise not only with our lips, bat in our lives: Who livest and reigneth with the Father iu the unity of the Holy Ghost: one God world without end. Amen.

After Practice.-Grant, $\mathcal{O}$ Lord, that what we have sung with our lips we may believe in our hearte, sad what wo believe in our hearts we may show forth in pare lives; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Before Service.-O God, the Holy Ghost, enlighten, we pray Thee, oar minds, and poar Thy grace into our hearts to make us fitter for Thy service. And mercifully grant that we may so perfect ourselves by singing Thy praisen upon earth that hereafter we may be counted worthy to sing with the holy angels. Thy praises in Heaven above. Through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

After Service.-Grant, 0 Lord, tbat what we have sang with our lips we may believe in our bearta, and what we believe in our hearts we may show forth in pure lives; through Jeses Christ oar Lord. Amen.
The Spiritual, Moral, Musical and Physical
Benefits Accruing to Choristers of the Church.
Spiritual.-The regular attendance of the choristers at the Sunday and other Services must, undonbtedly, impress them in some measure with the transcendant importance of the spiritusl side of life. The weekly singing of the canticles, hymne, responses, eto., the recital of pasalter, oreed, eto.; the attentive listening to, and silent participation in those masterpieces of devotion contained in the prayers and colleōte, all at a time of life when the mind is most impressible, leaves little room to doubt the spiritasi benefit acoruing to a bop -horister of our Churoh.
Mforal.--The necessity for good behsviour on the part of the boys; of discipline enforced at rehearsals and sorvices; the kind and thoughtful interest taken in them by all interested in the Churoh, are, each and all, bound to have a very beneficial effect apon the moral character of evary ohorister.
Mus cal.-The masical benefit to choristers is so self-apparent that the bare mention of a few facts will suffice. Fach boy is taught to read music, thereby conferring upon him a life long blessing. The masic of our Churoh is of a very high class. The ears of the boys are, therefore, cultivated, at the most important time in their lives, in all that is best in music; and heing so onltivated, their fatare muaical growth is sure to be onward and npward. They
are, moreover, tanght to sing with testo and expreasion, by whioh means they are led, thus early in lifo, to appreciate the latent beanties in both masic and poetry.

Physical.-One remark will suffice on the phyuical benefit, viz: on respiration. Every competent choirmaster knows the atmost importanoe of the correst use of the organs of reapiration, and will, if he be wise, insist in the strict attention of the choristers to this matter. Good singing implies full, deep breathing, and as a result, our choristers will have better health than the average boy.-A. $P$.

## THR SECRETOF SUOOESSINPARISH AOTITITIES.

The Christian is known not only by the faith which he professes to believe; but by the work which that faith leads him to perform. The pattern on whioh he moulds his life is the life of Oae who not only held correct opinions and recoived a trie oreed, but of One who went about doing good. For a Christian to aim at doing less than the eame, is to forfeit the blessing of Christian discipleship. Indeed, we may feurlassly assert that a Christian who thinks only of self-of saving his own soul-and forgets that he is to be an instrument in the aalvation of others, that he is aigned with the sign of the oross, that he has been redeemed in order that henceforth he may not live unto himself, will on to the very end find his faith weak and his life nosatisfactory. There will always be a consciousness of something in Cbrist's words and promises whioh has not been realized, and his trust will be rather of the intellect than of the beart.

Again, it is not only adaty to forget self, to deny self, in doing good as a ohristian, it is a privilege as well. Our Lord has gone from sight into Heaven. Bat He has left us His servants to do His work. He is far away. No longer He stops on the highway to bay words of consolation, no longer in bodily presence does He give the cap of cold water; no longer does He labour as He once did, for the glory of the Father; but your lips are Hia lips now; by your hands He ministers, by you He oarries on the work of the world's sulvation. Upon the faith, the self denial, the energy of Cbristian people, does the ooming of the Kingdom of Heaven depend. To all, and at the asme time, to each particular member, is given a share in our Lord's work, and to look upon Christ as our Saviour, yet to ahirk His work, is a rainous inconsiatenoy-to draw back from doing good when the way of good is shown, is to give up that which is man's best labor, his grandest prarogative.

Now The Churoh, in one point of view, is the organized mesns of doing Christ's work. The individual as an individual is weak, bat there is strength in combination. The individual is at a lose where to take hold and what to do, The Charch points out the work, gives him a place, and telle him how he is to do his daty. Of courue, we forget not the wide field left to the individual conscience and effort: bat when we pass from the individual relations of men to the question how the Christian is to act upon society and those with whom ho is not brought in contact in gocial life, then the Charch must often gaide his efforts and give him his work; otherwise, he will not find it at all.
It is true that the organized work of the Church does not always seem so successfal as we conld wish; but very often this want of suocess springs, from lack of active, onthusiastio co-operation on the part of those who onght to devote themselves to the work One man can. not do what two men cannot do; esch one must, in his or her place, push on the work to make even the best organization effective.
The applioation of all this is plain enough.

Let us take hold of what is to be done with resolution. D.fficulties will vanish if we have a will to do the work. The work oan be done from high motives; it can, by God'a blessing, be enocesafully done--The Chureh Year.

## CORRESPONDENGE.

[The name of Correapondent mustln all ages be enolosed Fith letter, bat will not be published unleas deafred. Th Editor will not hold himeelf responatble, however, for an spinions expressed by Correspondental.

## "THE CHURCH AND HER WAYS."

## To the Editor of the Church Guardian:

Sia,-I have long seen your advertisement of a tract called "The Church and Her Ways," pablished by the Buard of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal Charch of the Diocese of Minnesota, and on these grounds I indalged the bope that I would find the same such as I would be able to use in my parish withont having any misgiving as to the teaching to be drawn from it. Qaite lately the firat eopy came into my hands, sent from the book store of $0,0$. Morton \& Co, of Halifax, NS., and I gladly read it, hoping I would find it fally teaching "the Charoh and Her ways" in no encortain way, though perhaps in a simple way. However, I fear I must take exception to one particular passage, which, if not expressly opposed, as I conceive, to the teaching of the Charch, is certsinly open to a serions misunderstanding. I refer to a passage on page 12 , ander the seotion, "What is the relation of the Charch to other religions bodies." After shewing why the ministers of other religious bodies are not invited to preach in our churohos, the tract says, "At the same time she generonaly administers the Holy Communion to all baptized persons Who are religious and devoully disposed. coming in the proper way." At first aight this seems to be atterly opposod to the Rabric at the end of the Conflrmatiou servioe, both in the Anglioan Prayer Book aud in the Prayer Book of the P. E. Church. That Rabric reads thas: "And there shall none be admit ted to the Holy Commanion, antil such time as he be confirmed, or be ready and desirous to be contirmel." Bat it is quite possible that the expression, "coming in the proper way" may be intended to qualify the abuve mention of "all baptized persons, and leave room to restrict the generous administration only to those who ooms in the proper way, eithor after being confirmed, or boing "ready and desirous to be confirmed." Still, if this be a possible underatanding of the expression " in the proper way," it is not certainly the meaning most likely to be gathered from it. I am very certain most persons will apply the expression to the preparation of mind and beart-to the anbjgotive preparation, and not to any objective preparation, and then if they are baptized persons, being also communicants in the sevoral religious bodien, they will see in this no hindrance in the way of their receiving the Holy Commanion in the Charoh. I would wish that some advice might prevail to obtain dome slight change of the above passage, and let it more expressly teach what is 80 plainly stated in the Rabric at the end of "the Order of Confirmation." Yours truly,

Joyn Loozward,
Port Modway, N S., Feb. 20th, 1889.

## Another Offer.

"THE ATLANTLC MONTHLY" and the "CHU :cOH GUABDIAN" for one year for FOUR DOLLARS,-the subweription priee of the former alone.
NOTE THI8-Wn will sond the Cawner Gigardiar free for one y-ar to any Clergymas


## NEWS FROM THE HOME FIELD. <br> DIOCESE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Lockport.-All the asual bervioes in all seotions of the parish are regalarls held and are well attended. The midnight services at St. Petor's Church, Green Harbor, and Holy Cross Charob, Lockport, on Christmas and New Year's Ere, were deeply impressive and were participated in by large congregations.
St. Peter's Charoh, Temperance Society, and St. Peter's Charoh Lodge I. O. G. T. Green Earbor, are in active operations, and Publio Temperance meetings with addresses and masio, with direct personal appeals are stirring ap the people to take an earnest and active interest in Temperance.
Ladies Societies of Charch Workers have been organized in connection with Holy Cross and St. Peter's Charoh.
The beantifal Charch at Jordan Falls, will be consearated by the Bishop in March.
Confirmation clanseb aro being held in all sections of the parish and are largely attended by yonne and old.

The Friday evaning addresses, in Holy Cross Charch, by the Rector, are attended by large congregations, and mach interest is taken in the teachinge of the Church.
The Rev. T. W. Johnston has accepted the Rectorship of the Purith, and reporta the very best church feelings amongst the parishioners, who continue to manifert an increasing desire to know and to do the will of the Great Head of the Churoh. The names of the Rove. Messrs. Charobward, Cronche, Wiggins, and Gibbons, are hoseshold words in the parish. The Reotor writes "everywhere" they are epoken of with the deepest love and respeot, and the warmest enoomiume aro hesrd of their good work, zesi and self. denying labours, and the state of the Cburch to-day is undoubtedly owing to the good geed nown by them, and the upholding of their arms by the fow yet earnest minded uharchmen.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

