

Will Be No Gerrymander by Liberal Government

The Premier Introduces the Redistribution Bill.

Government Calls In Assistance of Opposition.

The Northwest Gets Ten New Members—The County Boundaries To Be Restored.

Ottawa, March 31.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier today introduced the Redistribution Bill. The measure covered but one typewritten page, setting forth clearly and succinctly the number of members allotted to each Province, the principle that county boundaries shall be observed as far as possible, the division of counties to be made in a schedule which shall be prepared by a joint committee of the House, composed of four Liberals and three Conservatives. The provinces east of Lake Superior lose representation and those west of it all gain in proportion to their increase. Sir Wilfrid, in introducing the bill, made an admirable presentation of its provisions, which, he explained, closely followed British precedent. Mr. R. L. Borden declared that, on the face of it, the measure was a fair one, and gave Sir Wilfrid credit for it, but he suggested the possibility of unfairness in the committee. The reference to a committee came as a surprise to the majority of people here, as it was not generally known that this principle was to be adopted.

THE PREMIER'S REMARKS.

The Premier said that, in introducing this bill, the Government was fulfilling an imperative duty. It was imposed on them by the British North American act, which provided for a redistribution after each decennial census. This was quite a different measure to that which the Government introduced three years ago. That was an optional measure, designed to correct certain errors. This is a constitutional necessity. The bill would cause great changes in the proportion of the representation of the provinces. The Premier quoted the figures of the last census compared with those of the census of 1896. These showed that the population of certain of the eastern provinces had increased in growth with that of the other provinces. Quebec is the pivotal province which, under the constitution, decides the unit of representation for all the provinces. According to the last census figures, the unit of representation in Quebec is 25,347 people for each member. On that basis, the representation of the Northwest Territories would have under the bill four members instead of five; Nova Scotia will have 18 instead of 20; New Brunswick will have 12 instead of 11; Ontario will have 85 instead of 92; and all these provinces there will be a loss of members.

REPRESENTATION OF QUEBEC.

The representation of Quebec will remain 65, as required by the constitution. British Columbia will receive 12 members instead of 6, as at present; Manitoba will receive 10 instead of 7. There is a special provision in the law which does not require the representation of the Northwest Territories to be decided by the census figures. In view of the rapid increase of population there since the census was taken, it is proposed to give the Territories 10 members instead of the 4 they now have. It is also proposed to give one to the Yukon.

The Premier regretted that some of the provinces would lose members. There could be no possible controversy as to what the law was in this respect. He was aware that the Opposition had endeavored, by torturing the law of the land, to convince themselves that these provinces need not have their representation reduced, but that certain provinces had had their representation reduced by the redistribution acts of 1872, 1882 and 1892. That such reduction was obligatory in circumstances such as the present was proved by the opinions of such eminent constitutional lawyers as Macdonald, Blake and Thompson.

It was not a question of law, it was a question of mathematics. The Premier said he did not wish to indulge in recrimination, but the Liberal party had always said that the Opposition had not been fairly dealt with in previous representation acts. He was aware that there was always a temptation on the part of those in power to take advantage of their opponents. He read a list of 24 Ontario counties in which, at the last election, he claimed 88,356 votes were cast in favor of the Liberal candidates and 86,336 were cast for the Conservative candidates. Though the Liberals had a large majority of the popular vote, only 17 Liberal members were elected, while 25 Conservative candidates were elected. It was the intention of the Government to remedy such existing injustices; but they had no intention of inflicting similar injustices on their opponents. The principle the Premier introduced to the House was that the municipal representation of the country should be the basis of the Parliamentary representation. The Government proposed to follow the British system of arranging the details of the redistribution of constituencies. When Gladstone introduced his redistribution bill, Lord Salisbury had been called into conference, and the boundaries of the constituencies were determined, irrespective of party considerations. This was the system the Liberal party had proposed in connection with the redistribution bill of 1892, but the Government of the day had not adopted it. The Liberal party did not intend to depart from that policy now it was in power. The Government proposed, if the Opposition were willing, to have the details of this measure settled by a joint committee of the House, composed of four Liberals and three Conservatives. With that object in view, the Government had brought down the bill without any schedules attached. It proposed that the schedules be settled by a special committee, of which the Opposition will be represented.

Czar Takes a Hand.

St. Petersburg, April 1.—Further evidence of the vigorous interest the Czar is beginning to take in political and social affairs is contained in the announcement of M. Yermoloff, Minister of Agriculture, that the provincial agricultural societies will be formed into a general federation with privileges of intercommunication and of direct petitioning the provincial administrations and the central Government.

Hitherto, with the exception of the municipal councils, the marshals and nobility, no form of collective petition or representation has been allowed. The Czar has now decided, however, that he cannot depend on the reports of official intermediaries, and is determined to obtain as much first-hand evidence as possible.

sent by three members, to be selected by themselves.

The Premier then proceeded to explain the principle on which the Government had decided the numbers to be given the Northwest Territories. The population of the Territories according to the last census was 138,940. On that basis, the Territories would be entitled to six members. But the actual population of the Territories today was at least 250,000, and the increase is continuing by leaps and bounds. Exercising the powers the law gave him, the Premier had, therefore, decided to grant ten members to the Territories, one object in doing so being to give the new settlers of foreign birth going in there every encouragement to become British citizens and take their part in the government of the country.

TEXT OF THE BILL.

The following is the text of the bill: "Whereas, the result of the census of 1901 necessitated a readjustment of the representation in the House of Commons, pursuant to the provisions of the B. N. A. Act, 1867, and the other statutes in that behalf made, and it is expedient at the same time to provide for an increased representation in the said House and in the Northwest Territories, therefore, His Majesty, by His Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date the 27th day of March, 1903, did enact as follows:—

"(1) The House of Commons shall consist of 214 members, of whom 86 shall be elected for Ontario, 65 for Quebec, 18 for Nova Scotia, 13 for New Brunswick, 10 for Manitoba, 7 for British Columbia, 4 for Prince Edward Island, 10 for the Northwest Territories, and 1 for the Yukon Territory.

"(2) The said provinces and territories respectively shall for the purposes of the election of members to serve in the said House of Commons, be divided into electoral districts, and be represented as provided in the schedule to this act, which shall be as follows:—

"(3) Every town, village and township, parish or place lying within the territorial limits of any electoral district, and not specially included in any other electoral district by the said schedule, shall be taken to be part of the electoral district in which it is so specially included.

"(4) Wherever in the said schedule any word of expression is used to denote the name of any territorial division, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as indicating such territorial division as it exists and is bounded at the date of the passing of this act.

"(5) This act to take effect only upon the dissolution of the present Parliament."

MR. BORDEN'S REMARKS.

The leader of the Opposition said that until the bill was printed and he had had an opportunity of examining more closely its provisions he did not propose to express any length of opinion concerning it. He thought, however, it was hardly worthy of the leader of the Government to make the reference he had made to the Opposition, and the present representation act. He had not made a fair selection of Ontario constituencies to illustrate his point. It was well known that there must always be anomalies in connection with the division of constituencies. It would have been quite possible for the Premier to have made up a list of Ontario counties which would have shown equal anomalies in an opposite direction. Mr. Borden also said he would reserve his opinion on the Premier's proposal for settling the schedules of the act by a joint committee. The proposal for a conference certainly had the appearance of fairness, though with the Government having a majority on the joint committee he was not so sure that the fairness would be so real as it was apparent.

The bill was then read a first time.



Minneapolis Journal.

It Begins to Look as if Canada Were Annexing U. S.

THE QUEER HOBBY OF A ROTHSCHILD

He Is Chasing a Flea Five Thousand Miles.

OFFERS A REWARD OF £1,000

The Animal Lives on the Arctic Fox—Polar Bear and Reindeer Fleas Also Wanted.

London, April 1.—The Hon. Charles Rothschild, the second son of Lord Rothschild, has recently dispatched an expedition to the polar regions to collect specimens of the many rare fleas that abound there.

The principal object of both crew and captain is to secure a flea of the Arctic fox, for which Mr. Rothschild has promised a reward of £1,000. This particular species of the pulex irritans is to flea fleas what the egg of the extinct giant auk is to ornithologists.

Two specimens only are known to have been brought to Europe, and neither is perfect.

The reason for this is not far to seek. Not only is the Arctic fox itself one of the rarest of animals, but his fleas leave him as soon as he is dead. So it is to be surmised that the hardy explorers, if they are to succeed in their curious quest, will have to be both lucky and alert.

They expect to collect, in addition to the insect mentioned above, specimens of the flea of the polar bear, the reindeer, the Eskimo dog, the Arctic hare, and many other scarce animals. In order to secure three specimens of an extremely small fresh-water crab inhabiting the swamps south of Lake Bangweulu, Carl Hertz spent two years in the interior of Central Africa. He had with him two white assistants and 80 black porters. Both the former died, and of the latter, only 22 got back to the coast. So that these three tiny crustaceans, each no bigger than a two shilling piece, and weighing altogether less than a couple of ounces,

cost the lives of no fewer than 60 human beings. It has been held by scientists that the sacrifice was not made in vain. For the finding of this particular variety of crab, a distinctly marine type of organism originally, went far towards proving the truth of the theory all along held by geologists, namely, that the great African lakes were not formed in comparatively recent times by subsidence, but date back to an infinitely more remote period, when the salt waters of the ocean covered the whole central Congo basin.

Prevost May Fight.

Paris, April 1.—The Patrie says the brother of Emma Tourret, who fired two shots from a revolver at Marcel Prevost, the well-known novelist, as he was entering the office of the Society of Men of Letters, has sent his seconds to M. Prevost. The novelist accepted and the duel will be fought tomorrow morning. Swords will be used.

Collapse of a Building.

Boston, April 1.—By the collapse of a large steel and wooden apartment house in process of construction in Brookline yesterday, one man was killed and four others injured, one probably fatally. The dead man was George Smith, the foreman. The building was to have been a three-story apartment house. The cause of the accident has not yet been ascertained.

Features on Inside Pages.

Page 2.—Jottings from Nearby Places. Massacres in Macedonia.

Page 3.—Small Ads. United States Consular Report Upon London as a Commercial City. Palm Sunday Celebration. Rev. C. C. Owen Goes to Vancouver. Police Court Proceedings.

Page 4.—Editorial. Names of Transportation Commissioners. The Grand Trunk Pacific Bill.

Page 5.—Provincial House Adjourns. A Rich Gold Strike Near Dawson. Mining Disaster in Missouri. Music and Drama.

Page 6.—Markets. Increased Revenue of Port of London. Effect of Proposed Assessment. Changes in London. Rifle Shooting To Be Encouraged. Condensed Local News. One Minute Interviews.

Page 7.—Serial Story. "Between Two Fires." The Corbett-McGovern Contest. Latest Sporting News.

Page 8.—Verdict Jury in Douglas Inquest. Forty-five Men Not Working at Leonard's. Increase in Fire Losses for Year. Rev. Mr. Orme Replies to Dr. Beaumont's Criticism.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Wednesday, April 1.
Sun rises: 6:01 a.m. Moon rises: 8:12 a.m.
Sun sets: 8:43 p.m. Moon sets: 10:36 p.m.
Tomorrow: Showery.

Moon's Phases.

First Quarter..... 4th..... 8:51 p.m.
Full Moon..... 11th..... 7:18 a.m.
Last Quarter..... 19th..... 4:39 a.m.
New Moon..... 27th..... 1:31 a.m.

Toronto, March 31—8 p.m.
The weather continues very mild throughout the Dominion. A general rain has fallen today in the Maritime Provinces, and showers have occurred in Manitoba. Elsewhere it has been fair.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Toronto, 16 below and 25 above; Kamloops, 4 below and 25 above; Edmonton, 26 below and 34 above; Parry Sound, 26 below and 34 above; Ottawa, 26 below and 34 above; Montreal, 30 below and 34 above; Halifax, 32 below and 34 above.

Wednesday, April 1—8 a.m.

FORECASTS.

Today—Easterly winds; fair.

Thursday—Fresh easterly and southerly winds; cloudy, with occasional showers.

Temperatures.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.

Calgary..... 25..... 36..... Cloudy

Winnipeg..... 25..... 36..... Clear

Pourton..... 25..... 36..... Fair

Ottawa..... 25..... 36..... Fair

Quebec..... 25..... 36..... Fair

Father Point..... 25..... 36..... Snow

A NEW PRESIDENT FOR THE "SOO" CO.

Cornelius Shields Replaces Clergue in Management.

