 TEST TARGET (MT-3)


Photographic Sciences
Corporation

(716) 872.4503

# CIHM Microfiche Series (Monographs) 

# ICMH <br> Collection de microfiches (monographies) 

The Institute has attempted to obtain the thest original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which lui may be biblingıaphically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproductio.i, or which may exe of the images in the reproductio.,, or which may , are checked below.

## Coloured covers/

Couverture de conleur
Covers damaged/
Couveriure endommagée
Covers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaırée et/ou pelliculée
Cover title missing/
Le titre de couverture manque

Coloured maps/
Caites géographiques en couleur
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de cculeur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
Bound with other material/
Relié atec d'autres documents
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ouds la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas èté filmées.


Additional comments:/
Coinmentaires supplémentaires:
This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/ Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


## st original

 :opy which alter any may ling, areack)/
u noire)
tortion
oudala
ay appear
se have
joutée
le texte, es n'ont

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-étre uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.


Coloured pages/
Pages de couleur
Pages damaged/
Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées


Pages detached/
Pages détachées


Showthrough/
Transparence

Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression


Continuous pagination/
Pagination continueIncludes index(es)/
Comprend un (des) index

Title on header taken from:/
Le titre de l'en-téte provient:


Title page of issue/
Page de titre de la livraisonCaption of issue/
Titre de depart de la livraison

Masthead/
Générique (périodiques) de la livraison


The copy filmed here has been repioduced thanks to the generosity of:

L'ex gén
National Library of Canada

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Origi- al copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with ti.r front cover and ending on the last page with a prinied or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are jilmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a prinied or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frome on each microfiche shall contain the symbal $\rightarrow$ (ineaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ (meaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different refuction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corier, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:

Les
plus
de 18
conf
film

Les
pqрі
par
dern d'im plat, origi pren $d^{\prime}$ i.n la de emp

Und dern cas: syml

Les filme Lors reprc de i's st de d'ims illust


Iced thanks
iada
t quality legibility :h the
are filmed ling on ed impres-
ate. All ing on the mpresa prinîed
fiche "CON'END').
d at ge to be med , left to 3s as ate the

L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

Bibliothéque nationale du Canada

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditioıs du contrat de filmage.

Les exemplaires criginaux dont la couvarture en papier est imprimée sont filmés on commençant par le premier f.iut et en terminant soit par la derniére page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la premiére page qui comporte une empreinte d'i.apression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la dernière image de chaque microfiche, selon ie cas: le symbole $\rightarrow$ signifíe "A SUIVRE", le symbole $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tebleaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filme à parrir de i'sngle supérisu geuche, de gauche à droite, ot de haut en bes, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.


## PRIMARY

# ARITHMETIC 

MENTAL AND WRITTEN

## BY THE

BROTHERS OF THE CHRISTIAN SCHOOLS

MONTREAL
J. Cifapleau \& Son, Printers 31 Cotté Stheet

183'4

## 6 HCO

N.ntored according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year of our Lord, 1884, by
JAMES P. O'REILLY,
in the Office of the Minister of Agriculture.

## PRIMARY

## ムRITHMETIC <br> 9

Introductory Definitions.
$\qquad$

1. Arithmetic is the seience of mmbers, and also the arl of compulation.
2. Number is the result of the comparison of a quantily with unil!.
3. Quantity is any thing that can be increased or diminished; as, the lemgrlh of a road, the surfuce of a body, the weight of an article.
4. A' Unit is a quantity with which we compare others of the same lind.
5. The comparison of quantity with unity produces three kinds of numbers: Integers, Fractions and Mixed Numbers.
6. An Integer is anmber which contains its unit an exact number of times; as, 12,$15 ; 6$ boys, 4 apples.
7. A Fraction is a number which is less than a unit ; as, $1 / 2,1 / 3,7 / 8$.
8. A Mixed Number consists of an integer and ac fraction. Thus, $11 / 2,21 / 3,41 / 4$.
9. According to the nature of their unit, numbers are divided into two classes ; viz, Abstract and Concrele.
10. An Abstract Number is a number the nature of whose unit is not determined ; as, 16, 425, 7840.
11. A Concrete Number is a number the nature of whose unit is determinod ; as, $16 \mathrm{men}, 425$ days, 7310 dollars.
ger and a
numbers and Conte nature ;, 7840 . c nature 25 days,

## NUMERATION AND NOTATION.

12. Numeration is the method of reading numbers expressed by characters.
13. Notation is the method of writing numbers.
14. Numbers may be represented as follows:-
I. By worrls; as, one, two, three.

1I. By figures, called the Arabic Melhod; as, 1, 2, 3.
11I. By lelters, called the Roman Meltool; as, I, V, $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{C}$.
15. In the Mrabic Method, numbers are expressed by the following ten
Figures: $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0$. Nilmes: One, Two, 'Three, Four, Fivo, Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Naught.

## 1'RINCIPLE.

A simple name is given to enth of the first mine numbers, of which groups are formerl. These groups also receive, each, a particular name, and are numbered by the simple numes of the first numbers.
16. The first nine figures are called significant because they represent a value. But the tenth, by itself, represents nothing. It is only an auxiliary figure: its office being to hold the place of any order.
whatever, when there are no units of that order in the number.
17. Each of the first nine numbers expresses simple units, or units of the first orter.
18. The number which follows the ninth is called ten. It is represented by writing the figure 1 with a naught after it; thus, 10.
19. Ten is the unit of the seroml order, and is equal to ten units of the first order.
20. Tens are comed in the sanme mamer as single units; thus: one ten, lwo tens, Inree tens, mine tens. But castom has replaced these words by the following :Twenty,
Thirty, 20

Forty, 30

Fifty,
50

Sixty, 60
Neventy, 70
Lighty, 80
Ninety,

Note-The " $1 y^{\prime}$ " in these words signifies ten.
21. The names of the mumbers included between two consecutive tens, are formed by joining to the name of the first of these tems, the name of each of the first nine numbers, saying :

Twenty-one,
Twenty-two, Twenty-three, Twenty-four, Twenty-five, Twenty-six, Etc. being ninety-nine, 99 .

The highest number expressed by two figures,

| 21 | Thirty-one, \&c. | $31, \& c$. |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 22 | Forty-one, \&c. | $41, \& c$. |
| 23 | Fifty-one, \&c. | $51, \& c$. |
| 24 | Sixty-one, \&c. | $61, \& c$. |
| 25 | Seventy-one, \&c. | $71, \& c$. |
| 26 | Eighty-one, \&c. | $81, \& c$. |
| Etc. | Ninety-one, \&c. | $91, \& c$. |

22. But instead of saying ten and one, ten and two, ten and three,... ten and nime, custom has adopted the expressions :

Eleven,
Twelve,
Thirteen, Fourteen, Fifteen,

11
12
13
14
15

Note.-The "teen" in the words thiteen, etc., to nineteen, mpans ten. So that, strictly speaking, thirteen means three and ten: fourteen, four and ten ; etc.

## EXERCISESS.

Copy and read the following numbers, naming the lens and unils in each :

| $(1)$ | $(2)$ | $(3)$ | $(4)$ | $(5)$ | $(6)$ | $(7)$ | $(8)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17 | 28 | 55 | 53 | 85 | 29 | 70 | 73 |
| 12 | 26 | 22 | 87 | 44 | 10 | 89 | 98 |
| 11 | 30 | 37 | 62 | 33 | 61 | 64 | 72 |
| 16 | 90 | 48 | 32 | 67 | 99 | $2: 3$ | 27 |
| 13 | 79 | 40 | 43 | 97 | 21 | 14 | 58 |
| 37 | 69 | 31 | 34 | 79 | 33 | 74 | 80 |
| 46 | 59 | 19 | 50 | 60 | 54 | 82 | 49 |

31, \&c.
41, \&c.
51, \&c. 61, \&c.
71, \&c.
81, \&c 91, \&c.
figures,
$g$ to the e each of

Express the following numbers by figures :-

1. Ten.
2. Thirty-seren.
3. Seventeen.
4. Fifty-eight.
5. Forty-three.
6. Twenty-one.
7. Forty-two.
8. Twenty-three.
9. Eighty-six.
10. Ninety-eight.
11. Thirteen.
12. Forty-five.
13. Thirty-six.
14. Forty-seven.
15. Eleven.
16. Ninety-seren.
17. Sorenty-six.

18 Sixty-eight.
19. Eighteen.
20. Forty-four.
21. Sixteen.
22. Sirenty.
23. Nineteen

| 25. Twenty-six. | 33. Eighty. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 26. Seventy-one. | 34. Twenty-four. |
| 2. Fify-one. | 35. Thity-seren |

27. Fifty-one.
28. Sixty-three.
29. Thirty-nime.
30. Fifty.
31. Fifteen.
32. Seventy-mine.
33. Eighty-three
34. Fifty-six.
35. Fifty-nine.
36. Seventy-eight
37. Forty-six.
38. Sixty-three.
39. Ninety-two.
40. Eighty seven.
41. The number which follows ninety-nine (99) is called hundred. It is represented by writing 1 with two naughts after it; thus 100 .
42. One hundred is the unit of the third order, and is equal to ten mits of the sccond order.
43. Hundreds are counted in the same manner as units; thus :One hundred, Two hundred, Three hundred, Four hundred,
44. Five hundred, 500. 600. 700. 800. Nine hundred, 900.
45. The names of the numbers included between, two consecutive hundreds, are formed by joining successively, to the name of the first of these hundreds, the names of all the numbers less than one hundred ; thus,

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { One hundred one, } & 101 . \\
\text { One hundred two, } & 102 . \\
\text { Onc hundred three, } & 103 . \\
\text { One hundred four, } & 104 . \\
\text { One hundred five, } & 105 .
\end{array}
$$

ION.
ighty-three
ifty-six. ifty-nine.
venty-eight orty-six. xty-three. inety-two.
ghty seven. nine (99) is ing 1 with
order, and
mauner as
500.
600.
700.
800.
between, $r$ joining ese hunhan one

NUMERATION AND NOTATION.
One hundred six, $\quad 106$.
One hundred seven, 107.
One hundred eight, 108.
One hundred nive, 109.
One hundred ten, 110.
Two hundred eleven, 211
Three hundred twelve, $\quad 312$.
Four hundred thirteen, 413.
Five hundred fourteen, 514.
Six hundred fifteen, 615.
Seven hundred sixteen, $\quad 716$.
Eight hundred seventeen, 817.
Nine hundred eighteen, 918.
One hundred nineteen, $\quad 119$.
Two hundred twenty, 220 .
Three hundred thirty-one, $\quad 3: 31$.
Four hundred forty-two, 442.
Five hundred lifty-three, $\quad 553$
Six hundred sixty-four, $\quad 664$.
Seven hundred seventy-fire, 775.
Eight hundred eighty-six, 886.
Nine hundred ninety-seven, 997.
Nine hundred ninety-eight, 998.
Nine hundred ninety-nine (999) is the highest number that can be expressed by three figures.
27. The group comprising the first three orders of units, viz., units, tens, and hundreds, constitutes the first period, that of simple units.

EXERCISES.
Copy and read the following numbers, naming the humdreds, tens, and units in each:

| $(1)$. | $(2)$. | $(3)$. | $(4)$. | $(5)$. | $(6)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 509 | 224 | 861 | 652 | 278 |
| 211 | 256 | 297 | 598 | 720 | 122 |
| 121 | 905 | 337 | 250 | 862 | 972 |
| 700 | 840 | 103 | 305 | 722 | 605 |
| 306 | 273 | 110 | 606 | 165 | 334 |
| 426 | 590 | 733 | 467 | 533 | 107 |
| 900 | 406 | 892 | 850 | 573 | 863 |
| 640 | 634 | 920 | 670 | 798 | 580 |
| 723 | 777 | 701 | 999 | 877 | 121 |
| 572 | 308 | 620 | 202 | 346 | 313 |
| 218 | 407 | 800 | 706 | 723 | 816 |
| 309 | 863 | 462 | 501 | 244 | 911 |

Express the following numbers in figures:

1. Three hundred seventy-six.
2. Nine hundred sixty-eight.
3. Five hundred forty-three.
4. Six hundred eighty-four.
5. Six hundred twerity-three.
6. Nine hundred eighty-three.
7. Eight hundred twenty-three.
8. Five hundred ninety-five.
9. Three hundred forty-seven.
10. One hundred thirty-eight.
11. Two hundred fifty-two.
12. Nine hundred sixty-one.
13. Four hundred ninety-seven.
14. Nine hundred eighty-two.

## ON.

naming the

278

NUMERATION AND NOTATION.
15. Three hundred forty-five.
16. Seven hundred nine.
17. Eight hundred two.
18. Fire hundred seventy-two.
19. Seven humded two.
20. Six hundred fifty-four.
21. One hundred seventy.
22. Three hundred twenty-nine.
23. Nine hundred nine.
24. Six hundred five.
25. Seven hundred sixty.
26. Four hundred seventy.
27. Three hundred twenty-seven.
28. Five hundred ninety-seven.
29. Four hundred ninety.
30. 'Two hundred eighty-four.
31. Four hundred seventy-five.
52. One hundred one.
33. One hundred two.
34. Seven hundred seven.
35. Seven hundred seventy.
36. Eight humdred eighty.
37. Five hundred sixty-one.
38. Nine hundred ninety-nine.
39. Eight hundied.
40. Three hundred thirty-three.
28. The number which follows 999 is called thousund, and is represented by writing the figure 1 with three naughts after it ; thus, $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$.
29. Thousand is the unit of the second periva. The period of thousands, like that of simple units, com-
prises muits, tens, and hundreds. The units of thonsands, tems of thousands, and hundreds of thousands, constitute the fourth, fifth, and sixth orders of mits.

The units of thousands are:
One thonsand, two thousamel, .....nine thousand. 1000,
The tens of thousands are :
ten thousalud, twenty thousand,....ninety thousand.
10000 ,
20000 ,
90000 .
The hundreds of thousancis are : one hundred thousind, 100000 ,
...................nine hundred thousand. 900000 .
30. The names of the numbers between two consecutive orders of thousinds, are formed by joining, successively, to the name of the first of these orders, the names of all the numbers less then this order. In this manner we reach the number 999999.

EIELCISESS.
Copy and read the following numbers :
(1)
(2)

1831 1030
(3) 4785
7 240 6837
8001 8788 2027 1456
I.
two hundred thousand, 200000 ,
mits of thouof thousands, ders of units.
to thousand. 9000.
y thousamel. 90000 .
d thousind, 000,
n two cony joining, uese orders, this order. 99.
II.
(7.) (8.) (10.) (11.)
15462
21009
30450
78921
44333 (33041 68489 25788 71392 6!998: (63009) 24784 87004 III.

| $(12)$. | $(13)$. | $(14)$. | $(15)$. | $(16)$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 442839 | 905497 | 634584 | 251206 | 990098 |
| 756351 | 680399 | 100091 | 358192 | 431966 |
| 296426 | 751341 | 390400 | 876538 | 829473 |
| 807905 | 608315 | 745001 | 704115 | 110018 |
| 431900 | 917823 | 370492 | 171211 | 980703 |

Express in figures, the following :-

## I.

1. One thousand eight hundred eighty-two.
2. Three thousand nine hundred four.
3. Two thousand, nine.
4. One thousand eight hundred sixty-three.
5. Seven thousand fire hundred forty-one.
6. Nine thousand forty-seven.
7. Six thousand five hundred eighty-four.
8. Nine thousand one hundred twenty- seven.
9. Six thousand five hundred eighty-nine.
10. Three thousand one hundred five
11. One thousand one hundred twenty-iwo.
12. One thousand five hundred fifty-five.
13. Eight thousand eight hundred ninety-seven.
14. Six thousand three hundred forty.
15. Eight thousand eight hundred ninety $\cdot$ six
16. Twelve thousind three hundred seventeen.
17. Twenty-five thousand eight hundred nine.
18. Sixty-three thousand seren hundred one.
19. Forty-four thousand nine hundred sixty-three.
20. Seventy-six thousand eight hundred ten. five.
21. Ninety-nine thousand four hundred, twenty-
22. Eighty-six thonsand nine hundred ninety-nine. 34. Sixty one thousand two.
¿5. Ten thousand, ten.

## III.

36. Eight hundred six thonsand nine handred seven.
37. Five hundred fwenty-seven thousand eight hundred two.
38. Six hundred fwenty-five thousand nine hundred.

TION
renty-one.
riy-five.
hity-seron.

Wo.
orty.
serenteen. red nine. ed one.
sixty-ihree. ed ten.
ed, twentyninet $y$-nine.
e hundred
and eight nine hmo-
hundred

NUMERATION ANI) NOTATIUN.
13
40. Nine hundred thousand, six.
41. One hundred twenty-one thousand three hundred nineteen.
42. Eight hundred thousand.
43. Eight hundred twenty-five thousand eight.
44. Six hundred eleven thonsand ninety-four.
45. Nine hundred forty thonsand thirty.
46. Eight hundred nine thonsand.
47. One hundred sixty-one thousand seren huadred eighty-four.
48. Three hundred ninety one thousand iwo humdred eleven.
49. One hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine.
50. Six hundred forty-four thonsand nine hundred.
31. Continuing in the same manner, the next higher periods are formed, Millions, Billions, Trillions, \&e.

Million is the unit of the third period; billion, the mit of the fourlh period; and trillion, the unit of the fifth period.

These three periods, like units and thousands, comprise, each, three orders ; viz., the order of units, that of tens, and that of hundreds.
32. The names of the rarious numbers included between their several orders are formed in the same way as those included between the several orders of thousands.

## PRINCIPLE.

Every figure placed to the left of another, represents units ten times greater than those of the other; in other words, it represents unils of the next higher order.
33. From this principle it follows :
I. A figure standing alone, or in the first place at the right of other figures, expresses units.
II. A figure standing in the second place, counting from the right, expresses tens; in the third place, hundreds; in the fourth place, thousands; \&e.
III. It is necessary to have one figure to represent a number having only simple units; two, for one having tens; three, for one having hundreds; four, fr one having thousands; \&c, according to the order of the units.
34. Every significant ligure has two values. One is called its simpie, or absolute value; and the other, its local, or relative value.

The Simple Value of a figure is that given to it by its form.

The Local Value is that which it receives from the place that it occupies in the number.

Thus in the number 4306, the simple value of the first figure to the left is 4 ; and its local value is 4 units of thousands.

## PRINCIPLES.

I. Ten units of an!y order whatever, form one unit of the next higher order.
II. A thousand units of amy periorl, is equal to one unit of the next higher period.
35. For convenience in reading and writing numbers, the figures are divided into ;eriods, each of which comprises three places. The first three places
he first place at mits.
id place, count ; in the third thousands ; \&c. ure to represent ; two, for one rundreds ; four, ding to the or-
;o values. One and the other, given to it by cires from the le value of the cal value is 4 one unit of the
qual to one unit writing numriods, each of st three places
constitute the first, or units period ; the second three places constitute the secoml, or thomsimuls period; S.e.
36. The division of the periods will be easily understood by a careful examination of the following

Numeration Table.

Names
OF
Orders.

Names
or Trilliuns, Billions, Milliums, Thunsamds, Units. Perions.
Numbia.

Orders.

Pemons.
37. If it be required to read or write numbers abore trillions, the following is the order of some of the next higher periods: Quadrulloons, Quintullions, Sextillions, Septillions, Octillions, $\{\cdot \subset$

## EDVERCISES / N NUMERATION.

After the foregoing explanations, the pupils should be able to read any number whatever according to the following

RULE.

I. Begrinning at the right hamd, arrange the figures in periods of Itree figheres eank.
II. Then, beginning at the left, read ench period in succession, omitting to name the last.

Note.--If an order, or even an entire period, be wanting, it is not mentioned. The namo of the last or units period is also omitted, because it is understood.

1. What number is expressed by $\uparrow 5346821$ ?

Solution:-Separating these figures into periods according to the rule, we have $75,346,821$. The third priod is 75 millions; the second is 346 thousands; and the first is $8: 1$ unils; hence the number is 75 millions, 346 thousants, $8: 1$.

Read the following numbers :

| I. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | (2.) | (3.) | (4.) | (5.) |
| 75 | 972 | 1008 | 60001 | -1! 285 |
| 63 | 840 | 5000 | 73182 | 659037 |
| 37 | 569 | 6300 | 39502 | 954308 |
| 25 | 708 | 2501 | 18007 | 100716 |
| $\because$ \% | 411 | 15784 | 40905 | 536900 |
| 50 | 4984 | 29092 | 56000 | 213472 |
| 225 | -29\% | 56311 | 171360 | 360005 |
| 121 | $\bigcirc 025$ | 12102 | 562984 | 800001 |
| $30 y$ | 7690 | 20976 | 630192 | 780602 |

ATION．

## T1ON．

pupils should er according to
ge the figures in
wh perion in suc－
e wanting，it is not ort is also omitterl，

346821 ？
s according to the 75 millions ；the se－ hence the number

ن．59037
954308 100716 536900
213472 360005 800001 780602

NUMERATION AND NOTAIION． 17
II．
（6．）
$215876 \pi$ 3779848
：30 11673
7864321
かけ23102
5482200
！ 180406
4706904
7 （i） 1036
4073208 1405060
8880808
8001807
6000011
2090001
－2390086
（9．）
4072634
82791640 7006
984270
400200
1807
62876000
900040
900000800
3742680002 8632073009
862794846704 2872819642 3400641111
（7．）
23782621
$486: 31425$
7766665\％5
43125789
52706000
150300001
720060：384
10010010
83000505
758130207
$31500004^{\circ}$
900880 20
60500283
20002021
53700006
69014739
（8．）
978564123 806273871 552118122 $48637+4 i=8$ 111222333 709080062 203100000 840601007 320000006 786400200 842900601 120340560 400300600 910004576
475462394 800006301
（10．）
3563400024
7462007302
82367400210
53024046070
86920000030
17629080406
294635112211
903009008007
842780062004
1303000170410
3278642197416
14000075001004
1们008634216786 3462184390075819
EIERLCISES IN NOTATION.

RULE。
I. Beginning at the left, atul with the hightest period, write the lumulreds, leus, and wnits of each period in the number.
II. Fill all cacant places wilh manghts.

1. Express in figures the number two thousand four humdred three.
Sonortox.-This mumber cousists of two purions, thousands and units. In the thousands perion thre is bit one order, which is: mits of thousands. We, therefore, write? thonsands in the fourth place, 4 humdreds in the thind place, at maght (0) in the second place, there being no tens, and 3 units in the tirst place. Hence these fignes, ? i03, are the proper expression for the given number.

