

CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER

SACKVILLE, N. B. NOV. 27, 1890

We are offering the CHIGNECTO POST new subscribers from the first of December till the end of 1891, for One Dollar payable strictly in advance.

The Liberal Meeting.

Those who attended the meeting in Music Hall on Monday evening and expected to hear Mr. Longley answer the questions asked by the Post last week, were disappointed in the manner in which he worked out of the difficulty, presented to him, and evaded every direct answer. We asked Mr. Longley to name any article which the farmers of Sackville could sell to better advantage under Reciprocity than they can at present, when the local market supplied by outside produce. His lecture was more remarkable for what it did not say than for what it did. He did not favor the audience with his views in detail as to how unrestricted trade would effect our beef industry and dairy products, the many other articles which the United States would sell in competition with our own. He gave no answer to the questions the Post propounded beyond stating that a higher authority than the Post had committed it to Reciprocity, namely Sir John A. Macdonald.

We contend that this is merely special pleading; it is no answer to the questions respecting trade which we put. Mr. Longley, having undertaken to enlighten the public, should have answered them on their merits. Neither the Post nor the best readers of Westmorland are bound to accept what Mr. Longley purports to be Sir John Macdonald's opinion on trade matters, as conclusive.

Further, follows, that that Canada will lose 15 million of dollars revenue, which she now collects on United States imports. Mr. Longley failed to point out this loss, and also failed to suggest any source that would yield an equivalent return.

2nd. He failed to point out that under his proposal, Canada, while admitting United States produce free, would be imposing a heavy duty— from 30 to 50 per cent—on British goods. It may be perfectly loyal for us to treat the Mother country in that way; of that point, however, every decent man will be a spark of genius will have but one opinion. It would be the height of ingratitude on our part, in consideration of the mercantile protection we have received, to discriminate against our benefactors.

One part of the address was devoted to proving that Sir John and his government were favorable to Reciprocity; the other part, that they were against it. He demolished the Post by claiming that Sir John was favorable to it; he held it to be against it by proving that it was against it. We have no strong objection to Mr. Longley insisting with all his irresistible eloquence, that Sir John favors reciprocal relations; and we see to reason why he should not, on the other hand, claim with convincing power that he has been clearly misled by Sir John; but for Mr. Longley to claim both positions for Sir John on the same platform, in the same evening and in the same speech, is an acrobatic feat in elocutionary not often equalled.

His Sackville audience is at a loss to know what he thinks Sir John believes; and also how the government could be both for and against Reciprocity at the same time. He did make it clear, however, that no matter on what side the government was, it was wrong and should be condemned by all honest people.

We feel it incumbent upon us to state in this connection that Mr. Carleton is not a native of Westmorland. A trimp card to play, reported him from St. John to quote the Irish sympathies. We do not know what nationality is so unfortunate as to claim the place of Mr. Carleton's nationality, but we do know that among the essential characteristics of an Irishman the tendency to liberality and infidelity facts is not enumerated.

Mr. Carleton attempted to prove that the prosperity of 1854-66 was due to reciprocal trade relations, and ignored the fact that during that period the American War demanded our produce and at any rate, the general opinion is that Mr. Carleton did all he could against the Liberal cause in Westmorland—he spoke for it.

We make bold to make a very modest suggestion to our esteemed Liberal friends. We would recommend that before another such meeting, when imported and local speakers who hold different views are to take part, that a short census be held previous to the meeting and an agreement arrived at, as to the stand to be taken. Monday it was proved that great minds do not think alike. Mr. Longley explained how the National Policy was kept up to fatten the manufacturers. How the meeting in the Red Parlor in Toronto between the manufacturers and the Premier, was to keep up the duties, and give them a good harvest.

Mr. Hawke follows and works in his now patented phrase, "chimneys are there, but they are smokeless; factories are there, but they are humless." The former proves the N. P. a boon to manufacturers, the latter a curse. Mr. Longley tells us how the N. P. makes the consumer pay the duty; Mr. Emerson that the producer pays it more inequity.

The speeches made on Monday will not trouble posterity as marvels of political thought and logic.

The provincial government has done a creditable thing in sending Mr. Boyce of Fredericton, to England to lay before the tenant farmers there, the claims of New Brunswick as a home for agricultural emigrants. We have in the province several tracts of fertile land that could be home-steaded by industrious settlers. Mr. Boyce being an Englishman and a good agent, his trip should be productive of good results.

An American Want.

At the annual dinner of the New York Chamber of Commerce held recently, the true attitude of the Americans towards Canada was stated by Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, to whom had been accorded the subject, "Reciprocity." The American custom in the past has been to be little Canada as much as possible, to look upon her as a struggling institution to which an offer of annexation should be translated as an offer of assistance, and not to be declined under any consideration. On all occasions, our Dominion has been viewed outwardly by the Republic as a country whose future depended upon political union with it; and that we should be glad to entertain such a proposal.