A MAN OF WIDE EXPERIENCE

An Early Statement Is Expected by Stockholders—Offices May Go to New York.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 1.—Radical reorganization of the management of the Consolidated Lake Superior Company, was officially announced last night.

Cornelius Shields becomes president of the company and takes the place in the board vacated by former President E. V. Douglas. Since F. B. Lewis resigned the presidency of Consolidated Lake Superior in December, that position remained vacant. Mr. Shields was formerly connected with the Great Northern Railway. Subsequently he was one of the receivers of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company and then vice-president and general manager of the Dominion Coal Company.

He is first vice-president of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, Limited, of Sydney, N. S. It is believed that his extended experience in railroad and industrial operations gives him peculiar fitness for the management of varied operations of the Consolidated Company. Theodore C. Search retires as vice-president, and remains as director. Edward H. Sanborn becomes secretary, and assistant treasurer. No one has been appointed to succeed him.

There were rumors today that the offices of the company would be removed to New York, but no confirmation of earnings and expenses is expected by stockholders.

General Manager Clergue has not resigned, but the tender of his resignation is expected.

Albanians Now in Revolt Big Battle in Balkans

Three Thousand Turkish Troops Engage in a Sanguinary Contest.

Constantinople, April 1.—Details of the disturbances in North Albania show that the revolt which has broken out there against the reform scheme of the Sultan is a very serious disturbance. Several thousand armed Albanians surrounded the town of Vuesteen, on the Mitrovitz-Uskub Railroad, March 29, and demanded the surrender of eleven Serbian gendarmes, who had been enlisted in accordance with the reform plans. The governor surrendered the Serbians, who were bound and taken to Pristina after having been maltreated. A number of the Serbian inhabitants and Albanians later surrounded Mitrovitz and serious fighting ensued with the Turkish garrison, consisting of 3,000 troops. The fighting continued until March 30, when the Albanians finally were repulsed, with great loss. Heavy reinforcements have been ordered from the vilayet of Aidin, Asia Minor, and other places, to suppress the rebellion.

The Albanian rising has caused a panic among the Christians of old Serbia, who are fleeing towards Serbia.

A panic has occurred at Prilep in consequence of the growing fanaticism of the Albanians against the Christians. The latter have closed their shops and schools and are preparing to seek refuge at Monastir. Numbers of Christians have been murdered in the Prilep district during the past few days.

Considerable apprehension is felt at the Russian embassy for the safety of M. Stoberina, the consul of Russia at Mitrovitz.

A Home Rule Resolution Debated in Parliament

Danger of Cannibalism.

Sydney, April 1.—In reference to the impending deportation of Karakas, including 3,000 New Hebrideans from Queensland, back to their own Pacific Islands in accordance with the White Australia Act, Capt. Tasson, R. N., the British resident in the New Hebrides, states in a newspaper interview that unless the Commonwealth purchases land in the islands and provides food for the deported Karakas, the latter will drift into the native villages, with the result that those who are in anything like good condition will be promptly killed and eaten. He anticipates that there will be similar difficulties in the other islands.

FATAL AUTOMOBILING

A Well-Known Nobleman Meets a Tragic Death.

Nice, France, April 1.—Count Elliott Zborowski, of New York, was killed today in an automobile hill climbing race between Nice and La Turbie.

Count Zborowski, who was an American, lived in England for a number of years and was devoted to hunting at Melton Mowbray.

In addition to entering the Nice automobile races this week he was to have entered for the James Gordon Bennett international automobile cup, which is to be competed for in Ireland.

Count Zborowski's car turned a sharp angle too quickly, toppled over and was wrecked. The count was killed against a rock, his head was split open, and he died instantly. His chauffeur is believed to have been mortally injured. The race was not started immediately. Countess Zborowski was awaiting her husband at La Turbie, expecting they would lunch together at the conclusion of the race. The accident occurred at the spot where there was a similar fatality two years ago, when a German automobilist was killed.

MURDEROUS MUTINEERS

British Government Takes Unusual Steps to Punish Them.

London, April 1.—The authorities here have ordered Police Inspector Duckworth to go to the United States and obtain information regarding the five mutineers of the British bark Veronica, from Ship Island, Miss., who were landed at Liverpool Jan. 29 by the British steamer Brunswick.

The Veronica was burned at sea Dec. 29 and four members of her crew, who were picked up near the island of Madeira, were charged by the colored cook, also one of the survivors, with having murdered Capt. Shaw, of the Veronica; the mate of that vessel, Mr. McLeod; the second mate, Mr. Abrahamson; the steward, Miles Thomas, and four of the seamen, and with having set fire to the ship. The accused men were then formally charged with murder and the cook was held at a witness.

STRIKE AT WALKERVILLE

Three Hundred Bridge Workers Demand More Pay.

Walkerville, Ont., April 1.—The employees of the Canadian Bridge Company, to the number of 300, went out on strike this morning. The works are crowded with orders, this being their busy season. The men were asked to work ten hours a day, they were, however, to get ten hours' pay. Part of the men were willing, but some of the more determined ones induced the others to stand out for more pay. It was thought only the machinists would go out, but this morning every man but the foreman quit work. Machinists, lathe hands, carpenters and laborers are out for a 10 per cent increase in wages. A large crowd of laborers are hanging around the works, but are keeping quiet and orderly so far as the strike, however, that no new men will be allowed to go to work.

Famous Brigand Free.

Palermo, Italy, April 1.—The famous brigand, Varsalona, who recently escaped, broke into local Government offices and stole 59 blank passports. These were filled in so that Varsalona, his wife, three nephews, two nieces and 29 members of his band could travel on coasting steamers to Naples, and thence to Buenos Ayres or to New York.

It is uncertain to which port they have gone. One thousand men arrested from time to time for assisting the brigands have been released.

Mr. Belcourt spoke in favor of the resolution, holding that the settlement of the agrarian question would induce the regeneration of Ireland, and restore peace and harmony. He alluded to the share his majesty had taken in bringing about the present condition of affairs.

Mr. Richardson (South Grey), while admiring the magnificent spectacle exhibited by the British Parliament today, found himself obliged to vote against the resolution.

Mr. Bourassa held that Canada presented an object lesson on the question of autonomy, and historically reviewed the benefits of the Canadian system. Mr. Chamberlain had found that it would be impossible to establish British rule in South Africa unless home rule were also granted. It

(Continued on page 4.)

Land Purchase Bill Is Not Sufficient in Itself.

Canada as an Object Lesson in Self-Government.

Premier Says That a Solution of the Question Would Be a Boon to Canada.

Ottawa, March 31.—When the House was moved into committee of supply today, Mr. Costigan moved in amendment that the motion respecting Irish affairs, of which he gave notice some days ago, He did not think it was necessary to make any argument in favor of home rule, nor did he agree with those who considered that the present was not an opportune time to refer to the matter, in view of the Land Purchase Bill, which the British Government had introduced. He would like to praise the liberality of the British Government for introducing that measure with the eloquence of Grattan or McGee if he were capable of doing so. But the adoption of that measure would not abate the desire of the Irish for self-government. He believed the land purchase measure would be followed up by the granting of a measure of home rule not only to Ireland, but to England, Wales and Scotland. An association existed in England for the purpose of securing home rule all round, on the same system as was prevalent in Canada. He believed the progress and contentment that had accompanied home rule in Canada, and bespoke the same results in the case of Ireland. He believed it was the character and the ancient civilization of the Irish race, and said that it was of as great importance to the well-being of the empire as the render the Irish a contented people as it was to expend vast sums in the conciliation of South Africa.

Mr. Hackett, of Prince Edward Island, seconded the resolution, deprecating home rule being made a political football. He supported the first resolution in favor of home rule moved in the Canadian Parliament in 1882, and he supported the present because he believed the others had done good. He advocated Irish home rule as essential to the unity of the empire.

Mr. Charlton opposed the motion, not because he did not sympathize with the Irish desire for home rule, but because he believed that this was a matter in which Canada should not interfere. The Canadian Parliament had been justifiably reproved by the British Government for its resolution on a matter that she could only receive advice concerning from the British Parliament and the British ministers. He said Canada would quickly resent the British Parliament passing resolutions advising the Canadian Parliament what to do in the matter of imperial federation, the British preference, imperial defense, or the official use of the French language. We should mind our own business.

Mr. Jabel Robinson expressed his regret that resolutions concerning Ireland and other foreign matters should be brought up. He thought the Canadian Parliament would be better occupied dealing with Canadian matters. These "buncombe" resolutions cost the country \$25 per minute. That was what it cost to run the House.

Dr. Spence wanted to know what attitude the Government would take on this question. The motion, being an amendment on going into supply, was of confidence. If it were a motion of confidence, it would be a vote of want of confidence. If it were a motion of confidence, it would be a vote of want of confidence. If it were a motion of confidence, it would be a vote of want of confidence.

Mr. Macdonald (Bonaventure) quite agreed with Dr. Spence in deprecating the introduction of any question tending to excite differences between Roman Catholic and Protestant. There were 268,000 Irish people in Canada. There were 1,500 in his own constituency. He congratulated the British statesmen on at last meeting out a measure of justice to Ireland. Canada owed much to Ireland, and he greatly regretted that the British Government had not done so. He said that the British Government had not done so. He said that the British Government had not done so.

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THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY

176 and 178 Dundas St., London,
Wednesday, April 1, 1903.

Sterling Snaps in WALL PAPERS

We're doing a big business in Wall Papers these days, because our Wall Papers are right—So are the prices.

You'll be sure to find just what you want for your parlor, hall, library or dining-room, in our stock.

Here Are Three Big Bargains for Thursday.

- 200 rolls pretty blue ground Wall Paper, with pink rose design, regular 10c, Thursday, roll..... 5c
- 300 rolls of attractive, good Wall Paper, three different shades, very special, Thursday, roll..... 5c
- 350 rolls handsome red Wall Paper, beautiful design, complete combination, regular price 12 1/2c, Thursday, roll..... 6c

On Sale Thursday Morning.

- 10 dozen white enameled Curtain Poles, brass or silver colored ends, complete, Thursday morning, each..... 15c

Some Thursday Specials in the Basement.

- 10 dozen good Sponges, large size, worth 20c and 25c; choice Thursday, each..... 10c
- Splendid Garden Rakes, Thursday, each..... 25c
- Extra quality Steel Hoes, regular 25c, Thursday, each..... 5c
- Handy Garden Trowels, Thursday, each..... 25c
- Feather Dusters, regular 50c, Thursday, each..... 25c
- Panicy Kindergarten Baskets, Thursday, each..... 10c
- Pillow Sham Holders, regular 25c, Thursday, pair..... 15c

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF FISHING TACKLE.

Mangel Seed.

Select variety, very special,
Thursday, 2 pounds for..... 25c

Garden Seeds.

Best varieties, Flowers and
Vegetables, 3 papers for..... 5c

NEST EGGS, 3 for..... 5c EGG CUPS, 4 for..... 5c

Call at the Candy
Department.

WOODS' FAIR

JOTTINGS FROM NEARBY PLACES

Though correspondents' names are not published, they should always sign their letters.

PETROLEA.

Petrolea, April 1.—Messrs. Kerr, Ridd and Grant made a business trip to Toronto last week.

Mr. R. S. Ford, the progressive merchant of this town, has just had the most successful military opening that Petrolea has ever witnessed, both in respect of quality and quantity. The number of witnesses was extraordinarily large, while the goods on display were among the choicest ever seen. Look out for Easter Sunday!

Mrs. L. Brown, of the Baptist parsonage, has left for a prolonged visit to her home at Woodstock.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Kedwell, of the Tropic, left town Tuesday, to take charge of the new office he is opening in London in connection with the publication of the *Brother's Advocate*.

The annual meeting of the Bible Society will be held in the Episcopal Church tonight (Wednesday, April 1), at 8 o'clock.

The employees of the Milner Wagon Company had a church parade on Sunday last, turning out about 80 strong. Rev. Mr. Craig, of the Episcopal Church, preached a most helpful and inspiring sermon.

A. C. Pratt, traveler for the Somerville Company, of London, spent Sunday in town with his parents. He left on Monday for the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. James Scott, of West street, is confined to his home with a prolonged siege of the grippe.

MOUNT BRIDGES.

Mount Bridges, March 30.—Mr. George Bond met with a serious accident last Wednesday. He was looking at a team of horses at Mr. West's blacksmith shop, and one of them kicked him. Mr. Bond was unconscious for awhile, and had some ribs broken. Fortunately Dr. Woods was soon brought, and attended to his injuries, and it is hoped he will soon be around again.

