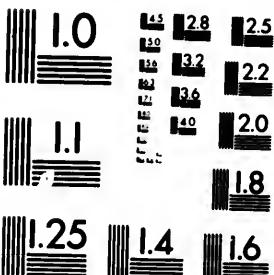
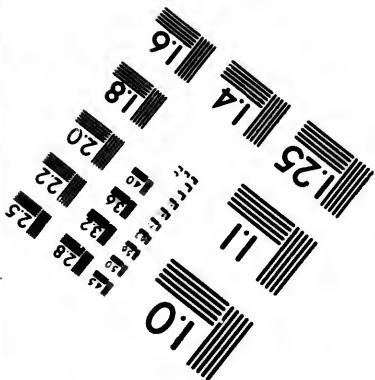


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



6"



Photographic
Sciences
Corporation

23 WEST MAIN STREET
WEBSTER, N.Y. 14580
(716) 872-4503

10
12
14
16
18
20
22
24
26
28
30
32
34
36
38
40
42
44
46
48
50
52
54
56
58
60
62
64
66
68
70
72
74
76
78
80
82
84
86
88
90
92
94
96
98
100

**CIHM/ICMH
Microfiche
Series.**

**CIHM/ICMH
Collection de
microfiches.**



Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadien de microreproductions historiques

© 1983

Technical and Bibliographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

- Coloured covers/
Couverture de couleur
- Covers damaged/
Couverture endommagée
- Covers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
- Cover title missing/
Le titre de couverture manque
- Coloured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleur
- Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
- Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
- Bound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents
- Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion
along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la
distortion le long de la marge intérieure
- Blank leaves added during restoration may
appear within the text. Whenever possible, these
have been omitted from filming/
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées
lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte,
mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont
pas été filmées.
- Additional comments:/
Commentaires supplémentaires:

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

- Coloured pages/
Pages de couleur
- Pages damaged/
Pages endommagées
- Pages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
- Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
- Pages detached/
Pages détachées
- Showthrough/
Transparence
- Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression
- Includes supplementary material/
Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
- Only edition available/
Seule édition disponible
- Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata
slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to
ensure the best possible image/
Les pages totalement ou partiellement
obscures par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure,
etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à
obtenir la meilleure image possible.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.

| 10X | 14X | 16X | 20X | 22X | 24X | 26X | 28X | 30X | 32X |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 12X | 14X | 16X | 20X | ✓ | 24X | 26X | 28X | 30X | 32X |

The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

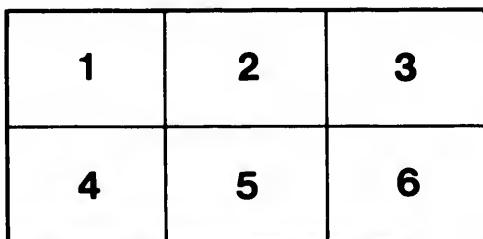
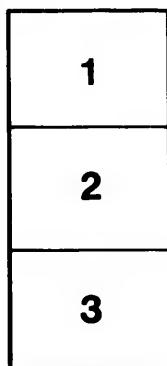
Library of the Public Archives of Canada

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol → (meaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol ▽ (meaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:



L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

La bibliothèque des Archives publiques du Canada

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

Les exemplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la dernière page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la première page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la dernière image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole → signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole ▽ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmé à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.

C

Sere.

Br

ni

H

28

9

C

The

Qu

and

the

Printed

And

Tractatus Navigationis ET COMMERCIORUM INTER

Serenissimam ac Potentissimam Principem ANNAM , Dei Gratia, Magnæ
Britanniae, Franciae, & Hiberniae, Reginam, Fidei Defensorem, &c. & Ser-
nissimum ac Potentissimum Principem PHILIPPUM V. Dei Gratia,
Hispaniarum Regem Catholicum, Conclusus Trajecti ad Rhenum die
28 Novembris
9 Decembris Anno 1713.

Treaty of Navigation AND COMMERCE BETWEEN

The most Serene and most Potent Princess *ANN*, by the Grace of God,
Queen of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c.
and the most Serene and most Potent Prince *PHILIP* the Vth, the Ca-
tholick King of Spain, Concluded at Utrecht the 29 Day of November
December 1713.

By Her Majesties Special Command.



L O N D O N ,

Printed by John Baskett, Printer to the Queens most Excellent Majesty,
And by the Affigns of Thomas Newcomb, and Henry Hills, deceas'd. 1714.

A N I
tan
gina
nib
sent
tem
dun
Fid
Not
stoli
ord
Dec
bilit
dis
strâ
riis
Vicesim
N
Mill
mo
Tra
Sub
Hiss
rit,

1771
(1)

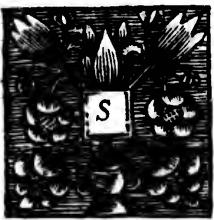


nam,
Francia
Sereniss
& Dom

1771

f

A N N A, Dei Gratiâ, Magne Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Reginæ, Fidei Defensor, &c. Omnibus & singulis ad quos Præsentes Literæ pervenerint, Salutem. Cum Reverendus admonidum in Christo Pater, perquam Fidelis & delectus Consiliarius Noster, Johannes Episcopus Bristolensis, Legatus Noster Extraordinarius & Plenipotentiarius, Decanus Windesoriensis, & Nobilissimi Ordinis Nostri Periscelidis Registrarius, ex parte Nostrâ, unâ cum Plenipotentiariis Sue Majestatis Catholicae, vice ^{moctavo} die Mensis ^{Novembriæ} _{Decembriæ} Anno Millelîmo septingentesimo decimo tertio, Ultrajecti ad Rhenum, Traetatum Commercii inter Subditos Magnæ Britanniæ & Hispaniæ conculserit & signaverit, prout sequitur :



Tabilitâ feliciter, Deo O. M. clementer Annuente, Pace bonâ, firmâ, verâque, & sincera Amicitia, inter Serenissimam ac Potentissimam Principem & Dominam, Annam, Dei Gratiâ, Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Reginam, &c. & Serenissimum ac Potentissimum Principem & Dominum, Philippum V. Dei Gratiâ,

A N N E, by the Grace of God, Queen of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all and singular to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting. Whereas the Right Reverend Father in God, Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Counsellor, John Bishop of Bristol, Our Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Dean of Windsor, and Register of Our most Noble Order of the Garter, did on Our Part, together with the Plenipotentiaries of His Catholick Majesty, Conclude and Sign at Utrecht, on the ^{1st} Day of ^{November} December 1713. a Treaty of Commerce between the Subjects of Great Britain and Spain, as follows :



Good and firm Peace, and a true and sincere Friendship having, by the merciful Assistance of God, been happily established between the most Serene and Potent Prince and Lady, Anne, by the Grace of God, Queen of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, &c. and the most Serene and Potent Prince and Lord, Philip the

Hispaniarum Regem Catholicum, &c. Eorumque Heredes ac Successores, Regna, & Subditos, per Pacificationis Tractatum, Trajecti ad Rhenum die ^{Secundo} Mensis Julii, novissimè præteriti, conclusum, in eam præprimis Curam iverunt Regie suæ Majestates, ut mutuis Subditorum suorum in re Commerciorum Utilitatibus omni meliori modo prospiceretur; & propterea Legatis suis Extraordinariis & Plenipotentiariis, quorum Opera in Pace pangendâ prospere successit, in Mandatis clementissimè dederunt, ut quæ in Finem hunc Salutarem, post perpenſa rerum omnium Momenta in Colloquiis eâ de re Madriti habitis, maximè convenire perspectum fuerat, in Tractatus Commerciorum scilicet formam redigerent; Didi igitur Legati, vigore Plenipotentiarum, quarum Apographa sub Fine bujus Instrumenti verbo tenus inserta erunt, super Commerciorum articulis, ad Elucidationem Tractatum anteriorum, & procurandam ubiorem in Commerciorum negotiis expediendis Facilitatem, modo & formâ convenerunt, prout sequitur:

I.

TRACTATUS PACIS, COMMERCIORUM, & CONFEDERATIONIS, INTER CORONAS MAGNAE BRITANNICÆ & HISPANICÆ, MADRITI DIE ^{Décimo tertio} Vigesimo tertio Mensis Maii, Anno Domini 1667, conclusus, per hunc Tractatum ratihabetur & confirmatur, eundemque, unâ cum Schedulis Regiis, five Ordinationibus eidem annexis, ad majus Robur & Tuta men, de verbo ad verbum hic loci inferere placuit, prout sequitur:

Fifth, by the Grace of God, Catholick King of Spain, &c. and their Heirs and Successors, Kingdoms, and Subjects, by a Treaty of Pacification concluded at Utrecht the ^{Second} Thirteenth Day of the Month of July last past, their Majesties before all things made it their Care, that the mutual Advantage of their Subjects in matters of Trade might be provided for after the best manner; and therefore they most Graciously gave Instructions to their Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries, (by whose means the Peace had been happily concluded) to draw up into a Solemn Treaty of Commerce, whatsoever, after all things had been thoroughly considered at the Conferences held for that purpose at Madrid, should seem to conduce most to this good End; The said Ambassadors therefore, by virtue of their full Powers, (Copies whereof are inserted word for word at the End of this Instrument) agreed upon Articles of Commerce for the Explanation of former Treaties, and greater Ease and Convenience of Trade, in the Manner and Form following:

I.

THIS Treaty of Peace, Commerce, and Alliance, concluded at Madrid between the Crowns of Great Britain and Spain the ¹³ Day of May, 1667, is Ratified and Confirmed by this Treaty, and for the greater Strengthening and Confirmation of the same, it has been thought proper to insert it word for word in this place, together with the Royal Schedules or Ordinations annexed to it, as follows:

Tract
Ma
clu
rain

Nit
mu
mitem
tentissi
cretion
Extrao
dicti S
per Ex
bannem
mæ R
Inquisi
um St
nez de
ls May
Confilia
& D. G
man, C
um Sta
mine S
rum Re
minoru
Maii, A

Qua
n
Quarti
morix,
Rex C
Filius, i
narchia
nente,
Catholi
fricca
sundem
duranti
cata est
tuóque

*Tractatus Pacis & Amicitiae inter Coronas
Magnarum Britanniarum & Hispaniarum, Con-
clusus Madridi $\frac{1}{2}$ die Maii, Anno Do-
mino, 1667,*

*The Treaty of Peace and Friendship be-
tween the Crowns of Great Britain
and Spain, Concluded at Madrid the
 $\frac{1}{2}$ Day of May, in the Year of our
Lord, 1667,*

INitus & Conclusus per Excellentissi-
mum Dominum D. Edwardum Com-
item de Sandwich, Serenissimo ac Po-
tentissimo Magno Britanniae Regi à Se-
cretioribus Consiliis, & Legatum ejus
Extraordinarium in Hispaniam, Nomine
dicti Serenissimi Regis Domini sui ; Et
per Excellentissimos Dominos, D. Jo-
hannem Eberardum Nidardum, Serenissi-
mae Reginæ Catholicæ Confessarium,
Inquisitorem Generalem, & Consiliari-
um Statûs, D. Ramirum Phelipez Nu-
nez de Guzman, Ducem de San Lucar
la Mayor, & de Medina de las Torres,
Consiliarium Statûs, & Praesidem Italiae,
& D. Gasparem de Bracamonte & Gu-
zman, Comitem Penarande, Consiliari-
um Statûs, & Praesidem Indiarum, No-
mine Serenissimorum ac Potentissimo-
rum Regis ac Reginæ Hispaniarum, Do-
minorum suorum, Madridi $\frac{1}{2}$ die Mensis
Maii, Anno 1667.

QUandoquidem post Excessum Sere-
nissimi ac Potentissimi Philippi
Quartii Hispaniarum Regis, gloria Mem-
oriæ, Serenissimus ac Potentissimus Rex Catholicus Carolus Secundus, ejus
Filius, in Regna, Status, & Dominia Mo-
narchia Paternæ Deo O. M. ita dispon-
ente, successit ; Serenissimæque Reginæ
Catholicæ, Domina Maria Anna Au-
striæ in Tutiçem & Curatricem ad eo-
rundem Gubernationem & Regimen,
durantibus Regis minoribus Annis, vo-
cata est ; exoptatissimum, utrinque mu-
tuoque studio ac desiderio permotis, Se-

Entred into and Concluded by the
most Excellent Lord Edward Earl
of Sandwich, Privy-Counsellor to the most
Seren and Potent King of Great Bri-
tain, and his Ambassador Extraordinary
to Spain, in the Name of the most Serene
King his Master ; And the most Excel-
lent Lords, Don John Eberardo Nidardo,
Confessor to the most Serene Catholick
Queen, Inquisitor General and Counsellor
of State, Don Ramiro Phelipez Nu-
nez de Guzman, Duke of San Lucar
Major, and of Medina de las Torres, Coun-
sellor of State, and President of Italy,
and Don Gaspar of Bracamonte and
Guzman, Count of Penaranda, Coun-
sellor of State, and President of the
Indies, in the Name of the most Serene
and Potent King and Queen of Spain,
at Madrid the $\frac{1}{2}$ Day of May, 1667.

WHeras after the Decease of the
most Serene and Potent King of
Spain, Philip the Fourth, of Glorious Me-
mory, it pleased God that the most Serene
and Potent Catholick King Charles the
Second, his Son, succeeded to the King-
doms, States, and Dominions of his Fa-
ther's Monarchy ; and the most Serene
Catholick Queen the Lady Anna Mi-
ria of Austria was called to the Govern-
ment of the same, as Tutiess and Cu-
ratrix during the Minority of the King ;
It was thought most desireable by the
most Serene and Potent Charles the
renissimo

renissimo ac Potentissimo Carolo Secundo, *Magnæ Britanniæ Regi*, & Serenissimis ac Potentissimis Regi ac Reginæ Catholicis, visum est bonam illam Correspondentiam & Amicitiam reciprocā Coronas inter, hinc *Magnæ Britannia*, illinc *Hispaniarum*, ab antiquissimis temporibus vigentem, usque dum rerum vicissitudines Concordiam & necessitudinem, quæ alteri genti cum alterā intercesserunt, labefactarunt, renovare tandem, & novis accessionibus confirmare, tam quod mutua Commerciorum frequentia ac commoda, quam utriusque Gentis Ingenia, singularem quandam Animorum ac Confiliī unionem postulare videantur; eumque in finem dicitur Serenissimus Rex *Magnæ Britanniæ* virum Excellentissimum Edwardum Comitem de Sandrich, Vice-Comitem de Hinchinbrooke, Baronem Montacuteum de Sancto Neote, *Angliae* Vice-Admirallum, Magnæ Guarderobæ Regiæ Magistrum, Confiliarium Statūs, & Nobilissimi, Celeberrimique Ordinis Perseclidis Equitem, Legatum suum Extraordinarium ad Catholicas Majestates misit, ut non tantum pristina inter dictas Coronas necessitudinis Vincula, iniquitate temporum dissoluta, redintegraret denuò, sed & arctiori nexus constringeret, & nova adhuc stabilioris Amicitiae Fundamenta per mutui Foederis Tabulis poneret, ad seros usque Posteros duratura, dictumque Legatum plenissimā Facultate munivit, cuius Copia infra inferetur. Eâ autem animorum propensione Negotiatio dicti Legati Extraordinarii in Aulâ Catholicâ excepta est, ut Serenissimæ Reginæ Tutrici & Gubernatrici Regis visum fuerit ad Tractatum cum ipso ineundum & concludendum nomine Excellentissimos Viros Dominum Johannem Eberardum Nidar-

Second, King of *Great Britain*, and the most Serene and Potent Catholick King and Queen, who were moved with a mutual Desire and Inclination thereto, to Renew, at length, and Confirm by new Additions, that good Correspondence and reciprocal Friendship which had flourished from the most ancient Times between the Crowns of *Great Britain* and *Spain*, till the Vicissitude of human Affairs destroyed that Amity and Alliance which each Nation had with the other, as well because the mutual Advantages and Frequency of Trade, as the Tempers of each Nation, seemed to require a certain particular Union of Minds and Counsels; And for that End the said most Serene King of *Great Britain* sent the most Excellent Lord Edward Earl of Sandwich, Viscount Hinchinbrooke, Baron Montacute of St. Neote, Vice-Admiral of *England*, Master of the Great Wardrobe of the King, Privy-Counsellor, and Knight of the most Noble and Celebrated Order of the Garter, his Ambassador Extraordinary to their Catholick Majesties, that he might not only renew the ancient Bonds of Friendship between the Two Crowns, which were broke through the Iniquity of the times, but unite them yet more closely, and by a Treaty of mutual Alliance lay new Foundations of a more firm Friendship, to continue to the latest Posterity, and did provide the said Ambassador with most Ample Full Powers, a Copy whereof shall be inserted hereafter. But with that Kindness was the Negotiation of the said Ambassador Extraordinary received at the Court of *Spain*, that the most Serene Queen, Guardian, and Governess, was pleased to appoint the most Excellent Don John Eberardo Nidardo, Con-

and the
ick King
with a
thereto,
nfirm by
respon-
p which
ancient
f Great
cissitude
t Amity
tion had
use the
ency of
Nation,
rticular
And for
King of
xcellent
/iscount
ute of
England,
of the
ight of
Order
r Extra-
esties,
e ancii
he Two
ugh the
them
aty of
dations
ntinue
provide
Ample
all be
t Kind-
e said
ved at
ost Se-
ernes,
Excell-
Con-
dum,

[7]

dum, Confessarium Serenissimæ Reginæ Catholicæ, Inquisitorem Generalem, & Consiliarium Statûs, Dominum Rami-
rum Phelipez Nunez de Gusman, Ducem de San Lucar la Mayor, & de Medina de las Torrez, Consiliarium Statûs, & Præsidem Italie, & Dominum Gasparem de Bracamonte & Gusman, Comitem Penarande, Consiliarium Statûs, & Præ-
sidem Indiarum; quibus concessa est Fa-
cultas, & Commisso, cuius Tenor in-
seriùs sequetur.

*Sequitur Tenor Commissionis seu Plena Fo-
testatis ex parte Serenissimi Regis Mag-
næ Britanniaæ, &c.*

CAROLUS Secundus, Dei Gratiâ, Magne Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Rex, Fidei Defensor, &c. Omnibus & Singulis hasce Literas inspecturis, Salutem. Quandoquidem hujus Seculi Infelicitas in eo potissimum sita esse videatur, quod plerique Principes & Statûs suis Affectibus, vel Utilitatibus ita indulgeant, adhæreantq; ut omnia Amicitia & Vicinitatis Jura proculeari, imò ipsam Rerum Univeritatem convelli malint, quâm tantillum à suis Opinio-
nibus & propositis, uicunque leviter aut iniqùe suscep-
tis, discedere; eò magis pauci illi Reges, quorum Potentia nativum quandam Æqui ac Boni amo-
rem consociavit Deus, summâ ope, ope-
râq; connitidebent, ut tam sacra fæcæ Neces-
titudinis Foedera inter se constitue-
re & conservare, tam perversas reniten-
tium Voluntates ad Saniora Concordiae Studia revocare & inflectere valeant; animadverso autem Anglorum atque Hispanorum. Ingenia ita semp̄ compara-
ta fuisse, ut argè à se invicem alienari, &
facile in Gratiam redire consueverint, &

fessor of the most Serene Queen, In-
quisitor General and Counsellor of State, Don Ramiro Phelipez Nunez de Gusman, Duke of S.m Lucar Mayor, and of Medina de las Torres, Counsellor of State, and President of Italy, and Don Gaspar of Bracamonte and Gusman, Count of Penaranda, Counsellor of State, and President of the Indies, to enter into and conclude a Treaty with him, and granted them a Commission and Full Powers, the Tenor where-
of shall follow hereafter.

*The Tenor of the Commission or Full Pow-
ers on the Part of the most Serene King
of Great Britain, &c.*

CHARLES the Second, by the Grace of God, King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting. Whereas the Unhappiness of this Age seems chiefly to consist in this, that most Princes and States so indulge and adhere to their own Affections and Advantages, that they had rather have all the Ties of Friendship and Neighbourhood trode down, and even the Universe torn in Pieces, than recede ever so little from their own Opinions and Designs, however lightly or unjustly taken up; for that reason those few Kings, to whose Power God has joyned a certain inborn Love of Equity and Justice, ought to use their utmost Endeavours, as well to make and preserve Agreements of a holy Friendship between themselves, as to recal and bend the stubborn Wills of those who are averse to it, to the more wholesom Thoughts of Peace, And it having been observed that the English and Spaniards were al-
Regna

Regna utrinque Ipsorum tum maximè floruisse, cum regnantes, Naturæ suæ Ductum fecuti, Pacem mutuò stabilitam sanctissimè colerent; perspecto insuper & certissimis Indicis explorato, Serenissimam Reginam Dominam *Mariam Annam Austriaam*, Serenissimi ac Potentissimi *Hispaniarum*, &c. Regis Parentem, Tutticem, & Curatricem, atque Regnorum Ejus ac Ditionum Gubernatrixem, eadē Nobiscum propensitate in ejusmodi Consilia jūm ferri, ut non solum pristina inter Coronas Nostras Fœderā renoverentur, sed arctioribus adhuc Vinculis, & firmiori quam unquam antehac nexu constringantur: Nihil Nobis ad tam pium opus perficiendum defuisse videbatur, quam ut dignum aliquem Virum, & tanto Negotio parem eligeremus, qui Legati Nostri Extraordinarii munus apud diētam Serenissimam Reginam, *Hispania Regentem*, obiret, & Characterem suum virtutibus exornaret; qualem præ aliis fore judicavimus prædilectum & perquam Fidelem Consanguineum Nostrum *Edwardum Comitem de Sandwich*, & Vice-Comitem de *Hinchinbrooke*, Baronem *Montacuteum de Sancto Neote*, *Anglia Vice-Admirallum*, *Magni Gardrobæ Nostræ Magistrum*, Nobis à Secretioribus Consiliis, & antiquissimi, celeberrimique Ordinis Perseclidis Equitem. Sciatis igitur, quod Nos, Fide, Industria, Judicio, ac Prudentia, dieti Comitis de *Sandwich*, Legati Nostri Extraordinarii, plurimum consūti, Ipsum verum & indubiatum Commissarium ac Procuratorem Nostrum fecimus, ordinavimus & depuravimus, ac per praesentes facimus, ordinamus, & deputamus, dantes eidem & committentes plenam & omnimodam Potestatem, atque Authoritatem, pariter & Mandatum Generale ac Speciale,

ways so disposed, that their Affections could not without Difficuliy be alienated from one another, and were easily reconciled, and that each Kingdom flourished most when those that Reigned, following their natural Temper, observed most strictly the peace established between them; and it having been perceived and found from certain Proofs, that the most Serene Queen the Lady *Anna Maria of Austria*, Mother, Guardian, and Curatrix of the most Serene and Potent King of *Spain*, &c. and Governess of his Kingdoms and Dominions, is inclined with the same Readiness, as we are, to pursue such Counsels, whereby the ancient Alliances between our Crowns may not only be renewed, but be made yet closer and stronger than ever before: Nothing seemed to Us to be wanting to the Performance of so pious a Work, but the Choice of some worthy Man, and one equal to so great an Undertaking, who might perform the Function of Our Ambassador Extraordinary to the said most Serene Queen Regent of *Spain*, and adorn his Character with personal Virtues: Such above all others We thought Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin, *Edward Earl of Sandwich* and Viscount of *Hinchinbrooke*, Baron *Montacute of St. Neote*, Vice-Admiral of *England*, Master of Our Great Wardrobe, and one of Our Privy-Council, and Knight of the most Ancient and Noble Order of the Garter. Know ye therefore, That We having great Confidence in the Fidelity, Industry, Judgment, and Prudence of the said Earl of *Sandwich*, Our Ambassador Extraordinary, have Made, Constituted and Appointed, as We do by these Presents Make, Constitute and Appoint Nomine

Nomine nostro, cum Praefatâ Serenissimâ Reginâ Hispaniae Regente, Ipsiisque Commissariis, Deputatis, ac Procuratoribus, ad hoc sufficientem Potestatem habentibus, de & super arctiori Confœderationi inter Coronas ac Regna Magnæ Britanniae & Hispaniae, nec non de & super Commercii & Navigationis Liberrate vindicandi ; denique de & super Foedere Defensivo & Offensivo inter dictas Coronas & Regna, utilissimis & maximè convenientibus Articulis & Conditionibus Stabiliendo, communicandi, tractandi, conveniendi & concludendi, ceteraque omnia faciendi, quæ ad prædictos Fines faciaut, & conducant, atque super iis Articulos, Literas, & Instrumenta necessaria conficiendi, & ab alterâ parte petendi, & recipiendi ; denique omnia ea quæ ad præmissâ, vel circa eadem erunt necessaria, & opportuna, expediendi ; Promittentes bonâ Fide, & in Verbo Regio, Nos omnia & singula quæ inter dictam Serenissimam Reginam Hispaniae Regentem, ejusque Procuratores, Deputatos, aut Commissarios, atque prænominatum Legatum Nostrum Extraordinarium in Præmissis, seu Præmissorum aliquo erunt facta, pacta, & conclusa, rata, grata, & firma habituros, nec unquam contra Ipsorum aliquid aut aliqua contraventuros, quin potius quicquid Nomine nostro promissum fuerit, Sancte & inviolabiliter observaturos, & observari curaturos. In cuius Rei Testimonium hæc Literas fieri, Manuque nostrâ Signatas, Magno Angliae Sigillo communiri fecimus. Quæ Dabantur apud Palatium Nostrum Westmonasterii, sexto decimo Die Mensis Februarii, Anno Domini Millesimo sexcentesimo sexagesimo quinto, & Regni Nostri decimo octavo.

Carolus R.

him Our true and undoubted Commis-
sary and Procurator, Giving and Grant-
ing to him full and all manner of Pow-
er and Authority, and likewise Our
General and Special Command, to Es-
tablish, Confer, Treat, Agree upon, and
Conclude in Our Name a closer Alli-
ance between the Crowns and King-
doms of Great Britain and Spain, a
Settlement of the Liberty of Commerce
and Navigation ; and lastly, a Defensive
and Offensive Alliance between the said
Crowns and Kingdoms, upon the most
advantageous and convenient Terms and
Conditions, with the aforesaid most
Serene Queen Regent of Spain, and her
Commissaries, Deputies, or Procurators,
provided with sufficient Authority for
that purpose ; and to do all other things
which conduce to the aforesaid Ends ;
and to draw up the Articles, Letters,
and Instruments that shall be necessary
on this Occasion, and to require and
receive the same from the other side ;
and lastly, to dispatch every thing
which shall be necessary or convenient
to or concerning the Premisses, Promis-
sing in good Faith, and on Our Royal
Word, that We will Ratifie, Approve
and Confirm whatsoever shall be done,
agreed on, and concluded, between the
said most Serene Queen Regent of Spain,
and her Procurators, Deputies, or Com-
missaries, and Our aforesigned Ambassu-
tor Extraordinary, concerning all or any
of the Premisses, that We will never vio-
late any one or more of them, but will
rather observe and cause to be observed
Holly and Inviolably whatsoever shall
be Promised in Our Name. In Wit-
ne's whereof, We have caused these
Presents to be made, and having Signed
them with Our Hand, have ordered the
Great Seal of England to be affixed

B

Sequitur

thereto. Given at Our Palace at West-
minster the 16th Day of February, in the
Year of Our Lord, 1665. and of Our
Reign the Eighteenth.

Charles R.

*Sequitur Tenor Commissionis seu Plenae
Potestatis ex parte Majestatis Sue Ca-
tholice, &c.*

*Here follows the Tenor of the Commission or
full Powers on the Part of His Catho-
lic Majesty.*

DON Carlos, por la Gracia de Dios, Rey de Castilla, de Leon, de Aragon, de Ambas Sicilias, de Jerusalem, de Portugal, de Navarra, de Granada, de Toledo, de Valencia, de Galicia, de Mallorca, de Sevilla, de Cerdña, de Cordoua, de Corcega, de Murcia, de Jien, de los Algarves, de Algecira, de Gibraltar, de las Islas de Canarias, de las Indias Orientales, y Occidentales, Islas y Tierra firme del Mar Orceano, Archiduque de Austria, Duque de Borgonu, de Brabante, de Milan, Conde de Apsburg, de Flandes, Tirol, y Barcelona, Señor de Viscaya y de Molina, &c. Y la Reyna Doña Maria Anna de Austria, su Madre, Tutora, y Curadora de su Real Personá, y Gobernadora de dichos Reinos y Señorios. Por quanto para assentar las Cofas convenientes á la Causa Commun de las Serenissimas dos Coronas de Espana, y la Gran Bretaña, que por algunos accidentes del Tiempo se hallare prevertidas de la Observancia, y Capitulationes assentadas en los antiguos Tratados de Pazes, en re las dichas Coronas he tenido por bien de dar Poder (como en virtud de la presente le doy) á Juan Eberardo Nidardo, mi Confesor, del Confexo de Estado, y Inquisidor General; Don Ramiro Phelipez, Nunez de Guzman, Duke of San Lucar la Mayor, and of Medina de las Torres, Counsellor

God, King of Castille, Leon, Aragon, both Sicilies, Jerusalem, Portugal, Navarre, Granada, Toledo, Valencia, Galicia, Majorca, Seville, Sardinia, Corduba, Corsica, Murcia, Jaca, the Algarves, Algecira, Gibraltar, the Canary Islands, the East and West Indies, the Islands and Continent of the Ocean, Archduke of Austria, Duke of Burgundy, Brabant, and Milan, Count of Apsburg, Flanders, Tirol, and Barcelona, Lord of Biscay and Molina, &c. and the Queen Donna Anna Maria of Austria, his Mother, Tutes and Curatrix of his Royal Person, and Governess of the said Kingdoms and Dominions. Forasmuch as in order to settle the Things conduced to the common Welfare of the most Serene Crowns of Spain and Great Britain, (the Observation of which through some Accidents of Time hath been prevented) and the Capitulations established in the ancient Treaties of Peace between the Two Crowns, I have thought fit to give Power, as I do by Virtue of these Presents give Power to John Eberardo Nidardo my Confessor, Counsellor of State, and Inquisitor-General, Don Ramiro Phelipez, Nunez de Guzman, Duke of San Lucar la Mayor, and of Medina de las Torres, Counsellor

la Mayor, y de Medina de las Torres, del Consejo de Estado, Presidente del de Italia; y Don Gaspar de Bracamonte y Gusman, Conde de Penaranda, del Consejo de Estado, y Presidente del de Indias, por concurir en sus personas las Prerrogativas de Gran Calidad, Prudencia, Experiencia, Zelo, y Amor de mi Servicio, y particularmente por la Gran Confianza, y Satisfacion que me asiste de lo que procuran, y desean todo lo que pueda conducir al beneficio y bien publico, por tanto en virtud del presente poder los authorizo y doy tan cumplida Facultad, qual de derecho se requiere, para que por el Serenissimo Rey mi muy charo y muy amado Hijo, y en su Real nombre representando mi propia persona puedan oir, conserir, tratar, ajustar, y concluir con el Conde de Sandwich, del Consejo de Estado del Serenissimo Rey de la Gran Bretaña Carlos II. my buen Hermano y. Primo, y Su Embaxador Extraordinario en esta Corte en virtud del Poder, que asi mismo presenta del dicho Rey de la Gran Bretaña, qualesquier Tratados de Renovacion de Paz y mas estrecha Amistad; y tambien les doy Poder para qualesquier Tratados de Union y Alianza, con el dicho Rey de la Gran Bretaña, y una Tregua con la Corona de Portugal, por el Tiempo que pareciere, con toda la Mayor Poteftad, y autoridad, y la misma que reside en mi Real Persona, obligando me, como me obligo, y al dicho Rey mi Hijo, en Fee y Palabra Real a estar y passar por ello, aprovarlo y Ratificarlo con el Juramento, y demas Requisitos, y Solemnidades, que en tal Caso fuere necesario, dentro, del Termeno que para ello se Senalare, sin diminucion alguna; en Fee de lo qual man-

of State, and President of Italy, and Don Gaspar of Bracamonte and Gusman, Count of Penaranda, Counsellor of State, and President of the Indies; for the sake of the high Quality, Prudence, Experience, Zeal and Love of my Service, which are found in their Persons, and particularly for the great Confidence and Satisfaction which I have that they endeavour and desire all Things which can conduce to the publick Good, therefore by Virtue of this present Power, I authorize them, and give them as full Leave as is requisite, to the end that Representing my proper Person, they may, for the most Serene King, my most Dear and Welbeloved Son, and in his Royal Name, Hear, Confer upon, Treat of, Adjust and Conclude with the Earl of Sandwich, Privy Counsellor of the most Serene King of Great Britain, Charles the Second, my good Brother and Cousin, and his Ambassador Extraordinary in this Court, by Virtue of the Power which he has from the said King of Great Britain, any Treaty whatsoever of Renewal of Peace, and a more strict Friendship; And I likewise give them Power to make any Treaties whatsoever of Union and Alliance with the said King of Great Britain, and a Truce with the Crown of Portugal, for such Time as shall be thought proper, together with all other the greatest Power and Authority, and the same which is in my Royal Person, Obliging my self, as I do Oblige my self, and the said King my Son, upon my Faith and Royal Word, which is passed for it, to Approve and Ratifie the same by Oath, and with all other Circumstances and Solemnities which are necessary on this Occasion, within the Term that shall be assigned for it, without any Diminution

de despachar la presente, firmada de mi Mano, Sellado con el Sello Secreto, y Refrendada del mi Infra Scripto Secretario de Estado. Dada en Madrid a 15. de Junio, 1666.

To la Reyna.

*Don Pedro Fernandez del Campo
y Angulo.*

Quarum Commissionum virtute, & juxta earundem Tenorem, prædicti Excellentissimi Domini, Legatus Extraordinarius Serenissimi *Magnæ Britaniiæ Regis*, & Commissarii ac Deputati Serenissimorum Regis ac Reginæ *Hispaniarum*, post frequentes oretenus Communications, sollicitam attentionem, & deliberationem exquisitam juxta ac maturam, Negotio adeò arduo dignam, convenerunt, consenserunt, firmaverunt, & concluserunt Articulos Pacis (Deo favente, duraturæ in perpetuum) in hæc quæ sequuntur verba.

In Nomine Sanctissima Trinitatis, Patris, Filii, & Spiritus Sancti, Trium distinctarum Personarum, & Unius solius veri Dei.

A R T I C. I.

Imprimis, conventum & concordatum est, quod inter Coronam *Magnæ Britannicæ* ex unâ, & Coronam *Hispaniarum* ex alterâ parte, ut & inter Terras, Regiones, Regna, & Dominia, & Territoria ad Regum prædictorum alterutrum Spectantia, Eisdemve obtemperantia, universalis, bona, sincera, vera, firma, ac perfecta Amicitia, Confœderatio, &

tion. In Witness whereof, I Ordered these Presents to be Dispatched, Signed with my Hand, Sealed with the Privy Seal, and countersigned by my underwritten Secretary of State. Given at Madrid the 15th of June, 1666.

I the Queen.

*Don Pedro Fernandez del Campo
y Angulo.*

By Virtue of which Commissions, and according to the Tenour of the same, the aforesaid most Excellent Lords, the Ambassador Extraordinary of the most Serene King of Great Britain, and the Commissioners, and Deputies of the most Serene King and Queen of Spain, after frequent Conferences, careful Attention, and accurate as well as mature Deliberation, worthy of so important an Affair, did Agree upon, Consent to, Establish and Conclude Articles of Peace (which, with Gods Assistance, shall endure for ever) in the following Words.

In the Name of the most Holy Trinity, Father Son, and Holy Ghost, Three distinct Persons, and One only True God.

A R T I C. I.

First, it is Agreed and Concluded, That from this day forward there shall be, between the Two Crowns of Great Britain and Spain, a General, Good, Sincere, True, Firm, and Perfect Amity, Confederation and Peace, which shall endure for ever, and be observed inviolably, as well by Land, as by Sea, and Fresh-waters ; and also between the

Pax

Pax er
durabit
ubivis A
bitur.
Subdit
Incolæ,
tionis f
mutuis
tix, &
invicem

Quod
teruter,
Incolæ,
sub præ
tim, ull
Terræ, si
quid ten
curabunt
Detrimer
alteram
Benevolæ
Liber insu
Terræ, al
nes, Regi
Etas, mun
aditus ;
& Portus

Commerc
ita ut E
omne gen
apud alte
hinc inde
securè, q
vibus, au
extera qu
terutrius
negotiant

Quod
illinc H
erit, in t
diti & P

Pax erit, quæ ab hoc die in perpetuum durabit, & tam Terrâ, quam Mari, atque ubivis Aquarum, inviolabilitè observabitur. Quodque Regum prædictorum Subditi, Populi, Dictionumque suorum Incolæ, cujuscunque gradus, aut Conditionis fuerint, mutuâ hinc inde Operâ, mutuis Auxiliis, mutuisque Benevolentia, & Amicitia omne genus Officiis invicem demerebuntur.

II.

Quod neque Regum prædictorum alteruter, neque Dominiorum suorum Incolæ, Populi, aut Subditi, quoconque sub prætextu, sive publicè, sive privatum, ullibi Locorum, sive Mari, sive Terrâ, sive in Portibus, aut Fluviosis, aliquid tentabunt, facient, aut fieri procurabunt, quod alteri parti Damno, aut Detimento esse possit; quin altera pars alteram Amicitiam quam arctissimam & Benevolentiam omnimodam complectetur. Liber insuper & securus, tam Mari quam Terrâ, alteri Partium in alterius Regiones, Regna, Insulas, Dominia, Civitates, Urbes muris cinctas, vel non cinctas, munitas, vel non munitas, patebit aditus; Nec non in Stationes Navium, & Portus, ubicunque Negotiatio, & Commercium antehac exerceri solebant, ita ut Emptionibus, Venditionibus, & omne genus Negotiationibus ubivis Loci apud alteram partem vacare, quisque hinc inde possit, non minus liberè & securè, quam Cives ipsi cum suis Concubibus, aut Popularibus, aut alia Gens extera quæcunque, cui dicta Partis alterutrius loca frequentare datum est, negotiantur.

III.

Quod Regibus hinc *Magnæ Britanniæ*, illinc *Hispaniarum*, illud in primis curæ erit, in posterum ut sui utrinque Subditi & Populi ab omni Vi, Injuriam, &

Lands, Countries, Kingdoms, Dominions, and Territories, belonging unto, or under the Obedience of either of them. And that their Subjects, People, and Inhabitants respectively, of what Condition, Degree, or Quality soever, from henceforth reciprocally, shall help, assist, and shew to one another all manner of Love, good Offices, and Friendship.

II.

That neither of the said Kings, nor their respective People, Subjects or Inhabitants within their Dominions, upon any pretence, may in publick or secret, do, or procure to be done, any thing against the other, in any Place, by Sea or Land, nor in the Ports or Rivers of the one or the other, but shall treat one another with all Love and Friendship; and may by Water and by Land, freely and securely pass into the Confines, Countries, Lands, Kingdoms, Islands, Dominions, Cities, Towns, Villages, Walled or without Wall, Fortified or Unfortified, their Havens and Ports (where hitherto Trade and Commerce hath been accustomed) and there Trade, Buy, and Sell, as well of and to the Inhabitants of the respective Places, as those of their own Nation, or any other Nation that shall be or come there.

III.

That the said Kings of Great Britain and Spain, shall take care that their respective People and Subjects from henceforward do abstain from all Force, Violence,

Violentiā invicēm abstineant ; & si quam forte Injuriam per dētorum Regum alterutrum, Eiusve Populos aut Subditos, Populis aut Subditis alterius inferri contingat, sive contra Articulos hujus Confederationis, sive contra Juris & Æqui Rationem, Literæ Repressiliarum, Marçæ, aut Contra Marçæ, eam ob rem ex parte alterutrius Cofoederatorum haudquaquam emanabunt, nisi tentatis prius & sollicitatis Juris & Justitiae remediis ordinariis. Juris verò & Justitiae beneficio, vel dilato, velenegato, Rex Ille, cujus Subditi, aut Incolæ Injuriam passi sunt, Justitiam fieri instantiū postulabit & urgebit, vel apud Ipsum Regem sibi Cofoederatum, vel apud Commissarios utriusque Regis Nominis constituendos, qui de omnibus hoc genus Querelis, & Controversiis cognoscēt, easque vel amicū Transactiōne diriment, vel saltem juxta Juris Exigentiam terminabunt ; Sin autem ulterior post hac mora interponitur, nullaque Satisfactio intra Sex Menses post Instantiam factum subsequitur, tum demū Literas Repressiliarum, Marçæ, vel Contra-Marçæ, parti gravatæ concedi posse consensum est.

IV.

Quod inter Regem *Magn.e Britannie*, & Regem *Hispaniarum*, ut & inter Utriusque Subditos, Populos & Incolas, tam Mari quām Terrā, atque ubilibet Aquarum, per universa & singula Regna, Regiones, Territoria, Provincias, Insulas, Colonias, Civitates, Oppida, Pagos, Portus, Fluvios, Crepidines, Sinus, Freta, & Aquarum Fluēta, alterutrius Regis Imperio obtēperantia, ubi Negotiatio aut Commercium ullo antehac Tempore exerceri consuevit, libera dabitur hinc indē negotiandi Copia, & Commercia omnis generis instituendi, &

olence, or Wrong ; and if any Injury shall be done by either of the said Kings, or by the People or Subjects of either of them, to the People or Subjects of the other, against the Articles of this Alliance, or against common Right, there shall not therefore be given Letters of Reprisal, Marque, or Counter-marque, by any of the Confederates, until such time as Justice is sought and followed in the ordinary course of Law. But if Justice be denied or delayed, then the King whose People or Inhabitants have received harm, shall ask it of the other, by whom (as is said) the Justice shall have been denied or delayed, or of the Commissioners that shall be by the one King or the other appointed to receive and hear such Demands, to the end that all such Differences may be compounded in Friendship, or according to Law. But if there should be yet a delay, or Justice should not be done, nor Satisfaction given within Six Months after having the same so demanded, then may be given Letters of Reprisal, Marque or Counter-Marque.

IV.

That between the King of *Great Britain*, and the King of *Spain*, and their respective People, Subjects and Inhabitants, as well upon Sea as upon Land, and Fresh-waters, in all and every their Kingdoms, Lands, Countries, Dominions, Confines, Territories, Provinces, Islands, Plantations, Cities, Villages, Towns, Ports, Rivers, Creeks, Bays, Shreights, and Currents, where hitherto Trade and Commerce hath been accustomed, there shall be free Trade and Commerce, in such way and manner, that without safe Conduct, and with-

exercendi

ris Salvi
sive gene
puli &
tam per
quas lene
in Region
tes, Port
ria, Dist
Confœde
ria ; Port
erit intra
onutis,
rum & V
cunque ;
monis c
mendis,
quantum
vacare ;
Commea
ve itineri
consueto
bus item
hiculis t
dis incun
cum Na
Bonis, M
quocunq
five ad t
grandum
ne, Inqui
Salvis se
galibus, S
vendis, S
nationib
gulas ut
vatis.

Conco
ces & N
Magn.e B
Regna a
obtempe
rum Na

any Injury
of the said
Subjects of
the or Sub-
the Articles
st common
before be gi-
Marque, or
the Confede-
nce is sought
ary course
denied or
ose People
harm, shall
om (as is
e been de-
Committee
the King or
e and hear
at all such
ounded in
Law. But
, or Justice
satisfaction
er having
n may be
Marque or

Great Bri-
and their
nd Inhabi-
pon Land,
every their
, Domi-
Provinces,
Villages,
ks, Bays,
e hitherto
been accu-
Trade and
manner,
and with-
exercendi

exercendi Facultas, ita ut absque Lite-
ris Salvi Conductis, aut aliâ Licentiaæ
five generalis five specialis formâ, Po-
puli & Subditi alterutrinque possint,
tam per Terram quam per Mare & A-
quas lenes, liberè navigare & iter facere
in Regiones, Regna, Dominia, C vita-
tes, Portus, Aquarum Fluenta, Æstuaria,
Districtus, & alia Loca quæcunque
Confœderatorum alterutri obtemperantia ; Portus etiam quoscunque visum fu-
erit intrare & ingredi cum Navibus suis
onustis, five vacuis, aliisque oneraria-
rum & Vehicularum Speciebus quibus-
cunque ; nec non ubi intraverint, Merci-
monis cujuscunque demum generis e-
mendis, vendendis, permundatis, ad
quantum libet valorem, seu quantitatem
vacare ; vietualia etiam, & omne genus
Commeatum, five vita sustinenda, si-
ve itineri faciendo necessarium aquo &
consueto pretio sibi comparare ; Navi-
b.s item suis, aliisque Onerariis, & ve-
hicularis tûm resarcendis, tûm instruen-
dis incumbere ; migrare item loco, &
cum Navibus suis, aliisque Onerariis,
Bonis, Mercimoniis, & Facultatibus,
quocunque visum fuerit, liberè discedere,
five ad suos redeundum, five alio mi-
grandum duxerint, sine ullâ Molesta-
tione, Inquietatione, aut Impedimento dato,
Salvis sempèr hinc illinc Juribus, Vecti-
galibus, & Portoriis imperandis, & sol-
vendis, Salvis etiam Legibus, & Ordi-
nationibus per Dominia & Ditiones sin-
gulas utriusque Regis sanctis & obser-
vatis.

V.

Concordatum itidem est, quod Mer-
ces & Mercimonia quæ Subditi Regis
Magnæ Britanniae per *Hispanias*, aut alia
Regna aut Dominia Regi *Hispaniarum*
obtemperantia, emerint, suisque ipso-
rum Navibus, aut etiam aliis Navibus

out general or particular Licence, the
People and Subjects of each other may
freely, as well by Land as by Sea, and
Fresh-waters, Navigate and go into
their said Countries, Kingdoms, Domi-
nions, and all the Cities, Ports, Cur-
rents, Bays, Districts, and other Places
thereof, and may enter into any Port
with their Ships laden or empty, Carri-
age or Carriages wherein to bring their
Merchandise, and there buy and sell
what and how much they please, and also
at just and reasonable Rates provide
themselves with Provisions and other
necessary things for their Subsistence
and Voyage, and also may repair their
Ships and Carriages, and from thence
again freely depart with their Ships,
Carriages, Goods, Merchandise and
Estate, and return to their own Coun-
tries, or to such other Places as they
shall think fit, without any Molestation
or Impediment, so that they pay the
Duties and Customs which shall be due,
and saving to either side the Laws and
Ordinances of their Country.

