

OVER TWELVE THOUSAND PEOPLE ON EXHIBITION GROUNDS YESTERDAY

Second Day's Attendance of the Big Fair Almost Doubles Previous Record Attendance.—Fair Is An Assured Success Financially.—Competition of Horses and Cattle Judging

From Wednesday's Bulletin.

More than twelve thousand people crowded into the exhibition grounds Tuesday afternoon, completely shattering the attendance record for the second day last year of the Provincial Industrial Exhibition, and at the same time breaking the previous fair attendance record by over seven thousand. The marvellous increase in the attendance this year is attributable largely to the filling up of the west, the universal prosperity obtaining, and the wider advertising of Alberta's premier exhibition. The attendance record, made on the second day last year, was seven thousand five hundred.

Tuesday was Children's Day, and the lusty youth of the city and district was there in all his glory. He shot the chutes, and wore out the seat of his trousers on the spiral tower. Then he ate peanuts, and drank pink lemonade on top of them. He did these things as long as his nickles lasted and then mumbled the fact he was not a millionaire, and that fortune had not smiled more kindly on his progenitors.

It is estimated there were over eight thousand visitors in the city. The two C.P.R. trains, which came up from the south Monday, reaching Strathcona at 11 o'clock, carried immense crowds. The 4 o'clock train was made up of 8 coaches, and every coach was packed to the roof. This train brought the crowds from Calgary, Beddington, Airdrie, Carstairs, Didsbury, Olds, Bowden, Penhold, Inglewood, Red Deer, Lacombe, Morningside, Ponoka, Hobbema, Bears Hill and Wetaskiwin, as well as the people on the Wetaskiwin and Lacombe branches.

The trains on the C.N.R. carried crowds which were restrained from seeking accommodation on the roofs of the coaches, only by the fact that such an ordinarily perilous position would have been infinitely more popular on the C.N.R. Monday's 6:30 a.m. and 6:30 p.m. trains on the C.N.R. pulled into the station with people aboard from Ft. Saskatchewan, Lamont, Chipman, Mundare, Vegreville, Lavoie, Innisfree, Mannville, Vermilion, Lloydminster and every intermediate station between these places, and as far east as Battleford.

Never in its history has Edmonton been called upon to greet such an immense crowd of welcome visitors. The accommodation for the visitors was entirely inadequate. This is not the fault of the city or the citizens, but was due to the size of the crowds. The hotels had been turning people away since Sunday evening, despite the fact that every building which was available, had been turned into temporary quarters. The ideal weather favored around the first two days has been a large factor in the success of the exhibition. Cloudless skies and breezes from the west have combined to make almost perfect weather.

Finally the Exhibition Association's position is an assured success. The entire gate receipts including the grand stand, for the two days to Tuesday's receipts were \$3,800. With continued atmospheric conditions, similar to those of the first two days, the association's receipts should be in neighborhood of \$16,000. This is exclusive of both privileges, entrance fees, and all other sources of revenue.

Grand Championship.
Grand Championship, Heavy Stallions—Gold medal, Colophon, Stoney Plain Clydesdale Association.

Grand Champions. Light stallion (gold medal)—Woodman; E. K. Strathly, Lacombe.

FINE DISPLAY OF CATTLE.
The cattle judging was finished Tuesday, and the prizes were all awarded. The judge, Mr. A. W. Smith, of Maple Lodge, Ontario, was delayed by a serious wreck on the main line of the C. P. R. east of Rat Portage, in which twenty-one persons were killed, nineteen of whom were Chinamen.

The Shorthorns were the first class to appear in the ring, and brought out the keenest competition of the day. Taken as a class, the exhibit was a most creditable one, and in a few places the judge had difficulty in picking the winner. Great interest was evinced by the farmers who surrounded the ring, and the general verdict was that Mr. Smith was right in picking the winner. Great interest was evinced by the farmers who surrounded the ring, and the general verdict was that Mr. Smith was right in picking the winner.

Carriage Horses.
Team in harness to carriage not under 16 hands.—1. A. York, Edmonton; 2. Pat Turner, Wetaskiwin.

Team in harness to carriage not under 14-1/2 hands and under 16 hands (4 entries).—1. J. H. McKinley, Windermere, Edmonton; 2. Moffatt and McCoppin.

Pony, single mare or gelding to buggy 14 hands or under.—1. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 2. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Single mare or gelding to buggy.—1. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 3. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Filly or gelding, over 2 years and under 3 years.—1. Williamson Bros., Edmonton.

There was but one entry in this section but the judge said it was the most even and symmetrical horse that appeared in the ring yesterday.

Saddle Horses.
Mare or gelding under saddle.—1. J. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. P. G. Connel, Okotoks; 3. John Whetland, Lamont; 4. Chipman, Mundare, Vegreville, Lavoie, Innisfree, Mannville, Vermilion, Lloydminster and every intermediate station between these places, and as far east as Battleford.

Never in its history has Edmonton been called upon to greet such an immense crowd of welcome visitors. The accommodation for the visitors was entirely inadequate. This is not the fault of the city or the citizens, but was due to the size of the crowds. The hotels had been turning people away since Sunday evening, despite the fact that every building which was available, had been turned into temporary quarters. The ideal weather favored around the first two days has been a large factor in the success of the exhibition. Cloudless skies and breezes from the west have combined to make almost perfect weather.

Red Polled Cattle.
The Red Polled cattle or Polled Darbards are a new breed in the Edmonton show ring. Mr. John E. Elliot, of Red Deer, has a herd of Red Polled Darbards, and has been showing them in the Edmonton show ring. They are a new breed, and are most favorably spoken of by experts.

Jerseys.
Bull, two years and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Stallion 3 years old (gold medal).—1. Woodman, E. K. Strathly, Lacombe; 2. Albert, P. G. Connel, Okotoks.

Only two entries were made in this class. Woodman had a year the advantage of alert, and was for that reason superior in general conformation while Albert showed to better advantage in movement. Woodman is sired by a famous sire, a horse that won both championship prizes at the Hackney shows in London, England. Edenswyn, a half brother of Woodman had a record of winning at Agricultural Hall, London, England, three years in succession in the Hackney class.

Team in harness to carriage not under 16 hands.—1. A. York, Edmonton; 2. Pat Turner, Wetaskiwin.

Team in harness to carriage not under 14-1/2 hands and under 16 hands (4 entries).—1. J. H. McKinley, Windermere, Edmonton; 2. Moffatt and McCoppin.

Pony, single mare or gelding to buggy 14 hands or under.—1. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 2. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Single mare or gelding to buggy.—1. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 3. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Filly or gelding, over 2 years and under 3 years.—1. Williamson Bros., Edmonton.

There was but one entry in this section but the judge said it was the most even and symmetrical horse that appeared in the ring yesterday.

Red Polled Cattle.
The Red Polled cattle or Polled Darbards are a new breed in the Edmonton show ring. Mr. John E. Elliot, of Red Deer, has a herd of Red Polled Darbards, and has been showing them in the Edmonton show ring. They are a new breed, and are most favorably spoken of by experts.

Jerseys.
Bull, two years and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Stallion 3 years old (gold medal).—1. Woodman, E. K. Strathly, Lacombe; 2. Albert, P. G. Connel, Okotoks.

Only two entries were made in this class. Woodman had a year the advantage of alert, and was for that reason superior in general conformation while Albert showed to better advantage in movement. Woodman is sired by a famous sire, a horse that won both championship prizes at the Hackney shows in London, England. Edenswyn, a half brother of Woodman had a record of winning at Agricultural Hall, London, England, three years in succession in the Hackney class.

Team in harness to carriage not under 16 hands.—1. A. York, Edmonton; 2. Pat Turner, Wetaskiwin.

Team in harness to carriage not under 14-1/2 hands and under 16 hands (4 entries).—1. J. H. McKinley, Windermere, Edmonton; 2. Moffatt and McCoppin.

Pony, single mare or gelding to buggy 14 hands or under.—1. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 2. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Single mare or gelding to buggy.—1. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 3. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Filly or gelding, over 2 years and under 3 years.—1. Williamson Bros., Edmonton.

There was but one entry in this section but the judge said it was the most even and symmetrical horse that appeared in the ring yesterday.

Red Polled Cattle.
The Red Polled cattle or Polled Darbards are a new breed in the Edmonton show ring. Mr. John E. Elliot, of Red Deer, has a herd of Red Polled Darbards, and has been showing them in the Edmonton show ring. They are a new breed, and are most favorably spoken of by experts.

Jerseys.
Bull, two years and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Stallion 3 years old (gold medal).—1. Woodman, E. K. Strathly, Lacombe; 2. Albert, P. G. Connel, Okotoks.

Only two entries were made in this class. Woodman had a year the advantage of alert, and was for that reason superior in general conformation while Albert showed to better advantage in movement. Woodman is sired by a famous sire, a horse that won both championship prizes at the Hackney shows in London, England. Edenswyn, a half brother of Woodman had a record of winning at Agricultural Hall, London, England, three years in succession in the Hackney class.

Team in harness to carriage not under 16 hands.—1. A. York, Edmonton; 2. Pat Turner, Wetaskiwin.