There was quite an exciting time here on Friday over a sawing match held in the town hall yard. Men came from all directions, notwithstanding the rain. The Indians won most of the prizes. Mrs. Rockey, with her two children, expects soon to join her husband in the Northwest.

Sandy Graham is able to be up again. Miss Pearl Hare, of Thamesville, paid a flying visit to friends here this week. Mr. Elsey has moved to Mr. D. Thomas' house on the third concession.

BRUSSELS.

Brussels, April 1.—W. H. Kerr, of the Post, preached in Victoria Hall Sunday evening.

Kelley's greenhouse was partly destroyed by fire Saturday evening.

Rev. R. Paul, the veteran superannuated minister, is confined to his home by an attack of rheumatism.

The woolen mills are now in good running order.

Robert Dark, who has been suffering from inflammation, is able to be out again.

Mrs. Thomas Friendship was not able to move to Teeswater with her husband and family last week on account of sickness. We hope she will soon be convalescent.

Mrs. Matthews, of Owen Sound, spent Sunday with friends in town.

The three millinery stores are

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

She Ate Her Cubs.

New York, April 1.—To Princess, a fierce African lioness in Barnum & Bailey's menagerie, came three cubs on Saturday. She devoured them all yesterday. She gorged with her cannibal feast, went calmly to sleep.

Keeper George Diebert found Princess crouching in one corner of her cage yesterday morning. One cub had been nearly devoured. The others were still alive. The lioness made a spring at Diebert and landed against the bars of the cage.

Superintendent George Conkin was called. The cage is in two compartments. In one of the compartments was the lioness. He was removed to another cage and an effort was made to drive Princess into the vacant compartment. She spread herself over the two living cubs, and determined prodding could not budge her.

In the hope that darkness might calm the lioness, her cage was covered and she was left alone. In the afternoon, when the cover was removed, Princess was asleep. The cubs had disappeared.

MASSACRES DAILY IN MACEDONIA

Many Villages Are Pillaged,
Burned and Razed.

THE TURKS LOSE HEAVILY

Oriental Express Has a Narrow
Escape From Being Blown Up
on Bridge.

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 1.—The Macedonia committee announces that a revolutionary band of thirty-one men and the inhabitants of the village of Abaliche, near Istib, have been massacred by Bashi-Bazouks. The band, it is added, was surrounded in the village. After ten hours' fighting the village was completely razed and burned. All the inhabitants were massacred. The Turkish losses are reported to have been even greater than those on the other side.

According to advices received from Miliroviza, a town in European Turkey, bands of Albanians have surrounded that town and are demanding the removal of the Russian consul.

Dr. Daneff, the former Premier, has succeeded in forming a new cabinet, which includes all the members of the late ministry, with the exception of Gen. Paprikoff, who was Minister of War. Paprikoff is succeeded by Col. Savoff.

The bridge of the Turkish Oriental Railroad between Adrianople and Mustapha Pacha, was blown up by an infernal machine early today. The Oriental express crossed half an hour previously. It is believed the perpetrators of the outrage intended to wreck the train, but that the explosion was delayed by defective mechanism in the machine.

St. Petersburg, March 31.—The Russian consul at Uskub, European Turkey, has been informed of the dangerous spread of the revolutionary agitation in the vilayet of Kossovo. He adds that the revolutionists are spreading the belief that Russia is aiding the movement. The consul considers that the movement is artificial and not really approved by the bulk of the population and the army. He is sending a telegram to the Ottoman government, asking it to engage in a general annihilation of the Christians with the object of securing the intervention of the great powers.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY

The Husband Was Killed in Sight of
His Wife.

New York, April 1.—Filled with jealous anger at finding another man entertained by his wife, this afternoon, Wm. J. Peppier, threw the visitor out into the hall, fought him from the third floor to the front door of the apartment house in which he lived, with his wife screaming and weeping at their heels, and was there shot down by the man who he thought had wronged him. This man was Wm. Earl Dobson, a general and the police have sent out a fiered alarm for him. Peppier was about 26 years old and a clerk. He had not been long married. A policeman summoned by the cries of the other tenants of the house, who were alarmed by the shooting, rushed into the building, and in the hall struck the man who was lying unconscious. Peppier had been shot in the side, the bullet passing through his body.

UNSOOUND FINANCIALLY

The United States Banks Driven to
Frequent Borrowings.

London, April 1.—Referring to the position of the New York banks, the Times says: "The temporary borrowings from Europe are merely expedients for gaining time. It is quite justifiable to gain time for the collection of debts due in the near future, or to allow of liquidation being cleared out quickly without forced selling, but the frequency with which these temporary transfers of indebtedness have been made for some time past indicates that the position in the United States is unsound. Of course, the United States is prosperous. If it were not, complete liquidation of unsound commitments would already have come in violent form, and the United States would be healthy even yet, without violent collapse, but only provided the banks and financiers succeed in rigidly repressing all further incautious speculation."

THE FREIGHT THIEVES

Two of the Port Huron Men Pleaded
Guilty.

Port Huron, Mich., April 1.—The five railway men arrested for robbing Grand Trunk freight cars in transit were arraigned Monday. William Hickey and Harold H. Hoey pleaded guilty and were held to the circuit court to answer to the charge of breaking and entering cars for the purpose of committing larceny. Frank Degraw, Will Rietie and James Hobbs pleaded not guilty, and will appear before Judge Benedict. These men claim they did not enter the cars, but admit having accepted of some of the swag when it was divided.

A Poor Mail Service.

London, April 1.—Throughout the winter there has been much complaint on the part of the businessmen of the "leisurely manner" in which the mails are dispatched across the Atlantic. Lately this state of affairs has become more acute. Letters posted in New York on March 15 were only delivered in London late yesterday evening.

Lace Curtains
and delicate
fabrics are best
washed with
Sunlight Soap.
No injury from
scrubbing or
impurities.



THE WEATHER TODAY—Fair and a little cool

Subscribe now for "The Designer," the most up-to-date Fashion Magazine. Regular subscription price is \$1 per For 80c if you give us your name before end of April.

Have You Ever Worn The Graceful "Her Majesty's" Corsets?

Here is a chance to secure a pair at less than half price. A pair of these world-renowned Corsets will give lasting satisfaction. The regular price is \$4.75 pair. Will sell a limited number at only..... \$2.25

The Ferris Good Sense Waists Are Easy.

Are made in all sizes, beginning with the corded waist for children, the gracefully formed waist for the growing girl, and the most correctly modeled waist for women.

- No. 518—Ferris' Ladies' Bodice, made of fine linen batiste, trimmed top and bottom, with lace and ribbon, pearl button front, in white only, sizes 19 to 25..... \$1 25
- No. 525—Ferris' Ladies' Corset Waist, of fine quality cotton, gored over hips and bound with light flexible steels, button front, sizes 19 to 26. Only..... \$1 25
- No. 508 is a popular style for misses, made of fine white batiste, a cool, comfortable waist for summer; sizes 19 to 25. Only..... \$1 00

Black Silk Special.

We have placed on sale a fine twill, soft finished Black Silk, suitable for waists or dresses. The price is special for such good quality. Per yard only..... 65c

New Moire Skirting.

Just received, a special line of blue, gray and black Moire Skirting, similar to watered silk, and beautiful for underskirts, our very low price per yard..... 50c

Ladies' Spring Coats and Capes.

The handsomest you ever saw, either in a store or on a well-dressed lady, and the prices we ask for such elegant, beautiful creations are not nearly as high as you might expect. Of some we only have one, so select early.

- Black Silk Velvet Coat, blouse Eton, large collar and flare sleeve, trimmed with silk applique, for..... \$17 50
- Eton Coat of Black Silk Applique, large round collar and flare sleeve, silk lined, one only, for..... \$18 00
- Only Eton Coat, of black silk voile, handsomely trimmed with embroidery and silk applique, silk lined, for..... \$35 00
- Lady's Cape, of black silk, applique, collar trimmed with ruchings of silk and chiffon, finished with ribbon, cape finished with chiffon over pleating of silk, for..... \$16 00
- Lady's Cape of black Brussels net and silk applique, silk lined, collar and around cape trimmed with ruchings of lace and silk, for..... \$12 50
- Lady's Cape of black Brussels net, trimmed with braid and silk applique, collar finished with ruchings of silk and lace, finished with satin ribbon, silk lined, for..... \$6 50
- Lady's Cape, 18 inches long, of black silk applique, collar trimmed with ruchings of silk and ribbon, cape finished with frill of lace, silk lined, for..... \$6 50
- Lady's Cape of black broadcloth, silk lined, 30 inches long, trimmed with bands of satin, for..... \$11 50

Grand Opening of Handsome Linens.

To lovers of beautiful Linens this week and next will be events of great importance. The newest and most handsome Linens ever imported from the Emerald Isle will receive their first introduction to the public. We cannot tell you here of the elegance of the stock—we simply refer you to our large east window, which we have devoted to a display in order that you do not require to come into the store unless you want to. But be sure that coming in will repay you. Seeing and feeling are two different things, and to feel these rare specimens of Linen goodness is in itself a pleasure. Don't miss this opening. You want Linens and we have them.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

ARMY BRUTALITY

German Officer Who Maltreats His
Men Lightly Punished.

Berlin, April 1.—A non-commissioned officer named Wiedemann was tried by court-martial at Magdeburg for 22 cases of cruelty to men under his command. Evidence was given that one of the soldiers habitually maltreated by Wiedemann committed suicide to escape further suffering.

The military procurator urged that the culprit should be imprisoned for six months, but that degraded and expelled from the army, but the court-martial imposed the remarkably light sentence of five weeks' imprisonment, on the expiration of which Wiedemann will go back to his regiment and continue to do duty as though nothing had happened.

THE SPRING FEELING

Weariness, Lassitude and a Desire to Avoid
Exertion.

There are few people who have not experienced what is aptly termed the "spring feeling." Languor and weariness, loss of appetite, touches of indigestion, pimples and irritation of the skin. They all come with the spring. All these ills are banished by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They enrich the blood, brace up the nerves, and charm away all spring weariness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best tonic medicine in the world. They make new, rich, red blood; strengthen men and women and make the roses of health bloom on pallid cheeks. Here is proof: Miss Catherine Johnston, Gardner Mines, N. B., says: "I was very much run down, and so weak that I would frequently have to lie down. My appetite was poor and food distasteful. I often suffered from headaches, and the least exertion left me completely used up. I used a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and since then I have felt like a new person. I do not know of any medicine equal to these pills."

In this climate a tonic is an absolute necessity in spring, and health will be gained and money saved by using only Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Don't take a substitute or something else said to be "just as good." If in doubt send to the Dr. Williams' Medical Company, Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed post paid at 50c per box or six boxes for \$2.50.

THE REFERENDUM CASES

Robert Foster Applies for a Plea of
Habeas Corpus.

Toronto, April 1.—The St. Thomas referendum irregularities are again before the courts on an application for a habeas corpus writ on behalf of Robert Foster. Foster was convicted by

DIZZY FEELING

Headache, Indigestion,
Stomach and Liver Trouble,
Specks before the eyes,
are invariably cured by
Ferrozone. If you suffer
from these complaints try
FERROZONE
Price 50c. At Druggists, or by mail from
Ferrozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

There is an ever increasing demand for choice goods, that is why.....

COWAN'S...

Queen's Dessert Chocolate,
Chocolate Cream Bars,
Chocolate Ginger and

COWAN'S Swiss Milk Chocolate

Are selling so rapidly Every lady wants
them for her table.

Economy and Durability

When a farmer talks of putting up a new wire fence, two of the most important items he has to consider are whether the fence in question will be a durable one, and whether it can be put up at a reasonable price. You will find in the

AMERICAN FIELD- WOVEN WIRE FENCING

Both these important qualities. It is made so that it is not affected by change of temperature. Price is right.

If you have not received one of our catalogues send us a request on a postcard and you will receive one by return mail.

A. WESTMAN

Judge Bell of personation. He was not sentenced until some time after, and using only Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. On this ground it is claimed the sentence should not have been imposed. The case stands till Friday.

DISAPPOINTED IN LOVE

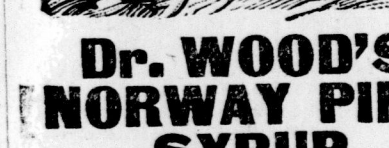
A Sandwich Man Takes a Dose of
Carbolic Acid.

