

# The Union Advocate.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. C. ANSLOW,

Vol. XX.—No. 26.

Our Country with its United Interests.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, April 13, 1887.

Whole No. 1014.

## DON'T FORGET.

B. FAIREY, proprietor of the popular DRY GOODS and FURNITURE STORE.

### HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK

to Store lately occupied by Mr. George Stables (Hay's Building). He will be pleased to see all his friends and customers, who so kindly patronised him at the Old Stand, as well as all others who wish to see and examine.

### A Well Assorted Stock at Low Prices.

My Stock is the largest and best I have ever shown. My prices are second to none. My Goods are new, cheap and good.

### NEW MILLINERY.

TWO CASES SPRING HATS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

ALSO FEATHERS, FLOWERS, etc., etc.

SIX CASES AND FIVE BALES OF

### NEW DRY GOODS,

Ladies Collars and Cuffs, Prints, Cambrics, Italianes, Scarfings, Brilliants, Ribbons, Men's

White and Regatta Shirts.

### CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

—all widths, Gloves, Hosiery, making My Stock the most complete in the country.

WHITE COTTONS, special, at 6 cents per yard up.

GREY COTTON, 8, 27 in. 4 cents, 36 in. 5 cents.

MY 36 in. GREY COTTON at 6 cents is the best value in town.

GREY SHEETING, WHITE PILLOW COTTONS, etc.

Agent for Evans & Brother, London.

### PIANOS.

A very fine instrument, written guarantee with every instrument. I have received one of their upright Pianos which I shall be pleased to show to intending purchasers.

B. FAIREY,

Hay's Building, Newcastle.

Newcastle, April 2nd, 1887.

Law and Collection Office

M. ADAMS,

Barrister & Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc.

Real Estate & Fire Insurance Agent.

CLAIMS collected in all parts of the Dominion.

Office—NEWCASTLE, N.B.

PHOENIX Fire Insurance Co.,

OF LONDON

ESTABLISHED 1782.

LOSSES PAID over \$15,000,000.

INSURANCES EFFECTED AT REASONABLE RATES.

LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.

W. A. PARK, - Agent.

Newcastle, 10th Dec. 1886.

L. J. TWEEDIE,

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER

AT LAW.

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CONVEYANCER, &c.

Chatham, - - - N. B.

OFFICE Old Bank Montreal.

JOHN MCALISTER,

Barrister & Attorney at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CONVEYANCER, &c.

CAMPBELLTON, N. B.

May 7, 1885.

WILLIAM MURRAY,

Barrister & Attorney at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CAMPBELLTON, N. B.

OFFICE—MURRAY'S BUILDING,

WATER STREET.

May 1, 1884.

J. D. PHINNEY,

Barrister & Attorney at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

RICHMOND, N. B.

OFFICE—COURT HOUSE SQUARE.

May 5, 1884.

Geo. Stables,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant.

NEWCASTLE, - - - N. B.

Goods of all kinds handled on Commission, and prompt returns made.

Will attend to Auctions in Town and Country in a satisfactory manner.

Newcastle, Aug. 11, '85.

F. L. PEDOLIN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

OFFICE—House formerly occupied by M. O. Thompson.

OFFICE HOURS from 9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 6 p.m., 7 to 10 p.m.

Feb. 1885.

O. J. MacQUEEN, M. A., M. D.,

Mem. BOT. COL. GENE., LONDON.

SPECIALIST.

DISEASES OF EYE, EAR & THROAT.

Office: 101, Church and Main St., Montreal.

Montreal, Nov. 12, '85.

## SCROFULA

Humors,

Erysipelas,

Canker, and

Catarrh,

Can be

cured by

purifying

the blood

with

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price 51: six bottles, \$5.

It is an invaluable Hair Renewer and cleanses the Scalp of all Dandruff.

ANOTHER PROOF.

GENTS:—In February last I took a severe cold, which settled in my head and kidneys, causing great pain. After using several preparations and being without sleep for nights through intense pain, I tried your MINERAL LINIMENT. After first application I was so much relieved that I fell into a deep sleep, and complete recovery shortly followed.

