

VOL. IV-NO. 24.
TORONTO, ONT, FRIDAY, JANUUARY 27, 1871. $\qquad$ $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { SUBSCBIPTION } \\ \$ 2 \text { Y Year. }\end{array}\right.$

| THE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HEADINE WHOLESALE TRABE OF } \\ & \text { TORONTO. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| JOHN MACDONALD \& Co., |  |
| \% | ARE RECEIVING, |
| BYEACHETEAMER, <br> LARGE |  |
| RE-ORDER |  |
|  | yor |

EVERY DEPARTMENT.

JOHN MACDONALD \& Co. Toronte, Oct. 4, 1870.
${ }^{32-1 y}$
FALI,
1870.

## J. GILLESPIE\&CO.,

 MANUFACTURERS HATS,

CAPS, and FURS ; GLOVEs, MITTS, AND GAUNTLETS, BUFFALO ROBES. II YONGE STREET

TIE LEAPING whoLEsALE TRADE OF TORENTO.

## A. R. MeMASTER

## and BROTHER,

32 yonge strekt. Toronto,
opgned out
A FULL ASSORTMENT
FALL AND WINTER GOODS, ON TUESDAY, 14 TH INSTANT,
After which date they will be glad to see their Cystomers and Friends.
BEAVER MILLS COTTON YARN. beaver mills cotton bags


102 Cross St, Albert Square, Manchester, and $\}_{\text {England. }}$ Alexander Building, Jaikes Street, Liverpool,
Toronto, September, 1870.

## ${ }^{82-1 y}$

## REFORD \& DILLON,

TEA MEROITANTS, GENERAL GROGERS.

FRESHGOODS REGULARLY REGEIVED.
STOCK AND ASSORTMENT Large and attractive.
we solicit A
SPECIAL AND BARLY EXAMINATION


TEAA, TUNT AREIVED,
Ex Ship "J. s. stoNE,"
NEW YORK, FROM SHANGHAI
REFORD \& DILLON.


GORDON, MACKAY \& Co.
IMPORTERS \& MANUFAGTURERS, Hare now received their mesual supply of FAIIGOODS skizcted is the
VARIOUS MARKETS OF THE WORLD. AND whice tait
ofper on liberal teras.
Also, constantly receiving the Producta of the now
OELEBRATED LYBSTER OOTTON MELLS.
The great superiarity of those Goods over imported
or Foreign, render ther worting of the
notice of the Trade.
THET ARE MADE THOM PURE AND
Long Stapled American Cotton, mansetly prek monal all stiffening, sizing a chemical preparation that improre appearance, but destroy the ifibre.

> They are also noted for

THEIR GREAT BLEACHING QUALITIBS
GORDON, MACKAY \& Co.
Toronto, March 24, 1850.
$32-1 \mathrm{y}$

## MOFFATT, MUREAY \& REATTIE,

Ans mucaivino AND opsaiso ofr
THIER FALL SHIPMENTS
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

The Btock has been selected with great care in the BRIZISA AND FORETGN MARKEIS.
And Fill be found worthy of the atteation of Trade.
rwix Laves or
american a Canadian manufactures.
Clase Prices to Cash and Short Credil Buyerr dundas corron. -~, rell lank dunpas yarn,
dundas bigs, yill PR'CKs.
Nos. 38 \& 3s Yonge street Toronto.
MOFFATT, MURRAY \& BEATIIE

## THE LEADINE WHOLEMALE TRADE OF TOROMTO.

Jno. Charlesworth \& Co., IMPORTERS

BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS.
goods rbceited wbekly during the ssasor.

Special Terms to Cash and Short Credit Buyers.

JNO. CHARLESWORTH \& CO., 44 Yonge Street,
and 3 Wellington Street, Toronto. Toronto, 1st Dec., 1870. 1-1y

## Winans, Butler \& Co.

OӨMMISSION MERCHANTS, dealrre ix
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WOOLS, grain and flour.
Cash advances made on consignments, A gents for Stocks eflebrated Lubricating Machine Oils. 77 Front Street, Toronto and Division Street, Cobon

## Brown 'Brothers,

ACCOUNT-BOOK MANUFACTURERS, stationers, Book-8tnders, Bto., 68 and 68 King Sitreet East, Toronto, Ont.
CCOUNT Books for Banks, Insurance Companies Merchants, ete., made to order of the best materials A large stoc, durabiiity and cheappess unsurpassed. A large stock of Account-Books and General stationery
onstantly on hand.
$3-1 y$

[^0]
## Cleverdon \& Coombe,

- Have received several large, shipments of Ghina, Glassware, and Earthenware,

To which they invite the aftention of bayers. english glass and china warehouse No. 8 Adelaide Street East, tononto. 43-1y

## Ridout, Aikenhead \& Crombie,

(Latè Ridout Brothers \& Co.
Corner of King and Yonge Streets, Toronto, Imipporters of and Dealers in
IRON, STEEL, NAILS, COPPER, LEAD, TIN,
CUTLERY, PAINTS, CORDAGE,
PISHING AND SHOOTING TACKLE,
Aad every-description of
British, American, and Domestic Hardware.
The British American Commercial College,
COR. OF KING \& TORONTO STREBTS, TORONTO. 1
THiS old-established and thoroughly reliable Institution T. affords unequalled facilities for obtatning a
thorough business education, or instruction in any of the following branches :
Book-Keeping, by Doulle and Single Entry: Baiking, Commission, Steamboating, Insurance, Commercial

Law, Cominereial Arithmetie, Busines Speling, Pepmanship, Telegraphy, \&e., \&c., \&e.
${ }^{3} / 1-1 y$

## THE LEADINE WHOLESALK TRADE OF TORONTO. <br> THOMAS LAILET \& CO.. IMPORTERS <br> AxD <br> WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS. <br> dgalers in <br> AMERICAN RUBBER OLOTHING. <br> WAREHOESE: <br> 6 FRONT STREET WEST, товоsto.

## ELLIOT \& COMPANY,

No. 3 FRONT STREET, TORONTO, SFermerly of Lyman Euliot \& Co., mecessors to Dunspaugh of Watoon!,

THE attention of Druggists, Manufacturers, and General 1 Merchants is invited to their stock in the following

Drugs, Dye-Stuffs, Corks, spices, Spices,
Surgical Appliance Perfumery, Colours, Dry, Naval Stores, Varnishes. Flint Bottles,
Druggists' Furniture. Ganufacturers' Supplies. cent for converse's extra calcined plaster.
Manufacturers of White Lead in Oil, Chemicals and Pharmaceutical Preparations, Every, requirement for new
shops and re-fitting. Orders solicited. Lists mailed on shoplication.
applen

## GOODERHAM \& WORTS,

DISTILLERS, MALSTERS \& MILLERS.
manupacterers of
PURE SPIRITS,
ALCOHOL,
OLD RYE,
TODDY AND
MALT WHISKIES,
MALT FOR BREWERS
"TEA.ROSE" FLOUR.

## Robert MePhail,

importer or
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN FANCY GOODS,
STATIONER, SCHOOLBÓOKPUBLISHER and Blank Book Manufactarer.
8 FRONT STREET, TORONTO.

LEADINC MAKEFACTURERS.

WILSON, BOWMAN \& Co.
S巴WING MAAOFIIND MAMEAETERRES,

HAMILTON,ONT.
this fira manupactures the chlebratad
LOCKMAN PATENT FAMILY

SHUTTLR SEWING MACHINE, which mas all
THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS
and is sold at
VERY LOW RATES.

AGENTS WANTED. Address
WILSON, BOWMAN \& Co.,
hamilton, ont.

## CHARLES D. EDWARDS,

manupacturer op
FIRE-PROOF SAFES,
SALESROOM-19 VICTORIA SQUARE,

## montreal.

local agents.
A. K. BOOMER.
A. McKEAND
A. G. SMYTH
GEO HAY...
CHINIE \& BEAUDET.
Toronto. .Hamilton.
D. STARR \& SONS

EXTRA SHOE NAILS, TACKS, \&c. R. S. Foster's

NAIL, SHOE NAIL AND TACK WORKS,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Mor price list and samples please address our Agent at
JOHN A. ADAMS,
30 St . Francois-Xavier Street.
J. F. Lawton,

Manufacturer of every description of Patent ground
WAPRANTED CAST STEEL SAWS,
st. JOHN, N. B.

For price list and terms send address.

## RICE BROTHERS,

PAPER COLLAR MANUFACTURERS,

## montreal.;

$\mathrm{M}^{\text {ESSRS. RICE }}$ eros. have constantly on hand all Also, Ladies' of Gent's Paper Collars, Cuffs, Fronts, \&e. Aso, Ladies Collars and Cuffs, which are manufactured
in the neatest possible manner, from the best material, in the neatest possible manner, from the best material,
imported from Lomdon and Germany, New styles just
being completed.

## THE LEADINE WHOLESALE TRADE OF

BUCHANANS, BINNY \& MCKENZIE. Have now received and opened the greater portion - FALL IMPORTATIONS STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

EUROPEAN Markits,
And with farther shippocots innedediatelv, arrivings, we fhall have fall assortaents opeeied out in
THURSDAY, 1st SEPTSMBER.
Our stock will be found fresh anil new in every line, and to indicate great care and judgment in the selection. In staple cotron goods,
having purclased after the fall it price caused by the Earopean Was, we are able to offy the best value in the
murfet. mariet.

## Full lines open of

CANADIAN TWEEDS, KYITTED GOODS, and blankits.
Also, at reduceit shil Pries. dUNDAS cottons,

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { Do. } & \text { Do. } & \text { YARNs, } \\
\text { D } 0 . & \text { Do. } & \text { BAGS, }
\end{array}
$$

buchanans, $\overline{\text { binyy }}$ \& Mckenzie. Hamilton, 23rd August, 1570. $34-1 y$

## James Turner © Co.,

SCOTCH REFINED SUGARS, Ellows in tierces, Nos. pz and 3 ,

For sale by and CRUSHED A IN TIERCES. JAMES TURNER \& CO.
$\qquad$
THE LEADING: WHOLEARE TRADE OF
S. H. May \& Co.,

Importers and Deajers in PAINTS OIL, VARNISH, \&e Chaskes Suathwick, 26 and 21 uz STAR, DIAAOND STAR, asd DOtBLE THICK GLASS ${ }_{17 \text { July } 70} \quad 274$ St Paul st., Montreal.
J. A. Mathewson,

232 McGtll Staekt axp Lokouevil Lane, TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES, Stock and assortment kept large and attractive. orders carefuliy executed.
W. \& F. P. Currie \& Co. 100 GREY NU N STREET, MONTREAL, IRON, TIN, STEEL, BQI ER PLATES,
 Gas Tube Fittings, Boiler Bivets, Gauge Glasses. Paints arias Puttye Ceuinent, Window Glasis Fire Bricks, Fire Clay Drain Piles, Patent'Eucaustic Tiles, \&e., \&e.

CRown" sopa, chantr Ayd bed springs. [A large stock always on hand. 34-


## James Robertson,

METAL MERCHANT, and manufacturer of
LEAD PFE, SHOT, PAINTS, PUTTY, \&C.,
Cireutar, Gang, Cross Cut, and other Saws.
Proprietor,
Canada Lead \& Spw Works, Also \{Dominion Saw Works Montreaf

## Crathern \& Caverhill,

61 st . Petea Street,
IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE, IRON, Steel, Tin Plates, dc.,
wINDOw GLAss, paints and oIls.
A0exts:-Vietoria Rope Walk

## Established 1818.

SAVAGE, LYMAX\& Co
Fine Watehes, and Rich Jewelliery, Silver and Electro-- Plated Ware, French Clucks and Bronzes.

CATHEDRAL BLOCK, 271 NOTRE DAME STREET, montreal.
N. B. Sole Agents in Canada for the celebrated ULrsase Natdis Watcien

## Joseph Gould,

(sUCCEESOR TO GOULD \& HILL)
CELEBRATED' CHICKERING, STEINWAY, axd other pianofortes,

A치 The well-ksows
MASON \&. HAMLIN CABINET OBGANS.
ilj GREAT ST. JaMES STREET, MONTREAL, 24 ag 70
24Aug70

## N. S. Whitney,

IMPORTER OF FOREIGN LEATHER, ELASTIC weibs, prunellas linings, \&c., 14 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

## A. Ramsay \& Son.

Importers of
OILS, PAISTS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, \&C. Rolled, Rough and Polished Plate Glass, English and German Sheet Class, Glaziers' Diamonds,
GOLD ANB SILVER LEAF BRONZES, \&c 37, 39 \& 41 Reeollet Street, MONTREAL.

## W. R. Rost \& Co.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,
fed mantitrs or
TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES,
if 4 \& 466 St. Paul Street,
MONTREAL.

THE LEADING wHoLEsALE TRADE OF
 HUDSON BAY TERRITORY. Our collection is THE BEST we have had for many years. GREENE \& soss.
$17,519,321,523$ and 525 St. Paul Street, montreal.

## FERRIER \& Co.,

IRON AND HARDWARE MERCHAN IS,
sc. Trancts xavier street,
agents for :


Wiadsor Powder Mills.
La Toptu Rope Walk. Burrils Axe Factory. Sherbepoke's Safety Fuse.

31D 3070
Chapman, Fraser \& Tylee,
shecosors to Maitland, Tylee \& Co.,
WHOLESALE WINE, GENERAL AND COMMINHEX MERCHANTS.
Febri commisyrox merinians. 10 Hospital Street.
Mulholland \& Baker,

> ruporters or

HARDWALF, IRON, STEEL, TIN PLATES, CANAD I
PLATÉs, GLASS, \&e., \&e.
419 and 621 st. Paul street,
Yard Enfrance-St. Francois Xarier Btree:

## Robert Mitchell,

COMMISSION MERCHANT AND BROKER, 24 Sacrament Street, Montreal.
Drafts autherised and advances made on shipments of Flour, Grain, Pork, Butter, and General Pr
addusess here.
addes Advances 敝de on shipments to Europe.
 receive prompt attention.

## Zitcrantile Gummary.

Two of the wholesale boot and shoe manufacturers have taken a decided stand against the reckless assumptiou and high handed tyranny of the "Crispin" organization, in which step we wish them-every success.
Mrricastar men should read the decisions on parthership insurance in this paper, under the heading " Lew Keport." A case-in point has just come to pur kpowledge, to which it may be necessary to toler henafter.

THE LEADIXG WHOLESALE TRADE OF
TORONTO.
Canada Confectionary and Biscuit Works.

William Hessin,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER
AND
BISCUIT MANUFACTURER.

## ofyices and yactory:

No. 7 FRONT STREET. toronto.

## R. H. GRAÝ \& CO.,

the leading house in toronto for PAPER GOODS, all kinds. GENTS' FURNISHINGS. TAILORS' TRIMMINGS. KNITTED WOOL GOODS. CORSETS AND UNDER-SKIRTS. HABERDASHERY, and

GENERAL SMALL WARES,
Also the leading Manufactory in Ontario for all kinds of HOOP-SKIRTS.

Warchouseon 43 YoNGE STREET.
Myssns. Gordon \& McKay, have sold two of their new stores on Front Street, being those to the west of the one intended specially for their own business. They have also purchased a lot west of the buildings mentioned, at the rate of $\$ 105$ per foot on Front Street.

Inponted goods were entered at St. John, N. B., in 1870 , to the value of $\$ 5,889,934$, against $\$ 5,237,277$ in 1866 , and the duties collected were $\$ 851,333$ against $\$ 687,374$ in the previous year. The exports of goods, the produce of Canada, were $\$ 2.901,232$, in 1870 , against $\$ 2,715,424$ the pre'vious year.

A prominent country merchant, Mr. N. B. Schofield, of Port Dover, proprietor also of stores at Nanticoke, Waterford, Jarvis, Cheapside, Sprigrale, and a branch in Port Dover, has just found it necessary to ask the indulgence of his creditors, while he takes soundings to find how deep or how shallow water he is in. The thing which startled him into suspicion that all was not right about his position, seems to have been the discovery of a deficit of $\$ 3000$, the result of three years business in one of his Braxch Stores (of which he had six, within a radius of, fifteen miles, besides his main store!) Hoping that this one was an exception, and that his other establishment's could show a better return, hẹ took stock in a second Braxch Store, where there had been a fire, and found there also, as he himself states, 'a heavy loss." Here was an explanation of his recent shortness for money ; and like a sensible man, he resolved first; to put an end to his Branch Stores at the earliest practical moment; and

## THE LEAbING wholesale trape of

## Notice.

$\mathrm{T}_{\text {HE }}^{\text {He undersigned beg to notify the Trale, that they }}$ have been appointed Agents for the City of Toronto, Celedrated Ales and Porter. All onders will receive prompt attention.

## CRAMR, TORRANCES \& Co.

For sale, in st
TEIS,
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
TEAS-Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, (1870) FRUITs. Natural Lear Japan, Oolong, Souchong, and Cap gou. COFFEES-Old Goverament Java, Maracaibo, Laguaym and Ria
sUGiP
SUGARS-Tierces and barrels Seoteh Refined. Barrels Bright Porto Rico.
, now landing. 25 eases German Cigars,
$11-1 \mathrm{y} \quad 10 \mathrm{Wellington} \mathrm{St}. \mathrm{East}$.

## BOTTLES: BOTTLES: BUTTLES:

## To HAND ex "Manilla'

$\mathrm{F}^{\text {ROM }}$ Neweastle-on-Tyne, the following assortment from the Baliast Hill Bottle Works, Sanderland
75 CRATES
55
29
15
12
12

WINE QUARTS.
PORTEE DD.
PALE QUARTS,
PALE QUARTS,
PALE QUARTS.
sTOPPERED.
STOPPERED.
Will be sold low to Bottlers and the Trade.
thomas geiffith a co
Wholesate Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merehants,
37 \& 39 Front Street, Toronto.
second, to ascertain, by a rigid valuation of stock and debts, how far astray they had led him. While we hope, for the sake of the gentleman in question, that he may prove amply solvent, we still are of opinion, that the result of his three years experience, with a chain of seven stores within three townships, will be a far greater loss than he anticipates.

