

R. E.

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Shoe Brushes, Scrub-
bers, Velvet, Filled Centre
Hibber, Wool, Charlie
and Handkerchiefs,
Summer Plaid Shirts
and Plain Shirts and
Silk Umbrellas, Plain
and Irish Linens, French
embroidered, Palm-
my and Orleans Cloths,
Counterpanes, Ladies'
Hosiery, French and Scotch
Hosiery, and Book Muslin,
embroidered Collars, four
and Shirts, two cases
do. Glasgow do. Bob-
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of various sorts, three
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rape, Gauze, and Satin,
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ad Gloves, two trunks
and Slippers, French
ore Combs, Silk Gauze
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4-Worsted Yarns
LSO.

heat and Rye FLOUR,
flour, Tea, Sugar, Ground
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All those indebt-
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D. BRADLEY.

TICE.

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than Six Months, if not
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JOHN LOHARY.

WANTED.

Wanted, about 15 years
in read and write well as
Printing business. Those
could be preferred.
July 10, 1840.

DEPARTURE OF
ALLS.

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Saint George, by Coach—
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3 to 5 p. m.
Coach—Tuesdays, Thurs-
days.

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Saint George, by Coach—
days, & Fridays at 7 a. m.
m—Tuesdays, Thursdays,
8 a. m.
Coach—Mondays, Wed-
days at 10 a. m.

THE
NEWS STANDARD,
EVERY FRIDAY, BY
W. SMITH
e in Saint Andrews,
BRUNSWICK.

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two written directions
lines, and under, 3s
by, 1s
over 12 lines 3d per line,
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AGENTS.

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Mr. W. Campbell,
James Albee Esq.,
Print. Moore Esq.,
Jas. Brown Esq.,
Mr. J. Geddery,
Mr. David Turner,
Mr. Wm. Beaufort,
Mr. D. Gilmore,
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D. M. Millan Esq.,
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The Standard, OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

Volume 7.

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 7, 1840.

Number 31.

From the Literary Garland.
VIRGINIA DARE; OR, THE LOST COLONY.
BY E. L. C.

Come on poor babe;
Some powerful spirit instruct the knees and ravens,
To be thy nurses: Wolves and bears they say,
Feasting their savage souls, have done
Like officers of pity.

[CONTINUED.]
Rachel smiled sadly; she remembered when
she too had cherished such feelings, but long
familiarity with what she had once dreaded,
had made them strangers to her heart. The
hope which opened upon her, of returning
with Virginia, to her country, possessed her
whole soul, and she proposed that, under the
pretence of visiting the Island of Roanoke,
which might naturally be supposed an object
of curiosity to the Spaniard, he and Manteo,
should, on the following day, set off in search
of the English vessel, which in an open boat
they would soon discover, if she still remained
upon the coast. If she had not left, their mea-
sures for departure were to be taken secretly
and rapidly, as Rachel well knew they would
be opposed in their purpose by the whole tribe,
and the vengeance of Orinka would be sure to
overtake them, if he but suspected, that they
entertained a thought of flight. Manteo had
long since ceased to believe, that they were
ever destined to quit this country, and it was
with a feeling of pain, that he felt called upon
to sanction the plan of Rachel. He could not
conscientiously oppose her wishes, because he
knew they were in accordance with the pro-
mise given to Mr. Dare, but he ventured to
use with her a tone of gentle remonstrance.

"The Raven's wing, and the Snow-flake,
have dwelt long among my people," he said;
"we have brought for them the softest of our
furs, we have fed them with the ripest of our
corn, our women have loved and tended them,
and our young men have fished and hunted for
them. Wherefore then, will they quit us?—
they are dear to us, and we would not have
them depart—yet the vow which I made to
the father of the Snow-flake, is still upon my
heart, and if the Raven's wing says yes, it
shall be fulfilled. But the young English flower,
knows no other land save this—she has
seen no other people, and why may she not be
happy in the wigan of an Indian, who loves her
more than any of his own race?"

"Speak no more of this," said Rachel, ha-
stily; "Providence is pointing out a way for
our departure—hence, and the vow we have
made to the dead, must not be violated. God
will conduct us safely through the dangers of
the deep, and my orphan child will meet the
greetings of friends and kindred in her father
land, and close my aged eyes amid the loved
faces, and dear familiar objects of home."

Manteo bowed his head with grave dignity,
in token of assent, and after a momentary
pause, Rachel, in order to explain their pecu-
liar situation to the Spaniard, related to him
briefly all the circumstances of their peculiar
history, from the first arrival of the colony at
Roanoke, down to the present moment. He
listened with surprise and the deepest interest
to her narrative, and was particularly moved
by that part relating to the young and helpless
girl, whose fate had been so singularly cast
among savages—nor could he repress an ex-
clamation of disgust and horror, when Rachel
mentioned the Indian King's project of uni-
ting Virginia to his son. She proceeded to
describe the haughty and revengeful charac-
ter of Orinka, the power of his father, and the
danger which they should incur, by open-
ly slighting these savage potentates, or suffer-
ing their intention of escape to be suspected.

While she was yet speaking, the door of the
wigan burst suddenly open, and Virginia
darting forward, threw herself into the arms
of her faithful nurse. Ferdinand Velasquez stood
transfixed, as the lovely vision passed him—so
pure, so innocent, so heavenly a face, he
thought his eyes had never before rested upon.
As she buried it in the bosom of Rachel, the
wreath of wild rosebuds that confined her
clustering hair, burst asunder, and the rich
ringlets fell down over her neck and shoulders
in beautiful and unchecked luxuriance. Her
hands and arms, were such as a sculptor might
have loved to copy, so exquisite was their sym-
metry, at least so thought Velasquez, as he
saw them twined fondly around the neck of
her aged nurse.

"Mother, why do you leave me thus long?"
she passionately exclaimed, in her emotion,
unheeding of the presence of the stranger,
"Orinka is beside me, and Eusebio is ab-
sent—come to our home—the evening is
closing in, and I cannot abide there without
you."

"Compose yourself, my child," said Rachel
soothingly, "and remember that you are in
the presence of a stranger—of a European,
my Virginia—one of a kindred race, none of
whom within your recollection, you have ever
seen before."

Virginia raised her head, and turned a won-
dering gaze upon the Spaniard, who certainly
looked no carpet knight in his present disar-
ray, for this rude handling he had sustained
from the savages, had divested him of all ex-
traneous ornament and attire. But as her eye
glanced towards him, it encountered a noble
and graceful figure, and a face beaming with

manly beauty and intelligence; a face, how
different from any she had ever before seen.
Strange and undefined emotions swelled her
bosom, the colour deepened on her cheek, and
tears diffused her eyes, as again falling upon
the shoulder of Rachel, she exclaimed in low
and trembling accents:
"A European, mother!"

"Yes, lady," said Velasquez, touched by
her simple and ingenious manner, even more
than by her surpassing loveliness, and bending
his knee before her, with the gallantry of his
age and nation, "a European, and one who
will bless the Providence which has brought
him to these forests, if it shall prove his des-
tiny to transplant from their soil, a flower
so pure and bright."

The tone of gallantry and sentiment which
gave unction to this speech, was new to the
untutored girl, but it touched a sympathetic
chord in her bosom, and harmonised with the
romance that imbued her character. But at
this moment a slight noise at the door of the
wigan attracted attention, and turning to-
wards it, Rachel beheld the figure of Orinka
darkening the entrance. As Velasquez, also
gazed in that direction, and was struck with
the beauty of the savage form, that met his
view. The young chief was of majestic height
and proportions, and modelled with the sym-
metry and grace of an Apollo. He wore a
tunic of panther skins, and a mantle formed of
the beautifully spotted fur of the same animal.
His arms were wreathed with bracelets of
polished shells, his moccasins were gaily
wrought, and on his head he wore a tiara of
brilliant feathers, surmounted by an eagle's
plume. His quiver of arrows hung at his
back, and as he stood at the entrance of the
wigan, he leaned in stern gravity upon his
bow. When he saw that he was observed, he
advanced into the centre of the dwelling, and
looking with an eye of proud disdain upon
Velasquez, said in a tone which, though un-
known to him, was rendered sufficiently in-
telligible by the look that accompanied it:
"Pale face, beware! the tortures of the
Mannahoes are but as children's sport, com-
pared to the wrath of Orinka, when he is
roused!"

Then the expression of his countenance
and voice became softened, yet still grave,
as he turned and addressed the trembling Vir-
ginia.
"The Snow-flake has found shade and rest
beneath the boughs of her own forest tree—
why then seeks she the shelter of a foreign
sprig, and will shrink and shiver, beneath
the fervid suns of summer. Beware! beware!
—Orinka will not be scorned, and his ven-
geance is swift and terrible, as the fire which
the Great Spirit kindles in the Heaven's!" so
saying, he departed with hasty strides, and dis-
appeared among the shadows of the forest.

The young Spaniard could scarcely curb
his rising indignation, as he marked the bold
and haughty bearing of the savage, still less
could he brook to see that fair and beautiful
girl, the object of such love. Such a passion
seemed to him like profanation of a pure and
holy object, a sacrilegious daring worthy of
immediate chastisement. His eye flashed, as
it followed the retreating figure of the chief,
and he advanced a few hasty steps towards the
door, while his hand sought vainly upon his
side, the weapon it had been accustomed to
find there. Rachel saw the inward workings
of his mind, and addressed him in a tone of
remonstrance.
"Forbear," she said, "or we are lost—
betray one glow of passion, commit one open
act of violence, and your life is forfeited—
Trust me, for I know these people well, and
if we value our own safety, we shall not wan-
tonly oppose them. Above all, rouse not
Orinka's jealous fears, even Virginia must do
her part in lulling these to rest, or we may be
watched with a vigilance, that will defeat our
hopes and plans."

A frown passed over the brow of Velasquez
at this suggestion; but before he could reply,
several chiefs entered Manteo's wigan, and
welcomed the stranger to Croatan, and Rachel
and Virginia departed to their own more quiet
dwelling.

On the following day the designs of Velas-
quez, to depart with Manteo in search of the
English vessel, was prevented by the irritation
of his wounded arm, which combined with the
excessive fatigue and excitement he had endur-
ed for the last few days, to reduce him to a
state, which required rest and careful nursing.
This he experienced from the motherly
care of Rachel; but though removed to her
dwelling, where he felt as if in the fellowship
of Christian beings, he chafed sorely under
the necessity of delay, and was constantly
racked by the fear, that all chance of escape
from his present forlorn situation, might be
cut off, by the departure of the vessel from
the American coast. Rachel shared his ap-
prehensions, but she felt that the young man's
life might fall a sacrifice to exposure and ex-
ertion, in his present state, and she would not
hear of his undertaking the enterprise. It
was finally proposed, that Manteo should de-
part alone in the search, and in case he found
the vessel, he was immediately to communi-
cate with these on board, to make known the
condition, and wishes of Velasquez, and ar-
range with them the means of rescuing the
exiles from the wilderness. This plan settled,

Manteo lost no time in launching his canoe
for his solitary expedition, and sanguine in
the hope of his success, the minds of those
whose fate depended on the intelligence he
should bring back, became comparatively easy
and resigned.