Windsor, Ont., April 1.—Disappointment in a love affair caused Merson Pentland, aged 24, a painter, to attempt suicide in the Dominion House, Sandwich, at 10 o'clock yesterday by Sandwith, at 10 o'clock Monday by covered in his room at the hotel in great agony. Town Physician Beasley saved his life with a pump.

Pentland was foreman of a gang of painters at work on the old horsemaster here. He is a son of G. R. Pentland, of Sandwith. About a year ago young Pentland had a quarrel with his parents and went to live at the Dominion House. Soon after a pretty girl of that village broke her engagement to him.

BILIOUSNESS BURDENS LIFE.—The bilious man is never a companionable man, because his ailment renders him morose and gloomy. The complaint is not so dangerous as it is disagreeable. Yet no one need suffer from it who can procure Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. By regulating the liver and obviating the effects of bile in the stomach, they restore men to cheerfulness and full vigor of action.

Whaley Abbey, a delightful residence near the famous Vale of Avoca, in County Wicklow, has been offered for sale.



Dr. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Cures COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS and all THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. Miss Florence E. Mailman, New Germany, N.S., writes: "I had a cold which left me with a very bad cough. I was afraid I was going into consumption. I was advised to try DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP. I had little faith in it, but before I had taken one bottle I began to feel better, and after the second I felt as well as ever. My cough has completely disappeared."

PRICE 25 CENTS.

London Advertiser

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 Daily, Six Months.....\$1 75
 Daily, Three Months.....\$1 00
 Daily, One Month.....\$1 25

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 Sample Copies of Daily and Weekly sent Free.

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 A complete Job Printing Plant. New Type and New Presses.
 LONDON ADVERTISER CO. (Limited).

London, Wednesday, April 1.

No Gerrymander.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier yesterday brought down the redistribution bill, minus the details, which are to be arranged by a committee of the House chosen from both parties. The Premier's announcement comes as a surprise, as it was generally supposed the Government had fixed the boundaries of the constituencies unalterably. Instead of that, it has followed the British practice, unprecedented in Canada, of consulting the Opposition. This is heaping coals of fire on the head of the Conservative party with a vengeance. The leader of the Opposition was startled into confessing that the measure were the appearance of fairness, though he qualified this by saying that in the end the fairness might not be so real as suggested. It was open to the Government to ignore the Opposition, as its predecessors had done, but it has shown an almost quixotic desire to be just and to avoid the semblance of abusing its power to take an unfair party advantage. The redistribution is forced upon the administration by the census returns. The population of the Province of Quebec being 1,648,898, and its representation being limited under all circumstances to 65 members, it follows that the representation of the Province of Quebec in the House of Commons is in the proportion of 25,367 for one member. By the terms of Confederation Quebec supplies the unit of representation for the Dominion. A simple calculation in arithmetic shows that Ontario, with a population of 2,182,947, will have 36 members, a loss of six since the last census. Prince Edward's representation is reduced from 5 to 4, Nova Scotia from 20 to 18, and New Brunswick from 14 to 13. Manitoba's rapid increase in population has given it 10 members instead of 7, and British Columbia gets 7 instead of 6. The Northwest Territories are not bound by the same law and will be given 10 members, an increase of 6, in anticipation of an extraordinary growth of population before the next census.

In apportioning this representation among the Provinces Parliament has no discretion. It is the servant of the constitution. The Maritime Provinces have objected to the reduction of their representation, but the only alternative is the violation of the federal compact. As the Premier pointed out, the power of Parliament in the redistribution is confined to the creation of the constituencies. This power was used in 1882 to inflict a great wrong on the Liberal party in Ontario, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier can be pardoned if he invited a comparison between that measure and the one now before the House. The latter aims to undo an evil, not to commit one. The guiding principle will be the preservation of county boundaries, for which the Liberal party has always contended. The municipal representation will be the basis of the parliamentary representation. In keeping to county lines the unit of representation cannot be exactly followed, but it was not strictly regarded under the gerrymander act of 1882. There are some counties which cannot have more than one member, some are entitled to two or three, and a few are too small for even one. In the latter case counties will have to be united, but municipalities will not be wrenched from their old associations as before. It has been calculated that the delimitation of constituencies by county boundaries can be affected without departing from the unit of representation to any greater degree than at present. In fixing the township boundaries which divide two or more ridings in the same county, there would be opportunities to score a party advantage, but the Government has resisted the temptation. Sir Wilfrid Laurier pointed out that in the last redistribution in England in 1884, Mr. Gladstone invited the leader of the Opposition, Lord Salisbury, to meet with him and discuss the details. In 1892 the Liberal party in the Canadian House of Commons proposed the same methods, but was voted down. The Liberal party in power intends to abide by the principle it laid down in Opposition and allow the readjustment of the constituencies to be made by a special committee consisting of four Liberals and three Conservatives.

The Legislature.

The Legislature yesterday adjourned for three weeks, to await the outcome of the Gamey-Stratton investigation. The Premier took the ground that the Government should not conduct legislation until they were proved worthy of the confidence of the coun-

try. It would be inconvenient also for ministers and members to give proper attention to business while the investigation was in progress. Mr. Whitney opposed the adjournment, and professed to see in it an attempt to muzzle the House, which should be "ready for any contingency that might come up in the taking of evidence." The Premier's course seems the reasonable one. The members will be absorbed by the proceedings before the commission, and they would be in no mood for the painstaking transaction of public business. The argument advanced by Mr. Whitney for remaining in session is the strongest argument given from day to day before the commission would be variously interpreted by members of the House, and would be continually dragged into the debates to darken counsel. The House will reassemble three weeks hence, with the facts as disclosed by the commission fully before it, and it will then be in a position to judge whether the Government is worthy to carry on the affairs of the Province or not.

Laurier will win a few seats by his redistribution bill without losing public respect.

The member for East York is still hounding Sir Oliver Mowat for the crime of old age.

The map of Ontario for Dominion purposes will look less like a crazy quilt when Parliament gets through with it.

Western Canada will have 28 seats in the House of Commons after the next general election. A united west could hold the balance of power.

Under the new redistribution bill the little portions of Lambton and Huron that have strayed into West and North Middlesex may go back home.

The London Times is now in daily receipt of Marconiograms from America. Some day this country may rise to the high plane of wireless politics.

Although assured by the other members of the family of nations that he is going to the dogs, John Bull's foreign trade and revenue last year were the greatest on record. With his usual stubbornness he doesn't know when he's beaten.

There is no denying the fact that money is becoming increasingly tight in Canada and the United States. The slump in stocks is directly attributable to it, and many enterprises are being crippled for lack of bank accommodation. The money in this country is fully employed and there is very little margin for an expansion of the note circulation. In financial circles there is some uneasiness. Can it be that the country will suffer from too much prosperity?

A considerable number of Canadians who joined the South African Constabulary have returned home disgusted with their treatment by British officers. The latter may not be wholly to blame, but differences of temperament, training and social outlook cannot be reconciled by the talisman of a common flag. This is one of the dangers of imperialism in the sense of organic union—that closer contact may develop friction.

Schemes for the federation of the Empire, military, political or commercial, may not strengthen the sentiment which is the only tie that can bind. The less organization, the better, perhaps. The present system has worked well, and the extension of colonial autonomy would appear to be the safest plan.

News Notes.

(Edwin L. Sablin, in April St. Nicholas.)
 We're pleased to state that Mr. Wren and wife are back, and at the Eaves.
 The Robins occupy again their summer home at Maple Leaves.
 The Gardens Restaurant reports a fresh supply of cold meats.
 The Elms—that favorite of resorts—has bought to rent of easy terms.
 We learn that Mrs. Early Bee is still quite lame with frosted wings.
 Ye Editor thanks Cherry Tree for sundry floral offerings.
 Down Clatsworth a waterspout has been a source of active floods.
 We hear of rumored comings out of "some of Springfield's" choicest birds.
 In case you run across Green Lawn, don't wonder why he looks so queer. 'Tis only that he's undergone His first short hair-cut of the year.

Jr. Reasonable.

[Life.]
 Monument Man—What shall I put on my husband's tombstone, madam?
 Distracted Widow—Oh, say that he was my husband, and that he is happy now.

Sir Hector Macdonald.

[Gertrude M. Truman, Hamilton.]
 It was felt in the howling winds that it crossed the wild mountains;
 It was heard in the air—that doleful requiem,
 The dirge of Glenoe, with its groaning and wailing,
 'Twas to mingle with tears that in secret eyes now gleam.
 Weep o'er thy idol, it is shattered and broken;
 Bring us the fragments, it is all we crave;
 We seek not the laurel, we dispense with the honors—
 Give us but his cold clay to lay in the grave.

No one shall ever know how deeply we're wounded;
 The scars shall be hidden with caution and care,
 And ends shall be met when the skirmish is over
 By men who can reason, fight, do, die or dare.
 Vestigia nulla Retrosunt.

Latest Song in Mount Morris.

[Mount Morris Index.]
 Joe Mayer and wife now sing that popular song, "She's My Annie, My Joe," on their new piano, purchased of C. F. Zoller. It is a fine one.

Laurier's Coals of Fire.

[Springfield Republican.]
 Premier Laurier's remarks on the Alaskan boundary judges selected by

President Roosevelt were unexceptionable, and, above all, diplomatic. He thought, with the honorable opposition leader, that at least the British judges should be "impartial jurists of repute," and "the best to be found in the empire." Somehow this reminds you of the old saying about coals of fire.

A Woman's Forté.

[Detroit Free Press.]
 She—This book says there are 20,000 moles in an elephant's trunk.
 He—Then it must have been packed by a woman.

A Regular Mine.

[Life.]
 First M. D.—What a lot of things have been found in the verminiform appendix!
 Second M. D.—And look at the money that has been taken out of it!

A Valuable Hog.

[Toronto Star.]
 This country owes a great deal of its prosperity to the Canadian hog, which, reduced to bacon, is in much demand abroad. The trade amounts up into millions and is rapidly increasing.
 But now the native hog appears in a new role. Isaac Gunnell, of Kaladar, killed a pig last week and found in its throat a \$200 gold nugget. People are saying today that where a pig can find such a nugget, a man with some experience in gold prospecting should be able to find a mine, and many busy hands are at work hunting the records to see where Kaladar is. Some persons are recalling the fact that one of the richest finds of gold made in Australia was brought about through a stone being picked up as a missile and thrown at a steep.
 The stone was so heavy for its size, and proved to be so odd a stone, that the man carried it home and found it to be a valuable gold nugget, and so the stone located more of the precious metal.
 It may be taken for granted that the ground over which the Kaladar pig pursued its way will be thoroughly searched by people from far and near.

TRANSPORTATION COMMISSIONERS

Sir Wm. Van Horne, Mr. Bert-ram and Mr. Kennedy.

MEN OF GREAT EXPERIENCE

It is Reported That Mr. J. X. Per-rault and Mr. Bell Will Be Secretaries.

Ottawa, April 1.—Hon. Raymond Prefontaine's announcement that Sir William Van Horne, Montreal, Mr. John Petheram, Toronto, and Mr. Harold Kennedy, Quebec, would constitute the transportation commission is confirmed. Sir William Van Horne is, of course, a man of wide experience and sound practical knowledge. He is entitled to rank as one of the foremost authorities in Canada upon railway and transportation matters. In his public utterances he has taken the stand that there is a great need of improvement in our facilities for handling trade, and has referred particularly to the imperative necessity of "enlarging the spout" of our transportation routes. This is regarded as an epigrammatic way of stating that greater terminal facilities are needed at Montreal or Quebec.
 Petheram will represent the lake marine and shipping interests on the commission. His ultimate knowledge of the needs of our lake commerce and of the remedies to be applied will simply be invaluable. As a practical business man, he will be of great service. Mr. Harold Kennedy, of Quebec, is a young man of 35, who, however, has large business interests in that city. He has been specially identified with the Atlantic steamship business, and is regarded as an authority on ocean marine. He was appointed a member of the Quebec Harbor Commission in 1896, and is one of the younger men who have been endeavoring most assiduously to build up Quebec.
 According to report, Mr. J. X. Per-rault, of Montreal, and Mr. Bell, of Winnipeg, will be secretaries of the commission.

Disorders in Spain.

Madrid, April 1.—The Catalan party at Barcelona has issued a menacing manifesto against the Government, which has produced an extraordinary sensation. The manifesto is signed by Valencia, where the chief of police has been dismissed.

HANDICAPPED.