## TOO MANY MIDDLE MEN.

The Cincinnati Commercial, in a glance at the financial history of the past year, thus incidentally touches npon a feature of modern trade, which, though of great intgrest, has not received dute attention
"Merchants who have held intermediate positions in the exchange of commodities, have in many cases realized a collapse or shrinkage of their business, that they have too often ascribed to wrong causes ; and failing to discover the fact
that they were useless supernumeraries that they were useless supernumeraries, have struggled on against inevitable fate until their avocations were either completely gone or the sphere of their operations greatly narrowed.
Our cotemporary has here hit the nail square on the head. There can be no doubt that the fanks of those who stand between the producer and consumer, have outgrown the business of exchang. ing commodities, and to this fact is largely attrib. uted the lugubrions reports which so frequently greet us of "dull trade," "hard times,", ete. Statistics show a gralual but steady expansion of
the commerce of the country, but there are so many more men now engaged in mercantile pursuits in our large cities, in proportion to producets, than in former years, and the various departments of trade are, in consequence, so "cut up," that there are oftimes individual reports of dulness, that are not warranted by a careful survey of the whole field.
This over crowding of the ranks of merchants,
commission dealers, brokers, clerks and middle men, is one of the consequences of the war, which brought into circulation a vast volume of irredeemable currency, giving rise to an era of wild speculation and discontent with the old and slower methods of accretion. Young men in great numbers deserted rural districts, leaving behind them the certain means, with industry and economy, of an ultimate competence, for the uncertain means of a livelihood in an overcrowded city. In a country like ours, where all, or nearly all, are a country heated, where the road to wealth and distinction is open to all aspirants, and where every young man considers himself a genius, having a special mission to fulfil in the most exalted sphere of society, this gravitation to those peculiar fields of enterprise where genius is supposed to shine most conspicuously, and to reap its certain rewards, is rather natural. But the woist feature of this migratory disposition is, that these new comers, when over-borne in the sharp competition which they are obliged to encounter, or when unsuccessful from whatever cause, seldom retrace their steps, preferring a life of obscurity und ill-requited toil in subordinate positions, to one of independence and competence in a broader and more usefnl sphere. With his back once turned upon the o!d homestead, and located in a city, the young man from the country, if he fail, as he inevitably does fail in three times out of four, to realize his brilliant views of fame or fortune, has rarely the heart to acknowledge his failure, or to retrieve its consequences by returning to his early associations and pursuits. He prefers rather the drudgery and dependence of a clerkship, to swell the ranks of those superfluons middle men and speculators who absorb the earnings of honest labor and oppress both the producer and consumer. It is difficult to suggest any method by which this popular prejudice against honest industry in the mechanical and agricultural departments, -pursuits in every way worthy of the highest esteem and ambition of the American people,-can be overcome. Time alone can correct this, as well as other evils which may be said to be outgrowths of the stirring times af the decade which has just closed. A particularly favorite resort of men, unsuccessful in mercantile and other pursuits, is the brokerage business, a department that is more clogged, perhaps, than any other, by useless supernumeraries. In a country where the best of land is accessible to all who choose to occupy it, with the reasonable assurance of an ultimate competence, it seems passing strange that such vast numbers prefer to eke out an indigent existence in tha over-crowded cities, with little hope of ever improving their condition.-N. Y. Shipping List.

## OIL MATTERS AT PETROLIA.

Petrolita, Jan. 23, 1871 .
Matters here are about the the same as at lest report. Crude still keeping down, with no great demand. The idea that refiners are trying to corner it is erroneous. The home consumption being supplied fully, and the export firms not running their full capacity, has brought the price down. The fact that the prics of refined and crude oil in the United States is going up, owing to the production there being on the decrease, must eventually give an impetus to our markets here. The production of crude for the last eight days has not exceeded 6,000 barrels ; the shipments are considerably less. The developing lusiness is rather slack as it naturally is at this time of the year, Sales of all kinds of oil lands are dull, with no quotations. The export firms are doing about
half their capacity, and other refiners (not pressed half their capacity, and other refiners (not pressed
with orders) are (ouis.g about one third their usual business.
Every one interested in the oil trade is anxious to have the duty removed from it, for the inquisitrioal interference of the Inland Revenue Department, hinders, to a great extent, foreign capital being invested in the business.

MARINE DISASTERS ON THE LAKES AND RIVER ST. LAWRENCE IS 1870.


Nots:-A Cargo of Wheat by an American Vessel, from Whitby to Edwardsburgh. reted at 80000 . Total Lowe.

BRYCE, MCMURRICH \& CO.
30 BALES ( $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 0}$ PIECES) GREY COTTONS, of all grades.
10 CASES (500 pIECES) WHITE COTTONS, of all grades.
6 bales 68 and 72 in. GREY sheetings,
Plain and Twilled.
The above are jnst to hand, being purehased whin the market was at the low voint. VALUE VERY SUPERIOR.

COTTON AND LINEN GRAIN BAGS.
omee-34 Yonge street, Toronto. AND
West Reoeit Streit, Glasoow, Scotland.
BRYCE, McMURRICH \& CO.
Toronto, December 8, 1870.
THE
Eftontary and Commercial ©imes.
THE MONTREAL TRADE REVIEW.
TORONTO, CAN., FRIDAY, JAN. 27, 1871.

## BANKING RETIEW FOR 1870.

The relation which exists between the general commerce of a country and its banking institutions bears a close analogy to that of the affairs of a private individual to his bankers's account. Any estimate of the trading operations of a given period, which excludes a carefuk and full summary of the position of the banks, is much as though, in a trader's balance-sheet, he omitted that allimportant item, the balance owing to or in the hands of his banker, and the amount he may have under discount? It is a source of high satisfaction that, in presenting this review of the banking history of the year, and comparing it with preceding ones, there is no feature which is not eminently hopeful, as indicating that the trader and agriculturist have not only done a heavy business in the past year, but, on the whole, have secured conşiderable profits and made provision for contingencies. A very general advance has been made in the past year in the price of securities, practically lowering the rate of interest to investors to much the same standard as in the English market. Considerable sums have, in consequence, found their way to the States forgovernment bonds and stocks offering a higher average rate than home investments. If any doukt existed as to the extent to which capital is being made here, it could be dispelled by examining a file of country papers,-in which are lists of advertisements offering large sums to borrowers from six per cent, upwards. While serious difficulty has been felt in financial circles in the States, loans ruling at extraordinary
rates, paper ordinarily negotiable been rendered valueless, failures numerous, not only in weak firms; but in a class of firms whose credit has stood much above the average rank, we have had no such experience, being happily free from the influence of either government tamperings with the money market, or of those cliques of capitalists to, whose operations is attributed the excessive stringency which has brought on a crisis in the States this winter.
The following statement shows the paidup capital and undivided profits of the banks of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec on 31st December, 1870 :-

| Banks. Capital. | Surplus. | P. cent. of surp. <br> to capl. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Montreal............. $\$ 6,000,000$ | \$3,344,975 | 553 |
| Quebec ................ 1,500,000 | 172,746 | 611 |
| City............. .... 1, 200,000 | 79,587 | 7 - |
| Du Peuple.......... 1,600,000 | 155,247 | 7 93 |
| Niagara District... 308,572 | 52,473 | 17 |
| Molsons'. ............. 1, 000,000 | 110,538 | -11 |
| Toronto ............ 985,400 | 578,904 | 459 |
| Ontario ............. 2,000,000 | 259,635 | 5 254 |
| Eastern Townships $\quad 400,000$ | 92911 | 23 |
| Nationale............ 1,000,000 | 118,163 | 114 |
| Jacques Cartier ..., 1,000,000 | 138,501 | 134 |
| Merchants' .......... 5,308,426 | 1,091,718 | 20t |
| Union ... ... ....... . . 1,222,675 | ' 178,996 | 15 |
| Mechanics'.......... 322,287 | 20,845 | -6t |
| Commerce ........... 2,513,986 | -551,778 | 21 |

It must be borne in mind, when considering the above, that the whole amount here represented ias surplus cannot be taken to represent the reserve fund of the different banks. Included in the amounit are the current earnings of each half year, and available for the next dividend, and also any unpaid dividends not claimed by stockholders. There are also, in some of the banks, contingent iunds, which are reserved against probable losses, the amount of which cannot be accurately ascertained ; and, in some instances, what is known as the reserve fund itself is 30 held, while in other banks, and more properly, nothing is placed to that fund until all losses have been provided for.

Bearing these things in mind, the above statement enables a rough approximation to be formed as to the amount of surplus in the hands of each of the banks after all iabilities are discharged; and the public, we are sure, will read the calculation with interest. The value of any stock depends largely on its dividend from time to time, out as affecting and determining the steadiaess and certainty of the dividend, the smount of the reserved profits is an element of the first importance.

The completion of the returns for last year enables us to present a tabulated series of averages, which we append, and to which we ask special attention, as presenting at one view a picture of the enormous development which has taken flace in the last septennial period in the commerce of the two Provinces, The whole of the items are not given in detail, but simply those which indicate the activity and growth of trade under the head of circulation and deposits, and those items
which show the expansion of commercial re-
quirements, and the increase of available assets held by the banks-that is, specie, legal tenders, and balances due from other banks, and notes discounted. The increase in available assets shows that the banks are careful to maintain the rules of prudence in this period of expansion, while the increase of notes discounted shows conclusively a large augmentation in the actual volume of business :-

Official Return of the Banks of Gntario and Quebee for 31st December, 1870.

## Authorized Capital................. \$39,466,656

 Paid up Capital.30,500,430
liabilities.
Circulation.
fabilitues.
Due to other Banks
817,829,414
Deposits not bearing in
terest
$\$ 18,413,938$
Deposits bearing interest. $31,798,260$

Total deposits...

## Total liabilities.

## Assets.

Specie and Provincial Notes.
Landed or other property. Government securities. Notes of other Banks. Due from other Banks.
Notes discounted
Other debts.
Total assets $\qquad$
$\$ 50,211,198$
.\$69,821,042
$\$ 13,629,598$ 1,668,834 5,162,748 2.409,779 $9,774,919$ 2,430,690 2,043,971
\$107,120,539
To the amount of circulation as above must be added $87,407,974$ of provincial notes, making a total of $\$ 25,237,388$ of notes stated to be in circulation. It should be remembered, however, that of the legal tenders, the whole is not in circulation, a large amount being held by the banks as a reserve.

For the first time, the discounts at the close of the year are heavier than at any earlier date, the maximum being usually in September or October. Last year, although these fall months showed much more than the usual expansion, they feil below the amount of December discounts by as much as the increase from the lowest point in preceding years to the highest. The lowest figures under this head appear in January- $\$ 56,800,000$. This was increased by $\$ 10,000,000$ in September; and from that point the rise was close upon $\$ 6,000,000$ more at the end of the year, showing a total increase of $\$ 15,100,000$, or over 25 per cent. beyond the same date in 1869. A comparison of the amount of discounts at the end of each month last year will show how exceedingly active the last half year has been :

$$
1870
$$

January.
February
March, April, May
June
July..
August.
September.
October...
November
December. 856,830,000 57,927,000 $58,400,000$ 61,348,000 $62,924,000$ 64,444,000 66,770,000 70,466,000
$72,250,000$ $72,430,000$

Although reports reach us from some country districts that merchants complain bitterly of hard times and shortness of money, arising in too many cases from, their holding too heavy stocks, we see in the enormous growth of deposits held by banks undoubted evidence of an increase of general pecuniary strength. At no preceding period have the spare funds of the country been anything
near the amount now stored; indeed, the expansion this year is yery great, the more noticeable from the groat activity of trade, which tends to absorb the class of funds placed at interest in the banks. The total deposits at the close of the year were equal to those held at the period of the greatest quietude of trading operations, midsummer. They were $\$ 7,000,000$ in excers of the same period in 1869 , and nearly $\$ 9,000,000$ beyond the amount in January. Of this increase over the same period of $1869, \$ 5,500,000$ is of deposits at interest, which have reached close upun $832,000,000$, showing that since 1863 the spare funds placed in this form of investment alone have grown $\$ 21,000,000$ a result which, in view of the conditions under which the country has been working in that period, is a most surprising evidence of the thrift of our popolation.

The prospect for the coming year is, on on the whole, encouraging. The desolating war still raging has rendereds whole regions barren which have been hitherto rich with harvests. 'Regretting the cause, we still look to reaping no small advantage therefrom, in the increased value of stocks, of which we held of wheat in Montreal 359,400 bushels on 1st January, as Against 519,500 , same date, 1870 ; and of flour, some 45,000 barrels in excess of same date a year ago.
Our lumber exports are likely to be heavy in the coming year, as the advaptages of our water communication with the ocean is likely to draw a large share of the lumber from the Western States to this outlet for shipment to South America and Australia.
It seems to us, in view of 'the enormous and rapid development of our railway system, which is being pushed into districts only just opened out to settlers, that there exists an opening for the profitable employment of considerable capital in providing the companies and the public with freight cars. There is no more reaspn why a railroad corporation should supply cars than a body of turnpike trustees, except to facilitate traffic over their track.

Here, where necessarily now roads are built with considerable, difficulty, it would greatly ease the enterprise were the vast bulk of the relling stock raised by an enṭirely distinct effort, which would tap another source of pecuniary aid, and utilize capital and employ labor vastly to the advantage of the country. This form of auxilliary railway enterprise is found elsewhere to pay well, and large freight dispatchers find it to their interest to own their own cars or rent them. There is, however, little fear but that capital will find necessary outlets, and we trust that the great work of developing and consolidating the financial interesfs and position of the Provin-
ces may progress in the current year in the ratio of the past, that in quietness and confidence the country will possess itself, and find enlarged strength and prosperity.

## BRANCH STORES, AND THEIR CON SEQUUENCES.

We are strong in the belief that, in the present state of trade in the Dominion, branch stores, opened in most cases for a temporary relief to the proprietor, prove a permanenf oppression, and a direct or indirect loss. The running expenses, depreciation of stock, and bad debts attached to these concerns, far outweigh any advantage gained by purchasing large stocks at low rates, and pushing them off fapidly and at close profits.
Experiences are not wanting to show the folly of any one merchant attempting by these means to "do all the trade" in his county or his neighbourhood. It is fresh in the memory of many wholesalers how a certain trader in Peterboro', doing a fair and healthy business in retail dry goods, was seized with an angoition to sweep the trade of his own and the neighboring county ; how he opened a dozen stores, surmounted them with brooms, and flags, and triumphal arches; hired bell-men, runners, peddlers, travelling advertisers ; and employed all the devices that Yankee ever invented or tyro practised to bring grists to his mill, and what a miserable end it all canne to two short years ago. A firm in Eastern Canada, in good standing, for ability, integrity, and capital, as manufacturets in Montreal and merchants in several villages up the Ottawa, lost all they had in 1869 by their branch stores, which were elther mismanaged or worse by their employees in these outlying posts, and showed an anopnt of outstandings which swept away a large portion of their means. Another startling instance of the effects of such expansion comes to us from a lake town in Ontario this very month, and is found in another column, where an estimable, honest, and, up to a certain point, successful merchant, who opened a number of branches some three years ago, has just found it pecessary to stop payment, and an investigation of his position, so far as it has gone, shows a serious loss at the branches.

In the first of these instances, the object was not so mach relief from the pressure of too much stock, as a foolish desire to force a big business, by selling at next to no profit withgut regard to expenses. In the last, the expansion was the natural result of overstocking, onlyscattering the overstock instead of concentrating it. But in all three cases, however different the men or the circumstances, the result was disastrous, and ${ }^{\text {tl }} 9$
examples, unhappily, are not limited to threes or to dozens.

Twenty or thirty years ago, when the retail trade of the country was in fewer hands, and profits were double what they are now, branch stores were more feasible-though we have good warrant for saying that their success was a rarity even then. But now, when towns of 3,000 inhabitants have twenty general stores, besides millinery, grocery and provision shops, bringing the total to 44 ; when a single township, with a population of 2,600 , has 24 storekeepers-one to every 110 of the population-and when profits are cut lower than will admit of an advance sufficient to pay interest, rent and current expenseswhat folly is it to suppose that a man, already overstocked, can remove a portion of his merchandize to places 10 miles distant, pay rent and salaries and extra freight, and push it off without loss, in the face of the opposition he is sure to encounter from those already established. It would surely deter the least prudent of merchants from launching out into such ventures, if he could only sit down beforehand and count the cost. Think of the impossibility of personally supervising a number of stores, and the extreme uplikelihood of always getting honest or competent men to conduct them-the rent and fitting up of new premises at each remove-the extra freight on small lots of goods to different points- the risk of loss by bad debts in a new and strange district-insurance and interest on stock-advertising, and the various other considerations, needful or trivial, which go to swell a trader's expenses at the present day. But whoever thinks of these things ? How many country dealers know what their goods really cost ? Does one in twenty know much per cent. on his stock his insurance costs if he has any ? Does one in a hundred think of allowing an annual sum off his stock for depreciation? and do they reflect that there are other expenses than freight to be added to the invoiced price before the costs of his grods can be estimated, and a fairly profitable selling price marked? If he replies in the affirmative to these questions, we will venture to say their authors are not proprietors of branch stores. We shall never be without branch stores and their concomitant ills, however, until our importers cease to over-import. Credit will be cheap, swindlers and speculators will flourish, and slaughtering of goods will still be done, as long as the country is suffering from a plethora of merchandise. The lesson of 1857 was a severe one, but here again, in the year jnst past, 1870, of happy memory as the best year for sales, for payments and for profits in the decade; not content to let well alone, to sell a good sized importation
into good hands rapidly; we have re-ordered more than we needed, have too much fall stock to carry over, and somebody will likely get the surplus cheap before the winter is done.

## DOMINION BOARD OF TRADE.

The meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade, at Ottawa, last week, deserves more than a passing notice. It was an important meeting, whether we look at the gentlemen who were present, or the subjects which were brought under their consideration. The delegates were all gentlemen possessing much influence in their respective localities, whilst not a few of them are exceedingly well informed on trade questions. Their opinions, therefore, on the policy which the Government ought to pursue, in regard to Canals and Railways, the Tariff and cognate subjects, desèrve attentive consideration, as being those of practical business men, who have the best opportunity to arrive at intelligent conclusions,
The first subject which engaged ${ }^{2}$ the attention of the Board was the deepening of the St. Lawrance and Welland Canals. The President, the Hon. John Young, pointed out that the real rivalry for the carrying trade of the west and north-west, was between the St. Lawrence and the Erie Canaroutes, and with the enlargement of our canals, the victory must rest with the former. There appeared to be no difference of opinion as to the necessity of these useful works being deepened, although one or two gentlemen did not wish the action of the board to be confined to the recommendation of the improvement of the St. Lawrence navigation alone, and another wanted the Welland canal deepened so as to permit the passage of vessels capable of carrying 30,000 bushels, but the St . Lawrence canals to remain as they are! This view was of rather a sectional character, and did not meet with much favour. When the motion that the whole of these canals should be made ga uniform depth of 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet, was put by the chair, only five hands were held up againstit. The whole Dominion, from Windsor to Halifax, no doubt, desires to see the St. Lawrence made deep enough, sothat otean vessels, if needs be, may pass from Chicago and Milwaukee to Liverpool and Glasgow. Let it may be a question whether that should ba done while President Grant's threats about Canadian vessels and the bonding system hang over our heads, and the American tariff continues so hostile to our productions.
We are glad to observe that the Bay Verte canal was unanimously approved of. The proposed Sault St. Marie canal (about 1 mile long) also received a similar endorsement.