A few days of repose restored health and vi-
gor to the frame of Ferdinand, while the
kindness with which he was treated by all
around him, wrought an entire change in the
unfavourable impressions he had entertained
of the Indian character. It was, however,
a matter of constant wonder to him, how Ra-
chel could so long have existed cheerful, and
but for the thought of her early home, not
unhappy among the rude and untutored people,
whose habits and customs were so utterly at-
variance with those of civilized life—but
when he looked at the young and gentle girl
who had grown up in the midst of such
influences, and such companions, it was
a source of still deeper marvel to him, that
she should have been so cheerful, and so
for herself, the bare idea of passing the re-
minder of his life in that wilderness, was
fraught with unutterable horror. Even with
Virginia, to shed light and love over his forlorn
home, the thought was insupportable. Nay,
he began to feel, that for her sake, a resto-
ration to the world, was most ardently to be de-
sired,—she seemed to him a beautiful personi-
fication of all that his fancy had pictured, as
most lovely and exquisite in woman. Such a
rare blending of maiden majesty, with the
sportive grace and sweet simplicity of child-
hood, he had never before witnessed, and as
he conned over her singular history, and dwelt
with romantic enthusiasm on every circum-
stance connected with it, his heart glowed
with the fervor of new-born passion, and
thrilled with rapture at the thought of bearing
from the wilderness, this exquisite blossom,
to deck the gay bowers of his own fair land.
As day by day glided on, these feelings gain-
ed strength and maturity in the breast of Ve-
lasquez, till a bright vision of love and hap-
piness, blended with his fond hopes of resto-
ration to home and country.

In the mean time, nearly a week passed
away, and Manteo did not return. Ferdinand
drew a propitious omen from his continued
absence, but Rachel entertained many fears,
lest he might have fallen into the power of
that vindictive tribe, who identifying him with
the colony of Roanoke, which they destroyed,
had vowed inexorable vengeance
against him. Ferdinand could not avoid shar-
ing her anxiety, and one evening went forth
to look for their emissary, and to try his
covered strength, in a stroll along the wide
shore. As he stood looking over the wide
waste of waters, filled with strange thoughts
and emotions, at the singularity of his posi-
tion, he espied a small speck at a distance,
which as it came nearer, proved to be the
cineo of some lonely mariner, and with in-
tense interest he watched it, till its glittering
keel touched the beach, and Manteo leaped
lightly on shore. Warm was the greeting he
encountered from Velasquez, who poured
forth his brief and hurried questions with the
impatience of unassured hope, and received
in return, the following statement from the
Indian.

After quitting Croatan, he paddled along
the coast, examining every creek and cove
till he came to Roanoke, without discovering
either the pinnace, or the vessel of the En-
glish—in that vicinity, having gone on shore
in search of water, he had met a friendly In-
dian, who told him, that for several days a
large ship had been seen coasting about the
mouths of the great bays to the north, and
that a party of Iroquois had banded themselves
together, and were lying in wait to entrap
any of the crew, who might attempt to land.
Manteo affected to receive this intelligence
with indifference, but on returning to his
canoe, immediately directed its course to the
bay of Chesapeake, at whose entrance, he saw
the vessel named, lying at anchor. He ap-
proached her with friendly signals, and was
received on board, but when he attempted to
make known his mission, in his imperfect
English, he found there was none who under-
stood him. The vessel was in fact, a Spanish
galloon, which in her passage from Florida,
had, during a storm, lost her course, and
been driven on the Virginian coast. Manteo
soon discovered that she was not the one he
sought, and his sagacity shortly enabled him
still farther to learn, that those who manned
her, were countrymen of Velasquez. He at
length, succeeded, however, by the aid of one
of the officers, to whom the language in ques-
tion was not unknown, in communicating all the
information he wished. He was listened to with
interest and surprise—and received in return,
the assurance of the commander, that, as it
was not thought advisable for his vessel to
approach Croatan, he would remain on the
coast for a week longer, when he would an-
chor off Cape Hatteras, and there wait to re-
ceive on board the exiles, who wished to flee
from the wilderness to the shores of a Chris-
tian land.

With what feelings of unutterable joy, Fer-
dinand listened to these details, it is impos-
sible to describe. Silent, yet fervent was the
prayer of gratitude, which rose from his in-
most soul, to that God, who had watched over
his safety amid the perils of the wilderness,

and who was now opening a way for his re-
turn to freedom and happiness. And as he
looked towards the boundless ocean, and
thought how soon he should be borne over its
waves to the friends of his love, the sweet re-
membrance, of who was to be his companion
in that homeward voyage, made him feel that
all the terrors and sufferings he had of late
endured, were more than compensated, by
the priceless treasure they had secured for
him. Momentarily absorbed by these emo-
tions, he heeded not the absence of Manteo,
who had no sooner finished the relation of
his adventures, than he plunged into the
thicket, and hastened by a shorter path to the
dwelling of Rachel, anxious to inform her also
of his success. Ferdinand walked thought-
fully onward, passing through the Indian vil-
lage, where the children were sporting around
their mothers, who sat in groups beneath the
trees, while the young men who were not ab-
sent at the chase, amused themselves with the
athletic games of their nation. They came
forward with kindly greetings to the stranger,
and as he courteously acknowledged their sa-
lutations, his heart almost smote him for the
ungrateful return he was about to render for
hospitality, in assisting to bear away, those
whom they so loved and honoured, and to
whose presence, they believed themselves in-
debted, for a large portion of their prosperity
and happiness.

The sun was declining in the west, when
Ferdinand reached the rude palisade that en-
closed the habitation of Rachel, and he paused
before passing it, for the soft voice of Vir-
ginia was heard from within the rustic arbor,
singing a wild and touching air, that thrilled
him with its melody. Its burden was of
home, that home which she had never seen,
and the words were the effusion of her own
untaught genius. It ceased, and Ferdinand
leaving the slight barrier, advanced gently to-
wards the lovely stranger, who reclined upon a
mossy seat beneath the leafy shelter of the
grape. Beside her, stood a beautiful Indian
boy, of some eight or ten years of age, the
only son of Manteo. Virginia called him her
little page, and meet he was to tend a lady's
bower, for never noble dame could boast a fol-
lower of rarer beauty, or one attired in more
fanciful array. He had been left motherless
in infancy, and the tender nurture lavished
on him by the gentle English girl, had ren-
dered her the object of his absorbing love—
He hovered incessantly about her, he seemed
indeed, to enjoy existence only in her pres-
ence, and it was the joy and delight of his
young heart, to minister to her comfort and
happiness. She had instructed him in her
language, and in the precepts of that holy re-
ligion, with which her own head had been
early imbued, by her faithful nurse, and young
as he was, such faith had they both in his
affection and truth, that he was admitted
equally with Manteo, to their trust and con-
fidence.

[To be concluded.]
POETRY.
ON TIME.
FROM THE WELSH OF IAN TEGID.
Time flies—it flies—it quicker flies.
Than flows the ocean wave,
When fiercest, howling winds arise,
Or wildest tempests rave.
Time flies—it flies—it quicker flies
Than any ship can boast,
When quickest o'er the deep she hies,
On foaming billows tossed.
Time flies—it flies—it quicker flies,
Than the eagle on her way,
When darting from the upper skies,
She drops to seize her prey.
Time flies—it quicker flies, in short,
Than e'en the lightning flies,
When forked beams are seen to sport
From east to western skies.
Quicker is time than words can tell,
Though swift those accents flow,
Consider then, O man! full well,
How thou should'st live below.

DON CARLOS and HIS FAMILY.
Don Carlos is a man of middle height, with
an aquiline nose like that of the Bourbons,
and wears mustachios. It is impossible to
describe the mild expression of his features,
otherwise than by comparing them with those
of Charles X. The Princess de Beira, his
consort, is not tall, but there is great majesty
in her appearance. There is genius in her
forehead and in her eyes, while her lips are
expressive of extreme good nature. The P.
of the Asturias, who is 19 years old, appears
some years younger. He is not very tall, but
has much dignity. The Infante Don Sebastian
is not very tall, and appears to have suf-
fered greatly. There is something mild and
melancholy in his physiognomy.

The Post Master-General of the United
States, is a printer by trade. He served a re-
gular apprenticeship, and worked some time
at the business after he obtained his free-
dom.

Women.—Nature thus given woman an in-
fluence over man, more powerful, more perpe-
tual, than his over her; from birth to death,
he takes help and healing from her hand, un-
der all the most important circumstances of
life, her bosom succours him in infancy,
soothes him in manhood; supports him in
sickness and in age. Such influence as this,
beginning at the spring of life, and acting in
all its most trying moments, must deteriorate
or improve man's character, must diminish or
increase his happiness, according to the moral
and intellectual gradation of woman. Thus
upon her improvement in general, depends
human improvement in general.

Vermont Girls.—A correspondent thus
speaks of the Green Mountain girls:—"They
are as plump as a pippin, round as a ring,
sweet as a rose; their glowing cheeks are but
an index of their warm, ardent, lively, deter-
mined disposition. One embrace—one real
clinch, is enough to cause a general rush in
the icy veins of an old bachelor, or set on fire
the purple channels in a man of sensibility—
Allow me, then, to put the fair of Vermont
"against the world," in every point of view
of which you can conceive: they are giants
in intellect—soft and enchanting as the snowy
couch on which old Sol sinks himself to rest,
—bold as a lion, easily won—gained, always
faithful.—New England Review.

The Concord Dinner at Boston.—Our Bos-
ton papers received by the steamer N. America
give lengthy details of the dinner given to Mr.
Conrad, on the arrival of the Britannia, at that
port. A number of excellent and original
toasts were given on the occasion—from
among them we take the following, which was
offered by the Commander of one of the U. S.
cutters; it is the best we have seen for some
time:—

The Hon. Samuel Conrad—the only man
who has dared to beat the Queen.

None are so fond of secrets as those who do
not mean to keep them; such persons
covert secrets, as a spiritist covets money,
for the purpose of circulation.

The Express which runs between China
and London, during these turbulent times, oc-
cupies only forty-two days on its route.

DEPARTURE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE
GOVERNOR GENERAL.