The man who started to run a race in chains and fetters would be visibly handicapped. No one would expect him to succeed. The man who runs the race of life when his digestive and nutritive organs are diseased is equally handicapped.

In the one case his strength is over-weighted, in the other it is under-weighted. Success in the latter demands above all else a sound stomach.
 Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. When this is done food is perfectly digested, and the body receives strength in the only way in which strength can be given—by the nutrition derived from digested and assimilated food.

"The praise I would like to give your 'Golden Medical Discovery' cannot be put in words or describe with pen," writes James B. Ambrose, Esq., of 124 1/2 Mifflin Street, Boston, Mass. "I was taken with a bad cold, and my physicians here said it was indigestion. I doctored with the best around here and did not get any better. I wrote you and sent you a question blank to fill out, and you sent me a bottle of your medicine. I took three bottles and I felt so good that I stopped being cured. I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion now."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good."
 Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, sent free on receipt of stamps to cover expense of customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Quinine as a Cure for Colds

A Dangerous Habit Which Does Incalculable Harm to the Nerves and Poisons the System—Symptoms of Quinine Poisoning.

"Don't take it," is the advice of a noted physician who has seen the ill-effects of the quinine habit. "Incalculable harm is done to the nervous system in this way. Ringing in the ears, specks before the eyes, headaches, dizziness, furred tongue, tendency to biliousness, irritability, sleeplessness—these are the symptoms of quinine poisoning. So many people are afflicted in this way that doctors have given this form of poisoning a specific name—cinchonism."

It pays, after all, to stand by the remedies of proven merit, and not to danger life and health by using poisonous drugs that are bound to harm the system. Though powerful in action, Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is compounded from ingredients which have no harmful after effects, and can be used with absolute safety, both by children and persons in most delicate health.

The reputation which Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine has made for itself as a cure for asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and all coughs, colds and throat and lung troubles places it in the very front rank. As a matter of fact the sales of this preparation are more than triple that of any similar preparation. The reason for this is attributed to the fact that Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is far more powerful in its effects, and cures the ailment itself as well as the symptoms. As there are many imitations of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, insist on the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase on the bottle you buy; 25 cents a bottle. Family size—three times as much—50 cents. At all druggists, or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC MEASURE

Features of the Bill Before the House.

WILL BE CAPITALIZED FOR SEVENTY FIVE MILLION—ASK NAVIGATION POWERS.

Ottawa, April 1.—The Grand Trunk Pacific bill was introduced yesterday afternoon by Mr. Logan, in the absence of Mr. Leighton McCarthy, who was named as its sponsor, and received its first reading. The bill provided that the capital stock shall be \$75,000,000, divided in whole or in part into shares of \$100 each, or \$20 sterling, as determined by the bylaws of the company. The bill was introduced in favor of the resolution, or one solitary grievance under which the Irish suffered. He was opposed to giving Ireland any more power than she had already. It would have been better for Canada if she had never had federal union, but greater powers for the provinces, he said. It was no credit to Canada to have a Canadian elected for Galway at the present juncture.
 Mr. Wright (South Renfrew) supported the resolution.
 Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the timeliness of the resolution must have engaged the attention of Mr. Costigan. He himself believed that the solution of the Irish question would be a boon to Canada and Australia and all other parts of the empire. Canada in 1882 had been told, in reply to a home rule resolution, that she would be better employed in dealing with matters over which she had jurisdiction. But times had moved, and now Canada could offer opinions on imperial and domestic concerns. In 1900 a resolution was passed endorsing the British policy in South Africa in seeking to secure the rights of the Uitlanders in South Africa. That motion was approved of and gratefully accepted by the British Government. Surely Canada might with greater propriety adopt a resolution dealing with the only disturbed part of the British Empire, whose disaffection was due to the lack of self-government. What had made Canada a loyal would make Ireland loyal. At the bottom of the trouble was distrust by the British people of the results of the resolution, however, that some of the Irish leaders had acted wisely. If there was any way to make men loyal it was to give them liberty and to trust them. There should not be a limited policy on this question. He would tell the British Government if he were a member of the Imperial Parliament that while they had done much and made many sacrifices in Ireland by a piecemeal method, you must go further, you must appeal to the heart of a highly imaginative and impulsive people. He declared in his heart that if this question was to be solved it was by giving this people the liberty we have in Canada, with a provincial parliament on College Green, and then, instead of being a thorn in the flesh, Ireland would be a power and a strength to England. (Cheers.)
 Mr. R. L. Borden thought the resolution was a good one, and that the introduction of this subject was not the happiest, and that the terms in which it was couched might have been better chosen. While he desired to see a measure of relief for Ireland, the resolution was not suited to the occasion. He quoted the last item of the resolution, contending that it was not pertinent. The resolution looked to the bringing in of a resolution, already brought into the British House. He thought Mr. Charlton's

speech very well worthy of consideration. He doubted if in the past the redress of any Irish grievance had been greatly aided by the interference of the Canadian House of Commons. Mr. Borden said the Northwest Territories were demanding, and had been for two years, precisely the same measure of home rule which they were advocating for Ireland. He thought they might spend better time in considering their claims than those of Ireland. A great measure had been introduced, and they all joined in hoping with their fellow-subjects across the Atlantic, that the measure would pass and would accomplish all that was looked for from it. Sir Wilfrid had said he believed Ireland would be loyal. He said Ireland had been and is loyal. He believed the present attitude of the British Government was due to the personal influence of our Most Gracious Sovereign. The feeling of that influence, he believed, then the tie between Ireland and the empire, would make Ireland not only loyal, but the most loyal portion of the empire. In the hope that this may strengthen in another column the hands of those who had brought forth this measure he intended to vote for the resolution. (Cheers.)
 Mr. Sherratt and Mr. Reid followed the speaker's motion.
 Mr. Fitzpatrick, in an eloquent and impassioned speech, made an earnest appeal for the passage of the resolution.
 E. F. Clarke followed, strongly opposing the resolution.
 Mr. Ingram closed the debate at 6 o'clock. The division resulted in the passage of the resolution by 102 yeas to 41 nays—61 majority.
 Sir Frederick Borden will move his bill to amend the militia pension bill on Thursday next.

PRESIDENT TAKES TRIP

Mr. Roosevelt Starts on a 14,000 Mile Jaunt.

Washington, April 1.—President Roosevelt started on a western trip Tuesday morning, under the most favorable auspices. As the special train pulled out of the Pennsylvania station, the President, in a private car, raising his hat and smiling in response to enthusiastic cheers.
 The station and platforms were crowded with people anxious to extend a last farewell to the President. The President's train was a good one, and the President's wishes for a safe and successful journey. Notable precautions were taken to insure the safety of the President. The train was guarded by three secret service men and two postoffice inspectors accompanied the President as a personal bodyguard. The journey, as planned, will last nine weeks and three days, and the party will travel a little more than 14,000 miles.
 The agonizing pains of Rheumatism. Swollen, aching joints, muscles are stiff and sore, movement accompanied by pain. The most potent remedy is Polson's Nervine, which has cured many cases of rheumatism by its other preparation. Apply the Nervine copiously, rub it on well and then bandage the affected part. This will cure the worst cases in a short time. Try Nervine for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica or lumbago. It is all right, and only costs a quarter.
 Dr. Hamilton's Pills Cure Constipation. FREE AND EASY expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscous phlegm, and the medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is a specific for, and wherefore. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

Millinery Opening

AT
 KINGSMILL'S

Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
 April 2nd, 3rd, 4th.

OUR NEW WAREHOUSE
 GETTING INTO ORDER.

Sixty Packages European Goods Opened Out
 and Passed Into Stock.

ADMITTED—A LITTLE LATE.
 REMEMBER, ALL THE NEWER STYLES

Kingsmill's

A HOME RULE RESOLUTION
 IS DEBATED IN PARLIAMENT

(Continued from page 1.)
 It could be given to South Africa, why not to Ireland?
 Mr. Kemp opposed the resolution, and condemned the move as insincere. He charged the opponents of the resolution with insincerity.
 Mr. Hughes had failed to hear one argument advanced in favor of the resolution, or one solitary grievance under which the Irish suffered. He was opposed to giving Ireland any more power than she had already. It would have been better for Canada if she had never had federal union, but greater powers for the provinces, he said. It was no credit to Canada to have a Canadian elected for Galway at the present juncture.
 Mr. Wright (South Renfrew) supported the resolution.
 Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the timeliness of the resolution must have engaged the attention of Mr. Costigan. He himself believed that the solution of the Irish question would be a boon to Canada and Australia and all other parts of the empire. Canada in 1882 had been told, in reply to a home rule resolution, that she would be better employed in dealing with matters over which she had jurisdiction. But times had moved, and now Canada could offer opinions on imperial and domestic concerns. In 1900 a resolution was passed endorsing the British policy in South Africa in seeking to secure the rights of the Uitlanders in South Africa. That motion was approved of and gratefully accepted by the British Government. Surely Canada might with greater propriety adopt a resolution dealing with the only disturbed part of the British Empire, whose disaffection was due to the lack of self-government. What had made Canada a loyal would make Ireland loyal. At the bottom of the trouble was distrust by the British people of the results of the resolution, however, that some of the Irish leaders had acted wisely. If there was any way to make men loyal it was to give them liberty and to trust them. There should not be a limited policy on this question. He would tell the British Government if he were a member of the Imperial Parliament that while they had done much and made many sacrifices in Ireland by a piecemeal method, you must go further, you must appeal to the heart of a highly imaginative and impulsive people. He declared in his heart that if this question was to be solved it was by giving this people the liberty we have in Canada, with a provincial parliament on College Green, and then, instead of being a thorn in the flesh, Ireland would be a power and a strength to England. (Cheers.)
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speech very well worthy of consideration. He doubted if in the past the redress of any Irish grievance had been greatly aided by the interference of the Canadian House of Commons. Mr. Borden said the Northwest Territories were demanding, and had been for two years, precisely the same measure of home rule which they were advocating for Ireland. He thought they might spend better time in considering their claims than those of Ireland. A great measure had been introduced, and they all joined in hoping with their fellow-subjects across the Atlantic, that the measure would pass and would accomplish all that was looked for from it. Sir Wilfrid had said he believed Ireland would be loyal. He said Ireland had been and is loyal. He believed the present attitude of the British Government was due to the personal influence of our Most Gracious Sovereign. The feeling of that influence, he believed, then the tie between Ireland and the empire, would make Ireland not only loyal, but the most loyal portion of the empire. In the hope that this may strengthen in another column the hands of those who had brought forth this measure he intended to vote for the resolution. (Cheers.)
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WHY CATARRH IS FATAL.—Because it poisons a flood of poisons into the circulation that saps strength and digestion so materially as to render the body incapable of resisting disease, and consumption is the result. Catarrh is quickly cured by Catarrhine, a fragrant, germ-destroying, and restorative of the inflamed mucous surfaces, clears the head and throat and positively never fails to perfectly cure bronchitis, asthma or catarrh. Nothing is so good for diseases of the respiratory organs as Catarrhine. Large outlets, 81, small size, 25c. Druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

When the collection plate is passed some people don't give up any more during Lent than at other times.

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE Throat requires immediate attention, as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung Disease. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a simple remedy, containing nothing injurious, and will give immediate relief.

The beauty about diplomacy is that it enables both sides to claim a victory.

Some Results of Impure Blood.

A blotched, pimply, disfigured face, feeling of exhaustion, wracked nerves, headache and a dull brain. The proper cure is one Ferrozone Tablet after each meal. Ferrozone clears and purifies the blood, restores the enfeebled brain and unstrung nerves to a healthy, vigorous condition. It invigorates all the physical and mental powers, and brings strength and ambition to the depressed. Refuse a substitute for Ferrozone—it's the best tonic, restorer and invigorator known. Price, 50c, at druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

The unexpected seldom happens to the people who are always looking for it.

TO PREVENT IS BETTER THAN TO CURE.—A little medicine in the shape of the wonderful pills which are known as Parnelle's Vegetable Pills administered at the proper time and with the directions adhered to, often prevent a serious attack of sickness and save money which would go to the doctor. In all irregularities of the digestive organs they are an invaluable corrective, and by cleansing the blood they clear the skin of imperfections.

In Valparaiso all the conductors on trolley cars are women.

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

The fellow who complains that he never has a ghost of a show might consult a spiritualistic medium.
 "Sew-Sew" is the name of a ladies' club in Glasgow, Scotland.