V.

Item, It is likewise Agreed, That for
the Merchandises which the Subjects of
the King of *Great Britain* shall buy in
Spain, or other the Kingdoms or Do-
minions of the King of *Spain*, and shall
carry in their own Ships, or in Ships ex

ex mutuo vel conducto sibi comparatis, imposuerint, nullis omnino Vectigalibus, Portoris, Decimis, Subsidis, aut aliis Oneribus subjicientur, aut gravabuntur, praterquam iis ad quæ solvenda parcatu ipsi Indigeræ, aliique omnes exteri in iisdem locis Mercaturam exercentes, tenentur; Mercatores item & Subditi predicti in Emptionibus, Vendantionibus, & suarum mercium Contrationibus, tam ratione Pretii, quam in omni Vectigalium solutione, iisdem semper cum Subditis naturalibus Privilegiis fruentur, & gaudehuntr, ipsisque Bona & Mercimonia sibi emere, empræque Navibus suis (uti superius provi-
tum est) imponere integrum erit, ita ut easdem oneratas post Vectigalium debitorum solutionem nefas sit sub praetextu quoconque in Portu derinere, ne-
dum Oneratoribus, Mercatoribus, aut Factoribus, sive Negotiorum Gestoribus, in Emptione vel Oneratione istiusmodi Bonorum occupatis, Litem aut Controver-
siam ullam, post Navis discessum, super ullâ re Navem, Bona, aut eorum-
dem Onerationem spectante, movere.

VI.

Quo autem Officiarii & Ministri Ci-
vitatum, Oppidorum & Pagorum quo-
rumcunque Confoederatorum, alterutri obtemperantur, nec exigant, nec accipiant à respectivis Mercatoribus aut Subditis majora Vectigalia, Onera, Sti-
pendia, Compensationes, Largitiones, aut aliud quidquam præter ea quæ Jure exigi possunt, juxta Tractatus hujus Vim & Tenorem, quo Mercatores etiam & Populi predicti certò scire, & luculentè discernere possint, quid in Re Telonariâ hinc inde pro constituto & sancto habetur; Conventum & conclusum est, quod in omnibus Aedibus & Exedris Prioriorum Quæsturæ dicata-

hired or lent unto them, no new Cu-
stoms, Toll, Tents, Subsidies, or other Rights or Duties whatsoever, shall be taken or increased, other than those which in the like case the Natives themselves, and all other Strangers are obliged to pay; and the Subjects aforesaid buying, selling and contracting for their Merchandises, as well in respect of the Prices, as of all Duties to be paid, shall enjoy the same Priviledges which are allowed to the natural Subjects of Spain; and may buy, and lade their Ships with such Goods and Mer-
chandises; which said Ships being la-
den, and Customs paid for the Goods, shall no: be detained in Port upon any pretence whatsoever; nor shall the La-
ders, Merchants, or Factors, who bought and loaded the Goods aforesaid, be questioned after the departure of the said Ships, for any matter or thing whatsoever concerning the same.

VI.

And to the end that the Officers and Ministers of all Cities, Towns, and Villages belonging to either, may nei-
ther demand nor take from the respec-
tive Merchants and People, greater Taxes, Duties, Stipends, Recompenses, Gifts, or any other Charges, than what ought to be taken by virtue of this Treaty; And that the said Mer-
chants and People may know and un-
derstand with certainty what is Ordain-
ed in all things touching this, It is Agreed and Concluded, That Tables and Lists shall be put up at the Doors of the Custom-houses and Registries of all the Cities, Villages, and Towns of,

tis,

tis,
quose
utri
aut V
Tabu
Oner
Solut
Regio
rum,
scilicet
quam
merat
gione
quisque
aut di
privati
Subdit
summa
Largit
aut De
passus
rum p
aut Xe
bitur;
ille, aut
liqueri
coram
illâ ubi
per tres
triploq
cunque
perius
cujus M
hinc M
rum ad
expedit
petente
disse D

Quo
tis Reg
cibus i
per His
B

tis, per Civitates, Oppida, & Pagos quoscunque Serenissimorum Regum alterutri obtemperantes, ubi Loci Portoria aut Vectigalia id genus exsolvi solent, Tabulae quædam sive Indices appendentur, in quibus justa Ratio, seu Taxa Onerum, Vectigalium, Subsidiorum, & Solutionum quarumcunque, tam Fisco Regio quam Officiariis Telonii debitarum, accurate describetur, Speciebus scilicet Mercium tamen importandarum quam exportandarum, Sigillatim enumeratis, Taxa sua constabit, & è reglone annotabitur. Quod si Officiarius quisquam aut ejus Deputatus exegerit, aut directè vel indirectè, publice vel privatim, à quoquam Mercatorum, aut Subditorum prædictorum ullam pecunia summam, nomine Vectigalis, Oneris, Largitionis, Stipendi, Compensationis, aut Debiti, acceperit, aut sibi numerari passus fuerit, quæ ex dictarum Tabularum præscripto, (quantumvis munera aut Xenii speciem induerit,) haud debetur; constitutum est, quod Officiarius ille, aut ejus Deputatus, qui isto modo deliquerit, Delictique sui convictus fuerit coram Judice competente, in Ditione illâ ubi offenderit, poenâ Incarcerationis per tres menses continuos castigabitur, triploque pecunia, sive rei alius cuiuscunque iniquè recepta, contra quam superius cautum est, valore multabitur, cuius Multæ semissim alter Fisco Regio, hinc *Magna Britannia*, illinc *Hispaniarum* addicetur, alter Denuntiatori, jure expeditissimo adjudicabitur coram Competente Judice in Ditione illâ, ubi offendisse Delinquens deprehenditur.

VII.

Quod licitum erit & integrum Subditis Regis *Magnæ Britanniae*, tam in Mercibus importandis, quam exportandis, per *Hispaniam*, aliasque Terras, & Do-

or appertaining to one or the other King where such Rights and Excises or Customs are usually paid; in which, how much, and of what quality such Rights, Customs, Subsidies, and Payments, either to the Kings or any the aforesaid Officers are allowed, shall be put down in Writing, declating as well the Species of what is Imported, as what is carried out. And if any Officer, or any other in his name, upon any pretence whatsoever, in publick or secret, directly or indirectly, shall ask or receive of any Merchant or other Person respectively, any Sum of Money or other thing, by the name of Right, Due, Stipend, Allowance, or Recompense (though it be by the way of voluntary Donative) more or otherwise than aforesaid, the said Officer or his Deputy being in such manner guilty, and convict before a competent Judge in the Country where the Crime is committed, shall be put in Prison for Three Months, and shall pay thrice the value of the thing so received; of which the half shall be for the King of the Country where the Crime is committed, and the other half for the Denunciator, for the which he may Sue his Right before any competent Judge of the Country where it shall happen.

VII.

That it shall be lawful for the Subjects of the King of *Great Britain*, to bring out, and carry into *Spain*, and all or any Lands and Dominions of the King of *Spain* (where heretofore they

minia Regi *Hispaniarum* obtemperantia quæcunque, ubi Negotiationem & Commercia exercere antehac consueverunt, Mercaturam facere, Merces item omnis generis, Pannos, Res & Mercimonia manufacta è *Britanniarum* Insulis advecta, nec non Mercimonia manufacta, Bona, Fructus, & Species, Insulis, Urbibus, aut Coloniis Regis *Magnæ Britanniae* Imperio Subditis oriundas, ut & omnia illa Bona, quæ à Subditorum prædictorum Factoribus, seu Negotiorum Gestoribus, vel cis Promontorium illud Caput Bonæ Spei (de *Buena Esperança* vulgo vocatum) vel etiam ultra illud Promontorium coempta fuerint, venundare, & distrahere, absque ullâ obligatione significandi, vel manifestandi quibusnam Personis, quovæ pretio, Mercimonia illa, aut Commeatuum quem habebant, vendiderint, ut & absque Vexatione aut molestiâ ullâ cuiquam illatâ ob errores, qui à Navarehis, aut aliis quibuscumque, circa Mercium, seu Bonorum istiusmodi in publicas Tabulas relationem committi solent, Subditi etiam prædicti è Dominis Regis *Hispaniarum* pro libitu suo remeabunt, & in quæcunque velint Regis *Magnæ Britanniae* Territoria, Insulas, Dominia, aut Regiones, aut in ulla alia, si maluerint, Loca, cum omnibus suis Bonis, Facultatibus, & Mercimoniis, soluti prius Vestigalibus & Portoriis juxta præcedentes Articulos exigendis, liberè discedent. Porro si quid fortè Mercium quas devebunt, adhuc restat in Portu ubi subsistunt, quod exoneratum nollent, illud penes se detinere, & servare, secundque in Navibus suis, aut Navigiis quibuscumque auferre poterunt, nihil proflus nomine Vestigalis aut Portoriis soluto, pari omnino cum Immunitate ac si Portus, aut Oras maritimas Regis Catholici nullatenus attigissent,

have used Trade and Commerce) and Trade there with all kind of Merchandise, Clothes, Manufactures, and things of the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, and the Manufactures, Goods, Fruits, and Kinds of the Islands, Towns, and Plantations to him appertaining, and what shall have been bought by English Factors on this side, or farther on the other side of the Cape of *Buena Esperança*, without being enforced to declare to whom, or for what Price they sell their said Merchandise and Provisions, or being molested for the Errors of the Masters of the Ships, or others, in the Entry of the Goods; and at their pleasure to return again out of the Dominions of the King of *Spain*, with all, or any Goods, Estates, and Merchandise, to any of the Territories, Islands, Dominions, and Countries of the King of *England*, or to any other Place, paying the Rights and Tributes mentioned in the antecedent Chapters; and the rest of all their Lading which is not brought to Land, they may detain, keep and carry away in their said Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels again, without paying any Right or Imposition whatsoever for it, as if therewith they had never been within any Bay or Port of the Catholick King. And all the Goods, Estates, Merchandise, Ships, or other Vessels, with any things introduced into the Dominions or Places of the Crown of *Great Britain* as Prizes, and judged for such in the said Dominions and Places, shall be taken for Goods and Merchandise of *Great Britain*, comprehended so by the intention of this Article.

aut appropinquassent: Omnia denique
Bona, Facultates, Merces, Naves, aut
alia Navigia, intra Dominia & Loca Re-
gis Magne Britanniae nomine prædictæ ad-
ducta, & pro prædictâ Legitimâ judiciali-
tè pronuntiata, & condemnata, tan-
quam Merces & Bona Britanniarum
Insulis oriunda, vigore hujus Articuli,
censebuntur & reputabuntur.

VIII.

Quod Subditi & Vassalli Serenissimi
Regis Magne Britanniae Fructus, Merces,
& Mercimonia quæcunque *Indie Orientalis*, in quæcunque velint Dominia
Regi Hispaniarum Serenissimo obtem-
perantia advehere & importare libere
possint, modo constiterit ex Testimonia
Deputarorum nomine Societatis *Indiae Orientalis* prædictæ Londini Agentium,
quod Fructus & Mercimonia prædicta
ex Conquistibus, Coloniis, vel Factoriis Anglorum advepta, vel oriunda sunt,
pari prorsus ratione, & Privilegio,
atque secundum Formam, Tenorem, &
Effectum Ordinationum & Concessionum
qua in favorem Vassallorum Provincia-
rum Belgii Inferioris Foederatarum in
Schedulis Regiis circa Merces prohibi-
tas, five Contrabandæ, vigessimo septi-
mo Junii, & Tertio Julii, Anno Mil-
lesimo sexcentesimo sexagesimo tertio
datis, & trigesimo Junii, & quarto
Julii Anni prædicti promulgatis, eman-
narunt: Quod autem ad utrasque Indias,
aliasque partes quæcunque attinet, Cor-
ona Hispaniarum omne id concessum
& impeditum vult Regi Magne Bri-
taniae, & Vassallis ejus, quod Ordini-
bus Provinciarum Belgii Inferioris Con-
federatarum per Tractatum Monasterii,
Anno Millefimo sexcentesimo quadra-
gesimo octavo celebratum, concessum
est, non minus firmiter & amplè, quam
si de Capitulo in Capitulum, & Puncto

C

VIII.

That the Subjects and Vassals of the
most Serene King of Great Britain may
bring and carry to all and singular the
Dominions of the King of Spain, any
Fruits and Commodities of the *East Indies*, it appearing by Testimony of
the Deputies of the *East India Company* in *London*, that they are of, or
have come from the *English Conquests, Plantations or Factories*, with like Privi-
lege, and according to what is al-
lowed to the Subjects of the *United Provinces*, by the Royal *Cedulas of Con- travando*, bearing Date the 27th of June,
and the 3d of July, 1663. and Published
on the 30th of June, and 4th of July
the same Year. And for what may con-
cern both the *Indies*, and any other
Parts whatsoever, the Crown of *Spain*
doth grant to the King of Great Bri-
tain and his Subjects, all that is grant-
ed to the United States of the *Low Countries* and their Subjects, in their
Treaty of *Munster*, 1648. Point for
Point, in as full and ample manner as
if the same were herein particularly
inserted, the same Rules being to be ob-
served whereunto the Subjects of the
said United States are obliged, and mu-
tual Offices of Friendship to be perform-
ed from one side to the other.

C 2

in

in Punctum, nihilo prorsus omisso, hoc transcriberetur; Observandis iisdem Legibus, quibus Subditi dictorum Ordinum tenentur, & restringuntur, mutuque amicitia hinc inde colendâ.

IX.

Subditi Regis *Magnae Britanniae* Negotiationi, Emptioni, & Venditioni Mercium quarumcunque, vacantes intra Dominia, Praefecturas, Insulas, aut Territoria Regis *Hispaniarum*, gaudebunt & fruentur Privilegiis illis omnibus, & Immunitatibus, quæ per Regem Catholickum in gratiam Mercatorum *Anglorum* per *Andalusiam* diversantium in Schedulis Regiis, sive Ordinationibus, Decimo nono die Mensis *Martii*, Viceclimo sexto *Junii*, & Nono *Novemboris*, Anno Domini Millesimo sexcentesimo quadragesimo quinto, datis, concessæ & confirmatae sunt; quas quidem Schedulas sua Majestas Catholica ratihabitas & tanquam hujus Tractatus partem integralem receptas & confirmatas esse jubet. Quo autem universis hoc innotescat, conclusum est, quod predictæ Schedulae, sive Ordinationes Regiæ (quoad earundem substantialia, sive vim & effectum) in numerum horum Articulorum migrabant, & cooptabuntur, & in usum atq; commodum omnium & singulorum Subditorum Regis *Magnæ Britanniae*, qui in loco quoconque ad Dominia Regis Catholici spectante commorantur, aut negotiantur, maximo quam fieri potest cum favore extendentur.

X.

Quod Naves & omnia alia Navigia ad Regem *Magnæ Britanniae*, ejusve Subditos spectantia, ubi Dominia aut Portus Regis *Hispaniarum* versus tendunt, aut ingrediuntur, visitationi aut excussioni per Ministros, & Mercium prohibitum Censores, aut alios quoscunque, sive

IX.
That the Subjects of the King of *Great Britain*, Trading, Buying, and Selling in any of the Kingdoms, Governments, Islands, Ports, or Territories of the said King of *Spain*, shall have, use, and enjoy all the Privileges and Immunities which the said King hath granted and confirmed to the English Merchants that Reside in *Andaluzia*, by his Royal Cedulas or Orders, dated the 19th Day of March, the 26th Day of June, and the 9th Day of November, 1645. His Catholick Majesty by these Presents reconfirming the same as a part of this Treaty between the Two Crowns. And to the end that it be manifest to all, It is consented, That the said Schedules (as to the whole substance thereof) be passed and transferred to the body of the present Articles, in the name and and favour of all and singular the Subjects of the King of *Great Britain*, Residing and Trading in any Plaees whatsoever within his Catholick Majesties Dominions.

X.

That the Ships, or any other Vessels that shall belong to the King of *Great Britain*, or his Subjects, Navigating into the King of *Spain's* Dominions, or any of his Ports, shall not be visited by the Judges of Counterband, or by any other Officer or Person, by his own, or propriâ

propriâ Authoritate, sive alienâ fretos, nullatenus subjicientur, neque ulli Milites, Homines armati, Officiarii, aut privati quicunque, Naves prædictas, Custodiæ nomine, vel alio quounque sub prætextu, concident, aut intrabunt; Quæsturæ item Telonariae Ministri Naves aut Navigia alterutrius partis, ubi in Regiones, Dominia, aut Portus alterius appulerint, visitatione, aut inspectione aliquâ nullatenus gravabunt, usque dum Mercibus impositis exonerata fuerint, aut illam saltem Mercium suarum partem in Littore deposuerint, quam ex declaratione Navarchæ in istum Portum destinari contiterit. Capitaneum, Navarcham, aut alium quempiam Socium, Vectorem aut Nautam, vel in Carcerem detrudere, vel Personarum, aut Schapharum suarum in Littore detentione vexare nefas esto. Interim tamen Quæsturae Telonariae Officiarii permisum est, ex suo ipsorum Numero nonnullos Navibus istiusmodi, Custodiæ nomine, modo nulla Navis ultra tres Custodes suscipere cogatur, imponere, qui ne quid furtim exportetur, aut subtrahatur ante Solutionem Vectigalium ex Articulis hisce exigeriorum invigilabunt, quibus quidem Officiarii in Excubiis agentibus Naves illæ & Navigia, Navarchæ item, Socii, Nautæ, Vectores, Mercatores, Factores, & Proprietarii, omnibus Impensis & Tributis Custodiæ hujusmodi causâ immunes erunt, nulloque omnino Onere eo Nomine gravabuntur. Ubi vero Navarcha declaraverit integrum Navis suæ Onus in Portu aliquo exonerandum esse, Mercium dictarum omnium, quibus onusa est, ratio in Regesta Telonaria, pro more hactenus usitato, referetur. Sin autem post relationem in Regesta factam plura inveniuntur in Navi Bona

by any other Authority; nor shall any Soldiers, Armed Men, or other Officers or Persons, be put on Board any of the said Ships or Vessels; nor shall the Officers of the Custom-house of the one or the other Party, search in any Vessels or Ships belonging to the People of the one or the other, which shall enter into their Regions, Dominions, or respective Ports, until their said Ships or Vessels are unladen, or until they have carried on Shore all the Lading and Merchandise which they declare they resolve to disembark in the said Port; nor shall the Captain, Master, or any other of the Company of the said Ships be Imprisoned, or they or their Boats detained on Shore; but in the interim, Officers of the Custom-house may be put on Board the said Vessels or Ships, so they exceed not the Number of Three for each Ship, to see that no Goods or Merchandise be Landed out of the said Ships or Vessels, without paying such Duties as by these Articles either Party is obliged to pay; which said Officers are to be without any Charge to the Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, their Commanders, Mariners, Company, Merchants, Factors, or Proprietors. And when it happens that the Master or Owner of any Ship shall declare the whole Lading of his said Ship is to be Discharged in any Port, the Entry of the said Lading shall be made in the Custom-house, after the usual manner; and if after the Entry made, any other Goods be found in the said Ship or Ships, more than what are contained in the said Entry, Eight working Days shall be allowed them on which they may work (which shall be reckoned from the Day they began to unlade) to the end that the concealed Goods

quam

quam quæ in Regellis descripta sunt, per Octo dies utiles in quibus laborare fas est, (ab eo die à quo Navis exonerari cœpit numerandos) expectandum erit ut Bona illa quæ occultantur in Regella publica referantur, & eorundem Confiscationi occurratur; & casu quo istiusmodi Bona intra Octiduum præfixum, relatione in Tabulas publicas, & manifestatione, quâ pars est, non relevantur, tum illa sola, etiam Exoneratione Navis nondum finita, & nulla alia Fisco addicentur; Ita tamen ut Mercautor, aut Proprietarius Navis istiusmodi, nulla aliâ Molestiâ afficiatur; aut aliam quamcunque pœnam incurrat, ubi verò Naves novum Onus in se receperint, libere exire poterunt.

XI.

Quod si quæ Navis, ad Regum prædictorum alterutrum, eorumve Subditos aut populos spectans, Portum aliquem in Terris aut Dominiis alterius intraverit, ibidemque vel in Navium Statione aliquâ Bonorum aut Mercimoniorum quibus onusta est partem aliquam in Litus demiserit, ad alia Loca sive intra Regis Confœderati Dominia, sive extra, cum reliquo onere destinata, & festinans, Residuum Oneris, quod nondum exposuit in publicas Tabulas referre nullatenus tenebitur, nedum Vectigali quoquam redimere, modo pro iis Bonis, quæ in Portu, aut Statione, ubi subsistit Navis, exonerata sunt, Telonii Legibus fiat satis: Nullaque Cautio, sive Fidejussoria sive alia quamcunque pro Bonis quæ aliorum devehenda habet, præstanda erit, ni Quæstio de Feloniâ, Debito, lassâ Molestante, aut alio aliquo Crimine Capitali interveniat.

XII.

Quandoquidem Semissis Vectigalium, quæ Bonis & Mercioniis peregrinis in

may be Entred, and the Confiscation of them prevented: And in case that in the time limited, the Entry or Manifestation of them shall not have been made, then such particular Goods only, which shall be found, as aforesaid, though the unlading be not finished, shall be Confiscated, and not any other; nor shall other trouble be given, or punishment inflicted on the Merchant or Owner of the Ship; and when the Ships or Vessels are reladen, they may have freedom to go out again.

XI.

That the Ship or Ships appertaining to the one or the other King, or to their respective People and Subjects, that shall enter into any Ports, Lands, or Dominions of the one or the other, and shall Discharge any part of their Goods and Merchandises in any Port or Haven, being consigned with the rest to other Places within or without the said Dominions, shall not be obliged to Register or Pay the Rights of any other Goods or Merchandise, than of that which they shall unlade in the said Port or Haven, nor be constrained to give Bond for the Goods they shall carry to other Places, nor any other Security, if it be not in case of Felony, Debt, Treason, or other Capital Crime.

XII.

Whereas the one Moiety of the Custom of all Foreign Goods and Mer-

Angliam

Angliam remittent & si fort prædictum mam eo quis ve quod sin bus Ve soluta su etiam p Vectigali vendo, e quis veli el, quod tamme u cunque S ciei fuer quibuscu neraverin rum Ta juxta bu rint, & vallum e partem a duixerint, tur, illuc permissum Vectigali modi sol per Tran Jurament illa ipsa Importat puli & I partis, v penes fe monia, I tate, Op quibus V us præst Faculta Oppidu

Angliam adveftis imponuntur, ex Lege remittendus, & Importanti refundendus, & si forte illa ipsa Bona extra Regnum prædictum intra unum Annum post primam eorum Exonerationem exportare quis velit, præfrito prius Juramento quod sicut eadem numero Bona pro quibus Vectigalia jam inter importandum soluta sunt; Cumque Bona istiusmodi, etiam post Annum clapsum, fine ullo Vectigali, aut Portorio secundâ vice Solvendo, exportari è Regno quocunque quis velit tempore possint, Conclusum est, quod si qui Subditi Regis Magnæ Britannie uilla Bona, vel Mercimonia, quocunque Solo orra, aut cuiuscunque speciei fuerint, in Portibus Regis Catholici quibuscumque abhinc in posterum exoneraverint, illaque in publicas Teloniorum Tabulas retulerint, Vectigaliaque juxta hunc Tractatum debita exsolverint, & post aliquod Temporis Intervallum eadem Bona, aut aliquam eorum partem aliorum transportare è re suâ duixerint, ut Foro magis quam fuo utantur, illud Subditis prædictis omnino permisum & integrum erit, nullo alio Vectigali, Tributove, pro Bonis istiusmodi soluto aut exacto, præfrito tamen per Transportantem ad hoc requisitum Juramento, quod non alia sunt, quam illa ipsa Bona, pro quibus Vectigalia Importationis, ubi primum exonerabuntur, soluta sunt. Et si forte Subditi, Populi & Incolæ Dominiorum alterutrius partis, vel in Terram demiserint vel penes se habuerint Bona aliqua, Mercimonia, Fructus, aut Facultates in Civitate, Oppido, & Pago quocunque, pro quibus Vectigalia juxta formam superius præscriptam revera exsoluta sunt, & prædicta Bona, Mercimonia, Fructus, aut Facultates, in aliam aliquam Civitatem, Oppidum, aut Pagum intra ambitum

chandises Imported into *England*, is allowed and returned back to the Importer, if the said Goods be Exported out of the said Kingdom within Twelve Months after the first Landing, upon Oath made that they are the same Goods which paid Custom inwards, and that if they be not Re-shipment within the said Twelve Months, yet they may at all times be Exported without paying any Custom or Duty outwards: It is therefore Agreed, That if any the Subjects of the King of Great Britain shall hereafter Land any Goods or Merchandise, of what growth or nature soever they be, in any of the Ports of his Catholick Majestie, and having Entred them, and paid the Custom which by this Treaty ought to be paid, and shall afterwards desire to Transport them, or any part of them, to any other Place whatsoever, for a better Market, it shall and may be lawful for him or them so to do freely, without paying or being demanded any other Custom or Duty at all for the same, he or they making Oath, if required thereunto, that they are the same Goods for which Custom was paid at the Landing. And in case that the Subjects, People, and Inhabitants of the Dominions of either part shall unlade, or have in any City, Town, or Village respectively, any Goods, Merchandises, Fruits, or Estates, and have paid the Customs due, according to what hath been declared, and after that, not being able to put them off, shall resolve to remit them to some other City, Town, or Village of the said Dominions, they may not only do it without difficulty or impediment, and without paying other Rights than what were due at their Entry, but likewise the Custom or Rights ejusdem

ejusdem Dominii transportare apud se statuerint, eo quod isto ubi existunt foro uti è re suā esse non duxerint, hoc non tantum illis facere omnino integrum erit, & absque ullā difficultate aut Impedimento permissum, nullisque Oneribus (iis quā ad priūnum Ingressum debebantur exolutis) gravabuntur : Cum ubi ex Certificatoriis Officiariorum Rem Telonariam curantium exhibitis constituit, portoria debito modo & formā jam semel exoluta fuīsse, eadem aut alia quæcunque Vectigalia secundā vice in alio quopiam Portu exigi nefas esto : Quæstores itidem præcipui, & Receptores Redituum suæ Majestatis Catholicae, aut alii saltem Officiarii, eo nomine Deputati, omni in posterum Tempore Bonorum & Mercimoniorum ab uno in aliū Locum Transportationem fieri permittent, & Certificatoria luculenta dabunt Proprietariis eorundem, aut eorum Commissariis, Vectigalia de Jure debita jam jam ad primam Exonerationem soluta esse. Quibus conspectis, exportari liberè poterunt, & aliū quēcunque quis velit Portum aut Locum Portorio & Impedimento omni immunia intrabunt, uti superius prōvisum est, salvo semp̄ Jure alicujus Tertiī.

XIII.

Quod Navibus Populorum & Subditorum alterutrius Confœderatorum in Oris, Fretis, aut aliis quibuscunque Nauium Stationibus ad alterum spectantibus Anchoras figere, & in Anchoris stare permissum erit neque tamen Portum vicinum ingredi ullatenus tenebuntur ; & casu quo Navis quæpiam, vel vi Tempestatis, vel metu Hostium aut Piratarum, aut aliquo alio Casu adacta, ipsum Portum subire necesse habuerit, modo constiterit illam ad Portum hostilem cum Mercibus prohibitis, vulgo Con-

shall not be paid again in any other part of the said Dominions, bringing Certificates from the Officers of the Custom-house, that they were paid before in the due Form. And the chief Farmers and Commissioners of the King of Spain's Rents in all Places, or some other Officer or Officers to be appointed for that purpose, shall at all times permit and suffer the Transportation of all such Goods and Merchandises from Place to Place, and give sufficient Certificate to the Owners thereof, or their Assigns, of their having paid their Custom at their first Landing, whereby they may be carried to, and Landed at any other Port or Place of the said Jurisdiction, free from all Duties or Impediments whatsoever, as aforesaid, saving always the Right of any Third Person.

XIII.

That it shall be lawful for the Ships belonging to the Subjects of the one or the other King, to Anchor in the Roads or Bays of either, without being constrained to enter into Port ; and in case they be necessitated to enter thereinto, either by distress of Weather, fear of Enemies, Pirates, or any other Accident, in case the said Ships be not bound to an Enemies Port, and carrying thither Contraband Goods (whereof without some clear Proof, they shall not be questioned) it shall be lawful for the trabandæ

trabanda
(cujus R
mē post
que lub
in altu
revertet
vehit il
pars in
distraha
ra, & in
tationis
molesta
Condu
stinati
re & m
Officiar
stular,
usmodi
iter pr
tentur.

Quod
predicti
Etores p
ditos sp
Mercato
bus, au
extra T
fistent,
Spolii &
datur)
duosqu
ad Me
Navem
ductus
Charta
mulam
cienda
ex qu
quibus
Domi
Regis
chæ, a
Nomini

any other
bringing
rs of the
ere paid
the chief
the King
or some
appoint-
all times
tation of
ses from
ient Cer-
or their
heir Cu-
whereby
anded at
id Jurif-
or Impe-
d, saving
Person.

e Ships
one or
Roads
g con-
in case
reinto,
ear of
Acci-
bound
g thi-
with-
not be
or the
bandæ

trabandæ dictis, haud quaquam destinari (cujus Rei sine luculentis Judiciis minime postulabitur) ex Portu quandocunque lubuerit Navis istiusmodi solvet, & in altum sine Impedimento quocunque revertetur, eā tamen Lege, ut Onus quod vehit illibatum maneat, nullaque ejus pars in Portu venum exponatur, aut distrahatur. Ubi verò jacta est Anchora, & intra Portum subsistitur, ad Visitationis aut Inquisitionis cujuscunque molestias submovendas, Literas Salvi Conductūs, aut alias Chartas Itineris destinati, & Oneris Indices penes se habere & monstrare sufficiet; Quibus quidem Officiariis alterutrius Regis, ubi res postulat, exhibitis & ostensis, Naves istiusmodi absque ulteriori molestatione ad iter propositum prosecundum dimittentur.

XIV.

Quod Naves Bellicæ, sive ad Regum prædictorum alterutrum, sive ad Instrumentores privatos eorundem alterutri Subditos spectent, obviam factæ Navibus Mercatoris, aut Statione aliquâ agentibus, aut in alto Mari vela facientibus, extra Tormenti Majoris Jactum subsistenter, neque proprius (ut hâc distantiâ Spolii & Violentiaæ occasio omnis præcidatur) accident; Scipham vero, si lubet, duosque aut tres solummodo Classiarios ad Mercatoriam emitterent, quibus ubi Navem concenderint, Literas Salvi Conductūs exhibebit Navarcha vel Patronus, Chartarum etiam Marinarum juxta Formulam in Calce hujus Tractatus Subiectiandam conceptarum copiam faciet; ex quibus non solum de Mercimoniis quibus onusta est Navis, sed etiam de Domiciliis & Residenziæ in alterutrius Regis Dominiis loco, ut & de Navarcha, aut Patroni, nec non Navis ipsius Nomine certiores fient; duabus quip-

D

said Subjects to return to Sea freely when they please, with their Ships and Goods, so as they do not break Bulk, or expose any thing to Sale; and that when they cast Anchor, or enter the Ports aforesaid, they be not molested or visited; and it shall suffice, that in this case they shew their Passports, or Sea-papers, which being seen by the respective Officers of either King, the said Ships shall return freely to Sea without any Molestation.

XIV.

And if any Ship or Ships belonging to the Subjects and Merchants of the one or the other, entring into Bays, or in the open Sea, shall be Encountred by the Ships of the said Kings, or of Privateers their Subjects; the said Ships, to prevent all Disorders, shall not come within Canon-shot, but shall send their Long-Boat, or Pinnace, to the Merchant-Ship, and only Two or Three Men on Board, to whom the Master or Owner shall shew his Passports and Sea-Letters, according to the Form which shall be inserted at the end of this Treaty, whereby not only the Ship's Lading, but the Place to which she belongs, and as well the Master and Owner's Name, as the Name of the Ship, may appear; by which means the Quality of the Ship, and her Master or Owner will be sufficiently known, as also the Commodities she carries, whether they be Contraband, or not; to the which

D

pe

pe Rationibus hisce quales sint Merces Navi impositæ, an interdictæ, scilicet, sive Contrabandæ, quis Magister vel Patronus, qualis denique Navis ipsa sit, satis dignosci poterit; Tales postò Literæ & Chartæ Marinæ Fide & Authoritate eo magis indubitatâ valebunt, quod tam ex parte Regis Magnæ Britanniae, quam ex parte Regis Hispaniarum, Certificationibus quibusdam contra Signatis (si necessè fuerit) munientur; quarum Virtute authenticæ magis fient, & adulterinæ pro veris nemini obtutri poterunt.

XV.

Si quæ Merces aut Bona prohibita è Regnis, Dominiis, aut Territoriis alterutrius Regis exportantur per Populos aut Subditos alterius, in isto Casu sola Bona prohibita, & nulla alia Fisco addicentur; neque etiam pœnæ hanc pœnam incurret istiusmodi Delinquens, ni forte è Regnis aut Dominiis Regis Magnæ Britanniae Nummos, aut Monetam Regioni propriam, aut Lanam, aut etiam Terram quam vocant Fullonum; ex Dominiis vero Regis Hispanianum Aurum aut Argentum, sive Signatum sit, sive non Signatum, suhducatur aut exportetur; In quibus Casibus Regionis cuiusque hinc inde Leges vim suam & effectum debitum obiinebunt.

XVI.

Quod Populi & Subditi alterutrius Regis ad Portus alterius accedere, & appellere, ibidemque subsistere & permanere, indeque pari hinc indè cum immunitate emigrare poterunt; idque non solum cum Navibus Mercatoris, aliisque Navigiis, Negotiationi aut Commercio interventibus, verum etiam

Passports and Sea-Letters, intire Faith and Credit shall be given, so much the rather, for that as well on the part of the King of England, as of the King of Spain, some Counter-signs shall be given (if it shall be found necessary) whereby their authenticalness may the better appear, and that they may not be in any wise falsified.

XV.

If any prohibited Merchandise or Goods shall be Exported from the Kingdoms, Dominions, and Territories of either of the said Kings, by the respective People or Subjects of the one or the other, in such case the prohibited Goods shall be only Confiscated, and not the other Goods; neither shall the Delinquent incur any other Punishment, except the said Delinquent shall carry out from the respective Kingdoms or Dominions of the King of Great Britain, the proper Coin, Wooll, or Fullers-Earth of the said Kingdoms; or shall carry out of the respective Kingdoms or Dominions of the said King of Spain, any Gold or Silver, wrought or un wrought; in either of which cases the Laws of the respective Countries are to take place.

XVI.

That it shall be lawful for the People and Subjects of both Kings, to have access to the respective Ports of the one and the other, and there remain, and depart again with the same freedom, not only with their Ships, and other Vessels for Trade and Commerce, but also with their other Ships fitted

cum N
stendo
Navibu
tum Re
opus h
modò
Numer
quæ si
Navium
rem int
Portuum
quæ Na
excipien
tò minù
vel per
au: Nav
cum Re
pacem c
impedier
solito ma
aliquo P
quaverir,
aut in N
esto, nifi
à præfœ
forte vi
minentia
evitandi
quo in C
Magistrat
modi, q
causæ ex
Loci subsi
giltratu
dum visu
hostile ad
agentes t
dicatorum
dere possi

Quod C
neuter M
clerum,
corumve

re Faith
uch the
part of
King of
be gi-
essary)
may the
not be

dise or
e King-
ories of
e respe-
one or
hibited
ed, and
hall the
shment,
ll carry
oms or
Britain,
Fullers-
r shall
oms or
Spain,
or un-
ses the
ies are

ne Peo-
to have
of the
emain,
e free-
and o-
merce,
fitted
cum

cum Navibus Bellicis Hosti tam resi-
stendo tum offendendo comparatis ;
Navibus item vi Tempeltatis pulsis,
tum Reparatione tum Commeatu, prout
opus habuerint, instruendis incumbent,
modò Navium Sponte subinrantium
Numerus justæ suspicione non dederit,
quæ si Bellicæ sunt, Numerum Octo
Navium haud excedent, neque longio-
rem intra Navium Stationes, aut in
Portuum vicinio, moram trahent, quām
quæ Navibus resaciendis, vel Commeatu
excipiendo, necessaria & stimabitur ; mul-
tò minus in Causâ erunt ut Commercialia
vel perturbentur, vel abrumptantur,
aut Navium alius cujuscunq; Gentis
cum Rege istius Portus ubi subsistunt
pacem colentis, accessum, introitumve
impedit. Ubi verò Numerus plus
solito magnus Navium bellicarum Casu
aliquo Portum aliquempiam appropin-
quaverit, iisdem intrare ipsum Portum,
aut in Navium Statione subsistere, nefas
esto, nisi obtentâ prius à Rege Ipso, aut
à præfecto Portus intrandi Licentia, ni
forte vi Tempelatis abrepit, aut Im-
minentis per Mare Periculi cujuspiam
evitandi gratia eo Loci protrudantur ;
quo in Casu Præfecto Portū, aut Loci
Magistratui Primario appulsus istius-
modi, quam primum fieri potest,
causæ exponentur, neque diutiū ibi
Loci subsistent, quam Præfecto aut Ma-
gistratui prædicto æquum & commo-
dum visum fuerit, nedium quidquam
hostile adversus alios in eodem Portu
agentes tentabunt, quod Regum præ-
dictorum alterutri in præjudicium ce-
dere possit.

XVII.

Quod Confœderatorum prædictorum
neuter Mercatorem, Navarcham, Nau-
clerum, aut Marinarium quemquam,
eorumve Naves, Merces, Pannos, aut

for War, Armed, and disposed to resist
and engage the Enemy, and arriving by
stress of Weather to repair their Ships,
or furnish themselves with Provisions ;
so that entring willingly, they be not
so numerous, that they give just occa-
sion of suspicion, to which end they
are not to exceed the number of Eight,
nor continue in their Havens, nor about
their Ports, longer time than they shall
have just cause, for the Repair of their
Ships, to take in Provisions, or other
necessary things, much less be the oc-
casion of interrupting the free Com-
merce, and coming in of other Ships,
of Nations in Amity with either King ;
and when an unusual Number of Men
of War by accident shall come unto any
Port, it shall not be lawful for them
to come into the said Ports or Havens,
not having first obtained Permission of
the King unto whom the said Ports do
belong, or the Governors of the said
Ports, if they be not forced thereinto
by stress of Weather, or other necessity,
to avoid the danger of the Sea ; and in
such case they shall presently ac-
quaint the Governor or Chief Magistrate
of the Place with the cause of their com-
ing ; nor shall they remain there any
longer time than the said Governor or
Magistrate shall think convenient, or
do any act of Hostility in such Ports,
that may prove of prejudice to the one
or the other of the said Kings.

XVII.

That neither the said King of Great
Britain, nor the King of Spain, by any
Mandate general, nor particular, nor
for any cause whatsoever, shall em- ·

alia Bona ad alteram partem spectantia, dum in Portibus aut Aquis alterius subsistunt, derinebit, impediet, aut virtute Edicti vel Mandati, sive Generalis, sive Specialis, aut aliam ob Causam qualcumque arrestabit, aut suo ipsius usui inservire coger, nisi re cum altero Rege, aut saltem cum personis interesset habentibus, prius communicata, eorumque consensu & approbatione desuper obtentā; quod tamen ita intelligendum est, ut Ordinaria Juris Remedia Juttiā pro æquo & bono administranda opportuna ex hoc Articulo nullatenus frustrentur, aut enerventur.

XVIII.

Quod Mercatores & Subditi Regis utriusque, eorumque Factores & Famuli, Naves item, Navarchæ, & Marinarii tum eundo tum redeundo, tam per Mare & alias Aquas, quam in Stationibus, & Portibus alterutrinque, omne genus Arma, tam ad Offensionem, quam ad Defensionem, comparata, portare poterunt, & iisdem uti, absque ullâ obligatione Arma istiusmodi in publicas Tabulas referendi; Arma etiam portatilia gestabunt, si lubet, per Terram, iisq; in privatam Defensionem utentur, secundum consuetudinem Loci.

XIX.

Quod nullus Capitaneus, Officiarius, aut Marinarius cujuscunque Navis, ad Subditos aut Populos alterutrius Confederatorum spectantis, quarendū intra Regna, Dominia, Terras, Regiones, aut Loca alteri obtemperantia diversantur, litem intendet, aut Damno, vel Prajudicio erit Navibus, Capitaneis, Officiariis, aut Marinariis, quos suos ipsius Populares, aut Regi suo Subditos esse noverit, nomine Mercedis aut Salarii, aut alio sub p̄textu quoconque, neque in Servitium, aut Protectionem

bark or detain, hinder or take for his respective Service, any Merchant, Master of a Ship, Pilot or Mariner, their Ships, Merchandise, Cloaths or other Goods belonging unto the one or the other, in their Ports or Waters, if it be not that either of the said Kings, or the Persons to whom the Ships belong, be first advertised thereof, and do agree thereunto; Provided, that this shall not be construed to hinder or interrupt the ordinary course of Justice and Law in either Country.

XVIII.

That the Merchants and Subjects of the one and the other King, their Factors and Servants, as also their Ships, Masters or Mariners, may as well going as coming, upon Sea and other Waters, as in the Havens and Ports of the one and the other respectively, carry and use all kind of Arms, Defensive and Offensive, without being obliged to Register them, as also upon Land to carry and use them for their Defence, according to the custom of the Place.

XIX.

That the Captains, Officers and Mariners of the Ships belonging to the People and Subjects of either Party, may not commence an Action, nor hinder or bring trouble upon their own Ships, their Captains, Officers or Mariners, in the respective Kingdoms, Dominions, Lands, Countries or Places of the other, for their Wages or Salaries, or under any other pretence. Nor may they put themselves, or be received, by what pretext or colour soever, into the Service or Protection of the King of

hinc

hinc
His
mor
duce
Cont
& N
socio
Gen
ut il
minu
erit,
os pa
appe

Q
antes
Subd
quib
am, I
Cath
veter
possit
nire
Ordin
alia M
conte
Colo
arte
rata,
præd
in po
lata
Porto
nis a
liâ r
venie
abhi
ninò
Port
ci Te
teris
pific
Traç
Angl

hinc Regis *Magnae Britanniae*, illinc *England*, or King of *Spain*, or their Arms ; but if any Controversie happen between Merchants and Masters of Ships, or between Masters and Mariners, the compoling thereof shall be left to the Consul of the Nation, but after such manner, as he who shall not submit to the Arbitrement, may appeal to the ordinary Justice of the Place where he is subject.

XX.

Quo autem Mercatores & Negotiantes, Regis *Magnae Britanniae* Imperio Subditi, sublati tandem obstaculis quibuscumque in *Brabantiam*, *Flandriam*, reliquaque *Belgii* Provincias, Regi Catholico obtemperantes, Commercii veteris restaurandi gratia, denuo remeare possint, quia consideratum fuit convenire ut omnes Leges, Edicta, Statuta, Ordinationes, & Acta, quibus Panni, & alia Mercimonia Lanea, Opificio *Anglico* contexta, cujuscumque generis sint, sive Coloribus tincta, sive non tincta, sive arte Fulloniâ elaborata, sive non elaborata, in *Flandriam*, aliasque Provincias prædictas importari prohibetur, ad hinc in posterum revocata, cassata & annulata sint, omneque Onus, Tributum, Portorium, Impofitio, aut Impensa Panni aliisque Mercimoniis Laneis in *Anglia* manufactis, sive ex permisso & convenientia, sive aliter imperata & exoluta, abhinc in posterum cassa sint, & omnino nulla, exceptis tantum antiquis Portoriis super unaquamque Panni *Anglici* Telâ, seu Volumine, ut & super ceteris pro Ratâ Mercimoniis Laneis, Opificio *Anglico* contextis, juxta antiquos Tractatus & Concordata inter Reges *Anglie* & Dukes *Burgandie*, aliquo

XX.

And to the end that all Impediments be taken away, and that the Merchants and Adventurers of the Kingdoms of Great Britain be permitted to return to Brabant, Flanders, and other the Provinces of the Low-Countries, under the Jurisdiction of the King of Spain ; Forasmuch as it hath been thought convenient, that all, and any the Laws, Edicts, and Acts, by which the Importation of Cloth, or any Cloth, or any other Woollen Manufacture, of what kind soever, Dyed or Undyed, Mill'd or Unmill'd, into Flanders, or the other Provinces, hath been prohibited, be revoked and disannulled ; and that if any Right, Tribute, Imposition, Charge or Money, hath been, with permission, or otherwise, put upon Cloths, or any of the aforesaid Woollen Manufactures so Imported (except the ancient Tribute upon every piece of Cloth, and proportionably upon every other Woollen Manufacture, agreeable to the ancient Treaties and Agreements between the then Kings of England, and the Dukes of Burgundy, and Governors of the Low-Countries) the same should be altogether void, and no such Tribute or Imposition from henceforth imposed, or put upon *Belgii*

Belgii Praefectos, dudum impositis & usque continuatis, utque nulla id genus Onera aut Portoria Pannis, aut Mercionis Laneis manufactis supra memoratis, quocunque sub praetextu, in posterum imperentur, aut exigantur. Dicti item & Mercatores & Negotiantes in Provincias predictas, Earumve Civitates & Urbes, negotiandi Causa commenantes, uti & eorundem Famuli, Factores, & Commissarii, omnibus Privilegiis, Exemptionibus, Immunitatibus & Beneficiis, quibus ullo unquam Tempore antiquitus gaudebant, abhinc in posterum gaudeant & persuantur, juxta vim & Tenorem Tractatum inter Reges Anglie, & Duces Burgundie, aliosque *Belgii* Praefectos, dudum initorum; Consensum itaque est, quod nominabuntur à Serenissimo Magne Britannie Rege Deputati, qui cum Marchione de Castel-Rodrigo, vel qui pro Tempore fuerit earum Provinciarum Gubernatore, aliisve Ministris, sufficientem in hac parte potestatatem habentibus, concurrent, & super iis omnibus (per perpetuam utriusque Gentis Utilitate) amicè tractent & concludant; amplioribus item Mercatores Angli Privilegiis, Immunitatibus, & Exemptionibus praesenti rerum Statui accommodatis cum labuntur, prout ex Negotiantium Commodo & Quæstu, ut & ex ipsius Commercii Securitate, in speciali Tractatu super hoc Negotio ineundo convenire visum fuerit.