On Saturday last, about 4 p. m., His Ex-
cellency the Right Hon. C. P. Thompson, Gov-
ernor General of British North America,
arrived in town on his return from his visit to
Fredericton, the seat of Government of this
Province. The commodious and elegant
steamer "New Brunswick," was chartered ex-
pressly for the conveyance of His Excellency
and Suite. His Excellency was accompan-
ied from Fredericton by the Lieut. Governor
Sir John Harvey, and Suite; and upon their
landing at Indian Town, their Excellencies
rode on horseback from thence to the city,
escorted by the officers of their respective
suites also on horseback, and a large number
of gentlemen in carriages. Their Excellen-
cies were received by a Guard of Honor and
the Band of the 69th Regt., at the top of
Prince William Street, from whence
they immediately went on board the ferry-steamer
Victoria, to be conveyed to the steamer
Nova Scotia, which was lying in readiness in
the harbour, to convey his Excellency the Gov-
ernor General to Windsor, en route to Halifax.
The Mayor and Corporation, a number of the
Military Officers, and a few other individuals,
escorted their Excellencies to the Nova Sco-
tia. On the ferry-steamer leaving the shore,
the assembled multitude bid farewell to the
Governor General in a hearty and unanimous
shout, which his Excellency acknowledged
by repeated bows, and on leaving the Victoria
for the Nova Scotia, His Excellency most
kindly shook hands with and bid farewell to,
every individual of the party escorting him—
who, in return, as the two steamers were sepa-
rating, greeted His Excellency with a heart-
ily farewell "hurrah."—His Excellency ex-
pressed himself highly delighted with the en-
thusiastic and splendid manner, in which he
had been received in this Province, and es-
pecially in St. John; which, he said, not
only exceeded all his expectations, but surpassed
any thing he had witnessed in any of the
Provinces.—Observer.

We understand that a despatch from the
Colonial Secretary to His Excellency, the
Lieutenant Governor has been received, stat-
ing that "the Lords of the Committee of the
Privy Council for Trade have reported their
opinion that the prohibition of carrying Deck
Loads, by Timber vessels, imposed by the
Imperial Act 2nd & 3rd Vict. c. 44 should
be confined to voyages across the Atlantic, to
Ports of the United Kingdom."—Thus leav-
ing untouched the carrying of Boards, &c.
on deck for vessels employed in the W India
and Coasting Trade. Also, that a Bill for
the repeal of the above mentioned Act is
about to be introduced into Parliament, which
has been framed in conformity with this opin-
ion.

The carrying of Timber or wood on deck
of any description will also, by the same act,
be made unlawful, during the winter months.

EUROPEAN NEWS

PRINCE ALBERT—Visit to Ireland.—It is whispered in the court circles that Prince Albert has expressed a wish to make a tour through the United Kingdom, which the highest personage in the realm approves of, but that he is prevented from the interesting way in which her Majesty is at present. Next year, however, you may expect a visit from the young prince, without fail, and, should circumstances permit, he may be accompanied by the Queen.—*London Correspondent of the Liverpool Chronicle.*

The first of the fellows of Dublin University who entered the bonds of wedlock since the repeal of the celibacy statute, is the Rev. W. Digby Sadler, son of the Provost.

The waters of the Seine in Paris are so low that they have only to fall a few inches more to be down to the lowest point ever known, which was in 1719. The navigation of the river above Paris, and also that of the Marne is interrupted.

Her Majesty has recently presented to each of the clergy engaged in the ceremony of the royal nuptials, a copy of the Holy Scriptures, magnificently bound in purple and gold, as a token of her gracious favor.

Brussels, June 7.—The Queen of the Belgians was safely delivered this morning, at 1 o'clock, of a Princess. The labor was of very short duration, and the Queen and the Princess are going on well.

Last Will of the King of Prussia.—The following is a clause in the last Will and Testament of William, King of Prussia, recently deceased.

"I forgive all my enemies, even those who by malicious language and writings, or by deliberate misrepresentations, have endeavored to deprive me of the confidence of my people, which is my greatest treasure." He left several ample liberal legacies to persons of high rank in his service, as well as to the lowest of his servants, and bequeathed large sums to the poor of the chief towns of the several provinces. He left \$370,000 for the purpose of improving the roads in the Altmark, and \$100,000 towards an iron railway to form a communication between the Eastern and Western Provinces.

A DROOL PUNISHMENT.—A late number of the Glasgow Scottish Herald says that it was the practice in that city, a few years since, to share the heads of all persons who were carried drunk to the police—a practice which was attended too with the most marked benefit to the morality of the city.—The Glasgow editor says: "Well do we remember the effects produced by this unique punishment, and how astonished were those who had been 'dressed' the preceding night when they appeared before the magistrate in the morning. Their hands wandered over their smooth parts—in some instances they could not be convinced of their own identity—imagined the bar officer had brought forward the wrong man, and upon the whole, it was a perfect rarity to see a shaved man brought back to the office a second time; indeed so alarmed did the habitual tipplers become from the method, that one incorrigible of the squad always carried a wig in his pocket, in anticipation of finding himself docked in the morning."

DEATH OF PAGANINI.—This celebrated violinist died at Nice on the 27th of May, after a lingering illness. He has left one son, who inherits a large fortune. Paganini's remains were embalmed to be removed to Genoa, his native town, for interment. The most wonderful performer of the violin has been taken from the musical world. He had hosts of imitators, but not one rival. He carried execution on the fiddle beyond any former or subsequent performer, and his almost demonic feats of dexterity were only equalled by his touching tone, beautiful expression, impassioned feeling, and correct intonation. His compositions partook of his unearthly appearance; his style was "sad by fits, by starts was wild." His witches' dance was incomparably grotesque, eccentric and true withal, and never did violin weep such strains as his "Nel cor piu." Paganini was avaricious, and little to be depended on in worldly affairs; but some fits of generosity by which he was impelled have astonished even himself. He would never, it was said, forgive himself, for the gift of 20,000 francs to Berlin, whom he styled the modern Beethoven. He was engaged in the Casino speculation in Paris, but took fright and abandoned it, for which heavy damages were awarded against him, the payment of which he avoided by his return to Italy, where he died.

The *Gazette du Midi* says that Paganini was only 53 at the time of his decease. "His death," this journal adds, "has been followed by an incident which has formed the topic of conversation of the whole town. He had refused to receive the offices of religion, but for what reason is not positively known. Some say that he would not believe that death was so near, but the Bishop of Nice, attributing his refusal to other motives, has refused him Catholic burial. After some discussions between the friends of the deceased and the prelate, who persisted in his injunction, it was resolved that the body should be sent to Genoa, his native town, and it remains to be seen what the Archbishop of that City will do."

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.—On the late anniversary of the battle of Waterloo a very interesting medal, struck by the occasion by Messrs. Russell and Bridge, and set as a ring, was born by one of the distinguished guests. It is of the same size as that made to commemorate the Queen's marriage, and is executed by the same gifted artist Mr. W. Wyon, R. A. The miniature portrait of the great duke is exceedingly good.

Admiral Sir James Gordon has been appointed Lieut. Governor of Greenwich Hospital, an appointment which will, we think, give universal satisfaction to the profession

and the public as a reward of distinguished gallantry and merit.—*Herald.*

Death of Lord E. Chichester.—The Newry Telegraph announces the death of the Rev. Lord Edward Chichester, rector of Kilmore, one of the richest livings in the gift of the Lord Primate, Dr. Beresford.

DREADFUL FIRE IN LONDON.—About 5 o'clock on Wednesday morning the inhabitants of the neighbourhood of High-st., Shadwell, were thrown into the utmost alarm by the sudden outbreak of fire on the premises of Mr. Drake, a baker. Much time was lost before water could be procured, and the flames communicated to the private dwelling of Mr. Reynolds, proprietor of St. Andrew's wharf, which in a few minutes communicated to the warehouses and shipping. The flames extended to vessels lying in shore, it being a westerly breeze, viz. the *Delight* of Glasgow, and *Deuchallion*, of Glasgow, laden with general cargoes, were totally destroyed. The *Elizabeth* was much damaged, and a large barge was also burnt. While the shipping was on fire, the flames on shore extended to the Globe public house, in High-st. Mr. Lindens, Mr. King, in Globe street; Mr. Thompson, Mr. Ahlridge, grocer; Mr. Hobbs, and Mr. Morrison's, all of which are entirely reduced to ruins, and about 12 others much injured.

About ten o'clock the flames were so far subdued as to allay all fears, but the great confusion prevented further particulars being obtained. Another account says, "We are not exaggerating in stating that twenty houses, if not more, consisting of warehouses, public houses, and private dwellings, have fallen a prey to the devouring element. The fire originated in the bursting of a cask of whiskey in one of the vaults of Mr. McKenzie's wharf, which is a receptacle for Scotch and Irish whiskey, which ignited from a lighted candle, and before assistance could be procured, the whole building was one entire blaze, and communicated to the surrounding houses."

The King of the French has written an autograph to Queen Victoria, congratulating her on her escape.

A clergyman of the established church, in the diocese of Ely, has perfected a lease of thirteen acres for the use of the Roman Catholic priest; the clergyman is the Rev. Thomas Goff.

Lord Palmerston has erected a catholic chapel at Clifney, and endowed the priest & his successors with a valuable glebe free of rent.

According to the *Constitutionnel*, Admiral Baudin has orders to attack and seize Buenos Ayres.

THE ARMY.—Lieutenant Lord Viscount Jocelyn, 15th Hussars, is appointed extra Aide-de-camp to Major General W. K. Elphinstone, commanding the 1st division.

The 6th Depot at Nenagh has received in order to send a draft of sixty men to Cork, to embark for Halifax, and join the service companies.

Major Holmes and Dr. Chermiside, 23d, are ordered to join head-quarters at Halifax.

Her Majesty has been pleased to elevate Gen. Sir Thomas Wiltshire to the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom as a reward for his services at the capture of Ruster, in the East Indies.

The number of non-commissioned officers and gunners of the Royal Artillery, in the garrison of Woolwich, is two thousand, and out of that large corps, there are only nine who were present at Waterloo.

The total strength of the army in Ireland is as follows:—Cavalry—6th Dragoon Guards six troops of the 6th Dragoons, 17th Lancers, and four troops of the 12th Lancers, 1,050. Infantry—19th, 20th, 22d, 3rd, 42d, 54th, 80th, 85th, 97th, and 99th; 28 Depots of date; total amount, 18,944; Royal Artillery, 827, Total, 15,841.

THE NAVY.—It is reported in the naval circles that the increase of pay (recommended by the commission) will take effect from the 1st of July next. Very extensive changes with respect to the purifiers are also under the consideration of the Admiralty.

The following two-decked ships, similar to the Rodney, 92, are ordered to be built forthwith at the different ports, namely, Hannibal, 92, Irresistible, 90, Exmouth, 90, Lion, 90, and Prince Albert, 90.