 Fred. E. J. Lloyd, Ractor, delivered the first of a course of leotares upon Engliah Ohuroh His. tory, in the above ohuroh. A large amonat of interest having boen aroused by the contemplated leotures the sacred edifice was filled by a most attentive and appreciative people. The "Old Handred" having been sung and a collect said the lecturer set himself to the task he had to perform. The sabject was "The Early British Charoh."
He combated the assertions so frequently made that the Charoh of England was iormed at the Reformation, and owed her origin to the sinful whims and caprice of Henry VIII., by showing that there were Caristians in Britain at a very enrly poriod, one of whom, Olaudia, the daughter of Carsactacas, aud granddaughter of the fumous Draid Bran, who afterward, on bocowing converted, was lenown as "the Blessed," was mentioned by St. Panl in his second epistle to Timothy. Also that most historians of repute aro pretty well agreed that British Chriatianity was a product of the preashing and labors of the Apostle of the Gentilos himeelf. In supporting this theory Mr. Lloyd referred to the fact that in the journeyings of St. Paul there is a long period of eight years in which we are told bat little of them; but St. Clemont, the historian, and others beside him, retate that he wont to the "Boundaries of the West," and Tertnllian, writing in A.D. 193, nays: "From whom eise have all the nations believed in Cbrist? Parthians Medes, Elamites, all the corsts of Spain, the varione nations of Ganl, and the parts inacceasible to the Romsns, but now subjeot to Christ,-the words in italios allading to Britain. Agsin, there are mumerous traditions
existing in various parts of England and Walea relating to the presence therein of St. Parl. With regard to the establinh ment of Bishoprios and general churoh organizations, Mr. Lloyd said: "After the invasion of Jaline Cmasar the Island of Britain was opened to intercourse with the rest of the world, and that after the conquest of Clandias it beoame an integral part of the Empire. Still, the ohief intercourse between Britain and the civilized world, was through Gaal, and there are many reasons for believing that we owe it to that ohannel. In Ganl a fow uharches were planted from 150 to 170 A.D., Lyona being chief. The chriatianizing of Ganl was due to a great misisionary effort in the time of Decias, A. D., 250, and the historical probsbility is that thoagh there may have bean isolated believers in Fagland, yet the planting of the obarch in Britain was not earlier than that date." There is one historian who says: "It is a fact that Christianity was known in Britsin in the first centarry, and there was here and there a Othistian Bishop with his priests found teaching and preaching the Gospel to rade, wild people of the far-off isles of the west." The lecturer farther showed that late in the second centary. Lacius a British king, was converted to the Christian faith and he was the first prince who transferred the anthority of the Draids to the Cbristians. Amongst other things, Lacias changed the heathen temples of Dians and Apollo in London into Cbristian temples, upon whose sites now stand St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminister Abbey. He also bailt churches at Cornhill, Gloucester, Winohester, Bangor, Sc. Mary, Glastonbary and the little charch of St. Marlin at Canterbury, whither came St. Augustine some centaries later.
Finally, the lecturer showed that British Bishops were present at the Council of Arles, in $A$. D. 314 ; also at those of Sardics in A.D. 347, Rimini in A.D. 360, and Antioch in A. D. 3ヶ8.
The lectare lasted one hoar, bat the attention of the large eongregation, many of whom had come from Orwell and Vernon River, never flagged for an instant.

It is hoped that three other lectures will be delivered shortly by the Rev. J. Simpson, His Worship Mayor Haviland, and E. J. Hodg. gon, Esq., Q $C$.

## CAPE BRETON.

St. Petra's-On Friday Feb 15th, Rea. W. J. Lockyer paid an ofivial visit to the village of St. Peters, whioh, owing to its pecaliar position is not contained within the limits of any parish, and has been therefore taken ander the osre of the respective clergymen who constitate the Sydney Raral Deanery, until better arrangements can be made.

The fow ohareb peopls there are very grateful for the privileges thuagranted to them at intervals, and speak in the highest ierms of the services \&o. rendered to thom by the Rev. Thos. F. Draper, Rector of Louisbarg, who tas paid them two or three offlial visits.
The following is an extruct from Mr. Lockyer's report to the Raral Dasa :-
Satarday, Feb. 16th:-Visited all the charch people in their respective homes, and made arrangements for servioes daring my stsy. Evensong and Sermoa at 7,30 -anbject of sermon "God and His Servant Natare"-meeting after the service to consider formstion of a Sanday-sohool.
Sanday, Feb. 17th:-Matins and Eoiy Com. manion at 11 o'olock,--sabject of sermon "The law of the Charah's Growth"一seven commanioants partook of the Holy Commanion. Eviensong and Sermon at 7,-sabject of sermon "The growth of Cbrist in the soul."

Monday, Feb. 18th:-Visited a charob family at River Bourgeois, and baptized a littlo boy six years of age-visited all the charch-people-Seeared a room for the Sanday-school,
and made all arrangements for its continaan ce. Evensong and Sermon at 8 o'clook, sabject of sarmon " The law of the C'haroh's work."

Mre. Lookyer desirss to convey his thanks to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Morrison for their kind hospisality and other services. And also to Mr. and Mrs. John Morrison for similar acts of kindoess which had no small share in making the visit a very pleasant one.

A site for the Mission Chapel has been given by Mr. Morrison, and the fow oharch peoplo are determined to do their best to seanro its completion at the earliest possible date.
A considerable sum of money for this parpose is deposited in the Bank.
The Rarel Dean begs to acknowledge receipt of $\$ 2$. from H. A. of Gaybboro, whilst exch clergyman of the Deanery will be pleased to receive and acknowledge any contribations from those interested in the work.

## DIOCESE OF FFEDERICTON.

Portiand,-There was a large attedanoe at the annal Conversazione of the oongregation of the Mission Charch, Portland. An abandance of refreshments were servod by a very effloient committee of ladien and gentlemen. After all were supplied the meeting was called to order by the Rev. G. Daverport, who read his report, giving a brief and detailed acconnt of the work done daring the past year by the variona workers in connection with the Charch. Mach oredit and praise is due to the ladies of St. Monioa's Guild for their valuable work and assistance daring the past year. Reference was made to the effioiont assistance rendered by tho men's clab in varions oharch daties. Mr. Goo. A. Schofield, treasurer, road his report, which presented a very satisfactory showing of the finincial position of the charch. After singing the Doxnlogy the plearant evening's entertainment was brought to a close.

Gagetown.-A wonderfal change for the better has displayed itself in the charoh at Gage town, I.C.N.B. Ever since the first Sundsy in Angrast last, whon our new Rector, the Rev. H. Hackeniy, formerly of Backingham. Qaebac, undertook the care of this parish and oume to reside among us, a stesdy and rapid increase in the congregational attendance at the regular servioes bas buen noticable. St. John's Charch which for some time previons to Mr. Huokenly's arrival had been losing grouad is now well attended and often when the roads and weather permit is erowded to overflow. Since August, the rectory has been repaired, painted and papered inside. Through the instrumentality of the Ladies' $\operatorname{Lid}$ Absociation new and handsome lights have been placed in the charch and a new organ bought. The Sanday school is now in a thriving condition and well attended. The Sammor Hill and Lawfield, outlying, missions are woll attended with anxions listeners. Mr. Hankenly is doing a good work here, and so far his labours have been crowned with wonderful success; bo is very earnest and persistent in his labour of love and we trast that he may be the means, in God's hands, of making this hisherio careless parish one of the most earnest in the Province.
Prbsonal.-We are plossod to learn that the Most Rev. The Metropolitian is recovericg from the effects of his severe fall on the steps of the Post Office lately and that it is hoped that he will soon be in the enjoyment of his nanal hoalth.

## DIOCESE OF QDEBEC.

Malbait, Gasp: Co.-Two very aucoessful tea parties have been held during the past month in behalf of the two new onnarobes about to be bailt in this mission. The first at the Corner of the Beaoh, which resulted in leaving a balanoe of $\$ 100$ for that fand. The frame
for this churoh is out and ready, bwaiting the coming spring, when we hope bailding will commence. At present the Sunday services are hold in an inconvenient aohool ohapel. All the families at this station are members and communicants of the Charah of England.
The second tea party was held at Malbaie, in a store kindly lent ns by Messis. Jobn Fanvel \& Co. The proceeds at the close amounted to 8103. Oar thanke are due to Mr. Arthar Oollas, who at both parties worked bard to make them a success. The frame for this oharch is being cat by the members of the congregation, and mach of it is already taken to the site for building. We are eager, if possible, to begin building this charch too, noxt summor. We have a very liberal offer made na by a member of the congregation (on certain conditions) of 10.000 feet of bourd for covering this church in. When baill, this church will replace the pre sent charvì edifice, which is, I am told, a landmark to the fishermen, and is in a very bad state of repair. The Rev. George Radley Wal ters, the missionary in charge, would. gladly indeed acknowledge any subseriptions for these oburches from ang generous-hearted Charoh man reading his, who would wish to further the good cause, cheer the missionary amid mach dreary isolation, and strengthen and help the Chorch's work on this coast. The people, all members of the Charch of England, are most of them poor fishing folk, and are doing all they oun to second their minister's efforts among them. Who will help them in their ondeavour? Of woed, the congregation oan sup ply nearly all, but of money they can furnish very little, for many have none of it to give. Help for this work is asked; who will respond to this.

## DIOCESE OF MONTREAL.

Sarviors in ters Woods.-The Revs. N. A. F. Bourne and Seth A. Mills miesionsries of Thorne and Bristol respectively, have just retarned home from an annual visitation to the shanties a ituated along the Black River, which flows into the Oitawa River below Allametto Island. Eight shanties and three depots were visited belonging respectfolly to Messra King, Frazer, E. B. Eddy \& Co., and Patty \& Perley.
Perhaps the readers of Ting Guardian would like to know how the missioners get along in that land where:-
"Stand the groves of ainging pine-trees
"Green in summer, white in winter
" Evar sighing, ever singing." and what is thoir object in going.
They get along very woll as a rule, although at times they have it rough enough. They drive up to a shanty and introduce themselves. The chore boy and sometimes the foreman himself takes charge of the horses. The missionaries are invited to enter the shanty, and in order to do this they have to make obcisance, partioularly it they are tall missionaries. Thes then take $s$ seat on the soft side of a $\log$ supported on foor legs, about dark the men begin to come in from work and find a substantial meal prepared for them. The missionarios are invited to take tea on a large box with a clean bag for a table cloth; after the eatables have been dispored of and a little time allowed for digestion, the men are requested to give their attention and join with the missionaries in a service of prajer and praise to our God and Saviour; ahort addresses are then given, in which temporal and apiritual blessings and our duties as Cbristians are dwelt apon. After the Benediction illastrated papers are distribated, and thus the sons of the lorest have the privilege of uniting in pablic worship at least once in the eight or ten months that they are up in the woods. In this way shanty after ahanty is visited, the visitors being treated with kindness and hospitality at each one. In some of the shanties volautary offeringe are made for carrying on the Church's work, whioh offeringa are
accented by the missionaries though not solicited.
The miesionaries had diffiualties to contend with in making their visitation,owing to storm ${ }^{4}$ the lske roads are often invisible, necessitating a drive half way round the lake to find the road on the other side, not frequently the horses fall into deep holes filled with enow, and the mis. sionaries had to take tarns in helping them out and in tramping the road in front of them. On the return trip a hidden stump smashed two whiffls trees and a missionary had to try his hand at making new ones and saccoeded in doing so very well, so that they wore enabled to reach home withoat any farther diffisalties.