XXI.

Quod Subditi & Incolæ Regnorum & Dominiorum Serenissimis Magne Britannie, & Hispaniarum Regibus respectivè obtemperantium, cum omni securitate, & libertate navigare, & negotiari poterunt per omnia Regna, Status, & Regiones, quæ pacem, amicitiam, aut Neu-

the said Cloths or Manufactures, for any cause or pretext whatsoever; And that all the English Merchants, Trading in any of the said Provinces, their Factors, Servants, or Commissioners, should enjoy from henceforward, all the Privileges, Exemptions, Immunities and Benefits, which formerly have been agreed and given by the aforesaid ancient Treaties and Agreements, between the then Kings of England and the Dukes of Burgundy, and Governors of the Low-Countries: It is therefore Agreed, That Deputies shall be named by the King of Great Britain, who meeting with the Marques of Castel-Rodrigo, or the Governor of those Provinces for the time being, or any other Ministers of the King of Spain, sufficiently Authorised in this behalf, shall friendly Treat and Conclude hereupon; and also such further Privileges, Immunities, and necessary Exemption, suitable to the present state of Affairs, shall be granted for the Encouragement of the said Merchants and Adventurers, and for the Security of their Trade and Commerce, as shall be agreed upon in a special Treaty, that shall be made between both the Kings, touching this Particular.

XXI.

The Subjects and Inhabitants of the Kingdoms and Dominions of the most Serene King of Great Britain and Spain respectively, shall with all Security and Liberty Sail to, and Traffick in all the Kingdoms, Estates, or Countries, which are or shall be in Peace, Amity, or tralita-

tralit
d: Et o

L
aut I
terrue
Regu
impro
terit,
Regio
rum a
tralita

Et
Merce
infra
suprad
ve ext
ram J
compe
men u
ces &
reperi
restent

Porr
Contro
Merce
feu Co
eatur ;
sub isto
nia Ar
lica, I
Bombi,
cati, T
cillæ,
tratus.
Glande
etiam
compre
Arma,
fides, T
lia sim
Nomin

tralitatem cum alterutro Regum Prædictorum colunt.

XXII.

Libertatem verò illam Impedimento, aut Inquietatione aliquā nullatenus interrumpent Naves, aut Subditi diectorum Regum alterutrius, ob hostilitatem quæ impreſtentiarum est, aut posthac esse poterit, inter eorum alterutrum, & Regna, Regiones, & Status predictos, aut illorum aliquem qui Amicitiam, aut Neutralitatem erga alterum observat.

XXIII.

Et casu quo in Navibus istiusmodi Merces prohibitæ, vulgo Contrabandæ, infra designatae, mediantibus rationibus supradictis, deprehendi contigerit, è Nave extrahentur, denuntiabantur, & coram Judicibus Admiralitatis, aut aliis competentibus Fisco addicentur ; ita tamen ut Navis ipsa, aliaeque liberæ Merces & permittiæ, quæ in istiusmodi Navi reperiuntur, nullatenus ex eâ Causâ arrestentur, aut confiscentur.

XXIV.

Porrò ut omni, quantum fieri potest, Controversiæ, quæ oboriri posset circa Merces quæ pro veritis, & interdictis, seu Contrabandæ censenda sunt, obviari eatur ; declaratum & conventum est, sub isto Nomine comprehensa esse omnia Arma Ignita, veluti Tormenta Bellica, Bombardæ, Mortaria, Perarda, Bombi, Granata, Salcissæ, Circuli plicati, Tormentorum Sultentacula, Furcillæ, Nitrothecæ pensiles, Pulvis nitratius, Fornites igniarii, Sal nitrum, & Glandes Tormentariae : Sub eodem etiam Nomine Mercium prohibitarum comprehenduntur reliqua omne genus Arma, ut Hastæ, Gladii, Galeæ, Caffides, Thoraces, Bipennes, Jacula, & alia similia : Prohibetur etiam eodem Nomine Militum ut & Equorum Trans-

Neutrality with the one or the other.

XXII.

And they shall not be disturbed or disquieted in that Liberty, by the Ships or Subjects of the said Kings respectively, by reason of the Hostilities which are or may be hereafter between either of the said Kings, and the aforesaid Kingdoms, Countries, and States, or any of them, which shall be in Friendship or Neutralty with the other.

XXIII.

And in case that within the said Ships respectively, be found by the aforesaid means, any Merchandise hereunder mentioned, being of Contraband, and Prohibited, they shall be taken out and Confiscated, before the Admiralty, or other competent Judges ; but for this reason the Ship, and the other free and allowed Commodities which shall be found therein, shall in no wise be either Seized or Confiscated.

XXIV.

Moreover, for better prevention of the Differences which might arise touching the meaning of forbidden Merchandise, and of Contraband ; It is Declared and Agreed, That under this Name shall be comprehended all Fire-Arms, as Ordnance, Musquets, Mortar-pieces, Petards, Bombs, Granadoes, Fire-crancels, Fire-balls, Musquet-rests, Bandoliers, Gunpowder, Match, Salt-petre, and Bullers ; Likewise under the Name of forbidden Merchandise, are understood all other Arms, as Pikes, Swords, Pots, Helmets, Backs and Breasts, Halberds, Javelins, and such like Armour ; Under this Name is likewise forbidden the Transportation of Soldiers, Horses, their Harnesses, Cases of Pistols, Holsters, Belts, and other Furniture, portatio,

portatio, ut & eorum Armatura, Sclopeti, Ephippiarii, Balthei, & Infructus omnigeni ad Belli usum comparati.

formed and composed for the use of War.

XXV.

Ad evitandam pariter omnem Litis & Contentionis materiam, conventum est, ut sub nomine Mercium interdictarum, & Contrabandæ, non comprehendantur, Frumenta, Triticum, vel alia Grana, & Legumina, Sal, Vinum, Oleum, nec quicquam Nurtimento & Sustentationi Viræ serviens, sed maneant libera, ut & alias omnes Merces Articulo præcedente non designatae, quarum Translatio ad ipsa quoque Inimicorum Loca permitta sit, exceptis Urbibus & Locis obseffis & circumseptis.

XXV.

Likewise, to prevent all manner of Dispute and Contention, It is Agreed, That under the Name of forbidden Merchandise, and of Contraband, shall not be comprehended Wheat, Rye, Barley, or other Grains, or Pulse, Salt, Wine, Oyl, and generally whatsoever belongs to the sustaining and nourishing of Life, but they shall remain free, as likewise all other Merchandises not comprehended in the preceding Articles; and the Transportation of them shall be free and permitted, although it be to the Towns and Places of Enemies, unless such Towns and Places be Besieged, and Blocked up, or Surrounded.

XXVI.

Conventum præterea & conclusum est, ut quicquid repertum fuerit oneratum à Subditis & Incolis Regnorum & Dominiorum alterutrius dictorum Regum Angliae & Hispaniarum, in Navibus inimicis alterutrius dictorum Regum, quamvis Merces non sint de interdictis, Fisco addicatur, cum omnibus cæteris quæ in istiusmodi Navi invenientur, sine exceptione, aut reservatione.

XXVII.

Consul ille qui in posterum intra Dominia Regis Hispaniarum, in Subsidium & Protectionem Subditorum Regis Magnæ Britanniae residet, ab Ipso Rege Magnæ Britanniae nominabitur, qui quidem à Rege designatus eandem potentiam & Authoritatem in exequendo munere suo habebit, & exercet, quam ullus uspiam Consul in Ditionibus Regis Catholici haetenus consecutus est; Pari modo Consules Hispani in Anglia residentes eadem fruentur autoritate, quæ alterius

It is also Agreed, That whatsoever shall be found Laden by the Subjects or Inhabitants of the Kingdoms and Dominions of either of the said Kings of England and Spain Aboard the Ships of the Enemies of the other, though it be not forbidden Merchandise, shall be Confiscated, with all things else which shall be found within the said Ships, without exception or reserve.

XXVII.

That the Consul which hereafter shall reside in any of the Dominions of the King of Spain, for the help and protection of the Subjects of the King of Great Britain, shall be named by the King of Great Britain, and he so named, shall have and exercise the same Power and Authority in the Execution of his Charge, as any other Consul hath formerly had in the Dominions of the said King of Spain; and in like manner the Spanish Consul residing in England, shall enjoy

cujus-

cujuſcu
Regno

Ne
quæ in
l'acis p
careant,
Subditis
dum, re
niis &
circa C
leftia ali
retur,
ullo exer
tranquill
rum pra
summop
Subditi R
aliquâ af
tra Com
piam gra
quæſtio n
vel præte
dalo, vel
non impri
ni, prædi
versâ sum
ne Subditi
moleſtiâ a
tentur. Re
contra Co
ipſi vel a
proterviâ i

Quod R
puli, & I
Dominia,
Colonias a
Nummis,
aut distrahe
eadem Nu
cunque, q
mutare, au

cujusunque Nationis Consulibus indicto
Regno haec tenus est permisum.

XXVIII.

Ne autem Commercii Jura & Leges, quæ in favorem negotianum tempore facis posse sunt, vi & effectu destinato careant, quod maximè timendum fore, si Subditis Regis *Magnæ Britanniae*, inter eundem, redeundum, diversandum in Dominiis & Ditionibus Regis *Hispaniarum*, circa Commercia, aut alia Negotia molestia aliqua, nomine Conscientiæ, crearetur, ut Commercia sine discrimine ullo exerceri & Negotiantes in tuto, & tranquillo esse possint, Rex *Hispaniarum* prædictus, tam Mari quam Terrâ, summoperè cavebit & prospiciet, ne Subditi Regis *Magnæ Britanniae* molestiâ aliquâ afficiantur, aut inquietentur contra Commercii Jura, neve eorum cuiquam gravamen aliquod inferatur, vel questio moveatur, Conscientiæ nomine vel prætextu, modo ipsi vel aperto Scandalo, vel Offensiæ proterviâ in publicum non impingunt; & Rex *Magnæ Britanniae* prædictus, ob easdem rationes, vice versa summoperè cavebit, & prospiciet, ne Subditi Regis *Hispaniarum* ulla tenius molestiâ aliquâ afficiantur, aut inquietentur. Religionis nomine aut prætextu, contra Commerciorum Jura, quoique ipsi vel aperto Scandalo, vel Offensiæ proterviâ in publicum non impingunt.

XXIX.

Quod Regis alterutrius Subditi, Populi, & Incolæ Mercimonia sua intra Dominia, Territoria, Regiones, aut Colonias alterius Regis venum exposita, Nummis, Æreis, aut Cupreis vendere aut distrahere nullatenus cogentur, neq; eadem Nummis, aut rebus aliis quibuscumque, quamquam ipsi allubuerit, permutare, aut pretium rei venditæ ullâ

as much Aut' rity as the Consuls of any other Nation have hitherto enjoyed in that Kingdom.

XXVIII.

And that the Laws of Commerce that are obtained by Peace, may not remain unfruitful, as would fall out if the Subjects of the King of *Great Britain*, when they go to, come from, or remain in the Dominions or Lordships of the King of *Spain*, by reason of their Commerce or other Busines, should be molested for case of Conscience; therefore that the Commerce be secure, and without danger, as well upon Land as Sea, the said King of *Spain* shall provide, that the Subjects of the said King of *Great Britain* shall not be aggrieved contrary to the Laws of Commerce, and that none of them shall be molested or disturbed for their Conscience, so long as they give no publick Scandal or Offence; And the said King of *Great Britain* shall likewise provide, for the same reasons, that the Subjects of the King of *Spain* shall not be molested or disturbed for their Conscience against the Laws of Commerce, so long as they give no publick Scandal or Offence.

XXIX.

That the People and Subjects respectively of one Kingdom, in the Dominions, Territories, Regions, or Colonies of the other, shall not be compelled to sell their Merchandise for Brass-metal-Coin, or exchange them for other Coin or Things, against their will; or having sold them, to receive the payment in other Species than what they

alii Specie quam illâ de quâ stipulatum & conventum est, recipere, Lege aut Consuetudine quâcunque, quæ Tenori hujus Articuli adversari possit, non obstante.

XXX.

Mercatores utriusque Gentis, eorum Factores, Famuli, Familiæ, Commisarii, aut alii Negotiorum Gestores, ut & Navium Magistri, Naucleri, & Nautæ, liberè & securè intra Regna & Territoria alterutrius Regis, atque etiam in Portibus & Fluviis eorundem, agent & diversabuntur; Populi item & Subditi alterutrius Regis, cum omni Libertate & Securitate, intra Dominia & Territoria quæcunque alterius & Edibus & Domiciliis habitationi propriis, Officinis etiam, & Apothesis ad Bona & Merces excipiendas accommodat's gaudebunt, durantéque illo Termino quo vel easdem sibi conduxerint, vel pro iisdem Contractum incerint, sine ullo Impedimento perfruentur.

XXXI.

Incolæ & Subditi utriusque Confœderatorum per omnia Loca Regum prædictorum alterutri obtemperantia, istorum Advocatorum, Procuratorum, Notariorum, Sollicitatorum, Sequestrorum, & Pragmaticorum operâ & auxilio utentur, quos suo usui magis idoneos esse judicaverint, quibus etiam Causæ illorum committentur ex Consensu Judicum ordinariorum, quando necessarium fuerit, & pars litigans hoc requisiverit, neque cogentur Libros Rationum, aut Commentarios suos ullis personis exhibere, aut eorundem copiam facere, ni forte litis aut evitandæ, aut terminandæ Gratiâ, veritati Testimonium ex illis perhibere possit; Arresti etiam aut Sequestri Nomine haudquam detine-

bargained for, notwithstanding any Law or other Custom contrary to this Article.

XXX.

That the Merchants of both Nations, and their Factors, Servants, and Families, Commissioners, or others by them employed; as also Masters of Ships, Pilots, and Mariners, may remain freely and securely in the said Dominions, Kingdoms, and Territories, of either of the said Kings, and also in their Ports and Rivers; And the People and Subjects of the one King, may have, and with all freedom and security enjoy, in all the Lands and Dominions whatsoever of the other, their proper Houses to live in, their Ware-houses and Magazines for their Goods and Merchandise, which they shall possess during the time for which they shall have taken, hired, and agreed for them, without any Impediment.

XXXI.

The Inhabitants and Subjects of the said Confederate Kings, in all the Lands and Places under the Obedience of the one or the other, shall use and employ those Advocates, Proctors, Scriveners, Agents, and Solicitors, whom they think fit, the which shall be left to their choice, and consented to by the ordinary Judges, as often as there shall be occasion; and they shall not be constrained to shew their Books and Papers of Account to any Person, if it be not to give Evidence for the avoiding Law-Suits and Controversies; neither shall they be Embarked, Detained, or taken out of their Hands, upon any pretence whatsoever. And it shall be permitted to the People and Subjects of either

buntur,

buntur
manib
tur.
perm
bros q
respon
panica
ipfis c
concin
aut in
redit,
consen
Genti
tionis,
sum es

Quo
quetro
piam P
lis cuju
alterut
tes, No
fessione
los aut
nere di
thoritat
quaqua
timò P
buc sup
nus, jus
Contract
tres Me
tionem

Facu
utrius I
& Dom
communi
Testame
tibus (
& Acti

Bona
Magna

buntur, neque ullo alio sub prætextu, manibus Proprietariorum extorquebuntur. Integrum etiam erit, & omnino permisum, Subditis utriusque partis, libros quos habuerint Rationum, & Correspondentia in Lingua Anglicana, Hispanica, Belgica, aut aliâ quacunque, quæ ipsis commoda videbitur, prescribere & concinnare, ita ut nulli molestationi aut inquisitioni subjiciantur. Huc accedit, in omne illud ab utrâque parte consensum esse, quod alteri cuicunque Genti circa libros Rationum, Negotiationis, & Correspondentiaz alias concessum est.

XXXII.

Quod si forte Arresto aliquo aut Sequestro manus injicitur in Bona cuiuscum Personæ, ex Authoritate Tribunalis cuiuscunq; intra Regna & Dominia alterutrius Confederatorum, Facultates, Nomina aut Credita illa quæ in possessione Reorum reperiuntur, si ad Populos aut Subditos alterius bonâ fide pertinere dignoscuntur, Fisco addici ex Authoritate istiusmodi Tribunalium haudquam poterunt, verum eadem Legitimo Proprietario in specie, si forte adhuc supersunt, restituiri oportet, sin minus, jutus eorum Valor, juxta Pactum & Contractum inter Partes initium, intra tres Menses post istiusmodi Sequestrationem exsolvetur.

XXXIII.

Facultates & Bona Subditorum alterutrius Regis, qui intra Terras, Regiones & Dominia alterius vitam cum morte commutaverint, hereditibus, aliisve, vel ex Testamento, vel ab Intestato succedentibus (salvo cuicunque privato suo Jure & Actione) intacta servabuntur.

XXXIV.

Bona & Facultates Subditorum Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, qui nullo condito

King, in the respective place where they shall reside, to keep their Books of Account, Traffick and Correspondence in what Language they please, in English, Spanish, Dutch, or any other, the which shall not be molested, or subject to any Inquisition. And whatsoever else hath been granted by either Party, concerning this particular, to any other Nation, shall be understood likewise to be granted here.

XXXII.

That in case the Estate of any Person or Persons shall be Sequestred or Seized on by any Court of Justice or Tribunal whatsoever, within the Kingdoms and Dominions of either Party, and any Estate or Debt happen to lie in the Hands of the Delinquents belonging bona fide to the People and Subjects of the other, the said Estate or Debts shall not be Confiscated by any of the said Tribunals, but shall be restored to the true Owners *in specie*, if they yet remain, and if not, the value of them (according to the Contract and Agreement which was made between the Parties) shall be restored within Three Months after the said Sequestration.

XXXIII.

That the Goods and Estates of the People and Subjects of the one King, that shall die in the Countries, Lands, and Dominions of the other, shall be preserved for the lawful Heirs and Successors of the Deceased ; the Right of any Third Person always reserved.

XXXIV.

That the Goods and Estates of the Subjects of the King of Great Britain, that shall

Testamento vitam finierint intra Dominia Regis Hispaniæ, per Consulem, aut alium Regis Magnæ Britanniæ Ministerum Publicum in Inventarium redigentur, unde cum Chartis Scriptis, Libris Rationum, & Documentis quibuscumque, quæ penes duos aut tres Mercatores, per dictum Consulem, aut Ministerum designandis, Proprietatis, Hereditibus, aut Creditoribus tradenda deponentur, neque vero Consilium Bullæ Cruciate, neque ullum aliud Tribunal, de Bonis Detuncti cujuscumque cognoscet, neque eis se immiscerit; quod etiam pari Casu reciproce fieri in Anglia erga Subditos Regis Hispaniarum.

XXXV.

Honestus & commodus Sepulturae Locus concedetur, & designabitur inhumandis Cadaveribus Subditorum Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, qui intra Dominia Regis Hispaniarum vitam cum morte commutaverint.

XXXVI.

Si qua vero Controversia inter prædictos Confederatos, (quod absit) in posterum aboiri reter, unde mutua Commercia, & reciprocum Correspondentiam abruptum iri periculum foret, matuta, hoc est, sex Mensium, antequam ad hostilitatem devenitur, istius Rei utrinque constabit Denuntiatio, ut Merces & Facultates quisque suas hinc inde habere possit, nullâ interea Molestatione, aut Gravamine, per Detentionem, sive Arrestationem Bonorum vel Personarum interposito.

XXXVII.

Omnia Bona & Jura occultata, vel Sequastro posita, mobilia, immobilia, Reditus, Actiones, Nomina, Credita, & Similia, quæ præmissa Causa cognitione, & debita secundum Leges ordinarias Condemnatione, tempore Conclusionis

Die without making a Will in the Dominions of the King of Spain, shall be put into Inventory, with their Papers, Writings, and Books of Account, by the Consul or other publick Minister of the King of Great Britain, and deposited in the Hands of Two or Three Merchants, that shall be named by the said Consul or publick Minister, to be kept for the Proprietors and Creditors; and neither the Cruzada, nor any other Judicatory whatsoever, shall intermeddle therein; which also in the like case shall be observed in England towards the Subjects of the King of Spain.

XXXV.

That a decent and convenient Burial-place shall be granted and appointed to bury the Bodies of the Subjects of the King of Great Britain, who shall Die within the Dominions of the King of Spain.

XXXVI.

If it shall happen hereafter that any Difference fall out (which God forbid) between the King of Great Britain and the King of Spain, whereby the mutual Commerce and good Correspondence may be endangered, the respective Subjects and People of each Party shall have Notice thereof given them in time, that is to say, the space of Six Months, to Transport their Merchandise and Effects, without giving them in that time any Molestation or Trouble, or Retaining or Embarking their Goods or Persons.

XXXVII.

All Goods and Rights Concealed or Embarked, Moveables, Immoveables, Rents, Deeds, Debts, Credits, and the like, which have not, with a formal Notice of the Cause, and by a Legal Condemnation, according to the Ordinaries

the De-
shall be
Papers,
un', by
nister of
deposi-
re Mer-
the said
be kept
rs; and
her Ju-
rmiddle
ake case
ards the

hujus Tractatus, Regium Fscum non-
dum intraverint, Proprietarii ipsi, Hære-
des eorum, aut alii quibus Jus competit, Liberè & plenariè administrabunt & de-
liberem una cum omnibus eorundem Fructibus, Redituibus Obventionibus, & Emolumenatis, pro libitu statuerint & disponent. Illi etiam qui Bona & Jura
istiusmodi occultaverint, ut & illorum
Heredes, nullâ per Fitum molestia hanc
ob Causam afficiantur; cum Proprietariorum ipsi, aut eorum Hæredes, aut etiam
illi quibus Jura eorundem competit eo
nomine Actionis habeant, & si luet,
intendant non minus Liberè in Bona, cæ-
teraque prædicta, quam in Res Jure Pro-
prietatis & Domini ad se pertinentes.

XXXVIII.

Conventum & conclusum est, quod
Populi & Subditi alterutrius Confœderato-
rum prædicatorum, in Terris, Mariibus,
Portibus, Navium Stationibus, Aëstuariis,
& Territoriis alterius, aliisque
quibusunque locis, iislem planè Privil-
egiis, Securitatibus, Libertatibus, &
Immunitatibus, sive Personas eorum,
sive Negotiationes Spectantibus, gaude-
bunt & fruentur, quæ jam concessæ, aut
in posterum concedendæ sunt, per Re-
gum Prædicatorum alterutrum, aut Regi
Christianissimo, aut Ordinibus Genera-
libus Provinciarum Belgii Foederatarum,
aut Civitatibus Hanseaticis, aut Regno
vel Statui alii cuicunque, per suos Tracta-
tus aut Schedulas Regias, cum omnibus
istiusmodi Concessionum Sententiis
& Clausulis, sive Beneficium aliquod,
sive Favorem spondentibus, in modo &
formâ adeo amplâ, atque ad omnem
Contractus initii & ratihabiti effectum
valente, ac si eadem in hunc ipsum
Tractatum verbatim transcriptæ & in-
seritæ essent.

nary Justice, been brought into the Roy-
al Exchequer at the time of conclud-
ing this Treaty, shall remain at the
full and free disposal of the Proprie-
tors, their Heirs, or of those who shall
have their Right, with all the Fruits,
Rents, and Emoluments thereof, and
neither those who have concealed the
said Goods, nor their Heirs shall be
impeached for this cause by the Exche-
quers respectively; but the Proprietors,
their Heirs, or those who shall have
their Right, shall have for the said
Goods and Rights their Action at
Law, as for their own proper Goods
and Estate.

XXXIX.

It is Agreed and Concluded, That
the People and Subjects of the King of
Great Britain, and of the King of *Spain*,
shall have and enjoy in the respective
Lands, Seas, Ports, Havens, Roads, and
Territories of the one or the other, and
in all Places whatsoever, the same Privil-
egies, Securities, Liberties, and Immuni-
ties, whether they concern their Persons
or Trade, with all the beneficial Clauses
and Circumstances which have been
granted, or shall be hereafter granted
by either of the said Kings, to the most
Christian King, the States General of
the *United Provinces*, the *Hans-Towns*,
or any other Kingdom or State what-
soever, in as full, ample, and benefi-
cial manner, as if the same were parti-
cularly mentioned and inserted in this
Treaty.

XXXIX. Sin

XXXIX.

Sin autem Controversiam aliquam super dictis Articulis de Commerciorum Ratione statuentibus, ab Officiariis Admiralitatis, aut aliis Personis quibuscunque in alterutro Regno agentibus, moveri contingat, querelâ per partem interesse habentem ad Regiam Majestatem, aut saltem aliquem Consiliarium Regium delatâ, Rex coram quo agitur, curabit ut damna sine morâ resarciantur, & ut singula, sicuti superius concordatum est, executionem & effectum debitum sortiantur. Et si fortè Tractu temporis Fraudes aliqua aut Inconvenientia se prodant in Commerciis & Navigatione, quibus non satis ex his Articulis provisum sit & cautum, alia Prae cautions adhiberi poterunt, quæ Rat ioni consonæ, utrinque videbuntur, manente tamen præsente Tractatu in suâ vi & vigore.

XL.

Item concordatum & conclusum est, quod dicti Serenissimi Reges *Magnæ Britanniæ & Hispaniarum* omnia & singula Capitula in præsenti Tractatu conventa & stabilita, sincerè ac bonâ fide ob servabunt; per suosque Subditos & In colas observari & custodiri facient, neque illis directè vel indirectè contravenient, aut per suos Subditos & Incolas ut con traveniatur consentient. Omniaque & singula, ut supra conventa, per Patentes utrinque Literas in sufficienti, validâ, & efficaci formâ conceperas, & confessas Ratahabebunt, & confirmabunt, easdemque reciprocè tradent, tradive facient bonâ fide & realiè, intra quatuor Menses à datâ Præsentium numerandos, & curabunt exindè præsentem Pacem & Amicitiam Locis & Formâ consuetis

XXXIX.

In case any Difference or Dispute shall happen on either side concerning these Articles of Trade and Commerce, by either the Officers of the Admiralty or other Person whatsoever, in the one or the other Kingdom; The Complaint being presented by the Party concerned, to their Majesties, or to any of their Council, their said Majesties shall cause the Damages forthwith to be repaired, and all things, as they are above Agreed, to be duly executed; And in case that in progres of time any Frauds or Inconveniences be discovered in the Navigation and Commerce between both Kingdoms, against which sufficient Prevention hath not been made in these Articles, other Provisions may be hereafter mutually Agreed on, as shall be judged convenient, the present Treaty remaining still in full force and vigour.

XL.

It is likewise Accorded and Concluded, That the most Serene and Renowned Kings of *Great Britain* and *Spain* shall sincerely and faithfully observe and keep, and procure to be observed and kept, by their Subjects and Inhabitants respectively, ali and singular the Capitulations in this present Treaty Agreed and Concluded, neither shall they directly or indirectly infringe the same, or consent that the same shall be infringed by any of their Subjects or Inhabitants. And they shall Ratifie and Confirm all and singular the Conventions before Accorded by Letters Patents reciprocally, in sufficient, full and effectual Form, and the same so formed and made, shall interchangeably deliver, or cause to be de

(quam

(qua
cari.

In
dem,
traor
Brita
rum
tem
gillis
mus.
Maii;
testim

(L.S.
(L.S.

(quam primum fieri poterit) publi-
cari.

livered faithfully and really, within Four Months after the Date of these Presents ; and they shall then, as soon as conveniently may be, cause this present Treaty of Peace and Amity to be published in all Places, and in the manner accustomed.

In quorum omnium & singulorum Fide-
lium, Nos supramemorati, Legatus Ex-
traordinarius Serenissimi Regis Magnae
Britanniae, & Commissarii Serenissimo-
rum Regis ac Reginæ *Hispanie*, præsen-
tem Tractatum Manibus nostris, & Si-
gillis mutuis subsignavimus, & muniv-
imus. *Madriti* ^{Decimo tertio}
_{Vicesimo tertio} die Mensis
Maii, Anno Domini Millesimo sexcen-
tesimo sexagesimo septimo.

In Witness whereof, we the above mentioned Ambassador Extraordinary of the most Serene King of *Great Britain*, and the Commissioners of the most Serene King and Queen of *Spain*, have put our Seals to this present Treaty, subscribed with Our own Hands, at *Madrid* the $\frac{1}{2}$ Day of *May*, in the Year 1667.

(L.S.) *Sandwich*. (L.S.) *J. Eberardo Nidardo*.

(L.S.) *Duc de St. Lucar*, &c. (L.S.) *Conde de*

Penaranda.

(L.S.) *Sandwich*. (L.S.) *J. Eberardo Nidardo*

(L.S.) *Duc de St. Lucar*, &c. (L.S.) *Conde de*

Penaranda.

Formula

*Formula Literarum Certificatoriarum qui-
bus Urbes & Portus Maritimi Naves
& Navigia inde solventis dimit-
tant.*

*The Form of Letters which ought to be
given by the Towns and Sea-Ports, to
the Ships and Vessels setting Sail from
thence.*

OMNIBUS & singulis ad quos Pra-
sentis Literæ pervenerint. Nos
Prefecti, Consules, aut Supremus Ma-
gistratus, aut Teloniorum, aut Cu-
stumarum Commissarii Urbis vel Pro-
vinciæ N. notum Testatumque facimus,
quod N. N. Magister Navis N. coram
nobis mediante Solenni Juramento de-
claravit, Navem N. dictam
Tonnarum, (aut eo circiter) capacem,
cujus ipse est Magister, ad Urbis N. N.
Incolas in Dominiis Serenissimi Regis
Magne Britannie Jure Proprietatis &
Dominii pertinere. Quoniam autem in
justis suis Negotiis & Itineribus benignè
acceptum, & accommodatum vellemus,
omnes & singulas Personas quibus di-
ctum Magistrum, vel obviam fieri, vel
apud quos illum cum Navi suâ, & Mer-
cibus suis appellere aut subsistere conti-
gerit, ut eum benignè admittant, hu-
maniter tractent, eumque ad, in, & per
Portus, Oras, Stationes Navium, Flu-
rios, & Dominia, navigate, meare, re-
meare, & negotiari, prout ipsi visum
fuerit, illo interim Vectigalia, aliquid
Tributa qua debebuntur exsolvente per-
mittant rogamus. Quod nos grato &
benevolo Animo, prout Officiorum vi-
ces se obtulerint, agnoscamus. In cu-
jus rei Testimonium Presentes Literas
Manu signavimus, & Urbis nostræ Si-
gillo muniri fecimus.

Guil. Godolphin.
*Pedro Fernandez del Campo
y Angulo.*

TO all unto whom these Presents shall
come. We the Governors, Con-
suls, or Chief Magistrate, or Commis-
sioners of the Customs, of the City,
Town, or Province of N. do testify and
make known, That N. N. Master
of the Ship N. hath before us, under
solemn Oath, declared, That the Ship
N. of Tons (more or less) of
which he is at present Master, doth be-
long to the Inhabitants of N. in the
Dominions of the most Serene King of
Great Britain. And We, desiring that
the said Master may be assisted in his
Voyage and Business, do intreat all Per-
sons in general and particular, who
shall meet him, and those of all Places
where the said Master shall come with
the said Ship and her Merchandise, that
they would admit him favourably, treat
him kindly, and receive the said Ship
into their Ports, Bays, Havens, Rivers,
and Dominions, permitting her quietly
to Sail, Pass, Frequent, and Negotiate
there, or in any other Places, as shall
seem good to the said Master, paying
still the Toll and Customs which of
Right shall be due. Which we will
acknowledge graciously upon the like
Occasions. In Witness whereof, We
have Signed these Presents, and Sealed
them with the Seal of our Town.

Will. Godolphin.
*Don Pedro Fernandez del Campo
y Angulo.*
Sello

*Sello Segundo Sesenta
y Ocho Maravedis
Año de mil y Seiscien-
tos y Noventa y
Dos.*

PETICION.

DON Brian Tansor, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, como mejor aya lugar, digo, que su Magest. fue servido de despachar diferentes Cedula en favor de la dicha Nacion, para que tengan Juez conservador particular, para que conozca de sus causas, assi siendo actores, como reos de la dicha Nacion; y en los Articulos de las pazes nueve, y treinta y ocho se dispuso por condicion expresa de ellas se guardassen todas las exenciones concedidas en la dicha Nacion Inglesa, pactos, y privilegios concedidos a otra qualquiera Nacion, y Ciudades Anseaticas: como tambien consta de otra Cedula despachada por la Reyna nuestra Señora; y estas Ciudades Anseaticas tienen privilegio de Juez Conservador, siendo actores, y siendo reos, como lo tiene la dicha Nacion Inglesa; como consta de la copia de la Cedula, y Cedula, q presento, y juro, dada en Madrid en veinte de Marzo de setenta. Suplico a V.S. man-

I Don Brian Johnson, Con-petition. ful of the English Nation, in the best Form I can, do Declare, That his Majesty hath been pleased to dispatch divers Cedulas or Grants in favour of the said Nation, whereby they may have a particular Judge Conservator, that may take Cognizance of their Causes, as well being Plaintiffs as Defendants of the said Nation; and in the Articles of Peace, in the Ninth Article, and the Thirty eighth, it is expressly Ordered and Agreed, that they should be kept with all the Exemptions granted to the said English Nation, together with the Rights and Privileges granted to any other Nation whatsoever, or to the Hans-Cities: As also doth appear by another Cedula set forth by the Queen our Lady; and these Hans-Towns, have the Privilege of a Judge Conservator, being either Plaintiffs or Defendants, as the said English Nation hath, as appears by a Copy of the said Cedula,

F de

it to be
orts, to
ail from

nts shall

s, Com-
miss-

e City,
tifie and

Master
under

the Ship
es) of

oth be-

in the
King of

ng that

l in his

all Per-
e, who

Places
ne with

se, that

y, treat

d Ship

Rivers,

quietly
gotiate

s shall

paying

rich of

we will

be like

f, We

Sealed

.

bin.

Campo

ngulo.

Sello

de ver las dichas Cedula which I
Articulos de paz, y man-
dar que se guarden, y exe-
cuten en todo, y por todo,
an siendo los de la Nacion
Ingleſa actores, como siendo
reos, proveyendo como mas
en favor de la dicha Nacion
sea, pido justicia, &c.

Don Brian Tanfon. Lic.

D. Juan de Oliver.

and the Cedula which I
now Present and Swear to :
Given in Madrid the Twen-
tieth Day of March, in the
Year, One thousand six hun-
dred and seventy : I intreat
your Lordship therefore, to
Command the said Cedula,
and Articles of Peace be Pe-
rused, and to Order, that
they be Observed, and Exe-
cuted in all respects ; Let
those of the English Nati-
on, be either Plaintiffs or De-
fendants, providing as much
as may be in Favour of the
said Nation : I ask Justice,
&c.

Don Brian Johnson. Lic.

D. Juan de Oliver.

La Reyna Governadora. The Queen Governess.

CEDULA. POR quanto los hombres
de negocios de la Naci-
on *Ingleſa*, que comercian en
la Ciudad de Sevilla, me han
representado reciben muchas
vejaciones de los Ministros
que residen en ella, contra-
viniendo a lo capitulado en-
tre esta Corona, y aquella,
suplicandome, que para que
en lo de adelante no se le
perjudique en nada de lo af-
sentado, y dispuesto en la
paz, lez mandasse dar el des-
pacho necesario para su ob-
servancia ; como tambien pa-
ra que las Cedula que el
Rey mi Señor (que fanta

FOR as much as the Mer- CEDULA.
chants of the English
Nation, which Trade in the
City of Sevilla, have Repre-
sented, That they receive ma-
ny Vexations from the Mi-
nisters which Reside therein,
Contravening the Articles
between this Crown and
that, humbly Intreating me,
that for the Future they may
not be Prejudiced in any
thing that hath been Agreed
to, or Ordered in the Arti-
cles of the Peace, and that
I would Order the necessary
Dispatches to be given for
the Observance thereof : As
gloria

gloria aya) les concedio el año de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cinco, tuviessen su fuerza, y vigor, por cetera parte del Tratado ajustado ultimamente entre mi, y el Serenissimo Rey de la Gran Bretaña, como lo previene el capitulo nueve, y he venido en ello. Por tanto ordeno, y mando al Regente de la Audiencia de Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, y a los demas Ministros de ella, a quien tocare el cumplimiento de lo uno, y lo otro en qualquier manera, executen inviolablemente lo contenido en dicha paz, y lo concedido por las Cedula referidas, siempre que fueren requeridos con ellas, ó sus traslados autorizados, sin ir contra su tenor de ninguna manera, que tal es mi voluntad. Dada en Madrid, a veinte de Marzo de mil y seiscientos y setenta.

To la Reyna.

D. Diego de la Torre.

also that the Cedula which the King my Lord (now in Glory) granted them, in the Year, One thousand six hundred and forty five, may have their full Force and Vigour, as being Part of the last Treaty adjusted between me, and the most Serene King of Great Britain, as is referred to in the Ninth Article, I have Consented thereunto: Wherefore I Order and Command the President of the Court of Degrees of the City of Sevilla, and all other Ministers thereof, to whom belongs the Performance of the one and the other, that in all respects whatsoever, they inviolably Execute all what is contained in the said Articles of Peace, and granted by the Cedula referred to, whenever they are required by them, or Authentick Copies, without going against the Tenor thereof in any wise, for such is my Will. Given in Madrid, the Twentieth of March, One thousand six hundred and seventy.

I the Queen.

D. Diego de la Torre.

PETICION.

DON Brian Johnson, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa; parezco ante V. S. y digo: Que à la dicha Nacion conviene, que Andres Perez de Mansilla, Escrivano de Gobierno desta Ciudad, por an-

I Don Brian Johnson, Consul of the English Nation, appear before your Lordships, and say: That it is convenient for the said Nation, that Andres Perez de Mansilla, Notary of the Go-

te quien se publicaron los verment of this City (be-
capitulos que se adjustaron fore whom were published
por el año passado de seiscien-
tos y seisenta y siete, entre
esta Corona, y la de Ingla-
terra, dè un tanto de los ca-
pitulos nueve, y treinta y ocho.
Por tanto à V. S. pido,
y suplico mande despachar
su mandamiento compulsori-
o, para que el dicho An-
dres Perez de Manilla dè un
tanto de los dichos capitu-
los: pido justicia.

Don Brian Tanson. the Articles of Peace, which
were adjusted in the Year,
One thousand six hundred se-
venty and seven, between
this Crown and that of Eng-
land) do give a Copy of the
Ninth, and Thirty eighth
Articles, wherefore I desire
your Lordships, and humbly
Intreat, that you cause to be
Issued out your Compulsory
Mandate, to the end, that the
said Andres Perez de Man-
illa, may give an Abstræct of
the said Articles: I ask Ju-
stice.

Don Brian Johnson.

AUTO.

QUE el dicho Andres Pe-
rez de Manilla dè à la
parte del dicho Consul un
translado autorizado, y en
manera que haga fee, de los
dos capitulos de Pazes que
esta peticion refiere, y que
este auto sirva de mandami-
ento. Su Señoria el Señor
Doctor Don Rodrigo Serrano
y Trillo, del Consejo de su
Majestad, y su Regente en
la Real Audiencia desta Ci-
udad, Juez Conservador de
la Nacion Inglesa lo mando
en Sevilla en treze dias del
mes de Setiembre de mil sei-
cientos y setenta años.

*Doctor Don Rodrigo
Serrano y Trillo.*

Ante mi,

Juan Gonzalez de Avellaneda. Juan Gonçales de Avellaneda.

*Don Rodrigo Serrano
y Trillo.*

Before me,

Andres.

HAT the said Andres Pe- The ACT.
rez de Manilla, do give,
on the behalf of the said
Consul, an Authentick Copy,
attested in due Form, of the
Two Articles of the Peace,
which this Petition refers to,
and that this Act serve for a
Mandate. His Lordship Don
Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, of
his Majesties Council, Pre-
sident of the Royal Court of
this City, Judge Conservator
of the English Nation, has
Ordered it in Sevilla, the
Thirteenth Day of the Month
of September, in the Year,
1670.

Testimonió.

Andres Perez de Mansilla, Notary Publick
Escrivano del Rey nuestro Señor, y del Govierno, for our Lord the King, and
y Assistencia desta Ciudad de Sevilla, doy fe, que por el quaderno de autos, fecho sobre lo ajustado, y concluido entre esta Corona, y la de Inglaterra, los capitulos de renovacion de paz, y commercio, que se publicaron en esta Ciudad à los veinte y nueve dias del mes de Diciembre del año de mil y seiscientos y sesenta y siete, en virtud de Cedula de la Reyna nuestra Señora, dirigida al Señor Conde de Humanes, que fue Asistente, y Maestro de Campo General en esta Ciudad, fu Tierra, y Capitanía; cuya copia autorizada, y concordada está en los dichos autos, y con ellos un traslado, para la continuacion, y renovacion de paz, y amistad entre las dos Coronas de España, y la Gran Bretaña, de letra de molde en quartilla, que es el que se remitió à Madrid con dicha Cedula, y el mismo de que se hizo publicacion en esta dicha Ciudad, y partes publicas della; y entre los capitulos de dicho Tratado de paz ay dos, el uno numero nueve, y el otro numero treinta y ocho, que uno en pos de otro son del tenor siguiente,

Andres Perez de Mansilla, Notary Publick
for the Government of this City, do Certifie, That by the Registers of Publick Acts made upon what hath been Adjusted, and Concluded between this Crown and that of England, for Renewing the Articles of Peace, and Commerce, which were Published in this City, the Twenty ninth Day of the Month of December, in the Year, One thousand six hundred seventy seven, by Virtue of the Cedula from our Lady the Queen, directed to the Count de Humanes, who was then Governor, and Colonel of the Forces in this City and its Districts, and which Copy, Authorised and Compared, is in the said Acts, and with them a Copy for the Continuation and Renewing of the Peace and Amity between the Two Crowns of Spain and Great Britain, Printed in Quarto, which is that which was reprinted to Madrid with the said Cedula, and is the same which was Published in this said City, and in the Publick Places thereof, and amongst the Articles of the said Treaty of Peace there are Two, the one Number Nine, and the other Number Thirty eight, which are of the Tenor following, Viz:

C A P. 9.

QUE los Subditos del Rey de la *Gran Bretaña*, tratando, comprando, y vendiendo en qualquiera de los Reynos, Gobiernos, Islas, Puertos, ó Territorios del dicho Rey de *España*, tendrán usarán, y gozarán todos los privilegios, y immunidades, que el dicho Rey ha dado, y confirmado a los Mercaderes *Ingleſes* que residen en *Andalucia*, por sus Reales Cédulas, ó ordenes, fechas en diez y nueve de *Margo*, en veinte y seis de *Junio*, y nueve de *Noviembre*, de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cinco: Su Católica Magestad por las presentes, reconfirmando lo mismo, como parte de este Tratado entre las dos Coronas, y a fin que sea manifiesto à todos se ha consentido que las dicas Cédulas, en quanto à su entera substancia, se pasen, y transfieran al cuerpo de estos presentes Artículos, en nombre, y à favor de todos, y cada uno de los Subditos del Rey de la *Gran Bretaña*, residendo, y tratando en qualquiera parte que sea dentro de los Dominios de la Católica Magestad.

THAT the Subjects of the ARTIC. 9, King of Great Britain, Trading, Buying and Selling, in any of the Kingdoms, Governments, Islands, Ports, or Territories of the said King of Spain, shall Hold, Use, and Enjoy, all the Privileges and Immunities which the said King hath Granted and Confirmed to the *Engliſh* Merchants, which reside in *Andalucia*, by his Royal Cédulas or Orders, made the Nineteenth of March, the Twenty sixth of June, and Ninth of November, One thousand six hundred forty and five: His Catholick Majesty by these Presents Ratifying the same, as part of this Treaty between the two Crowns, and to the end that it may be manifest to all People, he hath consented that the said Cédulas, as to their entire Substance be brought, Transferred and Incorporated in these present Articles, in the name and in behalf of all and every of the Subjects of the King of Great Britain, Residing and Trading in any Part whatsoever, within the Dominions of his Catholick Majesty.

C A P. 38.

ESacordado, y concluido, que los Pueblos, y Subditos del uno, y del otro los dichos Señores Reyes tengan, y gozen en sus respectivas

IT is Agreed and Conclu- ARTIC. 38.
ded, That the People and Subjects of the one and the other of their said Majesties, shall have and enjoy in their Tierras,

Tierras, Mares, Puertos, Radas, Playas, Territorios, y Lugares del uno, y otro, los mismos privilegios, seguridades, libertades, è inmunitades, assi tocante à sus personas, como à sus negocios, que se han dado, ò se dieren por la una, ò la otra parte al Rey Christianissimo, ò Estados Generales de las Provincias-Unidas de los Países Bajos, ò las Ciudades Anteáticas, ò qualquiera otro Reyno de Estado, que sea con todas las clausulas, y circonstancias en su favor, en tan pleno, amplio, y beneficioso modo, como si lo mismo fuera aqui con particularidad referido, y inserto.

respective Lands, Seas, Ports, Roads, Coasts, Territories, and Places belonging to each other, the same Privileges, Securities, Liberties and Immunities, as well touching their Persons, as their Trade, which have been given, or shall be given by one or the other Part, to the most Christian King, or the States-General of the United Provinces of the Low-Countries, or to the Hans-Cities, or any other Kingdom or State whatsoever, and that it be with all the Clauses and Circumstances in their favour, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner, as if the same was here particularly referred unto, and inserted.

Como consta, y parece del dicho Tratado de paz, y amistad entre esta Corona, y la Gran Bretaña, que por aora queda en mi poder, à que me refiero ; y para que conste, en virtud del auto del Señor Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, del Consejo de su Magestad, y su Regente en la Real Audiencia desta Ciudad ; y de pedimento de Don Brian Tanson, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, di el presente en Sevilla en quinze dias del mes de Setiembre de mil y seiscientos y setenta años. En testimonio de verdad,

As is manifest and appears from the said Treaty of Peace and Amity, between this Crown and that of Great Britain, which now remains in my Custody, to which I refer my self ; and that it may be manifest, in virtue of the Act pass'd by Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, of his Majesties Council, and his President in the Royal Court of this City ; and at the Request of Don Brian Tanson, I have given these Prefents in Sevilla, the Fifteenth Day of the Month of September, One thousand six hundred and seventy. In Testimony of the Truth,

Andres Perez de Manilla.