At the above dinner, the curtain was withdrawn and the background of the American opinion was presented by Mr. Depew, in the course of his brilliant address, said it was the grand aim of the American people to bring Canada into political federation with the United States in order to increase their rapidly decreasing mineral resources and to widen the market for their surplus supplies. Reciprocity is apparently the only desire of the Americans at present; but the ultimate and expected end of such legislation is indicated by Mr. Depew when he says: "The unifying power of commerce will lead us in a few years to political federation, which would carry the American flag from the falls of Niagara to the North Pole."

The enthusiasm is admirable, but it is to be borne in mind that the Canadians are as loyal today as ever and will not for a moment entertain a proposition whose object is to tear asunder the bonds which bind them to the grandest nation on the earth. America for the Americans is the cry, and not only in Canada to be annexed, but all the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from Cape Horn to the North Pole, is to be beneath the American flag. One cannot speak for the South, but the people of Canada will never live beneath the American flag so long as it is the stars and stripes.

Mr. Depew possesses undoubted ability as a railroad man, but as a voice of Canadian sentiment and Canadian future prosperity he is some latitudes wide of the mark. Canada is as valuable to Canada as to the Americans, and the people of the Dominion are well aware of the fact.

Westmorland Co. Teacher's Institute.

The following is the programme of the Westmorland County Teacher's Institute, which meets in the school building, Moncton, on December 18th and 19th:

THURSDAY, 10 A. M.
Enrollment, Election of Officers—Address by President.

AFTERNOON, 2 P. M.
Arithmetic in Ungraded Schools—Amos O'Brien.

Useful Knowledge—Geo. J. Oulton.
Evening—Public Meeting.

FRIDAY, 9 A. M.
The Uses and Abuses of History—Miss Maggie Harper.

Moral Teaching—Mrs. Olive Fairweather.

AFTERNOON, 2 P. M.
Natural Science—W. M. McDonald. Paper, Subject not given—F. A. Butler.

Teachers buying one first-class ticket can return free.

Westmorland County Court.

CRIMINAL DOCKET.
Queen vs Robert Polley.—Action for assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm. True bill. To be taken up on Thursday.

Queen vs Wm Bulmer.—For stealing a heifer. No bill.

Queen vs William Day.—For stealing a heifer. No bill.

Tried under the Speedy Trials Act; sentence to be pronounced on Wednesday.

NEW DOCKET.
John Lanchester vs N. Hazen Smith. Hasty and Co. for plaintiff, A. J. Chapman for defendant.

S. Leslie Chapman vs Frank H. Brown—W. W. Wells for plaintiff, J. A. Harris for defendant.

Thomas Brownell vs David S. Taylor—R. B. Smith for plaintiff, Hamilton & Co. for defendant.

Chas. Farwell vs Prim Theriault—Powell and Bennett for plaintiff.

Baziliste LeBlanc and husband vs H. G. Farr—Hannington and Co. for plaintiff, Smith and Kay for defendant.

Gilbert F. Stevens vs Abraham Beamish—Smith and Kay for plaintiff, John J. Ash for defendant.

G. E. Boyce vs J. A. James Crawford—H. Atkinson for plaintiff.

Thos Dunlap et al vs James Brown—T. A. Kinmar for plaintiff, E. P. Williston for defendant.

James Legere et al vs P. G. Sweeney—Wells and Welch for plaintiff, W. A. Russell for defendant.

James Park et al vs Archibald Shaw—H. Atkinson for plaintiff.

W. H. Sumner et al vs Chas. W. Derry—Wells and Welch for plaintiff, W. A. Russell for defendant.

Wm B. Deacon vs Alex. Read—W. A. Russell for plaintiff, Emmerson and Chandler for defendant.

Minor F. Foster vs S. E. McManus—Hannington and Co. for plaintiff, H. H. James for defendant.

Mary S. Gilbert et al vs Geo. F. Wallace and W. A. Lawrence.

Jas R. Ayrer vs W. E. Wortman—Powell and Bennett for plaintiff, Emmerson and Chandler for defendant.

SPECIAL DOCKET.
Richard S. Salter vs Edward Richard and John Richard—T. A. Kinmar for plaintiff, A. D. Harrell for defendant.

Wm B. Deacon vs Alex. Read—W. A. Russell for plaintiff, Emmerson and Chandler for defendant.

Thos Dunlap et al vs James Brown—T. A. Kinmar for plaintiff, E. P. Williston for defendant.