JOHN S. McLEOD,

Elm House,

Laurelton, N. S.

MINARD'S LINIMENT is for sale everywhere.

PRICE 25 cents.

MIRAMICHI

STEAM BRICK WORKS.

The subscriber announces that he is now carrying on the business of

BRICK MANUFACTURING

on an extensive scale, and has now on hand

150,000 BRICK

which will be disposed of at low rates.

The makers are located near a siding of the late colonial Railway. All orders attended to promptly. Brick delivered f. o. b. cars, or flat.

Address all orders to

G. A. & H. S. FLETCHER,

Nelson, Miramichi, N. B., Oct. 20, '85.

MONEY

to be made. Cut this out and return to me and we will send you

free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start

you in business with no money and no capital, and will show you

how to do the work and live at home. Either sex, all ages.

Something new, that will start you in business with no money and no capital, and will show you how to do the work and live at home.

This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address,

True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.

Don't encourage home manufacture unless you can save money. You can do so by purchasing from

Sample to be seen at the Factory.

GEORGE CASSADY.

Chatham, Jan. 10, 1885.

THIS PAPER was found on file at Geo. P. Verney's Bureau of Inspection, Service, and

Restoration, 100 South Street, N. Y.

Selected Literature.

COURT BEAUCOURT'S TREASURE.

CHAPTER THE SECOND.

Charlie absentmindedly ruffled his hair with his hand.

"I suppose she meant the old tradition that she and most of the people about here believe in, that there is treasure hidden somewhere," said he, rather indifferently, for he was busy slipping my wedding ring—the only ring I had—up and down my finger.

"A tradition?" I cried, starting up, "oh, do tell it to me, that's a dear, good boy; you know I love stories."

"Very well," said he: "but you must not expect anything romantic: it is only an old tale. The story runs that Charles de Beaumont, when he went to join the Royalist army under Charles the First—"

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the cost of importation and for other purposes. The bill permits the government to issue ten thousand dollars of five francs notes, to be used for revenue purposes. It was strongly opposed by Hon. Mr. Barrie who denounced the present monetary system and in favor of issuing the notes in the form of a bill of exchange payable to the day to all who might apply.

The special committee on the claims of the St. John Bridge and Railway Extension Company, on the government for subsidies, recommended that all claims be settled as soon as practicable. The health bill was re-committed. Hon. Mr. Jones moved in amendment to section 23 that the members of the St. John board of health be appointed by the government, as at present, instead of by the common council. This was voted down, 10 to 6. Bill agreed to with amendments. On the motion for a third reading House divided as follows:—

Yea—Hon. H. H. Hamilton, Mr. McInnes, Mr. Harrison, Mr. Davidson, Mr. Barrie, Mr. Thompson, Mr. White, Mr. Jones, Mr. Richard, Mr. Wood, Mr. Lewis—7.

Following acts received two readings:— To provide for defraying certain expenses of the civil government of the province.

TUESDAY, April 5.  
MONROE SESSORS.

Addresses to Her Majesty the Queen on the attainment of her jubilee were received and resolutions of concurrence adopted.

House went into committee on bill to amend part of the act respecting the county in a separate part. Hon. Mr. McInnes's motion that the bill receive a third reading was voted down, 10 to 6. The bill being agreed to, the bill received a third reading. House divided as follows:—

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Contingent committee report recommending payment of bills amounting to \$1,070.20—Adopted. House agreed to act to provide for the collection of certain debts due the crown (devoted the president's vigorous opposition on behalf of the St. Stephen school board, the vote standing 7 to 4 against a third reading).

Hon. Mr. Young, on behalf of the committee appointed to wait upon his honor with the report in reference to the Carleton railway, announced that he had intended to that duty and that his honor had said he would lay the same before his council.

Message received from house of assembly accepting under protest the amendments to the public health bill.

House prorogued after usual form.

NEWS FROM EVERYWHERE.

