

43RD YEAR NO. 17897

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FATAL RAILWAY CRASH AT ST. THOMAS; M.C.R. AND MARQUETTE TRAINS COLLIDE; TWO FIREMEN ARE CRUSHED TO DEATH

Two Heavily-Loaded Passenger Trains Meet on a Curve Early This Morning While Traveling at Thirty Miles an Hour—Passengers Escape Serious Injuries—How the Accident Occurred.

KILLED.

Fireman Hemphill, St. Thomas.
Fireman Goodhue, St. Thomas.

A head-on collision on the London and Port Stanley Railway this morning resulted in the death of two men and the destruction of two locomotives and a number of passenger coaches.

The accident occurred about half a mile north of St. Thomas, and about a mile south of the steel bridge that spans the gully. The trains that figured in it were the M. C. R. passenger, which is due to leave here for St. Thomas at 7:17 a.m., and the Pere Marquette regular train, due to arrive here from Port Stanley at 8:40 a.m.

Cause of the Wreck.

The cause of the accident is not yet announced, but it is supposed to have been due to a misunderstanding of orders. It may, however, have been caused by a mistake on the part of the dispatcher's office at Ridgeway, all trains on the L. and P. S. R.—both M. C. R. and Pere Marquette—being handled from that place.

One Train Late.

When both trains are on their schedule time, the M. C. R. is supposed to be at St. Thomas before the Pere Marquette regular leaves that place for London. This morning the M. C. R. did not leave London yard until close on to 8 o'clock, being nearly three-quarters of an hour late. It consisted of an engine, a baggage car and a passenger coach, and is said to have been given running orders to St. Thomas. The Pere Marquette train was a little behind time in pulling out of St. Thomas, and after picking up half a dozen empty coaches there, it started for London. The train was in charge of Conductor Drake, with a St. Thomas engineer and fireman.

Curve Obstructed View.

A short distance this side of St. Thomas, and in close proximity to the long bridge, is a curve, and it was this bend in the road that prevented the engineers from seeing the approach of the opposite train until they were almost upon each other. At the time of the crash the Pere Marquette regular had not attained a high speed, the rules prevent trains crossing the bridge, except at a reduced rate. The Michigan Central was also running under reduced steam, having just crossed the structure. Otherwise the loss of life and the destruction of property would have been much greater.

Running Thirty miles an Hour.

It is estimated that the trains were running 25 to 30 miles an hour when the crash came. The force of the collision was nevertheless great enough to throw passengers out of their seats, causing several to receive a severe shaking up, and some minor injuries. The engines suffered the most. That of the Pere Marquette was almost demolished, while the M. C. R. locomotive, which was the heavier of the two, did not suffer to the same extent. Both engines remained upright. Although they were derailed.

So quickly did the trains come together the firemen did not have time to jump. Both were jammed between cab and tender, and almost instantly killed. The engineers were more fortunate, and escaped with slight injuries. The engineer on the M. C. R. train was Harry Jones, of St. Thomas, one of the most careful on the road, and a veteran in the service. His fireman was George Hemphill, also of St. Thomas. He was terribly crushed.

The fireman on the Pere Marquette train was a St. Thomas man named Goodhue.

Had Large Load.

There were quite a number of passengers on both trains. The coach on the M. C. R. was fairly well filled, while three or four coaches on the Pere Marquette contained scores of Londoners who were on their way to the city from Port Stanley, where so many have cottages during the summer months.

No Time to Jump.

The passengers had no warning whatever of the impending danger. The trains came to an instantaneous stop, causing some of the occupants to be thrown over the seats and into the aisles of the cars. The greatest confusion prevailed for a time. As far as can be learned none of the passengers were seriously injured. The brakeman on the Pere Marquette train sustained a cut over the eye.

Empties As Buffer.

The lifting of the half a dozen empty coaches by the Pere Marquette train at St. Thomas was doubtless the means of preventing many passengers from being injured. The empties were placed immediately behind the engine, and it was these that suffered the most. The first three or four were badly damaged. The next one was not injured in the slightest, while the one following it was partially destroyed. The coaches following contained the passengers, and they were not damaged.

Wrecking crews were called out and the work of clearing the tracks was commenced. (Continued on Page Eight.)

DEATH SUMMONS JUDGE SEDGWICK

Member of the Supreme Court of Canada Passes Away at Chester.

Halifax, Aug. 4.—Justice Sedgwick, of the supreme court of Canada, died at 4:45 o'clock this morning at Chester, where he had been spending the summer with his family. He has been seriously ill for a couple of weeks and had been unconscious for some days. Besides the members of his family, his brother, Rev. Dr. Thomas Sedgwick, was present when he died.

The late judge was born in Scotland in 1843, and came to Nova Scotia when a year old, his father being Presbyterian minister in Middle Musquidiboit.

Justice Sedgwick has been pulse judge of the supreme court of Canada since 1893. He was born May 10, 1849, his father being the Rev. Robert Sedgwick, of Nova Scotia. Justice Sedgwick was appointed to the Ontario bar in 1872, and a Nova Scotia bar in 1873. He was made a Q.C. in 1880, and recorder of Halifax 1885-1888, and deputy minister of justice from 1888 to 1892.

HART NOT RESIGNING

Will Still Remain in Charge of Chinese Imperial Customs.

London, Aug. 4.—Answering a question in the House of Commons today, Foreign Secretary Grey said the Government had no reason to believe that the report of the intended resignation of Sir Robert Hart, inspector-general of the Chinese imperial customs, was correct. The foreign secretary had been informed by the legation at Peking of the new instructions given to the inspector-general of customs, and they did not appear to be contrary to the assurances given by China that the actual administration of the customs will continue as before.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Aug. 2. Report at. From
Empress.....Liverpool.....Quebec
Bannockburn.....New York
United States.....Copenhagen.....New York
Bremen.....Bremen.....New York
Bostonian.....Manchester.....Boston
Cedric.....Quebec.....New York
Princess Irene.....St. Michael's.....New York

EARTHQUAKE AT MARTINIQUE.

New York, Aug. 4.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Port-de-France, Martinique, says: Four strong earthquake shocks were felt here Thursday night.