Montreal.-St. Martin's.-The Rector, the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, has issued an admirable Lenten Pastoral to his congregation, exeouted in trae charchly style and printed on purple paper; the color of the season. The arrangement of services for Lent are as follows:
Aah Wednesday. - Commination Servioc and Ante-Communion $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. ; short servioe, with Bible resding $8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.
Other Wednesdays.-Litany and AnteCommunion $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.; short servioe with Bible read ing 8 p.m.
Every Friday.-Short service and addross 5 p.m.

Holy Week. - Ante Commanion, daily, 11 a.m. ; short service and address, Monday, Taedday and Easter Eve 5 p.m. ; short service and address, Wednoaday, 8 p.m.; Confirmation bervice, Tharsday, 8 p.m.
Good Friday.-Fall Morning service and sermon 11 a.m-; Preparation for Easter Comm 1 nion 8 p.m.

Shatyilile. - The churchwardens of St. Panl's Churoh have advertised for "Tenders" for the erection of a new parsonage, which is to be bailt daring the coming sammer.

Bolton.-It seems your corrospondent who was, to put it mildly, eo strongly berated for saying that the incumbent of Bolton was about to leave, was alter all correct. The Rev. Mr. Chambers has left and that for Abbotsford as stated. Strange that the correspondent should have known this and Mr. Chambers not 1

## DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

Kemptyille.-A depatation oonsisting of the Revs. R S. Forneri and Geo. Soantlebary, held Missionary meatings in St. James' Charch, Kemptville, and St. Paul's Charch, Marlboro, on Taerday and Wednesday, the 19ih and 20th of February. The attendance was in excess of times past for week days. The servioes were very hearty; the addresses were plain and to the point. The Reator, Mr. Emery, madeafew opening remarks, setting forth the great importance of Missionary meetings as tests of man's practical knowledge of Christ and His Charoh, as tests of the interest they have in the Cbristian life. He spoke of the Missionary meeting as being the great bnainess meeting in connee. tion with Christ and His Chareh.
Mr. Scantlebary gave a atirring Missionary address adspted the time. Giving the people a dotailed accoutit of wort done by himself. He was ordained by the Bithop of Ontario three years and a half ago, just ont from S. Boniface College, Eingland, and sont by his Lordship to an extensive Mission, consisting of soven townships; he jant pat his abonlder to the plow and worked well. The Mission was divided into two in a short time, and is shortly to undergo a fresh division. He bas opened two pretty new churches, free of debt, and presented over 70 candidates for Confirmation. This was an entirely new miasion. One out of the sixty new miseions that have been opened since the loand ation of the Diocese of Ontario, twenty-six years ago,

Rev. Mr. Forneri, the Oonvener, gave a very good statistioal account and made a stirring address, as he pointed out the Charoh's needs and how to mest them. He comes from a parivh dating from the first days of Canadian life. One of the first spots where the banner of Christ was unfarled by the U.E. Loyalists a hundred years ago. His work is inteasely intorosting, as representing the revival ot lifo under diffisulties. He is now engaged in building a new ohurch in memory of the U:E. Loyalists. The work goes on as the money oomes in. It is at a stand still jast now for want of fands. Donbtleas thereare many faithful sons and daughters of the Churoh who woald willingly assist, wore they appesled to. It is to be hoped that on reading this brief reforence they may be induced to do something. They will find the Rsctor of adolphastown only too ihankfal to receive their help for the Lord's work.

Robert Leslio, Finq., tho priest's oharohwarden and lay reader. mado an admirable and intoresting iddrens. Urging the peoplo for love of God or His Holy Church to offer liberally of their sabstance to the Dionesan Misnionary work. On prosenting the alms Mc. Thomas Blackburn made a fow pointed remarise in con. nection with tho amount raised by the Paroohial Mission Board.
The Churoh's work domsinds more attention from mon and women ; and as thoy realize the importance of it, und put in pruotioe the law of first offering themselves to the Lord, and then to His Church-ithe stakes will be strengthened and the cords enlarged.

Otrawa. -A clergymin in Outama on Sunday last, 24th ult, astred for the prayers of his congregation "for assiatance to the Bishop in his great trial." Tne Bishop of Ontario was married last weak, and peoplo are asking them. velves whethor tho aforestid olergyman roforred to him or to the Bishop of Lincoln, whose trial before the Archbishop of Garterbury will be resnmed on March 12th?

Lonbardy.-On Feb. 26th, Miss Jeandio Roid was united in the bonds of holy matrimony to W. H. Umphrey, of Dakota, in Huly Trinity Church, Lombardy. The sharoh was well filled, and the choir being in their places the two hymns from Hymas A. \& M., and the Deus Mis . creatur wore sung.

Kingston.-St. Paul's.-A very large oolgregation asaombled in St. Panl's Charab to lisien to the adarens of Rev. J. Elliott, of Cornwall, and Major Mayue, R. Et. Major Mayne commenced by saying that he liked the idea of having laymen mingle with clergy in mission work. He was only too glad to respond to the call to say a few words on missions. It is a daty and not a busizess to help on this work. The whole question was, "Do we believe the Bible?" If ao, it has our marching orders in it. We are not to think of oarsolves, bat go right ahead. We are responsible tor the condition of our fellow erestules.
Rev. J. Elliott, of Corn wall, said that it looked as if Christians of the present day were selfish in monopolizing the gospel. He urged that people should give of their substance a a God bad prospered them. From the earlieat time God insisted on recciving oertain portions of the fraite of the carth. God has not changed the law. Some poople are of the opinion that the Old Testament aud Now are two different books altogether. All things belong to Gud and as be only requires a tenth of all we have, we thould be only too willing to comply with His wishes. No Christian man coald believe in the Bible without belping on the mission cause, ond there should bo no difficality in raising funds for it. Peoplo should deny themelves a little for the sako of mission work.
At the clone of his address a deputation from the Sonday School presented Me. Elliott with what they had coliected for the Indian mis. ions,

The amount contributed by the Sanday cohool for the Indian mission sehools in the North.West was 830.
The collection last evening in St. Paul's Charch for misaions was 88 aherd of what it was last year.

St. James'.-The Bisbop of Niagara hss appointed Sanday, April 7Lh, as the day upon which be will administer confirmation in the enlarged Sit. Jamea.' It is confidently hoped that the oharoh will be ready for re oocupation some time before the date jast epecified. The opening day will probably be Wednesday, Maroh 27th. The carpentering may be aaid to be complete. The plasterers will leave the building in a few days, and the windows and pows are well under way. A specimen window has already been set in its place, and its soft colors predict that the lighting of the new building will be quite satisfactory. Already two appropriate gifts have been made. One of these is a very handsome brass lectern, by Mrs. Pense, in memory of Mr. and Mre. Vaughn, the first couple married in St. James' and among its most zealons workers for many years. The other is an almeplate, elegantly wrought by Mr. W. J. Keely, and presented by him to the incumbent for the congrogation. A fonrth almeplate will be required. Who will sapply it ?
St. George's - The Rev. 8. Daw, of Christ Churoh, Belleville, preached on Sunday evening, Feb. 24th, on misgion work. In the course of his sermon, he said, that in $18: 0$ in the Diocese, of Oatario, there were thirty-eight self-supporting parishes and forty four missions. Now there are sixty parishes and forty-six missions. In the eight years, twenty two missions became parishes, some of them viz. Almonte, Camden fast, Carleton Place and Newbarg, contribat. ing to the general fand. In 1880, the sam of $\$ 8,000$ was colleoted in the Diocese. Last year, nearly $\$ 5.000$ were given to Domestio miasions. Speating of those persone who, when asked to contribate to foreign missione, reply that they have enough to do at home, "there," Mr. Daw said, "you will find paroohial stagnation, spiritaal death." "Look ahead; cast your bread on the waters, and after many days you will find it." There can be no suoh person living as a selfish man and a consistent charoh. man. The Dominion of Canada in the Jast eight years has made rapid progress, and The Ohuroh should progress in the same ratio. Referring to the religions training of ohildren, he oalled apon parents to see that they are given religious instrections at home, for they are taught anything bat that in the publio sohools of Canada.

## DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

No Report.

## DIOCESE OF NIAGARA.

The Rev. W. R Blanhford desires to aoknowledge the receipt of $\$ 10$ from H. K. Blachford: $\$ 10$ from R. F. Blachford, Toronto; also $\$ 5$ from Rev. H S. Moore: and $\$ 2$ from T. Huston, Tapleytown, towards the bailding fand of St Stephen's Cburch, Sirabane.

DIOCESE OF HURON.
London - His Lordship the Bishop of Haron held an ordination in the Memorial Chnrch, on Feb. 24th, when the Ryv. W. Lowe, L. Armstrong, and W. Connor, were advanced to the order of priesthood. Archdeacon Marsh, presented the cundidates, and the Bishop preached.

Inarre le.-His Lordship the Bishop has appointed Rev. R. Ker to be pastor of this parish.

Bayarinld.-Tho Rev. Mr. Hodgins has been presented with eighty bushels of oats by his two ontside congregations.

Mibelomary Mzerinas.-Meetings were held at Haysville, Hamburg, and St. Jamas;; Wilmot, on February 255th, 26lh and 27th, and proved a great sacoess. The deputation con sisted of the Rev. Raral Dean Mellish, of Cale donia (Diocese of Niagara), formerly quartered here ; and the Rev. Charles O'Meara, of St. Mary's. The latter gentleman attended two meetings and did good service. Hia addresses were instractive with life and power. The instructive with life and power. The interest, howover, centered largely in the visit of the Rev. Mr. Mellish, and he received a warm welcome from his old parishioners. He recalled many memories of the days that are past, 1 c60 to 1863, when he was clergyman here. His addressee were oharacterived by maoh thonghtfalness and wisdom. His intense convictions; his loyalty to the Churuh; his persnasiveness, and withal his evident desire to bring his hearers into real union and fellowship with Christ, impressed not a few. It is seldom that suddresses are heard at Missionary meatinga that are so spiritual, and at the same time so inter esting.
The offertories were : Hambarg 35.27 ; Hays. ville $\$ 11.6 \pm$; St. Jamet', Wilmot, $\$ 10.51$. The total last year for Diccesan parposes was $\$ 191$. 82. A considerable increase is expeoted this year.