Express the following numbers in ligures:
I.
2. Thirteen. Eleven. Serenteen.
3. Nineteen. Thirty-four. Eighty-two.
4. Fifty-five. Ninety-four. Forty-three.
5. Seventy-two. Twenty-nine. Thirty-one.
6. Nighty-eight. Serenty-seven. Fifty-fire.
7. Forty-nine. Twenty-six. Eighty-nine.
8. Ninety-two. Thirty. Seventy-three.
, : One hundred five. One hundred eleven.
10. Three hundred ten. Two hundred sixty-five.
11. Four hindred nine. Three hundred twelve.
12. Five hundred thirty-eight. Nix hundred eightyone.
1?. Nine hundred thirty-two. Eight hundred nincty-nine.
14. Three hundred sixty. Five hundred eighty-two.
15. Nine hundred twelve. Three hundred fourteen.
16. Seven hundred nineteen. Nine hundred three.
17. Three hundred twenty-two. Two hundred sixty-six.
18. Seven hundred eighty-eight. Four hundred four. 19. Five hundred twenty-eight. Eight hundred twenty-five.
20. Three hundred eighty-five. Six hundred sixty.
21. Seren thousand, sixdy. Six thonsand, seven.

## II

22. Nine thousand, seven hundred eight.
23. Three thousand, seven hundred fourtsen.
24. Three thousand, two hundred forty-five.
25. Seven thousand, six hundred ninety.
26. Three thonsand, seven hundred fifty.
27. One thousand, four hundred seven.
28. Two thonsand, two hundred seventeen.
29. Seven thousand, three hundred twelve.
30. Two thousand, four hundred ten.
31. Three thousand, cight hundred twenty.
32. One thousand, nine hundred four.
33. Seven thousand, six huadred.
34. Six thousand, four hundred sixteen.
35. Four thonsand, one hmodred twenty.
36. Six thousand, two. One thousand, one.
37. Eighteen thonsand, seven humdred. Foriy thonsand, six.
38. Fifty thonsand, eight hundred forty-one.
39. Seventy-three thousand, one hundred fwentynine.
40. Eighty-seren thousand, four hundred twentytwo.
41. Seventy thousand, one. Twenty-four thousand
42. Twenty-four thousand, nine hundred sixtyeight.
43. Twenty-nine thousand, two hundred.
44. Seventeen thousand, one hundred ten.
45. Forty thousand, three hundred ninety.
46. Twelve thonsand, eighty. Six thousand, two.
47. Nineteen thousand, sixty-two.
48. Ten thousand, one hundred ten.
49. Twenty-three thonsand, fire hundred eightynine.

## III.

50. Sixty-three thousand, twenty.
51. One hundred forty thousand, five hundred seventy-five.
52. Two hundred ninety-one thousand, seven hundred forty-six.
53. Nine hundred sixty thousand, ninety.
54. Nine hundred thousand, nine.
55. Three million, five thousand, one.
56. Five hundred million, five hundred.
57. Six hundred million, five thousand, four hundred seventeen.
58. One hundred eleven million, one hundred eleven.
59. Two hundred ninety-seren thonsand, fort $y$-one.
60. Four billion, six million, one.
61. Five billion, seven million, two thousand, fire.
62. Eleven million, eleren.
63. Four hundred six thousand, seven hundred cight.
64. Eight hundred nine thousand, sixty-fire.
65. Two trillion, twenty-five million, five.
66. Sixty-six million, ten thousand, nineteen.

ATION.
hundred sixty.
undred.
red ten.
1 ninety.
thousand, two.
n.
andred eighty.
five hundred and, seven hunninety.
ne.
dred.
and, four hun-
one hundred
sand, forty-one.
thousand, five.
even hundred
ixty-fice.
n , five.
nineteen.

## numeration and notation.

67. Fourteen million thirty-five thousand, one hundred ninety-four.
68. One million, three.
69. Seven million, three hundred thousand, ninetyfour.
70. Forty million, four thousand, seven hundred.
71. Six hundred three million, fifteen thousand, sixty-one.
72. Fifteen billion, seventy-one million, six thonaand, four hundred.
73. Three hundred thousand, five hundred eightytwo.
74. Two hundred million, fourteen thousand, one hundred.
75. Eight hundred thirty billion, twenty thousand, twenty-two.
76. Five million, two hundred six thousand, nineteen.
77. Nine hundred billion, sixteen million, eight thousand.
78. One hundred nine million, four hundred twenty thousand.
79. Five hundred twenty-one million, three thonsand, ten.
80. One hundred two billion, two hundred seventy thousand, ten.
81. Twenty-seven billion, fifty million, five hunTred ninety-one.
82. Three hundred million, seventy thousand, nine hundred.
83. Three trillion, one hundred twenty billion, two million, fire thousand, one.
84. Thirty-seven trillion, one billion, ninety-nine. two.
85. Four trillion, eighty-one billion, one thousand,

## Roman Notation.

38. In the Roman Method of Notation, numbers are expressed by the following seven letters of the Roman Alphabet:

Letters. I, V, X, L, O, D, M. Vulues. 1, 5, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000.

## PRJNCIPLES.

1. The value of the letter is repeated as often as the letter itself is repeuted ; as, llI expresses the number three ; $X X$, expresses twent!y.
II. A letter placed to the right of one of greater value, udels its oum to thut of the other ; as, XI represents fifteen; VII, seven.
III. The value of a letter placed to the left of one of greater value, must be subtracted from that of the other; as, IV cxpresses four ; $I X$, nine.
IV. The value of 1 letter or a combination of letters, is incrensed a thousand-fold by placing a dash over it. Thus. $\bar{X}, \overline{L X} \bar{X}$, denote, respectively, ten thousand, and sixty thousand.

Note.-l. If a letter that denotes a less number be placed betwen two that denote greater numbers, it diminishes the latter, but down not affect the former. Thus in the combination $L I X$, the value of I must be taken from that of $X$. Hence the number expressed is fiftynine. (59).
II. It. must also be observed that no letter is written four times in succession.

## OTATION.

llion, ninety-nine. ion, one thousand,

## [ON.

otation, numbers en letters of the

| $1), \quad$ M. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 500, | 1000. |

as often as the letter number three ; $X X$,
of greater value, ' represents fillecu;
the left of one of hat of the other;
untion of letters, is ash over it. Thus, and sixty thou-
er be placed betworn the latter, but does LIX, the value of 1 er expressed is fifty.
wriden four times

NUMERATION AND NOTATION.
39. The application of these principles is shown in the following

TABLE.


Note.-This system of notation is named after the Romans by whom it was invented and used. It is now principally confined to numbering chapters, sections of books, public úacuments, \&c

## FXERCISES.

Read the following numbers and express them in figures.

| (1.) | (2.) | (3.) | (4.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IV | XXII | LXXXIII | LXVIII |
| XV | XXXII | XIV | LXXXIV |
| XLIV | XVI | LXXXVIII | XLII |
| LXXV | LV | LXX | LXXIII |
| XXVIII | LI | LIX | X |
| XXXIX | LXII | XCIIi | XIX |
| XI | XCI | XXIII | XLIX |
| XLIX | LXXVIII | XCVII | XXXIII |
| (5.) |  |  | 7.) |
| CCXLIX | DCV |  | III |
| DXXVI | CXI |  | III |
| CMLX | DCC | CI DC | XLIII |
| CDXXVI | I DCC | XXVII CC | LXXXI |
| (8.) |  |  | (9.) |
| MDCCCI | ,XXII |  | DXCVII |
| MCDXXI |  |  | OXLVI |
| VDCCXI |  | LIX |  |
| IVXC |  |  | XLIX |
| (10.) |  |  |  |
| MMCXXIV |  |  |  |
| UDXXXIX |  |  |  |
| XXVLX |  |  |  |
| MI |  |  |  |

NOTATION.
nd express them in
(4.)

| II | LXVIII |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | LXXXIV |
| TIII | XLII |
|  | LXXIII |
|  | X |
|  | XIX |
|  | XLIX |
|  | XXXIII |

(7.)

CXVIII
DCLIII
DCCXLLIII
CCCLXXXI
(9.)

MMDXCVII MDCXLVI
$\overline{\mathrm{IX}} \mathrm{V}$
MDXLIX

NUMERATMONAN1) NOTATION.
25
Write the following numbers by the Roman Methorl:

| $(1)$. | $(2)$. | $(3)$. | $(4)$. | $($ (i.) $)$ | $(6)$. | $(7)$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17 | 24 | 34 | 30 | 830 | 462 | 262 |
| 45 | 18 | 46 | 67 | 561 | 689 | 109 |
| 63 | 57 | 12 | 70 | 326 | 984 | 476 |
| 71 | 64 | 39 | 82 | 279 | 533 | 324 |
| 25 | 38 | 77 | 96 | 195 | 372 | 712 |
| 36 | 27 | 98 | 60 | 914 | 607 | 416 |
| 52 | 13 | 41 | 29 | 182 | 309 | 967 |


| (8.)1876 | (9.) |  | (10.) | (11.) |  | (12.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1776 |  | 2132 | 2358 |  | 6908 |
| 1882 | 1860 |  | 3004 |  |  | 12674 |
| 1512 | 1783 |  | 4040 |  |  | 11492 |
| 1492 | 2579 |  | 7632 |  |  | 21800 |
| (13.) | (14.) | (15.) | (16.) | (17.) | (18.) | (19.) |
| 16 | 51 | 62 | ¢8 | 83 | 37 | 40 |
| 22 | 63 | 19 | 47 | 90 | 26 | 68 |
| 34 | 42 | 48 | 52 | 10 | 14 | 13 |
| 18 | 80 | 25 | 60 | 33 | 85 | 55 |
| 12 | 14 | 61 | 11 | 59 | 96 | 87 |
| 29 | 150 | 20 | 41 | 64 | 70 | 38 |
| 43 | 30 | 92 | 73 | 79 | 65 | 44 |
|  | (20.) | (21.) | (22.) | (23.) | (24.) |  |
|  | 1342 | 1462 | 5048 | 3658 | 4019 |  |
|  | 1635 | 1184 | 2732 | 4632 | 6920 |  |
|  | 1883 | 1293 | 1764 | 9004 | 1099 |  |
|  | 1296 | 1935 | 1590 | 2861 | 5009 |  |

## ADDITION.


40. Addition is the process of finding the sum of two or more numbers.

## ADDITION TABLE.

0 and any number make that number: 0 and 1 are $1 ; 0$ and 2 are ?. Any number and 0 make that number: 1 and 0 are 1 ; ? and 0 are?

| 1 and 1 are | 2 | 6 and 1 are $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

2 and 1 are 3
2 and 2 are 4
3 and 1 are 4
3 and 2 are 5
3 and 3 are 6
4 and 1 are
4 and 2 are 6
4 and 3 are 7
4 and 4 are 8
5 and 1 are 6
5 and 2 are 7
5 and 3 are 8
5 and 4 are 9
5 and 5 are 10

6 and 2 are 8
6 and 3 are 9
6 and 4 are 10
6 and 5 are 11
6 and 6 are 12
7 and 1 are 8
7 and 2 are 9
7 and 3 are 10
7 and 4 are 11
7 and 5 are 12
7 and 6 are 13
7 and 7 are 14
8 and 1 are !
8 and 2 are 10

8 and 3 are 11 8 and 4 are 12 8 and 5 are 13 8 and 6 are 14 8 and 7 are 15 8 and 8 are 16 9 and 1 are 10 9 and 2 are 11 9 and 3 are 12 9 and 4 are 18 9 and 5 are 14 9 and 6 are 15 9 and 7 are 14 9 and 8 are 17 9 and 9 are 18

ORAL EDELRCTSES.
I.

How many are
f finding the sum

1 are 1 ; 0 allil 2 are?. 0 are 1 : ? and 0 are ?

| 2 and $1 ?$ | 4 and $1 ?$ | 1 and $1 ?$ | 6 and $4 ?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 and $8 ?$ | 3 and $4 ?$ | 5 and $6 ?$ | 8 and $8 ?$ |
| 3 and $1 ?$ | 3 and $0 ?$ | 4 and $5 ?$ | 7 and $8 ?$ |
| 0 and $4 ?$ | 6 and $3 ?$ | 5 and $4 ?$ | 5 and $3 ?$ |
| 5 and $2 ?$ | 7 and $2 ?$ | 1 and $9 ?$ | 9 and $7 ?$ |
| 2 and $2 ?$ | 4 and $4 ?$ | 7 and $3 ?$ | 4 and $8 ?$ |
| 8 and $2 ?$ | 0 and $2 ?$ | 6 and $2 ?$ | 0 and $6 ?$ |
| 6 and $1 ?$ | 9 and $4 ?$ | 3 and $9 ?$ | 2 and $8 ?$ |
| 4 and $2 ?$ | 3 and $8 ?$ | 5 and $7 ?$ | 9 and $6 ?$ |
| 8 and $0 ?$ | 0 and $1 ?$ | 7 and $6 ?$ | 8 and $5 ?$ |

8 and 3 are 11
8 and 4 are 12 8 and 5 are 13 8 and 6 are 14 8 and 7 are 15 8 and 8 are 16 9 and 1 are 10
9 and 2 are 11
9 and 3 are 12
9 and 4 are 18
9 and 5 are 14
9 and 6 are 15
9 and 7 are 16
9 and 8 are 17
9 and 9 are 18

4 and 1? 1 and 1? 5 and 6 ? 4 and 5? 5 and 4 ? 1 and 9 ? 7 and 3? 6 and 2 ? 3 and 9 ? 5 and 7 ? 7 and 6?

6 and 4 ? 8 and 8 ? 7 and 8 ? 5 and 3 ? 9 and 7 ? 4 and 8 ? 0 and 6 ? 2 and 8 ? 9 and 6 ? 8 and 5 ?
II.

What is the sum of

| $3+3 ?$ | $9+8 ?$ | $2+3 ?$ | $4+7 ?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $7+4 ?$ | $9+9 ?$ | $3+4 ?$ | $7+8 ?$ |
| $9+2 ?$ | $5+0 ?$ | $5+8 ?$ | $4+9 ?$ |
| $6+8 ?$ | $0+3 ?$ | $6+9 ?$ | $1+8 ?$ |
| $0+7 ?$ | $7+1 ?$ | $6+7 ?$ | $2+6 ?$ |
| $4+0 ?$ | $6+6 ?$ | $4+6 ?$ | $3+5 ?$ |
| $7+7 ?$ | $7+9 ?$ | $3+8 ?$ | $2+7 ?$ |
| $5+1 ?$ | $0+9 ?$ | $5+5 ?$ | $2+9 ?$ |
| $9+5 ?$ | $3+6 ?$ | $7+0 ?$ | $0+8 ?$ |
| $8+9 ?$ | $4+8 ?$ | $5+6 ?$ | $5+9 ?$ |

## III.

1. (i) bats and 3 hats are how many bats?
2. 4 hoys and 5 boys are how many boys?
3. 7 dollars and 2 dollans are how many dollars?
4. 2 cents and 5 cents are how many cents?
5. 4 girls and 3 girls are how many girls?
6. 7 honses and 5 honses are kow many houses?
7. 5 fishes and 8 fishes are how many fishes?
8. 9 tops and 1 top are how many tops?

9 A boy paid 1 cent for a stick of candy and 2 cents for an apple; how many cents did both cost?

Solution.--If a stick of camly cost 1 cent, and an apple cost : cents, both must cost the sum of 1 cent and 2 cents. The sum of 1 cent and ? cents is 3 cen's. Therefore both cost 3 cents.
10. John's father gave him two aples, and his mother gave him two more ; how many apples had John then?

11 George had 4 chestnuts and Joseph gave him 3 ; how many had George then?
12. If a pencil cost 2 cents, and a copy 6 cents, how many cents will both cost?
13. William lost 7 marbles and has 6 remaining ; how many had he at first?
14. There are 8 birds on one tree, and 9 on another; how many birds on both trees?
15. There are 4 hens in one coop, and 5 in another; how many hens in both coops?
16. I travelled 4 miles one day, and 7 miles the next; how many miles did I travel?

17 There are 6 eggs in one nest, and 8 in another; how many eggs in both nests?
y bats? ny boys?
many dollars? ally cents?
ny girls?
many houses? 1any fishes?

## tops?

of candy and 2 s did both cost?
and an apple cost ? cents. The sum of 1 : 3 ents.
apples, and his 1any apples had oseph gave him a copy 6 cents, is 6 remaining ; nd 9 on another; and 5 in another;
nd 7 miles the nd 8 in another;
18. Paid 5 cents for a kite, and 9 cents for some string ; how much did both rost?
19. A man bought $\because$ homes on Wredneselay and ! on Saturday; how many horses did he buy?
20. James put s rhaiss in the parlor, amd ti in the kitchen ; how many chairs did he rut in the two rooms?
21. I paid $: 3$ dollars for a hat, abd 6 dollars for a pair of pants; how murh momey did I spemd?
2. Michael bought 8 marbles, and aforwards won 7 ; how many marbles hat he then?

## IV.

## Add:

1. 1 and $0, \mid 10$ and $3, \mid 20$ and $5, \mid 30$ and $7, \mid 40$ and !. צ. 51 and 2,61 and 4,71 and 6,81 and 9,91 and 0 . 3. 2 and 1,12 and 1,22 and 2,32 and 2,42 and 3. 4.53 and 3,63 and 4,173 and 4,83 and 5,93 and 5.
2. 4 and 6,14 and 6,24 and 7,34 and 7,44 and 0 .
3. 55 and 0,65 and 8,75 and 8,85 and 9 ,
4. 6 and 9,16 and 8 ,
5. 97 and 0,87 and 1 ,
6. 8 and 7,18 and 3 ,
7. 69 and 1,59 and 0 ,

26 and 7,36 and 6 ,
77 and 2,67 and 3 ,
28 and 6,38 and 8 .
95 and 9.
46 and 5.
57 and 4. 48 and 4. 79 and 9,89 and 2,199 and 5.

| V. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $21+9=$ ? | $6 t+3=$ ? | $91+9=$ ? |  |  |
| $13+6=$ ? | $72+5=$ ? | $21+8=$ ? | 78+6=? | $92+7=?$ 86 7 |
| $24+1=$ ? | $60+7=$ ? | $7+14=$ ? | a $53+0=?$ | $86+3=?$ $72+9=?$ |
| $42+6=?$ $35+9=$ ? | $34+9=$ ? | $93+7=$ ? | $82+6=?$ | $6+12=?$ $6+12=?$ |
| $35+9=$ ? $74+8=$ ? | $88+4=?$ $62+9=?$ | $46+5=?$ $13+8=?$ | $9+31=$ ? | $7+90=$ ? |
| $56+6=$ ? | $57+8=$ ? | $10+8=?$ $40+0=?$ | $8+12$ $90+7$ | $55+2=?$ |
| $47+7=$ ? | $63+5=$ ? | 61+8=? | $90+7=?$ $68+13=?$ | $93+9=?$ |
| $11+8=$ ? | $23+9=$ ? | $32+1=$ ? | $68+13=?$ $49+7=?$ | $27+6=$ ? $7+8 t=?$ |

## VI.

Add :

1. By threes, from 2 to 110 .

Thus, 2 and 3 are 5 , and 3 are 8 , and 3 are 11, $\mathbb{E} e$.
.. By twos, from 3 to 81.
3. By threes, from 1 to 61 .
4. By fours, from 3 to 115.
5. By fives, from 2 to 77 .
6. By fives, from 4 to 104 .
7. By sixes, from 3 to 57 .
8. By sixes, from 5 to 83 .
9. liy sevens, from 4 to 116 .
10. By sevens, from 6 to 118 .
11. By eights, from 1 to 89 .
12. By eights, from 5 to 69.
13. By eights, from 7 to 55 .
14. By nines, from 3 to 102 .
15. By nines, from 4 to 76 .
16. By nines, from 8 to 116.
17. By threes, from 11 to 44.
18. By fives, from 7 to 47 .
19. By sevens, from 9 to 86.
VII.

1. A news boy sold 10 papers in the morning and 7 in the afternoon ; how many papers did he sell during the day?
2. If Joseph has 3 cents in one pocket, and 10 cents in another; how many cents has he?
3. William paid 12 cents for a slate and 1 cent for
4. There are 17 trees in one field and 9 in another; how many trees in the two fields?
5. If there are 15 panes of glass in one window and 8 in another; how many panes in both windows?
he morning and pers did he sell pocket, and 10 las he?
te and 1 cent for
and 9 in another ;
6. Francis had 25 cents and his uncle gave him 5 more ; how many cents had Francis then?
7. Albert took 14 roses from a bush, and Mary took 9 from the same bush; how many roses were taken from the bush?
8. If John say 64 words in a minnte, and Thomas 8 , how many words will both say in a minute?
9. Thomas plucked 47 plums from a tree, and picked 9 off the ground; how many plums had Thomas?
10. In a company there are 56 private soldiers, and 6 officers ; how many men in the company?
11. How many cents must I pay for a pound of butter worth 36 cents, and a pound of cheese worth 9 cents?
12. Robert having 65 marbles, won 8 ; how many had he then?
13. There are 19 books on a shelf and 6 on a table; how many books in all?
14. During a recitation 25 questions were answered correctly, and 8 incorrectly ; how many questions were asked?
15. Alexander is 36 years old, and Jacob is 9 years older ; how old is Jacob?
16. During a game of base-ball, one side made 16 runs, and the other five; how many runs were made by both sides?
17. In the park 45 boys were playing ball, and 7 were playing leap-frog; how many boys were engaged in both games?

## 32

## ADDITION

18. James paid 4 cents for a kite, and 95 cents for a sled; how much did he spend for both?
19. Frederick rode 5 miles by stage, and 38 miles by railroad; how far did he travel?
20. Bought a penknife for 57 cents, and sold it for 6 cents more than I paid for it ; how many cents did I receive?

Add

| 63 |  | 42 | 57 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 |  | 25 |  |
|  | - |  | 30 |
| 57 |  | 31 | 68 |
| 11 | 26 | 31 |  |



| 35 | 92 | 81 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 13 | 38 | 43 |


| 54 | 39 | 21 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 45 | 60 | 75 |

3 , and 95 cents for or both?
tage, and 38 miles ?
ts, and sold it for w many cents did

Find the sum of IX.