The Ottawa ship canal was discussed, but the Board, whilst approving of the improvement of the Grenville canal, and the navigation of the Ottawa river, up to the capital, refused to commit itself to the Upper Ottawa canals. The Georgian Bay canal came in for notice, but no motion was made in its favor. The Bay Verte canal will be less than 12 miles long, its estimated cost is $\$ 2,500,000$, and by enabling vessels to pass from the Gulf of St. Lawrence, into the Bay of Fundy, the distance to the port of St. John will be greatly lessened. This work is a necessity, if Quebec and Ontario desire to carry on any large amount of direct trade wilh the West Indies and South America.
The proper inspection of butter, oil, fish, hides, ashes, seeds, leather, provisions and petroleum, evoked considerable discussion. The Montreal Board of Trade sent a valuable paper on the subject. The delegates were strongly of opinion that Parliament should pass a law to make inspection of these articles compulsory. Flour and grain, however, were specially exempted.
The decision arrived at in regard to the existing Dominion Tariff, taken as a whole, will meet with general approval. This subject came up on the second day, and probably excited the most interest of any brought forward. Mr. Elliot, of this city, moved that it was desirable that the scale of duties should be raised from 15 to 20 per cent., the free list remaining as at present, and the duties on tea, sugar, and spices reduced if the revenue would admit of it. This brought up the vexed question of Protection vs. Free Trade, but the Board appeared to be largely of one opinion on the point, for by 27 to 6 they decided that " the necessary revenues " required by the government are so great as ' to afford all the incidental protection rerequired, and that instead of adding to the present Tariff, the duties should be gradually reduced as fast as the exigencies " of the country would permit." The question of Protection being thus disposed of, the Board unmistakably pronounced against the duties which were last session placed on flour, grain, coal and coke. The only ex emption was in favor of salt-the exemption being made under the belief that the salt monopolists of the State of New York, had tried to crush out the Goderich and other Canadian salt wells. The principle, we incline to think, is much the same in regard to salt as the other articles ; but the action of the Board, as a whole, in regard to this feature of the tariff of last session, is in perfect accord with public sentiment.

- We urged a few weeks ago that the Board should have something , to say in regard to the speedy opening up of communication be-
tween Ontario and Quebec and the new province of Manitaba. The subject was not forgotton ; but, as was natural, the delegates differed very much in opinion, and a few rather ill-digested views were propounded. Some desired-a Pacific railway at once; others thought the scheme was "wild and visionary" and the Curiadians should use the American line which will run near the boundary; and others again, urged the use of the Dawson route, with steamers on the navigable waters ana railways around the portages. * It was ultimately decided to call the attention of the government to the importance of securing connection with Manitoba as speedily as possible, by asking them to make a suryey of the proposed Pacific railway, and offer a grant of public lands to aid in its construction. A Pacific Railway is a great undertaking for a country like Canada. But if the northwest is half what it is reported to be, railway communication we must have through our own territory before many years.

Among the minor questions pronounced upon were the following:-The Government were asked to improve the laws relating to Pilots and Pilotage, by introducing the principle of competition. The present laws were generally condemned as unsound in principle, and as leading to serious evils. The Board refused to ask the repeal of 5 c. excise per gallon on refined Petroleum oil, except in the case of brown oil and other products of oil. The necessity of amending the Patent laws so that British subjects could obtain patents without a years' residence was affirm ${ }^{\text {- }}$ ed, and a motion was made that the banks should be allowed to resume their, issme of small notes after the maximum issue of $\$ 9,000,000$ by the Government had been made. This motion developed opposition, apd was ultimately withdrawn. A draw back on Canadian sugar sent to Manitoba, was asked for. The proposed Quebec and New Brunswick railway, from Woodstock to River du Loup, was approved of, as also the Cangnawaga Canal-the latter of which projects is almost certain to prove successful.

The closing meeting of the Board was taken up with a spirited discussion of transportation by railway, which turned more particularly on the accommodation furnished by the Grand Trunk railway to local freights, and the difference made between through and local rates. It was at first proposed to invoke legislalation to put an end to the great disparity which exists in the charges. By an amendment, it was left to the Council of the Board to "take such action as will remedy the evil as far as practicable."

On reviewing the proceedings of the Board of Trade, we have no hesitation in according it a place among the most valuable and useful public bodies of the Dominion. Their
proceedings last week at Ottawa, of which we have endeavored to give a concise resume, were conducted with ability and dignity, and we have no doubt they will exercise no considerable influence, not only on the Gavernment, but also on the people's representatives.

## BURNT THEIR FINGERS.

The liberal, if net loose provisions of the Act, providing for the organization of Mutual Insurance Companies, have been generally taken advantage of, so that Ontario fairly bristles with local fire companies. And the number is being steadily increased. Under the plea of " home insurance" they are being multiplied in every direction, till their name is legion; and the prospect is that by and by we shall have one for each county. It would not be surprising if the directors and managers of most of these different associations, should be foumd wanting in a knowledge of the insurance businegs. Indeed, so far as we are aware, any special lpnowledge of the kind is not songht after, the belief being that anyone who is " handy with accougts," can do the thing up firstclass. We have before us the annual "report" of one of these model mutuals-"The Oxford Farmer's Mutual Insurance Association"-a sufficiently imposing rame in all conscience. The directurs of this precious concern tell us that they Iost $\$ 1,800$ at a single blow last year ! After exensing themselres and expatiating on this dire calamity at great length, they proceed thus :
"There is, however, no disguising the fact that this heary loss is a severe blow, and sore discouragement to our infant society. That it will recover from it, is the sincere hope of the directors, and to realize which hope they duly labor. The Directors feel that is is an error for a young society like this to insure property liable to be destroyed by one fire, to the large amount of $\$ 1,800$, and as burnt pairns dreed the firg, are resolved in the meantime to take no more such heavy risks." -A salutary conclusion.
Shakespeare tells us of scme who find "lessons in trees, sermons in stones, and good in everything," including fires, he might have added, had he been possessed of the valuable experience of the Directors off "The Oxford Farmer's Matual Insurance Association." These directors are clearly ambitions. Their eptire receipts for the year (they have no capital, of course) were only \$1,759.94 , including assessments, and yet they ven ${ }^{2}$ tured to risk on a single property 81,800 ! In all this they meant well; their sin was only in being too ambitious. If they believe us to be capable of counselling then in this weighty crisis, we will offer the advice of Cardinal Wolsey to Cromwell as the most appropriate thing, we have at han $1:$

Mark bat my fill and that that ruined me. Cromwell, I charge thee fling away ambition, By that sin fell the argels ; fow can man, then, The image of his Maker hope to win by it."
These Oxford Directors with their seventeen hundred dollars of yearly receipts were not satisfied with being a "home institution," but actnally invaded the connty of York, treading squarely on the toes of their big brother "The Beaver." And herein was their greatest error. York, as if
to revenge the insalt flung in the face of the Beaver, let the Oxford " infant" in for $\$ 1,800$ at one fell (foul) blow. "Though larger boats may venture mgre, smaller craft should hug the shore." In the midet of all this adversity the Oxford Directors comfort themselves it this lugubrious strain:-
"The hope of the pirectors that the society will yet be extricated from its present difficulties, and enter on a career of prosperity, is incouraged and enter on a carcer after the 81,800 is paid. The assets show there is life in it yet."

Wisely thinking that so dull a story should be enlivened by an aneedote they go on thus :-
"A young lad buried beneath the debris of a fallen tenement, on hearing the workmen busy removing it in order to his extraction, shouted, 'Heare awa', boys, I'm no deed yet.' Our society though weakened is 'no deed yet' (although its enemits have been singing its requiem) and a united cordilal effort on the part of the farmers of Oxford woild soon more than restore it to its formet streigth, and perpetuate the home insurance institution."
We suggest to the aforestid farmers of Oxford, that there is no use trying to perpetuate "the home insurance institution" unless it stays a: home. Nó such infants should be trusted abroad, as this sad but instractive tale satisfactorily proves.
There ate a number of halting, limping concerns in Ontario who profess to sell indemnity from loss by-fire-an article whi th they do not keep, and, thercfore, capniot sell, It is the lieight of assurnace to call their policies or obligations insuratice. They are merely a show-a shadow without the substance. Their policies are simply a cheap delusion-cheap at the start, but often costly in the end. Of some of these we may have something to say hereafter. If insurange is worth doing at all, like everything else, it is worth doing well.

## THE LUMBER TRADE.

From every part of the Dominion the same general epport comes of a large and steady expansion of the lumber trade.
The receipts at Albany are some indication of the extent of the trade from Ontario lake ports. At that city, $452,363,910$ feet were received in 1870, being the highest figure ever reported by over eight millions of feet. The stock af the close of the year was ninety millions, or twenty millions less thap a year ago. It is represented that the American market has been over-stocked with Canada sidings, which have, in consequence. sold at $\$ 8$ to $\$ 10$ per $M$. less than than last year.
The shipments of jumber by canal from Buffalo and Oswego for three seasons are :-

|  | Buffalo. | Oswego. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 168,204,000 feet. | $271,618,000$ feet. |
| 1869. | 165,198,000 * | 261,058,009 |
| 186 | 166,589,000 * | 233,256,200 |

The receipts and shipments at Chicago are thus reported :-


The production of lumber. on the Ottaws and tributaries in 1870 has been stated thus :

Deals sawn, feet.
Bdards sawn, feet.
Logs banked.
In Sand Point,
Boards sawn, feet. $\qquad$
$210,000,000$ $220,000,000$ $1,928,000$

21,500,000

In St. Lawrence and tributaries,
treal :-
Deals sawn, feet.............................. 195,000,000
Board sown, feet. $\qquad$ 188,500,000
Logs banked.
The exports of the year were :-
To European markets-
Square timber (eubic feet) $\qquad$ 21,500,000 Deals (feet).
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $80,000,00$
Deals (feet)
68 vessels, carrying (feet).
$180,000,000$
To Australia (spruce and pine lumber,
doors, \&e, -4 vessels, carrying (ft.)
To Valpniso (spruce, pine and oak) -
3 vessels; earrying (feet).
$1,700,000$
$2,000,000$
To Cuba-
Sugar box shooks (shooks).
To United States, per Chambly Canal-
Square timber, tons.
39,768
Deals, planks and hoards (feet) .... 182, 24,152
Scantling (pieces)....................... 742,623
Laths (mille).
742,623
9,695
Shingles (mille)
Other woods.
Number of vessels
Do. through Buffalo (feet)
(feet)...
................ Do. through Oswego
Do. by railway and other channels
(estimated feet).........................100,000,000
At six ppints, on the Muskegon and White rivers, and along the Huron shore of the State of Michigan, $856,000,000$ feet were got out last year. This showed a reduction of $253,000,000$ feet. Reports this year indicate a revival of the lumber trade in Michigan. Advices from the lumber districts indicate an increased yield, thus far estifated, of no less than $377,000,000$ feet.
The excellent annual circular of Messrs. Cudlip \& Snider of ${ }^{\circ}$ St. John, N.B., gives the following statement of the exports of sawn lumber from that port, with their destination :-

|  | 1870 | 1869 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| eat Britain. | 48,961,000 | 143,949,000 | 185,213,000 |
| United States.: | 65,892,976 | 49,189,608 | 41,721,052 |
| Epanish West Indies. | 12,393,395 | 6,996,872 | 10,324,926 |
| 1 ritish West Indies.. | 1,349,433 | 2.735,027 | 1,650,412 |
| diver Platt | 5,293,612 | 6,639,526 | 2,423,834 |
| Palparais | 1,717.268 | 2,310,411 | 2,323,834 |
| ${ }^{\prime}$ eueriffe | 1,254,149 | 959,286 | 317,176 |
| (ther foreign ports.. | 1,855,937 | 525,672 | 292,778 |
|  |  |  |  |

## MUTUAL INSURANCE.

A meeting of gentlemen, consisting of the Preidents, Secretaries, and other officials of varions mutual insurance companies doing business in Ontario, was held at th: Queen's Hotel, in this city, on the 19th. The following were present :Messrs. W. Niles. D, C. McDonald, C. M. Taylor, W. T. O'Reilly, S. Thompson, R. McLean, J. E. Bowman, C. Davidson, Thos, M. Simons, Sheriff Davidson, -. Cattenach, Col. Johnson, Jas. H. Teek, -. Bickell, and L. Fairbanks.
Mr. Niles was called to the chair, and Mr. T. M. Simons was chosen Secretary.

Moved by Mr. Thompson, secauded by Mr. Simons,
That this meeting dojesolve its if in to an Assoc ation, to consst of representativ-s of all mutual insuance companies within the I'rovince of On -turio-carried.

Moved by Mr. Davidson, seconded by Mr. Peck,
That Crowell Wilson, Esq., M.P., be President, and T. M. Simons, Esq, be Secretary-Treasurer of the Association-carried.
Moved by James Johnson, seconded by Thos. M. Simons,
That on all questions put to the vote at apy meeting of the Association, each company have but a single vote-carried.
Moved by J. E. Bowman, seconded by C. M.. Taylor,
That the Secretary-Treasurer be authorized to call the first annual meeting at his discretion, by circular, addressed to each company, through its Secretary; the said meeting to be held at Toronto -carried.
Move. by D. C. McDonald, seconded by J. H. Peck,
That the question of a standing reward for the conviction of incendiaries, be submitted by the representatives of companies here present to their respective boards, at as early a date as possible, and to communicate the decisions of their boards to the Secretary of this Association, giving their views as to the manner in which each company should be assessed, as to their share towards the rewarl; and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary to each company in the Province.

Marine Disastirs.-Oimenother page we present a tabulated statement, containing the particulars relating to the disasters reported to Canadian vessels on these lakes in the year 1870. The list includes the River St. Lawrence, as far east as Quebec. It is believed that the information is pretty nearly complete, though the difficulty in obtaining information in some, quarters renders it uncerts in whether some isolated cases may not be omitted.

Anotier Failure.-The Monitor Mutual Insurance Company, of Boston, Mass., has failed with assets of $\$ 2,000,000$ against liabilities of $\$ 15,000,000$.

## BUILDING SOCIETY RATES.

## Editor of the Monatary Times.

Toronto, 24th January, 1871.
Sin,-Mr. Charles Robertson, in his letter of the 13th instant., which appears in your last issue, says that " Building Societies charge a higher rate" of interest than the Canada Landed Credit Company.
Permit me to say, that in making this statement, Mr, Robertson shows he has very littleaequaintance with rates charged by Societies other than his own.
The terms of some of the principal Building Societies, in Toronto, are in respest of interest, and conditions of repayment quite as favorable as those of the Land 1 Credif Company, if riot more so-as can be der
ars respectfilly.
Building Society.
-Notice is given that application will be made to the Dominion Parliament, at its next session, for-an Act to incorporate the "Banque du Ca-
nada," the principal oflice of which will be in Montreal.
-A place in Nova Scotia, called Shelburne, owns .90 vessels of 10,824 tons, including 8 barques. 24 brigantines, and 67 schooners. Twelve new vessels are now bailding at the same place, of a, $\mu$
aggregate tonnage of 4,200 tons.

## £iuaurial.

## STOCKS AND MONEY.

Reported br Blafkie t Alexander, Brokers.
Toronto, Jan. 24, 1871.
The stock market continues to rule very active for all securities. The transactions of the week have been lange, and rates are very firm, with a strong upward tendency. Money is abundant, and readily obtained on first-class paper at 6 to 7 per cent. Mortgages negotiable at 8 per cent. Sterhing Exchange, 1091 to 10918.
Banks.-Large sales of Commerce have been made at $117 \frac{1}{4}$ to 117 , closing with buyers at the latter rate. Toronto advanced during the week under the strong demand to 174 f for buyers and 176 for sellers. Round lots of Royal changed hands at 89 \} to 90 . Buyers of Ontario have advanced to 111, without sellers at that figure. British would command 1084, but there is none offering. Montreal sold largely during the week at from 232 to 234 ; buyers now at. 232 and sellers at 2333 . Merchants' continues moderately active at 1165 to 117. City is firm and advancing, with buyers now at 90 and no sellers under 911 .
Bonds.-Governments are enquired for, but none of any issue are offered. Dominion stock is searce and in demand at 1103. Round amounts of City Bonds have been placed at 93 k , holders are now firm at 94 . County debentures are in demand at 102 b , sellers asking 103 to 103 L . Township bonds with yearly coupons are held at $94!$.
Sundries,-Freehold Building Society sold at 126 and $126 \frac{1}{3}$, closing firm at latter rate. Sellers of Canada Permanent are generally asking 150, without buyers over 145 . Western Canada is active, with sales at 127 f to 128 , buyers now at 127\%. A limited amount of Provincial is procurable at 104. Union is in demand at 115, without sellers. Buyers of Canada Landed Credit are giving $97 \frac{1}{4}$ ex. div., at which rate amounts have been placed. Enquiry is made for Western Assurance at par, sellers asking 101. British America would be taken at 70. City Gas is in demand at 108 but there is not a share to be had. Sales of Mont' real Telegraph are reported at 1721 to 1754 , hold now asking 177.

## TORONTO STOCK MARKET

## Reported by Pellatt \& Osler, Brokers.

Toronto, Jan. 24, 1871.
A large demand for all securities has been experienced during the week, and prices have in most cases advenced.
Banks.-Montreal has been in good demand throughout the week ; sales at 231 and 232. British is in demand at 108 ; no shares offering. Ontario has been in large demand during the week ; sold at 110, $110 \frac{1}{4}$ and 111, closing firm at $111 \frac{1}{4}$. Toronto has advanced nearly 12 per cent. since last week, closing with small offerings at 175. Large amounts of Royal Canadian have been thrown on the market since payment of dividend ; sales at $89 \frac{1}{2}$ and 89 , closing heavy at 891 . Small sales of Commerce at 117 and 1174 , closing with buyers at former and sellers at latter rate. Merchants' has been in fair demand at 116 to 116 $\frac{1}{4}$, closing with buyers at $116 \frac{1}{2}$ and sellers at 117. Quebec nominal at 112 $\frac{1}{\text { to }}$ to $113 \frac{1}{2}$. Buyers of Molson's at 110 ; none offering. Sellers of City at $90 \frac{1}{4}$, buyers would pay 90 . Du Pueple is nominal at $107 \frac{1}{4}$ to 108 f. Buyers of Nationale at 107 $\frac{1}{4}$; none on market. Jacques Cartier is in fair demand at 1161, ; no sellers. Mechanics' nominel; no transactions on this market. Sellers of Union at 108 , and buyers at $106 \frac{4}{4}$.

