

# The Conception-Bay Man.

"TRUTH—EVER LOVELY SINCE THE WORLD BEGAN,"  
"THE FOE OF TYRANTS AND THE FRIEND OF MAN."

VOL. I.

HARBOUR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1856.

NO. 5.

## PROSPECTUS OF A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, TO BE ENTITLED "THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN."

THE Subscriber intends publishing a Weekly Newspaper at Harbor Grace, in Conception-Bay, about the last of the ensuing month of July.

It is unnecessary for him to make any observations upon the convenience and usefulness of a Local Journal in so populous and wealthy a district as that of Conception-Bay. That is admitted by every one. But it is necessary to state the political principles which shall guide such a Journal.

1st.—The Conception-Bay Man, shall be a strong advocate for the perpetuation of the true principles of Responsible Government.

2ndly.—Equality of political rights and privileges among all religious creeds.

3rdly.—We shall maintain Native Rights above all other, when character and qualification are equal.

4thly.—This Journal shall be the strenuous advocate, first, of the Fisheries—next of Agriculture.

5thly.—It shall in all matters of local interest, maintain a perfectly independent course.

Its Motto shall be TRUTH.  
"Truth ever lovely since the world began,  
The Foe of Tyrants and the friend of Man."

We shall attack no party unless we ourselves are assailed—we shall enunciate our views of Constitutional Responsible Government and if these views be not in accordance with the views of others, we shall endeavor to defend them in the spirit of free discussion—but no interest shall cause us to blink the grand end of responsible rule—"The greatest happiness of the greatest number."

We shall endeavor by every means in our power to make the Conception-Bay Man an interesting weekly visitor, a political Instructor to the rising genius of the colony, and a welcome moral miscellany.

As an advertising medium it will offer great advantages, circulating as it will a few hours after publication among a population of upwards of 50,000 people.

The price of the Conception-Bay Man will be fifteen shillings, per annum, half in advance.

It will be published on a demy sheet, and will contain sixteen columns.

The first number will be generally distributed, and those who feel desirous to support the establishment of a newspaper in Conception-Bay, by becoming SUBSCRIBERS, will please notify the undersigned now, or after they shall have received the first number, their intention of doing so, and to whom all correspondence must be addressed.

We are promised considerable support in St. John's, and anticipate nothing like disappointment.

GEORGE WEBBER.

CHRISTOPHER COYELL,  
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

BEGS to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced business in the above line, in the shop formerly occupied by Messrs. N. & J. Jillard, and opposite the premises of Messrs. Panton & Mann; and having received thorough instructions in several of the principle cities of America, feels confident in warranting that all garments made by him will give general satisfaction to those who may favour him with their patronage. All orders from the outports attended to with neatness and dispatch.

Harbour Grace, Sept. 17. b

## SUMMARY OF EUROPEAN NEWS.

(From late Mail Papers.)

### FRANCE.

The 'Moniteur' contains a list of 334 English non-commissioned officers and men who have received the French military medal for distinguished services in the Crimea. In the French army, the medal carries with it a pension of £4 per year; but it is not said whether or not the English are to receive the pension.

A few days ago twenty-one persons were tried at St. Etienne for having formed a secret society for the overthrow of the Government and the assassination of the Emperor. This week the tribunal of correctional police has been occupied in trying not fewer than forty-six persons on a similar charge. Of these forty-six, ten have just been acquitted, and the rest have been condemned to from four months' to four years' imprisonment. At a distance these secret political societies appear very formidable, but here, in France, they do not attract very much attention. Nevertheless, there is no question that they are dangerous, and that they prove that poor France is still menaced with insurrections and revolutions.

It is stated that on Sunday, the 24th, a young man was arrested at Biarritz, for attempting to force his way into the residence of the Emperor and Empress, on the pretext that he was a relative of his Majesty. It is alleged that he is mad, but an investigation is to be made, to ascertain whether his madness be not feigned, and whether he had not some serious project in view.

There is a talk of a duel being imminent between M. de Cesena, one of the editors of the governmental 'Constitutionnel,' and M. Havin, director of the Republican 'Siecle.' The cause is that, in the course of a squabble between the two papers, M. Havin insinuated that Cesena, who is now (soi disant) an ardent Bonapartist, accepted money from Louis Philippe's Government to write for it, and was, after the revolution of 1848, a savage Socialist of the Proudhon school.

Marseilles papers say that not more than 900,000 hectolitres of wheat have arrived in the course of the present month (the hectolitre is upwards of 2½ bushels.)

There is a talk of establishing, in Paris, gigantic bakehouses, for baking bread on a new system, by which, it is said, it is made better and cheaper.

As a specimen of the damage done by the late inundations, the Mayor of Chapelle-sur-Loire, a village of only 3200 souls, has written to the papers to say that the damage done therein to the houses and crops was £1,916,294 (upwards of £76,000.)

The 'Phare de la Manche' says that shipbuilding is going on with extraordinary activity at Cherbourg. The government staff of carpenters is to be augmented by 200 men. The Ville de Nantes, 90 guns and 900 horse power, is to be completed with all speed; the Sebastopol, 70 guns and 900 horse power will be forthwith put upon the stocks; and the transformation of the Donawerth

is to be hastened. The Loiret, mixed transport, will be launched in September; and the Somme, another mixed transport, in the same month. The Resolute and Clorinde frigates are to be put on the stocks at the next high tide, to be converted into mixed vessels.