Find the sum of IX. \begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|l}
10 and 16 \& 44 and 16 \& 32 and 47 \& 23 and 39 \& 92 and 18 <br>
25 and 11 \& 24 and 36 \& 25 and 27 \& 76 and 54 \& 87 and 32 <br>
86 and 13 \& 73 and 38 \& 62 and 37 \& 67 and 58 \& 19 and 91 <br>
12 and 27 \& 17 and 57 \& 17 and 92 \& 44 and 63 \& 80 and 57 <br>
14 and 40 \& 28 and 15 \& 73 and 73 \& 71 and 28 \& 26 and 90 <br>
65 and 12 \& 39 and 32 \& 64 and 48 \& 88 and 15 \& 80 and 49 <br>
47 and 10 \& 46 and 27 \& 49 and 56 \& 12 and 63 \& 47 and 52

 

10 and 16 \& 44 and 16 \& 32 and 47 \& 23 and 39 \& 92 and 18 <br>
25 and 11 \& 24 and 36 \& 25 and 27 \& 76 and 54 \& 87 and 32 <br>
86 and 13 \& 73 and 38 \& 62 and 37 \& 67 and 58 \& 19 and 91 <br>
12 and 27 \& 17 and 57 \& 17 and 92 \& 44 and 63 \& 80 and 57 <br>
14 and 40 \& 28 and 15 \& 73 and 73 \& 71 and 28 \& 26 and 90 <br>
65 and 12 \& 39 and 32 \& 64 and 48 \& 88 and 15 \& 80 and 49 <br>
47 and 10 \& 46 and 27 \& 49 and 56 \& 12 and 63 \& 47 and 52
\end{tabular}



 | 10 and 16 | 44 and 16 | 32 and 47 | 23 and 39 | 92 and 18 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 25 and 11 | 24 and 36 | 25 and 27 | 76 and 54 | 87 and 32 |
| $\therefore 6$ and 18 | 73 and 38 | 62 and 37 | 67 and 58 | 19 and 91 |
| 12 and 27 | 17 and 57 | 17 and 92 | 44 and 63 | 80 and 57 |
| 14 and 40 | 28 and 15 | 73 and 73 | 71 and 28 | 26 and 90 |
| 62 and 12 | 39 and 32 | 64 and 48 | 88 and 15 | 80 and 40 |
| 47 and 10 | 46 and 27 | 49 and 56 | 12 and 63 | 47 and 52 | 28 and 21 16 and 33

\& 7 and 12

$$
\text { ADDITION. } 33
$$ 47 and 52 77 and 67 54 and 98 67 and 99 X .

1. William has 54 cents and James has 43 ; how much money have both?
2. A farmer having 47 ducks, bought 16 more; how many ducks did he have then?
3. How many dollars will pay for a shawl worth 27 dollars, and a dress worth 45 dollars?
4. A butcher killed 25 cows on one day and 38 the next day; how many cows did he kill on both days?
5. A tailor sold 75 yards of cloth on Monday and 62 yards on Tuesday; what was the amount sold?

6 Purchased two tubs of butter, the larger containing 93 pounds, and the smaller, 56 pounds ; how much butter did I purchase?
7. A real estate agent sold two lots containing, one, 83 acres, and the other, 44 ; how many acres did he sell ?
8. A man owes 35 dollars for groceries, and 72 dollars for rent; how much does he owe?
9. In a school consisting of two classes, the first class has 42 pupils, and the second 71 ; how many pupils in the school?
10. Henry is now 16 years of age, how old will he be 36 years hence?
11. Jane's library contains 35 books, and Charles's: 25 ; how many books in both libraries?
12. John received 33 grood points for arithmetic one week, and 38 the next ; how many good points did he receive ?
13. Patrick gave 75 cents for an Advanced Reader, and 55 cents for a small dictionary; how much did he give for both?
14. In a certain class 26 boys have neck-ties, and 17 have none; how many boys in the class?
15. During a monthly competition, one class received 93 credits, and another 78 ; how many credits were received by both?
16. How much money will be required to purchase a bat worth 65 cents, and a ball worth 89 cents?
17. Andrew bonght a pair of skates for 95 cents, and sold them so as to grain 16 cents; what was his selling price?
18. February has 28 days and March 31, how many days in both months? and 39 to Mr. Jones; how many yards of cloth did he sell?
20. Thomas not having written the 25 lines imposed as a task, had them increased by 19 ; how many
lines has he to write?
classes, the first
71 ; how many
how old will he
is, and Charles's ies?
for arithmetic ny good points
ranced Reader, how much did
neek-ties, and class?
, one class re$v$ many credits
ed to purchase
80 cents?
for 95 cents, what was his

31, how many
o Mr. SL_ith, of cloth did

25 lines im. ; how many

## OPERATION OF ADDITION.

 Let it be required to find the sum of 455,854 , and 696 . OPERATION. Solution-Having written the numbers so that475 mits of the same orler stand in the same column, We hegin at the right and ald each column separ. ately. The sum of 6 units and 4 units is 10 units : and 10 units and 5 units are 15 units, which are equal to 1 ten and 5 units. We write the 5 units wider the column of units, and carry tho 1 ten to column of tens. We next add the column of tens beginning with the 1 ten which we carried from units colnmn. The sum of 1 ten dull 9 tens, is 10 tens, and 5 tens are 15 tens, and 7 tens are 92 tons; that is, 2 hundreds and 2 tens. Writing the 2 tens in the column of tens, we carry the 2 himilreds to the column of hundreds. The sum of the hundreds thus increased, $2+6+8+4$, is 20 hundreds; that is, 2 thousands and 0 liundreds. As this is the last column we set down the entire sum. The nnmber, 9095 is, therefure, the reflired sum, because it is the sum of the units, tens, and liundreds of the given nu ubers.

|  | Illustrations. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (!) | (2.) | (3.) | (4.) |  |
| 412 | 49 | 418 | 4734 |  |
| 348 917 | 716 | 36 | 8062 |  |
|  | 503 | 672 |  |  |
| 1672 | 1268 | 1126 | 12987 |  |
| (5.) | (6.) |  |  |  |
| 542 feet. | 260 days. |  | (7.)278 pounds. |  |
| 717 | 428 "600 |  |  |  |
| 203 " |  |  | 402 " |  |
| 971 " | 26 " |  | 736877 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $24: 3$ feet. |  | 314 days. | 2293 | und |

Noie. - The operation of alding a column of figures should be abHreviated by simply naming the result of each step. Thus, in example 5, the pupil should say $1,4,11,13$. (Ist. column); 1, 8, 9,13 , (2d column); and 1, 10, 12, 19, 24, (3d column).

## WRITTEN EXERCISESS.

Add the following :

1. Three hundred ninety ; eight hundred thirtysix; three hundred twenty-six; and two hundred nine Ans. 1761.
2. Three thousand, forty-eight, one thousand, four hundred eighteen ; one thonsand, two hundred fiftyiwo ; and one thoasand, nine hundred ninety-one.

Ans. 7709.
3. Eight hundred two ; two hundred seventy-two ; two hundred sixteen ; and five handred thirty-nine.

Ans. 18 e9
4. Six handred ten; one thousand, seven hundred lairty-six ; four thousand, eight hundred ninety-seren; seven hundred one; eight hundred thirtythree; and seven hundred ninety-six. Ans. 9573.
5. One thousand, two hundred two; five thousand five hundred five; six hundred seventy-eight; two thousand, fifty-one; and one thousand, three humdred thirty-nine

Ans. 10775.
6. Two thousand, three hundred sixty-seven; eight hundred seven; five hundred twenty-four; and three thousand, one hundred seventy. Ans. 6868.
7. Four thousand, five hundred seventy-eight; nine hundred sixty-one; five hundred seventy-two; and three hundred sixty-three.

Ans. 6474.
8. One thousand, three hundred nine; four thous and, three hundred twenty-nine; one thousand, two hundred sixty-five; three hundred eight; and four hundred twenty-six.

Ans. 'i337.
9. Eight hundred; four thousnnd, one hundred
eighty-three; two thousand, one hundred sixty-four ; three hundred twenty ; and eight hundred five.
II.

| 10. | 176 | 302 | 490. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 11. | 674 | 523 | 241. |
| 12. | 715 | 672 | 80.5 |
| 13. | 335 | 856 | 274. |
| 14. | 643 | 129 | 576. |
| 15. | 496 | 257 | 490. |
| 16. | 1045 | 8037 | 6191. |
| 17. 5434 | 2305 | 1140. |  |
| 18. | 3287 | 4662 | 9815. |
| 19. | 4906 | 879 | 3402 |
| 20. | 7603 | 46 | 709. |
| 21. | 2004 | 5087 | 603. |

III.

| $(22)$. | $(23)$. | $(24)$. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3416 | 7422 | 6089 |
| 8743 | 8674 | 7906 |
| 2655 | 9830 | 4078 |


| 14814 |  | 25926 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(26)$. |  | $(27)$. | $(28)$. |
| 96327 |  | 37951 | 56789 |
| 86438 |  | 98029 | 37454 |
| 69476 |  | 96746 |  |
|  |  | 15079 |  |
| $(39)$. |  | 181.$)$ |  |
| 333355 | 45706 | 502.$)$ |  |
| 766988 | 569897 | 767448 |  |
| 544375 | 847687 | 189979 |  |

Ans. 827:.
Сі". 968.
Ans. 1438.
Ans. 21!?.
Ans 1465.
Ans. 1348.
Ans. 1243.
Ans. 1527 .
Ans. 8879.
Ans. 17264.
Alis. 9187.
Aㅆ.. 8358.
Alls. 7694.
ive thousond y-cight; two , three hunAns. 10775. sixt y-seven ; twenty-four ; y. Ans. 6868. venty-eight; eventy-two ;

Ans. 6474.
four thous ousand, two t ; and four
Ans. : 337. ne hundred

## IV.

34. Three hundred sixty-five thousand, four hundred sixty-two ; five hundred sixty thousand, four hundred twenty-seven ; four hundred five thousand, seven inudred sixty-three; one hundred thirty-six thousand, one hundred sixty-six. Ans. 1467818.
35. Three hundred twenty; four hundred fourteen thousand, five hundred ninety ; and eight hundred seventy.

Ans. 415780.
36. Two thousand, five hundred thirty-seven; nine thousand, three hundred eighty-one : six hundred sixty-eight; nine hundred ; and fifty-nine thousand, seven hundred forty-four.

Ans. 23230.
37. Seven hundred three; one thousand, five hundred ninety; one hundred twenty; eight hundred thousand, sixty-six ; and three thousand, seven hundred seventy-seren.
38. Two hundred ten thousand, three hundred eight ; twenty-eight thousand, seven hundred fiftysix; three thousand, one hundred forty-two; and thirteen thousand, seven hundred fifty.
39. One hundred nineteen thousand, ninety-four; two hundred fifty-five thousand, two hundred seven. teen ; three hundred thousand, sixty-five; and sixtyeight thousand, six hundred.

Ans. 946580.
40. Sixty-four thousand, four hundred sixty-seven ; one thousand, five hundred twenty; seven thousand, nine hnndred thirty-six; thirteen thousand, seven hundred forty-four ; nine thousand, nine hundred fifty-five; and eleven thousand, eight hundred twenty-two.

ADDITION.
V.

1, four hunusand, four e thousand, d thirty-six $n s .1467818$. red fourteen ht hundred lns. 415780. seven ; nine ix hundred c thousand, Ans. 23230. d, five hunht hundred seven hun-
ee hundred idred fifty-r-two; and inety-four ; dred seven. ; and sixtyIns. 946580 . ixty-seven; even thouthousand, , nine hunit hundred

ADDITION.

| $(70)$. | $\cdot(71)$. | $(72)$. | $(73)$. | $(74)$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 205 | 910 | 749 | 102. | 482 |
| 431 | 796 | 322 | 893 | 396 |
| 304 | 804 | 416 | 421 | 410 |
| 276 | 510 | 702 | 605 | 516 |
| 153 | 312 | 512 | 734 | 503 |
| 421 | 406 | 614 | 896 | 912 |
| 689 | 527 | 785 | 431 | 431 |


| $(75)$. | $(76)$. | $(77)$. | $(78$. |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4321 | $(i-93$ | 5002 | 7893 |
| 5678 | 405 | 3015 | 4821 |
| 3134 | 7931 | 6912 | 5632 |
| 5063 | 3144 | 7896 | 345 |
| 2093 | 5689 | 4004 | 21 |
| 7245 | 3965 | 7965 | 4002 |
| 2653 | $\boxed{0}$ | 4689 | 3112 |
| 203 | 6009 | 398 | 705 |
| 5035 | 3965 | 4590 | 3456 |
|  | - | - |  |
|  |  |  |  |

41. The $\operatorname{Sign}, \$$, written before a number signifies dollars. Thus, the expression $\$ 120$ is read one humdiel twenty .dollars.
42. Doilars and cents may be written together, the ronts being separated from the dollars by a point. Thus, the expression, $\$ 25.35$ is read 25 dollars and 35 cents.

Express by proper signs and figures, the following EARRCLSES.

1. Serm dollars and twenty-four cents.
2. Sixteen dollans and londy cents.
3. Forty-seven dollans and sixty-three cents.
4. Ninei $y$-mine dollars and lourten rents.
5. Eighty-seren comts.
6. Seventy-fira cents.
7. Eleven dollars and cleren cents.
8. Filty dollars and twenty-five cents.
9. Nineteen dollars and three conts. 10. Filly rents. Eighiy-five cents.
10. Three dollars and lilty cents.
11. Sixty-two dollars and nine cents.
12. Thirty-seven cents.
13. Sixty-two cents.
14. Thirty-three dollars and one cent.
15. Seventy dollars and ten cents.
16. Your rents. Eight cents.
17. Thirty-three remts. Fire cents.
18. One hundred dollars and three cents.
19. In writing dollars and cents for the purpose of adding them, the separating points must stand in the same column.
20. What is the sum of $\$ 10.27, \$ 123.06, \$ 206.90$ $\$ 3.10$, and $\$ 0.46$ ? operation.
\$10.27
123.06 206.90
3.10
0.46 $\overline{\$ 343.79}$

Solition-Having arranged the numbers according to Art. 43, we add then by the principles of simple addition. The separating point is placed in the result immediately inder those of the given numbers.

In the same mamer add the following:

| $(2)$. |
| :---: |
| $\$ 81.05$ |
| 54.62 |
| 125.84 |
| 370.62 |
| $\$ 632.13$ |


| $(5)$. |
| ---: |
| $\$ 65.14$ |
| 91.73 |
| 182.64 |
| 79.30 |
| 20.37 |

(8.)
$\$ 5838.24$

| 618342 | 30000.00 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 981.3 l | 4706.50 |
| 89.65 | 373.33 |
| 326.10 | 876.45 |
| 4823.63 | 1950.55 |

(4.)
$\$ 78.50$
151.63
06.18
12.03
(7.)
$\$ 2245.76$
791.18
33.87
6.75
650.37
$\$ 1638.24$
(9.)
$\$ 1846.25$
30000.00
4706.50
373.33
876.45
1950.55
(10.)
\$37608.75
6000.00 2337.25
840.16
73.82
10950.63
$\$ 58810.61$
11. Find the sum of $\$ 75.85 ; \$ 16.05 ; \$ 123.25$; $\$ 475.00 ; \$ 325.50 ; \$ 110.16$.
12. Find the sum of $\$ 3284.63 ; \$ 87.24 ; \$ 1325.55$; \$1806.10
13. Add $\$ 26.45 ; \$ 33.80 ; \$ 70.67 ; \$ 8.70$; and $\$ 63.73$.
14. Add $\$ 135.10 ; \$ 0.17 ; \$ 1.67 ; \$ 1800.00 ; \$ 3.60$; and $\$ 367.25$.
15. A grocer bought sugar for $\$ 19.26$; coffee for $\$ 8.35$; tea for $\$ 16.75$; butter for $\$ 17.16$; cheese for $\$ 5.70$; and eggs for $\$ 4.75$. What was the amount of his purehases?

Ans. $\$ 71.98$.
16. A owes $\$ 137.75$ to $\mathrm{B} ; \$ 297.25$ to $\mathrm{C} ; \$ 960.00$ to D ; and $\$ 500.50$ to E ; what is his indebtedness?
17. A lady purchased a dress for $\$ 27.60$ : a shawl for $\$ 14.75$; a bomet for $\$ 6.50$; a pair of gloves for $\$ 1.75$; and 6 handkerchiefs for 90 cents ; how much money did she expend?
18. Mr. Owens bought a house for $\$ 3816.00$; paid $\$ 175.75$ for reparing it, and $\$ 200.75$ for painting it; then sold it at a profit of $\$ 575.50$; what was his selling price?
19. A merchant imported goods to the amount of $\$ 3827.50$; paid duties $\$ 650.75$; and freight $\$ 127.50$; what was the entire cost of the goods ?
20. A farmer made the following sales: wheat, $\$ 087.00$; potatoes, $\$ 67.00$; corn, $\$ 180.75$; cabbage,败 16.80 ; turnips, $\$ 20.60$; apples, $\$ 76.05$; pears and peaches, $\$ 99.18$; what was the amount of the sales?
21. How much will a pupil pay for the following set of school-books: Intermediate Reader, 45 cents; Grammar, 36 cents; Arithmetic, 40 cents ; Catechism, 12 cents; Geography, 70 cents; and a U. S. History, 25 cents?
22. In a family of five persons, the father ea:ns * 12.50 per week; the mother, $\$ 6.75$; the daughter, $\$ 1.25$; one of the sons, $\$ 10.00$; and the other son, \$4.65; what are the weekly wages of the family?

## WRTTTE, ELIRRCLSES.

| $(1)$. | $(2)$. | $(3)$. | $(4)$. | $(5)$. | $(6)$. | $(7)$. | $(8)$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 78 | 24 | 18 | 12 | 79 | 83 | 40 | 82 |
| $\vdots 9$ | 68 | 75 | 35 | 47 | 20 | 55 | 41 |
| 31 | 52 | 69 | 24 | 93 | 88 | 61 | 89 |
| 46 | 37 | 37 | 11 | 45 | 43 | 72 | 20 |
| 39 | 21 | 12 | 13 | 60 | 23 | 45 | 73 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $(9)$. | $(10)$. | $(11)$. | $(12)$. | $(13)$. | $(14)$. | $(15)$. | $(16)$. |
| 27 | 53 | 30 | 84 | 46 | 79 | 92 | 13 |
| 82 | 46 | 87 | 47 | 13 | 20 | 15 | 93 |
| 50 | 92 | 12 | 39 | 64 | 18 | 26 | 22 |
| 99 | 38 | 56 | 10 | 21 | 32 | 98 | 69 |
| 13 | 84 | 73 | 35 | 37 | 47 | 72 | 18 |
| 67 | 75 | 69 | 21 | 48 | 53 | 45 | 22 |
| 48 | 90 | 58 | 19 | 59 | 61 | 82 | 87 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| (17.) | (18.) | (19.) | (20.) | (21.) | (2.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 214 | 182 | 831 | 231 | 507 | 792 |
| 931 | 903 | 477 | 894 | 931 | 406 |
| 653 | 756 | 922 | 510 | 196 | 317 |
| 892 | 193 | 462 | 714 | 572 | 508 |
| 701 | 411 | 509 | 872 | 831. | 704 |
| (23) | (-2.) | (25.) | (26) | (27.) | (28.) |
| 43 | 837 | 14:3 | 6\%2 | 956 | 396 |
| 103 | 502 | 201 | 709 | 382 | 408 |
| 419 | 901 | 384 | 243 | 405 | 191 |
| 692 | 368 | 572 | 571 | 172 | 782 |
| 785 | 417 | 709 | 83.2 | 2913 | 401 |
| 603 | 596 | 819 | 431 | 184 | 756 |
| 411 | 032 | 345 | 709 | 279 | 83\% |

ADDITION. 45

| $(29)$. | $(30)$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8912 | 3965 |
| 7056 | 2138 |
| 2398 | 4760 |
| 1702 | 9093 |
| 4109 | 8197 |


| (34.) | $(35)$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9132 | 4562 |
| 4216 | 3954 |
| 5842 | 1894 |
| 7720 | 9467 |
| 8654 | 5974 |
| 9328 | 3192 |
| 1217 | 1804 |
| 5689 | 5287 |

(39.)

| 64781 | 38393 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 94975 | 97684 |
| 70897 | 37469 |
| 84518 | 54507 |
| 39572 | 92841 |
| 64784 | 91950 |
| 43062 | 86372 |
| 14849 | 59841 |
| 39047 | 61136 |
| 28634 | 90110 |


| (31.) |
| :--- |
| 1045 |
| 3923 |
| $786!$ |
| 5281 |
| 2109 |


| $(32)$. | $(33)$. |
| :--- | ---: |
| 7432 | 1009 |
| 5681 | 4982 |
| 8476 | 3875 |
| 9401 | 4623 |
| 7198 | 9742 |


| $(36)$. | $(37)$. | $(38)$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6486 | 2345 | 9784 |
| 2447 | 2981 | 4956 |
| 5819 | 7108 | 3927 |
| 1234 | 5643 | 5273 |
| 9768 | 2731 | 1459 |
| 3521 | 1852 | 2186 |
| 7923 | 2946 | 1355 |
| 4210 | 1598 | 9761 |

(4?.)
8932!
72013
40965
81707
34562
9314 ?
09825
42623
18764
56348

## SUBTRACTION.


43. Subtraction is the process of finding the difference between two numbers.

## SUBTRACTION TABLE.

0 from any number leaves that number; thus, 0 from 1 leaves 1 ; 0 from 2 leaves $?$, etc.

| 1 from | 2 from | 3 From |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 leaves 0 | 2 leave 0 | 3 leave 0 |
| 2 leaves 1 | 3 leave 1 | 4 leave 1 |
| 3 leaves 2 | 4 leave 2 | 5 leave 2 |
| 4 leaves 3 | 5 leave 3 | 6 leave 3 |
| 5 leaves 4 | 6 leave 4 | 7 leave 4 |
| 6 leaves 5 | 7 leave 5 | 8 leave 5 |
| 7 leaves 6 | 8 leave 6 | 9 leave 6 |
| 8 leaves 7 | 9 leave 7 | 10 leare 7 |
| 9 leaves 8 | 10 leave 8 | 11 leave 8 |
| 10 leares 0 | 11 leare 9 | 12 leave 9 |


| 4 FRom | 5 FROM | 6 FRom |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 leave 0 | 5 leave 0 | 6 leave 0 |
| 5 leave 1 | 6 leave 1 | 7 leave 1 |
| 6 leave 2 | 7 leave 2 | 8 leave 2 |
| 7 leave 3 | 8 leave 3 | 9 leave 3 |
| 8 leave 4 | 9 leave 4 | 10 leave 4 |
| 9 leave 5 | 10 leave 6 | 11 leave 5 |
| 10 leave 6 | 11 leave 6 | 12 leave 6 |
| 11 leave 7 | 12 leave 7 | 13 leave 7 |
| 12 leave 8 | 13 leave 8 | 14 leave 8 |
| 13 leave 9 | 14 leave 9 | 15 leave 9 |


| 7 FROM | 8 from | 9 from |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 leave 0 | 8 leave 0 | 9 leave 0 |
| 8 leave 1 | 9 leave 1 | 10 leave 1 |
| 9 leare 2 | 10 leare 2 | 11 leave 2 |
| 10 leave 3 | 11 leare 3 | 12 leave 3 |
| 11 leave 4 | 12 leave 4 | 13 leave 4 |
| 12 leave 5 | 13 leave 5 | 14 leave 5 |
| 13 leave 6 | 14 leave 6 | 15 leave 6 |
| 14 leare 7 | 15 leave 7 | 16 leave 7 |
| 15 leare 8 | 16 leave 8 | 17 leave 8 |
| 16 leave 9 | 17 leave 9 | 18 leave 9 |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

## I.

What remains after taking

II.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11 | 12 |  |
|  |  | 10 | 14 |  |
| $10-9=$ ? |  | $16-7=$ ? | $16-6=$ ? | 11 |
|  |  | 14 | $14-3=$ ? | $18-7$ |
| $12-7=$ ? | 16 | 12 | 17 |  |
| $13-4=$ ? | $11-8=$ ? | $18-5=$ ? | 16 |  |
| $11-0=$ ? | ? | 16-4 | 17 |  |
|  |  | $17-5=$ ? | $18=$ |  |

## III.

| $6+7-3=?$ | $14+4-9=?$ | $6-4+1=?$ | $10-(3+5)=?$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $8+4-5=?$ | $16+2-7=?$ | $16-3+7=?$ | $18-(7--2)=?$ |
| $9+2-6=?$ | $13+3-1=?$ | $14-9+3=?$ | $9-(4+3)=?$ |
| $7+7-5=?$ | $12+5-4=?$ | $9-8+6=?$ | $15-(6-1)=?$ |
| $8+6-3=?$ | $15+0-8=?$ | $11-3+9=?$ | $13-(7+2)=?$ |
| $9+8-6=?$ | $9+9-6=?$ | $7-4+6=?$ | $14-(5+4)=?$ |
| $5+4-2=?$ | $16+1-7=?$ | $15-5+18=?$ | $16-?=9$ |
| $8+8-9=?$ | $11+3-5=?$ | $16-9+10=?$ | $10-?=6$ |
| $3+9-1=?$ | $10+4-8=?$ | $14-4+3=?$ | $13-?=7$ |
| $7+9-6=?$ | $12+4-?=?$ | $9-6+12=?$ | $18-?=11$ |

## IV.

1. Subtract 5 from $6 ; 16 ; 26 ; 36 ; 46,56 ; 66$; $76 ; 86 ; 96$.
2. Subtract 4 from $14 ; 44 ; 24 ; 94 ; 84 ; 64 ; 54$; $34 ; 74$.
3. Subtract 7 from $13 ; 33 ; 23 ; 43 ; 14 ; 24 ; 64$; 74.
4. Subtract 9 from $18 ; 28 ; 78 ; 97 ; 67 ; 15 ; 75$; $85 ; 12 ; 62 ; 42$.
5. Subtract by threes from 29 to 2 .
6. Subtract by sixes from 45 to 3 .
7. Subtract by eights from 79 to 15 .
8. Subtract by twos from 63 to 1.
9. Count by fires from 6 to 46 and back again.
10. Count by sevens from 9 to 72 and back again.
11. Subiract by 9 's from 100 to 1 .
12. Subtract by 4 's from 83 to 7 .
V.
13. Margaret rought 7 cakes, and eat 4; how many had she remaining?

