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L I F E0 F
General James Wolfe?
THE

## Conqueror of Canada :

## ELOGIUM of that Renowned HERO,

Attempted according to the
RULES of ELOQUENCE.
MONUMENTAL INSCRIPTION,
LATIN and ENGLISH,
To perpetuate his MEMORY.

$$
\text { By } \mathrm{J} * * * \mathrm{P} * * * * * *, \text { A. M. }
$$

Avida eff periculi virtus, et quò tendat, non quid pafura fit cogitat : quoniam et quod paflura eft, gloria pars eff. SENECA.
$\begin{array}{llllll}L & O & N & D & N:\end{array}$
Printed for G. Kearsiy, Succeffior to the late Mr. Robinsong, at the Golden-Lion, in Ludgate-Street: M.DCC.LX.
[Price One Shilling.]
I
T. HE

## EPISTLE DEDICATORY,

TOTHE

## MEN OFKENT.

## Genteemen,

TAKE the Liberty of fecommending to your Patronage the following Difcourfe, the Defign of which is to record the Military Fame and Character of the late illuftrious General Wolfe.

I willingly undertook the Tafk, unbiaffed and unafked; prefuming, though my Abilities were far unequal to it, (for an Achilles fhould be defcribed by a Homer, and an Alexander painted by an Apelles) that it would meet with a favourable Reception, both
A 2
ii ，The Epiftle Dedicutorys fres
from the Novelty of the Compofition，arey y emptad among us，and the Excellence of the ofject in cele－ brates，

An Addrefs to none but you，Gentlemen，feemed proper on this Occafion：becaufe，as it is your County that gave Birth to，and nurfed the Hero，it was but juft you chould，on that Account，fhare in the Elogiums， which are due to his Merit；and even pride youffelves， that，with the general Applaufe of the Nation，you can again add to your Lift of Kentish Worthies，in Church and State，in the Army and Navy，the Name of a MAN－Or KENT，who is the Glory of the prefent Age，and will be the Admiration of the future．

Go on，Gentlemen，and profper，May you never want a Race of Heroes；and may every Man among you，in the Support and Defence of his Country，prove himfelf a true Man of Kent，which is the hearty Wifh of，

Gentemmen，

Your mof Humble，and
RejpeEtful Servant，
$\mathbf{J}^{*}$ 米采 $\mathbf{P}$ 米米米米


THE

## L <br> I <br> F <br> E

0 F
General $\mathcal{F} A M E S$ WOLFE, \&c.

$E *$ Sent out bis Arrows, and fcattered tbem; and be Sot out Ligbtnings, and difcomfited tbem. Thefe are the Words of David, acknowledging, in the Jubilation of a Heart full of Gratitade, the Power of God; when He, the Lord, his Strength and Buckler, the Horn of his Salvation, and high Tower, delivered him from the Hand of all his Enemies, and from the Hand of Saul.

The fame great and mighty God, glorious + in Holinefs, fearful in Praifes, doing Wonders, has lately manifefted his Power and ftretched-out Arm, in Defence of this Nation; his Munificence has thowered down upon us all the Bleffings of Peace, whilft his Juftice makes other Nations feel all the Calamities of War ; he has

[^0]$\pm$ Exod. xr. 7.
crowned

## $2 \quad$ Tbe Life of. General Jambs Wolfe, $\mathscr{E}^{\circ} c$.

crowned our Arms with fignal Succeffes both by Sea and Land; the Haughtinefs of our inveterate Foes has been covered by him with Shame and Confufion; and if, regardlefs of his Chaftifements, they perfift in wicked Defigns, in perfidious Dealings, in violent Meafures, he will furely level all their afpiring Thoughts with the Duft, and crufh into Abortion their deftructive Machinations.

- We have always, and now more efpecially, juft Reafon to let Praifes and Thankfgivings dwell on our Lips, and in our Minds, for the fingular Mercies it has pleafed God to fhew us. Let us therefore raife the Voice of Exaltation, let us found the Trumpet of Praife, let us pay the Tribute of Thanks to the Moft High. This our Felicity, next to, and under the Direction of his all-gracious providential Care, we are indebted for to his Majefty's wife Counfels, which the Event has proved to have been planned with a judicious Forecaft, and executed with a no lefs noble than vigorous Spirit. It was thefe wife Counfels that made Choice of General James Wolfe for the Conqueft of Quebec, the Capital of the French Empire in North America. He did not hefitate to obey his Orders, or cavil with his Inftructions ; his. Country called him forth; he went, fought the Enemy, and died crovzned wish Vitory.

Here, what a Scene, mingled with Glory and Pity, Joy and Sorrow, Triumph and Mourning, prefents itifelf to View !

How glorious was it for a fmalt Body of Troops, amidit a Multiplicity of Obftacles, atmoft unfurmountable, to defeat fo numerous an Enemy and yet we pity that Bravery, that Ardour, that Incentive to Honour, that Senfe of Duty, that Love of the Country in the noble Commander; becaufe, as the moving Spring to animate others with Motion, as the powerful Example begun and fhewn in himfelf to lead on to Conqueft, he was thereby prompted to hazard and lofe a Life fo precious to his Comtry!

Hark! what Shouts of Joy rend the Sky whilt Britons cry Victory! The neighbouring Mountains fend back the Sound; Quebee hears it, chilled with Forrors; the Indian Nations ftand aftonifhed: But alas! this $\downarrow \mathrm{loy}$, fo full of Confufion for the Enemy; fo fweet a

Source of Pleafure for Britons, is foon marred with Bitternefs. Britons fee, with Sorrow painted on their down-caft Faces, their General breathing his laft; they count over, with Regret, his honourable Wounds; and while they bathe them with their Tears, the cannot hetp thinking, that, that Victory muft be ineftimable, which required for its Purchafe the Blood of fo great and fo good a General.