The Emperor, says the 'Courrier de Bayonne,' will make rather a long stay at Biarritz. Auditors from the council of state are to come periodically to Biarritz, as they lately did to Plombieres, to bring the portfolio of current affairs, and submit them for his signature. On Sunday his Majesty went to mass in a little American carriage, which he drove himself.

A gratifying proof of the prosperous state of the commerce of the country, showing an absence of any undue speculation, is afforded by the Board of Trade Returns for the month of July, and which have been issued to the public this week. The declared value of our exports during that period amounted to £9,968,226, against £8,150,333 in 1855—being an increase of £1,817,843. It will be remembered that last month there was also a very extraordinary increase over the year 1855, amounting to £2,492,492. A glance at the present shows an increase in every article of production, cotton, woollens, silks, metals, &c., the only articles in which a decrease is manifested being beer and ale, cordage, fish, glass, salt, and wool—the aggregate only reaching the sum of £71,480. Our imports during the month have also been very large, and almost all the principal articles of raw material have been imported in increased quantities. It is worthy of remark, that while there is a decided augmentation in the receipts of breadstuffs, rice, provisions, tea, &c., the amounts of each taken for home consumption have been moderate.—These large arrivals are accounted for by the fact, that, during the buoyancy which the money market displayed some two or three months back, the orders to foreign countries for all descriptions of produce were very extensive, the effects of which are felt now. It is hoped, however, that future prospects of commerce in these articles may, owing to this explanation, be regarded with increased confidence.

MISS NIGHTINGALE.—The workmen in a large manufactory in the neighbourhood of Newcastle-upon-Tyne sent an address to Miss Nightingale a few days since congratulating her upon her safe return to her home and friends.

Miss Nightingale has returned the following reply:—

August 23.

'My dear Friends,—I wish it were in my power to tell you what was in my heart when I received your letter; your welcome home, your sympathy with what has been passing while I have been absent, have touched me more than I can tell in words. My dear friends, the things that are deepest in our hearts are perhaps what it is most difficult to us to express.

'She hath done what she could.' Those words I inscribed on the tomb of one of my best helpers, whom I left in

the grave-yard at Scutari. It has been my endeavour, in the sight of God, to do as she has done. I will not speak of reward, when permitted to do our country's work. It is what we live for. But I may say that to receive sympathy from affectionate hearts like yours is the greatest support, the greatest gratification, that it is possible for me to receive from man. I thank you all, the 1800, with grateful, tender affection; and I should have written before to do so, were not the business, which my return has not ended, almost more than I can manage.

'Pray believe me, my dear friends,  
'Yours faithfully and gratefully,  
'FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.'

PATRICK O'KELLY, THE IRISH BARD.—I remember seeing this person when he was making a tour through the south of Ireland in 1829-30, soliciting subscriptions for a forthcoming volume of poems. He was one of the most impudent men alive; and it is recorded that when King George IV. visited Dublin in 1821, he was informed that O'Kelly was a remarkable character, and then in Dublin, on which his Majesty allowed the poet to be presented to him. O'Kelly, who was lame, was presented, and the King, anxious to put him at ease, remarked, 'I regret to see that you are lame.' 'Yes, your Majesty,' said O'Kelly, 'we are all lame; the three of us.' 'What?' asked the king, 'three lame persons in one family! A sad calamity indeed!' 'Yes,' replied O'Kelly, 'in the great family of the poets! O'Kelly, Scott, and Byron, we are all lame.'

ELOPEMENTS.—No fewer than three eloping couples, have been in custody in Enniskillen within about a week, and in each case the master's daughter had eloped with the servant man. In one of them there was a fine hunt. A girl, named Maguire, from near Tullick, eloped with her father's servant, came to Ballinamallard, and missed the train; posted into this town, thence to Maguires-bridge, Lisnaskea, and Newtownbutler. Constable Moore caught them in Newtownbutler before the luckless lover had time to snatch a kiss. He recovered a sum of money that the lady appropriated from her father's stores, and restored it along with the fair penitent to the owner. The lover, alas, is to be prosecuted for leaving his work.

The 'Frankfort Journal' contains a letter from Vienna, which professes to throw a new light on the reply of the King of Naples to the representation of the western cabinets published by the 'Cologne Gazette.' The correspondent of the Frankfort paper thus expresses himself:—'We have no reason to doubt that the reply of the King of Naples to France and England, of which the 'Cologne Gazette' has offered an analysis, is in conformity with the latter. The King has considered the counsels offered by the western powers as an interference in the affairs of his kingdom, and in the relations existing between him and his subjects, which is not justified by actual circumstances; and he has energetically rejected those counsels.'



# THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

It must not, however, be thereby interpreted that the King has refused to adopt reform; he has only declared himself to be the most competent judge of the opportunity of these measures. With respect to the analysis in question, it is improbable that the passage in which the King declares that he would repel force by force, exists in the reply of the Neapolitan cabinet. The western powers, in their notes, had in fact offered no menace, or even a prospect of menace, to that cabinet; they confined themselves to expressing anxiety that a refusal of their advice might lead to a rupture of tranquility in Italy.