Five and twenty ships of war are now under sail for the Chinese seas from England, & our colonial stations, and most of them have arrived at their destination ere this.

There are 530 officers with the rank of Navy Lieutenant who never served as such!

Steam Ships.—Messrs. Acreman, Morgan and Co. of Bristol, have contracted to build the two first steam ships of the Royal Mail Company, for the West India and South American line. They will be about 1,400 tons each, and are to be completed about May, 1841.

CANADA.—Quebec July 24.

Agriculture.—The maggot or larva supposed to be deposited by a fly in the ear of wheat, under the husk or chaff, and which devours the kernel, has made its appearance in large numbers, in the vicinity of Quebec. It has also attacked barley. On being examined through a microscope it has the appearance of a large soft yellow caterpillar, having much of the form of those which change afterwards into large butterflies; to the naked eye, it is of a deep yellow, not more than the eighth of an inch in length, and shows very little motion. It is to be feared that its ravages are again to be destructive. It is still time to observe its progress, growth and transformations, so as to discover a preventive or remedy; although it is deposited or gets into the ears of grain.—*Gazette.*

The efforts of Dr. Rolph, in directing public attention to the advantages to be derived by an extensive system of emigration, from

the too thickly peopled portions of the United Kingdom, to Canada, are unrelaxed; and he succeeded in awakening, and keeping alive, a strong feeling in favor thereof. It is true that the government still stand aloof, and shew but little disposition to lend a helping hand, but many influential individuals are heartily co-operating with the worthy doctor, and we have no doubt but that ere long they will induce Her Majesty's ministers to adopt measures to aid them in their efforts.

The extent of voluntary and unaided emigration which has already taken place is a sure indication of public feeling in favor of Canada. The following is the latest official account that has come to hand, and it shows that the difference in favor of this year, as compared with the last, is on the increase:—

Office of H. M. Chief Agent for the superintendence of Emigrants in the Canadas.—Quebec, 18th July, 1840.

Number of Emigrants arrived during the week ending 18th July 1840.

From England,	346
From Ireland,	712
From Scotland,	172
From Lower Ports,	0
Total,	1,230

Previously reported, 16,362

Total, 17,592

To corresponding period last year 5,234

Increase in favour of 1840, 12,358

A. C. BUCHANAN,

Chief Agent.

THE NEW STEAM LINE WILL BENEFIT AGRICULTURE.—Among the important advantages of the new steam line between Old England and New England is the interchange of agricultural information. And by this exchange we think that the old country may gain as much as the new, for although she was long making agricultural improvements, which we have neglected, yet the progress of the Yankee is rapid, and already the New Englanders are going ahead in some things, particularly in ploughs and many other implements. And the agricultural papers of our country do not suffer in comparison with those of England.

By the return of the Britannia we intend to send some volumes and files of the Yankee Farmer to several agricultural societies in England and Scotland.

The trade in seeds between England and this country has been mostly confined to purchases on this side, but exchange is now taking place, and it will be promoted by the convenient communication now opened. Our publisher informs us that he now has orders from four English houses for seeds of American growth to be sent out next fall; among them is an order for seeds of every kind of American forest trees.—*Yankee Farmer.*

The late Bishop Burke, at the time of his decease, Roman Catholic Bishop of Nova Scotia, whose power over the Micmacs of that country was unbounded, when he met a drunken Indian in the street, was wont immediately to order him to walk before him to Bridewell; when arrived, he had his head shaved, superintending the operation himself. The Indian, in this plight, was sure to become the jest and ridicule of the whole tribe.—*N. Y. Express.*

NOVA SCOTIA.

From the Halifax Royal Gazette, July 22.

(Copy.) Government House, Halifax, 16th July, 1840.

MY DEAR SIR,

Adverting to the conversation I had with your Excellency, respecting a paragraph in your reply to the Address from the Inhabitants of Halifax, I beg in this manner to call it to your particular attention, namely, "the abuses which disgrace the administration of those resources which you believe to be devoted to public improvements."

This paragraph may be considered as conveying a severe imputation upon my Administration. I am aware that you could not have intended it as such, but it is due to myself that you should remove every ambiguity upon this point, in so important and public a document. I therefore have to request that your Excellency will take such measures as will remove any imputation upon my public conduct, which this document appears to convey.

I have the honour to be, my dear Sir, your's very truly,

(Signed) C. CAMPBELL,

His Excellency C. POULETT THOMSON, Governor General of British North America.

(Copy.) Government House, Halifax, 16th July, 1840.

MY DEAR SIR COLIN,

I cannot comprehend how any one can pretend to affix a meaning to the expression to which you refer, different from that in which it was used, and in which you and I well understood it; but I am sure you will believe me when I say that nothing could give me greater pain than the possibility of its being tortured into such a meaning as that which called for your observations.

As you will know my object in making use of the words in question, was to express my feelings upon the abominable system pursued by the Assembly with respect to Road Grants, by which, either by Law or Usage, they vote away large sums of money in small amounts, for local improvements, under the authority of their own Commissioners, and with an authority themselves—a system which was perfectly repulsive to myself, and I believe to every man in England, until it was brought under notice by yourself, through Lord Dufferin's report. My complaint, therefore, was exactly the reverse of the meaning which is pretended to be given to it, namely, that the money is not, as it ought to be, left under

your controul, to be applied under responsibility; a course from which it has been followed, the Province has so much advantage.

I must say in justice to the many all parties who have conversed with me subject of my answer, and upon this particular, that I have not heard the doubt expressed by any one of them of the meaning of the expression, and there must suppose that those suggested to you been the result of malice or violent party spirit.

However, from whatever motives, or whatever quarter they may originate, I am equally anxious to give them a contradiction, no less in justice to myself than to you, though I possess no other means of doing so than by requesting you to make what use you please of this Letter.

(Signed) C. POULETT THOMSON.

Lieut. Gen. Sir COLIN CAMPBELL, &c.

New Councillors.—Mandamus were received by the last Packet, calling James McNab, Esq. to the Executive, and John Morton, Esq. to the Legislative Council of this Province.—Mr. McNab was sworn in on the 22d.

The Right Hon. C. Poulett Thomson, and suite, arrived in Town from New Brunswick via Windsor, on Sunday afternoon at half past three.

His Excellency was invited to a dinner in honor of his visit to Nova Scotia, and graciously accepted the invitation. The affair got up at short notice, came off last evening.

We understand that the Governor General will proceed to Canada in the steamer *General*, which arrived here yesterday in 77 hours from Quebec.—*Halifax Times.*

His Excellency Sir Charles Fitzroy and suite left town on Wednesday last for Pictou, on their way to P. E. Island.—*Id.*

Father Mathew, the great apostle of temperance, has postponed his visit to Scotland for the present, there being still plenty of employment for him amongst his own countrymen, who continue to flock to him as he says by the thousand.

PROVINCIAL.

Agricultural Prospects.—So far, the season has been most favourable to the farmer; warm and dry weather has from time to time been succeeded by refreshing showers. Vast quantities of Hay are already secured, and should the Harvest for Grain prove favourable, a far greater quantity will be stored than in any former season. All kinds of vegetables have done well, and Providence still seems to smile on the labours of the agriculturist.—*Courier.*

Provincial Geology.—We are informed that an extensive deposit of Iron Ore has recently been discovered at the head of Bellisle Bay, by Dr. Gesner, and his son. The importance of the labours of our Provincial Geologist are daily becoming more obvious. Forty men, we learn, are employed in quarrying the Granite found by him on the banks of the Saint John in 1838, and a number of vessels are now engaged in transporting the beautiful and durable rock to this City, where it is extensively used in rebuilding the Burnt District, being much cheaper and preferable to the imported varieties. We are informed that the Jail in Kingston is to be built of this superior material. It has found its way to Fredericton also, and will doubtless soon become an article of commerce. It is pleasing to observe that the natural resources of the country, by the foresight of the Provincial Government, are becoming better known, and practically applied to the credit and advantage of the Province.—*Ibid.*

The first result of the visit of His Excellency the Governor General to the shores of New Brunswick has, we understand, been made public in his engagement to forward the great object of having complete surveys made of the various routes for a canal to connect the waters of the Saint Lawrence with those of the Bay of Fundy, His Excellency having stated to our worthy Lieutenant Governor, that Canada will be ready for the Spring, by when the survey can be begun, to grant £1000 in aid of the New Brunswick grant, towards the expense; and that he will use his influence with the other Provinces to induce them to join in this great undertaking. And also that he will do all in his power to carry out the views of the Merchants of Saint John, on the subject of rates of Postage and a Daily Mail to Halifax. These are proceedings worthy of the talents and station of His Excellency, and will doubtless add to his fame—and they are doubly gratifying by being so promptly done.—*Observer.*

From the Royal Gazette, July 22.
By His Excellency Major General Sir JOHN HARVEY, K. C. B. and K. C. H., Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

J. HARVEY, Lt. Governor.

A PROCLAMATION
Whereas a Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving for the late merciful preservation of the Queen has been prepared and ordered to be used in all Churches and Chapels throughout England and Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed; I do hereby order and direct the same to be used in all the Churches and Chapels throughout this Province, so soon as the Ministers thereof shall receive the same, and to be continued for thirty days thereafter.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the twenty-eighth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty, and in the fourth year of our Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.

WM. F. ODELL.

A Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God.

Almighty and everlasting God, Creator & Governor of the world, who by thy Gracious Providence has oftentimes preserved thy chosen Servants, the Sovereigns whom thou hast set over us, from the malice of wicked men: we offer unto Thee all praise and thanksgiving for thy late mercy, vouchsafed to us in frustrating the traitorous attempt on the life of our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria.

Continue, we beseech Thee, thy watchful care over her. Be Thou her shield and defence against all the devices of secret treason, and the assaults of open violence. Let the light of Thy countenance shine upon her, and in her royal consort; and bless them with happiness. Direct and prosper her counsels, and so guide and support her by Thy Holy Spirit, that putting her whole confidence in thee, she may faithfully rule Thy people, and to her charge, to their good and glory of Thy Holy Name.

Give us, O Lord, such a measure of Thy Grace, that in the deepest and lasting sense of the mercy at thy vouchsafed to us, we may always shew our thankfulness unto Thee, by dutifully to our Sovereign, and constant obedience to Thy commandments.

Give us, O Lord, such a measure of Thy Grace, that in the deepest and lasting sense of the mercy at thy vouchsafed to us, we may always shew our thankfulness unto Thee, by dutifully to our Sovereign, and constant obedience to Thy commandments.

Then shall we pray for Unity.