James Legere et al vs P. G. Sweeney—Wells and Welch for plaintiff, W. A. Russell for defendant.

James Park et al vs Archibald Shaw—H. Atkinson for plaintiff.

W. H. Sumner et al vs Chas. W. Derry—Wells and Welch for plaintiff, W. A. Russell for defendant.

Wm B. Deacon vs Alex. Read—W. A. Russell for plaintiff, Emmerson and Chandler for defendant.

Minor F. Foster vs S. E. McManus—Hannington and Co. for plaintiff, H. H. James for defendant.

Mary S. Gilbert et al vs Geo. F. Wallace and W. A. Lawrence.

Jas R. Ayrer vs W. E. Wortman—Powell and Bennett for plaintiff, Emmerson and Chandler for defendant.

Longley in Sackville.

Great Grit Gathering in Music Hall—Speeches by Longley, Carleton, Hawks and Emmerson—An Unenthusiastic Audience.

Monday last was a great field day for the grists of Westmorland. On that day the county association held its annual meeting for the transaction of business. The attendance of delegates was small. The officers elected for the ensuing year were as follows:

President, J. J. Anderson, Sackville; Secretary, F. A. McCully, Moncton; Treasurer, W. F. George, Sackville; Vice Presidents—Salisbury, J. J. Keohan, Jr.; Moncton, P. McSweeney; Shedd, M. Legere, Dorchester; Dr. Doherty, Sackville; Capt. Moore, Westmorland; A. Read, Botsford; J. Dobson.

Executive Committee—Coun. G. J. Fowler, Salisbury; C. W. Robinson, Moncton; L. Gould, Shedd; P. Landry, Dorchester; Albert Anderson, Sackville; Robert McLeod, Westmorland; Chas. Avar, Botsford.

Organization—J. Hawke, J. A. McQueen and F. W. Emmerson.

Ways and means—Joseph A. McQueen and A. E. Wall.

Motion favoring loyalty to the Union Jack. Unrestricted Reciprocity, the general offices of the L. C. R. R. be moved to Moncton, and that Mr. Schreiber be dismissed from office, were passed.

Mr. Longley was present at the afternoon meeting, and gave the audience some practical hints about expiring the county, which they promised to put into application.

THE EVENING MEETING.

A large politically mixed audience was in attendance at the evening meeting. For about a fortnight the scene of the party had been travelling from county drumming up an interest in the cause, to make a respectable showing for Mr. Longley's benefit; and at all points on the N. B. and P. E. L. road a number of tickets had been placed, with orders to sell to those who were not willing, or more likely to stay home; the result was that about 250 tickets were disposed of, and instead of keeping their tickets upon the special train was obtained, an additional special train was made to be made to get the party home.

Mr. J. J. Anderson, chairman of the meeting, referred in an introductory speech to the importance of Reciprocity to the people of Canada. It would be the main political issue at the next general election. Mr. Longley had given the question much thought and study, and was therefore in a position to speak. He was the best speaker of the maritime provinces and had probably no equal in the Dominion.

Mr. Longley arose amid feeble applause and after giving the audience a heavy dose of blarney about how glad he was to speak here and what a fine country it was, he was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country. He was to discuss subjects of vital importance in determining the political future of the country.

GREY COTTON!

LOW PRICES BY THE PIECES.

Mill Cloth and Blanketing,
AT MILL PRICES.

500 lbs. Best Soft KNITTING YARN,

B & C CORSETS ARE SELLING.

A Few Bargains Left in Shawls.

Opening Mens Fur Caps this Week.

C. PICKARD.

Sackville, November 11th, 1890.

Skating and Walking Boots.

I have now on Exhibition three Special Lines in Ladies and Misses Skating and Walking Boots of the celebrated

MAPLE LEAF BRAND.

Every pair guaranteed and at prices that must sell them.

You will find a Complete Assortment of Men's, Women's, Misses and Children's OVERSHOES, CARDIGANS and RUBBERS, to select from, including the LADIES JERSEY LACED OVERSHOE, which is something new.

W. TURNER.

Powell's Block, Sackville, Nov. 27th.

"Climax Furnace" for Wood.

Is Admitted by All to be the Best Furnace in Every Way that can be Purchased in the Market.



The Climax Furnace with Radiator is made wholly of heavy cast iron and cannot possibly crack by exposure to heat.

The Fire Box or Dome, is made in one piece and heavily corrugated; thus giving it great strength and heat radiating surface, and so constructed that the joints cannot leak smoke, which is the greatest defect in every other Wood Furnace in use. The fire door is large and will admit of burning all kinds of rough wood, with the Check Dampers, controlling the fire, makes the Climax Furnace also the most economical. There being no thin plates or sheet iron used in its construction it will easily

Last for 20 Years Without Repairs.