Solution.-If Margaret bought 7 cakes and eat 4 of them, she must have remaining the difference between 7 cakes and 4 cakim, which is 3 eakes. Therefore, if Margaret bought 7 cakes and eat 4 of them, she has 3 cakes remaining.
2. George picked 6 quarts of strawberries and William 4; how many more quarts did George pick th:m William?
3. A boy had 9 cents and spent 3 for fire-crackers; how many cents had he left?
4. Albert caught 7 butterflies, but 2 got away; bow many had he then?
5. Jane bought five oranges and gave away 2; how many had she for herself?
6. Henry sold for 7 cents a kite that cost him 5 ceuts ; how many cents did he gain?
7. Charles rises at 6 o'clock aud studies till 8 ; how many hours does he employ in study?
8. You have 8 fingers on both hands. Close 3 and tell me how many remain open.
9. If I borrow $\$ 12$ and pay back $\$ 5$, how much do 1 still owe?
10. A boy had 16 rabbits, 7 of which were killed by a dog. How many rabbits has he left?
11. Mr. Brown purchased $\$ 6$ worth of provisions, and gave the clerk a $\$ 10$ bill ; how much change did he receive?
12. In a class of $\varrho 5$ boys, 9 were detained for bad conduct; how many were dismissed?
13. A boat containing 23 persons capsized, and 8 were drowned ; how many were saved?
14. How many days from the 4 th to the 27 th of July?
15. I bought a harness worth $\$ 22$, and paid $\$ 5$ on it ; how much do I still owe?
16. In a company of soldiers there were 78 men. Of these 5 were killed, and 4 wounded; how many were fit for duty?
17. Abel is 8 years of age. How many years will pass before he is 55 years?
18. A school contained 9 more girls than boys. There were 67 girls; how many boys?
19. A farmer raised 38 tons of hay and sold 6 of them ; how many tons remain?
20. There were 16 persons in an omnibus. After 5 sot out, and 3 got in, how many persons were then in the "bus"?
21. In a ring there were 19 marbles. James shot away 6, and Edward 2 ; how many remained in the ling?
22. Richard had 27 marbles. He won 16 and lost 7 ; how many had he then?

23 William had 1 cent and his uncle gave him 8 more. How much does he still want to purchase a pair of skates worth 79 cents ?
24. There were 86 peaches on a tree. The wind blew ofl 5 ; how many peaches remained on the tree?
25. An arithmetic is worth 70 cents, and a slate is worth 8 cents. What is the difference of their prices?
26. James had 17 oranges. He gave 4 to Mary, 5 to Esther, and sold the rest ; how many did he sell? 27. Oliver had 15 lines to write from his history. He wrote 4 on Moaday, and the same number on Tuesday; how many had he still to write?
28. James is 14 years old, Emma 4 years older, and Jessie 7 years younger than Emma; how old are Emma and Jessie?
29. 18 boys were going to have a swim; 3 stopped to hear a hand organ, and 5 ran to a fire. How many went to swim?
30. What is the difference between $16+11$ and $2+8$ ?

## V.

From 26 take 15 From 47 take 21 From 69 take 36 From 74 take 23 From 63 take 31 From 15 take 11 From 37 take 16 From 99 take 63 From 86 take 74 From 28 take 21 From 74 take 25 From 27 take 19 From 83 take 57

From 87 take 36
From 43 take 29
From 62 take 47
From 39 fake 29
From 38 take ?9
From 95 tabe 46
From 37 take 35
From 46 take 38
From 73 take 66
From 92 take 78
From 54 take 48
From 38 take 36 From 70 take 16

From 84 take 69 From 56 take é7 From 97 take 89 From 42 take 26 From 22 take 18 From 31 take 29 From 64 take 17 From 91 take 36 From 72 take 49 From 88 take 67 From 69 take 58 From 90 take 26 From 81 take 37

## VII.

1. Martin had 25 cents, and spent 15 cents for a lunch; how many cents had he left?

Mary, 5 d he sell? s history. umber on ars older, how old

3 stopped e. How +11 and

4 take 69
6 take é 7 7 take 89 2 take 26 0 take 18
take 29 1 take 17 take 36 take 49 3 take 67 take 58 take 26 take 37
2. From a flock of 87 sheep a farmer sold 26 ; how many had he remaining?
3. Purchased a watch for $\$ 47$, and sold it for $\$ 34$. How much did I lose?
4. Luke is 17 years old, and his father 58 years old. What is the difference of their ages?
5. A geography is worth 70 cents, and a small grammar 36 cents; how much more is the geugraphy worth than the grammar?
6. In the last examination James had 75 per cent. and Heury 38 per cent. What per cent. had James more than Henry?
7. A person spent 37 cents in a store. What change did he receive if he gave a 50 cent piece?
8. Joseph ran 84 rods and William 56 ; how much further did Joseph run than William ?

9 . The sum of two numbers is 75 , and one of them is 25 . What is the other?
11. A man sold a horse for $\$ 87$, which was $\$ 18$ more than it cost; what was the cost price?
12. John has 63 cents. If he spend 4 cents for marbles, 25 cents for a ball, and 5 cents ior peanuts, how many cents will he have left?
13. A tree 58 feet high was broken off 46 ft . from the top. How high is the remaining piece?
14. A foreman receives $\$ 80$ a month. He pays $\$ 6$ for a ton of coal, $\$ 20$ for provisions, $\$ 3$ for a pair of shoes, and $\$ 14$ for sundry affairs; how much has he remaining?
15. A lady went shopping with one $\$ 5$ bill and two $\$ 10$ bills. She spent $\$ 3$ for ribbons, $\$ 6$ for vel-
vet, $\$ 7$ for silk, and $\$ 2$ for lining. How many dollars and she remainging?
16. A farmer having 64 sheep, sold 17 of them to $\mathrm{A}, 36$ to B , and the remainder to C . How many did C receive?
17. 16. pupils were promoted from a class of 75 ; and on the same day 11 were received into the class; how many pupils were then in the lass?
18. John had 26 cents, and his mother gave him32. He then lost 17 ; how many cents had he left?
19. Sold a sled wortl 87 cents for a penknife, and 15 cents; what was the penknife worth?
20. Mr . White had $\$ 93$ in bank. He took out $\$ 37$ on Monday; and put in $\$ 26$ the sane afternoon. On Tuesday he took out $\$ 16$; how much has he now in bank?

## VIII.

1. To 5 add 7 ; subtract 6 ; add 4 ; subtract 9 ; add 11 ; subtract 3 ; add 4 ; add 12 ; subtract 15 ; add 2 ; what is the result?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 2. } 7-2+5-1+9-6+12+1-5+20-37=\text { ? } \\
& \text { 3. } 3+17-11+37-6+2+5-25+7-30=\text { ? } \\
& \text { 4. } 18-12+4-10+1-1+6-3+7=? \\
& \text { 5. } 3+7-4+5-1+10-6+2-8+1-3-6=\text { ? } \\
& \text { 6. } 3-2+8-8+6+3-2+10-6-7+4=\text { ? } \\
& \text { 7. } 17+8-6+10-8-3+74-6=? \\
& \text { 8. } 47+7+10-25+5-6-4+3-13-7+4+2=? \\
& \text { 9. } 38-1+3-30+17+3-16+2-7+1-4=\text { ? } \\
& \text { 10. } 67-8+1-50+47-6+7-8+32-2+3=? \\
& \text { 11. } 46-26+17+7-8+3-16+2=? \\
& \text { 12. } 18+7-5+32-6+7-2-8+16-7+23=?
\end{aligned}
$$

## OPERATION OF SUBTRACTION.

1. Let it be required to find the difference between 837 and 564.

From 5726 take 3428

Remaind:r, 2308
Prooi, $\overline{5736}$
operation. Minuend, Subtrahend, 564 Remainder, 273 from 3 tens, we add 1 line below. Since 6 tens cannot be taken tens. Now, 6 tons from 13 , or 10 tens to the 3 tens, making 13 der the tens. To compens leave 7 . tens; which we write unto the minuend, we diminate for the 10 tens, or 1 hundred added 5 hundreds taken from 7 hundreds hundreds by 1 hundred. Then ten under hundreds.
The number 273 is, therefore, the differeace between the two given numbers; because it is the sum of the several remainders, obtained by subtracting the parts of the subtrahend from the corresponding parts of the minuend. (Principle III.)

## Illustrations.

Solution.-Wo write the subtrahend under the minuend so that units of the saine order shall stand in the same column. Beginning at the right, we see that 4 units from 7 units leave 3 units, which we write in tho line below. Sing in tho | -out 100n. On e now in add 2 ;

| 6. | 895-371. | Ans. 524. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. | 178-153. | Ans. 25. |
| 8. | 387-152. | Ans. 235. |
| 9. | 396-312. | Ans. 84. |
| 10. | 297-174. | Ans. 123. |
| 11. | 952-834. | Ans. 118. |
| 12. | 733-214. | Ans. 519. |
| 13. | 487--329. | Ans. 158. |
| 14. | 877-593. | Ans 284. |
| 15. | 736-682. | Ans. 54. |
| 16. | 758-378. | Ans. 380. |
| 17. | $785-597$. | Ans. 188. |
| 18. | 476-284. | Ans. 192. |
| 19. | 894-698. | Ans. 196. |
| 20. | 943-764. | Ans. 179. |
| 21. | 587-364. | Ans. 223. |
| 22. | 829-74. | Ans. 755. |
| 23. | $700-309$ | Ans. 391. |
| 24. | 186-98. | Ans. 88. |
| 25. | 200-45. | Ans. 155. |
| 26. | 9084-5579. | Ans. 3505. |
| 27. | 6240-4089. | Ans. 2151. |
| 28. | 5089-3009. | Ans. 2080. |
| 29. | 9001-2532. | Ans. 6469. |
| 30. | 7689-2137. | Ans. 5552. |
| 31. | 7224-973: | Ans. 6251. |
| 32. | 1096-982. | Ans. 114. |
| 33. | 4232-109. | Ans. 4123. |
| 34. | 9624-4007. | Ans. 5617. |
| 35. | 7586-397. | Ans. 7189. |
| 36. | 3120-895. | Ans. 2225. |
| \&-7. | 6000-3006. | Ans. 2994. |

38. 2364-1008. Ans. 1356.
39. $5307-48$.
40. 4800-376.
41. $9854-7926$.
42. 44699-9886.
43. $67888-8096$.
44. $22003-10008$.
45. 48909-19898.
46. 71968-50003.
47. 70000-69999.
48. 66901-8909.
49. 91111- 8908
50. 16843-13959.
51. 57345-22198.
52. 35123-112 і.
53. 82036-4804.
54. 21185—5706.
55. 58900-46304.

- 56. $353655-9447$.

57. 478547-92215.
58. $847654-398007$.
59. 504245-102907.
60. 642006-97719.
61. 703901-65809.
62. 644305-509709.
63. 458724-417384.
64. 698447-525809.
65. $500702-309908$.
66. 201006-106207.
67. 376210-265100.
68. $709558-636900$.
69. $369636-84907$.

Ans. 5259.
Ans. 4424.
Ans. 1928.
Ans. 34813.
Ans. 59792.
Ans. 11995.
Ans. 29011.
Ans. 21965.
Ans. 1.
Ans. 57902.
Ans. 82203.
Ans. 2884.
Ans. 35147.
Ans. 23916.
Ans. 77232.
Ans. 15479.
Ans. 12596.
Ans. 344208.
Ans. 386332.
Ans. 449647.
Ans. 401338.
Ans. 544287.
Ans. 638092.
Ans. 134596.
Ans. 41340.
Ans. 172638.
Ans. 190794.
Ans. 91799.
Ans. 111110.
Ans. 72658.
Ans. 284729.

## UNITED STATES CURRENCY.

To subtract dollars and rents write them as in addation, so that the separating points may fall in the same column. Thus, to subtract $\$ 17.67$ from $\$ 26.03$, we place the less number under the greater. taking care to have the points in the same column, and then proceed as in ordinary subtraction.

Itilustration.
Minuend, \$26.03
Subtrahend, 17.67
Remainder, \$8.30

|  | $(1)$. | $(2)$. | $(3)$. | $(t)$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From | $\$ 39.62$ | $\$ 186.25$ | $\$ 170.00$ | $\$ 2084.62$ |
| take | 14.37 | 49.75 | 37.33 | 1950.37 |
|  | $\$ 25.25$ | $\$ 136.50$ | $\$ 132.67$ | $\$ 134.25$ |
| (5.) | $(6)$. | $(7)$. | $(8)$. |  |
| $\$ 2500.00$ | $\$ 360.01$ | $\$ 8100.75$ | $\$ 10760.00$ |  |
| 1750.20 | 73.09 | 998.63 | 8700.75 |  |

9. Purchased a house for $\$ 16787.99$ and sold it for $\$ 18000.00$; what was my gain? Ans. $\$ 121201$
10. A tailor purchased cloth to the amount of $\$ 63.25$ and afterwardssold it for $\$ 59.16$; what was his loss?
11. A and $B$ began business with a capital of $\$ 16000.00$. If A put in $\$ 9713.73$, what was B's share of the capital?

Ans. \$6286.27.
12. A gentleman having $\$ 3800.25$ in bank, drew out $\$ 468.71$; how much has he remaining in bank?
13. A lady buys a barrel of flour for $\$ 7.25$, and hands the seller a $\$ 10$ bill; how much change should she receive?
14. A mechanic Ans. \$2.75. $\$ 26.85$; how much is still due him?
15. A merchunt in Ans, \$10.63. amount of $\$ 3615.70$, and day sold goods to the What was his haying price?
16. How much must be adder Als. $\$ 2651.90$. it \$1000?
17. A man with $\$ 10000$ cosh Ans. \$324.62. goods business, paying 8 cash invests in the dry $\$ 2987$ for the goods $\$ .073 .75$ for the store and $\$ 2987$ for the goods How much cash has he left ?
18. If a man receives $\$ 150.00 \mathrm{per}$ Ans. $\$ 1339.25$. $\$ 32$ for provisions, $\$ 16.75$ for clothingth, and pays and $\$ 19.67$ for sundry be able to save each month ? 19. A farmer sold hay for $\$ 16.15$ Ans. $\$ 51.58$. $\$ 16.75$, and a calf for $\$ 18$ for $\$ 16.15$, vegetables for ment butter worth $\$ 6.10$, flour He received in payremainder in cash. How flour worth $\$ 7.60$, and the remainder in cash. How much cash did he receive?
20. An auctioneer received furnitur Ans. $\$ 37.65$. of $\$ 7864$, which he anctioned off in ture to the value $\$ 4620.75$, and the other for off in two lots, oze for on the furniture?
21. I bought a pair of horses Ans. \$243.25. for $\$ 60.50$, and a carriage forses for $\$ 620$, a harness for both horses and hare for $\$ 300$ less than I paid the carriage ?
60. SUBTRACTION.

WRITTEN EXERCISES.

| $(1)$. | $(2)$. | $(3)$. | $(4)$. | $(5)$. | $(6 . j$ | $(7)$. | $(8)$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 93 | 47 | 82 | 51 | 67 | 89 | 21 | 50 |
| 86 | 32 | 70 | 49 | 52 | 28 | 19 | 42 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $(9)$. | $(10)$. | $(11)$. | $(12)$. | $(13)$ | $(14)$. |  |  |
| 946 | 423 | 482 | 703 | 681 | 732 |  |  |
| 817 | 296 | 379 | 486 | 397 | 489 |  |  |


| $(15)$. | $(16)$. | $(17)$. | $(18)$. | $(19)$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3841 | 4928 | 9238 | 7678 | 8728 |
| 1974 | 2396 | 5373 | 6723 | 5921 |


| (20.) |
| :--- |
| 47206 |
| 39135 |


| (21.) |
| :--- |
| 80129 |
| £6547 |

(22.)
(23.) 20001 19245
(27.) 49345 30921
(28.)

72145 .
9062


| (26.) |
| ---: |
| 57932 |
| 9682 |


| $(30)$. |
| :---: |
| 70093 |
| 19027 |

## SUBTRACTION.

32. 493-387. Ans 106
33. 4061-289. Ans 3772
34. 537-29. Ans 508
35. 601-482. Ans 119
36. 3971-896. Ans 3075
37. 4008-3196. Ans 812
38. 2134-97.
39. 493-281.
40. 175-26.
41. $832-746$.
42. 201-156.
43. $824-357$.
44. $923-868$.
45. 1002-491.
46. $796-485$.
47. $371-296$.
48. 4321-3924.
49. $862-674$.
50. 502-209.
51. 738-21.
52. 892-406.
53. $56892-7964$.
54. 5394-4096.
55. 792-485.
56. 6931-5076.
57. 392-289.
58. 702-498.
59. 2020-1965.
60. 70065-3962.
61. 8434-7908.
62. $456-390$.

## MULTIPLICATION.

44. Multiplication is the process of taking one number as many times as there are mits in another.

## Multiplication Table.

Ouce 0 is 0 ; twice 0 is $0 ; 0$ taken any number of times is 0 . 0 times 1 is $0 ; 0$ times ? is $0 ; 0$ times any number is 0 .

| ONCE | TWICE | 3 TIMES | 4 TIMES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 is 1 | 1 is 2 | 1 is 3 | 1 is 4 |
| 2 are 2 | 2 are 4 | 2 are 6 | 2 are 8 |
| 3 are 3 | 3 are 6 | 3 are 9 | 3 are 12 |
| 4 are 4 | 4 are 8 | 4 are 12 | 4 are 16 |
| 5 are 5 | 5 are 10 | 5 are 15 | 5 are 20 |
| 6 are 6 | 6 are 12 | 6 are 18 | 6 are 24 |
| 7 are 7 | 7 are 14 | 7 are 21 | 7 are 28 |
| 8 are 8 | 8 are 16 | 8 are 24 | 8 are 32 |
| 9 are 9 | 9 are 18 | 9 are 27 | 9 are 36 |
| 10 are 10 | 10 are 20 | 10 are 30 | 10 are 40 |
| 11 are 11 | 11 are 22 | 11 are 33 | 11 are 44 |
| 12 are 12 | 12 are 24 | 12 are 36 | 12 are 48 |

king one 1 another.

## ORAL EXERCISES.

I.

How many are

| 3 times $9 ?$ | 2 times $9 ?$ | 3 times $2 ?$ | 2 times 5 ? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 times $7 ?$ | 7 times $4 ?$ | 2 times $6 ?$ | 9 times 1 ? |
| 5 times $6 ?$ | 9 times $6 ?$ | 8 times $3 ?$ | 7 times 8 ? |
| 6 times $8 ?$ | 8 times $8 ?$ | 3 times $6 ?$ | 4 times 5 ? |
| 9 times $9 ?$ | 5 times $1 ?$ | 5 times $5 ?$ | 7 times $1 ?$ |
| 2 times $1 ?$ | 2 times $4 ?$ | 6 times $4 ?$ | 6 times $6 ?$ |
| 9 times $7 ?$ | 4 times $9 ?$ | 5 times $3 ?$ | 7 times $3 ?$ |
| 8 times $5 ?$ | 6 times $7 ?$ | 7 times $7 ?$ | 9 times $5 ?$ |
| 2 times $2 ?$ | 3 times $5 ?$ | 4 times $8 ?$ | 8 times $9 ?$ |
| 3 times $4 ?$ | 7 times $5 ?$ | 8 times $2 ?$ | 4 times $4 ?$ |

## II.

| $13 \times 4=?$ | $16 \times 5=?$ | $11 \times 10=?$ | $18 \times 2=?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $15 \times 2=?$ | $12 \times 11=?$ | $10 \times 10=?$ | $11 \times 7=?$ |
| $12 \times 7=?$ | $18 \times 6=?$ | $18 \times 9=?$ | $16 \times 7=?$ |
| $14 \times 3=?$ | $17 \times 3=?$ | $14 \times 7=?$ | $14 \times 5=?$ |
| $11 \times 11=?$ | $14 \times 8=?$ | $17 \times 8=?$ | $12 \times 6=?$ |
| $10 \times 4=?$ | $12 \times 10=?$ | $15 \times 4=?$ | $17 \times 9=?$ |
| $15 \times 6=?$ | $15 \times 9=?$ | $12 \times 12=?$ | $10 \times 2=?$ |
| $17 \times 5=?$ | $18 \times 4=?$ | $13 \times 6=?$ | $15 \times 8=?$ |
| $12 \times 9=?$ | $16 \times 8=?$ | $16 \times 3=?$ | $13 \times 5=?$ |
| $13 \times 7=?$ | $13 \times 9=?$ | $14 \times 2=?$ | $18 \times 7=?$ |

MULTIPLICATION.
III.
times 5? times 1 ? times 8 ? times 5? times 1? times 6 ? times 3 ? times 5? times 9 ? times 4 ?