O God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, our only Saviour, the Prince of Peace; Give us grace to lay to heart the great dangers we are, by our unhappy divisions, taking away all aid and prejudice, and whatsoever else may per us from Godly Union and Concord: that as there is but one Body, and one Spirit, and one hope of our Calling, and one Lord, one Faith, Baptism, one God, and Father of us all, we may henceforth be all of one heart, and one soul, united in one holy bond of Truth, Peace, of Faith and Charity, and may we one mind and one mouth glorify Thee; rough Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Fraserburg Aug. 1.

His Excellency Sir J. H. HARVEY, who went down in the New Brunswick in company with the Governor, the Hon. Sir John Harvey, left Indian Town on his tour at 8 o'clock that evening, and arrived here at 4 o'clock on the following morning.—*Id.*

We are informed that a very complimentary note enclosing £100 has been received by Capt. Wylie, from Sir John Harvey, in approval of the Captain's conduct as Commander of the steamer *New Brunswick*, during the conveyance of the Governor, General to and from Fredericton, in that vessel.—*Id.*

A Singular Circumstance.—The *Bithel* Flag was hoisted, and Dr. Service performed on board two Temperance Ships, in our river on Sunday last, an occurrence, we are convinced, never before witnessed in Miramichi. One vessel was lying at Cathlamet and the other at Bay du Vin.—*Gleaner.*

GAELIC NEWSPAPER.—We learn that it is the intention of a few public spirited individuals in Kingston from the Land of the Gael, to attempt the publication of a newspaper in the Gaelic language, for the purpose of encouraging emigration from the Highlands of Scotland.—*(Kingston Whig.)*

COMMUNICATION.

For the Standard.

MR. SMITH.

I feel called upon, under existing circumstances, to claim a corner in your paper, to enquire of those whose duty it is, and ask them why there is not more attention paid to the assize of Bread in this Town. I believe it is pretty generally known, that I brought in a Bill, last session of the Legislature, for the Assize of Bread; and succeeded in carrying it through. It became a Law, making it imperative on the Magistrates to Assize the Bread. Upwards of two months were allowed to elapse before any final arrangement was made; and then, all that was done, was to fix the weight, leaving the Bakers to charge what they please. Such a mode, is what I call assizing with a vengeance!

I should not have troubled the public with any of my remarks on the subject, were it not that I am informed that Five Loaves, weighed yesterday in a store in this Town, were each Two Ounces short of the weight. How long should such things be suffered to exist? Is it not enough that we pay twenty-five per cent. more for our Bread, than our neighbours in Saint John? Is it not also notorious that Flour has fallen upwards of Twenty-five per cent. since the assize, so called, was made? And still, we must pay five pence for what in Saint John is sold at four pence; and that by an arrangement of the Bakers themselves; but here, forsooth, notwithstanding the Law, the base is suffered to exist. And here let me urge upon our Magistracy, who are, or ought to be, the Protectors of the People's Rights; that the intention of the Law, particularly for Saint Stephen and Saint Andrews was, that the assize of Bread (with all due deference to other opinions) is not only weight, but weight and price. If such be not the true reading of the act, then there is no protection to those who have to be entirely at the mercy of the Bakers. Such things must not be suffered to exist. The people must be up and doing; and insist upon what is secured to them by Law. Let no man be afraid, but all speak out boldly, and there is little danger but that the true intent and meaning of the Act will soon develop itself in the shape of a much larger loaf.

I shall not at present trouble you with any more of my remarks, in the hope that the present matter will be taken, and that there will be

JULY 3d, 1840.

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber has just received, 10 Bales of British Merchandise, which he is now opening. A large quantity of COTTON WARE, and a large quantity of GROCERIES & EARTHENWARE. With his former stock, which will be sold at low prices for cash or approved credit.

JOHN LOCHARY.

July 3, 1840.—11th

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber will make advances on Cargoes consigned to his friends in Barbados by drafts on 90 days, on Cavan Brothers and Co. London or Messrs. Howland & Co. New York, on receiving Bill of Lading and an order to ensure the cargo. The vessels after touching at Barbados will be allowed to proceed to the following Islands in the event of the markets being better than at Barbados at the time of their arrival, namely:—

Antigua, Dominica, Grenada, Trinidad, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent, Tobago, Saint Kitts.

Advances will also be made on cargoes consigned to his friends in Kingston, Jamaica, by drafts on New York 90 days, or Cash if required.

The conditions of advance made when freight is in cargo are one half the Invoice cost, when no freight is to pay in the West Indies two thirds the Invoice cost of the cargo.

WILLIAM KER: Saint Andrews, May 16, 1840.—29.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has

On Hand, A General Assortment of Groceries and CLOTHING.

Of several descriptions; besides a large quantity of WHEAT AND RYE FLOUR.

Also—A good Supply of CORN AND MEAL; He keeps always on Hand, the Choicest LIQUORS.

ALL of which he offers for Sale on the most liberal Terms, either for CASH or SHINGLES.

At a fair Market Price. SAINT ANDREW JOHNSON. Saint Stephen, June 6, 1840.—11.

A FARM FOR SALE.

A BUCKLE, in the Parish of St. Patrick, a FARM, containing 200 ACRES of cleared Land, with a Dwelling HOUSE, two large Barns, a work house, &c. The land is fronting on the Salt water, which renders it very valuable on account of the sea weed and fishery and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

For further particulars, apply to JAMES HALEY. St. Patrick, July 3, 1840.—11.

TO BE LET.

THE Subscriber will lease for a Term of years at a moderate rent, the Dwelling House now occupied by him, at the head of the Market Wharf, fronting on King and Water Streets. The building is 30 by 52 feet, two stories high, and completely finished.

WILLIAM BABCOCK. St. Andrews, July 3, 1840.—26.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of PETER THOMPSON, late of Saint David, in the County of Charlotte, Mariner, deceased, are requested to present their Accounts within three months from this date for adjustment; and those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

ELIZA THOMPSON. Administrator. St. David, July 25, 1840.—30.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, all his Real Estate in St. Andrews, consisting of a substantial built STONE HOUSE, with a Larder and WARD attached, together with his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. If not disposed of by private Sale, previous to the 17th of SEPTEMBER next, it will on that day be sold by Public Auction.

All those indebted to the Subscriber, either by Note or Book Account, are requested to call and settle their accounts immediately.

GEORGE WATSON. St. Andrews, July 23, 1840.

NOTICE.

MAILS for the UNITED STATES will hereafter leave this Office, daily, at 12 o'clock, A.M., and arrive at 6 P.M.

Geo. P. CAMPBELL, P.M. Post Office, St. Andrews, 29th July, 1840.

DANCING.

MR. D. C. HARVEY, Teacher of DANCING, begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of St. Andrews, and its vicinity, that he will commence to instruct in the above Art, on Friday, the 7th of August next, at Paul's Hall.

Class days, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of each week. Hours of instruction, during the first half quarter, Juvenile Class from 5 to 7 o'clock, P.M.—Ladies for the Second Class, from 8 to 9 o'clock P.M. Gentlemen from 9 to 10 o'clock P.M. After which the Classes will be united, and a number of Quadrilles and Waltzing figures be taught. Terms, 2/15s. per quarter.

St. Andrews, July 31, 1840.

More New Goods.

Per ship "British American" from Liverpool via St. John.

PRINTED CALICOES. Black Cotton Velvet. Blue Striped Ticks. JEANS. White Satin. Plain. Cotton Checks. Homespun. DOWLS. Derby. Aberdeen. White & Grey Cotton. Shalwaes. Solieas. Saracets. Rolled Jaconets. Waxed Check. Plain. DRESSES. Scotch. Cassinets. Shawls. Bordered Indian. Buttons. Handkerchiefs. Muleskins. India Rubber Coats. Plain. White. One Case Straw Bonnets. W. & S. M. GILMOR.

ON SALE.

The Farm lately occupied by John Smith at Oak Bay, adjoining land of Mr. John Cottrell, containing 95 acres, with a dwelling House and Barn; about 40 acres, under Cultivation and Pasture. This Farm fronts on Oak Bay, where there is an excellent fishery, and great convenience to obtain rock, weed and marsh mud for manure. This farm will be sold low, and liberal credit given for payments.

May 8, 1840. JOHN WILSON.

NEW BRUNSWICK CLOTH AND FANCY STORE.

JULY 3, 1840.

THE Subscriber has completed his Spring & Summer Supply of CLOTHS AND FANCY GOODS, comprising a general assortment, suitable to the season, to which he calls public attention as he is selling at unusually low prices for Cash only.

JOHN IRWIN.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD, at Public Auction, at the Lower Falls, Maguadavie, on Tuesday, the first day of September next, at One o'clock in the afternoon, by virtue of a Licence from the Surrogate Court in the County of Charlotte, the following described LOTS of LAND AND PREMISES, being the REAL ESTATE of the late DOMINICUS MILLIKIN, deceased:—

TWO LOTS OF LAND, situate at or near the Lower Falls of the Maguadavie River, in the Parish of Saint George, being part of the Hogarth Grant, so called, and fronting on the Road leading from the Lower Falls to the mouth of the River.

TWO LOTS OF LAND in the same Parish, on the south side of the said Road, fronting on the River, near the Lots last mentioned, and one of which is now in the occupation of Johnson Hall.

A LOT OF LAND at McDEARMID'S Beach, in the same Parish, being Lot No. 22, in the Grant of Niel McNICOL, and others, on which there is a HOUSE, STORE, and WHARF.

A LOT OF LAND near the Mill, formerly owned by the said DOMINICUS MILLIKIN, at the mouth of the Maguadavie River, being part of Lot No. 30, formerly owned by John Rourke.

A PIECE OF INTERVAL LAND above the Lower Falls of the said River, known and described as Lot No. 7, in Block No. 1, purchased by the said DOMINICUS MILLIKIN from William Player.

A FARM LOT OF LAND, known as the Hurley Farm, situate on the L'Eau River, and containing about SEVENTY ACRES.

THREE FARM LOTS, containing FIFTY ACRES each, on the north side of the salt water of the Maguadavie River, being Land purchased by the said DOMINICUS MILLIKIN from the late Robert Pagan, and others.

The Terms of Sale will be made known upon application to the Subscriber.

ANN MILLIKIN. Administrator. St. Andrews, July 21, 1840.—329.

PROVISIONS.

ARRIVED, per Jane Kelly, from Boston. 50 Barrels Wheat Flour. 80 Barrels Rye. 50 Bags Meal.

The above will be sold on reasonable terms, for Shingles, or Lumber payments.

WM. BABCOCK & SON. July 16, 1840.

CANVASS AND PAINTS.

TO arrive per Clarence, via St. John, from Liverpool, sailed 1st June. 120 Bales Kidde Canvass, from No. 1 to 7. 200 Kegs White Lead. 100 Duns Black, Blue, Red and Green Paints.