Advises lately received from Honolulu that indications of another eruption of the Mauna Loa volcano were noticed sixteen days ago.

Myers and George ran a race of fifteen hundred yards at Sydney, N. S. W., on Tuesday. Myers won by three-fourths of a yard. His time was 2 min. 41 sec.

It is reported in Berlin that his late visit to Germany he formally agreed to waive his own right of succession to the throne of Saxony-Coburg-Gotha in favor of his son, Prince Alfred.

In a Korean city at night every wayfarer carries a lamp and a paper lantern with a candle in it. That is to say, when the moon does not shine. These lanterns cost about a quarter of a cent; only foreigners carry kerosene lanterns.

The population of the island of Cyprus, now under British control, is almost entirely rural, there being no towns; yet the number of offences in proportion to the population is three times as great as in England and the number of homicides ten times as large.

Australians receive more letters and post cards than any other people, the annual average being 24 for each person. Europeans come next with about fourteen each. An Asiatic gets only 40 of a letter or post card and an African only 10-100.

The local branch of the Irish National League at Hamilton, Ont., has issued a strong call for public meeting to protest against the Irish coercion bill to be held on Thursday evening next, and be addressed by J. A. Mulligan, president of the Irish National League, Rev. Dr. Burns and others.

A gigantic naphtha fountain burst Friday at Baku, Russia. Oil, and enormous stones were carried to a height of 350 feet. An extensive petroleum lake has formed in the vicinity.

A Justice of the Peace in a West Virginia village recently fined a German heavily for insisting in the course of a trial before the expert magistrate that the moon had something to do with the eb and flow of tides.

A new use for the tobacco plant has been discovered. Its stems and waste, it is claimed, are equal to linen rags in the manufacture of paper. Tobacco waste costs less than \$10 a ton, linen rags run \$70 to \$80. There is no expense in separating the former and very little shrinkage, as against a loss of one-third of rags. The yearly tobacco waste is estimated by the census reports at from \$5,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

The Chinese Minister has received from the State Department a check for \$147,000, the indemnity voted by Congress for the sufferers by the Rock Springs outrage a year ago last September. The amount awarded averages about \$300 to each Chinaman for property. No compensation is paid for personal injuries, though 25 men were murdered and many more maimed.

Great Britain has demanded \$1,000,000 of Hayti as a settlement in the old demand. Failing its immediate payment she wants the Tortugas island. This Haytiens were badly frightened when the British fleet under Admiral Lyons recently steamed into the harbor of Port au Prince. They thought the British were about to take possession of all their islands. The settlement of the claim has been obstructed by the Commissioner Clement Hall, who is on board H. M. Canada, waiting final adjustment.

At the weekly prayer meeting at Plymouth church Friday night Mr. Sherman announced that a cablegram had been received from Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker, of London, accepting the invitation to deliver a course of lectures on Mr. Beecher's birthday in June. A resolution was adopted thanking Dr. Parker and inviting him to preach in June and also to accept the hospitality of the church and congregation. It is thought that Dr. Parker may become Mr. Beecher's successor.

FISHERY MATTERS.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND OF THE RETALIATION BILL.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The President having received a communication from the American Fisheries Union of Massachusetts, calling attention to the fisheries dispute and suggesting that the retaliatory act passed by the late congress would, in their opinion, be sufficiently executed if the proposed retaliation was confined to closing the United States market to Canadian fish products, he has made the following answer:—