Andrez Perez de Manilla.

Y O

Testimonió.

YO Antonio Gonçales de Avellaneda, Escrivano del Rey nuestro Señor, y de Relaciones en la Real Audiencia desta Ciudad, y Mayor del Juzgado de el Señor Licenciado Don Tomás de Oña, Teniente de el Señor Asistente desta Ciudad, y de la Comision conservaturia de la Nacion Inglesa, de que es Juez conservador el Señor Docto Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, del Consejo de su Majestad, y su Regente en esta, Real Audiencia, soy que por parte de los Consules de la dicha Nacion desta Ciudad, y de las Islas de Canaria, se presentó ante dicho Señor Regente una peticion, que su tenor della, y de un testimonio de los privilegios concedidos à la dicha Nacion por la Magestad del Rey nuestro Señor Don Felipe Quarto, que está en gloria, y de la Comission que tuvo para la dica conservaturia el Señor Don Jeronimo del Pueyo Arancill, de el Consejo de su Majestad, Regente que fue desta Real Audiencia; y de la que oveniente su Señoría el Señor D. Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, del Consejo de su Majestad, su Regente en esta Real Audiencia, Juez Conservador de dichas Naciones, es como se sigue,

IAnthony Gonçales de Avel-
lmeda, Notary for our Lord the King, and of the Reports in the Royal Court of this City, and Chief Notary of the Deputy-Governours Court of this City, Don Thomas de Oña, and of the Conservatoria of the English Nation, whereof Doctor Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, of the Council of his Majesty, and his President in this Royal Court, is Judge Conservator, do Testifie, That on the Part of the Consuls of the said Nation of this City, and of the Canary Islands, there was Presented before the said President a Petition, the Tenour whereof was a Testimony of the Privileges Granted to the said Nation by his Majesty the King our Lord Don Philip the Fourth (who is in Glory) and of the Commission which he had for the said Conservatorship. Don Jeronimo de Pueyo Arancill, of his Majesties Council, who was President of this Royal Court, and of that which now his Lordship Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, of the Council of his Majesty, President of this Royal Court, and Judge Conservator of the said Nation, enjoys, which is as follows, Viz.

DON

PETICION. **D**ON *Adrian Tançon*, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, que Comercia en esta Ciudad; y Don *Thomás Colim*, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, que Comercia en las Islas de Canaria, parecemos ante V. S. y dezimos, que en el tiempo que el Señor Don *Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel*, que fue del Consejo de su Magestad, y su Regente en la Real Audiencia desta Ciudad, siendo Juez conservador de dichas Naciones, se mandaron imprimir los privilegios concedidos à la dicha Nacion por su Magestad el Señor Rey Don *Felipe Quarto*, que está en gloria: los quales dichos privilegios se imprimieron a la letra de molde, y se mandó díesse testimonio de ellos, que es el de que hazemos demonstracion; y conviene que el testimonio de dichos Privilegios, con la Cedula de conservaturia, que de su Magestad tuvo el dicho Señor Don *Geronimo del Pueyo*, y la que V. S. nuevamente tiene, se imprima en letra de molde, y se nos entreguen los tráslados à cada uno, autorizados del presente Escrivano, para que los tengamos en nuestro poder, para repetir entre los de las dichas Naciones. Por tanto a V. S. pedimos, y suplicamos así lo provea, y

B

WE Don *Adrian John*. PETITION.

Wson, Consul of the English Nation, which Trades in this City, and Don *Thomas Collins*, Consul of the English Nation, which Trades in the Islands of the Canaries, do appear before your Lordships and say, That at the time which Don *Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel*, was of his Majesties Council, and his President in the Royal Court of this City, being Judge Conservator of the said Nation, it was Ordered, that the Privileges granted to the said Nation by his Majesty King *Philip the Fourth* (now in Glory) should be Printed, which said Privileges were Printed, and Ordered a Certificate thereof should be given, which is what we here produce, and it being Convenient, that a Certificate of the said Privileges with the Cedula of Conservatorship, which said Don *Geronimo del Pueyo* had of his Majesty, and that which your Lordship lately had, be Printed, and delivered to each of us Copies Authorized by the present Notary, that we may have them in our Custody, to make them Known amongst those of the said Nations: Wherefore we desire of your Lordships, and humbly intreat, it may be so Provided and Com-

G mande:

mande: y pedimos justi- manded: We ask Justice,
cia, &c.

Don Adrian Tanson.

Don Adrian Johnson.

Don Tomàs Colim.

Don Thomas Collins.

Buenaventura Carreto, en nombre de la Nacion Inglesa, digo: Que su Magestad (Dios le guarde) fue servido de conceder a mis partes los privilegios contenidos en las tres Cedula Reales que ante V. S. presento; a quien pido, y suplico las obedezcan como su Magestad lo manda, y se me dé por el presente Escrivano Testimonio del obedecimiento, con insercion de las dichas Cedula, las cuales se impriman: pido justicia, &c.

Bentura Carreto.

IBuenaventura Carreto, in the Name of the English Nation, declare, That his Majesty (whom God preserve) hath been Pleased to Grant at my Parties Request, the Privileges contained in the Three Royal Cedulas, which before your Lordships I Present; which I Request and Intreat may be obeyed, as his Majesty Commands, and that there be given me by the Present Notary in Form, a Certificate of Compliance, with the Insertion of the said Cedulas, that it may be Printed: I ask Justice, &c.

Bentura Carreto.

Cedula de Privilegios concedidos por su Magestad a los Ingleses que residen en *Sevilla, Sanlucar, Cadiz, y Malaga.*

DON Phelipe, por la Gracia de Dios, Rey de *Castilla, de Leon, de Aragon, de las dos Sicilias, de Fernan-Salem, de Portugal, de Navarro, de Granada, de Toledo, de Valencia, de Galicia, de Mallorca, de Sevilla, de Cerdeña, de Cordoua, de Corcega, de Murcia, de Jaen, de los Algarves, de Algecira, de Gibraltar, de las Islas de Canarias, de las Indias Orientales, y Occidentales, Islas y Tierra firme del Mar Oceano,*

DON Philip, by the Grace of God, King of *Castille, of Leon, of Arragon, of the Two Sicilies, of Jerusalem, of Portugal, of car, Cadiz and Navarre, of Granada, of Toledo, of Valencia, of Mallorca, of Sevilla, of Sardizia, of Cordua, of Corcega, of Murcia, of Jaen, of the Algarves, of Algecira, of Gibraltar, of the Islands of the Canaries, of the East and West Indies, Islands, and Terra firma of the Ocean, Archduke of Austria, Duke of Bourgoña, Duque*

Duque de Borgoña, de Brabant, and of Milán,
vante, y Milan, Conde de Count of Apsburg, of Flan-
Apsburg, de Flandes, Señor ders, Lord of Biscay, and of
de Vizcaya, y de Molina, &c. Molina, &c.

Por quanto por parte de vos Ricardo Antonio, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, por vos, y en nombre de los vassallos del Rey de la Gran Bretaña, me ha sido hecha relacion, que mediante las pazes que en este, y aquel Reyno estan assentadas, residen, y comercian en el Andaluzia, principalmente en las Ciudades de Sevilla, Sanlucar, Cadiz, y Málaga, suplicandome sea servido de confirmaros los privilegios, exenciones, y facultades que os competien, assi por los capitulos de dichas pazes, como por las confirmaciones de ellas, y otras mercedes, e indultos que el Rey my Señor, mi Padre, que aya gloria, os dió, y otras qualesquieras que se os ayan dado por mis Coronas de los mis Reynos de Castilla, y de Portugal, mandando que se les guarden, y cumplan en todo, y por todo, sin ninguna limitacion, y à mayor abundamiento concederos los de nuevo, con las calidades, ampliaciones, condiciones, y declaraciones que mas os convengan, poniendo penas à quien los contradixer, y no los guardare: y para que se sepa los que son, se les dà copias de ellos, ó como la mi merced fuese. Y teniendo consideracion a

of Brabant, and of Milán,
Part of you Richard Anthony,
Consul of the English Nation,
on, by you, and in the name
of the Vassals of the King
of Great Britain, Informati-
on hath been given to me,
that by means of the Peace,
which between this and that
Kingdom is Settled, those
which do Reside and Com-
merce in Andaluzia, princi-
pally in the City of Sevilla,
San Lucar, Cadiz and Ma-
lagua, humbly Intreat me that
I would be pleased to Con-
firm to you the Privileges,
Exemptions and Liberties
which Appertain to you, as
well by the Articles of the
said Peace, as by the Con-
firmations of them, and o-
ther Favours and Indulto's,
which the King my Lord
and Father (now in Glory)
Granted you, and all others
whatsoever, that have been
Granted by my Crowns of
these my Kingdoms of Castille
and of Portugal, Command-
ing that they be observed
and accomplish'd in all, and
through all, without any Li-
mitation, and that they may
be of more Force, to Grant
them anew, with the Qua-
lities, Amplifications, Con-
ditions and Declarations,
which may be most conve-
nient for you, imposing Pu-
lo

lo referido ; y porque para nishments upon whom shall las ocasiones que tengo de contradict them, and not guerras aveis ofrecido servir- observe them ; and that it me con dos mil y quinientos may be known what they ducados de plata, pagados are, that there be given Co- los mil de contado, y los pies of them, of what Fa- mil y quinientos restantes vour I have Granted them, para el mes de Abril deste having a due Regard to the año, de qie el Licenciado aforesaid, and because that Francisco Moreno, con inter- for the Occasions which I vencion de Don Antonio de have of Wars, you have of- Campo-Redondo y Rio, Caval- fered to assist me with Two lero del Orden de Santia- thousand five hundred Ducats go, del mi Consejo, y Ca- of Silver, Paying One thou- mara, y del de Hazienda, en sand down, and the other vuestro nombre, y en vir- Thousand five hundred re- tud de poder vuestro otorgò maining, in the Month of escritura de obligacion en April, of this present Year, forma, ante Juan Cortès de la for which Don Francisco Cruz, mi Escrivano, lo he Moreno, with the Interventi- tenido por bien, y por la on of Don Antonio de Cam- presente de mi propio motu, po-Redondo y Rio, Knight of y cierta ciencia, y poderio the Order of St. James, of Real absoluto, de que en my Privy Council, and of esta parte quiero usar, y uso, my Exchequer, in your como Rey, y Señor natural, Name and by virtue of your no reconociente Superior en Power, pass'd a Writing or lo temporal; confirmolo, y Obligation in Form, before apruebo los privilegios de John Cortez de la Cruz my Exemptions, and facultades Notary, I have thought fit, que os competen, assi por los capitulos de las dichas and by these Presents, of my Pazes, como por las confir- own proper Motive, certain Knowledge, and Royal and maciones dellas, y las demás Absolute Power, which in mercedes, indultos, que el this part I will use, and do Rey mi Señor, mi Padre, os use, as King and Natural diò, y otras qualesquiera Lord, not acknowledging any que se ayan dado por mis Superior in Temporals, Coronas de Castilla, y Portu- I confirm and approve the gal a los dichos Vassallos en said Privileges of Exempti- todo, y por todo, como en tions, and Liberties which ap- ello, y en cada cosa, y en pertain to you, as well by parte dello se especifica, con- the Articles of the said Peace, tiene, y declara, para que as by the Confirmations of Sean

Que no se
pueda enca-
Oficio, ni c
publica, ni
tegil.

sean firmes, estables, y va-
lederos, y se os observen,
guarden, y cumplan, porque
mi intencion, y voluntad de-
liberada es, que todos los

de la dicha Nacion gozeis,
y gozen de ellos, sin ninguna
limitacion. Con calidad,
que en el tiempo que residie-
ren en la *Andaluzia* los di-
chos *Ingleſes*, à vos, ni a el-
los no se os pueda encargar
ningun Oficio, ni carga pu-
blica, ni concegil, Tutesias,
Curadurias, Receptorias, The-
forerias, aunque sean de Al-
cavalias, y millones, y otros
servicios que toquen à mi
Real Hazienda; ni tampon-
co se os puedan pedir presta-
mos, ni donativos, ni que
tomeis juros, ni sus rentas,
Cavallos, ni Esclavos.

Que no se les
pueda encargar
Oficio, ni carga
publica, ni con-
cegil.

them, and the rest of the
Favours, Indulſo's, which
the King my Lord and Fa-
ther Granted you, and any
others whatſoever, which
have been Granted by my
Crowns of *Castille* and *Por-
tugal*, to the ſaid Vaffals in
all, and through all, as there-
in, and in every thing, and
in Part thereof is Specified,
Contained and Declared,
that they may be Firm, Sta-
ble, and Valid to you, and
be obſerved to you, kept
and fulfilled, becauſe that
my Intention and deliberate
Will is, that all thofe of
the ſaid Nation may enjoy,
and do enjoy them without
any Limitation, with Con-
dition, that during the time
they ſhall reſide in *Andalu-
zia*, the ſaid *Engliſh* may
not be put upon any Office,
or in any publick Post, nor
made Guardians, Trustees,
nor Collectors, altho' they
may be of the Duties of
Alcaualus, and *Millories*, or
other Duties which relate to
my Royal Treasury; nor
ſhall they demand from you
Loans, or Donatives, nor
oblige you to Farm any
Rents, nor take your Horſes
or Slaves.

Comercio libre. Y por os hazer mas mer-
ced, en conformidad de lo
aſſentado en las dichas Pazes,
quiero, y permito que po-
dais, y puedan tratar, y Co-
merciar libremente, y vender
vueſtras mercaderias, y fru-

And to do you further Fa- Free Trade.
your in Conformity of what
is Capitulated in the ſaid
Peace, I Will and Permit
that you may, and do Trade
and Commerce freely, and
Sell your Merchandizes
tos,

tos, y comprar los de mis and Goods, and Buy those Reynos, y sacarlos de ellos, of my Kingdoms, and car-guardandose lo dispuesto ry them thence, observing por las leyes, y pragmáticas what is Ordained by the Laws and Decrees that Treat que desto hablan, y pagando à mi Real Hazienda los de-rechos que se debieren pa-gar, prohibiendo, como pro-hibo, y mando, que no se os tome por fuerça, ni se os saquen ninguna mercaderi-as trigo, ni cevada, aunque sea para apresto de mis Ar-madas, Flotas, y Galeones, ni por Assentistas, ni Estan-queros; y los dichos privi-legios ayan de ser en quanto al trigo, y cevada, confor-me a la tassa ; y en quanto a las demás cosás, y mercade-rias, aquello en que os con-vinieredes, y concertaredes, sin sacarlas de vuestro poder hasta averos pagado, y sin que por razon de ello se aya de dar lugar a que se os ha-gan molestias, y vejacio-nes.

Que no se pue-dír poner precio en el p. d. aco, y salado.

Y porque muchos de vo-sotros tratas en traer a los Pueros de *Andaluzia*, Ci-udad de *Sevilla*, y otras par-tes mucha cantidad de ba-callao, y otros generos de pescado seco, y salado, por ser los mantenimientos mas necesarios que ay, y se os hazen muchas costas, y ve-jaciones; quiero, y mando que se os guarden la orde-nañca de la Ciudad de *Sevilla*, en que se dispone que a los que entran con pescado seco, y sala-

And because that many of you Trade in bringing to the Ports of *Andaluzia*, Ci-ty of *Sevilla*, and other parts, a great quantity of Bacallao, and other kinds of Fish Dry and Salted, which being the most necessary Provisions that can be, and Creates you a great deal of Cost and Trouble, I Will and Command that you enjoy the Custom of the Ci-ty of *Sevilla*, in which it is Ordered that those which

That there may not be put a Price upon Dry Fish, and Salted.

Y si de los vios en gu-niere se o-re embarco se les ponga a costa.

Y en caso de con-fiar que podrido, i che al agua hazerles c por ello.

Que en las fias que se fa-cen contra los no se p dan.

y salado no se pueda poner arrive with any Fish Dry postura, antes se les permita vender al precio que quieren, sin que sea necesario Manifestarlo mas que a los Ministros que cobran mis

Y si de los Ná-
vios en que ve-
niere se ondea-
re enbarcos, no
se les pongan
guardas a su
costa.

Y en caso de
constar que esta
podrido, se e-
che al agua, sin
que el dicho pescado
hacerles cau-
sa por ello.

esta podrido, y no se puede
gastar, se aya de quemar, o
eche al agua, sin que por ra-
zon desto se pueda hacer, ni
haga cau- a los dueños, o
personas que lo vendieren,
ni prenderlos, ni denunciar-
los.

Que en las cau-
fas que se sigui-
ren contra el-
los no se pren-
dan.

Y porque el Administrador de los Almoxarifazgos, y otros diferentes derechos, que se cobran de los frutos, y mercaderias, han introducido, que quando alguna se denuncia, el prender a la Persona que se muestra parte, de que se sigue a los hombres de negocios mucho credito, costas, y vejaciones: es mi voluntad, y mando, que en las dichas denuncia- ciones solo se proceda contra las mercaderias, y no contra

and Salted, there may not be imposed any Rate, but that they Sell at the Price they will, without that it be necessary that they manifest it more than to the Ministers which recover my Royal Revenues, and that if the Ships in which they bring the said Bacallao be great

that they cannot come up If the Ship in the River, and shall unload which they come shall unload them in the Admiralty or any other Barks, they may not put any Guards at your Costs.

Cost of the Owners of them.

In like sort I Command that In case it ap-
pears to be rot-
ten, may be
cast into the
Sea, without
that therefo e
be made any
Proces against
them, there may be made any Pro-
ces against the Owners, or
Persons that Sold it, or be
Imprisoned or Informed a-
gainst.

And because that the Administrator of the Almonarifazgos, and divers other Duties, which are Recovered on Goods and Merchandizes, have been used upon Information given, to Seize the Person they Suspect, which to Men of Trade occasions much Discredit, Costs and Vexations: My Will is, and I Command, that upon the said Informations, they only Proceed against the Merchandizes, and las

That there
may not be put
a Price upon
Dry Fish, and
Salted.

That in case of
a Law Suit a-
gainst them,
they may not
be impriso ned.

las Personas, permitiendo not against the Persons, per-
dones, como les permito, mitting them, as I do per-
que puedan hacer, y hagan mit them, that they may
sus defensas en las dichas ve- make, and do make their
jaciones. Defences against the said
Vexations.

Que no te les moleste por materia de la Religion, ni se altere el capitulo de las paces, que habla sobre esto.

Y porque assimismo conforme a un capitulo de las dichas pazes, que trata en materia de la Religion, sin embargo que en algunos pleytos se ha intentado declaren si son Catolicos Romanos, ó no, escusandose de dar fee en los juramentos que hazen como partes, y como testigos; mando assimismo, que en quanto a esto no se aya de tratar, ni trate cosa alguna con los naturales del dicho Reyno, sino que se guarde, y cumpla la dicha condicion, sin que se os haga semejantes preguntas, dando á los juramentos que hizieredes en juicio, y fuera del, la fee, y credito que se diera si fuerades Espanoles, sin que sobre esto recibais vejaciones, ni molestias, ni se os pueda hacer agravio alguno.

Que los libros de su contratacion no se saquen de su poder.

Y porque para justificacion de algunas causas los Juezes, y Justicias pretendan que los mercaderes exhiban los libros de sus contrataciones, y sobre ello reciben vejaciones, y agravios; quiero, y mando que los libros de los mercaderes de la dicha nacion no se saquen de su poder por ninguna cau-

to One Article of the said Peace, which treats in matter of Religion; notwithstanding that in some Law Suit, it hath been endeavoured that they declare, whether they be Roman Catholicks, or not, Excusing, giving credit to the Oath which they make, as being Parties, or as Witnesses, I Command therefore, that in those Matters, they shall not Meddle with the Natives of the said Kingdom: But that the said Condition be fully Observed, without making them any such Questions, and to the Oath you shall Tender them in Court, the same Faith and Credit shall be given, as if they were Natural Spaniards, without that upon this Account, they are Molested, or Troubled or receive any Grievance.

And by reason that for Justification of some Causes, the Judges and Justices pretend, that the Merchants should Exhibit their Books of Trade, and thereupon they receive Vexation and Trouble, I Command and Will, that the Books of the Merchants of the said Nation be not taken from fa

Que no
dan vifit
citas de
mercader
pedirle lo
pachos d
mercader

sa que sea, sino que los tengan de manifiesto en sus casas, para sacar la partida que se señalaré, sin pedirles otras, ni poderles sacar otros papeces ningunos, pena que el que contraviniere a ello, será castigado conforme a derecho.

them, but that they Produce them in their own Houses, to take out the Article which shall be Appointed, without Demanding others, nor may be taken from them any other Papers, upon Punishment of him that shall Contravene herein, to be Chastised according to Law.

And because likewise the Merchants enter their Goods in the Custom-house of the City of Sevilla, of all the Duties, which, because they are many, is made upon One

That the Merchants Houses shall not be visited, nor demanded the Dispatch or Entry of their Goods.

Y porque assimismo los mercaderes despachan las mercaderías en la Aduana de la Ciudad de Sevilla, de todos los derechos, que por ser muchos, se haze una hoja, y esta va firmada, y rubricada de todos los Ministros, y se queda en poder del Alcayde del Aduana, porque en su virtud dexa salir las mercaderías que van en fardos, pacas, baules, y caxas; y despues de averlas sacado, y puestolas en su casa, en sus almacenes, el Guarda mayor del Aduana, y los Ministros del Medio por Ciento os visitan las casas, y la ropa, haciendoos molestias, y vexaciones, pidiendoos los despachos, constandoles que no los pueden tener, por averlos dexado en poder de dicho Alcayde del Aduana.

Prohibo, y mando, que no se puedan visitar las casas de los dichos mercaderes, ni pidirles, ni pidan los despachos que no quedan en su poder; conque esto se aya de entender, y entienda en las casas que estan de los muros a dentro de la dicha Ciudad. H Y por.

that they be
not molested
in matter of
religion; nor
all the Arti-
cles of Peace,
which speaks
thereabout, be
terred.

That their
books of Trade
be not taken
from them.

Y porque se sepa los que main in their Custody, so
 sois de la dicha Nacion that this is to be understood,
Ingleſa, fe os aya de dar co- and is understood of the
 pias de los dichos privile- Houses which are within
 gios, y exēmpciones que os the Walls of the said City.
 tocaren, y os estuvieren con- And that it may be known,
 cedidos, así por los capitul- those who are of the said
 os de las dichas pazes, Nation, let Copies be given
 como en otra qualquiera manner of the said Privileges, and
 y para ejecucion, y Exemptions which Concerns
 cumplimiento de todo lo re- you, and were Granted you,
 ferido, mando a los de mi as well by the Articles of
 Consejo, y a los demás mis the said Peace, as in any o-
 Consejeros, Juntas, ye Tri- ther Manner whatsoever, and
 bunales de mi Corte, y à los for the Execution and Ac-
 Presidentes, y Oydores de complishing of all the afore-
 las mis Audiencias, Alcaldes, said, I Command those of
 Alguaziles de la mi Casa, y my Privy-Council, and the
 Coric, y Chancillerias ; y al rest of my Counsellors, Jun-
 Regente, y Juezes de la tas, and Tribunals of my
 mi Audiencia de Grados de Court, and the Presidents,
 la Ciudad de *Sevilla*, y Al- and Justices of my Courts,
 caldes mayores de la Quadra as also the Judges, and Ju-
 de ella, y a todos los Corre- stices of the Peace belonging
 gidores, Asſistente, Gover- to my Houſe, Court, and
 nadores, Alcaldes mayores, Chancery, and the Regent,
 y ordinarios, así de las di- and Judges of my Court de
 chas Ciudades de *Sevilla*, *Grados* in the City of *Seville*,
Cadiz, y *Malaga*, y de *San-* and the Chief Magistrate of
lucar de Barrameda, como the Court thereof, and all
 de todas las demás Ciudades, Mayors, Governors, Magi-
 Villas, ye Lugares deſtosſtates, and other Inferior Of-
 mis Reynos, y Señorios, y a ficers, as well of the said Ci-
 otros qualesquier Juezes, y ties of *Seville*, *Cadiz*, and
 Justicias de ellos, de qual- *Malaga*, and *San Lucar de Bar-*
 quier calidad, y condicion rameda, as of all other Cities,
 que Sean, à quien principal, Towns, and Places of these
 ó accidentalmente tocare en my Kingdoms, and Dominions,
 qualquier manera el cum- and Judges, and Justices
 plimiento de todo lo con- thereof, of whatever Qua-
 tenido en esta mi carta, qu- lity and Condition they may
 luego que fueren requeridſto be, to whom principally or
 con ella, ó con su tralſito, accidentally it shall Concern
 signado de Escrivano. I b- in any Manner whatsoever,
 lico

lico (que se le ha de dar tan-
ta fee, como al original) is Contained in this my Let-
cada uno en la parte que le ter, that as soon as they shall
tocare la guarden, y cum- hâve been Required here-
plan, y hagan guardar, cum- with, or with a Copy there-
plir, y executar en todo, y of Signed by a Publick No-
por todo, como en ella se tary (to which shall be Given
contiene, sin one en todo, ò as much Credit as to the Ori-
en parte se p... a poner, ni ginal) each One for that
ni ponga imped... santo, ni Part which shall Concern
otra duda, ni dificultad al- hin. Observe and Accom-
guna, ir, ni venir contra su plish, Cause to be Observed
tenor, y forma, ni consien- and Accomplished, in all,
tan, ni den lugar a que se and through all, as is Con-
interprete, limite, ni suspen- tained therein, without that
da en todo, ni en parte, ni in the Whole, or in Part,
que se den en contrario C there be put any Impedi-
dulas, Provisiones, ni otros ment, or other Doubt, or
despachos, antes para su ob- Difficulty that shall Oppose,
servancia en la parte que a or Contravene iis Tenor, and
cada uno tocaren, provean, Form, nor Consent, or Allow
y den orden, se os den las that it be Interpreted, Li-
que fueren necessarias, para mited, or Suspended in
Mayor firmeza de la mer- Whole, or in Part, contrary
ced que por esta mi carta os to the Cedulas, Provisions,
hago. Y para que en todo or other Orders for Obser-
tiempo esta merced os sea vance thereof, in that Part
cierta, y segura ayais de tener which shall relate to each
un Juez conservador para la of you, and that they Pro-
Andaluzia, principalmente vide, and Give the necessary
para las dichas Ciudades de Orders for the greater Secu-
Sevilla, Malaga, y Cadiz, y rity of the Favout, which
Sanlucar de Barrameda, á by this my Letter I Grant
quien yo aya de dar comis- you, and that at all Times,
fion bastante para la guarda, this Favour may be Certain
y cumplimiento de los di- and Secure to you, that you
chos privilegios, libertades, may have a Judge Conser-
y exencpciones, el qual aya vator for *Andaluzia*, Princi-
de apremiar, y compeler á pally for the said Cities of
todas, y qualesquier per- *Sevilla, Malaga, Cadiz, and*
sonas, de qualquier fuerte, *San Lucar de Barramedo*, to
y calidad que sean, que to- whom I shall give sufficient
caren á la dicha Nacion, af- Commission for the Preser-
si en aquellas en que fueren vation and Accomplishing

reos convenientes, como en las que fueren actores, aunque las personas que los convinieren, y que dellos fueren convenientes, tengan qualquier Juezes privativos, asì por assiento, ó contrato que ayan hecho, como por preeminentias, ó immunidad que tengan, porque de las dichas causas solo ha de conocer privativamente el dicho Juez conservador, y no otro Juez, ni Tribunal alguno, aunque sea por via de excessio, ni injusticia notoria, ó en otra qualquier manera, y forma; y el dicho Juez conservador por aora lo sea el Doct. Don *Francisco de Vergara*, Juez de la mi Audiencia de los Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, el tiempo que assistiere en ella; y por of the said Privileges, Liberties and Exemptions (which may oblige and compel all and every Person whatsoever, of whatsoever Condition or Quality soever they be) as shall concern the said Nation as well in those in which they shall be Defendants, as in those in which they shall be Plaintiffs, although the Person which shall Sue them, and of whom they shall be Sued, may have any other Special Judges whatsoever, as well by Covenant or Contract which they may have made, as by the Preeminentes or Immunities which they may have, because that of the said Causes only the said Judge Conservator may take Cognizance, and no other

Jerez conservador, que conozca privatamente de sus causas.

Que el Juez
conservador
fue a su delegar
su constitución para los
negocios que se ocrecían
en Málaga, Cádiz, y Sanlúcar.

los convenidos, como en las que fueren actores, aunque las personas que los convieren, y que dellos fueren convenidos, tengan qualquier Jueces privativos, assi por assiento, ó contrato que ayan hecho, como por preeminencias, ó immunidad que tengan, porque de las dichas causas solo ha de conocer privativamente el dicho Juez conservador, y no otro Juez, ni Tribunal alguno, aunque sea por via de exceso, ni injuricia notoria, ó en otra qualquier manera, y forma; y el dicho Juez conservador por aora lo sea el Doct. Don *Francisco de Vergara*, Juez de la mi Audiencia de los Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, el tiempo que asistiere en ella; y por su ausencia, el Licenciado Don *Francisco de Medrano*, Juez de la misma Audiencia, el qual para los negocios, y pleytos que se ofrecieren en las dichas Ciudades de Cadiz, y Malaga, y en Sanlucar, aya de subdelegar su Conservaturia en la persona que por la dicha Nacion se le propusiere, para que las substancie hasta la conclusion, y se las remita para determinarlas; y de lo que el determinare se aya de apelar al mi Consejo, y no para otro Tribunal alguno. Y porque mi voluntad es, que cada uno en su tiempo tenga jurisdicion, y comision of the said Privileges, Liberties and Exemptions (which may oblige and compel all and every Person whatsoever, of whatsover Condition or Quality soever they be) as shall concern the said Nation as well in those in which they shall be Defendants, as in those in which they shall be Plaintiffs, although the Person which shall Sue them, and of whom they shall be Sued, may have any other Special Judges whatsoever, as well by Covenant or Contract which they may have made, as by the Preeminences or Immunities which they may have, because that of the said Causes only the said Judge Conservator may take Cognizance, and no other Judge or Tribunal whatsoever, although it be for any Excess or Notorious Crimes, or in any other Manner and Form whatsoever; and the said Judge Conservator for Judge Conservator which the present, shall be Doctor shall take Cognizance special Judge of my Court of Decrees of the City of Sevilla, during the time that he shall Act therein, and in his absence Doctor Don *Francisco de Medrano*, Judge of the same Court, who for matters and Law Suits which shall offer in the said Cities of Cadiz, Malaga, and San Lucar, may Substitute his Conservatorship in the Per- That the Judge Conservator may substitute his Commission for Matters which shall offer in Malaga, Cadiz, and San Lucar.

privativa, para ampararlos, y son that shall be proposed
 defensores en todo lo con^r by the said Nation, that
 tenido en esta mi carta, para they may be laid before, and
 que todo ello se guarde, y remitted to him, for the De-
 cumpla en la forma que os determination thereof; and of
 está ofrecido; he tenido that which shall be so De-
 por bien de encargar, como termined by him, they may
 por la presen^ce les encargo Appeal to my Council, and
 la proteccⁿon, y amparo not to any other Tribunal,
 desto, y les mando vean esta and because that my Will
 mi carta, y las calidades, y is, that each one in his time
 condiciones, y preeminen- may have Jurisdiction and
 cias, y ampliaciones en ella Special Commission to pro-
 contenidas: y todo ello lo test and defend you in all that
 hagan guardar, y cumplir, is contained in this my Let-
 y executar en la forma, ter, and that all of it may
 segun, y de la manera que en be Observed; and Accom-
 ella se contiene, y declara, plish'd in the Form that it
 sin consentir, ni dar lugar a is offered to you; I have
 que en todo, ni en parte se thought fit to give charge; as
 os pueda poner, ni ponga by these Presents I give them
 duda, ni dificultad alguna; Charge to the Protection
 y ante el dicho Don Fran- and Defence thereof, and
 cisco de Vergara, y en su au- Command them, that they
 sencia ante el dicho Don Fran- see this my Letter, and the
 cisco de Medrano, y no ante Qualties, and Conditions,
 otro Juez alguno, privativa- and Preéminences, and Am-
 mente en primera instancia pliaciones, contained there-
 ayan de passar, y seguirse to- in, and cause all of it to be
 das las causas, y pleytos observed and accomplished, in
 que sobre lo referido, y the Form accordingly, and
 qualquier cosa, y parte dello in the manner that is con-
 se fizieren, y causaren, y la tained therein, and declared;
 ejecucion, y castigo de los without consenting or allow-
 inobedientes; y porq mi vol- ing that in whole or in part,
 lntades, que el conocimien- they may pur, or do put any
 to, y determinacion de todo doubt or difficulty therein;
 lo contenido en esta mi carta and before the said Don
 privativamente les aya de Francisco de Vergara, and in
 tocar, y toque, procediendo his Absence before the said
 en todo contra los que fueren Don Francisco de Medrano,
 culpados, executando en ellos and not before any other
 las penas, que hallaren por Special Judge, the first Mo-
 derecho, reservando, como tion shall pass, and be to
 reservo,

Conser-
 which
 take Cog-
 e Spain
 r Causes.

he Judge
 rva or
 substitute
 inmission
 atters
 shall of-
 Medr.,
 and San

Inhibition de
Audienicias y
Chancillerias,
&c.

Que la Nacion
Inglesa que re-
side en la Ciu-
dad de Sevilla
pueda nom-
brar en la co-
mission uno de
los Jueces de la
Audienicia de
la Ciudad,

reservo, las apelaciones que de sus autos, y sentencias se interpusieren para el mi Consejo, y no para otro Tribunal alguno, fin que ninguno de los demás mis Consejos, Tribunates, Audiencias, ni Chancillerias, ni otros ningunos Juezes, ni Justicias de los mis Reynos, y Señorios, de qualquier calidad que sea, se puedan entrometer, ni entrometan en ello, ni en el uso, ni ejercicio de la jurisdiccion privativa en la dicha primera instancia, que por esta mi Cedula les doy, por via de exceso, apelacion, ni otro recurso, ni manera alguna, a los quales, y a cada uno dellos inhibo, y he por inhibidos de su conocimiento, y los declaro por Juezes incompetentes de él, que para todo, y cada cosa, y parte dello les doy el poder mas cumplido; y la comission mas amplia que de derecho se requiere, y es necesario, con sus infidencias, y dependencias, anexidades, y conexidades, y que despues de ellos la dicha Nacion Inglesa de la dicha Ciudad de Sevilla pueda nombrar en la dicha comission uno de los Jueces de la dicha Audiencia, el que eligiere la dicha Nacion; y mando al Presidente, y los del mi Consejo de la Camara, que presentandose ante ellos el nombramiento suyo, llegado el caso de vacar la dicha lowed in all Causes and Law Suits for what relates thereto, and cause the same to be Executed, and a Chastisement of the Disobedient; for such is my Will, and that the Cognizance and Determination of all that is contained in this Special Letter, shall concern them, and doth concern them, that they proceed against those that shall be Guilty, Executing on them such Penalties as the Law requires, reserving, as I do reserve to my Council, the Appeals, which by their Acts and Sentences they shall interpose, and not for any other Tribunal, without that any of the rest of my Councils, Tribunals, Courts or Chanceries, or any other Judges or Justices of these my Kingdoms and Dominions, of whatsoever Quality they be, may intermeddle, or do intermeddle therein, neither in the Practice nor Exercise of the Special Jurisdiction, which by this my Cedula I Grant them, be it by way of Excess, Appeal or any other recourse whatsoever; to whom and to each of them I inhibit, and hold for inhibited their Cognizance, and Declare them for Judges Incompetent thereof, for the whole, and in each thing, and part thereof, Granting them as full and complete Power, and most ample com-

Que el Ju-
pueda Sub-
legar su
sevatura
Perfona q
le Sennala
por la dict
Nacion en
Ciudades
Cádiz, M
ca, y San

Inhibition of
Courts and
Chanceries,
&c.

comision, por promocion, mision as in Law is requiriò vacacion de los dichos
 D. Francisco de Vergara, o their Incidences, Dependencies, Annexities, and Con-
 Don Francisco de Medrano, dò en otra manera la despa-
 chen por ordinaria al que
 fuere nombrado en ella, en la
 forma, segun, y como porensta
 mi Carta se dispone: y para
 que mejor se cumpla desde
 luego les doy facultad, po-
 der, y autoridad para que
 puedan subdelegar, y sub-
 deleguen esta comision para
 los negocios, y pleytos que
 se ofrecieren en las dichas
 Ciudades de Cadiz, Mala-
 ga, y Sanlucar.
 Que el Juez
 pueda Subde-
 legar su Con-
 servaturia en la
 Persona que se
 le señalará
 por la dicha
 Nación en las
 Ciudades de
 Cadiz, Mala-
 ga, y Sanlucar.

That the English Nation which reside in the City of Sevilla, may name Name in the said Commission one of the Judges of the Court, whom the said Nation shall think fit;

and I command the President, and those of my Privy Council, that presenting before them his Name in case the said Commission be Vacant by Promotion or Vacant of the said Don Francisco de Vergara, or Don Francisco de Medrano, or in any other Manner, they shall be Dispatched by him that shall be Named, in the Form accordingly, and as by this my Letter is Ordained: And That the Judge Conservator may substitute his Conservatorship in the Person which shall appoint the said Nation in the Cities of Cadiz, Málaga, and Sanlucar.

for the better Performance hereof for time to come, I Grant them Power, Licence, and Authority, that they may Substitute, and do Substitute this Commission for Matters, and Law Suits, which shall offer in the said Cities of Cadiz, and Málaga, and San Lucar de Barrameda, in the Person which by you shall be Proposed to them, that they may examine Matters and bring them to Conclusion, and remit them the Alguazites de la mi Casa, Alcaldes, Law Suits and Causes you y Corte, y Chancillerias; y shall have, to Determine á todos los Corregidores, Assistantes, Gobernadores, Al- caldes think fit, and see Conven-

caldes mayores, y ordinari-
 os, y a otros qualesquier
 Juezes, y Justicias destos mis
 Reynos, y Señorios, que os
 guarden, y cumplan, y ha-
 gan guardar, y cumplir esta
 mi Carta, y la merced que
 por ella os hago, y contra su
 tenor, y forma no vayan, ni
 passem aora, ni en ningun ti-
 empo, ni por alguna mane-
 ra, perpetuamente, para si-
 empre jamás, ni consientan,
 ni den lugar a que se os li-
 mite, ni suspenda en todo, o
 en parte, todo ello, no em-
 bargante qualesquier leyes,
 y pragmáticas de estos di-
 chos mis Reynos, y Señori-
 os, ordenanças, estilo, uso, y
 costumbre de las dichas Ciud-
 ades de *Sevilla*, *Cadiz*, y
Malaga, y de *Sanlucar*, y
 todo lo demás que aya, o
 pueda aver en contrario. Con
 lo qual para en quanto a esto
 toca, y por esta vez, avien-
 dolo aquí por inserto, è in-
 corporado, como si de verbo
 ad verbum lo fuese, dispen-
 so, y lo abrogo, y derogo,
 caso, y anulo, y doy por
 ninguno, y de ningun valor,
 y efecto, quedando en su
 fuerza, y vigor para en lo de-
 más adelante. Y de esta mi
 Carta ha de tomar la razon
Geronimo de Canencia, mi
 Contador de Cuentas, de mi
 Contaduria mayor dellas,
 mi Secretario de la Media
 anata, à cuyo cargo esta la
 cuenta, y razon deste dere-
 cho; y declaro, que de esta

ent for the Security of
 what is Contained in this
 my Letter; and I encharge
 the most Serene Prince,
 Don *Balthasar Carlos*, my
 very Dear and Beloved Son,
 and Command the Infantes,
 Prelates, Dukes, Marquesses,
 Counts, Barons, Knights,
 Esquires, Governors of Ca-
 stles, Fortresses, and Plains,
 and those of my Council,
 President and Judges of my
 Courts, Officers of my House,
 and Court, and Chancery,
 and all Mayors, Governors,
 Deputy Governors, Justices
 of the Peace, and other
 whatsoever Justices and
 Judges of my Kingdoms,
 and Dominions, that they
 Observe to you and Accom-
 plish, and cause to be Ob-
 served and Accomplished this
 my Letter, and Favour, which
 I do Grant you, and against
 the Tenor and Form thereof,
 not to Go, nor Act now, nor
 at any Time, nor by any
 manner, perpetually, for ever,
 nor Consent, or Allow that
 they be Limited to you, or
 suspended in Whole, or in
 Part, all its Contents, what-
 soever Laws, or Orders of
 these my Kingdoms, and
 Dominions, Ordinances,
 Stile, Use, and Custom of
 the said Cities of *Sevil-*la**, *Cadiz*, *Malaga*, and *San*
Lucar, and all others, which
 they have, or may have, to
 the contrary notwithstanding,
 for as much as doth
 merced

merced aveis pagado el derecho de la Media anata, que importó treinta y cinco mil ciento y cincuenta y cinco Maravedis en plata, el qual aveis de pagar hasta en la misma cantidad de quinze en quinze años perpetuamente ; y llegando el caso de cumplirse, no aveis de poder usar desta merced, sin que primero conste aver satisfecho este derecho ; y tambien ha de pagar el Juez conservador que nombraren, del salario, ó ayuda de costa que gozare por la dicha ocupacion, antes de gozar della, de que ha de constar por certificacion de la Contaduría deste derecho. Dada en Zaragoza à diez y nueve de Março de mil seiscientos y quarenta y cinco años.

To el Rey.

concern these Presen's, accounting it to be here inserted and Incorporated, as if it had been Word for Word, and of this my Letter *Geronimo de Canencia*, my Chief-Treasurer and Accountant, and my Secretary *de la Media Anata*, is to take cognizance, to whose charge is committed the Account of the said Duty ; and I declare, that of this Favour, you have payed the Duty of *Media Anata*, which Imports Thirty and five thousand one hundred fifty and five Maravedis in Silver, which you are to pay every Fifteen Years perpetually, and that being complied with, you shall not have the Power to use this Favour without that it first appears that you have satisfied this Duty, and also that you pay the Judge Conservator you shall Name, the Salary which he shall enjoy by the said Occupation, which is to be manifested by Certificate from the Office of this Duty. Given in Zaragoza, the Nineteenth Day of March, in the Year, One thousand six hundred forty and five.

I the King.

I YO

YO *Antonio Carnero*, Secretario del Rey nuestro Señor, la hize escrevir por su Mandado.

Lic. Don *Juan Chamacero y Carrillo*.

El Lic. Don *Antonio del Campo Redondo y Rio*.

Licenciado *Joseph Gonçalvez*, Registrada.

Miguel de Olaragiar.

Tomé la Razon.

Geronimo de Canencia.

I *Anthony Carnero*, Secretary of the King our Lord, Ordered this to be Written by his Command.

Lic. Don *Juan Chamacero y Carrillo*.

El Lic. Don *Antonio del Campo Redondo y Rio*.

Dr. *Joseph Gonzales*, Register.

Miguel de Olaragiar.

Tomé la Razon.

Geronimo de Canencia.

Obedecimiento **E**N la Ciudad de *Sevilla*, en doze dias del mes de *Abril* de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cinco años, el Señor Licenciado Don *Francisco de Vergara*, del Consejo de su Magestad, y su Oidor en la Real Chancilleria de la Ciudad de *Granada*, aviendo visto la Royal Provision, privilegio concedido à la Nacion *Ingleza*, que fu Magestad fue servido de darles, conque su merced fue requerido por *Francisco Carreto*, en nombre de la dicha Nacion, su merced la tomò en su mano, besò, y puso sobre su cabeza, y dixo la obedecia, y obedeciò con el respeto, y acatamiento debido, y dixo, que está presto de hacer, y cumplir lo que su Magestad por ella le mandada, y aceptò el nombra-

IN the City of *Seville*, the Obedience of the Twelfth Day of the Month of *April*, in the Year, One thousand six hundred forty five, Doctor Don *Francisco de Vergara*, of the Council of his Majesty, and his Judge in the Royal Chancery of the City of *Granada*, having seen the Royal Provision, and Privileges granted to the *English* Nation, which his Majesty hath been pleased to grant them, with which his Worship was required by *Francisco Carreto*, in the Name of the said Nation, his Worship took it in his Hand, kissed it, put it upon his Head, and said he Obeyed it, and doth Obey it with the Respect, and Reverence that is due to it, and says, That he is ready to do, and accomplish that which his miento

Decreto de la
Autenticidad
de Sevilla.

Segunda Cedula
de ampliacion
y confirmacion
de Privilegio
concedido
a la Nacion Ingl

miento de tal Juez conservador de la dicha Nacion, y lo firmò. Majesty by it Commands, and accepts the Title of such Judge Conservator, and firm-ed it.

Lic. Don Francisco de Vergara.

Ante mi,
Fernando Infante Escrivano.

Dho dho de la
Audiencia de
Sevilla.

Lunes veintey quatro de Abril, la Nacion Inglesa, Señores Gobernador, y Acuerdo General, Acuerdelo quando se ofreciere la Nacion.

Lic. Don Francisco de Vergara.

Before me,
Fernando Infante Notary.

Munday the Twenty Fourth of April, the English Nation, the Lords the Governor, and General Assembly, Ordered it to be Engrossed, when Offered by the said Nation.

Francisco Carrion de la Serna.

Francisco Carrion de la Serna.

EL RET.

THE KING.