Team in harness to carriage not under 14-1/2 hands and under 16 hands (4 entries).—1. J. H. McKinley, Windermere, Edmonton; 2. Moffatt and McCoppin.

Pony, single mare or gelding to buggy 14 hands or under.—1. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 2. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Single mare or gelding to buggy.—1. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 3. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Filly or gelding, over 2 years and under 3 years.—1. Williamson Bros., Edmonton.

There was but one entry in this section but the judge said it was the most even and symmetrical horse that appeared in the ring yesterday.

Red Polled Cattle.
The Red Polled cattle or Polled Darbards are a new breed in the Edmonton show ring. Mr. John E. Elliot, of Red Deer, has a herd of Red Polled Darbards, and has been showing them in the Edmonton show ring. They are a new breed, and are most favorably spoken of by experts.

Jerseys.
Bull, two years and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Stallion 3 years old (gold medal).—1. Woodman, E. K. Strathly, Lacombe; 2. Albert, P. G. Connel, Okotoks.

Only two entries were made in this class. Woodman had a year the advantage of alert, and was for that reason superior in general conformation while Albert showed to better advantage in movement. Woodman is sired by a famous sire, a horse that won both championship prizes at the Hackney shows in London, England. Edenswyn, a half brother of Woodman had a record of winning at Agricultural Hall, London, England, three years in succession in the Hackney class.

Team in harness to carriage not under 16 hands.—1. A. York, Edmonton; 2. Pat Turner, Wetaskiwin.

Team in harness to carriage not under 14-1/2 hands and under 16 hands (4 entries).—1. J. H. McKinley, Windermere, Edmonton; 2. Moffatt and McCoppin.

Pony, single mare or gelding to buggy 14 hands or under.—1. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 2. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Single mare or gelding to buggy.—1. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 3. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Filly or gelding, over 2 years and under 3 years.—1. Williamson Bros., Edmonton.

There was but one entry in this section but the judge said it was the most even and symmetrical horse that appeared in the ring yesterday.

Red Polled Cattle.
The Red Polled cattle or Polled Darbards are a new breed in the Edmonton show ring. Mr. John E. Elliot, of Red Deer, has a herd of Red Polled Darbards, and has been showing them in the Edmonton show ring. They are a new breed, and are most favorably spoken of by experts.

Jerseys.
Bull, two years and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Stallion 3 years old (gold medal).—1. Woodman, E. K. Strathly, Lacombe; 2. Albert, P. G. Connel, Okotoks.

Only two entries were made in this class. Woodman had a year the advantage of alert, and was for that reason superior in general conformation while Albert showed to better advantage in movement. Woodman is sired by a famous sire, a horse that won both championship prizes at the Hackney shows in London, England. Edenswyn, a half brother of Woodman had a record of winning at Agricultural Hall, London, England, three years in succession in the Hackney class.

Team in harness to carriage not under 16 hands.—1. A. York, Edmonton; 2. Pat Turner, Wetaskiwin.

Team in harness to carriage not under 14-1/2 hands and under 16 hands (4 entries).—1. J. H. McKinley, Windermere, Edmonton; 2. Moffatt and McCoppin.

Pony, single mare or gelding to buggy 14 hands or under.—1. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 2. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Single mare or gelding to buggy.—1. H. McKinley, Edmonton; 2. J. J. Penhold, Inglewood; 3. W. Kemp, Penhold.

Filly or gelding, over 2 years and under 3 years.—1. Williamson Bros., Edmonton.

There was but one entry in this section but the judge said it was the most even and symmetrical horse that appeared in the ring yesterday.

Red Polled Cattle.
The Red Polled cattle or Polled Darbards are a new breed in the Edmonton show ring. Mr. John E. Elliot, of Red Deer, has a herd of Red Polled Darbards, and has been showing them in the Edmonton show ring. They are a new breed, and are most favorably spoken of by experts.

Jerseys.
Bull, two years and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Polaris, owned by H. Doherty, East End Dairy, Edmonton; 2. White Lodge Premier, W. F. Cameron, Strathcona; 3. D.P.F., W. F. Cameron, Strathcona.

Bull, 12 months and under—Sik Gow, W. E. Cameron, Strathcona.

Heifer, one year and over (3 entries).—1. Dentonia's Adoration, W. F. Cameron; 2. Dentonia's Perfection, W. F. Cameron; 3. Harriet, W. F. Cameron; 4. Dentonia's Trilby, W. E. Ross, Strathcona.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Three-Minute Trot or Pace.
First heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Second heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

Third heat.—The horses got away on the third score with an excellent start. Minnie B. took the lead from the wire, and was never headed, trotting the entire heat without lifting a hoof. Minnie B. had a determined effort to secure the first place, but finished two lengths in the rear. Miss Rae and Nellie Hunter came in some distance behind in the order named.

TO EUROPE BY WAY OF THE HUDSON BAY

Miss Arnes C. Lant, who has done excellent historical work on the fur companies trading into Hudson Bay, in her various stories, publishes in the current issue of the American Review a review of the following article on the use of the route for commercial purposes today, under the title "To Europe, by Way of Hudson Bay."

The utter blockade of east-bound freight on all the railroad lines of the Northwestern States and Western Canada has given great impetus to the agitation for a short route to Europe by way of Hudson Bay.

Any schoolboy looking at a globe knows that distances east and west are shorter toward the pole than toward the equator. The route from Liverpool by way of San Francisco is 11,000 miles; by way of Seattle, 10,800 miles; by way of Vancouver, 10,600 miles; by way of Prince Rupert, the new Grand Trunk terminus, 9,300 miles; by way of Prince Rupert and Hudson Bay, 8,200 miles.

Take a map and look at the Atlantic seaports. New York and Montreal are both on the broadest belt of America—both at the greatest possible distance from the Western shippers. Look at the little fur port of Churchill, up on Hudson Bay, 1,500 to 2,000 miles nearer the Western shippers than New York or Montreal. The spokes of a wheel running from San Francisco and Denver and Salt Lake and Portland and Vancouver and Edmonton to a hub at Churchill are just half as long as the spokes of a wheel running from these points to Montreal or New York.

That is the fact as to distance. It means that a railroad to Hudson Bay would cut the haul of the big transcontinental roads in half and move Liverpool 2,000 miles nearer Western shippers. One hardly needs add that such a project has been, and will be, furiously opposed by the Eastern seaports and railroads that feed those seaports.

For twenty-five years, railroad projects from Winnipeg to Hudson Bay have simply been blanketed by another and kept in abeyance by rival railroads, but a change has come. The influx of immigration, the increase of wheat yields, have proved the utter inability of the existing transportation lines to handle the incoming and outgoing freight of the West. Within the past six months six different charters have been taken out for different railroad schemes connecting with Hudson Bay.

One of these was obtained by Mr. Hill, who used to ridicule a Hudson Bay road as a venture that would be "snowed up for ten months of the year and left up the other two." The Hill charter plans to feed the freight of Dakota and Minnesota into the Saskatchewan valley and thence to the Saskatchewan to Hudson Bay. Builders are at work on the southern end of this project now. Another of these six Hudson Bay charters is owned by the new Canadian transcontinental line—the Mackenzie-Mann road, 4,000 miles nearer to connect Churchill with the railroads of the Saskatchewan, the Mackenzie-Mann road has already 80 miles to connect with the Pas, at the mouth of the Saskatchewan, a railroad with trains running, not just the iron tonic for the cows, as the funny papers have always described it on Hudson Bay. Asked if an ocean steamship line would be established from Churchill to Liverpool, Mr. Mackenzie retorted: "What do you think we are building a road to Hudson Bay for?"

Two other projects have been galvanized into life by the schemes for a Hudson Bay route. For years Canada has talked of building a canal up the Ottawa from the St. Lawrence to the Great Lakes. Suddenly, surveys are set to work estimating the cost of a canal that would connect Lake Superior with Ocean Traffic. The cost, it may be said, is estimated at \$100,000,000. Then, around Hudson Bay is a vast unorganized territory—Kewatin, about the size of Germany. The Western Provinces, Manitoba, Saskatchewan suddenly awakened to the fact that each wants an extension of its border across Kewatin for seaport on Hudson Bay. From being a project at which the funny papers poked nonsense about "steel rails and iron tonic for the cows," and which Eastern ports scornfully regarded as "cold-storage schemes" which the climate would forever prevent, the Hudson Bay route to Europe looms large as a "first-fruits" reality in the very near future on the part of the West.

Roughly speaking Churchill is just 1,600 miles from the grain areas of the Hills. New York is 2,000 miles; Churchill is 1,600 miles from Oregon. New York is nearly 3,000 miles from the grain areas of the Northwest States as St. Louis is from New York.

Says Premier Laurier, in answer to a request for a road from ex-Premier Greenway of Manitoba: "I agree the time has come for the railroad to Hudson Bay. The state-lands contain a standing offer of 12,000 acres of land per mile along the line of this railroad; and if this is not sufficient encouragement for promoters, other means must be found."