## DIOCRSE OF ALGOMA,

Bar Rifer,-The missionary resident on St. Joseph's Island, R-sf. C. Piercey, paid a visit to the above district lately to find that a service of the Charch had not been held in the vioinity before. The people, and there are several families among them who are logal to the Charoh under many diffionlties, informed him that they would only be too glad to have regalar eservices if a missionary conld be sent to them.

One woman, wilh tears of joy in her eyee, expressed the happiness she felt in again having the privilege of bearing oar beantiful liturgy. "It is ten years, sir," she said, "since I last heard it," and she voiced the general sentiment, as the missionary found oat in conversation with many of those who attended the service held in the house of Mr. E. Granger, on Sanday, Feb. 10th. This distriot is being settled and rūads boiū̆ made in all districts. This district is ripe for the suceessful wors of a massionary if only the Charch people of Canada woald provide one. And they would provide not only a miseionary here, brt as many as the work in the diocese demanded if they only realized the work to be done and its urgenoy if the Charoh is to retain in her fold those who have been brought ap by her. We mast retain them aud their ohildren after them, or fail in our daty. "Come over and help as."

Burk's Falls.- In our notice about the Confirmation held in All Sxint's Charch, Burks Fulls, the namber of persons oonfi:med was given as four, shereas it ahould have been fourteen.
PROVINOR OF RUPERT'S LAND.
Including the Dioceses of Rupert's Land, Sas. katchewan, Moosonee, Athabigeca, Qu'Appelle, Mackensie River and Calgary.

## DIOCESE OF RUPERT'S LAND.

Winnifza.-The Diocese and the whole Charoh in the Northwest has lost its most prominent layman, in the death of Mr. Brydgesi Treasurer of the Synod. Mr. Brydges died while visiting the Hoepital, in discharge of his duties as Seoretary-Tressarer of that Institation, on Saturday, Feb. 16ib, at 3:20 p.m. ; while in the act of conversing with the clerk of the Hospital he became onconsoious from the barsting of a blood vessel on the brain, and was dead
in three minutes. The death of "Winnipeg's most distinguished oitizen," as he has since been called, came like a shook to every one, as the news spread. Mr. Brydges was not much up in politice, but he was foremost in every philanthropio movement in the city. To him we are virtually indebted for the inanguration and complation of one of the best equipped hospitals in the Dominion, with separate baild. inga for the Narbe's Home and Maternity Hospital. Thess will be his endaring monument. As a Churohman, it will be impossible at present to replave him. For five years he has been Treasurer of the Synod, Cbsirman of the Property and Finance Commiltee, and has had to doal with the numerous trusts and endowments connected with the Diocese. He was a member of all the important commiltees, a delegate to the Diocesan and Provincial Spnods, a froquent speaker at Misaionary meetings, and his wise oonnsel and generous hand were ever ready to assist any deserving objoct or mission. As one of the foanders of All Saints' Charoh, and a very large oontribator to its fands, his loss to that parish will be very serious. The thought that we shall no longer see his familiar form at Charoh and Committee gatherings, or listen to his weighty words wiil sadden those who knew him best for many a day. His name will live in the hearts of sorrowing friends and in the history of the Diocese to which so much of his time and thought were devoted. It is considered a remarkable thing that his death occarred in the Hospital to whioh Mrs. Brydges and himself were so thoroughly devoted. The faneral services took place at All Saints' Church on Taesday afternoon. In the morning a private service, onndacted by the Rev. St. John Field, asting Ractor was held in the honse, only the relations and near friends being present. The body was met at the door of All Saints' Church at 2 p.m. by the Rev. Cannn Matheson, Rev. St. John Fielü, and Rev. Eliwyn S W. Pontreath, and the sarpliced oboir of the Charoh. Many were unable to gain admittanoe. The sentences were said by Rev. Mr. Field; the lesson was resd by Rev. Mr. Pentreath and Canon Matheson intoned the prayers, except the Prayer of Committal. The 90th Pualter was chanted from Helmore's Psalter, and "Rook of Ages," and "Now the Laborer's work is o'er," was sing by the choir. The body was then taken to St. John's Cathedral harying ground, where the Committal was said by Canon Matheson. The stores for three miles along Main streat were closed, the flags at half mast and the bells tolled as the procession of over 100 sleighs passed. Among those in sleighs and on foot were the boys of All Ssints' Griild, the Lient.Governor, Directors of the Hospital, St. George's Society, the Premier and members of the Cabinet, Mayor and City Connoil, and others. The Pall bearers were Jndge Buin, H. M. Howell, Q C., Capt. Lewis, Hagh J. Maodonald, M. Aldous and G. H. Wainwright.

Brandon.-The young men of St. Matthew's Church have formed a Socisty, known as St. Matthew's Parish Association, A room has been seoured in the city; open from 7:30 to 10:30 p.m. On Monday evenings there will be devotional exercises with resditg of papers; on Tuesday and Satarday it will be used at a reading room. The offivers are: Rev. E. P. Flewolling, obairman; J. Dowler, list Vice do; H. Randall; 2nd Vico do; P. E. Hart, Sec.Treas.

A Missionary service was hold last night in St, Mutthew's Chareh on behalf of the misgion work among the Indians. Rev. C. Qainney, of Oak Lake, gave a short address, and Rural Dean Barman gave an interesting acconat of the work which has bsen done in teaching the Indians of Canads, and the methods employed. The field of labor ptretchos goross the continent, and the Charoh has missoinsries scattered in every quarter of it. It is ntated that there are 125,000 Indians in Canada. $\$ 60,000$ has beea
spent by the Chureh in miseion work for their benefit the past year. A new aystem is being adopted in desling with the Indians and an effort is being mado to break up the tribes and bands, and eatablish among them the principle of individual responsibility. The old system has tended to make them paupers, and they have been taught to look to the govern ment to make up for their idleness in not fishing and hanting enough to keep them supplied. Sohools are being established so that children can bs taken from the different tribes and trained where they have not the evil influenee of wild companions near them. These when edacated Will make miseionaries to their respective tribes. The govermment pay $\frac{2}{8}$ of the cost of the schools, and the Cnarrh puys cbe balance. There are 25000 Epinserpalizat iu the Provinoe and they are + fperted to rabirriba for the prevent year 83.000 . What is needed are sabestiptions which can be depended npon, not spasmodio contribations.

## DIOCESE OF SASKATCEEWAN.

Stancer.-It may inte:est some of your readers to learn, first, that there is such a place as Stanley, and, second, where it is Stanley is sitnated on the English or Charchill River, aboat 300 miles northwest of Cumberland and the same distance northeast of Prince Albert. The settlement is sometimes fnown as Repid River Fort. To show what delightfal matl facilities exist, 1 may mention that on the 17 th November a Free Press of the 12th June came to hand and the contents were eagerly devoured by the inhabitants as "news." Stanley is the seat of an important branch of the C. M. S., which is doing much good work among the Indians. It was founded in 1855 by the late Rev. Robt. Hant, and since then has witnessed the heroic straggles, trying disappointments, and heart-gladdening successes of several of the noble and disintereated spirits who have abundoned all in the service of the Master in this conntry. Among these may be mentioned Archdercon J. Mackay, of Emmanuel College, Prince Albert; Rev. S. Trivett, at Calgary; and the Rev. Rarsl Dean Jettee.
Trinity Charch, Etanley: is one of the finest churehes in the territory. It was built by the Rev. R. Hinnt, and its seating oapacity is abont 600, Its style is Gothio and it. contains much fine stained glass and carved woodwork. There is a mission school at Stanley and another at Big Stone River, and the Indians in many other parts of the parish (which is about 140 miles long and 100 wide) are fally alive to the advantages of tuition and extremely desirous of obtaining it, bat anfortunately the fands of the society are inadequate to meet these appeals as fully as it would wish. The mission is at present in charge of the Rev. Rodk. MoLennon.
The principal article of diet here is whitefifh, as game is very scarce, and the freight on imported supplies is very high; everything having to be brought from Camberiand House in York boats; indeed, if it was not for the fact that the H.B. Co., make a special arrangement in favor of the U. M. S., the common necessaries of life would be hardly obtainable.

## DIOCESE OF CALGABY.

Calaary.-The firat Synod of Calgary is to be held this week. His Lordship the Metronolitan of Rapert's Land left Winnipeg yesterday for Calgary, and will preach the sermon at the opening.

## DIOCESE OF ATHABASCA.

The following letter received by Mise Cole, Secretary of the Young Ladies Missionary Society, of St. George's Charch, Montreal, wili be read with mach jivterest. It is not often that we are able to obten particulars of Charch work and progress in this diotant field:

Dear Miss Cole, It gives me mach pleasare
to inform you of the asfe arrival of the gifts of olothing, \&a., made to myaelf and Allen Har disty, native cateohiat. The aame have been than efally received by the poor and needy ones in our midst. I am requested to convay to the kind donors the "Meroi Cho," the native expresaion for grateful feelings. You will observe it is the French merci, with the Indian added and means "a big thanks" : they having no word or sentence in their langagge to expreas gratitade. Your interest and gifus lead them to think and asa, the Canadians are beginning to pity us and sympathize practioallly with our low estate.

I shall soon be travelling among the poor Iodians with my dog sledge, visiting all round this bage lase. I shall hope not to witnees nach sad instances of starvation. or participate in a like atite mpealf as I did troo years ago.

Indigenons auimala are fart failing. and thers seems no obance, ar in Canada, of the land of fering any assistane3 to substitute the above. In some parts moose ard deer are atill plentiful.

Bishop Bompas met me here; he has gone north again to viait the brethren beyond.

With best wishes believe me, yours faith fully.
W. SpIndLofi.

## DIOCESE OF COLUMBIA.

Garadian Churiot Unton U. K. Branof.The first annual meeting of this Branch was held in the Cathedral sohool, Vintoria, on the evening of the 4 th, of Heb., H. F. Clinton B.A. in the chair. The office having been said, the report of the Secretary and Treasurer was read, it atated that the Branch hau elooted 30 mem. bers in the first year. 7 lectares had been delivered, 5 of them by the Rev. W. W. Bolton, Rector of Esquimalt; 1 by the Rev. A. Beanland, aseistant Rector of the Cathedral, and 1 by the Rev. F. G Clinton, of St. James Charch, Vancouver; whioh were all largely attented and much appreciated. Corporate Commanions of one at the Cathedral, and one at St. Paul's, Rsquimalt, at the Feast of the Ciroumcision.
The finanoial condition of the Branch was shown to be in a satiefactory state. The following officers for the ensuing year were then elected :-H. F. Clinton, B. A., President of the Branch, J. H. Crane, Treasurer, J. Hawkine, Seoretary, Jas. Townsley, A. Soroggs and Thos. Norgate ${ }_{4}$ Committee.