NURSES LAID OUT BY PTOMAIN

Twenty of Hospital Staff Victims of Canned Tongue, It Is Said.

New York, Aug. 4.—The World says today: Twenty women nurses of Bellevue Hospital, ill of ptomaine poisoning, have been under treatment since Wednesday in the Bellevue school for training nurses.

It is said that they were poisoned by ptomaine in canned tongue and ham, served for supper at the hospital on Wednesday evening. After Thursday the physicians were able to get five of the nurses on their feet and to send them back to work.

Seven more recovered yesterday and last night there were eight still ill.

ALFONSO AT COWES

Has Racing Craft With Which to Compete in Regatta.

Cowes, Aug. 4.—King Alfonso, who, with Queen Victoria, is visiting Princess Beatrice of Battenberg, brought several small racing craft aboard the cruiser Princess de Asturias, which accompanied the Giralda. These boats will compete in some of the minor events at the Cowes regatta.

It is rumored the king has a big racing yacht concealed somewhere, with which he intends to surprise, but those well-informed do not believe this. Gossip alleges that Alfonso finds Cowes too conventional. He brought his own automobile with him, and in this today he went scorching over practically every road of the island. After he returned to the royal yacht Giralda, his suite lost track of him. He was eventually found in the stockhold.

BRITISH HOUSE ADJOURNS.

London, Aug. 4.—The members of the House of Commons and of the House of Lords met today to clear up the business of the summer session, after which Parliament adjourned until Oct. 23. The session of the Upper House was very brief, their lordships simply meeting to pass the appropriation bill and receive the royal assent to bills passed before the adjournment.

ESSEX FARMERS IN SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Aug. 4.—Thirty-one Essex farmers left the south on Thursday night to study Scottish methods of agriculture, under the auspices of the Essex Education Committee.

DEATH OF ADMIRAL TRAIN

Was Commander-in-Chief of the U. S. Asiatic Fleet.

Chefoo, China, Aug. 4.—The sickness of Rear-Admiral Charles J. Train, commander-in-chief of the United States Asiatic fleet, who died here this morning, began July 20. He arrived here on the flagship Ohio on June 24, went ashore and put up at a hotel, apparently in the best of health. He sailed July 6 to meet the drydock Deyou on her way to the Philippines, and returned here on July 20. He went to his hotel and informed the officers of the Ohio that he was unable to return on board. He was confined to his room shortly afterwards, but his illness was not considered serious yesterday. The admiral's son, Russell, was at his bedside when he died.

The body will be taken on the Ohio to Yokohama.

RICHEST ORGAN-GRINDER

Old Wideman, Worth \$75,000, Is Dead at Toronto.

Toronto, Aug. 4.—Melcher Wideman, 75 years old, believed to have been the richest organ-grinder in the world, died in St. Joseph's Hospital today. He was blinded in an accident at Staten Island twenty-eight years ago and since that time had ground out "Rock of Ages" and "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," at least a million times, as it is said, at the entrance of Glen Island.

Wideman always stuck to sacred music, as he thought it inspired more sympathy than ragtime, and during the busy season his income averaged \$25 daily. It is estimated that he was worth \$75,000. He had no relatives, as his wife, who helped him, died two years ago, and it is thought Wideman left his fortune to the Roman Catholic Church. A priest took charge of the body.

BOTTOM SIDE UP

Two Men and Boy Cling to Captized Boat Many Hours.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 4.—A Virginian Pilot special from Washington says that Captain George McKinney, in command of the schooner Annie Farrow, which arrived here yesterday, boarded on last Wednesday a schooner bottom side up in Pamlico Sound, and rescued 1 A. Ballance, Charles Foster, and a boy named Benjamin Hennessy. They had clung to the boat's bottom since Monday afternoon, and were almost dead from exhaustion and starvation. Mrs. S. A. Johnson and Miss Jennie Burrus, of Middleton, who were in the cabin when the boat capsized, were drowned. The wrecked vessel was supposed to be the Luther B. May, from Hatteras with a cargo of fish.

FUNERAL OF LATE MR. STREET; REMAINS INTERRED AT WOODLAND

Middlesex Bar Attends in a Body—Impressive Services at Toronto Also.

The funeral of the late Honorable William Purvis Rockford Street, justice of the supreme court of judicature of Ontario, who died at Danville, New York, on Wednesday, Aug. 1, took place this afternoon, from "Thornwood," the residence of Mrs. Becher, 229 St. George street, to Woodland Cemetery.

The services were conducted by Bishop Williams and Rev. Canon Mann. The pallbearers were Judge Macbeth, Mr. Richard Bayly, K.C., Mr. Campbell Becher, Mr. Edmund Meredith K.C., Mr. George Harris and Mr. George C. Brown, K.C., while Sir John Carling and Mr. V. Cronyn were honorary pallbearers.

Although a special request was made that no flowers be contributed, many large and exceedingly beautiful wreaths were sent from all parts of the Province.

The members of the Middlesex Bar Association attended the funeral in a body.

Among those who attended from out of town were: Capt. Street, son of deceased; Mr. J. H. Harcourt, Hon. J. H. Harcourt, C. S. McKinnon, C. S. McKinnon, D. R. Wilkie, Henry Bethune and William Langton.

The burial service was impressively read by Rev. J. Broughall, Dr. Ham presiding at the organ. The hymns sung were "On the Resurrection Morn" and "Peace, Perfect Peace."

The body was conveyed after the service on the 4:30 train to London.

A special funeral service in memory of the late Mr. Justice Street was held yesterday afternoon, in the presence of a large gathering of judges and leading practitioners of the Ontario bar. The chief mourners present were Capt. Street, son of the deceased; E. G. and A. Street, brothers; Hugh Langton, son-in-law; Mrs. Funness, King, Langton, Mrs. Foxley and Miss Amy Street. The representatives of the bench present were Chief Justice Falconbridge, Justices Britton, Clute, McMahon, MacLaren, Hodgins and Magee. The honorary pallbearers were Chief Justice Falconbridge, Justice MacMahon, Justice Britton, Justice Magee, Sir Aemilius Irving, E. B. Osler, Col. Sweny, J. Yarker, H. W. Mickie and A. H. Campbell.