To Cure Grip in 2 Days
 Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets
 on every box. 25c

You can't buy Blue Ribbon Tea in bulk, because, if not in air-tight packages, it might lose some of that delicious flavor for which it is so famous.

Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

THE PROVINCIAL HOUSE ADJOURNS FOR THREE WEEKS

While the Commission Investigate Gamey Charges.

WAS OPPOSED BY OPPOSITION.

The Commission Will Organize Immediately and May Take Evidence Early Next Week.

[From Our Own Reporter.]

Toronto, March 31.—The Ontario Government today emerged triumphantly from the combat which it has waged for three weeks against the stupid and stubborn policy of obstruction indulged in by the Opposition. The efforts of the Conservative speakers to wear it down by sheer weight of inane and inconclusive speeches and threadbare arguments failed utterly of their object, and the Government carried its every point. Four amendments introduced by the Opposition were weighed and found wanting, and even the Opposition leader acknowledged their futility by receding from his expressed determination to place the House on record on every phase of the Gamey question. The Premier's address in support of his motion to adjourn was a short but convincing one, and the cogent reasons advanced by him in favor of the proposal were met by the approval of every intelligent citizen of the Province. Mr. Whitney's reply was an eminently characteristic one, in his well-known satirical style. The Government's majority was five. Adam Beck, member for London, was not in attendance in the House, and his vote was paired with that of Mr. St. John.

When the orders of the day were reached Mr. Carscallen again introduced the following amendment to the Attorney-General's bill respecting evidence, which came up for its third reading, and which he read just before adjournment on Monday:

"That notwithstanding anything in the said commission contained or expressed, the said commissioners therein named shall not make or report any finding or decision of fact, but shall report all proceedings had in the inquiry and investigation directed by the said commission, together with all the evidence given or tendered before them."

This clause, said Mr. Carscallen, should be added to the bill. The investigation would not be complete without it, and it would also be misdirected. The commission was issued by the House, and the House must concede that the Government had no power to direct the Lieutenant-Governor or even request him to issue a commission giving power to the authority they had to issue a commission simply directing that an inquiry be made into the charges. The law provided that the Legislative Assembly, upon the evidence taken by the commissioners, shall take such action as it sees fit, and it was the only tribunal that could legally pass judgment. The object of the amendment, therefore, was to provide that the commissioners shall not decide one way or the other, but shall simply hear the evidence. As the House is still in opinion from the commissioners, it would be highly improper for them to bring in any verdict, and it was to make this clear that the amendment was introduced.

In the instructions to the commissioners, Mr. Carscallen said he objected to the words "and report the result of the investigation." That was wholly unauthorized, as was also the proposal to confer high court privileges on the judges.

Mr. Carscallen further challenged the Attorney-General to show anything in the statutes that permitted the commissioners to bring in a finding, and for this reason it was manifestly ultra vires to bestow powers upon them when there was no provision in the statutes enabling them to do so. The evidence given before the commission day by day, added Mr. Carscallen, should be transmitted to the House, and he hoped that this would be taken to see that this was done.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL SPEAKS.

Mr. Gibson, in replying to Mr. Carscallen, adopted a sarcastic style. He said that the Opposition was evidently greatly afraid that the judges' report would contain something favorable to the Government. Surely, he said, the honorable gentlemen would not be disappointed if this was done. If the judges' report was unsatisfactory to the Opposition, the House was still open to the honorable gentlemen to prove how wrong were the judges in their conclusions upon the evidence, and the House could then overrule the report. No matter what was the opinion of the Opposition, the people of the country would have confidence in the opinion of the judges. The amendment should

have been made to the resolution passed on Friday, and not to the bill. The member for East Hamilton (Mr. Carscallen) had advanced no sound argument in support of his amendment; he had only gone over the threadbare arguments used in the debate upon the resolution.

Mr. Foy, who followed, said that the Attorney-General's remarks formed the best argument he had heard in favor of the amendment. Mr. Gibson had not replied to one single argument of the many sound ones advanced by Mr. Carscallen.

The vote on the amendment was then taken, resulting in a division of 46 to 41 on straight party lines. The following members were paired: Hanna and Burt; Carscallen (Lennox) and Smith (Peel); Beck and Stock; Caldwell and Powell.

MR. GAMEY'S TWO AMENDMENTS.

Mr. Gamey, seconded by Mr. Elber, then moved in amendment:

That the said bill be not now read a third time, but that the same be referred back to a committee of the whole House, with instructions to add the following clause:

That in proceeding before the said commissioners the charges to be investigated shall not be in the limited and restricted terms set out in the said commission, but as made and stated by the said R. R. Gamey in this House on the 11th day of March, 1903, confirmed by his statement made to this House on the 27th day of March, 1903, in the words following:

Then followed the statement previously published.

This amendment was lost upon the same division.

Mr. Gamey had still another amendment to make, as follows:

That the said bill be not now read a third time, but that the same be referred back to a committee of the whole House, with instructions to strike out the words, "the last clause of," in the third line of section 3.

The amendment, however, was lost. Mr. St. John, seconded by Dr. Pyne, then moved:

That the said bill be not now read a third time, but that the same be referred back to a committee of the whole House, with instructions to add the following as section 4 thereof:

"No evidence tendered in support of the charges made by R. R. Gamey in this House on the 11th day of March, 1903, confirmed by his statement made to this House on the 27th day of March, 1903, or any of them shall be received by the commissioners, except for reasons stated by them, or one of them, and concurred in by both the commissioners."

Mr. St. John's amendment met the same fate as the preceding ones.

The Attorney-General's motion was then carried, and the bill received its third reading.

HOUSE IN SUPPLY.

On the motion to go into supply, Col. Matheson moved the following amendment:

That all the words in the motion after the word "and" be struck out, and the following substituted therefor: "This House regrets that the provisions of section 27 of the act respecting the representation of the people in the Legislative Assembly have not been complied with by the issue of a writ or the election to fill the vacancy in the representation of the north riding of Renfrew in this House, in accordance with the warrant of the Speaker, and directs that the said writ be issued without further delay."

The amendment was lost on division.

The House went into supply, and passed the following sums to carry on the Government until the estimates are approved:

Civil government	\$25,000
Agriculture	25,000
Administration of Justice	40,000
Education	25,000
Public institutions, maintenance	65,000
Agriculture	20,000
Immigration and Colonization	2,000
Repairs, public buildings	8,000
Public buildings, including contracts for School of Science, \$30,000 and London Asylum, \$10,000	65,000
Colonization roads	5,000
Charges, crown lands	10,000
Miscellaneous	50,000
Total	\$345,000

THREE WEEKS' ADJOURNMENT.

The Premier's motion to adjourn the House till April 21 was the only matter remaining to be disposed of by the House. In supporting it, Mr. Ross said that the commission would meet this week for the purpose of organizing, and would meet again next week for the purpose of taking evidence.

The first reason for the adjournment was the fact that the members of the Government would necessarily have to be absent from the House in attendance at the commission. Members on probably be in attendance as witnesses, and it was likely that many members would desire to be present in order to watch the proceedings. It would, therefore, be found impossible to give careful and undivided attention to the transaction of the Province's business while the investigation was in progress. It was to the public interest that the House should take the proposed adjournment.

Another reason for the adjournment was the fact that the Government did not desire to take the responsibility of fathering legislation until the inquiry was concluded. It did not wish to conduct the public business until it was proven worthy of the confidence of the House and the country.

If the charges were proven it would remain for the Government to decide upon what it should do. Until it was determined where the Government stood it would be treating the country with greater fairness by holding its hand from the active work of government.

The proposed adjournment would

NEW WAISTS

The very latest New York ideas, new material, new collar, new sleeve, new design. The most effective style produced for the season 1903.

Handsome Striped or Plain Colored Zephyr Waists, combining all new features, a particularly stylish garment, for little money.... \$1.00

Plain Zephyr Waist, very fine quality, can be had in blue, green, oxblood and linen, made with half-inch tucks, new plaques, finished with pearl buttons. Price.... \$1.35

White Brilliantine Waist, Satin Stripe, made with 3-8-inch tucks and all other new features, a strikingly pretty waist.... \$1.50

Handsome White Lawn Waist, with the most effective blind work embroidery front, a beauty at \$1.50. Our price only.... \$1.00

Silk Waists—A charming lot, regular price ranging from \$5 to \$7.50; all sizes can be had and in all good colors, at the special clearing price.... \$3.75

These are a few of the great and most attractive stock of Waists which can be seen in the Waist section.

BAYLEY'S

mean no serious inconvenience to any of the members. It would, on the contrary, enable them to arrange their business affairs so as to give their best attention to the business of the country during the five or six weeks which it was expected the session would consume after the House reassembled.

MR. WHITNEY'S PROTEST.

Mr. Whitney, in reply, said that the Opposition strongly objected to the proposed adjournment, first, on the merits of the proposition, and, secondly, on account of the antagonistic and contradictory arguments advanced by the Premier in its support. It was the duty of the House at all times to remain ready to carry out the wishes of the people; it was much more important at the present juncture to preserve this attitude in consideration of the gravity of the circumstances.

There was a peculiar reason why the House should remain in session during the investigation. The House had in its wisdom, divested itself of one of its agents. It was necessary that the House should be ready to take cognizance of any developments which might arise during the inquiry. Instead of that, the Government asked that the House should voluntarily put itself in a position in which it would be impossible to deal with any important developments.

The Premier had referred to the fact that many members would desire to attend the inquiry. Mr. Whitney thought that nine out of every ten members would rather go home than attend the inquiry. The House could not be kept in session, even with the majority of the members away, and if anything important should arise they could be summoned within 24 hours. The Speaker could take the chair each day, and the House would meet for five minutes or three hours, as necessity required. An infinity of matters which did not involve any responsibility on the part of the Government could be disposed of to the advantage of the Province.

The Premier had made one important admission, said Mr. Whitney. In alleging that the Government did not wish to deal with important business until the conclusion of the investigation, he had made a distinct and conclusive acknowledgment that the whole Government was on trial.

The Premier by his motion sought to make the Government absolutely uncontrollable for three weeks. Instead of having its masters, the members of the House, present, to take action upon whatever might arise, it sought to render it impossible for the people's representatives to take any action, and any course of action the Government might decide to take. The Government was placing itself in the same position as was the Czar of Russia.

"The whole Opposition will protest to the last moment," said Mr. Whitney in conclusion, "against this wrong, unjust, and un-British attempt to muzzle the Legislature, while its executive council is on trial for high crimes and misdemeanors."

The division was then taken with the result that the Premier's motion was carried by a majority of 5.

There was a short delay while awaiting the arrival of the administrator. Chief Justice Moss, the members of the Government, and the Premier entered the chamber and ascended the throne. The clerk of the House read Mr. Gibson's evidence bill. Justice Moss gave his assent, and the assistant clerk announced the fact. The Speaker resumed his chair and announced the adjournment of the House till 3 p.m., on Tuesday, April 21.

A MINING DISASTER

Several Doctors Attended

But Did No Good.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills CURED.

Read what Miss L. L. Hanson, Waterbury, N.B., says: "I feel it my duty to express the benefit I have received from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. A year ago last spring I began to have heart failure. At first I would have to stop working and lie down for a while. Then I got so bad I had to give up altogether and go to bed. I had several doctors attend me but they did me no good. I could get no relief until urged by a friend to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Before I had used three-quarters of a box I began to feel the benefit and by the time I had taken three boxes I was completely cured."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure nervousness, sleeplessness, palpitation, the heart, skip beats, and all trouble arising from the heart or nerves.

Price 50 cts. box, or 3 for \$1.25. Dealers, or

THE T. MILBURN CO., Limited

TORONTO, ONT.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

Lyvenden's List Filled Up.

London, April 1.—So many members of the Imperial House of Commons wish to join Lord Lyvenden's party to tour the Dominion of Canada this summer that Lord Lyvenden has been forced to announce that his list is full, and that no more members can be accepted.

Are you Bilious?

Do you have Sick Headaches? You can be quickly and easily relieved by taking

Beecham's Pills

Several Doctors Attended

But Did No Good.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills CURED.

Read what Miss L. L. Hanson, Waterbury, N.B., says: "I feel it my duty to express the benefit I have received from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. A year ago last spring I began to have heart failure. At first I would have to stop working and lie down for a while. Then I got so bad I had to give up altogether and go to bed. I had several doctors attend me but they did me no good. I could get no relief until urged by a friend to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Before I had used three-quarters of a box I began to feel the benefit and by the time I had taken three boxes I was completely cured."

