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## - JAMES • McInTYRE. •



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PUBLISHED AT TEE OFFICE OF THE CHRONICLE.
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Kesintered. cording t" Act of Parliament.
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JAMEs MCINTYRE, Y-
In the office of the Minister of Agriculture.


## TO THE PUBLIC.



E rectived so many kind assurances from friends in this neighhorhood and from gentlemen at a distance who had taken an interest in our first little work, that they induce $u s^{-1}$ to issue this more comprehensive volune containing about one hundred new pieces'. We have written a number of dairy odes recently; these and our patriotic songs composed during the past year we trust will make the work more interesting. We publish a few short pieces from wany letters and poems we received from friends. We hope the public will peruse the poems in a friendly spirit, as a kind feeling towards all of the nationalities forming this young and vigorous Dominion has prempted us to publish these selections from our poetic works.

JAMES McINTYRE,
[ngersoll; Ont.

## SHORT EXTRACTS FROM POEMS AND LETTERS BEOEIVED BY THE•ADTHOR.

The following lines were received from Mr. William Murray of Hamilton:

> "In writing yoúdo not pretend
> With Tennysonian themes to blend,
> It is an independent style
> Begotten on Canadian soil."

From one of Tioronto's well known citizens, S. H. Janes, Esq., formerly of Oxford :

I wish to express to you my great pleasure in looking over your musings on the banks of Canadian Thames. It seemed to transport my memory across the chasm of twenty-five jears and to call up the scenes, associations and joys of boy hood's happy hour. Literary work of this kind must add greatly to your pleasure and happiness as it ccrtainly does to that of your friends.

The Editor of the Toronto Globe, after reviewing a number of other books pronounced our little volume to be the gem of the table.

Col. Denison, Toronto's police magistrate, "found many most interesting pieces on Canadian sul jects in the volume.'"

Jeaquin Miller, the American poet, hailed me as "my dear poet of the Canadian pastare fields," and he said I did wisely in singing of useful themes.
N. C. Thompson of Rockford, 111., wrote us a large number of verses. We select the following :
"Your poem on the Bard of Ayr,
I like the best, I think it rare,
An equal love of Burns I share,
And read him oft,
$O$ could I write like him 'twould bear My soul aloft."

Dr. Scadding; the Antiquarian, thought my poem on Father Rannie, the cheese pioneer, "had the ring of a fine old ballad about it."

From a peem by the Rev. John Dunbar, of Toronto, we.give this extract :

As other duties made demand
I only got your poems scanned,
Marking the treatment of your pieces
While wonder and surprise increases,
Assured your book its way will win,
So neat without, so nice within,
Reserving as a promised pleasure
The thorough reading at my leisure,
Permit tue now to each unknown
To thank you for the kinaness shown.

The Hon. Oliver Mowat was pleased with the patriotic spirit displayed in the poems.

## From George MeIntyre of Conestoga:

Surprised, delighted, beyond measure,
I gazed upon the pretty treasure,
And as it gives me such great pleasure,
My thanks I send
To him who in his hours of leisure
Those verses penned.
A. G. Murray, a prominent rlansman of Chicago, sent us the foliowing :-I received your volum+* and I think a great denl of it. It. is one of our family treasures and the reading of it brings before us the genial form of friend McIntyre, who pictures things so vividly, reminding us of days gone by.

From Rev. Robert Cameron of Denver, Colorado :

- My whilom friend dear McIntyre,

Your book of rhymes has come, Taike thanks from afl around "our fire, For all have suid well done; How many long and toilsome years Have passed since first we met, I was a lad twixt hopes and fears, And you'r a poet yet.
$\qquad$
$\frac{1}{4}$


## CANADA BEFORE THE CONFEDERȦTION OF THE PROVINCES.

Canadian provinces they lay
Divided by river and by bay, Many a separate divisiod, Among them there was no cohcsion.

But statesmen saw that a great nation
Could be formed by federation, And soon they led public opinion To favor forming this Dominion.

North-West with its streams and fountains,
With sources in the Rocky Mountsins,
It was all a great mystery,
Hunting for furs its histcry.
Though North-West is filling slow
Yet soon there will be mighty flow, Millions to North.West will hurry
In last deeade of century.
For therein is an opening grand
In great fertile prairie land,
For there the choicest wheat it grows
Near where the Saskatchewan flows.

And on many a rivers branch -
There is found great grazing ranch, Favoured districts therein abound Where cattle graze all the year round.

Protected from the stormy blast
By-the Rocky Mountains vast, Through canon blows no storm terrific,
But balmy breezes from Pacifio.

## CANADA'S FUTORE.

Canada is a young giant,
Has not yet acquired its strength,
On the arts of peace reliant,
Throughout its vast breadth and length.
Though 'tis not famed for orange bowers
Nor for the products of its vines, Though other lands have fairer flowers. Yet it to nobler gifts inclines,

It doth produce the golden grain
And few lands can with it compete,
They often try but all in vain
To produce such splendid wheat.

Our geologists divine,
That ere long we will behold
Many a rich glittering mine
Of copper, silver and of gold.

But we sing more glorious theme,
'It is our verdant pasture land,
Where cows produce a flood of cream.
Doth nake cheese of the finest brand.

And great thpughts oftentimes awakes When we reflect on this wondrous land, With vast rivers and mighty lakes, All nature here's on scale so grand.

Young Dominion so gigantic, Where rail cars run at speed terrific, Thousands of miles from the Atlantic, Till in the West yop reach Pacific.

## (ANADAN FITTRE.

From balny breezes of lake Erie
To the far north fro\%en ocean,
Where it now seenis lone and dreary,
All will yet be life, and motion.
Though nation's young its powerful flect
Doth sail on many a distant sea,

1. For worid's commerce to compete

Her sails in all climes flowing free.

## BIRTH OF CANADA AS A NATION, JULY FIRST, 1867.

> Hail Britania's noblest daughter, Who is surrounded by the water Of many a lake and broad sca, Land of beaver and of maple tree.
> Her lofty brow is wreathed with smiles, For from the far Atlantic isles In pomp have come their delegates, All seeking to unite their fates.
> With Canada great northern queen, And now throughout the land is seen.
> High fentival and stately dance, Triumphant nuptials to advance.
> And soon shall Red River valley
> And distant Vancouver rally, To form this Empire gigantic From Pacific to Atlantic.

## WELOOME TO THE PRINOE OF WALES.

Lines written when the Prince of Wales was about embarking for Canada, May; 1860.

In his long royage o'er the som, To where doth grow the maple tree,. . .
May he be bleat with pleqgant gales, The coming man, the Prince of Wales.

The maple grows but in good soil, Where nature doth reward for toil
The farmer splitting his fence rails,
IIe welcome bids the Prince of Wales.
In the woods the axe is ringing
And the jeoman merry singing,
The song resounds o'er hills and dales,
Our future king the Prince of Wales.
Round the brow of our future chief
FWe'll weave a wreath of maple leaf,
For o'er broad Canada prevails
Kind feelings to the Prince of Wales.
When in this land the Prince arrives, May he have many pleasant drives, And on our lates have merry sails, Great king of princes, Prince of Wales.

## .



## - CANADA'S RESODROES.

Small Scotland nobly held its own
Against the might of England's throne, And shall this land with its vast bounds Shrink with fear ere the trumpet sounds.

While British blood doth course each vein; Proudly this Feritage maintain, With fertile acres, by the billions, Future homes for two hundred millions.

Each son could have a fertile farm, Brave men who neer will feel alarm, And they have both the nerve and skill To work land with a right good will:

And she has got within her shores Renowned mines of many ores, While her furnaces and forges
Iron in useful shape disgorges.
Her mighty forests they do yield
Lutmber, her cities for to build,
But her wealth' is not in these alone, She has great quarries too of stone.

Industry it here doth bloom, And skilful wel s come from eath loom, One of great nations under sun,
A mightier race it yet will run.

For with the Anglo-Naxon race
No other people can keep pace,
Here they have room for to expand
Futo a nation mighty grand,

GAYADA's RESOURCES
With great railroads and canals, And care in legislative halls, A mighty future she 离ill gain, And highest rank she will obtain.

Canada hopes it will be told, That she hath patriots brave and bold, To guide her helm shall be extolled, As loving country more than gold.

NORTH-WEST. BEBELLIÓN, 1885.
Hail Cansda our young fair land,
The world's respect it doth command;
How quick her sons at war's alarms
Sprang to her rescue with their arms.
In Caitada the English rose,
The shàmroek and the thistle grows, United garland they combine Around the maple tree to twine.

They did march a brave gallant host
From the far East Atlantic coast,
Our Canada so proud and free,
Four thousand miles from sea to sea.
Though skilful rebeis did entrench,
But their deadly fires our boys did quench,
And victory it soon wais won
By our General Middleton.
And Colonel Williams left a nanie
For Canada's temple of fame,
A kind and a brave hearted man
In hour of danger lect the van.

NORTH-WEST REBELLION, 1885.
The ninetieth regiment it fought well, And Winnipeg doth its glories tell, London boasts of her volunteers, For she prides in her Fusiliers.

Toronto troops have gained renown, And triumph their quick march did crown, For the relief of Battleford, And scattering of the Indian horde.

Our volunteers took up their arms, Each left his home and all its charms ; Though many they were tender reared, No frost nor snow nor foe they feared.
Alas that youth so true and brave, So many now do fill a grave, And others they are maimed for life, While engaged in glorious strife.
We have sprung from a good brave stock,', Rose, thistle and the shamrock, Who all in unity agree, 'Neath the shade of the maple-tree.

The Indians soon came to grief, Under their great Poundmaker chief, And Toronto troops gained fame And Otter glory to his name.-

We all felt proud of our gunboat And the brave crew of the Northcote, And of our scouts who captured.Riel; Who in rain for mercy \$id appeal.
And may all quickly come to grief
Who do not love the maple leaf,
'For they spring from a noble tree, Shades this land of the brave and free.

## BIG BEAR THE INDIAN CHIEF.

The following impromptu was given at a banquet to one of the captives of Fort Pit after he had related his experience:
:Sad memories it 'doth awake,
The death of those fell at Frog Lake, And trials of captives of Fort Pit When savages did capture it.

But soon Generals Strange and Steel Made savage hordes their power to feel,
And they rescued women fair From the paws of the Big Bear.

Captives for days had naught to eat But steaks of tough and lean dog meat, In daily danger of their lives From bullets and from scalping knives.

When building big lodge for war dance,
The cry is heard, the troops advance, To the white captives sounds so sweet, But savages they quick retreat.
A thrilling tale our guest* did tell, That close to him fell bursting shell, This shot it was not fired in vain, For several savages were slain. Our bold troops great danger braved, So that white captives might be saved, Who suffered hunger, cold and damp, 'Mong savage hordes in bush and swamp.
Big Bear now they have pared his claws, He must atone for broken laws, Far dway from his rative lair, In prison strong they put Big Bear. * Mr. Stanley Simpson.

## REMINISCENCES

On the laying of the cơmer stone of the Brock monument at Queen: ston Heights, and the finatinterment of the General who had faller at the battie of Queenston, Oct. 13th, 18 F 2 . The remains of his Aide,

Col. McDonald, were also deposifed under the new tower.
A wail went o'er broad Canada, When it was known a vile outlaw Had at midnight's awful four, With ruffian hand blowin ap the tower.

Neath which had slept the gallant Brock
Who bravely fell on Queenston's rock,
But graceful column soon shall rise,
Its beauteous shaft wilf kiss the skies.
For, from Queenston's woody height
You may behold a pleasing sight,
The-grim old veterans of the war, Militiamen with many a scar.

Indian braves from each nation, Grouped to pay their last ovation, Round the remains of General Brock, Who led them oft intbattle's shock.

Old heroes now again do rally, Feebly they move along the valley, Not as they rushed in days of yöre When torrent like they onward bore.

And sweptlaway the foeman's ranks O'er Niagara's rugged banks,
So indignant was their grief
On losing of their warrior chief. .

Now with triumphant funeral car, Adorned with implements of war, The sad procession slow ascends, As round the hill its way it wends.

Marching to nournful, solemn note, While grand old flags around it float, And now may peace be never broken 'Mong lands where Saxon tongue is spoken.
"For peace hath victories by far
More glorious than horrid war," Eingland doth Longfellow revere, And Anerica loves Shakespeare.

The oratiou on the above interesting occasion was delivered by the late Hon. William H. Merritt, projector of the Welland Canal. He served at the battle when a young man. We witnessed the interesting ceremony and shall never forget it.

## PATRIOTIC ODE

Written at the time of the last excitement on the Niagara Frontier.
Rejoice, réjoice, we all do stand,
United in one mighty band;.
No traitors in our land we find,
All one in heart, all one in mind ;
Resolute in their opinion,
None shall-conquer our Dominion;

- For every man with dauntless mien Will rally round our flag and Queen.


## PROVINOE OF ONTARIO.

In the land of woods and lakes, Pure happiness each one partakes, Who is sound in body and in mind, And to industry

Here in great lakes 登e do take pride, And them with Unclêsum divide, Other lakes seem inferior
In size to great Superior.
And Canadians do take pride, In Huron's wide expanded tide, But it onward flows forever, Through St. Clair lake and iver.

But soon again it doth expand.
Into Erie's lake so grand, Then lehold its wondrous chărms, When embraced in Niagara's arms.

Then it more blessings doth bestow, On pure bosom of Ontario, Round it our towns and cities cluster, O'er it Toronto sheds her lustre.

And Ontario doth awake,
The thought that 'tis our favorite lake;
Several states approach Lake Erie, Each-one claiming it for dearie.

But our fires of love do glow, Alone for Lake Ontario, Our love for it is so unbounded, We have almost it surrounded.
.PROVINCE if ONTARIO.
And the lands around its beaches. They are famed for grapes and peaches, 'Mong choicest fruits you ramble on From Niagara to Hamilton.

Ontario North is land of pines, A land of lakes and rocks and mines, And beneath dark pine tree shade. How happy is the youth and maid.

For here in summer you keep cool, And fish for trout in sparkling pool, For pike or salmon you can spear, And in the season hunt the deer.

In great northern hunting ground, Where both fish and game abound, And verdant pastures here are seen, Where cattle graze mong sweetest green.

In the far north a land of pines, And in the south we have the vines, Where each year adds into the charms, Surrounds the homesteads on the farms.

Nature our province doth endow; With hardy sons to guide the plow, In south we have the fruitful soil, Where nature's bounties on us smile.

We have got rich plains and highlands, Ontario hath thousand islands, And there is a great array Of charming isles on Georgian Bay.
province of ontario.
And travellers all they do adore, The lovely isles near Huron's shore, Superior makes a grand display, All round her shores to Thrader Bay.
Muskoka's famed for woods and brakes,
For rocks and meadows and chear lakes,
And sportsmen for it proudly claim
That 'tis' a land for fish and game.
There doth anise a sweet aroma From great spruce forests of Algoma, And from the poplar, birch and pine, There too is wealth in many a mine.

It may be that of mines the best, Will be found in Ontario West, Stretching towards the interior, Three hundred miles west of Superior.

Essex is our sunny south, At the Detroit river's mouth, There the sun doth cheerful smile
On the grape vineyards of Pelee Isle.
Pioneer's axe it now doth ring,
On the shores of Nipissing,
And some do locate claims away
To distant north around James' Bay.


## CANADIAN RIVERS AND LAKES.

> We have here a sight as fair
> As bonnie Doon or banks of Ayr, Like modest worth meandering slow The quiet waters gently flow, Rose, thistle, shamrock, all combine, Around the maple leaf to twine, Whose outstretched arms so gigantic Clasp Pacific and Atlantic, Embracing lakes like burnished gold, With joy a Shakespeare might behold, For either Poet Burns or Moore* Such scenery they would adore.
*Tom Moore paddled his own canoc along the Canadian shore of Lake Erie and was enraptured with the view. He landed and remained over night at a farm house. His Canadian Boat Song is immortal.

## NTAGARA DRY.

It happened once in early spring, ${ }_{4}$ While there did float great thick ice cakes, That then a gale did quickly bring

Them all down from the upper lakes.
And from Buffala to Lake Erie,
Across the entrance to river,'
It was a scene of icebergs dreary,
Those who saw will remember ever.
Then gale blew up lake and river,
And left Niagara almost dry..
This a lady did discover -
As above the Falls she cast hèr eye.

NRAGARA DRY.
Such scene it had been witnessed never, Since Israelites crossed the Red Sea, When they had resolved forever From Pharaoh's bondage to flee.

Lady she resolved to venture, Proudly carrying British flag,
Erecting it in river's centre
In crevice of a rocky crag.
It seems like a romance by Bulwer, How she captured Niagara, But it was seen by Bishop Fuller, Who did at sight of flag hurrah.

Ten thousand years may die away Before another dry can tread, In bottom of Niagara, For she doth jealous guard her bed.

But ice her entrance did blockade, And wind it kept the waters back, So that a child could almost wade

Across the brink of cataract.

## UNITED BY STEEL RAILS.

When Indian tribes in the Northwest
Rebelled against the Eastern laws,
Canadian courage it did test, All were united in the cause.

But how shall volunteers proceed Such distance, several thousand miles, Will they in their dark hour of need Ask Unole Sam with pleasant smiles

For to allow our
To pass o'er their north railroad, Perliaps subject to doubts and fears,

Where British soldiers never trod.

But chere went up a glad hurrah
When it was found that in our land, Almost finished was railway,

And trains do wait for word command,

To bear away our volunteers
To those far North distant lands, But dispelled were all their fears

When they rode over those steel bands,
Which bound young nation all in one,
Before detached and all apart,
Shoulder to shoulder now each one Feels patriot feelings in his heart.

First time we truly realize The value of this great railway,
Its benefits each now doth prize, Highway to Japan and Australia.

The policy it has proved.wise,
Which did build this great railway,
The vast Northwest to colonize, $\because$
And bear its products far away.

## Canadian flage are now unturled In the porty of the-Onizeme; Short route to Oriental world Given Carads her cheap fine teas.

## LORNE AND LOUISE.

Lines written on the arrival of Governor Lorne and the Princess Louise in Canada.

The tidings now all hearts do please, That she has landed safe, Louise, Victoria's beloved daughter, Who boldly has crossed the water, For royal Ptincess doth adorn The title of the Lord of Lorne,
For this union it doth join
Cạmpell with Royal Stewart line ;
Lorne will be Duke of broad Argyle,
And the Lord of many an Isle.
When he inherits broad domain
May he strive tenants hearts to gain.
To us it seems a brighter morn
Hath dawned on us with Governior Lorne,
And when they visited this place
True happiness beamed on each face,
The first white child who here was born
Presented was to Governor Lorne,
From Forest 'ere it was reclaimed,
Our fine town after him was named.


## CANADIAN SPOBTS AND GAMES AND PLAYS.

> Burns sang of joys of Hallowe'en But in Canada is often seen By far more jolly times than these At logging raising, paring bees, For here the youth is not afraid To trip it with a pretty maid, For this at night is his reward For working at the bee so hard, And oft times till the break of day At forfeits they will merry play, For he doth win e'en though he miss, If from sweet lass he gets a kiss, But in its place doth justly prize His tea and cakes and pumpkin pies.
> When winter eomes it brings no gloom But makes fresh pleasures spring and bloom, For when the youth longs for a bride He gives his girl a grand sleigh ride, Which to them both doth pleasures bring While merry sjeigh bells cheery ring, And with -the fair-maid of his choice He gaceful skates with her on ice, Charming mode of locomotion Gliding o'er a polished ocean, Such joys they soon do love evolve, And they on union do resolve, He is happy with his chosen, For warm love gets never frozen.

And young folk oft they do take pride, How swift they down the hill can glide, And they bravely dare the frost king

So they may enjoy the coasting, Each striving for to lead the van In the swift shooting toboggan.

And on the ice men love to hurl The polished blocks to skilful curl, And curlers all do proudly claim Their's is a manly healthy game, And in Canadians you trace A generous, hardy and brave race.

And brilliant as a fairy hall Is scenes on ice at carnival,
Before the gale in an ice boat
It swiftly o er the ice doth float, The sensation is you dly Like lightning shooting through the sky.

Tn summer time the youth do toss The baseball and do play lacrosse, And tradition doth for it clain That 'tis an ancient Indian game, And if a foe invade we can, Drive them back with clubs Canadian.


# nIagara's "CHARMS AND DEATH OF WEBB. 

> Gazing on rapids mighty sea, Struggling fercely to be free, But drawn downwards in its course By gravitation's wondrous force, O'er those perpendicular walls, Hurled 'mong mighty rocks it falls, Causing the earth to throb and shake Like to the tremor of eartbquake..

Thus the world's greatest wonder Reverberates like peals of thunder, Enshrined with mist and beauteous glow Of varied tints of the rainbow, Most glorious sight the human eye Hath ever seen beneath the sky, Along these banks none ever trod But did feel grateful to his God, For lavishing with bounteons hand Glories majestic and so grand.

The foaming billows soon are seen Transformed into a beauteous green, Plunged by whirlpools dread commotion It becomes a seething ocean, Where furies join in surging dance
From centre to circumference, This is the favorite abode Of Neptune, mightiest sea God, He hath decreed none shall survive Who will into this roytex dive.

## niagara's cilarms and death of webb.

Webb swam the English channel brave,
Like seabird he did love to lave His breast upon the mightiest wave, Alas, found here a watery grave; Torrent onward rushes frantic On its course to the Atlantic, But on its way doth gently flow Through blue lake Ontario, Rejoicing on its way it smiles, Kissing the shores of Thousand Isles, Mingling with St. Lawrance motion, It soon is blended with the ocean.

## DEPARTED STATESMEN.

With a glance at Sir John A. Magdonald and Blake, the two living leaders, 1884.
Joseph Howe, none higher stood than thou, Thou wert a man with lofty brow ; D'Arcy McGee, so brilliant and free, From green isle you came o'er the sea.

George Cartier to the French.ever dear, So high you stood without a peer ; John Sandfield for lorg you did build Power under economy's shield.

George Brown, thou man of renown, Confederation you did crown ;
You now are all free from the strife The wrangle and jangle of political life.
But if a glance at this world you take
You will there see John A. and Blake, But Sir John the greatest power doth wield, Our Canadiạn Beaconsfield.

## THE OLD SNAKE FENCE.

In early times the pioneer
When a few acres lie did clear, He found an ample recompense For splitting rails and making fence.

Though it was crooked as a snake, And zigzag stgle did not awake, He thought it was a thing of beanty, Yet in its day it did its duty.

And though the old snake fence must fall, 'Twas easy made, axe, wedge and maul, Were all the tools the pioneer Required the old rail fence to rear.

And the old pioneer could boast Of fence that did not need a post, To build it now is waste of timber, And fertile lands it doth cumber.

And pine stump fence with its sharp roots Will long endure and wàrd off brutes, For the crops they ample shield And do protect each separate field.

But old/style fence doth waste much land, Where weeds do grow and bush expand, And thistle down doth blow from thence, So folks build wire and the board fence.

## CANADIAN VOYAGEURS ON THE NILE.

The British soldiers on the Nile
With gratitude did kindly smile, On the Canadian voyageurs Who skilfully did ply their oars.

And they invoked their benison On boatsmen led by Denison, Neither the rapids nor the falls Along the Nile these braves appals.

For in sueh toils they did partake, On each native stream and lake, Thoughts. of their homes in visions throng, While singing Canadian boat song.

And they all hoped again to see
The glorious land of maple tree, From their memories they never Forgot the land of lake and river.

While up the Nile they do advance They dream about their own St. Lawrence, And Manitoba's streams and lakes, Pleasant reflections oft awakes.

And thus each day they cheerful toil, Ascending of old Fatheer ivile, Whose waters fertilize the soil, And is the home of crocodile.

Wolseley he had exhibition In Red River expedition, How these voyageurs could steer,
Or with the axe a roadway clear.
Those who speak the tongue of France, From the banks of the St. Lawrence, At call to arms quick advance, With rifie, bayonet and lanoe.

## LAND CLEARING.

The first winter which I did spend In Canada was with a friend, And when the snow had passed away Quite early in the month of May.

Friend started off for a barn raising, And told me to get stumps ablazing, - Around each stump I heaped a pile Of roots and junks of wood so vile.

For he wished the field to clear
So it a crop of wheat would rear, And there was one high withered pine Which was full of turpentine.

As soon as I applied the torch, Blaze quick did start and it did scorch The fences, and the woods were nigh, For the old tree it blazed on high.
I. was the only man or boy

Near there that day and found employ
In saving of the house and barn, Thus farly fire fiend did me warn.

Fire started and with. it a breeze Carried the sparks 'mong leaves of trees, I did work hard but for recompense All was saved but a few rails of fence.

Man in spring logging oft awakes From winter slumbers nests of snakes, And listens to the music grand Of bull frogas our Canadian band.

## LINES BEAD AT A MAPLE SUGAR SOCIAL, APRIL, 1888,

Our first Canadian job when boy, In the big woods we did enjoy, Large maple bush we then did tap. And to camp carried maple sap.

We stored it in great wooden trough, Then in big kettles sugared off, Though often it did try our mettle To keep up fire beneath each kettle.

For it was a serious toil
To cut the wood to kettles boil, To night it is a pleasant joke, No trouble from the fire and smoke.

Of old we thought our neck was broke
By having on it a neckyoke, And on each side a heavy pail Suspended from the yoke by bail.
We waded through the snow and slush And stumbled o'er the logs in bush, But no doubt the maple's sweeter Than any other thing in meter.

Unless it is the lips of lass,
Which maple sugar doth surpass, And may it be each young man's fate For to secure a charming mate.
For birds will soon begin to sing And seek their mates in early spring, When found each pair do feel they're blest, When they have finished their warm nest.
Let none at sugar making scoff,
Webster was rocked in a sap trough ;
When boiling sap it is quite handy
To pour some in snow to make candy.

## CANADIAN ROMANCE.

An English youth to Canada came, A labourer, John Roe by name, His little wealth had made him bold, Twenty sovereigns in gold ;
He was industrious and wise And e'en small sums did not despise, He added to his wealth each year For independenca be loved dear, He knew a laborer he would be Forever in the old country, His forefathers had tilled the ground And never one had saved a pound. On beds of down they did not lie And frugally their goods did buy, Their one luxury around their door A few choice flowers their garden bore, But never hoped to own the soid But serve as hinds to sweat and toil, To work and toil for him had charm He hoped some day to own a farm, So he hired with Reuben Tripp The wealthiest man in the township. :"Tripp's only child, his daughter Jane, He sought her love and not in vain, As Jacob served for Rachel dear So John he served year after year, Till rich enough to buy bush farm For to chop down with his strong arm. The truest nobleman of all He lives not in ancestral hall, But sheltereth family from harm By logs rolled up by his strong arm, In this young glorious land so free Where each may rear his own roof tree,

And the chief glory of old days Broad fire place where big logs did blaze, As much as four strong men could handle, They served alike for heat and candle ;
He his young oxen did adorn With fine gay ribbons on each horn, And to his home with joy and pride He did bring sweet blooming bride, Such happiness is seldom seen, Happier far than king or queen; She helped him in the fields to reap, And spuu the wool from off the sheep, All they required they had for both, Of her own weaving of good cloth, And she was a good tailoress, Did make his coat and her own dress :
The golden butter that she made Was of the very finest grade. Each grace and virtue she possess d, Where'er she was, that spot was blessed, And though they did not have stove then, Neither did they own an oven; She filled large pot with well knead dough
And baked tine bread 'mong embers glow :
He each winter the forest trees
Did quickly hew them down with ease,
For he to wurk had a desire
And the skill did soon acquire,
Eut round great giants hewed a ring
Then storms would soon them prostrate bring, For many a time the furious lqreeze
Would quick o'erthrow the girdled trees,
And sometimes they would kill the cows
When they did feed on grass or browse,

But after reckoning damage all
A benefit was each windfall;
Though good fortune now he sees
Might hay boéng got from Walnut trees ;
But trees were foes in his hurry,
All were slain, both oak and cherry, $\qquad$
And to this day he doth incline
To mourn o'er slaughter of the pine,
And reflects how he did o'erwhelm
Many a maple, beech and elm;
And each summer day did toil
With his steers drawing logs in pile:
These giants of the forest dead,
Fire did reduce to an ash bed, And soon potatoes, wheat and corn,
They did the rugged stumps adorn, And Jane did help him with the hoe, And well she did keep her row;
No organs then they had to play, But she could work and sing all day :
In spring he did live maples tap
To draw from them the luscious sap, He gathered it in big log trough, Then boiled it down and sugared off, Enough the household for to cheer, With all its sweets for the whole year, . And no such thing those times were seen As the swift raising stump machine, And where main road was low and damp With logs he built a road through swamp,
But a smooth ride could not enjoy
While it was náught but corduròy,
Each year added earth and gravel,
Now smoothly o'er they can travel,

## CANADIAN ROMANCE.

For it doth make an excelient road For John and Jane to go abroad, And it is now a great high way Where hundreds travel every day. There were no roads in early days But bridle path, their guide the blaze, And mills and marts so far away, Tiney ncver could return same day; Log school house served as church for all, Of various creeds, and for town hall. These scenes to youth do now seem strange So wondrous quick hath been ti:e change, O'er paths where oxen only trod, Cows (quickly speed o'er the railroad, And every way both up and down There has sprung up a thriving town.
No more he fights with forest-treer, But both enjoy their wealth and ease, Long since the old folks both are gone And left the whole to Jane and John; The log house now has passed away With all its chinks filled in with clay, And in its place fine house of stone With lawn where choice shrubs are grown. With sons and daughters they are blest, The young men syy they'll move Northwest ; This gives their mother some alarm, She wants them still on the home farm, But father will not have them tarry They can plow so quick on prairie, And they tind coal makes a good fire, And build their fences of barbed wire They would not be forever gone As they could talk by telephone.
We have been congratulated by many on the trathfulness of the Romance of Canada. They declare it is not a romance but a true picture of rise and progress of worthy people in Canada.

## LAMENT OF THE MAPLE TREE.

A VI8ION.
"We had a dream which was not all a dream."-Byron.
I laid me down one day in June, It was late long afternoon,
A rery sultry summer's eve, Such times the senses oft deceive, The place was 'neath a maple tree, Soon from all cares and troubles free, By a gentle, kindly slumber, No more our sorrows we could number,
But we heard a plaintire wail Such as we find in fairy tale, It was the genius of the tree Who in sad guise appeared to me, And then she sadly did give vent Unto this awful grave lament: Thouch I am gay in month of June, All decked in green, yet very soon, Alas my beauty will be faded And my charniot be all degraded, For is my time of glory brief, So often flattered is my leaf. In Canada so broad and free All poets sing of the maple tree, 'High I stand in their opinion, Emblem of the New Dominion, The reason I do them upbraid Some never slept feeneath my shade, And yet they take the liberty To chant abont the maple tree: They dare to poetise my leaf, This is the source of all my grief, I think their praises all so rude And as but base ingratitude,

So ofton hackneyed is my name That every fall I burn with shame, Like maiden's cheek which blushes red When vain rash youth asks her to wed, Then do these foolish ones descry In me fresh beauty and they sigh, And then renaw their songs of praise. But unto me how sad their lays, For then I know my days are brief, Tis hectic flush upon my leaf; True poets then should mournful sing When the destroyer's on the wing, For then I know my leares of gold Will all soon ningle with the mould, No one does ever think to praise The fell destroyer when he slays, None rejoice in the flushed cheek When the poor girl is low and weak, Perhaps they'll say and it is truc In spring my glories l'll renew, But 'tis poor'comfort after all To lose my offspring every fall, Small consolation to mother To tell her that soon another Will replace her fond darling boy Who has been source of all her joy, But you know all about my wood You know that it is strong and good, And I have full many a curl And pleasing eye and charning nurl, Some love me as fond nature grained And some prefer my beauty stained, But my dear friend I hope that you My varied shades love pure and true,

LAMENT OF TII: MAPLE TREE.
For of the woode you know the staple Stoutest and best is good maple, The youth my sugar eat with glee, And old maids love me in their tea,
In me do various uses meet
In summer shade, in winter heat, For I do make a glorious blaze All worthy of the poet's lays, But to their praises I'll be deaf If more they harp about my leaf. They call me gay when I am sober To me 'tis gloomy month October, But saints on earth when they die Hope for true bliss beyond the sky, So winter does bring no alarms Though it strip bare my trunk and arms, For now I know that time will bring More glorious foliage in the spring, Then all nature will rejoice Triumphing with glorious voice, And birds will in my branches sing Hosannas to the lovely spring.

The nurls and birds' eyes and curls were highly prized in furniture thirty years ago, when we used the smooth plain.