Among others in attendance were Dr. Goldwin Smith, Hamilton Cassels, K. C., E. D. Armour, John King, K. C., J. H. Harcourt, C. S. McKinnon, K. C., Nicol Kingsmill, K. C., Lawrence Baldwin, J. D. Falconbridge, Jas. Roaf, Jas. Henderson, W. B. McMurrich, Dr. Grasset, Dr. Reeves, Eric Armour, H. G. Wickham, V. C. Brown, H. J. Bethune, J. H. Harcourt, C. S. McKinnon, D. R. Wilkie, Henry Bethune and William Langton.

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BIG WHEAT CROP WEST WILL REAP

Of Sixty Points Covered, Average Yield Is Placed at 28 1-2 Bushels to Acre.

Winnipeg, Aug. 4.—The crop report of the Canadian Northern Railway, issued last evening, is the fullest and most explanatory statement regarding the big harvest which will be reaped in less than a couple of weeks. The yields run from 18 to 35 bushels an acre. The railway's reports cover 60 points, and will have an average of 28 1/2 bushels to the acre. Swan River, Kingston, Minot, Star City and Prince Albert report as high as 35 bushels to the acre. In the country surrounding Battleford the harvest is uniformly heavy, averaging 30 bushels. The cutting in that district, however, will not commence until Aug. 17. Prince Albert also reports an average of 30 bushels to the acre, being the probable return for harvest date a little later than Battleford. In Manitoba generally the bulletin says: "Excellent. Very good. 'First class,' and so on. In the Brandon district and in South Manitoba at Sudbury, where the farmers and drovers immediately report, the yield indicated is not as large as the Northwestern reports, 18, 20 and 22 bushels to the acre. Wheat is reported from the field. Only one station reported the commencement of the harvest, which is at Minot, where the date was July 28. Three stations report slight damage, ranging from 5 to 10 per cent. They are Underhill, Ell and Wadena. Wadena reports 10 per cent damage from rain and hail. One significant fact indicates the prosperity of the farmers and the activity of the implement firms, and that is that few districts report a shortage of machinery. The Northwestern reports a considerable number of tractors. They are Portage la Prairie, Metchen and Eden.

WHOLESALE RESCUE.

London, Aug. 4.—The Rev. J. R. Wright of St. Fergus' United Free Church, Buchan, saved twelve young women of his church, who were due to be married by the lake by the upsetting of a ferryboat yesterday.

THE KAISER BACK.

Berlin, Aug. 4.—Emperor William returned here today from his cruise in northern waters, and drove immediately to the Marble Palace, the residence of Crown Prince and Crown Princess Frederick William, to see his grandson, who was born at Potsdam on July 4, during his majesty's trip to Trondheim.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS CONVENT.

Copenhagen, Aug. 4.—The third conference of the International League of Women Suffragists will meet here from Aug. 7 to 11. The Queen of Denmark yesterday granted an audience of one hour to Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, of New York, president of the league. Her majesty showed deep interest in the suffragist movement, and regretted that prevented her entertaining the delegates.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW A LITTLE COOLER.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Aug. 3-8 p.m.
A few scattered showers have occurred today in Ontario and Manitoba, while elsewhere in the Dominion the weather has been fine. The temperature continues high from the great lakes to the Maritime Provinces, but is still moderate in the Northwest Provinces.
Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 60-80; Victoria, 60-70; Vancouver, 46-75; Edmonton, 38-72; Qu'Appelle, 50-72; Winnipeg, 62-68; Port Arthur, 58; Parry Sound, 62-58; Toronto, 66-84; Ottawa, 60-84; Montreal, 62-84; Quebec, 64-86; St. John, 58-76; Halifax, 64-78.

Saturday, Aug. 4-8 a.m.
Light to moderate variable winds; most, by fine and decidedly warm, with a few local showers or thunderstorms.
Sunday—A little cooler; northerly winds.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.
Dawson..... 45 40 Fair
Winnipeg..... 55 48 Fair
Port Arthur..... 62 48 Cloudy
Parry Sound..... 62 50 Fair
Toronto..... 66 64 Fair
Ottawa..... 74 66 Fair
Montreal..... 70 70 Cloudy
Quebec..... 70 82 Cloudy
Father Point..... 60 83 Clear

WEATHER NOTES.
Showers occurred yesterday in Manitoba and in Eastern Ontario, while in other parts of Canada the weather was quite fine. Present indications are for a continuation of fine, warm weather in the Northwest Provinces.

CHARGES C.B. WITH BREAKING WORD

Mr. Balfour in Hot Attack on British Premier.

QUITS HOUSE WITH FOLLOWERS

Sensational Scene Occurs Over Debate On the Trade Union Bill.

London, Aug. 4.—The trade dispute bill which is a direct outcome of the Taff Vale decision that trades unions funds are liable for the illegal acts of individual members of a union, passed the committee stage in the House of Commons this morning and was reported to the house amid ministerial cheering.

Considerable excitement marked the debate, during which several amendments proposed by the Government were defeated by narrow majorities, in one case the Government being saved from defeat by a few union votes.

There was a somewhat extraordinary scene after midnight, following Prime Minister Campbell-Bannerman's refusal to accept Lord Robert Cecil's motion to report progress, Lord Robert saying that the Prime Minister had pledged himself that the debate should not continue after 11 o'clock.

When the motion was defeated by a Government majority of 212, Mr. Balfour accused the Prime Minister of deliberately breaking his pledge. He declined to take further part in the proceedings and invited his followers to leave the House.

The invitation of the former prime minister was accepted by all of the three score of members of the Opposition present amid ironical Ministerial, Nationalist and Laborite cheering. A few of those who left the chamber returned, subsequently, but the Opposition bench remained empty, and several Liberals and Radicals took seats on it amid Radical cheering.

The debate then proceeded without interest to its close.

SMUGGLING IN N.B.

Officers On Both Sides of the Line Keeping Sharp Lookout.

Vanburen, Maine, Aug. 4.—The United States and Canadian officials are investigating reports that numerous smuggling operations have been carried on between Vanburen and St. Leonard's, a village on the New Brunswick side of the St. John River. Officers on both sides of the boundary line are keeping a sharp lookout for violations of the laws. It is said that among the articles brought from the American side of the river were several costly instruments used in surveying. Some of these instruments are worth \$120 each, and can be purchased in the United States much cheaper than in Canada. It is claimed that Canadian goods have been taken to Maine free of duty. The United States officers say that men who have been surveying a line of railway through Quebec and New Brunswick used instruments which were smuggled from this country.