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MUSIC AND DRAMA

TONIGHT AT THE GRAND. "At the Point of the Sword" will be presented by the Marks Company at the Grand tonight. Tomorrow's attraction is "A Soldier's Daughter."

SIR ALEXANDER MACKENZIE ARRIVES IN HALIFAX.

Sir Alexander Mackenzie, of London, principal of the Royal Academy of Music, who is to conduct the cycle of musical festivals under the direction of Charles A. E. Harris, accompanied by Ethel Wood, Reginald Davidson and Wilfrid Virgo, arrived in Halifax on Saturday by the Allan liner "Barvarian." In an interview Sir Alexander said: "My aim will be to carry out

the cycle in a thoroughly artistic manner. All the artists have been selected for the special work in which they will be engaged. Miss Ethel Wood is a native of Yorkshire, an ex-student of the Royal Academy of Music, and is very well known at the English concerts. Wilfrid Virgo, an Englishman, is one of the rising tenors, a remark that can also be made of Reginald Davidson, baritone, a London man of Scottish extraction."

Sir Alexander Mackenzie and his soloists left for St. John by tonight's express.

All the soloists mentioned above, with a chorus of 200 voices and the Chicago Symphony Orchestra of 50 artists, will take part in the festival to be held here Wednesday evening, April 15.

A RICH GOLD STRIKE

One Mine Near Dawson Is Giving \$400 Daily.

Dawson, Yukon, April 1.—A phenomenal strike has been made on Bear Creek, six miles from Dawson. The pay dirt is from 14 to 26 feet deep and over 100 feet wide. The smallest pan has been 25 cents and the average 50 cents. The pans on one streak ran \$5. Mr. R. Cowan, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and two others own the property. Four men with a horse are taking out over \$400 daily. The ground is so rich that it is believed there is a large area there and very rich.

SMOKED OUT MURDERER

Negro Criminal Trapped in a Mine and Suffocated.

Beaver Dam, Ky., April 1.—For four hours Monday fumes of sulphur and cayenne pepper were fanned through the mine at Beaver Dam with the hope of driving out Ben Rogers, the negro murderer who killed Al Chinn two weeks ago, and who, it is believed, had been hiding in the mine for a week.

Poul air from some old works in an adjoining mine was also turned in. Not a living thing was seen, and the mine was sealed. As soon as possible a party will examine the mine for the body of the negro.

By a variety of employments, ranging from teaching and technical work to sweeping rooms and washing dishes, 164 Columbia University students earned in three months last year \$15,000—an average of about \$90 for each man. One student earned more than \$100 a week during the three months by advanced tutoring, and another gained \$1,050 during the twelve weeks. Several students earned \$300 each. Of the women students seventeen gained \$2,434.61, an average of \$143, or \$50 above the men's average.

Had to Give up and go to Bed.

Several Doctors Attended

But Did No Good.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills CURED.

Read what Miss L. L. Hanson, Waterbury, N.B., says: "I feel it my duty to express the benefit I have received from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. A year ago last spring I began to have heart failure. At first I would have to stop working and lie down for a while. Then I got so bad I had to give up altogether and go to bed. I had several doctors attend me but they did me no good. I could get no relief until urged by a friend to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Before I had used three-quarters of a box I began to feel the benefit and by the time I had taken three boxes I was completely cured."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure nervousness, sleeplessness, palpitation, the heart, skip beats, and all trouble arising from the heart or nerves.

Price 50 cts. box, or 3 for \$1.25. Dealers, or

THE T. MILBURN CO., Limited

TORONTO, ONT.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

More Proofs

A CLOUD OF WITNESSES

Stand Ready to Tell of Their Cures of Rheumatism by

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM SPECIFIC

The Grandest Demonstration

Ever Before Made by Any Remedy

—The Whole City Excited Over the Wonderful Cures—Discussed in the Clubs and in the Cottages.

"That man is rich who has good health; that man is poor indeed whose body is racked by aches and pains, no matter how great his bank account may be."—Munyon.

There are thousands of citizens in London who thank Prof. Munyon for their good health. There are tens, aye, hundreds, of thousands in Canada who have been cured of disease by his remarkable remedies. Since the free distribution of his Rheumatism Cure—the biggest, best attended ever before held in London—there are many thousands added to the already big list of users of his remedies, because they have been cured of in many cases severe rheumatism. They are talking about these cures everywhere, in clubs and in cottages, in the drawing-room and on the street, because they are the most extraordinary in the history of the city. The following are testimonials received from persons who obtained a free vial at the big distribution recently held in Toronto.

ROBERT BUNKALL.

"I received one vial of Munyon's Rheumatism Cure at the distribution at the News office, and it has been of untold benefit to me. I could not move my arm, it pained me so much; now I can move it freely. I have no more shooting pains, and I believe I am cured. I recommend this wonderful remedy to everybody afflicted with rheumatism." Robert Bunkall, 1109 King street east, Toronto.

MRS. F. HIMBS.

"I tried all sorts of medicine and physicians to get relief from rheumatism, and the best I could get would be a slight relief for a few hours. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is above them all for taking away the pain. I feel so free from any kind of distress that I know I am cured." Mrs. F. Himbs, 628 Givens street, Toronto.

MARCONI AND THE CABLE

Blames the Companies for the Adverse Criticism.

London, April 1.—At the annual meeting of the Marconi Company yesterday Signor Marconi said he attributed the criticism of his system chiefly to the cable companies, and the sections of the English technical press controlled by the cable companies. He announced that Lord Kelvin, Lord Rayleigh and Prof. J. A. Fleming, professor of engineering in University College, London, were shortly going to Poldhu, Cornwall, at his invitation, to thoroughly examine his trans-Atlantic wireless system of telegraph. An extension of the plant, he added, was necessary before the company entered into commercial business of large scope. The capital of the company was then increased from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

March 31.—At New York—Lind, from Copenhagen. At Cherbourg—Kron Prinz Wilhelm, from New York. At Hamburg—Blucher, from New York. At Glasgow—Astoria, from New York. At Antwerp—Vaderland, from New York. At Moville—Parisian, from St. John.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN'S TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's," and accept no substitute.

A census recently completed shows that there are 94,882 children of school age in Boston, and that 71,532 of them are pupils in the public schools and 15,601 in private schools.



Will You Pay \$2.19 for a Stylish \$3 Skirt?

WE have worked hard to get this special bargain for our customers. But the advertisement it will be to this store will be sufficient recompense. It's a wonder worth talking about. It is not only actually worth \$3.00 but is a bargain at the price. It is of all-wool Homespun, stylishly finished with tailored seams, kilts 15 inches at bottom, has seven gores. Two good serviceable colors—black and oxford gray. The manufacturer would only let us have 30 at the price, and these 30 will go on sale Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. Rain or shine, it will pay you to come down for one. If you don't need one tell some friend who does. **\$2.19 Only**

Other Striking Bargains.

Oxford Gray and Black 5-gore Skirts, with good flare, trimmed with cording and stitching, double seams. On sale Thursday at only..... **\$3.25**

All-wool Cheviot Black and Gray Skirts, double straps of satin down-box-pleated seams, 14 rows of stitching. On sale Thursday at only..... **\$6.00**

When in, see our stock of Stylish Spring Coats.

Gray and Parker 150 DUNDAS ST. NORTH SIDE.

WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES, 228, 230, 232 Dundas St.

Ours the Best MILLINERY

IT is easy to say our Millinery is the best, and that we have outstripped our own past; but, believe it or know it though we do, we had rather you would ask any lady of taste, who has compared stocks, and be guided by her opinion. Better yet, come to the store and come to your own conclusions.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR HATS. The very latest style. Two specials. See them; \$1.29 and **\$1.97**

WHITE LAWN APRONS. Ladies' ready to put on White Lawn Aprons, good quality, very special, each **22c**

HANDKERCHIEFS. We are showing a big range of Ladies' Handkerchiefs, two specials, lots of better ones if you want them. HANDKERCHIEF CENTERS—Hemstitched Handkerchief Centers, fancy worked borders. Special **5c**

Ladies' White Lawn Handkerchiefs, edges trimmed with Valenciennes lace. Special, three for **10c**

LADIES' HOSIERY. We show a big range of Ladies' Hosiery in all qualities, at money-saving prices. TWO SPECIALS. LADIES' COTTON HOSE, fast black Hermsdorf dye, all sizes, regular 15c, for the pair **10c**

LADIES' POLKA DOT COTTON HOSE, in Black and Navy, all sizes, regular 25c, for the pair **19c**

ALLOVER LACES. When it comes to Laces, our leadership is undisputed. BLACK-ALLOVER LACES, special, at the yard, 47c, 50c, 60c and **75c**

WHITE AND CREAM ALLOVER LACES, special, at the yard, 25c, 35c, 39c and 59c

EMBROIDERIES. We show a most comprehensive range of Embroideries. Every purse can be suited here. We start them at the yard, 2c, every in between price, up to the yard, **25c**

LACE CURTAINS. Visit our Lace Curtain Section. We have them as low as the pair, 23c to the kind fit for any home.

WHISKARD'S "THREE BUSY STORES."

A FATAL COLLISION

An Engine Running Wild Crashes Into an Express. Waterbury, Conn., April 1.—In a collision between a wild engine and a passenger train in South Brooklyn, two employees were killed and three injured. It is rumored that three more bodies are buried under the wreck. The dead: Engineer Chapman and Fireman Newman.

MAKING HAPPY HOMES

Most people agree that surroundings are important in making the home happy.

WALL PAPER
has no equal as a beautifying agent. Ours are all that can be desired. They represent the best materials and highest skill that industry is able to command.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

The Blush of Shame

The open and honest brightness of our Electric Lights

puts to shame the false and sickly glow of other illuminators (?). It is not all in seeming. Electricity brings health and healing to the house. Other lights bring gases, odors and diseases. Phone 568.

London Electric Co.,
359 Richmond Street.

Bad Plumbing

will catch the man who put it in. Are you the one who is going to suffer? We provide the material and the labor that will help you to plumbing perfection.

We'd like to talk it over and get your ideas and tell you ours.

PHONE 538.

Smith Bros. & Co.

265 Dundas Street.

WALL PAPER

Just the kind you want. Nothing prettier and prices to suit.

H. & C. COLERICK,

443 RICHMOND STREET.

UNEQUALED FLOUR.

Nothing can approach Daisy Flour. All cooks are delighted when they once use it. Try it yourself.

J. HAWKINS, Arva Roller Mills,

ARVA, ONT.

VANDERBURG'S LIVERY.....

619 Dundas Street. Phone 666.
Hacks, Coupes and Light Livery, mostly rubber tires. Also handle the genuine Kelly-Springfield Rubber Tires.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT.

215 Dundas St.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Courty Bldg., next Court House, London.

J. Ferguson & Sons

UNDERTAKERS

Phones 548 and 373. 180 King St.

Reasonable Charges. Personal Attention. First-Class Equipment.

Open all the year around.

JOHN FERGUSON, Manager.

Alma Ladies' College

ST. THOMAS, ONT.

One of the largest and best equipped in Canada.

Preparatory studies, Graduating courses:

M. L. A., M. E. L., Piano, Organ, Singing, Violin, Fine Arts, Education and Physical Culture, Domestic Science, Commercial.

Healthful location. Moderate charges.

Twenty-second year. Write for catalogue to

REV. PRIN. WARNER, M.A., D.D.

ST. THOMAS, ONT.

FACTS FOR BUSINESS MEN.

Advertising is an art; that everybody knows; and never was so much an art as in these days, when as much careful work is done in writing advertisements as in writing editorials.

A high authority says: "Advertising should be planned on the presumption that it is going to be permanent." It means that advertising should be systematic, not sporadic; that it is a distinct feature and department, and should be so administered. Announcements now and then do not bring a train of steady benefits. They may be for sport sales, but when the sales have run their course they are forgotten.

Even the march of progress is often followed by April showers.

You can't get divorced from a crop of wild oats without paying alimony.

"MAN IS FILLED WITH MISERY." This is not true of all men. The well-sound, long, clear eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Eucalyptic Oil will help all to do this.

Biobios—It must seem queer to work all night and sleep all day. Slobs—Yes, fancy eating breakfast food for supper.

THE DADDY OF 'EM ALL.

Household Package Dyes are the latest and most improved dyes in the world. They make your faded skirts, dresses, shirts, blouses, etc., like new in thirty minutes. For sale by Cairncross & Lawrence, 215 Dundas Street, T. H. Jones, Wootley road.

The man who knows it all is generally looking for someone to try and convince him that he doesn't.

