

JAPANESE CARRY
THE DA PASSSuccessful Flank Movement
of General Kuroki.

STOESSEL'S BAND FIGHTING ON

Assault of Besiegers From Sept. 19
to 26 Failed, the Japanese Loss
Being Placed at 7,000.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.—5:20 p.m.—News received here from Mukden says the Japanese have assumed the offensive and have captured Da Pass. This is not actually confirmed, but the general staff thinks it is likely to be correct. The Russians, it is added, evacuated the pass without serious resistance.

Da Pass, or Ta Pass, meaning Great Pass, is situated about 45 miles, south-east of Mukden, and about the same distance northeast of Liao Yang. It is about 25 miles south of the Hun River. The Japanese attacked Da Pass, which was occupied by the troops of Generals Mischenko and Samsonoff, on Sept. 24, but, according to dispatches from Harbin, was twice repulsed.

Chee Foo, Sept. 28, 1:30 p.m.—Russians reading here claim to have received information that the Japanese losses in the last assault on Port Arthur, which began Sept. 19, were 7,000. A Chinese, who left the fortress on Sept. 28, says that the Russian losses were between 500 and 600. This Chinaman says that the Japanese were unable to remain in the three supplementary forts, which they captured, and that they retired at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Sept. 26, after enduring several days of tremendous firing from the inner forts. He adds that the Russians attempted to bury the dead on both sides at night, because the decomposing bodies seriously menaced the health of the garrison.

The Russians allege that it is the deliberate policy of the Japanese to undermine the health of the Russian troops by means of the odors from the decomposing bodies, and for that reason they fire on the burial parties. One Chinese, who was a member of a burial party, says that the Japanese fired when he and other Chinese attempted to bury the dead. He adds that when the wind carries the odors toward the Japanese, the latter retire.

Chinese say that the most severe attacks were made on the supplementary forts of the Itz and Anshu Mountain forts. The Russians had undermined the ground and several hundred Japanese were blown up on Sept. 23. The Russian ships, it is reported, took no part in the battle.

From 20 to 50 shells fell daily in the Chinese new town. One shell tore the muller from a torpedo boat destroyer. The Russians are now building a new fort on Liao Tz promontory, bearing on the island side. Its construction, it is said, is proceeding rapidly. It is said that five large guns will form the nucleus of the battery.

St. Petersburg, Thursday, Sept. 29, 3 a.m.—Movements at the front, so far as disclosed by the meager dispatches received here, are confined to the continuous outpost skirmishes, by means of which General Kuroki is keeping in close touch with the Japanese along the whole of their front. Field Marshal Oyama's advance appears to be extremely deliberate. There are no indications as yet that he has begun to overlap the Russian positions. The superiority of the Russian cavalry is beginning to be apparent. They have had the best of it for a number of minor encounters. It appears that General Rennenkampf's movement to the southwest on Sept. 18, extended beyond the distance indicated by first reports. His Cossacks made a rapid sweep on Sept. 22, and struck the Japanese at Bensiupa, threatening their communications and causing considerable excitement. Reinforcements are arriving at Mukden, and many convalescents are already returning to duty. It is reported that General Kuroki has made a requisition upon the authorities here for additional officers to make up the losses of his killed and wounded in the battle of Liao Yang.

At Mukden.
Mukden, Sept. 28.—Many skirmishes and reconnaissances are reported to headquarters here, but except for these quiet perambulations, in the fighting that has been taking place the Japanese scouts have almost invariably shown themselves superior to the Russian scouts. The Japanese movement up the Taisho River appears to be by a comparatively small force. Hailing parties from the Russian army bring in many prisoners. Beautiful autumn weather continues. Reinforcements are arriving rapidly. Over 1,000 convalescents have returned to duty. The railway is in good condition. Officers are distributing the reserve of stores that were brought up from Liao Yang, as adequate supplies are now coming in from the north.

Ready to March.
London, Sept. 28.—The Daily Mail's Liao Yang correspondent, telegraphing Sept. 28, says: "The winter equipment for the Japanese troops is completed. Fresh supplies of ammunition have arrived, and the army is ready to march at a moment's notice. The personal treatment of foreign correspondents with the Japanese has been completely revolutionized."

Japs Shelled Out.
Mukden, Sept. 28.—Details of the fighting near Inpuno, Sept. 25, show that Gen. Mischenko's scouts, accompanied by a battery of artillery, attacked a Jap position where there was a battery of artillery, two squadrons of cavalry and two companies of infantry. The Japs were shelled out of their position on the hill and suffered heavy loss. As they retired the Russians occupied the hill until night-fall, when they returned under cover of darkness, having lost their machine guns. The Japanese are sending out large parties of scouts daily with the object of checking the Russian continuous raids. The march of Gen. Rennenkampf's Cossacks around the Japanese Continued on page 5.

LONDON'S LORD MAYOR

Alderman Pound Chosen for Dick
Whittington's Old Job.

London, Sept. 29.—Ald. John Pound, chairman of the London General Omnibus Company, Limited, was today chosen lord mayor of London, for the ensuing year. He was born in Leadenhall street, city, in 1825.

KNEW OF CRIME

Father of Bobrikoff's Murderer Reported
as Implicated in Deed.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29, 1:50 p.m.—It is understood in an authoritative quarter that strong evidence has been discovered that former Senator Schumann, father of Eugene Vassianov-Schumann, the assassin of Governor-General Bobrikoff, who was arrested July 2 on suspicion of having had knowledge of his son's crime, has been found to have been implicated. If adjudged guilty he will be subject to imprisonment for two to six years.

BIG BLAZE NEAR
MOUNT BRYDGESA Farmer's Barn and the Whole
Season's Crops Destroyed—
Small Insurance.

There was a serious conflagration near Mount Brydges last evening, when the large barn belonging to Mr. C. McGregor, with the entire season's crops, implements and other property, was destroyed. The fire was caused by a lightning bolt, and about half an hour after the removal of the engine the fire was discovered. The loss is estimated at \$1,500. There is said to be a small insurance, about \$500, on the Caradoc Farmers' Mutual Company.

FRUIT FOR THE WEST

Experiment in Shipping in Refrigerator
Cars Successful.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 29.—Prof. Reynolds of the Ontario Agricultural College was recently appointed by the Ontario Department of Agriculture to conduct an experimental shipment of Ontario fruit to Winnipeg by freight in refrigerator cars. He reports that the experiment was a great success. Good prices were realized. The first car was delivered in eight days and the second in seven days and the professor sees no reason why the connection is made, the delivery should take more than five days.

JAS. B. POTTER TO WED

Former Husband of Famous Actress
to Marry Again.

New York, Sept. 29.—James Brown Potter, of New York, will be married to Miss May Handy tomorrow at her handsome home in Richmond, Va. The affair will be quiet, practically the only persons present being the matron of honor, Mrs. Frank Powers, sister of Miss Handy, and William Dumas, of New York, the best man. The bride will wear a traveling costume, and as soon as the ceremony is concluded, she will come to New York and sail for a month's stay in Paris. They will return to Richmond to November 1, and will spend the winter in Florida.

STRIKE ON C. P. R. OVER

All Mechanics on Western Lines Go
Back to Work.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 28.—The strike of the machinists, blacksmiths and allied mechanics of the Canadian Pacific Railway ended this evening, and all mechanics are to resume work in the morning. The representatives of the various departments of the strikers were in conference with Wm. Whyte, second vice-president of the company, all day, and tonight Mr. Whyte announced that an agreement satisfactory to both company and men had been arrived at.

ROSEBERY'S REPLY

Says Chamberlain's Grievances Are
Not Very Serious

London, Sept. 29.—Lord Rosebery, replying to Mr. Chamberlain's letter in the Times on Monday, says he is concerned that Mr. Chamberlain is annoyed, but his grievances do not seem very serious. He makes no comment on the telegrams received by Mr. Chamberlain from sympathizing bodies in Australia, except to say that Australia appears to have a fortunate wealth of associations with sonorous titles, and his experience is that the substantial societies affect a shorter terminology. As for Mr. Chamberlain's conviction that his fellow-subjects will take all they can get and give nothing in return, this comes strangely enough from a protester against sneers and imputations, no one of which is more baseless. We know in Chamberlain's scheme what we give, but not what we receive. That is the essence of the whole matter. Mr. Chamberlain had often misquoted Lord Rosebery's Leeds speech, but that very speech makes incumbent upon him to oppose impracticable and ill-digested schemes which tend to prejudice rather than to promote the consolidation of the empire.

Secret Press Discovered.

Gomel, Russia, Sept. 29.—The police have discovered another secret printing press, from which revolutionary proclamations have been issued. Four arrests were made. The press was found in a house belonging to a Jew named Toleda.

To Wed a Peer.
London, Sept. 29.—It is reported that Frances Belmont, the actress, is engaged to marry Lord Ashburton, one of the wealthiest British peers, whose wife died recently.

Mrs. Belmont denies the story, but it is believed in reliable quarters.

PREMIER OPENS
THE CAMPAIGNEloquent Address by Sir Wilfrid
at Sorel, Que.

BALLOT DATE GIVEN SHORTLY

Government to Give Tariff an Early
Investigation—Giant Crowd
Hears the Leaders.

Sorel, Sept. 28.—"I have been asked to tell you when we are to have a general election. I will not answer that now, but I will give you a reply in a few days."

The above declaration was made here today by the Prime Minister of Canada, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and is the nearest to an explicit official announcement that has yet fallen from the lips of the Canadian Premier. Sir Wilfrid had promised to speak here and he came today, accompanied by Hon. H. Prefontaine, Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Hon. R. Lemieux and about all the federal members from Montreal and the Richelieu district.

The Premier's speech was listened to by 4,000 to 5,000 people and was a lengthy review of the acts of the ministry since the elections of 1896. Speaking of the retirement of the Conservative Government, Sir Wilfrid said it had been composed of respectable men, but there had been so much discord that their fall gave pleasure to friends and enemies alike. He was called to power, and the Laurier Government had been the instrument in the hands of Providence to bring about a development, the like of which had never before been seen. His Government had been one of reconciliation and peace in the past eight years had brought peace and happiness to the Dominion.