TURKEY AGAIN IN TROUBLE

France Maintains Rights in the Tripoli Hinterland.

Paris, Aug. 4.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Temps says M. Constans, the French ambassador, has handed to the Porte three notes, maintaining the French rights in the Djianet Oasis, in the Tripoli Hinterland.

It is said that the Porte is obstinately upholding its claim, and is preparing to raise the whole question of Tripoli Hinterland. It is reported that Turkish troops already have occupied the Djianet Oasis.

The trouble between Turkey and Persia is becoming less acute. The troops of the Turkish Empire on the frontier number 25,000, while the Persian force does not exceed 10,000. Persia is now seeking a pacific settlement of the boundary dispute.

WAR RUMORS FROM NORTH AFRICA

Rebels Marching on Moroccan Capital—Anti-French Agitation Spreads.

London, Aug. 4.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Tangier, published this afternoon, says: "Highly sensational reports are being received here, causing the utmost excitement. Daily, almost hourly, comes information from the interior of the rapid spread of a violent and anti-French agitation. The rebels are concentrating their military contingents around Marakech (Morocco City), the southern capital."

HUSBANDLESS AND SEEKING AID

Two Women, Deserted by Their Spouses, Seek Food and Shelter.

Two women, both of whom claimed to have been deserted by their husbands, were seen by Inspector McCallum and Mayor Judd at the city hall today. One of them had a child of nearly two years, and the other had a baby of a few months. They were in search of aid from the city.

But the city could not do anything for them. One of the women, it transpired, was married in the city, but at the present time her home is beyond the limits, and she was told to apply to the township authorities.

20,000 ARE OUT AT ST. PETERSBURG

The Railways of Russia To Be Tied Up Monday.

HELSINGFORS STRIKE IS OVER

Badly Wrecked From Battle With Mutineers.

Helsingfors, Finland, Aug. 4.—The strike of the employees of the street railroads and factories here is over. All the leaders of the socialist guard have been arrested, and the organization has been broken up.

20,000 Out On Strike.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 4.—2:45 a.m.—St. Petersburg was in darkness for time tonight. The employees of the electric lighting plants ceased work in obedience to the call for a general strike. Later, the electric light service was restored by sailors of the technical corps. The call to strike already had been obeyed by 20,000 factory hands in the capital.

It will be impossible, however, to predict the success of this universal political strike until Monday, as the workmen in St. Petersburg and the provinces have two holidays, Saturday, which is the fête day of the Dowager Empress, and their regular holiday of Sunday.

The only other available index to the situation is the railroads. Up to 2 o'clock this morning the railroad men had not heeded the call for a general strike, except in the case of an insignificant line running to Sestroretsk, and other shore resorts. The men of this road barricaded the line, with the result that they had an important collision with Cossacks last night.

In the meantime, the fate of the Stolypin cabinet sways in the balance, and Russia is upon the verge of disorders which may lead either to the reign of the military or the proletariat. It can be stated definitely that the first step toward a dictatorship may be taken Sunday or Monday by the nomination of Grand Duke Nicholas to the chief command of all the troops in Russia.

This would virtually place him in control of all the disturbed districts of the empire, where martial law has been proclaimed. This matter was a subject of earnest discussion during the interview between the Emperor and Premier Stolypin yesterday. The revolutions at Sveaborg and Cronstadt and the mutiny on board the cruiser Pamay Azova gave the tone to the conversation.

Fortress Badly Wrecked.

Helsingfors, Aug. 3.—11:30 p.m.—The correspondent of the Associated Press today was permitted to look over the fortress on the main island, as well as all the other fortifications overlooking the town. The scenes proved that the mutineers had the upper hand in practically all the fortifications until the arrival of warships. The minor barracks and fortifications and the wharf and neighboring quays bristled with machine guns.

Flagstaffs had been splintered where the mutineers had tried to take away the Russian colors. The most severe fire from the fortress was directed at the headquarters of the commander, who, on the second day of the trouble, was forced to seek shelter in a better protected place. The horror of the vicinity showed plainly the effects of the fighting.

There are today nothing more than tottering ruins, upheld by iron girders. The church in which hangs the memorials of the French and English bombardment of 1855, was struck several times, but it is evident that the mutineers did not wish to destroy the building. The results of the firing were seen in every hand, fragments of shrapnel, chain shot, and shells littering all the walkways. The fortress bore many signs of the bombardment, great rents in the walls, holes in the roof, and destroyed windows telling their own tales. There is no question that until the warships came up the Government was powerless adequately to reply to the mutineers, and was able simply to hold its positions. The commander scarcely had fled from his headquarters, leaving them a heap of fallen ruins, when the warships crept up the coast and opened fire. Taken unawares without leaders and with but little food, the mutineers gave up. It now transpires that there were two officers among the mutinous men, Lieut. Kobonsky and Lieut. Emil Janoff. The latter was wounded; Kobonsky gave himself up to the Russians and asked pardon. A special court is coming here from St. Petersburg next week to try the prisoners. One thousand men are confined in Helsingfors and Skatudden. The total of the casualties is not yet known, but 659 men are missing. It is impossible to say how many were wounded. As previously cabled, only five officers were killed.

St. Petersburg, 2:15 p.m., Aug. 4.—Probably not more than 30,000 workmen were out when the general Russian strike went officially into force at noon today. The final decision to call (Continued on Page Eight.)

FOUNDED IN 1863.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY — WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.

LONDON, SATURDAY, AUG. 4.

The only objection to this measure is the supervision of the school child which has been raised in the sphere of higher taxation, but in the report of the House of Commons the feeling in regard to it was unmistakable, and unless the House of Lords rejects the enactment it will soon be the law of the land. It has been rightly reasoned that it is the duty of the State, for its own welfare, to compel the parent to send his child to school. It is proper that reasonable limits should be made as to the fitness of the child to participate in school exercises. He may, for example, be physically or mentally unfit to become a student, or may be unequal to the work because, through neglect, he has suffered, and he may be unable to suffer from consumption or other disease and may thus prove a menace to the health of his fellow pupils.

ing.
"No. It was a chicken that hatched from a hen instead of feathers."
"Fur?"
"Yes. It was hatched from a snake's egg."