## DIOCESE OF NEW W ESSTMINISTEB, B.C.

Continuation of report from the Churchman's Gazette of the Bishop's address to the Synod:
Trenant,-Mr. Crocoher reports an inorease right throagh his retarn, and the inorease in the number of commanions made, from 36 in the previons year to 68 last zear, is a most hopefal sign, for, baing greater than it accounted for by the increase of communicants, it is symptomatio of an awakening to the simple fact that spiritasl life osn only be maintained by epiritaal food.

Suarme.-Here again is evidence of good progress. The Commanicants are increased by 10, while the amonnt raieed within the Parish has increased by something like 8886.00 . I should have been glad, however, if more could have been spared for the Clergyman's stipend. The tutal amonnt received by Mr. Bell, from the Parish and the Diocesan Fund together, was oniy $\$ 629.50$. Mr. Bell is a "Priest of over five year's standing" and accordingt to Canon $V$., is entitled to *-at least $\$$. 20000 per annum," or nearly double what he received last year. I am not saying this eapecially as a rebake to Surrey, bat I take advantage of this partioular case to draw the attention of the laity to the amount of stipends generally thronghont the Diucese. They are, I am glad to sag, for the mort part not less than $\$ 75000$ $\left|\begin{array}{l}\text { to asy, for } \\ \text { per anamm, bat } \$ 750.00 \text { per annam is } \$ 83.50\end{array}\right|$
per month, or little more than a labourer's wages, and not nearly $s 0$ mach as those of a good mechanio. Now it is of the atmost im. portance to the Charoh in the Diocese and to a happy relationship between Pastor and People that the highest possible standard of oharaoter and ability should be maintained among the clergy, and our Diocese has been extremely fortanate in thisreapeot, hitherto, even 20 the extent of exoiting the open comment of visitors from other Dioceses; so that it is quite cortain that low stipends do not, necessarily, imply a low olass Clergy. But the fact that good and able men are willing to do God's worly for low wages is scarcely a reason for indifferently allowing them to do so, but ought rather to be an incentive to greater exideavours in the direction of a substantial aoknowledge. ment of their devotion.

I have every reason to believe that the Clergy of the Diocese are highly esteemed in their several pariahea, and, therefore, a little consideration ought to be suffoient to convince the laity of the injustioe of permitting the Clergy to retain a monoply of self-saorifioe.

Sapperton.-St. Mary's, Sapperton, is, I think, the most neglected parish in the Diocere. It has to be satisfied with such Services as the other daties of myself and Mr. Croncher allow of. Cousequently they are very uncertain and intermittent, and the interest and atteadance of the people is very difficult to maintain.
Prazer River Miseionagy Distaiot.-This is one of the most diffisult and ardous of all our Stations. It extends from Maple Ridge to Agassiz, and inclades Aldergrove and Mount Lehman on the south side of the river; services being held at all these places and also at Mismion, Wharnook, Barton Prairio and Harrison. Excepting immediatoly along the line of railway theae places are all diffiualt of acoess. In summor high water is the difflualty, in the winter mad; and more especially in the Alnergrove section of the district. Nevertheless I am happy to think that of all our Clergy the one best adapted, by charaoter and experience, for contonding with sach diffoulties is in charge of the district; and although the work has been a most laborions one, and entirely wanting in the incentive of brilliant resalta, it has beon pationtly falfilled, and Mr. Ditoham looks forward hopofally to an early day whon general progress and prosperity will have materially altered the aspect of affuirs. Here again, however, as in the oase of Sarrey, I must not omit to point out that the whole stipend which Mr. Ditoham has received for the year amounted only to $\$ 64200$, and comas, therofore, far below what, by his standing, he is entitled to.
Chilliwaok.-It is not possible, in the oase of this parish, to institute a comparison with former years, inasmuch as Mr. Allen's incumbenoy extends back only 80 far as Advent 1887, bat from personal observation as well as the reports of others I am able to speak most enconragingly of the prospects of the Church, and Mr. Allen's recent advancoment to the Prieathood has placed the fallest privileges of tho Charch within the reach of the Parishioners,

Here again, however, I mast say a word or two on the sabject of st pend. According to Canon Y. Mr. Allen is entitled to receive 880000 per annam, bat all he received last yearmas $\$ 64500$. I presume that in this, as well as in other instances. offorings in kind may have anpplied a proportion of this delioienoy, and it would be well, in fature retarns, that these were taken into consideration, since, frequently. they are the only offerings. people have to make.
(To be Continued.)
W: want 10,000 anberibers; who will hele mouring them ?

# He Ghurch Guardian 

\author{

- Editor and Pbopzintos: -
}
L. H. DAVIDSON, D.C.L., Monrmeat.


## - Asbociatm eiditor: -

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## DEOISIONS REGARDING NEWSPAPERS.

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## CALENDAR FOR MAROH.

Maron 3rd-Quinquagesims. (Notice of Ash Wednesday).
" 6th-Abe-Wednrgday; Pr. Pas. M. 6, 32, 38, Commination Service. Ervening, Pas. 102, 130, 138.
" 10th-1st Sunday in Lent. (Notice of Ember Days),
$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { "1 } & \text { 13th } \\ \text { " } & 15 \cdot \mathrm{~b}\end{array}\right\}$

" 16 ch
" 17th-2nd Sunday in Lent.
" 24th-3rd Sanday in Lent. (Notice of Annunciation.
(4) 25th-Annunciation of Virgin Mary.

## LENT:- THE BEGINNING OF TEE $E N D$.

And yot did not the end begin with the minietry of the Master began?
Mr. Holman Hant's last and greatest masterpioce was called "The Shadow of Death."
It represents Christ standing in a carpenter's shop at Nazareth, dressed in the workman's garb of the timos, looking up for a moment from His plain toil; and as He stands there the departing sun looks in at the window, and by a masterly concoption of the artist causes the shadow of $n$ oross to form by the tools on the wall, and to fall upen the shoulders of our Lord. There is no halo abont His head, but the look of melting sadnees in His fuce reveals the "Man of Sorrows." There is a revelation of Christ's sufferings. Even in the commencement of His miaistry. He was bearing the cross and ever before Him in His pathway, there was a shadow ot death. Take the words apoken at expose its very sernel "I am come that ye might have life and that ye might have it more abnadanlly." How empty and unintelligible they must bave seeemed to those Jows. Yet He knew that life to men could only come through Calvary and by the suffering of His great heart. It was ever before Him this
shadow of death. At the wedding Ho knew shadow of death. At that miracle He must die for the people, so He said, "Woman, mine hour ia not yet come." Christ bore His cross long before He toiled with it up Calvary. The
atonement reqnired that Christ should voluntarily conquer himeelf. And when a man has a: Eacrifice to make, and he, in his secret bleeding heart resolves to make it, though he die, the sacrifioe is already made. The rest, the actual giving up-is nothing compared with that. The mastery of self is all. And when Christ went to that last feast-when as St. Luke graphically tells as "He set His face as a flint to go to Jerusalem," then the atonement was virtually completed. We wonld not disparage the last hour of agony. If Christ had gone to the foot of the cross in obedience, and tarned there, salvation would never have been aseared. But we must anderstand, too, that the atonement means more than those last few moments of suffering. Christ bore His cross in the wilderness, and in his daily contact with evil and in His Gethsemane agony. But there mast have been moments, when the know. ledge of the end pressed more hesvily apon Him. And in one of those moments He called His disciples around Him, and after talking of His own death He saye, "If any man will come after me, let Him deny Himself and take up His cross daily and follow Me." It was as though He had said, "I am bearing my cross daily. And as there is a oross for me, so there is a cross for yon; if you would follow me, you must share in some degree my sufferings." Christ was making a dally at-onement, and He calls us to follow Him. We cannot win heaven by good works, and yet we can muke an at one ment. When a child bas done wroag, and it feels it, and it comes and limps in $p$ nitenct "mamma," and pots up its moath to be kinsed, that child has tried to make an at-onemeot. It has tried to be obedient, und so to follow Christ. And every sob of the soal on account of sin, while it cannot save, jet it is in one sense an atonement. It is our effort to be obe dient. It is our poor imperfect answer to the call "Follow Me."
Bat this obedience must be daily. Oar modern danger is too like Peter's. We are full of onthasiasm to-day and the next day we deny Him. With some, religion is a religion of spasms. They wind themselves up like the alarm of a olock, and go off with a loud noise, and then stop-short-" never to go again." We are not called to spasmodic orose-boaring. We mast bear it even as Christ bore his; not petalantly, try and fling it from us. Cbrist's glory was in His cross-His obedience. There is a sacred light around zs when we carry our orcss. That light is extinguished the moment we fing it down 1-The Ohurch Messenger.

## LENT.

Before the next issue of this paper the sesson of Lent will have began, with all its Christian aotivity. May it be a season of revival and renewed soal among as. The first thought conneeted with Lent is that which forms the first word in all preaching, "Repent." This was the first word of our Lord when He camo " preaching the gospel of the kingdom of God." Aud following this example, our Ash Wednesday services have for their theme the necessity of repentance. Bat the whole season of Lent need not be ocoupied with this sorrow for sin and with mourning and lamentation. The word Lent means spring and we may be thank. ful that in the providence of God so appropriato a name ham become attached to this season of spiritual life. Let our activity be like that of of the husbsndman, who in the seasou of spring begins his laboar again with renewed zeal. His heart is not heary and sad, but full of determination and hopo. If he has made any mistakes in the past, he determines to avoid them in the future, and to work more wisely, and he looks forward with joyful expectation to the time of barvest. We may imitate in spiritual life this seal which is shown in temporsal mstters. Let our repentance be decided and complete, and
then let ns go to work for the Master in every department of duty, laboring with hope and joy for our own blessing and for the salvation of others.-Church Life.

## A THOUGHT AND A PRAYER FOR EVERY DAY IN LENT:'

[E. P. Dutton \& Co., NY.]