Referring to the tariff, he said it was not perfect, but it had given general satisfaction. Every tariff should be investigated seven or eight years, and it was the intention of the ministry to make a second investigation and reform the tariff according to the wants of the country. Sir Wilfrid said that he had given his answer on this question when at the heart of the empire, and surrounded by his colleagues, he had told the imperial authorities that Canada was ready to make a treaty of commerce with Great Britain, and would discuss with them the details of such a treaty.

He then defended the Government's policy of transportation, and added that he had always been in accord on this question with Hon. Mr. Cartier, who, although no longer his colleague, remained his friend, and Sir Wilfrid said he would try to carry out the policy of the ex-minister had done for Sorel. At the declaration that the South Shore railway would soon be completed, Sir Wilfrid said that the country more than \$15,000,000.

Sir Wilfrid added: "I believe I will live long enough to see a grand trunk Pacific completed from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and I hope to see the Atlantic coast of Canada with a train of merchandise from Asia, and a train of goods loaded with merchandise from the Orient."

He declared that the C. P. R. would not be able to meet the requirements of the country. The Premier said that at the rate of 100,000 a year, the Premier also said that the new trade goods of the east, for he would Canada and not the United States to support the future progress of the great west. He believed that the Grand Trunk Pacific would be the shortest route to the Orient. The Premier referred to Sir Simpson as the shortest route to the Orient.

He showed that Mr. Borden's railway policy was not a serious one, but a matter of fact the Conservative leader had not the support of his followers. Sir Wilfrid said that the Government system had been extended to the Pacific that would ruin the company-owned railways or the latter would ruin the Government road. Although the road was administered by both parties, Sir Wilfrid said that the result had been far from satisfactory.

Before concluding the Liberal leader spoke of the decadence of the Conservative party since the days of Sir John Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper and other able men.

He then announced that Mr. Brueneau was the Government candidate, and proceeded to make the brief declaration quoted above. General election addresses were also delivered by Hon. R. Prefontaine, Hon. L. P. Brodeur and Hon. R. Lemieux.

The gratifying part of the Premier's address was the remarkable strength and unanimity of the Conservative party throughout its delivery. His voice had the old vigorous ring that so characterized the campaign of 1896, and his general bearing under the heavy task was excellent. It had been asserted that Sir Wilfrid would not speak for more than half an hour, as he was not physically able to do so, but by actual count he was on his feet more than an hour, and he spoke for 73 minutes.

The crowd that greeted him was one of the most gratifying and enthusiastic urban gatherings ever seen in the Province of Quebec. The entire market square in front of the stand erected for the speakers was packed with people, and a portion of the mass reached down into the main street. Every available window and gallery in the vicinity was crowded, and even the most vigorous speakers to throw their voices as far as the outskirts of the crowd, the great gathering remained intact, standing in a block in front of the speaker, until 2 o'clock until 5:30, three full hours and a half.

Two Negroes Executed.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 29.—James Oscar Webb and Samuel Archer, negroes, were today executed. Webb was executed for the murder of his wife and her mother in June, 1902, and Archer for killing Policeman John Donovan, who was attempting to arrest him for robbery.

South Africa Census.

Cape Town, Sept. 29.—The census of British South Africa, including Cape Colony, the Transvaal, Natal, Rhodesia, Orange, Basutoland, and Bechuanaland, gives the white population at 1,135,016, and the colored at 5,198,175.

MAY APPEAL THE
NORTH YORK CASEMove Strongly Urged by the
Council of Mr. Davis.

LEAVES PECULIAR PRECEDENT

Law Not Clearly Defined on Certain
Points—Government Still
Undecided.

Toronto, Sept. 29.—Premier Ross and Hon. E. J. Davis, in answer to inquiries, stated yesterday that no decision had yet been made in regard to the entering of an appeal from the judgment of Chancellor Boyd and Mr. Justice Tietzel, voiding the North York election. The eight days within which an appeal must be filed, yet Mr. Davis pointed out, expire until Friday next.

It is understood, however, that the council are strongly of the opinion that as this is a case of first impression, the question of a man reported in one election being employed in a subsequent campaign never having arisen before in the Canadian courts, it should be taken higher in order that the law may be defined. In view of this opinion it is highly probable that an appeal will be entered on Friday.

The appeal will be made on two points. The first is that the presence in the riding of W. J. Robinson, who was reported in North York, was not with the "personal" knowledge of the candidate. The act is specific in this regard, yet Mr. Davis swore emphatically that he did not know Robinson was in the riding until the meeting at Sutton, which Mr. J. Lennox, the Conservative candidate, publicly called his attention to the fact, Robinson's name being included in a list read by Mr. Lennox, many of the names of which were those of well-known and highly-respected residents of the constituency. Mr. Davis' counsel contends that he had no reason to believe that Robinson was in the riding until the meeting at Sutton, with the exception that he acted as a pollster booth scrutineer on election day, and all the appointments of scrutineers were signed by Mr. Davis in North York. It was not until a man found guilty of bribery in one constituency being brought into another (Continued on page 5.)

Von Plehve's Regime
Wiped Out by Successor

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29, 1:45 p.m.—Prince Peter Sviatopolk-Mirsky, former Governor-General of Vilna, and present Minister of the Interior, assumed active direction of the ministry of the interior today. It is already apparent that there will be almost a clean sweep of the old Von Plehve regime. A number of the old lieutenants of the emperor have been resigned. Both the chief of the gendarmes and the Secretary of State for Finland, who were powerful offices in the late Von Plehve administration, will be divorced from the ministry of the interior, the new minister having firmly refused to have any connection with the police.

MR. CALVERT SEES
LIBERAL VICTORYThe Chief Govt. Whip Expects a
Majority of From Forty
to Fifty.

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 29.—W. S. Calvert, M. P. for West Middlesex, chief whip of the Liberal party, on his way home from the St. Louis fair, said he expected that a general election would occur this fall, and that the Liberals would be returned to power with a majority of 40 to 50. He was not so sanguine in regard to the provincial outlook, but believed that Premier Ross would pull through in an election following the Dominion elections. Mr. Calvert was very much impressed with the exhibit at the World's Fair, and stated it was the finest representation from any foreign country on the grounds.

A REMARKABLE FATALITY

Man and Moose Shot Simultaneously
by a Friend.

Halifax, Sept. 28.—A remarkable shooting fatality occurred in the woods near an expedition along the shore of the Bay of Fundy, when a young man named Macdonald, a party of three were moose-hunting. Macdonald, who was armed with a rifle, fired at a moose and a man, and the moose and the man were killed simultaneously. The man was killed by a bullet from the rifle, and the moose was killed by a bullet from the rifle.

Hope for Lady Curzon.

Walmers Castle, Kent, Sept. 29.—The physicians' bulletin issued at 10:45 today this morning regarding the condition of Lady Curzon, of the house of Devonport, says: "Lady Curzon passed a fair night and yesterday's improvement is maintained."

Back From James Bay.

Ottawa, Sept. 29.—Mr. Owen Sullivan, of the geological survey staff, has arrived here on an expedition along the shore of James Bay, from Point Comfort to Cape Henrietta Maria. There does not exist a satisfactory record of the coast, and the work of exploration being very difficult, Mr. Sullivan succeeded in his work, and will prepare at once the much-needed map.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Tomorrow—Fair and Cooler.
London, Thursday, Sept. 29.
Sun rises, 6:15 a.m. Moon rises, 3:30 p.m.
Sun sets, 6:34 p.m. Moon sets, 10:11 a.m.

A few scattered showers occurred today in the Territories and Manitoba, and more generally in the Lake Superior district. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fine.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52-66; Calgary, 54-70; Port Arthur, 50-70; Winnipeg, 54-62; Port Arthur, 44-52; Port Huron, 44-52; Toronto, 46-62; Ottawa, 34-44; Montreal, 42-56; Quebec, 32-56; St. John, 38-55; Halifax, 34-58.

FORECASTS.

Thursday, Sept. 29.—S. a.m. Windy. Strong breezes to moderate gales (westerly); a few showers today; clearing tonight.

Friday—Fair and slightly cooler.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	S. a.m.	Min.	Max.	Weather.
Calgary	49	38	50	Fair
Winnipeg	50	39	51	Fair
Port Arthur	50	39	51	Fair
Port Huron	49	38	50	Fair
Ottawa	48	37	49	Cloudy
Montreal	52	41	53	Rain
Quebec	46	35	47	Cloudy
Father Point	42	31	43	Fair

An energetic depression this morning covers Lake Superior, attended by strong breezes on the lakes and rain east to Western Quebec, in the Territories and Manitoba. The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Wednesday were: Highest, 70°; lowest, 42.5°.

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A COSTLY SUITE

Millionaire Turfman Rents One for
\$45,000 a Year.

New York, Sept. 29.—Probably the most expensive and most fully equipped suite of rooms of its size in the world has been taken by E. H. Thomas, the prominent turfman, who has rented the "royal" suite at the Hotel Regis. At the regular daily rate of \$125 the annual rental on this suite would be more than \$45,000. The suite, which will be occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, consists of a salon, a library, a dining-room, and two bathrooms. It is provided with every luxury and convenience that ingenuitly could devise. It will cost Mr. Thomas \$20 an hour, or about \$4 cents a minute, to live in these rooms, and the expense of a night's sleep of eight hours will be \$40.

NAVIES ATTACK

A TRAIN CREW

Winnipeg, Sept. 29.—A gang of Italian navvies employed by the C. P. R. drove the engineer and crew from the work train upon which they were employed near Carleton Place yesterday. One of the cars was derailed and several of the Italians were injured. The injured man secured a gun, and, going to the locomotive, shot the engineer in the arm and back. The train crew interfered, and the engine was chased from the train by the Italians. Special police were ordered to the scene from Port William, and the ringleaders of the gang were arrested. Engineer Towne's injuries are painful, but not serious. He was taken to Port William Hospital.

BUFFALO'S GRAFTERS

Buffalo, Sept. 29.—As the result of District Attorney Coatsworth's investigation of charges of alleged grafting in the Buffalo Police Department, several aldermen and four former aldermen have been indicted by the grand jury. They are J. Thomas Harp, Henry Moest and Orrin F. Pierce, aldermen; and Edward C. Beiser, Louis G. Roedel, Henry Schneider and John G. Busch, former aldermen.

The indicted men were arraigned today, and all pleaded not guilty and gave bail in the sum of \$1,000 for further hearing.

STEPPED BETWEEN RAILS

Unknown Man Cut to Pieces Near
the "500."