ONE OF ROYALTY'S WOE
[Boston Herald.]

How serious the Prince of Wales' health may be will never be known until he dies. The real state of royalty is seldom admitted. It is impossible for royalty to play a worldly part were sickness and

At last, making up her mind to her husband and, of course, being cheated by a cashier, she withdrew the deposit from the 3 per cent bank and turned it over at the other place. That evening she said: "I know, dear, that I saved lots of money today."
"How?" he asked.
"By placing our money in a bank that costs only 2 per cent instead of 3 per cent. It is infinitely cheap, and—"

Harris was acquitted of the perjury charge on his wife's testimony that she had told him she was 18, and that he was on this information he had based his affidavit in procuring the marriage license.

The neighborhood is divided over the matter. There have been several fistcuffs and whitecap notices here served on Downs.

& Co., 126, 128

50c, for.....**25**

50 Boys' Wash Suits, for boys
3 to 7 years. Worth \$1.
tonight.....**69**

the real thing—the spectacular gazabo who gives out the divorce and matrimonial news—is still watching the world with sitting Responsibility sit but lightly the man who has given no hostages

This food is now handled by nearly every grocer, has a tremendous sale, and all this has been done quietly and on its merit. After trying a first package people dashed for the second and a big business has been built.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

The Superior to Any on the Market.

Refuse Substitutes.

Lead Packets Only—25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb.—At All Grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904

The House of a Thousand Candles

BY MEREDITH NICHOLSON. [Copyright, 1905, by Bobbs-Merrill Co.]

"But there are many reasons; and above all Sister Theresa needs me."

It was the voice of Olivia, a little lower, a little more restrained than I had known it.

"But think of the rose gardens that are waiting for us out there!" said the other lady. They were showing her the deference that elderly women always have for pretty girls.

"Alas, and again alas!" exclaimed Olivia. "Please don't make it harder for me than necessary. But I gave my promise a year ago to spend these holidays in Cincinnati."

She ignored me wholly, and after shaking hands with the ladies, returned to the other platform. I wondered whether she was overlooking Taylor on purpose to cut me.

Taylor was still at his lecture on the seeds of our American merchant marine, when Pickering passed hurriedly across the track, and began speaking earnestly to the girl in gray.

"The American flag should go—and the seas. What we need is not more battleships, but more freight-carriers!" Taylor was saying.

But I was watching Olivia Gladys Armstrong. In a long skirt, with her

half caught up under a gray toque, that matched her coat perfectly, she was not my Olivia of the tam-o'-shanter, who had pursued the rabbit; nor yet the unsophisticated school girl, who had suffered my idiotic babble; nor, again, the dreamy, rapt organist of the chapel. She was a grown woman, with at least twenty summers to her credit, and there was about her an air of knowing the world, and of not being at all a person one would make foolish speeches to. She spoke to Pickering gravely. Once she smiled dolefully, and shook her head, and I vaguely strove to remember where I had seen that look in her eyes before. Her gold beads, which I had once carried in my pocket, were clasped tight about the close collar of her dress; and I was glad, very glad, that I had ever touched anything that belonged to her.

"As the years go by we are going to dominate trade more and more. Our manufacturers already lead the world, and what we make we've got to sell, haven't we?" demanded Taylor.

"Certainly, sir," I answered warmly. "Who was Olivia Gladys Armstrong, and what was Arthur Pickering's business with her? And what was it she had said to me that evening when I

half caught up under a gray toque, that matched her coat perfectly, she was not my Olivia of the tam-o'-shanter, who had pursued the rabbit; nor yet the unsophisticated school girl, who had suffered my idiotic babble; nor, again, the dreamy, rapt organist of the chapel. She was a grown woman, with at least twenty summers to her credit, and there was about her an air of knowing the world, and of not being at all a person one would make foolish speeches to. She spoke to Pickering gravely. Once she smiled dolefully, and shook her head, and I vaguely strove to remember where I had seen that look in her eyes before. Her gold beads, which I had once carried in my pocket, were clasped tight about the close collar of her dress; and I was glad, very glad, that I had ever touched anything that belonged to her.

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"Certainly, sir," I answered warmly. "Who was Olivia Gladys Armstrong, and what was Arthur Pickering's business with her? And what was it she had said to me that evening when I

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had found her playing on the chapel organ? So much happened that day that I had almost forgotten, and, indeed, I had tried to forget. I had made a fool of myself for the edification of an amusing little schoolgirl. "I see you prefer to ignore the first time I ever saw you," she had said; but if I had thought of this at all it had been with righteous self-contempt. Or, I may have flattered my vanity with the reflection that she had eyed me—her eyes, perhaps—with wistful admiration across the wall.

Meanwhile the Chicago express roared into Annandale and the private car was attached. Taylor watched the trainmen with the cool interest of a man for whom the proceeding had no novelty, while he continued to dilate upon the nation's commercial opportunities. I turned perforce, and walked with him back toward the station, where Mrs. Taylor and her sister were talking to the conductor.

Pickering came running across the platform with several telegrams in his hand. The express had picked up the car and was ready to continue its journey westward.

"I'm awfully sorry, Glenarm, that our stop's so short," and Pickering's face wore a hurried look as he addressed me, his eyes on the conductor.

"How far do you go?" I asked.

"California. We have interests out there and I have to attend some stockholders' meetings in Colorado in January."

"Ah, you business men! You business men!" I said reproachfully. I wished to call him a blackguard then and there, and it was on my tongue to do so, but I concluded that to wait until he had shown his hand fully was the better game.

The ladies entered the car and I shook hands with Taylor, who threatened to send me his pamphlet on "The Needs of American Shipping," when he got back to New York.

"It's too bad she wouldn't go with us. Poor girl! This must be a dreary hole for her; she deserves wider horizons," he said to Pickering, who helped him upon the platform of the car with what seemed to be unnecessary precipitation.