Segunda Cedula
de ampliacion
y confirmacion
de Privilegios
concedidos
a la Nacion In-

Licenciado Don Francisco de Medrano, Juez de la mi Audiencia de Grados, de la Ciudad de Sevilla; sabed, que por una mi Carta, y Provision de diez y nueve de Março dese año, hize merced a Ricarte Antonio, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, y a los vassallos del Rey de Inglaterra, que residen, y comercian en el Andaluzia, principalmente en esa Ciudad, y en la de Cadiz, y en Sanlucar de Barrameda, los privilegios, exenciones, y facultades que les competen, así por los capitulos de

TO Doctor Don Francisco de Medrano, Judge of my Court of De- grees of the City of Sevilla; Know ye, that by One of my Letters and Decrees of the Nineteenth of March, of this present Year, I did grant (to Richard Anthony, Consul of the English Nation, and to the Subjects of the Kingdom of England, which Reside and Trade in Andaluzia, principally in this City, and in that of Cadiz, and in that of San Lucar de Barrameda) the Privileges, Exemptions and Licences, which apper-

Second Cedula,
amplifying and
confirming the
Privileges
granted to the
English Nation.

las pazes, como por las contain to them, as well by the
firmaciones, y otras merce- Articles of the Peace, as by
des, y indultos, que el Rey the Confirmation, and other
mi Señor mi Padre (que Favours and Indultos, which
aya gloria) les diò, y con the King my Lord and Fa-
otras calidades, condiciones, ther (now in Glory) grant-
preeminencias, y ampliaci- ed them, and with the other
ones en la dicha provision Qualities, Conditions, Preë-
declaradas, por avor ofreci- minences, and Amplifications
do servirme con dos mil y in the said Decree declared,
quinientos ducados de plata, for having offered to serve
según mas largo en ella, à me with Two thousand five
que me refiero, se contiene, hundred Ducats of Silver,
y una de las condiciones con according as more largely
que les hize esta merced fue, thereby doth appear, to
que les avia de nombrar, y which I refer my self, and
conceder un Juez conserva- One of the Conditions which
dor para la *Andaluzia*, prin- I did grant them, was, That
cipalmente para las dichas I would name and allow
dos Ciudades, y *Sanlucar de* them a Judge Conservator
Barrameda, à quien se aya for *Andaluzia*, principally
de dar comision bastante pa- for the said Two Cities, and
ra la guarda, y cumplimien- *San Lucar de Barrameda*, to
to de los dichos privilegios, whom should be given suf-
libertades, y exencpciones, ficient Commission, for the
el qual pueda conocer de obseruance and accomplish-
todas las causas civiles, y ment of the said Privileges,
criminales, en que fueren Liberties and Exemptions,
reos convenidos, que contra who should take cognizance
ellos se intentaren, y ante of all Causes both Civil and
el ayan de passar, quales- Criminal, which should be
quier pleytos, y causas, que brought against them, in
tocaren a los dichos *Ingleſes*, which they were made De-
dó a otras qualesquier perſo- fendants, that before him
nas de qualquier calidad que should come all Law Suits,
sean, assi aquellos en que and Causes whatsoever which
fueren ſeos convenidos, co- should concern the ſaid Eng-
mo en los que fueren actores, lish, or any other Persons
aunque las personas que los whatsoever, of whatsoever
convinieren tengan quales- Quality they may be, as
quier Juezes privativos, assi well thofe in which they
por asiento, o contrato, que shall be Defendant's, as in
ayan hecho, como por pre- those in which they shall be
eminent

Que las causas
ſolo ha de co-
nocer el Juez
conservador, y
no otro. Iba-
na alguno.

em'nencia, ó inmunidad que Plaintiffs, although the Persons that shall Sue them may tengan, porque de las dichas causas solo ha de conocer privativamente el dicho juez conservador, y no otro Juez, ni Tribunal alguno, aunque sea por via de exceso, ó en otra qualquier forma, y manera, y que para los negocios, y pleitos que se ofrecieren en las dichas Ciudades de *Cadiz*, y *Milaga*, y en *Sanlucar*, aya de subdelegar su comision en la persona que por la dicha Nacion se le propusiere, para que las substancie hasta la conclusion, y las remita para determinar, y de lo que el dicho Juez determinare se ha de apelar para el mi Consejo, y no para otro Tribunal alguno, y que por aora lo seais vos por el tiempo que assistieredes en esas Audiencias; y por vuestra ausencia, y despues de vos, el que señalure la dicha Nacion en la dicha Ciudad de *Sevilla*; y porque mi voluntades, que todo ello se les guarde, y cumpla en la forma que les està ofrecido, he tenido por bien de encargaros, como por la presente os encargo la proteccien, y amparo de esto, y es mando vea is la dicha provision, y las calidades, preeminencias, y ampliaciones en ella contenidas, y todo ello lo hazed guardar, y cumplir en la forma, segun, y de la man-

That of the
Causes, only shall take spe-
cial Cognizance the said
Judge Conservator, and no o-
ther Judge, or Tribunal, al-
though it may be by way of
Excess, or in any other Man-
ner or Form whatsoever, and
that for the Causes and Suits
that shall offer in the said
Cities of *Cadiz* and *Milaga*,
and *San Lucar*, may be sub-
stituted their Commission in
the Person, which by the
said Nation shall be propo-
sed, that he may bring things
to a Conclusion, and that
they be remitted to him to
Determine, and of that which
the said Judge shall so De-
termine, they may appeal
to my Council, and not to
any other Tribunal, and
that the time you shall
Act in the said Court, you
shall be Esteemed as such,
and in your Absence, and af-
ter you, he whom the said
Nation, in the said City of
Sevilla shall appoint, and
because that my Will is,
that all this be observed,
and accomplished in the
Form as is express'd, I have
thought fit to give Charge
to you, and by this Present
nera

nera que en la dicha Provisi- do give you Charge of the
on, y en esta mi Cedula se Protection and Defence here-
declara, sin consentir, ni dar of, and Command you that
lugar a que en todo, ni en you see the said Decree, and
parte se les pueda poner, ni the Conditions, Preéminen-
ponga duda, ni dificultad al- cies and Amplifications there-
guna, y ante vos, y no ante in contained, and all of it
otro Juez alguno en primera be observed, and accomplished
instancia ayan de passar, y in Form, accordingly, and
seguirse todas las causas, y after the manner that in the
pleytos que sobre esto, y said Decree, and in this my
quier cosa, y parte de Cedula is Declared, with-
ello se hizieren, y causaren, out consenting, or allowing
y conocer assimismo de todas that in the whole or in part,
las causas civiles, y crimina- may put or be put, any doubt
les en que fueren reconveni- or difficulty, and before you,
dos, que contra ellos se in- and not before any other
tentaren; y ante vos han de Judge, at the first Instance
passar qualesquiera pleytos, y shall be brought and follow-
causas que tocaren a los di- ed, all Causes and Law
chos Ingleses entre qualesquier Suits, which thereupon, or
personas, de qualquier cali- any other thing or part there-
dad que sean, y la execution, of, shall be made, and cause
y castigo de los inobedientes, Cognizance to be taken of all
porque mi voluntad es, que Causes Civil and Criminal,
el conocimiento, y deter- in which they shall be Pro-
minacion de todo lo conte-secuted, or against them
nido en la dicha Provision, shall be attempted, and be-
y en esta mi Cedula de ampliacion privativamente os fore you shall be brought
aya de tocar, y toque, pro- whatsoever Law Suits and
cediendo en todo contra los Causes which shall concern
que fueren culpados, ex- the said English, between
ecutando en ellos las penas whatsoever Persons, or what-
que hallaredes por derecho, ever Quality they may be,
sin que ningunos Tribunales, and the Execution, and Cha-
Audiencias, ni Chancillerias, stisement of those that shall
ni otros ningunos Juezes, disobey; because that my
y Justicias de los mis Rey- Will is, that the Cogni-
nos, y Señorios de la Co- zance and Determination of
rona de Castilla, de qualqui- all that is contained in the
er calidad que sean, se pue- said Provision, and in this
da entrometer, ni entrometa my Cedula of Amplification,
en

Que en prime-
ra instancia ay-
an de passar,
y seguirse los
pleytos ante el
Juez conser-
vador. Fecha en
Zaragoza a 26.
de Junio, de
1645.

en ello, ni en el uso, ni ejercicio de la jurisdiccion privativa en la dicha primera instancia, que por esta mi Cedula os doy, por via de exceso, apelacion, ni otro recurso, ni manera alguna, à los quales, y a cada uno de los inhivo, y he por inhibidos de su conocimiento, y los declaro por Juezes incompetentes del, que para todo, y cada cosa, y parte dello os doy el poder mas cumplido, y la comission mas amplia que por derecho se requiere, y es necessaria, con sus infidencias, y dependencias, anexidades, y conexidades, y quedespues de vos, la dicha Nacion Inglesa de la dicha Ciudad de Sevilla ha de poder nombrar en la dicha comission uno de los Juezes de essa Audiencia, el que eligiere la dicha Nacion: y mando a los del mi Consejo de la Camara, que presentandose ante ellos el nombramiento suyo, llegado el caso de vacar la dicha comission por promocion, ó vacacion vuestra, ó en otra manera, la despachen por ordinaria al que fuere nombrado en ella, en la forma, segun, y como en esta mi Cedula se dispone. Y para que mejor se cumpla todo lo contenido en la dicha Provision, y en esta mi Cedula, os doy facultad, poder, y autoridad, para que podais subdelegar, y subdeleguis esta concern you, proceeding fully against those that shall be Guilty, executing upon them the Punishments you shall find by Justice due to them, without that any of the Tribunals, Courts or Chancery, or any other Judges, or Justices of my Kingdoms and Dominions of Castile, of whatsoever Quality they may be, may intermeddle, or do intermeddle herein, neither in the use nor exercise of the special Jurisdiction in the said First Instance, which by this my Cedula I grant you, be it by way of Excess, Appeal, or any other Recourse or Manner, to whom, and to each of you, I inhibit, and hold for inhibited their Cognizance, declaring you for Judges incompetent thereof, as for the whole, and every thing, and part thereof, and I grant you the most full and complete Power, and most ample Commission, as by Law is required and necessary, with their Incidences, Dependencies, Annexities and Connexities, and that after you, the said English Nation of the said City of Seville, may have power to name in the said Commission, One of the Judges of this Court, whom the said Nation shall think fit, and I command those of my Privy Council, that presenting before them his Name, the said Commission,

comision, para los negocios, y pleytos que se ofrecieren en las dichas Ciudades de *Cadiz, Malaga, y en San lucar*, en la persona que por la dicha Nacion se propusiere, para que substancie hasta la conclusion, y os los remita para determinarlos en la forma que os pareciere, y vieren que conviene para la seguridad de la dicha Provision, y que todo se guarde en la forma que por ella se dispone, y manda, no embargante qualesquier leyes, y pragmaticas de los dichos mis Reynos, y Senorios, ordenanças, estilo, uso, ye costumbre, y otra qualquiera cosa que aya, ó pueda aver en contrario : con todo lo qual, para en quanto a esto toca, y por esta vez dispenso, y lo abrogo, y derogo, caso, y anulo, y doy por ninguno, y de ningun valor, y efecto, quedando en su fuerça, y vigor para en lo demás adelante. Fecha en Zaragoza à veinte y seis de Junio de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cinco años.

To el Rey.

Por Mandado del Rey
nuestro Señor.

Antonio Carnero.

mission being vacant by Promotion or otherwise, him who shall be named, shall have his Dispatches in due Form, according as in this my Cedula is ordained, and that it may the better be accomplished all that is contained in the said Decree, and in this my Cedula, I grant you Licence, Power and Authority, that you may substitute, and do substitute this Commission for Matters, and Law Suits that shall offer in the said Cities of *Cadiz, Malaga and San Lucar*, in the Person that by the said Nation shall be proposed to you, that he may conclude Matters, you remitting to him the Termination thereof, in the Form you shall think fit, such as may be for the Security of the said Decree, and that all may be observed in the Form, which by it is ordained and commanded, any Laws and Pragmaticas of my said Kingdoms, and Dominions, Ordonnances, Stile, Use and Custom, or any thing whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding : All which, and for as much as relates to these Presents, I dispense with, abrogate, and derogate, make void and annul, count for nothing, and of no value and force, and that these Presents remain in full Force and Vigor for the future. Done in DON

Zaragoza, the Twenty sixth of
Jane, in the Year, One thou-
sand six hundred forty and
five.

I the King.

By Command of our Lord
the King.

Antonio Cannero.

DON Phelipe, por la Gra-
tia de Dios, Rey de
Castilla, de Leon, de Aragon,
de las dos Sicilias, de Jeru-
salem, de Navarra, de Gra-
nada, de Toledo, de Valen-
cia, de Galicia, de Mallor-
ca, de Sevilla, de Cerdeña,
de Cordova, de Corcega, de
Murcia, de Jaen, de los
Algarves, de Algecira, de Gi-
braltar, de las Islas de Cana-
ria, de las Indias Orientales,
y Occidentales, Islas y Ti-
erra firme del Mar Occeano,
Archiduque de Austria, Duke
of Borgoña, of Brabant, and
Millan, Count of Abspurg,
of Flanders, of Tirol, of Bar-
celona, Lord of Biscay, and
Molina, &c.

Que segúrdan
y cumplan los
capítulos de
pazas.

Por quanto por una mi
Carta, y Provision de diez y
nueve de Março deste año
hize merced à vos los vassal-
los del Rey de la Grand Bre-
tanha, que residis en el Anda-
luzia, de aprobar, y confir-
mar los Privilegios, Cedula,
y Franquezas, que os están
concedidos por las Coronas
de Castilla, y Portugal, y
Vizcaya, y de Molina, &c.

For as much as by my Letter and Decree of the Nineteenth of March, of this present year, I did Grant to you, the Subjects of the King of Great Britain, who reside in Andaluzia, a Confirmation and Approbation of the Privileges, Cedula,

That the Arti-
cles of Peace
be kept and ob-
served.

K mandé

mandé que se os guardassem, of Castille and Portugal, and y cumpliesen los capítulos de Commanded that they shoulde las pazes hechas entre mi be kept, and observed to you Corona, y la de Inglaterra ; the said Articles of Peace, y por otra mi Cedula de made between my Crowns veinte y seis de Junio del mismo año, os nombré Juez and that by my other Cedula of conservador, para que cono- the Twenty sixth of June of ciese de todas las causas ci- the same year, you may viles, y criminales, así en las Name a Judge Conservator, que fueredes actores demandantes, como en las de reos that shall take Cognizance convenidos, y con otras cali- of all your causes Civil and dades, ampliaciones, y pre- Criminal, as well in those eminencias en las dichas in which you shall be Plaintiffs, as in those in which Provision, y Cedula contenidas, segun en ellas, a que me you shall be Defendants, refiero, se contiene. with other Conditions, Amplifications, and Preeminentes, in the said Decree and Cedula contained, referring my self to the Tenor thereof.

Y aora por vuestra parte me ha sido hecha relation, que aviendo presentado la ultima Cedula en el Acuerdo de la Audiencia de los Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, se mandó dar traslado al Lic. D. Juan de Villalva, mi Fiscal de ella, y le tiene en su poder desde quinze de Julio, sin aver respondido hasta aora, con lo qual se ha embarazado, y detenido el uso, y cumplimiento de las dichas Provision, y Cedula, y se os causa grave perjuicio, y daño ; y aunque segun lo dispuesto por ellas el Juez conservador podrá cono- cer de todas las causas civiles, y criminales, así siendo actores, como reos, con qualquier persona que os tra- And now on your part, relation having been made to me, that having Presented the last Cedula in the Assembly of the Court of Degrees of the City of Sevilla, a Copy thereof was ordered to be given to Dón Juan de Villalva, my Fiscal of the said Court, who kept it in his Possession from the Fifteenth of July, without having Answered it till now, which hath hindred and deprived you of the Benefit and Performance of the said Decree and Cedula, to your great Prejudice, and Detriment, although by what is ordained thereby, the Judge Conservator ought to take Cognizance of all Causes, Civil and Criminal, as well tassedes,

tassedes, vuestro intento es being Plaintiffs as Defendants, gozar solamente del dicho privilegio, y Juez conservador, quando los pleytos fueren entre los de vuestra Nacion, ora sea is actores, ora reos, y las causas quier sean civiles, ó quier criminales ; y quando los pleytos fueren con Espanoles, ó con otras personas de diferentes Naciones, el Conservador hade conocer tan solamente de las causas en que fueredes civil, ó criminalmente reos convenientes, y no quando fueredes actores demandantes; suplicandome, que por que en esta parte os aveis apartado, y desistido del dicho privilegio ante *Alonso de Alarcon*, sea servido de declararlo assi, con las condiciones, ampliaciones, y preeminentias, y las calidades que mas os convengan, y fueren necessarias para mayor fuerça de lo referido, ó como la mi merced fuese ; y porque para las ocasiones que tengo de guerras aveis ofrecido servirme con mil y quinientos ducados en plata doble, pagados a ciertos plazos, lo he tenido por bien ; y por la presente quiero, y es mi voluntad, y declaro, que quando los pleytos fueren entre los de vuestra Nacion, ora seais actores, ó reos, y las causas fueren civiles, y criminales, aveis de gozar solamente del dicho privilegio, y sus calidades ; y quando

with any Person whatsoever you should Trade with, your intent being only to injoy the said Privileges and Judge Conservator, when there should be any Law Suits between those of your Nation, whether you be Plaintiffs, or Defendants, and whether the Causes be Civil, or whether they be Criminal, and when the Suits shall be with Spaniards, or with other Persons of different Nations, the Conservator is to take Cognizance so far only of the Causes in which you shall be civilly or criminally Prosecuted as Defendants, and not in which you shall be Plaintiffs, humbly intreating me, that whereas in this particular you have waved and desisted from the said Privilege before *Alonso de Alarcon*, that I would be pleased to declare it, with the Conditions, Amplifications, and Preheminences, as may be most convenient for you, and shall be most necessary for the greater Force of what is insisted, of what my Pleasure shall be ; and because that for the Service of the Wars, you have offered to assist me with One thousand five hundred Ducats in Silver, payable at certain prefixed days, I have thought fit, and by these Presents I Will and Declare, That when the Suits

los dichos pleytos fueren con shall be between those of
Espanoles, ó con otras perso- your Nation, whether you
nas de diferentes Naciones, be Plaintiffs or Defendants,
el Juez Conservador aya de or the Causes shall be Civil
conocer, y conozca sola- or Criminal, you shall en-
mente de las causas en que joy the said Privilege and its
fueredes civil, ó criminal- Conditions: And when the
mente reos convenientes, y no said Suits shall be with Spa-
quando fueredes actores de- niards, or with other Per-
mandantes.

The Judge
 Conservator to
 take Cogni-
 zance of Causes
 between Eng-
 lishmen, both
 Plaintiffs and
 Defendants ;
 but when the
 Cause is with
 Spaniards, or
 other Nations,
 then only to
 take Cogni-
 zance in behalf
 of the English
 as Defendants,
 shall be Plaintiffs.

Que los dere- Y porque los derechos de
chos de Sifas de las Sifas de los servicios de
los servicios de millones, que se impusieren
millones, que se cobren del va-
cállao seco, y fre- en el vacallao seco, y fres-
cal, sardina arenque, y salmo- cal, sardina arenque, y salmo-
nones, y otros generos de pe- nones, y otros generos de pes-
cado, fresco, y salado, se man- cado, fresco, y salado, se man-
dó que se cobrasen de los dò que se cobrasen de los
que lo consumen ; y los Ar- que lo consumen ; y los Ar-
rendadores de estos derechos, rendadores de estos derechos,
y los Jueces que conocen de- y los Jueces que conocen de-
stas causas os hacen gran- des agravios, y os obligan a
des agravios, y os obligan a que pagueis docientos ma-
que pagueis docientos ma- ravedis de cada quintal de
ravedis de cada quintal de vacallao, y de los otros gene-
vacallao, y de los otros gene- ros al respeto que están con-
ros al respeto que están con- cedidos ; y en llegando los
cedidos ; y en llegando los Navios a los Puertos de *Ma-*
laga, Cadiz, y Sanlucar os
obligan a que declareis la obligan a que declareis la
cantidad de pescado que cantidad de pescado que
traeis, haciendoos cargo de traeis, haciendoos cargo de
todo por Mayor, y obligan- todo por Mayor, y obligan-
doos a la paga, como por ma- doos a la paga, como por ma-
ravedises de mi aver, y a los ravedises de mi aver, y a los
cuatro meses os opremian a cuatro meses os opremian a

And because that the Duties That the Du-
 of Excise of Millones, which ties of Millones
 are imposed on Bacallao Dry which are recov-
 and Fresh, Pilchards, Her- ered of Bacal-
 rings, and Salmon, and o- lao, dry and
 ther kinds of Fish, Fresh and fresh, and other
 Salted, it was ordered that Goods be recov-
 ed of those
 that consume
 them.
 it should be recovered of
 those which consume it ; and
 by reason the Farmers of
 these Duties, and Judges
 which take Cognizance of
 these Causes, do occasion you
 great Grievances, and oblige
 you to pay Two hundred
 Maravedis for each Quintal
 of Bacallao, and according-
 ly on other sorts as are per-
 mitted, and upon the arri-
 val of the Ships at the Ports
 of *Malaga, Cadiz and San*
Lucar, they oblige you to
 declare the quantity of Fish
 you bring, charging you by
 the great for the whole, ob-
 liging you to the payment
 thereof, as Money due to me,

12

Que
 pueda
 sus casa
 dir lo
 chos d
 mera

la satisfacion de lo que monta, lo quales insulto, porque los que compran estos generos, y los consumen son Clerigos, Frayles, Monjas, y otras personas que tienen Privilegios, y Abitos, Alcaldes Mayores, Veinte y cuatro, y Jurados, por cuya causa los arrendadores de estos derechos, no quieren cobrarlos de ellos, y los cobran de vosotros por entero, sin considerar la cantidad que os hurtan, lo que se pudre, y gastais en vuestro sustento ; demás de que sobre quererlo cobrar vosotros de las tales personas, os maltratan, y no lo pagan ; quiero, y mando, que este derecho se cobre de los compradores, y consumidores, y los Arrendadores pongan persona por su cuenta que lo cobre, como se haze en la renta del Alcavala, y Almoxarifazgo, con tanto que ayais de ser obligados, como yo os obligo à que ayais de registrar, y registreis todos los dichos generos de pescado referido, como teneis obligacion, conforme a los despachos generales, sin que desto se pueda exceder en manera alguna.

Que no se les pueda visitar os hacen los Arrendadores se sus casas, ni pedir los despachos de las quieren grandes molestias, que en

and oblige you to the payment thereof in Four Months of what it amounts to, which is unjust, because that those who buy these Kinds, are Clergy-men, Fryers, Monks, and other Persons which have Privileges and Habits, Mayors, Aldermen, and Common-Councilmen, for which cause the Farmers of these Duties will not recover them of such, but recover them of you for the whole, without considering the quantity they steal from you, that which is Rotten, and what you spend in your own Families, and if you insist on the recovery thereof of such Persons, they treat you ill, and do not pay you ; therefore I Will and Command, that this Duty be recovered of the Buyers and Consumers, and that the Farmers put a Person for their account, that may recover the same, as is done in the Revenues of Alcavala and Almoxarifazgo, with this Condition, that you be obliged, as I oblige you, that you shall Register all the said kinds of Fish aforesaid, as you are obliged to do, according to the general Dispatches, without that this may be in any manner avoided.

Y porque de las visitas que os siguen grandes molestias, quiero, y mando, que en

And because from the Visits which the Farmers of their Houses may not be search'd, Duties make you, there results a great deal of Trouble, chandizes being demanded.

las Ciudades de *Malaga*, *San-lucar*, y *Cadiz* se os guarde, y cumpla el privilegio de no poder visitarse las mercaderias, estando en vuestras casas, que es en la forma que está dispuesto, y mandado por dicha Provision de diez y nueve de *Março* deste año, y es lo mismo que se concedió a los que residen en la Ciudad de *Sevilla*; y assimismo mando, que la dicha visita no la pueda hacer ningun Arrendador, pues en la Aduana dexais pagados todos los derechos; y esto se os guarde, y cumpla inviolablemente.

Que no se pue-
da poner en los
Navios guardas
a costas de
los Maestres,
ni dueños, y
hagan la vi-
sita dellos den-
tro de tres
días.

Y porque a todos los Navios que vienen a los dichos mis Reynos de los de *Ingl-terra*, *Islands*, y *Escocia*, los Ministros del Contravando, y del Almoxarifazgo sobre el visitarlos, assi como entran en los Puertos hazen grandes vexaciones, y molestias a los Maestres de ellos, y cierran à los dichos Navios las escotillas, y pañoles, deteniendo el hazer la visita ocho y quinze dias, poniendo guardas a costa de los Maestres, los quales quieren que las sustenten, y regalen con dadiwas; mando a los dichos Ministros, assi del Contravando, como del Almoxarifazgo, y a cada uno, y a qualquier dellos, que

I Will and Command, in the Cities of *Malaga*, *San-Lucar* and *Cadiz*, be obserued to you, and kept the Privilege, that they may not Examine the Merchandizes which are in your Houses, according to what is ordered and commanded by the said Decree, of the Nineteenth of *March* of this present Year, being the same which is granted to thos who reside in the City of *Sevilla*: And likewise I Com-mand that the said Search may not be made by any Farmer, if in the Custom-house you have paid all the Duties, and that this be ob-served to you, and accom-plished inviolably.

And because that all Ships that come to these my said Kingdoms, from those of *England*, *Ireland*, and *Scot-land*, the Minister of the Contrabands, and of the Almoxarifazgo upon searching them, as they enter the Ports, cause great Vexations, and Trouble to the Masters of them, and shut up the Holes and Hatchs of the said Ships, deferring the visiting them Eight or Fifteen Days, putting Waiters aboard at the Cost of the Masters, who they will have to Main-tain them, and make them Presents, I command the said Ministers, as well of the Con-traband, as those of Almox-arifazgo, and every of them, dentro

That they may not put in the Ships Waiters at the Cost of the Masters or Owners; and that they shall visit them within 3 Days.

dentro de tercero dia ayan de hacer, y hagan la dicha visita, sin ponerles guardas, ni llevar derechos por esto, y si las pufieren, sea à costa del Almoxarifazgo mayor, y Almirantazgo, pues vosotros no debeis cosa alguna: y quando vinieren a los dichos Pueros de *Malaga*, *Cadiz*, y *Sanlucar*, qualesquier Navios con mantenimientos, ó mercaderias, al tiempo de la visita, y de la descarga, ni en otro alguno en la forma referida, mando tambien, que los Juezes, y Ministros del Contravando, y Almirantazgo, ni otro alguno no puedan poner, ni pongan en ellos guardas à costa de los Maestres, ó dueños, ni sobre esto se os hagan molestias a los unos, ni a los otros, que es en conformidad de lo dispuesto en los capitulo quarto de la institucion del dicho Almirantazgo, por el qual se haze consignacion en efectos tocantes a él, para la satisfacion de las guardas, y Ministros suyos; y en el octavo de las pazes en que se manda, que los vassallos de un Rey, en el territorio del otro seán tratados como los mismos naturales, en cuyos Navios nunca se han puesto guardas a costa de los Maestres, ni dueños de ellos.

Y porque tambien los Ministros del Contravando en

that within Three Days they shall and do make the said Visit, without putting Waiters aboard them, or taking any Duties by reason thereof, and if they shall put them, it shall be at the Cost of the Chief Almoxarifazgo, and the Admiralty, since you owe nothing: And when there shall come into the said Ports of *Malaga*, *Cadiz*, and *San Lucar*, any Ship with Provisions, or Merchandizes, neither at the time of the Visit, and of the Unloading, nor at any other, as aforesaid, I order that the Judges, and Officers of the Contraband, nor Admiralty, nor any others, may not put, or do put in them Waiters at the Cost of the Masters or Owners, nor do give you any Trouble, either the one, or the other upon that account, according to what is ordered in the Fourth Article of the Institution of the said Admiralty, by which it is exprest, relating thereunto, for the Satisfaction of the Waiters and other Officers, in the Eighth Article of the Peace, in which it is ordered, That the Vassals of the one King in the Territory of the other, shall be treated as the Natives themselves, in whose Ships never are put Waiters at the Cost of the Masters, or Owners thereof.

And because also, that the Officers of the Contraband los

hey may
ar in the
Waiters
Cost of
Waiters or
ers; and
they shall
them with-
days.

Que monstran-
do los conoci-
mientos de las
Mercaderías no
se les pueda
obligar a otra
cosa, y los Maes-
tres cumplan
con exhibir los
libros de fo-
bordo dentro
de tercero dia
de como entren
en el Puerto.

los dichos Puertos, luego que in the said Ports, as soon That shewing
los Navios dán fondo, pi- as the Ships cast Anchor, for the Mer-
den à los Maestres los libros chandizes, they
de sobordo, y si en ellos no may not be ob-
se hallan escritas las merca- liged to any
derías que os vienen config- thing else, and
nadas, os hazen causa por that the Ma-
ello, aunque tengais los cono- sters comply
cimientos que los Maestres with producing
han dado de averlas recibi- their Manifest
do, para entregar las segun within the 3d
su confignacion, en lo qual day of their
recibis notorio agravio, por- Arrival in the
que el mejor instrumento Port.
que podeis tener son los co-
nocimientos de los Maestres,
porque por ellos los apremi-
ais por justicia a que os en-
treguen las mercaderías; y
si los Maestres por descuido,
ó por malicia no las escriven
en dichos libros de sobor-
do, no es justo que se exe-
cute la pena en los dueños de
las mercaderías, sino en los
Maestres, y Navios; y exe-
cutandose en esta forma, los
libros de sobordo siempre
estarán justificados. En quan-
to a esto es mi voluntad, y
declaro, que los Maestres
cumplan con exhibir los li-
bros de sobordo à los tres
dias de como ayan entrado en
los dichos Puertos; y man-
do, que por esta causa, mos-
trando los dueños de las
mercaderías los conocimien-
tos, no se os pueda hacer, ni
haga causa, ni molestia al-
guna.

Y porque assimismo los Jueces de sacas, y otros Mi-
nistros os hacen muchas mo-
lestias,

That shewing
Bills of Lading
for the Mer-
chandise, they
may not be ob-
liged to any
thing else, and
that the Ma-
sters come Consigned to you,
they give you Trouble, al-
though you have the Bills of
Lading that the Masters
have signed for them, to de-
liver them according to their
Consignment, in which you
receive a great deal of Da-
mage, because that the best
Instrument you can have is
the Bills of Lading, because
that by them, you may o-
blige them by Justice to de-
liver you your Goods, and if
the Masters by neglect or
malice, do not write them
in the said Manifest, it is not
just, that they execute the Pu-
nishment upon the Owners
of the Goods, but upon the
Masters and Ships, and in so
doing, the Manifest shall be
always Justifiable. Where-
fore it is my Will, and I de-
clare, That the Masters do
comply with exhibiting their
Manifest, within Three Days
after their Arrival in the
said Ports, and I command,
That by reason hereof, the
Owner of the Goods shew-
ing the Bill of Lading, you
may not give him any Trou-
ble, or Molestation whatso-
ever.

And because likewise the
Judges for Exportation, and
other Officers, cause you
lestias,

Que aviendo hecho Registro, pueda tener cada Navio tres reales de ocho por cada tonelada.

Iestias, y vexaciones, si ballan en los Navios dinero, y es fuerza que los Maestres tengan cantidad conforme las toneladas, para comprar velas, cables, anclas, y otros bastimentos necessarios ; doy licencia, y permission, para que aviendo primero hecho registro, como se acostumbra, ante el Juez que conoce de estas cauñas, cada Navio pueda tener tres reales de a ocho por cada tonelada, para el dicho efecto, y no para otro alguno, fin que se pueda hazer, ni haga causa alguna por ello.

Y porque tambien los Fieles Executores de la dicha Ciudad de Sevilla os hacen molestias, vexaciones, y causas, diciendo, que es de ordenanza, que manifesteis la manteca, ba queta, y otras mercaderias en el Juzgado de los Fieles Executores.

much Trouble and Vexation if they find in the Ship any Money, and it being necessary that the Masters have a Sum according to the Tonnage, to buy Sails, Cables, Anchors, and other necessary Stores, I give Licence and Permission, that having first made a Register, as is usual, every Ship may have Three pieces of Eight for every Ton, for the said Purpose, and not for any other, without therefore that upon that account they be put to any Trouble.

And because, that also they of the Excise Office of the said City of Sevilla, occasion you Trouble, Vexation, and Law Suits, saying, That there is an Order that you shall Manifest the Butter, Leather, and other Merchandizes, and Provisions, and that you declare the Price you Sell them at, and to what Persons, by which means it is Two Years since, that you have not brought any Butter to the said City, and the Order doth not relate to the Strangers that bring these Goods, and Provisions by Sea, but only with the Retailers that go to buy them in the Ports, and bring them to the said City to gain by them, I declare, That you have no Obligation to make the said Manifest and Declaration, nor can L hitz:

hizieren, mando se remitan they be obliged thereby to al Juez Conservador, para que él las determine.

make them, nor to make a Proces against you, and if they do, I command they be remitted to the Judge Conservator to determine them.

Que no se les
pueda faltar
sus casas hasta
aver cumplido
su arrenda-
miento.

Y porque muchas veces, aviendo arrendado casas en que vivir, y tener vuestras mercaderias, estandolas viviendo, personas poderosas, que tienen privilegio, os las quitan antes de cumplirse vuestros arrendamientos, por ser grandes, y averlas buscado donde está el comercio, y os obligan à mudar las mercaderias, las quales se os maltratan, y hurtan ; quiero, y mando, que durante el tiempo de vuestro arrendamiento, no se os puedan quitar las dichas casas por ninguna persona, aunque sea Juez, y tenga privilegio particular.

Y para que todo ello sea cierto, y seguro, mando al Regente, y Juezes de la mi Audiencia de Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, y Alcaldes de la Quadra de ella, y al mi Assistente de la dicha Ciudad, y à su Lugar-Teniente en el dicho oficio, y a los demás Juezes, y Justicias de ella, y de otras qualquier Ciudades, Uillas, y lugares de los mis Reynos, y Señorios de la Corona de Cifilla, à quien principal, ó insidientemente tocare todo lo aqui contenido, que todas las causas que estuvieren pendi-

That their
Houses may
not be taken
from them till
their Leafes be
complied with.
And because that many times you have taken Leases of the Houses in which you live, and keep your Merchandizes, and while you are in them Persons of great Authority take them from you, before your Lease is expired, because they be large and stand where Trade is, and oblige you to remove the Goods, whereby they are Damaged and Stolen from you ; I will, and command, That during the time of your Lease, the said Houses may not be taken from you by any Person, although he may be a Judge, and have a particular Privilege.

And that all this may be certain and secure, I command the Regent, and Judges of my Court of Degrees of the City of Sevilla, and the Judges of the Courts thereof, and my Governor of the said City, and his Deputy, and the other Judges and Justices thereof, and of others whatsoever Cities, Villages, and Places of my Kingdoms, and Dominions of my Crowns of Cifilla, to whom principally, or accidentally shall concern what is here contained, that all Causes which shall be depending,

ende-

Q
to
er
an
es
la
Ma
tar
vad
en

entes, en que vosotros
fueredes reos, siendo de las
calidades en esta mi Carta de-
claradas, provean, y den
orden se remitan luego al
Juez conservador que os ten-
go nombrado, en el estado
que estuvieren, aunque se
ayan empezado antes, ó des-
pues de la dicha mi Provisi-
on de diez y nueve de Marzo
d este año, juntamente con
las dichas Provision, y Cedu-
las, sin embargo de averse
mandado por la dicha mi
Audiencia de Grados dar
traslado de ello al dicho mi
Fiscal, y sin poner en ello
escusa, replica, duda, ni di-
ficultad alguna; a los cuales
mando, que no se entrome-
tan, ni puedan entrometer
en cosa alguna, tocante a lo
contenido en las dichas Pro-
vision, y Cedula, y en esta
mi Carta, sino que las guar-
den, y cumplan, y hagan
guardar, cumplir, y exequi-
tar en todo, y por todo, co-
mo en ellas se contiene, y a
cada uno en la parte que le
tocare, las haga llevar, y
lleve a pura, y debida exe-
cucion, con efecto, de maner-
a que todo ello se cumpla,
sin que sea necesario ocurrir
mas a mi sobre esto, no em-
bargante qualesquier leyes y
pragmaticas de los mis Rey-
nos, y Señorios, ordenanzas,
estilo, uso, y costumbre, y
todo lo demas que aya, ó
pueda aver en contrario, con
lo qual para en quanto a

in which you shall be De-
fendants, being of the qui-
lities in this my Letter con-
tained, that they may pro-
vide and give order, that they
may be remitted presently
to the Judge Conservator,
as I have named you, in the
posture they shall be, though
they may have been begun
before, or after my said De-
cree of the Nineteenth of
March, of this present Year,
together with the said De-
crees, and Cedulas (notwith-
standing it having been or-
dered by my said Court of

Que los pley-
tos que se hui-
eren empezado
antes, o despues
de la Cedu-
la de 19 de
Marzo se remi-
tan al Conser-
vador, siendo
en ellos reos.

That the Suits
which shall
have been be-
gun before or
after the Cedu-
la of the 19th
of March, be
remitted to the
Conservator
they being De-
fendants.
Degrees, to give a Copy
thereof to my said Judge)
without making therein any
Excuse, Reply, Doubt, or any
Difficulty whatsoever; and I
command, That they do not
intermeddle, nor may inter-
meddle in any thing concer-
ning what is contained in the
said Decree, and Cedulas,
and in this my Letter, but
that they observe, and fulfil,
and cause to be observed, and
fulfilled, and executed in all,
and through all, as therein
is contained, and that each of
you, in that Part which shall
Concern him, do cause them
to be put in true and due Ex-
ecution effectually, so as in
all respects it may be com-
plied with, without that it
be Necessary to have further
Recourse to me hereupon.
whatsoever Laws, and Prag-
maticas of these my King-
doms and Dominions, Or-
L 2 esto

esto toca, y por esta vez dispenso, y lo abrogo, y dero-go, caso, y anulo, y doy por de ningun valor, y efecto, quedando en su fuerça, y vi-gor pa-ra en lo demás ade-lante; y desta mi Carta han-de tomar la razon los Conta-dores que la tienen de mi Real Hazienda, y declaro, que desta merced aveis pa-gado el derecho de la media anata. Dada en Valencia à nueve de Noviembre de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cin-co años.

To el Rey.

dinances, Stiles, Use and Custom, which they have, or might have, to the con-trary notwithstanding; with which, for as much as re-lates to these Presents, I di-spense, abrogate and dero-gate, make void and null, and give for no value and ef-fect, these Presents remain-ing in full Force and Vigor for the future, and of this my Letter, the Clerks of my Royal Treasury are to take notice, and I declare, That for this Grant, you have Paid the Duty of the Media anata. Given in Valencia, the Nine-teenth Day of November, in the Year, One thousand six hundred forty five.

I the King.

YO Antonio Carnero, Se-cretario del Rey nues-tro Señor, la hize escrevir por su Mandado.

Licenciado Don Juan Chu-mazero y Carrillo.

El. Lic. Don Antonio de Campo Redondo y Rio.

Licenciado Joseph Gonç-lez, Registrada.

Miguel ac Olariaga, Te-niente de Chanciller Mayor.

Miguel de Olariaga.

Antonio Carnero, Secre-tary of our Lord the King, caused this to be Writ by his Command.

Dr. Don Juan Chumazero y Carrillo.

Don Antonio de Campo Redondo y Rio.

Don Joseph Gonçales, Re-gister.

Miguel de Oliariga, De-puty of the High Court of Chancery.

Miguel de Oliariga.

Por esta Confirmacion se ha pagado a la Media anata

For this Confirmation, hath been payed to the Me-
veinte

veinte y un mil y noventa y dia anata, Twenty one thousand nine hundred and three Maravedis de plata; y fand nine hundred and three Maravedis Silver, and are han de pagar perpetuamente to pay the same Quantity de quinze en quinze años: for ever, every Fifteen Years: y este despacho se ha de tomar la razon en la Contaduria del mismo derecho. Tomò la razon Geronimo de Canencia.

Tomò la razon de la Cedula de su Magestad, escrita en las dos hojas antes desta, *Pedro de Leon.*

Tomò la razon de la Cedula de su Magestad, escrita en las dos hojas antes de esta, *Martin de Medina Lasso de la Vega.*

EN la Ciudad de Sevilla, en quatro dias del mes de Setiembre de mil seiscientos y quarenta y nueve años, vista esta Peticion, y las Cédulas Reales, que con ella se representan por el Señor Licenciado D. Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, del Consejo de su Magestad Real de Castilla, Governor de la Real Audiencia de esta Ciudad, y Juez Conservador de la Nacion Inglesa; su Señoría las tomó en su mano, besó, y puso sobre su cabeza, y obedeció con el respeto debido, como cartas de su Rey, y Señor natural, y mando se guarde, y cumpla lo que por ellas su Magestad manda, y aceptó la jurisdiccion que por ella se le dà, y concede para todos los

casos. Twenty one thousand nine hundred and three Maravedis Silver, and are han de pagar perpetuamente to pay the same Quantity de quinze en quinze años: for ever, every Fifteen Years: and of this Duty, there shall be an Account in the Office of the said Duty. Taken an Account thereof, by Geronimo de Canencia.

Account of his Majesties Cedula, written in the Two Leaves before this, by *Pedro de Leon.*

Taken an Account of his Majesties Cedula, written in the Two Leaves before this, *Martin de Medina Lasso de la Vega.*

IN the City of Sevilla, the Fourth Day of the Month of September, in the Year, One thousand six hundred forty and nine, having seen this Petition, and the Royal Cédulas, with which it was presented by Doctor Don Geronimo de Pueyo Araciel, of his Majesties Royal Council of Castille, Governor of the Royal Court of this City, and Judge Conservator of the English Nation; his Lordship took it in his Hands, kissed it, put it upon his Head, and obeyed it with due Respect, as Letters from his King, and his Natural Lord, and commanded to be observed and kept, what therein his Majesty commands, and accepts,

casos, y efectos en ellas exprestados, y està presto de administrar justicia a las partes, y que yo el Escrivano dé los testimonios desta petición, Cédulas, y auto a la parte que lo pide, para que conste de ello, y se impriman los traslados necesarios del dicho testimonio, los cuales autorizé yo el Escrivano, así lo mandó, y firmó.

Lic. Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel.

Ante mi,

Antonio Gonçalez de Avellaneda, Escrivano.

Doctor Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel.

Gonçales de Avellaneda, Notary.

Segun que lo referido consta, y parece por el dicho pedimento; Cédulas, y auto, à que me refiero, y por mandado del dicho Señor Gobernador di el presente en Sevilla, en catorze dias del mes de Octubre de mil seiscientos y quarenta y nueve años.

Antonio Gonçalez de Avellaneda.

According to what is Manifest, and appears by the said foregoing Petition, Cédulas and Act, to which I refer my self, and by Command of the said Governor, I have given these Presents in Sevilla, the Fourteenth D^r of the Month of October, in the Year, One thousand six hundred forty nine.

Antonio Gonçales de Avellaneda.

EL REY.