Says Bishop Lathrop, who spent his life at Churchill: "I have no faith in a Hudson Bay route to Europe. It is bound to come, though there will be a tremendous difficulty in navigating the Straits. When we entered the Straits we ran into the pack ice. A fog descended. When it lifted we found ourselves six miles off our course. Standing on deck in the Straits, I have counted thirty-two icebergs four times the height of our shipmast."

The "other means" to build the Hudson Bay road, to which Premier Laurier refers, so guardedly, is a

Battery Point—with a flag flying above a steeple, the Hudson's Bay Company. It was the Hudson's Bay Company that discovered the harbor in an endeavor to find a passage to the Pacific. He had come to the harbor in the summer of 1619 with a Dutch ship, the frigate Unicorn. From end to end the straits are 450 miles. At the east end, off the Atlantic, the entrance to the Straits is between Baffin Island and Labrador, a distance of 55 miles. At the west end, the width is perhaps 45 miles, with an average width inside the Straits of from 70 to 150 miles. On each side are high, bold, hard rocks 200 feet high in places, opening like holes in a wall on bog-covered, lonely valleys, down which trickle the crystal waters of the eternal snows. If Eskimos are hung about Baffin Land, two skin kayaks look abreast to keep afloat may shoot out the icebergs, or the Eskimos may be driven to a beach to greet a ship; or a Bedford whaler may come morning her way through the narrow ice fields of Wall Street, up, watch at the crew's nest, often up ocean-gears, will they be of any use to a ship for a last trial? The Canadian government has sent two special expeditions (in 1858 and 1897) to the Straits, and one general expedition to navigate the northern waters (1893-4); but the question has never been settled. It is a political—so much a question of east versus west—that the official reports of the expedition in 1897 are so worthy for what they have said and not for what they say. The Gordon day bring other traffic and life to the expedition of 1897 and the Wakeham day, 1897, definitely settled the fact: Hudson Bay is open all the year round; an open current flows north from the Straits, and a narrow current of the Straits is closed to navigation after November and re-opens again in June—that is, there are always five months when the Straits can be navigated, sometimes six. There was a discovery, sometimes inside the eastern entrance to the Straits a splendid land-locked harbor, or lagoon of water, sheltered from all winds but the south.

Mr. A. P. Low's expedition of 1904 made a still more important contribution to the data on the Straits. From actual experience and from the testimony of the crew, he has reported that the Straits are open all the year round; an open current flows north from the Straits, and a narrow current of the Straits is closed to navigation after November and re-opens again in June—that is, there are always five months when the Straits can be navigated, sometimes six. There was a discovery, sometimes inside the eastern entrance to the Straits a splendid land-locked harbor, or lagoon of water, sheltered from all winds but the south.

Mr. A. P. Low's expedition of 1904 made a still more important contribution to the data on the Straits. From actual experience and from the testimony of the crew, he has reported that the Straits are open all the year round; an open current flows north from the Straits, and a narrow current of the Straits is closed to navigation after November and re-opens again in June—that is, there are always five months when the Straits can be navigated, sometimes six.

Mr. A. P. Low's expedition of 1904 made a still more important contribution to the data on the Straits. From actual experience and from the testimony of the crew, he has reported that the Straits are open all the year round; an open current flows north from the Straits, and a narrow current of the Straits is closed to navigation after November and re-opens again in June—that is, there are always five months when the Straits can be navigated, sometimes six.

Many Favorites

One of the characters that pre-eminently characterized the fair, and to its picturesque quality, was the presence of a smiling, single-hearted Indian from Riviere qui Parle. Andrew has never been in the country, and so cannot do much work, but it has a wonderful smile and it is well worth observing. He is about twenty miles from the fair, and his smile became a marvel of radiance.

His attire retains a touch of the old time, a high cap of beaver fur with turkey feathers, and a red plumed upstanding is one of the noticeable features. Andrew finding that the crowd of his admirers had become too large, he had to leave the fair, and he was seen to get into a new device yesterday.

Sign Language at Fair. He planned a pow-wow to be given at night near the race track, and he told it to all who smiled and said "Good-day" to him, smiling child of the forest. He drew can speak no English, but his ingenuity though he lives to be a hundred will always be a child, and he took infinite pleasure in conveying his invitation. Five or six of the party were seen to get into a new device yesterday.

The time was next to be indicated, and Andrew, despite his lack of English was equal to this. He pointed a lean brown hand to the sun standing high in the heavens then his arm fell slowly, sweeping toward the western horizon where he held it fixed. "He-he-ya-haw," he hummed.

The dance was to be after sundown! So much was plain. But the returns to himself, what of them? To express his tongue broke its bondage. "He-he-haw!" — "twenty-five cents one."

Andrew was standing near the tent for the dogs, while he talked—a large tent at the right of the main avenue or trail. There were not many entries made, and the afternoon was spent there were found many occasions for complaint in regard to the management of this exhibit. The noted Will son kennel of collies was well represented, carrying off numerous prizes from visitors.

But their owner at considerable inconvenience had to take his dogs out home to the country each night, for lack of attendance or guard at the tent. The complaints in this respect were very general. The baby coyote and bear cub shown here with the dogs

were interesting little animals that was 105-12. The show a properly western. The horse's illness has been attributed to the quick change of air, altitude and water from Los Angeles to Edmonton. His owners who are devotees of variety chained down at the stables nearby the racers' stalls, than there were from their hotel to be near the horse a faithful, amiable set of creatures, day and night.

The Racers' Mascots. There were more dogs and a greater variety chained down at the stables nearby the racers' stalls, than there were from their hotel to be near the horse a faithful, amiable set of creatures, day and night.

One and One Quarter Mile Dash. In this dash there were five starters, Figo, Janeta, H. L. Rye, Zaza and Invoice. By a decision of the judges announced earlier in the afternoon, Janeta was handicapped seven pounds. Despite this disadvantage however she took the lead after the first quarter and held it till the finish. Zaza made a desperate effort to win at the wire but the reserve force of the brown mare stood her in good stead and she maintained her lead. Figo finished third, Invoice fourth and H. L. Rye fifth.

THE SUMMARY. 2.30 Pace or 2.25 Trot, 3 in 5—Purse \$400.

Boundary Boy, s.g., Fred Johnston, Calgary, 1.23.21. Archie Kirk, s.g., J. B. Lulbrook & Co., Edmonton, 5.31.12. Starlight, s.g., B. M. Muckle, Calgary, 3.14.44. Kitty Lou, blk, m., W. J. Payne, s.g., J. T. Cable, Lacombe, 4.45.53. Payroll, s.g., J. T. Cable, Lacombe, 2.23.12, 2.25.14, 2.28, 2.25, 2.25.14.

By a track rule this season it is unnecessary in a best three in five to trot the last three horses were not in the best positions in these to get first money. 2.18 Pace, 2.14 Trot, 3 in 5—Purse \$400. Stange Wave, s.g., Dan Cook, Crill, Grand Coulee, Saskatchewan, 1.13.31. Fannie, s.g., B. A. Anderson, Winnipeg, 2.21.12. Mattie Weaver, s.g., R. H. Spier, Battleford, 3.32.33. Time, 2.13, 2.19, 2.21, 2.19, 2.14. Run—3/8 Mile Heat, Open, 2 in 3—Purse \$200.

Fiar Charm, s.g., G. Gordon, Golden, B.C., 1.11. Anita, s.g., E. Unsworth, High River, 5.2. Tiger Jim, s.g., C. D. Howell, Stratford, 1.4. Challo, s.g., J. Fullerton, Calgary, 4.4. Dolly Douglas, s.g., P. B. Street, High River, 7.7. Billy D, s.g., J. Jordan, Rierks, 5.2. The last three horses were not in the second heat, Main was withdrawn because of a cut on his leg. Dolly Douglas could not be got to the wire by her rider, and Billy D was left at the wire when the flag dropped.

Run, 1/4 Mile Dash—Purse \$300. Beaver Dan Lad, s.g., J. McAfee, Golden, B.C., 1.11. Fannie, s.g., B. A. Anderson, Winnipeg, 2.21.12. Young Pilgrim, s.g., L. M. Sage, Battleford, 3.32.33. Peccedo, s.g., J. McLaughlin, High River, 4.4. Ernie, s.g., C. D. Howell, Stratford, 1.17.15. Time, 1.17.15.

Run, 1/4 Mile Dash—Purse \$400. Janeta, s.g., J. Gordon, Calgary, 1.11. Zaza, s.g., Ed. Davis, Calgary, 2.2. Invoice, s.g., J. McLaughlin, High River, 3.3. Invoice, blk, g., J. Stewart, Calgary, 4.4. H. L. Rye, s.g., M. Goldie, Edmonton, 5.5. Time, 2.14.

Notes at the Fair. One of the characters that pre-eminently characterized the fair, and to its picturesque quality, was the presence of a smiling, single-hearted Indian from Riviere qui Parle. Andrew has never been in the country, and so cannot do much work, but it has a wonderful smile and it is well worth observing. He is about twenty miles from the fair, and his smile became a marvel of radiance.

His attire retains a touch of the old time, a high cap of beaver fur with turkey feathers, and a red plumed upstanding is one of the noticeable features. Andrew finding that the crowd of his admirers had become too large, he had to leave the fair, and he was seen to get into a new device yesterday.