## LIFE IN THE WOODS.

(Life of the early settlers.)
Canada hath wealChy yeomen
Whose fathers overcome the foemen,
The enemy they boldly slew
Was mighty forests they did hew,
And where they burned heaps of slain .
Their sons now reap the golden grain,
But in the region of North west
With prairie farms they are blest.
Though this to them it máy seem good
Yet many bleasings come from wood,
It shelters you from the fierce storm
And in the winter keeps you warm,
-. For one who hath his forest trees
He builds his house and barn with ease,
And how quick he gets from thence
Timber for bridge and for his fence.


## THE JOYS OF PRAIRIE FARMERS 1884.

We let ( Intario farmers sing
About the joys the woods do bring, But we in regions of Northwest Do think prairie farms the best, For those poor men who swing the axe On their strength 'tis a heavy tax, For several years they naught can grow While from the first we plow and sow, And' while we plow we don't get thumps By running it against the stumps, And where wild Buffulo now doth feed There very soon they'll sow the seed, Where Indian wigwams now do stand Will be the site of cities grand, And where the deer and wolf doth roam Nillions will build each happy home, So quick iss if by magic wand They will arise o'er the whole land, But this one fact-we won't deny Ontario she can supply, For so skilfully she doth invent Each agricultural implement.


## CANADA OUR HOME, 1883.

The following response to Canada our home was given at a laramet of the Caledonian Society, Ingersoll:

In responding to the sentiment Canada our home perhaps it would be appropriate to point out the prominent and distinguishing characteristics letween the land of our nativity and the land of our adopition. In this Canacia of ours we have no bonny blooming heath, no banks and braes covered o'er with daisies and gowans, no fragrant hedges showering down white spray in the May time, no whin and broom prodigal in their gaiety of yellow flowers, no hills nor glens where fairies gambol in pleasant and harmfess sport, no grand ruins of ancient cathedrals and castles, no feathered songsters like the mavis and blackbird.

Full oft we did enraptured hark
To heavenly song of the sky'ark.
But Canada is a young giant in its infancy with the nob'est chain of lakes in the world on its frontier, and the most magnificent river the St. Lawrence. This land also possesses the largest fertile wilderness on the globe, but it is one which will ere many.years have- passed away, llossom like a garden, and where naught but grass and flowers now grow in wild luxuriance. Soon the husbandman will plow and sow and reap a rich reward in yellow golden grain. Denestic cattle quiet will graze where now the Buff los roam and in spots now covered o'er with Indian wigwams, where white men never trod cities will

## CANADA OUR HOME.

occupy their sites with busy trade and millions flock from eastern lands to take possession of the great Northwest. Then Winnipeg perchance may be the capital of the Dominion. In the day foretold when this insleed shall be the "Greater Dritain" with Ontario's towns for workshops for this vast prairie iand.

Then poets will arise and high their lays will soar, Worthy of the muse of a Burns or a Moore, A Shakespeare and a Milton, the great and the wise, Will sing of the glories of our northern skies, Of its lakes and rivers and its mountains grand, Of its fertile plains and great prairie land, A fit theme for song this empire gigantic, Whose arms strctclr from Pacific to Atlantic.

## LINES ON VIOLETS.

Once, while digging'neath the snow, | 'Mid Canadian winter, io!
To our joy and surprise
We saw some violets in full bloom,

- Gazing at us with loving eyes,

Thanking us for opening their tomb,
Yet still they seemed so cozy and nice Enshrined in the crystal iee, While all else were drooping dead Gaily they held up their head.

## CANADIAN CHARMS.

Here industry is not in vain, For we have bounteous crops of grain, And you behold on every field Of grass and roots abundant yie'd.
But after all the greatest charm Is the snug home upon the farm, And stone walls now keep cattle warm,

DONALD ROSS.
By the side of a moss Lived young Donald Ross, Among the heathery hills And the mountain rills, In a snug little cot
Content with his lot
He never knew sorrow
With his wife and wee Flora.
But an order went forth
O'er the land of the north, To burn many a home
So the wild deer might roam,
With grief he then did toss
Every night Donald Ross,
And sad seemed the morrow
For his wife and sma' Flora.
0 it was a cruel deed
But nobles do not heed
The sorrows of the poor
Drove on a barren moor,
Where he wove a wreath
Of the blooming heath, For to crown with glory The brow of little Flory.

DONALI) ROSS.
He then bade farewell
To his mountain dell, Where his fathers appears
Had lived a thousand years, With their few goats and sheep Which feed on hills so steep, O it was a sad story
For bonnie little Flory.
He sought a distant strand, In Canada bought land, To him a glorious charm -To view his own broad farm, His horses and his cows, Cultivators and plows, And now his daughter Flora She is the flower of Zorra.

## PATRIOT FIGHTING FOR HIS HOME.

On the shores of the northern lakes

- An infant giant now awakes, He has long time been in a dream,
- But now is roused by engine's scream.

For mighty spirits are abroad
Traversing of each great railroad,
For it is a glorious theme The peaceful conquest made by steam.
But should the foot of invader vile Ever desecrate his soil, He firm will meet him bold and brave And give him soil Canadian grave.

## FIGHTING FOR CONQUEST.

'Tis noble for to fight for home, But some nations fight to plunder, For conquest o'er the world to roam, To tear peaceful lands asunder.

For to give wealth and a great name
To some aspiring commander, Who wishes to acquire great fame

As a modern Alexander.:
Statesmen and kings a war will wage,
And many thousands strew the plain, Covered with gore in the carnage,

Where brave and noble men are slain.
Leaving their families to mourn,
Now who can soothe the ills of life,
To them they never shall return,
No one can now cheer the poor wife.
Or the sweet little orphans dear
Think of father and of mother,
Of sweetheart, sister and of brother,
Who oft' will shed the fruitless tear.


## CANADIAN AUTHORS.

 mRS. moody.In giving a glance at various Canadian authors perhaps it wculd be well to commence with that early writer Mrs. Moody. She was a sister of the celebrated Agnes Strickland, author of "The Queens of England."

When this country it was woody, Its great champion Mrs. Moody, Showed she had both pluck and push In her work roughing in the,
. For there alone she did dwell
At time NcKenzie did rebel,
Outbreak her husband strove to quell,
Her own grand struggles she doth tell.

Roynd bush life she threw a glory:
Pioneer renowned in "story,
But her tale it is more cheering
When she wrote about the clearing.

> Her other sister Mrs. Traill*
> Though eighty-seven she doth not fail,
> She now is writing of wild flowers
> Grown in Canada's woody bowers.
*Mrs. Traill lives near. Peterboro. Mrs. Moody died in Toronto. I sent her a copy of my poems in 1885, and she thanked me for the same through a friend as she wat in feeble health at the time.

## CANADIAN AUTHORS.

T. D. MCGEE.

Having been kindly invited as a member of the Mechanics' Institute some 25 years ago by the laie Jeremiah O'Neill, Esq., to meet that gentleman in company with a number of our townsmen, when Mr. McGee was rising from the table the chair being new stuck to him, and it being near a general eleçtion he rery wittily remarked that he hoped the people of Montreal would be as anxious to retain him in his seat as the people here are. We wrote the following lines at the time,' the last verse was added afterwards.

> D Arcy McGee,

All compliment thee, The hope of the land On your lecture so grand.

Though that is your forte,
Oh give us the sport
Of an hour of your chat, Then we'll laugh and grow fat.

For none but the vile

- Could 'ere cease to smile, When near to thee
So brilliant and free.
Plant of green Erin's isle, Long in Canadian soil,
May you take deep root
And bear much noble fruit.
Our hopes were in vain,
Alas he is slain,
By a crankish hand
The filower of the land.


## CANADIAN AUTHORS.

geortie menzies' poems, 1883.
About one third of a century ago there flourished in Canada three Scottish editors, all of whom were poets, McQueen of the Huron Signal, Goderich, who wrote a grand song on "Our Broad Lake," und McGeorge of the Streets ville Review. The following lines are on George Menzies who was a Woodstock editor.

One day while passing 'long the road
On a small book we almost trod, Its leaves were scattered o'er the ground, We picked them up and when we found.

The author's name, it did inspire Us- with a very strong desire
To read the little volume through, For most of it to us was new.

He doth sing of land of heather And Canadian scenes together; He did adore Niagara's roar Where mighty flood o'er fall doth pour.

But poets lives are often brief And he had his full share of grief, Which to his life did gloom impart, But he bore up with his brave heart.

Lines sent to Thomas Conant of Oshawa, a writer of Canadian sketches. We do greet thee Thomas Conant, You truthful paint Canadian charms, And you are the great exponent Of beauties of her woods and farms.
You give fine sketch of bird and fowl, Of the blue jay and the plover, And of great white Canadian owl, All prover of matrio-yon're-idozer

## CANADIAN AUTHORS.

## ROBEYT FLEMIN: GOURLEY.

Robert F. Gourley was a graduate of St. Andrew'd Vniversity; Scotland. He was the first to agitate for popular ribhts in Canada. He was bunished from the country and while crossing the Niagara River he asked for a brush to wipe Canadian dust from his feet. He became a champion of popular rights in England and he whipped Lord Brougham in the lob'sy of the llouse of Commons, for which breash of privilege he was sentenced by the Ilouse. Mr. (iourley owned several farms in Oxford, Ontario, and sought to represent South Oxford in 1558, but Dr. Connor, an uncle of Hon. E. Blake, won the seat : Mr. Blake was his uncle's secretary through the contest when he was a youth.

There came to Oxford Robert (iourley,
In his old age his health was poorly :
He was a relic of the nast,
Iv. his dotage sinking fast :

Yet he was erect and tall ${ }^{\text {. }}$
Like noble ruined castle wall.
In early times they did him impeach
For demanding right of speech, Now Oxford he wished to represent
In Canadian prrliament,
But him the riding did not honor, But elected Ductor Connor.

Lines sent to Alexander McLaughlan, Amaranth Station, with a copy of my poems :

We send to you these rugged rhymes
In memory of the olden times, Great chief of our poetic clan, Admircd by all, McLaughlan.
PROLOGUE TO SOUTH ONTARIO SKETCHES.
The district lying South of Georgian Bay and Lake Simcoe, including Toronto.
My friends we sing Canadian themes,
For in them we proudly glory,
Her lakes and rivers and her streams,
Worthy of renown in story ;
And in these leaves we hope is strewn
Some wheat among the chatf,
And maple boughs by rude sxe hewn,
Where one may find a rustic staff:
To help him o'er the rugged lines
If he to weariness inclines.
Some see no leanties near to home,
But do admire the distant far, They always love abroud to roam,
View glory in but far ofí star ;
But let it never be forgot
That distant hills when closer seen
Are after all a barren spot
Not like your own hills clad in grcen ;
You'll find they are but idle dreams
To seek for happiness afar.
At home there's lovely lakes and streams.
Remain content now where you are ;
At us we hope you will not rage
Because we sing of local charms In each varied town and village
As well as round our local farms,
Biut our address it must be brief,
So now we bid you all adieu, But of our book pray read each leaf
Until the whole gou have gone through;
Each one doth know it is not wise,
Though our songs may not be vocal, Chants of our home for to despise,
But prize them 'cause they are local.


# HOLLAND BIVEْR AND ITS TRIBJTTABIES. <br> Meanderings of a stream rises twenty/miles north of Toronts and <br> sweeps around the whole of Southern Ontario. 

We love to sing of tiny stream,
Through the lowland meadows running,
To us it is a pleasing theme,
Tracing it from first beginning.

Tis strange how far a brook will roam,
Moving onwards in its motion,
And not content till it reaches home,
Two thousañd miles to distant ocean.
In county York springs a small brook,
A few miles north of Ontario, But it doth take a wondrous crook,

It northward many miles doth How.

Brook's progress south is stopped by ridge,
Doth debar its southern course,
So a long journey it don t grudge,
But slowly on its way doth force.

And it discharges at its mouth
Into the pure clear late Simcoe,
It still flows north for to get south,
As onward still its course doth go.
$\checkmark$
Rejöicing alung its way, Hundreds of miles it doth flow west, Blended in the Georgian Lay, For a moment it doth not rest.

## HOLLAND RIVER AND ITS TRIBCTARIES.

Mingling with Huron and St. Clair, Erie and Niagara river,
Even at the Falls it don't despair, But it cheerful flows forever.

One thousard miles round an ox bow,
It hath tlowed back near its first start, To waters of Ontario, Where ridge at first kept it apart.

From south of ridge two rivers flow, Both the Don and the Ilumber, Embracing city of Toronto, Hath altractions without number.

The fame will spread far and wide, First of Don and then of Humber, Improved rivers like to the $\mathrm{Cl}^{2} \mathrm{de}$,

With wharves for coal, wood, iron and lumber.


## ST. CATHARINES.

Lines read at the Welland House, St. Catharines, at a banquet given to the members in attendance at the Oddfellows' Grand Lodge.

St. Catharines famed for mineral waters And for the beauty of her daughters, For some do worship at the shrines - Of the fair St. Catharines.

St. Catharines your greatness you inherit
From the genius of a Merritt,
You still would be a village dreary
But for this canal from lake Erie.

For on its bosom there doth float
Full many a ship and steamboat,
Brings world's commerce to your doors
And many gifts on you it pours.

Among its many great rewards
It gives you dry docks and ship yards,
To drive your mills great water power
It doth give you as a dower.

Since we above lines did compose,
Through new canal vast stream it flows,
The lock gates at the hill at Thorold
Can not be equaled in the world.

## BRANTFORD.

In these sketches of towns in Southern Ontario we are not vain enough to suppose that beoause we have produced some lines thereon that said rhymes are poetry. If we furnish an occasional poetic gleam like a dewdrop sparkling in the sun, it is all we dare hope for.

Brantford as thriving city's famed, And after Indian Chief is named, And here the sparkling Grand River It doth flow a joy forever.

Campbell he sang a dismal tale Of horrors of Wyoming's vale, The tale one's mind doth ever haunt, The cruelties of monster Brant.

> But the Chief's son to England went And Campbell to him did lament, And all the tale he did recant Aboul cruel butcheries of Brant.

Now pleasant thoughts it doth awake When Brantford thinks of her namesake, She evermore with pride will chant The bold heroic name of Brant.
a
We sing of two great Indian names, Tecumseh on the banks of Thames, And the Grand River it doth vaunt O'er the historic name of Brant.

The city's pride it doth find vent In building him a monument, And Indians will proudly stalk -Past memorial of great Mohawk.

## LINES ON THOROLD.

McCready, the great Irish tragedian, said that the view from Thorold was the finest in America.

Thorold is famous for its mills, And the grand view from: off its hills, A view so charming and extended, Nature's béauties sweetly blended.

Poetic thoughts it doth awake To view Ontario's broad lake, And husbandmen hare their reward in Fruits of this Provincial garden.

For from the hill you see below Gardens where choice fruits do grow, The landscape all within your reach Doth both produce the grape and peach.

McCready said in the New World The finest view was from Thorold, You see S.t. Catharines thriving town And steamers sailing up and down.

And you can see on a clear day All along Toronto Bay,
And you clearly see the haze Where Niagara doth amaze.

And glance where Grimsby's gardens yield Or view Beamsville's fruitful field, Then this thought you can advance, This is Canadas sunny France.

You see Niagara's ancient town"
Though it has lost its old renown,
And you have a splendid view
Of boats on old canal and new.

* Niagara once the capital of Upper Canada and an important fortreey at the mouth of the Niagara River.


## ST. THOMAS, 1884.

At time of Oddfellows Grand Lodge meeting.
Oddfellows once they had to trudge
Oer rough stage road to the Grand Lodge,
But now they town of metal seek
And find it on the Kettle Creek.
For industry it here prevails
As it was built by the steel rails,
And here the wide expanded bridges
Do connect the distant ridges.
No more need to stay at home as
There's lots of railroads to st. Thomas,
You pluckily did boldly venture,
Now you are great railroad centre.
Your city now it háth high hopes
From its great railway workshops,
And higher yet it still will rise,
This seat of so much enterprise.
When young man wants a wedded mate
He seeks Alma girl graduate,
And he loves her Alma mater For the sake of her charming daughter.


## GALT AND DUNLOP.

John Galt was the manager of the Canada Company's lands, and he was a Scottish Novelist. Dunlop was at one time an eninent Britirh Journalist, but he finally settled near Goderich. The town of Galt is named after John Galt.

> John Galt and Doctor Dunlop witty They located and planned the city Of Guelph, and they cut the first tree down, The stump was the centre of the town.

> From thence the streets radiate like fan, And they projected on this same plan The towns of Stratford and ( $o d e r i c h$, The last it stands near broad Huron's beach,

> Conspicuous on a bluff so grand, 'Neath which doth flow the clear Maitland, Of glorious view you may partake, Gazing on Hurou's mighty lue.


TILSONBURG.
After him who did the mills own, This place was called in honor Tilson : Bright gleaming like to a beaning star, Is clear waters of the Otter:-

And it doth form here a vast pond, Which extends for miles beyond, A fortune on town it will shower, This prodigious water power.

No other spots to youth appear,
Like lovely little lakes round here, And few small towns have fine roadway

## PORT STANLEY.

In winter time 'tis sad and dreary For to gaze on stormy Erie, But here in summer time this port
It is a fashionable resort, For then it is always cheery . For to gaze upon Lake Erie.

Or on the steamer you can sail All independent of the gale, Or here the youth can ply the oar And view the fast receding shore, And be happy with his dearie On the bosom of Lake Erie.

No one here need ever weary
On the horders of Lake Erie, With quadrille parties at Stanley And games and sports all so manly, Or bathe in waves with friends near thee, You fear no storms of Lake Erie.

## PORT BURWELL.

The following lines were given at a concert when Port Burwell was a busy port and there had been a race on the ice the day before.

In winter time who here resort, To pay a visit to your busy port, They.must be clad in fur well, For it blows cold at Burwell; But when you wish to trot your horse You make Lake Erie your race course, And we be'il̉ve at every heat All other horses you do beat.

## SKETCHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

> "The muse nae poet ever fand her Till hy himsel' he learned to wander Adown some trotting burn's meander." - Burns.

The valley of the Thames, we presume, includes Stratford on the north and Woodstock and Ingersoll on the south. The Avon, on whose banks Stratford is located, joins the Thawes near St. Marys. The middle branch flows through Embro and Thamesford. The south and middle branches unite añd flow through Dorchester and West minster and llend with the northern branch at Londen, where it deviates to Elgin in the south.

EN(iLISII NAMES ON CANADIAN TIIAMES.
England has given us the names 'To adorn Canadian Thames, And charms to them she has lent In Oxford, Middlesex and Kent, She Essex kisseth in her mouth, And Scottish names, one north, one south, And London now it justly claims 'Tis capital of vale of Thames, And her strong castellated tower Doth on the river frowning lower, And Chatham is the river's port, There slaves for freedom did reso $t$, And they did industrious toil, And now many own the soil; Stratford now shall be our theme,
On A von tributary stream, And its clear waters it doth launch
Into the Thames northern branch,
Near that substantial stone town
St. Mary's with mills of renown.

## SKETOHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

canadian thanes.
Westrard it winds past each town,
Growing broader as it flows down,
Onward it glides never weary,
Neandering so soft and cheery.
The sunbeam on the waters glance,
Skipping about in silvery dance,
From morn till eve the cattle feed
'Neath lofty elms along the mead.
And $n$ its banks in warrior pride
The brave Tecumseh fought and died,
And it has now historic claims
.The famous battle of the Thames.
Now soon the waters mect and pair
With the wavelets of St. Clair,
As maids when wed do lose their names,
No longer it is called the Thames.
Rejoicing on its way it smiles,
Kissing the shores of Thousand Isles,
Mingling with St. Lawrance moticn,
It soon is blended with the ocean.
london flood, jely 11 tit, 1883.
From the long continuous rains
O'erflowing were the swamps and drains,
For each day had its heavy shower,
Torrents fell for many an hour;
At London where two branches join
It seem'd two furies did combine,
For to spread far both death and woe,
With their wi'd, raging overflow:

## SKETOHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

LOYBON FIGOOL.

F'en houses did on waters float.
As though each had leen built for boat,
And where was wealth and joy and bloom,
Soon naught but inmates of the tomb;
Flood o'erflowed both vale and ridges,
And swept railroads, dams and lridges,
A mother climbed in tree to save
Her infant from a watery grave,
But on the house you saw its blood
Where it was crushed 'gainst tree by flood;
Where cottages 'mong gardens stood
'Tis covered o'er with vile drift wood,
O'er flowers and bushes you may travel
For they are buried under gravel,
Or you may walk o'er barren sand,
The crops washed out and fertile land;
Two funerals we at once did see
Of one family who lost three ;
No longer river's deep and wide
But gently flows to distant tide.

DISASTER TO STEAMER VICTORIA AT LONDON.
At London Thames is a broad stream,
Which was the scene of a sad theme,
A fragile steamer there did play, O'ercrowded on a Queen's Birthday, While all "on board was bright and gay,
But soon 'neath the cold waters lay,
Naught but forms of lifeless clay, -
Which made, alas : sad month of May.

## SKEICHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

LINES ON WOODSTOCK.
English Woodstock had a paiace Where the Queen in jealous malice Slew romarrce's fairest Hower,
Fair Rosamond in secret bower ; Our Woodstock pleasing county town, This brings it both wealth and renown, To sour strong castle some are sent To give them leisure to repent.
A charming vista you do view Gazing on each street and avenue, Mabsions and lawn embowered mong trees Whe:e wealthy owners live at ease, And through the air there sweetly floats Harmonious Wgodstock organ notes,
And men employment secure
In factory for furniture :
Old Oxford is a seat of knowledge, Woodstock has a fine new college, And farm impiement work shops, So farniers easy reap their crops; The old court house is a disgrace, Grand structure soon will take its place.

## SKETCHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

IN:ERSOILL.
Ex-Mayor Thomas Brown may be considered the father of the town, he projected the first roads and bridges.
The Thames and tributary rills, Here they do drive numerous mills.
Enabling willers to compete
To pay high price for oats and wheat.
Here streams do drive many a wheel
For to grind both flour and oatnical,
And town will extend its boundaries
With its enterprising foundries.
For fine pianos town is famed
And highest rank for them is claimed, And brighter days for it yet ciawns With its grand mansions and fine lawns, And it has now the title grand The capital of dairyland.

EMBRO:
O'er various counties of the north,
When cruel order did go forth, For to destroy many a home, So that the wild deer free might roam ;
The men of Sutherland and Ross, The broad Atlantic they did cross, Each seeking for a fertile farm, These rolling lands for them had charm ; They ne'er desired again to roam, Each happy in his woodland home, Where middle branch of Thames doth flow They built the village of Embro, And it the hill tops now doth crown' Like its grand namesake Edina Town, And good flour mills you here do find And oats also they here do grind,

## ©EETCHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

BEACHVILLE.
Of Beachville, village of the plain, We now will sing a short refrain, For here the Thames doth pleasant flow, And charm to landscape doth bestow : Though river here it is not deep, Yet banks slope graceful up the steep,
And from the summit of the hills You look down on the famed line kilns, And 'tis full worthy poet's rhyme The whiteness of your pure white lime, Your glory never shall be gone While you have quarries of this stone, In influence you yet will wax. With mills for flour and also flax.

STRATFORD.
Our Canadian county Perth, Commemorates great bard of earth, Stratford and Avori both are here, And they enshrine the name Shakespeare.

For here in Stratford every ward Is named from dramas of great bard, Here you may roam o'er Romeo, Or glance on Juliet bestow.

And it is a railway centre, Many a train doth bere enter,
And railroad shops do men employ, And gives them work and wealth and joy.

## SKETCHES ON THE BANKS OF THE CANADIAN THAMES.

## LISES ON TIIAMESFORD.

The middle branch of Thames doth flow
O'er pebble bed and it doth glow
And sparkle like silver in the sun,
As it through pasture lands doth run.
In dam is ample water stored,
To drive flour mills in Thamesford,
Besides the power of the stream,
Saw mills and flax are drove by steam.
Our mind it doth with pleasure fill,
To see fine brick church on each hill,
And that substantial one of stone
Owned by congregation of St. John.


## THE VALE OF THAMES.

In vale of Thames oft' times are seen The cattle graze,'mong sweetest green, Or there contented with their fate The gentle cows do ruminate.

And enjoy a double peasure In re-chewing hidden treasure, The cow is a kindly ofeature, Kind and pleasant in each feature. About her is a homel charm, And her the dog shourd not alarm, But let all safe guayd her from harm, The gentlest creature on the farm.
"x........ as

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODEN.

As cheese making first began in this county and it has already become the chicf industry of many counties, it is no insignificant theme. About the middle of this century Canada was a great importer of cheese, and now cheese is the principal artic'e, of export from the Province of Ontario, and this Province will soon export no lers than ten millions of do!lars worth of cheese per annum. Mr. Ranney was doing a thriving busineas in the dairy line, manufacturing cheese after the century was half gone on the dairy plan from the products of his own cows, and one decade later Mr. Farrington introduced the factory system. Both of these gentlemen have departed this life but Canada is enjoying the fruits' of their labors, and about eight hundred cheese factories are in operation in this Province of Ontario.

RANAET, 1856, DAIRE: SYStEM.
Ranney begah with just two cows, Which he in winter fed on browse, And now he lath got mighty herds Numerous as tlock of birds, May he long liverour hearts to cheer This great and useful pioneer.
farinington, 1E66, factory system.
The farmers they now all make rich Since Farrington went to Norwich,
Aud the system first there began
Of making cheese on factory plan;
He came from Herkimer county, To Canada be was a bounty ;
Norwich village moved but slow, Till railways made it quickly grow, And industries here now take root, The township's famous for its fruit.

Among the earliest champions of the Factory System of making cheese were Messrs. Chadwick, Casswell and Ballantyne. The North Oxford Company were awarded the highest honor at the Centennial Exhibition. Messrs. J. L. Grant \& Co. have a fine large cold storage warehouse on the G.T.R., and the C.P.R. have erected one on their line, which is leased by Mr. Riley. Ingersoll being the great dairy centre of Ontario it was deemed requisite to have those facilities for preservinguthe cheese in the hot season. The fo'lowing is a list of the most prominent cheese factories in this district and the salesmen thereof:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Dereham and West Oxford-W. Nancekívell. } \\
\text { Harris Street-T. R. Msyberry. } \\
\text { W. Oxford-G. Galloway. } \\
\text { N. Oxford-D. J. Dundass. } \\
\text { Maple Leaf-Thomas Caddy. } \\
\text { W. Zorra-John Blair. } \\
\text { Burnside-H. George. } \\
\text { Gore-H. C. Hopkins. } \\
\text { Salford-Foster \& Gregg. } \\
\text { Mt. Elgin-W. Tripp: } \\
\text { Brownsville-Hopkins \& Fulton. } \\
\text { Prouse's-T. Prouse. } \\
\text { Kintore-G. Alderson. } \\
\text { Harrietsville-R. Facey. } \\
\text { East Nissouri-W. J. Walker. } \\
\text { Cold Springs-H. Matheson. } \\
\text { Dorchester-L. D. Monk. } \\
\text { Lawson-N. Wilford. } \\
\text { Wilkinson-J. H. Wilkinson. } \\
\text { Dereham and Norwich Union-W. Fewster. } \\
\text { Verschoyle-James Hunter. } \\
\text { Avon and Firby-W. Kirkly. . } \\
\text { Thamesford-F; Patterson. } \\
\text { Lyons-James Mitchell. } \\
\text { Iakeside-T. Marshall. } \\
\text { Belniont-John Evans. } \\
\text { Cherry Hill-H. Webster. }
\end{gathered}
$$

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

father ranney, the cheese pioneer.
This is our earliest cheese ode. The Ingersoll factory has been removed to Thamesford.

When Father Ranney left the States, In Canada to try the fates, He settled down in Dereham; Then no dairymar lived near him ;
He was the first there to squeeze
His cows' milk into good cheese, And at each Provincial show His famed cheese was all the go.

Then long life to Father Ranney
May he wealth and honour gain aỵe.

- He always took the first prize

Both for quality and size,
But many of his neighbors
Now profit by his labors,
And the ladies dress in silk
From the proceeds of the milk,
But those who buy their butter,
How dear it is, they mutter.
Then long life to Father Ranney, May he his health retain aye.
The farniers can not be bear,

- They have both cheese and their wheat,

Though now their greatest carc is
For' to watch o'er their dairies,
They carefully fill their mows
With provender for their cows,
And they thus enrich the soil
With much profit for their toil.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

## FATHER RANNEY.

We will sing this refrain aye, Long life to Father Ranney.

The motto "union is strength" Is carried out at length, In the most compact array At every cheese factory,
You'll see without going far as
There is one kept by Harris,
The factory, of Ingersoll,
Just out at the first toll.
May he never suffer pain aye, The Father of cheesemen Ranney.
Or you may go all the way
To see one kept by Galloway,
.And out in the Norwiches
Dairymen are making riches,
And honor has been won
By Harvey Farrington,
The same path is trodden
By folks about Culloden.
May his strength never wane aye,
The great dairyman Ranney.
And of late we saw some

- Very good cheese from Lawson,

All around Mt. Elgin
Dairymen have well done,
And out in East Nissouri
They make some scores a day, \&
From Jarvis and Elliott
Some good cheese are bought.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

FATHER RANNEY.

And we will all remain aye, Indebted to Father Ranney.

Now we close this glorious theme, This song of curds and rich cream, You can buy your hoops and screws, And all supplies for dairy use, Milk cans and vats, all things like these, In Ingersoll great mart for cheese, Here buyers all do congregate And pay for cheese the highest rate.

So we call on you again aye, To honor Father Ranney.

## ODE ON THE MAMMOTH CHEESE.

Weight over seven thousand pounds.
We have seen thee, queen of cheese,
Lying quietly at your ease, Gently fanned by evening breeze, Thy fair form no ties dare seize.

All gaily dressed soon you'll go
To the great Provincial show,
To be admired by many a bean
In the city of Toronto.
Cows numerous as a swarm of bees,
Or as the leaves upon the trees, It did require to make thee please,
And stand unrivalled, queen of cheese.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

ODE ON THE MAMMOTII CHEESE.

May you not receive a scar as
${ }^{-}$We have heard that Mr. Harris
Intends to send you off as far as
The great world's show at Paris.
Of the jouth beware of these,
For some of them might rudely squeeze
And bite your cheek, then songs or glees
We could not sing, oh ! queen of cheese.
We'rt thou suspended from balloon,
You'd cast a shade even at noon,
Folks wouid think it was the moon
About to fall and crush them soon.

LINES READ AT A DAIRYMEN'S SUPPER.
It almost now seems all in vain
Por to expect high price for grain, Wheat is grown on Egyptian, soil On the banks of mighty Nile.

And where the Ganges it doth flow, In Indis fine whent doth grow,
And price of labor is so cheap
That it they can successful reap.
Then iet the farmers justly prize
The cows for land they fertilize,
And let us all with songs and glees.
Invoke success into the cheese.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

## IIINTS TO CIIEESE MIKERS.

All those who quality do prize
Must study color, taste and size,
And keep their dishes clean and sweet.
And all things round their factories nerat,
For dairymen insist that these
Are all important points in cheese.
Grant has here a famous work
Devoted to the cure of pork.
For dairymen find it doth pay
To fatten pigs upon the whey,
For there is money raising grease
As well as in the making cheese.

ENSILACE.

The farmers now should all adorn
A few fields with sweet southern corn, It is luscious, thick and tall,
The beauty of the fields in fall.
For it doth make best ensilage,
For those in dairying engage,
It makes the milk in streams to flow,
Where dairymen have a good silo.
: The cow is a trappy rover
O'er the fields of blooming clover, Of it she is a fond lover,

And it makes milk piils run orer.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

FERTILE LANDS AND MAMMOTI CHFESE.
In barren district you may meet
Small fertile spot doth grow fine wheat, There you may find the choicest fruits, And great, round, smooth and solid roots.

But in conditions such as these ${ }^{-2}$
You cannot make a mammoth cheese, Which will weigh eight thousand pounds,
But where large fertile farms abounds.
Big cheese is synonymous name,
With ferile district of the Thame, Here dairy system's understood, And they are made both large and good.

LINES READ AT. A DAIRYMAIDS' SOCIAL, 1887.
Where the young lady waiters were dressed as dairymaids.
Throughout the world they do extol
The fame of our town Ingersoll,
The capital of dairyland,

- To-night-it seems like fairy land,

The youth and beanty here arrayed,
So sweet and neat each dairymaid.
And wortily of a poet's theme,
Sweet and smooth flows milk and cream,
For song or glee what is fitter
In this land of cheese and butter,
But no young man should be afraid
To coust a pretty dairymaid.
And far abroad he should not roam
But find a charmer here at home,
Find some one now your heart to cheer,
Thus celebrate the jubilee year,
Remember long this ladies' aid
And each bewitching dairymaid.