Lo! Triumphs were not wanting, to declare the Importance of our Conqueft. They were not, indeed, thofe Triumphs that dazzle the Sight, by the Splendor of an external folemn Pomp; , but they were Triumphs in the Heart of every true Britont, and every fincere Winher to the Welfare of his Country. Our North American Colonies had long experienced all the Inconvenienciés of a more than troublefome Neighbourhood; they were delivered up; by an encroaching and rapacious Enemy, to the Incurfions and Depredations of the moft barbarous Savages : Let us draw a Veil over the Treatment they received, over the uncommon Cruelties exercifed upon them; Humanity cannot ftand the Shock of a bare Reprefentation! What muft be their Thoughts when the welcome News came to them of the Conqueft of Quebec? All their Fears were diffipated; the certain Hopes of future Peace and Security fmiled upon them; every Breaft glowed with Triumph. Britain, a fond Parent, felt the warm Emotions of the dear Children fhe had nurtured and educated with fo much Care. How deeply was fhe, fome Time ago, afflicted to learn their Diftrefs? She rode on the rapid Wings of Tendernefs to their Relief; her potent Arm raifed them up; it bade them follow to the Revenge of Battle ; and now the exults with them in Triumph. O great and glorious Triumph, how magnificent wouldft thou have been, were the Triumptis of mortal Man, pure, unfullied, and unmixed ! Thy Brightnefs is obfcured; thy Beauties fade, thy Gaiety grows fullen, when the Reflection flatts upon us, difmal and doleful Reffection ! proclaiming aloud, that Wólfe is dead; Wolfe ! that valiant Captain, whofe aufpicious Conduct is the Caufe of all our Triumph. Then, O then, the Eye is feen to mourn; the Countenance in vain recals its Sprightlinefs; nay, the whole Body, to fhew it fympathifes with the fincere Regret of the Mind, would willingly clothe itfelf with a Garbexpreffive of Sorrow!

## 4 The Life of General James Wolfe, $\mathcal{E}^{\circ} c$.

But ceafe, ye unavailing Tears! Ceafe to flow! Ye flow without Reafon! Wolfe is not dead. He now enjoys a Life of Immortality. His" Memory will be for ever dear to Britons. - Heaven, fumming up his heroic Virtues, judged them to be ripe for the Fruition of eternal Happinefs. Yes, O Divine Being, Author of all good Gifts! He* afked Life of thee, and thou gaveft it bim, even Length of Days for ever and ever: His Glary is great in tby Salvation, Honour and Majefty baft tbou laid upon bim.

Such are the ineffable Rewards that await Virtue; fuch General James Wolfe is now in the quiet and undifturbed Poffeffion of; he now fits exalted above the Reach of impotent Envy, which cannot detract from his Merit; and this his Merit will appear in the moft confpicuous and amiable Light; after paffing in Review the principal Actions of his Life.

James Wolfe has a juft Claim to very honourable Progenitors. He was the Son of Colonel Edward Wolfe, and was born at Wefterbam, in the County of Kent, where he was baptifed Fanuary the 1 Ith, il26. It is faid of him, that, even in his earlieft Youth, he had by Words and Actions exhibited feveral Specimens of what he was one Day likely to be: So true it is, that the natural Difpofition will work its Way, and Shew ittelf in the Difplay of ingenious Contrivances, when the Application of Art and Precepts, where it is wanting, will have little or no Effect. His illuftrious Parents, who could eafily difcern in him the Dawn of great Hopes, were affiduous to improve it into the Maturity of ftrong, bright, and vivid Rays. Every Thing in young Wolfe contributed to fecond their Intentions; he not only performed whatever he was enjoined with all the Alacrity of Inclination, but even his Performance was admirable; and the more fo, as it far exceeded his Years. Happy Genius! deftined by fuch evident Marks to be the Support and Ornament of your Country.

These were only the Rudiments and Effays of tender Childhood: The Flower was fill in the Bud; it only gliftened bedecked with

[^1]the Pearls of Morning Dew. But, when once its native genial Warmth began to tranfmit the generous Sap, it opened, it blowed, into all the Charms of Adolefcency. Now we behold young Woife, not infenfibly, but, by a brik and lively Progrefs, learning and practifing all the Duties, and all the Virtues, that fread their Luftre on a well-inftituted Life. His Apprehenfion was exceeding quick and clear, penetrating almoft in a Moment into the deepeft Receffes of whatever was neceffary for him to know: His Judgment, acute and folid, readily determined him in the Choice of what was beft ; and his Memory, eafy and retentive, laid up for his Ufe, as in a faithful Repofitory, all his precious Acquifitions. Society, as

- in a Mirrour, could contemplate in him all the Perfections that tend to inhance its Benefit. His Friendhips were the more fincere and conftant, as being cemented on the Groundwork of Reafon; yet not fo reftrained to the Sweets of particular Attachments, as ever to exclude a more extenfive Spirit of Benevolence, which glowed in him, to promote the univerfal Good of Mankind. Hence he was polite, affable, gentle, free, and unreferved in his Converfation; no fliff, fullen, farbidding, haughty, boifterous Airs ruffed the Serenity of his Countenance ; and, as his Graces were truly engaging, actuated by Honour, replete with Candour, devoid of Affectation, fo none ever refufed him the kindeft Wiflhes of their Hearts.

Besides thefe focial Virtues, and many others which might be enumerated, he poffeffed, even in thofe Years, that Purity and Integrity of Mind, which made him on all Occafions adhere ftrictly to the Dietates of Juftice, and withal infpired him with fuch a deep Senfe of Religion, that the good Chriftian did not feem fo much added to, as to crown and complete the Uniformity of his Conduct. And, indeed, it was this Senfe of Religion that imparted Spirit and Motion; nay; I may fay, covered with the Shield of Intrepidity, and fitted the Wings of Impetuofity to, the Courage which afterwards appeared in his military Charatter. He was thoroughly convinced within himfelf, that he who is regardlefs of his Duty to God, will be but a fuperficial Obferver of his Duty to his Country and Prince. The Officer whofe Vigour of Mind and Body is emafculated by Voluptuoufnefs, whofe Appetites relifh nothing
but Immoralities, cannot look at an Enemy in the Face; He either flies, betraying the daftardly Spirit of a Coward; or, overwhefined by all the Horrors of confcious Guilt, kneels, deprecating the Vengeance of the uplifted Arm ready to Atrike the fatal Blow: Whereas the Chriftian Soldier, who complies with his Duty, not by Neceffity, but by Choice ; not through the fervile Fear of Reproach, but for the Welfare and Glory of his Country, is not abanthed to meet his FGB - he is feized with no Horrors of Confcience to make him grovel in Timidity; his Mind is erect, fteady, and active ; no Difficulties can obitruct his victorious Sword, nor no Dangers deter him from executing the Purpofe of his Soul.