Washington, April 7, 1887.—I sincerely trust the apprehension you express of unjust and unfriendly treatment of American fishermen, lawfully found in Canadian waters, will be fully satisfied. If such apprehension should prove to be well founded, I earnestly hope no fault or inconsiderate action of any of our citizens will in the least weaken the just position of our government or deprive us of the universal sympathy and support to which we should be entitled. The action of this administration since the year 1885, when the fisheries articles of the treaty of 1871 were terminated under notification which had two years before been given by our government, have been fully disclosed by correspondence between representatives and appropriate departments of the respective governments, with which, I am assured by your letter, you are entirely familiar. An examination of this correspondence has doubtless satisfied you that in no case have the rights or privileges of American fishermen been overlooked or neglected, but that on the contrary they have been studiously insisted upon and cared for by every means within control of the executive branch of the government. The act of congress approved March 3, 1887, authorizing a course of retaliation through executive action in the event of a continuance on the part of the British American authorities of unfriendly conduct and treaty violations affecting American fishermen, has developed upon the President of the United States the grave and solemn responsibilities comprehending highly important consequences to our national character and dignity and involving extremely valuable commercial interests between the British possessions of North America and the people of the United States. I understand that your purpose is to suggest that in case of recourse to retaliatory measures authorized by this act should be invited by unjust treatment of our fishermen in the exercise of their rights, which two nations are parties concerned. The retaliation contemplated by the act of congress is to be enforced—not to protect solely any particular industry, however meritorious or valuable, but to maintain national honor and thus protect all our people. In this view, a violation of American fisheries rights and rights of our citizens engaged in this business is not an occasion for action and constitute a national affront which gives birth to or may justify retaliation. This measure once resorted to, its effectiveness and value may well depend upon the thoroughness and extent of its application; and in the performance of this duty, the enforcement of international rights and protection of our citizens, this government and the people of the United States must act as a unit, all interests and the attainment of the best result of retaliation upon the basis of the maintenance of national honor and duty. A nation seeking by any means to maintain its honor, dignity and integrity is engaged in protecting the rights of its people, and if in such efforts particular interests are injured and special advantages forfeited, these things ought to be patiently borne for the public good. The immense volume of population, manufactures and agricultural productions and marine tonnage and railways to which we have given activity largely the result of intercourse between the United States and British America, and the natural growth of a full and cordial neighborhood and friendly communication, form an aggregate of material wealth and incidental relations of most impressive magnitude. I fully appreciate these things and am not unmindful of the great number of our people who are concerned in such vast and diversified interests. In the performance of the serious duty which Congress has imposed upon me, and in the exercise upon just occasion of the power conferred under the act referred to, I shall deem myself bound to inflict no unnecessary damage or injury upon any portion of our people; but I shall nevertheless be unflinchingly guided by the sense of what the nation demands. In the maintenance of these and in support of the honor of the government, beneath every citizen may repose in safety, no sacrifice of personal or private interests can be considered as against the general welfare.

Yours very truly,  
GROVER CLEVELAND.

(From the W. C. T. U.)

PROHIBITION AND MORAL SUASION.

Newman Hall, in a vigorous article in the *Scout*, maintains the incumbent duty of prohibiting the sale of strong drink, as well as using to the utmost the legitimate weapon of moral suasion.

You cannot make men sober by legislation. Nor can you make them abstemious, yet you can make robbery more difficult. You cannot make men sober, or you can diminish the elements of intemperance; or you can incur the curse of the old prophet: "We unto him that giveth his neighbor drink, that putteth the bottle to him, and maketh him drunken also."

We hear sad stories of crimes by owners against their tenants. But evictions and evicted tenants are numerous are taking place all the year. The evicted tenants are doing their best to starve, and are suffering from the loss of home and home by a tenant that never sows the seed, and never reaps the harvest.

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wandered around till he came to the place where Bryden had been in the habit of emptying the malt, when he proceeded to eat his fill. On the way home the horse suddenly dropped down in the road. Mr. McKenzie thinking the horse was dead called his two sons, and proceeded to skin him, which they soon accomplished, and then went home. But upon their return when they arose next morning to see the horse standing at the barn waiting for admission. After they had got over their first surprise they hid and stretched it over its owner, and at last accounts he was doing well. We are not prepared to vouch for the truth of this story, but it is an answer in the place of the usual sea serpent yarn.—*Baldwin's Reporter.*

The same paper in the following issue says:—"Referring to the horse story in our last week's issue, one of our subscribers, from Giffen's Mountain, assures us it is not wonderful at all, for he knew of a man who a few years ago, skinned his horse, believing him to be dead, but on discovering his mistake proceeded to put the skin on again. Finding it had shrunk up a bit and would not cover the carcass, he killed several sheep, took their skins and clapped them on the horse. The horse recovered, and every spring during the remainder of the horse's lifetime, he sheared several stones of wool off him."