Debentures. - No Canada of any description on market; Dominion Stock would be taken at 111. Considerable sales of Toronto at $93 \frac{1}{4}$ to 94 ; a sa'e of $\$ 100,000$ of these bonds issued to the Muskal a Railway was made at private rates. Large sales
of County at 103 for first-class counties, elosing in good demand at this rate
Sundries.-Not a share of City Gas on market ; 119 would be paid. Buyers of British America Assurance at 70, ex-dividend ; nene offering. Western Assurance sold at 100 and 101, closing in demand at the former rate. No Canada Life offering; 115 would be paid. Canada Permanent Building Society sold at 145 and 146 , closing with buyers' at latter rate, and no sellets under 150. Considerable sales of Western Building Society at 127 and 127 k, closing in dẹmand at latter rate, with very little on frarket. Freehold has been freely dealt in at $126 \frac{4}{4}$ and 127 , elosing with buyers at latter rate. Buyers of Union at I15 ; no stock on market. No transactions in Huron and Erie on this market. 115 would probably be paid. Sellers of Montreal Telegraph at 172 , and buyers at 1724. Sales of Canada Landed Credit at 97 and 98 , closing with buyers at $96 \frac{1}{2}$ and 97 . Torouto, Grey \& Bruce Railway sold at 70, and Nipissing at 80, and in good demand Mortgages are in good demand to pay 7 per ent. on firstclass security.

MONTREAL STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

## Reported by Macdougall \& Dávidson, Brokers.

Montreal, Jak. 24, 1871.
There has been a fair amount of business done in favourite stocks, and prices are strongly maintained. In debentures there is nothing whatever doing.
Banks.-Montreal has been sold in small lots at 232 , closing inactive at $231 \frac{1}{2}$ to 232 . Sales of British at 109 , which would still pe paid. City has advanced, having beeu sold at 91 ; to-day's quotation is $90 \frac{1}{\text { to }} 91$. Peopie's has been sold and continues in demand at 108 . Ontario has been dealt in at $110 \frac{1}{8}, 111$ and 111 ; it is to-dny held for 1114. Molsons is scarce and in demand at $110 \frac{1}{2}$. Merchants' has been very largely dealt in at 1164 and $116 \%$ and closes firm at 1163 to 117. Sales of Toronto at 175 , there is but little stock offering. We have no sales of Jaeques Cartier to report; 117 is to-day offered. Quebee has been sold at 113 and 1134. Nothing doing in Nationale. Eastern Townships' is in demand at 110 , no late sales. Union is very inactive at 106 ? to 108. Merhanics' was yesterday sold at 80 , and is in demand to-day at $81 \frac{1}{2}$. Commerce is offered at 118 ; there are buyers of round amounts at 1171 . Royal Canadian is inactive at quetations -89 if to 91.

Railway Slucks and Bonds.-Nothing whatever doing, quotations are unchanged.
Debentures,-Nothing doing in Governments. $119 \frac{1}{4}$ would be paid for round lots of Dominion. Corporation. Bonds are offered at 101 b , there is but little doing. 7 per cent. stock is asked for at 116. No Montreal Harbor in market.

Sundrics.-Montreal Telegraph has been sold at 175 and 176 ; holders to-day ask 180 . Sales of Richelieu at 196, at which shares are still procur-
able. Canadian Navigation has changed hands in round lots at 1054. City Passenger Railwaynothing doing, quotations being nominal at 165 to 175. No late sales of City Gas ; is quoted 170 to 180. Mining stocks-nothing whatever doing $\$ 550$ per share is asked for Montreal Mining Con-
sols, buyers offer $\$ 450$.
Exchange.-The market is extremely dulf; Bank Bills are worth 94 to 94 ; private (of which there are but small amounts offering) ate worth 8 to $8 \frac{1}{2}$.

Casadian Building Societt.-A meeting of the Canadian Building Society tas held in Montreal on the 18 th. Mr. Ef Angers presided, and
the report of the directors was adopted. The Society is composed of 430 members. The fol lowing were elected directors for the ensuing year, Viz: Messrs. Angers, Lacoste, Mercier, Lesage, Dupuis, Brunet, and Lariviere.

## Insuraure.

## INSURANCE MATTERS IN MONTREAL.

## (From our own Correspondent.)

Montreal, Jan. 24th, 1871.
Somewhat inopportuñely for our fire brigade, who are asking (very properly) for an increase of pay; but auspiciously for insurance eompanies this city has been most exetoplary in the article of fires since the setting in of the new year: but two events deterving the name have occurred, atd they of but trifling magnitude.
The fire referred to in last report, at Mr. Rivet's, behind the monntain, at Cote Ste. Catherine, was eorrectly desecribed, as far as known ; the house was only erected last sammer ; and though comrleted and fumished, had not been oceupied. The family intended to enter upon it on New-Year's day, and therefore had fires lighted the privious afternoon; these appear to have been left without attendance, and being noost likely made impradently likge overheated the stoves and pipes and set fire to tire houso, destroying it and all that it contained. The loss cannot be less than $\$ 2,500$ no insurance.
Jap. 3.-An alarm from box 57, on account $\boldsymbol{x}$ one of the ordinary flares, at Woods cotton factory. Suppressed without much danage.
Jan. 6.-A fire was reported at St. Hubert, a way-station, on thereastem section of the Grand Trunk, Railwoy, 10 miles from Montreal, entirely destroying a peat shed belonging to the company, and some 803 tons of peat, piled in it, together with some a jjacent far:a buildings. The fire is supposed to liave been kiadled by sparks from a passing engin:; no insurance.
Jan. 8.- This (Sunday) afternoon, a fire was discovered to have commenced in the shop of Miss Yaradies, milliner, No. 262 Notre Dame Street, supposed to have been cansed by spariks from the stove falling gmong some light goouls. The brigade was soon on the spot; but their services were not neeled, the fre having been promptly quenched by the inmates. lusured with B. America for $\$ 1000$ on stofk, and the like amount on furniture. Claim settled for $\$ 100$.

Jan. 13,-u fire broke out, ear'y this morning, in a wooden house, 16 Smallwood Street, Quebec suburbs, occupied Jy Charles Cadot, shoemaker, as a workshop. The brigade was promptly in attendance, and after some labour, extinguished the fire. The house and contents were insured for $\$ 600$, with the Montreal Mutual, and the loss will probably amount to $\$ 300$.

Jan. 18. - A fire broke out at about 7 this even ing, at Mott's Hotel, situate on the corner of Front and Partition Streets, in the town of St. Johns, Q. This establighment occupies the foar sides of a considerable quadrangle, about one third of the buildings being of brick, the remainder of wood, it was in the latter portion that the fire occurred, and ąt one time it threatened to destroy not only the whole of the woodm buildings of the hotel, but many others in the neighbourhood also, but by judiciously pulling dowa a wooden shed, its
progress was arrested in the direction of the hotel progress was arrested in the direction of the hotel
ontluildings, and the efforts of the fire company with the tovn engine, were thus enabled to be concentrated upon the hotel itself. By incessant exertions, the brick portion of the hotel was saved almost intaet, but the wooden and much older part was burned to the grownd. Nearly the wnole of the furnitare was, by the willing efforts of the neighbours, rescued from the flame, hut owing to haste and iadiscretion, it was considerably damgged cause of the fire has been obtained ; both Mr. Wilkinson, the proprietor, and his wife were from home at the time. The house, which was one of the oldrst in St. Johns, and owned by Nelson Mott, Esq. has been insured with thie Atna for doubt bears. for 82,000 , and this will, without wath the Royal for $\$ 3,000$, the appraised damago
thereon being 8244.75 , which, considering the extent of the fire, seems remarkably stmall.
There have beeu several alarns in the city, on account of burbing chimaeys, but in no case were the serviees of the brigade brought into request.

Fine Becokp.-Ancaster, Jon. 20.-A fire occurred at 7.30 p'elock, consuming the large building owned by H. \& A. Fgleston, and occupied by Fields \& Nixon as carriage builders, the upper story being used as a Good Templar's hall, and as a dwelling by My. Upton. So rapid were the Hlames that Mr. Upton's family barely escaped with their lives, and saved nothing. The contents of the hall were all destroyed, the blackswith shof and livery stables on the premises sharing the same fate. Fielding \& Co. have an insurance of $\$ 300$, but their loss will be heav2?
Ottawa, Jan. 19.-A terrific fire broke out here this morning in the basement of the new St. James Hotel, somewhere in the neighborhood of the furnace. It was discovered by the dense volume of smoke in the building, and it was with difficulty that the boarders and travellers escaped. Not an article of the new and spiendid furnish ings was savel, the whole of the buikding being so densely filld with smoke that it would have heen madness to have attempted it. It was an hour after the alarm before water could be bad, and even then oniy in driblets. In two hours nothing was leit lut the bare walls, one of which, in falling, destroyed the telegraph line for a considerable distance. The building was a large cut stone one, on the corner of Metcalfo and Queen streets, and his only just been entirely refitted and furnished anew by the proprictor, Mr. Evans, who had only $\$ 3,000$ insurance on his farniture in the Imperial. His loss will be $\$ 10,000$.
Hanover, Jan. 19.-Another fire ocourred here this morning, by which four buildings were destroyed, and a blacksmith shop was torn down to save other buildings. This is the largest fire that ever pceurred in this village. Two buildings belonged to Mr. Robert McNally, and were insured in the Waterloo Company for $\$ 1,200$. The loss is heary; canse not known.
Stayner, Jan. 23.-On Saturday night, about ten oclock, the tannery in this place owned and occupied by Mr. R. B. Hannan, was destroyed by fire, together with a large stock of leather, \&c. The origin of the fire is not known ; it commenced in the engine-house. The loss is estimated at about 85,000 ; the building was insured in the Niagara Mutual for $\$ 1,200$.
Niagara Mutyal for $\$ 1,200$.
Windsor, Jan. 18.-The buildings occupied by F. W. Pulford as a carriage manufactory and blacksmith shop eaught fire. In fifteen minutes the whole building was enveloped in flames. Mr. Pulford's Itrniture was got out with danage. Mr. Pulford owned the carriage and blacksmith shops, and the-loss sustained by him amounted to aluout $\$ 7,000$. He was insured as follows :In the Etna, 81,100 ; Western, 8500 ; Provincial, $\$ 600$; anothe: company, $\$ 600$;-total, $\$ 2,800$. The dwelling oceupied by Mr. Pulforl was owned by Mr. Vital Ouelettc, and was uninsured value, $\$ 800$.
Windsor, Jan. 19.-A fire broke out in the waghon shop of Hiram Billander, on the corner of the Pelette and Tecumseh roads. The shop and residnce were entirely consumed. Over $\$ 300$ in eash, besides some notes, were consumed. No insurance
Lindsay, Jhn. 23.-Yesterluy alout 11 oclock the Scugog hotel, a large two storey frame building, situatel about a mile and a half south of this place, was totally destroged by fire together with nearly all the contents J. B. Jeykinson was burued so hailly that his recovery is considerd doultful. The fire is supposel to have originated from defectiye stove pipes, lons estimated at about $\$ 1,000$-insired in the Wesforn for $\$ 400$. This morning abont three eiclock a large frame brewery belonging to Jas. Lenthan situated on the Scugog River in the eastera fort of the town wae aiso
barned to the ground and the contents totally destroyed, loss not yet known, insured for $\$ 3,200$ in the Western and $\$ 4,000$ in the London Assurance Corporation.

Mitchel, Jan. 17.-A fire broke out in the general store of Mr. Miller. There was nothing saved out of the building. The loss on goods and furniture wih be about $\$ 1,200$, on the building, $\$ 2,500$, mostly covered by insurance. They were owned by Mr. W. Clegg, who occupied one as a nillinery establishment. The other was oceupied by the Merchants' Bank. Mr. Clegg's loss on the building will be about $\$ 700$; on stock, $\$ 1,200$.
The Merchants' Bank's loss \$75.
Lakefield, Jan. 17 - A fire broke out in a building known as the Tannery and owned by Messrs. Smith \& Boyd, and on their mill property. The fire originated in the roof of the carding mill, it is thought from defective stove-pipes. The machinery in the carding mill was almost totally destroyed. In the grist mill all the flour on the lower floor was saved, still the loss of both parties is heavy. The loss is about $\$ 5,000$; insurance, $\$ 4,500$.
-The Acadia Fire insurance Company of Nova Scotia has declared a dividend of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

## C゚ommerriat.

## TORONTO MARKET.

Business has gbeen comiparatively quiet during the past week, in all branches of wholesale trade complete dulness being noticeable in most of them. Produce and provisions have also been somewhat inactive, although from light deliveries and advancing markets in England and the United States, prices of leading articles are again higher. The weather since last report has been very severe all over the province, less so here and-west than in Quebec and the more easterly parts of Ontario. Some snow has also fallen and there is now good sleighing everywhere. An improvement in business may now soon be looked for, but no decided aetivity for a month or so. Remittances continue to be tolerably satisfactory, but there is still fear that collections will not be sufficient to make anything approaching to payments in full on April and May indebtedness.
Boots and Shoes.-Trade is quiet, but not more so than is customary at this season of the year.- Manufacturers are somewhat annoyed by the conduct of the Crispin Association of workmen, who claim a right of dictation as to whom shall be employed, etc., which their employers are not disposed to admit. There is at present po dispute as to wages, and as manufacturers are determined to regulate their own affairs, it is not likely that the trouble will last long. Prices of winter goods are unaltered. The following are the quotations of spring goods now sampled :Men's calf boots, $\$ 3.37$ to $\$ 3.75$; men's No. $1 \times$ kip do., 83 to $\$ 3.15$; men's top kip boots, $\$ 2.50$; men's thick boots, $\$ 2$ to $\$ 2.65$; gaiters and balmorals, $\$ 1.75$ to $\$ 2.50$; prunella gaiters, $\$ 2.35$ to $\$ 2$; boy's boots, $\$ 1.80$ to $\$ 1.90$; boy's gaiters and balmorals, $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 1.50$; youth's boots, $\$ 1.45$ to $\$ 1.55$; youth's gaiters end balmorals, $\$ 1.30$ tó $\$ 1.50$; women's fine kid balmorals and congress, $\$ 2$ to $\$ 2.75$; women's prunella balmerals and congress 90 c . to $\$ 1.75$; women's buff and peblile balmorals and congress, $\$ 1.20$ to $\$ 1.90$; women's calf and pebble batts, $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.40$; miss'es fine balmorals and congress $\$ 1.20$ to $\$ 1.60$; miss'es prunella balmorals and congress, 85 c . to $\$ 1.30$; miss'es buff and pebble, 80 c . to $\$ 1.10$ children's fine balmorals and congress, 80 c . to $\$ 1.20$; children,s buff and pebble balmprals and congress. 60 c . to 90 c .

Drvgs.-Business is fairly active, with no special change to note in quotations.

Dry Goods.-Trade is very quiet. New gools are now about done, and will arrive by every steamer. The importations will in all probability be large, but hardly so excessive as those of last
fall, and it is to be hoped that there will be some discretion shown by importers in forcing their stocks on the country. It is well known that the farmers have not made money (with some exception of course) during the past year, and it will be very unwise to count too certainly on their being a prosperous harvest and paying prices this year. The rule of the trade should be to sell less -not more-than is likely to be actually required to supply the wants of consumets.
Freights.- The following are the winter ratse on the Grand Trunk, now in operation : Flour to Kingston, 35 c ., grain 18 c . ; flour to Prescott, 43 c ., grain 22 e ; flour to Montreal, 50 c ., grain 25 c .; flour to St. Johns, Q., 60 c ., grain 25 c . ; flour to Point Levis, 80 c , grain 40 c ; flour to St. John, N, B. \$1.02, grain 51 c ; flour to Halifax, $\$ 1.10$, grain 55 c . ; flour to New York and Boston, 90 c ., grain 45 c ., gold. The steamers Chase and Carlotta leave Portland for Halifax on Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Groceries. - There has been a moderate demand for general and staple goods, without any special enquiry of any kind to note. Coffec-The demand at present is very, trifling, and sales made are only of small lots at previous quotations. Fish-iHerrings are not in large stock, and prices are stiffer. Labrador splits are quoted at $\$ 6$ to 87. Dry Cod is becoming scarce, and holders are adivancing their demands. Prices are now firm at $\$ 5.50$ to $\$ 5.75$. Little doing in Trout or Whitefish. Fruit-Notwithstandiug a considerable reduction of the stock of Raisins held here by shipments south and west it is still ample!to meet all the requirements of the trade, unless there should be a continued export demand ; and prices, theugh firmer, are [not expected to advance beyond present quotations. Currants are somewhat stiffer, and are now quoted at 7 c . to $7 \frac{\mathrm{l}}{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{c}$. for new crop. Rice-has had rather more enquiry of late, and sells more readily at quotations, which, however, are nominally unchanged. Sugars-'The markets in all parts of the world are still steadily advancing both for raw and refined goods, but here holders are unable to realize the advance in consequence as before stated of a somewhat overstocked market. The Montreal refiners have again raised their rates, $\frac{1}{} \mathrm{c}$. on yellows and ic. on white grades. As soon as present stocks have become reduced into smaller compass holders will undoubtedly look for higher prices, as they will be unable to replace their goods at the figures at which they are now selling. Spices-as a general thing the enquiry is light and prices arc unchanged. Black pepper, however, is firm and
slightly higher, now quoted at 15 c , to 16 c . - A good many small parcels of Young Hysons have been sold during the past week at gradually improving prices, in the lower grades especially, which are only in fair supply. Japans are in little demand. Gunpowders and imperials are not asked for. Blacks sell to a limited extent.
Tobacco-Prices have been week for sometime, and in light sorts especially, lower prices have to be accepted. Good to fine may he quoted. 40 c . to 60 c. Wines and Liquors-Wines, Brandlies and Gins are inactive