V .

1. What will 3 pounds of raisins cost at 11 cents a pound ?

Solution.-If 1 pound of raisins cost 11 cents, 3 pounds will cost 3 times as much as 1 pound, or 3 times 11 cents, which are 33 cents. Therefore, if 1 pound of raisins cost 11 cents, 3 pounds will cost 33 coluts.
2. What cost 2 spools of thread at 5 cents a prece?
3. In one gुallon there are 4 quarts; how many quarts in 7 ghllons? if gallons? 20 gallons?
4. There are $i$ days in a week; how many days in 9 weeks? 5 weeks? 3 weeks? 13 weeks? 15 weeks?
5. What will pounds of cheese cost at 9 cents a pound?
6. If you solve 8 problems a day, how many will you solve in 5 days? 7 days? 3 days? 2 days?
7. At 12 cents a piece what will 8 primers cost?
8. James carns $\$ 6$ a week and Henry $\$ 3$; how much will both carn in 3 weeks? 9 weeks? 13 weeks?
9. How many inches in 9 feet, each foot containing 12 inches?
10. What will 13 tons of coal cost at $\$ 7$ a ton? at $\$ 6$ ? at $\$ 8$ ? at $\$ 5$ ?
11. John bought 6 rubber balls at 16 cents rach. How much change should he receive fiom a dollar?
12. A man travelled by stage at the rate of 8 miles an hour. How far did he iravel in 9 hours? 11 hours? 16 hours ? 18 hours?
13. I bought 3 pounds of beef at 18 cents a pount and 11 pounds of rice at 11 cents a pound; wi ab did both cost ?
> 14. What will be the cost of 7 pounds of cute at
for

17 cents a pound, and 1 pound of tea at 75 cents a pound ? 88 miles a day and the other 24 ; how far apart are they at the end of 6 days? 2 days? 9 days?
16. A tailor bought 15 yards of cloth at $\$ 5$ a yard ; but it being dimaged he was obliged to sell it at a loss of \$13. IIow innch did he receive for it?
17. Joseph has 11 ehestunts, and Itenry 3 times as many less 16 ; how many has I Ienry?
18. Two men start from the same point and travel in opposite directions, one 34 miles a day, and the other 26 ; how far apart aro they in 5 days?
19. How many handkerehiefs in 8 boxes, each containing 25 of them?
20. Two men travelled toward each other, one 4 miles an hour, and the other 3. They had been travelling 22 hours before they met; how lar apart were they?
21. What cost 4 base balls at 75 cents a piece?
22. What cost 2 pairs of gloves at 67 cents a pair ? 23. A boy carned 67 cents a day and paid 47 of it for board; how much had he at the end of 6 days? sold it for $\$ 300$; how much did I gain ?
25. A carpenter earned $\$ 18$ a week, and a shoemaker \$11. How much more than the shoemaker. will the carpenter have earned in 16 weeks? 26. If a man dig 27 buned in 16 weeks? how many will be didushels of potatoes in one day, 27. What is the am in 6 days? 7 days? 3 days? quarts of soft-soan at ${ }^{+}$of the following bill : 6 quarts of soft-soap at 11 cents a quart ; 7 cakes of
soap at $!$ cents each ; and 2 brooms at 35 cents a piece?

28 If 7 men do a piece of work in 19 days, how long will it take one man to do it?

29 How many pounds of coflee in 4 bags, each containing 40 pounds? 37 pounds ? 50 pounds ?
30. If' 12 men build a wall in 12 days, how long will it take one man to build it?
31. There are 16 ounces in one pound ; how many ounces in 5 pounds ? 9 pounds? 3 pounds? 2 pounds?

32 . If 14 yards be required to make one suit of clothes, how many yards will 5 suits require? 3 suits? 7 suits?
33. If a pound of butter cost 23 cents, what will 9 pounds cost?
34. A farmer sold 16 bushels of potatoes to one man, 20 to another, and 32 to a third, at $\$ 2$ per bushel ; how much did he receive?
35. William is 15 years old and his uncle Charles is 4 times as old; what is the sum of their ages?
36. A farmer exchanged 17 barrels of apples worth $\$ 5$ a barrel, for 12 cords of wood at $\$ 7$ a cord. Did he gain or lose, and how much ?

## VI.

1. $6 \times 4,-3,+9, \times 2,-40,+5, \times 4=?$
2. $18-8, \times 10,-75, \times 2,-50,+1=$ ?
3. $37-3,-30, \times 6,+17,-65, \times 8=$ ?
4. $14 \times 4,-6,+13,+17,-65, \times 8, \times 11,-41=$ ?
5. $12 \times 9,-90, \times 3,-4,+11,-37, \times 5,-16=$ ?
6. $130-75,+5, \times 8,-400,+20,-68, \times 3=$ ?
7. $7+3,-4,+27,-6,-12, \times 8,-26=$ ?
cents a
is, how
rs, each
ds?
ow long

## $N$ many

 ounds?suit of uire? 3
t will 9
to one er bush-
8. $144-24,+80,-170, \times 2,+4,-30, \times 2-64=$ ?
9. $19+7, \times 5,-125,+9,-3, \times 12,-32,-16=$ ?
10. $33-13, \times 8,-79,+10, \times 3,-150,-25=$ ?

## Case I.

When the multiplier contains only one flgure.

1. Let it be required to multiply 895 by 7 .

Operation. Solurion.-After writing the multiplier Multiplicand, 895 under the lowest order of the maltiplicand Multiplier, $\quad 7$ and drawing a line, we begin to multiply at the right. 7 times 5 units, are 35 units, Product, 6265 whel are equal to 3 tens and 5 units. We write the 5 in units place, and reserve the 3 tens to be added to the prodnct of the tens. Multiplying 9 Lens by 7 we get 03 lens, whieh increased by the 3 tens reserved, give 66 tens, or 6 hundreds and 6 tens. We set down the 6 tens in tens place, and reserve the 6 humireds to add to the nexi product. 7 times 8 hundreds are 50 hundreds, plus the 6 hundreds reserved, make 62 hundreds, or 6 thousand and 2 hundreds. As we have no more orders to multiply, we put the 6 thousands and twe hundreds in their proper places. The resulting number, 626", is the required product.

## Illuestrations.


Illustrations.

| (2.) | (3.) | (4.) | (5.) | (6.) | '(7.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 213 | 432 | 341 | 526 | \$7.43 | \$5. 26 |
| 1 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | - 5 |
| 213 | 1296 | 12tit | 3156 | \$52.01 | \$20.30 |

## WRITVE'N EXE'RCISES.

 Multiply :8. 879 by 7. Ans. 6153.
9. 692 by $6 . ~ A n s .4152$. 10. 796 by ठ. Ans. 6368. 11. 476 by 3. Ans. 1428. 12. 582 by 5. Ans. 2910. 13. 607 by 6. Ans. 3642. 14. 840 by 3. Ans. 2520. 15. 736 by 2. Ans. 1472. 16. 913 by 4. Ans. 3652. 17. 619 by 6. Ans. 3714. 18. 495 by 3. Ans. 1485. 19. 856 by 9 . Ans. 7704. 20. 763 by 8. Aris. 6104. 21. 259 by 7. Ans. 1813. 22. 387 by 6 . Ans. 2322. 23. 954 by 9 . Ans. 8566 . 24. 832 by 4. Ans. $\mathfrak{e} 328$.
10. 604 by 8. Ans. 4832.
11. 336 by 4. Ans. 1544.
12. 945 by 7. Ans. 6615.
13. 776 by 6. Ans. 4656.
14. 525 by 8. Ans. 4200 .
15. 378 by 7. Ans. 2646.
16. 267 by 9. Ans. 2403.
17. 156 by 5. Ans. 780.
18. 801 by 2. Ans. 1602.
19. 307 by 4. Ans. 1228.
20. 471 by 6. Ans. 2826.
21. 167 by 9 . Ans. 1503.
22. 516 by 7. Ans. 3612.
23. 165 by 2. Ans. ' 330.
24. 722 by 8. Ans 5776. 40. 249 by 4. Ans. 996.
25. 90038 by 6 .
26. 783206 by 7.
27. 405182 by 6.
28. 178420 by 5 .
29. 218793 by 5 .
30. 218793 by 9 .
31. 380697 by 2. 7901 by 8.
32. $\quad 4.4905$ by 3 . 65. 302163 by 7. 66. 235619 by 6 .
33. 819273 by 5 .
34. 193111 by 4.
35. 374952 by 8.
36. 506044 by 9.
37. If a horse cost $\$ 180$, what will 9 horses cost at the same rate?
38. What will 21780 pounds of beef cost at 8 cents per pound?
39. If a barrel of flour cost $\$ 9$, what will 2.376 barrels cost?

4 What will 7 farms cost, at the rate of $\$ 56450$ each?

5 . If there are 5280 feet in a mile, how many leet in 6 miles?
6. If a man travels 7249 miles in one year, how many miles will he travel in 4 years?
7. How much will a merchant gain in 5 years, at the rate of $\$ 41695$ a year?
8. How much will a grocer pay for 2564 heads of cabbage at 3 cents a head?
9. 11 \$ 4 a cord what will 8596 cords of wood cost?
10. If a boy earns $\$ 6$ a week, how much will he earn in $\dot{\text { in }}$ weeks?
11. If it take tailor 7 days to make a suit of clothes, how lou will it take him to make 426 suits?
12. There are 52 weeks in a year, how many weeks in 8 years?
s. 1544.
s. 6615.
s. 4656 .
is. 4200 .
s. 2646.
s. 2403.
s. 780.
s. 1602.
s. $1 \varepsilon 28$.
s. 2826.
s. 1503.
s. 3612.
s. ' 330 .
s 5776.
\&. 996. Case II. one figure.

1. Find the product of 643 by 58 . operation.

Multiplicand, 643
Multiplier,
58

1st partial
product
2nd partial product

Product $\quad 37294 \quad 643 \times 58$ 58 is equal to 5 tens and 8 units, 58

Solution. - Having wrillen the multiplier under the multi. plicand so that units stand ander units, tens under tens, we. we begin at the right hand wan multiplyall the parts of the mu'. liplicand successively, by each term of the multipher, since times 643 must be equal 10 a
tras times $6: 43$ plus 8 units times 643 . Kaving found 8 units times G4? Iy the rule under Case 1 , to be 5144, we set it down as the first partial product. To find 5 tens times 613, we hegin by malliplying 3 units by 5 tens, which gives 15 tens, or 150 umts. Ombling the naught for units place, we set down the 5 tens in tens place and carry the 1 lamdred to tho next product. By multiplying the remaining terns of the multiplicand by the 5 tens of the multiplier, and carrying as before, wo obtain the second partial protluct ?lito ; which is equal to 5 tens or 50 times 643. Now, by adding the jartial products, 5144 and 39150 , we find the entire product 37994. In like manner we may Ind the products of any two numbers, being careful to place the first ngure of each partial product under the corresponding ingure of the multiplier.

| Illustrations. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2.) | (3.) |  | (4.) | (5.) |
| 327 | 46 |  | 316 | 435 |
| 46 | 327 |  | 63 | 78 |
| 1962 |  | 222 | 948 | 3480 |
| 1308 | 92 |  | 1896 | 3045 |
|  |  | 138. |  | - |
| 1.50 .42 |  |  | 19908 | 33930 |
|  | 15042 |  |  |  |
| (6.) | (7.) | (8.) | (9.) | (10.) |
| 263 | 425 | 548 | 318 | 862 |
| 32 | 21 | 45 | 25 | 59 |

WRITTEN ETERCISES.
Nultiply :
11. 354 by 19. Ans. $6726 . \mid 16.674$ by 45. Ans. 30330.
12. 295 by 23. ins. 6785.1 17. 906 by 53. Ans. 48018.
13. 359 by 36. Ans. 12924. 18. 863 by 25. Ans. 21575.
14. 487 by 28. Ans. 13636.
19. 735 by 42 . Ans. $30 \times 70$.
15. 546 by 32. Ans. 17472.
20. 683 by 56. Ans. 38248.
nits times down as hegin by 150 umis. us in tens ult'plying the mulli1 product by adding - product two num1 proluct

MUKTIPIICATION. 73
21. 521 by 39. Ans. 20319. 551. 4th by 63. Ans. 28161 22. 644 by 76. Aus. $48944 \cdot$ 52. 316 by 18. Ans. 5688 22. 978 by 41. Ans. 40098.53 .8736 by 96. Ans. 8386506 24. 872 by 47. Ans. $40!184$. 54.5485 by 88 . Ans. 482680 25. 761 by 58. Ans. 44138. 26. 408 by 69. Ans. 28152. 27. 607 by 78. Ans. $473+6$. 28. 329 by 84 .. Ans. 27636 . 2!. 534 by 93. Ans. 49662. 30. 285 by 74 . Ans. 21090. 31. 862 by 49. Ans. 42238 . 32. 794 by 24. Ans. 19056. 33. 827 by 52. $A m$ s. 43004 . 34. 502 by 71. Aus. 35642. 35. 288 by 42. Aus. 12096. 36. 839 by 89. Aıs. 74671. 37. 319 by 75. Ans. 23925. 38. 417 by 93. Ans. 38781. 39. 523 by 87. Ans. 45501. 40. 198 by 76. Ans. 15048 . 41. 879 by 34. Ans. 29886. 42. 725 by 77. Ans. 55825. 43. 306 by 37. Ans. 11322. 44. 696 by 58. Ans. 40368. 45. 287 by 69. Ans. 19803. 46.914 by 28. Ans. 25592. 47. 549 by 68. Ans. 37332 48. 705 by 99 . Ans. 69795. 49. 367 by 52. Ans. 19084. 50. 497 by 44. Ans. 21868.
55. 7137 by 25. Ans. 178425

5ti. 8409 by 63. Ans. 529767
57.6203 by 3.5. Ans. 228.305
58. 9046 by 47. Ans. 425162
59.52877 by 28.
60.918624 by 33.
61.270391 by 86.
62. 165197 by 75.
63. 2394 by 271.
64. 3164 by 315.
65. 1282 by 436.
66. 47.39 by 316.
67. 5821 by 427.
68. 3246 by 245.
69. 4871 by 562.
70. $65+7$ by 374.
71. 6293 by $85 \%$
72. 9785 by 976.
73. 5482 by 735.
74. 8673 by 193.
75. 907284 by 352.
76. 780725 by 639.
77. 2842753 by 784.
78.9316924 by 628.
79. 9454765 by 475 .
45. Annexing a cipher to a number moves each of its digits one place to the left, thus converting units into tens, tens into hundreds \&e.; which is the same as multiplying the number by 10 . Hence to multiply a numher by 10, we annex one cipher; to multiply it by 100, we annex two ciphers; and so un.

Ilidustrations.

1. Multiply 35 by 240 2. Multiply 3500 by 240 . operation.

| 35 <br> $24 \mid 0$ <br> 140 <br> 70 |
| :--- |
| $840 \mid 0$ |

operation,
$35 \mid 00$ $24 \mid 0$
140
70
8101000
Multiply :

| 3. | 8607 by | 10 | Ans. | 86070. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| 4. | 68038 by | 100 | Ans. | 6803800. |
| 5. | 780 by | 100 | Ans. | 78000. |
| 6. | 38600 by | 10 | Ans. | 386000. |

7. 37862 by 1000 Ans. 37862000 .
8. 98630 by 1000
9. 86421 by 10000
10. 378200 by 100000
11. 394 by 200
12. 5860 by 320
13. 8790 by 4600
14. 1576 by 3000
15. 1700 by 4200
16. 2030 by 5000 Ans. 10150000 .
17. 10800 by 250 Ans. 2700000 .
18. 46200 by 7130
each of ing units the same to multito mulso ull.
by 240.

UNITED STATES CURRENCY.
46. When one of the factors contains cents, or dollars and cents, multiply as in simple numbers. Joint off two places from the right, in the product, and prefix the sign \$.

1. What cost 27 tons of coal at $\$ 5.75$ a ton ?

## Operstion.

$\$ 5.75$
27
4025
1150
\$155 25
Sourtion-If one ton cost \$5.i5, 27 tons will cost 97 times $\$ 5.75$, which is $\$ 155.25$. Since the multiplicand contains cents, we must point off two places in the product.


$$
\begin{array}{lrr}
19 . & 47300 \text { by } & 16000 \\
20 . & 25000 \mathrm{by} & 16500 \\
21 . & 70500 \mathrm{by} & 40500 \\
22 & 40900 \mathrm{by} & 32000 \\
23 . & 98000 \mathrm{by} & 76000 \\
24 . & 53200 \text { by } & 10300 \\
25 . & 386000 \text { by } & 147000 \\
26 . & 70200 \text { by } & 2060 \\
27 . & 4030 \text { by } & 74000 \\
28 . & 405000 \text { by } & 3070000
\end{array}
$$

MULTIPLICATION.
8. At $\$ 4.80$ a bushel, what will 625 bushels of flaxseed cost?
9. What cost 83 bushels of corn, at 75 cents a bushel?
10. What cost 145 yards of sheeting at 8 cents a yard?
11. At $\$ 4.63$ a head, what will 378 sheep cost?

A॥. $\$ 1750.14$.
12. What cost 8 pieces of calico, each piece containing 25 yards, at 7 cents a yard?

Ans. $\$ 14.00$.
13. How much will a grocer pay for 2 chests of tea each containing 65 pounds, at 65 cents a pourd?

Ans. \$84.50
14. What will 19 hogsheads of vinegar cost, each containing 63 gallons, at 23 cents a gallon?

Ans. \$275.31.
15. Bought 9 cows at $\$ 30$ each, 13 horses at $\$ 135$ each, and 300 sheep at $\$ 3.50$ e each; what was the entire cost?
16. A merchant purchased 27 pieces of cloth each containing 54 yards, at $\$ 3.33$ a yard, and sold it for $\$ 3.45$ a yard; how much did he gain? Ans. 174.96 .
17. A flour merchant bought 450 barrels of flour for $\$ 3262.50$, and sold them for $\$ 8.63$ a barrel ; what did he grain?
18. A man earns $\$ 3.25$ a day, and his daily expenses are $\$ 1.89$; how much will he save in 365 days?
19. I sold 13 bales of cotton cloth, each bale containing 10 pieces, and each piece 19 yards at .05 per yard; what did I receive for the whole?
ls of flax$\$ 3000.00$. 5 cents a Ins. 62.25. 3 cents a Ins. 11.60. cost?
$\$ 1750.14$. iece cons. $\$ 14.00$. ests of tea pound? 2s. $\$ 84.50$ ost, each $\$ 275.31$. at \$135 was the 1s. $\$ 3075$. oth each ld it for s. 174.96 . of flour
el ; what $\$ 621.00$.
laily ex: in 305
$\$ 496.40$.
ale con.05 jer

MULIIPIICATION

## WRITTEN EXERCISES.










Multiply :
31. 965 by $7 . \quad$ Ans. 6755.
32. 1063 by $156 . \quad ' \Lambda n s .165828$.
33. 365 by $45 . \quad \Lambda \pi$ s. 10425 .
34. 7362 by $71 . \quad$ Ans. 522702.
35. 962 by 15. Ans. 14430 .
36. 2063 by $9 . \quad$ Aus. 18.1it.
37. 356 by 19.
38. 4906 ly 21.
39. 79602 by 59.
40. 79632 by 61.
41. 89213 by 76.
42. 5603 by 101.
43. 9632 by 569 .
$44 \quad 7326$ by 29.
45. 80632 by 108.
46. 7963 by 75.
47. 8932 by 276.
48. 8534 hy 962.
49. 70021 by 603 .
50. 50632 by 493.
51. 8934 hy 132.
52. 28561 by 175 .
53. 3962 by 581.
54. 8963 loy 705.
55. 7903 by 396.
¢6. 500 c 2 by 289.
57. 85632 by 5063.
58. 7009 by 304.
59. 450317 yy 792.