WM. BABCOCK & SON. July 16, 1840.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY found all Persons purchasing a Note of Hand, drawn in favor of W. BARTLETT, by me, as it has been paid some time.

WM. BOLES. St. Andrews, July 14, 1840.—11.

On Monday last, Isabel Ann, third daughter of Charles C. Stewart, Esq., aged nineteen months.

At Halifax, on the 22d ult. Mr. Keran Fitzpatrick, in 63d year of his age, a native of the County of Kilkenny, and for the last years, a respectable inhabitant of that town.

In England, June 17th, in the 59th year of his age, Rev. James Wood, the senior minister of the Wesleyan Methodist Connection.

Shipping Journal.

PORT OF SAINT ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

July 30, Schooner Lucinda Snow, Snow, Oak Timber, Thomaston, to master.

31, Schooner Concord, Crowell, Halifax Seal Oil.

Aug. 5, Sloop Nereid, M'Master, Eastport, Sundries, to sundry.

6, Brig Saint Andrews, Hilton, Demerara, 22, Ballast, William Babcock & Son, —Lefail Demerara on the 14th ult. Brigs, Colonist, Durkee, hence Condo, Robbins, ditto.

Arrd July 15, Brig Corsair, from Saint Stephen: Schr. Cornelia, Moloney, from Barbadoes.

CLEARED.

July 31, Schooner Amethyst, Penderberry, Saint John, Molasses, by F.H. Todd.

Aug. 3, Brigantine Sapphire, Cook, Trinidad; Lumber, by William Babcock & Son.

At Demerara, brig Robert, from St. Andrews, N. B., arrived 31st ult.; Allegro, St. John, N. B., arrived 1st inst.; St. Andrews, from St. Andrews, do.; Addington, of Weymouth, St. John, N. B., do.; brig Kate, Hodge, to sail in 18 days; brig Effort, Porter, arrived 2d inst.; 32 days; brig Acadian, from Liverpool, N. S. discharging; schr. Ranger, Power, from Halifax, arrived 1st inst.; 26 days; brig Martha Ann, arrived 2d inst. from St. Andrews; Herald, Hancock, Bristol; brig Otter, Dill, sailed previous for Barbadoes.

Sheriff's Sale.

To be sold at Public Auction on, SATURDAY the 7th day of FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Estate, Right, Title, and Interest of THOMAS DAVIS, of in and to that lot or parcel of Land, situate in the Parish of Saint George, being part of the Mill Lands heretofore granted to Samuel Bliss, Esq. and Samuel McDougald, marked number four in a certain plan of a division after said land declared to be annexed to a certain Deed of Instrument bearing date the tenth day of September, 1825, and made between Josiah Davis and Phoebe his wife, of the one part, and one Thomas Millidge the other part, and also of in and to eight rods of lot number five in the said plan.

The property above described having been taken under several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, August 6, 1840.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by either of the undersigned Subscribers, until the 20th of September next, for the delivery of the following described LOGS and POLES, at the Market Wharf in St. Andrews, in 2d, the month of April next, viz: 190 Hemlock Logs—70 to be 31 ft. long and 14 in. diameter at the top end; 35 to be 41 ft. long, and 60 to be 21 ft. long and of the same diameter, and 25 to be 26 ft. long and 16 in. diameter at the top end.

ALSO.

200 Cedar Poles to be 25 ft. long, and 600 to be 21 ft. long, and all 5 in. diameter at the top end.

The whole to be sound, and of a good quality.

Payment—Cash, on delivery.

H. HATCH, C. R. HATHWAY, WILLIAM BABCOCK, J. ALLANSHAW. Saint Andrews, July 24, 1840.

PICKED UP ADRIET.

ON SUNDAY the 23th July, opposite the MOUTH of WAVEG, a small WHOLE BOAT.

The Owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.

GEORGE SIMPSON. Saint Andrews, August 4, 1840.—31.

WINES.

THE Subscriber has received, per Brig Mary Ann, from St. John, Newfoundland—

28 Casks Newton, Gordon & Co. MADEIRA WINE, which he will dispose of on moderate terms for Cash or approved Notes, a 90 days.

Waxrud, to Charter a Vessel of about 200 Tons burthen, to carry a Cargo to a Windward Island.

WILLIAM KER. St. Andrews, July 14, 1840.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of THOMAS EASTMAN, late of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are hereby requested to present their claims for adjustment; and those indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

JAMES W. CHANDLER, Administrator. St. Andrews, July 3, 1840.—21.

These are generally read and then laid aside as useless, while the Yankee Farmer, from its utility and convenient form, will be worth more than the cost at the end of the year; as it makes a valuable book of 416 large pages, at the low price of \$2.

LOOK OUT—A PIRATE!

The Brig Experiment, Capt. J. Lutley, of St. Stephen, arrived yesterday from St. Thomas, with Hides, to F. H. Todd.—On the 23d ult. in lat. 20, long. 66, hove to for a vessel running down, apparently in distress, she proved to be a Schooner with two topsails, of about 80 tons, with black sides, a white streak green bottom, and a Round house; three jibs, some short guns, and about 50 men.—On first coming alongside she hailed in Spanish, and not receiving any answer fell off, when all hands appeared to go aft, and consult for about half an hour; she then ranged alongside and hailed in English, asking for a spare maintop-mast, stating that theirs was sprung, which however Capt. Lutley could not discover to be the case—while alongside they were perceived to put their helm down, bringing the two vessels together, and a man standing on the bow with a stout line—Capt. Lutley observing this put his helm up to keep clear of his new acquaintance, and then was allowed to quit company as the Captain supposed the hides (of which there were some on deck drying) were not sufficiently tempting to induce a prolongation of their visit.

Reform very essential.—Complaints are made by the Canadian Merchants, and others, who are in the habit of communicating with the mother country, in consequence of the postage on letters, by the Cunard line, being higher than by the way of New York. We have no doubt, but that the attention of the Government, will soon be directed to this subject—as we presume, it is intended that all classes of Her Majesty's subjects, shall enjoy the advantages which the new system is likely to yield. Besides, when it is understood, that thousands of pounds can be secured, by reducing the postage, via Halifax to England, it does not seem improbable but, what we anticipate, will soon be realized.

Gas.—A meeting was recently held at Toronto for the purpose of adopting measures for lighting the City with Gas.

Emigration.—A sum of £5000 has been advanced from the military chest of L. Canada for the relief of indigent and sick emigrants.

WEST INDIA MARKETS.

The following list of prices has been brought by the Brig Saint Andrews, which left Demerara on the 13th ult.

Demerara.—For Boards \$22—Shingles \$5 3/4

Barbadoes.—For Boards \$22—Shingles \$5 1/2

Trinidad.—For Boards \$21 to 22—Shingles \$5.

Markets.—At Kingston Jan. June 1—dry fish \$3 a 3 1/2; Newfoundland, do. \$3 1/2 a 2 1/2; Halifax Box \$5, mackerel \$13; alewives \$6 1/2; herrings \$5 1/2—a cargo arrived 1st June from St. John's, N. F.

On Sunday next, the 9th inst. in obedience to the Proclamation of the Lieutenant General, the prescribed form of prayer will be made, in the Catholic Church, in thanksgiving for the merciful preservation of the Queen from the late atrocious and treasonable attempt against her sacred person. High Mass will be chanted on the occasion.

Service to commence at 11 o'clock.

METEOROLOGICAL REGISTERS.

From 30th July to 5th Aug. (both inclusive.) KEPT AT ST. ANDREWS.

Barom.	Ther.	Humid.	Wind
at 8 A.M.	at 8 A.M.	in 10 ft. in day.	at 4 P.M.
29.69	29.77	68	61
29.86	29.90	67	63
29.92	29.88	67	63
29.86	29.86	68	65
29.83	29.65	67	64
29.60	29.55	67	65
29.46	29.40	69	65
29.74	29.71	67	64

SUMMARY.

A.M. Calm clear weather. P.M. Modt. wind, cloudy.

A.M. Calm hazy weather. P.M. Moderate wind clear.

A.M. Light wind, foggy. P.M. Light wind foggy with rain.

A.M. Moderate wind with rain. P.M. Light wind, cloudy.

A.M. Moderate breeze with fog. P.M. Mt. breeze with thick fog.

A.M. Modt. breeze, hazy, with rain and thunder. P.M. Modt. wind and cloudy with small rain.

P.M. Moderate wind with fog. P.M. Modt. wind and fine clear weather.

MARRIED.

On the 4th June, at West Wickham, Kent, John L. Phillips, Esq. late Captain of the 23d Royal Welch Fusiliers, to Charlotte, eldest daughter of the late Christopher Clarke, Esq. of Eastend House, Hampshire.

At Kingston, King's County, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. E. Scott, Mr. Philip P. Dann, to Hannah E. only daughter of the late Mr. A. Perkins.

On the 9th ult. in the Parish Church of Shediac, by the Rev. Dr. Jarvis, Mr. Solomon Trites, to Miss Ann Summers, both of the Parish of Moncton.

DIED.

On Thursday, the 29th ult., in the 47th year of her age ANN, wife of Mr. JOHN PIRK, a native of Portaferry, Ireland, leaving a husband and three children to lament their loss.

At Saint John, on Friday, 24th ult. Mrs. Martha Anderson, aged 21 years, leaving a kind and affectionate husband to lament his loss.

no more occasion for any remarks from Yours, &c. JAMES BOYD.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The article from the Boston Courier is unavoidably deferred until next week.

THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, FRIDAY, AUG. 7, 1840.

Charlotte County Bank.

Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President. Director next week—J. W. Street.

DISCOUNT DAY.—TUESDAY. Hours of business, from 10 to 2.

BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Stms and Work Boyce.

Commissioner next week—J. W. Chandler.

Saint Stephens Bank.

WILLIAM PORTER, Esq., President. Director next week—Stephen Hill.

BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.

LONDON, July 3. MONTREAL, Aug. 2.

LIVERPOOL, July 2. QUEBEC, Aug. 2.

EDINBURGH, June 29. HALIFAX, Aug. 2.

PARIS, June 21. NEW YORK, Aug. 3.

1840, July 23. BOSTON, Aug. 2.

DECK LOAD LAW.—We are gratified to learn that His Excellency the Lieut. Governor has received a Despatch from the Colonial Secretary, (an extract from which will be found on our first page) stating the opinion of the Committee of the House of Lords for Trade, that the prohibition of carrying Deck Loads should be confined to Timber ships crossing the Atlantic to ports of the United Kingdom—leaving untouched the carrying of Deck Loads by vessels employed in the West India and Coasting Trades.

By the politeness of Capt. Hilton, of the Brig St. Andrews, we have received Demerara papers to the 11th ult. and Barbadoes to the 24th June, we have not been able to insert any articles from them this week.