"You little know us," I declared, for Pickering's benefit. "Life at Annandale is nothing if not exciting. The people here are indifferent to marksmen or there'd be murder galore."

"Mr. Glenarm is a good deal of a wag," explained Pickering dryly, swinging himself aboard as the train started.

"It is my humor that keeps me alive," I responded, and taking off my hat, I saluted Arthur Pickering with my broadest salutation.

CHAPTER XV.

I Make an Engagement.

The southbound train had not arrived and as I turned away the station agent again changed its time on the bulletin board. I was now due in ten minutes. A few students had boarded the Chicago train, but a great number still waited on the farther platform.

The girl in gray was surrounded by half a dozen students, all talking animatedly. As I walked toward them I could not justify my stupidity in mistaking a grown woman for a schoolgirl of fifteen or sixteen; but it was the tam-o'-shanter, the short skirt, the youthful joy in the outdoor world that had disguised her as effectively as Rosalind to the eyes of Orlando in the forest of Arden. She was probably a teacher—quite likely the teacher of music, I argued, who had amused herself at my expense.

It had seemed the easiest thing in the world to approach her with an apology or a farewell, but those few inches added to her skirt, and that pretty gray toque substituted for the tam-o'-shanter set up a barrier that did not yield at all as I drew nearer. At the last moment, as I crossed the track and stepped upon the other platform, it occurred to me that while I might have some claim upon the attention of Olivia Gladys Armstrong, a wayward schoolgirl of athletic tastes, I had none whatever upon a person whom it was proper to address as Miss Armstrong—who was, I felt sure, quite capable of snubbing me if snubbing fell in with her mood.

She glanced toward me and bowed instantly. Her young companions withdrew to a conservative distance; and I will say this for the St. Agatha girls: Their manners are beyond criticism, and an affable discretion is one of their most admirable traits.

"I didn't know they ever grew up so fast—in a day and a night."

I was glad I remembered the number of beads in her chain; the item seemed at once to become important again.

"It's the air, I suppose. It's praised by excellent critics, as you may learn from the catalogue."

"But you are going to an ampler ether, a diviner air. You have attained the beating state and at once take flight. If they confer perfection like an academic degree at St. Agatha's, then

I had never felt so stupidly helpless in my life. There were a thousand things I wished to say to her; there were countless questions I wished to ask; but her calmness and poise were disconcerting. She had no air of being the slightest curious about me; and there was no reason why she should have. I knew that she was enough! Her eyes met mine easily; their azure depths puzzled me. She was almost, but not quite, someone I had seen before, and I was not my woodland Olivia. Her eyes, the soft curve of her cheek, the light in her hair—but the memory of another time, another place, another girl, lured only to baffle me.

She laughed—a little murmuring laugh.

"But I don't see how that helps me with you?"

"It certainly does not! That is a much more serious matter, Mr. Glenarm."

"And the worst of it is that I haven't a single thing to say for myself. It wasn't the not knowing that was so utterly stupid—"

"Certainly not! It was talking that ridiculous twaddle. It was trying to flirt with a silly schoolgirl. What will do for fifteen is somewhat vacuous for

me. She paused abruptly, colored and laughed.

"I am twenty-seven!"

"And I am just the usual age," she said.

"Ages don't count, but time is important. There are many things I wish you'd tell me—you who hold the key of the gate of mystery."

"Then you'll have to pick the lock!" She laughed lightly. The somber Sisters

patrolling the platform with their charges headed us little.

"I had no idea you knew Arthur Pickering—when you were just Olivia in the tam-o'-shanter."

"Maybe you think he wouldn't have cared for my acquaintance—as Olivia in the tam-o'-shanter. Men are very queer."

"But Arthur Pickering is an old friend of mine."

"So he told me."

"We were neighbors in our youth."

"I believe I have heard him mention it."

"And we did our prep school together, and then parted."

"You tell exactly the same story, so it must be true. He went to college and you went to Tech."

"And you knew him—?" I began, my curiosity thoroughly aroused.

"Not at college, any more than I knew you at Tech."

"The train's coming," I said earnestly, "and I wish you would tell me when I shall see you again."

"Before we part forever?" There was a mischievous hint of the Olivia in her skirts in her tone.

"Please don't suggest it! Our times have been strange and few. There was that first night, when you called to me from the lake."

"How impertinent! How dare you remember that?"

"And there was that other encounter at the chapel porch. Neither you nor I had any right to be there. I admit my own culpability."

She colored again.

"But you spoke as though you understood what you must have heard there. It is important for me to know. I have a right to know just what you meant by that warning."

Real distress showed in her face for an instant. The agent and his helpers rushed the last baggage down the platform, and the rails hummed their warning of the approaching train.

"I was warning you on my own account," she said hurriedly, and with a note of finality. "I was there by intention, and—there was another hint of the tam-o'-shanter in the mirth that seemed to bubble for a moment in her throat—it's too bad you didn't see me, for I had on my prettiest gown, and the fog wasn't good for it. But you know as much of what was said there as I do. You are a man, and I have heard that you have had some experience in taking care of yourself, Mr. Glenarm."

"To be sure; but there are times when—"

"Yes, there are times when the odds seem rather heavy. I have noticed that myself."

She smiled, but for an instant the sad look came into her eyes—a look that vaguely but insistently suggested another time and place.

"I want you to come back," I said boldly, for the train was very near, and I felt that the eyes of the Sisters were upon us. "You cannot go away where I shall not find you."

To be continued.

Real Estate in Ontario

A few days ago there was a long article in the Toronto Globe in reference to the depreciation of land values in Ontario, and particularly east of Toronto. Mr. Burrows, the manager of the Western Real Estate Exchange of this city, says that farm, city, town and business properties west of Toronto have been more in demand this year than any year since the Exchange started business, seven years ago. Mr. Burrows claims that this demand is owing in a large measure to the extensive advertising which the Exchange has given to all kinds of real estate in Ontario. Although the Exchange has advertised extensively in Canada, the United States and Great Britain, it has devoted its energies to selling and exchanging real estate and business properties, west and north of Toronto. It has spent over \$25,000 in advertising and establishing its business, and it intends increasing its capital to \$100,000, in order to enlarge the scope of its operations.