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Sept. 29.—A man whose name is at yet unknown, was killed on the Canadian Pacific shortly before 6 o'clock last night, between the rails of the track at the station. He was with two other men, named O'Reilly and Banister, walking east. As the approach of the train all were to one side of the track till within 10 yards, when the deceased stepped between the rails and waited. He was a new acquaintance of the other men, and they could not give his name.

Corner Dr. McLaugh viewed the body and ordered its removal to the "500," and efforts are now being made to establish the identity of the dead man. There will be no inquest.

MASSACHUSETTS' REGRETS

That Attache to British Embassy
Should Have Been Arrested.

Boston, Sept. 29.—After allowing time for the communications in the Phelps-Gurney case to reach Washington, Governor Bates today made public various letters bearing on the subject. The governor informed the state department that the judgment against Third Secretary Gurney, of the British embassy, has been vacated, and the fines remitted. He says that Judge Phelps had expressed regret to the secretary by letter, a copy of which he forwards, together with a statement by Judge Phelps, Governor Bates suggests that the attention of the British ambassador be called to the breach of the laws of Massachusetts, under the belief that the ambassador will take such action as the case demands.

The governor also expresses regret that want of knowledge of the law has resulted in an error of judicial authority in Massachusetts; and the hope that the statement of regret by Judge Phelps may be recognized as a conclusive disavowal of any intention of Massachusetts courts to ignore international law.

The remains will be removed to Cameron's native town for burial.

HARI-KARI FOR GEN. NOGI,

Is Clamor of Tokio Press

London, Thursday, Sept. 29.—An undated dispatch to the Express from Tokyo, sent by way of Shanghai, Sept. 28, says that for the first time since the war began impatience is manifested in Japan regarding the delay in the capitulation of Port Arthur. The newspapers editorially complain about Gen. Nogi's failure to capture the fortress. The press says: "We would like to send to the august general a sharp sword which hangs in our office." This remark is a covert invitation to Gen. Nogi to commit harikari, which, in Japan, is the logical result of failure in such a task. Other newspapers that have hitherto announced that Port Arthur had fallen have now lapsed into gloomy silence on the subject. In view of the failure of the last terrific assault, the opinion is expressed that the fortress may hold out for three months longer.

EASTWOOD WRECK;

FIFTH FATALITY

Simon Cameron, the fireman of the Serbia freight train, died in the Woodstock Hospital at 10 o'clock last night. The poor fellow was so frightfully burned that death came as a merciful end to his sufferings.

AUTHORIZED TO

ACQUIRE C. A. R.

Board's Report Adopted and the Purchase of Canada Atlantic Agreed Upon.

BOTH ARE AFTER
MORE BATTLESHIPSRussia Orders Eleven New
Destroyers.

JAPANESE BUY ARMOR PLATE

The Mikado to Construct Powerful
Fighting Machines in His Own
Docks—Flakes Big Guns.

London, Sept. 29.—The correspondent of the Times at Paris says a dispatch from Toulon says the Russian Government has just ordered from the Compagnie des Forges et Chantiers, de la Mediterranee, eleven torpedo boats, destroyers of the latest pattern, which will be taken in hand at once. Four will be built in the dockyards at Havre, four in the Norman dockyards, and three at La Seyne. They will not be finished for fifteen months. It is further reported that orders have been given for four cruisers of the Bayan type.

London, Sept. 29.—The correspondent of the Times at Berlin says: According to an American letter to the Kolnische Volks Zeitung, a representative of the Japanese Government has given in order to the Carnegie steel works for 7,500 tons of nickel steel plates, which, it is said, is intended to armor new battleships. The construction of which is contemplated in Japan. It is stated that the Japanese imperial navy yards are now fitted with the most modern machinery, and that the arsenal at Kure can supply the complete equipment of a battleship. The weapons of a large caliber are being turned out at Osaka.

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London Advertiser.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Job Department 176

London, Thursday, September 29.

Sir Wilfrid at Sorel.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's speech at Sorel, Quebec, yesterday, preludes the general election, the date of which he promises to announce in a few days.

The Premier spoke for an hour in the open air to an enormous gathering, and showed himself in good physical trim for the campaign.

His most palpable hit was his challenge of the Conservative party on the issue of the preferential tariff. On this question, the Opposition, as he aptly put it, has been neither fish, flesh nor fowl. Would the Conservative party continue the preference if it should return to power? This is a question which neither Mr. Borden nor any of his colleagues have answered, and which they do not care to discuss. They rail at Sir Wilfrid Laurier because he demanded no quid pro quo from the mother country, but they have not the courage to openly repudiate his free-trade policy.

The Premier leaves no one in doubt as to where he stands. He is prepared to defend the preference on its record.

Great Britain is our best customer; we must buy from her if we would extend our sales to her and bring back cargoes of British goods to secure lower freight rates for our export trade. The Liberal Government is not prepared to shut British goods out of the Canadian market, and it is ready to enter into a treaty of commerce by which the trade between the two countries may be further developed.

These arguments were advanced by the Premier in Quebec before a French-Canadian audience. He has not one story for Ontario and another for his native Province. Besides speaking louder than words, and the accomplished fact of the Canadian preferential tariff is worth more to the mother country than the loyal prattlings of politicians who would stab her with prohibitory duties if they had the power.

The Two Sides of the Story.

An Opposition campaign document in flaring type the Consolidated Fund expenditure in the last fifteen years to show that Liberals have been "grossly extravagant and wasteful." In the last full year of Conservative rule 1896-97 it was \$27,000,000, in 1903-1904, \$32,000,000; ergo the Government is wasting \$15,000,000 a year. Let us briefly point out what has resulted from this extra outlay:

1. The gross foreign trade of Canada has risen from \$239,000,000 in 1896, the last year of Conservative rule, to \$467,000,000. It is now four times greater than it was in 1896. To put it in another way, the gross foreign trade during the last seven years of Conservative rule, 1896-96, was \$1,630,000,000, whilst for the seven years, 1897-1903, of Liberal rule it has been \$2,540,000,000.

2. Population has greatly increased since 1896; immigration has never so large and the exodus has practically ceased. Meanwhile a very considerable movement of Americans into Canada has set in. Down to June 30 last, the American immigrants to the Canadian Northwest numbered 165,000. All that country is being rapidly settled up, and as its population grows the demand for factory goods and general merchandise from the older Provinces increases.

3. Liberals have added to and improved the Intercolonial, the betterment helping indirectly to promote interprovincial trade, which was never so great in the history of the country.

4. They have now provided a Lawrence route, a very considerable channel 30 feet deep between tide-water and Montreal, have built canals west of Montreal, and constructed minor works of various kinds at other points, all with the view of cheapening transportation rates and so increasing the selling value of Canadian products.

5. They have opened the Yukon, reserved order there and added in establishing another market for Eastern goods.

6. The abounding prosperity is due, of course, to natural causes; but Liberals can justly claim credit for having, by a wise readjustment of the tariff and other measures, allowed industry full play and done all that could have been done by human means to advance the general interests of the country.

7. They have arranged for the construction of a second transcontinental road, which will cost the taxpayer little, insure competition and lower rates, and open the back country of the older Provinces as well as a new country in the West. From being on a side street when the Liberals came in, Canada has leaped to a front street, and under the same wise and progressive rule is bound to grow apace in future.

8. Notwithstanding the heavy expenditures occasioned by this general boom, the national debt has been kept down by surpluses. In the last five full years of Conservative rule 1897, 1898, when the country was stagnating, it rose from \$238,000,000 to \$258,000,000, while in the last five years of Liberal rule 1898-1903, with everything and everybody prospering it has fallen from \$264,000,000 to \$262,000,000.

Who, then, would want to return to the old days when depression was the rule and people moved out, and the rest of them spent the time largely in sectional and sectarian quarrels?

Performances Versus Promises.

In his Stratford address Mr. Borden said some uncomplimentary things about the tariff, and promised a much better state of affairs if he were given the making of it. The Stratford Beacon reminds him that the Classic City has no cause for complaint, and much cause to congratulate itself, seeing that since 1896 it has gained the following new factories:

A furniture factory, employing 200 hands.
A packing establishment, 80 hands.
An office furniture factory, 100 hands.
An implement factory, 60 hands.
A knitting factory, 50 hands.
A biscuit factory, 100 hands.
A carriage factory, 50 hands.
A threshing machinery factory, now building.
An overshoe factory, now building.
A flax factory, doubled since 1896.
Grand Trunk shops, employing 900 hands, as against 600 hands in the good old days.

This is a satisfactory exhibit, which has been duplicated in nearly every center of industry in Canada. Facts like these rise up to refute and mock Mr. Borden when he indulges in jeremiads. People who feel prosperity in their pockets will not be caught by such chaff or frightened by the bogey of foreign competition, which the Opposition in parading before the workingmen.

No Enthusiasm.

The Windsor Standard, the leading organ of the Conservative party in Essex county, plays the candid friend to the leader of the Opposition as follows:

"Mr. Borden is somewhat cold in his manner, and not calculated to evoke much enthusiasm, even among his own political friends. He is deliberate in speech and especially careful of saying anything personally offensive to his opponents. He is a very gentlemanly man in his behavior, and shows a disposition to be fair to all. One hour, however, of Lewis Wigle and M. K. Cowan on a public platform, with a mixed audience, would create more enthusiasm than Mr. Borden would do in a year. Mr. Borden's meeting in Kingsville must have been very tame to South Essex people after what they have been accustomed to."

Mr. Borden lacks the indispensable quality of leadership—personal magnetism; but he is not altogether responsible for the frosty atmosphere of his Ontario tour. The raw material of popular enthusiasm is lacking. He has no policy to stir the enthusiasm of the people. They go and hear him out of curiosity, but they are too happy and contented to take him seriously. The Dundonald affair has petered out; the tariff issue has no interest for the man with a full dinner-pail; the Grand Trunk Pacific is as good as built, and Mr. Borden's alternative scheme is ignored by his own supporters. Take these three questions out and there is nothing left.

Laurier is himself again.

Mr. Borden finds it hard work bucking prosperity.

Every jailbird heartily concurs with the leading article in the Free Press today:

"Willing to wound and yet afraid to strike," describes the attitude of the Opposition toward the preferential tariff.

The well-fed farmers of North Middlesex are invited by the Free Press to repudiate Governor Borden because he denies his prisoners roast duck and plum pudding.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

[New York Press.]