60,20003 by 142,

## DIVISION.

47. Division is the process of finding how many times one number is contained in another of the same kind.

## DIVISION TABLE.

0 divided by 1 equals 0 ; 0 divided by 2 equals $0 ; 0$ divided by any number equals 0 .

| $1 \div-1=1$ | $2 \div 2=1$ | $3 \div 3=1$ | $4 \div 4=1$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $2 \div 1=2$ | $4 \div 2=2$ | $6 \div 3=2$ | $8 \div 4=2$ |
| $3 \div 1=3$ | $6 \div 2=3$ | $9 \div 3=3$ | $12 \div 4=3$ |
| $4 \div 1=4$ | $8 \div 2=4$ | $12 \div 3=4$ | $16 \div 4=4$ |
| $5 \div 1=5$ | $10 \div 2=5$ | $15 \div 3=5$ | $20 \div 4=0$ |
| $6 \div 1=6$ | $12 \div 2=6$ | $18 \div 3=6$ | $24 \div 4=6$ |
| $7 \div-1=7$ | $14 \div 2=7$ | $21 \div 3=7$ | $28 \div 4=7$ |
| $8 \div 1=8$ | $16 \div 2=8$ | $24 \div 3=8$ | $32 \div 4=8$ |
| $9 \div 1=9$ | $18 \div 2=9$ | $27 \div 3=9$ | $36 \div 4=9$ |
| $5 \div 5=1$ | $6 \div 6=1$ | $7 \div 7=1$ | $8 \div 8=1$ |
| $10 \div 5=2$ | $12 \div 6=2$ | $14 \div 7=2$ | $16 \div 3=2$ |
| $15 \div 5=3$ | $18 \div 6=3$ | $21 \div 7=3$ | $24 \div 8=3$ |
| $20 \div 5=4$ | $24 \div 6=4$ | $28 \div 7=4$ | $32 \div 8=4$ |
| $25 \div 5=5$ | $20 \div 6=3$ | $85 \div 7=5$ | $40 \div 8=5$ |
| $30 \div 5=6$ | $36 \div 6=6$ | $42 \div 7=6$ | $48 \div-3=6$ |
| $25 \div 5=7$ | $42 \div 6=7$ | $13 \div 7=7$ | $56 \div 8=7$ |
| $40 \div 5=8$ | $48 \div 6=8$ | $56 \div 7=8$ | $64 \div 8=8$ |
| $45 \div 5=9$ | $54 \div 6=9$ | $63 \div 7=9$ | $72 \div 8=9$ |


| $9 \div 9=1$ | $10 \div 10=1$ | $11 \div 11=1$ | $12 \div 12=1$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $18 \div 9=2$ | $20 \div 10=9$ | $22 \div 11=2$ | $24 \div 12=2$ |
| $27 \div 9=3$ | $30 \div 10=3$ | $33 \div 11=3$ | $36 \div 12=3$ |
| $36 \div 9=4$ | $40 \div 10=4$ | $44 \div 11=4$ | $48 \div 12=4$ |
| $45 \div 9=5$ | $50 \div-10=5$ | $55 \div 11=5$ | $60 \div 12=5$ |
| $54 \div 9=6$ | $60 \div 10=6$ | $66 \div 11=6$ | $72 \div 12=6$ |
| $63 \div 9=7$ | $70 \div 10=7$ | $77 \div 11=7$ | $84 \div-12=7$ |
| $72 \div 9=8$ | $80 \div 10=8$ | $88 \div 11=8$ | $96 \div 12=8$ |
| $81 \div 9=9$ | $90 \div 10=9$ | $99 \div-11=9$ | $108 \div-12=9$ |

ORAL EXERCISES. I

| $6 \div 2=?$ | $14 \div 2=?$ | $24 \div 8=?$ | $48 \div 6=?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $8 \div 1=?$ | $18 \div 3=?$ | $28 \div 4=?$ | $45 \div 5=?$ |
| $9 \div 9=?$ | $16 \div 4=?$ | $20 \div 5=?$ | $48 \div 12=?$ |
| $4 \div 2=?$ | $15 \div 3=?$ | $32 \div 4=?$ | $44 \div-11=?$ |
| $6 \div 3=?$ | $12 \div 2=?$ | $30 \div 6=?$ | $49 \div 7=?$ |
| $8 \div 4=?$ | $12 \div 3=?$ | $35 \div 7=?$ | $56 \div 8=?$ |
| $9 \div 3=?$ | $18 \div 2=?$ | $36 \div 9=?$ | $50 \div 10=?$ |
| $8 \div 2=?$ | $25 \div 5=?$ | $32 \div 8=?$ | $54 \div 9=?$ |
| $7 \div 1=?$ | $24 \div 4=?$ | $36 \div 6=?$ | $64 \div 8=?$ |
| $6 \div 6=?$ | $27 \div 3=?$ | $40 \div 5=?$ | $63 \div 7=?$ |

II.

| ${ }_{2}^{16}=?$ | ${ }_{9}^{27}=$ ? | ${ }_{9}^{72}=?$ | ${ }_{2}^{10}=-$ ? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=?$ | ${ }_{7}^{28}=$ ? | ${ }_{9}^{81}=?$ | ${ }_{6}^{54}=$ ? |
| ${ }_{8}^{8}=?$ | ${ }_{5}^{30}=$ ? | $\frac{84}{12}=?$ | ${ }_{12}^{91}=$ ? |
| ${ }_{3}^{24}=?$ | ${ }_{11}^{33}=?$ | ${ }_{12}=$ ? | ${ }_{8}^{72}=$ ? |
| ${ }_{4}^{36}=?$ | ${ }_{5}^{35}=?$ | $\frac{48}{8}=?$ | $\frac{40}{5}=?$ |
| ${ }_{6}^{24}=?$ | ${ }_{6}^{42}=?$ | ${ }_{10}^{30}=?$ | $10=?$ |
| ${ }_{4}^{20}=?$ | ${ }_{9}^{45}=?$ | $\frac{10}{5}=?$ | $\frac{42}{7}=?$ |
| ${ }_{8}^{16}=?$ | ${ }_{7}^{56}=?$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99=? \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77=? \\ & 11=? \end{aligned}$ |
| $\frac{14}{7}=?$ | $x_{2}^{6}=?$ | $10=?$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11=? \\ & 18=? \end{aligned}$ |
| $12=?$ | ${ }_{9}^{63}=?$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12=? \\ & 12=? ~ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 80=? \end{aligned}$ |

I) IVISION.

## III

| $15 \div 5=?$ | $23 \div 3=?$ | $57 \div 10=?$ | $82 \div 10=?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $16 \div 5=?$ | $10 \div 4=?$ | $73: 8=?$ | $74 \div 11=?$ |
| $12 \div 6=?$ | $42 \div 8=?$ | $66 \div 7=?$ | $35 \div-4=?$ |
| $14 \div 6=?$ | $17 \div 6=?$ | $69 \div 8=?$ | $97 \div 4=?$ |
| $21 \div 7=?$ | $12 \div 7=?$ | $95 \div 11=?$ | $99 \div 12=?$ |
| $24 \div 7=?$ | $19 \div 3=?$ | $87 \div 1=?$ | $55 \div-7=?$ |
| $40 \div 8=?$ | $25 \div 6=?$ | $65 \div 9=?$ | $81 \div 12=?$ |
| $46 \div 8=?$ | $34 \div 5=?$ | $18 \div 11=?$ | $75 \div 9=?$ |
| $18 \div 9=?$ | $43 \div 5=?$ | $44 \div 7=?$ | $63 \div 10=?$ |
| $26 \div 9=?$ | $53 \div 9=?$ | $58 \div 9=?$ | $51 \div 6=?$ |

## IV

| $22 \div 2=?$ | $93 \div 3=?$ | $48 \div 3=?$ | $78 \div 7=?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $36 \div 3=?$ | $68 \div 2=?$ | $75 \div 5=?$ | $43 \div 3=?$ |
| $48 \div 4=?$ | $50 \div 5=?$ | $60 \div 5=?$ | $61 \div 4=?$ |
| $55 \div 5=?$ | $66 \div 6=?$ | $96 \div 8=?$ | $79 \div 5=?$ |
| $88 \div 4=?$ | $86 \div 2=?$ | $84 \div 7=?$ | $75 \div 4=?$ |
| $28 \div 2=?$ | $81 \div 4=?$ | $91 \div 7=?$ | $94 \div 6=?$ |
| $46 \div-2=?$ | $63 \div 3=?$ | $78 \div C=?$ | $82 \div 7=?$ |
| $69 \div 3=?$ | $96 \div 8=?$ | $85 \div 5=?$ | $33 \div 2=?$ |
| $77 \div 7=?$ | $44 \div 2=?$ | $42 \div 4=?$ | $47 \div 3=?$ |
| $64 \div 2=?$ | $99 \div 9=?$ | $51 \div 3=?$ | $58 \div 4=?$ |

$12 \div 12=1$
$24 \div-12=2$ $36 \div 12=3$ $48 \div 12=4$ $60 \div 12=5$ $72 \div 12=6$ $84 \div-12=7$ $96 \div 12=8$ $08 \div-12=0$
$8 \div 6=$ ?
$5 \div-5=$ ?
$8 \div-12=$ ?
$4 \div-11=$ ?
$9 \div 7=$ ? $3 \div 8=$ ? $\div-10=$ ? $t \div 9=$ ?
$\div 8=$ ?
$3 \div 7=$ ?
$10=-?$
$2==?$
$54=?$
$6=?$
$91=?$
$12=?$
$72=?$
$80=?$
$5=?$
$90=?$
$40=?$
$17=?$
$77=?$
$11=?$
$18=?$
$40=?$

V

| $(12+6) \div 3=?$ | $(37+16) \div 9=?$ | $(6 \times 9) \div 7=?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(20+4) \div 12=?$ | $(29-13) \div 6=?$ | $48 \div(2 \times 6)=?$ |
| $(17+11) \div 2=?$ | $(48-7) \div 11=?$ | $36 \div(3 \times 4)=?$ |
| $(26-6) \div 4=?$ | $(7 \times 6) \div 3=?$ | $72 \div(4 \times 2)=?$ |
| $(18-8) \div-2=?$ | $(8 \times 9) \div 6=?$ | $64 \div(3 \times 2)=?$ |
| $(47-5) \div 6=?$ | $(6 \times 4) \div 2=?$ | $96 \div-(8 \times 3)=?$ |
| $(19+17) \div 5=?$ | $(5 \times 8) \div 4=?$ | $84 \div(3 \times 4)=?$ |


VI.

1. At 4 cents a piece how many oranges can be bought for 16 cents? 28 cents? 32 cents? 20 cents? 8 cents?
2. A man earns $\$ 2$ a day. How long will it take him to carn $\$ 18$ ? \$4? \$6? $\$ 12$ ? $\$ 2$ ?
3. How many yards of mnslin can be bought for 72 cents, at 6 cents a yard? 8 cents? 12 cents? 9 cents?
4. How many times can 5 yards of cloth be taken from a piece containing 25 yards? 45 yards? 60 yards? $\grave{0}$ yards?
5. By writing 8 lines a day how many days will it take John to write 56 lines? 16 lines? $6 \pm$ lines? 88 lines? 40 lines?
6. At 11 cents a pound, how many pounds of sugar can be bought for 88 cexits? 55 cents? 99 cents? 22 cents?
7. If one man can do a piece of work in 36 days, how long will it take 9 men to do it? 4 men ? 6 men ? 3 men? 8 men?
8. Divide 24 into 3 equal parts. Into 6 equal parts.

can be 0 cents? l it take ht for 72 9 cents? be taken rds? 60
s will it nes? 88
unds of ats? 99
DIVT:ON.
9. How many dozen of eggs at 9 cents a dozen, can be bought for $\$ 1.08$ ? 81 cents? 63 cents? 99 cents? 10. There are 4 quarts in a gallon ; how many gallons in 36 quarts? 48 quarts? 12 quarts? 44 quarts? 11. From a farm containing 110 acres, how many lots of 10 acres each can be sold?
10. How many sheep at $\$ \bar{T}$ a head can be bought for $\$ 49$ ? $\$ 21$ ? $\$ 14$ ? $\$ 35$ ? $\$ 63$ ?
11. There are 12 months in a year; how many years in 84 months? 60 months? 120 months?
12. In what number of days will a man travel 30 miles, at the rate of 5 miles a day?
13. How many times 9 is 6 times 12 ?
14. At $\$ 2$ a piece, how many hats can be purchased for $\$ 32$ ? $\$ 48$ ? $\$ 72$ ? $\$ 86$ ?
15. Mr. Johnson travelled 140 miles in 7 days ; how many miles did he travel each day?
16. How often is 5 contained in 75 ? 95 ? 60?
17. How many barrels of apples, at $\$ 3$ a barrel, can be purchased for $\$ 72$ ? $\$ 65$ ? $\$ 39$ ?
18. A farmer bought sheep for $\$ 60$, at the rate of \$4 a head. How many did he buy?
19. How many barrels of flour can be sold for $\$ 120$ at $\$ 8$ per barrel?
20. If 9 barrels of flour cost 863 , what will 7 harrels cost?
21. If a man earn $\$ 505$ in 5 weeks, how much will he eara in 11 weeks?
22. If 8 yards of eloth cost 848 , what will 12 yards cost? 16 yards? yards? 14 yards?
23. What will 5 tons of hay cost, if $t w$ tons cost \$26? \$18? \$30? 36 ?

## DIVISICN.

26. How many bottles of mucilage at 10 cents ? bottle, will pay for 40 copies at 4 cents each?
27. At the rate of 28 miles in 7 hours, how far would a man travel in 20 hours ? 11 hrs . ? 14 hrs ?
28. How many bedsteads at $\$ 6$ each, can be bought for 11 boxes of oranges at $\$ 6$ each, and $\$ 18$ worth of lemons?
29. How many fancy lead-pencils at 9 cents each, will pay for 5 tops at 6 cents each, and 11 three-cent stamps?
30. How many times can a father divide $\$ 90$ among his three sons, giving each $\$ 5$ every time?

## VII

1. $5 \times 4, \div 2,+7, \cdots, 6,-24,+6, \div 11,+4=$ ?
2. $3+13, \times 5,-\cdots\left(i^{n},-\ldots 5, \times 3,+4, \div 7,-2,+8, \times 3=\right.$ ?
3. $27,-3, \div 8,+9, \times 9,-50, \times 3,-16,+25, \div 3=$ ?
4. $48 \div 6,+3, \times 9+1, \div 10,-4, \times 13,-8, \div 7,+4=$ ?
5. $144 \div 12,-1, \times 11,-13, \div 9,-5, \times 6 ;-2, \div 10=$ ?
6. $7 \times 9,-3, \div 4,+3, \times 3,-4, \times 2,-19, \div 9=$ ?
7. $36+9, \div 5,+2, \div 3,+4 ; \times 5,-25, \div 8,+6=$ ?
8. $21+9, \times 4,-10, \div 11,+16, \div 2,-3,-1, \times 9=$ ?
9. $108 \div 12,+11,+4, \div 4,+1, \times 7,-2, \div 3, \times 7=$ ?
10. $86-31, \div 11,+17,-4, \div 9,+7, \times 4,+11,-2=$ ?

## SHORT DIVISION.

how far 4 hrs ? e bought worth of
its each: ree-cent
ide $\$ 90$ time? Dividend
Divisor 5) 32540 Quotient 6508

## 1. Let it be required to divide 32540 by 5 .

operation.
Solutton,-Maving written the divisor at the left of the dividend, with a curved line between them, we begin at the , divide the different parts of the diviue, by the divisor. Since 5 is not contained in 3 we divide 32 by 5 . This gives 6 thousands for a quotent and 2 thousands for a remainder. We write the 6 thousands under the thousands, and to the remaining 2 thousands we annex the next figure which is 5 hundreds. 2 thousands and five hundreds are equal to 25 hundreds. 5 is contained in 25 hundreds, 5 hundreds times. Since there is no remainder, and since 4 is less than 5 , there are no tens in the quotient. We therefore write 0 in the place of tens, and annex the following figure to the four tens making 40 units. Dividing 40 units by 5 we obtain 8 units, which we place in the quotient under units. Hence the number 6508, being the sum of all the partial quotients obtained by dividing the parts of the dividend by the divisor, is the required quotient.

| (2.) Illustrations. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4) 672 | 6) 287 | 7) ${ }^{(4 .)}$ | (5.) |
|  |  | 7) 908 | 8) 8145 |
| Ans. 168 | 475 | 129 | 10181/8 |
| 168 | 47 | 129 | 1018 |
| Proof - ${ }^{4}$ | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 672 | 282 | 903 | 8144 |
|  | $b$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8144 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |
|  | 287 |  | 8145 |



## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic
Sciences


## WRITTEN EXERCISES.

Divide:
6. 840 by 4 . Ans. 210.
7. 950 by 5 . Ans. 190 .
8. 834 by 6 . Ans. 139.
9. 399 by 7. Ans. 57 .
10. 441 by $9 . \quad$ Ans. 49.
11. 392 by $8 . \quad$ Ans. 49.
12. 616 by 7 . Ans. 88 .
13. 555 by 3. Ans. 185.
14. 711 by 9
15. 736 by 8 ,
16. 879 by 5
17. 384 by 6
18. 472 by 4
19. 938 by 3
20. 477 by 2
21. 2735 by 7
22. 8945 by 6
23. 2147 by 8
24. 6092 by 9
25. 8070 by 8
26. 6439 by. 6
27. 8296 by 7
28. 7350 by 5
29. $5837 \div 4$
30. $4002 \div 3$
31. $73504 \div 8$
50. $76110884 \div 3$

## DIVISION.

61. If a hat $\cos \boldsymbol{\$ 3}$, how many hats st the same rate can a hat tor bu: for $\$ 219$ ?
62. A gentleman divided $\$ 560$ among some poor persons, giving $\$ 4$ to cach; how many poor persons were there?
63. If one slare cost 8 cents how many slates can be bought for 816 cents?
64. At $\$ 5$ a cotd how many cords of wood could i buy for $\$ 785$ ?
65. At the rate of 7 miles an sour, how long would it take a man to travel 5894 miles?

56 How many sh ep can be bought for $\$ 3216$ at the rate of $\$ 6$ per head ?
57. In how many days will a bank realize $\$ 3508$ 2, 1 its profits are $\$ 9$ a day ?
58. If Henry can read 8 pages of history in one hour. how long will it take him to read 504 pages? 59 There are 7 days in a week; how many weeks in i 820 days?
60. How many nails 3 inches long may be inade from a pisce of iron 3860 inches loug?
61. How long will it take a man to save $\$ 20537$ it he put $1 .$,
62. A increhant gained 139875 dollars in 11 years what was his average yearly gain?
63. How many loads may be taken from a baik of gravel of 32806 cubic feet, if each load contan 11

## LONG DIVISION.

1. Let it be required to divide 50289 by 372 .

Operation.
Divisor. Dividend. Quotient. 372 ) 50289 ( 135 375 1308 1116

1929
1860
Remainder, 69

Solurton.-Since 372 is not contained in 5 tens of thousands, or in 50 thousands any thousands times, there are no thousands in the quotient. Annexing the next figure, ?, we have 502 hundreds. 372 is contained in 502 hundreds 1 hundred times with a remainder. Write the 1 hundred in the guotient and multiply the divisor by it, subtracting the product from the 502 hundreds. This gives fon remainder 130 handreds; to which we annex the next figure 8 tens, making 1308 tens for the next partial dividend. The quotient of 1308 tens, by 372 is greater than 3 ${ }^{6}$ and less than 4 ; henoe there are 3 tens in the quotient. Multiplying 37: by tens, we have 1116 tens, and this taken from 1308 tens, leaves 192 tens; to which we annex the next figure 9 units, making 1999 units. 372 is contained in 1929 units, 5 times with a remainder. Writing the 5 units in the quotient, and multiplying and subtracting as before, we obtain the remainder 69 . Hence the quotient is 1 hundred, 3 tens, and 5 units or 135 , with a : ader of 69 .
2. Divide 1062934 by 306 , and prove it.

Operation. Ihivisor Dividend Quotient. 306) 1062934 ( 3473 918 $\overline{1449}$ 1224

2253
2142
1114
918
Remainder 196

## Proof.

 3473 Quojient. 306 Divisor.20838 10419
$\overline{1062738}$
196. Remainder.

1062934 Dividend.

DIV゙ISION.
WRITTEN NYERCISE'S.

Y 372.
not contained : in 50 thous , there are no t. Annexing ave 502 hunin 502 hun1 a remainder. quotient and , subtracting 02 hundreds. 30 bandreds; nexl figure 8 the next parreater than 3
Multiplying n 1308 tens, nits, making ith a remaining and sub. the quotient ler of 09.

3 Quocient. 6 Divisor.

Dividend.


| 40. | $38584 \div 53$ | 44. | 740 | 99 - 83 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41. | 10166 --26 | 45. | 64 | $4 \div-71$ |
| 42. | $70308 \div 37$ | 46. |  | --41 |
| 43. $436501 \div 95$ |  |  |  |  |
| 47. | 80819 - | 64. | Ans. |  |
| 48. | 32406 - | 3. | Ans. | 98. |
| 49. | 40950 - - | 26. | Ans. | 325. |
| 50. | 72828 - - | 67. | Ans. | 84. |

51. 51084:-396. Ans. 129.
52. $47025 \div 627$. Ans. 75.
53. $80257 \div 913$. Rem. 826 .
54. $74670 \div 108$. Rem. 42.
55. 145132 $\div 307$. Rem. 228.
56. 143682:-462. Ans. 311.
57. 734536 - 136. Ans. 5401

ภช. $350479 \div 320$. Rem. 79 .
59. 504800-: 208. Rem. 192.
60. $3971954 \div 427$. Ans. 9302 .
61. $8450834 \div 889$. Ans. 9506 .
62. $1317296 \div-232$. Ans. 5678 .
63. 6131043:-681. Ans. 9003 .
64. $1880810 \div 397$. Rem. 221.
65. $4020621 \div 5007$. Ans. 803.
66. $5718006 \div 6873$. Rem. 6543 .
67. 609960 $\div 1326$. Ans. 460.
68. $1220313 \div 4503$. Ans. 271.
69. 4605430:-7663. Rem. 7630 .

| 70. | $187790 \div 2110$ | 75. | $4268004 \div 5300$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| 71. | $273631 \div 7329$ | 76. | $2462776 \div 3709$ |
| 72. | $408576 \div 4864$ | 77. | $646301 \div 8219$ |
| 73. | $1395940 \div 3068$ | 78. | $11590744 \div 1352$ |
| 74. | $2987620 \div 6020$ | 79. | $16815620 \div 3470$ |


| 80. | 24134744 | 4072 | 86. | 28898922 | 88647 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 81. | 32174272 | 77432 | 88. | 7292924368 | 846007 |
| 82. | 12655696 | 56752 | 88 | 3289054376 | 13792 |
| 83. | 63000180 | 86420 | 89. | 10844675400 | 520117 |
| 84. | 704740 | 33400 | 90. | 65642058 | 326474 |
| 85. | 5787688 | 44671 |  |  |  |

UNITED STATES CURRENCY.
48. Reduce the dividend to cents if necessary, and divide as in simple numbers. The quotient will be the answer in cents; which may be reduced to dollars and cents by placing the separating point two places from the right.
49. When both dividend and divisor are in currency, reduce each to cents if necessary, and divide as in simple numbers. The quotient will be the required number.

Illuditrations.

1. Divide $\$ 187$ equally among 13 men .

2 For $\$ 600$ how many barrels of flour can be bought at $\$ 7.50$ per barrel ?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES.

3. Divide $\$ 396.76$ by 28.
4. Divide $\$ 1308: 24$ hy 79 .
5. Divide $\$ 6048$ by 108 .
6. Divide $\$ 37806.29$ by 392.
7. Divide $\$ 99.88$ by 11 cents.
8. Divide $\$ 137.97$ by 63 cents.
9. Divide $\$ 15275$ b
10. Divide $\$ 9672$ b
11. Divide $\$ 9003.75$
12. Divide $\$ 276.00$ by $\$ 920$.
13. If 63 acres of land cost $\$ 7938$, Ans. 30 . cost ? $\$ 1938$, what will 1 acre
14. If 516 chairs cost $\$ 201240$, Ans. $\$ 126$. cost?
15. How much a head will I pay fors. 3.90. cost $\$ 840.00$ ? 16. What is the price of $A n s$. $\$ 300$. 300 pounds cost $\$ 105$ ? 17. At $\$ 9.25$ a ton, how many tons. Ans. $85 c$. purchased for $\$ 120.25$ ?
16. How many baskets of Ans. 13 tens. for $\$ 6$, at the rate of 25 cents per basket? be bought -
17. Bought a barrel of vinegar Ans. 24 baskets. rate of 21 cents a sallon; hegr for $\$ 13.23$, at the barrel?
18. How much does a laborer receive Ans. 63 grals. for 42 days, he earns $\$ 56.70$ ?
19. At $\$ 7$ a barrel, how many barrels Ans. \$1.35. be bought for $\$ 273$ ?
20. How many yards of cloth can $\frac{\perp}{}$ Ans. 39 bbl . $\$ 633.50$ at $\$ 3.62$ per yard ? Ans. 175 yds.