Hardware- There is a complete lull in trade, and quotations are without change.
Hides And Skins.-The supply of slaughter Hides is only moderate, but the demand has fallen off slightly,' and prices though unchanged, are scarcely so firm. Shecpskins-are in fair supply, receipts being about absorbed by the exist ing demand, without alteration in rates.
LEATHER. -The market is rather quiet and prices are as last quoted.
Lember.-The temporary depression in the Albany market does not affect operations here, for next season's stock as logging is being pushed forward with more than ordinary activity, indeed
Canada has perhaps never seen a larger consumption of pine for local and shipping requirements than will take place during this winter for the Albany market, is for the present glutted, the
case is otherwised with the dealers down east, and should a thaw come so as to render logging tardy or impossible as some are speculating upon, the large quantities stored at Albany and other eastern depots will bring a good return to the holders. Prices clear, $\$ 22$ to $\$ 24$; common, 9 to $\$ 9.50$; culls, $\$ 7$ to $\$ 7.50$; shingles, No, $1, \$ 2.75$ to $\$ 2.90$; do. No. $2, \$ 3$ to $\$ 2.25$
Petroleum.-Trade is very quiet, and there is no change to note in quotations. The shipping demand has almost entirely fallen off, owing to the continental disturbances, and it is not improbable that some of the refineries manufacturing for the foreign market may temporarily suspend operations.
Produce.-The market has steadily advanced during the week, in sympathy with the English and American markets, in which day after day prices ruled almost uniformly higher than the preceding day. The business transacted, however, has not been so large as might be expected, holders advancing their pretentions more rapidly than met their views of buyers, whether for consumption or speculation. The receipts for the week have been only moderate, however, and the amount of grain on offer here is comparatively limited, so that buyers have been somewhat at a disadvantage and any sales recorded have been at pretty long prices. Flour-In the forepart of the week, superfine was offered in round lots at equal to $\$ 5.72 \mathrm{~h}$ in Toronto, with $\$ 5.70 \mathrm{bid}$, and 100 brls choice do. sold on the cars at Weston, at $\$ 5.75$. Subsequently, under improving adivices from English markets, holders looked for more money, and only a limited amount was in the market at as low as $\$ 5.85$, the majority of sellers requiring $\$ 6$ for desirable samples. I sale of 100 brls. at the former figure was reported, and at this price there are now free buyers, with no sellers. Wheat-The offerings have been very limited thronghout the week, and the market has been constantly in advance of the views of buyers, so that no business of consequence has been transacted. The principal enquiry has been for spring, with buyers at the close at $\$ 1.26$ to $\$ 1.28$, holders looking for $\$ 1.29$ to $\$ 1.30$. White sold at $\$ 1.28$ in store, but values are in the present state of the market somewhat difficult to fix. As high as $\$ 1.34$ was paid on the street for Soule's. Barley -The market has been a steadily improving one, and prices are firm from 5 c . to I 0 c . higher than last week. Receipts by rail have been small, but deliveries by farmers have somewhat increased since the roads have become good. The principal buyers are still the local brewers, but there is some spculative demand as well. On the street, at the close, good samples were taken at from 65c. to 71c., and some car loats were placed at 66c. to $67 \frac{1}{2}$ delivered. Oats-have been in fair demand throughout the week, and with small deliveries, prices have advanced. Sales were made recently track and 47 L c . bid. Sleigh loads bring from boc. to 52c. Pcas-offerings still continne very imited, and in the absence of transactions, quotations must be considered almost entirely nominal. Hay-Receipts have been large, but prices are steady at from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 13$ for itimothy and clover. Straw-still comes in slowly, sells at $\$ 9$ to $\$ 10.50$
Provisions. - Receipts have somewhat improved espicially by rail, and there has, been rather more activity in the market. Butter-is in active de. mand for choice dairy, and with light receipts prices have improved, 20 c . being now obtainable for desirable lots. Storepacked is unchanged and still very slow of sale. Chetse-sells in a retail
way at late rates. Eqqs-None in market. Lard -has the ordinary local consumptive demand. Pork-is firm and advancing with some sales of mess at $\$ 20$; choice held at $\$ 21$. There is be-
ginning to be some enquiry from the lumbering districts and some shipments have been made to Liverpool. The supply at present, however, is for all immetiate wants. Dressed HoysReceipts by rail have been large and by sleigh to
a fair extent. Prices are, nevertheless, very firm, and from 25 c . to 30 c . higher than last week. Sales of 20 ears, reported at $\$ 6.85$. to 87.00 , and for strictly heavy as high as $\$ 7.12 \mathrm{e}$. has been paid.
Spirrts.-The following are Messrs. Gooderhaim \& Worts wholesale prices at this date
$\begin{array}{llll}8 & \mathrm{c} . & 8 & \mathrm{c} . \\ 0 & 35 & 0 & 88 \\ 0 & 35 & 0 & 88 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 & 80 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 & 80 \\ 0 & 30 & 0 & 80 \\ 0 & 55 & 1 & 65 \\ 0 & 56 & 1 & 66 \\ 0 & 50 & 1 & 50 \\ 0 & 26 \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 77 \\ 0 & 21 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 202 & 0.63 \\ 0 & 192 & 0 & 59\end{array}$
ermis cash, under 5 barrels, net ; 5 to 10 barrels, 24 per cent. off ; 10 barrels and over, 5 per cent. off; 50 gallon barrels will be chargel $\$ 2$; puncheons, $\$ 4$; and win the sane prices, delivered in good order at the Distillery, free of charges.
Wool,-The market has been innetive during the week, with sales within the range of quotations.

Moner.-Sterling Exchange, 60 days' sight or 75 days' date, 1094 to $109 \frac{9}{6}$; gold drafts on New York or greenbacks, 90 to 903 ; Araerican silver, large, $4 \downarrow$ to 51 ; small, 6 to 8 disconnt. Gold in New York has been very steady, the variations
having only been from 1104 to 110 , closing with small business at 1191.

## MONTREAL MARKET.

Montreal, Jah. 24, 1871.
The weather for the past week has been the coldest of the season, after the January thaw, which we had the previous week. In some parts of the city the thermometer yesterday indicated
$29^{\circ}$ below zero, and this morning $25^{\circ}$ below; $29^{\circ}$ below zero, and this morning $25^{\circ}$ below; there is appearance of snow this njorning,
it is hoped will moderate the temperature.
Business of all kinds has been fairly active during all week. and an axivance is noted in some branches. Breadstuffs firm and steady. Ashes firm. Provisions firm. Stocks quiet, but firm. Sterling Exchange for Bankers, 60 day bills firm, $100 \frac{1}{4}$ to 109 ?
Asiess.-Pots in the early part of the week sold at 6.10 to $\$ 6.15$ for firsts, but latterly declined and are now quoted 5.00 to $\$ 6.10$; Seconds 5.00 to $\$ 5.10$; Thirds $\$ 4.50$. Pearls-Very few selling during the week, none shipping. Any sales reported were at $\$ 6.20$, at which price the market closes Stocks now in store are, Pots 658 bris. Pearls 559 brls., rgainst 1410 brls, Pots, and 502 brls. Pearls on the same date of 1870.
Boots AND Shozs.-There has been a fair amount of business done in this branch of trade, prices are firm at the following figures: Men's No. 1 Stogas 2.40 to 82.50 ; Kid Clump $\$ 3.60$; Calf Clump $\$ 3.40$; Calf Congress 2.50 to $\$ 3.00$; Boys' Boots 1.80 to $\$ 2,00$; Women's Calf Boots
D. S. $\$ 1.30$ - Buff Congress $\$ 1.30$; Balmoral D.S. D. S. $\$ 1.30$; Buff Congress $\$ 1.30$; Balmoral D.S. Catris.-The receipts have been very light during the weck, but quite suffizient for the present demand, which has been rather light for the season. All coming in, howerer, find ready sale. Dressed Hogs arejin moderate supily with fair demand, at 6.80 to $\$ 7.25$, accosdiLg to weight. Catfle, 1st quality, 7 sc to 7 lc ; 2nd and 3 rd quality, 6 ke. to 6 c .; Milk Cows, 30 to $\$ 50$; Sheep 3ic. to 6 c ; Lambs $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 s c . to 2 l c
Coals.-The severe weather has caused a good Neal of animation in this trade and prices are firn. Smith's Coal is in limited supply at 6.50 to $\$ 7$; Weish Anthracite, 7.50 to $\$ 7.75 ;$ American
suthracite, 8 to $\$ 3.25$; English Grate, 6.50 to $\$ 7$.

Drvgs and Crimicais- There has been a much firmer feeling if this market during the week, especially for heavy goods, which have ad vanced in the English market., Saltpetre is quoted nominally \$12; very little in first hands; Alum, 2.20 to 82.40 ; Bi-Carb. firm at 3.25 - to $\$ 3.50$; Caustic Soda, 3 3e.; Soda Ash, 2 c . to 2 Je .; Sal Soda, 1,40 to 81.50 ; Cream Tartar Crystals, 22 e. to 23 c . ; Sennia, 12 c . to 16 c . Bleaching Powder, 2 e. to $2 \$ \mathrm{c}$. Copperas, 95 e . to $\$ 1.10$; Sulphur, 3.20 to $\$ 3.25$; Epsom Salts, 2 to \$2.25.
Fish.-Market steady. Salmon, in lots, 15.50 to \$16; Labrador Herrings, 6.50 to 87 ; Dry Cod, 5.25 to $\$ 5.50$; Green Cod is in good demand, brls. at 5.50 to $\$ 6$; in draft, 7.50 to 88 ; Canso Herrings, 6 to $\$ 6.25$;
Raw Funs.-The manufacturers have had a very good seasou, and their purchases for local consumption have had a good effect on our market ; but for that we must have had a much lower range of prices. There is no speculative demand for furs for shipment to Europe, but all that offer are readily. bought at about our quotations. The quoted rates are :- Rod fox, $\$ 1.25$; marten, $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 1.75$; de., Labrador, $\$ 10$ to $\$ 12 ;$ mink, $\$ 3$ to 84 ; bear, $\$ 7$ to $\$ 10$; lynx, $\$ 1$; ,wolf, $\$ 2$ to $\$ 3$; fisher, $\$ \$ 4$ to $\$ 5$; beaver, per lh., $\$ 1.20$ to $\$ 1.40$; riuskrat, fall, 10 c to 12 je each; raccoon, 30 c . to 40 c , Skunk, 15 e . to 20 c .; otter, $\$ 6$ to $\$ 8$.
Flour.-Receipts for the past week 7,200 bbls. Total receipts from 1st January to date 14,663 bhls, being a deerease of 663 bbls, in the receipts to the same date of last year. The favorable ad,vices from England during the week has tended to stiffen the market, and considerable sales have taken place at ap advance on last weeks prices, market closing feady and firm at the following rates: Superior Bxtra $^{2} 86.70$ to 6.80; Extra 86,40 to 6.50: Faney 采. 20 to 6.30; Fresh Supers. from Canada wheat 66.00 to 6.121 ; Strong Bakers' Flour $\$ 6.25$ to 6.183 ; Welland Canal Flour in bond $\$ 6.00$; Canada Super No. 2, $\$ 5.70$ to 5.80 ; Finé 85.15 to 5.25 ; Middlings $\$ 4.70$ to 4.76 ; Pellards $\$ 3.25$ to 3.75 ; Upper Canala Batss $\$ 2.90$ to 3.00 ; Oatmeal $\$ 5.90$

Grain. Whent - There has been no receipts since the 1st of January ; there has bean more animation in this article during the week owing to the improved feeling in the English and Western markets. A round lot of No. 1 Milwankee Spring, sold at $\$ 1.40 \mathrm{in}$ bond, which is now the nominal price. Barley has met a fair enquiry at from 60 c . to 62 fc . per 48 lbs . Oats -A moderate business has been done, and the market closes firm and steady at 65 c . per 32 lbs . 'Pcas. - Market quiet; closing drll at 38 c . per 66 lbs . Timothy Seed-In good demand at $\$ 3.80$ to 4.00 , closittg strong with upward tendency.
Groceries.-Tea-Green and Japans have met a fair demand ; also, Young Hysons and Uncolored Japans, and some large sales have taken place within the following range of quotations: Uncolored Japans, 37 e . te 65 c . ; Imperial, 45 e . to 90 c . Gunpowder, 54 e , to 95 c ; Young Hyson, 42 d c . to $\$ 1.00$; Twankay, 32 ec . to 40 c .; Congou, 45 c . to 85 cc . ; Souchopg 35 c to 80 c ; Oolong, 30 c . to 55c.- Sugar.- Very little doing in raw, ard any stiall sales trahspiting are at 8 j c . to 91 c . Refinery pricef are firm ; dry crushad, 123 c .; crushed A, $121 \mathrm{e} . ;$ yello世 refined, 9 L c to 10 f c ; standard syrup, 4 c. ; ; olden, 50 c Molasses-A better feeling seems to pervade the market, and holders are firmer in thyir demands, with less disposition to sell. Centrifugal, 22 c . ; Clayed, 23 ze . to 24 c .; Trinidad; 33 e . to 37 l c .; Barbadoes, 38 c . to 45 c . Spicts-Peppers, 14 c to 14 J c ; nutmegs, 50 c , to 65 c . ; Cassia, 31 , c. to 34 c ; Jamaica Ginger, 17 c . to 20c. Fruit-Layer Raisins are steady with considerable sales at $\$ 165$ to $\$ 170$; Valencias are higher, 71- to 8 c . having been prid; Currants are very firm, 6 f c . to 7 c . ; almonds, 13 c . to 16c. Coffe-Good demand exists for all kinds Java, 22c. to 25c. ; Laguayra, 16 c . to 18 c .; Maracaibo, 17 c . to 1 sc .; Rio, 1 fc . to 16 c .
Hasdware. - There has been very little basi-
ness done in this branch of trade, with some dificulty to make collections, only small sales to country merchants fo make up their stocks; pirices, however, are firu, lint unchanged; stocks of some of the staple articles are getting very low.
Liqtions- Brasely.-The best brands are rather scarce in this mapket; Hennessy's would command $\$ 8.50$, but holders are asking rather higher prices, about 50 c , mpre in eases; in wood the market is steady at $\$ 2.25$ to $\$ 2.35$, other brauds are steady. Gin has been quiet at $\$ 3.70$ to $\$ 3.75$ for Green, and $\$ 7$ to $\$ 7.121$ for DeKuyper's red; Hontman's Green, $\$ 3.60$ to $\$ 3.62$, jand Red $\$ 6.45$ to $\$ 6.5 \mathrm{~b}$. Rum.-Jamaica, $\$ 1.92 \frac{1}{2}$ to $\$ 2.05$; Demerara, $\$ 1.70$ to $\$ 1.75$. Highuines.-A considetrble buxiness has been done, and prices are firm at 55 c . to 60 c ., according to the sitye of lot. Rye Whiskey $\$ \mathrm{sc}$, to 36 c . ia boad.
Leatura:- There has been a pretty large business done during the week, and our quotations have been fully maintained, and an improvel feeling is now hoteil in the market. Our quota tions are as follows: Sole No. 1 B A 26 c , to 26 e C ; Buffale No. 1, $21 \frac{1}{2}$. to 22 e . ; Oak Sole, 40 e , to 42 c . ; Waxed Upier, light, 43 c . to 45 c . ; Grain Uppes, 43 c, to 45 c ; Haruess, 30 c . F to 32 e .; Rough Leather, 27 e . to 29c. ; Pink Linings, 4.70 to 85.50 g all other kinds are in proportinn to lest quotations.
Nafal Stomes.-There has beea no change in prices of, any article in this trade, but all our quotations for the last few wreeks are maintained. Orrs-The trade this week hat been quiet and prices are steady and well maintained: col is quoted at 55 e to 57 kc , but is held for higher prices. Pale Seal is easjer, the present prices being 60 e to 65 e ; Straw Seal is steady at 55 c to 60 c ; in other kinds there has been a good business doae at late rates.

Provisioss-Butter-Receipts during the week were 955 kgs ; shipments were oply small ; the small supply has caused a demand and prices are advaticed; common 14 e to 17 e : fair to choice 20 l e to 22 c ; Chese-has been in fair demand; sales of choice grades 12 e to $13 \mathrm{e} ; \mathrm{Pom}$-The market has been well sustained, and prices of all kinds are firm. The market to-day closes firm, for Mess Pork 823 ; Thin Mess $\$ 19$ to $\$ 1950$; Prime Pork $\$ 15$; Extra Prime $\$ 1475$ to $\$ 15$; Lard 12e to 13.

Petronkem.- A fair business has been done, and prices are steqdy from 24 kc . to 30 c .
Ries-Very little business doing, but late prices have been fully maintained.
Salt.-Prices are unchanged, and the transartions reported have been small. The following are the prescnt prices: Fine, 73 e , to $7 \mathrm{5c}$; Coarse, 50 c . to 55 c ; Factory filled, $\$ 1.35$ to $\$ 1.55$.
Whol.-There has been more stir in the market this week, and the feeling is strong ; higher prices in some cafes have been oltained, but not to such an extent as to change qaotations. The following are the rates for to-day : Flecee wool, 29 c . to 32 c . Pulled krool super, 28 c to 30 c ; ditto No. I, 28 2 c , to 25 c . ; ditto Black, 25 c . to 27 c.

Eighty-oue shares of the Barik of New Brunswick were sold in St. John reeently, says the Globs of that city, at 50 to 51 premium, all but 23 going at the latter price.

## Sorthern Railway of Canada.

NOtICE is lictely given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of in Proprietors of this Company will be
 eeive the Report of tio Directors and the Finaneial state. nentif for the pust year, and to elect Difectors fir the earrent frar.

Xotice is hereby further given that the above meeting
il aftervards be liade SPECIAL for the purpen et will aftervards be pande SPECLAL for the purpise of considefing hid apthrifizing thie exerution of a lecse of the Torohto, Sincoe and Muskoka Junetion Railway (Snuy
THOS. HAMILION

THOS. HAMILTON,

## THE EQVITABLE

Life Assurance Seciety of the U.S.
THE LEADING COMPANY FOR NEW BUSINESS IN THE WORLD.

tash Iacome.
Deposited with tominion Government \$100,000 Geld or security of Policy holders.
It will be seen by the following approximate slatement of business dene by (50) fifty leading Companies transactug business in New York; that although there has iveen a general decline in the whole business of Life at the head and frout of the Ksiriz BoDY of Life Assurance Companies.
Sums Assured, new businsss 157\%, Forty Million mollars. being nine thousand pollejes averaging about 812.50 vach


## Toronto Boot and Shoe Trade.

FREE TRADE IN LABOUR VERSUS TYRANNY AN DICTATION FROM A TRADES UNION KNOWN As A.CRISPIN

W ${ }^{\text {HEREAS, }}$ for the past two years, we have subIn mitted to Crispin dictation and rule, and thereby, and in consequence thereof, shave been compelled to
limit our lines of manufacture, and being restricted from using all the facilities at our command to build up the manufacture of Boots and Shoes in this city.

And whereas, in consequence of the aforsaid rule and dictation, many of our employees were coerced into prived of exereising their individual rights and the liberty of disposing of their labor, as to each seemed fit and proper, and whereas a large number of our employees have signified their determination to withdraw from the said Crispin oryanization. We do hereby declark that dependent of any outside or Crispin influence or control

And from this time forward we shall empldy such men Anly as shall declare themselvel frce from said Crispin organization. and we hereby deelare our intention to assert our legitimate rights to employ whoever we please and our intention to allow no person or persorts to interfere in regnlating our Bills and Wages except our own employees and ourselves.
And lastly that we are prepared to pay full and satsfartory wages, and guarantee pienty of work to all persions who may aecept of the above terms and conditions, and will gus.
(Signed,
CHILDS \& HAMILTON
HENRY COBLEY \&
Toronto, 23 rd Jan. 1871
24-1t.
British America Assurance Company.
FIFTY-FOURTH DIVIDEND
NOTICE is herely given that a dividend of Four per cent. clared for the half year ending the has been this day desame will be payable on and after Monday, the 9th day of danuary inst.
The Stock and transfer Books will accorlingly be closed frum this date to 7 th inst, both day's inclusive.
T. W. BIRCHALL

Manager
Brit Amer. Assur. ommer

## Montreal Telegraph Company.

T Me Tarifp between all aflices on the lines of the
REDUCED T
25 CENTS FOR TEN WORDS,

One Cent for each additional word.
Toronte, January, 18:1.

## Insolvent Act of 1869.

Province of Ontari
County of York
County of York. ) THE COUXTY OF YORK.
In the matter of HENRY WHLLIAM JACKMAN, an Iusolvent.

undersigned will apply to the Judge of, the said Court Dated at the City of Toronto, in the Coanty of

York, the Eleventh day of January, 1871
By Elatity, Chavwica \& Lasid, his Attorneys ad litem

Depart.
Arrive
am.
7.45
1.10
p.mi.
3.45
8.10
Arrive Trains leave Brock Street Station 15 minutes later.