Ail the Actions of Wolfe expreffed this Pourtrait of the Chriftian Soldier; from the very Time he embraced the Profeffion of Arms, which was fo early as when he was but juft able to bear them. Eager to receive Inftruction, punctual to obey Command, affiduous to form himfelf and others to all the Exactnefs of military Difcipline, he foon merited the Efteem of his Equals, and was honoured with the Commendations of his Superiors. How wonderfully does Praife operate on an ingenuous Mind! It is its Sting, its Spur, its Fire; it roufes, it pufhes on, it inflames the whole Man to atchieve the moft gallant Exploits: Yet Wolfe, though fenfible of it, was far from being puffed up with vain Pride : Praife may flatter others with the Thoughts of Self-fufficiency, with an over Confidence in their Abilities; but in him its Effects were only predominant to the Out-doing of himfelf in fill greater and more fpirited Acts.

During the laft War he was prefent at almoft every Engagement, in which he bore no inconfiderable Part, fignalifing his Courage by vigorous Attacks upon the Enemy, and frequently his Conduct, in a very mafterly Manner, amidft Dangers and Difficulties. No Wonder, then, if his military Genius was fingled out, as one that Fromifed to appear eminently diftinguifhed in the firft Rank. But, whilft it was thus rifing apace, admired and applauded by all,-Peace lulled to Reft the Horrors of War, and cut hort his fond Hopes of gathering freh Laurels.

It happens but too often, upon the Declaration of a Peace, that both the Officer and Soldier, to wear down the difagreeable Impreffion of the many. Fatigues and Hardhips they underwent in the Service of the War, greedily catch at the Amufement of every Relaxation, or rather the Bait of every Pleafure that prefents itfelf. This-Inchantment, fo fweet and ravifhing in the Tafte it affords, is fraught with a fure though flow Poifon. The Deffres are ftimulated to a further Indulgence, and at Length Habit fo rivets the Chains of foft Dalliance, that the martial Hero, encompaffed by them, is furprifed, when called upon to exert his former Valour, that he cannot poffibly find himfelf. Not fo with Wolfe. Recreation and Pleafure never fo prevailed over him as to make him forget what he owed to himfelf and to his Country. All the Nerves of his warlike Difpofition were kept firmly braced; and, ftudious to improve the important Leffons he had already learned into a lafting Advantage, he wifely made the Eafe and Leifure of Peace inftrumental to the cultivating of the Arts of War.

And who but he could fo properly make War his Study? Who but he difcovered the mighty Genius for it? The more we take a View of this Genius, the more we fhall be enamoured of it: No Quality was wanting to it, which feemed requifite to form and magnify the Hero. Ancient and modern Difcipline were equally known: to him : He united the moft Mining Talents of the bef Mafters in the Science of War in his own Perfon; fully perfiaded, that it is not Speculation, which may be vain and idle, but Contrivance; Induftry, and Application that complete the Warrior.

Of this I call you to be the Witneffes, ye fix Battalions, that fought fo glorioully in the Plains of Minden! All the French Cavalry felt your Shock, ftriking down and ravaging like Thunder-bolt. It was not a wild Force, ruthing forth with precipitate Rafhnefs, and often fpending itfelf in the Impetuofity of its Efforts, that broke and routed the Enemy's Squadrons; it was the Regularity and Exactnefs of Difcipline Wolfe himfelf infufed into one of thefe Battalions, when he governed it as Lieutenant-Colonel. By the Inftinct of his Capacity it leads the Way in that Field of Fame; the reft fpeed af-

## 8 Tibe Life of General James Wolfe, $0^{\circ} c$.

ter the great Example : Inclination calls them to it, and Death is dealt from every Blow of the invincible Legion!

This is thy Victory, here are thy Trophies, O Wolfe! I fay again it was the Inftinct of thy Capacity that conquered in the Plains of Minden : Thy Spirit, thy Elevation, Prefence of Mind, and Judgment were prefent at the Battle: They guided the Work thy Hands had fafhioned; and this Work overthrew the Enemy, with great Slaughter. All Europe heard of it and was amazed ! Britain knew thee, her Son, to be the Author of it, and therefore Che now records the Glory of this Day in her Annals, to thy immortal Honour !

When, at the Breaking-out of the prefent War, the great Minifter, who now fits at the Helm of Affairs, was making ftrenuous Efforts to cut off the Hydra-Head of Faction, and to awake the na-tional Spizit from the urgrateful Slumbers it was laid in, Wolfe, freth with manly Life, appeared upon the Stage of Action, to put in Practice, for his Country's Service, the profound Study we have feen him make in Peace of the Arts of War. The Minitter's difcerning Eye pointed him out to be a powerful Aid to thofe, who, in Right of Seniority, claimed the Command, for executing his Defigns againft Racbfort ; though the ill Succefs of that Affair gave us afterwards Reafon to wifh the Claim had been founded on the Right of undifputed Merit, influenced and biaffed by the unfeigned Love of the Country. However pure and upright the Patriot Minifter's Intentions were, it may be faid, that, his Adminiftration being then in its Infancy, and not fo thoroughly eftablifhed, Feuds, Animofities, and Jealoufies had not yet fubfided; and that there remained 2 Deal of the old Leaven, to corrupt the Mafs of the new, yet true Syftem of Policy, if it was not purged off by due Circumfpection. Time alone, and a true Eftimate of our real Intereft, can produce thefe defirable Effects; and it is therefore we fhall leave the wellprojected Attack of Rocbfort in the Obfcurity it has been involved in, wherving only, to the * Honour of our young Hero, who was Quar-ter-Mafter-General upon this Expedition, that he, with other Offcers, whilft our Fleet remained in the Bay of Bafque, the Weather being at the fame Time very favourable for a Defcent, went on

[^2]Shore

Shore one Night, and walked two Miles up the Country without Interruption. Every Part of the Beach was found by him and his Company to be firm and dry; no Incampment, no Troops, no Batteries upon it. All, upon their Return to the Fleet, preffed the Landing of the Troops with great Warmth; and, to the very laft, there did not appear to be any great Body of Men near the Shore, though fomething looked like an Incampment.