Licenciado Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, del Consejo, y Regente de la mi Audiencia de los Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, sabed que por una mi Carta, y Provision de diez y nueve de Marzo de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cinco, hize merced à Ricarte Antonio, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, y à los vassallos del Rey de Inglaterra, que residen, y comercian en el Andaluzia, principalmente en esta Ciudad, y en la de Cadiz, y Sanlucar de Barrameda, se les guardassen los privilegios, y exenciones, y facultades que les competen, assi por los capitulos de las pazes, como por las confirmaciones, y otras mercedes, è indultos, que el Rey mi Señor mi Padre (que aya gloria) les diò, y con otras calidades, condiciones, preeminencias, y ampliaciones, en la dicha Provision declaradas, segun mas largo en ella, a que me refiero, se contiene; y una de las cuales condiciones con que les hize esta merced, fue que les avia de nombrar, y conceder un Juez Conservador para la Andaluzia, principalmente para las dichas dos Ciudades, y Sanlucar de Barrameda, à quien se aya de dar comision bastante para la guarda, y cumplimiento de los dichos privilegios, libertades, y exenciones, el qual pueda conocer de todas las causas civiles, y criminales, en que fueren reos convenientes, que contra ellos se intentaren, y ante él ayan de passar qualesquier pieyros, y causas que tocaren a los dichos Ingleses, ò a otras qualesquier personas, de qualquier calidad que sean, assi aquello en que fueren reos convenientes, como en los que fueren actores,

TO Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, one of the Council, and Regent of my Court of Degrees of the City of Sevilla, Know ye, that by my Letter and Decree of the Nineteenth of March, One thousand six hundred forty and five, I did grant to Richard Anthony, Consul of the English Nation, and to the Subjects of the King of England, who reside and Trade in Andaluzia, principally in this City, and that of Cadiz and San Lucar de Barrameda, that they should enjoy the Privileges, Exemptions and Liberties, which belong to them, as well by the Articles of Peace, as by the Confirmation, and other Grants and Indulgo's, which the King my Lord and Father (now in Glory) Granted them, with all the Qualities, Conditions, Preeminences, and Amplifications, in the said Decree declared, as thereby more largely it doth appear, to which I refer my self; one of the Conditions which I then did Grant them was, that I should Appoint, and Grant them a Judge Conservator for Andaluzia, principally for the said Two Cities, and San Lucar de Barrameda, to whom should be given sufficient Commission, for the observance and accomplishment of the said Privileges, Liberties, and Exemptions, who should take Cognizance of all Causes Civil and Criminal (in which they were Defendants) which against them shall, or should be brought, and before him should pass all the Suits and Causes whatsoever, which should concern the said English, or other Persons whatsoever, of whatsoever quality they may be, as well in those in which they aunque

THE KING.

aunque las personas que los convinieren, y que de ellos fueren convenientes, tengan qualesquiera Jueces privativos, assi por assiento, ó contrato que ayan hecho, como por preeminencia, ó immunidad que tengan; porque de las dichas causas solo ha de conocer privativamente el dicho Juez Conservador, y no otro Juez, ni Tribunal alguno, aunque sea por via de exceso, ó en otra qualquier forma, y manera, y que para los negocios, y pleitos que se ofrecieren en las dichas Ciudades de *Cadiz*, y *Malaga*, y *Sanlucar*, aya de subdelegar su comision en la persona que por la dicha Nacion se le propusiere, para que la substancie hasta la conclusion, y las remita para determinarlas, y de lo que el dicho Juez determinare se ha de apelar para el mi Consejo, y no para otro Tribunal alguno. Y por una mi Cedula de veinte y seis de Junio del año de seiscientos y quarenta y cinco, di mi comision para todo lo referido à Don *Francisco de Medrano*, Juez que fue de essa Audiencia; segun mas largo en las dichas Provision, y Cedula se contiene, y declara: y aora por parte del dicho *Ricarte Antonio*, por si, y los demás de la dicha Nacion *Ingleſia* me ha sido suplicado, que porque el dicho Don *Francisco Medrano* no puede proseguir en el uso, de la dicha comision, por averle yo promovido de su plaza á otra de Oydar de la mi Audiencia, y Chancilleria que reside en la Ciudad de *Granada*, y os han nombrado en su lugar, sea servido de daros Cedula mia para entender en la dicha comision, ó como la mi merced fuese, y yo lo he tenido por bien, y por la presente por el tiempo que asistieredes en esa Audiencia, y por vuestra ausencia, y despues de vos el que señalaré la dicha Nation en la

shall be Plaintiffs as Defendants, tho' the Persons that shall Sue them, or which by them shall be Sued, may have whatsoever Special Judges, as well by Covenant, or Contract, which they have made, as by Preeminence or Immunities which they may have, because that of the said Causes only shall take special Cognizance the said Judge Conservator, and no other Judge or Tribunal, although it be by way of Excess, or in any other Form and Manner whatsoever, and that for Matters and Suits which shall offer in the said Cities of *Cadiz*, *Malaga* and *San Lucar*, and that they may Substitute their Commission in the Person which by the said Nation shall be thought fit, for the ending thereof, and that it may be remitted to him to Determine them, and of what the said Judges shall Determine, they may Appeal to my Council, and not to any other Tribunal, and by my Cedula of the Twenty sixth of June, of the Year Six hundred forty five, I gave Commission for all the aforementioned, to Don *Francisco de Medrano*, who was Judge of this Court, according as in the said Decree and Cedula more at large is contained and declared: And now on the behalf of the said *Richard Anthony*, for himself, and the rest of the said *English* Nation, I have been petitioned, That whereas the said Don *Francisco de Medrano* cannot proceed in the Exercise of the said Commission, by my having Promoted him from that Place to be one of the Judges of my Court, and Chancery, which reside in the City of *Granada*, (and that they have named you in his stead) that I would be pleased to Grant you my Cedula, to be fixed in the said Commission, or as I shall see fit; I have thought good for the dicha

dicha Ciudad de Sevilla ; os encargo, y
cometo la proteccion, y amparo de
todo lo referido, y os mando veais la
dicha Provision, y las calidades, preemi-
nencias, y ampliaciones en ella contenidas,
y todo ello lo hazed guardar, y cum-
plir en la forma, segun, y de la maner-
a que en la dicha Provision, y en esta
mi Cedula se declara, sin consentir, ni
dar lugar à que en todo, ni en parte
se les pueda poner, ni ponga duda, ni
dificultad alguna, ante vos, y no ante
otro Juez alguno en primera instan-
cia ayan de passar, y seguirse todas las
causas, y pleytos que sobre ello, y qual-
quier cosa, y parte de ello se fizieren,
y causaren, y conocer assimismo de to-
das las causas civiles, y criminales, en
que fueren reos convenientes, que con-
tra ellos se intentaren ; y ante vos han-
de passar qualesquier platos, y causas
que tocaren à los dichos Ingleses entre
qualesquier personas de qualquier cali-
dad que sean, y la ejecucion, y castigo
de los inobedientes ; porque mi voluntad
es, que el conocimiento, y determina-
cion de todo lo contenido en esta dicha
Provision, y en esta mi Cedula de am-
pliacion privativamente os aya de tocar,
y toque, procediendo en todo contra los
que fueren culpados, executando en
ellos las penas que hallaredes por dere-
cho, sin que ningunos Tribunales, Audiencias,
ni Chancillerias, ni otros nin-
gunos Jueces, y Justicias de los mis Reynos,
y Señorios, de qualquier calidad
que sean se pueda entrometer, ni entro-
meta en ello, ni en el uso y ejercicio de
la jurisdicion en la dicha primera instan-
cia, que por esta mi Cedula os doy por
via de excesso, apelacion, ni otro recurso,
ni manera alguna, à los quales, y a cada
uno de ellos inhivo, y he por inhibidos
de su conocimiento, y los declaro por

present you shall assist in that Court,
and by your absence, and after you, he
whom the said Nation, in the said Ci-
ty of Sevilla shall appoint, and I Charge
you, and Commit to your Protection
and Defence all the aforementioned,
and Command that you see the said
Conditions, Preeminences and Ampli-
fications contained in the said Decree,
and all of them to be kept in due Form,
according, and in the manner, as in the
said Decree, and in this my Cedula is
Declared, without consenting or al-
lowing, that in the whole or in part
may be put, or put any Difficulty, and
before you, and not before any other
Judge, in the first Instance shall be
brought and followed all Suits and
Causes thereupon, and whatsoever thing,
and part thereof shall be made and
caused, and to take Cognizance like-
wise of all Causes Civil and Criminal,
in which you shall be Defendants, which
against you shall be brought, and before
you shall pass, whatsoever Suits, and
Causes shall concern the said English,
between whatsoever Persons of whatso-
ever Quality they may be, and the Exe-
cution, and the Chastisement of the
Disobedient that shall oppose it, be-
cause that my Will is, That the Cog-
nizance and Determination of all that
is contained in this said Decree, and in
this my Cedula of Amplification, spe-
cially shall concern you, and doth con-
cern you, proceeding in all Matters a-
gainst those that shall be found Guilty,
Executing on them the Punishment you
shall find by Law, without that any
Tribunals, Courts or Chancery, or any
Judges and Justices of my Kingdoms
and Dominions, of whatsoever Quality
they be, may intermeddle or do inter-
meddle, either in the Use, or Exercise

M

Juezes

Juezes incompetentes del, que para todo, y cada cosa, y parte de ello os doy el poder mas cumplido, y la comission mas amplia que de derecho se requiere, y es necessaria, con sus insidencias, y dependencias, anexidades, y conexidades, y despues de vos la dicha Nacion Inglesa de la dicha Ciudad de Sevilla ha de poder nombrar en la dicha comission uno de los Juezes de essa Audiencia, el que eligiere la dicha Nacion; y mando al Presidente, y los del mi Consejo de la Camara, q presentandose ante ellos el nombramiento suyo, llegado el caso de vacar la dicha comission por promocion, ó vacacion vuestra, ó en otra manera, la despachen por ordinaria al que fuere nombrado en ella, en la forma, segun, y como por esta mi Cedula se dispone: y para que mejor se cumpla todo lo contenido en la dicha Provision, y en esta mi Cedula os doy facultad, poder, y autoridad, para que podais subdelegar, y subdelegueis esta comision, para los negocios, y pleitos que se ofrecieren en las dichas Ciudades de Cadiz, Malaga, y Sanlucar, en la persona que por la dicha Nacion se os propusiere, para que substancie hasta la Conclusion, y os lo remita, para determinarlos en la forma que os pareciere, y vieredes que conviene para la seguridad de la dicha Nacion, y que todo se guarde en la forma que por la dicha Provision, y esta mi Cedula se dispone, y manda, no embargante qualesquiera leyes, y pragmáticas de los dichos mis Reynos, y Señorios, ordenanzas, estilo, uso, y costumbre, y otra qualquiera cosa que aya, ó pueda aver en contrario: con todo lo qual, para en quanta a esto toca, y por esta vez dispenso, quedando en su fuerça, y vigor para en lo demás adelante.

in the Jurisdiction of the said first Instance (which by this my Cedula I Grant you) either by way of Excess, Appeal, or any other manner of recourse, to whom, and to each of them I Inhibit, and hold for Inhibited their Cognizance, and Declare them for Judges Incompetent thereof, for the whole, and each thing and part thereof, I grant you the most full Power and ample Commission, which by Law is required and is necessary, with its Incidences, Dependencies, Annexities and Connexities; and after, you the said English Nation in the said City of Sevilla, have Power to name in the said Commission one of the Judges of that Court, whom the said Nation shall think fit; and I command the President, and those of my Council, that presenting his Name before him, the said Commission happening to be vacant by Promotion, or Vacation, or by any other manner, that you give the needful Dispatches to him, that shall be named therein, in Form, according, and as by this my Cedula is Ordained: And that it may be the better accomplished, all that is contained in the said Decree, and in this my Cedula, I give you Licence, Power and Authority, that you substitute, and may substitute this Commission for all Matters and Suits which shall offer in the said Cities of Cadiz, Malaga, and San Lucar, in the Person which by the said Nation shall be proposed you, that he may conclude them, and that you may remit them to him to determine them, in the Form you shall think fit, and see convenient for Security of the said Nation, and that all be observed in the Form which by the said Decree, and by this my Cedula, is Ordained and Commanded, whatsoever

Fecha

Fecha
Noviembre
renta

Por

E d
v qua
vano
su Ma
a su
del P
Mage
verna
Señor
mano,
obede
como
Señor
aceptó
dà, y
y com
minist
provey

Lic.

A

first In-
edula I
Exces,
of re-
of them
ed their
em for
for the
thereof,
ver and
Law is
its In-
ties and
the said
y of Se-
the said
of that
on shall
resident,
present-
id Com-
by Pro-
y other
ful Dis-
e named
nd as by
And that
hed, all
ree, and
Licence,
u substi-
ommissi-
ich shall
, Mal-
n which
proposed
em, and
m to de-
ou shall
or Secu-
at all be
the said
, is Or-
atsoever
Fecha

Fecha en Madrid, à veinte y dos de Noviembre de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y ocho años.

To el Rey.

Por Mandado del Rey nuestro Señor,

Antonio Carnero.

Laws and Pragmaticas of my said Kingdoms and Dominions, Ordinances, Stile, Use, and Custom, and other thing whatsoever may be, or might be, to the contrary notwithstanding: With all which, and for as much as shall concern this, and by these Presents, I dispense therewith, these remaining in full Force and Vigour for the future. Given in Madrid, the Twenty second of November, in the Year One thousand six hundred forty eight.

I the King.

By Command of our Lord the King,

Antonio Carnero.

EN la Ciudad de Sevilla en diez dias del mes de Marzo, de mil seiscientos y quarenta y nueve años, yo el Escrivano hize saber la Real Provision de su Magestad desta otra parte contenida, a su Señoría el Señor D. Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, del Consejo de su Magestad en el Real de Castilla, y Governor de esta Real Audiencia, y su Señoría aviendola visto, la tomó en su mano, besó, y puso sobre su cabeza, y obedeció con el acatamiento debido, como carta, y Cedula de su Rey, y Señor natural, y su Señoría aceptaba, y aceptó la jurisdiccion que por ella se le dà, y está presto de usar de ella, segun, y como su Magestad le manda, y administrar justicia a las partes, y assí lo proveyó, mandó, y firmó.

Lic. Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel.

Ante mi,

*Antonio Gonçales de Avellaneda,
Escrivano.*

IN the City of Sevilla, the Tenth Day of the Month of March, of the Year One thousand six hundred forty nine, I the Notary made known his Majesties Royal Decree, contained on the other side, to Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, of his Majesties Royal Council of Castille, and Governor of this Royal Court, and his Lordship having seen it, took it in his Hand, Kissed it, put it upon his Head, and obeyed it with due Reverence, as a Letter and Cedula from his King and Natural Lord; and his Lordship accepted, and doth accept, the Jurisdiction which by it is granted him, and is ready to make use of it accordingly, and as his Majesty commands him, and to administer Justice to the Parties, and so Provided, Commanded, and Firmed these Presents.

Don Geronymo del Pueyo Araciel.

Before me,

*Antonio Gonçales de Avellaneda,
Notary.*



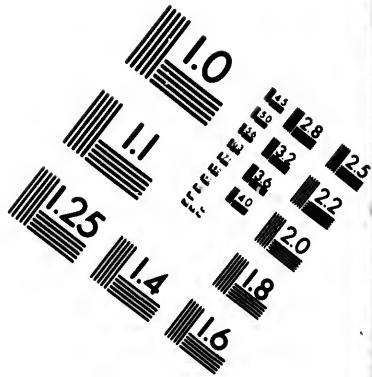
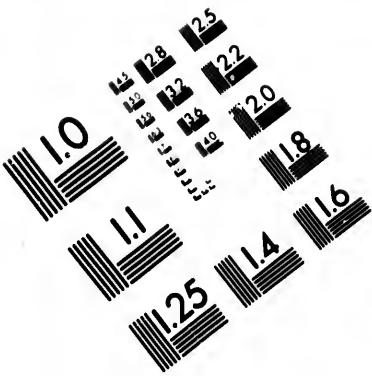
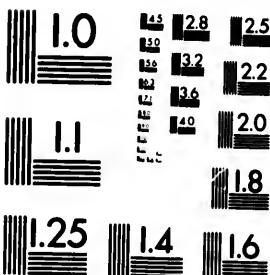
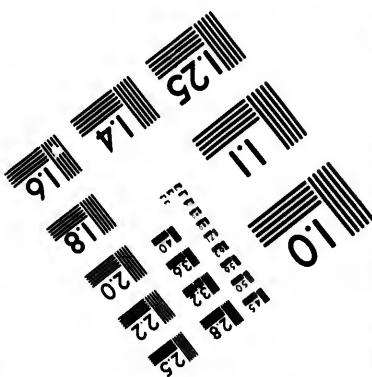


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



6"



Photographic
Sciences
Corporation

23 WEST MAIN STREET
WEBSTER, N.Y. 14580
(716) 872-4503

6
18
20
22
24
26
28
30
32
34
36

Oil

La Reyna Gobernadora.

DON Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, Regente de la nuestra Audiencia de los Grados de la Ciudad de Sevilla, sa-bed, que el Rey nuestro Señor (que está en gloria) por una su Carta, y Provision de diezy nueve de Março de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y cinco, hizo merced a Ricarte Antonio, Consul de la Nacion Inglesa, y a los vassallos del Rey de Inglaterra, que residen, y comercian en el Andaluzia, y principalmente en essa Ciudad, y en la de Cadiz, y Sanlucar, de que se les guarde los privilegios, y exencpciones, y facultades que les tocan, así por los capitulos de las pazes, como por las confirmaciones, y otras mercedes, è indultos de las que el Rey mi Señor Don Phelipe Tercero, que tambien está en gloria, les diò, y concedió, y con facultad de poder nombrar Juez Conservador, que les haga guardar los dichos privilegios, y sus preeminentias, y que este fuese uno de los Jueces de la dicha Audiencia, el que la dicha Nacion nombrasse, en la forma, y con las calidades, y condiciones en la dicha Provision declaradas; y por una Cedula de veinte y dos de Noviembre de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y ocho, diò comision para ello al Licenciado Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, que fue del Consejo, y Regente de la dicha nuestra Audiencia en laqual han subcedido, en virtud de Cedulas de su Magestad, los Regentes que despues del dicho Don Geronimo lo han fido de la dicha Audiencia: y ultimamente por otra de treze de Julio de mil y seiscientos y sesenta y cuatro mandó, que continuasse en ella Don Lorenzo Santos de San Pedro, del nuestro Consejo, que tambien sirvió la dicha Regen-

The Queen Governess.

DON Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, Regent of our Court of Degrees of the City of Sevilla, Know, That our Lord the King, which is in Glory, by a Letter of his, and a Decree of the Nineteenth of March, One thousand six hundred forty five, did grant to Richard Anthony, Consul of the English Nation, and to the Subjects of the King of England, which reside and trade in Andaluzia, principally in this City, and in that of Cadiz and San Lucar, that the Privileges, Exemptions, and Liberties which concern them, should be observed, as well those granted by the Articles of Peace, as by the Confirmations and other Favours and Indultos of those which my Lord the King, Don Philip the Third, (who also is in Glory) gave them, and granted them, with Liberty to name a Judge Conservator, which should cause their Privileges and Preheminences to be observed, and that he should be one of the Judges of the said Court, which the said Nation should name, and in the Form, and with the Qualities and Conditions in the said Decree declared: And by a Cedula of the Twenty sixth of November, One thousand six hundred forty and eight, a Commission was paid for it to Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel, who was of the Council, and Regent of our said Court, wherein have succeeded by virtue of his Majesties said Cedula, the Regent's which, after the said Don Geronimo, have been of the said Court: And lastly, By another of the Thirteenth of July, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, it was Ordered, that Don Lorenzo Santos de San Pedro, of our Council, should continue therecia,

cia, segun mas largo de la dicha Provision, y Cedula, a que nos referimos, se contiene. Y porque el dicho Don Lorenzo ha sido proveido al dicho nuestro Consejo; y por orden nuestra ha ido a las Islas de Canaria à diferentes negocios de nuestro servicio, y conviene que aya Ministro, que tenga a su cargo la observancia de los dichos privilegios, conforme à la merced que hizo el Rey nuestro Señor a la Nacion, confiando de vos que lo hareis con la rectitud, entereza que conviene, avemos tenido por bien de os encargar, y cometer, como por la presente os encargamos, y cometemos la proteccion, y amparo de todo ello; y os mandamos veais la dicha Cedula de veinte y dos de Noviembre de mil y seiscientos y quarenta y ocho, en que dio su Magestad la dicha comission al Lic. Don Geronimo del Pueyo Araciel para la dicha observancia, y guarda de las calidades, condiciones, y preeminentias, que estan concedidas a la dicha Nacion por los dichos sus privilegios, y como si con vos hablara, y a vos fuera dirigida desde su principio, la guardéis, cumplais, y executeis, y hagais guardar, cumplir, y executar en todo, y por todo, segun, y como en ella se contiene, usando de la dicha comission en la forma que él, y los demás vuestros antecesores que la han tenido, la han usado, y exercitado, sin limitacion, ni moderacion alguna, que para todo ello, y qualquier cosa, y parte de ello, y lo que a ello fuere anexo, y dependiente, os damos la misma comission, con sus incidencias, y dependencias, anexidades, y conexidades; y declaramos que desta merced aveis pagado el derecho de la Media anata que importó siete mil y quinientos Maravedis, el qual hasta la misma cantidad han de pagar los que

in, who also served the said Regency, as more largely in the said Provision and Cedula doth appear, to which we refer. And because that the said Don Lorenzo hath been impowered by our said Council, and by our Order is gone to the Islands of the Canaries upon divers Affairs of our Service; and it being convenient, that there be a Minister that may take care of the Observance of the said Privileges, according to the Grant of our Lord the King to that Nation, trusting that you will act with Rectitude and Integrity, as is convenient, We have thought fit to give you Charge and Commission, as by these Presents We do give you Charge and Commission, for the Protection and Defence of all therein contained; and We do Command you to see, that the said Cedula of the Two and twentieth of November, of the Year One thousand six hundred forty and eight, in which his Majesty gave the said Commission to Don Geronymo del Pueyo Araciel, for the said Observation and Preservation of the Articles, Conditions, and Preheminences, which are granted to the said Nation by those his said Privileges, that you Observe, Accomplish, and Execute it, and cause it to be Observed, Accomplished, and Executed, in all and through all, according as if it had been spoken and directed to you from the beginning, as therein is contained, using the said Commission in the Form that he and the rest of your Ancestors (that have holden it) have done and executed, without Limitation, or any Moderation, that for all of it, and whatsoever thing and part thereof, and that shall be annexed to it, and belong thereunto; We give the same Commission, with its Incidences, Dependencies, Annexities, and Connexions.

sucedieren en la dicha comision, por razon de los emolumentos que dà la dicha Nacion, por la ocupacion de ella. Fecha en Madrid, à veinte y ocho de Agosto, de mil y seiscientos y sesenta y siete años.

To la Reyna.

Por Mandado de su Magestad,

Bartolomè de Legaza.

ties; and Declare, that for this Grant you have paid the Duty de la media Anata, which imports Seven thousand five hundred Marayedis; which said Sum shall be paid by those who shall succeed in the said Commission, on account of the Privileges which the said Nation enjoyeth, and for the Use thereof. Done in Madrid, the Twenty eighth of August, of the Year One thousand six hundred sixty seven.

I the Queen.

By Command of Her Majesty,

Bartolomè de Legaza.

EN Sevilla en treze de Setiembre, de mil y seiscientos y sesenta y siete años, su Señoria el Señor Doctor Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, del Consejo de su Magestad, y su Regente en esta Real Audiencia, aviendo visto la Real Cedula de su Magestad, que Dios guarde, en que nombra à su Señoria por Juez Conservador de la Nacion Inglesa, su Señoria la obedecia, y obedecio con el respeto debido, y acepto la jurisdiccion que por la dicha Real Cedula se le daba, y està presto de usar de ella, y assi lo mando, y firmó.

D^r. Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo.

Ante mi,

*Antonio Gonçales de Avellaneda,
Escrivano.*

Y visto todo por su Señoria el dicho Señor Regente, proveyó el auto del tenor siguiente,

C

IN Sevilla the Thirteenth of September, in the Year, One thousand six hundred sixty seven, his Lordship Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, of the Council of her Majesty, and her Regent in this Royal Court, having seen the Royal Cedula of her Majesty, whom God preserve, in which his Lordship is named for Judge Conservator of the English Nation, his Lordship obeyed, and doth obey it with the due respect, and accepted the Jurisdiction, which by the said Royal Cedula is given him, and is ready to comply therewith, and Firm-ed it.

D. Rodrigo de Serrano y Trillo.

Before me,

*Antonio Gonçales de Avellaneda,
Notary.*

All which being seen by his Lordship the said Regent, he made an Act of the Tenor following, viz.

E N

is Grant
media A-
thousand.
ich said
ho shall
n, on ac-
the said
Use there-
ty eighth
thousand

een.

ty,

de Legaza.

September,
dix hun-
Don Ro-
Council of
nt in this
the Royal
n God pre-
is named
he English
and doth
et, and ac-
ich by the
him, and
, and Firm.

y Trillo.

Avellaneda,

s Lordship
Act of the

EN

AUTO.

[95]

EN la Ciudad de Sevilla en dos dias del mes de Julio, de mil seiscientos y se-
uenta y ocho años, su Señoría el Señor Doctor Don Rodríguez Serrano y Trillo, del Con-
sejo de su Magestad, y su Regente en la Real Audiencia de esta Ciudad, Juez Conservador de la Nation Inglesa, aviendo visto esta peticion, y el testimonio de los privilegios concedidos a la dicha Nacion, mandó se imprima dicho testimonio, y las Cedula de Conservatoria de su Magestad, dadas al Señor Don Geronimo de el Pueyo Araciel, que fue del Consejo de su Magestad, y su Regente que fue desta Real Audiencia, Conservador de dicha Nacion, y la dada a su Señoría para dicho efecto, juntamente con esta peticion, y auto, signado, y firma do por el presente Escrivano, se entreguen dichos testimonios impresos a dichos Consules, para el efecto que los pide, en los cuales en virtud delte auto, su Señoría interpone su autoridad, y decreto judicial, para que valgan, y hagan fee à donde se presentaren; y assi lo mandó, y firmó.

Doctor Don Rodrigo Ser-
rano y Trillo.

Ante mi,

Antonio Gonçales de Avella-
neda, Escrivano.

IN the City of Sevilla, on the Second Day of the Month of July, in the Year, One thousand six hundred sixty and eight, his Lordship Don Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo, of the Council of his Majesty, and his Regent in the Royal Court of this City, Judge Conservator of the English Nation, having seen the Petition, and the Testimony of the Privileges, granted to the said Nation, commanded that the said Testimony should be Printed, and the Cedula of Conservatorship from his Majesty, given to Don Geronimo de Pueyo Araciel, who was of the Council of his Majesty, and Regent of this Royal Court, Conservator of the said Nation, and that which was given his Lordship for the said Effect, togetherwith this Petition and Act, Signed and Firmed by the present Notary, that printed Certificates thereof should be delivered to the said Consul, for the Effect they require them, in the which, and by Virtue of this Act, his Lordship interposeth his Authority, and Judicial Decree, that it may be Valid, and given Credit to, where they shall be Presented; and so Ordered and Firmed it.

D. Rodrigo Serrano y Trillo.
Before me,

Antonio Gonçales de Avell-
neda, Notary.

Segun

Segun que lo susodicho According to the Tenor
consta, y parece de la dicha of the said Petition, Certi-
peticion, testimonio, y Cedu- ficate, and Cedula, That it
las, y para que conste, por may appear, I have given the
mandado del Señor Regente, present Certificate, by Order
di el presente testimonio en of his Lordship, the Regent,
Sevilla en ocho dias del mes this 8th Day of the Month of
de Agosto de mil y seiscien- August, One thousand six hun-
tos y seisenta y ocho años. Y dred fifty and eight, and have
fize mi signo.

AntonioGonzalez de Avellaneda. *AntonioGonçales de Avellaneda.*

PETICION.

DON Juan Bater, Dipu-
tado de la Nacion In-
gleſa, digo, que solicitando
yo por dicha Nacion la bus-
queda de una Cedula de su
Mageſtad, y Señores de su
Real Conſejo de Caſilla, fu-
dara a doce de Julio del año
paſſado de ſeſcientos y ſe-
tenta y quatro, que habla di-
cha Cedula con D. Franciſco
Diaz de Vallecilla, Juez de
comiſſion, que vino a esta
Ciudad a la viſita de ſacar
y coſas vedadas, en que ſe
manda no puedan fer viſitados
los libros de los hom-
bres de negocios de dicha
Nacion. Dicha Cedula ſe ha
hallado ſu copia, autoriza-
da de Joseph de Casas, Escri-
vano Publico de la Ciudad
de Caſiz, en poder de D. Juan
de Santa Cruz, Agente de di-
cha Nacion, y residente, y ve-
zino de Madrid, quien me la
ha remitido, con encargo ex-
preſſo de que ſe le bueſta,
para entregarla a quien ſe la
dio, y para que tenga toda
la comprobacion que ſe re-
quiere el traſlado que intento

Mr. John Bater, Deputy PETITION
of the English Nation,
declares, That ſoliciting for
the ſaid Nation, the search-
ing for a Cedula from his
Majeſtad, and the Lords of his
Royal Council of Caſile, da-
ted the Twelfth of July, of
the Year paſt, One thouſand
ſix hundred seventy and four,
which ſaid Cedula hath re-
ference to Don Franciſco
Diaz de Vallecilla, Judge,
which came to this City
with a Commission to search
after prohibited Goods, and
things Exported, wherein it
is Ordered, that the Mer-
chants Books of the ſaid
Nation may not be viſited.
A Copy of the ſaid Cedula
hath been found Authorized
by Joseph de Casas, Notary
Publick of the City of Caſiz,
in the power of D. Juan de
Santa Cruz, Agent of the
ſaid Nation, residing, and
an Inhabitant of Madrid,
who hath delivered it to me
with express Charge, that I
return it to him, to deliver
it to him, that gave it him,
B facar

facar del referido de dicha Real Cedula. A. V. S. pido, y suplico mande, que el presente Escrivano de esta comision saque copia del traslado de la dicha Real Cedula, para que quede en la Escrivania de dicha Nacion, para los casos que se le ofrezcan, y se me buelva el traslado de la dicha Real Cedula, para volverla a remitir a quien me la remitiò. Pido justicia, &c.

Don Juan Bater.

and that the Copy which I intend to take of the said Royal Cedula, may have all the Comprobation that is necessary, I desire and intreat your Lordship to order, That the present Notary in this Commission, may take a Copy of the said Royal Cedula, that it may remain in the Secretaries Office of the said Nation, for the cases that may offer, and that the Copy of the said Royal Cedula, may be returned to me, that I may send it back to him, who sent it me. I ask Justice, &c.

John Bater.

A U T O.

El presente Escrivano de esta comision saque copia de la Real Provision que presenta, con esta peticion, para el efecto que en ella se dice, y fecho, se buelva á esta parte, y en dicho traslado su Señoria interponia, è interpuso su autoridad, y decreto judicial, quanto ha lugar por derecho. Proveyólo el Señor Licenciado, Don Lucas Trelles Villamiel, del Consejo de su Magestad, y su Oydo mas antiguo en la Real Audiencia de esta Ciudad, y Juez Conservador de la Nacion Inglesa. En Sevilla, en cinco de Julio de mil y seiscientos ochenta y nueve años.

Henrique Luyder.

Real Provision.

DON Carlos, por la Gracia de Dios, Rey de Castilla, de Leon, de Aragon,

THAT the present Notary A C T. of this City, may take out a Copy of the Royal Decree, that he presented with this Petition, for the Effect he declareth therein, and having so done, return it to this Party, and in the said Copy, his Lordship did interpose, and hath interposed his Authority, and Judicial Decree, as far as the Law permits, it was ordered by Don Lucas Trelles Villamiel, of his Majesties Council, and his Elder Judge in the Royal Court of this City, Judge Conservator of the English Nation. Done in Sevilla, the 6th Day of July, of the Year, One thousand six hundred eighty nine.

Henrique Luyder.

DOn Carlos, by the Grace Royal Decree. of God, King of Castilla, of Leon, of Aragon, of the Two N de

de las dos Sicilias, de Jerusalen, de Navarra, de Granada, de Valencia, de Galicia, de Mallorca, de Sevilla, de Cerdña, de Cordova, de Corcega, de Murcia, de Jaen, Señor de Vizcaya, de Molina, &c. Y la Reyna Dña Mariana de Austria, su Madre, como su Tutora, y Curadora, y Gobernadora de dichos Reynos, y Señorios; A vos el Licenciado Don Francisco Diaz de Vallecilla, nuestro Juez de comision para la visita, facas, y cosas vedadas de la Ciudad de Sevilla, y sus paridos, salud, y gracia: sepades, que el Embaxador de la Gran Bretaña, nos ha representado aveis hecho notificar a los hombres de negocios de la Nacion Inglesa de essa Ciudad aviais de visitar, y registrar, y aun rubricar los libros, y papeles de su trafico, y correspondencia, aviendo sido dicho procedimiento una manifiesta contravencion de lo que se havia capitulado por las pazes, mayormente en el capitulo treinta y uno de ellas, en que estava establecido, y ajustado todo lo que tocaba a los dichos libros, la libertad de que los tuviessen en la lengua que quisiesen; y en particular de que no pudiesen dichos negociantes el que fusciesen inquiridos, ni multados por ningun modo por ellos, ni los dichos libros registrados, ni sacados de su poder, con cuya ocasion avian recurrido los de la dicha Nacion a Don Carlos de Herrera Ramirez de Arrellano, Regente de la nuestra Audiencia de esa Ciudad, y Asistente de ella. Juez Conservador de la dicha Nacion Inglesa, pidiendo como tal Juez despachasse su carta inhibicion, inserto el referido capitulo de las pazes, para que os inhibiesedes de vuestro procedimiento, guardassedes, y cumpliessedes lo contenido en dicho capitulo, y no inquietassedes, ni pertur-

Sicilius, of Jerusalem, of Navarre, of Granada, of Valencia, of Galicia, of Mallorca, of Sevilla, of Cerdña, of Cordous, of Corcega, of Murcia, of Jaen, Lord of Biscay, of Molina, &c. the Queen Dña Mariana de Austria, his Mother, as his Tutor, Guardianess, and Governess of the said Kingdoms and Dominions; To you Don Francisco Diaz de Vallecilla, our Judge in Commission for the visit of Exportations, and things Prohibited in the City of Sevilla, and its Districts, Send Greeting: Know ye, That the Ambassador of Great Britain hath Represented to us, that you have caused to be notified to the Merchants of the English Nation of this City, that you would search and Register, and even mark the Books and Papers of their Traffick and Correspondency, which said Proceeding hath been a Manifest contravention of what hath been Agreed to by the Articles of Peace, especially, in the One and thirtieth Article thereof, in which it was Established and Agreed, to all that relates to the said Books, that they might have liberty to keep them in what Tongue they pleased, and in particular, that the said Merchants might not be Examined, nor upon any account whatsoever Fined by them, nor the said Books Registered, nor taken from them, upon which occasion, those of the said Nation have had recourse to Don Carlos de Herrera Ramirez de Arrellano, Regent of our Court of this City, and Governor thereof, and Judge Conservator of the said English Nation, requiring him, as such Judge, that he would dispatch his Letter of Inhibition, inserting the aforesaid Article of Peace, that you might desist from your Proceedings, and keep and observe what is contained in the said Article, and might not dis-
baffades

bassades à los de la dicha Nacion, como con efecto avia despachado dicha inhibitoria, sin embargo de la qual os oponiades, y perseveravades en vuestro primer proposito, y se tenia noticia solicitavades resuerço de comision, y autoridad para proseguir vuestro intento, en que parecia atendiad es mas a vuestro particular interès, que a ninguna conveniencia que pudiesse resultarnos de la dicha molestia a los comerciantes, y violacion del dicho tratado, suplicandnos nos sirviessemos de proveer de remedio, y os mandassemos cessades; y sobrecediesfades en vuestro procedimiento, y pretencion, y cumpliesfades con la inhibicion que se os avia puesto, no debiendo sacrificarse intereses tan publicos al particular de ninguno, y juntamente despachassemos orden para que todos, y cualesquier Juezes observassen los capitulos de las pazes entre las dos Coronas, y que sin pretexto alguno no se entrometiesen en el conocimiento de las causas de los Ingleses, ni se arrojassen à jurisdiccion alguna sobre los susodichos, sino era sus Juezes Conservadores; y visto por el de nuestro Consejo, y el capitulo referido, que es del tenor siguiente; ' Los habitantes, y suditos de una parte, y otra podrán en todas las partes de las tierras de la obediencia de dichos Señores Reyes, valerde de los Abogados, Procuradores, Escrivanos, y Solicitadores, que mejor les pareciere, à los quales podrán encargar sus pleytos, por consentimiento de los Juezes Ordinarios quando fuere necesario, y la parte litigante lo pidiere, y no serán constraintos de exhibir sus libros, y papeles de cuentas a alguna persona, no siendo parada evidencia, para evitar pleytos, y controversias, ni serán embargados, detenidos, ni sa-

quiet, and disturb those of the said Nation, as in effect he had dispatched the said Inhibition, notwithstanding which, you have opposed and persevered in your first Intent, and there was Notice, that you were soliciting a stronger Commission and Authority, to prosecute your Intent, in which it seems you had more regard to your particular Interest, than the Inconveniency which might result to us, from the said trouble given the Merchants, and the violating of the said Treaty, desiring, that we would be pleased to provide a Remedy, and command you, that you would cease and forbear your Proceedings, and Pretensions, and comply with the Inhibition I have laid on you, for such Publick Concerns ought not to be Sacrificed for Private Ends; and likewise, that we would send an Order, that all Judges whatsoever shall observe the Articles of Peace between the TwoCrowns, and that under no Pretence they shall intermeddle, or take Cognizance of the Causes relating to the English Nation, nor presume to any Jurisdiction over them, unless it be their Judges Conservators; and the Article which is referred to it, having been Perused by our Council, is of the Tenor following, viz. ' The Inhabitants and Subjects of the one Part and the other, may in all Parts or Territories, under the Obedience of the said Kings, make use of Advocates, Proctors, Notaries, and Solicitors, which they shall best think fit, to whom they may give Charge of their Law Suits, by Consent of the Judges ordinary, when it shall be necessary, and the Plaintiffs shall require it; and they shall not be constrained to Exhibit their Books and Papers of Account, to any Person, unless it be to make Proof to

cados de sus manos, por ninguna causa que sea ; y serà permitido a los subditos, y habitantes de una, y otra parte en los lugares donde tuvieran su residencia, que los libros de su trafico, y correspondencia sean, en la lengua que quisieren, en *Español, Ingles, Flamenco, o otras,* sin que por esto puedan ser molestados, ni inqueridos con lo demás concedido a qualquiera otra Nacion en particular de dichos libros de su trafico, y correspondencia.' Se acordò debiamos de mandar dar esta nuestra Carta para vos, en en la dicha razon, y nos lo tuvimos por bien, por la qual os mandamos, que siendoos mostrada, veais el dicho capitulo que de suso vā incorporado, y le guardéis, cumplais, y executeis en todo, y por todo como en èl se contiene, sin le contravenir con pretexo alguno, y no fagades en deal pena de la nuestra merced, y de veinte mil Maravedis para la nuestra Camara ; y mandamos so la dicha pena à qualquier Escrivano que fuere requerido con esta nuestra Carta, os lo notifique, y dè testimonio de ello. Dada en *Madrid,* à doze dias del mes de *Julio,* de mil y seiscientos y setenta y quattro años.

El Condo de Villa Umbrosa.

Lic. D. Gil de Castejon.

Lic. D. Alonso de los Rios Angulo.

Lic. Don Antonio de Riano y Salamanca.

Lic. D. Martin de Olea.

' avoid Law Suits and Controversies, nor shall they be Attacked, Detained, nor Taken out of their Hands, for any Cause whatsoever, and it shall be Lawful for the Subjects and Inhabitants of the one Part and the other, in the Places where they shall have their Residence, that they may keep their Books of Traffick, and Correspondency in what Tongue they will, in *Spanish, English, Flemish,* or any other, without that by reason hereof they may be Molested, or Examined, with what else is Granted to any other Nation in particular, relating to the said Books of Traffick, or Correspondency ;' And we having thought good for the said Reasons, that we ought to send you this our Letter, by which we Command you, that upon Exhibiting to you the abovesaid recited Article, that you Observe, Accomplish, and Execute the same in all, and thro' all, as is therein contained, without Contravening it under any Pretext whatsoever, and a Penalty of Twenty thousand Maravedis for our Exchequer; and we Command under the said Penalties any Notary whatsoever, who shall be required to Notify you with this our Letter, to give you a Certificate thereof. Given in *Madrid,* the Twelfth day of *July,* of the Year, One thousand six hundred seventy and four.

The Count de Villa Umbrosa.

Doctor Gil. de Castejon.

Don Alonso de los Rios Angulo.

Don Antonio de Riano y Salamanca.

Don Martin de Olea.

YO *Miguel Fernandes de Noriega,* Secretario de su Magistad, y su Escrivano de Camara, la fizé escrivano, por su

IMIGUEL FERNANDES DE NORIEGA, his Majesties Secretary of State, and of the Council, ordered this to be Written by Man-

Mandado, con acuerdo de los de su Consejo. Registrada.

D. Pedro de Cañeda, Chanciller Mayor.
Don Pedro de Cañeda.

his Commands, and with Consent of his Council. Registered by

D. Pedro de Cañeda, High Chancellor.
D. Pedro de Cañeda.

Concuerda con su Original, que al presente queda en los papeles de mi el presente Escrivano de su Magestad, y de la Audiencia, y juzgado del Tenor Teniente D. Miguel García de Arce, à que me refiero, de donde saqué este traslado de pedimento de la parte de los hombres de negocios de la Nacion Inglesa de esta Ciudad de Sevilla, en ella en veinte y nueve dias del mes de Agosto, de mil y seiscientos y setenta y quattro años, en este pliego de papel del sello tercero, y otro intermedio de papel comun. Y en see de ello lo signé, y firmé. En Testimonio de verdad,

Juan de la Barrera, Escrivano.

A Greeth with the Original, which at present remains amongst the Papers of me the present Notary for his Majesty, and the Court, whereof Don Miguel García de Arce is Judge, to which I refer my self, from whence was taken the Copy at the Request, and in the behalf of the Merchants of the English Nation of this City of Sevilla, the Twenty ninth Day of the Month of August, of the Year, One thousand six hundred seventy and four, contained in this Sheet of Stamped Paper, and another of common Paper. In Witness hereof I Signed and Firmed it. In Testimony of the Truth,

Juan de la Barrera, Notary.

Concuerda con la copia original, que signada, y firmada del dicho Juan de la Barrera, Escrivano, exhibió ante mi D. Carlos Ruzel, hombre de negocios de la Nacion Inglesa en esta Ciudad, à quien la bolvi, y firmó aqui su recibo, y de su pedimento lo signé, y firmé en Cadiz, en quinze de Abril, de mil y seiscientos, y ochenta años.

Carlos Ruzel.

En testimonio de verdad,
Joseph de Casas, Escrivano Publico.

A Grees with the Original Copy, Signed and Firmed by the said Juan de la Barrera Notary, Exhibited before me Don Carlos Ruffel, Merchant of the English Nation in this City, to whom I returned it, and he Firmed here his Receipt, and at his Request I Signed and Firmed it in Cadiz, the 15th day of April, of the Year, One thousand six hundred and eighty.

Charles Ruffel.

In Testimony of the Truth,
Joseph de Casas, Notary Publick.

Concuerda con la peticion, y auto, y copia traslado de traslado de la Real Provision, a que me refiero, y saqué en virtud del dicho auto, y hol-

A Grees with the Petition, and Act, and Copy of the Abstract drawn of the Royal Decree, to which I refer my self; which I took out by Virtue

vi dicha copia de traslado de dicha Real Provision à Don Juan Bater, Diputado do dicha Nacion Inglesa de esta Ciudad de Sevilla, en ella en cinco de Julio, de mil y seiscientos y ochenta y nueve años, enm^{do} b. c. L. b. L. c. valga. tt^{do} da. licenc. no valga.

Juan Bater.
Henrique Luiders.

Concuerda este translado con las Reales Cédulas, Peticiones, y Autos de donde fue sacado, que para este efecto ante mi Alonso del Pino y Alçola, Escrivano Público del numero desta Ciudad de Sevilla, exhibió D. Juan Joseph del Pino y Alçola, vecino desta Ciudad, y Agente de la Nacion Inglesa, hombres de negocios que residen en ella, y con este dicho translado bolviò à su poder todo lo referido, y su recibo firmó aqui de su nombre. Fecho en Sevilla en quattro de Agosto, de mil y seiscientos y noventa años.

Don Juan Joseph del Pino y Alçola.
E fize mi signo,
Alonso del Pino, Escrivano Público de
Sevilla.

LOS Escrivanos Publicos del numero de esta Ciudad de Sevilla, que aqui firmamos, damos fe, que Alonso del Pino y Alçola, de quien este traslado está signado, y firmado, es Escrivano público de Sevilla, y a las escrituras, y demás instrumentos que ante el fujo dicho han passido, y passan, se les ha dado, y dà entera fe, y credito en juicio, y fuera dèl. Fecho en Sevilla en quattro de Agosto, de mil y seiscientos y noventa años.

of the said Act, and returned the said Copy of the said Royal Decree to Don John Bater, Deputy of the English Nation, of this City of Sevilla, the Fifth of July, One thousand six hundred eighty and nine.

John Bater.
Henry Leyder.

THIS Copy agrees with the Royal Cédulas, Petitions, and Acts from whence it was drawn, and for that purpose, D. Juan Joseph de Pino y Alçola, Inhabitant of this City, Agent of the English Nation, and Merchants which reside therein, did exhibit it before me Alonso del Pino y Alçola, Notary Publick of this City of Sevilla, and with the said Copy I returned to him all the aforesaid, and the Receipt thereof he hath put his Name to. Done in Sevilla, the Fourth Day of August, of the Year, One thousand six hundred and ninety.

Signed,

Don Juan Joseph del Pino y Alçola.
Alonso del Pino, Notary Publick
of Sevilla.

WE the Notary Publicks, of the number of this City of Sevilla, who have hereunto Subscribed, do Certifie that Alonso del Pino y Alçola, by whom this Copy is Signed and Firmed, is a Notary Publick of Sevilla, and that to the Writings and Instruments, which before the abovesaid have passed, and do pass, hath been given and is given entire Faith and Credit in Court and out of it. Done in Sevilla the Fourth Day of Joseph

August, of the Year, One thousand six hundred and ninety.

Joseph Lopez Albaran, Escrivano Publico de Sevilla.

Pedro Prieto, Escrivano Publico de Sevilla.

Toribio Fernandez, Escrivano Publico de Sevilla.

Joseph Lopez Albaran, Notary Publick of Sevilla.

Pedro Prieto, Notary Publick of Sevilla.

Toribio Fernandez, Notary Publick of Sevilla.

Concuerda este traslado con el de donde se facò, que para efecto de sacar esta copia exhibiò ante mi D. Guillermo Hodges, hombre de negocios en el comercio desta Ciudad, à quien lo holti y firmò aqui su recibo; y de si pedimento le doy el presente escrito en treinta fojas con esta, primero, y ultimo pliego del sello segundò, y las demás de papel comun. En Cadiz, a diez y nueve dias del mes de Setiembre, de mil seiscientos y noventa y dos años. em^{do}. Prov. os. f. ido. vale. tod. por. y. no vale.

Guillermo Hodges.

En Testimonio de verdad,

Francisco del Solar, Escrivano Publico.

Damos fe, que *Francisco del Solar*, de quien este traslado va signado, y firmado, es Escrivano Publico del numero desta Ciudad de Cadiz, fiel, legal, y de confiança, y a sus testimonios, y demás despachos siempre se ha dado, y dà entera fe en juicio, y fuera dél. Cadiz, ut supra.

Pedro de Garnica, Escrivano.

Juan de Galves Trexo, Escrivano Publico.

Juan Ortiz, Escrivano.

LOS hombres de negocios en el comercio de esta Ciudad de Cadiz, que aqui firmamos, certificamos, que

THIS Copy agrees with that from whence it was drawn, which was exhibited to me, by Sir William Hodges of this City, Merchant, in order to give an Abstract thereof to whom I returned it, and he Signed here his Receipt; and at his Request, I have given these Presents, written in Thirty Leaves, with this, the first and last Sheet being Stamped, and the rest Common Paper. In Cadiz, the Nineteenth Day of the Month of September, of the Year, One thousand six hundred ninety and two.

William Hodges.

In Testimony of the Truth,

Francisco del Solar, Notary Publick.

WE do certifie, That *Francisco del Solar*, by whom this Copy goes Signed and Markt, is a Notary Publick, of the number of this City of Cadiz, Faithful, Legal, and of Truth, and that to his Testimonies and other Dispatches always hath been given, and is given, entire Faith and Credit in Court, and out of it. Cadiz, as above.

Pedro de Garnica, Notary.

Juan Galves Trexo, Notary Publick.

Juan Ortiz, Notary.

WE the Merchants of this City of Cadiz, which have hereunto Subscribed do Certifie, That *Francisco del Solar*,

Francisco del Solar, de quien vâ signado, y firmado este trastado, y los tres que le comprueban, todos quatro son Escrivanos en esta Ciudad, fieles, legales, y de confianza, y a sus testimonios, y demás despachos siempre se ha dado, y dâ entera fee, y credito en todos juicios. *Cadiz*, ut supra.