A girl's red hair gets very much more golden when you fall in love with her. It makes a woman awful nervous to think how nervous she would be if a button came off.

The more will power a man has the less he tries to convince his wife of his wisdom. He knows it is right.

Even Christian Science can't fool a woman into thinking green apple colic hasn't a stronger grip on a boy than any other influence.

The satisfaction a woman gets out of her husband not being a genius is that it makes it sure for her boys, because it never strikes twice in the same family.

Evolution of Protectionist Thought.

[President Roosevelt.]

Political economists have pretty generally agreed that protection is vicious in theory and harmful in practice; but if the majority of the people in interest think it, and it affects only themselves, why is it so earthily rooted? Why should not be allowed to try the experiment of their heart's content?—Roosevelt's "Life of Benton," in 1896.

It is a matter of regret that the protective tariff policy, which, during the last forty odd years, has become part of the very fibre of the country, is not now accepted as definitely established. Every class of our people who is benefited by the protective tariff—President Roosevelt's letter of acceptance in 1904.

Their Pedigree.

[Town Topics.]

Denham—It's a good thing for some people that this country never restricted immigration.

Continuous Performance.

[Washington Star.]

"Does your wife insist on having the last word?"

"No," answered Mr. Meekton; "when Henrietta gets started there isn't any last word."

Described Her.

[Tribune.]

Stranger (at the door)—I am trying to find a lady whose married name I have forgotten, but I know she lives in this neighborhood. She is a woman easily described, and perhaps you know her—singularly beautiful creature, with pink and white complexion, sea-shell eyes, lovely eyes, and hair such as a servant—really, sir, I don't know.

Voice (from head of stairs)—Jane, tell the gentleman I'll be down in a minute.

The Decay of Love.

[H. B. Marriott-Watson, in Nineteenth Century.]

The doctrine of superiority of women, or its analogue, the dominance of woman (it matters not which), has resulted in a breach of the laws of nature. Evasion of childbirth follows, and with it the passage of woman's rights and the higher emotions. Events and facts have proved this beyond dispute. And even on the threshold of this great and delicate question is one stayed by the consciousness that the American woman has aimed the first great blow at the reign of Love. We know not what lies on the knees of the gods, nor is it possible to map the course of future events. It may be that the last state of this man shall be better than the first. But so far as the eye of man can carry now, American civilization by the overthrow of Love and its potency, will have inaugurated a new era fraught with portentous issues. American woman stands self-confessed never less their heads and rarely their hearts," says Mrs. George Cornwallis-Knowling. If that be so, then American civilization is on the eve of a momentous change which is infinitely more important than that which founded the great republic in the eighteenth century.

Drawing the Line.

[Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.]

"Does your daughter play the piano?" asked Mrs. Wiggs.

"That's what she calls it," replied Mr. Biggs, "but it always sounds more like work to me."

An Outrage.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]

"I understand that your son was on a jury last week."

"Yes, he was," replied the father, "but it had to come at this time. Court never let out in time for him to play more than eighteen holes."

On the Fashions.

[Chicago Tribune.]

I saw a Woman go with Fretful Frown, To choose her Winter Habit, Frock or gown.

"What Color shall it be?" they asked; "Oh, make it any Color, so it's Brown."

"This Fashion sets with Piffal and win Gin
This Path of Style the women wander in.
"This Fashion says: 'Last Year I Made This Plump, and I think you'd better all be Thin.'"

From Paris come Creations full of Curves,
With Lace that aways in fleecy Swirls Go, look; ask not the value of the Thing.
The Price is sure to act upon your Nerves.

The Leg-of-mutton Sleeve—this is a Hint—
Is coming back in a terrific Sprint.
It will be served to those of Proper Taste
Who order the Sauce coined in the Mint.

The summons goes again for Fashion's Feast.
It opens the Pursues of the Great and And, oh, Dressmakers who sewed Yesterday
Today, Modists, and call themselves "Modists."

In Bonnets you may see the maker's Mark,
And trace an Undercurrent deep with Wink.
The Most Important piece of News is This:
"The Hat you bought last Spring is out of Style."

The styles of Grandma's Time are now displayed,
And Woman in that Garb shall be arrayed.
She will be Quaint—and Her dress shall make
But Grandma's Dresses Grandma always made.

Full thirty yards of Stuff to make a Skirt,
How many Hundreds will this edict hurt?
When one has Bought and Paid for all of this,
Will he have Coin enough to buy a Shirt?

And so—and so of Bodice, Skirt, and Sleeve,
Of Hat and Cloak and Style and Fit and Weave.
The Women Talk. How much resulted from
The Apple Appetite of Mother Eve?

Enthusiasm (?) For Mr. Borden.

[Montreal Herald.]

There was to be a brass band welcome for Borden at Lymer, Ont., but the bandmen went off to London Fair. Not a bad example of the wild enthusiasm his presence inspires everywhere.

His Charity.

[Boston Transcript.]

Martha—I wonder that Mabel encourages Mr. Gay; surely he can't be worth much, or he wouldn't always look so shabby.

Mary—Oh, that's no sign; they say he gives articles of clothing to his needy friends every day or two. At any rate, that's what Fred told me. The uncle, he says, lives downtown at the sign of the gilt balls.

Time for Serious Reflection.

[Philadelphia Inquirer.]

"When does a young man commence first to think seriously of marriage?"

"Usually about two months after he is married."

At a Summer Resort.

[Town Topics.]

Ellis—Any men here?
Stella—I believe the head waiter is a man, but I haven't seen him yet.

Barred Out the "Machese."

[Toronto Star.]

Major Hugh Clark ran in Center Bruce on plans and specifications drawn up by himself. He refused to allow a Conservative convention to be held to nominate him. But this was only a preliminary eccentricity to his campaign. He would enter the field against the Liberal candidate, but he insisted that the Conservative party as an organization should keep out of the riding altogether. He shuddered to think of it. He knew it and did not want it near him. He stipulated that Mr. Whitney should not speak in the riding, neither he nor any member of his political household. He threatened to resign if any Conservative organizer litted word of the party fund to him. He swears he returned the check to the next mail. He did not need the party fund to aid him, his beautiful being purer than the purity fund conspired. He seems to have known of no honest way to win the election could be put. Was this not the only way returned by a candidate? Yet the Opposition press boasts of the return of Bruce—Center Bruce, where this can-

Results from common soaps: eczema, coarse hands, ragged clothes, shrunken flannels.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE.

ask for the Orange Bar

THE WORK OF VANDALS.

Portraits of the Emperor of Russia Mutilated at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Sept. 28.—When the Russian exhibit at the World's Fair was opened today it was discovered that several valuable oil paintings of Emperor Nicholas had been torn from the wall and mutilated. Another portrait of the Emperor, a handsome and valuable panel, done in colored silk, has been torn from its support and subjected to the greatest indignity. There were marks showing that the features of the Emperor had been tampered upon. An investigation has been ordered.

MORE MEDIATION TALK.

Are Germany and Italy Striving to Arrange Peace?

Rome, Sept. 28.—Although a portion of the Italian press insists that the meeting of Premier Giolitti and Count von Bismarck, the German chancellor, at Hamburg, was not connected with the subject of mediation between Russia and Japan, the Avanti asserts that the presence of the German chancellor at the meeting was not without significance. The foreign press, however, generally denies that Italy is concerned in any such movement. According to semi-official sources the only reason for the visit of Premier Giolitti to Hamburg was that he and Count von Bismarck, the German chancellor, were to discuss different international questions affecting the two countries. Giolitti especially felt the need to explain that Italy's membership in the triple alliance was in harmony with her friendly relations with England and France.

The Connecticut Launched.

New York, Sept. 28.—The U. S. battleship Connecticut was launched today. Owing to the rumors of the last few days of an attempt to wreck the ship, at the launching there was an intense feeling of suspense among the spectators, and the officers and employees at the navy yard lost something of the ceremony, but everything went off well.

CHOLERA MORBUS, cramps and kindred complaints, usually attack their appearance at the same time as the heat of the summer, and are very common. They are caused by eating things, which they need not abstain if they have Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial and a few drops of Eucalypti Extract. It cures the cramps and cholera in a remarkable manner, and is to be checked every disturbance of the bowels.

The way in which billiard-playing is simplified by the advice of a Munich professor has astonished those who have witnessed the test. The sides of an ordinary billiard table are provided with six mirrors, one of which can be turned down when a play is made, and the advantage rests in the fact that any image is reflected in the same angle in which it falls on the mirror, just as the billiard ball rebounds from the cushion in the same angle as that of striking. The mirror shows at once the different ways in which a shot can be made.

No Trouble to Answer Questions
Concerning the cheap excursion to New York via West Shore Railroad from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo, on Sept. 29. The fare is \$9 for the round trip tickets, good to return until Oct. 8. Call on or write Louis Drago, Canadian passenger agent, 69½ Yonge street, Toronto, Ont.

A Splendid Opportunity
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Peter Slater, of Sioux Falls, is the name of a strong man who is surpassing all his fellows in the world. He is a Norwegian, about 24. Slater is a section hand on the Great Northern between Sioux Falls and Rapid City. His great strength lies chiefly in his jaws. On one occasion he fastened a strap around an axvil in a blacksmith shop, placed the end of the strap between his teeth and walked away with the axvil. At another time by means of a rope and his teeth he lifted a 30-pound granite hitching block clear of the ground. Another feat is to take three sacks of sugar, weighing 100 pounds each, grasp them with his teeth by the corners and lift them clear of the ground.

IT REACHES THE SPOT.—There are few remedies before the public today as efficacious in removing pain and in allaying and preventing pulmonary disorders as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It has demonstrated its powers in thousands of instances, and a large number of testimonials as to its great value as a remedy. It is for sale everywhere.

The making of carbon paper and typewriter ribbons is a trade secret known to scarcely two dozen people in the world. It has been handed down from father to son for probably a century. So carefully is the secret guarded that the process has never been patented.

NOTHING LOOKS more ugly than a person whose hands are covered with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person when a sure remedy for all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure.

There are 1,223 typesetting machines used by 215 firms, which are scattered throughout Germany, but it is believed that there are in reality 1,040 of these machines in use in Germany. The smallest coin in the world having a genuine circulation is probably the Maltese "krone," a tiny fragment of bronze about as big around as the top of a state pencil and having a value of only one-twelfth of a penny.