As it was practicable to land; as no fufficient Body of the Enemy's Troops or Batteries were difcovered to prevent it; as there was no Difference in the Situation of Rochfort, contrary to the Intelligence given at Court ; the Failure of the Expedition feemed to be chiefly grounded on not taking or attacking Fort Fouras. This was certified by the brave Wolfe; who took the Liberty, as he fays himfelf, of fuggefting his Opinion to Sir Edrvard Hawke and Sir Fobn Mordaunt, That he-did not doubt but a Ship of War might batter Fort Fouras, and that a Body of Troops might be landed at the fame Time, and attack it- with Succefs: He took the Liberty alfo to mention, as he only had feen the Fort, that, if Sir Edward Hawoke thought proper to make a Diverfion near Rocbelle at the fame Time, it might engage the Attention of the French, and give an Opportunity of making a Defcent between: He further hinted his Opinion, as to fending the Bomb-Ketches out, not knowing but Bombs might be thrown into Rocbelle; and he mentioned another Circumftance, in Regard to fending for the Pilot of the Magnanime, who would inform Sir Edward if there was Depth of Water fufficient to carry a Ship up to Fouras; adding, from the indifferent Opinion he had of the Fort, a forty or fifty Gun Ship might at leaft annoy the Fort, fo as to give an Opportunity of landing.

Here were Difpofitions worthy of the moft experienced General ; Difpofitions which in all Probability would have been attended with Succefs in the Execution, if they had been hearkened unto with a real Intention of doing effectual Service. The generous Heart of Wolfe could not help teftifying its Regret for fuch a Stagnation in Refolution, which appeared but too fenfibly: And, as he fincerely wifhed well to his Country, what indignant Emotions muft have filled his Breaft, to fee an expenfive and formidable Armament ferve C only
only the Purpofes of a vain Parade! Well may Complaints and Murmurings be heard from moft Quarters ; not againft the Minifter nor the Admiral ; for their Glory, far from being eclipfed, rofe fuperior to all Envy: The Miniter had fill a Wolfe, who was willing and able to wipe away the Nation's Difgrace ; and this he did, when the brave Amberft fuffered him, uncontrouled, to exert his Talents for the Taking of Louiburg.

On * the 2d of $\mathcal{F}$ une, 1758, when our Fleet, with about a Third of their Complement of Troops, anchored in Gabarus Bay, the gallant Wolfe, then a Brigadier-General, in Conjunction with Ger neral $A m b e r f$, the Commander in Chief, and Brigadier-General Lawrence, reconnoitred the Shore as near as they could; and made a Difpofition for landing in three Places the next Morning, in Cafe the reft of the Troops arrived. The Weather continuing very bad, and the Swell of the Sea high, the Landing could not poffibly take Place till the 8th; at which Time Brigadier-general Wolfe was the firft that rowed into the Shore with his Detachment. The Enemy did not throw away a Shot, till his Boats were near in Shore, and then directed the whole Fire of their Cannon and Mufquetry upon them. Notwithftanding their Fire, and the Violence of the Surf, which made it almoft impracticable to find a Place for getting a Boat on Shore, Brigadier Wolfe purfued his Point; and, landing juft at the Left of the Cove, took Poft, attacked the Enemy, and forced therin to retreat. Several Boats overfet, feveral were fhattered to Pieces, and all the Men jumped into the Water, to follow their intrepid Leader:

Many were the Services whereby he afterwards fignalifed himfelf during this Siege ; and, particularly, when, on Intelligence received that the Enemy had deftroyed the grand Battery, and called in their Out-pofts, he was detached with 1200 Men, four Companies of Grenadiers, three Companies of Rangers, and fome light Infantry; round the north-eaft Harbour to the Light-Houfe Point, to filence the Ifland Battery, and at the fame Time to attempt to deftroy the Ships in the Harbour. He took Poffeffion of the Light-Houfe Point, with all the Pofts on that Side the Harbour, which the Enemy had

[^3]abandoned, with feveral Cannon; and, when a large Party of them had crept out one Morning, to get fome old Palifades and Wood, he puhhed them in with a brifk Fire; and, taking Pofts on the Hills, from whence it was intended to try to demolifh the Shipping, he marched forward on the Right, and forced the Enemy back to Cape Noire, with a fmart Fire. After this, a great Cannonading continuing from the Town and Shipping on our Batteries, he was making an advanced Work on the Right, thrown up at 650 Yards from the Covered-Way, with an Intention of erecting a Battery to deftroy the Defences of the Place. The next Thing he did, was to pufh on a Corps, and take Poffeffion of the Hills in the Front of the Barafoy, where he made a Lodgment : And, laftly, a few Days before the Town capitulated, his Batteries contributed greatly to burn three of the Enemy's Ships. In Mhort, it is incredible what extraordinary Feats he performed in this Siege; and all of them the genuine Effects of his diftingaifhed Abilities, his Conduct and Intrepidity; which rendered him a Terror to the Enemy, and not without juft Reafon the Safeguard and Ornament of his Country.