The individual real estate dealer generally reaches only local buyers. This is the owner of the property himself can generally do about as well as an agent. To reach the buyer who lives perhaps a hundred miles away, as well as the local buyer, has been the problem which the Exchange has so successfully accomplished. It has a district manager, and several valuers and inspectors, as well as general and local agents, in every county west and north of Toronto, and it expects to establish its business in the same way over the eastern part of the Province before another year. The Exchange has the assistance and co-operation of over two hundred newspapers, magazines and periodicals and over 200 agents and representatives in advertising, selling and exchanging real estate and business properties in Ontario.

For Farm Laborers.

\$12 good going from London, Aug. 14, to points in Manitoba and Assiniboia, via Grand Trunk Railway. Special arrangements for returning. Secure tickets from E. J. Hooke, C. P. and T. A., or at Depot Office.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Grass and Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street, Phone 97.

LOW SUMMER TOURIST RATES WEST.

During the entire summer the Chicago and Northwestern Railway will have in effect very low round trip tourist rates to Colorado, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia points. Choice of routes going and returning with favorable stopovers and time limits. Very low excursion rates to the Pacific coast from June 25 to July 7. For further particulars, illustrated folders, etc., write or call on B. H. Bennett, general agent, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont. Mat-13a

IT IS AN ELIXIR OF LIFE.—Since forgotten time, men have been seeking for the Elixir of Life, which tradition says once existed. Dr. Thomas' Kidney Pills is an elixir before which pain cannot live. It is made up of six essential oils, carefully blended so that the curative properties are concentrated in one. It has no equal in the treatment of lumbago, rheumatism and all bodily pains.

When the Liver is out of Order

calomel, cascara, salts, strong liver pills and purging mineral waters won't do any permanent good.

When a person is bilious, the liver is not giving up enough bile to move the bowels regularly—and some of the bile is being absorbed by the blood. In other words, the liver is in a weakened, unhealthy condition.

Now, purgatives don't act on the liver at all. They merely irritate the bowels, and afford only temporary relief. But FRUIT-A-TIVES are the one true LIVER TONIC. They act directly on the liver—strengthen and invigorate this vital organ—and put it in a normal, healthy condition.

FRUIT-A-TIVES also stimulate the glands of the skin—and regulate the kidneys and sweeten the stomach. When skin, liver and kidneys are normally healthy, there can be no biliousness, no constipation, no kidney trouble, no impure blood, no headaches.

No other medicine known to science is so reliable and so effective in curing Biliousness as these fruit liver tablets.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are fruit juices with tonics added—and are free from alcohol and dangerous drugs.

See a box or 6 for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price, if your druggist does not handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.

THE TRADE REVIEW

Bradstreet's Reports Excellent Conditions Throughout the Dominion.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Bradstreet's trade review (weekly summary):

London reports say: There is a feeling of buoyancy regarding the trade outlook here, although the movement of stocks at the moment is quiet. Orders for fall lines, however, are good. Collections are coming forward fairly well.

Montreal reports say: Wholesale trade generally has shown more activity during the past week. Seasonable lines of drygoods are moving more briskly, and there is continued activity in the delivery of fall lines. Manufacturers' agents are seeking wholesale orders for dressgoods, and are meeting with encouragement despite the fact prices are so high.

Groceries are quiet, with the exception of sugars, for which there is a heavy demand. Collections continue generally fair to good. Trade in dairy products continues active. Shipments of cheese are very heavy, and prices hold fairly well, although an easier tone is reported at country points.

Butter is also easier. The general outlook for trade is very satisfactory, reflecting the promising outlook for crops in all parts of Canada.

Toronto reports say: All lines of wholesale and retail trade here continue active. In drygoods the demand for fall lines is brisk, and good orders are being placed covering a wide range of lines. It is reported the pack of peas will not be above 65 per cent, and they are firm. The back country trade is quiet, as is usual during harvest, but crop prospects are bright, and with higher prices for all kinds of country produce, the farming community is in a position of prosperity such as has seldom been known.

Winnipeg reports say: There has been a big business in retail trade here during the past week, and there has been a good reorder business in almost all lines of wholesale stocks.

The movement in fall lines continues active, and the trade outlook continues bright. The weather has been favorable for growing crops. Stories of rust are not well borne out, and trade is stimulated by the bright prospects for a very heavy yield of grain. Collections are generally fair.

Wholesale and Victoria reports say: Vancouver and Seattle along the coast continue very active. The trade of the interior is moving well, and provincial industries show continued activity. Prospects favor a good pack of salmon.

Ottawa reports say: There is little change to trade conditions here. Farmers are busy taking in crops, all of which promise well. There is continued activity in dairy products.

Stockholm has slot machines which for a copper yield a glass of warm milk.

From Chicago via the Chicago and Northwestern Railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 11 to 13, final return limit Sept. 30, 1906. Correspondingly low rates from many points in Canada. Low side-trip rates from Minneapolis-St. Paul. Stopover allowed at Chicago returning. For illustrated folder and further particulars write or call on B. H. Bennett, general agent, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont. 91-c-t

Build With Cement Blocks

The most modern block with a guarantee as to durability and quality. We would like to show you samples.

R. H. SMITH

15 Brighton Street, London.

Blue Ribbon Tea

It makes the day seem shorter and work lighter. BLACK, GREEN, MIXED—25c to \$1.00 a lb.—ALL GROCERS.

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION TORONTO.

AUG. 27th TO SEPT. 10th 1906

COMPLETE DISPLAY OF CANADA'S INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES.

BY GRACIOUS PERMISSION OF THE KING HIS HOUSEHOLD BAND

GO THE LIFE GUARDS

WILL PLAY TWICE DAILY 11 A.M. & 4 P.M.

IVANHOE

MAGNIFICENT AND COSTLY ART LOAN EXHIBIT.

GRAND FIREWORKS DISPLAY.

J. O. ORR, Manager & Secretary.

91c-t 20-4-22

SHREDDED WHEAT

MADE IN CANADA of choicest Ontario Wheat. Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid. CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

Feel young again. Why not? Take a drink of

Toma-Cola

SODA FOUNTAINS AND HOTELS

5 Cents

BOTTLED BY JAMES TUNE & SON.