Temperance.—The Irish Apostle of Temperance, Rev. Mr. Matthew, has been invited to London, and intends to exercise, in various parts of England, the amazing influence which he possesses. The temperance excitement is spreading among the Roman Catholic congregations in the United States. 500 members of one congregation recently joined the Temperance ranks, and at the close of the address in Saint Joseph's Church, Philadelphia, 270 signed the pledge. This promises well.

THE YANKEE FARMER.

We copy the following from the Yankee Farmer, an excellent agricultural paper, published in Boston, by CHARLES P. BOSSON, Esq., at the low rate of \$2 per annum. We have taken occasion at various times, to call the attention of our Farmers to this useful and well conducted journal,—connected with which, is one of the best Seed Establishments in Boston. It would amply repay our Agriculturalists to take this paper, specimen numbers of which may be seen at our Office. Mr. BOSSON, when in Europe last season, formed acquaintance and business correspondence with some of the oldest and most respectable Nursery and Seed Establishments in England, Ireland, and Scotland, and on the Continent, and all his orders are forwarded by Cunard's Steam Ships. His new stock of Seeds, of the growth of 1840, will be received as soon as the last of September:—

Agricultural Reports.—The English and French agricultural papers contain reports from every part of the country, on the state of the crops and weather, and the prices of produce. These reports are communicated by intelligent farmers and dealers, and contain matter of great interest. Farmers, dealers, and consumers of produce, can ascertain the actual state of the crops, and be enabled to judge with tolerable accuracy of future prices, by referring to these reports.

The Mark Lane Express, published in London, receives regular monthly reports from 150 towns in England, Scotland, and Ireland. They are brief, and occupy about two columns weekly; and from them a table is made up, which exhibits at one view, the quantity of grain, wool, and other produce in different sections of the country, and the average prices. A specimen of these reports may be seen in another column.

We are now making arrangements to receive such reports from different sections of our country for publication; and we already receive regularly from Europe, agricultural reports from which we shall select those parts that are most interesting.

These reports will add greatly to the value of our paper; they alone will be worth to the producer, dealer or customer, the whole expense of the paper; and, with a mass of interesting matter on Agriculture, Horticulture, Rural and Domestic Economy, Useful Arts, Health, &c., a variety of Miscellaneous Reading, and Summary of News, in a neat and convenient form for preservation by binding or keeping on file, with an Index for reference, all present to the cultivator a paper of much interest and value, of a large size and cheap price, and dealers and consumers will find it valuable in their profession, and an excellent family paper, containing far more useful matter than can be found in the publications generally presented to the public.

and Thanksgiving to thy God.

plauding God's Creator & Id, who by thy Gracious times preserved Thy cho-

vereigns whom thou hast exalted of wicked men;

all praise and thanksgiv- 10

SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Monday, the 19th day of December, 1840, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of **SAMUEL JAMES McMASTER** of in and to all those premises in Saint Stephen, situate on the Eastern side of the main road at the Public Landing, comprising the House, Store and Land, now occupied by Mr. James Gillis, and the yellow corner House and land, occupied by Mr. McGowan; the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy Robert Clarke and Wm. Nixon, in a debt of £241 16 6 and 14s 2d besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, June 4, 1840.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Public Landing in Saint Stephen, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1841, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of **Andrew Robinson**, of in and to a certain Lot of Land in the Bailey Settlement, Parish of Saint James, on which he now resides; the same containing 200 acres, with about 15 acres under good grass and well fenced, and adjoining Land owned by Thomas Robinson on one side and by John Robinson on the other, with good barn &c. thereon.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of **DANIEL McLAHLAN**, of & to a certain Lot of Land in the Bailey Settlement, St. James, purchased by him from John McCurdy by deed dated 15th October 1834—the said Lot contains 100 acres, with about 12 acres cultivated and well fenced, with a good frame house &c. thereon, bounded by Lands owned on the N. by R. McLachlan S. by land owned lately by A. McCurdy on the E. by land owned by J. Young & on the W. by land owned by J. McCurdy.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of **Edmond S. McLachlan**, of & to a certain piece of Land containing 50 acres on which he now resides, in rear of the Bailey Settlement and adjoining Geo. Thurlin's land, with about 6 acres under grass, well fenced, with a good barn &c. thereon.

The said several Lots having been taken on Executions in favor of John Grimmer, against Andrew Robinson, D. McLachlan, and Edmond S. McLachlan issued out of the Supreme Court for £314 0 5d, also in favor of James Allan Shaw against Andrew Robinson for £28 16 6d against Daniel McLachlan for £32 14 8d and against Edward S. McLachlan for £39 15 6d besides Sheriff's fees and expenses.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Saint Andrews May 20, 1840.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday the 20th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of **HUGH McGRATH**, of in and to the Lot in the Town plot of St. Andrews, known and described as lot no. 3 Letter A in Bulkley's Division, fronting on Water street, 80 feet, and extending to the rear 160 feet, together with two Dwelling Houses thereon, the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy RICHARD M. ANDREWS, in a Debt of £45 4s 3d, besides Sheriff's Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, April 3, 1840.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of **EBENEZER BROWN**, in and to a certain Lot of Land, situated on the pleasant ridge so called in the Parish of St. Patrick, whereon he formerly resided, containing 200 acres, together with the Buildings and Improvements thereon the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy James Boyd in a Debt of £45 5s 10d, with Interest, Sheriff's Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, April 3, 1840.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Thursday the 17th day of September next, between the hours of noon and five o'clock P. M. the following Tracts or Parcels of Land situate in the County of Charlotte, viz:—

A Lot containing 100 acres in the Parish of St. James being Lot No. 1 in Deputy Mahood's survey of land on Canons-stream made in the year 1836.

300 acres of land in the Parish of Saint James, being Lot No. 7 containing 100 acres and Lot No. 13 containing 200 acres in the Bailie settlement.

Also 200 acres of land in the Parish of St. George being Lot No. 7 near the mouth of the Kedron Brook.

ALSO.

To be sold at the Court House aforesaid on Saturday the 17th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M.

3500 Acres of Land in the Parish of Saint Patrick in the County of Charlotte, being part of a Tract of 7000 acres near and adjoining to the 1st and second Kedron Lakes. The above described property having been

cried on an seized into Her Majesty's hands by virtue of a writ of extent issued against Duncan Barber, returnable at the last Michaelmas term of the Supreme Court; and sold under and by virtue of a writ Venditioni Exponas endorsed sell for £4000 besides Sheriff's Execution Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, March 11, 1840.

To be sold at Public Auction on Friday the Fourteenth day of August next, between the hours of noon and five o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of **JOHN PARKINSON**, in and to Town Lots Numbers 4 & 8, block Letter P, and Blocks Numbers 1 & 8 in Block Letter I, all in Bulkley's Division, in the Town Plot of St. Andrews, the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy James Brennan in a Debt of £42 1s 2d besides Sheriff's fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Saint Andrews, 7th February, 1840.

On **MONDAY**, the 11th day of **JANUARY**, 1841, between the hours of 12 in the forenoon, and 4 in the afternoon, at the County Court House in Saint Andrews, will be sold at Public Auction, to satisfy several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

ALL the Right and Title of **WILLIAM DOUGLAS**, of Minister's Island, to the following properties, viz:—The Farm and Land on the said Island, now in the occupation of the said William Douglas.

ALSO.

Lot No. 6, in Block lettered D, in Morris Division of the Town plot of Saint Andrews, with the house, out-houses, and buildings thereon, lately in the occupation of William Ker, Esq.

ALSO.

Lot No. one in Block lettered F in Fanning's division of the Cape Ann Grant and part of Lot number 4 in block lettered X, in Wentworth's Division of the same grant in the Parish of St. David containing 185 acres more or less.

ALSO.

Lots numbered 8 and 1 in the 4th tract of the military location on the western side of the old Provincial road leading from Saint Andrews to Fredericton, containing 200 acres more or less.

ALSO.

Lot No. 3 in the third tract of the said military location containing 100 acres more or less.

ALSO.

The South Western moiety or half-part of Lot No. 13 on the said third tract on the south east side of the said road containing 50 acres, more or less. **ALSO** Lot No. 5 and the south west moiety or half part of lot No. 4, both in the first tract of the said location, and on the south east side of the said road, containing 150 acres, more or less.

AND ALSO.

Two certain lots of 100 acres more or less, and known by the following description, viz:—Lot No. 5, Block lettered O and Lot No. 2 Block lettered R, both in Wentworth's Division.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, June 17, 1840.

On **SATURDAY**, the 30th day of **JANUARY**, 1841, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, will be sold at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Right, Title, and Demand of **JAMES CAMPBELL**, late Deputy Provincial Treasurer, to a certain Tract of Land, with Appurtenances, situate in the Parish of St. Patrick, in the County of Charlotte, and described in the Grant from the Crown to him, nearly as follows, viz:—

Beginning at a Stake at the North Eastern angle of Lot No. Two, granted to David Goswilling in the fifth lot of William Macdougall's survey, in Clarence Hill Settlement, between the Digdegush and Maguadavic Rivers, made in the year 1837, crossing the old Fredericton Road, to the eastern side of a reserved road, and containing 400 Acres, more or less.—The same being seized under a Writ of Extent.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, June 20, 1840.

PACKET SCHOONER

FAVORITE,
HENRY HELMS, Master.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that his vessel will run regularly between St. John and St. Andrews. All small freight to be paid on delivery, as he keeps no accounts. Every attention paid to passengers.

GENUINE INDIA-RUBBER OIL.
PASTE BLACKING.
Manufactured by
The Carro Chemical Company,
15 Maxwell Street Glasgow.

This superior blacking possesses peculiar advantages; from the fact that it produces a brilliant and durable polish equal to any other, and it is the best Liquid, contains, it nourishes the leather, and for the leather, making it quite malleable in the pack, soft and Elastic, and age, it never loses its luster from those perishes new sold; it is also a great preservative of leather from the effects of damp, and is also a great preservative of leather from the effects of damp, and is also a great preservative of leather from the effects of damp.

ALSO.

To be sold at the Court House aforesaid on Saturday the 17th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock P. M.

3500 Acres of Land in the Parish of Saint Patrick in the County of Charlotte, being part of a Tract of 7000 acres near and adjoining to the 1st and second Kedron Lakes. The above described property having been

cried on an seized into Her Majesty's hands by virtue of a writ of extent issued against Duncan Barber, returnable at the last Michaelmas term of the Supreme Court; and sold under and by virtue of a writ Venditioni Exponas endorsed sell for £4000 besides Sheriff's Execution Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, March 21, 1840.

NEW BOOKS.