On his Return home, what Encomiums were paffed upon him by all Degrees of Men! But he, modeft and difcreet, afcribed all the Glory to the prudent Management of him under whom he fought. It was a fufficient Satisfaction to himfelf that his Country had been faithfully ferved, and that he had done what he thought only his Duty. Unparalleled Moderation in the Manner of accepting the Tribute of Praife! Yet it is by thefe and the like humble Sentiments that exalted Merit appears in the Bloom of never-fading Beauty. Pride, and Arrogance, and Self-conceit will make but a contemptible Figure; and, notwithftanding all Endeavours to impofe by a glaring Outfide, cannot help fhewing the ridiculous Deformity.

Wolfe then deferved, as the Reftorer of the Reputation of the Britijh Arms; as the Conqueror of Cape Breton with the noble Amberft; to ride with him in the triumphal Car of Fame. Amberft does not refufe to acknowledge him the Partner of his.Glory: Even without Jealoufy he felicitates him that others think as well of him as of himfelf; and, to declare how eminently he ftands in his Efteem, he generoully recommends him to his Country, as worthy of the higheft

The Life of General Jamps Wolfe; ©oc.
military Command. This Recommendation, though powerful; and higbly valued by the grateful Wolfe, did not however carry that Force and Energy with it as his own Actions. They fpoke aloud what he was and what he would be ; and, though filent himfelf; uninfluenced by Ambition; which he was never known to court through the Mediation of the Great ; and intirely paffive in the Difpofal that might be made of his Abilities, he was called upon, as the ufeful Man in the Exigencies of the State, to command the important Expedition againft Quebec.

There is fomething fecret in Nature, not to be defined or expreffed by Words, which, on confidering certain Objects, roufes the Paffions from the Indolency of Indifference, to make them imbibe the Delicacies of Refinement, and elates the Soulwith a full Profpect of Grandeur, Magnificence, Excellence, and Delight. Such is the Confideration of Wolfe's Spirit in the conducting of this Enterprife; it is an Object that quickens the dull Lethargy of the Paffions into the livelieft Tranfports ; we cannot withold our Admiration of it ; the Soul fometimes quietly and joyfully refts in its Contemplation; fometimes fhe is winged into Extafies; for the finds in it both Grandeur and Delight : Not Grandeur and Delight contracted within a narrow Compafs, as in a Meadow variegated with Flowers, and receiving an additional Beauty from a purling Brook, taught to water the tender Grafs; but Grandeur and Delight, vaft and extenfive, as in the unbounded Profpect of Hills and Vales, inumbrated with tall Cedars, and watered by an expanded River.

Few or none ever before rofe to Wolfe's great Reputation in War, till they had firft obtained and firmly eftablifhed it by repeated Victories and Commands. He , in fome Meafure, as an unprecedented Example; building upon the Foundation of fcarce any other Advantages than the Expectation he had raifed of himfelf, at once gained fuch an Afcendant in the Love of his Fellow-fubjects, the Confidence of the Soldiery, the Efteem of the Officers, the Refpect of the Government, the Favour of the Court, that all, with undifguifed unanimous Suffrages, placed him in the Summit of this Command. -We fhall now fee how he behaved himfelf in it, how he

## The Life of General Jambs Wolpe, $\mathfrak{g}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

proved himfelf worthy of it ; as otherwife a General muft have little Reafon to value himfelf upon the moft fhining Succefs.

When * General Wolfe appeared before Quebec, in the River of St. Laurence, with his Troops, he found the Obftacles to his intended Operations much greater than he had Reafon to expect, or could forefee, and chiefly from the natural Strength of the Country, which the Enemy feemed wifely to depend upon. To complete their Security, Succours of all Kinds had been thrown into 2 uebec, and a numerous Body of regular Troops, joined to the Troops of the Colony, filled up with every Canadian that was able to bear Arms, befides feveral Nations of Savages, had taken the Field in a very advantageous Situation.

What was the Profpect of reducing a Place which was every Way fo well prepared for a vigorous Defence? General Wolfe could not flatter himfelf that he was able to effect it ; yet, with his little Army, whofe Courage and Refolution he could depend upon, he hoped, if an Opportunity offered of attacking that of the Enemy, however fuperior and formidable, he fhould difconcert their Meafures by difperfing them, and fo as to facilitate with Succefs an Attack upon the Town.

The Enemy were encamped along the Shore, and intrenched in every acceffible Part. On his Landing upon the Inle of Orleans, he found it abfolutely neceffary both to poffefs himfelf of, and to fortify, the Point of Levi, and the Weftermoft Point of the Ille; becaufe, from either the one or the other, the Enemy might make it impoffible for any Ship to lie in the Bafon of 2uebec, or even within two Miles of it. This Service being performed with little Lofs, he ordered Batteries of Cannon and Mortars to be erected with great Difpatch on the Point of Levi, to bombard the Town and Magazines, and to injure the Works and Batteries. The Enemy, perceiving thefe Works in great Forwardnefs, paffed the River to attack and deftroy them ; but, falling into Confufion, they fired upon one another, and went back; and the Effect of this Artillery

[^4]was fo great, though a-crofs the River, that the Upper Town was confiderably damaged, and the Lower intirely deftroyed.