## DIVISION.

WPITTEN EIYERCISES.

## Divide:

$\$ 56$.
ns. $\$ 96.44+$
vs. 908.
2s. 219 .
47
12.
2401.
30.
will 1 acro Ans. $\$ 126$. ill 1 chaur Ans. 3.90 . teep, if 280 Ans. \$300. and, when Ans. $8 \dot{\mathbf{s}} \boldsymbol{c}$. oal can be ns. 13 tens. e bought

24 baskets. 3, at the ms in the : 63 grals. $r$ day, if vs. \$1.35. lour can s. 39 bbl. hased for $175 y d s$.

## INTRODUCTORY FRACTIONS.

$$
\mathrm{I}
$$

1 How many halves in a unit? in 2 units? in 3 units? in 4 units? in 6 units?
2. How many thirds in a unit? in 2 units? in 3 units? in 5 units? in 8 units?
3. How many fourths in a unit? in 2 units? in 4 units? in 10 unite?
4. How many halves in a unit and $n$ half? in 2 units and a half? in 3 units and a half?
5. How many thirds in 3 units and a third? in 5 units and two thirds?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\frac{1}{2} \right\rvert\, 1 \text { unit }=\frac{2}{2}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { 50. If a unit is divided into } \\
\text { two equal parts, one of the } \\
\text { parts is called one half. }
\end{array}\right. \\
& \begin{array}{|l|l|}
\left.\frac{1}{3} \right\rvert\, \frac{1}{3} \\
\hline
\end{array} 1 \text { unit }=\frac{3}{3}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { If the unit is divided into } \\
\text { three equal parts, one of tho } \\
\text { parts is called one third; two } \\
\text { of the parts are called two } \\
\text { thirds. }
\end{array}\right. \\
& \begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\
\hline \frac{1}{4} & \ddagger \\
\hline
\end{array} \quad \text { unit }=\frac{4}{4}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { If the unit is divided into } \\
\text { four equal parts, one of the } \\
\text { parts is called one fourth; } \\
\text { two of the parts are called } \\
\text { two fourths, and three, three } \\
\text { fourths }
\end{array}\right. \\
& \text { ORAL EXERCISES }
\end{aligned}
$$

0 N.

ONS.
i divided into , one of the ne half.
livided into s, ouse of the c third ; two called two
ivided into one of the one fourth; are called three, three
nits? in 3 nits? in 3
uits? in 4
alf? in 2
ird? in 5

INTRODUCTORY FRACTIONS.

## II

1. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of $4, \frac{3}{3}$ of 8 .

Solution.-To find $\frac{1}{2}$ of any number divide that number by 2. Thus, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $4=4 \div 2=2$ Ans.
II. $\frac{3}{4}$ of $8=3$ times +8 of 8 Since $+\frac{1}{4}$ of $8=8 \div 4$, therefore 3
of $8=(8 \div 4) \times 3=6 ~ A n s . ~$
2. What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 ? of 10 ? of 14 ? of 20 ? of 24 ? of 30 ? of 50 ?
3. What is $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9 ? of 12 ? of 15 ? of 18 ? of 24 ? of 30 ? of 75 ?
4. What is $\frac{1}{}$ of 12 ? of 10 ? of 24 ? of 36 ? of 48 ? of 160 ? of 200 ?
5. What is $\frac{2}{3}$ of 9 ? of 12 ? of 18 ? of 21 ? of 60 ? of 90 ? of 120 ? of 300 ?
6. What is $\frac{3}{4}$ of 12 ? of 16 ? of 20 ? of 28 ? of 36 ? of 100 ? of 400 ?
7. At 20 cents a pound for honey, what mast you pay for half a pound?
8. When coal is worth 8 dollars a ton, what must be paid for $\frac{1}{4}$ of a ton?
9. If there are 12 onnces in a pound, how many ounces in $\frac{2}{3}$ of a pound ? cents in 3 of a dollar?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES.

1. What will $72 \frac{1}{2}$ yards of silk cost at $\$ 4$ a yard? Solution.- If one yard cost $\$ 4$, $72 \frac{1}{2}$ yards will cost $72 \frac{1}{2}$ times $\$ 4.72$ times $\$ 4=\$ 288$; and $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\$ t=\$ 2$. Hence $72 \frac{1}{2}$ yards will cost $\$ 288+\$ 2=\$ 290$ Ans.
2. At 30 cents a pound what will 88 pounds of tea cost?
3. If a man pays $22 \frac{1}{3}$ cents a pound for beef, what will 50 pounds cost him?

4 When raisins are worth $\frac{2}{3}$ of a doilar a box, what will 135 boxes cost?
5. What must a grocer pay for 36 bushels of potatoes at 621 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents a bushel?
6. What will 52 pounds of sugar cost at 113 cents a pound?
7. A man having $\$ 900$, spent ${ }_{3}$ of it How much had he left?
8. What cost 1297 dozen of eggs at $16 \frac{1}{2}$ cents a dozen?

Ans. $\$ 214.005$
9. At di cents a spool, what cost 9245 spools of thread?
10. What cost 7842 yards of muslin at $33 f$ cents a yard?

11 What is the cost of 525 pounds of sugar at $\$ 26 \frac{1}{2}$ cents a pound?
12. Find the cost of 2500 melons at 25 cents each?

$$
\text { Ans. } \$ 625 .
$$

13. What must be paid for 6 bales of cotton, $\$ 6.5$. taining 420 bounds each, at 163 cents a pound?
14. What will 18 pieces of calico, each containing $\$+20$. 45 yards cost, at 25 cents a yard? Ans. $\$ 202 . i 00$.
15. If a wheel turns 480 times in going a mile, how many times will it tum in going 85 of a mile? Ans. 300.
16. At $\$ P_{4}^{3}$ a yard what will be the cost of 240 yards of silk?
17. If a boy can write 50 pages in a week, how many pages can he write in $3 / 5$ of a week? Ans. 30.
18. A boy sold 91 dozen of eggs at 4 cents a piece. He received in payment 62 pounds of butter at 20 cents a pound, and 123 yards of ribbon at 3 cents a yard. How much is still due him?

ONS.
doilar a box,
shels of pota-
at 113 cents
How much
$16 \frac{1}{2}$ cents a 1 ns . \$214.095 45 spools of s. $\$ 577.8125$. t 33$\}$ cents a Ans. \$2614. sugar at $12 \frac{1}{2}$ $1 \mathrm{~ns} ., \$ 65.625$. cents each?
Ans. $\$ 625$. cotton, conound?
Alls. $\$ 20$. containing ns. \$20:.50. a mile, how e? Ans. 300. cost of 240 Ans. $\$ 660$. week, how :? Ans. 30. nts a piece. atter at 20 t 3 cents a


## ORAL EXERCTSES.

1. How many mills in a cent? in 2 cents? in 4 cents? in 6 cents? in 8 cents? in 14 cents?
2. How many cents in a dine? in 3 dines? in 5 dimes? in 9 dimes?
3. How many dimes in a dollar? in 12 dollars ? in 16 dollars ? in 20 dollars?
4. How many cents in 2 dollars ? in 7 dimes? in 5 dimes?
5. How many mills in 5 cents ? dimes in 3 dollars? cents in 6 dimes?
6. How many dollars in 4 eagles? in 7 eagles? in 12 eagles?
7. How many cents in 60 mills? in 80 mills? in 50 mills? in 30 mills?
8. How many cents and mills in 75 mills? in 86 mills ? in 37 mills? in 98 mills?
9. How many dimes and cents in 56 en ? cents in 82 cents?
10. How many eagles and dollars in 36 dollars? in 49 dollars ? in 72 dollars?

## English or Sterling Money.

| 4 farthings, fur., make 1 penny, marked d. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 pence | " | 1 shilling, | " | s |
| 20 shillings | " | 1 pound, | . |  |
| 21 shillings | " | 1 guinea. |  |  |

## ORAL EXERCTSES.

1. How many farthings in a penny? in 3 pence? in 7 pence? in 9 pence?
2. How many pence in a shilling ? in 4 shillings ? in 8 shillings ?
3. How many shillings in a pound? in 5 pounds? in 6 pounds? in 10 pounds?
4. How many shillings in a guinea? in 6 guineas? in 10 guineas?
5. How many farthings in 7d. and 3far.? in 8d. and 2 far. ?
6. How many shillings in $£ 4$. and 5s. ? in $£ 10$. and 12 s . ?
7. How many d. in 9 s .8 d . ? in 12s. 6d.?
8. How many pence in 20 farthings? in 48 farthings?
9. How many s. in 36 d . ? in 72 pence? in $96 d$ ? in 144 pence?
10. How many $£$ and s. in 25 shillings? in 68 shillings? in 146 shillings?

36 dollars?

EY.
ed d.
s.
£
in 3 pence?
4 shilling's?
n 5 pounds?

16 guineas?
far. ? in 8 d .
s. ? in $£ 10$.
? in 48 far-
? in 96 d ?
gs? in 68

TABLES.
Troy Weight.
99

The denominations of Troy Weight are pounds, ounces, pennyweights, and grains.

Gold, silver, jewels, and liquors are weighed by Troy Weight.
24 grains, gr., make I pennyweight, marked dwt. 20 pennyweights " 1 ounce, " " oz. rounces - " 1 pound, " lb. The pound Troy contains 5,760 grains.
ORAL EXCISES.

1. How many grains in a pennyweight? in 3 pennyweights? in 6 dwt.?
2. How many dwt. in an ounce? in 5 oz ? in 8 oz ? in 10 oz ?
3. How many ounces in a pound? in 4 lbs. ? in 7 lbs. ? in 9 lbs.? in 12 pounds?
4. How many pennyweights in 72 grains? in 96 grains? in 144 grains?
5. How many ounces in 40 dwt.? in 80 dwt. ? in 100 dwt. ?
6. How many pounds in 36 ounces? in 60 oz.? in 96 oz ? in 108 oz .
7. How many dwt. and grs. in 49. grains? in 80 grs. ? in 100 grs. ?
8. How many pounds and ounces. in 27 oz ? in 63 oz .? in 89 oz .?
9. How many dwt. in 4 oz . and 3 dwt ? in 7 oz . 5 dwt. ? 10. How many ounces in 6 pounds and 7 oz ? in

## Avoirdupois Weight.

Avoirdupois Weight is used to weigh all common goods, such as groceries, hay, grain, and all metals, except gold and silver.

The denominations of Avoirdupois Weight are tons, hundredweights, quarters, pounds, ounces, and drams.

| 16 drams, ir, | make 1 ounce, marked | oz. |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 16 ounces | $"$ | 1 pound, | " |
| 25 pounds | $"$ | 1 quarter, | " |
| 4 quarters | $"$ | 1 hundredweight, | cwt. |
| 90 hundredweight | $"$ | 1 ton, | T. |
| e pound Avoirdupois contains 7,000 grains. |  |  |  |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many ounces in a pound? in 4 pounds? in 8 pounds? in 10 pounds?
2. How many lbs. in 2 cwt. ? in 7 cwt . ? in 9 cwt ?
3. How many cwt. in a ton? in 6 tons? in 9 T. ? in 12 T .?
4. How many ounces in 3 pounds? in a hundredweight? in a ton?
5. How many pounds in 32 ounces? in 64 oz ? in 128 oz . ? in 144 oz . ?
6. How many cwt. and lbs. in 120 lbs. ? in 260 lbs.? in 340 lbs. ?
7. How many pounds and ounces in 39 ounces ? in 84 oz ? in 90 oz . ?
8. How many ounces in 5 lbs .11 oz ? ? in 4 lbs. 12 oz. ? in 10 lbs. 3 oz . ?
9. How many lbs. in 6 cwt. 25 lbs. ? in 7 cwt . 36 lbs. ?
10. How many tons and hundredweight in 45 cwt.? in 92 cwt. ? in 130 cwt. ?
in
in

## Apothecaries' Weight.

This weight is used by apothecaries and physicians in mixing their medicines. But medicines are generally sold, in the quantity, by a voirdupois weight.

Its denominations are pounds, ounces, drams, scruples, and grains.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
20 \text { grains, gr., make I surnple, marked sc. } \\
3 \text { scruples } & \text { " } & 1 \text { dram, } & \text { " } \\
8 \text { drams, } & \text { " } & \text { I ounce, } & \text { " } \\
\text { dr. } \\
12 \text { ounces } & " & \text { I pound, } & \text { " } \\
\text { lb. }
\end{array}
$$

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many grains in a scruple? in a seruples? in 5 scruples? in 7 se.?
2. How many sc. in a dram ? in 6 dr. ? in 9 dr. ? in 20 dr ?
3. How many sc. in 40 grs. ? in 90 grs. ? in 120 grs. ? in 140 grs. ?
4. How many drams in an ounce? in 5 oz. ? in 8 oz . ? in 15 oz ?
5. How many drams in 9 sc. ? in 15 sc. ? in 36 sc. ? in 51 sc.?
6. How many ounces in 24 dr . ? in 48 dr.? in 64 dr. ? in 96 dr . ?
7. How many ounces in a pound? in 3 pounds? in 5 pounds? in 15 pounds? in 20 pounds?
8. How many pounds in 48 oz ? in 108 oz ? ? in 240 oz ?
9. How many sc. in an oz. ? in a lb. ? in 1 lb. 6 oz. ?
10. How many grains in a dram? scruples in 4 drams? drams in 5 lbs.?

## Wine Measure.

Wine Measure is used for measuring all liquids, except ale, beer and milk.

The denominations of Wine Measure are luns, pipes, hogsheads, tierces, barrels, gallons, quarts, pints, and gills.

| 4 gills, gi |  |  | ked |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 pints |  | 1 quart, | rked |  |
| 4 quarts | " 1 | 1 gallon, | ، |  |
| $31 \frac{1}{2}$ gallons | " 1 | 1 barr | \% | bb |
| 42 gallons | ' 1 | 1 tierce, | '، | tie |
| 63 gallons | " 1 | 1 logshea | , " | hhd |
| 2 hogshea | " 1 | 1 pipe, | " |  |
| pipes | " 1 | tun, | ، |  |

The gallon of Wine Measure in the United States contains 231 cubic inches, and is equal to 8.339 Avoirdupois lhs. of distilled water, very nearly.

The English imperial wine gallon contains 277.274 cubic inches, and hence is equal to 1.2 times the wine gallon of the United States.

## ORAL ERERCISESS.

1. How many gills in a pint? in 4 pints ? in 6 pints? in 12 pts. ? in 20 pts.?
2. How many pts. in a qt. ? in 6 qts. ? in 8 qts.? in 15 qts. ?
3. How many gallons in a barrel ? in a tierce? in a hogshead ? in a pipe? in a tun ? 4. How many pints in 12 gills? in 26 gi. ? in 37 gi. ? in 50 gi. ?
4. How many quarts in 10 pts. ? in 24 pts. ? in 50 pts. ? in 84 pts. ?
5. How many gallons in 1 hhd. 10 gals. ? in 2 bbls. 15 gals. ?
6. How many quarts in a barrel? pints in 2 gallons ? gills in 6 quarts?
7. How many gallons in 72 quarts ? in 104 qts. ? in 4 bbls. 4 gals. ?
8. How many pts. and gi. in 18 gi. ? in 31 gi.? in 53 gi. ? in 74 gi. ?
9. How many hogsheads in 6 tuns? pints in 8 gals. ? gallons in 3 pipes?

## Alle or Beer Measure.

By this measure, beer, porter, and milk are measured.
The denominations of Beer Measure are hogsheads, barrels, gallons, quarts, anc pints.

| 2 pints, pt., | make 1 quart, | marked | qt. |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 quarts | $"$ | 1 | gallon, | $"$ |
| gal. |  |  |  |  |
| 36 gallons | $"$ | 1 | barrel, | $"$ |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ barrel or 54 gals. | $"$ | 1 hogshead, | " | hhd. |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many pints in a quart? in 3 qts. ? in 8 qts. ? in 12 qts?
2. How many qts. in a gallon ? in 5 gals. ? in 7 gals? in 22 gals. ?
3. How many gallons in a barrel ? in 3 barrels ? in 5 barrels ? in 8 barrels ?
4. How many gallons in a hogshead ? in 2 hhds. ? in 4 hhds?
5. How many qts. in 10 pts. ? in 19 pts. ? in 31 pts. ? in 56 pts.?
6. How many gallons in 11 qts. ? in 32 qts. ? in 2 bbls. 2 qts. ?
7. Huw many qts. and pts. in 17 , pts. ? in 73 pts. ? in 85 pints?
8. How many barrels and gallons in 75 gallons? in 110 gallons?
9. How many gallons in 2 bbls 5 gals ? in 2 hhds. 8 gals. ?
10. How many quarts in 18 pints ? gallons in 68 qts. ? barrels in 144 gals. ?

## Cloti Measure.

Cloth Measure is used for measuring goods sold by the yard. Its denominations are ells, yards, quarters, nails and inches.


## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many inches in a nail ? in 4 nails? in 6 nails ? in 8 nails ? in 10 nails ?
2. How many nails in a qr ? in 5 qrs. ? in 6 qrs. ? in 12 qrs. ? in 20 qrs.?
3. How many qris in a Fl. e. ? in 5 Fl . e. ? in 10 Fl . e. ? in 15 Fl e. ?
4. How many qrs. in an E. e. ? in 8 E e. ? in 30 E . e? in 50 E. e.?
5. How many quarters in a Fr. e. ? in 9 Fr. e ? in 25 Fr. e. ? in 40 Fr. e. ?
6. How many yds. in 20 qrs. ? in 56 qrs. ? in 96 qrs. ? in 124 qrs. ?
7. How many quarters in 7 Fr. e. and 5 qrs. ? in 9 E. e. and. 2 qrs. ?
8. How many English ells in 25 qrs. ? in 30 qrs. ? in 65 qrs. ?
9. How many nails in 3 Fl. e. ? in 6 Fr. e. ? in 8 E . e. ?
10. How many quarters in 5 yds. and 2 qrs. ? nails in 7 qrs. and 3 nails ? inches in 2 Fr. e. ?

## Long Measure.

yard. Its
s? in 6 6 qrs. ?
n 10 Fl .
in 30 E.
: e? in
$?$ in 96
|rs. ? in

0 qrs. ?
in 8 E.
? nails

Long Measure is used for measuring length without regard to breadth or depth.

Its denominations are circles, degrees, leagues, miles, furlongs, rods, poles or perches, yards, feet, inches, and barleycorns.

| 3 barleycorns, b. c. |  | 1 inch, | marked in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 inches | ' | 1 foot, | . |
| 3 feet | " | 1 yard, | " $\quad 1$. |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ yards, or $16 \frac{1}{2}$ feet, | " | 1 rod, pole or perch, | " ${ }^{\prime}$ yd. |
| 40 rods | " | 1 furlong, | " fur. |
| 8 furlongs | " | 1 mile, | " m. |
| 3 miles | " 1 | 1 league, | lea. |
| $60 \frac{1}{2}$ statute miles | " | 1 degree, | deg. |
| 60 geographical miles | " | 1 degree, | deg. |
| 360 degrecs | " | 1 circle, | cir. |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many barley corns in an inch? in 3 inches? in 10 inches? in 20 inches?
2. How many inches in a foot? in 4 ft ? in 6 ft ? in 9 ft .? in 15 ft .?
3. How many feet in 36 inches? in 48 inches? in 72 inches ? in 96 inches ?
4. How many feet in a yard? in 3 yds ? in 5 yds.? in 8 yds. ? in 12 yds.?
5. How many yards in 18 ft .? in 24 ft . ? in 57 ft . ? in 63 ft . ?
6. How many feet and inches in 26 inches? in 39 in. ? in 56 in.? in 75 in.?
7. How many yards and feet in 14 feet? in 29 ft ? in 49 ft ? in 62 ft ?
8. How many furlongs in 12 miles ? leagues in 21 miles? degrees in 360 geographical miles?
9. How many rods in 2 miles? in 3 leagues? in 15 furlongs ? in 1 mile and 4 furlongs ?
10. How many feet in 15 yds .2 ft . ? inches in 8 ft . 10 in. ?

## Square Measure.

This measure is used for measuring all kinds of surfaces, such as land, boards, plastering, as:l every thing else in which length and breadth only are considered.

Its denominations are square miles, acres, roods, square rods or poles, square yards, square feet, and square inches.

| 144 square inches 4 square feet | make | I square foot, m I square yard, | m | fl. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 304 square yards, | " | 1 sq. rod or pole | e | P. |
| 40 sq. rds. or poles | " | 1 rood, | ، | R. |
| 4 roods | ، | 1 acre, | " | A. |
| 640 acres | " | 1 square inile, | " | Sq. M. |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many sq. in. in a sq. ft. ? in 4 sq. ft. ? in 6 sq. ft. ? in 8 sq. ft.?
2. How many sq. ft. in 288 sq. in. ? in 720 sq. in. ? in 1008 sq. in. ?
3. How many sq. in. in 2 sq. ft. 12 sq. in. ? in 5 sq. ft. 80 sq. in. ?
$\therefore$ 4. How many sq. ft. in a sq. yd. ? in 12 sq. yds. ? in 20 sq. yds.?
4. How many sq. yds. in 36 sq. ft. ? in 72 sq. ft. ? in 99 sq. ft. ?
5. How many sq. ft. in 4 sq. yds. 7 sq. ft. ? in 7 sq. yds. 8 sq. ft. ?
6. How many sq. yds. in 5 sq. rds. ? in 7 sq. rds. ? in 10 sq. rds. ?
7. How many sq. rds. in 3 acres ? in 6 roods? in 5 acres?
!. How many acres in 2 sq. m. ? sq. yds. in 81 sq. it. ? sq. rds. in 5 roods?
8. How many sq. ft. in 5 sq. yds. 4 sq. ft. ? acres in 640 sq. rds. ? sq. ft. in 720 sq. in. ?