Just Received by the Subscribers the following excellent assortment of

SCHOOL BOOKS:

History of England, Wilson's Tales of the Borders, Glasgow Journal, Robin Hood, History of Ireland, Life of Saint Patrick, Astrologer, Mothers Book, Salmagundi, Wonderful Book, Domestic Manners of the Americans, Sailors Yarns, Pinnecks Catechism, of England, Church of England ditto, Scotland do, Bowtie do, Butler's do, Table Books, Toy do

Account Books, Ledgers, Bill Books, Letter Books, Memoranda do, Embossed Portfolios, Paper, News Paper, Poets do, Gilt edge Letter do, Superfine Tinted do, Log Wrapping do

Ready Reckoner, Shewers Pocket Guide, Harp of Uther, Gems of Song, Budget of Wit, Cricketers pocket Companion, Art of Boxing, Bob Logies flash Songs, Honle's Games, Drans Book, Buonaparte's Oraculum, or the Book of Fate, W. & S. M. GILMOR.

Saint Andrews, June 18, 1840.—y

VICTORIA LINE.

THROUGH IN ONE DAY!

L. L. C. COPELAND begs leave to inform the Public generally that he has taken a large share in the Saint Andrews and Saint John Stage Coach Company, and from his long experience as a Driver, &c. hopes to merit a share of public confidence and patronage.

The Stage will leave St. Andrews on **Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays**, at 7 o'clock, a. m. and return on **Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays**, taken as usual.

N. B. Books to be kept at Mrs. M'LEAVY'S, House, Saint Andrews, and at the St. John Hotel Saint John.

FANCY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has received per Barque *Inegrity*, and Ship *Liverpool*, via Saint John, from England the following Goods;—

Tuscan and Straw Bonnets, Tuscan Plait; Millinery Goods, viz. Ladies Caps, Gossamer Ribbons, Satins and Lustrings, Figured and plain Satins, Silks and Persians, Black and coloured Crapes, Tuel black and white, Grecian Blonds, and Netts, Blond Edgings, Lilac Edgings, Quillings, Insertion Work Muslin, Book Muslin Corded do. Fancy do. Cambric Hdk's. Cashmere Shawls, Laces, Cotton and Worsted ditto, Turned, Merino, and Lamb's Wool Stockings & Socks, Ingrain black Stockings, General Haberdashery, printed chime bed Furniture, Fine Flannels, Parasols, Ladies' and Children's boots and shoes, a large assortment of Toys, China Ornaments; Ottomans, Stationary, and a great variety of Fancy Goods.

Mrs. SUTTON avails herself of the present opportunity of acknowledging with thanks the very handsome support she has met with from her friends and the Inhabitants of Saint Andrews and its vicinity, and that her arrivals will cause a continuance of their favors.

M. SUTTON.
Saint Andrews, May 8, 1840.

FOR SALE.

500,000 Superficial Feet Merchantable Pine Boards and Plank.

50,000 Dressed Lumber 1 1/2 inch ditto Staked and trimmed off with the Saw.

A few Cargoes of Spruce and Pine Dimension Deals and Baltons deliverable in prime order from the Subscribers' Wharf in Saint Andrews.

ALSO.

A quantity of square Pine Timber of good quality and size.

And a quantity of Refuse Pine Lumber deliverable at one of the out-ports.

The above will be disposed of on reasonable terms for approved payment.

JAMES ALLANSHAW, & CO.
Saint Andrews,
April 3, 1840.

REGULAR PACKET BETWEEN.

Saint John, Saint Andrews, & Saint Stephen

THE Schooner *FOREST*, Robt. Kennedy, Master, will run regularly for the season between St. John, St. Andrews, and St. Stephen as a Packet, and will take Freight and Passengers. The greatest attention will be paid. Further particulars made known on application to

ROBERT KENNEDY.
St. Andrews April 24, 1840.—t

FLOUR.

For Sale by the Subscriber:

30 Barrels of Superfine Flour, at 15s. per bbl.

30 Barrels of Rye, Ditto at 18s. 6d. per bbl.

Daily Expected.
An assortment of British Goods.
JOHN LOCHARY.
June 18, 1840.

CHEAP STORE.

GREAT BARGAINS.

The **SUBSCRIBER** begs leave to acquaint the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, and its Vicinity, that he has received his Spring and Summer's supply of **DRY GOODS**, consisting of the following Articles; which only constitute part of the Stock:—

BLACK, Brown, Claret, Blue, Olive and Invisible Green Broad Cloths, Wool Dyed Cassimeres, Doeskins, Buckskins, as low as 4s. per yard, Railroad Stripes, col'd and plain Moleskins, Cassinets, Satinets, Tweed (Queen's Own) double Nankeen, Plain and Striped Linen Drills, Wellington Stripes, Blue Drill, Plain and Striped Jaconets, Gambroons, Rich Figured Satin, Cassimere, Cashmerette, Valencia and Mocha Vestings, Silk Velvets, Lastings, Cambrics, Scotch Plaids and Homespuns, Pilot Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Canvas Padding, Bl'k and Brown Hollands, Selvies, Gentlemen's Silk Handkerchiefs and Braces, Shirt Collars and Breasts, (Albert) Trowser Straps, one case of Youth's Cloth Caps, Belts, and Grass Caps, two do. Gentlemen's fine Beaver Hats, two cases Gentlemen's fine Gossamer do., four bales London Slops, double and single width Sheetings Cottons, twilled and plain Regatta Striped Linens, Lawn Damask Linens and Dowling, fourteen dozen Gent's Lamb's Wool and Chamois Vests and Drawers, Cotton knit do., Colored Table Cloths, Towels, Diaper, Apron Checks, Dimity Prunella Furniture Cottons, Diamond Tweeds, Buffalo and Arabian Cloths, Printed Satinets, Silk and Cotton Velvets, of various colors, Osnaburgs, Chimz, Red Lace, Carpet Binding, Scarlet Worsted Tape, Rolled Jaconets, Playing Cards, Cutlery, School Books, Writing Paper, Ink, Steel Pens, Day

& Martin's Blacking, Shoe Brushes, Scrubbing do., Indiana Silk Velvet, Filled Centre Rockspun Lams, Thibet Wool, Challis Silk and Cotton Shawls and Handkerchiefs, one bale Robt. Roy Summer Plaid Shawls, and Hdk's, Figured and Plain Silks and Satins, Cotton and Silk Umbrellas, Plain and Figured Parasols, Irish Linens, French Poplins, Irish do., Bombazines, Palmotines, Fig'd and Plain Saxony and Orleans Cloths, Marseilles Quills and Counterpanes, Ladies' White and Color'd Stays, French and Scotch Cambrics, Jaconet, Mull and Book Muslin, Fancy worked and Tamboured Collars, four trunks Ladies' Boots and Shoes, two cases London Bonnets, two do. Glasgow do., Bobbinets, Quilling nets, Lace Edgings, Insertions, and Trimmings, of various sorts, three hundred pieces Printed Calicoes, one hundred and twenty Muslin & Cambric Dresses, Moles de lain do., Coronation do., Thibet Wool do., Canon Crape, Gauze, and Satin, Silk and Crape Shawls and Hdk's, Hosiery, Kid, Silk and Thread Gloves, two trunks French Kid Shoes and Slippers, French Iron, Ivory, and Horn Combs, Silk Goggles and Lace Veils, a great variety of Ribbons, one bale Woolen and Worsted Yarns.

ALSO.

A lot Superfine Wheat and Rye FLOUR, Corn Meal, Rice, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Ground Ginger, Mustard, Tobacco Pipes, Snuff, Tobacco, 20 Hands to the lb.

The Subscriber can say with propriety, that he will positively sell Goods, at present, at such reduced prices as never have been experienced by this community in general, heretofore. All those indebted to him, either by note or book account are requested to settle their respective accounts, which will be found to be the most satisfactory conclusion.

D. BRADLEY.
St. Andrews, 25th June, 1840.

BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL.

STEAM SHIPS,
Of 1200 Tons, and 440 Horse Power.

BRITANNIA, Capt. ROBERT EWING.
ACADIA, " ROBERT MILLER.
CALEDONIA, " RICHARD CLELLAND.
COLUMBIA, " HENRY WOODRUFF.

For **LIVERPOOL**, Great Britain.

THE BRITANNIA,
The first Ship of this Line, commanded by Captain ROBERT EWING, will leave Halifax, for **Liverpool**, G. B., on Saturday, the 1st of August.

The **BRITANNIA** was to leave Liverpool for Halifax and Boston, on the 2d July, and is expected to arrive at Halifax on the 14th inst. She will proceed immediately for BOSTON.

These Ships will carry experienced Surgeons; and their accommodations are not surpassed by any of the Atlantic Steam Ships.

THE UNICORN,
Captain WALTER DOUGLAS, will leave Halifax for **Quebec**, on the arrival of the **BRITANNIA** from Liverpool.

PASSENGERS for any of the above named places will please to make early application to **S. CUNARD & Co.**
Halifax, July 1, 1840.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber is duly empowered to sell and give good titles to the following described FARM and TOWN LOTS of LAND, with the Buildings and Improvements thereon, viz:—

Two Hundred Acres, situated near Wither's Ridge, Parish of St. Patrick, on the Fredericton Road, distant 25 miles from the Court House; Three Hundred Acres on the opposite side of the same road.

ALSO.

The following Lots, situated in the Town Plot of St. Andrews, in

Bulkley's Division, viz:—One half part of Lot No. 2, letter A, with House and Improvements thereon. Lots numbered 3, 4, 5 & 6, letter I, with half the Dwelling House on Lot No. 6, adjoining Mr. Hadcock. Lot No. 1, letter Q, with the Machine House, Weighing Machine, Ball Alley, and other Improvements thereon. Part of Lot 2, letter S, with the Old House thereon, situated on the western end of Water street, and Four Water Lots in front thereof.

ALSO.

Water Lots Nos. 1 and 2, in letter G. One half of Lot No. 2, with the Two Houses thereon, next adjoining the house occupied by Mr. J. Snodgrass. And the House and Lot now occupied by Mr. John McKean, in

Parr's Division, Corner Lot No. 1, letter N, on King Street, near the residence of Mrs. Willard. Lot No. 4, letter G, near Mr. Jack's property; and in

Morris' Division, Corner Lot No. 4, Block C, next the house of Capt. Dallimore. Lot No. 1, letter K. For terms of Sale, enquire at the Office of the Subscriber, opposite the Custom House.

F. STUBBS,
Solicitor at Law.

St. Andrews, June 23, 1840.

PLEASE NOTICE.

That no advertisement will be inserted in the **STANDARD** unless paid for, when handed in, and the number of insertions specified. Persons having open accounts with the office, as usual, **BLANKS** and **HAND BILLS** struck off to order, and without delay—per cash down.

Jan. 1, 1840. 27mm