Don't put yourself in this man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. There is not so good for Colic, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhoea. It is equally valuable for Summer complaint and Cholera Infantum, and has saved the lives of many children than any other medicine in use. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later and when that time comes you will need not buy it now, as it is prepared for such an emergency. Price, 25 cents.

SPECIAL SALE OF CLOTHS

FOR MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS.

We have a special lot of Cloths, suitable for men's and boys' wear, which we are going to clear out at bargain prices. If we make them you will always be well dressed and at the same time know that you are paying the lowest price for which good clothes can be made.



WE GUARANTEE TO FIT YOU, SATISFY YOU AND SAVE YOU MONEY.

\$1.00 All-Wool Friezes for 50c.

Special selection of All-Wool Friezes, 56 inches wide, in mixed colors. Regular price \$1.00 the yard. Now clearing at.....**50c**

75c Canadian Tweeds for 50c.

A fine lot of Canadian Tweeds, suitable for boys' and men's wear. They're all-wool and made for hard wear. Full range of patterns. Now's your chance to get cloth for a suit at a bargain. Cloth cut free of charge. Regular prices of these Tweeds are 65c, 70c and 75c. Now clearing at.....**50c**

Suit Lengths of Scotch Tweeds.

A very fine lot of Imported Scotch Tweeds—suit lengths—a large range of the best patterns to choose from. Regular prices of these were \$3.00, \$3.25 and \$3.50 the yard. Now clearing at, **\$2.00** per yard.

ALL CLOTHS CUT FREE OF CHARGE.

KINGSMILL'S

Special Sale of CLOTHS.

The city of Trebizond is one of the most important cities and ports in the Black Sea. It is about 480 miles from Constantinople and 100 miles from Batoum. It is the port of call for the steamships of the Black Sea Navigation Company, and for the caravan route to and from Persia.

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See to it that you get the real thing, and ask your neighbor what they think of it. You can't get your money back if not cured, so a box, at Dr. Chase's Ointment.

An electrical chronometer, which gives the time of an automobile race to the one-hundredth of a second, has been produced by the Moer Company in Paris. An instrument is placed at the starting point and another at the finish, the two being connected by a charged wire. When the start is made a current is sent through the line, which deflects a needle making a dot upon a paper on a revolving drum. At the finish another dot is made upon the drum. A scale on the paper shows the exact time.

Monkey Brand Soap makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and windows like crystal.

During one generation of 34 years—those preceding the year 1901—the divorces granted in Canada numbered only 68. In the United States during the same period the number of divorces was almost 200,000. The population of the United States has averaged twelve times that of the Dominion, while its divorces were 10,000 times as many.

A PILL FOR GENEROUS EATERS.—There are many persons of healthy appetite and poor digestion who are unable to get their food into their stomachs. They are subject to much suffering, taken less like lead in their stomachs. Headache, depression, a smothering feeling follow. One so afflicted is unable to business or work of any kind. In this condition Farme's Vegetable Pills will bring relief. They will assist the assimilation of the aliment, and used according to directions will restore healthy digestion.

Stocks are not often seen on the American continent, but are commonly found in nearly all the countries of Europe. In Holland, where they are particularly numerous and are protected by law, their nests are generally on the summit of a tall post, put up on purpose for them, on which is fixed an old cart wheel.

IT REACHES THE SPOT.—There are few remedies before the public today as efficacious in removing pain and in allaying and preventing pulmonary disorders as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It has demonstrated its powers in thousands of instances, and a large number of testimonials as to its great value as a remedy. It is for sale everywhere.

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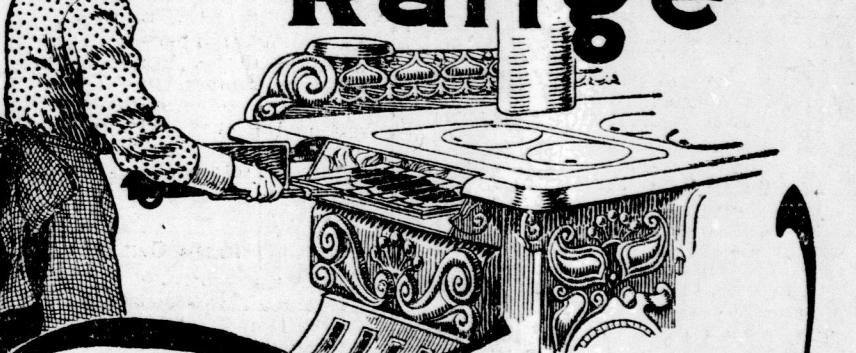
You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later and when that time comes you will need not buy it now, as it is prepared for such an emergency. Price, 25 cents.

THE SPANISH MINISTER of Agriculture has been authorized to incur expenditures for requisite methods to fight and exterminate the locusts which have become a plague in Spain.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS THE PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

"Tom" Tobin, an old scout and Indian fighter, who died recently at Fort Garland, Col., was a former com-

Pandora Range



—big enough to admit a large-sized broiler or toaster easily and just above the glowing coals—no trouble to broil steak or make toast with this door. (Ever occur to you that the most delicious steaks are the broiled ones?)

This point has been given special attention in the Pandora Range—It's an At broiler.

Sold by all enterprising dealers—booklet free.

McClary's

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N.B.

WM. STEVELY & SON, 362 Richmond Street, J. O. PARK, 663 Dundas Street, London East.

The Best Grocery Bags in Canada

SUCCESSFUL FAIR AT AILSA CRAIG

Thirty-Ninth Annual Show of
N. M. and E. W. A. S.

JUST AS POPULAR AS EVER

Splendid Exhibit of Draught Horses
The Ladies' Work Made a Fine
Showing—Result of Races

The 39th annual fair of the North Middlesex and East Williams Agricultural Societies was held in the town of Ailsa Craig yesterday, and must have been gratifying indeed to the directors. A beautiful morning and good roads no doubt aided in the attendance being so large. From all directions came a constant stream of rigs, and by 2 o'clock a very large crowd was on the grounds.

The Northern Fair, ever since the days when W. K. Atkinson was at the helm, has always been popular with the people of the fair district. In some departments the fair did not come up to last year, but in other sections it was even better than the previous year. In heavy draught horses there were many splendid animals shown, and they gave the judges considerable work to pick out the winners.

In sheep and swine the entries were small, although some fine stock were exhibited.

In poultry there were only three exhibitors, but they had a very large number of entries. Mr. Wm. McNeil, the veteran poultry breeder, of London, acted as judge and gave entire satisfaction.

In regard to rule 13 in the catalogue, where it states that no exhibitor shall receive more than one prize in one section, if the directors wish to drive exhibitors away, or have them stay at home, they could not take a better plan. It certainly is no inducement to produce or bring to the fair any more than one good animal. If a person brings two, according to rule 13, an inferior animal must take second prize. Surely the man who can produce three good animals should be encouraged, instead of being penalized by chance.

A great many complaints were heard on this very point, and no doubt the directors will see to it another year and have something more satisfactory.

In the palace there was a fine display of ladies' work, fine arts and photos.

The roots were an immense size, but the display of grain was not what it should be. The fruit was very smooth and even, with some large and beautiful varieties.

On the track there were a couple of good races. The 2:40 trot and 2:25 pace were for blood, right from the start. Below are the summaries:

2:40 trot and 2:25 pace
Duff Barr, Skinner & McCullum, 1 1
Forest, 2 2
Joe Stanton, T. Murdoch, Hensall, 2 3
Time, 2:26, 2:27, 2:28.

2:40 trot and 2:45 pace
Freddie Lee, H. Roseburg, 1 1
Zurich, 2 2

2:50 trot and 2:35 pace
Rosa Mack, Geo. Joynt, Hensall, 1 2
Homes, H. McLaugh, 2 2
Kirk, 2 3
Amber M., George Morrissey, 4 4
Moline, Cameron, 4 4
Gray Points, Joseph Lawson, 5 5
Time, 2:46, 2:47, 2:48.

Pony race—M. T. Rosser, Denfield, 1; D. McClellan, Ailsa Craig, 2.

The hurdle jump, which afforded a great deal of amusement, was won by James McKee, Lucan; William McLurg, Falkirk; 2; Dr. S. Cameron, Ailsa Craig, 3.

In the evening a grand concert was given in Wyllie's Skating Rink, which was largely attended. A number of prominent men were on the grounds from London and other points. The Ailsa Craig band furnished the music during the day. No skin games were allowed, which speaks well for the management. The officers' names and J. Carron, president, Ailsa Craig; Wm. McLurg, first vice-president, Falkirk; J. D. Drummond, second vice-president, Ailsa Craig; W. E. Clothier, secretary, Ailsa Craig; J. Rosser, treasurer, Ailsa Craig; C. Walker was starter and judge in the races.

MAY APPEAL THE NORTH YORK CASE

(Continued from page 1.)

to carry on the same corrupt work. Robinson was found guilty in North York of hiring a conveyance, in which "mixed" voters, Conservatives as well as Liberals, were taken to the poll, and the election was allowed to be declared void as a result of an arrangement between the parties. There was no evidence of the engagement of Robinson to work in North York, even by an agent of Mr. Davis.

At the trial English precedents were referred to by Mr. G. T. Blackstock, counsel for the Conservatives, but it transpires that in none of these cases was the candidate unseated.

Should the case be appealed, it will be watched with considerable interest in legal circles, as it is considered that a very fine point has been raised.

Premier Ross remains uncommunicative as to the future intentions of the Government.

By the terms of the amendment passed at the last session of the Legislature, if a writ for the election of a new member has not been issued within three months after such vacancy occurred, it is the duty of the clerk of the crown in chancery to issue a writ forthwith. There must be, therefore, between now and the end of the year either a number of bye-elections or a general election. Col. Clarke, the clerk of the crown in chancery, said yesterday that he had not received from Mr. E. A. Dunlop, formally resigning his seat in the House as member for North Renfrew.

LATER.
Toronto, Ont., Sept. 28.—Hon. E. J. Davis stated today that he would appeal the North York election case, the decision in which unseated him for employing W. J. Robinson, previously reported in North York.