Sign Language at Fair. He planned a pow-wow to be given at night near the race track, and he told it to all who smiled and said "Good-day" to him, smiling child of the forest. He drew can speak no English, but his ingenuity though he lives to be a hundred will always be a child, and he took infinite pleasure in conveying his invitation. Five or six of the party were seen to get into a new device yesterday.

The time was next to be indicated, and Andrew, despite his lack of English was equal to this. He pointed a lean brown hand to the sun standing high in the heavens then his arm fell slowly, sweeping toward the western horizon where he held it fixed. "He-he-ya-haw," he hummed.

The dance was to be after sundown! So much was plain. But the returns to himself, what of them? To express his tongue broke its bondage. "He-he-haw!" — "twenty-five cents one."

Andrew was standing near the tent for the dogs, while he talked—a large tent at the right of the main avenue or trail. There were not many entries made, and the afternoon was spent there were found many occasions for complaint in regard to the management of this exhibit. The noted Will son kennel of collies was well represented, carrying off numerous prizes from visitors.

But their owner at considerable inconvenience had to take his dogs out home to the country each night, for lack of attendance or guard at the tent. The complaints in this respect were very general. The baby coyote and bear cub shown here with the dogs

were interesting little animals that was 105-12. The show a properly western. The horse's illness has been attributed to the quick change of air, altitude and water from Los Angeles to Edmonton. His owners who are devotees of variety chained down at the stables nearby the racers' stalls, than there were from their hotel to be near the horse a faithful, amiable set of creatures, day and night.

The Racers' Mascots. There were more dogs and a greater variety chained down at the stables nearby the racers' stalls, than there were from their hotel to be near the horse a faithful, amiable set of creatures, day and night.

One and One Quarter Mile Dash. In this dash there were five starters, Figo, Janeta, H. L. Rye, Zaza and Invoice. By a decision of the judges announced earlier in the afternoon, Janeta was handicapped seven pounds. Despite this disadvantage however she took the lead after the first quarter and held it till the finish. Zaza made a desperate effort to win at the wire but the reserve force of the brown mare stood her in good stead and she maintained her lead. Figo finished third, Invoice fourth and H. L. Rye fifth.

THE SUMMARY. 2.30 Pace or 2.25 Trot, 3 in 5—Purse \$400.

Boundary Boy, s.g., Fred Johnston, Calgary, 1.23.21. Archie Kirk, s.g., J. B. Lulbrook & Co., Edmonton, 5.31.12. Starlight, s.g., B. M. Muckle, Calgary, 3.14.44. Kitty Lou, blk, m., W. J. Payne, s.g., J. T. Cable, Lacombe, 4.45.53. Payroll, s.g., J. T. Cable, Lacombe, 2.23.12, 2.25.14, 2.28, 2.25, 2.25.14.

By a track rule this season it is unnecessary in a best three in five to trot the last three horses were not in the best positions in these to get first money. 2.18 Pace, 2.14 Trot, 3 in 5—Purse \$400. Stange Wave, s.g., Dan Cook, Crill, Grand Coulee, Saskatchewan, 1.13.31. Fannie, s.g., B. A. Anderson, Winnipeg, 2.21.12. Mattie Weaver, s.g., R. H. Spier, Battleford, 3.32.33. Time, 2.13, 2.19, 2.21, 2.19, 2.14. Run—3/8 Mile Heat, Open, 2 in 3—Purse \$200.

Fiar Charm, s.g., G. Gordon, Golden, B.C., 1.11. Anita, s.g., E. Unsworth, High River, 5.2. Tiger Jim, s.g., C. D. Howell, Stratford, 1.4. Challo, s.g., J. Fullerton, Calgary, 4.4. Dolly Douglas, s.g., P. B. Street, High River, 7.7. Billy D, s.g., J. Jordan, Rierks, 5.2. The last three horses were not in the second heat, Main was withdrawn because of a cut on his leg. Dolly Douglas could not be got to the wire by her rider, and Billy D was left at the wire when the flag dropped.

Run, 1/4 Mile Dash—Purse \$300. Beaver Dan Lad, s.g., J. McAfee, Golden, B.C., 1.11. Fannie, s.g., B. A. Anderson, Winnipeg, 2.21.12. Young Pilgrim, s.g., L. M. Sage, Battleford, 3.32.33. Peccedo, s.g., J. McLaughlin, High River, 4.4. Ernie, s.g., C. D. Howell, Stratford, 1.17.15. Time, 1.17.15.

Run, 1/4 Mile Dash—Purse \$400. Janeta, s.g., J. Gordon, Calgary, 1.11. Zaza, s.g., Ed. Davis, Calgary, 2.2. Invoice, s.g., J. McLaughlin, High River, 3.3. Invoice, blk, g., J. Stewart, Calgary, 4.4. H. L. Rye, s.g., M. Goldie, Edmonton, 5.5. Time, 2.14.

Notes at the Fair. One of the characters that pre-eminently characterized the fair, and to its picturesque quality, was the presence of a smiling, single-hearted Indian from Riviere qui Parle. Andrew has never been in the country, and so cannot do much work, but it has a wonderful smile and it is well worth observing. He is about twenty miles from the fair, and his smile became a marvel of radiance.

His attire retains a touch of the old time, a high cap of beaver fur with turkey feathers, and a red plumed upstanding is one of the noticeable features. Andrew finding that the crowd of his admirers had become too large, he had to leave the fair, and he was seen to get into a new device yesterday.

Sign Language at Fair. He planned a pow-wow to be given at night near the race track, and he told it to all who smiled and said "Good-day" to him, smiling child of the forest. He drew can speak no English, but his ingenuity though he lives to be a hundred will always be a child, and he took infinite pleasure in conveying his invitation. Five or six of the party were seen to get into a new device yesterday.

The time was next to be indicated, and Andrew, despite his lack of English was equal to this. He pointed a lean brown hand to the sun standing high in the heavens then his arm fell slowly, sweeping toward the western horizon where he held it fixed. "He-he-ya-haw," he hummed.

The dance was to be after sundown! So much was plain. But the returns to himself, what of them? To express his tongue broke its bondage. "He-he-haw!" — "twenty-five cents one."

Andrew was standing near the tent for the dogs, while he talked—a large tent at the right of the main avenue or trail. There were not many entries made, and the afternoon was spent there were found many occasions for complaint in regard to the management of this exhibit. The noted Will son kennel of collies was well represented, carrying off numerous prizes from visitors.

But their owner at considerable inconvenience had to take his dogs out home to the country each night, for lack of attendance or guard at the tent. The complaints in this respect were very general. The baby coyote and bear cub shown here with the dogs

THE MOYER

The Colorado Labor

Between the union, or ownership of the Western Food Miners, the crimes of the bosses of Colorado, and the of its highest courts, which tentatively or otherwise, lit with a blunder, the deceiving miners of that state, forced enough to pluck comfort from a stony heart. A review of conditions may help the reader to better understand the being given at Boise.

Cripple Creek lies south of it is about five hours' ride from the capital, the distance is not more than a hundred miles. The first comprises the towns of Cripple Creek, Goldfield, Ancon, Anconada and All-All named town, 11,000 to the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The production of the region might be roughly estimated between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. A rush to Colorado for gold in the sea-level, and to be incorporated town in the States. The population of it is about 20,000. The population of the region is about \$500,000 a month. The

THE MOYER-HAYWOOD CASE

The Colorado Labor War—By C. P. Connolly in *Collier's* Weekly.

Between the unwise, or worse, leadership of the Western Federation of Miners, the crimes of the political bosses of Colorado, and the decisions of its highest courts, which have, in their intention or otherwise, labored with a bludgeon, the decent, law-abiding miners of that state have suffered enough to pluck commiseration from a stony heart. A review of these conditions may help the reading public to better understand the testimony being given at Spaulding.

Cripple Creek lies south of Denver. It is about five hours' ride by rail from the capital, though the distance is not more than a hundred miles. The district comprises the towns of Cripple Creek, Victor, Goldfield, Independence, Antonito, and Altman—the last named town, 11,000 feet above the sea-level, is said to be the highest incorporated town in that state. The population of the district is about 30,000. The payroll in 1903 was \$600,000 a month. The mineral production of the region to date might be roughly estimated as between two hundred and three hundred millions of dollars. The first rush to Colorado for gold was to Pike's Peak, twelve miles distant, in an air line, from Cripple Creek. The discoveries were in placer beds. Over 30 years later the Cripple Creek veins were discovered. They were probably the sources of some of the placer beds.

Any one who today visits the Cripple Creek district will, on every side, be told that as a class the men who flocked underground in that region before the strike in 1903-4 were good miners and good citizens. It is not necessarily a contradictory statement to recall that in September of 1900, President Roosevelt, while Governor of New York and a candidate for the Vice Presidency, was viciously assaulted after an unsuccessful attempt to hold a political meeting in the hands of one of the rioters. This attempted political meeting took place in the hall that became the "Ball Room" after the passing up of the Independence depot on the morning of June 6th, 1904, and during the deportations from Cripple Creek in 1905. The rioters and Altman, which were close by Victor, were the hotbed of the worst elements in the Cripple Creek district. On a subsequent visit of President Roosevelt, Victor redeemed itself by a loyal reception to him.