**PRESENTATION OF COLOURS.**—On the 25th, new colours were presented, by the Lord-Lieutenant, to that distinguished corps, the 18th Royal Irish Regiment. Although the appearance of the weather was very unfavourable in the forenoon, a change occurred at two o'clock, and the sun shone out gloriously when the regiment marched to the base of the Wellington testimonial, in the Phoenix Park. The Lord-Lieutenant, with his staff, the commander of the forces in Ireland, Lord Seaton, and a number of distinguished persons, military and civil, arrived upon the ground at the hour appointed, when his excellency proceeded to address the gallant soldiers of the 18th, dwelling upon the brilliant reputation they had won in the Crimea, and upon the memorable fact that they had, long before the fall of Sebastopol, succeeded in entering one of its suburbs and in holding good their position for several hours. The new colours were presented in due form; and it is understood that the old colours are to be deposited in St. Patrick's Cathedral. There was a very numerous attendance of the citizens at the ceremonial, which passed off with eclat.

**THE CZAR IN DANGER.**—The Emperor of Russia were in some danger during their late naval trip from St. Petersburg to Hapsal. During the night, and while the Emperor was still on board the Grosjatschi, she was run into and severely injured by a Dutch merchantman; she had a paddle-wheel seriously injured, was incapacitated from proceeding on her way, and was obliged to lie to for four hours before day broke. As soon as it was light they ascertained that they were off Sweaborg, and made signals of distress. The Governor sent off a steamer, which took the Emperor and his suite on board, and conveyed them back to Cronstadt. The Emperor has since ordered that the Dutch trader should be repaired at his expense, and distributed 500 roubles among her crew. If there was any propriety and justice in this act, we must infer that the Dutchman was run into by the Grosjatschi, and not vice versa, as the tale is told.

It is rumoured that the sentences of the court-martial on the mutineers of the North Tipperary Light Infantry have been confirmed, and that more than one of the unfortunate fellows are to be shot. The statement does not, however, rest on any good authority, and, if true, it would create great and universal dissatisfaction.

Mr. John E. Cairns, A. M., has been appointed to the Whately Professorship of Political Economy in Trinity College, Dublin.

The Marquis of Londonderry and the young Earl of Granard were invested with the Order of St. Patrick, in Dublin Castle, on Thursday the 28th.

Marquis of Waterford is about erecting a magnificent mansion at Carrigmore, in the county from which he takes his title.

The Hon. the Irish Society have granted £2000 towards the erection of a new Town-hall at Coleraine.

## THE QUEEN'S JOURNEY TO SCOTLAND.

The Queen, Prince Albert, and Royal family and suite will proceed by the Great Northern and North-Eastern Railways from London to Edinburgh to-morrow (Thursday) en route for Balmoral, the Highland residence of Her Majesty. The train will consist of a royal saloon carriage for Her Majesty and Prince Albert, Royal saloon for Princes Royal, saloon for the Princesses, two family carriages, three first-class carriages, two carriage trucks, two break vans, and the engine specially used on this route for the conveyance of the Court. The Royal saloon will be placed in the middle of the train, or the fifth in order after the first break van, with the saloons of the Princes and Princesses on each side. The Royal train will leave King's cross station at eight o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Royal train will arrive (D.V.) at the York ticket platform at 12-43. Here the Great Northern engine will be detached, and a North-Eastern pilot will push the train into the station. The Royal party will partake of luncheon at the Railway Hotel, where the usual preparations are being made for the reception of the august visitors. The train will resume its course at 1.20, and reach St. Margaret's, Edinburgh, at 6.40.

The Royal travellers will proceed direct to Holyrood, where they will pass the night and remain during Friday.

The route from Edinburgh to Banchory will be changed on this occasion. The Royal train will leave Edinburgh at 9 a. m., on Friday, and arrive at Banchory at 2.46.

The Great Northern Company's carriages will run through the journey from London to Banchory; but the chairman, Mr. Denison, and directors, together with the Great Northern Company's guards, will accompany the train as far as York only. Some delay and inconvenience having been experienced on the last occasion of the Queen's journey to the north, in consequence of the overheating of the axles of several of the carriages of the train, the officials of the Great Northern Company have during the last month or two been making several experimental trips with the vehicles of which the Royal train will be composed to-morrow. The Queen's saloon has been provided with new axles, as, notwithstanding every precaution, the former ones continued to overheat. It is hoped, therefore, that no delay will occur from the above cause during the approaching journey.

**The American Presidency.**—A recent letter from New York says:—"The slave vote will be divided between Fillmore and Buchanan. It is yet too early to forecast the result. Beyond a doubt, Fremont will get more votes than either, but this will not of necessity elect him. He must get more than half, and even that would not ensure his triumph; for the constitution does not allow us to vote direct for President. We are obliged to vote for electors of President, and these electors cast their votes for the man of the choice of their constituents. New York or Ohio, for instance, may give Fremont 50,000 majority; while another State may give Buchanan fifty majority, which is just as good for practical purposes as a majority of 50,000. Thus Fremont may have 200,000 or 300,000 more votes than Buchanan and yet fail of his election. But my present conviction is that Fremont will be the next President."

**The Harvest in Portugal.**—Throughout the country the last fond hopes of the husbandman are rapidly vanishing. The harvest is over, and is even less than had been anticipated; the vintage will be a complete failure, as the suspension of the ravages of the disease among the vines has been but temporary, and everywhere the grapes are bursting and rotting on the faded vines. In addition to this, a disease has broken out amongst cattle, sheep, goats, swine, &c. From the island of St. Michael's, also the cry of famine and distress reaches us. The Indian corn, the great support of the inhabitants, is a failure and starvation stares them in the face; while their only hope is the promise from the governor of the island that aid will soon reach them from the mother country.