GOOD DIGESTION SHOULD WAIT ON APPETITE.—To have the stomach well is to have the nervous system well. Very delicate are the digestive organs. In some sensitive persons the least atmospheric changes affect them. When they become disordered no better regulator is procurable than Parmentier's Tablets. They will assist the digestion so that the heart and liver will suffer no inconvenience and will derive all the benefits of his food.

NOT FOR HER

Detroit Woman Voluntarily Abandoned the Title of Countess.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 28.—A Detroit woman, who married "Count Otto von Mueller," has voluntarily given up the title of countess and its privileges. She said that she no longer considered herself his wife.

I am going to New York to accept an engagement on the stage," she said. Von Mueller, better known as Kohler, is charged with having two wives. One is a Cleveland woman. Both she and the Detroit wife were in the police court when Kohler was arraigned for forcing Judge Whelan on charges of grand larceny and abandoning a minor child. He is bound over.

ONLY HIS NERVE

Is Keeping Joe Jefferson Alive, Says an Intimate Friend.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 28.—Joe Jefferson is living solely upon his nerve, according to an intimate friend. He has been secluded for several days, and at the time it was said that he had been taken to the hospital by a physician who attended him in his belief, is in a private sanitarium, undergoing careful treatment for some time. His nerve is gone and but the frail shell of the old man remains.

His season's engagements were canceled a week ago and his family are in daily communication with him by long distance telephone. His spirit remains optimistic, but the physician who attended him at Buzzard's Bay when he was taken ill five weeks ago states that in his belief it is but a question of a brief time when life will cease. In fact, among the older set of theatrical men there is daily expectancy of news of his death.

MRS. CAMPBELL'S V NECK

Actress Out Shopping Didn't Wear Anything Over Shoulders.

New York, Sept. 28.—Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the English actress, was seen in a Broadway cab yesterday afternoon by the eccentricity of her dress, and the fact that she was wearing a low-cut gown and a "Mrs. Campbell" ended by taking a cab back to her hotel.

Mrs. Campbell, her dog Pinkey, Stella Campbell, her daughter, Miss Stella Campbell, and her maid, Miss Guy Standing, started out to "do the shops" after the afternoon rehearsal of "The Successor" at the Herald Square Theatre. The day being somewhat warm, Mrs. Campbell wore a low-cut gown and no wrap.

It was a bit irregular to appear on Broadway in a gown that smacked of the opera, but when Mrs. Campbell believes in a certain mode of dress, she is not easily shaken.

The gown was a marvelous combination of a walking skirt and a ball gown. The bodice was cut out both in front and back in the shape of the letter "V," and not even a feather boa hid the expanse of white shoulder.

The skirt was elaborately flounced and was trimmed with a black taffeta. Her hat was a smashing Gainsborough shape. Under "Mrs. Campbell's" hat was a smashing Gainsborough shape. Under "Mrs. Campbell's" hat was a smashing Gainsborough shape.

The Campbell family visited a shop at Thirty-Fifth street and Broadway, and the unusual appearance of Mrs. Campbell attracted a crowd of kinsmen women. The party then beat a retreat to a candy store, where the actress fed Pinkey on walnut creams and made several purchases. When they came out of this shop Mrs. Campbell hesitated, and in front of the Hotel Marlborough she was fairly surrounded by marauding shoppers.

Mrs. Campbell hurried scornful glances at the women who were and held whispered conversation with Mr. Standing on the curb. He disappeared for a moment and returned up and down the street, carrying a dog and daughter away.

Hanna Can Have It

Windsor, Ont., Sept. 28.—The Conservative of North Essex will hold their second annual convention in this city on Saturday Oct. 8, to select a candidate for the Dominion House. It is believed that W. J. Hanna, of this city, can have the nomination if he cares for it.

JAPANESE CARRY THE DA PASS

(Continued from page 1.)

right flank was a remarkable performance. Dr. Matyeff, who was captured by the Japanese, said that the Japanese are suffering severely from dysentery, and that they begged his assistance in combating the disease. Japanese officers of the staff are excellent linguists, and many of them speak English and German, as well as some Russian.

Japan Is Confident.
New York, Sept. 28.—The Japanese press is uncertain whether to regard the second Russian army as a second Pacific squadron, says the Times correspondent at Tokio, but it declares that at any rate, since the responsibility for the prolongation of the war rests with Russia, Japan is prepared to continue to fight unflinchingly, confident of her ability to place in the field a larger and stronger army than Russia.

It is added that no financial or economic inconvenience has been experienced hitherto, and therefore confidence is expressed that in a trial of endurance Japan will not be beaten by her enemy.

Russian Army Reform.

Tokio, Sept. 28.—The emergency ordinance amending the army conscription law was gazetted today. It extends the service of the second reservists from five to ten years and abolishes the distinction between the first and second reserve conscripts. Reservists will be retired at the age of 37.

A contemplated increase in the army involves some scheme of divisional organization, the plan of which has not yet been disclosed.

One of the most interesting possessions of the museum at the Hahnemann Medical College in Philadelphia is a complete nerve skeleton made by Dr. Rufus B. Weaver, the famous neurologist. It is the only specimen of the kind in the world.

A BENEFACTOR TO ALL.—The soldier, the sailor, the fisherman, the miner, the farmer, the mechanic, and all who live lives of toil and spend their existence in the dull routine of tedious tasks, and who are exposed to injuries and ailments that those who toil not do not know, will find in Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil an excellent friend and benefactor in every time of need.

THE NORTH YORK CASE

Government May Appeal From Decision Unseating Hon. Mr. Davis.

Toronto, Sept. 28.—The Government is considering, it is understood, the advisability of appealing the decision of the election court in the North York case, by which Hon. E. J. Davis was unseated for personally engaging W. J. Robinson, who had been reported in North York as a high-class election agent.

The Government is likely to direct the entry of an appeal, even if this is not pressed later on.

BRAINS TO LET

Students Accused of Taking Examinations for Others.

New York, Sept. 28.—A syndicate of bright young men who hire out their brains and education has been unearthed in this city, according to Charles F. Wheelock, chief examiner of the examining board of the New York State Department of Education. He says these young men are in a trust, the members of which take the regents' examinations as proxies for others. All a candidate for a regency needs, according to Mr. Wheelock, is to get one of the syndicate to represent him in the examination room under the candidate's name. The proxy passes the examination with flying colors, and then collects. The rate is usually \$150, but sometimes as little as \$20 has been accepted, and sometimes the fee is as high as \$300.

Eldor Finkle and Louis H. Lohar, students in Columbia University, have been arrested at the instigation of Mr. Wheelock, charged with taking examinations for others. He says these are the first arrests ever made on such a charge. "We have been trying hard to get these fellows out of the university," but heretofore have let them go. This time we intend to push the cases to the limit."

A BEAUTY BREEDER

How a Russian Proposes to Rid the World of Ugliness.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—The Czar has received a petition consisting of over a thousand photographs of remarkably beautiful men, women and children, from a Russian nobleman, Reshetnikov, who reports that his experiments are a wonderful success.

Ten years ago this owner of an immense landed estate near Perm, a veritable Paradise of scenic beauty, and growing the best cereals, the finest fruits and most abundant vegetables in the whole country, began a scheme to banish "ugliness." He assembled all his tenants and servants, and compelled every man, woman or child not coming up to his standard of beauty to quit the estate, giving each money in exchange for a contract never to return. Then he advertised for good-looking, single men and women, healthy in mind and body, inviting them to come to his place and accept a certain amount of land, cattle and money.

Hundreds responded, and the foundation of his colony encouraged the men and women to marry, with one restriction: He selected the couples that were to marry. For those willing to accept his judgment he prepared elaborate wedding festivities, promising to pay the bride price and to furnish a well-conditioned and good-looking child, and sixty roubles for each following child. The scheme worked, and Reshetnikov has now the finest collection of fathers and mothers and babies that ever thrived on a single estate.

ROBED AS GODDESS

Comic Misadventure of a Yachtin Party Invited to Fancy Ball.

Dinard, Sept. 27.—Fashionable Dinard, the foreign aristocracy sojourning at this beautiful French watering place, turned out in force to attend the ball, and the foreign colony was represented by its most distinguished members.

All of the ladies who were not in fancy dress powdered their hair and the gentlemen wore scarlet or blue facings to their coats when not in costume. The general effect was brilliant. The hostess created a sensation by her appearance as Bellona, the Goddess of War. Her costume consisted of a white garment falling from shoulder to hem. Heavy gold embroidery adorned the skirt, and a sword was carried in her hand. Her head was a gold helmet and in her hand carried a long golden spear.

Among the guests was Mr. Duncan Elliott, whose Spanish costume of yellow and black thickly studded with gold and white, and a large sun-bonnet, made a most lovable child in a very short frock, all frilled and furbelowed. The silk dress and a huge sun-bonnet. The Marchioness of Anglesy also created a sensation with her infant costume, which consisted of a long muslin frock, hanging straight from the throat to the floor, and ornamented with a sash tied under the arms and bows on the shoulders. Dukes, marquises, counts and barons were abundant, and many pretty girls were in their element, among them being Miss Morgan Hill, Miss Holmes, Miss Burdett, Miss Green and Miss Lowther.

THE DA PASS

(Continued from page 1.)

The collection box will only affect the indoor servants. The keepers at the big shoots will remain as avatars of the system. The poor country houses will follow suit, and the poor young men who now refuse invitations because they cannot afford to accept them will breathe a sigh of relief.

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Drowned in Tank

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 28.—William Goff, 51 years old, a freight conductor on the New York Central, left East Syracuse with his motor car, and was bound west. At a crossing in this city the engineer failed to receive the signal to stop, and the car ran into the tank. There was no one in the caboose, and the engineer in his search for the conductor's box in the locomotive tank, into which he had fallen and drowned.

JOTTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES

Furnished by the Special and Occasional Correspondents of the Advertiser.

BRUSSELS.

Brussels, Sept. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Bantyne, of Atwood, spent Sunday in Brussels.

On Thursday evening Rev. P. Clifton Parker, M. A., of Toronto, gave an address in the town hall on "Fighting the War Plague."

W. Martin and wife are holidaying with friends in Michigan.

George Robb, our popular dairyman, has left to visit in Toronto, Brantford, and Guelph.

Rev. J. E. Hunter left for Victoria University, Toronto, last Saturday. Charles Ritchie and wife are spending a few weeks in Michigan.

Miss Edith Adams is visiting relatives at Trowbridge. Anniversary sermons at Brownston on Sunday.