The large percentage of the Cripple Creek miners were native-born Americans. Telluride, which also had strike difficulties and deportations during the same period, was a long way farther south. The miners there at the time were mostly foreign-born. They were made up in large part of Italians and southern blood was easily excited, and who were easily led. But Cripple Creek was the seat of the industrial war of Colorado's industrial war, and into its history is crowded an epitome of all the wrongs and all the bitterness that have made Colorado famous as a march for its labor troubles as for its mineral production, its scenery and its climate.

A Colorado Coeur d'Alene. In the Cripple Creek district I found that in the heyday of the Western Federation of Miners something of the same conditions prevailed as in the Coeur d'Alene from 1892 to 1899. Long prior to 1903-4, while the Western Federation controlled the civic and political life of the region, high-handed methods obtained. Instances are not wanting in which the union men—men in which non-union men were pulled off the cases as they were about to descend into the mines. Men who did not agree with the arbitrary policy of the union leaders, self-constituted or regular, and who dared to speak their minds even mildly, were run out of the camp. One man was on his way to work one night when he was met on the north side of Battle Mountain and so brutally beaten that he never resembled his former physical self again. He knew who did it, but he was afraid to report it. The parties that assaulted him—union men—but he was afraid to report it. The authorities that it was useless to attempt to prosecute. If, by any means, he did not prove an ideal, the union would fail to convict either through fear or favor. Others were mangled and beaten because they refused to join the union. Jerry Kowitz was being repeatedly requested to join. He put it off, giving unsatisfactory excuses. Several men went to his room one night and beat him up, frightfully. He left the district as soon as he was able. Martin Gleason, a prominent citizen of Victor, manager for four mining companies controlled by the Woods Investment Company, lived with his family in Victor. On account of the distance from the Wild Horse mine, where he had his office, to his home in Victor, he was in the habit of taking his noonday lunch at a restaurant in Altman. A man named Hart, who had a large family in a destitute circumstance, had applied to Gleason for work. Gleason put him to work, though Hart had no union card. The officer of the union complained. Gleason explained that as soon as Hart received his first wages he would take out a union card. This did not suit the union officer, who told Gleason that if he, Gleason, did not let Hart out of the union would Gleason threatened trouble if the union officials pulled Hart out of the cage. One word led to another, and that other led to blows, in which the union officer was badly worsted. Less than a month later, and within a week after warning of impending trouble received by Gleason from a detective agency, a good, bloody day—the day after Christmas of 1901—he was lured into an abandoned shaft-house on the Kalamazoo property, on his way from lunch, at about a quarter to one o'clock in the afternoon. He was struck on the head

with a heavy iron dump hook, and while evidently struggling on his knees, was shot through the top of his head, the bullet ranging down through his body. Blood from his forehead and his ears as he fell, and the door of another entrance to the shaft-house, where in the struggle Gleason had tried to get out. His body was found in the dump of the shaft, five hundred feet below the surface, the next morning.

Unionism Runs Wild in Cripple Creek. His watch had stopped at 12:45. Pools of blood were found on the floor of the shaft-house, showing that Gleason was slaughtered like an ox before being thrown down the shaft. Between his family set teeth, when his body was found, was the stub of a cigar which Gleason was smoking when lured into the old shaft-house. There never was any prosecution for this crime. Gleason's employers offered large rewards for the apprehension of the perpetrators of the crime, and for the offering of this reward their lives were threatened by letter.

In Cripple Creek, in fact, unionism, and particularly the form of it so ominously represented by an element in the Western Federation in certain parts of Colorado and Idaho, was the vague. Notices were posted, now and again, in conspicuous places, giving a certain limited time for non-union miners to join the union, or suffer the consequences—and every one in the district knew the meaning of that significant phrase. Even if you were not a miner, you had to fall in line with the loudly proclaimed policy of the union leaders. Men who were too independent or too indifferent to their interests hurriedly to pack their belongings and leave for other fields. An undesirable element floated into the district, and, drifting with the current, went to work in the mines long enough to procure a card in the union, and then quit the occupation of miner for that of saloonkeeper or some kindred business. These characters were the loudest voiced in proclaiming principles which they were ready to denounce the moment the tide turned.

The desperate and the criminal all joined in the work. Men who were forced by threats to join the union deserted the ranks when the union most needed their support. This feebly supported theory that a rapidly growing closeness of the Western Federation in Idaho and Colorado. It was the history of that organization in the Coeur d'Alenes, in Leadville, in Cripple Creek, in Idaho Springs, and in Telluride. And whatever good union men may believe, these conditions are not exaggerated, though they were more pronounced in some regions than others. The man, who, under these conditions, worked in the mines, soon found himself in pretty bad company—all because local leaders were more interested in representing a fighting force that would carry in their hands the "strike terror" to the heart of capitalism," as Mr. Haywood put it—than because they were interested in promoting the just and fair means of the improvement of labor. Such methods can never win permanently, and as long as the members of the union permit them to go on, they will suffer, in time, in common with the criminal element. That was the lesson of Cripple Creek and Leadville, Telluride and Idaho Springs. Anyone who looks into the eyes of Martin Gleason's widow and sees the tragedy of her husband's death still reflected there—a sad, lonely little woman who never harmed a creature—will register a vote that legislation that would strip will never find him in American soil if he can help prevent it.

It has been charged, time and again, by friends and opponents of the Western Federation, that the failure to pass an eight-hour law in Colorado was the cause of the great labor troubles in that state. This charge is in part false, and in part true. So far as it pertains to the Cripple Creek strike, except indirectly, it is without foundation. The 3,500 miners who were called out in Cripple Creek in 1903 were contented and satisfied. They had what comfort the mine owners could give them. Electric lines ran along the mountain sides all through the district, carrying the men to and from the mines. The climate was mateless; the mines were dry; the miners had had the eight-hour day since 1898; the minimum wage was \$3 a day, the average \$4. There were good schools, and in Cripple Creek and Victor many of the advantages of urban life. There were no better mining towns in the West than Cripple Creek and Victor. The mine-owners of the district were, as a rule, on good terms with their men. There were no grievances on either side. Over these prosperous conditions there came a cloud—for which neither the mine-owners themselves nor the great body of the miners were responsible—first small, as a man's hand, and then growing steadily larger, until the storm burst with a fury which has rarely been equalled in any American community. That storm beat alike upon the just and the unjust. Thuggery, under the guise and protection of law, opened, brutal, wholesale—swept over those contented little communities, in retaliation for sets, past and present, of lawless union men.

The Coming of the "Terror." Every revenge, great or small, public or private, meted through the years, was let loose, while riot waves surged over the district, receding with greater or less momentum, as the happenings of the hour gave them head. It was the Russian persecution of the Jews over again on a small scale; soldiers entered houses and prodded the bedding with bayonets for citizens hidden from a maddened populace, men

were marched to bull pens in June, July 20, 1903, to correct irregularities up to his agreement. He insisted that some of his men had not been given their former places. Governor Peabody's commission, which seemed to have been fair, decided against President Moyer and looked upon his contention as trivial in view of the distressing consequences of a resumption of the strike.

The Federation "Kicks Over." The Federation "Kicks Over" was regularly transmitted to him, that body was ready to pass such a law if he would make a supplement to call authorizing it; and again, he refused, on the pretence that the leaders could not agree on the terms of such a bill. Governor Peabody, in the meantime, was holding a veto power over the verdict of the polls.

It was while the Legislature of 1903-4 was journeying over the passage of an eight-hour law, and after such a law had been gagged in one branch of the Legislature, that the Federation of Miners called a strike at Colorado City in the chlorination and refining Company mills were called off. Ninety per cent of the Cripple Creek miners were opposed to the strike. The original settlement seems to have been perfectly satisfactory to the mill men themselves, a great majority of whom bitterly resented the subsequent interference of the Western Federation leaders. In order to make this strike effective the miners in all the mines in the Cripple Creek district which were shipping ores to the United States Reduction and Refining Company mills were called off. Ninety per cent of the Cripple Creek miners were opposed to the strike. A committee was selected by them to confer with a like committee at Colorado City, with power to act; but the miners had no idea that they would be again called out. When this committee was selected it was discovered that they were all men close to the head offices of the Western Federation. Some of the miners thought they had been tricked.

The strike at Cripple Creek was declared August 10, 1903. Many of the mine-owners had contracts which they had to strip their ore to the plants of the United States Reduction and Refining Company, and they had no option left but to ship their ore to that concern. A shrewd man for any great length of time meant for some of them financial embarrassment, and they were threatened ultimately the loss of their properties.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Four very good milch cows; quite gentle. W. E. Whiteley, Perry Valley Ranch, Landing Road.