ESTA Copia que consta de diez y ochoas Foxas con esta, concuerda con la que Exhibio ante mi Don *Carlos Ruzel* de la dicha Nacion Inglesa, Vecino desta Ciudad a que me refiero y una, y otra se la bolvi à entregar, y firmo aqui su recibo, y de su pedimento signe y firmè ésta en la Ciudad de Cadiz, a catorzedias del mes de Agosto, de mil seiscientos y noventa y cinco años. En Testimonio de verdad,

Juan Antonio de Torres, Escrivano Publico.

lar, by whom this Copy is Signed and Markt, and the Three which prove him, are all Four Notaries of this City, Faithful, Legal, and of Trust, and that to their Testimonies and Dispatches always hath been given, and is given entire Faith and Credit in all Courts. *Cadiz*, as above.

THIS Copy which consists of Eighteen Leaves with this, agrees with that which was Exhibited to me by Mr *Charles Russell* of the English Nation, Inhabitant of this City, to which I refer myself, and I returned him the one and the other, and he hath given here his Receipt, and at his Request I have Signed and Rubrick'd these Presents in the City of Cadiz, the Fourteenth Day of the Month of Augst, of the Year, One thousand six hundred ninety five. In Witness of the Truth,

Juan Antonio de Torres, Notary Publick.

Spondent mutuò Regis suæ Majestatis, sese omnes & singulos Tractatus antecedentis Articulos, & quæcunque in iisdem, ut & Schedulis annexis, Privilegia, Concessiones, Concordata, aliâve cujuscunque generis ad Subditos utrinque redundantia beneficia continentur, bonâ fide præstuturas, & adimplenturas; utque à Ministris suis & Officiis aliisque Subditis præstentur & adimpleantur, omni tempore curatras; ita ut plenario eorundem omnium & singulorum effectu, iis solummodo exceptis, de quibus in sequentibus Articulis ad reciprocam Satisfactionem aliter statutum est, ut & eorum omnium quæ in Articulis sequentibus continen-

T Heir Royal Majesties do mutually promise, that they will faithfully perform and fulfil all and every one of the Articles of the foregoing Treaty, and all Privileges, Concessions, Agreements, or other Advantages whatsoever, arising to the Subjects on either side, which are contained in them, or in the annexed Schedules; and that they will at all times cause the same to be performed and fulfilled by their Ministers, Officers, or other Subjects, so that the Subjects on each side may enjoy the full Effect of all and every one of them, (those only excepted, concerning which some thing else shall be Established in the following Article,

ed and
prove
is Ci-
t, and
l Dis-
and is
in all

gheen
th that
Charles
Inhabiter
for my
one and
his Re-
Signed
the City
of the
r, One
five. In

Notary

mutually
faithful-
very one
Treaty,
, Agree-
whatsoe-
n either
them, or
nd that
he same
by their
Subjects,
side may
nd every
xcepted,
else shall
ng Arti-
tur,

tur, Subditi hinc inde gaudeant in posterum, & fruantur. Confirmatur insuper & de novo ratihabetur Tractatus Anno 1670. inter Coronas Magnae Britanniae & Hispanie, pro tollendis Dissidiis, Depredationibus restringendis, stabilendaque Pace in Americâ, inter dictas Coronas initus, sine Prajudicio nihilominus Contractus alicujus, alijsve Privilegiij aut Licentia Reginae Magnae Britanniae, ejusve Subditis, per Majestatem suam Catholicam concessis in Tractatu Pacis nuperrimè conclusæ, aut in Contractu de Assento, atque etiam absq; Prajudicio Libertatis, aut Facultatis alicujus Subditis Britannicis antea sive competentis, sive permisæ, aut indultæ.

II.

Subditi Regiarum suarum Majestatum in Dominiis earundem alterutrinque Mercaturam facientes, non tenebuntur majora pro Mercibus ab ipsis importatis exportandisve, Veetigalia, alijsve Onera quæcunque solvere, quam quæ à Subditis amicissimæ cuiusvis Gentis exigentur, & solventur; ac si quæ Veetigalium Diminutiones, alijsve Beneficia exteræ cuivis Genti ab unâ alterâ parte concedi in posterum contigerit, iisdem quoque utriusque Corona Subditi reciproce & plenissimè gaudebunt. Et sicuti circa Veetigalium Rationes, uti supra convenutum, ita etiam pro Regula generali inter Regias suas Majestates statutum est, quod omnes & singuli ipsarum Subditi in omnibus Terris Locisque hinc inde earundem Imperio Subjectis, circa omnes Impositores aut Veetigalia quæcunque, Personas, Merces, Mercimonias, Naves, Naula, Nauatas, Navigationem & Commercia concernentia, iisdem ad minimum Prive-

cles, to the mutual Satisfaction of each Party) and of all those likewise which are contained in the following Articles. Moreover the Treaty of 1670. made between the Crowns of Great Britain and Spain, for preventing all Differences, restraining Depredations, and Establishing Peace between the said Crowns in America, is again Ratified and Confirmed, without any Prejudice however to any Contract, or other Privilege or Leave granted by his Catholick Majesty to the Queen of Great Britain or her Subjects, in the late Treaty of Peace; or in the Contract of Assento, as likewise without Prejudice to any Liberty or Power, which the Subjects of Great Britain enjoyed before, either through Right, Sufferance or Indulgence.

II.

The Subjects of their Majesties, Trading respectively in the Dominions of their said Majesties, shall not be bound to Pay greater Duties, or other Imports whatsoever, for their Imports or Exports, than shall be exacted of, and paid by the Subjects of the most favoured Nation; and if it shall happen in time to come, that any Diminutions of Duties, or other Advantages shall be granted by either side, to any Foreign Nation, the Subjects of each Crown shall reciprocally and fully enjoy the same. And as it has been Agreed, as is above mentioned, concerning the Rates of Duties, so it is Ordained as a General Rule between their Majesties, that all and every one of their Subjects shall, in all Lands and Places subject to the Command of their respective Majesties, use and enjoy, at least the same Privileges, Liberties and Immunities, concerning all Imposts or Duties whatsoever, which relate to Persons, Wares, O giis,

giis, Libertatibus, & Immunitatibus u-tantur, fruantur, parique favore in omnibus gaudeant, tam in Curulis Justitiae, quam in iis omnibus quæ sive Commercia, sive aliud Jus quodcunque respiciunt, quibus amicissima quævis Gens extera uiruit, fruatur, gaudetque, aut in posterum uiri, frui, aut gaudere possit, prout in Articulo 38º Tractatus de Anno 1667. in Articulo praecedente speciatim inserti, fusi explicatur.

III.

Quandquidem per Tractatum Pacis inter Regias suas Majestates nuperrimè conculsum, pro Basi & Fundamento positum & stabilitum fuerit, quod Subditi Britannici per omnia in Regnis Hispanie, iisdem uerentur & fruentur Priviliis, & in re Commerciorum Libertatibus, quibus tempore Caroli Secundi gavisi sunt; eaque proindè Regula Tractatus præsentis Commerciorum Basis pariter & Fundamentum sit, & esse debet, quod & reciprocè quoad Subditos Hispanie in Magnâ Britannia commercantes intelligitur, in iis omnibus quæ ipsi per Pacta competunt: Cumque ad Commerciorum Rationes rite & mutuâ cum Utilitate constituendas, plurimum faciat Vectigalium pendendorum certa, clara, & maximè expedita Methodus; Conventum proindè & conculsum est, quod intra trimestre spatiū à ratihabito hoc Tractatu, Madriti vel Gadibus convenient ex parte utriusque Regia Majestatis Commissarii, ad id hinc indè designandi & constituendi, quorum Operâ componatur, absque omni temporis dispedio, Index sive Catalogus novus, qui in unoquoque Portu prostatib[us] publicè, quique Vectigalia super Mercibus in Castiliam, Arragoniam, Valentiam & Cataluniam introdu-

Merchandise, Ships, Freighting, Mariners, Navigation and Commerce, and enjoy the same Favour in all things (as well in the Courts of Justice, as in all those things which relate to Trade, or any other Right whatsoever) as the most favoured Nation uses and enjoys, or may use and enjoy for the future, as is Explained more at large in the 38th Article of the Treaty of 1667. which is specially inserted in the foregoing Article.

III.

Whereas by the Treaty of Peace lately concluded between their Royal Majesties, it was laid as the Basis and Foundation of the said Treaty, That the Subjects of Great Britain should use and enjoy the same Privileges and Liberty of Trade throughout all the Dominions of Spain, which they enjoyed in the Time of Charles the Second; And therefore the same Rule is likewise and ought to be the Basis and Foundation of the present Treaty of Commerce (which is understood to extend reciprocally to the Subjects of Spain Trading in Great Britain, in regard to whatsoever, by Agreement, belongs to them:) And whereas a certain, clear, and expeditious Method of paying the Duties is of the greatest use in settling Trade upon a good Foot, and to the mutual Advantage of each Nation; It is therefore Agreed and Concluded, That within the space of Three Months from the Ratification of this Treaty, Commissioners appointed for that purpose by their respective Majesties, shall meet on the part of each of their Royal Majesties, either at Madrid or Cadiz; By whom a New Book of Rates shall, without any delay of time, be made, which Book of Rates shall be Published in every cendis,

cendis, aut inde avehendis, in posterum pendenda speciatim exprimat, & contineat, & eo modo constitut, ut in unum reducantur, & in uno Vectigali & una in summâ pendenda contineantur omnia varia Onera, quæ tempore nuperi Regis Caroli Secundi, variis sub Noninibus, & in diversis Teloniis, super Mercibus intrantibus aut exēuntibus in Portibus Hispanie, comprehensis etiam Regnis Aragonie & Valentie, Principatuque Catalannie, exceptis tantummodo Guipuscoa & Biscaya, de quibus infra dicetur, soluta erant.

Port, and shall contain, and severally express the Duties which are hereafter to be paid for Wares brought into, or carried out of Castile, Arragon, Valencia, and Catalonia, and shall settle them in such a manner, that all the different Impots which, in the Time of the late King Charles the Second were paid under several Names, and in different Custom-houses, for Wares entring into or going out of the Ports of Spain (the Kingdoms of Arragon and Valencia, and the Principality of Catalonia being comprehended therein, Guipuscoa and Biscaya, of which mention shall be made hereafter, only excepted) shall be put together and be contained in one Duty, and payable only in one Sum.

But whereas the British Ambassador made pressing Instances, that it might be given as a Rule to the said Commissaries, that no greater Duties, or other Impots whatsoever, should be made payable in any Port, wet or dry, in his said Catholick Majesties Dominions by the said New Book of Rates, than what were paid in the Custom-houses of the Port of St. Mary's or Cadiz, in the Reign of the late King of Spain Charles the Second; the Ambassadors of Spain have Consented, and it is Agreed and Stipulated, That that Rule shall be observed in those very Ports of Cadiz and St. Mary's; So that all Augmentations of Duties which were introduced in the said Ports after the Time of Charles the Second, on occasion of the War, or under the Title of Habilitation, or any other whatsoever, ceasing and being taken away, the British Subjects shall not, before or after the said Book of Rates is settled, be bound to pay any greater Duties, of what sort soever, or under what name soever, for their Imports or

Cum autem per Legatum Britannicum quam instantissime postulatum fuerit, ut dictis Commissariis pro Regula præscriberetur, illud in novo Indice præ- primis curare, ne per eundem majora nulla Vectigalia, aliave Onera quæcunque in Portu aliquo, sive Maritimo, sive Terrestri, intra Regis Catholici Dominia, exigenda & solvenda in posterum sint, quam quæ in Teloniis Portus Sancte Marie aut Gadium, regnante nupero Rege Hispaniarum Carolo Secundo, soluta fuerint; Consenserunt Legati Hispanie, adeoque conventum & stipulatum est, quod nempe quoad ipsos Portus Gadium & Sancte Marie, ea observetur Regula, ita ut cessante & sublatâ omni Vectigalium Augmentatione, quæ post tempus Caroli Secundi, ex occasione Belli, sive sub Habilitationis nomine, aliove quocunque ibidem introducta forsitan fuit, Subditi Britannici in Portibus Sancte Marie & Gadium, pro Mercibus advectis vel avehendis nulla majora Onera cuiuscunque generis, aut sub quocunque Titulo, sive ante sive post confectos di-

Etos Indices, solvere tenebuntur, quam
quæ ibidem tempore Caroli Secundi solu-
ta fuerunt.

Dictis proindè Commissariis illud
præprimis, quoad Portus Sancte Marie
& Gadiūm observandum injungeretur, ne
in novis Indicibus conficiendis ad Indi-
ces Vectigalium antiquos, qui propter
exorbitantium Jurium per ipsos consti-
tutorum tempore Caroli Secundi in usu
esse desierant, sese conformerit, sed du-
ctum eorum tantummodo Indicum se-
quantur, quos sive vulgo Arancel, sive
Registros nuncupatos, tempore Caroli
Secundi substitisse, & secundum quos
Vectigalia soluta fuissent, compertum fu-
erit.

Quinetiam conventum pariter est,
quod Subditis Britannicis liberum om-
nino erit, Merces post soluta pro iisdem
in dictis Portibus Vectigalia, ea
nempè quæ, donec Indices supradicti
conficiantur, tempore Caroli Secundi soluta
erant, aut quæ postea ad dictorum
Indicum Tenorem pro Mercibus adve-
ctis pendenda fuerint, Terrâ Marive
transferre ad alium quemvis Dominiorum
Hispaniæ antedictorum Portum aut
Locum, neque eâ occasione Vectigalia
antea soluta, ullo modo ab ipsis exi-
gentur.

Quinetiam ad præcidendas quasunque
Lites, quales non obstante exactâ aliâ
Justitia in Hispaniâ Administratione,
ortas olim esse constat, respectu aliorum
Onerum, maximo cum Commercantium
Incommodo, & Commerciorum Präju-
dicio aliquando exactorum; Conventum
est quod Merces pro quibus Vectigalia,
procul antedictum est, Gadibus, aut in
Portu Sancte Marie soluta fuerunt, &
quæ in magnâ Mercaturâ vulgo en gros,

Exports in the Ports of St. Mary's and
Cadiz, than what were paid there in the
Time of King Charles the Second.

Moreover in regard to the Ports of
St. Mary's and Cadiz, the said Commissaries
shall be strictly enjoyned not to make the New Book of Rates according
to the Old Indexes of Duties, which,
by reason of the exorbitant Rights that
were appointed to be paid by them,
ceased to be in use in the Time of
Charles the Second, but shall follow
the Tenor of those Indexes only, (which
whether they were commonly called
Arancel or Registers) shall be found to
have subsisted in the Time of King
Charles the Second, and to have been
the Rule by which the Duties were then
paid.

And it is further Agreed, That the
Subjects of Great Britain, having paid
these Duties for their Wares in the said
Ports, to wit, those, until the New Indexes
are made, which were paid in
the Time of Charles the Second, or else
such as shall be made payable by the
said New Book of Rates, shall have
Liberty to Transport the said Wares,
either by Sea or Land, into any other
Port or Place of the aforesaid Dominions
of Spain, nor shall the Duties which
were paid before be re-exacted on that
occasion.

Moreover for preventing all Disputes,
which (notwithstanding the exact Ad-
ministration of Justice in Spain in all
other respects) have formerly arisen
concerning other Duties, which, to the
great Prejudice of Trade and Traders,
have been exacted formerly; It is Ag-
reed, That Wares which have paid
the Duties in the manner aforesaid at
Cadiz, or the Port of St. Mary's, and
are Transported in order to be sold by
ven-

vendenda transportata fuerint, ab omni alio Onere quounque per totam Hispaniam libera & immunes erunt. Ita tamen ut Mercium Proprietarius, aut Inspector Testimonia adducat, quæ Vectigalium, prout præfertur, riœ solutorum fidem faciant; sin secùs fiat, Merces per Fraudem transferri censemuntur. Respectu verò solutionis Jurium de Alcavlos, Cientos & Millones, vulgo nuncupatorum, conventum est, quod circa eadem Jura, secundum Tenorem Articulorum hujus Tractatus Quinti & Octavi agendum fit.

Quoniam verò Legati Hispanici persuasum sibi habuerunt, illæsis Regni Hispaniae Legibus, variisque ibidem Privilegiis vim Legis habentibus, atque etiam absque nimio Regis & Domini sui Præjudicio, componi non posse Vectigalia in unoquoque Hispaniae Portu ad Normam eorum quæ Gadibus aut in Portu Sancte Marie obtinuerunt, aut obtinere possint; visum proinde est istam materiam Commissariis, qui novis Indicibus conficiendis adhibiti erunt, ventilandam & decernendam relinquere.

Spondet autem Rex Catholicus, tollendas statim in dictis Portibus omnes Vectigalium Augmentationes, quæ post tempus Caroli Secundi, ex occasione Belli, five sub Habilitationis nomine, aliave quounque, ibidem introductæ forsitan fuerunt, tum etiam quod aut eadem statuetur in dictis Portibus Regula, de qua respectu Gadium & Portu Sancte Marie conventum est, aut eam fultem observandam esse Regulam, tam ante, quam post confessos dictos Indices, quæ tempore Caroli Secundi in unoquoque respectivè Portu obtinuit; ita ut majora post hac ibidem, aut in alio quounque Transitus Loco, non exigantur.

whole sale, shall be free and clear from any other Duty whatsoever, throughout all Spain, provided however, that the Proprietor of the said Wares or Factors brings Certificates, that the Duties were duly paid in the manner aforesaid, otherwise such Wares shall be look'd upon as fraudulently Transported. But as to the Payment of the Rights commonly called *de Alcavlos*, *Cientos*, and *Millones*, it is Agreed, That it shall be Regulated according to the Fifth and Eighth Article of this Treaty.

But because the Spanish Ambassadors are perswaded, that the Duties in every Port of Spain cannot be reduced to the same Rule with those which are or may become customary in Cadiz or the Port of St. Mary's, without Violating the Laws of Spain, and several Privileges there, which have the Force of Laws, nor without the too great Prejudice of their King and Master, It is therefore thought proper to leave this Matter to the Determination of the Commissaries who shall be appointed to settle the New Book of Rates.

But his Catholic Majesty promises, That he will immediately take off all Augmentations of Duties in the said Ports, which have been introduced there since the Time of Charles the Second, on occasion of the War, or under the Title of *Habilitations*, or any other whatsoever, and that either the same Rule shall be observed in those Ports, which is Agreed to in the Ports of St. Mary's and Cadiz, or else at least that the same Rule shall be observed, as well before as after the said New Book of Rates shall be made, which had obtained in each respective Port in the Time of King Charles the Second; So that

tur Vectigalia, quām quā tempore *Caroli Secundi* dictis in Locis soluta erant. In iisdem insuper ea observanda erunt, quā ratione Jurium de *Alcavalos, Cientos, & Millones*, in hoc Articulo superius in-digitantur.

Quoad Portus *Guipuscoae & Biscayae*, aliosve Legibus *Castiliæ* non Subjacentes, in quibus Tempore *Caroli II.* Vectigalia pendebantur iis minora quā *Gadibus*, aut in Portu *Sancte Mariae* soluta erant, spondet Regia sua Majestas Catholica eadem Vectigalia dictis in Locis per Novum Indicem augenda non esse; interea autem prout Tempore *Caroli II.* permanfura. Merces tam en in Portus *Biscayae & Guipuscoae* introductæ, quā in Regna *Castiliæ*, aut *Arragonie* postea per Terram deferentur, in Portu primi Introitūs earum in dicta Regna Vectigalia tempore *Caroli II.* ibidem soluta, aut quā per Novum Indicem statuentur, solvere tenebuntur.

IV.

Consentit Rex Catholicus promittitque, licitum in posterum fore Subditis *Britannicis*, qui in Provinciis *Biscayæ & Guipuscoæ* degent, Domos vel Repositoryia Mercibus suis conservandis idonea, conducere, id quod ut fieri possit, parimodo, iisdemque cum Privilegiis, quibus in *Andalusia*, aut in aliis quibusunque *Hispanicæ* Portibus aut Locis, dicti Subditi *Britannici* istâ Libertate vigore praesati Tractatus de Anno, 1667. aut etiam vigore Diplomatici alicujus, aut Ordinationis per Majestates suas Catho-

hereafter no greater Duties shall be Exacted there, or in any other Place of Passage, than what were paid in the said Places in the Time of *Charles the Second*. In the same Places shall be likewise observed what has been above appointed in this Article concerning the Rights de *Alcavalos, Cientos, and Millones*.

As to the Ports of *Guipuscoa* and *Biscaya*, and others, not subject to the Laws of *Castille*, in which less Duties were paid in the Time of *Charles the Second*, than at *Cadiz*, or in the Port of *St. Mary's*, his Catholick Majesty promises, That those Duties shall not be augmented in the said Places by the New Book of Rates, but shall, in the mean time, remain as they were in the Time of *Charles the Second*. All Wares, however brought into the Ports of *Biscaya* and *Guipuscoa*, which shall afterwards be carried by Land into the Kingdoms of *Castille* or *Arragon*, shall be bound to pay such Duties in the Port where they first enter the said Kingdoms, as were paid there in the Time of *Charles the Second*, or else such as shall be Established by the New Book of Rates.

IV.

The Catholick King consents and promises, That for the future, it shall always be lawful for the Subjects of Great Britain, Living in the Provinces of *Biscaya* and *Guipuscoa*, to hire Houses or Ware-houses fit for the Preservation of their Merchandise, and his Majesty will, by renewing his Orders to that purpose, take effectual Care that it shall be in their Power to do this in the like manner, and with the same Privileges, with which the said British Subjects, by virtue of the aforesaid Tractatus, by virtue of the aforesaid Tractatus,

licas concessæ, gavisi sunt, aut gaudere debuerint, Regia sua Majestas per Mandata repetita effectum dabit. Eadem Libertate gaudebunt Subditi Hispanici, in quibuslibet *Magna Britanniae* Portibus & Locis, cum Privilegiis omnibus ipsis per predictum Tractatum competentibus.

V.

Ut autem obviam eatur abusibus in colligendis Juribus de Alcavalos & Cientos nuncupatis, consentient Catholica sua Majestas, quod Subditis Britannicis, qui Merces suas in magnâ Scil. Mercaturâ, vulgo *en gros*, vendendas in quemcunq; Hispaniæ Portum, sive Terretrem, sive Maritimum, intulerit, in optione esse debet, utrum dicta Jura de Alcavalos & Cientos in ipso primi Appulsus Loco aut Portu, vel potius secundum Leges Castille, ubi, & quando venduntur, solvere velint. Quæ quidem Jura eadem erunt, quæ Tempore Caroli II. soluta fuerunt. Conventum etiam est, quod Merces pro quibus dicta Jura de Alcavalos & Cientos soluta sunt, fuerint, Subditi Britannici in magnâ Scil. Mercaturâ, vulgo *en gros*, vendendas mittere vel transportare poterunt ad Portum, aut Locum quemcunque Majestatis sue Catholice Dominio in Europa subiacentem, absque ullâ molestiâ, ullâ dictorum Jurium exactione repetitâ, aut etiam aliorum pro primâ venditione; ita tamen ut illi qui dictas Merces vehent, Recepta vel Testimonia à Teloniorum Redemptoribus aut Commissariis, quibus pateat dicta Jura pro iis Mercibus soluta fuisse, aliquid itidem Testimonia, dictas Merces nondum esse dividentas, probantia adducant. Quod si vero Merator quisquam Merces suas minutatim

ty of 1667. or of any Diploma or Ordinance, granted by their Catholick Majesties, did enjoy, or ought to have enjoyed that Liberty in *Andalusia*, or in any other Ports and Places of Spain whatsoever. The Subjects of Spain shall enjoy the same Liberty in any Ports and Places of Great Britain, with all the Privileges belonging to them by the aforesaid Treaty.

V.

To prevent Abuses in Collecting the Rights called *de Alcavalos & Cientos*, his Catholick Majesty Consents, that the Subjects of Great Britain, who shall bring their Wares into any Port of Spain, Wet or Dry, in order to Sell them by Wholesale, shall have their cholce, whether they will Pay the said Rights *de Alcavalos & Cientos*, in the first Place or Port that they arrive at, or else according to the Laws of Castille, at the Place where, and at the Time when they are Sold; which said Rights shall be the same as were Paid in the Time of King Charles the Second. And it is further Agreed, That the Subjects of Great Britain, may send or carry the Wares, for which the said Rights *de Alcavalos* have once been Paid, into any Port or Place whatsoever, belonging to his Catholick Majesties Dominions in Europe, (in order to Sell them there by Wholesale) without any Molestation or Répetition of the said Duties or Exaction of any others for the first Sale; Provided however, that they who carry the said Wares, shall bring Receipts or Certificates from the Farmers, or Commissioners of the Custom-houses, from whence it may appear, that the said Rights have been Paid for those Wares, and likewise other Certificates, proving that the said vender,

vendet, locales omnes & municipales Impositiones, in iisdem vendendis debitas, & consuetas, una cum Juribus de *Alcavalos & Cientos*, & si quæ alia ejusdem generis sint, solvere tenebitur, sub pennis lege præfinitis.

Wares have not yet been Sold, but if any Merchant sells his Wares by Retail, he shall be Bound under such Penalties as are inflicted by Law, to Pay all the Local and Municipal Duties which are due and customary at the Sale of them, together with the Rights de *Alcavalos & Cientos*, and all others whatsoever.

His Catholick Majesty farther consents, That if after the Certificates above mentioned have been shewn, any Officer, or Gatherer of Duties, shall exact the said Rights again, or shall give any Trouble, or stop the Passage of the Wares on that Account, the Officer guilty of the said Fault, shall incur the Penalty of 2000 Ducats, payable to the Use of his Majesties Chamber, or of the general Hospital at Madrid; the Notaries of the Custom-houses, or the Contraband, shall not receive above 15 Rials Villon, for dispatching the said Certificates, unless it shall be otherwise agreed in settling the New Book of Rates.

VI.

Et sicuti Subditis Regiarum suarum Majestatum integer, incolmis, & ab omni molestiâ immunis Navigationis & Commerciorum Usus & Libertas utrinquæ constare debet, quamdiu Pax & Amicitia inter Regias suas Majestates, eorumque Coronas inita, subsistet, ita quoque cautum voluerunt Regiae scæ Majestates, ne propter orituras forsitan Discordiarum Scintillas, eadem dicti Subditi Incolumitate priveatur, quin pleno è contra Pacis Beneficio fruantur, quoisque Bellum inter ambas Coronas declaratum non fuerit.

Quineriam conventum insuper est, quod si quando contigerit ut Bellum (quod Deus avertat) inter Regias suas

VI.

And as the Subjects of their Majesties are to enjoy on both sides an entire, secure, and unmolested Use and Liberty of Navigation and Commerce, as long as the Peace and Friendship, entered into by their Majesties, and their Crowns, shall continue, so likewise their Majesties have provided, that the said Subjects shall not be deprived of that Security for any little Difference which may possibly arise, but that they shall on the contrary enjoy all the Benefits of Peace, until War be Declared between the Two Crowns.

And it is further Agreed, That if it should happen, (which God prevent) that War should arise, and be Declared between the Majesta-

Majestates, earumque Regna, suboriatur & declaretur, tum ad praescriptum Art. 36. saepat Traetatus de Anno 1667. Terminus sex Mensium post talem rupturam declaratam utriusque Partis Subditis, in alterius Ditione commorantibus, dabitur, quo recipere sese una cum Familii, Bonis, Mercionii, Navibus & Facultatibus suis, eisque, solutis Veterinalibus debitibus & consuetis, asportare licebit Terrâ Marive, quoquoeversum ipsis placuerit, sicuti & iis permisso tunc erit Venditio & Alienatio Bonorum suorum, Mobilium, Immobiliumque rerum, ut & Pretii divenditorum Eiectio, liberè & absque ullâ Inturbatione, nec eorum Bona, Res, Merces, & Facultates, nedum ipsimet, arresto, vel Manus Injectione, interea Temporis detinendi vel infestandi sunt. Bonâ quinetiam interea promptaque Justitiâ frumentur, & utentur alterutriusque Subdit, quocurrente dicto Semestri Spatio Res & Facultates suas, tam Publico quam Privatis concreditas, recuperare possint.

tween their Majesties and their Kingdoms, than according to the Contents of the Thirty sixth Article of the aforementioned Treaty of 1667. after the Declaration of such a Rupture, the Space of Six Months shall be allowed to the Subjects of each Party, residing in the Dominions of the other, in which they shall be Permitted to withdraw with their Families, Goods, Merchandizes, Effects, and Ships, and to Transport them, after having Paid the due and accustomed Imposts, either by Sea, or Land, to whatsoever place they please, as they shall also be suffered to Sell and Alienate their Moveable and Immoveable Goods, and freely and without any Disturbance, to carry away the Price of them, nor shall their Goods, Wealth, Merchandises or Effects, much less their Persons be in the mean time detained or molested by any Seizure or Arrest. Moreover the Subjects of each side shall in the mean time, enjoy and obtained quick and impartial Justice, by means of which they may before the Expiration of the Six Months, recover the Goods and Effects which they have Lend, either to the Publick, or to Private Persons.

VII.

Conventum insuper est, quod damna omnia quæ Subditi utriusque Corona, in eunte Bello nuperissimo, contra Tenorem Art. 36. supramemorati Traetatus de Anno 1667. se perppersos esse debite monstraverint, sive ea in Bonis Mobilibus, vel Immobilibus constituerint, ipsis, aut legitimis eorum Procuratoribus, vel Hæreditibus, eorumve causam habentibus, absque morâ reciprocè resarciantur, restituvis quæ superesse contigerit, & quæ Fisco addicta fuerint, sive Fundi, Aedificia, Hæreditates, aliave Bona quæcun-

que
And it is further Agreed, That all the Losses which the Subjects of either Crown shall duly prove, that they have sustained in the Beginning of the late War (contrary to the Tenor of the Thirty sixth Article of the abovementioned Treaty) whether they consisted of Moveable or Immoveable Goods, shall be Reciprocally made good, without any Delay to them, their lawful Procurators, Heirs, or those to whom their Cause is intrusted, and Restitution shall be made of those Goods, whether

P que

que sint, & soluto distractorum, sive ea ex Bonorum Mobilium, aut Immobilium genere fuerint, justo & legitimo pretio, eandem verò solutionem verificatis, ut antedictum est, istis prætentionibus per Aeriariorum suorum hinc inde præfatos honi Fide faciendam & præstandam esse, inter Regias suas Majestates conventum & concordatum est.

VIII.

Conventum est, & Regia sua Majestas Catholica per Mandata sua effectum dabit, ut Vectigalia *Millones* nuncupata, super Piscibus, aliisque Annonâ, in Loco primi earum Mercium appulsus non exigantur, sed eadem Vectigalia more pristino per Leges Stabilito, in Loco tantummodo Consumptionis, Mercibusque divenditis, & non antea solvenda erunt.

IX.

Spondet Regia sua Majestas Catholica, quod Merces quæ speciatim in Indicibus, qui secundum Articulum hujus Tractatus Tertium conficiendi sunt, Nominatae non fuerint, iisdem nec majoribus ad Valorem Vectigalibus onerabuntur, quam quæ Mercibus in dictis Indicibus nominatis imponentur. Lite verò orrà inter Teloniorum Redemptores vel Commissarios & Mercatorem super aliquarum Mercium Valore, Mercatoris in optione erit, Merces istas Redemptori vel Commissario relinquere, pro pretio per dictum Redemptorem ipsis imposito, quod paratâ pecuniâ, deductis solummodo Vectigalibus, statim erit solvendum. Poterit etiam Mercator, receiptis reliquis Mercibus, partem earundem secundum Valorem ipsis per Redemptorem, uti dictum est, impositum, Loco Vectigalis,

Lands, Buildings, or Inheritance, or of what sort soever they are, which remain and were Confiscated, and the just and lawful Price of those Goods which cannot be recovered, whether Moveable or Immoveable shall be Paid, and their Majesties have Articled and Agreed that the said Payments (the Pretensions to them, being, as is aforesaid, fully proved, shall faithfully be Performed, and made by their Treasurers on each Part.

VIII.

It is Agreed, and his Catholick Majesty will give effectual Orders to that purpose, that the Duties upon Fish, and other Provision, called *Millon*, shall not be demanded in the Place where the said Wares first arrive, but the said Duties shall be Paid according to the ancient Custom established by Law, only in the Place of Consumption, and when the Wares are Sold, and not before.

IX.

His Catholick Majesty promises, That those Merchandises, which are not particularly mentioned in the Catalogue of Rates, which is to be made according to the Third Article of this Treaty, shall be Charged with the same Duties in Proportion to their Value, and no greater than those which are laid upon Merchandises named in the said Catalogue of Rates. And if any Difference arises between the Farmers of the Custom-houses, or Commissaries, and any Merchant concerning the Value of any Wares, it shall be in the Choice of the Merchant to Sell his Wares to the Farmer or Commissary, at the Price the Farmer of the Custom-house Valued them at (which Price shall be immediately paid in Ready Money, the Duties only Deducted) or else to give Redemp-

Redemptori vel Commissario relin-
quere.

Part of his Merchandises at the Rate
set upon them, as hath been mention-
ed, to the Farmer or Commissary, in-
stead of the Duty, and retain the
rest.

X.

Conventum est, quod casu quo Sub-
diti Britannici Merces ex quibusvis Af-
rica Oris in Hispaniam advehant, ex-
demque ad Vectigalia solvenda admis-
suerint, iisdem debite solutis, dictæ Mer-
ces nullis aliis Oneribus, sive per Capi-
taneos Tractuum Maritimorum Gene-
rales, vel Portuum Praefectos, aliosve
quocunque nomine, aut Titulo exigendis,
in posterum gravanda erunt, præter
ea quæ pro Mercibus in universum om-
nibus ejusdem generis in eam Venditi-
one pendenda sunt.

X.

It is Agreed, That in case the Bri-
tish Subjects shall bring any Wares
from any Part of the Coasts of Africa,
into Spain, and the same shall be ad-
mitted to Pay the Duties, those being
duly Paid, the said Wares shall not
afterwards be Charged, either by the
Captains-General of the Coasts, or Com-
manders of the Harbours, or any Body
else, with any other Duties, under what
Name or Title soever, excepting such
as are payable in general, for all
Wares of the same sort, at the time
of their Sale.

XI.

Navium Mercatoriarum Praefecti Por-
tum quemcunque Hispanie, cum Navibus
suis intrantes, intra viginti quatuor ho-
ras ab advento suo, exhibere tenebuntur
binas Declarationes vel Inventaria Mer-
cium Adiectarum, vel illius earundem
Partis quam ibidem exonerare debent,
unam Scil. Declarationem Teloniorum
Redemptori, vel Commissario, alteram
Contrabandæ Judici, neque Foros Navis
aperient, antequam vel Scrutatores ac-
ceperint, vel per Vectigalium Redemp-
tores ea ipsis Licentia concessa fuerit.
Nullæ autem Merces alio intuitu exo-
neranda erunt, quam ut recte in Teloni-
um, secundum Permissionem Scriptis
eum in finem impetratam, inferantur.
Ex Judicibus autem Contrabandæ, ali-
isque Teloniorum Officialibus, nemini li-
citem erit, quocunque sub praetextu, a-
perire Sarcinas alias, Cistæ, Dolia,
aliave Involucra Mercium quarumcun-
que ad Subditos Britannicos spectanti-

XI.

The Masters of Merchant Ships, who
shall enter into any Port of Spain with
their Ships, shall be obliged, within
Twenty four Hours after their Arrival,
to deliver Two Declarations or Inven-
tories of their Wares, or of that part of
them which they are to unlade there,
viz. one Declaration to the Farmer of
the Custom-houses or Commissary, and
another to the Judge of the Contraband,
nor shall they open the Hatches of their
Ships, till they either have Searchers
with them, or have Leave given them
by the Farmer of the Custom-houses to
do it. No Wares shall be unladen with
any other View than that of being im-
mediately carried to the Custom-houses,
according to a Permission which shall
be given in Writing for that end. It
shall not be lawful however for any of
the Judges of Contraband, or other Of-
ficers of the Custom-houses, under any
pretence whatsoever, to open any Bags,

um, dum ad Telonium feruntur, & antequam eò pervenerint, atque etiam adit earundem Proprietarius, aut Negotiorum ejus Gestor, qui Veftigalia folvat, & Merces ad se recipiat. Adeffie autem poterunt dicti Contrabandæ Judices, eorumve Deputati, dum è Navi solvuntur Merces, ut & dum in Telonio declarantur, expediuntur, & data Fraudis suspicione, alias nempe aliarum Loco Merces expediendi animum esse, omnes Sarcinas, Cistas, aut Dolia aperire licebit, modo id in Telonio, nec alibi fiat, præsente Mercatore, ejusve Negotiorum Gestore, & non aliter, Expeditis autem & è Telonio evectis Mercibus, Cistisque, Doliis, aliisque Involucris easdem continentibus, Officialis competentis Sigillo, Signove Munitis, easdem denuò aperiare, aut Abductionem earundem ad Domum Mercatoris impedire, nullus Contrabandæ Judex, aliisve Officialis præsumeret. Neque illis postea licitum erit, quoquinque sub Prætextu, earundem Transvectionem ab una Domo aut Repositorio in aliud, intra ejusdem Urbis, aut Loci Muros, aut Ambitum impedire, modo illud intra horas octavam Matutinam & quintam Vespertinam fieri, præviâ etiam Notificatiōne Redemptoribus Jurium de Alcavatos & Cientos factâ, quo exēdem Intuitu transferantur, Scil. si ad venundandum, ut Jura ista, modo ante soluta non fuerint, ibidem aut in Loco venditionis persolvantur; sin minus, ut Mercatori Institutrice Libellus Certificatorius ab ipsis more consueto tradatur. De cætero Jus & Libertas Merces sub Conditionibus in Art. 5. hujus Tractatus indigitatis, à Portu, aut Loco quounque intra Dominia Regis Hispanie, ad alium quemvis Portum aut Locum, sive Terrâ sive Mari transferendi, plenissimè & integerrimè constabit.

Chefts, Hogsheads, or other Covers of any Wares whatsoever, belonging to the Subjects of Great Britain, while they are carrying to the Custom-house, and before they are brought thither, and the Proprietor of them, or his Factor, is also come, who may discharge the Duties, and take the Goods into his own Custody. But the said Judges of Contraband, or their Deputies, may be present when the Wares are taken out of the Ships, and also when they are declared and laid open in the Custom-house, and if there be suspicion of Deceit, as that it is designed to lay open one Merchandise instead of another, it shall be lawful for him to open all the Bags, Chefts, and Hogsheads, so this be done in the Custom-house, and no other place, and in the presence of the Merchant, or his Factor, and not otherwise. But when the Goods have been exposed, and carried away from the Custom-house, and the Chefts, Hogsheads, or other Covers containing them, have been Marked with the Sign or Seal of the proper Officer, no Judge of the Contraband or other Officer shall presume to open them again, or to hinder them from being carried to the Merchants House. Neither shall it be lawful for them, under any pretence whatsoever, to hinder the said Goods from being carried from one House or Warehouse to another, within the Walls or Compass of the said City or Place; provided that be done between the Hours of Eight in the Morning and Five in the Evening, and previous Notice be given to the Farmers of the Rights de Alcavatos & Cientos, of the intent with which those Goods are removed, to wit, whether it be that they should be sold, that in that case those Duties, if not

XII. Veſti-

vers of
to the
hey are
before
e Pro-
is also
Duties,
wn Cu-
Contra-
be pre-
out of
e decla-
n-house,
eceil, as
ne Mer-
shall be
he Bags,
be done
o other
the Mer-
therwise.
exposed,
Custom-
heads, or
m, have
r Seal of
e of the
shall pre-
to hinder
the Mer-
it be law-
nce what-
oods from
e or Ware-
Walls or
ace, pro-
the Hours
d Five in
otice be gi-
ghts de Al-
tent with
ed, to wit,
ld be sold,
ies, if not
XII. Vecti-

paid before, may be paid there, or at the Place of Sale ; or if they are not to be Sold, then a Certificate may be given, after the usual manner, to the Merchant. Furthermore it shall be lawful to carry Wares from any Port or Place within the King of Spain's Dominions to any other Port or Place, either by Sea or Land, under such Conditions as are expressed in the Fifth Article of this Treaty.

XII.

Vestigalia pro Mercibus per Subditos Britannicos in Insulas Canarias adserendis, vel inde abducendis, majora non exigentur, quamquam quæ ibidem regnante nupero Rege Carolo Secundo soluta fuerunt, vel quæ secundum novos Indices solvenda erunt.

XIII.

Utriusque Regis Majestatis Subditi, qui Subditis alterius in are alieno sunt, tive ante Belli nuper exordium, vel intra Sex Menses ab eodem inito, vel eo durante, sub Literarum Salvi Conductus Tutela, vel denique post initum Armistitium inter ambas Coronas, ista Debita contraxerint, ad eadem bonâ fide solvenda tenebuntur & cogentur, perinde ac si Bellum inter ambas Coronas obortum omnino non fuisset ; neque ipsis Exceptiones ulla ex occasione Belli contra justa Creditorum postulata injicere licebit.

XIV.

Subditis Britannicis Facultatem concedit sua Majestas Catholica Domicilia sua figendi, & habitandi in Oppido St. Ander nuncupato, iis sub Conditionibus, quæ in Articulis Nono & Tricesimo Tractatus de Anno 1667. indigitæ sunt.

The Duties upon Merchandise brought into the *Canary Islands*, Exported from thence by British Subjects, shall not be greater than those that were paid in the Reign of the late King *Charles* the Second, or such as shall become payable by the New Book of Rates.

XIII.

The Subjects of each of their Majesties, who are in Debt to the Subjects of the other, whether the Debts were Contracted before the beginning of the said War, or within the space of Six Months after it was begun, or (during the War, under the Protection of Letters of Safe Conduct) or lastly, after a Truce was made between the Two Crowns, shall be bound and obliged faithfully to pay the same, in the same manner as if War had never arose between the Two Crowns, nor shall they be permitted to raise any Exceptions against the just Demands of their Creditors on pretence of the War.

XIV.

His Catholick Majesty gives Leave to the Subjects of *Great Britain* to settle themselves, and dwell in the Town called St. Ander, upon the Terms that are expressed in the Thirty ninth Article of the Treaty of 1667.

XV. Quan-

XV.

Quantum ad Judicem Conservatorem, aliisque per ipsum substituendos, concessa aliae cuicunque Nationi extera ista Libertate, Subditi Britannici edem pariter gaudere debent. Interea autem & donec de hoc Negotio certi aliquid statutum fuerit, Regia Majestas Catholica in Mandatis per expressum dabit omnibus & singulis Regni sui Judicibus, aliisque quibuscumque, quibus Justitiae Administratio aut Executio ulla tenus incumbit, iisdem sub Penis gravissimis injungeret, ut in causis omnibus Subditorum Britannicorum, absque mora aut partium studio, favore, vel effectu, Jus dicant, & exequi faciant.

Consentit Rex Catholicus, quod Appellations à Sententiis latis in Caulis quæ Subditos Britannicos tangunt, ad Concilii Bellici Madriti Tribunal, nec alibi deferantur.

XVI.

Si quis Regiæ Majestatis Britannicae, sive Regiæ Majestatis Catholicae Minister, aliquis Subditus, hunc Tractatum, aut aliquem ejusdem Articulum violaverit, ille de damno omni inde exorto tenebitur; ac si quo in Officio publico constitutus fuerit, præter Satisfactionem parti læsa, uti præfertur, præstandam, eodem quoque Officio privabitur.

XVII.

Subditis Britannicis, per Mare ad ductis ex alio quo cumque Hispanie Portu, Vino, Vino adusto, Oleo, Smegmate, Uvis exsiccatis, aliqui Mercionis, & solutorum in exitu Loco Vestigialium Testimonia producentibus, Navibus suis

XV.

As to the Judge Conservator, and others to be Substituted by him, if this Privilege be Granted to any other Foreign Nation whatsoever, the Subjects of Great Britain shall likewise enjoy it. In the mean time however, and until some thing certain shall be determined in this Matter, his Catholick Majesty will give express Orders to all and every one of the Judges of his Kingdom, and to all others whomsoever, who are any ways concerned in the Administration or Execution of Justice, and shall enjoyn the same under the strictest Penalties, to do Justice, and cause it to be Executed, without any Delay, Partiality, Favour, or Affection, in all Causes relating to the Subjects of Great Britain.

The Catholick King consents, That Appeals from Sentences in Causes concerning the British Subjects, may be brought before the Tribunal of the Council of War at Madrid, and nowhere else.

XVI.

If any Minister or other Subject of her Majesty of Great Britain, or of his Catholick Majesty, shall violate this Treaty, or any Article of it, he shall be responsible for all the Damage occasioned by it; and if he be placed in any Publick Office, he shall besides making Satisfaction to the Injured Party (as is aforesaid) be deprived of his Office also.

XVII.

The Subjects of Great Britain having brought by Sea from any other Port in Spain, Wine, Brandy, Oyl, Soap, dry'd Grapes, or other Merchandises, and producing Certificates, that the Duties were paid at the Place whence in

in Po
imp
vi in
ritima
rum I
ad evi
pore i
Vigin
ferre,
cum I
Honde
Exitu
tur.

Rat
Sereni
Sereni
Ratih
fes, a
Rhenu

In c
Mazne
Catho
nipote
bus no
muniv
Vigisimo
Non
nato,
tertii.

(L.S.)

vator, and him, if this other Fo-
the Subjects
wise enjoy
ever, and
ll be deter-
s Catholick
Orders to all
of his King-
soever, who
he Admini-
Justice, and
the stri&test
ause it to be
ay, Partiali-
n all Causes
Great Bri-

ents, That
Causes con-
ts, may be
inal of the
id, and no

er Subject of
in, or of his
 violate this
it, he shall
image occa-
e placed in
hall besides
Injured Par-
privied of his

itain having
other Port
Oyl, Soap,
erchandises,
s, that the
lace whence in

in Portu *Gadium* subsistentibus eadem imponere, aut etiam ibidem ex una Navi in aliam, consentientibus Rerum Maritimarum Praefectis, ipsisque aut eorum Deputatis, si velint, Praesentibus, ad evitandas quascunque Fraudes, tempore idoneo per dictos praefectos intra Viginti quatuor Horas designando, transference, indeque avehere licitum erit ; eam cum Libertate, ut neque Impositionem *Hondeaxe* vocatam, aliame Introitum, Exitusve quamcunque, solvere teneantur.

they set Sail, shall be suffered to put the same into their Ships lying at *Cadiz*, or there to remove them from one Ship to another (with the Consent of the Inspectors of the Maritime Affairs, and in the Presence of them, or their Deputies, if they have a mind to be there, and at a seasonable time to be appointed by the said Inspectors within Four and twenty Hours, in order to prevent all Frauds whatsoever) and to carry away from thence ; with this Liberty that they shall not pay the Duty called *Hondeaxe*, or any other of Entrance, or going out.