Rev. George Baker supplied the Methodist pulpit here.

Mrs. R. T. Hingston fell and broke her arm on Saturday.

Rev. I. M. Webb occupied the pulpit of St. John's Church on Sunday evening with a most interesting sermon. James Oliver, wife and daughter, have decided to move to Tessaillon. They purpose leaving town on Saturday.

Rev. John Ross preached a sermon to the children last Sunday evening.

MISS ROOSEVELT WON?

Congressman Said to Have Captured President's Daughter.

New York, Sept. 28.—Friends of Miss Roosevelt in this city are expecting the announcement of her engagement to Nicholas Longworth, representative in congress from the first district of Ohio. The rumor that they are engaged has been persistent for some time, and recent events seem to lend confirmation.

Answer to inquiries the President said: "Say to the press that if I desire to be quoted as saying that I have nothing to say."

Nicholas Longworth is a millionaire 32 years old, an old Harvard man, handsome and witty. He is descended from revolutionary stock and is a member of the cream of the aristocracy of the Ohio territory. From his grandfather and his father he has inherited a block of valuable real estate in the congressional district he represents.

From the time he came to Washington he has been most attentive to Miss Roosevelt. He was her devoted attendant at all her social engagements. He accompanied her to places of amusement. During the last summer, when Miss Roosevelt was traveling from place to place, he was her constant companion. He was never far away. He frequented the same restaurants and the same houses of the Washington administration set at the hotel during the last season.

THE KING AND TIPPING

How His Majesty Did the Poor Guest a Good Turn.

London, Sept. 27.—The King who has been staying with Lord and Lady Savile at Rufford Abbey, was greatly impressed by the stories told him by one of the guests about the outrageous imposition known as "tipping," which was a poor man's stay at a country house. The King, who is a very generous man, gave a graphic account of his own experience in this regard.

Lord Savile's guest, when pressed by his majesty, gave a graphic account of his own experience in this regard. He said that he had received at the hands of the servants during a second visit to a certain house because he had not given quite enough gold to the head butler.

The King listened patiently to the young man's woes, and then remarked: "The next time you visit that house tell the hostess with my compliments to put up a collection box for the servants in the smoking-room. The contents can be divided among the servants when the guests leave, and the servants can never know who the donors were."

It appears that the King had tried this system when paying a visit last year, and his hostess declared on that occasion that the plan worked admirably.

The immediate result of the King's remarks will undoubtedly be that instead of two or three hostesses adopting the system, all the big country houses will follow suit, and the poor young men who now refuse invitations because they cannot afford to accept them will breathe a sigh of relief.

The collection box will only affect the indoor servants. The keepers at the big shoots will remain as avatars of the system. The poor country houses will follow suit, and the poor young men who now refuse invitations because they cannot afford to accept them will breathe a sigh of relief.

Romantic in the extreme has been the career of Baron Lynden, who has just arrived with a parliamentary party from England to tour the United States. By going on the stage when a boy he offended his father, an aristocratic clergyman. The youth came to America and became a waiter in a Bowers restaurant. Next he was a fisherman down in the States. Finally he worked his way back to England and there became a sailor.

Wounded up this part of his career on the American liner "Paris," now the Philadelphia, on which he was a steward. In 1901 he succeeded, on the death of the second Lord Lynden, to the titles and estates, which include some 15,000 acres of the best land in Northamptonshire.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than in all other diseases put together, and until the last few years has been incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has now shown that it is a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment.

Catarrh cured by Dr. J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to one ounce, three or four times a day. It cures all cases of Catarrh of the bladder and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for a case if it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Dr. J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by druggists. 75 cents. Take Dr. J. C. Cheney's Family Pills for constipation.

INTERNATIONAL LAW

Russian Paper Says It Has Become Nothing but Politic Myths.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—The Novosti in a bitterly sarcastic editorial refers to the conference of the Institute of International Law, which closed at Edinburgh yesterday, and to the proposal from the United States to reassemble the Hague Conference. The paper declares that international law is a political myth, and that it is not a science, but a series of nations with solid rock bottoms at depths of more than 1000 feet, and is conducted to a stone-paved reservoir.

Is entirely free from acid or alkaline and any kind of impurity. Ask for Carling's Ale—accept no other, because no other is quite so good.

The Russian makes an intricate calculation of Japan's fighting strength, from which it concludes that the Japanese have a superiority of 1,000,000 men, which to draw to fill up their battalions, it is estimated, in the field. It says the critics have been all along deceived by the difference in the Japanese army on a war and on a peace footing, and by the statistics of the able-bodied men filled to respond to the call for military force of over 1,000,000 strong when organizing her forces to meet the Japanese in the Far East.

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THE DOMINION SAVINGS

AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

Assets Over \$2,000,000.00

All depositors are therefore fully secured. Highest rates allowed on Debentures and Deposits.

NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager.

No. 1 Masonic Temple.

F. H. BUTLER, Stock Broker.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Long distance phone 123. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.



Live Chickens bought at highest prices, delivered at Pottersburg.

LATEST MARKETS

LOCAL MARKETS

London, Thursday, Sept. 29.

The supply of produce at the market this forenoon was about up to the average for this day of the week.

Sales were brisk for almost every line offered, the exception being a few classes of vegetables. Prices were steady for most of the lines represented.

Grain—About 20 loads of oats were offered. The demand was brisk at 74c to 75c per cwt. Most of the loads went at 75c per cwt. One load of wheat sold at 81c per bushel.

Hay and Straw—About a dozen loads of hay were on the stand. Sales were fairly brisk at 70c to 75c per ton. Straw was wanted by several of the buyers.

Butter and Eggs—There was brisk demand for the small supply that was on sale. Prices ranged for butter in crocks at 12c to 13c, and for pound rolls at 12c to 13c. Eggs were scarce, most of the lines represented at 15c and 16c per dozen.

Vegetables and Potatoes—Potatoes well at 60c to 70c per bag, mostly at 60c per bag. Tomatoes, 25c to 30c per bushel. Onions, 30c to 35c per bushel. Other vegetables plentiful at prices quoted.

Fruits—Apples were plentiful at dull of 40c to 50c per bushel. Grapes, 25c to 30c per bushel. 10-pound baskets, 50c to 60c per bushel. The last named fruit was paid for choice Crawford's, Plums, 25c to 30c per bushel. Citrus are dull at 15c per dozen.

Dressed Hogs—About 20 carcasses were offered. Sales were made at 75c to 76c per cwt. Prices were slow in this line. Cuts were as quoted.

Cattle, old, 10c to 15c per lb. Oats, new, 10c to 15c per lb. Wheat, 10c to 15c per lb. Barley, 10c to 15c per lb. Rye, 10c to 15c per lb. Buckwheat, 10c to 15c per lb. Peas, 10c to 15c per lb.

GRAIN, PER BUSHEL.

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DAIRY PRODUCE

Butter, store, 10c to 15c per lb. Butter, crocks, 10c to 15c per lb. Butter, rolls, 10c to 15c per lb. Butter, creamery, 10c to 15c per lb. Eggs, doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Eggs, doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Honey, strained, 10c to 15c per lb. Honey, comb, 10c to 15c per lb.

POULTRY, DRESSED.

Old hens, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair. Spring chickens, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair. Turkeys, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair. Ducks, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair.

POULTRY, LIVE.

Spring chickens, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair. Old hens, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair. Turkeys, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair. Ducks, per pair, 10c to 15c per pair.

BUTCHERS' MEATS.

Dressed hogs, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Beef, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Pork, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Mutton, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Lamb, each, 10c to 15c per each. Lamb, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb.

LIVE STOCK.

Hogs, select, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Pigs, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Sheep, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Goats, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Cattle, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Horses, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt.

HAY AND STRAW.

Wool, washed, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Wool, unwashed, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Hides, No. 1, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Hides, No. 2, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Tallow, rendered, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Tallow, crude, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Sheepskins, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb.

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, new, per bag, 10c to 15c per bag. Potatoes, per bag, 10c to 15c per bag. Lettuce, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Radishes, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Rhubarb, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Onions, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Onions, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb. Onions, per cwt., 10c to 15c per cwt. Peppers, red, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Peppers, green, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Asparagus, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Parsley, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Peas, per quart, 10c to 15c per quart. Beans, per quart, 10c to 15c per quart. Cabbages, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Cauliflower, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Green corn, per doz., 10c to 15c per doz. Tomatoes, per lb., 10c to 15c per lb.

STOCK MARKETS.

H. C. Becker, stock broker, Bank of Commerce building, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington today:

New York, Sept. 29.—Noon.—Liquidation has been apparent in many departments of the market today, and though it has caused reactions in no case has the decline been large. Steel was notably strong at the opening, but fell off suddenly on realization and also on short selling. London houses have generally heavy purchases being especially heavy

C. N. SPENCER, BROKER

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Long distance phone 123. Office, Market Lane.

In steel common. The selling of O. and W. was thought to be to some extent by certain inside interests, but it was also believed that some holders of the stock disapproved of the plan promulgated yesterday and were consequently reducing their holdings. The professional element is, as a rule, bearish, as asserting the advance has been sufficiently large to warrant material reaction. Sales to noon 421,000. MONTREAL.

Canadian Pacific, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Winnipeg Electric, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Montreal Street Railway, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Hamilton Street Railway, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

St. John Street Railway, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Twin City Transit, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Richmond and Ontario, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Bell Telephone, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Dominion Steel, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Montreal Power, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Montreal Railway, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Montreal Cotton, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Montreal Railway, new, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Poland Railway, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Dominion Coal, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Switch, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

McKay, preferred, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

McKay, common, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Molson Bank, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Ontario Bank, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Switch, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

Union Bank, 120 1/2. Montreal, Sept. 29. Off.

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Clinical Thermometers.

Once used by doctors only, but fast becoming a recognized necessity for every household, especially where there are children. A good clinical thermometer enables you to forecast disease by indicating any marked change in the body temperature. These are the kind you can depend upon, although the prices are very low for such good ones.

Nurses' Supplies.

A full stock of everything needed, and at the lowest prices, let our prices before buying.

Strong's Drug Store

134 DUNDAS STREET.

Strong's Baking Powder—always the same, always best.