I am prepared to contract for the heating of buildings at lowest possible rates for good work, and have secured the services of experienced workmen so that I can

Fully warrant every Furnace to give Complete Satisfaction.

If your Dealer cannot show you my Climax Furnace write direct to the Sackville Store Foundry for Description and Estimate of cost.

CHARLES FAWCETT.

SACKVILLE FOUNDRY.

Sackville, N. B., September 25th, 1890.

EVERYONE

ACKNOWLEDGES NOW THAT

TREMINE'S DRUG STORE
AMHERST,

Is by far the Best Place in the Two Counties

TO BUY

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES or TOILET ARTICLES.

They do not pretend to carry the Largest Stock, but they DO Carry

The Freshest and Best

And a FULL ASSORTMENT. You can always depend upon what you get there.

Is at this store that Extra Attention is given to compounding Prescriptions, as they make a Specialty of such work.

Special Locals.

JERSEY COW FOR SALE.—The subscriber has for sale a Jersey Cow. Apply to B. A. READ Sackville, N. B.

Call at Jos. W. Dobson's for your Nickel Driving Harness, Team Collars, and all other fittings in his line. To TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS.—Subscribers are requested to send Mr. Frank Harris, No. 25, when their instructions are not in working order.

SACKVILLE TELEPHONE CO.

Around Town.

Having recently fitted up our Job Department with some of the latest styles of type we are able to supply all kinds of Commercial and Legal Work in a first-class manner and at lowest rates. A full stock of Note, Letter and Bill Heads of all sizes, Shipping Tags and Envelopes constantly on hand. Get our prices before placing your orders elsewhere.

Around Town.

To TRAVELLERS.—Note the new I. C. R. time table.

THANKS.—We return thanks to Mr. John Lund, Lippentott, Manitoba, for late Winnipeg papers.

It is expected that the new Baptist Church in Sackville will be opened on Sunday 21st of next month at 2.45 p. m.

Rev. D. C. LAWSON, will preach in the Hall at Westmorland Point next Sunday the 30th, at 2.45 p. m.

—METHUEN SERVICE.—Sackville, Nov. 30.—At a meeting of the Sackville, 7 p. m. Clayton Munn, Upper Sackville, 3 p. m. Rev. R. Brecken, A. M.

A Halliday windmill will shortly be erected at the Academy for the purpose of supplying water to the buildings. Burditt & Co. are the agents and Mr. F. A. Dixon, the district agent.

SHIPPING.—The Harbert is expected to sail for Barbados to-day, with hay and lumber.—Sch. Maggie S. has arrived at Rockport with ballast.—Sch. Ehl Emmerson, arrived at Rockport on the 15th, from Rockland Me.

ACCIDENTS.—On Thursday last Master Abner Smith, while playing in his father's factory, got the little finger on his right hand between two cog wheels, and had it badly jammed.—Fred Fawcett, while working in the woods, recently, cut his knee badly by his axe glancing.

OPENING OF CONSERVATORY.—The preparations for the opening of the new Conservatory of Music on December 11th are progressing. Professor Mack and the musical staff will render Mendelssohn's Midsummer Night's Dream on the 11th and on the 12th the Sackville Cornet Band has been engaged to give a promenade concert in the building.

CONCERT AT PT. DE BUTE.—The ladies of the Point de Bute Methodist Church have decided to continue the entertainment of Tuesday in the form of a concert and refreshment table in the Town Hall, Pt. de Bute on Friday evening. Owing to the bad night the attendance on the first evening was small.

GOOSE SUPPER TO-NIGHT.—The Goose Supper to be held to-night in the Town Hall, Middle Sackville under the auspices of the Cornet Band promises to be the event of the season. A special train will leave Lower Sackville shortly after 6 o'clock and will return at the close of the evening.

SCOTT ACT.—Neil Patriquin, of Aulac was fined \$60 and costs for selling, and like amount for keeping liquor for sale.

—Chas Smith, of Sackville, was fined \$50 for selling the charge of keeping for sale was given for want of evidence.—Alphrey Brian, of Botsford, was fined \$50 and costs for selling and like sum for keeping for sale. The complaints against Westmorland parties were adjourned.