Familiarity breeds contempt, except where money is concerned.

The natural bent of some men is about as straight as a corkscrew.

Heals the throat, cures the cough, makes breathing easy,—that's why

Angier's Petroleum Emulsion

is prescribed by physicians for Bronchitis,—acute or chronic

Pleasant to take Sold by Druggists 50¢ and \$1.00

"I was troubled with bronchitis for ten years. Was often unable to work for months at a time. I tried ANGIER'S PETROLEUM EMULSION and after using three bottles began to feel like a new man. I have never felt or been so well before in my life." ROBERT WARR, Toronto, Canada.

ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY, BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

...SPECIAL...

VIOLIN SALE.

Small sizes, up from\$1 00

Good practice Violins for beginners at \$2 50, \$3 00, \$4 00 and\$5 00

Some special values at \$5 00 and\$10 00

Others ranging from \$12 00 to\$35 00

VIOLIN CASES, \$1 50, \$2 00, \$2 50, \$3 00, \$3 50 and up.

See Our Window Display.

NORDHEIMER'S

Limited.

188 Dundas Street.

63 years established.

...THE...

CANADA TRUST CO.

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Through its intimate connection with the HURON AND ERIE LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY it has the full benefit of that Company's wide and successful experience in the Investment of Trust Funds.

Money to Lend on Farm or City Property on Easy Terms And at Low Rates of Interest.

V. Cronyn, President.

J. W. Little, Vice-President.

G. A. Somerville, Managing-Director.

Easter Flowers.

Our stock for this greatest of all Flower Festivals will be complete.

GAMMAGE & SONS.

207 Dundas Street.

A GOOD CUP OF COFFEE

is what you are seeking. Try ours and you will seek no further. Delicious, fragrant, invigorating. Best in the city.

40c per pound

A trial solicited.

All goods new, fresh and clean.

Prompt delivery.

MARKET GROCERY,

H. T. JOHNSON.

103 KING ST.

X-RAY and Electro-Therapeutic Rooms.

for the treatment of Cancer, Rheumatism, Tuberculosis and Neuritis.

DR. PINELL,

Specialist, London.

Oka Cheese

Made by Trappist Monk.

40c Per Pound.

Harry Ranahan

PHONE 1024,

515 Richmond Street.

Gold Rings.

ENGAGEMENT RINGS are a special feature in our business. It is not always necessary to pay a high price to get something really good. See the Rings we show at

\$3 to \$10.

WEDDING RINGS in every width, weight and quality. Our Wedding Rings are thoroughly dependable, and the quality of each is absolutely as stamped inside.

\$2.50 to \$11.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ALSO.

W. G. YOUNG,

214 Dundas St.

LONDON AND DISTRICT.

—Mr. Nelson Montell, ex-M. L. A. of Stratford, was in London yesterday.

—Mr. Bruce Smith, of Aylmer, starts out next week traveling for Spittal, Sabine & Co. of this city.

—Mr. John Bowden left today for his home in Wolseley, Assa, after having spent several months in this district.

—Confirmation services will be conducted at the All Saints' Church, Windsor, on Sunday next, by the Bishop of Huron.

—The London and Western Trusts Company has been appointed administrator (with will annexed) of the estate of the late Louis Dowdell.

—Mr. George Reid, who has been G. T. R. agent at Thorndale for the past three years, made a change today, the road moving him to Tavistock.

—Visitors to the London office of the Canadian Government include the following recently registered: Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Rumball, London, Ont.; Mr. H. M. Rumball, London, England; Mr. L. D. Merrick, Berlin, and Mr. J. L. Bradshaw, Stratford.

EASTER CARDS

Beautiful Designs, Appropriate Words. All Prices.

ANDERSON'S

183 DUNDAS ST.

Do You Know What the Book-Lovers' Library is? Ask us about it

.....

Mantel Clocks

Best American manufacture. Guaranteed excellent timepieces. Also kitchen and dining-room clocks. We guarantee every clock FIVE YEARS.

C. R. SUMNER,

380 Richmond St. JEWELER.

.....

—Norman J. McNeil, formerly in the G. T. R. freight office here, has secured a more lucrative situation in the Michigan Central freight office, Grand Rapids, Mich.

—A concert under the auspices of the Grand Trunk Parkways Library is to be held at the library on Thursday evening next, April 9. A good programme is to be provided by the Imperial Male Quartet and other local talent.

—Mr. W. J. Robson, who is the representative for Mr. Charles A. E. Harris, the director of the Cycle of Musical Festivals throughout Canada, is in the city for a few days making final arrangements for the festival, which will be held here Wednesday evening, April 15. Mr. Robson is much pleased with the great interest and enthusiasm shown in the festival.

—The London Horticultural Society has commenced the season's campaign by the distribution of the spring premium of £100 to the members.

—Mr. Gammage, the florist, kindly gave the use of his store for the distributing depot. The premium is a fine one, and the members of the society are much pleased with the selection made by the directors.

HAD A RIB BROKEN.

Conductor Watson, who was injured in an accident at the Grand Trunk station on Monday night, had a rib also broken. He is now doing nicely.

PRESENTATION TO MR. PARNELL.

Mr. E. Parnell, jun., of South London, was presented by his employees on Monday night with a photograph of the staff elegantly framed, as a mark of their appreciation of his kindness to them as an employer.

LEFT THE WORKS.

Mr. James Fitzgerald, for about twenty years an employee at the Grand Trunk car works, has left the employ of the company, to engage in business for himself.

On Monday his fellow-employees in the paint department presented Mr. Fitzgerald with a gold ring and an address, expressing the regret felt at his resignation and wishing him success in the future.

ILDETON ASSAULT CASE.

The case of Patrick vs. Ferguson was tried today before Magistrate Smyth, being started this morning and not finished at time of going to press. The complainant swore defendant accused him of taking employ from him and struck him, doing him bodily harm. Witnesses were heard this afternoon.

TEMPLARS' CONCERT.

An open meeting of London Council, No. 397, Royal Templars of Temperance, held in Somerset Hall last night, was presided over by Mr. W. W. Wallis. The programme was appreciated by the members and their friends. Among the numbers being duets by the Misses Ball and Richardson; readings by Miss Blanche Richmond, Miss Irene Stillson and Mr. Ed. Doty; instrumental numbers by Miss Fitzwalter and Messrs. Weeks, Wilsie and Summer. During the evening refreshments were served by members of the lodge.

PIANO RECITAL.

The late graduates at the Conservatory of Music kindergarten classes gave a piano recital last night before a large company of their friends. The programme was as follows:

(a) Duet—Spanish Dance.....Moszkowski

Misses Gladys Croden and Neva Snell.

(b) Joyful Peasant.....Schumann

Miss Elsie Thompson.

(c) Impromptu.....Zoeilner

Miss Helen Hayman.

(d) Villagers' Valse.....Kohler

Miss Helen McKenzie.

(e) Berceuse in.....Debouck

Miss Neva Snell.

(f) In Rank and File.....Lange

Miss Nora Moore.

(g) Serenade.....Browne

(h) Dorothy.....Smith

Master John Harris.

(i) A Little Song of Italy.....Sartorio

Miss Eulalie Young.

(j) Spinnin' Song.....Eilmenrich

Miss Doris Yarker.

(k) The Fair.....Gurlitt

Miss Helen Hayman.

(l) Melodie aus Freischütz.....Weber

Miss Agnes Barrow.

(m) Joyful Peasant.....Schumann

Miss Gladys Croden.

(n) Curious Historic.....Heller

Miss Helen Hayman.

(o) Marche Militaire.....Sartorio

(p) Slumber Song.....Gurlitt

Miss Neva Snell.

(q) Pupil of Miss Patterson; (r) pupil of Miss McLennan; (s) pupil of Miss B. Moore; (t) pupil of Miss Froufrou.

MOVE TO LONDON

Esteemed Residents of Other Places

Come Here to Live.

Members and friends of the Littlewood Methodist Church assembled at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Musgrove the other evening and spent a pleasant time with them prior to their departure for this city, where they will make their home. The company also showed the esteem in which they held Mr. and Mrs. Musgrove by presenting them with an address and a handsome mantel clock and set of doilies. The address was ready by Mr. David Doors, and the presentation was made by Mr. Charles Baker. Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Newton have removed from Ingersoll to London to reside. Before leaving they were waited upon by their friends of the King Street Ladies' Aid Society and Sunday School, in which they were active workers for years, and presented Mr. Newton with a traveling case and Mrs. Newton with a fruit set.

Mr. and Mrs. Sell, residents of Belleville for the past three years, have removed to this city, where Mr. Sell will represent the firm with which he has been connected for some years.

The quarrelsome man should remember that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound on the nose.

The Best Prunes in the World Are Grown in California

but all their Prunes are not the same quality.

We sell the best grade of California Prunes packed. Try ours. We know you'll like them.

Large size.....2 lbs for 25c

Medium size.....3 lbs for 25c

Telephone 317.

T. A. ROWAT & CO.

234 DUNDAS STREET.

.....

who found that his death was due to a collision in the Grand Trunk yard between car shops engine No. 3, in charge of the late John Douglas, and a freight train pulling out for Stratford.

There were three witnesses called when the inquest was resumed last night. Mr. John D. McLaren, the fireman, was recalled, to testify in regard to the releasing of the brakes, which was customary before reversing an engine, and which had been done in this case.

Mr. A. S. Wright, locomotive foreman on the G. T. R., gave testimony as to the entries asking for repairs. The entry for the yard engine did not indicate that either the brake or reversing lever was out of order.

Mr. Albert Lucas, night fitter at the roundhouse, testified that all the repairs necessary had been made to yard engine No. 3 and that when it left the roundhouse after being repaired on the 18th, the engine was in good condition.

The jury then retired, the verdict being returned as given above.

JURY COULD NOT ACCOUNT FOR FAILURE TO STOP ENGINE

The Responsibility for Engineer Douglas' Death Not Fixed.

Could Not Be Placed to Any Defect in Machinery.

"We cannot account for the failure of Engineer Douglas to stop his engine and avert the collision, but nothing in the evidence warrants us in placing the responsibility on any defect in his engine."

"The frequency of railway accidents within the city limits shows the necessity of greater precaution and safeguards in the movement of trains, and especially in yard shunting."

This was the feature of the verdict of the jury who inquired into the death of John Douglas on March 19 last, and

G. T. R. Car Shops Officials.

Capt. Fuller is interested in military matters and during his residence in Brantford was an officer of the Dufferin Rifles. He also has literary aspirations, and already has had a number of books placed before the public.

Officers of the Seventh.

CAPT. J. W. FULLER.

The chief clerk of the Grand Trunk car works, Capt. J. W. Fuller, is another of the officials transferred to this city on the reopening of the shops. He has been in the service of the Grand Trunk for many years, being located at Brantford before coming to London.

SURGEON-MAJOR J. M. PIPER.

FIRE LOSSES THIS YEAR GREATER BY ABOUT \$10,000

Number of Alarms Sent In Exceeded 200—Five Serious Conflagrations.

The report of the fire department for the twelve months ended Dec. 31, may be presented to the fire and light committee at the regular meeting tonight. The document is prepared by Chief Roe, and in some respects it will not be as satisfactory as the report for the preceding year, although that is no fault of the brigade. The number of alarms sent in during the year exceeds 200, and the losses amounted to over \$70,000, which is in excess of 1901 by about \$10,000.

The heavy losses are easily accounted for, for during the twelve months there were five serious fires—at the Columbia Handle Factory, Stevely's store, the Star (Trebilcock's) livery, Eacrett's Bazaar, and McLean's hardware. The same number of serious fires has not been experienced in one year for a considerable period, and this alone explains the unusually heavy loss.

The outlook for this year is none too favorable, as the McClary fire has given the loss column in the department's books a heavy start.

FORTY-FIVE OF LEONARD'S MEN ARE NOT WORKING

Firm Agreed to Boilermakers' Demands for Advance, But Not the Helpers.

The boiler shop of E. Leonard & Sons is temporarily closed down owing to a difference between the firm and the men. Forty-five of the latter are idle.

The strike of the boilermakers and their helpers was not anticipated by the firm this morning. Negotiations had been in progress between the company and their employees for some time in reference to a demand for increased wages, and while the rate sought by the boilermakers was not agreed to, the firm made partial advances which it was supposed would be satisfactory. They could not see their way clear to give the helpers what they wanted, and on their declining to do so, the helpers refused to go to work. The boilermakers also went out in sympathy.