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ANOTHER COMPANY TO ENTER THE PAVING FIELD IN LONDON

"SALADA"

Sweet as a Rose. charms, still unimpaired by gaslight and rouge. Then she comes down to breakfast, which is served in a dainty little morning-room; a mere box of a room, with

[illegible]

"You didn't shoot," says Flossie, cutting through the silence. "I did. I shot him right between the eyes. You saw it, didn't you? Well, he was dead before he hit the ground. And you get a piece of broken plate, a piece of an old plate will do, or a piece of an egg, and kick it into the water. If you don't have one of those things, you can kick it into the square you want, you know. You understand?"

"I understand," I think I've seen children playing it.

It seemed to me you are easily interested," she said.

"Yes," says Flossie. "Well, my chance is small, but I'll try. I'll tell you. I don't smile 'bout the mumps, and the stage manager said, 'Flossie, here's a chance for you. If you can learn her name in the next five minutes, you'll know the part by heart, but I predicted I didn't, and I said to him, 'Mr. Bloxam, in case of some break down, I'll be ready to go on in my own business,' and he said, 'Very well,' and so

the state of the weather and the lights, and the place she was to drive in. "I'll be there around, and miss the dress and maid sent to the theatre to dress to the park; where, falling into the line with the plumes of duchesses, I'll see the plain green carriage received instant recognition and acknowledgment.

Hats flew off the heads, smiles fell on the cheeks, and the cheering on the rails or striding arm in arm along the path; while the mob about town

He went still more merrily when, at someone's suggestion, Flossie sang the great four-time around song out of the burlesque, and the party did not break up until quite the small hours.

It was the spring of 1902 when he himself was very much. Surely a prince should know life in all its phases, and it was as surely merely a love of knowledge that led him to his highness to Flossie's supper parties.

At any rate he enjoyed himself, and many a time afterward, when he was

Had His Health and Strength Fully Restored by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Mrs. A. Tacker, 238 Horton street, London, Ont., whose husband is a brilliant physician, writes: "My children were very much run down in health, looked very pale and seemed to have no energy. I think the cause was their nervous system responsible for it. My nervous system had been affected and at time his nerves

may be in the morning."

And Flossie Hamilton, the most formidable of let it say, notoriest actress, in London, fell asleep.

There was not a letter, but a telegram, in the morning, and the faithful Weston carried it to her mission about 12 o'clock, which was the ordinary time of Flossie's waking.

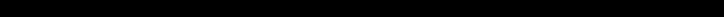
"Give me the telegram," she said anxiously; "give it to me, Weston, I want to see it." Then she read it, and crumpling it

The town council of Queenstown, Cape Colony, contemplates putting up a plant for telephone and waterworks service; the estimated cost is nearly \$359,000.

Subject to Cramps?

You rather hate yourself when an attack disturbs your peaceful slumbers. Did you ever try Nerviline? It has been the one sure cramp cure for half a century.

Consumption Nearly all early cases can be cured. Expert physicians tell us they rely largely on three things—fresh air, good food, and Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Follow your doctor's orders.



BONDHOLDERS WILL KEEP TORONTO CLUB

Toronto, Sept. 28.—A new idea has come to the baseball club since the meeting last night, and it is not likely that the club will go to any one but the bondholders. An informal meeting was held today when the matters were talked over, and it was almost the unanimous opinion of the bondholders that they should carry the club along.

The club will have to pay the salaries by tomorrow at the latest to retain the franchise, and this will be done, according to one source, by borrowing money. There are seven gentlemen who hold mortgages on the club, there being eight in all. Three of them are controlled by J. J. McCaffery and the others are held by R. Berger, Boon T. Rochester, J. A. P. Rogers and J. J. McCaffery. The latter is president of the club and is also president of E. Stair. These gentlemen will put up a thousand dollars each, and with two thousand dollars from the bank, the club, in the necessary ten thousand dollars will be forthcoming. The eight debenture holders will be paid off by the new club, led by J. J. McCaffery, with a few others, have formed a new company to take over the Toronto Baseball Club. The new company has a president, manager to sell out for \$10,000, which was approved by the shareholders last night. The new company is headed by McCaffery is confident of saving the situation with his new company.

THE "IRON MAN" OF THE NATIONALS

**The Splendid Work Done by
Joe McGinnity, the Giants'
Star Twirler.**

This world-famous pitcher, who is known throughout the country as the "Iron Man," has been largely responsible for the Giants' winning and retaining the lead in the National League pennant race. McGinnity was born at Rock Island, Ill., in 1873. He first began playing professional ball in 1893.

A black and white portrait of a man with a mustache, wearing a suit and tie. The image is grainy and appears to be a reproduction from a newspaper or document. The man is looking directly at the camera with a neutral expression.



"Iron Man" McGinnity

with Montgomery: In 1904, he played

with Montgomery, 1894, as a player, and with the Kansas City club, 1895, as a coach. That season he dropped out of the game, remaining in seclusion for three years. During that time he twice visited his old home in the Blue Ridge field, and while playing with that team he won seven games in six days. In 1898, he went back to playing professional baseball, and was signed by the Peoria team of the Western Association. In June of that year he pitched and won a 21-inning game against St. Louis. He was then secured by the Brooklyn Club. When the Brooklyn and Baltimore were consolidated and parceled out in 1899, John McGraw was sent to Baltimore for Baltimore. McGraw and his supposed team of "dubs" set a hot pace for the league that year, and McGraw pitched the first game from the pitcher's box. He pitched in 45 games, winning 28. In 1900, when the Na-

League circuit was reduced, McGinnity was transferred to Brooklyn. In 1901 he signed with the Baltimore American League Club. During that season he twice pitched in both games of double headers, winning one and losing the other each time. McGinnity continued pitching with the Baltimores during

the season of 1902. When McGraw was made manager of the Giants, in the middle of the 1902 season he took McGinnity with him to New York. McGinnity did great twirling for the Giants in 1903, taking part in three double-headers during the season, winning all six games, which is a feat

Some Diamond Glints

A flying ball has no wings.
A spunking team—the punts.
Battling bees sting opponents.
No guns are used in shooting the ball.
The batsmen, like the people, cannot be felled all of the time.
“Two pad,” laughed Kissinger when the ball hit the umpire’s chest protector.

"A slide to the plate," said the boarder rushing for the one vacant chair at the dinner table.

Kissinger is so eager to advance his profession that he even studies the railroad timetables.

"A tie game," remarked the maid as she proceeded to adjust her beautiful necklace.

It takes five months to run the pennant and the fastest team wins.

No, Mildred, those little coats which the girls sit are not what the fowls are kept in.

There is a pitcher named Holycross playing in the K. I. T. League. He must be a good man.

A time will come to all pitchers who

**IMPORTANT MEETING
OF S. A. A. NEXT WEEK**

A meeting of the Seventh Regiment Athletic Association will be held immediately after drill next Monday night, Oct. 3, in the band room, drill shed, for the purpose of drawing up the indoor baseball schedule for the season, the electing of officers and other important business. It is necessary that all members be present.

all interested in this association present. It is also desired that a number of members of the Seventh who are desirous of playing Rugby football will hand their names in to the president of the Athletic Association, Capt. Frank Reid, or Sergt.-Major Milligan.

It is just as essential to eat fresh air as to breathe it.

By an ingenious device ap-

fresh air is made to pass through small flues, over the top of the oven, just back of the hot fire box. Thus heated, it enters the oven and by a direct current of air the impurities and cooking odors are carried up the chimney.

This arrangement makes Souvenir ovens purer, sweeter, more active and easier to heat and manage than any others.

Wm. Wyatt & Son
385-387 TALBOT STREET.

Baby Grand Piano

The success lies in the fact that it possesses a distinct individuality of its own. It is a new creation in piano building—a piano especially suited for homes of culture. The touch is plastic, sympathetic and of surprising

FRANK SALON: 217 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

TORONTO BALL TEAM
HAS CHANGED HANDS

**TEAM SHOOT WAS
WON BY BROCK'S MEN**

A good shoot was held yesterday at the Springfield Gun Club's grounds, when teams of five men captained by Messrs. Brock and Glover contested.

The former's team won, which ties the

Baltimore	0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 5 1 2
Batteries—McCarthy, Adams and son; McNoll, White and Hearn.	
At Montreal (second game):	
Montreal	5 0 0 2 1 3 3 6
Batteries—Gehring and Beckford, Mason and Byers. Umpire, Kelly.	

THE TURF.

YESTERDAY'S TURF WINNER

At Gravesend—Lady Amelia, 11 to 1.
Vestment, 10 to 1; Oizan, 3 to 1; Shil-

Turn 20, Wilson 7, Whittaker 16, Bowman 4; total, 79.
 Ten-blrd event:
 Brock 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—10
 Brown 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1—5

BASEBALL.

IN THE NATIONAL

At Boston (first game)— R. H. E.
Red Sox..... 7 0 0
Astors..... 6 0 0

ELORA TEAM WON.

Stone. Attendance, 3,497.
At Brooklyn—
St. Louis.....0 0 2 3 0 0 0 1 1—7 12 0
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—3 12 4
Batteries—McGinley and Rady; Cronin
very close and hard, and the referee
Brown Jackson, of Seaforth, had
hands full in keeping the players
hand. The return game will be played
in Brantford on Saturday.

Chicago.....1 0 0 1 1 3 0 6-7 9 1
New York.....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0-2 5 3
Batteries—Briggs and Kling; Wiltse
and Warner. Umpires, Carpenter and
O'Day. Attendance, 2,300.

At Cleveland—	E. Bland won from Govenlock
Cleveland0 0 0 3 0 0 2 *-5 10 0	Miss McLean, 6-4, 4-6, 9-7. Ma-
Boston0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 10 2	thur and Miss Fraser won from W
Batteries—Hess and Buelow; Dineen	and Miss Callander, 6-2, 6-4.
and Criger. Umpire, Sheridan. Attendance, 1,843.	

Philadelphia.....	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 -1	5 4	thousand dollars, turned his cows
Batteries—Howell and Sugden; Coakley			the grounds which landscape ar-
and Noonan.			from New York were sought to b-
At St. Louis (second game):			tify, and gone with his family
St. Louis.....	2 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 *5	11 0	Saratoga, N. Y., to reside perman-
Philadelphia.....	0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 -5	5 2	

Batteries—Green and McAllister and the most popular medicine for cholera
Shaw; McCann and Vandergrift. Umpire dysentery, etc., in the market.