The quarterly public meeting of the W. M. A. Society of the Baptist church as announced last week, was held in Bethel on Sunday evening last; was well attended. The president Mrs. W. E. Hall, occupied the chair, who after the usual opening exercises, in a few well chosen remarks gave a sketch of the origin of the society some 20 years since and some of the work done during the past few years together with that contemplated. An interesting programme was then rendered consisting of Recitations, Readings Dialogues, &c interspersed with music. Interesting addresses were also given by Mrs. A. H. Lavers and Rev. W. E. Hall, Miss A. V. Anderson presided at the Organ, accompanied by Mr. A. Snowden, with the Cornet who with the excellent voices in Bethel choir rendered fine music. The audience showed their appreciation by contributing \$10.68 for Home Missions.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Andrews, of the British colonial service, Turks Islands, and Mrs. Andrews are in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wood.

—Mr. Biggar, publisher of the Canadian Journal of Fabrics, was in town on Monday. He is compiling material for McKim's advertising directory, which will be the first purely Canadian book of the kind ever published.

—Thos. Colter, M. P. P., of York, was in town last week.

—Geo. Hetherington, M. P. P., of Queen's Co., attended the recent Grit meeting in Sackville.

—Dr. and Mrs. Trueman, of Macoon, will leave about the middle of December for a six week's trip to California to visit relatives.

—Mr. James Distant, of Cookville, has gone to Boston and Narragansett, R. I., to visit members of his family there.

—Mr. and Mrs. George W. Towse of Abouhagan, are visiting at Haverhill, Mass., and the principal cities in the New England States.

Grand Juries may be Abolished.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, the Dominion Minister of Justice, has addressed a circular to the Attorney General of the provinces, and judges charged with judicial functions in criminal matters, in which he says: "The question of the expediency of abolishing the functions of grand juries in relation to the administration of criminal justice, has on several occasions been brought to the attention of Parliament, and intimations from time to time been made to the government by members of the judiciary and other interested in criminal justice, that the abolition would be in the public interest. It is my intention to lay before Parliament in the near future, a bill codifying the criminal law of Canada both as regards substantive law and procedure. Before submitting it, however, I would be very glad to be favored with your views upon the question above mentioned."

Grand Juries may be Abolished.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, the Dominion Minister of Justice, has addressed a circular to the Attorney General of the provinces, and judges charged with judicial functions in criminal matters, in which he says: "The question of the expediency of abolishing the functions of grand juries in relation to the administration of criminal justice, has on several occasions been brought to the attention of Parliament, and intimations from time to time been made to the government by members of the judiciary and other interested in criminal justice, that the abolition would be in the public interest. It is my intention to lay before Parliament in the near future, a bill codifying the criminal law of Canada both as regards substantive law and procedure. Before submitting it, however, I would be very glad to be favored with your views upon the question above mentioned."

Grand Juries may be Abolished.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, the Dominion Minister of Justice, has addressed a circular to the Attorney General of the provinces, and judges charged with judicial functions in criminal matters, in which he says: "The question of the expediency of abolishing the functions of grand juries in relation to the administration of criminal justice, has on several occasions been brought to the attention of Parliament, and intimations from time to time been made to the government by members of the judiciary and other interested in criminal justice, that the abolition would be in the public interest. It is my intention to lay before Parliament in the near future, a bill codifying the criminal law of Canada both as regards substantive law and procedure. Before submitting it, however, I would be very glad to be favored with your views upon the question above mentioned."

Grand Juries may be Abolished.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, the Dominion Minister of Justice, has addressed a circular to the Attorney General of the provinces, and judges charged with judicial functions in criminal matters, in which he says: "The question of the expediency of abolishing the functions of grand juries in relation to the administration of criminal justice, has on several occasions been brought to the attention of Parliament, and intimations from time to time been made to the government by members of the judiciary and other interested in criminal justice, that the abolition would be in the public interest. It is my intention to lay before Parliament in the near future, a bill codifying the criminal law of Canada both as regards substantive law and procedure. Before submitting it, however, I would be very glad to be favored with your views upon the question above mentioned."

Grand Juries may be Abolished.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, the Dominion Minister of Justice, has addressed a circular to the Attorney General of the provinces, and judges charged with judicial functions in criminal matters, in which he says: "The question of the expediency of abolishing the functions of grand juries in relation to the administration of criminal justice, has on several occasions been brought to the attention of Parliament, and intimations from time to time been made to the government by members of the judiciary and other interested in criminal justice, that the abolition would be in the public interest. It is my intention to lay before Parliament in the near future, a bill codifying the criminal law of Canada both as regards substantive law and procedure. Before submitting it, however, I would be very glad to be favored with your views upon the question above mentioned."

Grand Juries may be Abolished.

Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, the Dominion Minister of Justice, has addressed a circular to the Attorney General of the provinces, and judges charged with judicial functions in criminal matters, in which he says: "The question of the expediency of abolishing the functions of grand juries in relation to the administration of criminal justice, has on several occasions been brought to the attention of Parliament, and intimations from time to time been made to the government by members of the judiciary and other interested in criminal justice, that the abolition would be in the public interest. It is my intention to lay before Parliament in the near future, a bill codifying the criminal law of Canada both as regards substantive law and procedure. Before submitting it, however, I would be very glad to be favored with your views upon the question above mentioned."