## ASH.WEDNESDAY.

It is well that we should have a considerable portion of the Charch's year set apart for speoisl recolloctedness, refluction, and devotionsl exercises-for taking measure of ourselves, comparing ourselves with the divine rule-for coming. before God as sinners-for laying hold on Him in Whom was no sin (made sin for us), seeking ever to deepen our repentance-seeking help to overcome-seeking eternal salva-tion.-Grant, Lord, that I may use all opportunities for good.

## FIRST THURSDAY.

Daring this season, let us do all that we can to go forward in personal religion; let as be given to more sobor thought-more fervent prayer more frequent Communions-more godly work, valuiag our Christian calling, our Bible-our Charch. Let us see whether we eunuot make nome real progress-there must be motion-ob, that it mav not be hackwards, hut forward-1 - Lord make me to grow in grace. give me steadin-s+ of purpose, and grant that I may strive ea'nestly.

## FIRST FRLDAY.

How welcome is the bidding to lift up the heart 1 How good is it to lift op our hearts to the Lord-to seok from above strength to resist temptation, and to do our work-to cast cares and anxieties on one side-to leave off fretting -to rise above the sorrows and annoyances of earth-to become more spiritadly minded, and to hold commanion with God 1-Draw my heart heavenward, 0 Lord, of thy great goodness.

## FIRST SATURDAY.

If we look upon Jesus as our Teacher, shall we not value His teaching and try to carry it out? Shall we not find ourselves striving to live as He did? Shall not our homes be the happier if Christ's teaching be attended to, matual duties being more thoronghly falfilled? Whatever our position in the world or in the family may be, we may learn from the great Master--Teach me, Lord Jesus, the ilesson that Ineed most.

## FLRST SUNDAY.

Do we delight in our Sandays-are they helping us to sunotify the whole week-are they proparing us for, and pointing us to, the time when types and shadows shall cesse? Are our affections becoming sanctifisd-our wills more in con:ormity with God's will? Does Heaven appear more near? -our hearts mast be in Heaven betore we can hope to go there. How can we answer these questiona? -Fit me, O God, for eternal Sabbath-kceping.

## FIRST MONDAY.

Am I learning to realize by faith the world unseen? Am I viewing this world as I ought -looking at it from a Christian stand-point? Have I learned to take a right eatimate of hamanity? Am I growing into a more porfect man? Am I thinking more often and more carefully abont my duy? Am I loving God more and more, knowing Him better, and fioding greater pleasure in His service? -Teach me, $O$ God, to examine myself.

## FIRST TUESDAY.

Ob , might it be ours to livo in the realized presence of God! How happy to be continually looking ap to Him, and to desire his oye to be upon as! There are sacred feelings in the haman heart which oan be understood by none so well as by God-whioh He understands, and which He oan explain to us. There are wants, too, which none other can sapply in such divine fallness.-D well in me, OGod.

## a Prayer for hent.

O Son of God, who didst suffer Thyself to be tempted that Thou mightest destroy the works of the devil, deliver us, we beseech Thee from all his snares, and strengthen us against all temptations; that we may be no more hindered in ranning the race that is set before us, but may follow Thee with a ready heart and a quiet mind; who liveat and reignest with the Father and The Holy Ghost, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

## ASH.WEDNESDAY.

"Have mercy upon me, O God, after Thy great goodness; according to the multitude of Thy mercies do away mine offences.-Psalm li, 1.Commination Service.
" Jesa, Jean, miserere;
Hear my ery, to Thee."
Come thou tainting one and weary, Come to Me.
"Sin and shame my heart benumbing, Shall I gain Thy feat?"
Shrinking, trembling, hardly coming, Thee I meat.
"Jesu, Jesu, miserere,
Save me or I die."
Hearken, in the darkness dreary, It is $I$.
"Clothed in rags and miry rsiment, Dare I see Thy face ?"
Blood-bought, fied, and without payment Is My graoe.
" Jesu, Jesn, miserere,
Hash my sool's unrest."
Lay thee, travel-worn and weary, On My brosast.
"Jesa, come, come quickly to me, Only make me Thine."
I am here: thy anguieh drow me, Thou art Mine.
-Eickersteth's "From Year to Year."

## THR PRAYER OF JESUS.

The Saviour spent much time in prayer. We read sach records as the following concerning Him: "In the morning, rising up a great while before day, he went ont, and departed into a solitary place, and there prayed." "And he withdrew himself into the wilderness and prayed." "And it came to pass in those days that He went out into a mountain, and continued all night in prayer to God."
Bat none of those prayers have been recorded. For what the Saviour prayed on those ocoasions we can only conjocture. It mast have been for those thinge that lay near his heart, and His prayers must have been vent. Peter seems not to have been forgit ten. At a certain time tho Lord eaid unto him: "Simon, Simon, behold Satan hath desired to have you, that he may sift you as whest. Bat I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not." In bisinterview with the disciples on the night of His betrayal, whilst praying for them, He added: "Neither pray I for these alone, bat
their word." And we well know for what he soon after prayed when he was in an agony in the garden.
These prayers give us a clue to what may have been the subjects of His prayer when He was alone with the Futher apon the monntains. He well knew whet would be the needs of His disoiples, soon to be deprived of His presence; and flso the needs of His followers in all sabsequent time These, probably, were often remembered in His addresses to the Father. And then there were His own more urgent needs-His present daily needs in his intercourse with wicked men, who songht to entangle $\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{m}$ in His talk, and to find something aga Mim. And, more especially, there were His anticipated needs in that fiery trial that nas before Him, when; arrested by His foes, all the disciples should foreake Him; when men and devils should unite to do their worst against Him; when it shoald be their hoar and the power of darkness; and when even the Father should say, "A wake, 0 aword. against my shepherd, and against the man that is my fellow."
That dreaded hour was donblless much and often in mind. The oross was ever easting back its dariz shadows over Him. When Moses and Elias ceme to Him on the Monnt of Trann figaration, they ap. le of the decease which He whe to acoomplish at Jerusulem, and He was ever scraitened till it shonld be accomplished. Duabtless in His experience, during that life in which He was "a man of sorrowa and acquaided with griets," there was more thau one Gethsemane. Donbiless, could the monntains and the wildorness apeuk, thoy could testify to these:

> "Cold mountains and the midnight air
> Witnessed the fervor of Thy prayer;
> The desert Thy temptations knew,
> Thy conficts, and Thy victory too."

Bat all these are now passed. The great work for which the Savioar came into the world is " finished." He now reaps the frnit of all His love. Ho sees of the travail of Hia soul and is satisied. But to the ond of time, his friends shall experience the benefit of thone midnight supplications.-Clericus in New York Observer.

## HIGHER RELIGIOUS RDDCATION.

Among the many societies and associations which have been formed of late years wo know of none from which we look for better result than those latels established for the parpose of promoting higher religious education. Such societies already exist in the Dioceso of Canterbary, of Oxford, of Lincoln, of Bath and Wells, of Winohester; and one, we believe, has lately been furmed in the Diocese of Salisbury. It is the objeot of these Diocesan socioties to encourage those who have leisure and education to stady in a definite and aystematic way the writing of the Old and New Testamonts, the Prayer-book, and Charch history. For this parpose a selection of anbjects is arranged for erch year, ou which leotares ure delivered at various centres, and classes held; while, to aid the student in his work at home, a series of papers ure iesued, which contain an epitome of each subject, and indicate the lino of reading. An examination is also hold, at which members are invited to proment themesives, so as to test the accuracy and thoroaghness of their work. As an illastration of the manner in which the laity have welcomed this scheme of higher religions edacation, it may be mentioned that, while in the Diocese of Winchester the Sosiety was only started $\ln$ October, 1c87, it already numbers nearly two thouaand members, and lectures are being delivered at no less than eighteen centres.
It in rometimes asorted that the age in
which we live is one of growing anbelief and scepticism. However that may be, it is also one distinguished for the interest whioh it takes in religious questions. At no previona period of the Charoh's history have theologioal problems been discassed with the same frequency and sincerity. They ure no longer created with conventional silence, or regarded as the peculiar province of the olergy; they are openly disoubsed in society; thes are treated in our leading magarines; they are introdaced into works of fistion. The unormous popalarity of Robert Elsmere, and, in a lessor degree, of John Ward, Preacher, is an indication of this interest in religions questions.
Bat while the interost taien in theologf is undoubtedly groat and widespread, yet we fear that there exists but little real knowledge of tho subjeot. And the very publioity now given to the discussion of sacred questions renders such knowledge ail the moro necessary. There oan be no bettor bulwark against the assanlts of scoptism than an intelligent knowledge of the rosults of modern oriticism. The argaments, or the ridiculo, of unbelievers are almost always directed against Biblioal atories and dootrinai positions, which admils of a perfectly satisfaotory explanation. The actual views hold by thoologians of the highest repute and orthodoxy are oltan wholly misanderstood. To reter again to Mrs. Hamphroy Ward's celebrated novel, which may justly bo regarded as an attaok apon Christianity, there is no indication, as Mr. Gladetone has pointed out, from the boginning to the ond of tho book, that the disingaished athoress has over taken the trouble to consult the writings of our greateat Ohristian apologists. The oniy one to whomsherefers is Canon Westcott, aud Canon Westoott whe has most grievously misrepresented.
And therofore it is that wo weloome, with feelinge of the highest sacistantion, any movement which airas at disseminating religious knowledge among our apper and middle classos, Lu way urged at the Churoh Congrads at Man. chester, by some of the appointod speakers, that the olergy shuald atilise their palpits for the purpose of instructing thoir people in the results uf modera oriticism. We oannot bat feel that suoh a step would be injurious. Some of the clergy do not pussess the requisite knowledge and sobolarship themselves, and many members of a congregation need to be fed with milk, and not with meat. Bat in the societies which we have mentioned, and which we ro regard with so much hope, we recognise the mediam of instruction. Through their agenoy a real knowlodge of Biblical oritioism and of Cburch history will, we trust, be more widely extended.