## POLAND.

The 'Constitutionnel' says:—"It is positively stated that the King of Prussia, in order to satisfy the desire of the Poles of his kingdom, has resolved to create a special government for the Grand-Duchy of Posen, and to select a member of the royal family as governor. It is said that Prince Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, who now exercises a command at Dusseldorf, will accede to this high dignity. When the Duchy of Posen was originally occupied by the Prussians, a special government was promised to them, and Prince Anthony Radziwell, brother-in-law to King Frederick William IV., was designated, but the appointment was revoked during the revolution of 1831.

A letter from Naples, of the 11th instant, states that two war steamers had been dispatched in all haste for Palermo, where a collision was said to have taken place between the Neapolitan troops and the Swiss.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Samuel W. Talbot as Consul at Galway for the United States of America.

## THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

HARBOUR GRACE, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 1.

We have to solicit the indulgence of our Subscribers for the unavoidable delay of this day's publication, which must be attributed to illness; as a matter of course we shall do our utmost to avoid such for the future; but, in case of sickness it is difficult where no mechanical assistance can be obtained.

By the arrival of the Mail Steamer Ospray, we have been put in possession of the latest European news, and from dates of the 13th ult., we extract the following:—  
(From *Wilmmer & Smith's European Times*, September 13.)

## FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

It appears to be the common opinion in Paris that the French and English Cabinets are at issue on several points, though no one supposes these differences can essentially affect the alliance. The investment of O'Donnell with the Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honour, and the marked attention paid to Count Morny by the Emperor of Russia, are not likely to please the English Government. The French Cabinet is said to have abandoned the project of an expedition against the Riff pirates, on account of Prussia displaying too strong a desire for the co-operation of England in an Anglo-Prussian expedition. The English Cabinet takes the same side as Turkey and Austria on the question of uniting the Danubian Principalities. The French Government is still undecided on this point.

## RUSSIA AND SWEDEN.

A letter from St. Petersburg of the 2nd says—"It is generally reported that the relations of Russia and Sweden have been of late anything but friendly, and that the Swedish ambassador sent by the court of Stockholm to the coronation could not fail to have noticed the coolness which exists between the two states."

[By the *Electric and International Telegraph*.]

Thursday Evening, Sept. 11.

The Bank has made no alteration in the rate of discount.

Half-past Twelve.—Consols for account, 94½ to 94¼.

The *Globe* says that Lord Panmure, after completing the new military arrangements in progress, will leave for Scotland in a few days, and will succeed the Earl of Clarendon in attendance on her Majesty.

## FRANCE.

The *Times* Paris correspondent writes that, although the *Moniteur* has not announced it, there is no doubt that the Emperor Napoleon has sent the grand cordon to Marshal O-

Donnell. The same writer says that the difficulty about Bolgrad is not settled. The Russians are thought not to have acted with good faith in the matter, and it is deemed probable that the non-settlement of this boundary question may lead to prolongation of the Austrian occupation of the Principalities.

## SPAIN.

The *Morning Post's* Paris correspondent states that, according to late intelligence from Madrid, a constitution is to be promulgated before the 15th of this month. The Ministry of Public Works was occupied with the projected establishment of a line of steamers between Spain and her American colonies.

Cholera had broken out at Escorial with great violence.

THE encouragement of works of art is universally held to be a proof of the intellectual advancement of a community; and when in addition to this consideration a performance is adapted to purposes of essential utility, it becomes almost imperative upon the public to give to the artist that fair and liberal consideration which he has a right to expect. Of this character is the Chart of the Town and Harbour of St. John's, with Diary Tables and other valuable information by Mr. PAGE, as advertised in another column,—having seen this work we feel no hesitation in strongly recommending it to the patronage of the inhabitants of Conception-Bay.

Political remarks crowded out, but will be resumed next week.

## SPORTING.

### HARBOUR GRACE RACES.

The above races, which excited much interest for some time past, came off on Cochrane Course, on Wednesday and Thursday last, and attracted a very numerous and fashionable assemblage of spectators. The course presented a most animated and picturesque appearance, and it was gratifying to behold so numerous and respectable an attendance. It should not be omitted that many of the fair daughters of this town, Carbonear, and the surrounding neighbourhood, bedecked most tastefully, flocked to the place of amusement, and imparted not a little variety to the aspect of the scene.

### WEDNESDAY—FIRST RACE.

Harbour Grace Purse of 30 Dollars. Captain D. Green's, bay horse, Sidney 1. Dr. Allen's, gray mare, Scots wha hae 0. Scots wha hae flew off like a rocket at the start, closely followed by Sidney, and maintained the lead until nearly half way round, when she started a vein in her leg. This accident caused Sidney to pay no further attention to "Bruce's address," but stretching a-head at a slapping pace, won the race by distancing, and forgetting his "auld acquaintance."

### SECOND RACE.

Ladies Purse of 16 Dollars. Mr. R. Walsh's, Warhawk .....1 Mr. Dooling's, Whitestocking.....2 Mr. Sheidan's, Bess .....3 Mr. Mueahay's, Rattler.....4 This race, though tolerably well contested for a considerable distance, was easily won by Warhawk, who was decidedly the favorite, and kept the lead throughout. Whitestocking, Bess, and Rattler, were drawn the second heat.