Local Matters.

JAMES LUNN, of Salem, shot a large moose last week, and three gentlemen from Windsor shot two moose.

A SPECIAL TRAIN in charge of Conductor McDermaid ran off the track at Chester on Thursday morning.

Col. BLAIR has been in the upper provinces selecting some pure bred cattle for the Experimental Farm at Neppan.

JAMES ATKINSON, of Apple River, has contracted to pick 600 lbs of gum this winter, to be delivered packed in 6 lb boxes at Parraboro.

Mr. J. BRYANTON is now publisher of the Amherst Press. Mr. Fitch is in St. John where he is making his famous illustrations for the newspapers.

The Amherst case of Dr. Hartley vs Messrs Cook and Martin for preventing the former from entering the church came up for hearing last week. The Dr. ably exposed the case but the court decided he had no case.

Mr. BLAKE, an American buyer, is shipping potatoes from P. E. I. via Buctouche. He has a frost proof storehouse at Buctouche and recently brought over a schooner load of 2500 bushels.

On the 12th inst a horse and carriage was stolen from H. S. Steves's livery stable, Moncton, and the other day it was found in Fredericton where it had been sold for \$5. Mr. Steves values the outfit at \$200.

The Parsonage police force struck for higher wages a few days ago, and in consequence besides being unprotected the town was in utter darkness for two or three evenings. An arrangement has been made and the force has resumed their duty.

Says the Summerside Agriculturist:—Messrs Aard and Drummond shipped 220 lambs from here by the St. Lawrence, last Thursday morning, and Mr. John Henry shipped 220 lambs by the same boat on Friday morning to Messrs Burditt and Sawyer, of Lawrence, Mass. Five horses also were shipped Friday morning.

The Moncton Times has published a series of letters written by Surveyor General Tweedie to Higgins & Co. of Moncton, in regard to an account they placed in his hands for clearing.

It appears the debtor paid his bill and got Tweedie's receipt, but the latter pocketed the proceeds and kept writing Higgins that the man who owed the bill was a hard ticket and would not pay.

On Thursday last Warren Webb, aged about 14 years, living with Mr. J. Gilbert Brown at Wallace Bay, slipped while carrying a gun, muzzle forward, his right hand slipping over the muzzle and his foot caught the trigger setting the gun off, the whole charge going through his chest, a part of it striking him in the forehead making an ugly wound. A doctor amputated the right hand at the wrist.

The schooner Hattie Newman, of Gloucester, which arrived at Halifax on Monday from Grand Banks, brought to port Capt. Solberg and eleven men of the Norwegian harbor Steamer, abandoned at sea. The Sinker left Shediac Nov. 8th, for Sharpness, England, with a cargo of deals shipped by J. L. Black, of Sackville, and encountered a heavy gale, during which the vessel sprang a leak, and failing in with the Hattie Newman it was decided to abandon her.

The Southampton correspondent of the Sentinel writes:—"Blind Alex. Hannah died at Springhill and was buried here on Thanksgiving day. His death was caused by inflammation. Having been born blind he possessed in a remarkable degree that acuteness of the other faculties peculiar to those in whom one of the five senses is missing; and could travel with ease any road over which he had once gone. He used to walk from his home in this place to Shuben, once when blind Jimmy Taylor was lost in the woods, Alex Hannah found and safely led him out. His contentment was often commented upon. He was industrious and always worked when able, had a retentive memory, and could repeat a good deal of Scripture.

Botsford Items.

—Cold and dreary winter is fast approaching. Farmers have taken advantage of the recent fine weather, and have done considerable ploughing and preparing for next spring's farming. Hay seems scarce, and cattle that have fattened during the season will have to go to market with a high tide.

—Last week Mr. Lucien Arseneau of Cape Bald, lost a fine young Albion colt suddenly while halter breaking him. The colt fell on the barn floor and sustained injuries which resulted in its death.

—Lumber operation will be carried on, quite extensively by different mill owners, also many farmers are preparing for the winter by ploughing and preparing for next spring's farming. Hay seems scarce, and cattle that have fattened during the season will have to go to market with a high tide.

—The officers elected for the coming year were as follows:—President—J. J. Anderson; Vice-President—W. W. Irvine; Secretary—Howard Trueman; Treasurer—F. A. Dixon; Executive Committee—G. A. Fawcett, Edgar Dixon, Charles Thompson, Warren Trenholm, Albert Carter; Auditor—W. F. George; Delegates to Farmers' Convention—John Fawcett and F. F. McCready.