The Variety of his other Difpofitions, Stratagems, and mafterly Strokes of Generalihip, are ftill fo recent in every one's Memory, that a Detail of them is unneceffary; and it will be fufficient to fay, that, to draw the Enemy from their Situation, and bring them to an Action, he at laft formed and executed that great Plan of conveying his Troops above the Town, after leaving the Points of Levi and Orleans in a proper State of Defence. He was but juft then recovered from a dangerous Fit of Illnefs, yet his bodily Strength, as if not in the leaft impaired, was fo refrefhed by the Vigour of his Mind, that he was prefent in Pt fon, active, diligent, and indefatigable, wherever any Thing was to be done or ordered for taking an Advantage of the Enemy. Thus fulfilling, in his whole Manner, the Character of Cafar ;
,Nil actum reputans $\sqrt{2}$ quid fupereffet agendum.
And now the Enemy, being obliged to quit their Poft, collected the whole of their Forces, and advanced to give Battle, which they could not avoid. General Wolfe, in the mean Time, put his little Army in extreme good Order, and difplayed his Ranks fo as to ftrike a Terror into the Enemy by the Appearance of a far greater Number than he really had. Cool, provident, and prepared in this Manner for all Events, his Troops fhewing, at the fame Time, a Countenance mixed with Alacrity and Steadinels, he received the Enemy's firft Shock, which, as it is cuftomary with them, was very brifk and animated. But this their Vivacity, from a little Check, is foon relaxed into the Debility of unrefifting Languor; the Man degenerates into Woman, and can only exert a like impotent Struggle. Wolfe prudently referved his Fire till he was within forty Yards, and then it was fo well continued, and with fuch good Effect, that the Enemy every where gave Way. In this Onfet, a Mufquet-ball pierced through, and fhattered the Bone of his Wrift; but, regardlefs of fuch a painful and defperate Wound, he immediately wrapped it up, and, quite unconcerned, followed the impetuous Blow he had juft ftruck, giving the Enemy no Time to reco-
ver from the Confternation and Confufion he had thrown them into. Then it was, in the Midft of the Havock he was making, thinning and mowing down their Ranks, that, a fecond Ball paffing through his Body, he fell at the Head of his brave Grenadiers, as they were darting, like Lightning, to affail with their Bayonets.

OH! Wolfe; what a melancholy Fall was this for thy Country, yet, glorious and honourable to thee, and fill more glorious and honourable by the Circumftances that attended it! When faint and breathlefs, through the Effufion of thy Blood, thou waft, by the mournful Miniftry of a few Soldiers, carried 'off from the Scene of Action; nay, from that Scene of Victory, ready to proclaim thee the Conqueror of Canada, thou didft, ftill intent upon the Event, raife thy drooping Head, and check the mighty Conflicts of thy Soul, haftening to fever herfelf from thy Body : 'This thou didft with new Life and Motion, when the Shout of, Tbey run, founded in thy Ears. Thou did\&t afk, with all the Eagernefs of ftrong Perturbation, Who run? and receiving the joyous Anfwer, that the Enemy were routed, with a complete and decifive Overthrow, thou didft reply, in tender Emotions for thy Country's Succefs, Then, I tbank God, I die contented. Peace and Compofure, with thefe Words, fealed thy Eyelids, and thy Head gently reclining, willingly refigned thy mortal Life.

If we fearch the Records of Hiftory for a Death like that of Wolfe, fhall we find one, in all Refpects, fo Noble? Many have fought for their Country, and died in its Defence, perhaps with Sentiments of Magnanimity equal to his, and with as undaunted a Refolution to fubmit to the Laws of Fatality; but how few, under his Circumftances, have graced Death with fuch attractive Charms, that what commonly is abhorred as an Evil, feems pleafing, welcome, and defirable? We praife then, we magnify fuch a Death; we exult within ourfelves, that we can produce fuch an Example to awake Imitation upon a like Occafion; and we even fay, that fo to die, is not to dle in Effect, is not to be extinct and forgotten, but to live in the Memory of future Ages, till that Duration comes when Time fhall be no more.

## 16 The Life of General James Wolfe, $\mathscr{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}:$

Wolfe has acquired that Life of, lafting Memory; none envy it him; He flourifhes like the Palm-tree, and fhall be exalted as the Cedar of Lebanon; every grateful Briton has already raifed a Monument to him in his Breaft; and Marble fhall be taught, under the Hands of the Artift, to pay him its Homage by all the emblematical llluftrations of Heroifm it is capable of expreffing: But what fhall we farther fay, and what fhall we feel, whilft, with admiring Eyes, we furvey the Apparatus of this condign Pomp, whilft the magnificent Objects convey to us an Idea of the Excellence they reprefent? We fhall fay, It is Wolfe that has deferved all this: We can fay no more; we feel the reft; we feel the bright Effigies of his Glory making our Bofoms to pant, but its Beauties are not to be told ; neither can we defcribe its Height and Depth ; the Imagination wanders in a Maze, and cannot figure out the exact Meafurement.

If we place this Death of Wolfe in another Point of View, looking back to the Caufe for which he died, a Caufe no other than the Love of ferving his Country ; we Chall have Reafon to lament that Ardour which expofed him fo much to the Perils of War, and fet open againft him the greedy Jaws of Mortality before his Time; we Chall imbibe a little Tincture of Jealoufy againft the Monuments and Trophies, deftined as if too foon to perpetuate his Memory; we fhall accufe as a kittle too hafty the putting him in Poffeffion of fuch an Accumalation of Glory. Juft Regret! juft Jealoufy ! juft Complaint! His Country has fuffered by his Lofs; fhe now is thoroughly fenfible of it ; fhe wifhes his Life had been protracted into a full Length of Days; and The fighs, apprehenfive of not finding a Man like him to fight her battles.

Hence is the Source of Tears for Wolfe's Death, which refufes to be intirely dried up; and hence the plaintive Voice of Grief, which has been heard from all Parts of the Briti/b Realms. It will ftill be renewed with the deepeft Concern, whenever we approach that hallowed Ground where his precious Remains are depofited, or vifit the Monuments confecrated to his Memory. Thither we fhall come infpired with a reverential Awe for the Place; for the

## The Life of General Jambs Wolfe, Gooc. 17

. Wirtues that guard its Precincts, with Frowns and ftern Looks, bid the Prophane ftand aloof. The pure in Heart and Well-wifhers to their Country will come, and, mourning in the Silence of their Hearts, will fometimes ftart with Surprife, and fpeak within themfelves; "Then Wolfe is dead!-Surely he is gone too foon!Propitious Heaven lent him only for a Day 1 - Death found him too fine a Victim! - And is he then dead? He who was the Author of to much Happinefs to us! He who was the Son of Honour, truly brave, truly noble, friendly and candid, gentle and beneficent, great and glorious!"