NEW CUSTOMS REGULATION.

THE LOOSE AND UNPLEASANT OPERATION OF HAVING ONE'S BAGGAGE SEARCHED WHEN ENTERING CANADA OVIATED.

OTTAWA, April 8.—The customs department has issued a new regulation respecting travellers entering Canada by railway or by steamer. Forms are supplied to conductors of trains and masters of passenger vessels. These passengers will fill up specifying what dutiable articles they have in their luggage and making oath thereto. This will obviate the house and unpleasant search hitherto in operation, unless the passengers prefer the old plan when of course, their baggage will be searched. The senior member of a family, if sufficiently acquainted with the contents of the baggage of the whole party, be allowed to include all such baggage in one entry. Goods subject to duty not exceeding \$500 may be passed under the new arrangement. Jewelry that has been worn for at least six months as personal ornaments may be admitted free of duty. Travellers appearing in actual two months' use by the passenger, and not excessive in quantity or value, appropriate to the passenger's rank, sex or general financial standing, may be admitted free. In the case of travellers arriving in Canada with the intention of passing through or remaining only for a limited time the rules are to be interpreted in the most liberal manner. Regulations are rendered necessary because retail dealers complain of goods in excess of requirements, and sometimes sold after arrival, have been admitted free of duty under the old system.

SKATING.

ST. JOHN, April 3.—Dowd and McCormick skated a five mile challenge race in the Victoria rink to-night for \$100 a side. The men started from opposite sides of the rink. Dowd put on a tremendous spurt at the start, and captured McCormick. He gained on the latter until the twelfth lap, when the pace proved too hot for him, and he had to ease up. McCormick overhauled him soon after and kept his heels until almost at the close of the race, when Dowd again spurred. The spurt came too late, as McCormick had already won the race. The first mile was skated in the phenomenal time of 2:58, 3rd, 10:46; 4th, 14:50; 5th, 18:40. At the close Dowd acknowledged that he had been fairly whipped.

PROVINCIAL BANK BILLS IN MAINE.—The Carleton correspondent of the *Bangor Whig* writes that paper that most of the Maritime Bank bills which were held by the people of that section have been sold to St. John parties at prices ranging from 90 to 75 cents on a dollar. The feeling against provincial bank bills has not decreased in the least, but on the contrary, has been intensified, so that it is with difficulty that any one is able to get them taken. Presque Isle people have already begun to discount them five per cent, and the same discount will be made in Carleton after April 15th. The town of Easton at its last annual meeting voted to instruct its collector to receive no provincial bank bills of any kind in payment of taxes.

Yours truly,  
GROVER CLEVELAND.

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New Advertisements.

GROCERIES.

Usual Stock of GOODS to be got at a first class Grocer's. Also

Oranges and Apples, Candies, Nuts, etc.

ALL DELIVERED to any part of the town in smallest parcels.

Trade in all Country Produce. Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds.

My old Stand opposite Post Office has been refitted up.

E. HOLOHAN, Newcastle, April 17, 1887.

Not Confidential.

Call and examine the LARGEST, CHEAPEST and BEST Assorted Stock of

SPRING GOODS

ever offered to the trade in Restigouche of

HATS, CAPS, READY MADE CLOTHING.

Underwear Dress Goods, Blinds, Screens, and

House Furnishings, Stationery and Wall Papers, Furniture, Boots and Shoes, Harness, Trunks and Valises, Hardware, Groceries and Thinned Goods.

—ALL NEW— NO OLD STOCK, and all bought in the best markets from men who will not deceive and at a fair price for cash, and are offered at prices that defy competition.

A. E. ALEXANDER, Campbellton, April 6th, 1887.

HATS! CAPS! HATS!

NICE! NEW! NOBBY!