## DAFRY AND CHEBSE ODES.

Lines Read at a Parsonage Opening at the Village where Ranney had once flourished, 1883.

Snme do boast of their pedigrees,
But Salford's parent of the cheese,
Ranney, industrious and wise,
Here started this great enterprise.
He did work on the dairy plan,
While Farrington was factoryman,
Both of these men it well did please
To hear of progress making cheese.
The farmers are in cheerful mood, For harvest all it has been gocd,
: And all the grain was sown this spring
An abundant sield will bring.
And you car scarcely stow away The yield of barley, oats and hay, Such pasture it is seldom seen, E'en now it is so fresh and green.

This beauteous colour nature decks, While it insures you large milk cheques, And certes you've much cause to praise, For hogs and cattle that you raise.

## DAIRY AND OHEESE ODES.

OXFORD. CIEESE OLSE.
The ancient poets ne er did dream That Canada was land of cream, They ne'er imagined it could flow In this cold land of ice and snow, Where everything did solid frceze, They ne'er hoped or looked for checse.
-A few years since our Oxford farms
Were nearly robbed of all their charms, O'er cropped the weary land grew poor And nearly barren as a moor, But now their owners live at ease Rejoicing in their crop of ebeese.

And since they justly treat the soi', Are well rewarded for their toil, The land enriched by goodly cows Yie'ds plenty now to fill their mows, Both wheat and barley, oats and peas, But still their greatest boast is cheese.

And you must careful fill your mows With good provender for your cows, And in the wiuter keep them warm, Protect them safe all time from barm, For cows do dearly love their ease, Which doth insure best grade of cheese.

To us it is a glorions theme
To sing of milk and curds and cream,
Were it collected it could float
On its bosom, small steam boat,
Cows numerous as swarm of bees
Are milked in Oxford to make cheese.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

## OXFORD CIIEESE ODE.

To prove the wealth that here abounds, One cheese weighed eight thousand pounds, Had it been hung in air at noon Folks would hsve thought it was the moon, It sailed with triumph oer the seas, 'Twas hailed with.welcome, queen of cheese.

WINDMILLS AND STONE STABLES.
Cows suffiered in the days of old For want of water and from cold, Now of good water they have fill For it is pumped by the windmill.

No matter how well cows were fed They suffered cold in their board shed, But good stone walls now them enfold, And they are warm and safe from cold.

Now they do enjoy their fodder, And repay with their full udder, If lran slops you on cow bestow Of mill it will increase the flow.

And in your efforts do not halt
But let them daily lick the salt,
And never let the dogs them chase,
But let them walk at their quiet pace.

DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES. DAIRY ODES.

The sweet milkmaid of early days Her own household she ably sways, And her danghters now milk the cows, And her sons they now guide the plows.

These pleasing changes on a farm Doth give to rural life a charm, Let occupation none upbraid, But honor plowman and milkmaid.

For Burns with glory did endow And wove a garland round the plow, 'The source from which all wealth doth spring And happiness to all doth bring.

Our muse it doth refuse to sing Of cheese made early in the spring, When cows give milt from spring fodder You cannot make a good chetdar.

The quality is often vile Of cheese that is made in April, Therefore we think for that reason You should make later in the season.

Cheese making now you should delay
Until alout the first of May, Then cows do feed on graisy field And rich milk they abundant yield.

> Ontario cannot compete With the Northweat in raising whoat, For cheaper there they it cap grow So price in faturd may.be low.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.

DAIKY ODE.
Though this a hardship it may seem, Rejoice that you have got the cream,
In this land of milt and honeg,
Where dairy farmers do make money.
Utensils must be clean and sweet,
So cheese with fint class can compete,
And daily polish up milk pans,
Take pains with vats and with milk cans.
And it is important matter
To allow no stagnant water,
But water from pure well or streau
The cow mast drink to give pure cream.
Canadian breeds 'tis best to pair With breeds from the shire of Ayr, They thrive on our Canadian feed And are for milking splendid breed.

Though gainst spring cheese some do mutter, Yet spring milk also makes bad butter, Thon there doth arise the query How utilize it in the dairy.

The milk it floats in great spring flood Though it is not so rich and good, Let us be thankful for this stream Of milk and also curds and cream.

All dairymen their higheat aims Shorild be to make the vale of Thames, Where milk doth 80 aboindant flow, Deiryland of Ontairio.

## DAIRY AND CHEESE ODES.:

-HEESE (CLID FOR IBAIT.
The following, adventure was participated in by Mr. J. Podmore and Mr. W. D. Grant at Matheson's Cold Spring Cheese Factory in Zorra, 1888.

Cheesc busers in hours of leisure
Combine business with pleasure, And when they wish to go abroad They take their gun and fishing rod.

This tale is true we pledge our word,
? Thay baited hook with a piece of curd, And let the rod hang from the boat, ${ }_{8}^{4}$ While curd and hook on pond did float.

And then they start for sport and furr,
To try their luck with the shot gun, And quick they raised from their cover, Then brought low eight brace of plover.

Now to the pond they do return, But loss of rod they have to mourn, They see it rushing through the water, And wonder what can be the matter.

But the courage of young Grant, It did not for a moment daunt, Though rod it now'is far beyond, He planged into deep, cold spring pond.

## DAIRY AND CEEESE ODES.

## CLEESE CURD FOR BAIT.

And seized his rod and then drew out
A beauteous seven pound trout, Whih had grown from the seed
From spawn of California breed.

And Californian in its greed,
On the sweet curd wished to feed ;
But, alas, for it's sad fate,
It swallowed hook along with bait.


## CANADIAN SKETCHES.

THANKg'ilving ode, yovember $15 \mathrm{TH}, 1888$.

September came and with it frost The season's pasture it seemed lost, And the wondrous yield of corn Of its green beauty it was shorn.

Frost it came like early robber, Dut gentle rains came in October, Which were absorbed ly grateful soil : With green once more the pastures smile.

And cows again are happy seen Enjoying of the pastures green, And flow of milk again they yield From the sweet feed of grassy field.

And we have now a fine Norember, Warmer far than in 'September ; The apple, which is queen of fruits, Was a good crop and so is roots.

The rains they did replenish springs, And it gratitude to each heart brings, When we reflect on bounteons season, For grateful feelings all hare reason.


## A(iRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Poor laborers they did sad bewail, When the machice displaced the flail, There's little work now with the hoes. Since cultivators weed the rows.

Labor it became more fickle, When the scythe took place of sick!e, Labor still it did sink lower, By introduction of mower.

And the work was done much cheaper When they added on the reaper, Another machine to it they join, Mower, reaper, binder, all combine.

Machines now load and stow away, Both the barley and the hay, And the farmers do get richer With the loader and the pitcher.

There's very few men now hand sows, No more broad cast the grain it grows, They fow and rake by the machine, Hand labor is mong the things hare been.

Armed with scythes the old war chariot, Cut men down in the fierce war riot. Round farmers' chariot fall the slain, But 'tis the sheares of golden grain.

WHEN TO SELL (iRAIN. AND FARM PROIOCEE.
Grain it should be sold in the fall Even if the price it should be small, For if you keep it till the spring Sometimes a less price it doth bring.

For grain with whole world doth compete, You cannot raise the price of wheat, Then at once you should embark it On its way to world's market.

We hope our views you don't despise, For grain doth shrink in weight and size, If you sell wheat you can get gold, Retain it, damp may make it mould.

Remember too that of your wheat The rats of it will fondly eat, Sell it and money then invest,
And you can get good interest.
The same remarks apply to chiese, It shrinks and frosts make it to freeze, Then careful man you have to hire At great expense to keep up fire.

If you your produce quick do move, The business soon it will improve, And then mankind will you bless For alleviating their distress.

And it pays best to sell each pig, Piump and young, not old, fat and big.
Young and tender now's the rogue Either in cattle or in hog.

## FOUR ACRE FAKM.

This is a tale, but it is truth, Of maiden lady named Ruth, She owned a small four acre farm, Which possessed some rural charm.
This maiden she was past her youth, But none e're fell in love with Ruth, Though' you must not infer from thence That she possessed not grace nor sense.
She was handsome in her day, But beauty quickly fades away, Good vegetables and fine roots . She growed and choicest kind of fruits.
And á first clàss good milch cow She kept, and à tine breeding sow, Her butter high price did command, Cow fed on best of pasture land.
On it was pond where swam her geese, From small flock of sheep she sheared fleece, And thus she passed year after year, Her cares they kept her in good cheer.
Each year she raised large chicken brood, And for them she grew lots of food, In winter time it was her rule To knit and spin up her own wool.
And thus her uneventful life Doth passe without jar or strife, Tis seldom she e're feels alarm,
But quietly tills her tittle farm.
To plow her little fields of course She does require to drive her horse, This little pony looks quite smart
Drawing old maid in little cart.

In summer time it doth seem grod To seek the shade of the green wood, For it doth banish all our care When we gaze on scene so fair.

And ${ }^{\text {g }}$ birds do here in branches sing So merrily in early spring, And loving.y they here do pair Their mutual jojs together share.

Here natu 's chaiming, never rude, Inspiring all with happy mood, Tables had choice fruits of season, And we too had feast of reason.

To dinner table all did march Through evergreen triumphal arch, On top the Union Jack it floats, On each side sheaves of wheat and oats.

Great pumpkins and big ears of corn, They do this rural akich adorn, We are reminded now 'tis fall,
And boys ebjoy game of baseball.

With joy at night each one did gaze At themighty Bonfire's blaze,
The tree leaves shone like silver bright, The lanterns too were pleasing sight. 5

## CORNER STONE LAYING.

The following lines were read at the festival after the stone had been laid by Grand Master Col. Moffat, of a church on the Culloden road, with Masonic honors.

> In this quiet spst this day of June, Which will not be forgotten soon, For when your little church on hill You overtlowingly did fill, You then resolved there should arise Church worthy of your enterprise, You've laid foundation broad and deep, And showers of blessings may you reap.
> Craft of King Hiram and Saint John Have come to lay the corner stone, At the call, of our Grand Master. Who was invited by your pastor, With silver trowel all so fair He laid foundation on the square, May you be blessed with Christian love, And we all meet in Lodge above.

[^1]> A pleasing sight to-day we see, Four churches joined in harmony, There difference was but trivial, But strove each other to outrival. In friendship now they do unite, And Satan only they do fight, And they'll plant churches in North West, Where they can serve the Lord the best.'

## CREDIT VALLEY TRIP.

The Credit Valley Railway Company having placed a car at the service of the council we were kindly invited to accompany them to Toronto.

Whene er we take a tour abroad We love to travel o'er new road, Where scenery to us is pew And landscape pleasing to the view, When invited for, to rally And take a trip on Credit Valley, We resolved for to afford
A day with Council and School Board, For to view the rural charms Of hills and dales and fertile farms, With joy we saw the sunbeams gleam On Grand River beauteous stream, And those perpendicular walls. Of rock, like old bsronial halls, We saw the great lake ebb aud flow, And queen city of Ontario, While some enjoyed the genial smile Of Hanlon on his lake girt isle,
Returning home each one exclaims
"Happiest spot is banks of Thames."


## EAGLE AND SALMON.

Wilmot of fish culutre fame,
To this tale he lends his name,
A pair of eagles built their nest
On a lofty pine tree's cre.t.
And therein they regular rear
A brood of young year after year,
One day he s.sw one leave.its nes ${ }^{*}$, When for food it was in quest.

It did wing its flight on high, And then on water cast its eye, When it quickly did discover A great salmon in the rive-.
Like lightning Hash down it doth swerp
And its talons it buries deep,
In salmon of enormous size
He trys to rise in air with prize.
But all in vain he quickly found
He could not carry thirty "pound,
And had bit more than he could chew
For in the air no more he flew.
Wilmot he did gaze with wonder
At the spot where he went under,
Resolved to know what was the nintter
He poled his koat oer the water.
And be fooked down and there he found
That the eagle it was drowned,
And its wings in part outspread,
But alas it was quite dead.
With grappling hook he drew him out,
But attached to him was monster trout,
Eagle could not extract his claws,
And this the death of both did cause.

## CAPTAIN'S ADVENTUBE.

Three years ago my vessel lay
In a port of Hudson Bay,
I started off for the trading post,
But on the way back I then got lost.

And the thought soon gave me the blues, Trudging along on my snow shoes, Over the wastes of drifting snow, While the wind it did fiercely blow.

I feared that I would be froze hard, For it was a fearful blizzard,
I was growing faint and weary, Not the slightest hopes to cheer me.

Without compass to find bearing, My yells were beyond crews' hearing,
But at last to my loud halloo
There came a mournful ho, ho.
From creature white I thought 'twas-ghost,
And that I was forever lost, I heard horrid creature flutter,
As it those strange sounds didutter.
At last I found that all this howl
Was from a noble large white owl,
And a happy-apparition,
So runs the Indian tradition.
It guides the lost one in distress
And leads him out of wilderness,
This strange bird I soon follow,
Apd it still kept up its halloo.

## CAPTAINS ADVENTURE.

It seem'd that it cried to cheer me, I thought the ship was now near me, As I walked o'er the banks of snow I kept up a feeble halloo.

And but a little ways beyond From my own crew I got respond, With joy I was received by crew, So happy all at my rescue.

It must be that some gentle soul Did then inhabit that 3trange fowl, But 0 to me 'twas wondrous fair, For it thus saved me from despair.

The man's my foe who now.doth growl At the strange sounds made by the owl, The sailors all they took delight To feed this bird so pure and white.

But soon the poor bird was o'erfed, Early one morn we found it dead, And my breast it heaved with sifhs, And the tears poured from mine eyes.

But precious reiic in glass case I oft gaze on its kindly face, And grateful memories it brings, When I behold its glorious wings.

To stuff such birds I knew the art On it I worked with my whole heart, To preserve each grace and feature Full of chames to ine creature. And grateful memories .t brings,

## -INDIAN ROMANCE.

We know a hill is smooth and round, Where Indian relics may be found, This hill it hath a history, Though enveloped in mystery.

All the youth do fondly glory For to read an Indian story; This hill was ancient camping ground, In creek near liy did trout abound.

And from hill top they caught a gleam Of the river's broader stream, They came in their birch bark canoes Into this place of rendezvous.

When States did Canada invade, Great Indian host was here arrayed, Here they rallied from near and far, In eighteen hundred and twelve war.

Chief big Wolfe led them on to war, And bade farewell to morning star, He wedded her one year before, And her he fondly did adore.

To him she never seemed so sweet, Her dress had beads worked o'er so neat, . And her toilet to complete, Grand moccasins upon her feet.

Tribe marches and they bo!dly fight, Longside of Brock on Quienstown height, With glory they do return crowned, Into the hill so smooth and round.

Here big Wolfe drank much fire water, And it led to his own slaughter, His death alas did blast and mar, And dimmed the light of morning star.

## CANADIAN HONTER.

Of Kentucky's great hunter bold Old Daniel Boone oft tales are told, Of wild beasts he had no fear, But dangers loved that pioneer.

Canada has hunters many, Yet perhaps there is not any For skill and boidness can compare With our own Daniel Hebner.

In youth he was both tall and strong, And supple as a willow thong, He never fled from savage bear, Though bruin on hird legs would rear.

In hunting mink, or fox or coon, He was a second Daniel Boone, His rifle oft brought down the deer, Which to his table brought good cheer.

But through his life his highest aim Was to kill the savage game, To track the wild cat to its lair
And see its eyes so fiercely glare.
But he oft longs for a cut ham, Sweet is from bear near to Putnam, For he waged his fiercest war In big swamp of Dorchester.

Now in the winter Dan he rides Warm 'mong his bear and coon skin hides, He lets the younger men now snare The beaver, muskrat and otter.

## 玉IGHT WITH A BEAR IN THE NORTHWEST. <br> Two youths empioyed at the fur fort <br> Resolved to have half day of sport, <br> From Jasper House, in the far north, <br> For game they joyous issued forth, <br> The factor of the Hudson Bay <br> Granted them a few hours play, <br> And it was in cold winter time <br> When thick on lake was glassy rime, <br> But beneath, o'er all their route, They saw below big speckled trout, With hatchet ice they did clear, And the beauteous trout did spear.

Soon bear they saw and youths did skate, Resolved for to seal his fate, A pistol shot made bruin roar, And from him trickled drops of gore, They round hịm skate and fresh blood drew, When they at him the hatchet threw.
H 9 first chased one and then the other, For men on skates did him bother, But the bold Scottish lad McBeth Alas he nearly thet his death, When he so boldly did press near To probe with the sharp fish spear.

- They knew their game was no trifle, So they secured a trusty rifle, Returning he had fled to wood, But they traced him with his blood; They saw the clder bushes sway While he did force through them his way, They skated swiftly o'er the ice And were near brushwood in a trice, Full soon the savage beast is slain With rifle bullet in his brain, And now these hunters do take pride In skin as large as Buffalo hide.


## ORIGIN OF THE TOBOGGAN.

- 

I am a hunter by profession,
And when I make this confession,
Of what I saw with mine own eyes, It may cause you some surprise.

But we at once now you do warn, That this is not a made up yarn, It happened in the interior,
Far north of Lake Superior.
When up the hill setting my traps, I heard on trees peculiar raps, It made me then attentive hark, And then I heard pulling off the bark.

It was a bright and pleasant day, The distance was three miles away, And it caused me but slight alarm, When they around bark placed each arm.

And threw the bark o'er their shoulder, I being a distant beholder
Knew not what end they had in view, But I must own my wonder grew.

When I saw those men were warm dressed
With good fur robe each one was blessed,
In single file they marched up hill
With strangest thoughts my mind did fill.
When each man in his robe began
With tough bark to make toboggan,
And quick as lightning down they slide,
It seemed to me a dangerous ride.

## ORIGIN OF TIIE TOBOGGAN.

The spot was covered o'er with hairs, And it seem'd mixed with blood of bears, And my two dogs Bull and Daisy, At sight and scent of it went crazy.

Could none of these been a true man, Or was I gross deceived by bruin, It was, a long and glassy slide, Reached far up the mountain side.

They had been first enjoying the fun Of sliding down on their bare skin, Until their hide was getting worn, And their flesh was somewhat torn.

So Bear invented Toboggan, Which is a blessing to young man, And the fair maiden by his side, For both enjoy the pleasant ride.

And as o'er the side he straddles They hit him on head with paddles, But all in vain, so two of crew A short time bade the bear adieu. $\therefore=$
$?$
And soon they swiftly swam to shore, But current down the river bore
Mn, bear and boat, the sound appals
Of roaring mighty water falls.

But vigorous now he plys the oar, In hopes to safely reach the shore, But this made bear to grin and growl And wear on brow a horrid scowl.

So poor man sore against his will Finds that in boat he must keep still, Or else be hugged to death by bear, While sound of falls becomes more near.

But his two friends so brave and true
Row quick 'longside in a canoe, And fire in bruin leaden balls, Thus saving friend from bear and falls.


## BROKEN RAFT ADVENTURE.

A man on Nova Scotian Bay
On broken raft was borne away,
Right out on the open sea
Where the sworm did blow so free,
No' shelter from the wind or wave
He thought the gulf would be his grave,
He had no food life to sustain,
He laid him down there to remain,
What happened he did know no more,
But old man on Prince Edward's shore
Saw raft drifting near his shed
And thought the poor man was quite dead,
He called for help and soon they bore
His lifeless body to the shore,
But old man he did them desire
To place the body near the fire,
And wrap it up in blankets warm,
Which did act like to a chamm,
And soon the breath it did return,
With gratitude his heart did burn,
To think he was again restored
Unto his friends whom he adored.

## FIGHT OF A BUFFALO WITH WOLVES.

A buffalo, lord of the plain,
With massive neck and mighty mane,
While from his herd he slowly strays,
He on green herbage calm doth graze;
And when at last he lifts his eyes
A savage wolf he soon espies,
But scarcely deigns. to tuin his head
For it inspires him with no dread,
He knows the wolf is treacherous foe
But feels he soon could lay him low,
A moment more and there's a pair
Whose savage eyes do on him glare,
But with eontempt thèm both he scorns
Unworthy of his powerful horns ;
Their numbers soon do multiply
But the whole pack he doth defy,
He could bound quickly o'er the plaip
And his own herd could soon regain:
His foes they now are full a score
With lolling tongues pant for his gore,
He hears their teeth all loudly gnash
So eager his big bones to crash,
On every side they him infest,
The north, the south, the east, the west
Fierce rage doth now gleam from his eje,
Resolved to conquer or to die,
'Round him they yelp and howl and growl,

FIC:H'T OF A BCFFALO WITH WOĹvES.
He glares on them with angry scowl,
They circle closer him around,
He roars and springs with mighty bound,
And of his powers gives ample proof,
Felling them with horn and hoof,
Though some lay dead upon the plain,
Yet their attack was not in vain,
For they have tasted of his blood,
Resolved it soon shall pour a flood,
He feels that they have torn his hide
And streams gush from each limb and side,
He rushes on them in despair
And tosses them full high in air,
But others rush on him and pull
Down to the earth that glorious bull ;
On the flesh of this noble beast
Their bloody jaws they soon do feast,
Full worthy of a better fate
Far from his herd and his dear mate,
Who now do look for him in vain
His bones do whiten now the plain.

## BEAR HONT.

Two youths came over from York state, Bill Brown and Tom Dawes his mate, For many months they were wishing The sport of hunting and of fishing. -

They rowed a! ong the lake in punt, When tired of fishing they would hunt, At river's mouth they caught fine trout, In woods close by they $\gtrdot$ saw bear's snout.

- In front of her play little chubs; Fat and slick her darling cubs, Kind thoughts in their breasts they smother And cruelly they shoot the mother.

And bullet fearful tore her jaws,
A bloody wound, but with her paws,
Erect in air an awfui sight,
She was prepared for her young to fight.
But this did not daunt bold Bill Brown, With club he tried to knock her down, But she gave him an awful hug, With paws she at him fierce did tug.

He would been smothered but for Dawes, Who rescued him from her great paws, With club he knocked her on the crown And thus he saved the life of Brown.

MFAR IICNT.
She rose again with savage frown
And quickly broke two ribs for Brown, His clothes were all torn with her claws, She smeared with blood both Brown and Dawes.

But Dawes now ruick doth end the strife
By stabbing her with hunting knife, And now around this hunter bo!d
His bear skin coat keeps out the cold.

## COON HUNTING.

Canadians oft by light of moon
Love to go a hunting coon,
But this our tale it is no yarn, While chopping down tree Henry Karn
Found therein a hollow chamber
Full of coons who there did clamber,
It made them a home superior,
Warm and snug in the interior.
And he did count therein eleven
Who long had found it a safe haven,
But it is sad to read their fate,
For out of them he slaughtered eight. .
But trouble to him now occurs
What shall he do with those fine furs,
Shall he grand overcoat displiy
Or make them into robe for sleigh.

## SALLOR'S YARN.

While vopaging on' northern seas For days we could not catch a breeze, But wore held fast as if in vice Surrounded by the bergs of ice, We could not move the ship or boat But on low, flat iceberg we did float ;
Of provisions we took good store With big oars we rowed the berg to shore, And pride and joy each one feels When we had caught ten thousand seals, And our brave boys each one they dare To boldly capture great white béar ;
On floating berg we built with boards A storehouse for to hold our hordes, We had a stove and stock of coin, So we enjoyed this voyage droll, ,In centre of berg we dug a hole And erected a strong pole, The frost and ice soon held it fast And well it served us for a mast, On which we stretched out our sails And scud along before the gales, Until we came to an island And on its sides it seemed highland, And Britain being queen of seas, - For her this island we did seize, To give her new coaling station For to benefit the nation, So when we had sailed landward We erected British standard On the highest mountain top, Which graceful down to sea did slope, $;:$ We cast our anchor in its side
So to explore it far and wide,

But what was our astonishment Without the least admonishment, Our island soon away did float As if it was a mighty boat. Can you believe this wondrous tale? It proved to be a monster whale, And o'er the ocean quick it flew With our great iceberg and our crew, Until it came to Newfoundland, Where all did safe on the ground land ; Poor whale was stranded on the beach And his sea home no more could reach, Our crew in great wealth each on shares, By selling whale and seals and bears, We hired steám tug to reach our ship, Now free from ice we had quick trip, And she being loaded down 度ith seal, And we all shared in common weal, For joy each of us had reason,
Making two trips in one season.


## HUNTERS AND TRAPPERS.

Two hunters near to Hadson Bay, Their names John Grant and Tom McKay, Their skill and courage naught could daunt, The boldest one perhaps was Grant.

The winter was their busy time, When all was snow and frost and rime, It paid best then to pull trigger, For then furs were better thicker.

While setting trap Grant cut through boot And quick the blood gushed from his foot, The honid scene, now who can paint, For loss of blood soon makes him faint.

But his kind partner Tom McKay The rush of blood he tried to stay, And when its flow did somewhat slack He carried him upon his back.

As homeward he doth slowly go, A track of blood is o'er the snow, But long and weary is the way And soon exhausted is McKay.

He feels assistance he doth want, For to rescue his dear friend Grant, He stood him up against a tree While the blood. yet flowed quite free.

Now wolves had visited the trap And blood from snow they eager lap, Then tracked poor Grant, for on the snow The blood in heavy drops did flow.

## IIUNTERS AND TRAPPERS.

He soon got help, then John McKay
Doth hurry back without delay,
And what a sight then met their gaze Filled them with horror and amaze.

The sight their minds will ever haunt, Mangled by wolves was their friend Grant, But round him several wolves were slain With bullet boles right through their brain.

For he had fought hard for his life, - And some he slew with hunting knife, And he is still quite surrounded, While fierce brutes are badly wounded.

Now clubs doth soon dash out their brains
And then they gather Grants remains.
They cut two saplings both same size,
With twigs they lace them acrosswise.

So it then made for the poor dead
A good soft and p'iable bed.
Now to his home remains they bear.
Where his poor wife is in despair.

## WILD GOOSE SHOT AT MIDNIGHT, NOV., 1888.

From the regions of the north
Where the waters now are frozen;
Towards the south they issue forth
A flock of wild geese of four dozen.

But when they flew o'er the river Thames
They swooped down to take a dive,
But sport with shot gun at them aims
And one at least did not survive.

And he now says it tasted fine,
And that it was both fat and lig,
A hungry man did on it dine,
Satisfied with just one leg.

He was sorry fowl to kill,
But they awoke him from his slumber,
The air with cackle they did fill,
And thus they lost one of their number.

## ADVENTURES WITH BEARS.

I bought of land two miles square, I knew not it contained a bear, I never thought there would be any, But alas, I found many;
The bush was thick and mat and tangle, It made it a perfect jungle,
But one mile square of good dry land Was enough for me to take in hand; Swamp I could reach but when frozen, Then I saw bears by the dozen, Thick as monkies in Africa, And many a strange trick I saw, Gamboling with the greatest ease, High up the trunks of the big trees, While some were swinging from branches And hanging on them with their haunches; But quietly I then tilled my farm, The bears at first done me no harm, Till one night I was roused by dogs, And found a bear was at my hogs, He threw a pig across each shoulder And there I was a sad beholder, But to the house I quickly run For to proctre my loaded gun,
: And as he could not run but slow, So heavy laden through the snow, I him full soon did overtake, And his courage quick I diǎ shake, For by the leg my good bold dog He bravely caught the thievish rogue; And this moxe made him soon fork o'er To me at once the largest porker, For moment squeeze it did pig stun, But up he rose and quiek he run,

## adventures witil bears.

The bear now scared his only hope, To let at once the other pig drop, I shot the bear right through the eyes And secured a valued prize, There's nothing I love so to eat In winter time as the bear's nieat, So a victory $I$ soon won And sold for high price grease and skin ; The bears on honey love to thrive, One morn was wrecked my best beehive, That day I was to sell the honey For to raise some ready money, But bear my views he did despise And proudly carried off the prize; That night I set a good spring gun, With rails I built for him a run, Open all way to hive of bees, He tried again a hive to geize, But all his efforts were in vain, He sprung the gun and he was slain, O'er the fact I felt quite funny It well repaid me for my honey ; One bear was playing on me joke, Carrying off all my young stock, I set my trap, built round it fence, Resolved he ne'er would get from thence, But at the first he did me hoax, For he was cunning as a fox, He dug under and stole my bait, But I next sunk trap and sealed his fate, My good iron trap again it caught A great bear but it came to naught, Breakfast he had at my expense And he then showed wondrous sense,
adventures witil bears.
Trap he picked up with greatest ease And daslsed it to pieces or the trees, But blacksmith soon did it repair For I was bound to have that bear, I attached to trap a keavy clog, It was like lifting a small log,
I drove in it some sharp iron spites Which would cut deep each time he strikes, He tried again to steal my bait And break my trap at the old rate, But he soon dashed out his own brains, IIis carcass it brought me great gains;
A neighbour man who would not work I thought that he did steal my pork,
But at last I found long black hairs, Then I knew it was the bears, I put through barrels rods of iron
So they a bear neck would environ, And rods together they would snap, I found him choked quite dead in trap, Since then my strife with bears did cease, Now many years I've lived in peace.

## QUEEN'S JUBILEE ODE, 1888 ;if

Canada proves her devotion
To her who rules o'er land and sea, lor loyal thoughts do hearts inspire, $\cdots$ To make more glorious empire.
'Tis fifty years since Queen was crowned, Her brow with golden circlet bound, She was girl, graceful, fair, And has felt joy and anxious care.

## $\because$ Happy jears of married life

She enjoyed as Albert's wife, But Albert died, the wise and good, And she was left. in widowhood.

In her reign the power of steam On land and sea became supreme, And all now have strong reliance In fresh victories of science.

For man doth lightning now employ
And uses it for message boy, And when he wants a brilliant light, Electric orbs do shine most bright.

Britain's empire is extending,
Trath and justice ever blending, May strife and discord ever cease, And jubilee inaugurate peace.

## WARS IN QUEEN VIOTORIA'S REIGN.

We will now sing in thoughtfut train
Of wars in Queen Victoris's reign.
The Russinn bear did ages lurk,
All ready for to ppring on Turk,
For Russian statemmen did divine
That they should conquer Conatantine,
But like a greyhound after hare
The Lion did drive back the Bear,
And made it feel the British rule
At grtes of strong Sebistopot.
Then insolent was Persia; \%
$\because$ Till Lion had to dictate law.
And while engaged in scenes like these
He was attacked by the Chinese,
And for this outrage all so wanton $\qquad$
He then resolved to seize on Canton.
But soon there came a dismal cry Of slaughterd Dritons from Delhi, The Bengal Tiger sick with gor-

- Did tremule at the Lion's ronr, But Britain got a ser ious shock By losing of brave Havelock,
But Campletl mid a numerous foe Full ifuick these armed hosts did oierthrow, In Abyssinian dungeons vile
Lay captives of (ireat Britain's isle,
But soon the tyrant Theodoce
Lay sadly weltering in his gore.
The savage tribes of Asbantee
From British troops did quickly tiee,
In Afghan and Zulu wars
Many did find their deadly scars ;
In the land of the Pharaohs
The Christians suffered cruel woes,
wars in quers victoria's reigin.
Till in Alexandria Bay The British iron clads did display,
, The mighty power thay did wield, While their steel sides from harm did shield, And British army on the land Marched bravely o'er the burning sand, And Arabi found 'twas useless labor,
I His strong trench of Tel-el-Kebir, Egyptians did not wish to feel In their breasts cold British steel, Their great power was soon laid low And Wolseley entered Grand Cairo. Egyptians now no more revile The Christians on the banks of Nile. We have sung three heroes' names, Havelock from the land of Thames, And Campbell from the banks of Clyde, And Wolseley from Liffy's side, When rose, thistle, shamrock unite They do prove victors in the fight, Now Britain once more does command Respect alike ou sea and land, But now may wars forever cease And mankind ever lire in peace.


## ORIMEAN WAR.

At the announcement that Britain was to declare wax Kossuth the Hungarian Patriot declared in an address in England that the B ${ }^{\text {titish }}$ Lion was a sea dog but helpless on land.