It was decided to award the prizes offered by Jack & Bell, of Halifax, to Messrs G. A. Fawcett, Chas. Thompson, Chas. Pickard and D. Eugene Bowser. The exhibits of roots grown by the use of Jack & Bell's fertilizers were decidedly creditable and worthy of prizes.

The committee for assisting in revising the prize list for the coming show:—Mrs. McCready, Mrs. W. Ogden and Mrs. Humphrey.

—Says the Star:—"The cattle shippers have in the recent gales on the Atlantic, met with most serious losses in their herds, and the profits on this year's business will be presumably small. It is not difficult to account for the destruction of the cattle when it is considered that they were so easily blown overboard with weak scantling put up as shelter for them. This is all right in fine or moderate weather, but when heavy seas begin to come over the bulwarks, nothing can save the poor steers from going overboard. The question, therefore, arises, whether it would not be more profitable to the shippers and trade, if specially built ships were used for transportation. All the improvements for the comfort and care of the animals could then be introduced, which would add to the market value of the beasts."

—A Chicago paper says Rev. Dr. McGiln is soon to be reinstated as pastor of the church of Rome. It will be remembered that some time ago, Dr. McGiln rebelled against the church, which resulted in his withdrawal from it, and his subsequent excommunication.

Botsford Items.

—Cold and dreary winter is fast approaching. Farmers have taken advantage of the recent fine weather, and have done considerable ploughing and preparing for next spring's farming. Hay seems scarce, and cattle that have fattened during the season will have to go to market with a high tide.

—Last week Mr. Lucien Arseneau of Cape Bald, lost a fine young Albion colt suddenly while halter breaking him. The colt fell on the barn floor and sustained injuries which resulted in its death.

—Lumber operation will be carried on, quite extensively by different mill owners, also many farmers are preparing for the winter by ploughing and preparing for next spring's farming. Hay seems scarce, and cattle that have fattened during the season will have to go to market with a high tide.

—The officers elected for the coming year were as follows:—President—J. J. Anderson; Vice-President—W. W. Irvine; Secretary—Howard Trueman; Treasurer—F. A. Dixon; Executive Committee—G. A. Fawcett, Edgar Dixon, Charles Thompson, Warren Trenholm, Albert Carter; Auditor—W. F. George; Delegates to Farmers' Convention—John Fawcett and F. F. McCready.

It was decided to award the prizes offered by Jack & Bell, of Halifax, to Messrs G. A. Fawcett, Chas. Thompson, Chas. Pickard and D. Eugene Bowser. The exhibits of roots grown by the use of Jack & Bell's fertilizers were decidedly creditable and worthy of prizes.

The committee for assisting in revising the prize list for the coming show:—Mrs. McCready, Mrs. W. Ogden and Mrs. Humphrey.

—Says the Star:—"The cattle shippers have in the recent gales on the Atlantic, met with most serious losses in their herds, and the profits on this year's business will be presumably small. It is not difficult to account for the destruction of the cattle when it is considered that they were so easily blown overboard with weak scantling put up as shelter for them. This is all right in fine or moderate weather, but when heavy seas begin to come over the bulwarks, nothing can save the poor steers from going overboard. The question, therefore, arises, whether it would not be more profitable to the shippers and trade, if specially built ships were used for transportation. All the improvements for the comfort and care of the animals could then be introduced, which would add to the market value of the beasts."

Botsford Items.

—Cold and dreary winter is fast approaching. Farmers have taken advantage of the recent fine weather, and have done considerable ploughing and preparing for next spring's farming. Hay seems scarce, and cattle that have fattened during the season will have to go to market with a high tide.

S. & W. Agricultural Society Meeting.

The members of the Sackville and Westmorland Agricultural Society held their annual meeting in Powell's Hall, on Tuesday afternoon; president C. F. McCready in the chair. President McCready, opening the meeting, congratulated the members upon the flourishing condition of the Society and upon the work done during the past year. The Treasurer's report was then read and passed. It showed that during the past year there had been received \$1150.59. The premises at the exhibition amounted to \$486.50, and expenses \$1004.68; leaving a balance of \$121.91 in the treasury.

The secretary, in a report which was passed, referred to the lightness of the crops of the past two years and its tendency to rob farmers of enthusiasm in their calling. The past year had been cold and wet, and the spring had been cold and wet, and the summer had been followed by a wet and warm period which played havoc with the grain which was in the swath or stook. The weather during the latter part of the season was so wet that a frost, in July, carried off some of the remaining hay. The annual show was held in October, and was a complete success. In comparison with last year, the cattle were not so good, horses the same and poultry a little behind. Dairy exhibits were good and sheep the best for years.