A fine assortment of CAPS, HATS and SOFT HATS for Men and Boys—new styles, at JAMES BROWN'S.

Clothing! Cloths! Clothing! CLOTHES, NEW GOODS, NEW PATTERNS. CLOTHING, SUITS, COATS, VESTS, etc.

Largest, Cheapest, and Best Assorted Stock in Miramichi at JAMES BROWN'S.

Rubber Circulars! Dolmans! Ladies and Misses' New American Waterproof CIRCULARS and DOLMANS, a good stock, at JAMES BROWN'S.

Trunks! Valises! Trunks! Valises! Just to hand TRUNKS and VALISES of every description, all prices to suit. Every

GOODS! NEW GOODS! New Goods arriving every day for Spring and Summer, at JAMES BROWN'S.

CHEAP CASH STORE. Newcastle, March 30th, 1887.

PRESERVE YOUR SHINGLE ROOFS

By using Black Oil Gloss Roofing Composition for Fire Proofing and Painting Shingle Roofs. It is durable, and as a preservative, unequalled, penetrating the wood, and is not all exposed on the surface; it is water proof; having a body this composition fills well, and stops leakage and shows a rich, glossy surface. In cases of fifty-two to forty-five gallons; one can will allow a heavy coat for 15 to 25 shingles. Price only \$5.00 per can. Large quantities at a discount. For full particulars the composition can be applied very readily.

For sale by O. H. MILLER, R. R. Call, Newcastle, Miller, N. B., Geo. Watt, Chatham, W. R. JOHNSON, Bathurst, DAVID DICKSON, Moncton.

Dr. Carter will visit North the first of next week, enabling his Patients to have their Dentistry done in a proper manner. Patients will please make their appointments as early as possible. His stay in each place will be limited to time specified in notices given.

For sale by JOHN J. MILLER, Manager Maritime Express (Spartan) Shipping and Freight Co., established 1870. R. O. Drawer 365, Newcastle, N. B.

Newcastle, March 12, 1887.

SEEDS Etc. SEEDS, Etc.

The Subscribers have just opened their Spring supply of all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds, grown in one of the best Nurseries in Scotland, and which are recommended as fresh and true to their kinds, and have on hand and to arrive: 400 Bushels of Western and Eastern Seed; also Red Top and Orchard Grass, Hungarian and Blue Grass;

1,000 lbs. No. 1 Red, and Long Late, and Dutch White Clover and Alsike;

WHEAT—White Russian, White, Scotch, Bearded, Long Nothin and Manitoba;

VETCHES—Canadian and Scotch;

BARLEY—Chevalier (2 rows), Messury's, new kind, very profitable;

OATS—Black and White—Prince Edward Island; and

CORN—Sugar and Large Yellow, in the ear and in bulk;

POTATOES ONIONS and Philadelphia Onion Sets;

7 Tons No. 1 Peruvian Guano; SUPERPHOSPHATE, Land Plaster, etc., etc., which are offered at the lowest market rates.

JARDINE & CO. St. John, March 25, 1887.

M. H. SARGEANT.

ESTABLISHED 1825. CHRISTMAS 1886.

This old established house has a choice supply of fresh groceries on hand for the Christmas trade, among which will be found

BUTTER, LARD, APPLES, ONIONS, SAGE, SPICES, SAVORY, CITRUS and LEMON PEEL.

ALSO DEWEYER'S COFFEE, The above articles will be found fresh and new and will be sold cheap for the Christmas trade.

Grapes. Grapes.

WINTER APPLES

BY THE BARREL AT

J. W. Davidson's.

Granite Iron

WARE.

24 CASES JUST RECEIVED. Which we offer at very low prices.

PLATE GLASS Always in Stock.

W. H. THORNE & CO., MARKET SQUARE.

St. John, March 21, 1887.

WANTED!

2000 MEN

and a Number of Good Foremen

For Rock and Earth Excavation on the International Extension of the Canadian Pacific R.R. (known as the "Short Line" between Mattawamkeag and out of the International Railway in the State of Maine) a distance of about 15 miles.

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