When the British Lion offered aid to the Turk, Round many lips a sneer of serious doubt did lurk, They said he was at home on sea, but when on land He would be as a ship wrecked upon the strand, Or like some huge ungainly crocodile Upon the marshy banks of sluggish Nile, Who could move gaily on the deep But on dry land could scarcely creep, But up the Alm a heights he rushed like greshound ffter hare, And in a moment by the throat he seiz3d the Russiap bear, Which begged so hard for wercy his life he did it spare,
And closely now it is confined within its native lain, For its strong fortress of Sebastpul
Was forced to submit to Great Britain's rule.

## INDIAN MUTINY.

British infants who were nobly born
Were from their bleeding mother's bosom torn, And with the bayonet dashed upon the street There left to lie for native dogs to eat.

But tie British Lion he quick oerthrew, Both the high and the low Hindoo, Now they respect the Christian laws For fear of British Lion's paws.

## BEAR AND WHALE.

A fable of the British and Russian dispute of 188.).
Russians suffer sad distress
For lack of freedom of the press,
But oft' times they are full able
To enlighten with a fable.
And they enjoy a humorous tale
Of a bear and monster whale,
The bear he went to the sea shore The mighty ocean to explore.

And this it quick enraged the whale
Who beat the ocean with his tail,
With foaming words he told the bear
That he would strip his hide and hair.
If he ever found him more
Encroaching on his sea shore, The bear replied I will not quail At frothing words of any whale.
For you are a lump of blubber, Whale rejoined you are land lubber, Thus bandying epithets so vile, Of bear grease and of whale oil.
Sharks and fishes of the ocean
Were thrown into great commotion, The hawts and eagles of the air, Lions and tigers gathered there.
Bear he, wished the whale to slaughter,
But he was afraid of water, The great whale feared that he might strand If he ventured on the dry land.
So at last great Russia Bear
Went buck again to his own luir.
And British whale content to be Greatest monarch of the sea,

## GORDON AND BURNABY, 1885.

When the Chinese did rebel, Gordon alone he could them quell,
With justice they his name revere,
The man who bullets did not fear.

It seemed as if his life had charn
That spear or lance could never harm,
He went alone this wondrous man
To fight false prophet of Saudan.

Assistance it arrives too late, And traitors they have oped the gate,
To meet the foe he doth advance,
But fatal wound receives from lance.
And Britons all they do take pride
In Burnaby's Asiatic ride,
Russian mysteries to discover, He crossed many a plain and river.

And his brave spirit led the van
To relieve Gordon in Soudan, With his strong arm every blow
Laid at his feet some Arab foe.
But strong brave man who knew no fear, He was transfixed by Arab spear,
And thus brave men their lives have lost,
Of war let nations never boast.
Unless it is in self defence,
Then they have glorious recompense,
But arts of peace they should be prized By nations truly Christianized.

## ENGLISH POETS.

Tercentenary ode on Shakespeare read by the author at the anniversary concert, 1864.

Three centuries have passed away

- Sidee that most famous April daye

When the sweet, gentle Will was born, Whose name the age will eire adorn.

That great Elizabethan age
Does not leave on history's 官age,
A name so bright he stands like Saul,
A head and shoulders over all.
Delineator of mankind,
Who shows the workings of the mind,
And in review jin nature's glass,
Portrays the thourghts of every class.
That man is dull who will not laugh At the drolleries of Falstaff,
And few that could not shed a tear At sorrows of poor old King Lear.

Or lament oer King Duncan's death
Stakibed by the dagger of McBeth,
Or gentle Desdemona pure,
Slain by the misled jealous Moor.
Or great Caesar mighty Roman Who o'ercame his country's foemen, His high deeds are all in vain, For by his countrymen he's slain.
engiasil roets.
The greatest of heroic tales Is that of Harry, Prince of Wales, Who in combat fought so fiercely With the brave and gallant Percy.

Imagination's grandest theme The tempest or midsummer's dream, And Hamlet's philosophic blaze Of shattered reason's flickering rags.

And now in every land on earth * They commemorate Shakespeare's birth, And there is met on Avon's banks Men of all nations and all ranks.

And here upon Canadian Thames The gentle malds and comely dames Do meet and each does bring her scroll Of laurel leaves from Ingersoll.

$\qquad$

MILTON.

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$$

Like mightiest organ in full tone, Melodious, grand, is great Milton, He did in lofty measures tell
How Satan, great archangel, fell, When from heaven downward hurled;
And how he ruined this our world,
So fall of gaile he did deceive
Qur simple hearted parent Eve.
He shows how pardon is obtained
And paradise may be regained:

COLERIDGE, SOUTHEY AND WORDSWORTH.
England had triplets at a birth, Coleridge, Southey and Wordsworth, And these three are widely famed, And the "Lake Poets" they were named. With joy they did pursue their themes, 'Mong England's lakes and hills and streams, From there with gladness they could view The distant Scottish mountains blue.

SHELLY.
We have scarcely time to tell thee Of the strange and gifted Shelly, Kind hearted man but ill-fated, So youthful, drowned and cremated.

BYRON.
Poets they do pursue each theme,
Under a gentle head of steam,
Sare one who needed fierce fire on,
The brilliant, pasionate Byron.
His child Harold's pilgrimage,
Forever will the world engage;
He fought with glory to release
From Turkish yoke the isles of Greece,
Its glories oft by him were sungr This wondrous bard, alas, died joung.
tennison.
Of our Laureate we now do sing, His youthful muse had daring wing, He then despised Baronhood, And sang 'twas noble to be good. None sang like him of knights of old, He England's glory did uphold; In wondrous song he hath arrayed Glorious charge of light brigade ${ }_{2}$ And he hath the people's benison, Greatest of living poets Tennyson.

## DRYDEN AND POPE.

Genius of Dryden and of Pope, Both did take a mishty scope, The first he virgil did translate, The second showed us Trnys fate. On Englizh themes they oft did sing And high the ir muses flight did wing.


## POETS AND PHILOSOPHERS.

Eacon, Hogg, Lamb and Shakespeare.
Bacon, philosopher profund, With mighty thoughts his works abjund, Reffections did his mind engage
Were in advance of his own age.
And Horg the Ettrick shepherd bard, High honors all do bim award, Great fame and glory he did reap While tending to his flock of sheep.

And Lamb, the gentle and the good, His works all show a happy mood; About these names there is no waste, Pleasing to fancy and to taste.

Some critics think they do make clear The fact that Bacon wrote Shakespeare, Iut a gent lives in New York
Asks what effect will it have on pork.
Of course it would quick awaken
A higher estimate of Bacon,
But it is folly for to rear
His fame on ruins of Shakespeare.
Though Will was not college bred; With Greek they did not cram his head, But he well knew by translations The history of the ancient nations.

## POETS AND PHILOSOPHERS.

And mingled daily in the strife With people in all walks of life, His plays they are to nature true Because he wrote of what he knew.
"Alas that I have wandered here and there"
He does cry out in his despair, While he did lead a wandering life And left alone his loving wife.

## IRISH POETS.

Moore found the ballads of Green Isle
Were oft obscured beneath the soil,
As miner digging in a mine
Finds rubbish 'meng the gold so fine,
So Moore placed dross in the waste basket
And enshrined jewe's in casket,
Where all may view each charming gem
In Ireland's grand old diadem.
In eastern lands his fame prevails
In wondrous oriental tales,
So full of gems his Lala Rookb, Hindoos and Brahmins read his book,
And dark esed Persian girls admire
The beauty of his magic lyre,
Glowing like pearls of great price
Those distant gleams of paradise.

He sang of Bryan Borohm's glory, Renowned in ancient Irish story, And shows the wide expanded walls Which once encircled Tara's Halls, When joyous harp did there resound And Ireland's greatest king was crowned, All wars and tumults then did cease, Ireland did prosper great in peace.

He sung of meeting of the waters And of Ireland's charming daughters, Great minstrel from his harp both flows, Ireland's triumphs and her woes, Canada doth his fame prolong While she doth sing his great boat song, And his own countrymen adore The geniai, witty, bright Tom Moore.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.
Goldsmish wrote of deserted village, Now again reduced to tillage, Once happiest village of the plain, The place you look for it in vain,

- There but one man he doth make rich, While hundreds struggle in the ditch, His honest vicar of Wakefield, Forever he will pleasure yield.


## SCOTTISH POETS.

The following ode was read by the author at the Centennial Anniversary of Burns in the year 1859.

This night shall never be forgot
For humble life none now despise, Since Burns was born in lowly cot

Whose muses wing soars to the skies.
'Round Scotia's brow he wove a wreath
And raised her name in classic story
A deathless fame he did bequeath,
His country's pride, his country's glory.
He saing her hills, he sang her dales,
Of Bonnie Doon and Banks of Ayr,
Of death and Hornbook and suek tales
As Tam O'Shanter and his mare.
He bravely taught that manly worth ${ }^{\text {s }}$
Miore precious is than finest gold,
He reckoned not on noble birth,
But noble deeds alone extolled.
Where will we find behind the plow
Or in the harvest field at toil
Another youth, swcet bard, like thou,
Could draw the tear or raise the smile.
We do not think 'twas Burns' fault, For there were no teetotalers then,
That Willie brewed a peck of malt
And Robin preed like other men.
'Tis true he loved the lasses dear, But who for this would loudly blame, For Scotia's maids his heart did cheer And love is a true heavenly flame.
So here we've met in distant land Poor honest Robin to extol,
Though oft we differ let us stand United now in Ingersoll.

## BURNS AND SCOTT IN EDINBURGH.

When Burns did make triumphant entry 'Mong Edina's famous gentry, A discussion did there arise Among those solons learned and wise, About some lines by a new poet. The author's name none did know it, Poem was of Canadian snow And how o'er it the blood did flow, For it had then been swept by war Where armies met in deadly jar.

But 'mong philosophers was boy Of tender years now Scotland's joy, - He there did quickly quote each line And author's name he did detne, Burns glanced at him with loving eyes, Youth ever more that look did prize, The happiest moment in his lot Ever revered by Walter Scott. Thus Scotlands greatest poets met, And they did part with sad regret.

## LFNES ON SOJTH OF SCOTLAND.

The South of Scotland did praduce Heroic Wallace and the Bruce,
And even time will never blot The record of her Burns and Scott, And Tanahill renowred bard, And that sweet songster Ettrick Shepherd.

## REPLY TO THE TOAST OF SOOTTISH POETS.

Burns sang so sweet behind the plow,
Daisies we'll wresth around his brow,
Musing on thee what visions throng,
Of floods you poured of Scottish song. Scott he did write romancing rhymes Of chivalry of ancient times; For tender feeling none can cope With Campbell the sweet Bard of hope. -

Eye with sympathetic tear in Will shed it for Exile of Erin, And Tannahill while at his loom Wove flowers of song will ever bloom.
Hogg, Ettrick Šhepherd, did gain fame By singing when the kye comes hame, With good time coming Bard McKay Still merrily doth cheer the way.

## JAMES HOGG.

The wondrous shepherd James Hogg Was happy with his good sheep dog, Meditating o'er his sweet lays While his fleecy flocks did graze.

His education it came late After he reached to man's estate, While his flocks were busy feeding His favourite authors he was reading.

Wondrous tales he did rehearse Of witches both in prose and verse, And he in fairy tales did glory Traditions of each shepherd's story.

The shepherd he sang late and early Of the deeds of bold Prince Charley, And how the charming bonnie Flora Soothed the Prince when in his sorrow.

Few songs possess so much vigor
As his gathering of McGregor, The lover's heart is all aflame -
To meet lassie when the kye comes hame.
But one who loved the shepherd's songs And sang them unto countless throngs, Great Kennedy has passed away Now mournful is our Scottish lay.

## HIGHLAND SKETOHES.

> The Romans, Saxons and the Danes Did oft o'er run the Scottish plains, So daring were those mauraders And skilful too were invaders.

The lowland man enjoyed his farm, But oft he was in great alarm, When Highlanders o'er plain would sweep And drive to hills his steers and sheep.

For highlundmen were taught in song The lowlands to them did belong, Each highland chief he ruled like king And Bards they did his praises sing,

In war the chief he led the van, Marching to bittle with his clan, And when the foe attacked their chief The clansmen rushed to his relief.

When they King William's forces mass In Killicrankie's famous pass, The highlanders with joy and glee Rushed on them led by bold Dundee.

Lowland troops they would not tarry But they strove to ford the Garry, Soon many on the field lay dead, In river floated many a head.

For clansmen with the good broad sword Of battlefield they soon were Lord, And historians will rank the Ohief highland victory of Killicrankie.

## nIGHIAND SKETCHES.

Again there sweeps the highland clans, Victorions at Preston Pans, Under Prince Charlie full of hope, They drove the troops were led by Cope.

But from Culloden Charlie flies While Highland blood the heather dyes, For months he wandered 'mong tl:e hills Young Flora strove to soothe his ills.

While he was hunted by blood hounds, For sake of thirty thousand pounds, But Highlanders the gold despise, And honor only each doth prize.

At last to Charlie's great delight, From France a vessel hove in sight And safely bore the gallant Prince To the sunny shores of France.

And may once more each bill and glen Be filled with hardy Highland men, Who love bagpipes and bonnets blue And give to Britain soldiers true.


## THE SHIRES ON THE MORAY FRITH.

Worthy of either song or story Are the shires round frith of Moray, Here lies the valley of Strathspey,
Famed for its music, lively, gay,
Elgin cathedral's prentice aisle. Is glory of that ruined pile.
What modern chisel now could trace
Fine sculpture of that ancient place,
And Forres famed for Sweno's stane
In honor of that kingly Dane,
'Graved with warriors runes and rhymes, Long prior to historic times, For a thousand sears its been forgot Who was victor Dane or Scot, It is the country of McBeth Where good King Duncan met his death, And barren heath that place of fear Stood witches cauldron of Shakespeare, Nairn's Cawdor castle strong remains Full worthy of the ancient Thanes, And nestled neath the hills and bens Queen of the moors, the lochs and glens, Full proudly stands in vale of bliss Chief Highland town of Inverness, Near here the famous falls of Foyers Where Burns and others tuned their lyres, And the fatal field of dark Culloden Where doughty clans were once down trodden, Here men yet wear the tartan plaid Ready to join the Highland Brigade,
And when the Frith you look across
The eye beholds Sutherland and Ross, Where Duke has harnessed mighty team,

## the shires on the moray frith.

Plows hills and rocks and moors by steam, Perhaps it may in part atone For cruel clearings days bygone, And Cromarty. whose wondrous mason, First learned his geo'ogic lesson,
Friends may rear a stately pillar, The old red sand stone of Hugh Miller, Ben W gvis towers like monarch crowned, Conspicuous o'er the hills around, With crest 'ere white with driven snow, Strathpeffer's water cure below.

## LINES READ AT A SCOTTISH ANNIVEBSABY AT EMBRO.

Scotsmen have wandered far and wide
From Moray Frith to Frith of Clyde, McDonald from his sea girt isle, And Campbell from his broad Argyle.

But chiefly here you have come forth
From those counties of the north, Some oft have trod Dunrobins halls And gazed upon its stately walls.

Here to night in this array
Is Murray, McKenzie and McKay, And there doth around us stand The Munroe, Ross and Sutherland.
Your young men have high honor earned In all of the professions learned, Your bonnie lasses sung in song, And youth3 are famed for muscle strong.

## LINES READ AT ST. ANDREW'S ANNIVERSARY, 1868.

Scotia's sons to-night we meet thee, With kindly feelings we do greet thee, In honor of the land of heather, Around this board to-night we gather.

Land where the fields for border edges, Have garlands of blooming hedges, Land of the whin and of the broom And where the bonnie blue bells bloom.

Land where you may enraptured hark To heavenly song of the skylark, Which soars triumphant in the skies Above the gaze of human eyes.

Land of bleak hills and fertile dales, Where they tell oft their fairy tales, Land where the folks do love the kirk And on the Sabbath cease from work.

Land of porridge and of brose, Of blue bonnets and of tartan liose, The land where all good wives do bake The thrifty, wholesome, oaten cake.
We hope some day to tread the strand Of our own dear native land, And o'er the sea we'll some day sail To get a bowl of good green kail.


## 1

## DICK AND EDWARD.

The Thurso baker Rubert Dick* Armed with his hammer and his pick, Dame nature's secrets did réveal, Which she for ages did conceal.

In Banff nas genius found regard In the person of an Edward, $\dagger$ Who now does rank among the first In the world as naturalist.
*Dick was both a geologist and botanist and was of great service to Hugh Millar.
$\dagger$ Edward is a shoemaker by trade, remarkable for his knowledge of the lower grades of animated nature.

## OASTLE GORDON.

In youth we spent a pleasant day Round Castle Gordon on the Spey, There is no Clan can gird the sword on, Can compare with the Clan Gordon, In India, China and Soudan, They manfally have led the van.

## PRINCE CHARLIE'S GRANDSONS.

Oft' times these handsome gentlemen appeared in the garb of old Gaul. :
Long 'ere Her Májesty the Queen Had visited of Aberdeen, 'Ere she in castle did abide 'Mong glorious hills on the Dee side, Or visited each Highland glen, Or won the hearts of Highland men, Here oft' was seen in celtic dress
Two Stewarts brave in Inverness, Well worthy of the poet's lyre.
They claimed Prince Charlie as grandsire, And that they also did combine Stuart with Royal Polish line, Their names Sobieskie, Stuart, They won many a Highland heart, But Royal order did go forth To build Balmoral Castle North, Then wondrous change was quickly seen, All hearts were captured by the Queen.

The Royal Stuarts are owners of large estates on the banks of the Findhorn and their great rivals were near by the Royal Comyns. The Lion Hunter Gordon Comyn was of this stock. Professor J. S. Blockie has written a fine poem on the wars of the rival houses.
"Here where the dark water'd stream rushes free, child of the mountain."

## ST. ANDREW.

Read at Anniversary.
Our ancient custom to renew, We meet to honor St. Andrew, He was of the Jewish nation, A fisherman by occupation; No warlike knight with lance and sword But humbly following his Lord;
And Scotia she justly claims Her soil contains his last remains, In early times the Pilgrinus drew Into the shrine of St. Andrew, For miracles it gained renown, And thence sprang up St. Andrew's town ; Now clansmen twine round maple leaf, When rallying at the call of chief, And time will come when we'll be one, And proud of name Canadian, But Scotia must not be forgot For sake of Chalmers, Burns and Scott, But here upon Canadian soil A man may own where he doth toil, For here each may enjoy the charm Of owning fine prairie farm.

Entwining of the thistle around the maple tree, Scotia's sons have indented their names deep in Canadian history. The names of McDonald, McKenzie, Cameron and Miowat stand conspicuous, and Brown second to none. For wealth, enterprise and benevolence those Montreal Scotsmen stand high, Sir Donald A. Smith, Sir George Stephens and Duncan McIntyre.

## RIVER CLYDE.

The Glasgow people do take pride In their river both deep and wide, In early times the youth and maid Did o'er its shallow waters wade.

But city money did not grudge,
And dug it deep with the steam dredge,
And now proudly on its bosom floats The mighty ships and great steamboats.

No wonder citizens take pide For they themselves have made the Clyde, Great and navigable river,
Where huge fleets will float forever.

Dunbarton's lofty castle rock* Which oft' has stood the battle's shock, The river it doth boldly guard, So industry may reap reward.

But more protection still they deem Is yet required so down the stream Strong batteries are erected, So commerce may be safe protected.

Old ocean now he doth take pride To see upon his bosom ride The commerce of his youngest bride, The fair and lorely charming Clyde.
*Mr. James Sinclair of this town has written a fine piece remonstrating against the removifof the sword of Wallace from its old place of safety, Dunbarton Castle. .

## ELF SHOT.

A lad brought up in Highland rale Who did believe each fairy tale, Which his grannie oft' to him told, And of witches and of warlocks bo'd, And he himself would often pour For hours reading wizard lore.
One night his mother to the town In a hurry sent him down, So o'er his pony he did stride, And to the town did fearful ride, He thought that demons they would rush On him from every rock and bush, And as he rode through the quarry It did great increase his flurry, He felt that fiends with fiercest hate Would surely there seal fast his fate.

But town he reached and 'neath his rest He parcel pressed close to his breast, The pony now he mounts once more For to pass quarry as before, But, alas, at that fatal spot He heard a gun, he was elf shot, IIe felt that from his breast a flood Was nouring domn of his heart's bieed, But'he clung fast to pony's back, Though loss of blood his frame did rack, But in spite of his alarms He resolved to die in mother's arms, And when he reached his own door He said that he was drenched in gore, From bullet hole all in his breast.
His father opened up his vest, And he did sadly fear the worst But found yeast bottle had but burst.

## HALLOWE'EN.

A tale we'll tell of what hath been
When maids and youths kept Hallowe'en, It is a tale of old world lore What happened in the days of yore, When fairies danced upon the green So merrily, on Hallowe'en, And witches did play many a trick Assisted by their auld friend Nick, And lovers meet around the fire Near to the one their hearts desire, For to burn nuts for to discover The truthfulness of their lover. They first did give each nut a name, This was Sandy, that was Jane. If they did blaze side by side, She knew her husband, he his bride, But if one up the chimney flew, One knew the other was not true. And one sure test did never fail, Blindfold to find good stock of kale, To pull the first comes to the hand With heavy roots of earth and sand, For the very weight of mould Does denote weight of lovers gold. - In tubs children love to splatter, Ducking for apples in the water, For such were the delights of yore, Which soon will cease for evermore ;

- At Balmoral Castle Britain's Queen

Oft' celebrated Hallowe'en, But Highland landlords now do clear Land of men to make room for deer, But here upon Canadian soil A man may own where he doth toil.

## AMERICAN POETS.

Like fruit that's large and ripe and mellow, Sweet and luscious is Longfellow, Melodious songs he oft did pour And high was his Excelsior.

- He shows in his Psalm of Life The folly of our selfish strife, With Hiawatha we bewail His suffering in great Indian tale. Indian nation was forlorn Till great spirit planted corn; His story of Evangeline It is a tale of love divine. POE.

A great enchanter too is Poe, His bells do so harmonious flow, Wondrous mystery of his raven On our minds is 'ere engraven, His wierd, wonderful romances Imagination oft entrances.

LOWELL.
With pleasure we would love to dwell On the charming themes of Lowell.

## BRYANT

Some in front rank will defiant, Boldly place the poet Bryant.

## whittier.

Others seok for music in the twitter Of the sweet, charming notes of Whittier.
saXe.
The mind that's sad it doth relax The humor of the witty Saxe, He puts us in a cheerful mood, Mirthful as our own Tom Hood.

WILL CARLETON.
In homely apparel one
Clothes farming songs Will Carleton,
But they have a manly ring
And we his praises hearty sing.

MILLAR.
And Millar poet of Sierras, For bold deeds he doth prepare us, And now he lives by the golden gate, Hónored in California's state,
To poet 'tis position grand,
Commissioner of Forest land.

HOLMES.
O'er flowery fields full oft he roams, The learned and pleasing genial Holmea.

WAL'T WIIITMAN.
For erratic style he leads van, Wildty wayward Walt Whitman, He dore grand work in civil war, For he did dress many a scar, And kindly wet the hot parched mouth Of Northern soldiers wounded, South.


## LOFTY AOTORS WITHDRAW.

As one by one the lofty actors of the age Withdraw from changing play on history's page, The act of war and peace of old and new contending For it is long 'ere there's harmonious blending.

And many a noble actor brave and bold Hath perished in the fight between the new and old, The victor and the vanquished Lincoln and Lee, The former he four million slaves set free.

The latter General fought with bravery and science, The first he on the Lord placed strong reliance, And in the justice of his cause he bade the North As grand emancipators they should issue forth.

And o'er great North the conquering name of Grant His mighty deeds of valour they 'ere more will chant, And now doth pass from stage this last named actor, In crushing Southern slavery potent factor.

## UNITED STATES.

The United States is wondrous land, Within its mighty borders grand, They are a world unto themselves, In South the Negro plows and delves.

Raising tobacco, sugar, cotton, Grapes and rice too may be gotten, The west for corn, cattle and swine, On which millions o'er the world dine.

The silver hills of Colorado, Equaled only by Nevada, And o'er the world you can't behold Aught like California's mines of gold.

To vast extent her exports reaches, Of grapes and oranges and peaches, And Florida the land of flowers Is famous for its orange bowers.

Pennsylvania's hills environ
Wondrous mines of coal and iron, Great marvel of these modern days, All you require yourselves could raise.

But still Canadians are content
With their own half of continent, Though Uncle Sam is most wealthy, Canada's content and healthy.

Sam and her are blood relation, Sprung alike from British nation, May peaceful odes alone be sung Tween people of one race and tongue.

When Canada's ten million strong, Then none will dare to do her wrong, Either as a youthful nation Or in Imperial Federation.

## CALEDONIA SPRINGS, NEW YORK.

The water spouts up from the ground And there doth form a pond around, 'Tis fed from no apparent rills, And it near by drives several mills.

And here the little ponds are seen Where fish"are propogate by Green, Fish hatcheries here had their birth, And now they're spread o'er all the earth.

Here in each pond thousands of trout
Rush around their circular route, Of various breeds, age and size, Speckled o'er with various dges.

Geologists do gaze with pride
On specimens all petrified,
Here church is built of those rare stone,
Fish, reptiles, birds, in days bygone.
Strange thoughts in mind it doth awake,
As it is far from sea and lake,
Even the hill tops do abound
With proofs here flowed the sea profound.
With reverence we gaze around
On an ancient burial ground, Those who once did tread the heather -Now rest quietly here together.

## LOCAL SKETOHES.

On grassy amphitheatre,
Spectators sit to view the war, 'Mong bold contestants on' the plain Where each doth strive the prize to gain.

Come witness the great tug of war, And see great hammer thrown afar, See running, jumping, highland fling, At concert hear the skylark sing.

And the bagpipes will send thills, Like echoes from the distant hills, And the bold sound of the pibroch, Which does resound o'er highland lech.

Young men and maids and fine old dames Will gather on the bants of Thames; And though we have a tug of war Twill leave no wound or deadly scar.

## GREAT FIRE IN INGERSOLL, MAY, 1872.

'Twas on a pleasant eve in May, Just as the sun shed its last ray, The bell it rang, citizens to warn, For lo : a fire appears in barn.

An ancient barn ncar hotel stood, The joining buildings all were wood, This barn a relic of the past, There farmers' borses were made fast.

Our once fair town is now in woe, And we have had our Chicago, But soon a nobler town will rise, For our town is all enterprise.

## MASONIO LINES READ AT A BANQUET, 1884.

The prominent names in Masonry are Kings Solomon and Hiram and St. John.

Craft of King Hiram and St. John, They Ggurative work on stone, King Hiram he is the old sire And he was famous King of Tyre.

But great King upon a throne Is the goodideind, true St. John, Cathedrals did craftsmen raise, Fills all our minds now with amaze.

No modern chisel has the power To trace such leaf, and bud, and flower, But though our structures now are rude
Let us all make the mortar good.

And this injunction never spare, To have the work both plumb and equare, And it must have no crack nor flaw, So masters will lay down the law.

Of all our work this is the chief, To give the needy ones relief, And with truth and brotherly love We sublime structure raise above.


The greatest honor has been won By that great bailder Solomon, And craftsmen. o'er the world do sing The praises of that mighty King.

## ODDFELLOWSHIP LINES READ AT CONCERT, 1883.

We look in vain for our Past Grands, Now scattered over many lands, Now some o'er the wide world do rove, And some have joined Grand Lodge above, But ever since Father Adams' fall We are dependent creatures all, Though man is weak yet he may join With others strength for to combine.

The illustration it is grand, Five Oddfellows in one hand, And yet they all united stand, Each finger hath a differant length, Each finger yaries in its strength, Each one is weak, but a firm fist, You can scarcely break or twist, Tis same with members of a lodge, United them you cannot budge.

Then let us linked with pleasant chain, Friendship, love and truth maintain, And aid our brothers in distress, The widows and the orphans bless, Then let each lodge strive all it cap, Both Oxford and Samaritan To aid distressed brother man, Extending influence for gocd, And universal brutherhood.

## ADVIOE TO A LITTLE GIRL.

The following lines were written at the request of a little girl, who said she would recite them at a Sunday School entertainment. Prof. J. S. Blackie of Edinburgh, in a letter acknowledging the receipt of my book, said he considered this piece worthy of being committed to memory in the public schools. Sir Daniel Wilson of Toronto University also approves of them as containing good sentiments and should be impressed on the minds of the young.

Dressing in fashion will be called vain, And they'll call you a dowdy if you are plain, But do what is right, let that be the test, Then proudly hold up your head with the best. For people will talk.

You will never be wrong if you do what is right, And this course pursue with all of your might, And if you're a child going to school, Or full grown up take this for your rule. For people will talk.

The best way to do is to let them rave And they'll think more of you if you are branes For no one will ever think you are rude If you are determined for to be good.

For people will talk.
Little girl on her way to Sunday School class, Rade boys sometimes will not let her pass, But if they see she is not afraid They soon will respect the brave little maid. For people will talk.

## ADVICE TO A LITTLE GIRL.

Little ginls should learn to knit and to sew, Then if to womanhood they ever grow, Their hose they can knit and make their own dress, And pathway of life for others they bless.

For people will talk.

And their homes they should make tidy and neat, Everything should be.so clean and so sweet, This line for ourselves out we will chalk And we are determinted in it to walk.

For people will talk.


IN MEMORIAM.
Lines on the death of my only son, who died ou the 5th of July, 1876, on the anniversary of his mother's death.

H is mother from celestial bower,
In the self.same day and hour Of her death or heavenly birth,
Gazed again upon the earth,
And saw her gentle, loving boy;
Once source of fond maternal joy,
In anguish on a couch of pain.
She knew that earthly hopes were vain,
And beckoned him to realms above
To share with her the heavenly love.

## PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE.

Providential escape of Ruby and Ncil McLeod, children of Angus McLeod of this town. Little Neil McKay McLeod, a child of three years of age, was carried under a covered raceway, upwards of one hundred yards, the whole distance being either covered o'er with roadway, buildings or ice.

- A wondrous tale we now do trace Of little children fell in race, The youngest of these little dears, The boy's age is but three years.

While coasting o'er the treacherous ice, These precious pearls of great price, 1 The elder Ruby, the daughter, Was rescued from the ice cold water.

But horrid death each one did feel, Had sure befallen little Neil, Consternation all did fill, And they cried shut down the mill.

But still no person they could tell What had the poor child befel, The covered race, so long and dark, Of hopes there scarcely seemed a spark.

Was he held fast as if in vice, Wedged 'mong the timbers and the ice, Or was there for him ample room For to float down the narrow flume.

> Had he found there a watery grave,
> Or borne along on crest of wave,
> Think of the mother's agony wild, Gaving through dark tunnel for her child.

## PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE.

## But soon as Partlo started will,

Through crowd there ran a joyous thrill,
When he was quickly borne along,
The little hero of our song.
Alas! of life there is no trace,
And he is black all over face, Though he then seemed as if in death, Yet quickly they restored his breath.

Think now how mother* she adored Her sweet dear child to hêr restored, And her boundless gratitude
Unto the author of all good.
*Mrs. Mary McKay McLeod, the author of some fine poems on Scottish and Canadian subjects.


# Hitaxal and fexlextion. 

## BRAIN ENGREVINGS.

Great wonder is the human brain, How it impressions doth retain, Inscribed on it are autographs, And there is also photographs.

And every hijl and plain and nook, It is deep graven in this book,
A great variety here belongs,
Snatches of sermons and of songs.
Here you'll find are numerous themes, Both mighty thoughts and foolish dreams, Here love and hope so bright and fair, There hate and doubt and dark despair.

And here is too the bower of bliss, Where youthful lovers first did kiss, Here are memories of childhood And of old ages thoughtful mood.

View well the whole, 'tis a strange sight,
Both of suffering and delight,
You see the parting with old friend,
And where new hearts with yours do blend.
Greatest blessing, hope of heaven,
For our comfort it is given,
Indented deep in mind of wise
Are glories of the heavenly prize.

## SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST.

Now let the hero of our song,
Be he who gantle treats the throng,
And would not cruel treat another,
But to each be as to a brother.
And he must have buth sense and wit, And be possessed of strength and grit, Then strong as proof of holy writ, For to survive he is most fit.

And according to our test, The fittest only is 兟e best, These have a right for to survive, And well they do deserve to thrive.

And this kiud of evolution It will bring no revolution, But revolve in Chriṣtian sphere, Where scripture truths are prized and dear.

Give us the man doth persevere, And presses on in his career, ' Undaunted struggling for the right, Though all mankind 'gainst him unite.

Though now on top of highest mount, Where he has found true honour's fount, Yet those below he don't despise, But strives to aid them for to ine.

MOTTO.
Politeness, perseverance and pluck To their possessor will bring good lack.