### PONY RACE, FOR 12 DOLLARS.

Mr. E. E. Brown's, Blackbird... ..2 1 1 Mr. Doyle's, Bill.....1 2 2 The first heat was evidently a watching affair between all parties; the second was well contested and a sheet would have covered them from starting to home; but in the third heat, the tug of war commenced, when near the distance post, and after an exchange of compliments, both proceeded en route

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29th Sept

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## SHIPPIN

Sept. 24—E  
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Sept. 27—Ca  
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30—Acastus,  
Sons.

BY THE  
The Cargo of  
1621 Barrels  
144 Ditto  
150 Ditto

October 1.

BY THE  
The Cargo of  
945 Barrels  
100 Do.  
50 Do.  
10 Chests

Also remainin  
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Cheap for

Sept. 3.



**THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.**

at a killing pace; the sable vocalist with a roguish side leer passing, and unpolitely shewing her heels as she left poor Bill a few perches from the winning post, in a condition fully indicating his bellows required a new pipe,

**THURSDAY—FIRST RACE.**

A Purse of 12 Dollars for all the beaten horses of yesterday.

There were three horses started for this race, and whatever mistake there might have been about "John Gilpin" of old, all the spectators who saw them in their full career could not fail of knowing that they RAN A RACE, any how, in all directions; evincing the strongest symptoms of dislike to the evenness of the course, and the greatest abhorrence to facing the winning post.

**SECOND RACE.**

A Purse of 12 Dollars for Cart Horses. Mr. Dooling's, Whitestocking..... 1 Mr. Aspel's, Larry O. Gaff..... 2

This was decidedly a beautiful race. Larry pushing hard for the lead, but Whitestocking worked well and held it throughout. Larry was drawn the second heat.

A race between Capt. Green's Sidney and Mr. Walsh's Warhawk, came off next, which was most admirably contested. The two animals are, what is called "crack, and a very excellent match. The running all through was at a desperato pace, and each rider did his best; and although Warhawk lost the race, (not undergoing preparatory training), it was said he was at bottom more game than Sidney.

During the two days amusement the amateur band was in attendance, and played some admired and striking pieces of music; and the whole of the proceedings passed off quietly, giving general satisfaction.

Harbour Grace, } —Com.  
29th Sept. 1856.

**DIED.**—Yesterday, after a long and painful illness, arose with christian meekness, and resignation to the Divine Will, Anne Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. Henry Trapnell of this place, aged 25 years.—Her end was Peace.

**SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.**

**ENTERED.**  
Sept. 24—Esther Anne, Fleming, Baltimore, 18 days, Puntun & Munn—provisions.

**CLARED.**  
Sept. 27—Carmen y Juanito, (sp.), Pose Carthagena, Ridley & Sons.  
29—Belle, Brooks, Barbadoes, Ridley & Sons.  
30—Acastus, Pike, Labrador. Ridley & Sons.

**ON SALE.**

**BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,**  
The Cargo of the Brig, ESTHER ANN, from Baltimore,  
1621 Barrels Superfine Flour  
144 Ditto Corn Meal  
150 Ditto Mess Pork.

**PUNTON & MUNN.**  
October 1.

**BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,**  
The Cargo of the Brigantine Three Sisters, from New York,  
945 Barrels FLOUR  
100 Do. PORK  
50 Do. BEEF  
10 Chests TEA  
Also remaining from previous Importations, a large Stock of British Manufactured  
**G O O D S.**  
Cheap for Cash, Fish or Oil.  
**PUNTON & MUNN.**  
Sept. 3.

**ON SALE.**

**PUNTON & MUNN,**

Have Just Received Ex Brig 'Dolphin' from Quebec.

500 Barrels Superfine Canada FLOUR  
200 Do. PEASE  
100 Do. Prime PORK  
50 Do. OATMEAL  
20 Kegs BARLEY  
Also—Ex Brig 'Eliza,' from Hamburg.  
1500 Bags No. 2 & 3 BREAD  
285 Firkins Randers BUTTER  
20 M. BRICKS,  
And are Now Landing Ex Barque 'Queen,' Just Arrived from Liverpool, in 18 days.

A portion of their Fall Supply of MANUFACTURED GOODS,  
Which will be Sold Cheap for Fish, Oil, or Cash.

Sept. 24.

**CHEAP FOR FISH, OIL, OR CASH.**

**RIDLEY & SONS,**

Have just received, per Brig "Kelpie," from Baltimore.

1194 Brls. Superfine FLOUR—fresh ground  
123 Half do. do.  
150 Do. Prime PORK  
50 Half do. do.—very choice for family use  
50 Do. Mess BEEF  
100 Kegs New BUTTER—25lbs. each  
300 Barrels White CORN MEAL  
30 Bxs. very sup'r TOBACCO—10s  
40 Barrels PITCH  
20 Do. TAR;  
Per Schooner Patrick Henry, from New York,  
1000 Barrels superfine FLOUR  
500 Do. Extra do. do.  
200 Do. White CORN MEAL  
100 Do. Prime Mess PORK  
100 Do. do. do. BEEF  
50 Do. do. do.  
20 Boxes choice Honey-dew TOBACCO

30 Bags superior Rio COFFEE  
50 Sides Sole LEATHER  
Of previous Importation,  
200 Puncheons very choice Porto Rico MOLASSES  
Hamburg BREAD—Nos. 1, 2, & 3  
And a general Assortment of  
**ST O R E G O O D S.**  
Sept. 3.