Befold, the Soldier comes! He whofe Hands Wolfe had taught and fitted to Battle, and whofe Soul he had filled with Courage and Perfeverance: He mourns his Lofs in him; the beft of Officers, becaufe with him his chief Happinefs is vanifhed. Wolpe

- had always a Fellow-feeling for him; his Treatment of him was always humane; and he never let his Services pafs unrewarded. What Affection, what Gratitude, what Willingnefs, what Confidence, what Ardour, muft not Manners fo conciliating in the General, excite and cherifh in the Soldier!

And thou, lovely * Maid! will come: Thou, to whom Choice, guided by Reafon, pointed out Wolfe as the deferving Object of thy Affections. The innate Worth of his manly Soul kindled in thee the tendereft Sentiments. He gave and thou didft catch the Flame: Confcious Love cannot fmother its Fires; the Glow burfts out, and each Heart burns alike, and each Heart collects its Heat into the warmeft Wirhes. for completing a lafting Union. The Decorum of Life and Virgin-Modefty pottpone the happy Day. In the mean Time, his Country's Caufe calls Wolfe away. Love may bid him decline its Support; may paint with Horrors to him the Afpect of War; but he, mindful of the Dictates of Honour, and, above all, of the Duty he owes to his Country, removes, without Reluctance, from his Sight the Blandifhments of Love, and all the alluring Sweets of domeftic Eafe and Felicity; and, though he fondly may defire to embrace and enjoy them, for the Sake of her,

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{ }^{*} \text { Mifs } L-t b-r_{0}
$$



Epaminondas, the great Theban Captain, (whom Woife alfo refembles, as dying, like him, victorious over his Enemy) being afked, which of his Friends he loved beft; anfwered, that they muft all die before he could be pofitive in deciding the Degree they held in his Efteem.' The fame Thought has been adopted and improved by others, but by all with the Intention of inculcating, that none can be deemed truly good and happy before they die, Death alone being the Teft of their Actions, fo far as it points out, by a juft Meafure, the Depravity and Rectitude difcoverable in them. If Britons were now afked the Queftion, which of their Generals they love beft; they would anfwer, without Hefitation, Wolfe; becaufe the Conduct of his whole Life was invariably the fame, great and good, and Death authenticated and ratified this Greatnefs and Goodnefs, by affixing her Seal to it with an indelible Impreffion. Other Generals, renowned in Hiftory for being great Mafters in the Art of War, appear in a very contemptible Light, when divefted of the external Pageantry that obfcures the Deformity of their Actions in private Life: They are then the mere Man, and not the Hero. The Succefs of their Enterprifes, however obtrufive of the Ideas of Pomp and Grandeur on weak Minds, cannot extenuate the pernicious Effects of their Ambition, or Avarice, or Luft, or Cruelties, or Oppreffion. To gratify thefe inordinate Parfions, they waded through a Sea of Blood; they led Armies into a Field of Slaughter; they taught them the Way and Manner of butchering one another; and, in the End, inftead of fighting the Battles of their Country in Support of its own Independency, or the Rights and Liberties of Mankind, they proved the mercilefs Deftroyers of God's Creatures, and the Violators of the moft facred Laws of human Society. Death often feized upon them in the Midft of their Havock and Outrages, and tranfmitted them, as they deferved, deeply branded with the Ignominy of their enormous, Guilt, to the Horror and Deteftation of Pofterity. Not fo with Wolfe: Without Ambition, Avarice, or any other Vice, his Talents were employed in Defence of the Independence of his Country, with which the Rights and Liberties of Europe are intimately connected: As another $\mathcal{F} u d a s$ Maccabeus, be fougbt with Cbearful$n e \int s$ its Battle; bis People by it got great Honour; be burnt up tbofe

[^5]20 The Life of General Jambs-Wolfe, $\boldsymbol{E}^{\circ} c$.
tbat vexed bis People; Salvation profpered in bis Hand, and bis Memorial is blefled for ever.

Great God! juft and terrible in thy Judgments, with what an humbling Blow to Humanity haft thou ftruck us, by the Death of our beloved General James Wolfe! But, Lord, if thou doft unTheath thy Sword, it is not to deftroy, but to mend; it is not to blaft our Hopes $_{2}$ but to make them fpring with a fuller Bloom; it is not to crum us under the Weight of thy Vengeance, but to teach us to rife fuperior to all Difafters. Thou haft in James Wolfe fet an Example to our Generals and Officers, that, by faithfully copying after it, they may learn to relinquilh voluptuous Eafe, defpife Dangers and Difficulties, and, when neceffary, fall glorioully, like him, for their Country. Stung and quickened by noble Emulation, behold they make ready to run for the Prize in the fame Courfe of Glory. It is $\mathrm{Pitt}_{\text {, }}$ who, with thy divine Providence, was appointed the tutelary Genius of this Nation, that leads the Way with Precept. Thy Wifdom has replenifhed him with the good Gifts of deliberating maturely, judging foundly, counfelling fecurely, ordaining exactly, and executing effectually. He has introduced the Bleffings of Harmony and good Underftanding between our Commanders both by Sea and Land; they now no longer obftruct the Nation's Welfare by Contradictions, Diffenfions, and Difobedience. Oh! may the Bleffing continue! And may we never want a Pitt, under the aufpicious Influence of his Majefty, to find for us another Wolfe; whofe Lofs, though we are fincerely afflicted for it, thy all-gracious Care, O God, has abundantly compenfated, by preferving to us his Like in Amberf $_{2}$. Monckton, Townhbend, Hawke, and Saunders!