## THINGS SHOULD BE JUDGED BF MERIT.

A picture hung in a public hall, And it was much admired by all, Painted by a true artist's hand, The subject it was truly grand.

Its fame o'er the whole world resounds, Valued at ten thousand pounds, Beauteous lady none 'ere passed her, She was the work of an old master.

At lastit a critic keen did gaze And saw 'twas work of modern days, Then quick it was pronounced a daub, And artist but a money grab.

The true, the noble and the grand, Will lend to struggling helping hand, Then let no man of dues be shorn, If he a subject doth adorn.

## LINES ON A FOUNTAIN.

We love cold water as it flows from the fountain, Which nature hath brewed alone in the mountain;
In the wild woods and in the rocky dell, Where man hath not been but the deer loves to dwell ;
And away across the sea in far distant lands,
In Asia's gloomy jungles and Africa's drifting sands ;
Where to the thirsty traveller a charming spot of green
Is by far the rarest gem his eyes have ever seen ;
And when he has quenched his thirst at the ccoling spring, With many grateful songs he makes the air to ring;
For many nights he dreams of this scene of bliss,
And when he thinks of Heaven it is of such as this.

## THE GATES AJAR.

A good kind man who knew no malice, Happy with wife and daughter Alice, More precious far to him than gold, His little darling six years old.

True nobleman with many friends, His career too soon it ends, The casket friends enshrined with flowers, While soul had fled to heavenly bowers.-

The wreaths were lovely, but the star, Admired by all was gates ajar, The widow led her little girl
To wherc death his dart did harl.
And stricken her poor father down,
But child exclaimed he's won the crown,
And he will watch for me afar, And keep for me the gates ajar.

And when we cross the crystal fount, He will point out the heavenly mount, Here neither sun nor moon doth shine, Lighted with radiance all divine.

For I know well for me he'll wait Anxious at the pearly gate, For I would fear to view alone The glories of the heavenly throne.

Pà will admit his little Alice
Safe into the heavenly palace, And glories to me will unfold As we tread the streets of gold.

## CHILD MADE HAPPY.

In a great city hospital
There lay poor Mary Crosby small, She had no friends her heart to cheer, So time with her passed sad and drear.

She sought for ease but all in vain, Month after month she passed in pain, She had no relative nor friend Who aid or comfort could her lend.

A surgeon saw her cheerless state, And deplored the poor child's fate, She tried to make doll of her finger, And sang to it poor little singer.

Her's indeed was an awful lot, The weary days she spent in cot, For the poor child she could not walk, And it soon exhausted her to talk.

But surgeon bought her ribbon gay, And with it she all day did play, The giver often she did bless, And thought sometimes she was princess.

For in it she did take such pride,

- She fancied she was beanteous bride, And was possessed of great riches, Or thought herself a wealthy Duchess.

And she would bind it round her hair, Imagining that she was fair. But poor child feels that she must die, She askg the surgeon to come nigh.
And kindly o'er her he doth stand, She asked him for to take her hand, Thanked him for ribbon green and blue, Then evermore bede him adien.

## POETRY.

Poetry to us is given,
As stars beautify the Heaven, Or, ais the sunbeams when they gleam, Sparkling so bright upon the stream, And the poetry of motion
Is ship sailing o'er the ocean :
Or, when the bird doth graceful fly, Seeming to float upon the sky,
For poetry is the pure cream, And essence of the common theme.

Poetic thoughts the mind doth fill, When on broad plain to view a bill, On barren heath how it doth cheer, To see in distance herd of deer, And poetry breathes in each flower, Nourished by the gentle shower, In song of birds upon the trees, And hamming of busy bees, 'Tis solace for the ills of life, A soothing of the jars and strife, For poets feel 'tis a duty
To sing of both worth and beauty.

## POWER OF LOVE.

Love it is the precious loom, Whome shuttle weaves each tangled thread, And works flowers of exquisite bloom, . Shedding their perfume where we tread.

> EER LOVEB'S STEP.
> Step, step, step, fis her lover's walk, She knows his stedes well's his talk;
> He is the favorite of her choice, . So his step's familiar as his voice.

Step, step, step, she now is wed, And it is now her husband's tread; His homeward step it cheers her life, For she is a kind faithful wife.

But he the husband and yet lover, His steps at last do cease forever ; And she doth soon hear the tread Of men who do bear out the dead.

Her heart it now doth throb with pain, Though she knows sorrow is but vain ;
For him she never can recall,
And no more hear his footsteps fall.
But still she hopes he yet will come
And visit her in their old home ;
But time approaches, she must die, Her husband's footsteps she hears nigh.

Step, step, step, we ne'er shall part, I hear the echo in my heart; Now happinèss dispels the gloom,

- Radiant with joy my face doth bloom.

Pain and suffering all are past, She joyous cried he's come at last ; And soon she breathes out her last breath, He gaides her through the vale of death.:

THE USEFUL WEED.
Do not despise the humble weed, For the Lord He first sowed the seed,
Perhaps it bears most precious fruit, And useful leaves and potent root.

Though it seems now a useless weed,
Countless-millions it yet may feed,
Or future ages it may prize,
Finding in it beauteous dyes.

Or a valued healing balm,
Will make the heated pulse beat calm, And the future men of science, May place on it strong reliance.

And it may play important part, In advancing skill and art, And no person now doth know How useful are the weeds that grow.

Weeds we now look on with leathing, They may yet be used for clothing, Producing silken glossy coat, Of paper fine for the bank note.

But you at present must take heed, And do not grow the cumbrous weed,

- Either in garden or in field, Where plants with profit now do yield.


## GOLDEN EGG.

In ancient times we have been told A gocse did lay an egg of gold, She did produce one every day, So regular this goose did lay:

But her stupid foolish master Wanted her to lay them faster, And he at last the goose did kill, Gold grist no more came to his mill.

But a strange tale we now unfold, In California's mines of gold, There they keep both hens and chickens, 'Mong the grarel scratching pickings.

- But-hens do find the golden shiner,

Is too heavy for their dinrer, For it they cannot well digest, $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{s}}$ it lies solid in their breast.

Then they are slain and you bebold
In their craw the shining gold, Made up of particies so fine, The parest gold in all the mine.

Then how happy is the miner, When he has sweet fowl for dinner, And he doth find within its craw, A little golden bonanza.

And in Ontario the hen Is worthy of the poet's pen, For she doth well deserve the praise Beatowed on her for her fine lays.

## HITTLE DORA.

I tell gou what my little Dora, You do cause my heart to sorrow, Tell me now gou little nisses What you do with all your kisses.

I see you get them by the dozen
From each aunt and little cousin,
Said she I do intend dear pa
To give them all to you and ma.
And not a single one I'll miss, But I will give you back each kiss,
And!both of you will feel gou'se blest When I pay you interest.
Youll better in my bank invest
And put my principle to test,
And you can dividend partake,
Fur my bank will never b: eak.

## LINES ON THE DEATH OF A FARMER'S WIFE.

This good woman when in this life; She was kind mother and good wife, And managed her household with care, She and her husband happy pair.
And her name it will long be praised By the large fanily she has raised, She laid up treasures in the skies, And now enjoys the Heavenly prize.

She rose each morn with happy smile, And ardent all the day did toil, For work it to hor had 2 charm, And busy was each hand and arm.

## FIGHTING FOR HOME.

A hawk while soaring on the wing, O'er a tiny sparkling spring, Beheld a sleek and beauteous mink, Was enjoying a bath and drink.
And though the hawk wats bent on slaughter The mink was more at home on water, And it is strange this qurious quarrel All occurred in a sunk barrel.

In the Township of Nissouri, There the hawk it came to sorrow, But it strove often for to sink, In vain it strove to drown the mink,

Eut mink it did successful balk,

- All the attacks were made by howk, The bird was-drenched, it could not fly, And ne'er again it soared on high.


## LINES WBITTEN IN A MENTAL ALBDM.

: Where each one expressed some sentiment.
In this album you may trace,
If not the lineaments of face,
There at least you will find
Photographs of the mind.
. Some in earnest some in fun,
Some do lecture some do pun,
Here the maiden and the youth,
Each proclaim some precious tru'h.
And there is here some fine pages;
Written by maturer ages,
Where they show that time is brief, That soon comes sere and yellow leaf.

## EVERY ROSE HATH ITS THORN.

There was a maiden all forlorn, She loved a youth, his name was Thorn, But he was shy for to disclose How he loved dear the sweet May Rose:

Lustre sweet it would give to Thorn, If this fair flower would it adorn;
Said he all other names above Your charming name alone I love.

Said she of beauty 'tis soon shorn, Unless that it is joined to Thorn, It very'soon doth droop. and dien And she heaved a gentle sigh.

Said he we'll wed to-morrow morn, "No more from me you shall be torn, For you will banish all my woes, And near my heart I'll wear the rose.

Now little rose buds they are born, All clinging to the parent Thorn, In grace and beauty each ore grows, Full worthy of the sweet May Rose.

Some flowers they only shed their bioom In the sweet month of leafy June, But May doth bloom each month in year A fragrant Rose forever dear.

## DANGER OF FIRE ARMS.

Forsto save life one great solver Would be to prohibit the ievolver, Weapen of coward and of bully, Who slaughter friends in their folly.

Let now no man or any boy, With loaded arms ever toy, Showing off their manly vigor, Pointing to friend and pulling trigger.

And sending bullet through their brain, And then exclaim in mournful strain, When friends with grief they are goaded, I did not know that it was loaded.

Fire arms oft' times do bring woes, And they kill more friends than foes, Hunting now o'er fertile fields,
'fis seldom that it profit yields.

## BIRD SENT BY PROVIDENOE.

A poor man stood beside his door, His sad fate for to deplore, For landlord's heart would not relent, And seized his furniture for rent.

He hears song sweet as from fairy, And soon he sees a canary, Into his cage it did alight And poured forth notes sweet and bright.

But owner of the bird did mourn, And sadly longed for its retirn, Without it she foumd no delight, So she did landlord's bill requite.

The poor min thinks the bird was sent
By the Lord to pay up his rent, And he now stout maintains from thence That there is a kind Providence,

## HELP IN NEED.

A poor man's horse it ran away, Soon man upon the roadside lay, With his leg all badly broken, Of sympathy some gave token.

One said your trouble grieves nily heart, But with his money would not part, Another said, while heaving sighs, It brings the tears into mine eyes.

But a good true hearted man, His heart with kindness it o'er ran, The poorest man among the three, A pound he did contribute free.
Others gave in empty feelingr
But this poor man he did bring healing, The giver only Lord doth prize, Who helps afflicted for to rise.

## 0 FOR A LODGE.

- "O for $a$ lodge in some vast wilderness"

A man cried out, in his distress, For he was tired and sick of life,
And weary of this worldly strife, And longed for to be far away From the continuous daily fray.

But the fond partner of his life,

1. His own dearest, loving wife,

Those sentiments did not admire,
For fercely they did rouse her ire,
Said she, Ill never let you budge
To go and join another lodge,
Your lodges take six nights each week,
And still another lodge you seek,
Continpons abroad yoin'l roam,
And never enter your own home.

## -A BIRD'S NEST.

An old man who had charge of field, With pride he saw two birds did build, ' A broad capacious warm nest, So full of young with speckled breast,

And when the old man there did pass, They soon ran merry 'mong the grass,
But of the youth they were so shy,
They made strong efforts for to fly.
Yeuths tried with old man to prevail,
To let thein blaze away at quail,
But though they longed for a fat pot,
At them they never got a shot.
No more the old man doth them shield, For they have flown to broader field, Long may they spread their wings and tail, And may no foe them 'ere assail.

## LINES ON THE FINDING OF A YOUNG MAN'S BODY IN TORONTO BAY.

His identity was discovered by finding the maker's name on the suit $h e$ wore and by sending a strip of the cloth to the maker in Montreal.

A young man's body long it lay
In bottom of Toronto Bay,
But at last the waters bore, And raised him up near to the shore.
But no one knew his rank or station, No one knew his home or nation, But his form and dress were genteel,
And sorrow many they did feel.
Kind man took charge of the remains, And was well rewarded for his pains, So skilful he did him embalm,
Restored the features sweet and calm.
The father came and he did bless
The man who did restore the face, And saved for him his son's remains, And thuy he fame and honor gains.

## LINES ON A LAWN PARTY.

Where it was announced ten days ' previous that the cereus would bloom, August, 1888.

We own we felt a little curious, To see the rare night blooming cereus, And as if 'twas divine anointed, It came in bloom at the time appointed, And gorgeous too their oleander, None 'ere saw shrub blossomi grander.

## LINES ADDRESSED TO AN OLD BACHELOR.

In summer time we roam o'er dingle, But winter draws us round the ingle, Why do you remain thas single, When love would make two hearts tingle, Pray, tell me why my dearest wingle, With the fair you do not mingle, Better with love 'neath cot of shingle, Than all your yellow gold to jingle.

For married life you would enjoy,
And soon a little girl and boy? They would your leisare bours employ, At Christmas you could buy each toy, And fill their little hearts with joy, For their amusements never cloy, Business cares do men annoy, Child's happiness knows no alloy.

## LINES READ AT A LEDIES' AID.

After chatting with each friond, We our way to the table wend, On it we all do make a raid, And this we call a ladies' aid.
'lis pleasant way of taking tea, Improvement on the old soiree, On such a time as this I find Food for body and for mind.

Gladly all obey the call, Tu attend this pleasant social, And we hope none will lament The time and money they have spent.

## FEMALE REVENGE.

"Revenge is sweet, especially to women."-Byron.
I heard Bill say to-day, Mary, That you are a charming fairy, And that to town he'd give you drive, But just as sure as you're alive, He does intend to have the bliss, Of stealing from your lips a kiss.

I'll let him drive me now, Jane, His efforts they will all be vain, I hate him, and I him defy, And anger flashed from her eye, The monster's wiles I will defeat, Peck of strong onions I will éat.

## $\approx$ <br> LINES ON A TYPEWRITER.

Having received a letter from a gentleman glorying in his typewiter we replied as follows :

You glory in your typewriter, And its virtues you rehearse, But we prefer the old inditer, For to write either prose or verse.

And let each man work his will, But never never do abuse
The ancient and glorious quill
From the wing of a fine old goose.

## ALL MEN ARE BROTHERS.

We are in ancient stories told, All were brothers in days of öld, But these with facts they do not chime For all mankind do love the dim", And worship the mighty dollar, And admire the golden collar, The tich man's washed with whitest lime, The poor man's cover'd o'er with slime, But we should try to love each other And treat each man as our brother.

## THE GOOD MAN.

Cheerful and happy was his mood, He to the poor was kind and good, And he oft' times did find them food, Also supplies of coal and wood, He never spake a word was rude, And 'cheer'd those did o'er sorrows brood, He passed away not understood, Because no poet in his lays
Had penned a sonnet in his praise,
'Tis sad, but such is world's ways.

## hamaxams.

## LAY OF THE SPRING.

Let others sing their favourite lay, From early morn till close of day. More useful themes engage our pen, We sing the lay of our good hen.

For she doth lay each morn an egg, And it is full and large and big, A broad she doth never travel, Happy she when scratching gravel.

And she loud cackles songs of praise Every morn when e'er she lays, Proud she is when she finds pickings For to feed her brood of chickens.

It greatly puzzled her one day When she found white nest egg of clay, She knew some one did trick play her, For she was no brick laser.

Vain and stately male bird stalks, Leading his hens along the walks, Proudly each feather in his tail Makes rival roosters for to quail.

## J.AY OF TIIE SPRISG:

Our puse now soars on feathery wing, And cheerful it doth hail the spring, Bringing the sunshine and showers, Green grass and buds and leafy bowers.

So pleasant is the month of May, When bushes shoot out blooming sprày, 'Ere spring we're tired of winter's white, Spring's varied colours do delight.

## HIGH IN MASONRY.

(iive me a board so I can trace on How high I bave gone as a mason, Said worker on true square cut stone Unto some knights of good St. John.

Each one of them could trace with ease
The highest Masonic degrees.
Tell us how high then you have gone
They said to worker on cut stone.
Who said to their astonishment
To top of Washington monument,
I solemnly to you declare
And will swear to fact upon the square.
I there stood thirty-three degrees, While the mercury did freeze, And none of you will have desire In masonry for to go higher.

## Tates.

## TRAMP AND FISH.

A hungry tramp did long for dish, And he stole a big bunch of fish, But he full soon did come to grief, He was quick captured as a thief.

And brought before the magistrate, So judge he would pronounce his fate, Judge asked him how he came by fish, The thief said for them he did wish, The best fish ever came from brook, I own, my Lord. I did them hook, Said constable, he speaks what's true, And you must give the devil his due.

Then judge did constable rebuke, He owns fish if he did them hook, He has not broken any clause I know of in our fishery laws.

Unless you can show this reason, He has hooked them out of season, Your duty you have thus mistook, For man had right the fish to hook.

Fishing here it is not treason, Him you had no right to seize on, And when the poor man did fish hook, - He had a right the same to cook.

## SEAL FISHiNG AND HONTING.

Where frosts doth northern bays congeal,
There you will find the finest seal,
They do pursue them o'er each bay
From early dawn till close of day.
$*$
The Indians display great zeal, Engaged in hanting of the seal, And ladies love for to display Their seal furs from this fampous bay;
'Most precious of all furs is seal,
Their flesh is good as finest veal,
And the seal it is a squatter,
Lives on either land or water.

The Indian boys happy feel, When they capture the young seal, They do seem so happy ever, Sailing o'er each bay and river.

They train them their canoes to tow, And o'er the waters merry go, Full quick to right or left they wheel, Guided by reins the docile seal.

Like lad on colt without a saddle, These youths use no osr nor paddle, But swift o'er water rushes keel, For 'tis propelled by the fast seal.


> To Uncle Sam we do appeal,
> How can you own the whole sea's seal, Apd at the same time claim our cod, If from the shore a mile abrcad.

## SNAKE AND ITS YOUÄG.

There is a peculiar snake,
You might almost call it squatter,
It loves to dive in pond or lake,
At home on either land or water.

But it excited my good dog
To see small snakes bask in the sun,
. Enjoying themselves on a big log,
? Near into where the water run.

But their mother she was watching
Her numerous brood on the log.
She thought to them was danger hatching,
When she beheld myself and dog.
For she gave a hissing sound,
All her offispring to awąke,
She ope'd her mouth and at a bound,

- Down her throat did rush each snake.

I scarcely my own eyes could trust,
To see those small snakes disappear,
I really thought that she would burst,
For the sake of her offspring dear.
But I-soon hid among the brakes,
To riew the young ones leave their prison,
Will you believe this tole of snakes,
If I did count right just four dozen.

## WHALE AND ITS FOES.

Six hundred miles north of Cape Flattery, On sea there seemed a floating battery. And stream of blood did dye the water, Sailors wondered what was the matter.

But they soon saw a great sword fish With its bayonet nake a quick rush, Into which proved to be large whale, And thrasher too did it assail.

The whale dived deep to save its life, But thrasher eager for the strife, K new whale must rise for to get breath, Then it would thrash the whale to death.

At last the great whale it arose, And in distress it spouts and blows, In anger sweeps its mighty tail, Defensive weapon of the whale.

But thrasher high in air did leap, And fell on monster of the deep, The sword fish then it did advarce, - And assaulted it with its lance.

Thus united foes soon do prevail,
And quick there floated a dead whale, The thrasher now victorious winner,
From off the whale expected dinner.

- But ship's erew they secured the prize, Whale bone and blubler monster size, Others fought but they only reap, The spoils of mammoth of the deep.


## TIGER AND ELEPHANT.

On Ganges banks roams the tiger,

- And lion rules by the Niger,

Hunter heard shrill cry of peacocks, In Indian jungles go in flocks.,

And he saw tiger crouch and spring, To crush a bird with beauteous wing, But the tiger missed his aim, And he hung his head with shame.

Then there came a mighty crush, Of elephants rush through the bush, The tiger cat-like crouched on ground, And elephants rushed in with bound.

In front was baby elephant, To crush its bones did tiger want, But mother saw fierce forest ranger, And she gave a cry of danger.

Leader of herd he madly rushed, Resolved the tiger should be crushed, But tiger strove to run away, Willing to relinquish prey.

- But when he found that he must fight, On elephant's back he strove to light, But elephant struck him with his foot, And then with tusks he did him root.

So now once more must praise be sung,
To beasts who nobly fight for: young, And grateful feelings were now stirred, Towards the leader of the herd.

## STRANGE LIFE PRESERVER.

A sailor he was swept from deck, In minute he seem'd as a speck, Tossing on each briny wave, They feared the sea would be his grave.

Though they full quickly launched the boat, They could not see where he did float,
He now was a long ways astern, His whereabouts they could not learn.

But while he on the waves did toss, He was seized by great Albatross, Who had been looking round in quest Of something whereon it could rest.*

It hover'd o'er him with its wings, And its great webb feet on him clings, And it tore him with its sharp bfak, For it was longing for some steak.

But sailor seized it by the throat, And found with ease he then could float, So sailor's life was saved by loss
Of the life of the Albatross.

The boat's crew found him none too soon, For he had fallen iuto a swoon, Him they would not have come across Had they not seen the Altatross.

And thus poor Jack his life was saved, For fierce rage of bird he braved,
Though in a faint he still did cling,
One arm round neck and one round wing.
strange life preserver.
For as a friend he did hug close That fine large bird the Albatross, Sailors row comrade back to ship, Where he relates his wondrous trip...

Sailors fear that many a cross $\dagger$ Will fall on crew kill Albatross, This was slain in self defence, And so no harm it came from thence.
"The lone Albatross incumbent on the air."
*Accörding to E. A. Poe the Albatross sleeps in air.
$\dagger$ See Coleridge's Ancient Mariner for the calamity befell a crew/ for wantonly killing this bird.

## VIRTUES OF A DIAMOND RING.



Of the strange virtues of a ${ }^{*}$ ring,
In simple strains we now will sing, Brave warrior of ancient France, Where danger was he did advance.

But he at last was struck by ball And on the battle field did fall, They dug for him a shallow grave
And slightly cover'd warrior brave.
But his servant man with warm heart,
Loathed with his master thus to part,
So he moved soil from where he lay
And found a lump of lifeless clay.

THE VIRTCES OF. A DIAMOND RING.

He turned away in sad despair,
That could not be his master fair,
That famed brave youth of noble birth,
Now all stained o'er with blood and earth.

As he begins to move away
The moon reflects on brilliant ray, From diamond ring on dead man's finger
The servant now doth fondly linger.
For he knows it's his master's ring, And hopes to life he may him bring,
In finger he discovers heat
And hopes his heart it still inay beat.
Though surgeons they pronounce him dead, For long he bathes his breast and head, And slowly master did restore
To fight more brave than he had before.
And now this tale to close we bring,
Of warrior saved by a ring,
Full oft again to fight for king,
His praise his countrymen they sing.

## CHILD SAVED BY DOG.

Johnston he is an engineer,
He always looks if track is clear,
For he hath a keen eafle èye,
Danger afar he doth espy.
And he hath too a warm true heart, Of others woes he shares a part; One day he gazed far down the line;
And a large dog he could define.
So eager busy on the track, In mouth it seemed to lift a pack, But it oftentimes did fail For to raise it oer the rail.

The engineer put on his steam And he loud made his whistle scream, So that the dog would take alarm And thus preserve his life from harm.

This noble dog, it feared not danger, Fear to him it was a stranger, His mistress child he wished to save, And all the danger he would brave.

Ilis last great effort did prevail, He raised it safe beyond the rail, Into a snug and hollow spot,
A place seem'd formed for a child's cot.
This dog of noble mastiff breed, For his own safety took no heed, But at approaching train did bark, To make them to his troubles hark.

The engineer did sad bewail, To see the dog still on the rail, A moment more the beast is slain, Cut in two by the cruel train.

The engineer now shuts offosteam
For to investigate the theme, That caused the dog to die at post, Finds to save child its life it lost.

Faithful in the cause of duty,
Saving life of little beauty,
A little darling three year old,
Miore precious than her weight in gold.
Oq track she wandered for to play,
But soon she in quiet slumber lay,
And all the efforts of old Towser,
Were not able to arouse her.
The mother now in agony wild,
Rushed down to train to find her child,
There she found it sweetly slèeping,
While some for faithful dog were weeping.
And a brave man was engineer,
For he himself knew not of fear,
But his heart was thlled with pain,
Because, the noble dog was slain.

## LEACH THE ENGINEER.

The engineer who drives the train, From scalds he oft doth suffer paín, And they are more noble scars, Thạn birelińgs gain in foreign wars.

Our herc's name should live forever, Train wrecked in Columbia River, And fatal scalded was Frank Leach, In mid the river far from beach.

Heroic deed it should be sung. Though his flesh in ribbons hung, He saw a man who could not swim, And be resolved to rescue him.

And success his efforts crowned, He saved the man from ,being drowned, For hin upon his back he bore, And.boldly swàm with him to shore.

Heroic deed we now enroll, And grave it deep on fame's scroll; For this great truth we wish to teach, High 'mong our heroes ranks Frank Leach.

Whet he had but short time to live, His strength and skill he both did give, His poor fellow man to save, From laying in a watery grave.

The heroes oft in days of old,

- Were those who hired to fight for gold,

But the true heroes we revere
Doth fight for home and country dear.

## JAGKAL AND CHILD.

In the great Province of Bengal, The scavenger is the Jackal, For it doth love each night to feast, On the carrion of some beast.

The atench of which pollutes the air, But to this beast tis sweet and fair,
Carcass to it is source of wealth, Jackals promote the public health.

When the "Seapoys" did rebel, A strange ad venture child befell, An English Colonel and his wife, They thought still distant was the strife.

And left their little girl at home, While they to distant village roam : And thus saved their lives from slaughter, But rebeis carried off their daughter.

Their servant woman, a Hindoo,
They knew her to be kind and true,
It almost drove her crazy wild,
To see them dragging off the child.
The Colonel soon he doth return,
And in his breast fierce rage doth burn, He knows the child is doomed to die, But he the rebels will defy.

So quick he doth gird on his sword,
And asks for blessings from the Lord,
He puts his pistols in their case,
And carries with him trusty brace.


## LITTLE HERO.

'Mong silver hills of Nevada There is many a wild bravado, Who oft indulge in lawless vice, And there are pearls of great price.

Rough hearts, but true at the core,
There is the genaine silver ore,
But it needs skill of the refiner
To find pure gems in the miner.
Far from their home two children stray, Among the mountains far away, The eldest of these travellers bold,
Jaek Smith he was but six years old.

So far poor children went abroad, That loth at last they lost their road, But their good dog the trusty Rover, By scent and search doth them discover.

Their friends they search for them in vain, Dark night comes on and heary rain : . And sarage wolves around them howl, But they fear Rovers bark and growl.

On the third day the searchers hark For sounds and they hear Rover's bark, Joyous that boys were alive, And that though feeble they survive.

Miners they left their silver ore, And for more precious pearls explore, And when the children they discover, Tis unbounded then their pleasure.

## LITTLE MERO.

The eldest little hero bold
Had stripped his coat to keep the cold From little brother three years old,
A worthy deed should be extolled.
From home they were many a league,
And weak with hunger and fatigue,
Each clung upon a miner's back,
On their way home down mountain track:


## GRAY HAIRS.

Once on a time a lady quarrelled With the witty Douglass Jerrold, Because that he had been so bold, , To hint that she was growing old.

She said her hair was dark 'till one day
She used an essence turned it gray,
$O$, yes, said he, tincture of time
Affects the hair in this our clime.

## GOOD SHOT.

At great reunion of the South, Of those had faced the cannon's mouth,
Where each c uuld show a glorious scar He had received in the war.

And there was an artillery major, Said he, I am free to wager
I fired the best shot in the war,
And fame of it was heard afar.

The Federals fired at us a shell, And near our battery it fell, It gave us momentary alarm, But it caused us little harm.

For the fuse it ceased to burn,
And I resolved shell to return
To the same spot from whence it came, I put in fuse was sure to flame.

From mortar's mouth it went forth
Seeking for vengeance on the North, And this swift messenger from South It entered their great cannon's mouth.

And blew the gun all into atoms, Which left desolate many homes,
Bat North had justice on her side.
In trath and virtue was her pride.
And high Heaven had well decreed That the poor slave he should be freed, And even the South doth prosper more With freedom than she did before.

## LOST SON FOUND.

An English ship when homeward bound; Near to its port was shipwrecked found, For it had struck a sunken rock, And was slowly sinking from the shock.

In port they quick did man life boat, Which o'er tempestuous sea did float, They rescued all the crew, save one, And were content with what they done.

But they had not their captain, Harry, Who on the shore was forced to tarry, And knew not of the disaster, So crew had worked without a master.

But when he heard of the shipwreck, And that a man was left on deck, He quickly hurried the boat's crew For to again attempt his rescue.

But earnestly his old mother, Reminded him of his lost brother, Perhaps drowned in fóreign sea, She cried, son, stay and comfort me.

But wreck they reach and rescue man, And thrill of joy o'er city ran, When it was found 'twas Harry's brother, Had returned to comf rt mother.

Thus providence rewards the brave Who staive their fellow men to save, The mother's griefs it did assuage, And happy now is her old age.

## SHOE BLACK.

Gent on sidewalk held out his font While boy in gutter brushed his boot, But at this time, how sad, alas, An unruly horse did o'er him pass.

The child for friends he sad did lack, They said he was but a shoeblack, Kind hearted man the poor child bore, To a soft cot in back of store.

And brought from hospital ward A skilful nurse the lad to guard, She often listened for his breath, As he was passing the vale of death.

But, poor child, once he ope'd his eyes, And he looked round in great surprise, Feebly he asked, heaving a sigh, Where in the world now am I.

The tender nurse bent o'er his face, And said, dear boy, youre in good place, She asked his name, he said it was Tom, And that for long he had no home.

And since his mother was stricken dead, He had not once roposed in bed, And while suffering child did rack, He eagerly asked will mother come back.

The nurse she gently answered, na, But, to your dear mother you can go, In his last sleep he had a dream,
Shining up boots it was his theme.
He soon awoke and called out, mother, I see you and little brother,
Christ, I know, has me forgiven, For they are beckoning me to Heaven.

## DUCK AND OYSTER.

Once on a time there lived a duck, And by its fishing it did thrive;
So one day it longed to suck An oyster and for one did dive.

The oyster near shore lay open, - The duck, its gizzard for to fill, Resolved that he would pop in Between the shells his sharp bill.

And then he would have glorious treat, But oyster closed on it its shell,
And duck it got no oyster meat,
Bút worse than that the duck befell.

This oyster was so very large,
It held the duck's head under water,
And towed small oysters like a barge,
Each one clung to it like squatter.
Duck it died of too much moisture,
And it floated towards the beach, And to its bill clung big oyster,

Sticking to it like a horse leach.

On the shore there stood a shyster, Watching fat duck floating to him, And the wondrous big oyster, How fine it would be to stew them.

Alas the duck lost its dinner,
And at the same time lost its life, But on it dined a hungry sinner,

Who did reap all the spoils of strife.

## DUCK AND OYSTER

For when the duck to land did float, It towed small oysters not a few, For it sailed like to a boat, With fat duck pie and oyster stew.

None can the poor duck's fate bewail, $\backslash$ For it reckoned without its host, It strove for conquest and did fail, Fighting for spoil it battle lost.

You see the wild duck did not know,
When it attacked the big oyster, It had to fight a numerous foe, Of these shell tish a whole cluster.

Borne feathers on briny billow, They were full of springy down,
And they made a glorious pillow,
Where fellow he could rest his crown.
This chap he did not plow nor sow,
But from sea and land he did reap
The wealth that others caused to grow,
And thus he treasures up did heap:


## BABY DARLiNG.

A miner in California mine,
For his distant home he did repine,
In a far off Eastern state,
Where did live his own, dear mate.

And one great source of all his joy,
His little darling baby boy,
One night to drive his cares away
To concert hall his footsteps stray.

And loud resounding o'er the hall, He heard a little boy squall, The sweetest music he e'er heard, Sweeter far than singing bird.

For his thoughts it caused to roam, To his distant eastern home, Near to the mine there were no trase Of baby dear or womans face.

When violinist with his bow Did make exquisite music flow, The miner he did loudly bawl Stop fiddle and let baby squall.

My sad heart his cries doth cheer, Reminding me of my own dear,
For sooner I would him behold,
Than if I found a mine of gold.

For what are all the joys of life, So far away from child and wife, But few more nionths I will stay here Then join my wife and balby dear.