A Comfortable Dwelling HOUSE, with Out-House, Cellar and Gardens, the property of Mr. WILLIAM MARTIN, St. John's, situate between Victoria and Noad Streets, in this town.

Apply to  
**H. W. TRAPNELL.**  
Sept. 3.

**NOTICES.**

**A CARD.**

THE Subscriber, will shortly publish—Dedicated by Permission to his Excellency Governor Darling—  
A Chart of the Town and Harbour of St John's, Newfoundland and Dairy Tables.  
Price of the former \$4 and of the latter \$2  
A list is open for Subscribers at the several Book Stores, and at the office of the Subscriber, Dr. Renou's Brick Buildings, Duckworth Street.  
**FREDRICK R. PAGE.**  
October 1. Land Surveyor, &c. &c

**THE STEAMER**

"**KHERSONESE,**"

Capt. POWELL, may be expected here on or about the 30th inst., from Portland and Halifax, on her return voyage to Liverpool.  
For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to  
**BROOKING, SON & Co.**  
St. John's, Sept. 12. Agents.

**NOTICES.**

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ON HAND,

A large Assortment of **M A R B L E,** SUITABLE FOR HEAD-STONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, &c.  
**M A R B L E,** being best adapted to the climate of North America, is now in general use in the Provinces.

Orders by letter from the Outports promptly attended to.

Terms reasonable; and all Work warranted to give satisfaction.

**ALEXANDER SMITH.**  
Foot of Play House Hill.  
St. John's, Sept. 6, 1856.

**N. & J. JILIARD,**

Watch and Clock Makers, Jewellers, General Dealers, and Commission Agents.  
Quadrants, Compasses, Charts, Nautical Almanacks, Accordions, Violins, Flutes, and other Musical and Nautical Instruments,  
Sold and Repaired.

Depository for the British and Foreign Bible Society, and the Religious Tract Society.

**B I B L E S** and other BOOKS Sold at the Society's Prices. Tracts Gratis.  
Sept. 3.

**THE STEAMER ELLEN GIBBORNE**

On and after this date will ply as follows:—

On Monday from Harbor Grace, at 10 a.m. to Brigus and Portugal Cove, thence to Carbonear.

On Tuesdays, from Carbonear, at 11 a.m. to Portugal Cove, thence to Brigus and Harbor Grace.

On Wednesdays, from Harbor Grace at 10 a.m. to Brigus and Portugal Cove thence to Carbonear.

On Thursdays, from Carbonear at 11 a.m., to Portugal Cove, thence to Brigus and Harbor Grace.

On Fridays the steamer will lie up.  
On Saturdays, from Harbor Grace at 9 a.m. to Brigus and Portugal Cove, thence to Brigus and Harbor Grace.

Goods from Harbor Grace, Carbonear and Brigus for St. John's, cannot be received unless prepaid to Portugal Cove.

All Goods must be legibly directed to ensure their sale delivery.

**F A R E S.**

Cabin 7s. 6d.; Steerage, 4s.  
**W. DONNELLY.**  
Sept. 3.

**PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY,**

Lombard Street, and Charing Cross, London

[ESTABLISHED IN 1782.]

Insurances against Fire are effected by the Phoenix Company upon all descriptions of Property in Newfoundland, on the most favourable terms; and the experience of nearly three quarters of a century has manifested to the public the promptitude and liberality with which all losses have been adjusted by them.

Persons insured by this Company do not depend upon restricted funds for the payment of their claims; the Security offered by the Phoenix Office being unlimited, comprising in addition to the large invested Capital of the Company, the whole fortunes of a numerous Proprietary, composed of some of the most opulent gentlemen and merchants in the United Kingdom.

Rates of Premiums and all particulars of Insurance will be made known on application to the undersigned, by whom Policies are issued free of charge.

**W. & G. RENDELL,**  
Agents for Newfoundland

**NOTICES.**

**ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

CAPITAL — £200,000,000, IN 100,000 SHARES £20 EACH.

**T R U S T E E S—**

**JOHN SHAW LEIGH, Esq.**  
**JOHN NAYLOR, Esq.**  
**DIRECTORS, ETC., IN LIVERPOOL.**  
CHARLES TURNER, Esq., Chairman.  
J. BRANLEY MOORE, Esq., M. P., and  
RALPH BROCKLEBANK, Esq., Deputy-Ch.

**F I R E B R A N C H.**

Annual Premiums £150,000, exceeding almost every Office in the United Kingdom.  
Losses promptly and liberally paid.  
SECURITY OF A LARGE CAPITAL ACTUALLY PAID UP.

**L I F E B R A N C H.**

Stamps on Policies not Charged.—Forfeitures of Policy cannot take place from unintentional mistake.  
**MEDICAL FEES PAID,**  
Moderate Premiums.—Large Bonus Declared, 1855.  
Amounting to £2 per cent. per annum on the sum assured; being, on ages from twenty to forty, 50 per cent. on the premium.