The work of the society has gone on very satisfactorily during the year. The membership continues about the same, but I think there is a less hopeful feeling among farmers generally than last year. Light crops two years in succession do not tend to inspire enthusiasm in the business. The past season has not been favorable for agricultural operations; the spring was cold and late; in the first three weeks of June vegetation scarcely made any progress at all, then followed four or five weeks of very growing weather, the only real seasonable weather during the summer. There were enough fine days in August to enable us to get a considerable quantity of good hay, there were also enough rainy days to injure a lot of hay and to retard hay operations so much that the hay was not cut until late in the season. The English hay was all secured. When a large quantity of grain was cut and in stook or swath there came a week of rain and cold weather that sprouted the grain to a degree never before seen by the present generation of farmers. There were a good many fine days in September and October but the rain continued so closely with rainy ones that nearly all the late hay was damaged more or less, and a large number of acres were not cut at all. November has been more fine and there has been to date (22nd) no frost to stop the plow, and more fall ploughing has been done than was expected at one time.

The annual show was held and was quite as successful as usual, both in point of attendance and exhibit. There were about eight hundred entries, compared with last year the display of horses was about the same. Cattle not quite so good. Horticulture a little behind some other years. The dairy exhibit was large. Sheep the best for years principally Leicester and Shropshire grades. There were some fine pigs.

The Experimental Farm at Neppan, had a very interesting exhibit in charge of the manager Col. Blair, who was ready to give any information in his possession that would be an advantage to farmers. The breeds of cattle are same that have been in the district for some time, the Short-horns are the favorite breed, the Jerseys have their admirers and if butter-making takes the lead of best-making the Jerseys will not doubt take the lead of the Short-horns. It looks as if the Pollad Angus had not come to stay, as several gentlemen who were breeding them were sold to the district. The Jerseys are the favorite breed, the Jerseys have their admirers and if butter-making takes the lead of best-making the Jerseys will not doubt take the lead of the Short-horns.

The requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

How to Ship Eggs to Great Britain.

In view of attempts being made on the part of Canadian exporters of eggs to open up trade with Great Britain, the following brief summary prepared by the London, England, correspondent of THE CANADIAN GAZETTE and GENERAL STOREKEEPER, Toronto and Montreal, will be of great value:—

SOURCES OF SUPPLY.—The trade here is eagerly competed for by the neighbouring continental countries, such as France, Holland and Denmark, every facility in point of quick despatch and cheap freightage being given by the respective railways and steamship companies.

In many cases the eggs get into consumption within a week after leaving sources of supply, thus ensuring the produce arriving in such a condition as to secure the full advantages of the market.

In order to reduce lay down cost, every attention has been paid to economy in collection and cheapness of packing. Experience has shown suppliers the most profitable modes of working the business, combined with the reduction to the lowest cost of outlay in placing on this market, in a good merchantable condition.

As may be imagined, in a country like our own, which gives but little attention to dairy culture, there is an extensive scope for foreign supplies. Supplies all find a ready demand, prices varying according to the condition of the trade. Competition serves to keep prices at a moderate level; the fact also that goods have to be sold directly on arrival, also tends to lower rates.

Supplies so far have not overtaken demand, but circumstances point to the fact that any large influx of eggs would have to be introduced with the greatest caution, and by those firm possessing a knowledge of the handling of the trade.

PRICES.—These vary according to the season of the year, but may roughly be said to vary on best selected qualities from 9s to 10s, medium 7s. 6d. to 8s. 6d. Small parcels of Canada, as a novelty, have found buyers as high as 10s. 6d. but with regular supplies prices would soon find their own level.

OBSTACLES TO BUSINESS.—These are largely due to the necessity of longer transit, as compared with Continental supplies. Whatever facilities of cheap and rapid freight transit are provided by those steamship lines anxious to pioneer the trade, the undoubted extra cost, which must of necessity be incurred before regular channels of out-let are found, and the trade shapes itself into a groove, would necessitate that the eggs should be laid down here in an equally fresh condition with the best French qualities, to insure their obtaining that average level of price which we estimate would pay Canadian exporters. The question, after all, turns on the blunt point, whether quality for quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the various details of selection and packing demanded by the trade here.

These can only be acquired by experience which will have to be bought, and it will not be until shippers have been able to grasp full details of the various requirements of our trade, that full market value can be obtained for their shipments.

That the requirements of the market are not understood as shown by the one or two sample shipments, either arriving in time or in quality, price for price, Canadian eggs can show equal or better value as compared with those supplies which have so far served this district so well.

A further difficulty would be found in the inexperience of the Canadian shippers as to the