A

## MONUMENTAL INSCRIPTION，

## LATIN and ENGLISH，

 To，perpetuate the Memory of General Wolfe：モ A T I N．
Sifte Viator，
Et hic contemplare，
Quicquid nobile excelfumque concipi poteft，
Confentire in elogium
JA酸 BI WOLFE．
Excultus omni virtute herơicâ，
Tum verbo，tum exemplo，fub tutelâ patris ejus
Edwardi Wolpe，Tribuni Militum；
Jam vix adultâ ætate，indolis in obfequium pronus，
Militaris vitæ munia amplexus eft．
Bellatorem fummâ diligentiâ effingens
Se ，inter pralia cum hoftibus commiffa，animofum，
Inter pericula interritum，inter anguftias providum，
Preftitit：
Ob præclarum ad res bellicas ingenium，
Faventibus celeberrimis Ducibus，
Sub quibus ftipendia fecit；
Ad amplifimos in exercitu honorum gradus，
Conzinuatâ ferie，evectus eft．
Nativus ejus vigor，cum difciplinâ
Quam ipfe fecundùm leges prafinitas obfervandam inflituit，
Maximâ laude in Cohorte，quam arte bellicà erudiit，
Enituerunt ：
Quúm in Campis juxta Mindam，
Suo exemplo quinque aliarum fudia accendens，
Impetu unà facto，fulminis inftar，
Ab eis，Gallicus Equitatus fufus，fugatuque fuit．
Credite，Pofteri！
Totîus Europx Annales rem factam declarant．

Martius ejus ardor et folertia apud Rochfordam, Abniuente Profectionis militaris Præpofito, coercita;

Claré in fubverfione Lupovicr-Burgi, Emicuerunt.
Plané illum dixeris cum Amherstio
Expugnatorem Promontorii-Britannici:
Fortes non invident Fortibus; Generofo animi fai inftituto eum obfequi paffus eft.

Nunc dignus habitus fummo imperio præeffe;
QU.EBECUM,
Urbs primaria imperii Gallici in America Septentrionali,
Défignatur tanquam optabilis victoria, Quam eximiæ illius dotes promittunt.

Ars cum Naturậ conjurârat
Caftellum inexpugnabile efficere;
Sed ille inter tot res arduas, et diferimina impavidus,
Scandit rupcs, et præcipitia;
Urbem inferiorem in cineres redigit;
Contra fe ingentes Canadee copias educit;
Eafque parvâ manu, (miliṭum vix quinque millibus)
At ftrenuâ, vegetâ, et in pugnam àlacri,
Profligat, fugat, magnâque cum ftrage profternit.
Victoria, proh dolor!
Vix ei triumphantibus lucis radiis illuxit; Jam jam eum Canadex Debellatorem denunciatura, Quúm oppletus vulneribus adverfo pectore receptis Gloriofé ante aciem dimicans cecidit.

Gäüđète, et lugete, Britanni!
Gaudete ob frelicitatem rerum veftrarum,
Sub tanti Ducis aufpiciis :
Aft mortem lugete tam boni viri
Cujus mores Evangelicæ puritatis exemplar
Eum mortem oppetere æquo animo paratoque pro patriâ,
Edocuerunt.
In perpetuam ejus Memoriam, Hocce Monumentum fpeciali juffu Senatus, Populique Britannici Pofitum fuit Anno reparatz Salutis Milefimo, Septingentefimo, Sexagefimo, \&cc. : Natus fuit, \&c.

## E N G LIS. H.

Stop, Paffenger !
And here view whatever is Grand and Noble, Summed up in the Character of JAMES WOLFE.

His Mind being adorned with all heroic Virtues, Both by the Precept and Example of his illuftrious Father, Colonel Edward Wolfe; He , early in Life, as the Choice of his natural Difpofition, Embraced the Profeffion of Arms.

With indefatigable Induftry forming the Military Man, He fhewed himfelf
Gallant in Action, intrepid in Danger, circumfpect in Difficulties;
And being foon fingled out as a true Genius for the Art of War, With the Approbation and Applaufe Of the great Officers he ferved under, Was honoured, in a conftant Succeffion, With the moft diftinguifhed Pofts in the Army.

His innate Courage, his Regularity and Exactnefs of Difcipline,
Shone confípuous in the Corps he had himfelf trained up, When animating five others by its Example in the Plains of Minden;

The French Cavalry, by the Impetuofity of their Efforts,
Were broken, routed, and difcomfited.
Pofterity ! believe it :
The Annals of all Europe atteft the Fact.
His martial Ardour and Capäcity;
Reftrained by fuperior Command at Rochfor t ;
Were fignal in the Overthrow of Louisburg.
You may ftile him; with Amherst, the Coneueror of Cape-Breton:
The Brave do not envy the Brave;
He let him act according to the generous Purpofe of his Soul.

## 24. $\quad$ A. Monumental Infcription.

Now thought worthy of a Command in Chief; .2 U E BEC, : - The Capital of the Yrench Empire in North America, Is made the Object of the important Conqueft, Expected from his great Abilities.

Art had confpired with Nature
To render the Place impregnable:
But he, undanitrea amidft fuch a Scene of Difficulties;
Climbs over Rocks and Precipices,
Lays the Lower Town in Afhes,
Didws out the numerous Force of Canada againft him,
And with lefs than five thoufand Men,
But fout, vigorous, and ardent for Battle,
Routs and defeats them with great Slaughter.

> VICTor $Y$, alas!
> Harce dawned upon him with triumphant Rays of Light, Ready to falute him,
> The ConeUEROR of CANADA,
> Whe he fell gloriouly,
> Covered with honourable Wounds.

Britons! rejoice and mourn :
Rejoice that your Arms have profpered
Under the Conduct of fo great a General ; $\because$;
But mourn for the Lofs
Of fo good a Man,
Whofe Morals; a Copy of Gofpel-Purity,
Taught him to die contented for his Country.
To perpetuate his Memory;
This Monument was erected by the fpecial Command
Of the British Senate and Prople:-
In the Year of our Lord,
One Thoufand, Seven Hundred, and Sixty


[^0]:    - Pfal. xviii. 14

[^1]:    - Pfal xxi ver. 4,5

[^2]:    - What is here afferted may be feen authenticated by our belt Accounts.

[^3]:    *See the Gazette of Auguf 18, 1758.

[^4]:    - See the Gazette of OEzober 16, 1759.

[^5]:    D 2
    that