PERIODS OF DIVISION EVERY FIVE YEARS.  
EXAMPLES:

| Date of Policy. | Age | Sum Assured. | Premium. | Bs. |
|-----------------|-----|--------------|----------|-----|
|                 |     | £            | £ s. d.  | £   |
| 1845            | 29  | 1,020        | 242 18 4 | 180 |
| 1846            | 24  | 1,000        | 194 5 0  | 160 |
| 1846            | 33  | 2,900        | 480 15 0 | 320 |
| 1847            | 10  | 300          | 46 4 0   | 42  |
| 1848            | 23  | 100          | 14 5 2   | 10  |
| 1849            | 27  | 500          | 46 18 4  | 40  |

This Company added about £90,000 to its permanent capital, for the increased protection of its Insurers. This step distinctly shows that the Company has always acted upon the principle enunciated by one of the directors at the last Annual Meeting of the proprietors—that the interests of the assured have a paramount claim on the directors—a claim superior even to that of the shareholders themselves.

From that moment, as might be expected, the Company attained the highest consideration throughout the country, and has retained it ever since. The result is shown in the unexampled fact that its Fire Revenue alone rose in about five years from little more than £30,000 to about £130,000!

A further cause of this rapid growth lies somewhat more below the surface, but is yet of importance. From inquiry we learn that no fire office possessing half the above revenue annually deposits its accounts with the Registrar-general.

The resources and balance-sheet of this great Company are, on the contrary, annually registered, and unmistakable evidence is thus given periodically of its capacity to meet its engagements.—*Morning Herald*, December 26, 1855.

Indeed, the bonus of the 'Royal' may be pronounced to be larger than any yet declared by the mass of the English offices. Here is an office which yields a fairly earnest and wholesome reversionary bonus of 80 per centum in its Life Branch, and in regard to fire operations, can make this very enviable boast, that it has exceeded the Fire business of all but two of the London Fire offices—viz.: the receipt of nearly £130,000 per year in Fire premiums alone—some of which ancient offices have been in existence for a century!—Equally successful and singular in both departments. Indeed, the Life Department may be said to present results equally as worthy of mention.—*Morning Chronicle*, November 28, 1855.

**FREDERICK G. BUNTING, Esq., M.D.,**  
Medical Examiner.  
**BROCKLEBANK & ANTHONY,**  
Agents for Newfoundland.  
**JOHN MCCARTHY,**  
Commission Merchant, General Agent, and Auctioneer.

Wharfage and Storage on the most reasonable terms.  
Carbonear, }  
1st Sept., 1856. }

1856  
25  
1831  
103  
19 years



# THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

## SELECT POETRY.

### SUNSHINE AND SHADOW.

The sunlight and the shadow,  
How gloriously they stray  
They cover wood and meadow,—  
Lie in the dusty way;  
The sunlight makes the purple hills  
To team with golden corn,  
The shadow makes the laughing rills  
As beautiful as morn.

The sunshine and the shadow,  
How gloriously they fall  
Alike upon the rich and poor,  
The good, the bad, and all;  
They leave their semblance in the spray,  
And on the gilded leaf,—  
The fountain's glow with brighter play,  
And lovelier looks the heath.

The beautiful display of light  
Gleams through the forest wide,  
When hill and dale and silver stream  
Are sleeping side by side.  
In that same innocense arrayed  
When first the virgin sod,  
Its smiling face in pride displayed  
To its Maker and its God.

The beautiful display of light  
Reflected on the bow  
That spans the ark of heaven so bright,  
The zenith and below,  
Are all reflections from the form  
That rides the eastern sky,  
Whether in sunshine or in storm,  
Or shadow fitting by.

The golden clouds at sunset's hour,  
How beautiful and fair,  
When heaven's most delicious breath  
Fills all the mellow air;  
Like to the good man's spirit pure  
Departing from its clay,  
It sheds a holier radiance here,  
As moments glide away.

The shadow and the sunny beam  
Are seated side by side,  
Together they pursue their way  
In majesty and pride.  
On all our many cares of life  
Sunshine and shadows fall,—  
They mingle in our every strife,  
Deck, cot and solace hall.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### THRILLING ADVENTURE.

A Merchant wishing to celebrate his daughter's wedding collected a party of her young companies; they circled around her, wishing much happiness to the youthful bride and her chosen one. Her father gazed proudly on his lovely child, and hoped that as bright prospects for the future might open for the rest of his children who were playing among the guests.

Passing the hall of the basement, he met a servant who was carrying a lighted candle in her hand, without the candlestick. He blamed her for such conduct, and went into the kitchen to see about the supper. The girl soon returned but without the candle. The merchant immediately recollected that several barrels of gunpowder had been placed in the cellar during the day, and that one had been opened.

'Where is your candle?' he inquired in the utmost alarm.

'I couldn't bring it up with me, for my arms are full of wood,' said the girl.

'Where did you put it?'

'Well, I'd no candlestick, so I stuck in some black sand that's in the small barrel?'

Her master dashed down stairs, the passage was long and dark, his knees threatened to give way under him, his breath was choked, his flesh seemed dry and parched, as if he already felt the suffocating blast of heat. At the end of the cellar, under the very room where his children and their friends were revelling in felicity, he saw the open barrel of powder, full at the top; the candle stuck loosely in the grains, with a long red snuff of burnt wick—the sight seemed to wither all his power—the

laughter of the company struck upon his ear like a knell of death. He stood a moment unable to move. The music commenced above, the feet of the dancers responded with vivacity—the floor shook, and the loose bottles in the cellar jingled with the motioe. He fancied the candle moved—was falling; with desperate energy he sprang forward—but how to remove it; the slightest touch would cause the red hot wick to fall into the powder. With unequalled presence of mind he placed a hand on each side of the candle, pointed towards the object of his fear, which as his hands met, he secured in the clasping of his fingers and safely removed from its dangerous position. When he reached the head of the stairs he smiled with previous alarm, but the reaction was too powerful, and he fell into fits of the most violent laughter. He was conveyed to his bed senseless, and many weeks elapsed ere his nerves recovered sufficient strength to allow him to resume his business.