Aud the moral and religions importance of suoh study few, we suppose, will care to dispate. In these days of harry and of light and onperficial reading, a short timo daily spent in serious stady would be undoubtedly time well pent. And it would be time not anhappily spent. The study of Charoh history, or, at any cato, of Caristian biography, is as interesting as it is inatractive. If, as a grost teacher of our time once said, the course of ecolosiastionl history be sometimes dark, "thero is al pays a bright side to bo fonad in ecclesiastiosl biography. study the lives, study the thoughto, and hymns, and prayers, stady the deathbeds of grod men. la them we cun trage the history, If not of the "Catholic Charch," at least of the "Commanion of Saints."' And if the stady of Christian biography be instractive, so sacely is the stady of the Bible. The Bible belonge to chat olase of literatare whioh, as Lurd Baoon said, mast be chewod and digested. And the more thoroughly it is understood the more fascinating will the stady of it besome, and the greater will be the lose and revarence whioh it inspiras. We are told that when Daan Scanleg was once visiling the great German moholar, Efrald, a Nem Testanent whioh ops lyigg on the table aooidentslly foll to the ground. 'Ia this book,' eaid Ewald, as he utoopad to piok it

4, in thits book is oontaitied all the wisdom of che world.' To disesminate that wisdom is the
object of all higher religions edacation, and it
is an objeot in which all sincere Christians can not but take the deepest intereat,-JOHN - atgeine. in Church Bells,

## FAMILY DEPARTMENT.

## A RULE OF LIFE.

To do, each day. its work, however small
To seo, each day, thut something has been done;
To rear, each day, life's solemn fane more tall,
Still near and nearar to the blessed sunThis is to live life well; the task, begun,
Nover to be relinquinhed, though beset
By faint heart fears and sorrows many a one;
This is to live that life may olaim no debt
Unpaid, when summons the Greai Arbiter
To the dread andit of the Last Account,
When Death shall close the balance, and refer,
Life's books to Him who claima a full amont.
One day's work little on the whole may touch,
Yet many a littlo added maketh much.
—The Church Messenger.
'TIS ONLY AN OLD WORN BIBLE.
By Saha Gilmoe.
'Tis only an old worn Bible, why is it I hold it so dear?
With its pages all fring'd and torn, und the print neithor largo nor clear?
'Tis only an old worn Bible, with a tale that has often been told,
While the hands of the loved one who gave it long since has lain silent and cold.
'Tis only an old woin Bible, bat the comfort to mo it has brougbt.
When in sorrow and angaish l've needed a friend who wonld come unsought;
${ }^{1}$ Tis only an old worn Bible, but the dearest of friende to me;
For it tells of the bow of promise, and the beantiful jasper sea.

- Tis only an old worn Bible, with love and forgiveness therein,
The story of Christ and his mission of dasth for redemption from sin;
'Tis only an old worn Bible, that some laugh at and hold up to soorn,
But methinks did they love it as I do, they wonld read it with smiles, not frowns.
- Tis only an old worn Bible, though the friend that is dearest and best,
And when Death lays bis oold hands upon me, 'tis through thee I'll hare earned that sweet rest.


## THE FISHERMAN'S CHARGE

## By F. Bayford Harrigon.

## [Continued]

I tried to comfort Mrs. Thomas as well as I oould, and I saw that all bitterness had long ago faded from ber feelings. I left her this afternoon, und aaid that I would come again next day. And when I did, I found Thomas and Rosie also al home.
"Well, my ohild," I said to the pretty orealure, "do you want to see mother?"
"Yes, I want to see mother. Please take me to mother. Why is mother suoh a long way off:' Aud the lip portended a sob.
"But, Ronie, do yon want to leave Mr. and Mrs. Thomas?
She glanced from one to the other. "Oh, no; I want them all-I want them all three,"
"Well, we shall see.-Now, Mr. Thomas. look here: do you like plain speaking ?"
"Plain apoaking or none at all." His face was rigid.
"Then, I mast tell you that I have "been thinking it over, and I am aure that you have been more in the wrong than your daughter, though she has been very wrong too. Bat she bus suffered more than you have, and bas bitterly repented."
"How do you know ?" críed Mr. Thomas sharply.
"I am sure of it. It must have been so. Richard Thomas, will you forgive your daugh. ter, and take her back into your heart, if she hambly asks your pardon?
"I'll wait till she does. I'll wait till she comes to me."
From the cottage I conld see the bit of wall where the fisherman had seated his litile charge with all the tenderness of a father. The man's beart could not be bard all through. And I could picture coming down the path on the hillside a ragged, starving prodigal, son or danghter. "Listen!' While his andutifal son was yet a groat way off, the father went out to meet him.' If Martba, poor and sorrowfal, were there on yonder patb, would you go forth to meet her and greet her?"
He went outaide and looked round, and came back.

Rosie"s small voice broke in-"Is mother coming here? Ob , how beatifal !"
Wo all were startled. Then I said, "If you will not weicome your own daughter, will you welcome Rosie's mother-a lonely widow, toilword, careworn, cast off, partly through ber own fualt, by tioso who should bo the first to forgive her the follies of her youth and to accept the poniterice of her latter years?"
The fisherman mattered, "Rosie's mother may come ; she can have Martha's room."
"There are two other children," I said cantionsly.
"There is Dicky-he is such a darling !" piped Rosio ; "and you don't know what a beanty little Ray is, though she is as white as a daisy, and bas thin arms and orooked loge, and eyes as big as yours, Mr. Thomas, and jast exactly like them"
I had my own reasons for wishing to get away from the cottage beford the ohild's prattle raised up any difficulties or opposition. So I stood in the doorway with my hat in my hand. "Tben I underatand you to say. Mr. Thomar, That Mrs. Anstoad and Dick and Ray
may come and occupy your spare reom, if I can persuade the widow to do so ?"
"Yes."
"You will not go back from your word whatever may come of it ?"
"No."
I pat on my bat, with exaltation in my heart, when, to my horror, Mrs. Thomas pushed forward and asked eagerly, "How soon will you send for Martha?"
I thought ahe had spoiled every thing, and I made no reply.
"How soon will you send for mother?" said Rosie.
"Richard Thomas, do you go back of your word ?"
"No."
"Thank God! Sheis a great way off, but sbe is coming. By this time to morrow I hope."

I blundered away, hardly seeing how I went, down to the post offce, whence I telegraphed direotions to my carste as to the journey of Mrs. Anstead and her ohildren. I knew that neither he nor the widow would be surprised by my telegram, for some time ago I had planned to make the attempt which now bad been carried out so successfuly. Indeed my, visit to

Llangwen had been naede with this object in. chief, and others only in the second place. I also wrote by the evening post a letter whioh Mrs. Anstead wonld reseive next morning.
By the 423 train she arrived, with the little children and is very littlo laggage. I had a donkey-eart for ohildren and bags, and I walked with Mrs. Anstead within sight of her girlhood's home.

While she was yet a great way off her father perceived her, and came out, and fell apon ber neok and kiased bor. And I, who had no rignt to intermeddle with their joy, set down the babies and the bandles on the sward, and led the donkey bsek to the village avd its stable. And I did not go again to the cottage for several days. W. on I did on, I waid fare. well to the happy party of three generations, promising to vertle everything in Mancbenter as regarded Martha Anstead leaving the town for good, and also some other matters whinh would add to ber comfort in her new, or rather her old home.

## THE SHADOW ON THE WALL

"Is this my Minnie? Surely not 1" cried old grandpa, as be looked on the fretful face of a little girl who sat on a stool holding a torn picture book in her band. Only a little before her merry laugh had filled the room as she and Harry looked over it together; bat angry words had come, then angry blows, and now she sat gloomily gazing upon her disfigured treasure.
"Never mind," said the old gentlemn, "come to grandpapa and he will make pictures on the wall for you."
It was a new idea to Miunie. and she watehed the dancing shadows with delight until all traces of the late diasater had disappeared. Harry, too, came stealthily behind. that he might discover grandpapa's trick. Now Harry was a great big achool boy, who should have been ashamed of teasing his half baby siater.
"What makes a fhadow Harry ?" asked his grandfather.
"Is is something coming between as and the light."
"And what can take it away?"
"Moving away that something. I soppose," asid Harry; "If you put away your hand there will be no shadow."
"Ay, jast so," said the old gentleman. " Bat all shadows are not like this; there are dark enough ones in this world-dark ones sent by God, and darker still brought by man's own sinfal passion." Then rocollecting that the obildren conld not anderstand his words, he added, "Ilike to soe the sanshine of good hamor on my little Minnie's brow; bat there was a dark shadow on it a while ago-who put it there, Harry ${ }^{\text {P" }}$

Harry did not answer. That night he lay thinking about the shadow on the wall until he fell asleep and dreamed a droam. He thought he saw a long road before him basking in sun. shine, which seemed to lead to a beantiful place beyond, and his heart rejoiced to think of the pleasant journey before him. Presently, how. ever, he became perplexed by a number of fittering shadows that followed and sarrounded him on all sides. In vain he looked around and behind to discover whence they came. At last, in despair, he called out. "Shadows, shadows, tell me what you are!" and many voices began to speak to him at once.
"I," said a little limping shadow npon stilts, "I am Discontent and I have followed you from the cradle."
" $I$," said a gigantic shadow in front, "I am Passion, and you must follow me."
"I." cried a little creeping one, "I am Envy, and I am going to follow you now."
"I," cried a hagh broad shadow, "I am [ndolence, and I think of following you too.".

II," Baid another in fronts "I am Pride, and this is Ambition my brother, and we two are leading jon."
"I," oried the most distorted of all, "I am Selfishness, and yon know me well;" and as he spoke he orept ol-wer, nntil his shadowf and Harty's seemed to beoome almost one.
" $I_{1}$ " and " $I$," and " $I$," responded on all sides, bat Harry tarned to three ailent shadows on his right hand. "And who are you?" he asked, with a trembling poice.
"I am Siakness; bat I come from God that I may draw you nearer to Him, and further away from these your tormentors," asid the first.
"I am Sorrow, and I come from God, and I too will lead to Elim," ssid the second.
And Harry did not noed to ask the name of the third, for he know that it wes Death.
"Do not fear me," said the great, great solemn shadow. "I too come frem God, and can bring you to a land where the sbadows dee away."
Then Harry awoke and found it was a dream. And Hurry did not speak about his dream, bat if any one had asked him why that morning he did not, as usual, try to get the best of all that was apon the breasfast table, perhaps he would have told that he had seen a oreep ing shadow called Selfishness, and wished to hold no brotherhood with him.