## BIDING AN AVALANCHE.

With our Canadian snuw shoes, O'er'snow you walk where'er you choose, But on long shoes Norwegian
They are like narrow toboggan.
And-all your movements you control By , aid of a stout long pole, With it you balance or propel But we show now whas once befell.

Two miners full of pluck and game, Wished to iocate a mining claim, On a high steep mountain crest In Colorado of the West.

Though snow was deep they would attempt
Their good nine for to pre-empt, So up the mountain they do climb,
Covered o'er with snow and rime.

Norwegian shoes slide over the snow, High and higher still they go, One was two hundred yards ahead, Till snow gives way where he doth tread.

Which quickly starts an avalanche, He seizes on a stout tree branch, But all in vain he rushes fast, His snow shoes in the avalanche,

His friend on shoes Norwegian, -
Like lightning down the hill he ran,
Or rather o'er the ice did glide
Down the long steep and glassy slide.

## RIDING AN AVALANCIIE.

And after him the Avalanche, Tearing up trees both root and branch, The man on Avalanche doth yell
To lis friend you are doing well.
With your shoes Norwegian, Swifter than a toboggan, Go on, go on, yólill win the race, For we are slack'ning in our pace.

But, alas : poor runner feels
The Avalanche doth touch his hels, Shall he be buried in the mass, Or will the vast pile oer him pass.

He stops quite sudden 'neath a rock, It passed o'er him with mighty shock, Though it did cause him great alarm, Yet still he was all safe from harm.

The Avalanche yet downward slides, And his friend on it he rides, Until it safely him doth launch On outer edge of his own ranch.

After three miles down the gulch, They both might have been crushed to mulch, The one he seemed to run a race, While one on Avalanche did chase.

But it was not for bravado, One rode, one run in Colorado,
For it was desperate the strife
-Each had for to secure his life.
This tale of shoes Norwegian Is not for the collegian, But for such youths as do take pride In reading of a wondrous slide.
FINAL ADDRESS TO OUR PATRONS.

To those who have so cheerfully subscribed for our poetic works at this early stage, and whose names have been obtamed in this town, we feel ourselves deeply indebted; and it affords us great pleasure to record their names:-Dr. McKay, M.P.P.; Thomas Se!don, mayor; Joseph Gibson, postmaster; Dr. Williams, reeve; Walter Mills; Wm. Ewart, Thomas Brown, George Brown, Dr.Dickson, G. Alderson, William Watterworth, Dr. Canfield, James Smith, Peter Stuar', A. Grant, W. Partlo, Noxon Bros., Samuel, Stephen, T. H. and W. R. Nexon, C. E. Chadwick, J. A. Richardson, C. Simpson, James Brady, Peter Kennedy, M. T. Buchanan, W. A. Sudworth, C. Kennedy, II. Brooke, A. Pearson, John R. Warnock, Evans Piano Company, James Kirby, Dr. Carroll, Stephen King D. Kerr \& Co, W. Underwood, M. Walsh, J. S. Smith, W. McBain, James Mchay, John Boles, J. E. Boles, J. C. Norsworthy, James Stevens, Angus McLeod, G. A. Turner, David White, James Sinclair, A. MIurdoch, W. Woolson, William Dundass, James Badden, W. H. Jones, A. N. Christopher, G. A: Rose, L. Thompson, James Chambers, J. W. Marsden, Dr. Kester, A. D. Hoagg, W. C. Bell, F. Richardson, H. Richardson, John Morrow, O. E. Robinson, J. F. Morrey, W. Thompson, W. Gibson, G. H. Sharp, W. Hook, D. Secord, N. H. Bartley, W. Beckes; H. D. McCarty, John Ross, J. T. Malone, James H. Noe, L. ${ }^{\top}$ Nèe, G. Bloor, C. Bloor, T H. Barraclough, T. F. Fawkes, J. Stephenson, J. H. Berry, Paul Berry, Hault Manufacturing Co., Dr. Walser, H. E. Robinson; T. H. Torren, W. Briden, John Birss, David Garlick, William Noxon, W. A. Knox, C. R. Patience, E. H. Hugill, J. A. Young, D. I. Sutherland, D. M. Suther-

FINAL ADDRESS TO OUR PATRONSS.
land, W. Thompson, R. McNiven, E. Livens, E. M. Walker, H. R. Cotton, D. W. Augustine, R. Gemmell, C. W. Wuldron, J. W. Browett, F. H. Young, G. F. Clark, G. F. Mason, G. R. Thompson, W. A. Sinclair, W. Moore. James Kay, E. Caldwell, W. Davidson, G. McBurney, John Husband, I. A. Skinner.

Our dairy friends whose names appear on page 68 responded aimost unanimous and the cheese buyers Messrs. Riley, Cook and Simister, manifested a similar spirit: To Podmore and Wilson of Grant \& Co. we are also indebted.. Several ex-wardens of the county are on our list, and James Sutherland, M.P., B. Hopkins, Gordon Cook, T. R. Mayberry, G. Walker, R. Wilson, J. C. Harris, W. Nancekivell, G. Chambers, R. Mayberry, Andrew Mitchell and J. H. Rowse, are among our country friends, and those prominent cheesemakers Ireland and Wooliever.

But as the printers are awaiting this sheet we must now close this list.
~ Now to our friends who proved so true.
We bid you for short time adien.
Those who may wish to procure a copy of this book will receire one neatly bound in cloth, with postage prepaid thereon, by remitting us One Dollar.

JAMES McINTYRE, Ingersoll, Canada.



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# THE RISE AND PROGRESS 

## Canadian *. Cheese * Trade 6

DESCRIPTIVE POEMS AND TALES.

## CARD OF THANKS TO THE PRESS.



The first portion of this work was received by the press in such a pleasant kind manner that I have ever since felt myself under obligations to the gentlemen connected with this.
> " Lever of more might in skiiful hand
> To move the world than Archimedes e're planned."

And as these simple verses in this little volume will probably be our last effort, we hope the press will overlook the rudeness of the construction of the lines herein contained. We trust we will be pardoned for the vanity and folly of expressing this hope as we have written a good deal about the Thames and following subjects.

It is folly now to aim
Or to seek for distant fame,
But rest content if we can claim
Something of a local name.
On the pleasant banks of Thame,
Because in simple strains we sung
The glories of this country young.
Of cows, and milk, and cream and cheese
And of fat steers sent o'er the seas,
Of horses plowing land-with ease,
Of hogs and sheep and hens and bees,
Themes worthy of our songs and glees.
In this book a good many stories in rhyme are only garns for the boss.

JAMES McINTYRE,
Ingerbsoll; Ont., 1891.

## AN ADDRESS TO THE ṔUBLIC.

Having reserved one half of my last edition of poems in an unbound staie and as I have written a good many pieces since, I thought it would improve the appearance of the book to add this small volume thereto. The Marquis of Lorne in a romance he has recently published about the North West, says: None but enthusiastic gentlemen with more enthpsiasm than ballast in their composition dreamed of the Canadian Pacific Railway before 1860, but as we had written predicting the abolishing of the Hudson Bay company and its becoming a portion of the Dominion of Canada, and the connection by rail, we thought it might interest some to publish a portion of the poem here, it appeared in The Ingersoll Chronicle August 20th, 1858-33 years ago

## LINES ON CANADA.

A land o'er flowing with milk and honey Whére the industrious may gather money, Here men do not rank for wealth they inherit, The stamp of nobility is one of nerit.

Though we cannot boast of antiquities old We truly can boast of mines of pure gold, And the discoveries at Fraser River Hudson Bay monopoly to pieces will shiver.

For Britain at present little would move her To present to Canada Hudson Bay and Vanconver, Then she woald be a yowng giant empire As great as a Briton could well desire.

Therr with the whole of British America
United hy railroad as well as by law, Proudly we might with banners unfurled Proclaim her the great highway of the world.

As we began this volume with ane of our earliest pieces on Canada we give here one of our most recent pieces on the same subject.

## THE GLÓRIOUS LAND OF MAPLE LEAF.

Come let us join the tuneful throng And sing a new Canadian song, As this great lands of woods and lakes Sweet melody in us awakes, For of all land this is the chief This glorious land of maple leaf.

It is land of streams and rivers And the land of toiling beavers, More noble emblems we rely on Than preying eagle, bear or lion, True, worthy honours are not brief, But flourish shall the maple leaf.

For the grand maple wood is strong And labour ranks high in our song So let us glory in our soil Where nature doth reward for toil, And ever banish all our grief Rejoicing in our maple leaf.

With gloom we should not be o'ercast
For we have a young empire vast,
Awaiting only for the plough
When all with wealst it will endow,
Then of all lands 'twill be the chief
This glorious land of maple leaf.

## $20: ;$

## CANADIAN CHEESE TRADE.

Owing to the deep interest I bave taken in the pasture lands and the cows grazing thereon, along the pleasant streams, where geese and ducks sported in the pleasant waters, I have been so delighted with the pictorial beauty of the picturesque rural landscape that the thoughts thereof have been a perpetual joy to me and it has gradually drawn me to sing of milk, and cream and cheese, which is now the chief export of Canada. I wrote the following lines many years ago referring to the skilful hands and cultivated mind had enabled her to produce cheese of the finest grade :

> When Ranney left his native state
> With his industrious, skilful mate, They settled down in Dereham Then, no dairymen lived near them.

As a controversy had arisen about who was the person entitled to the rank of the pioneer of cheese making and as I was aware that Mrs. Ranney was enjoying good health, and managing her own business, and answering ber own correspondence, I requested her to state her experience as a cheesemaker and when she began to manufacture in Canada. She stated in reply that she came to Dereham township, Oxford county, near Ingersoll, in the year 1834 and that she had made cheese for ten years before that time in the States for the Boston market. She began in this neighborhood with a few cows and gradually increased her stock until in the year 1838 she had 25 gows and in the year 1855 her herd numbered 102 cows. She was then sending her cheese to Toronto, Hamilton, London, Brantford and Gueiph. A few years ago her son-in-law, the late James Harris, built a factory on her farm, and Mr. Farrington, originator of the factory system in Canada, was also connected with her family. Mr. Harris was the manufacturer of the mammoth cieese which weighed nearly four tons and all of it a uniform
fine quality and colour. It entered Ingersoll drawn by four large grey teams in a triumphal procession, and it was received in Liverpool with even more regal honours.

It sailed with triumph o'er the seas, 'Twas hailed with welcome queen of cheese.

Mrs. Ranney was born in the first year of this century and is healthy, happy and cheerful in her 92 nd year. ' I visited her recently and she hopes I will have success with this book. Her husband, and James Harris and Mr. Farrrington have all passed away to the spirit land. Mrs. Ranney resides in the village of Salford, where a tne, new Methodist chürch was lately erected and arrangements are now being made to build a new Baptist parsonage. About a mile east of the vilInge is what is said to be a small bottomless swamp over which is a floating bridge which sometimes becomes submerged.

Two miles south, the Reynold's creek extension ditches are gradually drying up the great. Dereham swamp and transforming it into fertile farms, but the people in some portions of Dorchester would prefer the stream to be diverted elsewhere than through their township.

Ingersoll 30 years ago was the centre from which radiated the light and refulgence of the cheese knowledge.
'Here were the books, the arts, the academies, that showed, contained and nourished the cheese factory industries."

And one of the earliest visitors in search of light, was him who now is the Honourable Thomas Ballantyne, who is fully entitled to front rank as a promoter and sustainer of the factory system, and the beneficial legislation which has been procured for its protection has been secured by him.

Early and bright in bygone years
One of a noble forn appears, Resolved the milk flood shall go forth. Flowing o'er his county to the north, Now Perth has cheese crop large and fine
Thanks to cheese champion Ballantyne.
!
A. few years ago Mr. Ballantyne was applied to by a gentleman from the dairy district of Scotland, wishing him to recommend a cheese instructor from Canada for their institute, he selected Mr. Drummond who is married to one of Ingersoll's fair daughters, and owns a beautitiful home here. He formerly successfully carried on factories in this neighbourhood which were models of neatness and of system. Mr. Drummond resides here in the winter season and harecently purchased a fine residence in this town. He has elevated the standard quality of cheese in Scotland to the first rank.


## PECULIARITIES OF OXFORD COUNTY, ITS NUMEROUS WINDMILLS.

It would ine amusing to many, if Don Quixote flourished at the present time and rode through this county bestride his fiery charger, couching his lance and clapping spurs to his steed and tilting his spear at the giants of his imagination, the windmills, for there is not a county in Canada that contains as many of those useful water pumpers. We could point out some spots near the cross roads where eight mills can be seen at a glance round.
> 'Tis charming for to view windmill, Picturesque in vale or hill. Forcing up a sparsling rill, And cows enjoy with right good will Clear water brewed in nature's still, And of it they do drink their fill.

No wonder they can make with ease In Oxford world renowned cheese, For cows enjoy the clear pure stream With rich, sweet grass makes best of cream.

Cow, you must treat her as a queen, When grass is dry cut her feed green, Its benéfits will quick be seen For she is a grand milk machine ; The system it.is called soiling, But it repays for extra toiling.

## PROPHEOY OF A TEN TON CHEESE.

In presenting this delicate, dainty morsel to the imagination of the people I believed it could be realized. I viewed the machine that turned and raised the mammoth cheese, and saw the powerful machine invented by James Ireland at the West Oxford companies factory to turn the great und fine cheese he was making there. This company with but little assistance could produce a ten ton cheese.

Who hath prophetic vision sees
Iu future times a ten ton cheese, Several companies could join To furnish curd for great combine, More honor far than making gun Of mighty size end many a ton.

Machine it could be made with ease That could turn this monster cheese, The greatest honour to our land Would be this orb of finest brand,

## 1 Three hundred curd they would need squeeze

 For to make this mammoth cheese.So British lands could confederate * Three hundred provinces in one state, When all in harmony agrees
To be pressed in one like this cheese, Then one skilful hand could aequire Power to move British empire.


But various curds must be combined And each factory their curd must grind, To blend harmonious in one This c-gat cheese of mighty span, A):- . . aiform in quadlity A glorious reality.

## prophrcy of a ten ton cherse.

> But it will need a powerful press This cheese queen for to caress, And a large extent of charms Hoop will encircle in its arms, And we do not now despair, But we shall see it at world's fair.?

> And view the people all agog. so Excited o'er it in Chicago, To seek fresh conquests queen of cheese She may sail across the sers, Where she would neet reception grand From the warm hearts in old England:


## LOW PRIOE OF CHEESE.

When the price of cheese was so low that the farmers threatened to kill or sell off their cows, we circulated the following lines freely among them :

Price soon will rise though now 'tis low And brooks of milk will onward flow, Were they collected in one stream There would be floods of milk and cream.

## AN AVERAGE RULE TO JUDGE OF OHEESE

An average rule it will be found
Ten pounds of milk will make one pound
Of cheese, will sell in numbers round Wholesale at ten cents a pound.

In season, factory can with ease
Make quarter million pounds of cheese,
Which doth sum up the figures grand
In dollars, twenty-five thousand.
Judge of the stream of milk doth flow To factories in Ontario,
Where they number one thousand
Scattered o'er this fair, fertile land.

One company hath branches near
Makes o'er one million pounds a year;
They fill an order in a trice
And thus obtain a higher price.
So quickly they can make car load
To fill an orȧer from abroad;
Advantage cheese has over grain
In shipping it across the main

It is great saving in the freight,
Its value is six times as great
Each pound, as barley, wheat or peas.
So it pays best to ship the cheese.

# ADDRESS TO THE DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION FEB., 1891. 

## Dairymen,s association

Leading feeders of our nation, Whan they promote this grand combine
To raise good cows and fatten swine.

The cow doth now enjoy her hay, But longs for snow to pass away, So she o'er pasture lands can stray, She dearly loves the month of May.

Great source of wealah the cows do yield, While they do roam o'er grassy field, Along the banks of crystal stream, Which makes our cheese so rich with cresm.

And the pigs, they may enjoy their whey Which makes them grow without delay, In the sections they mate cheese For it with the hog agrees.

It doth expand them every way, Peas and coarse grain urakes fat to stay, And to bian slops they won't say nay, 'Mong grass they love to root away.

But the pigs; they should all be sold Before that they are nine months' old,
For then they make delicious meat,
So young, and tender and so sweet.
At the great pork factory of Grant
Big fat hogs no more they want,
But all the young pigs you can rear,
Two hundred thousaind every year.

# $\lambda$ <br> <br> THE MAMMOTH CHEESE AND CHEESE FACTORIES. 

 <br> <br> THE MAMMOTH CHEESE AND CHEESE FACTORIES.}
~ Among the first who took stock in The mammoth cheese, were Bros. Noxon; They made the great hoop and the screw, And the strong treck which the mighty drew.

Though we have described the above cheese as mighty, yet it did not contain a single mite.

The late Daniel Phelan took a deep interest in the great cheese, and in promoting chesse factories, he beciame wealthy and died in Woodstock. Mr. Robert Facy was the cheesemaker at Mr. Harris Factory the time when the big cheese was made.

In dairy progreas we do trace the Mammoth curd to Robert Facey ; His perseverence all dohonor, The Harrietsville Factory owner.

THE CENTENNIAL PRIZE WINNER.
Reflecting back our thoughts do run To him Centennial prize did won; Hightest honor it was gained by Dunn, The owner of the Factory's son.

The above factory is now the Morth Oxford Company's.

The Western Cheese District bas the following centree : Ingersoll, London, Stratiord, Listowel and Weodstock.

Brockville and Belleville are in Eastern District.

James F. Williams, of Culloden, is a very successful cheese Inspector and instructor of cheese-makers. His fnther, the late James Williams, was the chief promoter of the Culloden Factory ; and the late James V. Bodwell occupied the same position in the Mount Elgin Company. Among the Dereham Cheese Pioneers none stood higher than the late Charles Wilson, who ran a factory for many years. Himself and brothers all acquired wealth by their industry and good management. The family have numerous relatives and connections among the dairymen and staunch yeomanry of this country. A few of the names we give : Nancekivell, Cook, Colins, Gregg, Elliott, Prouse, Partlo, Seldon, and Banbury. The enterprising Reeve, Nancekivell, organized a company which superceded with its larger factory the one owned by Mr. Wilson in the snme locality. The old Collins Factory is now owned by Mr. Prouse.

The Ingersoll Factory Buildings-were removed to Thamesford. The Gallowny Finctory is now known as the West Oxford Company's Factory. The Maple Leaf was Jarvis Factory, and the Elliott West Zorra Factory is now the Red Star. The old names will be found on page 69 of this book, in a Tour of the Factories in rhyme in the song of Father Ranney.

On page 68 the names of the salesmen two years ago will be found. There have been some changes since, which are given here. Mr. C. Horsman is salesman for the Kintore Fnctory ; George Alderson for the Nissouri ; L. Price for the Mount Elgin ; and P. Dunn for the North Oxford. The ever active Benjamin Hopkins represents the Brownsville, Culloden, Campbellton, and Bayham Branch Factories. J. P. Harris is salesman for Lawson's ; Mr. Ed. Hunter owns the Harris Strect Factory and is salesman ; Mr. Wooliver is salesman for the Avon. The Gore Factory is now owned by Mr. George Myres ; Mr. Hopkins is salesman. "The Firby Factory salesman is Mr. Bearss.

Mr. John Adams was a promitent dairyman in Nissouri a quarter of a century ago. His old Factory is now. known ae the Nissouri.

As we claim Ingersoll to be the centre of Dairyland, here is the proof : In the morning you can start from here by the Culloden road, and visit the Dereham and West Oxford Factory; next the Wilkinson
and half a mile further the Verschoyle Factory, both located in Verschoyle. Then you see next the Culloden Factory, and two miles further the Brownsville Factory. You can then circle to the East, taking in the Cambelltwn Factory on the Tilsonburg Road. On your way north call at Prouse's Factory, and also at the Mount Elgin Fac. tory; not forgetting the Salford Factory. A circle of a few miles east takes in the Derehrm and Norwich Union; and next in order Lawson's, after which you view the fnmous West Oxford Factory. By returning to the Tilsonburg Gravel Road, you can embrace the Harris Street Factory, returning to Ingersoll in the evening.

The next morning you can visit the dairy district to the north of the town, calling first at the North Oxford Factory, next the Zorra Factory on the Embro gravel Road ; further north is the Cold Spring Factory, famous for its trout pond. The Lakeside Factory ' must also be visited, and the Red S ar owned by the famed cheese-maker James lreland. The Nissouri and two factories of Kintore are also to be visited, and on your way south call at the. Thamesford Factory; and see Mr. Caddy at the Maple Leaf Factory. Then you will have seen the most of the Oxford County Factories in the Ingersoll district.

On the third morning you can extend your visit to portions of Middlesex and Elgin, which are embraced in the Ingersoll district.

Taking the London Gravel to Dorchester Station Factory, where Mr. Monck will be pleased to see you, after which you can circle south to Belmont Factory, then on esst to Lyons, , after which you embrace Harrietsiville and Avon Factories. Returning north on your way to Jngersoll, you can view the Burnside and the Gore Factories.

The greater number of those Factories are less than ten miles from Ingerso 1 , and few towns have such favorable surroundings.

I have endeavored to point out the value of soiling and the silo. I believe twice 'as many cows could be kept on the same number of acres if they were not allowed to tread so much under their feet, but have more green feed cut and fed to them. I have frequently written about the importance of keeping the pans clean.

You must careful everyday,
Scald milk cans that carry whey ;
And if you do not them well scour,
Your milk it quickly will get sour.
$\angle L I N E S$ ON A HOG.
Weighing one housand pounds, and measuring seven feet nine inches in length.

Pig had to do some rootine work,
To make one thousand pounds of pork ;
Our stomach it doth not incline,
To eat a hog seven feet nine.
On smaller pig wo love to dine, And it we do enjoy so fine, For big fat hog we don't repine, Let others eat enormous swine.


LINES ON A BIG OX.
Said to be 18 feet long-On exhibition at the Western Fair, Sept. '85.
The Statememt doth me surprise, Sir,
Which I read in Advertiser;
Can it be true or but an hoax,
This tale of eighteen feet long ox ?
It almost doth exceed belief,
This great living; mammoth beef;
I fear the messurement will fail, Unless extended in its tail.

## LINES WRITTEN TO ALDERMAN FRANKLAND.

## 1890

I sent a copy of my poems to the pioneer of the cattle trade in Canada, and the exporter of fine bullocks received my present with a good deal of appreciative feeling, as my book recalled the older early times to his memory, and his kind reply induced me to pen the following ; as the export of live cattle trade will soon reach the annual value of ten millions of dollars, and it is second only to the cheess export trade.

LINES ON THE PIONEER EXPORTER GP CANADIAN BULLOCKS TO BRITAIN.
Baron of butcher's burly brave, Who ships live bullocks o'er the wave, And elevates the beef standard, Boldly he led on the vanguard.

Now export cattle trade ranks grand, . Thanks to enterprise of Frankland ;
Forever more this trade will grow, And blessings on this land bestow.

## THE PATRIOTIC OANADIEN HEN.

She will lay big double-yolk eggs and evade the duty.
A hen observed unto her mate, Who was strutting round in state, As roosters do who think they're great, About egg tariff do not fret.

Cheap eggs l'll give the Yankee folk, For I will lay big double jolk, And very large shell I will fill, And peck a flaw in McKinley Bill.

I heard the farmer's wife one day, These words unto her husband say, There's nothing on the farm doth pay So well as these our hens do lay.

My love for you, my rooster, grows, There's none can match your morning crow, You crow the hour Chronometer, You weather crow Barometer.

But the poor duck it hath sad lack, All it can do it is to quack ; Of course the poor thing must regret, It don't belong into our set.

I pity the web-footed things, Who in water love to flap their wings ;
The reason is of course because They're not gentmel like us with claws.

It doth not lay one half the time,
We do, but wallows in the slime, On land it is bụt a squatter, Broad bills, more at home on water.

## THE CANADIAN HORSE.

The fame of the Canadian Horse, It is heard on many a course, For it has won oft in the race, And renowned for graceful pace.

Great change from the Indian pony, Who in old times was the only Horse that you could drive or ride, Now you have the powerful Clyde.
'Tis true that he is rather slow, But deep he plows so you may sow, And over any kind of road He will pull a mighty loud.

Of brutes the horse doth lead the van, And he is the best friend of man ; Well trained, so gentle and so kind, And next he ranks to man in mind.
$\qquad$


## THE APIARY.

The Apiary is a bee village,
From thence they fly bent on pillage,
Extracting honey from the flowers;
They care not whe doth own the bowers.
They seize on garden or on field, Wherever blossoms sweets do yield;
'Mong garden flowers or fields of clover They do roam about all over.

THE APXAKY
For their own use they make the honey, Though owners sell it oft for money.
The bees so skilful do design
Their honey comis and they love srashine.
From flower to flower they fly on wing, And each one armed with a sharp sting, Determined all the sweets to sieze, Those marauding boney bees.

They live in a great commonwealth, And they punish eraud or stealth; They busy toil from morn 'till 'een, And they are loyel to their Queen.

But bees, like mes, they sometimes thrive By robbing of their neighbors hive ; The weaker from their homes they drive, While stronger floarish and survive.


## SHEEP.

This advantage hath the sheep, Two crops each year from them you reap ;
You get big price for tender lamb, And crop of wool from shearing dam.

Industrious wife can spin the yarn, And knit the socks, or old ones darn ; Or weave it up in her own loom, And thrift to wealth it soon will bloom.

Or if to weaving she is loath, She can sell wool and buy her cloth,
Or buy her hose knit by machine, And life enjoy lite to a queen.

But very oft the farmer's wife
Has to work hard through all her life ;
If husband has to drive the ploughs,
The wife perhaps must milk the cows.
And she too may churn the butter, And no grumble she doth utter ; Though she doth work as hard as slave, All trials she doth nobly brave.

Oft times large fapmily she doth raise, Her virsues they have cause to praise ;
A guardian angel $\sigma$ er her young, When they ${ }_{\text {z }}$ were feeble round her clung.

## TILE DRAINS.

'Tis sad to see the richest land, Barren where water it doth stand;
You seek.for crop but all in vain, For land requires the under drain.

But you cause mother earth to smile, When ventilated by the tile;
Before, she felt sour and old, Drains warm her heart and expel cold.

Porous now are all her veins, From filtration of the drains, And each tiny sparkling rill, Sends through her heart a pleasing thrill.

Before, it was cold and crusty, And it was both sour and musty ; But now it doth beat high with hopes, Rejoicing in her mighty crops.

Tile must be laid straight and level, But of course with a slight bevel ;
Sloping towards ditch or creek, Where way to ocean it doth seek.
'Tis true that fiereer rages floods, Since country it was stripp'd of woods, And rivers they do broader spread, With numerous tile drains quicker fed.

## NICKEL MINES.

> Prospectors from all nations hurry To locate mines in Sudbury ; To them the highest worldly fame Is to secure good mining claim.

No hardships daunt them in attempt, A good mining claim for to preempt ; And the old miners here from Wales, Of these mines tell glowing tales.

Mining fortune oft is fickle, But 'tis not so with mines of nickel ; And Uncle Sam thinks he would feel His navy safe 'neath nickel steel.

Railroads perform important function, In opening mines at Sudbury Junction ; There if the rocks you do but tickle, They smile and you behold the nickel.

And where the landscape late has been
Covered o'er with forest green ;
The fire has left eharred stumps of pine, And there too is the glittering mine.

That enterprising Scotsman, Dunean McIntyre, of Montreal, was the first enthusiastic promoter of the above mine, and in conjanction with Sir D. A. Smith and Sir George, now Lord; Mount Steven, built the C. P. Ruilway.

## MILD CHRISTMAS.

On Christmas Day of eighty-nine, The sun all day did pleasant shine ; The cows they would not eat their hay, But o'er the pasture lands did stray.

Such winter day is seldom seen, Instead of white the fields were green; Colts and young cattle they did play, Happy as in the month of May.

But Canadians do delight,
To see the landscape robed in white ;
To them the sweetest music dwells
ln merry tinkle of sleigh bells.
And land doth more abundant yield, When the snow mantle covers field ; And farmer quick can load his sleigh, And cheerful drive o'er icy way.

For true Canadians love the snow,
And like to hear old Boress blow ;
For with just pride they all do boast, They love the winter's cold and frost.

## OXFORD COUNTY

Is agreeably diversified with hill and dale, and I have been delighted listening to tales of the olden timea in Canada hy auch veteran pioneers as the latere William Reynolds, of West Oxford, who was enjoying life until his 101 st year ; and Charles McCue, of Dereham, who lived 114 years.

## THE STEAMBOAT.

In early times the swift steamboat U'er the broad ocean did not float, But ships were wafted o'er the seas, With sails inflated by the breeze.

In progress they could not prevail,
If 'gainst ship's head did blow the gale ;
And oft times for many a day
Becalmed on ocean's breast they lay.
But now the mighty monarch, steam,
O'er land and sea doth rule supreme ;
Stesmship proudly ploughs the ocean,
Independent of wind's motion.
From Scottish hill when I was boy,
I cried out in my childish joy;
The thought which filled my heart with glee, America, I plainly see.

Then I was told to my amaze,
That it was far beyond my gaze;
The chart to me was then unfurled,
To prove I could not see whole world.
The truth to me was great surprise then. That world was greater than horizon ;
Our views through life they thus expand,
Beholding God's creation grand.

## DUTIES OF LIFE.

Life is greatly what we make it, Through good and ill we must take it ; And we should not troubles borrow, But strive to banish all our sorrow.

Each man for life should choose a mate, And true love should cultivate ;
For women unto us are given,
To transform the earth to Huaven.

Abroad the men should never roam, But make a Paradise of home;
Domestic bliss is truest joy,
With wife and little girl and boy.
But all need to be forgiven, And to put their trust in Heaven ; The truest joys are above, Obtained alone but through Christ's Love.

While doing right if you seem to fail,
You must not for a moment quail ;
But at once banish all your fear,
Press nobly on in your career.
More honor far then you will gain.
Because you strove-right to obtain ;
And as you have been dutiful, You're won good, true and beantiful.

## GREAT FIRE IN MICHiGAN. FABMEB'S LOSS.

Many a homestead it was burned, And many a family sadly mourned, The death of those were near and dear, But fire the tangled buah did clear.

And soon our country was more wealthy, Now already 'tis more healthy ;
'Twas cheap way matted brush to clear,
But for the loss of friends so near.

We lost our house and barn and corn, But for long we did not mourn ;
For there came quick to our relief, The nation's aid to soothe our grief.

It seems to me now butt a dream,
How our lives were saved in a broad stream;
Our cattle and horse there we drove, And bears and wolves were there, by jove.

Though all were huddled in a jam,
Each wild beast was as quiet as lamb;
And there we were for three whole dayn, Surrounded by the furious blaze.

Worse than the fire the awful smoke,
To death by hundreds it did choke ;
Many thought it jus judgment day,
When Heaven and earth would pasa away.

## HORACE GREELY AND MRS. STAONTON.

During the late great civil war,
Which did the Grand Republic jar
From its circumference to its centre,
The grand old man he did venture.

While chatting with a lady freely, I demand, said Horace Greely, And do not think my question wanton, But answer me, Mrs. Staunton,

Would you go South and bight to quell, Those bold men who do rebel;
If you got woman's suffrage, Would you in deadly war engage.

Our country now wants every man, And of women too all we can; Each to shoulder trusty rifle, So South with us no more may trifle.

You're champion of woman's rights, And should take part like men in fights;
Said she, I never could delight, To slay a man in bloody fight.

So my fair bands I'll not imb ue,
But I will stay at home like you,
And urge the others on to war,
And keep from battle field afar.
But Mistress Staanton she was really More robust than Horace Greely ;
And she possessed a noble form,
And even now would face the storm.

## $\square$

## BLESSED ABE THE PEACE MAKERS.

The above is one of the grand teachings of Christ's, and is a great reproof to nations who think themselves civilized; and who glory in the engines of destruction, which they manufacture to destroy their fellow-men. It is no wonder that Tennyson longed for a better time, expressed in his lines-

When the war drum shall be muffled and the battle flag be furled,
In the Parliament of Man, the federation of the world.
Bulwer, in his last work, 'The Coming Race,' shows the folly of war, and Bellamy in his 'Looking Backward' hopes that the wars of the future will consist of warring against vice, poverty and want, and that the whole energy of the race will be devoted to elevating the standard of humanity.

And Burns in his day saw the folly and wickedness of war, and he says to the statesmen who promoted wars and bloodshed-
"How can your flinty hearts enjoy
The widow's tear, the orphan's cry.

REFLEOTIONS AFTER READING "the ooming raoe" and "Looking baokward."