W ANTED-Honorable and permanent employment, by perience in the st syveral years' thorough business ex age, 27. Banking and other references given.
Has always a great many steamers on hand for sale or charter. Address A. $P$. pifice of this paper, Toronto.

## Royal Canadian Bank

DIVIDEND NO. 8 .
$\mathrm{N}^{\text {OTICE }}$ is herely given, that a Dividend of
THREE PER CENT
upon the reduced paid-up capital stock of this Bank, for
 1870, has this day been declared, payable at the Bank and its braiches on the

## 16Th DAY OF JANUARY NEXT.

The Trahsfer Books will be closed from the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1871, to the 14th day of January, 1871, inBy order of the Board,

THOS. MCCRAKEN

## Canada Landed Credit Company

DIVIDEND NO. 19.
Notice is hergby given,
$\mathrm{T}^{\text {Has a Dividend, at the rate of Seven per cont. per }}$ 1 anuum on the paid up capital of the Company, for the half year ending 31st December, 1870, has this day been declared, and will be payable at the Company's Oftice, on
aud after the FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT.

The transfer Sooks will be closed on the 25th and reopened on the $30 t h$ instant. By order,

SYMONS,
Seeretary.
22 King Street,

## Bank of Toronto.

THE undersigned, Directors of the Bank of Toronto, in pursuance of the act incorporatiug the said bank,
and of the acts altering and amendiug the same, hereby and or the acts altering and amending the same, hereby
speclal general meetivg
Of the st, ekholders of the said pauk, to be held at their Banking House, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the first day of March next, at the hour of two o'clock in mitted to them, for a further increase of the Capital
stock of the Baik. WM. Gooperhay
JAS. G. WORTB,
WM CAWTHBA,
WM. CANTLEY,
ALEX, T. YUTTON,
ALEX, T. FULTON,
23-3t.

WM. FRASER.

Toroutc. 0th Januart, 1971.

## hterrantile.

## Joseph s. Belcher,

(Late Geo. H. Starr \& Co.)
COMMISSION \& WEST INDIA MERCHANT, HALIFAX, N, S.
Particular attention given to the purehase and sale of Dry and Piekled Fish, Flour, and West India Produce, \&e. CONSIGNMEXTS SOLICITED.
Reperenees.-Quebee Bank, Toronto: G. H. Starr, Pre-
sident People's Bank, Halifax: R. W. Fraser \& Co Halifax : Geo. Hughes \& Co., Boston.

## Lawson, Harrington \& Co.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Dealens is
DRY AND PICKLED FISH, FISH OILS and kerosene.
COMMISSIONERS WHARP,
halifax, n.s.

## Toronto Auction Mart.

## Established 18t

F. W. COATE \& CO?

Manufecturers' Agents,
auctionerrs and commission merchants, kisg street, tolonto.

## mehard Hall d Co.

$\mathrm{H}^{\text {ARDWARE Meechants. }} 58$ Yonge Street, opposite Ex press Offices, Toronte.

## L. Cetree \& $\mathrm{E}_{0}$

PRODUCE and Commissiun Merelionts, No. 2 Manning' Block, Front St.. Toronto, Oyt. Advances made on consignments of Produes.

## Parsen Eros.

PETROLEUM Retinets, and Wholesale dealers in Lamps, 1 Cainneys, ete. Waterooms 51 Front St. Retinery eor Siver and Don sts., Toronto.

## Childs \& Hamition

MANUFACTURERS and Wholestale Dealers in Boots M and Shoes, No. 7 Weilington Street East, Toronto

Sessions, Turner © Cooper.
MA NUFACTURERS, Iaportersiand Wholesale Dealers house, Froat St., and next dour to that of James Canjbeil.

THE MONETARY AND COMMERIAL TIMES-INSURANCE CHRONICLE.
devotkD To
Finance, Commerce, Iasurance, Rail ways, Mining, Public Companies, Investments, and Joint Stock Enterprise.

INSEED EVEEY FEIDAT MOATSNG!
canadian subscribers RITISH
IMERICAN

82 1 year.
10 . stg. a year.
83 U. 8. y.
Canadian postage prepaid on formign subser:ptions, Office-No. 60 Church Street, Toronto, Onterio. M. TROUT,

## Notice

I He Herby given that an application will be made to session, for an Act to Dicorjoraze a Conipany, fur conStructing, maintaining and working Railways, and other structing, maintaining and working Raiways, and other
Public Works, in the Douniaion of Canada, and British North America, aval for other puryoses.
W. H. BEATTY,

Solieitor for Applicants

THE NATIONAL Life Insurance Company of the Inited states of Ameriea.
chartered by bpeclal act of conoress.


1. THIS COMPANY IS\&UED IN THE FIRST YEAR of its existence 7,070 Policies; insturing over $819,258,400$, the annual Prenfums upon which amounted to $8751,582.47$. 2. It will be noticed, upon examination, that in charaeter, standing, and efflieney, the Board of Direction is unsurpassed.
". 3. The Conipany's Charter expressly provides ". That " any Policy taken out in favor of a wiff, child, relative, " or other person havigy an interest in the life of the in" sured, shall not be liable to seizure by the creditors of
" the person soinsured. Provided, that the Policy does " the person sojinsured ; Provided, that the Policy does
not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars." The " not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars" The
"Nartosal" in the only Company doing business in
" Canada whose Cparter provides as above.
2. While the Natiosal Lire rates are the lowest, its Cash Capital is tie largest of any ptirely Life Office doing business in Cangia ; lindtt has by far the largest assets, in proportion to ts liabilities of any Ufe Thasurance Corporation in the world. IT IS THE ONLY AMERICAN LIFE COMPANY THATMAS MADE A DEPOSIT IN
CANADA FOR THE BENEFIT OF CANADIAS

3. The insure is not restricted from travelling in any part of the U ifted States or British Prwinces, or in or'zo visit Californis, are not required.
Persons intending to Insure, and those elreedy Insured, vill so vell 5 eonsider the edventages offered by the "NATIONAL" Hefore Inswring or rencwing their pivent Policies with ot P r Companies.
Speeial redacfion, made to Clergymen insuring with the
General Agents direct. General Agents difreot:
Appheations for Insurince or for agencjescan be made to LIVINGSTON, MOORE \& CO.,
Geqeral Agts, for the Dominion of Canada.
ED ROBINSON

## Manager.

The undersifned take pleasure in ssying that "The
National Life fhaurance Compaay of the National Life fasurance Company of the United States ef A neriea" is is Every respect, worthy of the contidenc qud patronage of Canadians.
Speaker, Legis
President Canarlian Bank of Commerce, Toronto.
Ger.' Sup't K. W. R.
H B. RATHBUS \& SON, Mill Point
C. R. MURBAY,

Mamager Canadian Bank of Commerbe, Hemilton.
Manager Royal Canadian Bank, Homilton.
E. \& C. GURNEY,

WM. MdGIVERIN \& CO. Toronto.
STEPHEN ENGLISH
Editor of the FInsurance Times,
Editor of the Insurance Times," Neu Yokk
J. M. TROUT.
of the "Moneforv Times," Toronts
he "Spectator,", New York.
BUCHANANS, BINNY \& McKENZIE
BARBER BHOTHKRS,
Manuficturers, Strectsellle.
Wollen H. S. STRATHY,
Cashier Canad jon Bank of Commerce, Toronto
H. S. HOWLAND,

President Canadian Bank of Commerce, Torónto.
THOS MeCRAKEX,
THOS, MecRAKEN,
Cashler Royal Canadian Bank, Toroato.
R. J. U CHIPMAN,
secretary Colofial Sfcurities Company, Torqufo. ©
President Beafer and Toronto Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
WM. H. CHILDS,
General Agent Xtea Ins. Có. Ni vipre Folls, N, Y
G P. RIDOUT, Toronto.
Inspector Canddian Búnk of Commerce, Teronto
P. W. DAYFOOT \& CO., Iamilton.
B. M. BRITTON, Barrister, Khgston.

County Crown Attorney, Eondon
(of Da/id Prestonde Co., Bankers.) Detroil
A. McKELLAR, Ma. P. P., Chatham.
WALTER McCREA. Senater Charla

WALTER MCCREA, Senater Chathas
Managar R. C. Bank, Chafhan!

## 

Albion Heter,
MCGILL STREET, MONTREAL.

## AMPLE AOCQMMODATION FOR 509 GUESTS. <br> $E$,

Doninien Hall, Cernwall, Ont.,
J. B. MoKENZIE, Proprietor. - This new, large, and J. finst-thass Hotel is second to none in the Provinre Exefletht Rample Rooms for Conmercial Travellers. ${ }_{2}$

## St. James' Hotel, Montreal.

THE undersicned beg to notify the public that they have which if now cartied on as a
Braneh Establishment
Hat of the St. Lawrence Hall.
ungler the mangenent of Mr. Sainuel Mont gomery (nephew of Mr. Hogan) and Mr. Frederica Geriken, both well states and Canalp, as being connected with the St. Lawrenice. Hall.
The sT. JAMEs' is favorably situated, faging Vietoria Squars, in the vefy centre of the eity, and contignous to the Post Oftice anil Banks. Its convenience fir business mien is every thing that can be desired, as it is in the ivumer
diate virinity of the leading Wholesale Hoases. The momes liate ririnity of une ieading Wholesale Hoases. The roomilies. whille the wenage will be unexerptionable, and ne fif wis witt be mparft it infaistering to the conifurt if guests, The proprietors, faving leased the adjoining premises, are ptrpareil to offer fvery induer ment to the spring and Fail Tinile; and as thein tariff is unexceptionably reasonable,
they lioneto obtain a large share of pullic patronage. they hope to obtain a large share of public patronage
$\mathrm{H} . \mathrm{HOGAN}^{2}$ \& $C 0$

## 3teal efstate.

## Wadsworth \& Unwin,

## (Supocsors to Denais \& Gossnge)

Priovincial LaND sueveyons, Valuntors, Civil 1 Engineery athl Land Agents. Office- 49 Adelaile St. bist, opposte the Coar inouse, Toronto.
N.B.-Suryey* of every description performed in', all parts of Ontario. Mining Lands and Timber Limits, is unsurveyed teriftoy, surveyed in accordance with the rules and regulanons of the Crown Lands Department. V. B WADSWORTH, CHARLES UNWIN 27-17i P. L. Survegor. P. L. Survegor.

## The Canadian Land and Emigration

 CempanyOFFERS Ior Sple, of conditions of Settlement,
the Corst GOOD FARM LANDE,
foWNSHIP OF DYSART,
where there ame Griss and saw Mills, Stores, se., \&e.
AT ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF AX ACRE.
if the adjoining Trownships of Guilford, Dudley, Harbiart fircopirt anf Bruton, eonnected with Dysait, and the Tiltage of Haliberton, by the Peterson Road,

AT ONE DOLLAR AN ACRE.
For particelars, apply to
CHAS JAS BLOMFIELD,
Mhager, C. L. dE. Company, Petertopo
ALEX. NIVEN, P.L.8.,
Agent C. L. \& R. Compaty, Haliburton, Ontario

## finantial.

## O"Connor \& Waller

EXCHANGE pROKEnS, Commission Merehants, apd C Insuranee Agents, Bell's Bloek, No. 2 Rifleau Strent, Ottawa. - Rersjual attention given to the Oomuatsefon Husiness, and the utmost puonapthess by salos and neturns Grictly observep, Alr needless expeusescaremily avouei. quors, and Genifrat Pruduce, Botleited. Lifberit advances hade an the hsutil form. Good references if required.

## £inaurial.

## Philip Browne \& Co.,

BANKERS AXD STOCK brokers.
dealers is

STERLING EXCHANEE, U. \&. Currency, Silver and D-Bonds, Bank Stocks, Debentures, Mortgages, \&e., \&e. Drafts on New York issued, in Gold and Curreney. on Securities.
Jayms BRow, 6 YONGE STREET, TORONTO
Jasiss Browng. 8 Philip Bbowne, Notary Public

## MONEY TO LOAN.

HE TBUST AND LOAN COMPANY
$\mathrm{A}^{\mathrm{RE}} \mathrm{prepared}$ to advance money on the security of Real 400, to any amount, for a period to suit the borrower.

## interest at eight per cent.

So commission, and the legal charges on a very reduced scale. The money, may he repail by

ANNUAL INSTALMENTS,
or in one sum, and where the interest is paid punctnally and the security is good, the lean may remain unpaid beyond maturity.
As an institution, this company can conflelently say they otfer advantages to borrowers superior to any other company in Canada. In order to facilitate the granting of Comsissioner will be at the offlice of the subscriber one day every week to receive applications.
For further partieulars apply to

## J. W. G. WHITNEY,

Appraiser of Trust and Loan Company
for the City of Toronto and County of York
And Hamilton, to

> A. H. Macaulay,

Prgvincial Insurance Co. of Canada Office,
S7 James St. ( north) Royal Hotel Block.

## Herriek \& Crombie,

BANKERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, ANb GENERAL AGENTS
For the Purchase and Sale of Manufactures, Produce,
OTTAWA AND PEMBROKE. Consignmentasolicited. Parliamentary businessattended c. h. helitick.

## Campbell \& Cassels,

J. Campbell,] $\omega 0$ King Street, East, [w. a. cassels. TORONTO,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Sterling Exchange, American Currency, Bonds and Stock,
Gold, silver, and Canadian stocks and Securities Bonght and Sold.
Orders Executad' Proniftly'oo Best Teras.

## Robert Reaty \& Co.

EXCHANGE OFFICE, BANKERS, BROKERS, de. 53 Kixo Street Eíst, opposite Tonosto ' ${ }^{\text {Tt. }}$. Tononto $\mathrm{D}^{\text {RAFTS ON, NEW YORK, Gold, Silver, Uneurrent }}$ Dought and sold at best rates. Orders. Ho Telegraph or letter promptly attended tis.

Interest paid on Deposits.
Toronto Savings Bank. 72 Cauren Stivex.
$\mathrm{D}_{\text {vested }}^{\text {EPOSITS received, from Twenty Cents upwards: in- }}$
rested in Government and other firstelass securitus Interest allowed at $\delta$ and 6 per cent.
binks of deposit:
Ontario Bank anil Canadian Bank of Cominerce.
W. J. MACDONELL,

## Sgents' Elirectory.

C. E. L. JARVIS, Insurance and Commission Agent : U. General Agent Queen Insurance Co. of Liverpool and London. 8t. John, N.B.
R OBERTMARsinali., Notary Public, Agent for the R Montreal, British America, \& Quebee Marine Insuramee Companies, and for the Imperial, Etna, and Hartford F
Insurance Companies. St. John, N. B.
J. L. Hooprer, Agent for Liverpool, London, and . Globe Fire and Life ; abso British America Marine. Hamilton.
Gregory a yovzc, Agents for Imperial Fire Ins. Starine, and Equitable Life Ass. Soc. Hamilton.
O WEx MrizPIY, Insurance Agent and Commission Merchant, Telegraph Bullding, (basement) No. 26 St. Peter street, Quebee.
Jinv eiARVIN, General Agent for the. Ntna Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Con

GEORGE A. Yotw G, Agent, Hamilton Branch, Royal Or Insurance Company, Fire and Life, corner James and Merrick Streets.

ARCIIIBAED MeKEAND. Agent, Hartforl Fire Ins. A Co, Home Ins. Co., of New Haven, Travelers' Ins. Co., No. 11, James Street. Hamilton.
I. D. PIEIXELE. Agent for North British and Mercantish Provincial, Life : Etna, of Hartforl, Inland Marine ; Phenix, Ocean Marine, Hamilton, Ont.
W. F. FiNDLAT. Accountant, Otlicial Assignee, Agent W. for A.Etna Ins, Co, of Hartford: London Assurance Corporation, and Edinburgh Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.
G. We Gitedlestone, Fire, Life, Marine, AéciW. dent and Stock Insurance Agent, Windsor, Ontario. Very best Companies represented.
T. N. ceocm, Agent Life Association of Scotland, 1. North British and Mercantile (Fire), and Montreal Ins

JAMES FRAsER, Agent Liverpool and London and \& Sec'y Metropol'n Perm't Bidg. Soe'y, No. 5 Kifg-st. West., Toronpa.

PETER MeCALEEM, Agent for the Lancashire Ins'e R. Co.; Travelers Insurance Co.; Hartford Fire Ins'
F. B. BEDDOME, Fire, Life, Marine and Accident Ont. Ins. Agent and Acjuster, Albion Buildings, Lendorr,
One but the most retiable Companies represented.
W. W. MiLLAR, Agent Northerin Fire Assurance Co. Ofice, of Church and Colborue Streets, Toronto, Ont
W. S. CLAERKE. Exchange Broker, Agent for Northern Ass. Co. Provincial (Fire and Marine,) Canada Life;
WADDELL et GENN, Imperial Fire Ins, Co., London Assurance Corporation, Atna Fire Ins, Co., Hartford, British Am. Ass. Co., and Scottish Prov'l Ass. Co. (Life),
Talbot Street, London, Ont.
D. E. BIERITTT, Ins, and Real Estate Agent; Clerk and Invested, \&c., \&c.; Stratford, Ont.
11. B. RopliN, Agent Western, Provincial, Beaver, the Trust and Loan Co. of Upper Canada. Belleville, Ont. JOIIN AGNEW, Agent for Royal, Imperial, North BriProvincial Ins. Co. also for the Colonial Securition Provincial Ins. Co.; abso for the Colomial Securities Cor
Whitby, Ont
Jons ibeTLER, Agent for Queen Ins. Co., Hartford Ins. Co., Western Ins. Cos, and Traivelers' Life and Ac-
dent Ins. Co. Vietoria Hall, Colowirg, Ort. dent Ins. Co. Victoria Hall, Cobourg, Omt.
R. He II. O'INARA, Agents for Western Ass. Co., Co., and Canada Life Ins. Co. Bowmanville, Ont.
THOMAS CHIEISTIE, Agent Liverpool and London Provinetal and Gore Mut Mercantile, British America, Provine.al, and Gore Mutual Ins. Cos.; Olficial Assignee;
House and Land Agent ; debts collected. Bowmanvilie, O.
A. Life, and Canada Permanent Buililing and Savings A. Life, and Canada Permanent Building and Saving
Society, Caledonia, Ont.

## \#nsurauce.

## General Insurance Agency,

syeETBBURG.............. PROVINCE OF quEBEC.
PROVINCLAL INSURANCE COMPASY,
fige and wartive
IGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANY, FARM PROPRETY ONLT,

TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY, LIF: AND ACCIDEKTAL.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { F. H. GOFF, } \\
25-3 \mathrm{~m}
\end{gathered} \quad \begin{gathered}
\text { CgNERAL AGEst, } \\
\text { SWEETsBuRe, P.Q }
\end{gathered}
$$

## The Agricultural

## IMatual Assurance Association of Canadn.

## Head Orfice. <br> Loxdox, Oxt

A purely Mutual-Purely Farmers' Compan Capital,1st January, 1870...................... 8228,773 on Cash and Cash Items With 32.822 Mi.........