FOR SALE—That valuable wheat farm, consisting of one-half section of the very best land, together with brick kiln and coal mine. The choice piece of land is situated at the twelve mile crossing on the Westwinds road, close by the dining room at the Westwinds. Camrose, three miles from Wynne station, two from Bittern Lake and two from the new and progressing town of Rosedale. This is a very desirable farm for a businessman as the telephone runs close at hand and the road is in excellent condition. There is plenty of good water and hay for stock, a never-failing spring near dwelling. The whole farm is fenced and cross-fenced. This land must be sold as owner is compelled to return to Ireland on urgent business. Price, \$25 per acre. Five per cent discount for cash. There are 60 head of cattle, together with crop, farm implements and household furniture, all of which can be had at a valuation. Apply to owner, Arthur Maxwell, Roseroll P. O., Alta.

WHITE WHALE LAKE STAGE Will leave Stoney Plain on Tuesday, August 15th, for Inglewood, Strathcona and White Whale Lake; good accommodation all along the road. Special arrangements made for campers and landowners. W. J. WESTRAN, Prop.

STRAYED from Sucker Creek Crossing (220 road) one brown two-year-old steer, branded 71-01 on left hip; one light bay colt, white legs, three white legs, branded with P and cross bar with drooping ends on left shoulder; one bay mare, branded with horizontal B on right hip, 5 and horizontal B under on right shoulder; one roan mare with white, branded LC on the hip and some other brand on the shoulder. Apply Steve Pellant, Lamouroux P. O., Alta.

VICTORIA HOTEL

Omer Gouin, Proprietor

The place to stop at. Tobaccos and Cigars. Finest Liquors. Completely remodelled and refurnished throughout.

LEGAL.

GRIESBACH, O'CONNOR & ALLISON, Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Solicitors for the Traders Bank of Canada. Offices—Garipey Block, Jasper Avenue, Edmonton.

TAYLOR, BOYLE & GARIEPY, Barristers and Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Offices, Garipey Block, Edmonton. Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce, The Great West Life Assurance Company, Standard Loan Company, Union Trust Company, The Sun and Hastings Savings & Loan Company, Etc., Dominion Life Assurance Co. Private Funds to Loan. J. K. Boyle, Wilfrid Garipey.

The Canada Life Investment Department

MONEY TO LOAN

on Improved Town Property on current rates of interest. NO DELAY. Mortgages and School Debentures Purchased. W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office, Edmonton.

RICHIEU HOTEL.

Third Street, north of Jasper. (Near Canadian Northern Station.) Board \$6.50 per week. Board \$1.50 and \$2 per day. N. GRANLEAU, Proprietor.

GRANDVIEW HOTEL

First-Class Accommodation; Finest Liquors and Cigars. H. SIGLER, Proprietor.

BECK, EMERY, NEWELL & BOLTON. Advocates, Notaries, Etc. N. D. Beck, K. C. Public Administrator. E. C. Emery, C. F. Newell, S. E. Bolton. Solicitors for the City of Edmonton, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal, Hudson's Bay Co., Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, Canada Life Assurance Co., B. C. Permanent Loan and Savings Co., the Reliance Loan and Savings Co., the Dominion Permanent Loan Co., the Colonial Investment and Loan Co., Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien. Office: McDougall street, near new Imperial Bank building. Wm. Short, Hon. C. W. Biggar.

NOTICE

All saw logs or other timber found on the Saskatchewan River or tributaries bearing the undermentioned marks are ours and any person or persons taking them without our authority will be prosecuted.

H. H- H1 H2 H3 H4 H5 H6 H7 H8 C
H7H8 DR DF DX FJ 02 03 04

D. R. FRASER & CO., Ltd.
JOHN WALTER

FRASER LUMBER CO., Ltd.
Edmonton, June 15, 1907.

FANCY LUSTRE COATS

What every business man needs—light, loose, cool and dressy. Always comfortable in home, store, office or street. To insure superior quality it should bear the little silk label:

Sovereign Brand

W. E. SANFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED
Hamilton, Ont. Winnipeg, Man.

King Exhibition, 1907; owned by King.

Japanese Emigrants. 100 Japanese are immigrating to Canada. (Ont., July 3.—In reference to a Press despatch saying that 100 Japanese emigrants were being chartered to arrive in Canada, the Consul General Nese at Vancouver, B. C., has received information that he had not received any such information from the Japanese Consulate in Vancouver. He also says that he has received information that 100 Japanese emigrants were being chartered to arrive in Canada, but that he has received no information from the Japanese Consulate in Vancouver.)

New Locomotives. (Calgary, July 3.—The C.P. decided to construct fifty new locomotives exceeding in size any ever built in Canada heretofore.)

Best Heavy Stallion. Medal for Best Heavy Stallion Stoney Plain Clydesdale Assn.

Mountain Div. They will have a drawbar pull of 40,000 pounds, the greatest effort of present locomotives of 40,000 pounds, which will move an load of one hundred tons.

Orangeman's Loyalty. Premier Scott Asking if it is a Fly American Flag on 4th in July 3.—Premier Scott yesterday received the following telegram from Grey Saskatchewan: "Am here to advertise celebration for July with American flag. Is it?" If so, please have police see British flag is duly honored. The telegram was signed J. Anderson, Loyal Orangeman. Mr. Scott's reply: "Am that no law in force prohibits of United States flag."

Exhibition, 1907; owned by Grove, Alta.

TO RENT. TO RENT—Quarter Section of Land for pasture; good water. Apply Marton, East Clover Bar.

TO RENT. TO RENT—Quarter Section of Land for pasture; good water. Apply Marton, East Clover Bar.

AROUND THE CITY

LOGS

From Wednesday's Bulletin
Several drunks at the police court this morning were fined \$5 each by Magistrate Cowan.

At the office of the building inspector yesterday permits were taken out by Hector Cowan, Eighth street, for a \$9,000 dwelling and by C. Schronn, Gallagher street, for a \$1,600 dwelling.

Mr. Robert Barnes, formerly carpenter in Edmonton, has completed his large frame house and stables on his homestead near Noyes' Crossing. On Friday night last week he gave a dance at which over 50 persons attended. All the keys from the crossing came and assisted largely in the evening's pleasure.

(From Thursday's Bulletin.)
Carnival at the Thistle roller rink tonight. Fifty dollars will be given away in prizes.

A Lawson cash carrying system has this week been installed by the North-east Hardware Co.

At the office of the building inspector this morning Fred Perkins took out a permit for a \$3,500 dwelling on Seventh street, near Victoria.

Many friends will regret to learn from a telegram received yesterday by J. C. McDougall that his brother James is seriously ill of typhoid fever in the hospital at Montreal.

The drilling machinery imported from Petrolia by Austin Auld for prospecting coal lands at Clover Bar, arrived this week, and is being taken to its destination today. A competent driller has also been engaged, and work will commence immediately.

J. A. Fortin, son of Judge Fortin, Montreal, is visiting Mr. J. A. Lesard.

Edmonton bank clearings for the week ending yesterday were \$706,065.36.

The hotel license applied for by Wm. Spurrell, of Alx, has been refused by the license department.

Edwin Auld, of this city, is taking out machinery today to his farm at Clover Bar to bore for coal.

Mayor Grinbach is expected home tomorrow night from Calgary, where he has been attending the militia camp.

Vital statistics for the Edmonton district in the month of June are as follows: Births 69, marriages 56, deaths 15.

Before Magistrate Cowan last night a man named George Ralph was given one month at Fort Saskatchewan for vagrancy.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing an Irish Protestant club will be held on Tuesday evening next at 8 o'clock at 441 Picaud street.

The license commissioners will meet at Toilett on Wednesday to consider the application for a license made by the hotel keeper in that place.

At the office of the building inspector this morning a permit was taken out for a \$1,000 house on Gallagher street by A. J. Brown.

The Christian Scientists of the city have erected a new church building at 772 First street, where service was held last Sunday for the first time.

A man named Syms, living on Sixth street, cut his hand badly yesterday on a piece of tin, and was taken to the General Hospital for treatment.

He is doing well.

Hen. W. T. Finlay, minister of agriculture for Alberta, and Mrs. Finlay will sail from Montreal on August 9 for Ireland, where Mr. Finlay has been called in connection with the settlement of his brother's estate.

Word reached the city yesterday announcing the sudden death of Mrs. F. Ford at Ottawa. Mrs. Ford was visiting her brother and sister, Mr. C. Ross Palmer and Mrs. B. Kennedy, last summer in Edmonton.

The usual practice of the Edmonton association will take place on the range on Saturday afternoon. Rifle men will meet at the river end of Christabelle street, Fraser Flats, at 2 p.m. sharp, and will cross the river by boat.

Hon. Mr. Finlay left for the south on Wednesday afternoon to attend the sitting of the Red Deer court at Red Deer yesterday, Janisfall Fair today and Mr. Campbell's dry farming lectures at Carstairs and Didsbury on Saturday.

So large were the crowds at the Bijou Theatre last night that the management was compelled to put on the performance four times instead of three. The pictures are the best yet, and the songs are new and up-to-date.

LET OUT ON BAIL.
Before Magistrate Wade this morning Emil Steinko and several of his complices were admitted to bail in \$300 until their trial on Saturday morning at 10, for resisting arrest on last Saturday night.

CHARGED WITH POCKET-PICKING.
The first case of alleged pocket-picking at the fair grounds were reported to the fair officer in charge, City Detective Griffith, yesterday afternoon. The complainants succeeded in identifying their man and one claimed that he had taken a pocket-book but no trace could be found of the missing article upon the person of the accused.