### TWILIGHT.

Calm, holy hour! when Night steals forth with noiseless step, and flinging a sable curtain o'er the face of Day, marshals forth her glittering train, and stations them upon the deserted throne of the day-dog.

'Tis an hour when angel-forms seem to hover more closely round us, till we seem to see their pale sweet faces—

With a pure and holy light,  
Beaming in their eyes—

gazing lovingly upon us, and our spirits catch the strains of minstrelsy which breathe from their golden harps, ever attuned to the melody of glorious song. At such an hour the mind is bound by the same soft, dreamy spell which rests upon the 'face of Nature'; and drawing forth from the store-house of memory its favorite pictures, casts aside the veil of obscurity which time has woven around them, and gazes long and sadly upon their faded beauty. And then we are forcibly reminded of those who have gone from us—of loved ones who are wandering far from our side—and we miss the music of their love some voices and gay laughter, which was wont to greet our ear; and we long to clasp them by the hand, and gaze once more into those loving eyes. And then we wonder if those whose images are so deeply engraved upon the tablet of our hearts, are bestowing one thought upon us who are so earnestly dreaming of them—and a tear wells up from the deep fount of love within our bosoms, as a voice whispers—mayhap those cherished forms are bowed low with sorrow, and those fair brows are throbbing wildly with pain and grief—or the fondly cherished idol is dashed from its throne within the heart, leaving it lonely and desolate. Oh! how we long at such times to steal softly to their side and speak to them words of sympathy and love!

But though the hushed hour of twilight brings many saddening memories before the mind, I love it more than all the twenty-four. It sheds a calm holy influence upon the spirit, and leads our thoughts from the ever-varying scenes of life,—from the cares and sorrows of the present—to a bright celestial home, where the dark wave of sorrow shall no more wash the weary soul; and those whom the spirit yearns to meet shall be folded to our bosoms to be parted from us never more!

### GET MARRIED.

Young man, if you have arrived at the right point in life for it, let every consideration give way to that of getting married.—Don't think of any thing else. Keep poking about the rubbish of the world, till you have stirred up a gem worth possessing in the shape of a wife. Never think of delaying the matter; for you know delays are dangerous. A good wife is the most faithful and constant companion you can possibly have by your side, while performing the journeys of life—a dog isn't a touch to her. She can smooth your hnen and your cares for you,—mend your trousers and perchance your manners—sweeten your sour moments as well as your tea and coffee;

ruffle your shirt bosom, but not your temper; and instead of sowing the seeds of sorrow in your path, she will sew the buttons on your shirts, and plant happiness instead of sorrow in your bosom.

When a woman loves, she loves with a double distilled devotedness; and when she hates, it is on the high pressure principle. Her love is as deep as the ocean, as strong as a hempen halter, and as immutable as the rock of ages. She won't change, except it is in a very strong fit of jealousy; and even then it lingers as if loth to depart, like evening twilight at the windows of the west. Get married by all means. All the excuses you can fish up against doing the deed, ain't worth a spoonful of pigeon's milk. Get married, I repeat young men. Concentrate your affections upon one object, and do not distribute them crumb by crumb among a host of Susans, Mays, Lauras, Olives, Elizas, Augustas, Betsies, and Dorothies.

### A MARVELOUS REMEDY FOR A MARVELOUS AGE! HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

The Grand External Remedy.

By the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part.—Disease of the Kidneys, disorders of the Liver, affections of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Asthmas, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing Ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means.

*Erysipelas and Rheumatism, Scorbatic Humours.*

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of disease of the Skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. Scurvy, Sore Heads, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, cannot long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has thus been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

*Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Wounds and Ulcers.*

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment, when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years standing.

*Piles and Fistulas.*

These, and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Cocco-bay, Chiego-foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns, (soft) Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Skin-diseases, Scurvy, Sore-heads, Tumors Ulcers, Wounds, Yaw.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. sterling, each Pot.

Sub-Agents,—John McCarthy, Carbonear; N. & J. Jillard, Harbour Grace; John Stentaford, Brigus.

Wholesale and Retail by

T. McCONNAN, Agent.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

## NOTICES.

WARREN, BROTHERS,  
ST. JOHN'S,.....NEWFOUNDLAND,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GENERAL  
AGENTS.

C. S. WARREN,  
Notary Public,

Agents Canada Life Assurance Company.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

### HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

#### WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the Weak, the Nervous, the Delicate, and the Infirm, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

#### THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

#### DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorder of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. These soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however deranged, and when all other means have failed.

#### GENERAL DEBILITY—ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

#### FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague, Asthma, Billious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, King's Evil, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore-throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary symptoms, Tic-doulaureux, Tumours Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 3d.—3s. 3d.—and 5s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Wholesale and retail by

T. McCONNAN.

St. John's, N.F.

### THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

Is Edited and Published every Wednesday morning, by GEORGE WEBBER, at his office, Water-street, opposite the Premises of W. DONNELLY, Esq.

TERMS:—Fifteen Shillings per annum, half in advance.

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