The present Treaty shall be Ratified by the most Serene Queen of *Great Britain*, and the most Serene Catholick King, and the Ratifications shall be Exchanged at *Utrecht*, within Two Months, or sooner, if possible.

In Witnes whereof, We the under Written Ambassadors Extraordinary, and Plenipotentiaries of the Queen of *Great Britain*, and the Catholick King, have Signed and Sealed this present Instrument at *Utrecht*, the Twenty eighth ^{Ninth} day of November, ^{December}, in the Year of our Lord, 1713.

(L.S.) *Joh. Bristol.*

(L.S.) *Duc de
Offunz.*

(L.S.) *El Marque de
Monteleon.*

(L.S.) *Duc de
Offunz.*

(L.S.) *El Marque de
Monteleon.*

NOS

NO S viso perpensoque Tractatum suprascripto, eundem Approbavimus, & Ratum, Firmumque habuimus sicut & per Presentes, tam pro Nobismet Ipsi, quam pro Heredibus & Successoribus Nostris, Approbamus, & Ratum, Firmumque habemus, exceptis solummodo Tribus ejusdem Articulis, videlicet, Tertio, Quinto, & Octavo, Ultrajecti conclusis, quos formâ & modo sequentibus intelligi & observari volumus :

III.

Quandoquidem per ultimum Pacis Tractatum, pro Basili, & Fundamento positum, atque stabilitum fuerit, quod Magnæ Britanniæ Subditi gauderent, quoad Commercium, iisdem Libertatibus & Privilegiis quibus regnante Carolo Secundo, in totâ Regnum Hispaniæ amplitudine gavisi sunt ; Hæc ipsa Regula itidem pro Basili & Fundamento praesentis hujus Tractatus Commercii est constituenda, quod etiam reciprocè intelligendum in gratiam Subditorum Hispaniæ, qui intra Limites Terrarum Magnæ Britanniæ Commercia exercituri sunt. Quimque nihil magis conduce-re possit ad Commercium, mutua cum Utilitate, Stabiliendum, quam Regula constans, clara, simul & facillima, pro Solvendis Vectigalibus, & quaæ maximè sit libellata ad normam moderatiorem, & cujus proportio propius accedat ad Mercium valorem, fecus etenim fraudes inducuntur, magno cum Detimento Vectigalium Principum, quod ipsa per se Experientia comprobatum est in Hispaniâ, ubi Tributa in antiquis Indicibus (seu Tarifis, ut vulgo dicitur) designata, omnem sanè modum excedunt. Idcirco Majestas sua Catholica, cupiens

We having seen and considered the above written Treaty, have Approved, Ratified, and Confirmed the same, as We do by these Presents, for Our Selves, Our Heirs and Successors, Approve, Ratifie, and Confirm it, Excepting only Three Articles thereof, viz The Third, Fifth, and Eighth, Concluded at Utrecht, which are to be observed and understood in the Manner and Form following :

III.

Whereas by the late Treaty of Peace it is Agreed and Established as a Basis and Foundation, That the Subjects of Great Britain, in what regards Commerce, shall enjoy the same Liberties and Privileges which they enjoyed in the Reign of King Charles the Second, in all Parts of the King of Spain's Dominions, which Rule is what is also to serve for a Basis and Foundation of the present Treaty of Commerce, and is to be understood reciprocally in Favour of the King of Spain's Subjects Trading in the Dominions of Great Britain. And as nothing can contribute more to establish the Commerce to a mutual Benefit than a fixed, clear, and exact Rule in paying the Duties, especially on a moderate Footing, and proportionable to the Value of the Merchandise, in order to prevent the Frauds that otherwise would be practised, to the Prejudice of the Revenues of either Crown, which has been often experienced in Spain, where the Established Duties by the Ancient Books of Rates are excessive ; In consideration whereof his Catholick Majesty, being desirous to avoid the like Consequences, and to fa-

non

non solum devitare quæ inde nascantur incommoda, sed & faciliorem, quantum in ipsâ est, reddere viam ad Liberate[m] Commerciorum eadémque fovere, & augere ex parte suâ, tantum quantum vicissim id ipsum ex suâ desiderat Majestas sua Britannica: Voluit supprimere, tam varia ad Merces invehendas, & evehendas Vectigalia in præfatis Indicibus antiquis contenta, quam illa etiam quæ deinceps, sub quibuscunque Nominibus, & prætextis imposita fuerint: Satisque tibi esse duxit, si unum solum, & unicum Vectigal æqualiter colligatur in Ingressu & Egressu Regni, nimirum Decem pro Centum, ut vulgo dicitur, Valoris Mercium, cujuscunque sint generis, seu premium earum statuatur ex pendere, mensurâ, numero solidorum Mercimoniorum, seu Computatione, vel Æstimatione. Exigeturque hoc Tributum æqualiter in Regis Commodum, in omnibus Portibus, & Exhedis Vectigalium Hispanie, comprehensis simul hic Portibus, & Exhedis Aragonie, Valentie, & Catalonia, solummodo ex hac Generali Regulâ Provinciis quæ Guipuzcoa & Biscaya nuncupantur exceptis: Quarum Provinciarum Vectigalia in Ingressu, & Egressu fixa remanebunt, sicuti erant Regnante Carolo Secundo. Quum vero hoc Tributum Decem pro Centum, in ipso Ingressu solutum fuerit, Locatores, vel Administratores Telonii, per quod dictæ Merces fuerint inventæ, tenebuntur curare, ut signentur, & plumbentur Tesseris, & Plumbis propriis ejusdem Telonii; ut que tradatur Acceptatio scripta, vi cuius Proprietario, Proprietariisve licitum erit, easdem Merces ad quavis Regiones Hispanie transferre, nec deinceps exigetur ab eis aliud proflus Vectigal, Tributum, vel Onus, in commodum suæ Catholickæ

vour, augment, and facilitate, in all that depends upon him, the Commerce, in as ample a manner, as her Britan-nick Majesty desires, hath consented, on his part, to suppress and make void the different Duties payable upon Importation and Exportation, contained in the Ancient Books of Rates, as also those that have been imposed since, under any name or pretence whatsoever, and content himself with one only Duty to be paid on Importation of all Goods and Merchandise, after the Rate of 10 per Cent. of their Value; And the like Duty upon all Goods and Merchandise which shall be Exported out of his Dominions, whether the Valuation be made by Weight, Measure, Peice, or *ad valorem*; And the same Duty shall be Collected in all the Ports of Entry in Spain, comprehending those of Arragon, Valencia, and Catalonia, Excepting out of this General Rule Biscaya and Guipuzcoa, whose Duties of Importation and Exportation are to remain as they were in the Time of Charles the Second. And that the said 10 per Cent. being once paid, the Farmers or Officers of the Custom-houses where those Goods shall be Entred, shall be obliged to Mark the same with the proper Seals and Marks of their Office, and also give the requisite Dispatches; By virtue of which, the Proprietors of the Goods may freely Transport them to all the other parts of Spain where they please, without being liable to pay any other Duty, Imposition, or Charges, to the use or benefit of his Catholick Majesty in any Ports or Parts of Spain whatsoever, in respect of Transporting the said Merchandise, over and above what they have paid, in pursuance of this New Arancel, provided the Re-

Q

Majesta-

Majestatis, propter Transportationem præfatarum Mercium, quam illud, quod jam pensum fuerit, juxta novum Indicem (vulgò Tarifam) & de quo Acceptilations & Plumbea Sigilla, aut Tesseræ exhibebuntur, quæ, si defint, fraudulenè translatas suisse censembitur, salvis tamen Tributis, quæ Alcavalas, Cientos & Millones nominantur, de quibus infra Articulis Quinto & Octavo tractabitur.

Quim autem Anglia Legatus significaverit, ad evitandas in polterum quacunque Discussiones, omnino necessarium esse, jam nunc in perpetuum ad Aëstimationem prædictarum Mercium certam Normam, figere, ita ut Tributum, Decem pro Centum, variari nequeat, propter auctum, vel imminuum commune pretium, quo in Commercio, diversis temporibus, & in variis Regni Partibus æstimari possent; in hunc finem inter Majestates suas Catholicam & Britannicam, per suos Oratores conventum, atque stabilitum fuit, quod intra tempus Trium Mensium, post hujus Tractatus Ratificationem, immò citius, fieri possit, convenient Madridi vel Gadibus, nomine suarum Majestatum, Commissarii rite ab eisdem nominati, & auctoritate roborati, qui sine ullâ temporis jacturâ, ad constituendum novum Vectigalium Indicem, vel Catalogum incumbent, ut Tributum illud quod post-hac, & in perpetuum exigendum sit, pro quocunque genere Mercium, tam in eorum Invectione, quam Evectione, ita stabilietur, & limitetur, ut omnia Vectigalia, & Impositiones, quæ ad Ingressum, & Egressum Mercium, tam tempore Caroli Secundi, quam ante, vel post ipsius Regnum, exigebantur, sub quibusvis Noninibus, & Prætextibus, & in quibusvis diversis Teloniis, quæcunque ea demum sint, sub isto solo, & unico Vectigali

cepts and Marks are produced, in default of which, they shall be esteemed to be fraudulently Transported. But it is to be understood, that this is not to extend to the *Alcavalas*, *Cientos*, and *Millones*, in relation to which, Provision is made in the Fifth and Eighth Articles of this Treaty.

And for as much as the Ambassador of England hath represented, That to avoid all Differences and Disputes for the future, it is absolutely necessary to Establish a certain Valuation or Rate of the several sorts of Merchandise, by which the said Duty of 10 per Cent. shall always be paid, and not altered, either by means of the Augmentation or Diminution of the Price of the said Merchandise, which may hereafter happen in the Commerce, in any time, or in any part of the Kingdom; It is Agreed by their Catholick and Britannick Majesties by their Ambassadors, That in the Term of Three Months, from the Ratification of this Treaty, or sooner, if possible, Commissaries Named and Authorized by both their Majesties in due Form, shall meet at Madrid or in Cadiz, who, without loss of time, shall proceed to the forming a New Book of Rates, in such a manner, as to fix and limit what shall be paid for the future on all sorts of Merchandise, as well upon Importation as Exportation; And so as that all the different Duties which were payable, either before or in the Time of Charles the Second, or since, under whatsoever name or pretence, or Collected in different Custom-houses or Offices, shall be comprehended in this only Duty, payable in one Sum, whether upon Importation or Exportation.

gali comprehendantur, quod unâ simul Summâ pendendum erit, seu ad Ingressum, seu ad Egressum Portuum *Hispania*, in quibus comprehenduntur etiam illi, qui ad Regna *Aragonie*, *Valentiae*, & *Principatum Cataloniae* pertinent, exceptis tantummodo Provinciis *Guipuzcoa*, & *Biscaya* jàm supra nominatis. Et quia insuper Legatus *Magna Britanniae* per quam enixè institutus, ut præfatis Commissariis injungatur imprimis Cura servanda Regulæ quâ hoc Vœtigal æquabilitè, & generalitè stabiliatur pro cunctis Portibus, & Telonis Ingressus, & Egressus *Hispanie*, ad Normam, quam vulgo vocant Decem pro Centum, Valoris, quo dictæ Merces in Cursu Commercii, & inter Negociatores astimantur in Portibus *Gadensi* & *Santæ Mariæ* nominatis: Legati *Hispanie*, huic Rei assentiti sunt, ita tamen ut Mercibus quæ invehantur in *Hispaniam*, per Portus Provinciarum *Biscaye*, & *Guipuzcoæ*, & quæ postea transferantur ad alias Provincias, a Regnis *Castille*, & *Aragonie* dependentes, teneantur solvere in primo Portu, vel Telonio, earum Ingressus in præfata Regna, Portoria illa quæ per novum Indicem designabuntur.

tion in all the Ports of *Spain*, and shall extend to the Kingdoms of *Arragon*, *Valencia*, and Principality of *Catalonia*, and their Dependencies, Excepting only the Provinces of *Guipuzcoa* and *Biscaya*, of which mention has been already made. And whereas great Instances have been made by the Ambassador of *Great Britain*, that Directions be given to the said Commissioners, that they take Care, and above all, do observe, as a fixed Rule, That this Duty be laid equally and generally in all the Ports and Custom-houses of *Spain*, upon the Importation and Exportation of all Goods and Merchandise, after the Rate of 10 per Cent. of the Value which such Goods and Merchandise bear in the course of Trade, between the Merchants of *Cadiz* and Port St. *Mary's*; To which the Ambassadors of *Spain* have consented; Always provided, That the Goods and Commodities which shall be Imported into the Kingdom of *Spain* by the Ports of *Biscaya* and *Guipuzcoa*, and afterwards Transported into the other Provinces depending on the Kingdoms of *Castille* and *Arragon*, shall be obliged to pay at the first Custom-house of Entry into the said Kingdoms, the Duties which shall be Established in this New Book of Rates.

V.

Ut evitentur Abusus, qui committi possunt in perceptione Impositionum, quæ *Alcavalas* & *Cientos* vulgo dicuntur, Majestas sua Catholica assentitur, quod Subditis *Magna Britanniae* liberum sit differre solutionem harum Impositionum, toto tempore, quo Proprietarii Merces suas velint relinquere depositas apud præfata Telonia, in Apothecis ad illud destinatis, & donec eas velint rursus extrahere, five ad easdem ulterius

V.

To prevent the Abuses that may be committed in Collecting the Duties called *Alcavalas* & *Cientos*, his Catholick Majesty Consents that the Subjects of her *Britannick* Majesty shall not be obliged to pay these Duties, during such time as they think fit to let their Merchandise remain in the Magazines of the Custom-houses appointed for that purpose; But when they shall think fit to take out the said Goods, either to be

in Regnum introducendas, five ad eas ipso in Loco vendendas, vel ad Domos suas avehendas, quod illis licitum erit, modò dent Obligationis Chirographum, sub validâ & sufficienti Cautione, solvendi Impositiones *Alcavalas* & *Cientos* dictas, pro primâ Venditione, Duobus Mensibus post Diem Subscriptionis sui Syngraphi, & tunc ipsis tradentur eâ de re Apochæ; simul dictæ Merces notabuntur, & plumbabuntur Tesseris, & Signis plumbeis propriis Mancipum Impositionum *Alcavalas* & *Cientos* dictarum, illis in Locis, ubi præfata Tributa primæ Venditionis hoc modo soluta fuerint, tunc quoque poterunt dicti Mercatores illas transferre, & vendere summatum, in quibusvis Portibus & Terris sub Dominatione Majestatis suæ Catholicae in Europa sitis; nec propter præfas. Impositiones, *Alcavalas* & *Cientos* dictas, ullum eis Impedimentum afferri poterit, nec ad aliam solutionem, ob causam dictæ primæ Venditionis, impellentur: Dummodò tamen illi, qui dictas Merces conducent, exhibeant Apochas, Plumbeas, Tesseris, vel Signa Mancipum, aut Commissariorum, quibus incumbet Collectio horum Tributorum, vel Testimonium quo proberunt eas nondum fuisse revenditas. Sed si è contra Mercator aliquis Merces suas minutim vendat, tenebitur secundâ vice solvere dictas Impositiones *Alcavalas* & *Cientos* nominatas, sub Ponis à Legibus præscriptis. Consequenter etiam vult Majestas sua Catholica, quod si post Exhibitionem Apocharum prædictarum, Officarius aliquis, Commissarii sive colligendarum Impositionum *Alcavalas* & *Cientos* dictarum, iterum exigeret aliam solutionem præfatorum Onerum prædictis Mercibus impositorum, & supradicto modo signatis, Plumbeisque Tesseris

transported farther into the Country, sell them in the same place, or carry them to their own Houses, it shall be permitted them so to do, upon giving his Bond, with sufficient Security, to pay the said Duties of *Alcavalas* and *Cientos* for the First Sale in Two Months after the Date of his Bond, upon which he shall have Receipts given him for the said Duties, and the Goods shall be marked with the proper Mark and Seal of the Farmers of the said *Alcavalas* and *Cientos*, where such Bond and Security shall be given for the First Sale, after which the said Merchandise may be Transported and Sold by Wholesale in any Port or Place belonging to the King of Spain in Europe; and that no Obstruction or Hinderance shall be made upon Account of the said Duties, nor the Proprietor liable to pay a second time, in respect of the First Sale, provided those who carry the said Merchandizes produce the Receipts and Marks of the Farmer or proper Officer concerned in the Collection of these Duties, or making sufficient Proof of their not being sold before. But if on the contrary, any Merchant do sell his Goods by Retail, he shall be obliged to pay the said Duties of *Alcavalas* and *Cientos* a second time, under the Pains established by the Laws. And His Catholic Majesty declares, That if any Officer of the *Alcavalas* and *Cientos* shall exact a second time the said Duties on the same Merchandise, when the said Receipts and Marks have been produced, or should obstruct their Passage, or Transportation, or occasion the least Impediment, such Officer shall be Fined 2000 Crowns to the Benefit of His Majesties Revenues. And the Officers of the Custom-houses shall not demand or take for making such Receipts or Certificats

riis munitis; vel sese opponeret earum Transtuti, & Translationi, sive illis afferret vel minimum Impedimentum, condamnetur ad multam Duorum mille Scutorum, *Escudos vulgo dictorum, Regio Aerario adscribendorum.* Administris Regionum Teloniorum licitum non erit, ultra Summam Quindecim *Reales de Vellón*, pro Expeditione Apocharum, vel Syngraphorum percipere, nisi aliud statuar in novo Indice, de quo in posterum convenietur.

VIII.

Pacta est sua Catholica Majestas, jussuram sē, ut Tributum, vulgo *Millones* vocatum, quod colligitur de Piscibus, alisque Mercimonii ad Annonam rei penuariae spectantibus, non exigatur posthac, in Portibus vel primis Teleniis ad Ingressum in *Hispaniam*, quamdiu Proprietarii ea in Apothecis ad hoc destinatis deposita relinquere voluerint, hac Conditione tamen, quod cum ea extraxerint, tam ad ulterius in Regnum introducenda, quam in ipso loco vendenda, vel ad sua Domicilia vehenda, Syngraphum suum tradant, sub validâ & sufficienti Cautione, solvendi Impositiones, de *Millones* dictas, intra Duos Menses à Die Subscriptionis suorum Syngraphorum, tuncque iisdem illâ de re tradentur Apochaz, simul etiam dictæ Merces signatae, vel Plumbeis Tesseris munixa propriis Mancipum dictarum. Impositionum de *Millones* illorum Locorum, in quibus dicta Tributa soluta fuerint, & tunc demum poterunt transvehi, & vendi in Locis, ubi illarum fiat Consumptio, sine ulteriori Onere Tributi de *Millones* solvendi. Ideoque vult sua Majestas, quod si post Exhibitionem prædictarum Apocharum, aliquis Officiarius, aut Commissarius Mancipum Impositionis de *Millones*, dicta Tributa

ficates more than 15 Reals *Vellón*, unless it be otherwise settled in the New Book of Rates.

VIII.

His Catholick Majesty consents, That the Duties commonly called *Millones*, which are payable upon Fish and other Sorts of Domestick Provisions, shall not be demanded in the First Ports or Custom-houses of Entry in *Spain*, during such time as the Proprietors will let them remain in the Warehouses appointed for that purpose. But in case the Owner shall desire to take them out, either to send into the Country, sell them on the Place, or carry them to their own Houses, they are then to give Bond, with good Security, to Pay the said Duty of *Millones* in Two Months after Date of the said Bond, upon which the necessary Dispatches are to be given them. And the said Merchandise shall be marked with the Seals or Marks of the Farmers of the *Millones* where the said Duties were secured, after which the said Goods may be Transported to, and Sold in the Places where they are to be consumed, without paying any new Duties of *Millones*. His Majesty also declares, That if after the Receipts are produced, any Officer belonging to the Farmers of the *Millones* should exact a second time the same Duties on the same Goods, or should oppose their Passage, Transport or Sale, or occasione

de Millones de iisdem Mercibus rursum exigat, vel sese earum Transfui, Transvectioni, aut Venditioni apponat, sive ipsis, vel minimum aferat Impedimentum, condemnetur ad multam Bis mille Scutorum, Escudos dictorum, Regio Aera adscribendorum.

VIgore itaque Præsentium, Nos supra-
scriptum Tractatum Approbamus, &
Ratum habemus, ita tamen ut Tres Arti-
culi, videlicet, Tertius, Quintus, & Octa-
vus, sicut in hoc Ratificationis Instrumento
sese habent, & ejusdem Tractatus pars esse
intelligantur, & candem vim & effectum
sortiantur, ac si in ipso Tractatu inserti
fuissent: Spondentes, & Verbo Regio Pro-
mittentes, Nos omnia & singula de quibus
in hoc Tractatu conventum est, sanctè reli-
gioseque Praeslituras & Observaturas, neque
Passuras, quantum in Nobis est, ut à quo-
piam violentur. In quorum majus Robur
& Testimonium, Præsentibus Manu Nostrâ
Regiâ Signatis, Magnum Magnæ Britan-
niæ Sigillum affigi jussimus. Dabantur in
Arce Nostrâ Windsoræ, Septimo Die Men-
sis Februarii, Anno Domini Millejmo
septingentesimo decimo ^{Terio} _{Quarto} Regnique No-
stri Duodecimo.

on the least Impediment, the said Officer shall be Fined 2000 Crowns, for the Benefit of his Majesties Revenue.

Therefore by Virtue of these Presents We do Approve and Ratifie the Treaty above Written, as likewise the Three Articles, viz. The Third, Fifth, and Eighth, as they are set forth in this Instrument of Ratification, and are to be taken as part of the said Treaty, and to have the same Force and Effect, as if they had been inserted therein: Promising and Engaging Our Royal Word, That We will Faithfully and Religiously Perform and Observe all and singular the Things Agreed upon in this Treaty, and that We will not suffer the same to be Violated by any one, as far as lies in Our Power. For the greater Testimony and Validity whereof, We have caused Our Great Seal to be affixed to these Presents, which We Signed with Our Royal Hand. Given at Our Castle of Windsor the Seventh Day of February, 17¹³/₄. in the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

A N N A,

ANNA, Dei Gratia, Magnæ Britan-
niæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ Regina,
Fidei Defensor, &c. Omnibus singulis
ad quos Præsentes Literæ perverterint
Salutem. Cum Reverendus admodum
in Christo Pater, per quam Fidelis & Di-
lectus Consiliarius Noster, Johannes Epis-
copus Brictoliensis, Legatus Noster Ex-
traordinarius & Plenipotentiarius, De-
canus Windesoriensis, & Nobilissimi
Ordinis Nostri Perseclidis Registrarius,
ex parte Nostrâ, cum Plenipotentiariis
Serenissimi Regis Catholici Tractatum
Commercii inter Coronas Magnæ Bri-
tannia & Hispaniæ, *Vicecomitatu* Die
^{Nono} Novembri Anno Millesimo septingentesimo
Decembri, decimo tertio, Ultrajecti ad Rhenum
concluserit & signaverit, & eodem tem-
pore inter dictos Plenipotentiarios, suffi-
cientibus Autoritatibus ab utrâque parte
instructos, Articulus Separatus factus fu-
erit, prout sequitur:

Articulus Separatus.

PER præsentem Articulum
Separatum, qui ejusdem pen-
nitius roboris & vigoris erit,
ac si Tractatui Commerci-
orum, hodiè inter Regias
suas Majestates Magnæ Britanniae & His-
paniae concluso, de verbo ad verbum in-
sertus esset, cùnque in finem non minus
quam dictus Tractatus ratihabendus erit,
Consentit Regia sua Majestas Catholica
liberum fore, omni dehinc tempore,
Subditis Britannicis qui Commerciorum
Causâ in Insulis Canaricis degent, unum
aliquem ex Subditis Hispanicis nomina-
re, qui Judicis ibidem Conservatoris Of-
ficio fungatur, atque de omnibus Cau-
sis ad Commercia Britannorum Spectantibus,
in primâ instanti cognoscat, pro-
mittitque Regia sua Majestas, se ejus-

ANNE, by the Grace of God, Queen
of Great Britain, France, and Ire-
land, Defender of the Faith, &c. To
all and singular to whom these Presents
shall come, Greeting. Whereas the Right
Reverend Father in God, Our Right
Trusty and Weibeloved Counsellor, John
Bishop of Bristol, Our Ambassador Ex-
traordinary and Plenipotentiary, Dean
of Windsor, and Register of Our Most
Noble Order of the Garter, did on Our
Part, together with the Plenipotentia-
ries of the most Serene Catholick King,
Conclude and Sign at Utrecht on the
²⁸ Day of ^{November,} December, 1713. a Treaty
of Commerce between the Crowns of
Great Britain and Spain, and at the
same time a Separate Article was Con-
cluded, made between the said Plenipo-
tentaries, who were severally furnished
with sufficient Authorities, and is as
follows:

Separate Article.

BY the present Separate Ar-
ticle, which shall be alto-
gether of the same Validi-
ty and Force, as if it was
inserted Word for Word
in the Treaty of Commerce this day
Concluded, between their Royal Ma-
jesties of Great Britain and Spain, and
shall for that end be Ratified, as well
as the said Treaty; his Catholick Ma-
jesty Consens, That it shall at all times
hereafter be Lawful for the British
Subjects, who shall Live in the Canary-
Islands, for the sake of their Trade, to
Nominate some one Person, being a
Subject of Spain, who shall Execute the
Office of Judge Conservator there, and
shall at the first Instance take Cogni-
zance of all Causes relating to the
modi

modi Judici Conservatori taliter nominato, Commissiones esse concessuram, unia cum eadem Authoritate & Privilegiis omnibus, quibus Judices Conservatores in *Andalusia* gavili sunt. Quin & si plures ejusmodi Judices ibidem habere, aut constitutos quovis Triennio mutare cupiant Subditi *Britannici*, id ipsis liberum erit, & concedetur. Consentit quoque Rex Catholicus, quod Appellationes a dicti Judicis Conservatoris Sententiis ad Concilii Bellici *Marditi* Tribunal, nec alibi deferantur.

In quorum Fidem, Nos infra scripti S. Magne *Britanniae* Regina, & S. Regis Catholic Legati Extraordinarii, & Plenipotentiarii, Præsentes Tabulas Manibus Nostris Subscriptas Sigillis nostris munivimus, Trajecti ad Rhenum die ^{Novembrii} ~~vicesimo octavo~~
^{Decembrii} anno Anno Domini Millefimo septingentesimo decimo tertio.

(L.S.) Job. Bristol. (L.S.) Duc de Offuna.
(L.S.) El Marque de Monteleon.

N^OS visa, perpensoque hoc Articulo Separato, eundem Approbavimus, ratum, gratum, acceptumque habuimus, sicut ac per Præsentes Approbamus, ratum, gratum, acceptumque habemus, Spondentes, & Verbo Regio Promittentes, Nos omnia & singula in eodem Articulo contenta, sancè & inviolabilitè Servaturas, neque quicquam fieri Possuras, quod illi contrarium sit. In quorum majus Robur & Testimonium, huic Instrumento Manu Nostrâ Regiæ Signato, Magnum Nostrum Magnæ *Britanniae* Sigillum affigi jussimus. Dabuntur in Arce Nostrâ *Vindesoræ*, Septimo Die Februarii, Anno Millefimo septingentesimo decimo tertio, Regnique Nostri Duo decimo.

Anna R.

Commerce of the British Subjects, and his Royal Majesty promises, That he will Grant Commissions to such Judge Conservator so Named, together with the same Authority, and all the Privileges which the Judges Conservators have formerly enjoyed in *Andalusia*. And if the British Subjects shall desire to have more Judges of that sort there, or to Change those that are Appointed every Three Years, it shall be allowed and granted them. His Catholick Majesty consents likewise, that Appeals from the Sentences of the said Judge Conservator, shall be brought before the Tribunal at the Council of War at *Madrid*, and no where else.

In Witness whereof, We the under written Ambassadors Extraordinary, and Plenipotentiaries of Her Sacred Majesty of *Great Britain*, and of His Sacred Catholick Majesty, have Signed and Sealed these Presents at *Utrecht*, the ²⁵th Day of ^{November} ~~December~~ in the Year of our Lord, 1713.

(L.S.) Job. Bristol. (L.S.) Duc de Offuna.
(L.S.) El Marque de Monteleon.

WE having seen and considered this Separate Article, have Approved, Ratified, and Confirmed, as We do by these Presents Approve, Ratifie, and Confirm the same, Promising and Engaging Our Royal Word, That We will Faithfully and Inviolably keep all and singular the Things therein contained, and that We will not suffer any thing to be done contrary thereto. For the greater Testimony and Validity whereof, We have Signed this Instrument with Our Royal Hand, and caused Our Great Seal of Great Britain to be affixed thereto. Given at Our Castle of Windsor the Seventh Day of February, 17¹³. in the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

Anne R.

F I N I S.

ANNA R.



*NNA, Dei gratiâ, Mag-
nae Britaniæ, Franciæ,
& Hiberniæ Regina,
Fidei Defensor, &c.
Omnibus & singulis ad
quos præsentes Literæ
pervenerint, Salutem.*

Cum Bello huic tam dñturno, tamque
exitioso restinguendo operam dare in-
stituerimus, inter curas publicæ Tran-
quillitatis redintegrandæ, quas gessimus
maximas, eò animum præprimis ad-
vertimus, ut arctissima illa Amicitia
necessitudinisque vincula, qua à longis-
timo usque tempore inter Coronas Bri-
tannicam, & Hispanicam, intercessere,
summo cum utriusque Nationis Com-
modo, inter Nos & bonum Fratrem
Nostrum Philippum Quintum Hispani-
arum Regem Catholicum, novis & quam
firmissimis nexibus in perpetuum con-
stringerentur. Ministris itaque iisdem,
qui tamdiu, tantoq; cum Successu,
Concordia operi maximè Salutari inter
Principes, Statusque Christianos pro-
movendo conficiendoque Ultrajecti ad
Rhenum sese Nomine nostro addixerint,
etiam partes hasce demandare volui-
mus, ut tam Pacis & Amicitia, quam
Navigationis & Commerciorum, intet
Nos & dictum Regem Catholicum, Le-
ges, Conditionesque concluderent, fig-
naréntque. Sciatis igitur, quod Nos,
Fide, Industriæ, & in Rebus magni mo-
menti tractandis, Usu ac Perspicaciâ Re-
verendi admodum in Christo Patris, per-
quam fidelis, & dilecti Consiliarii nostri,
Johannis Episcopi Bristolensis, Privati
nostrî Sigilli Custodis, Decani Windso-
riensis, & Nobilissimi Ordinis nostri Pe-
nitentiæ Registrarii; Et perquam fide-

D



ANNE R.

*VNE, by the Grace of
God, Queen of Great
Britain, France, and
Ireland, Defender of
the Faith, &c. To all
to whom these Presents
shall come, Greeting.*

When We had determined to endeavour
to put an End to this so long and so
pernicious a War, amidst the great Cares
which We took upon Us in restoring the
Puplick Tranquility, We turned Our
Thoughts in the first place to the Renewal
and Strengthening of those most
Strict Bands of Friendship and Corre-
spondence between Us and Our Good
Brother Philip the Fifth Catholick King
of Spain, which had subsisted from the
longest Date of Time between the
British and Spnish Crowns, to the Mu-
tual Benefit of both Nations: Where-
fore We were pleased to appoint the
same Ministers, who had so long, and
with so good Succes, applied them-
selves in Our Name to promote and
finish the most wholom Work of
Peace between the Christian Princes and
States at Utrecht, to Conclude and Sign
Terms and Conditions, as well of Peace
and Friendship, as of Commerce and
Navigation, between Us and the said
Catholick King. Know ye therefore,
That We reposing very great Confi-
dence in the Fidélity, Industry, and
Perspicacity, and Experience, in Treat-
ing of Affairs of the greatest Import-
ance, of the Right Reverend Father in
God Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved
Counsellor John Lord Bishop of Bristol,
Keeper of Our Privy-Seal, Dean of
Windsor, and Register of Our most No-
lis,

R

lis, & prædilecti Consanguinei & Con-
filiarii nostri Thoma Comitis de Straf-
ford, Vice-comitis Wentworth de Went-
worth-Woodhouse & de Staineborough, Ba-
ronis de Raby, Exercituum nostrorum
Locum-Tenentis Generalis, Primarii Ad-
miralitatis nostra Commissarii, Nobilissimi
Ordinis nostri Periscelidis Equiti-
s, & Legati nostri Extraordinarii ac
Plenipotentiarii ad Celsos & Præpoten-
tes Dominos Ordines Generales *Uniti*
Belgii, plurimum Confisæ, Eosdem no-
minavimus, fecimus, & constituimus,
quemadmodum per Præsentes nomina-
mus, facimus, & constituimus, Nostros
veros, certos, & indubitatos Legatos Ex-
traordinarios, Commissarios, Procurato-
res, & Plenipotentiarios, Dantes & Con-
cedentes iisdem, conjunctim vel divisi-
m, omnem & omnimodam, Potestatem, Fa-
cultatem, Authoritatēmq; nec non Mandatū
Generale, pariter ac Speciale (ita
tamen ut Generale Speciali non deroger,
neque contra) cum Legatis Extraordina-
riis & Plenipotentiariis, quos prædictus
Rex Catholicus, sufficienti Authori-
tate instructos, ex suā parte deputaverit,
in Civitate *Utrechtina* ad *Rhenum*, aut
in alio quocunque loco, Congrediendi,
Colloquendique, ac de Pacis atque Amicitia
Conditionibus turis, firmis, &
honestis, inter Nos & dictum Regem
Catholicum, Tractandi, Conveniendi,
& Concludendi; etique omnia quæ
ita Conventa & Conclusa fuerint, pro
nobis, & nostro Nomine Signandi, su-
perque conclusis Instrumenta, quot-
quot & qualia necessaria fuerint, Con-
sciendi, mutuoque Tradendi, Recipiendique,
ac generaliter ea omnia præstan-
di, perficiendique, quæ quovis modo
necessaria ad Pacis atque Amicitia
Conditiones, ut supra dictum est, ineundas,
stabilendasq; vel quomodo liber, oppor-

ble Order of the Garter; And of Our
Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved
Cousin and Counsellor Thomas Earl of
Straford, Viscount Wentworth of Went-
worth-Woodhouse, and of Staineborough,
Baron of Raby, Lieutenant-General of
Our Armies, First Commissioner of Our
Admiralty, Knight of Our most No-
ble Order of the Garter, and Our Am-
bassador Extraordinary and Plenipoten-
tiary to the High and Mighty Lords
the States General of the *United Pro-
vinces*, Have nominated, made, and
constituted, as We do by these Presents
nominate, make, and constitute them
Our true, certain, and undoubted Am-
bassadors Extraordinary, Commissaries,
Procurators, and Plenipotentiaries, Gi-
ving and Granting to them either joint-
ly or separately, all and all manner of
Power, Leave, and Authority, and Our
General as well as Special Command
(provided that Our General Command
shall not derogate from, or be contrary
to Our Special Command) to Meet at
Utrecht, or at any other Place whatso-
ever, and have Conferences with the
Ambassadors Extraordinary and Ple-
nipotentiaries, whom the said Catholick
King shall depute on his side, and
provide with sufficient Authorities, and
of Treating of, Agreeing upon, and
Concluding Safe, Firm, and Honour-
able Conditions of Peace and Friendship
between Us and the said Catholick
King, and of Signing whatsoever shall
be so Agreed for Us, and in Our Name,
and of Making, Delivering, and Receiv-
ing reciprocally, all the necessary In-
struments of the Things concluded, how
many or whatsoever they are, and in
general, of doing and performing all
things which they shall judge to be any
ways necessary or convenient towards
tuna

tuna esse judicaverint, tam amplis modo
& formâ, ac vi, effectuque pari, ac Nos
Ipsæ, si Interessemus, facere ac præstare
possemus; Spondentes, & in Verbo Regio
promittentes, Nos omnia & singula, quicunque
a dictis nostris Legatis Extraordi-
nariis, Commissariis, Procuratoribus,
& Plenipotentiariis, conjunctim vel divi-
sim, vi præsentium Transligi, Concludi, &
Signari contigerit, grata, rara, & accep-
ta, iis proflus modo & formâ quibus
convenia fuerint, habituras. In quo-
rum omnium majorem fidem & robur,
Præsentibus Manu nostrâ Regiâ signatis,
Magnum nostrum *Magnæ Britanniae* Si-
gillum apponi jussimus. Dabantur in
Palatio nostro Divi Jacobi Tertio die
Mensis Maii, Anno Domini Millefimo
Septingentesimo decimo tertio, Reg-
nique nostri Duodecimo.

Making and Establishing Conditions of
Peace and Friendship, as aforesaid, in as
ample Manner and Form, and with the
same Force and Effect, as We could
do and perform the same, if We Our
Selves were present; Promising and
Engaging Our Royal Word, That We
will Approve and Ratifie all and
every one of the Articles, which by
Virtue of these Presents shall be Trans-
lated, Concluded, and Signed by Our
said Ambassadors Extraordinary, Com-
missaries, Procurators, and Plenipoten-
tiaries, joynly or separately, in the Form
and Manner wherein they are agreed.
For the greater Testimony and Validity
whereof, having Signed these Presents
with Our Royal Hand, We have Com-
manded Our Great Seal to be affixed
thereunto. Given at Our Palace at
St. James's the Third Day of May, 1713.
In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

DON Phelipe, por la Gracia de Dios, Rey de Castilla, de Leon, de Aragon, de las dos Sicilias, de Jerusalen, de Navarra, de Granada, de Toledo, de Valencia, de Galicia, de Mallorca, de Sevilla, de Zerdena, de Cordova, de Corzega, de Murcia, de Jaen, de los Algarves, de Algacija, de Gibraltar, de las Islas de Canaria, de las Indias Orientales, y Occidentales, Islas y Tierra Firme del Mar Oceano, Archiduque de Austria, Duque de Borgon, de Brauante, y Milan, Conde de Abispurg, de Flandes, Tiro, y Barcelona, Señor de Bizcaya, y de Molina, &c. Por quanto por lo mucho que hemos deseado, y deseamos el alivio y descanso de nuestros Vasallos en la afliccion y calamidades de una tan sangrienta y dilatada guerra, como la que hasta aqui se ha experimentado para que terminandose los desolables efectos della entren á pocar del reposo, explendor, y prosperidades á que anhelan, y nos deciemos procurarles; Por tanto considerando quanto se asegura este comun bien con la Tratacion, y conclusion de un Tradato de Comercio entre esta Corona, y la de Inglaterra, de reciproca combeniencia, y utilidad de los Vasallos dellas: Hemos tenido por combeniente nombrar con toda Autoridad y Plenipotencia para ello á Vos Don Francisco Maria de Paula, Tellez, Giron, Benavides, Carrillo y Toledo, Ponce de Leon, Duke of Osuna, our Cousin, Earl of Ureña, Marquis of Peñafiel, Gentleman of our Bedchamber, and Great Chamberlain, and Cupbearer, Chief Notary of Our Kingdoms of Castille, Knight of the Order of Callatrava, Great Treasurer of the said Order and Knighthood, Commendador thereof, and of the Usagre in the Order of St. James, and Captain of the First Company of Our Usagre

DON Philip, by the Grace of God, King of Castille, Leon, Aragon, and both Sicilies, Jeruzalem, Navarre, Granada, Toledo, Valencia, Galicia, Majorca, Sevilla, Sardinia, Cordova, Corsica, Mursia, Jaen, the Algarves, Algacija, Gibraltar, the Canary Islands, the East and West-Indies, the Islands and Continent of the Ocean, Archduke of Austria, Duke of Burgundy, Brabant, and Milan, Earl of Apsburg, Flanders, Tiro, and Barcelona, Lord of Biscay and Molina, &c. Whereas We have desired, and do desire, That Our Subjects may be set at Ease and Rest, from the Afflictions and Calamities of so Long and Bloody War, as this Has proved to be, and that by putting an End to the deplorable Effects thereof, they may come to Enjoy that Repose, Splendor, and Prosperity, which they Earnestly Wish for, and We ought to Procure them; and considering how much this Common Good will be Secured, by Entring upon and Concluding a Treaty of Commerce, between this Crown and that of England, which may be of Reciprocal Advantage and Convenience to the Subjects of Both Crowns: We have thought fit to nominate for that purpose you Don Francisco Maria de Paula, Tellez, Giron, Benavides, Carrillo y Toledo, Ponce de Leon, Duke of Osuna, our Cousin, Earl of Ureña, Marquis of Peñafiel, Gentleman of our Bedchamber, and Great Chamberlain, and Cupbearer, Chief Notary of Our Kingdoms of Castille, Knight of the Order of Callatrava, Great Treasurer of the said Order and Knighthood, Commendador thereof, and of the Usagre in the Order of St. James, and Captain of the First Company of Our Usagre

Usagre en la de san Tiago, Capitan de la primera Compañía *Española* de nuestras Reales Guardias de Corps; Y à Vos Don *Iñidro Casado de Rosales*, Marques de Monteleon, Pariente, de nuestro Consejo de Indias; con el Grado de nuestros Embasadores Extraordinarios, Plenipotenciarios, por la entera satisfacion, y confianza con que nos hallamos de vuestras Personas, y concurrit en ambas las apreciables Circunstancias de Prudencia, Intelligenzia, Experiencias, Zelo, y Amor á nuestro Real Servicio, que pide Negociado de tal importancia; à fin que con los Ministros Plenipotenciarios nombrados para este efecto por la Reyna de la *Gran Bretaña*, podais tratar, concluir, y efectuar el referido Tratado de Comercio de reciproca Combeniencia, y Utilidad de los Vasallos de las dichas dos Coronas, Prometiendo (como prometemos) por la presente en Feé, y Palabra Real que pasaremos, y cumpliremos, para siempre Nos, y nuestros Subcessores, todo lo que estipulareis, concluirereis, y efectuareis con los mencionados Ministros Plenipotenciarios de la Reyna de la *Gran Bretaña*, para la Consecucion, y logro del referido Tratado de Comercio, y que lo observaremos exactamente, y haremos que se observe, sin contravenir, ni consentir que se contravenga á ello en manera alguna, directa, ó indirectamente, pues para todo ello, y lo demas que fuere necesario ós damos, y concedemos todo el poder, Autoridad, y Facultad que se requiere; y que lo aprobaremos y ratificaremos dentro del termino que reciprocamente combiniere para ello: Declarando tambien que en el caso de ausencia ó enfermedad de alguno de Vos los dichos Duque de Osuna, y Marques de Monteleon, podrá el otro de Vos Suceder en

Royal Spanish Life Guards: And you Don *Iñidro Casado de Rosales*, Marquis de Monteleon; our Kinsman, and one of Our Council of the *Indies*; with full Power and Authority, and the Dignity of our Embassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiaries, by reason of the Entire Satisfaction and Confidence we have in your Persons, and that Both of you are Endued with those Valuable Qualities of Prudence, Judgment, Experience, Zeal, and Love for Our Royal Service, which are necessary for a Negotiation of this Importance, to the End that you may Treat of, Conclude, and Finish, with the Ministers, Plenipotentiaries, named for that purpose by the Queen of Great Britain, the aforesaid Treaty of Commerce, for the Reciprocal Convenience and Advantage of the Subjects of the Two Crowns, Promising, as We do hereby Promise, for Ourselves and Successors, upon Our Faith and Royal Word, that We will perform and keep for ever, all that you shall Stipulate, Conclude, and Agree, with the aforementioned Ministers, Plenipotentiaries of the Queen of Great Britain, for the attaining and settling the said Treaty of Commerce, and that We will observe it exactly, and cause it to be observed, without Contravening the same, or suffering it to be Contravened in any wise whatsoever, directly or indirectly, for all which, and whatsoever else may be necessary thereto, We give and grant to you all the Power, Authority, and Faculty that is needful; and that We will Approve and Ratifie the same, within the time that shall be reciprocally Agreed: Declaring that in case of Absence or Sicknes of either of you, the said Duke of Osuna, and Marquis of Monteleon, the other of you la

la Tratacion, y Efectuacion de este Negociado de Comercio, prometiendo Nos asfi mismo en Feé y Palabra Real, de passar por ello, aprovarlo, y ratificarlo con todas las Solemnidades, y demas requesitos devidos como si hubiese sido ajustado, y concluydo por ambes. En Testimonio de lo qual mandamos despachar, y despachamos la presente firmada de nuestra Mano, Sellada con nuestro Sello Secreto, y refrendada de nuestro infrascripto Secretario de Estado. Dada en Madrid, à Veynte de Octubre, de Mil setecientos y treze.

may proceed in the Effecting and Concluding this Treaty of Commerce; We promising also upon Our Faith and Royal Word, that We will Approve, Confirm and Ratifie the same, with all the Solemnities and Forms that are necessary, and in the same manner as if it had been Adjusted and Concluded by Both of you. In Testimony whereof We have commanded to be Dispatched, and We do dispatch these Presents, Signed with Our Hand, Sealed with Our Privy Seal, and Countersigned by Our underwritten Secretary of State. Given at Madrid, the Twentieth Day of October, 1713.

To el Rey.

Manuel de Vadillo y Velasco.

Certificamos, como el presente Exemplar es Copia que se ha sacado palabra per palabra del Poder Original, con el qual fu Magestad, nos ha honrado. La Haya, à Veynte y tres de Febrero, de Mil setecientos y Catorze.

Duque de Osuna.

El Marque de Monteleon.

F I N I S.

I the King.

Manual de Vadillo y Velasco.

We do Certifie, That this present Writing is a Copy taken Word for Word from the Original Power, with which His Majesty has Honoured us. The Hague, the Twenty third of February, 1714.

Duque de Osuna.

Marque de Monteleon.

and Con-
orce; We
ith and
Approve,
with all
that are
inner as if
cluded by
whereof
spatched,
Presents,
led with
signed by
of State.
th Day of

King.

y Velasco.

his present
aken Word
al Power.
Honoured
rd of Fe-
Osuna.

Montecon.