An arrest was, however, made and the man who is an Abyssinian is now at the police station.

MILKING AND BUTTER CONTEST.
Joseph Toane won the milking contest of the instant and best work for milking a cow. This test was made with two ends in view, viz., to test the strength of the muscles in the milk and the facility of the individuals who did the milking. The contest in milking was between Joe Toane and Mr. Rand. Mr. Rand had the greatest speed, milking at the rate of 3.5 lbs. a minute, while Joe Toane milked at the rate of 3.2 lbs. a minute. Mr. Toane, however, was the cleaner operator and won the prize.

The award for each was as follows:

BIG HORSE SALE.

Auctioneer Robert Smith held a very large sale of horses on Tuesday morning and afternoon at his stockyards on the Strathcona side close to the Saskatchewan bridge.

About two and a half carloads of horses were disposed of, 42 being sold. Bidding was brisk and the auction was fairly well attended. Mr. Smith has four carloads of horses coming up from the south in the next few days.

SENIATOR TALBOT HERE.
(From Thursday's Bulletin.)
Senator Talbot, of Lacombe, came up last night to visit the Edmonton Fair. He speaks of excellent prospects for a big crop in the Lacombe district this year. He strongly favors the closed door policy with regard to the exclusion of Ontario stock at the annual sales of pure breeds in this province, as an encouragement of home breeding and a protection against the prevalent disease of dumpy ground for inferior stock from Ontario.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
Edmonton Lodge No. 22 and Jasper Lodge No. 6, Knights of Pythias, will hold a joint meeting this evening at 8 o'clock, in Castle Hall, Pythian block, over the R. Hockley Co., McDougall avenue. The third rank will be put on in amplified form by Jasper and Edmonton team, for the benefit of visiting knights who are sojourning in the city at present. C. W. MacInnis, K.R.S., announces a number from North Star Lodge, No. 8, of Strathcona, will be present.

DOMINION LAND OFFICE RETURNS.
The June returns from the Dominion Land Office in this city indicate that a growing interest is taken in this district by intending settlers. 2,281 letters of enquiry were received during the month of June, as compared with 2,472 for the same month last year. Homestead entries are fewer, however.

The returns for 1907 are:
Homestead entries 418
Letters received 3,251
Applications for patents 62
For June, 1906, the returns were:
Homestead entries 622
Letters received 2,472
Applications for patent 135

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.
The Edmonton customs returns for last month show an immense increase over the corresponding month last year, more than doubling the receipts of June, 1906. The figures are as follows:
June, 1907 \$32,047.87
June, 1906 12,496.82
Mail parcels, June, 1907 1,659
Mail parcels, June, 1906 783
Express parcels, June, 1907 293
Express parcels, June, 1906 135

ALBERTA UNDERTAKERS.
At a meeting last night of undertakers from all parts of the province, an Undertakers' association was formed with the following officers:
President—A. M. Shaver, Calgary.
First vice-president—H. G. Stone, Red Deer.
Second vice-president—H. W. Moffatt, Edmonton.
Treasurer—Dr. J. C. Wainwright, Strathcona.

The objects of the association is the furtherance of the science of embalming, and the general advancement of the work of the profession.

AT THE POLICE COURT.
(From Thursday's Bulletin.)
In Magistrate Wade's court this morning, the case against Bessie Sharp, of Battalford, for frequenting a house of ill-fame, was withdrawn and a charge of vagrancy preferred. Bessie did not appear in court this morning, but was represented by counsel.

The Abyssinian charged with picking pockets at the fair was arraigned, and his case set down for the end of the week.

Several drunks were given the usual 50 fines.

IMMORAL SHOW CLOSED.
The objectionable feature of the Military at the Exhibition grounds closed doing business at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. After that hour the "Great Lotos" was not permitted to further insult the unsuspecting public enticed into the tent to witness the performance by the innocent soundings assurances of the manager that the show was a food one. City Detective Griffith, who is in charge of the police squad at the Exhibition grounds, ordered the manager to withdraw the objectionable feature. This they refused to do, preferring to close up the show entirely.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

At the Mounted Police Barracks this afternoon W. J. Belfrage was committed to stand trial on a charge of misappropriating (stealing) Horse Hills' harness.

The defence did not put in any evidence. The trial of the case was likely take place in the Supreme Court about the end of the month.

THIS YEAR'S STREET WORK.

The City Commissioners are authority for the statement that the paving on McDougall street from Isabella street to College avenue, and on Jasper avenue from Ninth to First streets, will be completed this fall. First and Namayo will not be done till next summer. The street car line will be laid this year only on the paved portion of Jasper.

CHINESE ARRAIGNED.

A number of the Chinese arrested last Saturday night on a charge of being participants in a gambling game in a house at the corner of Rice and Namayo, came up before Magistrate Cowan and were set down for trial at different dates next week. The Chinese are represented by H. H. Robertson and John Bown, while the prosecution is being conducted by Mr. Harrison.

ROLLER CARNIVAL.

The Thistle Roller Rink had the best attendance of the season Thursday night, a fancy dress carnival being the attraction that drew the large crowd of skaters and spectators. The number of persons in costume was unusually large, and the judges and considerable difficulty in picking the prize winners.

Best Dressed Lady—Miss Eva Grindley.
Best Dressed Gentleman—W. Shanks.
Best Comic (gentleman)—W. Gray.
Best Skating Couple—Miss York and Mr. Spic.
Best Lady Skater—Miss Berg.
Best Gentleman Skater—H. Adams.

JOINT MEETING OF PYTHIAS.

Edmonton Lodge No. 22 and Jasper Lodge No. 6 of the Knights of Pythias held a joint meeting last night in Pythian Hall. The third degree was put on in amplified form by a rank team from Lodge No. 6, for the benefit of visiting knights, who were here from points as widely apart as Boston, the Maritime Provinces and New Mexico.

Speeches were delivered through the evening by Brother D. Campbell, of Cumberland Lodge, No. 5, by Grand Trustee Tipton, of Strathcona; C. D. 2801 letters of enquiry were received during the month of June, as compared with 2,472 for the same month last year.

Homestead entries are fewer, however.

Letters received 3,251
Applications for patents 62
For June, 1906, the returns were:
Homestead entries 622
Letters received 2,472
Applications for patent 135

ALBERTA UNDERTAKERS.
At a meeting last night of undertakers from all parts of the province, an Undertakers' association was formed with the following officers:
President—A. M. Shaver, Calgary.
First vice-president—H. G. Stone, Red Deer.
Second vice-president—H. W. Moffatt, Edmonton.
Treasurer—Dr. J. C. Wainwright, Strathcona.

The objects of the association is the furtherance of the science of embalming, and the general advancement of the work of the profession.

AT THE POLICE COURT.
(From Thursday's Bulletin.)
In Magistrate Wade's court this morning, the case against Bessie Sharp, of Battalford, for frequenting a house of ill-fame, was withdrawn and a charge of vagrancy preferred. Bessie did not appear in court this morning, but was represented by counsel.

The Abyssinian charged with picking pockets at the fair was arraigned, and his case set down for the end of the week.

Several drunks were given the usual 50 fines.

IMMORAL SHOW CLOSED.
The objectionable feature of the Military at the Exhibition grounds closed doing business at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. After that hour the "Great Lotos" was not permitted to further insult the unsuspecting public enticed into the tent to witness the performance by the innocent soundings assurances of the manager that the show was a food one. City Detective Griffith, who is in charge of the police squad at the Exhibition grounds, ordered the manager to withdraw the objectionable feature. This they refused to do, preferring to close up the show entirely.

STRATHCONA NEWS

IN SESSION WITH CLOSED DOORS

The Strathcona city council that at the first of the year gave promise of being a deliberative body of much weight and executive ability is fast losing the reputation it had at the beginning of its municipal life. Last night's session was another of these close-placed, closed-door meetings that have been frequent during the past few weeks.

The meeting of last night had passed the time limit before a quorum was present, but by judicious manipulation of the official chronometer the chairman necessitated a session arrived before the official time limit had expired.

After a sitting of several hours' duration in which little business was transacted it was decided to finish behind closed doors and the public were asked to retire. Of what afterwards transpired the citizens of Strathcona will be compelled to remain in ignorance.

The absentees last night were Ald. Rankin and Ald. McFarland.

In reference to the appointment of a letter from W. H. Birch, secretary of the Manitoba and Northwest Fire Underwriters, protesting against the erection of a frame building in the rear of a lot on block 61. The mayor had replied by letter that a solid brick wall was to be built on the building.

Among other letters were those from W. J. Gray & Co., re offer on ditching contract; Canadian Pipe Co., acknowledging receipt of order for water pipes; Bricklayers' union with reference to union labor; W. F. Reid & Co., Winnipeg, enclosing invoice for pipe fittings and Canadian Fairbank Co. re cheque sent. The entire lot was filed.

A report from the parks committee intimated that 200 trees had been planted in the park but not according to specifications and most were already dead. They recommended that the secretary instruct the company to remove them.

The question of the appointment of a police magistrate there was some discussion and it was pointed out by the mayor that in the petition to the attorney general a demand for such an official the name of the person desired by the council should be inserted.