When the great Bulwer's pen did trace The history of the coming race. His hero to us hath unfurled The glories of his new-found world.

This bold traveller he did venture
Far below our world's centre ;
He entered through an ancient mine,
And to us doth new world define.
Once all wan discord and fierce wars,
Continuous engaged in jars,
Till they discovered grent Vril power,
Then wars did cease from that same hour.
Mighty bolts from it were hurled,
Would soon have laid waste the world;
So for world's preservation,
At once they stopped desolation.
All wars by them are now despised, Unfit for nations civilized;
And peaceful glories they do sing,
And are not slaves to warlike king.
Bellamy describes a poor rose,
Where in cold swamp it feebly giows;
Transplanted to the heat and light,
Bush blossoms art a charming sight.

## RAISE HIGU THE BANNER.

July 1st, 1891.
The achool children were trained by Messrs. MoDiarmid and Underwood, the former being. Principal of the Public School.

Raise high up the banner
O'er both school-house and manor,
For this glorious standard
Doth lead on in the vanguard.
Teach our children to honor
This grand old famous banner ;
Triumphant in many a field,
Our freedom it doth ever shield.
Children sang in happy manner
At the raising of the banner ;
They followed leader all so good,
For they were led by Underwood.
And our free winds shall fan her, This great world's renown'd banner ; Of celebrated flage the chief
Js Union Jack and Maple Leaf.
And our brave youths will man her,
This pure, unspottod banner ;
Where the Maple Leaf entwines,
And with Union Jack combines.

## A PLEASING ILLUSION.

I. saw a pleasing sight this spring,

Seem'd like a hundred ducks on wing ;
Fluttering o'er the crystal water,
I felt like rippling o'er with laughter.
When the truth it did awaken,
In silver ducks I was mistaken ;
It was the sunbeam's merry dancing, That on the water I saw glancing.

Rejoicing that from bonds of ice

Though banks were bound with fringe of snow,
Which gave more lustre to the glow.
So 'tis no wonder that we sing
About the glories of the spring;
Each day fresh beauties will be seen,
When fields are cover'd o'er with green.
Adieu to Winter brings no grief,
For we do long for bud and leaf;
Which are brought out hy sunny showers,
And covers landscape with the flowers.
The sun is glorious orb of day, Refulgent is each sparkling ray ;
The moon she is the Queen of Night,
Enthroned among the stars so bright.

## Sxattish dalez.

## A GHOST STORY.

There was a bonnie Scottish lass,
She had two lovers gieen as grass ;
This fair maiden's name was Mary, And/she was playful as a fairy.

Lovers haunted her night and day, She could not make them stay away;
Two then sought favor in her eyes,
But both alike she did despise.
She promised each one to reward,
If he would go to the church yard, Which was close by, the first dark night
So that the other he would fright.
No other road it could be found
To Mary's, save by burial ground ;
She knew that each was coward loon,
When nights were dark without a moon.
When each for to secure his bride, He in the grave yard then did hide, Each thinking 'twas a glorious lariz To frighten other in the dark.

A GHOST STORY.
But both were cowards-far from brave, Each trembled alongside of grave Expecting to see ghost arise, Strange sights they float before their eyes.

Both had around them sheets so white Each wished the other for to fright, While rival on the road did pass, They both quick rose, but sad, alas.

Each saw a ghost ; the one did faint, The other's horror who can paint ; He there severèly bruised his bones, Madly rushing o'er grave stones.

And he did get a fearful fall, Jumping o'er the churchyard wall; They both fell sick and lost their pride, And neither went to claim his bride.

When they arose from their sick bed, They heard the news that Mary wed A brave and handsome farmer's son, Who never from a ghost had run.

## SIR WALTER SCOTT.

After long and mature reflecion, I have no hesitation in saying that I think Sir Wafter Scott iv entitled to the second place in British Literature, immediately next to Shakespeare. After poring over the ballads and tales of James Hogg, which from their nature resemble Scott's, I made the mistake of attributing this couplet by Sqott to James Hogg :

## MacGregor's Gathering.

While there's leaves on the forest or foam on the river, MacGregor despite them, shall flourish forever.

## BIG STAG.

Each Highland forester doth brag That he hath seen a mighty stag, But sportsmen they do think it strange, He never comes within their range.

But the keeper, Donald McKay, Says he saw it just the other day, And though gents can't it discover, It is there the same. whatever.

The last I saw of wondrous stag, He was grazing near yon crag, In company with his dear doe, They seemed to love each other so.

And playful sporting on the lawn, 'Long side of'them their bonnie fawn ;
I loved to see the creatures play,
From them I scarce could turn away.
My heart grew tendet, I did lag
So long I could not shoot the stag,
And forest still he yet adorns, With magnificent head of horns.
But $I$ do fear some fatal day.
That some pot-hunter will him slay,
Who would be heedless of the woe
And sorrows of the fawn and doe.

## - BAGLE AND STAG.

In lonely distant Highland glen, Far away from abode of men, A herd of deer they quietly graze, No foe appears where e'er they gaze.

But there was one with flashing eyes Was glaring on them from the sties, Dooming the one whose antlered horns, The monarch of the glen adorns.

The bing of birds while high in air, Re-olves that he will boldly dare To attack this fine, noble beast. And from its heart's blood have a fenst.

He circles downwards in his flight, Floats calm, takes aim, then with his might,
Like bullet strikes the mighty deer,
Whose frame doth tremble all with fear.

He doth not fenr without a cause, For eagle's buried deephis claws
In the neck of this noble buck, And with sharp neak its blond doth suck.

For fierce bird with powerful swing,
Lashes the deer with each big wing;
And with surong efforts too it trys
For to pick out both of its eyes.
But now the deer doth know its foe, And with its antlers strikes it blow ; Makes it sprawl among the heather, And doth ruffle up each feather.

But bird quick takes aerial flight, And descends with power and might Further back on the deer's haunches, Out of reach of antler branches.

But deer it was both wise and bold, He down the hill with eagle rolled;
But bird he closer to it clung, And from deer's side the blood it wrung.

The stag, though suffering cruel harm,
Yet not o'er whel m'd with alarm ;
He threw himself heels over head,
Until at last the eagle fled.
And high again in air he flew, Once more the contest to renew, But deer made his escape full good In the shade of a neighboring wood.

And bird descending for its prey,
Finds it hath swiftly fled away;
Eagle thon like a hungry sinner
Had to seek elsewhere for its dinner.
And now it homeward takes its flight,
Its golden plumes in a sad plight,
To a high rock where its throbbing breast
May there find rest in its own nest.
And soon around the antler'd deer,
The does do crowd his heart to cheer,
Rejoicing he was so brave
As to drive off the winged knave.

## FAİRY TALE.

Among the hills lives John McCrae, An honest man so all do say ; John and his wife live together 'Mong the hills and blooming heather.

On their smal farm they do keep
A cow and a few goats and sheep ; They own a little Highland horse, Which ploughs and draws the peats from moss.

For they never saw a coal fire,
And peats give heat all they require ;
Peat fire makes best Highlnnd whisky, Which doth make a man so frisky.

John is a crofter in Skye,
May better days on him draw nigh ;
Yet John he did not inherit
Any discontented spirit.

But happy with his humble lot, His little croft and poor turf cot ;
He adways to the Lord gives praise, Though but a poor crop he doth raise.

He never travelled far abroad, And worships still his father's God ; From modern thoughts he is quite free, And newspapers doth seldom see.

He believes the tales his Granny told
To him long since in days of old, And his wife, kind-hearted Mary, Believes in both witch and fairy.

She sweeps her hearth so clean each night,
For fairies in bright fire delight ;
And they love to see all things neat, Those pretty little creatures sweet.

So to the cot of John McCrae
They every night do wend their way
For to view the peat fire burn,
And to help his wife to churn.

Neighbors great jealousy display,
They can't make butter like McCrae,
For the fairies have the power.:
Of making all the milk turn sour.

One moonlight night old John McCrae,
He in the glen saw fairies play;
The prettiest sight he ever seen, While they did dance upon the green.

And John doth solemn pass his word They were as small as humming bird; When he these charmers did behold, They were clad in green and gold.

The most charming one upon the green, She was just crowned the fairy queen, She told John she loved his wife Because her home it knew no strife.

But she asked John for a reward, She said Mary's bannocks were too hard, And that the fairies loved to eat Little nibs of softer meat.

## fairy tale.

So fully. John he told Mary Of the strange request of fairy, So now each day she doth bake A little tiny griadle cake, In morning fairies they have flown, And the little cuke too is gone ; But wicked people full of vice
Say that the cake is eat by mice.
But this John's heart it sad doth grieve. That people should themselves doceive; It hath been so since Adam's fall, Some believe much, some not at all.

So now farewell to John McCrae, May we meet him some other day, For to our heart it is relief To find a man with old belief.

Some folks to beauty they are blind, So full of selfishness the mind; And others happy to catch gleam Of the green field or hill or stream.

## ADDRESS TO THE SOOTTISH CLANS AT WOODSTOCK.

JUNE 19TH, 1890.
Scotia's Sons! We love to meet thee, And with hearty feelings greet thee ; You have come in a right good flock To this progressive town, Woodstock.

And Scottish clans, noble order; Here they nueet from o'er the border ; Fr.m greatest of Republics, south, That vast land of wondrous growth.

We will not call them foreign nation, For they are our own blood relation, And this gathering, all so grand Is welcomed by Clan Sutl:erland.

The Highland men of lllinois, In our old age increased nur joys. Making us an honorary member, Their kindness we will e'er remember.

And may you often meet together, From land of whin and broom and heather ; Wallace, and Bruce, and Burns, and Scott, Are names should never be forgot.

And Zorra's fame is hrard afar, Victorions in each tug of war; Ali loved the little boys and girls In Highland dress and waving curls.

And you have chose Canadian For the chief of your Royal Clan, And you will find that Sutherland, Is one who ably will command. $\ddagger$
$\ddagger$ Jamea Sutherland, M. P., re-elected at Buffalo, June, 1891.

## LINES ON COLONEL WONHAM.

Formerly of Ingersoll. He spent the last years of his life in Winnipeg. These lines were published at the tinue of the Fenian Raid :

When Wonham got orders
To march to the borders,
His boys they were ready, And fell in quite steady.

They first march'd to Woodstock
To prepare for war's shock, Aud soon camped at Windsor,
Facing American shore.

## NATHONAL EMBLEMS ON THE SCHOOL HOUSES.

In a circular sunk panel over the arch of the entrance to Walker's School House, on the middle branch of the Thames, North of Ingersoll, is a finely pinted picture of the Beaver in the centre, nnd surrounded by a wreath of Maple Leares. As it is well protected by. its concave position, the storms do not seem to affect it much, nud it is a perpetual and pleasing, and patriotic, inspiring sixht for to stinulnte an enthusiasm in the minds of the young for the land of their birthr:

## CANADIAN THAMES.

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The allusion to Woodstock in the following was a giod description of the Town about the year 1860. It was then a long narrow Town with a great deal more length than breadth, but it is now one of the finest Towns of the Province, and to its many fine structures soon will be added a magnificent Court House, worthy of the County of Oxford. The eyes of the whole world were direct d towards the Town where Birchall was confined, tried and executed in the year 1890, for the murder of young Bemwell, to which event we refer further on.

CANADIAN THAMES
We love to sing of classic rames, Even if we choose a borrowed plume ; Our theme, the valley of the Thames, Where man may yet find ample room.

It is not of old England's river, Covered o'er with many a mast ; But where Cabot did discover The land of Lakes and forest vast.

Although we have historic claims, Yet them we now do lay aside ; We pass the battle of the Thames, Where foreign foe did fiercely ride.

[^2]CANADIAY THAMES.
Yet you nre Oxford's County Town, And can boast a fine new College, Which with old age may some day frown, Like Old England's seat of knowledge.

The next in order we enroll
Is Westminster and Middlesex, With London for its Capitol ; These names a cockney do perplex.

Each familiar name doth greet thee, Its bridges, markets and its halls; All things in the Forest City Aear English names, even to St. Paul's.

The next in order we do trace Is Chatham, once a famed resort; For there the bloodhound dared not chase, Nor tear good colored men for sport.

And now our verse draws to a c.ose, Because bey.nd the County Kent
The Thames by name no longer flows, But in the lake it finds a vent.


## MURDER OF A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN

BY ONE OF HTS OWN COUNTRYMEN, A FEW MILES EAST OF WOODSTOCK, Februarx, 1890.

Death of Benwell and execation of Birchall. Mr. Perry was Sheriff at that time ; now Mr. Brady holds this position, and a son of the late sheriff is Deputy.

Now a sad tale we have to tell :
A few miles east, in Blenheim swamp, So cruel slain was young Benwell, Whose body lay 'mong snow and damp.

ไHe was a well-bred English youth, Hoping to own Cmnadian farm, But his countryman devoid of truth, He did plot his deadly harm.

Srd fate, the world did appal,
That he by bullet thus should die;
Fired by pretended friend, Birchall, Who swung for it on gallows high.

The execationer was Radcliffe.

## FAIR DAY AT EMBRO.

On the Middle Branch of the Thames.

> Of Scottish names a great array We meet at Embro on Fair Day ; McDonald, McKenzie and McKay, And Murray, Ross and Sutherland, And Munroes round you stand.
> Your lassies wortby of our song, And youth are famed for muscle strong For they can pull both hard and long ; And their fame is heard afar, Victorious in each tug of war.
> But these battles bring no sorrow To the hardy youth of Zorra, And no tears to eyes of Flora; They are not deadly tugs ef war, And they leave no wounds nor scar.

## DECORATION DAY.

The following lines were delivered by me at the first Decoration of Graves in Ingersoll. I took part in a ceremony of the same kind in Woodstock in 1890, and such was the superabundance of flowers there that I reserred a boquet for the grave of young McKenzie, who fell nobly fighting for his country at the Battle of Ridgeway. The County of Oxford has erected a fine monument, with a substantial iron railing around the hero's grare, on the banks of the Thames.

This is the opening dedication
Of annual day of decoration,
And thus each year will brothers meet
To shed the bloon and perfume sweet;
For they will have a noble aim
In meeting on the banks of Thame.

## DECORATION DAY.

In the States they decorate grave Of each departed soldier brave, But here in Ontario West
We decorate where brothers rest, Though some are unknown to fame
They peaceful rest on banks of Thame.
No more their grave is place of gloom,
But scene of fragrance and bloom;
No more the tomb is dismal cave
For flowers each year will o'er it wave ;
In sweet remembrance each name
Will live beside the silver Thame.
Flowern here will shed thelr rich perfume
And thus dispel the dismal gloom ;
Departed's memory we cherish,
And their names shall never perish, While doth flow the pleasant stream O'er pebbly bed, the crystal Thame.

## STRANGE WATER WHEELS AT BEACHVILLE.

INVENTED BY JOHN CROSS, A LABORER, WHILE WOREING THERE.
It is the cause of a good deal of curiosity on the part of travellers passing along, and observing wheels revolving in the river, evidently driving some machinery which they cannot discover conveniently, as they are driving pumps low down in the quarry beds. Good building stone as well as stone for the perpetual kilns are obtained convenient to two lines of railway depots and sidings.

Here in the river you descry
Wheels revolve to keep quarries dry ;
Elsewhere such panps are drove by steam,
But here by current of the stream.
Easy it the water carries,
And leaves dry the beds of quarries ;
Continuouts at perpetual kiln,
You withdraw lime and with stone fill.

## FIGHT IN A CAVE

This is a tale of a hnnter brave,
He scught for refuge in a cave
To escape a furions storm,
And he built fire to keep him warm.
Dry leaves and twigs made fire and smoke, Which wild beaspe' fury did' provoke;
By its growl he towe 'twas bear,
Rut bruin's fary be would dare.
For he determined not to run,
And he gave it a shot from gun,
But this the bear it did enrage,
Resolved in war for to engage.

For it came shambling along,
To have revenge for suffering wrong ;
Hunter with the butt of rifle
Struck and stunned him a trifle.
Once more he aimed, it glanced on rock,
And he was left with broken stock ;
Now the bear it, doth hunter seize,
And gives him many a hug and squéeze.
The struggle is so close for life,
The hunter cannot use his knife ;
But the niminle hunter bold
Soon made the bear relax his hold.
By a sudden spring bear he rolls, With his nose in burning coals ;
His nostrils full of ire and smoke,
Poor Brvin it doth almost choke.
The hunter now doth use his knife,
Stabs bear in heart and ends the strife ;
So hunter he did victory win,
And spoils of battle in grand skin.


## THE PRESENT TIME, 1890.

This is no age for mgstery, But full of eventful history ;
Not a time for stupid dreaming, When the lightning it is gleaming.

A brighter light doth now surpass,
And throws in shade once favored gas ;
Now it is not an idle dream,
Predicting greater power than steam.
But perhaps it is not wise
Eor us to philosophise,
As we might get in water deep,
Or find a hill for us too steep.
Some think it is almost a crime
To write a simple kind of rhyme
That every one can understand ;
They love a style is lofty, grand.
Which no one can comprehend ;
Without beginning or an end,
And if it only is obscure,
To them it is a proof full sure.
The authors have a mighty mind, And to philosophy inclined; They adore the metaphysical, - And humble thoughts do them appal.

But though our style it may seem rude, We love for to be understood; And though we have no skill nor art, We hope to reach some honest heart.

Our old style walk will soon be gone, In place of wood we will have stone; And water works from/lofty tower Blessings on the town will shower.

## THE BOOK OF JONAH IN" VERSE.

The Lord commands Jonah to arise, And go to Nineveh, great city, Which in wickedness now lies, And if they did repent he would take pity. But Jonah tried to flee from Lord, By going down to port of Jopps, And taking passage there aboard Of a ship where in that hope lay. Nineveh folks he wished them slain Like those of Sodom and Gomorrah, The famous cities of the plain, He cared not for human sorrow.
But a great tempest it arose, And mariners were sore afraid, Yet Jonah slept in calm repose 'Till ship master did him upbraid, Because he had not called on God
For to still the raging of the sea ; With them he could not have abode If from Lord's presence he did flee. They cast lots which fell on Jonah, Which proved he was the cause of storm, For he had broken Divine Law, And this had brought the ship to harm. Instead of taking him to Tarshish They did throw him overboard, Where he was swallowed by a big fish, Which was prepared by the Lord.
But Jonah prayed anto the Lord, Out of the tish's belly praged he, By me thnu shalt be e'er adored If you raise me up from deep sea. -The Lord heard Jonah's sad bewail, And he at once gave the command

## THE BOOK OF JONAH IN VEKBE.

That full soon the monster sea whale Should heave him up on the dry land. The Lord again commands him to preach Unto the people of Nineveh, And this solemn trath them teach, If from their sins they did not flee The city would he overthrown. But at Jonab's preaching they beliered, Both people and the king on throne, In sack cloth and ashes sins they grieved. Then the gracious King of Heaven,
When all the people to him pray.
Their past sins were all forgiven,
Then they forsook their evil way. But Jonah was angry with the Lord Because of His loving kindness ; His mercy by Jonah was abhorred,
So great was his spiritual blindness.
Outside the city he sat down
To see it ruined by the Lord,
But o'er his head Lord nuade a crown
To shadow him a cooling gourd.
This made him exceeding glad, -
But the Lord prepared a worm ;
Soon Jonah's heart ayain was sad,
He sees gourd wither with alarm.
God was displeased that for the gourd
Jonah was angry unto death,
That by him it wee adored,
Thoush it had not life nor breath.
And this the Lord to Jonak spake, You did not cause the gourd to grow!
And yet you mourn sad for its sake;
Its shade for night I did bestow.
For it grew up all in one might,
the book of jonat in verbe.
And on you cast a pleasing shade,
But I myself caused it to blight,
And for my goodness you upbraid.
Shall the Lord not take pity
On six score thousand are bereft,
For many dwellers in the city
Know not their right hand from their left.
And I, the Lord $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ bo rules above
Supreme Father over all ;
I am truly a God of Love,
And wish to hear My children call.

THE RESCUE.
In a deep cleft ampong the hills
There flows one of those mountain rills;
In fine weather a scene of charms,
But in a storm 'tis all alarms.
And woe befalls those seek to trudge,
And strive to cross its rustic bridge;
The roedway it banomes deep rut,
And spot is named the babies' cut.
Minister's only ctiald had died,
And the poor father mourned and sighed, And found no rest when child was buried, Grave robbers then mourners worried.

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TIIE RRSCUR.
About the middle of first night The preacher woke in a great fright, For there raged a furious storm, And he thought he saw the form

Of his sweet child alive in grave. Shall he the rain and lightning brave Or humble submit and kiss the rod, Obedient to the will of God ?

Shall he who others tries to fill
With resignation to God's will, Forget the precepts he has taught, And at once set them all at naught ?

But he rushed to burial ground, And to his wonder there he found Men with a light who quick as dart, Did throw a bundle in their cart.

Then at a furious race they drove,
But clergyman impelled by love For his dear child, did quickly follow, And o'ertook them in the hollow,

Where lightning flashed and thunder roared, And the stream with fury poured; Here the preacher shouted wild, "Give me back my darling child."

The horse affrighted planged in river, And the men were lost forever ;
The minister he heard the crash As 'gainst the broken bridge they dash.

THE RRACUE.
But though a great storm did prevail, Yet he heard a sad human wail, Sound coming from the bridge's rack, He climbed o'er timber and found sack.

Then his heart got reconciled, Sack proved to bold his darling child ; 'The parents' joy who can tell,
To find their child alive and well.
Child had been buried in a swoon,
Next danger was that it might drown But Providence on parents smiled, And they were blessed with their child.

## LADY ANN.

A Highland clan were in despair
Because their chief he had no heir,
And even the women of the clan, Enchantments tried 'gainst Lady Ann.

They consulted prophets and seers, And they at last did quell their fears
If the clan would pilgrimage pay
To Saint Botham's Shrine on Christmas Day.
If they but visited this shrine,
Then would a miracle divine
Make Chief and Lerdy happr pair,
And they would be bless'd with an heir.

LADY ANN.
The day arriv'd, it chill'd their blood, For river was a mighty flood, And through the storm they must trudge, Then cross o'er a dengerous bridge.

Though great datnage the flood had made, They reached the shrine, devotions paid; And homeward now they wend their way To cross again the flooded Spey.

Bridge was built of rough long plank, Which half way reached from bank to bank; But while erossing this flooded stream Lady Ann gave a sudden scream.

For Carlock push'd her in the river, And she was borne away forever; So at least old ruffian thought, Though wicked schemes oft come to naught.

Superstitious was old Carlock; He believed in witch and warlock, And that oft times departed spirit Would its home again inherit.

One night he sees a horrid sight. It was Lady Ann dress'd in white ;
To rufflan a deadly shock, He flung himself from castle rock.

The chief at first o'ercome with fear, Then to his heart press'd Lady dear, Whom he had given up for lost, And thought at first she was a ghost.

But the kind miller of Clack Clam, With the great flood had lost his dam ; Himself, and son, and wife and daughter, All-were working near the water.

Quite suddenly the miller's son
Ran to the house to get his gun ;
He saw what he methought was swan, Which prov'd to be the Lady Ann.

At first they thought that she was dead, And carried her to a warm bed; There full soon she did recover, And was happier than ever.

After her floating on the waters, She gave birth to sons and daughters,
And ne'er had cause for to repine Her pilgrimage into the shrine.


## INGERSOLL

Smith has a fine new flour mill, and King's mill in the same line is run by Mr. Holland. One of our most enterprising citizens is Mr. A. Grant ; he is running Stewart's and the McInnes mills chiefly for oat meal purposes. The Bradbury woolen mills are doing a flourishing business. Six of the above mills and factories are run by water power with a steam auxiliary in some of them. The Evans Piano Company are turning out numerous fine sweet toned instruments, and they employ a number of men. The Hault Company are also an honor to the town, from the quantity of good work they manufacture. John Morrow's Bolt Works exeeute work of a class that cannot be excelled on this continent. In the year referred to at the beginning of this article. there was only one newsjaper published here, The Curonicle, by the late J. S. Gurnett ; it is now under the able management of his sen, G. F. Gurnett. The town has now two other papers, The Tribune, (Conservative!, Byron Baillie, editor and publisher; and The Sun, published by T. A. Bellamy. There were no banks at the time referred to in the village ; now we have three : the Merchant's, managed by A. Smith ; the Imperial, by J. A. Richardson ; and the Trader's, by A. B. Ord. A. N. Christopher is conducting a private bank.
$\zeta$. The Town has somewhat of a literary reputation. The late Mr. and Mrs. Macniven each of them published a small volume of poetry some twenty-five years ago. Mrs. Angus McLeod has won many friends by her sweet joums on various subjects. Mr. James Sinclair is a good writer of either prose or verse. Mr. R. Gregg has written a good many poems possessing sharp wit and humor, and British sentiments ; and J. C. Hegler, Barrister, has composed and sang topical ,songs which have caused a good deal of amasement to the audience. He is a very popular Major in the celebrated Oxford Rifles. He was a very successful District Deputy Grand Master in the Wilson Dintrict of A. F. and A. M. Mr. M. Walsh, Barrister, has met with similar success among the Harris Royal Arch Chapters Mr. Joseph

- Gibson is one of the leading Temperance Speakers in this Province. Dr. McKay, M. P. P. has a pleasant agreeable address ; and Dr. Williams is always well versed on any subject which he undertakes to expound.



## INGERSOLL

Ingersoll is one of the $m$ st pleasant Towns in Canada to live in, with a fine syster of water works, stone pavements and electric lights. Perhaps no town with five thousand inhabitants in. Cansda possesses finer dry goods, grocery, hardware or stove and furniture stores than this town, and its harness and shoe stores are of a high grade, and the jewe'ry stores are very attractive ; but we will not attempt to describe the charms of the millinery and gents' clothing establishicents. The hotels of the town ure well furnished, and managed by gentlemen anxious to make their guests comfortable. The hosts are Kennedy, Hirsch, McCarty, Marsden, Smith, O'Grady, Thompson, Keating, McMurray and O'Connor. The late A. Oliver and also the Christopher Bros. did a large trade in the past as builders, with saw and planing mills attached to their works. Mr. W. C. Bell succeeds Mr. Oliver, Mr. F. Richardson and the Nagle Bros. also carry on similar establishments. The carriage factories are an hovor to the town, for they manufacture first-class rigs. There are several good livery stables with stylish turnouts therein. Tie carriage makers are Messrs. Kerr. Sutherland, Badden, McCrum and Morrison, and the liverymen are Messrs. Skinner, Dryden, Smale and Vanatter. The pork curing establishment of J. L. Grant \& Co. is assuming vastly enlarged proportions this summer, and it will be the largest of its kind in the Dominion. It is abiy managed by Messrs. Wilson \& Podmore. The firm handle an enormous amount of cheese also. Mr. T. D. Millar manufactures his famous Paragon cheese in this cheese centre of Ingersoll. He has received the highest awards at the great exhibition in London, England, as well as in Amsterdam, and at the recent Jamaica Exhibitinn.

> Best flarored cheese in jar of stone, Is Millar's world-famed Paragon.

A fine representative of the past and present is Thomas Brown, a Village Councillor, Reeve, Mayor and Warden of the County'; and the late Squires John McDonald and John Galliford oft presided at the Council Board. The first Town Hall and market building was a wooden structure, which was burned down some 35 years ago.
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Sheriff Brady was born to command. I published these lines many years ago :

Our firemen they are ever ready
To obey the call of Captain Brady.
Mr. James Stevens is Clerk of the Division Court and Mr. Cody is the Bailiff. The spiritual and moral guardians of the town are Revs. Moorehouse, Church of England ; J. P. Molphy. Roman Catholic ; Hutt, Presbyterian ; Barker, Baptist ; and Snider and Burns, Methodist. The medical gentlemen are represented by Drs. Walker, Williams, McKay, Dickson, Canfield, Hutchinson, Carroll and McCausland. Ex-mayor Joseph Gibson is Postmaster. The legal fraternity by Messrs. Hegler \& Jackson, Walsb, Wells, Holcroft, McDonald, Smith and Vance ; conveyancer, J. T. Malone. Mr. White is the senior ${ }^{\text {dry }}$ goods merchant, and the other gentlemen in that line are Messrs. Smith, Coyne, Hearn and Boles. Dundass and Menhenick are long established grocers ; and the following firms have good stocks : William Woolson, Robinson Bros., McCarty, Wilkinson, Chrysler; E. Dundass, Hayward, Dyer, T. Robinson, Pardo, O'Neill, Toull Mr. Forman keeps The Fuir.
K Kept by Roberts and by Cragg.

The hardware departments are ably represented by Messrs. Robertson \& McKay, Jones and Boles ; and the two first-named firms keep stoves and tinware. Mr. Buchanan has been engaged as a plumber and tinsmith for many years. Fine stocks of stoves and Tinware are kept by Messrs. King, Sinclair and Turner. Mr. Richard Crotty is the only surviror of the old town farmers of fifty years ago. Mr. Slawson keeps a fine stock of dairy supplies and deals largely in cheese. Mr. P. Kennedy is an extensive hide and grain merchant of long standing. Those who love to puff a good cigar should try Frezell and Smith's make. Mr. J. F. Morey is a successful publisher of directories, which he prints here. Mr. Thomas Seldon

INGERSOILL.
exports large quantities of apples, and thousands of turkeys every fall. The G. T. R recently erected a fine station here, and Mr. Watterworth has the contract for one for the C. P. R. The express $a_{k}$.ents are Messrs. Shannon and Ewart. The drug stores are handsomely fitted up and the drugs are ably dispensed by Messrs. Gayfer, Kneeshaw, Browett and Ruston. The dental establishments are skilfully presided o'er by Messrs. Kennedy and Sudworth. The Athletic Association prospers well in its large, well furnished rooms. The baker and confectionery shopis look sweet and attractive, represented by Messrs. Gibson, McNeil, Brown and Cavanagh: The wine and spirit merchants are Frank Bra.ly and John Christopher. Archibald Bros. do a fine trade in flour and feed. Time is money; the first regulator of it at present here is Mr. Fawkes, and other stores are also resplendent with gold and silver jewels, kept by Richardson, McCarter and Waters. John Boles is one of the earliest merchant tailors ; Thompson \& Smith, Macauley \& Csuch, Waierhouse, Berry, Coyne and Lenihan all do a fine trade in that line. The fancy goods $t$ stablishments are presided over by Mrs. Curtis and Miss Baker. Mr. O. J. Mitchell keeps a fine stock of furniture ; McIntyre, Caldwell and Page are engaged in the same business. Fine pictures, true to nature, are taken at the studios of Messrs. Hugill and Wilkie. In books and stationery Mersrs. Manning and Robinson keep a good stock, Those who wish ease and style in their boots and shoes can be well supplied by Messrs. Barraclaugh, Logee, Bloor and Richardson John Birss started a shoemaker's shop many years ago ; Messrs. Toull, Waters and Gibbs all make work to order. John Ackert makes pumps, ladders and cisterns. J. D. Milne is a good veterinary surgeon. The Hendersons are skilled in sewing machine and other repairs and fittings, and keep a stock on hand of machines. In the insurance i, usiness we have Messrs. Fer1 gusson \& Sutherland, O'Connor, Chadwick, Coleridge, Sumner, Burns and Galloway. Mr. Norsworthy holds a fine position as an insurance inspector. The horses feel proud and draw with ease, who are fitted with harness by Messrs Young, Upper, Morrison and Hingston. The choicest meats are kept at the butcher shops of O'Callaghan, Casswell, Noe, MoCarty, Stevenson, and Harris. The Gardeners and Florists are Sinclair \& Son.

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Anything to please the eye and taste of the children can he got at $L$. Noe's toy and candy store. Messrs. Beck and Shannon keep fruits, fish, regetables and canned goods A good many agents in the agricultural implement line reside here. The following gentlemen represent the Noxon Bros.: A. J. Clark is the popular general agent, and Ezra Day and James Ferguson are agents. Grant \& Co. are represented by . C. H. Sumner, and the Hault works by C. M. Walker. Charles Dewitt is agent for the Diamond Dyes. Mr. T. S. $\cdot$ Paton is a well known commercial man. Agricultural implement' agents are Fishleigh, Wixon, Holmes and Crawford. The leading cheese buyers of the Province reside here, Messrs. Riley, Cook, Podwore, Simister and C. B. Ryan. Richard Butler and William Thompson are buying apples to ship. Mr. G. Alderson buys hogs for the Montreal market. Mr. Chadwick has been secretary of the Western Dairymen's Association for many years, and Police Magistrate. Mr. Dillon, cheese instructor, has won high honors as a cheese maker, and he is the author of a valuable cheese factory ledger and other books. Mr. C. R. Patience prints Morrey's Directories.