828,78
$\$ 76,874$
6
THIS, the ouly "Fire Mutual" that has invested with the 1 Dominion Government, in compliati, with the Insurance Law of Canada, continues to do the largest Farmers and a large increase has taken place in the business for the first five months of 1870. Its rates are as low as any well established company in the Dominion, and lower than those of a great many. For insurance, apply to any of the Agents, or aidress the Secretary, London, Ont.
N. Agents, or address Agrieutural" is now establishing Agencies
Nortions of the Province of Quebec.

## New York Life Report.

A SUPPLY RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE.

Price, in paper, by mail post-paid
80 In cloth (green and gold post-paid

THIS IS AN INDISPENSABLE BOOK TO LIFE AGENTS.

COMMERCIALUNION Assurance Company (Fire and Life).

CHIEF OFFICES:
385 and 387 St. Pavl Stheet, Montreai Cand and apital Stheet, Mostreal, Canad
CAPITAL. . . . . . . . . . . . $22,500,000 \mathrm{Stg}$.
MORLAND, WATSON \& Co., General Agents for Canada FRED. COLE, Secretary
39-1y W. M. westmacott, Agent at Toronto

## Agricultural

Insurance Company of Watertown
CASH ASSETS
DEPOSITED AT OTTAẂA
$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{HIS}}$ and Company is prepared to do a FARM, LIVE STOCK, W. SMITH

Agent for Toronto and Vieinity HENRY CLINE, General Agent, Kingston

## Dickson \& Macgregor.

I NBURANCE and General Agents and Accountants. 1 Marine and Fire Losses carefully adjusted, accounts 8 Ontario Clianbers, eotner of Church and Wellingto streets.
Charlas R. Dicksos,
Alex. Murray MacGregor

## D. 'S. R. Dickson,

NOTARY PUBLIC, COMMISSIONER, \&

> MONEY, LAND,
orfices
River Street, Paris, and Roy's Buildings, Brantford.

Tritish Bdrertisements.

## Dunville * Co.'s <br> 

OLD IRISH WHISKEY, belfast,
Of same quality as that nepplied to the INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1862 DUBLIN EXHIBITION 18es, paris exhibition 186t, And now regularly to the House of Lords, the quality of Which is equal to the finest French Brandy, may be had n casks and cases, from the prim Quotations on application to

Messrs. DUSVILLE \& CO
Beifast Ireland.

## JOHN HEATH. <br> Inte The Le ( $\mathrm{Co}_{3}$

Buckingham Buildings, George Street, Parade, and 35 Newhall Hill, bimangham, exchand STEEL PEN MANUFACTURER,

## STATIONERS' IRONMONGER.

Sole Manufacturer of Thos. Lowe's celebrated Stefl Pens. Agent for Hart's Patent Paper Fasteners. taimost every article in demand under the head of Goods obtained to order.
Particular attention is requested to J. Heath'। first-class Extra-Strong Pens, now so largely uised.
A liberal discount to wholesale stationers.
Mustrated eatalogues supplicd to the trade only, on eceipt of business card.

##  <br> JOSEPH GILLOTTיS STEEL PENS <br> Sold by all Dealers throughort the World.

## Stra

aipped in eight gross canvas jackages, at 68 bd jer gross, or forwaried for parking enspty bottles or Wines freight, breakaze, \&e., and resell on arriving. Estathished' 12 years. Sole manufictur THOstcheap, London, E.

The Mercantile Agency,
promotion and protection of trade Estabhished in 184
Montrealy Toronto and Halitax
$\mathrm{R}^{\text {EFERENCE Book, containing , hames and ratings c }}$ pually. Men in the Domin on, publishied sem

## Dry Lumber of all kinds, to Builders <br> and Dealers, by the ear le

$\mathrm{T}^{\text {HE }}$ Subseribets have on hand as unlimited stupply of
 and 2"Piekings, Clear Stripps, She efting and Cut-otss, all
thoroughty dry, and loaded on cars to suit pupchasers, at he lowest wholesale prices
Office, south-west comer of King and Yonge Streets, ver Dow's Dry Goods store.
A shortest pootice.

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.-JAN. 26, 1871.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline me of Artiele. \& Wholesale Rates. \& Name of Article. \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Folesale } \mid \\
\& \text { Eate. }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Name of Article. \& Wholesale Kates. \\
\hline Eeets and sh \& 8 c. 8 c. \& Gro \& \& Leather-Contin'd \& 8 c .8 \\
\hline Mens' Th'k Hoots, \(1 \times\) \& 265000 \& Dry Crus \& \(0.00{ }^{0} 18\) \& Do. 1 st qual middle do.: \& \({ }^{0} 95027\) \\
\hline " Nc. \& \(\begin{array}{llll}2 \& 40 \& 2 \& 50 \\ 2 \& 50 \& 2 \& 40\end{array}\) \& Ext \& 1310 \& Do. No. 2, light wnights \& \[
023 \quad 024
\] \\
\hline " Split Beots. \& 200000 \& Japan com'n to gools, \& 42950 \& Do. Ilght...... ........ \& 035030 \\
\hline " Kip Books, el., 1 ex \& 315000 \& "Fine to choicest.. \& \(060 \quad 605\) \& Harness, \& 0 Is 032 \\
\hline " . " \(\quad\) D. S., 1 ex. \& 290000 \& Colored, com. to fine 2. \& 0 b0 0 ? \& \({ }^{4}\) \% No. \(2 . . .4 . .\). \& e日c o oe \\
\hline " \({ }^{\text {a }}\) - \(/\) g (uinp No 1 \& 2 500000 \& Congot \& Soach'ng. - \& 0388078 \& Upper heav3........... \& \(0^{0} 38 \quad 940\) \\
\hline " "/ \%. D.S.No. 1 \& 240000 \& Oolong, good to fine.. \& 05000 \& \& - 40 a 44 \\
\hline Boys' Thick Hoots, \(^{\text {d }}\) ex. \& 190000 \& Y. Hyson, com to gl. . \& 034055 \& Kip Skins, Patna . .... \& 035040 \\
\hline  \& \(\begin{array}{llll}1 \& 73 \& 180 \\ 1.55 \& 1 \& 60\end{array}\) \& Medium to ehoice ... \& \(\begin{array}{llll}0 \& 05 \& 0 \\ 0 \& 85 \\ 0 \& 0 \& \\ 0\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
French \\
English
\end{tabular} \& 0.70
0.65
0.080 \\
\hline ". \& 145.600 \& Gunpowd're to men. \& \(055: 97\) \& Hemlork Cair (30 to \& \\
\hline Child's fytop B'ts 6 te9 \& 120000 \& ") med. to fine. \& 0700 ss \& . 35 lbs ) per doz.... \& 070085 \\
\hline Woman's Ki¢ Bal, Ms \& 225.50 \& fine to fins't.- \& 085094 \& Do. light \& \(045 \cdot 0\) \\
\hline " Cong. MS \& 180 \& Hyson \& ¢ 4506 \& French Calf \& 190140 \\
\hline Peb, \& Harf Bal. MS \& \(\begin{array}{lll}1.30 \& 175\end{array}\) \& Iniperia \& 42080 \& Grain \& Satn Cly ploz .- \& 000 e 55 \\
\hline " Felf Balk Gait. MS \& 175200 \& Tobiceco, Man \& \& Splits, large \#if \$...... \& 030036 \\
\hline " Calf Bal. (peg) D8 \& \(\begin{array}{llll}1 \& 60 \& 0 \& 00 \\ 1 \& 80 \& 1 \& 45\end{array}\) \& Dark,5s\&10s, On LS, \% \({ }^{2}\) \& -6 30031 \& EnmelledCos ........ \& 000925 \\
\hline " Peb, beff *SS \& \(\begin{array}{llll}1 \& 30 \& 1 \& 45 \\ 1 \& 35 \& 0 \& 00\end{array}\) \& " West.do, cona \& 031033 \& EnamelledCew \#foot. \& 0.20051 \\
\hline " Buff Batts, DS \& \(\begin{array}{ll}135 \& 15\end{array}\) \& rood to \& 038050 \& \({ }^{\text {Pratent }}\) Pebble Grain \& \[
\begin{array}{llll}
0 \& 20 \& 0 \& 21 \\
0 \& 15 \& 0 \& 17
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline " Split Batts, DS. \& \(\begin{array}{llll}0 \& 25 \& 110\end{array}\) \& ght serts grood \& 040069 \& \& \(\begin{array}{lll}0 \& 15 \& 017\end{array}\) \\
\hline Misses Polish Peb.Bal. DS Ms. 11 to 2. \& 130060 \& Hardware \& 080080 \& \& \\
\hline \({ }^{*}\) Pel.,BuFBal DS \({ }^{\text {dg }}\) \& \(\begin{array}{llll}0 \& 95 \& 110\end{array}\) \& Tin (net cesh pricen) \& \& Lard, e \& 145900 \\
\hline " Buff Batts DS Nol \& 095000 \& Block, \& \(33^{3} 085\) \& * No. 1 ......... \& 112900 \\
\hline " Split gafts DS \& 0 88.060 \& \& -34 9 \& " No. 2 .......... \& - 09 e 00 \\
\hline Child's Polish Peb. Bal. DS MS. 6 to 10 . \& 105000 \& Coppe \& so 0 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Lubricating, patent... \\
" Mott's economie
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{array}{lll}
0 \& 00 \& 0 \\
0 \& 00 \\
0 \& 0 \& 00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline eb \& 13 iff Bal. D. \& \& \& 29.5 \& Linseed, raw ........... \& \[
\begin{array}{lll}
0 \& 30 \& 00 \\
0 \& 0 \& 0
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 8. Peg 6 to \(10 .\). \& 075085 \& Cut Nail \& \& boil \& - 80 e 82 \\
\hline Buffinats DS, 1 ex \& \(0^{0} 70.000\) \& Assorted \& \& Machinery. \& 000000 \\
\hline Split Batts DS...'. \& 0 of 000 \& \% 100 \& 0003 \& Olive, common, \(\%\) gal.. \& 120185 \\
\hline Aloes C \& 015.020 \& Lathe and 5 dy. \& \(40 \times 1\) 4. \& salay, in bots. \& 180230 \\
\hline Aluin. \& 0 022 0031 \& Galranised Iron \& \& \& 360375 \\
\hline \& 018020 \& Assorted siz \& 08 \& Seal, pa \& 075080 \\
\hline Camp \& \({ }_{0} 45.0 .55\) \& Best Na . 24 \& 0075000 \& Spirits Tu \& e 35 e 58 \\
\hline \& 0131016 \& \& \% 0s \& Whale, rer \& 085100 \\
\hline Canstie S \& 0031005 \& \& 0000001 \& Paints \& \\
\hline Cream Tar \& 025030 \& Horse Nails: \& \& White Lead, genuine \& \\
\hline Epsom Sal \& 003004 \& Guest's or \& \& no \& 000230 \\
\hline Extract L \& 0101013 \& assortelsizes \& \(0^{00} 0008\) \& Do. No. 1 \& 000 \& 10 \\
\hline Gum Aral \& 030083 \& For W, ass'd s \& b 18919 \&  \& 000190 \\
\hline Indigo, \& 100110 \& Patent Hammer \& 16017 \& " \({ }^{3}\) "/ ..... \& \({ }_{0}^{0} 000170\) \\
\hline Licorice \& 0.14 .025 \& Iron (at 4 months) \& \& Common \& 130000 \\
\hline Madde \& \(014\} 018\) \& Pig-Gartsher \& \& White Lea \& 0054009 \\
\hline Opium \& \% 30.900 \& ader No. 1 \& 0000 \% \& Red Lead \& 008.008 \\
\hline Oxalic A \& 024032 \& No \& 000024 \& Venetian \& - 02. 0 os \\
\hline Potash, \({ }^{\text {a }}\) \& \(\begin{array}{llll}0 \& 95 \& 0 \& 28 \\ 0 \& 14 \& 0 \& 18\end{array}\) \& "her brathds. No \& \({ }^{24} 600005050\) \& Yellow Och \&  \\
\hline Potass Iodi \& 4.00450 \& Bar-7eotel, \(\geqslant 100\) \& - 40269 \& Pet \& \\
\hline Soda \& 003004 \& Refined \& \(300{ }^{3} 2.3\) \& (Renined \& \\
\hline Soda Bles \& 337
0 \& Swedes \& 500 S 50 \& \& \(02 \mathrm{x}, 00\) \\
\hline Tartaric Acfit \& 039 -45 \& Hoo \& \(\begin{array}{llll}810 \& 885 \\ 8 \& 10 \& 35 \\ 3\end{array}\) \& Stra single bri.... \& 020000 \\
\hline Erecefle \& \& \& 310
810
885

8 \& Straw, 5 \& 900 e-93 <br>
\hline Coffees: \& \& Boiter Plat \& $810-385$ \& sin \& $000 \quad 0$ \% <br>
\hline Java, \& 0 20@0 22 \& Canada Pla \& ${ }_{8}^{190}$ \& Amber, by car loa \& 0100.000 <br>
\hline Layuay \& $\begin{array}{lllllllll}0 & 17 & 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 151 & 0 & 17\end{array}$ \& Coathrfd \& +00 110 \& Bent \& $035{ }^{0} 88$ <br>
\hline \& $0154 \% 17$ \& Pwantypea \& 890410 \& Grain \& <br>
\hline Herritigx, labk. split.. \& 6 621 700 \& Lead (at 4 \& \& heat, Spring. 60 \& 128180 <br>
\hline \& 525 5 50 \& Bar, $\mathrm{v}^{100}$ \& \& " Fall 60 \& 120130 <br>
\hline " mound...... \& $400 \cdot 450$ \& Sheet \& $\mathrm{C}_{0} 0.08$ \& liarley, new ... 48 ".. \& 065 - 071 <br>
\hline , \& 943045 \& \& \& Pes \& 0 कs a 70 <br>
\hline Mackerel, 1if \& 887900 \& Iron Wire (net eash) \& \& Oats. \& 048030 <br>
\hline Loch, Her whie \& $2{ }^{2} 50$ \& No, 6, \% bun \&  \& Rye \& $000 \cdot 070$ <br>
\hline \& 125150 \& \& \% 40 \& Seeds: \& <br>
\hline Trout... \& 400425 \& ". 12 , \& 430440 \& Clover, choice 60 \& 425 <br>
\hline Salmon, saltwater \& 1575.600 \& Powier, \& +30 40 \& Timothy, eho \& 385 <br>

\hline Druts: ${ }_{\text {Dry }}$ \& 50 \& | Powder: |
| :--- |
| Blasting, Can | \& 75 ¢00 \& Flax \& 200 <br>

\hline ${ }_{\text {Fr }}$ \& 100200 \& YF \& 475800 \& Superior extra \& 00000 <br>
\hline " M. A \& 175.180 \& FFF \& $5^{5} 45850$ \& Extrasuper \& 650675 <br>
\hline * Yaldo \& $0^{*} 8088$ \& Blasting, English \& 400509 \& Fancysuperfine \& 600629 <br>
\hline Currants; pe \& $\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 07 & 0 & 07 \\ 0 & 06 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ \& $\underset{\text { FFF }}{\text { FF }}$ a ${ }^{\text {loos }}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}500 \\ \hline 60000 \\ \hline 6050\end{array}$ \& Superfine do \& 585.600 <br>
\hline \& 006008 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& 011015 \& Pressed \& - 425 \& Oatmeal, per bri Previstoms \& 000528 <br>
\hline Molases: ${ }^{\text {Cliyed, }}$ p gal.? \& $30-85$ \& \& 450500 \& Butter, dairy \& <br>
\hline Syrups, S \& ${ }_{0} 050$ \& Tin Plate \& \& store \& $013-014$ <br>
\hline "\% 0 diden \& 053054 \& 1 C Coike \& 800 \& Cheese, \& 0120 13 <br>
\hline Rice:-Arn can \& 40045 \& IC Char \& 530875 \& Pork, mess, \& $20.00 \mathrm{gl}^{21} 00$ <br>

\hline - Kaygoon \& | 390 |
| :--- |
| 900 | \& IX \& 1930 107 \& " ${ }^{\text {a }}$, prime \& 00600000 <br>

\hline \& \& 18x ${ }^{\text {dx }}$ \& \% 50 \& . pume \& 00000000 <br>
\hline Cassia, whole \& . 038040 \& \& 975 \& Bacon, Cana \& 009600 <br>
\hline Cloves \& ${ }_{0}^{0} 100^{0} 12$ \& DX \& 2 \& Cumb \& 010.101 <br>
\hline Nutmegs \& $0{ }_{08}^{0} 0$ \& mides atskin \& \& sm \& $911-60$ <br>
\hline Ginge \& 0180023 \& Green, No. 1 \& 9 \& Hams, cove \& $011-90$ <br>
\hline / Japaica, r \& 017020 \& Green, No \& $0^{0} 04$ \& \& - 12000 <br>
\hline Pepper, \& $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 15 & 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 69 & 0 & 09\end{array}$ \& Caree \& 40.010 \& Shoulders, in s a \& 910.000 <br>
\hline  \& 0690001 \& Calfs \& $070-13$ \& Lard, in kegs \&  <br>
\hline Supars-(c) day \& \& Sheepsh \& 1 *9 1 2s \& Beef ifains \& $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 00 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 00 & 00\end{array}$ <br>
\hline Cuba \& $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 83 & 0 & 9\end{array}$ \& \& \& Tallow \& 907905 <br>
\hline Barbadoes (bright) \& 0909 \& Medium to \& 005013 \& Hogs dress \& \% 00 -12] <br>
\hline Canada Sugar Retine'y, \& \& Medum to goor.... ... \& \& \& 589690 <br>
\hline Yellow, $\sqrt{\text { o }}$ c. 2, $60 \mathrm{ds} .$. \& $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 9 & 0 & \text { 9 }\end{array}$ \& Leather, e (4 mos) \& \& \& $900 \cdot 00$ <br>
\hline \& $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 91 & 0\end{array}$ \& In lots of less than \& \& sa \& <br>
\hline \& - 10, 0 0 10, \& 50 sides, 10 ent \& \& Luverpor \& - 80.085 <br>
\hline Crus \& 0110017 \& higher. \& \& Goderich \& 185160 <br>

\hline \& 9 121000 \& Spanish Sole, 1st qual'y \& 1 \& Pl \& | 1.55 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 60 | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



P12ODUCE-Comparative Prices in Toronto Manket

$$
6 \text { те. вds, due isi3- } 6
$$

Nörthern of Canada, 6 . Pref, Istlue at 80 ..
."

| 1871 |
| :---: |
| Weintmpay, |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 51 \text { pe I dis, due } 1877-78 \\
& 5 \text { pe. Pref, ishue at } 80 .
\end{aligned}
$$



```
M, NMMAMEE.
gryate do day* date
\
M
```



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{ll}
\text { Do. } & \text { First Preference, } 5 \text { \& e c... } \\
\text { Do. } & \text { Second Pref. Bonds, } 5 * \mathrm{c}
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{ll}
\text { Do. } & \text { Second Pref. Bonds, } 5 \geqslant>. \\
\text { Do. } & \text { Third Pref. Stock, } 4 \text { ఖict. }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

| \%usurauct. |
| :---: |

## PROVINCIAL

## Inaurance Company of conada.

For fire and maring insurance.
amp ornck................:...........onoxrs, ost.
 Ylee President-Lewis Moffitt, Evg., ir Morfitt, Murry
 W. $X$. Macdonell, B, M, Preaident Toronto Sorviings Bank: Toronto; A. R. Mcyaster, Kaq. of A. R Me Master
 the Cominery Court, County Yoik, Toronto ; A. T. Faliton,
 ronto; Angus Morrion, Eson, Barrister, M.P., Toronto; James \& © Crocker, Es, Harvey, Equc Fir inppector:- Wim. Henderson, Esq.