The report was referred back for insertion of a name.

The question of a chartered accountant was considered and it was decided to offer a salary of \$300 for a monthly audit the secretary to advertise for an auditor.

The council then resolved itself into committee of the whole on J. D. Bowers' application for remission of fees for writing inspection. It was suggested: (1) That the fee be placed on the householder; (2) that the inspection combine itself to inspection and not to writing. The matter was referred again to committee for further consideration.

A bylaw to amend the plumbing bylaw passed its first and second readings.

Ald. McKenzie protested against the rent of meters and thought the

COAL COMPANY STRIKE

From Friday's Bulletin.
The Empire Coal company, who have been prospecting for coal for some time on the Eamer property, and whose find some weeks ago assured a new mine for Strathcona, have struck another seam which makes the prospects of successful development doubly sure.

The first hole sunk showed 5 ft. 4 in. of a seam and the second sunk at a distance of a half a mile east fully justifies the expectations of the ownership of the Eamer Bar property.

The property is more than ordinarily valuable, as it lies on the line of the E. Y. & P. railway, and coal can thus be loaded direct on the cars from the mine.

The shareholders of the company are E. M. and E. M. and the Eamer property, Dr. L. E. Fuller, A. G. Galling, Hugh Duncan, Dr. Crang, R. H. Palmer, A. E. Austin.

A meeting will be held in the course of a few days at which the question of sinking a shaft will be considered.

The company is capitalized at \$50,000 in 200 shares of \$100 each. About 250 have been taken up and the remainder have been taken off the market awaiting development.

RUMORS OF GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

A persistent rumor is current in Strathcona that the Grand Trunk Pacific will enter Edmonton by way of the Eamer Bar property, but through Strathcona by way of a joint G.T.P. and C.P.R. high level bridge over the Saskatchewan between the two cities.

An engineering expert is authority for the statement that a bridge across the Indians started in their plans of black bar were intertwined with gaily-colored cords and squirrel skin. With the solemnity of old traditions the Indians started in their places in a circle about the musician who was beating slowly on the tom-tom of antelope skin.

The Pow-Wow Starts.
At a signal they all started the monotonous, rhythmic chant—"Ho-he-he-ya-hai! He-ya-hai! He-ya-hai! He-ya-hai!" Shuffling around in a circle, their shoulders shaking the limbs stiffened, some of the dancers waved fans of feathers instead of the old-time tomahawk.

For almost two hours the dance went on—the chant rising, growing faster, higher, more wild, until at last the braves' voices met in one long, gurgling "pow-wow-wow-wow-wow" and they rushed together in the centre where at an old-time waltz or religious feast the ceremonial post would stand hung with emblems.

Not all the Indians joined in the dance. Some stayed free to collect the largess of the spectators, for the crowd of today is not taken of war or thanksgiving to the Great Spirit. It is a quaint performance with a real commercial value.

The house, which is occupied by two families, has been quarantined, and its persons have been shut up. In one end the negro preacher, with his assistants, eleven in all, are shut up, and in the other end a man and his wife and the husband of the woman who is now suffering.

Another inmate of the house who escaped and proceeded to Ledue has been located by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police and the justice in which he is living has also been quarantined.

The health officer has been unable as yet to trace the latest case, and can offer no theory as to where the infection came from.

SOLD BOOZE FOR A DUGGY.
James Greaney evaded a novel method of dispensing distilled refreshment at the Exhibition grounds during the first two days of the fair, but the fact that it was an illicit method resorted to is being done \$50 and costs 30 days at Fort Saskatchewan.

Greaney was corralled on Tuesday by officers of the Honorable branch of the Attorney General's department selling liquor from a buggy in the woods behind the tent in the Exhibition grounds. He was handing out bottled goods to thirsty individuals

July Clearing Sale

Great Bargains in every department, commencing Saturday June 29th

A Souvenir "Pocket Pin-Cushion" put in every package of goods purchased

Come direct to this store on Saturday or any day during the following two weeks, and let us prove to you that you will save money by getting some of our Bargains

DUNCAN BROS. & BUTTERS

Successors to McDougall & Secord
DEPARTMENT STORE

Telephone 36 3 and 5 JASPER AVENUE, WEST

BLOOMER BROTHERS

CASH HARDWARE STORE

NORWOOD BOULEVARD BOX 436

To All Whom It May Concern

Call and get our estimates for Tinsmithing, Guttering, etc. We now make a speciality of this work, and also of repairs.

BLOOMER BROTHERS

YOUR GARDEN

You will want it to look better this year than ever. We are prepared to supply you with

The most suitable plants for the purpose also

HANGING BASKETS. WINDOW BOXES. Send in your order early.

Ramsay's Greenhouse

Corner Eleventh and Victoria Avenue P.C. Box 58

PHONE 523

who had tired of consuming pink lemonade with neatness and dispatch, and he was in a fair way to becoming a Croesus, so profitable were his sales, when the license officers swooped down on him and confiscated that part of his liquor stock which remained.

This morning Greenly appeared before Inspector Worsley at the Royal Northwest Mounted Police Barracks, and was convicted of illicit selling of liquor and fined \$50 and costs. He is at present struggling to raise the money required to obviate a month's sojourn at Fort Saskatchewan.

The license department officers believe this was the only case in which liquor was sold on the Exhibition grounds during the fair. The officers were very active in their efforts to round up any illicit booze vendors.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.
Cecil—J. R. Matheson, Union Lake; A. M. Solomon, Lewisville; E. R. Evans, Ponoka; C. R. Curry, Dubs; J. A. Barber, Toronto.
Castle—C. Smith, H. Seibel, Dubuque; J. A. Priest, Lynn, Mass.; Miss B. Birt, Doyland; T. Excell, Big Eddy; John Yates, Lac Ste. Anne; J. R. McRay, Vermilion; R. Bates, Stony Plain; W. E. Mill, Smith's Falls; B. H. Short, Glasgow.
St. James—M. J. Brennan, F. T. Wood, Vegreville; J. Cox, Winnipeg; F. Correll, Saskatoon; P. G. Morrison, Calgary; L. Collins, Lavo; D. J. Colquhoun, North Battleford; F. Hunter, Meadow Creek; T. Clark, Saddle Lake; H. E. Maricle, Grass Valley; A. Magee, Vancouver; R. Stevens, Wetaskiwin.
King Edward—A. J. Dinwell, Vermilion; J. M. Peterkin and wife, Wetaskiwin; G. H. Simmonds and wife, North Battleford; F. Harris, J. J. Ruddy, Winnipeg; C. Wright, D. Cockerill, Prince Albert; Dr. and Mrs. Kennedy, Macleod; Dr. Laferty, Calgary; Dr. Simpson, Lacombe; Dr. Brett, Banff.
Winifred—W. H. Thompson, Calgary; W. J. Mullock, Toronto; J. C. Madill and wife, McQuint, Sask.; T. A. Carwell, A. E. Crawford, Elora;

THE INDIAN POW-WOW OF TODAY

is Not Like That of Former Years—Reproduction of Historic Dance At Fair

Andrew Bear's invitation by signalling to a Pow-wow, as described in yesterday's Bulletin, was accepted by a large number of curious visitors and sympathetic local people on Wednesday night. After sundown they assembled by the race-track and looked on at an improvised race in which half a dozen Indian ponies put their best speed to the test. The race ended in a draw, and the ponies, but with their blood warmed up now these braves and their brethren organized a semblance of the old-time pow-wow.

Blending of Old and New.
In by-ones days the meadow and grove by the river, where the Fair ground is now, witnessed many pow-wows of savage pomp and barbaric picturesqueness. That on which the fair visitors looked was a compound mixture of the old and the new. Some of the braves and their womenfolk had garments of skin fantastically em-

Forty-five Cents

Isn't much, but it will be the best pound of Java in Coffee to be had.

GARIEPY & L.

YOUR

You will want it to look better

The most suitable

HANGING BASKETS
Send in your order early

Ramsay's

Corner Victoria

Phone 523

J. H. M.

DEPARTMENT STORE

270-76

Ladies' Ribbed Vests
Women's Fine Neck, no sleeves, lined, trimmed with lace, Special Values

Women's Ribbed sleeves, lace or crepe Special Values

Drop in and let us wait on you

Little Beau

National Portland Cement

BEST CEMENT Large Ship

PHONE 37 W. H.

National Trust

Capital 51,000,000 -

MON

On Improved Town Lowest No Commission

A. M. STEWART, Corner of James

Farm Implements

We invite you to see our

Carriages and Farm Packers, Weeders, Mowers and Steel Tire Traps, McCormick Binders

The Best

Corner Howard

TRADE

We can supply you with second hand goods at the lowest prices. Meat, Sausage, etc., at reasonable prices. Patronize Home and help keep the money in the country. Satisfaction guaranteed money refunded.

THE VOGEL MEAT AND PACKING CO., LIMITED

FRUITS

Of The Season

Arriving Daily

Strawberries Cherries
Bananas Oranges
Also Fresh Rhubarb
Ripe Tomatoes

AT
Hallier & Aldridge Bakers and Confectioners