## INGERSOLL'S PONDS.

Pond owners now they get good price From people for their crops of ice ; In winter many men get work Cutting ice to cool Grant's pork, And fulks they now keep meat with ease, And cool the butter and the cheese.
D. Horsman, Esq., one of our hale, hearty citizens, crossed the Thames here when he was a boy of seven years of age. His parents and himself had to walk across the river on a basswood log, as there was no bridge here at that time ; and their goods were placed on the hind end of a forked pole with slats pinned across with wooden pins. This conveyance was drawn through the woods to Nissouri by a yoke of oxen. Now we have a fine town, lighted by electric light. Messrs. Stephen Noxon, Harry Richardson and John Gayfer have built a fine

## ingersoll.

electric light station, which they have fitted up with a powerful engine. The best quality of light will be furnished. The educational establishments of the town are of a high order. Mr. Briden is principal of the Collegiate Institute, and Mr. McDiarmid, of the Public School. Mr. J. B. Jackson is chairman of the School Board, and the members are Dr. McKay, William Dundasa, David White, John Gayfer, W. A. Sudwork, A. H. Ellis, Charles Slawson, Ernest Waterhouse, James Brady, John Morrison, Harry Richardson and Dr. Canfield ; James Vance, secretary and treasurer. The Sisters of St. Joseph teach the Separate School. The Municipal Council consists of M. T. Buchanan, Mayor; Dr. Wilhinms, Reeve ; S. King and James Waterhouse, Depaty-Reeves ; Councillors, Jones, W. Berry, Smith, Bartley, G. Christopher, Pardoe, Day, Gray and McDermott; W. R. Smith, Clerk ; Treasurer, A. N. Christopher.

The air is sweet with the music of the Forester's, Oddfellow's and Salvation Bands. Mr. Northgraves is chief of police, Mr. Cable is assistant. Mr. Capron is Bailiff's assistant. The Station Master and railroad agents are Mr. Houser of the G. T. R., and Mr. Enright of the C. P. R. Mr. William Hook is_ collector of customs. Messrs. Burke and Sutherland are the telegraph ayents. Messrs. Wight and Goble are the architects. Mn Brett manufactures the best quality of annatto. T, sell your stock or land Messrs. Walley, Harris and Thompson are ready. Painting and paper hanging is done by William Thompson, L. Thompson, Darker, Page, Nunn, Johnston, Byrne, Foy, Moon, and O'Leary. Joiners and builders : H. Goble, Magill, Layton, Warren. Blacksmith§,: Livins, Schofield, Foster, Dynes, Elliott, Dryden, Morgan. Brick dayers and masons : Coben Palmer, May, Brophey, Smith, Siderk. The coopers are Messrs. McDermott and Meyers. The barbers and hair dressers are Messrs. Borland, Humphrey, Carey, Smith. Mr. Burke is the land surveyer. The tailors: Messrs. Stewart and Davidson. The undertakers are Messrs. Clarke and McIntyre. For monuments go to Messrs. Smith and Augustine. Mr. Knapp is caretaker of the Rural Cemetery, and George Allan of the Catholic Cemetery.

A pleasing sight is the electric light, And the gas, now first-class, both shining bright.

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## TOM NORTON, A TALE OF SHIPWRECK.

That staunsh good ship, The Albatross, Dismantled in a storm did toss, For the wind it blew terrific, In the Southern Paciic.

The ship went down and of the crew Those that were saved of them were few ;
In various ways they strove to float On chicken coop and spar and boat.

And Tom Norton, the second mate, Met with a romantic fate;
Most of his poor comrades sank,
But safe he floated on his plank.
Although he was in a sad plight,
Tossed about by day and night,
For he had little food or drink.
Yet brave Tom's courage did not sink.
The seventh day with joy he sees
An islañd cover'd with palm trees,
And as the.sea was now quite calm, He floated slow to isle of palm.

TOM NORTON.
Here nature pleasantly doth smile
On this dear little lonely isle;
The natives soon do him espy;
And cast on him a longing eye.
They thought his flesh they would like raw, The first white man they ever'saw ; His skin to them seem'd sweet and clean, But they found he was far too lean:

So after talking o'er the matter, They resolved to make him fatter, And they put him in a bamboo cage, And the king's daughter did engage

The beautiful and youthful $W$ ambo To feed captive in the cage of bamboo ; She fed her captive all so well, That soon in love with him she fell.

For each day he seem'd to sweeten, Too good by far for to be eaten, So she resolved him to save, And her father's wrath to brave.

King Bomba wished to make great feast, And slaughter poor Tom like a beast; For to the nation King did boast, Tom would make a glorious roast.

But those who wished for slices $r \wedge w$, They would get a chance to crunch their jaw, On some pieces of long Tom pork They could set their teeth to work.

Poor Tom they all resolved to slay, To grace the feart on King's birthday ; But the danghter of King Bomba Resolved they shculd not use Tom so.

So she selected one dark night, And her footsteps were so light; She knew the guards she could slip by Before they her could e'er espy.

She full determined him to save By hiding him in a small cave That she discovered o'er the lake, Well hid among the rocks and brake.

Her steps so light she did not rouse tbe Sleeping guards, they were so drowsy ;
She whispered in the ear of Tom
That she wou!d find him better home.
She knew the cannibuls would rage, When they would find an emply cage;
But innocence she could $8 \cdot$ am so, They would not suspect Miss Wambo.

The waters of this lake doth lave The mouth of this hidden cave ; in her canoe Bomba's daughter Quickly rowed him o'er the water.

This little cave doth bushes screen,
Save her none else had ever seen This cosy, safe and snug retreat, Where her dear lover she could meet.

For she so dearly loved poor Tom, He was so far awoy from home; To him a helping hand she'd lend, And she would be his warmest friend.

She promised Tom to bring him roots, And cocos nuts and banyan fruits; She was so skilful with the oar. Each night she would replace the store.

TOM NORTON.
But a great tumult did arise
When savages lost their fat prize , For King's birthday it now was near,
And Tom's flesh they prized so dear.
They searched for him both day and night,
And it was a romantic sight
To see these naked barbarous men
Search each hill and nook and glen.
In dark nights with burning flambeau
They search'd, led on by King Bomba ;
But Tom his trials he stood so brave, He felt secure in hidden cave.

But each night he longed for $W_{n}$ mbo, She brought him turtle and clam so Large and fat and delicious,
And he found they were nutritious.
He told his love that story good, Of little Red Riding Hood,
And how the wolf poor child deceives,
This cruel tale her sadly grieves.
First time she ever heard a stors, It added greatly to Tom's glory ; The wolf so treacherous she did hate, And pitied pior Riding Hood's fale.

This sad tale so cruel, gory, It saved Tom's life this little story; Tom would been found soon or late, And would have met a horrid fate.

And she to cave did father bring. So Tom could tell taie to the King ; The King and daughter both they cried, Because little Riding Hood died.

TOM NORTON.
Bomba gave to Tom his daughter,
And soon other tales he taught her ;
With wonder they oft times would fill her ;
"Jack In Bean Stalk" and "Giant Killer."
The first so quickly he could walk
To the top of a tall bean stalk ;
It was high as ${ }^{\circ}$ lofty steeple,
There Jack looked down upon *he people.
And more wondrous tale of biant,
To the world so long defiant ;
Carrying off oxen on his back,
Till he was slain by little Jack.
And when eer she was full of gloon, He told her tale of "Hop, O' My Thumb" :
Natives wou'd come from far and near,
These wondrou-stories for to hear.
They hrought him cocornuts so free,
And the bread from the fruit tree ;
On fat turtles he conld feast,
When he told of "Brauty And The Beast."
And Tum thought that it was no crime
To. change tales of prose into rhyme.
As wo do here in hopes that ting!e
To the ear will be sweet jingle.
But at last they all refused to
Listen to anything but "Crusoe,'
How weary time he did beguile,
Living so long on lonely isle.
After all with greatest pride, they Heard about his black mann Friday,
Until they got stories off by heart, Then with their goods they would not part.

TOM NORTON.
For they were teaching one another.
The King to stop all this bother ; Gave son-in-law a copyright,
He only should the folks delight.
But fortune now on Tom doth smile, An English ship anchored on isle, For they required interpreter
To bring to them supply of water.
Water on ship wns old and stale, There was a stench from water pail, But Tom he quickly did procure Water from the spring so pure.

The captain tried Tom to beguile, And take him off from savage isle, But Tom enjoyed this kind of life, And loved his children and his wife.

From ship Tom got a book of stories, And in "Arabian Nights" soon glories. Then each savage he delights, Listening to tales about those Nights.

Ton's inffluence no more it fails,
He reads to them those charming tales ; While with awe on him they look, As he reads stories from the book.

Bombs Tombs, his eldest son, He fame and fortune will soon won, For he can tell them many a whopper Of "Cinderella And Glass Slipper."

And he is learning now to read, So natives generous'will him feed ; Thus he will retain their hearts, When his father this life departs.

TOM NORTON.
This tale a proof it doth afford
That pen is mightier than the sword ;
In warriors no more they glory,
But in the mar who tells the story.
No more they now each other drub, Flourishing the warlike club; Spears no more are used for stabbing, Nor their javelins for jabbing.
.Except when they do wish to feast
On the flesh of some fat beast,
They reserve their bows and arrows,
To shoot the pigeons and sparrows.
All warlike arts they have forsook, And reverence the man with book;
Peaceful arts they all now prize,
For Christian truths hath made them wise.
For Tom impressed them with Christ's love, And they all hope for Heaven above;
Bomba Tombs is now crowned King, Of him will future poets sing.


## FOX HONT YARN.

This my adventure is no hoax; I mounted horse to hunt a fox, The cunning beast got into cover, Hunting him we rode all over.

But my fine horse he stumbling fell Down to the bottom of the well, And thus the noble beast was alain. My comrades scattered o'er the plain,

Knew not that in the depths profound
I was in deep hole underground;
While o'er broad fields they proudly course,
I was laying on my dead horse.
And from thence did often yell, | But no one came near to that well ; The carcass soon it did ferment, And from it there went a strong scunt,

Which attracted flock of buzzarde, And down they came to fill their gizanrds ; Around four of then! I did cling, And made them fly aloft on wing.

But they flew higher than I waited,
Though I was still quite undaunted;
I first let one buzzard slip,
Then another on downward trip,
'Till 1 arrived all safe and sound, Without a scratch on solid ground,
But now no mán can ever coax
Me to go hanting of a fox.

## THE KING AND PEASANT.

A plensant tale we now will sing Of an old peasant and the King ; The kind Italian King, Humbert, With the gun is a great expert.

Peasant with wonder saw the King Bring down the partridges on wing; The peasant he doth sportsman praise, Each shot it filled him with amaze.

The King hed dearly loves to shoot
In plain garb without his suite ;
He casts aside his Kingly fetters,
All his escort are two setters.
To farmer he doth chat pleasant About the partridge and the pheasant; He tells the King his chicken flocks Are oft invaded by the fox. .

And proposal he advances
For to give the King two francs, If he the enemy will slay, He cheerfully the sum will pay.

But he must come at early morn, For then the fowls from coop are torn ;
The King he came and shot reynard,
And peasant then gave him reward.
And he gave the King his breakfast, His majesty enjoyed repast, And tindly chatted to the dame, Forgetting all his rank and fame.

## THE KING AND PEABANT.

- Next day a carriage drove to door, With gilt it was all covered o'er ; And liveried servant brought present, Both for the wife and the peasant.

And now their thoughts do fondly cling Around their kind-hearted King, Who won their hearts while in disguise :
The fox he slew they greatly prize.
No more lost fowl they do inewail, But glory in the fox fine tail ;
They love to view him in glass case, So they may cunning features trace.

It to them doth pleasure bring, As it reminds them of their King, Who did one morn at break of day, Enemy of their chickens slay.


## SPANISH DONKEY.

In Spain full oft the little donkey Is mischievous as a monkey, But Spanish peasant owned a prize, A donkey was both strong and wise.

Peasant drove him each day to town,
And sold his milk both up and down;
And where his customers did dwell, The peasant he did ring door bell.

But he was struck down by fever,
And he was a strong believer
That the donkey milk could sell;
And at each house would pull the bell.
It really did turn out that way,
House without bell for them he'd bray ;
And allowed the Spanishers
To unload bis panniers.
When the town's Mayor did hear the news, He said no one must beast abuse;

- And each measure out milk honest, And truly they all acted just.

So thas the donkey milk did sell
Until the peasant he got well,:
And we are happy for to say, Each for his milk did honest pay.

## CHILD AND HOBSE.

A mother driving out with child, When the storm it blew so wild; So keen the cold the mother felt, She went to house to get a quilt.

And her little girl she snug lay In the bottom of the buggy, But as the horse it was not tied, At a dog it got terrified.

And off it ran with the dear child, Leaving mother in anguish wild ; She tried to follow up the horse, But soon she got on the wrong course.

She searched all day, but found no trace, 'Till faint and weary with her pace ;
And as the day draws to a close, She fears her child it will be froze, If she is not dashed to pieces -By the runaway, so vicious :
A horrid night the mother spent,
And many a prayer to Heaven sent,
That the Lord would save her dear child
From her numerous dangers wild; It plainly shows the Lord did hear, And spared the life of infant dear.

For it so happened that next day Some boys who in the woods did play,
In place well sheltered by the trees Where but slightly it did freeze,

These youths there found the buggy, And horse it there beside it lay With the child heside its breast, It seemed as if it child caresseci.

Child and horse.
So lovingly within its arm, As if protecting it from harm. The mother came and thanked the Lord That her lost child was now restored.

And even the runaway horse, From his race was none the worse ;
The beast the family highly prize
For its care of child so wise.
It seem'd as if little deary,
Of the buggy had grown weary ;
And when the horse lay down to rest
She went and lay upon its breast.
While mother she was in alarm,
Her child was sleeping snug and warm;
The lesson we must learn from thence, Is for to trust in Providence.


## MOLE AND BEAR FIGHT.

We have a favorite old mule,
A big load he can easy pull ;
He is a quiet and gentle beast,
No trouble with him in the least.
Once we left him in the wo d, And he got into surly mood,
For a big bear did round him fool 'Till kicked by hind feet of our mule.

MULE AND BEAR FIGHT.
One caulk it struck in its neck Enough the joint of it to break ; The bear was quite stunned with the blow, And soon lay helpless in the snow.

I unhitched mule from the sleigh.
So as to give tije beast fair play ; I knew the bear would soon come ronind, And that our mule would stand his ground.

The bear now raised upon his haunches, But mule a blow at him he launches; With both hind feet to lay him low, But the bear he dodged the blow.

The bear then threw his arms round mule, And he strove him down to pull, But all in-vain, the bear with feet, He could not with the mule compete.

For he gave bear no time to pause, But with his hoofs he broke his jaws, And the great bear he soon laid low, His blood all scatter'd o'er the snow:

I truly think the mule takes pride, Each winter o'er the large bear's hide ; He looks at it often in the sleigh, Then merry he doth trot away.

## BEAB AND BUZZSAW.

A Saw Mill Yarn.
I owned sawmill in Michigan, Which by water power ran ; Buzzssw possessed mighty power, Thousands of feet it cut each hour.

Mills could compete with it were few, It cut plank that were four feet through ;
Most of the mills were drove by steam,
But mine was drove by a big stream.
One morning when I started mill,
With wonder soon my mind doth fill,
For I was there then all alone,
With fear I was forced to groan,
When I saw big bear touch its paw
Against the şwift running buzz-saw ;
Its foot in moment it did tear,
And this it did enrage the bear.
:The bear was now roused to fury,
It would be both judge and jury ;
Rusbing on it with open jaws,
And for to crush it with its paws.
Most wondrous sight I ever saw,
It cut through centre of its jaw ;
Saw's speed for moment did not fail,
Cutting through its back bone and tail.
In two the bear it did divide,
One half did lay upon each side;
Carcass we froze and freah bear steat
We enjoyed many a week.

## bear and buzzsaw.

We sewed together the bear's hide
Where the saw did skin divide ;
In winter warmly now I ride,
'Neath bear skin famous far and wide.
Mill cogs and shafts they ran with ease
When lubricated with bear's grease ;
I never shall forget strange freak,
Brought me bear's skin and grease and steak.

## PRESS REVIEW.

When we published the first portion of this book, I noticed that the following. verse was frequently quoted, and I did not think the specimen was fair but a fool joke on me :

And in Ontario the ben
Is worthy of the poet's pen,
For well she doth deserve the prise
Bestowed on her for her fine lays.
Even that grave, sedate journal, The New York Tribune, quoted it, and said it was the work of a sprouting Canadian poet, but I thought I was too old to sprout ; but now I humbly bow to the superior wisdom of The Tribune, for I am now enveloped with new leaves.

## WOODEN LEG.

Misfortune sometimes is a prize, And is a blessing in diagries ; A man with a stout wooden leg, Through town and country he can beg.

And the people in the city, On poor man they do take pity;
He points them to his timber leg And tells them of his poor wife, Meg.

And if a dog tries him to bite, With his stiff leg he doth him smite, Or sometimes be will let him dig His teeth into the wooden leg.

Then never more will dog delight This poor cripple man for to bite ; Rheumatic pains they never twig, Nor corns annoy foot of leg.

So cripple if he's man of sense, Finds for ills some recompense ;
And though he cannot dance a jig, He merry moves on wooden leg.

And when he only has one foot, He needs to brush only one boot ; *
Through world he does jolly peg,
So cheerful with his wooden leg.
In mud or water he can stand With his foot on the firm dry land, For wet he doth not care a fig,
It never harts his wooden leg.
No sches he has but on the toes Of one foot, and but one gets froze;
He has many a jolly rig, And oft enjoys his wooden leg.

## ALLIGATOR RIDER.

I was born in State of Florida, On the banks of a mighty river, Where each big alligator's jaw Makes the northern folks to shiver.

I truly was possessed with vim, And some droll antics I would play, While in the river I did swim, And rode alligators in the bay.

It oft times amused spectators Who came down south to gain their health,
To see me ride those alligators;
My sports to hotel irought great wealth. *
In hotel were many waiters
To tend the guests, enjoyed my rides ;
They loved to see the alligators
When with my spurs I pierced their hides.
My bridle great did them surprise, I put no bit into their mouth, But put my fingers in their eyes, And thus amused the folks down south.

[^3]
## YOUNG SWELL AND TRAMP.

One day a youth full of conceit, With witty tramp he cpanced to meet,
As he was taking walk abroad
So leisurely along the road.
The tramp well knew the stylish gent
Would have hard work to raise a cent,
But a sad tale the tramp did tell
Of sorrows that had him befel.
While on the road he thus did stand
And humbly held his hat in hand ;
Great eloquence he did employ,
He said he was poor orphan boy.
From labor he would never shirk,
But would be happy to get work,
For his family the bread winner, But none of them had their dinner.

And some whole days would go past Wherein they never broke their fast, So pray now give me some relief And help for to assuage my grief.

Said swell, ''I never take a load Of money with me when abroad, For to dispense, to tramps on street, When I by chance with them do meet.

This speech for moment did not damp
The ardor of the witty tramp;
Said he, "Give me your card to call,
And visit your manorial hall."

## LIGHTNING ROD AGENT.

An agent with both smiles and nods, Asked Jones to buy his lightning rods ; Said Jones, "You have made a blunder, I fear not lightning but the thunder.

Others you may go a frightening, I tremble not at the lightning ; Those that are scared at them, I wonder, But I own I dread the thunder."
"I know," said agent, "It is true, Thunder's most dangergus of the two" ; Said Jones, "Set me up thunder rods, And from my mind it will take loads."

Said agent, "Lightning easy glides, O'er these brass tips it smoothly slides, But when the thuyder loudly rolls, These nickel tips it soon controls.

But Jones, you are a man of sense, You see thunder rods are more expense" ; Said Jones, "I care not for the cost, Safety is what I prize the most."

Said agent, "Biggest bolt of thunder Will be harmless as coal cinder ;
You-then can smile while each explodes, When we get up your thunder rods."

## CONQUERED BY A CHILD.

A gent and lady take a trip
Along Pacific roast in ship, And with them is little daughter, For she doth enjoy the water.

The little maiden is adored
By- all the sailors are aboard;
The wheelsman often child did coax
To go up with him to his box.
And she is a grent favorite too
Among the whole of the deck crew ;
On lower deck was strange cargo, Three men chained on way to Fargo.

They are ruffians desperate, And law and order both they hate, But conquered by this little child, Who talked to them and on them smiled.

These men, though they were bound in chains, They soon forgot their rage and pains, And felt she was an angel, sent For to request them to repent.

Sheriff with pistols in his hand,
O'er those men he held command;
But vessel struck 'gainst sunken rock.
And child went o'erboard with the shock.
Bill Jores; though chained hand and foot,
Cried, "Sheriff please now do not shoot,
And little darling I will save
From sinking in a watery grave."

## CONQUERED BY A CHILD．

His hands and feet they both were tied， Yet danger all he bold defied； It seems the Lord doth efforts bless， With teeth he seized the child by dress，

And held her head above the wave
＇Till rescue comes them both to save ；
All on board were glad to see
The sheriff set brave Bill Jones free．

## JOINED HIS CHURCH．

They tell us，May，that love is blind， But dear，there＇s something on my mind ；
And since we now are engaged，
I hope you will not be enraged．
Can you，dear May，now bear the news
From the poor husband you would choose ；
I fear to tell you，but I must，
That I am a somnambulist．
Said she，＂Dear Dick，I will not lurch，
But stick to you if that＇s your church ；
Though I own，as a tender maid
Of your belief I was afraid．
But now the nawe I do not heed，
And will adopt it as my creed＂；
Though，alas，she soon is weeping
To see her husband walking sleeping．

## SOLDIER AND GANDER.

When Sherman marched through Georgia, Hanger in soldiers oft did knaw.; A soldier longing for to dine He soon procured a hook and line,

And put on hook a tempting bait. And old wife stood beside her gate, And round her a flock of geese; The soldier he resolved to fleece

The old lady of her gander, And make it from flock to wander ; Quick as the soldier threw the bait The gander then it left each mate.

An $\dot{\alpha}$ it then seem'd to the beholder As if the gander chased the soldier ; Old lady told soldier not to run, For gander only was in fun,

And she would pledge to him her word, The gander was kind-hearted bird ;
She never knew him yet to fight, For in good deeds he took delight.

The soldier cried, "I will not stay,
.But from fierce fowl will run away";
Old woman she could not divine,
Gander was pulled by hook and line.

When soldier got across the hill,
He took the hook from out its billd
Twisted its neck, and goose did roast,
Oft of that mefal he yet doth boast.

## INDIAN WARS.

We started to march o'er the plain, And looked for shelter long in vain, At last a scout brought in the news, He found a house to rendeavous.

A large block house in the valley Where the company could rally ; And soon they start a cheerful fire With all the comfort they desire.

But when the wind went howling by, It bore along an infant's cry ; Men rushed out on the prairie For to find the little fairy.

They found child in arms of mother, And met its father and its brother, And a young sister who was quite small, With bitten wrapped up in a shawl.

These folks were drawn by an ox team, And of such storm they did not dream ; O'er wagon ctanvas erection, It gave them but slight protection. $\rangle$

But though this family was in gloom, The soldiers gave them warm room, Where they slept till dawn of day, Then emigrants went on their way.

But soon a soldier gave alarm, Which to us seem'd to bring us harm ; He thought, or was it bute dream, That he heard the baby scream.

## INDIAN WARS

Horror on all it did befal,
When soldier said 'twas wrapped in shawl ;
We knew not how it should be fed,
And feared that soon it would be dead.
The mess we fixed is historic, For to feed it milk and paregoric ; Just then we heard Indians yell, And thick 'mong us their arrows fell.

But they found they could not trifle With us, when each seized his rifle ; But so quick they us surrounded, Several of our men were wounded.

But soon quiet did reign supreme, Then infant once, more was the theme, Though no mors the babe doth squall, For arrows have transfixed the shawl,

Each soldier's heart was grieved sore, For blood it trickled to the floor ;
So much with grief they were smitten, They opened shawl and found dead kitten.


## LOVE IN A SNOWDRIFT.

One winter day in snow-bound train,
In drift we stuck in State of Maine;
It happened nenr a villàge small,
And near the track was public hall.
The passengers did all complain
Of these fierce blizzards blow in Maine ;
With snow plough they had striven all day, But found they could not make headway.

The weary hours brought grief and pain
To many on that trip in Maine ;
On me the passengers they call
To lecture to them in the hall.
And the next morning I felt vain, When a young man, belonged to Maine, Warmly thanked me for my lecture, "Well pleased with it," was my conjecture.

He said it gave him chance to gain The heart of finest girl in Maine ; When to the hull you all resorted, The sweet girl in car I courted.

My vanity at first was slain.
But when the young man there in Maine Asked me to wed him to his Jane, I felt the snow drift was a gain.

## BLANKET SHIELD.

When blanket round us we do fold, It doth keep out the wind and cold ; And when house is near to great fire, Wet blankets save from ruin dire.

A General in Mexico
Advanced against Indian foe, But Indians did hold the field, Protected by wet blanket shield.

While Mexicans by hundreds fall, Each pierced by an Indian ball; Wet blanket it must hang quite loose, Or for protection 'tis no use.

Thus Indians rushed o'er the field, And caused the Mexicans to yield; The savages they were more wise Than Christian foe did them despise.

As a shicld we high must rank it,
So light you cannot outflank it ;
The bullets glance off from the blanket,
For its uses we must thank it.

## DIME STORY.

We tell a tale, 'tis all in rhyme,
To show how boy earned a dime :
A parson who his flock did feed,
On written sermons he did read.
One day at top of pulpit stair
He was thrown into despair,
For he had forgot his paper,
And his thoughts were but as vapor.
But fortunate his own dear wife, Who often soothed his ills in life, She found sermon on the table, And found a boy who was able

To deliver it in good time, By promising to give him dime. The boy to church did quickly run, And he the dime then fairly won.

So he went back to parsonage
And demanded then his wage ; ,
The wife she asked the little vermin If he had delivered sermon.

Said he, "My contract I did cover, I gave it to parson to deliver, And he delivers it with feeling, And the poor folks' hearts he's healing."

## BOOK AGENT STORY.

An American Yarn ground into rhyme in our Poetical Mill.
There is a man, his name is Brown, He lives in a subarben town, And has an office in the city, His misfortunes you wiil pity. His wind it was on stocks and-change, He caced not for things new or strange ; But agente managed him to hook, And sold to him a costly book.
Brown cared not for those glorious names,
Died for religion in the flames;
Now he felt agent was a tartar
For selling him tales of each martyr.
The sqent knew it would make strife, But sold snother to hia wife, She did not know that Brown had bought, And agent on her easy wrought.
Approaching her with winning smile, He poor woman did beguile ;
He made her believe without a doubt
No Christisn could do without
This book, which would all inspire
With spark of celestial fire :
With feelings like to each martyr,
Who had died for Christian Charter.
When Brown did bomes return at night,
His wife to add to his delight
Resolved that she would after tea
Get chatting with her husband free
And tell him of finc book she bought;
Of trouble fresh she never thought,
But she noticed a gloomy frown
On the brow of her husband, Brown.

She thought, "When I my husband tell Those dark clouds they will dispel." He looked as if he her could quarter, When she shówed her book of martyr.

He said, "The scoundrel sold me book";
Out of the window he did look
And saw the agent haste to train ;
He tried to stop him but in vain.
Smith then was passing in spring wagon,
And he had his trotting nag on ;
He told him to stop book agent,
His escape for to prevent.
Smith told him Brown wanted him, But agent, nothing daunted him, Said, "He only wants to barter With me for my book of martyr."
"If that's all," said Smith, with quick dash, "Give me his book and here's your cash";
Book agent jumped aboard the car,
For he knew there would be war.
Smith met Brown with triumphant look, Said he, "I have got you the book."
Brown's feelings now no one could paint,
He there did show he was no saint ;
But to his own home he now returned,
And fierce rage in his bosom burned.
He was not fit to be Knight of Garter
When he brought home the third martyr.
From roots of prose of various climes,
Each tale thus grows all clad in rhymes.

## ALLIGATOR AND BOY.

This is a true tale and no yarn, Oúr boys bathed in Hoxa Tarn ;
But for long they had spectator,
Eager, watching alligator.
He wished to make an example
With fattest boy for a sample,
So that the lads no more would fool,
'Nor play around his favorite pool.
His fierce assaults the boys did warn, But they resolved to hold the Tarn, As they expertly all could swim ; For time, they out-manoeurred him.

But they knew sooner or later,
They would be caught by alligator ;
So strategy they did employ,
And they rigged up a seeming boy.
He though:, "I here bear sovereign rule, No boy shall trespass in my.pool ;
So now I will enforce my laws,
And crunch him quick between my jaws."
He ope'd his mouth, the earth did shake,
Was it thunder bolt or earthquake?
For there was scattered far and wide
Grease and alligator's hide.

## LINES

On Oxford Oounty resolving to have a Refuge for the honest poor. June, 1891.

Disgrace no more we will bewail, That honest poor are sent to jail Or allowed to beg from door to door, When they are old, sick and footsore ; They will have refuge on the farm, Where cold and hunger will not harm.

## SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD.

In the month of June, 1891, Sir John A. Macdonald, Cgnada's greatest statesman, departed this life His everlasting monument will be confederation and union of the disjointed Provinces by railroads and canals, works of wonderful magnitude for a young nation to perform. Of course he was ably assisted in carrying out confederation by the late Hon. George Brown.


## LINES

On Dr. McKay being appointed whip of the Ontario Legislature.
McKay he is a clever chap,
Will make good whip for he has snap.

## POLITICAL.

Oanada was found by Cabot,
And now the Premier is Abbot.
Cheap sugar to all is a boon,
Folks love it in their tea and spoon.
Cartwright thinks he could build state coach, Laurier could drive without reproach.

# THE FLOOD ON THE CREEK, ÁPRIL 1891. 

Almost broken was the lyre In the hands of bard McIntyre, Who long had mused beside the stream, Till rudely wakened from his dream.

The waters high in each dam pent, Rushed furious when they found vent ; Through the flood gates opened wide Madly raged the foaming tide.

He heard the waters awful dash, And he heard his warehouse crash, And saw the waves in wild commotion Bearing his stock to the ocean.

Now thanks he gives unto each friend, Who a helping hand did lend ; With gratitude they did inspire The heart-felt thanks of McIntyre.,

Old friends and new he'll gladly meet On the west side of Thames street, Where he has a foundation sure, And a good stock of furniture.

## BIG CROPS OF 1891.

Eighteen hundred and ninety-one For good crops it leads the van ; As land had blessed showers of rain, Which brought abundant crops of grain.

Not scorched with heat, the air was cool, And the ears were barge and full ; Forty bushel to the acre Makes flour that ddights the baker.

None ever saw such crops as these,
So great the yield of oats and pease ; Fifty bushels to the acre Makes us grateful to our maker.

## DEATH OF PARNELL, OOT., 1891.

Ireland's great chàmpion, Parnell, To worldly strife has bade farewell.

## SHORT ROUTE TO THE ORIENT.

Having predicted the building of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, in a poem I published in August, 1858, I felt proud to see the wonderful quick passage of the wails from Japan to Liverpool, via this road.

Jules Verne, that brilliant son of France, Astonished all with wild romnnce ; Around the world in eighty days, This tale it doth no more amaze.

For the Canadian Pacific
Runs her cars at speed terrific ; Her steamers swiftly plow the seas, Which gives to us our cheap, fine teas.

For she is bound to lead the van With her short, quick route to Japan ;
And proudly she may glory vent
In highway to the Orient.
From a small sprout these leaves they grew, And bard now bids you kind adieu.
[Finis.]
Ingersoll, October, 1891.

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[^0]:    ' Fair Canada is our Theme,
    Land of rich cheese, milk and cream."

[^1]:    LINES ON METHODIST U'̇ION, SEPTEMBEK, $1883^{*}$

[^2]:    We do not sing the graceful dames, No more than the fierce battle's shock ; We morely trace ofd English names, Beginning first with thee. Woodstock.

    England's Woodstock had a palace, None was raised up grander, stronger ; Canadian Woodstock, without malice We may say your streets by far the longer.

[^3]:    ('Tis strange I still am a survivor, Living 'mong earth's sons and daughters, For twas a wondrous diver, And could boldly swim the waters.

    SWifter far than any skaters
    Do o'er north frozen waters glide, I could stride my alligators, And o'er the waters proudly ride.