Insurances effected at reasonable rates on all deserip: tions of property. Baimess in settlement and an equitable construetion of Insurrance contracts, are the invari able rules of the Company. No elalit that has arisen under hie present manaysuent has been unacijuate
arthur harviv, Manger

46


## LANCASHIRE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,
28,000,000
. - - mTERLINE.

FIRE RISKS
taken at reasonable rates of premiem, and
ALL LOSSES SETTLED PROMPTLY,
By the undersigned, without reference elsewhere.
S. C. DUNCAN-CLABK \& CO.,

General Agents for Ontario,
$25-1 y$ N. W. eor. King and Chureh itreets, Toronto.

## Phœenix

Fire Assurance Company
lombard st. and charive cross, LONDON, ENG.
assurances effected in all parts of the worla.
Claims paid
WIT'H PROMTITUDE and LIEBRALITY, MOFFATT, MURRAY $\pm$ BEATTIE,
gents for Toronto,
36 Yonge Street.


## The Canada Insurance Union.

Comprising the following Insurapce Companies. IncorComprising the following Insurance C
THE BRITISH AMERICA ASSURAÑCE CO.
THE MONTREAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,

## ASSOCIATION OF UNDERWRITERS.

THE UNION will issue Binding Policies on HULIS, CIVEARGOES, and FREIGHTS in MONTREAh and Canada, at the eption of the assured.

Dibrctors is Canada.-Wm. Marray, Esp/, representing the Montreal Assurance Co.; M. H. Gault, Esq., rep-
resenting the British Ameriea Assurance Co.; Alex. Mnrray, Esq., representing the Western Assurance Co., Jolon McLennan, Esq, representing the Association of Underwriters.
Directons is Liverpoot.- Jolin Jolinston, Esq., of the firm of Wingate \& Jolnston; Robt. Allan, Esq-, of the firh of Allan Byo
Rimmer \& Son
Baskers.- In Montreal-The Bank of Montreal. In Liverpool-The Bank of Liverpool. In London-The Bank Aorsm in I aman street.
Agests in Liverpool-sMITH, GASKELL \& CO., 5 India Buildings, Water street.
Agent ix Mostreal,
JOHN RHYNAS.
Commerciat Chambers, 96 st. Frabcois Xavier Street.
$\$ 13,000,000$ $87.000,000$ $51,021,141$

## BEAYERANDTORONTO <br> Mintanl Fire Insarance Company,

 Orvics, Bask of Tonospo Berlipisos, Weluyoros Sr. Fumber of Poticigs farued to July, 1870, . . . 36,000 Premivis Nole copital, over
## C. R. CHADWICK, Isomssor.L President, <br> D. Thu risios, Tonospo, Viee-Presidenc

CLASS OF PROPERTY INSURED.
MRACANTILE BRANCH.
All property of a class not specially hazardous will, be insured by this Comipany, inclading Stores and their col-
tents, Dwellivg Houbes (not incladed in the Householl Branch) and their contents, and City, Town, and Village Property generally. Also Country, Stores, Tiverns, Mour Mills, tce, tec, te. The rates of Insurance will be on the lewest scale of Mutual Insurance Companies.
Parties insured in either Branch are exempt by faw from all liability for iosses sustained in the other Branches of the usual profrietary rates, as ne profits are required. This compang has authority under the statute of and 28 Victoria, cip 98 , to iste Policies of Insurance on LIVE STOCK.
Applications will be recelved through any Agent of the Company, for Insurance against death from any cause, of Horses, Bulls, Oxes, Steers, and Cows.
Non-hazardous Hpusehold Property will be insured for three years or less, on which a Premum Note averaging stum must be prold in Cash at the time of inswich a small dorsed on the Note.

Country Dwelling Iankis ERANCR. Country Dweling Houses, isolated, with the Household Fornitare, ac, contained therein. Also, Burns and OntHotses, and Farm Protuce; Hay and Grain in Stacks: and Farm Implemenits and Machines generally ; Churehes and School Houses, not sifuated in eities, towns or villages, and isolated flopall other buildings. Agents of thil Cdmpany are
fee for Application or Survey.
F. T. OREILLY. ? Joint Secretaries.
i.

PHENNL MUTUAL
Life Insuranee Company, of Hartford, Const.
Assets ores. $\qquad$ $25,000,000$.

Lences POLICIES or ALL KINDS,
either on the "HaLr-Niots" or "ALL Casi" plans, a>b povides all tas
PROFITS ANNUALLY AMONGST THE INSURED. ANGUS R BETHUNE, GEx. AOENT, Mostrieal.

GOOD ACTIVE MEN WANTED
to act as Agents in unrepresented localities. 8-1y

## LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Fands Ipwarils of $\mathbf{2 1}, 000,000$ Sterling.
THIS Institution differs from other Life Offices, in that the Bosuses frem Prorits 1 are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's personal benelit and enjoyment during his own lifetime, with the option of large bonus additions to the sun assured. The Policy-holder thus obtains a large reduction of preseat gurtlay, of a provision for old age of a most important amount in one cash paymeat, or a life
annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assarance Premium for the Sun Assured, which remains intact for Polley-holders' heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA-MONTREAL-PLACE D'ARMES.
DIEECTORS:
DAVH TORRANCE, Eeq, (D. Torrance $\& \mathrm{Co}$,
GEOHGE MOFPATT, (GIliesple, Moffatt $\& \mathrm{Co}$ ) GEOLGE MOFFATT, (Gillespie, Moffatt $\&$ Co.)
ALEXANDER MORRIS, Esq., M.P., Barrister, Perth. ALEXANDER MORRIS, Esq., M.P., Barrister,
Sir G. E. CARTIER, M.P., Minister of Milita. Sir G. E. CARTIER, M.P., Minister of Militia.
PETER REDPATH, Ksq? (J. Redpath \& Son.) PETER REDPATH, Esq, (J. H. R. Molson \& Bros.)

Solieitors-Messms. TORRANCE \& MORRIS.
Medical Officer-R. PALMER HOWARD, Esq., M.D.
Secretary-P WARDLAW.
Inspector of Agencies-JAMES B. M. CHIPMAN!
TrICE-No. 32 W ELINGTON STREET EAST.
Inspector of Agencies-JAMES B. MI. CHIPM
Tonosro Orrice-No. 32 WELINGTON STREET EAST.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE instrance cempisy.


## Directors in Canada:

T. B. ANDERSON, Esq., Chairman (President Hank of Montreal). IENRY STARNES, Esq., Deputy Chairiman (Manager Ontario Hank.) IS. H. KING, Eeq., (General Manager Bank of Montreal).
HENRY CHAPMAN, Esq. Merch
THOS. CRAMP, Esn, Meh ant.
FIRE INsURANCE Risks taka, at ubolerate-rites, and every description of Life various coavenient modes (applicable alike to bhanin's pubs mes and Theads of families) of securing this desirable protection.

James Fraser, Esq., Agent Fire Dejartnept, S Kiag street West, Toronto
Thomas miigas Esq, Agent, Kingsto F. A. BALL, Exy., Inspetet of Ageneies, Fire Braneh.
T.AW. MEDLEY, Eeq., Inpuector of Agencies, Life Brubch.

WILLIAM HOPE. Agent Life Departhent, is King Stroet East.
Q. Y. C. sarriII,
spor for the Dominion

THE MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL TIMRS-INSURANCE CHRONICLE.
$\frac{\text { Insurauce. }}{\text { BRIToN MEDICAL }}$

And Gemaral Life Association,
with which is united the
BRITANNIA LIFE ARSURANCE COMPANY. Capital and Invested Funds................. \&750,000 Sterling.

Annual Income, $£ 220,000 \mathrm{Srg}$.
Yearly increasing at the rate of $\mathbf{2 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ Sterling.
THE important and pecullar feature originally, ntro1 duced by this Company, in applying the periotical Bonuses, so as to make Policies payable during life, without
any higher rate of premiums betng charged, has caused any higher rate of premiums being charged, has caused
the success of the Britos Mepical AND General to be the enccess of the Britos Mepical And Geveral to be
almost tinparalleled in the history of Life Assurance. Life Policies on the Proff Scale become payable during the lijetime
ile Assured, thws rendering a Poliey of Aspurance a means of subsistence in oll ege, as well as a protection for a fanily, and a more valusble security to creditors in the event of early death; and effectually ineeting the often urged objection, that persons do not themselves reap the benefit of their own prudence and forethought. or services within the British Provinces.
Et Toronto Agency, 5 Kina St. West.
Oct17-9-1yr
JAMES FRASER, Agent.
Fire and Marine Assurance.
THE BRITHST AMERICA
ASEURANCE COMPANY
hEAD arfice :
CORNER OF CHURCII AND COURT STREETS, teronto.

Hon, G. W. Allan, M.L.C.,
George J. Boyd, Esq.

A. Joseph, Esq, \begin{tabular}{l|l}
George J. Boyd, Esq, \& Peter Paterson, Esq <br>
G. P. Ridout,

 

Hon. W, Cayley, \& G. P. Ridout, Exq, <br>
Peleg Howland, Esq., \& E. H. Rntherford, Esq
\end{tabular} Thiqnas C. Street, Esq

Geokge Pricival Ridout, Eag. Deputy Governor:

Fire Inspector: Marine inspector: E. Roby ÚBries. Insurances granted on all descriptiotus of property against loss and damage by fire and the perils of inland
navigation.
Agencies established in the principal cities, towns, and ports of shipment thromthont the Province. 23-1y

Manager.

## Canada Farmers'

Mutual Insurance Company.
head office, himilton, ontario.
INSURE only Farm Property, Cotantry Churches, School Houses, and isolated Private Houses. Has been eventeen years it operation

THOMAS STOCK,
President.
RICHARD P. STREET,
Pecretary and Treasurer

## Atna

Life Insurance Company of Mariford. Conn.
THE ATNA is not surpassed in economical management 1 in financial ability, in complete success, in absolute ecurity, by any eompany in the world.
Its valuable features

## LOW CA'8H RATES

ANSUAL DIVIDENDE, JUST SOT-FORFEITURE SYSTEM, Oommend themselves to those desiring Insuranee in amy form. General Agent, No. 2 Toronto Street, Toronto.

## The Orient

Mutual Insprance Company, New Tork.
THIS Company have made arrangements to issue, when 1 desired, Policies and Certiffeates payable in Lospos and Liverpool, at the Counting Rooms of Messrs.
Kleivwort © Cohex.
EUGENE DUTILH, President.

ALFRED OGDEN, Vice-President,
CHARLES IRVING, Secretary.
oven and Special Policies, and to effect Insurances on open and special Policies, and to elfect Insurances on Company, payable in Gold or Canadian Funds. Moutreal 1st Febr, 187 C .

## msurante.

## Reliance

Hatnal Life Assurance Society
Or Loxpon, Fwalayn, Betablished 1840. GOVERMNENT DEPOSIT...

Head Offlee for the Dominion of Canad 2995 T. JAMES BTREET, MONTREAL Directors-Walter Shanly, Esq., M.P. ; Duncan Maedonald, Esq.: Major T. E. Campbei, C. Wolferstan Thomas, Esq., Cashier Molson's Bank,
Yet Aseets, as at 31st Dec, 1869 James Grant. Yet Liabilities, at 31st Dee, 180
............ $81,279,67000$
Surplus. Prospectuses, \&c. ean be had on application at the Head Office, or at any of the Agencies.

JAS. GRANT, Rewdent Secretary. Aasnts:-Toronto, Messrs. Diekson \& MeGregor, 8 Onaario Buildjings, Cormer of Church and Wellington Streets. Hamilton, John B. Young. Esq.

## CANADA

LIre Asisurance Company.

$$
\text { ESTABLISHED } 1847 .
$$

THE following are examples of the Prolits added to Policies.
Bonus Additions made to thé following Policies existing 30th April, 1870.

| $6 \frac{8}{6}$ | Issued during year ending 30th A pril. | Original sum assured. | Bonus added. | $\begin{gathered} \text { P'resent } \\ \text { sum } \\ \text { assured. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 85 | 1848 | 82,000 00 | \$938 10 | 82,928 10 |
| 481 | 1850 | 4,000 00 | 1,692 88 | 5,69: 83 |
| 907 | 1852 | 40000 | 11465 | , 51465 |
| 1423 | 1854 | 1,000 00 | 24829 | 1,248 29 |
| 1938 | 1856 | 1,400 00 | 56534 | 2,965 34 |
| 2515 | 1858 | 1,500 00 | 31884 | 1,818 84 |
| 2924 | 1860 | 4,000 00 | 79915 | 4,797 15 |
| 3795 | 1862 | 5,000 00 | 81932 | 5,819 32 |
| 4616 | 1864 | 1,000 00 | 13950 | 1;139 50 |
| 5200 | 1806 | 6,000 00 | 75000 | 6,750 00 |
| 5811 | 1867 | 1,000 00 | 10000 | 1,100 00 |
| 6063 | 1868 | 2,000 00 | 15000 | 2,150 00 |
| 6812 | 1869 | 4,000 00 | 20000 | 4,200 00 |
| 8102 | 1870 | 5,000 00 | 12500 | 5,125 00 |

A comparison of these and of the Company's Rates for rith those of other offices, is invited.
AGENCIES THROUGHOUT THE DOMINION Where every intormation can be obtained, or at the Head office, in Hiamton, Ontario.

Head Office, in Hamiltos, Ont
Agent in Toronto, A. G. BRADBURNE, Manager
$\qquad$

## The Gore District

Mutual Fire Insurance Company
GRANTS INSURANCES on all description of Pioperty tual Fire Insurs or Damage by FIRE. It is the only Muyearly from their respective dates; and the average yearly cost of insurance in it, for the past three and a half years, has been nearly would have been in an ordinary Pry prietary Company.

THOS. M. SIMONS,
ROBT. McLEAN, Inspector of Ageneies.
Galt, 25th Nov., 1868.

## Queen

Fire and Life Insurance Company,
OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON, Accepts all ordinary Fire Risks on the most favorable terms. LIFE RISKA
Will be taken on terms that will compare favorably with
CAPITAL, $\quad \mathbf{\& 2}, 000,000 \mathbf{s t g}^{2}$.
Caxada Branch Oryick-Exchange Buildings, Montreal. Resident Secretary and General Agent, FORBES, 13 St. Sacrament St., Merchants' Exchange, Montreal 13 St. Sacrament St., Merchants Exchange, Montreal.
Wx. Row Land, Agent, Toronto.

## The Ontarie

Mutual Fire Insurance Company HEAD OPFICE,
THIS Company is established for the Insurar ce of Dwell Towns, Villages and non-hazardous properts in Cities Applications for Iasurance Agents.
JAMES JOHN\&ON, Secretary. McBRID

## 7nsurance.

## WESTERN

## Asanrance company.

INCORPORATED 1851.
CAPITAL, ...... \$400,000.
FIRE AND MARINE.
HEAD OFFICE.................. TORONTO, ONTARIO. Hon; NO. MeMurrich, President

CHARLES MAGRATH, Viee-Prealdent. DIRECTORS
JAMES MICHIE, Esq. NOAII BARNHART, Esq. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { JOHN FISKEN, Esq. } & \text { ROBERT BEATY, Esq. } \\ \text { A. M. SMITH, Esq. } & \text { WM. GOODERHAM,Jr., Eeq? }\end{array}$ JAMES E. HARPER, Esq J. MAUGHAN, Jn., Assistant Secretary. WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector. CAPT J. T. DOUGLAS, Marine Inspector, JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.
Insurances effected at the lowest carrent rates on Buildings, Merchandize, and other property, agains tloss or damage by fire.
On Hull, Cargo and Freight against the perils of Inland Navigation.
On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sall steam.
0 n C
On Cargoes by steamers to and from British Ports.

## The Waterloo County

## Mutual Fire Imsurance Company

Hisad Ovpice: Waterloo, Oxtario.
THE basiness of the Company is divided into three 1 separate and distinet branches, the
VILLAGE, FARM, AND MANUFACTURES. Each Branch payingits own losses and its just proportion of the managing expenses of the Company. C. M. Tarlor, Se $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
London Assurance Corporation.
FIIRE AND LIFE.
Established by Royal Cuartkr, 1730.
Fexis ix hand........... $22,463,53317 \mathrm{~s} 4 \mathrm{~d}$. Stg.
HEAD AGENT, MONTREAL-ROMEO H. STEPHENS. No. 56 St . Francois Xavier Street.
s. F. HOLCOMB, Agent,

## The Victoria

Matual Fire Insurance Company of Canada.
Insures only Non-Hasarious Pi.berty, at Low Rates.
business mtictethy mutual. GEORGE H M MiLLS, President.
W. D. BOOKER, Leerelery.

Head Oryick
Aug $15-1 y r$
Hamilton, Oxtario

## Montreal

Assurancecompany.
INCORPORATED 1840 .
Capitais,.................................... $\$ 800,000$
Invested Funds (approxinuately).. 400,000
HEAD OFFICE.
Managez Branch Orfiee- 32 Wellingtom Street, Toronto. Marine Inspecto- ....Capt. David Ross Kerm. Local Secretary and Agent......R. N. Gooch. Inland Navigation, also Ocean Risks (to and from Ports of Great Britain) eovered at moderate rates. $34-6 \mathrm{~m}$.

## Imperial

Fire Insurance Company of London. No. 1 Old Broad Street, and 16 Pall Mall. Established 1803.
Canaca General Agency.
BINTOUL BROS.
JAMES E. SMITH, Agent. 24 St . Sacrament Street.
Toronto, Corner Charch and Colborne Streets
PUBLISHED AT THE OPFICE OF THE MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL TIMES, No. GO CHURCH ST. PRINTED AT THE DAILY TELLDRAPL PUBLISHINO HOUGE


[^0]:    ${ }_{3-15}$