## LENT.

When we were children, the coming of Lent ased to make a great impression on us. It seemed to us a very solemn time, and generally (not always, we are sorry to say) we set to work in earnest to try and overoome some wrong habit or some besetting sin. We attended as many of the churoh services as we conld, and did all in our power to besome better, and make oaratives more what we thought we ought to be. Often it was very disooursging work, for we would find that the evil habit or the sinfal temper we fancied we had gotten rid of, would suddenly get the better of us agzin, after weoks, perhaps, of fighting against it, and we would feel almost inolined to give up the battle. Haven't most of you sometimes folt as we did?
Well, as we look baok apon it all now, we do not wonder we were discouraged. It was a hard battle -too hard for us-beoause we did not go to work in the right way. It wasn't that we did not aisk the holp of God in our straggle. No, that was not the tronble, for we did, and most earnestly too. Bat the trouble was that we set to work to make ourselyes good, thinking God would help us ; thinking, too, that if we should conquer one besetting sin, that would make it easy to conquer all the others. We didn't see that what we needed was not to try to be good ourselves, but jast to open the door of our hearts to the blessed, loving Holy Spirit, and ask Him to live in us, and
ohange our unloving, unholy thoughts and feelings to His loving and holy ones.
Sappose you were very fond of some kind of fruit-apples, for instance, and felt as if you never could have enough. Which would be better-to buy a bushel of them occasionally of the grocer, or have an apple-tree of yoar own in your own garden? "Why, have an apple-tree of our own," you would answer; "if we had the tree we should have the apples, and as many of them as we wanted." Juat so, all the good thoaghts and feelings and virtaes you long for, are che "fruit," the Bibie tells us, of the Holy Spirit. Now instead of straggling, first to get one, and then another, of these traits, by your own efforts, why not jast open the door of your heart to the dear Holy Spirit, and ask Him to come in? Then you will have all His heavenly frait-the "frait of the Spirit," which is "love, joy, peace, long. sufforing, gentleness, goodness, faith, meotness, temporanoe."-The Parish Visitor.

We are in receipt of the initial number of The Church Messenger, the new Diocessan paper for Westorn New York, edited under the direction of Bishop A. Cleveland Coxe. It is a continaation of three other church papers and is now pablished from Buffalo, by the Lakeside Pablishing Co. It is more than twice the size of ite predecessor, the Church Kalendar, and typographically is one of the neatest papers, we have seen.

The net gain of new churches in the United States daring the gear 188 , was 6,434 ; the increase iu lbe number of ministers was 4, 505, while the incresse in sharch members was 774,860. The average gain for each day of the year Was euventeen charches, iwelve minis ters, and 2,120 membera. According to this showing the churches do not seem to be dying oat.

It is stated by an agent of the Bible Society that the Soriptures have to be printed in twenty-nine difforent languages to supply the prople who live in Pennaylvania. What a polygot people we are! The question for the average Pennsylvanian to decide now, is: Are we natives or are we foreigners? We commend it to the attention of debating societies for dibenssion during the long evenings of the present winter.

The lover of the soal is the trae lover. The lover of the body goes awsy when the flower of youth fades; bat he who loves the soal goes not away, as long as the soul follows after virtae - [Socrates, B. C. 470 .

Be not offended with mankind, should any mischief assail thee for neither pleasure nor pain originate with thy fellow being. Though the arrow may seem to issue from the bow, the intelligent can see that the saroher gave it its aim.-[Sadi.

## BAPTIBMS

Privatoly, br Rop. D. D. Mooro, Fob, atth, Wihalu, ilitain wo of troze ana kitimboth Morley, Weal DIED.
Entorod into rosh, Feb. 23ad, Augatise A. Ni. Yeau, aged 81 yeari, of Amherat, N.B.

Enterrd into rest. Feb. 23th, Emma Cam E.-Enterad int
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## Notice.

A VACANCY baving ocourred In the Parish of frace Charob, Polnt St. Oharles, Lhrough the death of tue Rep: Canon Belcher, Rector the underaignod would he gad to recolve applications or commanlcritions from ang Clergyman is Prient? Ordors, for the pialition of Eeetor. Address
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## MISEIOM FIELD. <br> WHAT BEOOMES OF THE MONEY:"

The February number of the Charch Missionary Gleaner says: "The way to reckon' what becomes of the money' is to caloalate the proportionate cost of the diffurent branches, thas:-OAt of each sorereign expended by the society in the year 1887-8, no less than 7 s . was spent in fodia, 2 s sd in Afrisa, 1s $6 d$ in Chias, 1,41 in Nurth-west Amerion, $1 \mathrm{~s} 0 \frac{1}{2} 1$ in Ceylon, 11 d in Palestine aod Higypt, 3 d in Japan, 61 in the Nortin Paoifio, 41 in Now Zagaland, $2 \frac{1}{1} 1$ in Persia, and $2 \frac{1}{1} 1$ in Muraritius, making 16s 2hi in the direct service of the Missions. Then 6d went towards the training of missionaries bsfore going ont, and $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ in the support of old missionarled retired, and widows and ohildron of doad missionaries, mairing a grand total of what is really minsion expenditare of 17s 7d ir the pound. Oi the remaining 2 s bd, we spent ls 61 on the various, oharges for ' collecti,n of funds,' inoluding publivationa, and 111 on 'administrativu.' What tho committeo aro riving lo d., is to redace if possibie the $\ln 6$ a and a bolld, in order us add a pouny or (w) to the 16s 218d."

## ABYSSINIA.

Through Mr. J. M. Flad, of Kornthal, the Soviely for Promoting Chriatianity among the Jews bas been informed that King John of Abyesinia is in great trouble. The Dervishes, followers of the Mahdi, have destroyod Dember and burnt Gondar. The whole of Weatern Abyssinis has, in fact, bsen destroyed by the Mabdists. Thonsands of Abysainian Christians havo boen massacored in cold blood for refusing to become Mahommodans. Women and ohildreu have been driver away und sold as slaves, among whom is the only daughter of the King of Godjsm. This king and the king of Soboa are robelling against King John.

## SOUTH AFRICA.

Bishop Knight-Brace, of Bloemfontein, has lutely returned from his arduous tour through our new protectorate of Beohuanaland.which now is extended to the Zumbesi river, as exolusivoly within the aphere of British isfluence.' He anys toat unless immediate aotion in taken by the Imperisl anthorities, the Matabele tribe will redace the Mashonus to the most oruel elavery; the latter people begged him eurnestly to sead thom Christian teachers. Certain unprincipled white traders have receatly been selling riftes to the Matabelos, so that the danger he warns againsi is imminent. He sparks of the Mashonas, on the contrary, as a most engaging raoe.

## OENTRAL AFRIOA.

News from Uganda has been reooived trom Usumbrio. Many of the Ohristian pupils have escaped

from Uganda, and arrived at Mr. Maskay's at Usambrio. They report a temporary collapso of the Arab's supremasy. The now king, Kiewa, refased to become a Mah. ommodan, and tried to poison the Arabs who were pressing bim to do so. The Araba then seleeted another son of M'tesa, Kilema, who was more complaisant, and set him on the throne. Kiwewa has fled to Uganda, where he bas been jrided by the ohiefs who were expelled on M'wanga's fat He is now rallying all the ohiefs favorable to Christianity to attaok Kilema. The whole country is in a state of oivil war. The chiefs killed by Kiwewa were those principally responaible for the ill treatment aud expalsion of the missionaries. M'wanga is well at Maga.


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In ordering pl
tigement in the
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THE LOVE OF CHRIST.
There was kneeling one day in the oburob a poor collier lad, some ten or twelve years of age. His hair was rougb, his clothes were torn and ragged; his feet were bare. His hands were olasped as in prayer; a sad whistful look was on his face. I kneeled by his side. "I want to be good," he raid, 'I want to belong to the Saviour; I could trust Him if only I could be sure that He loves me."
His bad been a hard life in the world, poor heart! How should I convince him of the fuct of the love of God? I ppoke to him of friends and playmates. "Is there any one you have ever known, who, if you had to die, would be willing to die in your stead to save you?" A momont's silence, and then with a eweet smile, he looked up and said, "I believe my mother wonld."
In that brief panee he had looked baok on life, and meatured a mother's love. Perbaps there passed before his mind the vision of her toil late at night to mend his olothes, or earn to-morrow's broad, and oonvinced of the reality of a mother's love, his heart told him it would be atrong unto death.
"Then see what Jesas has done," and I epoke to him of the blecding hande and feet of the Crucified. He bowed his face in his bands, as he asid "I can love Him back again, and trust Him too!"

Thus was the viotory of the Oracified won in that young heart. So it is ever with us aill.-J. H. Lester, Missioner of Litchfield.

Pabbing over the Pennsylvania railroad in day trains, when you near the summit of the mountain the employees go through the cars and light the lamps. It seems a strange thing to do at mid day, and a very nselesk thing. Those dim lamps give no light in a car filled with anashine. But while you are wondering what it means, your train plonges into a long, dark tunnel, where no sunshine ever penetrates. Tion you zoderstand why the lamps wore lighted; then you see the use of their light. So it is that the meaning of many of the most precions words of Scrip ture have to be learded. We see no beanty or bright beam in them at first, when the worid's light floods our path. They lie in our memory, and the years come and go, bringing new experience. The light ot homan joy waves. Health gives way. Disappointment comes. Sorrow breaks in upou our homes. Some homan trast fails. The sunlight that flowed about us jester. day has been put ont, and our path sweeps into the darkness. Then the words of God that seemed so pale and oommonplace before, like the dim lamps in the noonday, liseh out in fail splendor, and pour heavenly light about us. Did those words have no light in them until just now? Pea, the light was there all these years; the text meant juast that-all of that-the first time you ever read them. They hang about your bosd with all this Fondrousness of help, comfort and divine revelation, sll the time you
were moving along through the lovely valley and opon the mountain side; bat it was not till you planged into the darkness that you saw the brightness. The goodnesg, the comfort that came so aweetly was not prepared for you now that moment. God laid it up, long years since, in the precious words of inspiration; bat you never found it before: the atorehouse was unopened till now.
A great many people find the hulk of 1 h eir anziety in forecasting fntare possible needs or triale Many of these may never come at all, and those that do come will bring with them their own relief. It may not be disclosed in advance, but why shonld it be? Will it not be soon enough when the shadow deepens for the lamps to be light ed? Will it not be soon enongh when the larder is empty for God to send bread? When you get to Marah's bitter waters of sorrow you shall find the tres to sweeten thom. Will not that be soon enough? When pon reach jour Gethsemane and lie in the deep ghadows, with the agony in your sonl, will not that be soon enongh for the angel to come ?-Dr. J. $\boldsymbol{R}$. Miller.

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