## Surveyors' Measure.

Thi: Surveyor's or Gunter's chain is generally used in surveying land. It is 4 poles, or 66 feet, in length, and is divided into 100 liuks.

| 7921100 inches, in., | make | 1 link, | marked | $1 i$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 links | " | 1 rod or pole, |  | P. |
| 4 poles, or 100 links | " | 1 chain, | ، | cha. |
| 10 chains | " | 1 furlong | " | fur. |
| 8 fur. or 80 chains | " | 1 mile | " | M. |
| 10 square chains | " | 1 acre, | ، | A. |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many links in a rod ? in 4 ras. ? in 8 rods ? in 10 rds. ?
2. How many poles in a chain? in 3 chains? in 5 chains ? in 20 chains ?
3. How many chains in a furlong? in 4 furlongs? in 15 furlongs?
4. How many furlongs in a mile? in 12 miles? in 20 miles? in 30 miles?
5. How many square chains in an acre? in 7 acres? in 12 acres?
6. Ilow many acres in 120 square chains? in 150 square chains? in $200^{*}$ square chains?
7. How many links in 2 furlongs? chains in 2 acres ? poles in one furlong?
8. How many chains in 5 furlongs and 6 chains? in 7 furlongs and 8 chains?
9. How many acres and chains in 37 square chains ? in 86 square chains?

10 How many poles in 2 chains and 3 poles? in 6 chains and 2 poles?

## Solid or Cubic Measure.

This is used for measuring solids, that is, things that have three dimensions, viz., lenght, breadth and depth or thickness; as wooll, limber, stone, masonry, etc.

| 1728 cubic inches, c. in. miko | 1 cubic fuot, cu. ft. |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 27 cubic feet | $"$ | 1 cubic yard, cu. yil. |  |
| 40 cubic feet round timber " | 1 ton, | T. |  |
| 42 cubic feet of shipping | $"$ | 1 ton, | T. |
| 50 cubic feet hewn timber " | 1 ton, | T. |  |
| 16 cubic fect | $"$ | 1 coril foot, c. 12. |  |
| 8 cord feet or 128 cubic ft., " | 1 cord of wood, $C$. |  |  |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many cubic inches in a cubic foot? in 2 cu. ft.? in $3 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. ?
2. How many cu. ft. in a cu yd.? in $3 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yds}$.? in $10 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yds}$ ?
3. How many cu. ft. in 2 cord feet? in 10 cords of wool?
4. How many cubic feet hewn timber in a ton? in 3 tons? in 4 tons?
5. How many cu. ft. of round timber in a ton? in 5 tons? in 6 tons?
6. How many cord feet in a cord of wood? in 3 cords? in 12 cords?
7. How many cu. ft. of shipping in a ton? in 2 tons? in 4 tons?

8 How many cord feet in 48 cu . ft. ? in 64 cu . ft.? in 96 cu . ft.?
9. How many cu. yds. and cu. ft. in 63 cu . ft.? in $85 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$ ?
10. How many cords of wood in 256 cu . ft.? in 56 cu. ft .?

## Dry Measure.

This is used in measuring all dry articles, such as grain, fruit, salt, coal, etc.

The denominations are loads, quarters, chaldrons, bushels, pecks, quarts, and pints.

| 2 pints, pt., | mako | 1 quart. |  | qt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 y puarts | " | 1 gillon, |  | gal. |
| 8 quarts | " | 1 peck, | " | pk. |
| 4 pecks | " | $t$ bushel, | " | bin. |
| 36 bushels | " | 1 chaldron, | " | ch. |
| 8 bishels | " | 1 quarter, | " | i. |
| 5 quarters | " | 1 loal, | " | . |

The standard bushel of the United States is the Winclester bushel of England. It is a circular measure $18 \frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter and 8 inches deep, and contains 2150.4 cubic inches nearly. It contains 77.6274 pounds avoirdupois of distilled water.

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many pints in a quart? quarts in a gallon? pecks in a bushel?
2. How many gallons in 16 quarts? bushels in 32 pecks? pecks in 56 quarts ?
3. How many quarters in 24 bushels? in 72 bushels? in 80 bushels?
4. How many loads in 25 quarters? in 40 quartf s? in 60 quarters?
5. How many quarts in a bushel? in 2 bur ? in 3 bus.? in 6 bu.?
6. How many pks. and qts. in 42 qts. ? in 27 qts? in 50 qts. ? in 37 qts. ?
7. How many pints in a peck? in 4 pks.? in 6 pks.? in 12 pks. ? in 10 pks.?
8. How many quarts and pints in 17 pints? in 24 pts ? in 39 pts.? in 43 pts.?
9. How many gallons in 16 pints? in 48 pints? in 64 pts.? in 72 pts.? in 80 pts.?
10. How many quarters in 10 loads and 3 quarters? in 16 loads and 2 quarters ? in 20 loads and 1 quarter $\}$

## Circe tiar Measure.

Circular Measure is applied to the divisions of the circle, and is used in reckoning latitude and longitude and the motion of the heavenly bodies. It is often called Angular Measure, and is chiefly used hy astronomers, navigators, and surveyors. Its denominations are circles, signs, degrees, minutes, and seconds.

| 60 seconds,", make 1 minute, marked. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 60 minutes | $"$ | 1 degree, | $"$ | 0 |
| 30 degrees | $"$ | 1 sign, | $"$ | s. |
| 12 signs, or $360^{\circ}, "$ | 1 circle, | $"$ | c. |  |

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many seconds in a minute? in $3^{\prime}$ ? in $4^{\prime}$ ? in $6^{\prime}$ ?
2. How many minutes in 120 seconds? in $240^{\prime \prime}$ ? in $360^{\prime \prime}$ ? in $600^{\prime \prime}$ ?
3. How many minutes and seconds in 245 seconds? in $195^{\prime \prime}$ ? in $370^{\prime \prime}$ ?
4. How many minutes in a degree ? in $4^{\circ}$ ? in $8^{\circ}$ ? in $10^{\circ}$ ?
5. How many degrees in 300 minutes? in $420^{\prime}$ ? in $480^{\prime}$ ?
6. How many minutes in 5 degrees and 20 mi nutes? in $4^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ ? in $6^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ ?
7. How many degrees in a sign? in 4 s .? in 6 s .? in 9 s ? ? in 12 s ?
8. How many signs in 150 degrees? in $270^{\circ}$ ? in $50^{\circ}$ ? in $90^{\circ}$ ?
$\because$ Hc many signs in a circle? in 6 c . ? in 10 c ? it : 6 c.? in 30 ?

1v. How many circles and signs in 26 signs? in 73 s ? ? in 63 s ? in 74 s ?

## Distance-Derths-Meights.

le, and is tion of the $d$ is chicfly ominations
? in $4^{\prime}$ ? $240^{\prime \prime} ?$ econds? ? in $8^{\circ}$ ? n $420^{\prime}$ ? $20 \mathrm{mi}-$ in 6 s ? $70^{\circ}$ ? in 110 c.? phs? in

4 inches make 1 hand, used for measuring the height of horses. $\begin{array}{lll}6 \text { points } & \text { ". I line, for moasuring lenglh of pendulums for clocks. } \\ 12 \text { lines }\end{array}$ 5 feet " 1 geometrical pace, used for measuring uistances. 6 feet " 1 fathom, for measuring depths at sea. 3 miles _" 1 league, for measuring distances at sea.

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many inches in a hand? in 3 hands? in 8 hands? in 10 hands? in 20 hands?
2. How many points in a line? in 5 lines? in 15 lines? in 25 lines?
3. How many feet in a pace? in 8 paces? in 30 paces? in 10 paces? in 21 paces?
4. How many feet in a fathom? in 12 fathoms? in 20 fathoms? in 50 fathoms?
5. How many miles in a league? in 5 leagues? in 8 leagues? in 15 leagues? in 30 leagues?
6. How many lines in 24 points? in 18 points? in 48 points? in 30 points?
7. How many fathoms in 36 feet? in 66 feet? in 47 feet? in 108 feet?
8. How many paces in 35 feet? in 60 feet? in 75 feet? in 90 feet?
9. How many inches and lines in 47 lines? in 65 lines? in 78 lines? in 17 lines?
10. How many leagues and miles in 22 miles? in 84 miles? in 58 miles ?

## Time.

This is reckoned by centuries, years, months, wecks, days, hours, minutes, and seconds.


The following are the numbers of days in each month:
January, 31 days.
July, 31 days.

February, 28 days.
March, 31 days.
April, 30 days.
i. May, 31 days.

June, 30 days.
$\Lambda u g u s t, 31$ days.
September, 30 days.
October, 31 days.
November, 30 days.
December, 31 days.

The days in each month are often expressed thus :Thirty days hath September, April, June, and November. February hath twenty-eight, and thirty-one the others rate, Except in leap-year, happening once in four, When we give to February one day more.
' A natural day has 24 hours.
A Lunar month has 4 woeks, or 28 days,
A Solar jear has 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 48 seconds, nearly. A Civil year has 12 calendar months, or 365 days.
A Julian year has 13 lunar months, 1 day, 9 hours, or 365

## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many seconds in a minute? in 2 min .? in 4 min ? in 8 min ? in 10 min . ?
2. How many minutes in 360 seconds? in 120 seconds? in 240 seconds? in 720 sec.?
3. How many seconds in 4 minutes and 12 seconds? in 3 min .15 sec ?
4. How many noturs 120 minutes? in 360 minutes? in 420 min .?
5. How many minutes in 3 hours? in 5 hrs. ? in 8 hrs. ? in 12 hrs ? in 30 hrs ?
6. How many hours in a day ? in 3 ds .? in 6 ds . ? in 9 ds ? ? in 12 ds .?
7. How', many ', days in 3 weeks? months in 5 years? years in 3 centuries?
8. How Imany" days in' May? in August? in March? in January? in June?
:9.; How many years and months in 15 mos.? in 29 mos. ? in 68 mos.? in 42 mos. ?
9. How many weeks and days in 25 days? in 34 . days? in 69 days?

## Books and Paper.

The terms folio, quarto, octavo, duodecimo, etc., indicate_the number of leaves in which a sheet of paper is folded.

A sheet folded in two leaves is called a folio.


## ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many sheets of paper in a quire? in 2 quires? in 4 quires? in 6 quires?
2. How many quires in a ream? in 3 reams? in 6 reams? in 10 reams?
3. How many quires and sheets in 30 sheets? in 20 sheets? in 80 sheets?
4. How many reams and quires in 28 quires? in 44 quires? in 72 quires?
5. How many reams in a bundle? in 5 bundles? in 8 bundles? in 20 bundles?
6. How many bundles in a bale? in 7 bales? in 9 bales? in 25 bales?
7. How many bundles and reams in 9 reams? in 15 reams? in 37 reams?
8. How many bales and bundles in 19 bundles? in 32 bundles? in 53 bundles?
9. How many quires in 2 bales? sheets in 21 reams? quires in 4 bundles?
10. How many bundles, reams, and quires in 63 quires? in 189 quires?

## Miscellaneous Table.


ams? in
eets? in
ires? in
undles?
ales? in
ms? in
undles?
ts in 21
in 63
14 lbs.
56 lbs.
120 lbs.
200 lbs.
112 lbs.
256 lbs.
200 lbs.
11 lbs.
8 lbs.
25 lbs.
94 lbs.
364 lbs.
30 gallons
32 gallons
32 gallons
$7 \frac{1}{2}$ bushels
8 bushels
30 lbs.
46 lbs.
56 lbs.
60 lbs.
" 1 peck of salt.
" 1 firkin of butter.
" 1 fagot of steel.
" 1 barrel of potash.
" i barrel of raisins.
" 1 barrel of soap.
" I barrel of shall or salmon.
" 1 gallon of molasses.
" 1 stone of meat.
" 1 tod.
" 1 firkin of soap.
" 1 sack.
" 1 barrol of fisl.
" 1 barrel of cider.
" 1 barrel of herring, Engl.
" 1 hogshead on shore.
" I hogshead at sea.
" 1 bushel of oats.
" 1 do. of buckwheat or barley.
" 1 do. of Indian corn or rye.
" 1 do. of wheat.

ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many dozen in a gross? units in a dozen? things in 2 scores.
2. How many pounds in a barrel of flour? in a bbl. of pork? in a bbl. of raisins?
3. How many pounds in 2 gallons of molasses? in 3 stones of lead? in 5 stones of meat?
4. How many pounds in a firkin of soap? in a barrel of potash? in a bbl. of shad?
5. How many pounds in a bushel of wheat? in 4 bu. of oats? in 2 bu. of rye?
6. How many dozen in a great gross? inches in a cubit? pounds in a peck of salt?
7. How many gallons in a barrel of cider? in a bbl . of fish? in a bbl. of herring?

## Table of Aliquot Parts.

Aliquot parts of Avoirdupois weight.


Aliquot parts of time.


ORAL EXERCISESS.

1. How many cwt. in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a ton? in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a ton? in ${ }_{16}$ of a ton? in ${ }_{20}^{1}$ of a ton?
2. How many lbs. in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a qr. ? in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a qr .? in $\frac{1}{8}$ of a qr.?
3. How many ounces in $\frac{1}{2}$ of $a \mathrm{lb}$.? in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a lb . ? in ${ }_{16}$ of a lb.?
4. How many months in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a year? in $\frac{1}{3}$ of a year? in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a year?
5. How many months in $\frac{1}{8}$ of a year? in $\frac{1}{9}$ of a year? in ${ }_{12}^{1}$ of a year?
6. How many days in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a month? in $\frac{1}{3}$ of a month? in ${ }_{5}^{1}$ of a month?
7. How many days in ${ }^{10}$ of a month? in $\frac{1}{15}$ of a month? in $\frac{1}{30}$ of a month?

Aliquot parts of Amerncan Money.
PARTS OF $\$ 1$ IN NEW YORK PARTS OF $\$ 1$ IN N. ENCURRENC:.

| 50 cents $=4 \mathrm{~s} . \quad=\$ \frac{1}{2}$. | 3 shil | $=$ | \$ $\frac{1}{2}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $33 \frac{1}{3}{ }^{\text {a }}=2 \mathrm{~s} .8 \mathrm{~d} .=\$ \frac{1}{3}$. | 2 | = | \$1. |
| $25 \quad "=2 \mathrm{~s} . \quad=\$ \frac{1}{4}$. | 1s. 6 d . | $=$ | \$1. |
| $20 \quad "=1 \mathrm{~s} .7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}=\$_{5}^{1}$. | 1 s . | $=$ | $\$_{6}^{1}$. |
| $16_{3}^{2}{ }^{\prime}=1 \mathrm{~s} .4 \mathrm{~d} .=\$_{0}^{1}$. | 9 pence | = | \$1. |
| $12 \frac{1}{2} "=1 \mathrm{~s} . \quad=\$ \frac{1}{8}$. |  | $=$ | \$12. |
| $8 \frac{1}{3} " \mathrm{c}=8 \mathrm{~d} .=\$_{12}^{12}$. |  | = | $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~s}$. |
| $6 \frac{1}{4}$ " $=6 \mathrm{~d} .=\$_{16}^{1}$. | 4 " | $=$ | $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~s}$. |
| $4_{6}^{1} \quad *=4 \mathrm{~d} . \quad=\$_{\$ 4}{ }^{1}$. |  | $=$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ s. |
| $3 \frac{1}{3} \times=3 \mathrm{~d} .=\$_{32}^{1}$. |  | $=$ | ${ }_{6}^{1} \mathrm{~s}$. |

Aliquot parts of Sterling Money.

| 10 shillings | $=$ | $£ \frac{1}{2}$. | 6 pence |  |  | $=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

ORAL EXERCISES.

1. How many cents in 4 s .? in 2 s .? in 1s. 4 d.? in 8d.?
2. How many cents in 4 d .? in 3d.? in 6d.? in 1s.?
3. How many shillings in $\$ \frac{1}{2}$ ? in ${ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ ? in $\$ \frac{1}{6}$ ? in $\$ \frac{1}{3}$ ?
4. How many pence in $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~s}$ ? ? in $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~s}$. ? in $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~s}$. ? in ${ }_{6}^{1} \mathrm{~s}$ ?
5. How many shillings in $£_{\frac{1}{2}}$ ? in $£ \frac{1}{3}$ ? in $£_{5}^{1}$ ? in $x_{10}^{1}$ ? in ${ }_{12}^{1}$ ?
6. How many farthings in $\frac{1}{2}$ of a penny in $\frac{1}{5}$ of penny?

TABLES.
$T A B L E$

| $\begin{gathered} \text { From any } \\ \text { DAY of } \end{gathered}$ | TO THE SAME DAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | JAN. | Feb. | Mar. | APR. | May | JUNE | JULY | AUg. | SEPT. | Oct. | Nov. | DEC. |
| January February | 365 | 31 | 59 | 90 | 120 | 151 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 334 | 365 | 28 | 59 | 129 | 151 120 | 181 | 212 | 243 919 | $\bigcirc$ | 304 | 334 |
| March | 306 | 337 | 365 | 31 | 61 | 120 92 | 100 192 | 181 | 212 | 242 | 273 | 303 |
| April | 275 | 306 | 334 | 365 | 61 30 | 92 61 | 12.2 | 153 | 184 | 214 | 245 | 275 |
| May | 245 | 276 | 304 | 365 335 | 365 | 61 31 | 91 | 122 | 153 | 183 | 214 | 244 |
| June | 214 | 245 | 273 | 304 | 365 344 | 365 | 61 | 92 | 123 | 153 | 184 | 214 |
| July | 184 | 215 | 243 | 274 | 344 304 | 365 | 30 365 | 61 | 92 | 129 | 153 | 183 |
| August | 153 | 184 | 212 | 243 | 273 | 335 304 | 365 334 | 31 365 | 62 | 92 | 133 | 153 |
| September | 122 | 153 | 181 | 212 | 243 | 304 273 | 334 303 | 365 334 | 31 365 | 62 | 92 | 122 |
| October | 92 | 123 | 151 | 182 | 212 | 273 | 303 978 | 334 | 365 | 30 | 61 | 91 |
| November | 61 | 92 | 120 | 151 | 181 | 243 | 273 | 304 | 335 | 365 | 31 | 61 |
| December | 31 | 62 | 90 | 121 | 181 | 212 189 | 242 | 273 | 304 | 334 | 365 | 30 |
|  |  | 02 | 50 | 121 | 151 | 182 | 212 | 243 | 274 | 304 | 335 | 365 |

Rule for finding the number of days between any given periods by table on opposite page.

Find the first given month on the horizontal time in the left-hand column, and the other given month in the line at the top of the table, and to the namber of days found at the intersection of the two lines add the difference between the days mentioned in the two given months.

Note.-It must be observed, however, that when the number of days given in the first mentioned month is greater than the given number of days in the second month, then the difference of days must be subtracted from the number found at the intersection of the lines.

Example 1.-How many days from March 16th to the 24th of the next July ?
The number of days at the intersection of the lines is 122 , and $24-16=8$, the difference of days in the two given months.
Hence, $122+8=130$ days.
Example 2.-How many days from the 25 th of June to the 18th of the next April?
The number of days at the intersection of the lines is 304 , and $25-18=7$, the difference of days of the given month.

Hence, $304-7=297$ days.
3. How many days from May 15th to the 22d. of the next September?
4. How many days from August 6th. to the 18th. of the next October?
5. How many days from January 10th to the 14th of the next July?

## WRITTEN EXERCISES.

1. How many pencils in a box containing 2 great gross ?

Ans. 1728 pencils.
2. What cost 27 boxes of writing ink, each $2 \frac{1}{2}$ dozen bottles at 9 cents a bottle? Ans. $\$ 72.90$.
3. How many reams of paper in 4678 sheets?

Ans. 9 reams, 15 mires, 18 sheel:s
4. What will 7 reams of legal cap cost at 35 cents a quire ?

Ans. \$49.
5. What cost 9 boxes of fancy pen-holders each containing $\frac{1}{2}$ gross, at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cents a piece ? Ans. $\$ 16.20$.
6. What cost 2 oz . of gold, if 3 dwt. cost $\$ 2.70$.
7. What will 2 quarts of kerosene cost at 40 cents a gallon?
8. What will 3 quarts of tomatoes cost at $\$ 1.20$ a bushel?
9. How many feet high is a horse 16 hands high ? - 10. What is the difference between two square feet and two feet square?
11. At 8 cents a peck, how many bushels of apples can be bought for $\$ 6.00$ ?
12. If 25 lbs. of flour cost $\$ 1.25$, what will 2 cwt. cost?
13. How many half-pint bottles may be filled from $2 \frac{1}{2}$ gallon of wine?
14. What will 7 quires of paper cost at $\$ 3.20$ a ream?
15. What will 8 egg's cost at 18 cents a dozen?
16. If 6 oz . of tea cost 36 cents, what will 3 lbs. cost?
17. What will a gallon of molasses cost at 5 cents a pint?
18. At 8 shillings a pair, how many pairs of shoes can le purchased for 2 sovereigns?
19. At what price must $\frac{1}{3}$ dozen of chairs, worth $\$ 15.00$ a dozen, be sold in order to gain 50 cents a piece?
20. How much will a peddler gain by selling 3 dozen combs worth 30 cents a dozen, at 5 cents a piece ?
21. What will $\frac{5}{8}$ of $a \mathrm{lb}$. of candy cost at 2 cents anl oz. ?
22. How many tablespoons each weighing 2 oz. can be made from 1 lb .8 oz . of silver?
23. How many leap years in a century?
24. How many pills of 5 grains each can be made from $\frac{1}{2}$ an ounce of quinine ?
25. If a gallon of wine cost $\$ 5.00$, what will 3 pts . cost?
26. What will it cost to paint a ceiling 12 ft . by 29 ft ., at 25 cents a square yard?
27. How many yards of carpeting, a yard wide, will cover a floor 20 ft . long and 21 ft . wide?
28. How many quarts of milk will a boy drink in a week, if he drink a pint a day ?
29. What is the weight in tons, \&c. of 3 loads of potatoes, averaging 22 bu. each; 1 load of wheat, 19 bu. ; and 4 loads of oats, each 25 bu .? Ans. $4 t .3$ ewt.
30. What will it cost to ship 75 t .8 cwt .70 lbs . of freight at 6 cents a pound ?

Ans. $\$ 9052.20$.
31. How many farms of 75 acres cach in a tract of land 6 miles long and 5 miles wide? Ans. 256 farms.
32. What is the height in feet of a horse $17 \frac{1}{2}$ hands high ?

## CONTENTS.

SIMPIE NUMBERS.
Introductory Definitions.. $1 \mid$ Addition ..... 26
Numeration and Notation. ; 3 Subtraction ..... 46
Arabic Notation Multiplication ..... 62
Numeration Table 15 Division ..... 79
Roman Notation 22 Introductory Fractions. ..... 94
TABLES.
Federal Money ..... 97
Surveyors' Measure ..... 107English or Sterling Mo-
Solid or Cubic Measure. ..... 108
Dry Measure ..... 109
Troy Weight ..... 99
Circular Measure ..... 110
Avoirdupois Weight. ..... 100
Apothecaries' Weight. ..... 101
Wine Measure ..... 102
Ale or Beer Measure. ..... 103
Cloth Measure ..... 104
Long Measure. ..... 105
Square Measure 106
Distances - DepthsHeights.111
Time ..... 112
Books and Paper. ..... 113
Miscellaneous ..... 114
Aliquot Parts ..... 116
Given Dates ..... 117