Not Taking Chances

When you buy your bedding from us. Only No. 1 quality made and sold by this house. The

Harinfelt Mattress

HARINFELT MATTRESS VENTILATES ITSELF

Harinfelt is a combination of the crisp, resilient properties of sterilized horsehair with the softer, downy qualities of carded staple cotton. Having three layers of pure horsehair running through the center it ventilates itself. All sizes in stock. Prices range from

\$15.00 for 4 feet 6 inches to \$12.00 for 3 feet wide.

All 6 feet 4 inches long.

JOHN FERGUSON & SONS

174-180 King Street

Going Out of Town For the Summer?

If you are, why not arrange to have the Daily Advertiser sent to you by mail? The address may be changed as often as desired and your orders will receive prompt attention. Phone 107 or write The Advertiser, London, Ont.

Advertiser Patterns

Designed by Martha Dean.



A YOUTHFUL MORNING GOWN—4051.

So early is a desire for daintiness being developed in the Canadian girl that even those not yet in their teens are demanding negligees of all degrees of dressiness. A suggestion for a gown of this kind is given and may be realized at little expense and labor. The front and back may be tucked or gathered at the neck edge, the latter being a bit more graceful if the Dutch neck is used. The simple bishop sleeve is given as well as the shorter flowing one. Worn with an Empire or Kate Greenaway girle, the effect is most quaint and fetching. Among suitable materials are lawn, challis and any soft silk, the 10 year size demanding 5 yards of 27-inch material. Sizes, 2 to 16 years.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER:

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name

No. Street

Town Province

Measurement—Waist Bust

Age (if child's or miss' pattern)

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark, 22, 24, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When miss' or child's pattern write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than four days, from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postal order. Do not send stamps.

ADDRESS PATTERN DEPARTMENT, ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONT.

ROOSEVELT SEES AN ALIEN PERIL

Hopes to Raise the Standard
of Immigrant.

TO GET ONLY EUROPE'S BEST

New Measure Will Insist Upon Each
Male Having a Little Money
and Good Physique.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 3. — The expectation of the public, that the last fiscal year would witness a greater volume of immigration than ever before, has been realized, according to the official figures reported today to Commissioner-General, Francis H. Sargent. The number of immigrants who entered the country during that period is given at 1,109,722. The increase over the year 1905 was 14,221.

Few persons are aware of the attention the President is giving to the question of immigration. He considers that the tremendous number of aliens admitted form one of the vital questions of the day, and in his forthcoming annual message he proposes to discuss the character of immigration and the features of legislation Congress should enact in order to insure the admission of only those aliens who will become sober, industrious American citizens.

The two Houses of Congress passed immigration bills, during in many essential particulars, during the session, but adjournment occurred without an agreement. When Congress reconvenes the conferees of the two Houses will reassemble, and endeavor to draft a measure, which will be acceptable to the two Houses. The President will point out in his message the necessity of an agreement as early as possible in order that the evils now existing may be cured without delay.

No disposition existed on the part of prominent leaders of the House to hasten action on immigration legislation, because of the feeling which has been aroused among naturalized citizens by the steps in that direction already taken. Of course, after the Congressional elections in November, the House leaders will regard themselves as in a position to act with less consideration of the effect upon the naturalized vote than they were during the session just closed.

From all classes, particularly Jews, came protest against the bill reported by the majority of the House committee on naturalization and immigration, because of its provisions, increasing from \$2 to \$5 the tax imposed upon each immigrant entering the country, and the establishment of an additional test, it was claimed, these provisions will operate to keep out healthy families who could not pay the aggregate tax which would be applied, and Jews particularly declared the educational test would result in the exclusion of a desirable class of Russians and Poles of their races and interfere with the movement for their colonization in the Southern States.

The House disapproved the action of the committee, maintaining the tax at the present rate, and declined to authorize the educational test, adopting instead an amendment offered by Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, creating a commission to make a full inquiry into the subject of immigration.

The remaining features of the committee's bill were adopted. These add to the excluded classes persons who are imbeciles, feeble-minded, or who have been at any time insane, and under certain circumstances persons of poor physique, and are designed to make clear provisions of the existing law with reference to contract labor; make it a misdemeanor instead of unlawful to import contract labor; impose a penalty of not exceeding two years for illegal landing of an alien; provide a penalty of not exceeding two years for preventing improper landing of aliens; impose penalties for failure on the part of transportation companies to comply with deportation orders; excludes every adult male alien who has not \$5 in his possession, and every female alien and every male alien under 16 years who is not possessed of \$5, but provides that if the head of a family has \$50 this amount shall be considered sufficient to admit the whole family except for grown-up sons.

The Senate bill is considered by Senator Lodge and Senator Dillingham, the latter chairman of the Senate committee on immigration, to be superior to the House measure, and they propose to insist that the House shall yield. It differs from the House bill in many particulars, in imposing a head tax of \$5, forbidding transportation companies to solicit or encourage immigration, establishing a division of information in the bureau of immigration to promote beneficial distribution of aliens admitted into the United States, and containing an educational test under which the immigrant must read not less than twenty-five words of the Constitution of the United States, printed in the language he may prefer.

MINERS FINED FOR ATTENDING FUNERAL.

Cardiff, Aug. 4. — Twenty-two colliers of the Plymouth Merthyr pits were summoned at Merthyr yesterday for absenting themselves from work on the occasion of the funeral of a comrade on May 22. The case has been adjourned, and it was stated yesterday that the men were about to confer with the management on the question of their customary attendance at such funerals. The pit manager proved that the loss to the company owing to the men's absence was \$150, and the Magistrate fined each defendant \$1 25.

A woman's "I means yes only when she says it to the right man."

Maha-Vita
"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something that is good has no good for you. Judgment of your health. It's delicious.

A COUNT IN JAIL

Throws Suit Away, Thrashes Sailor
and Disables Policeman.

Paris, Aug. 4. — Count Marie Alexander de Monti de Reze has been sentenced by a Paris court to one year's imprisonment and a fine of \$40 for assaulting his tailor and severely injuring a policeman who went to the tailor's assistance.

The tailor, M. Adouard, took a new suit to the count's rooms to be tried on. The count was displeased with the suit and flung the garments out of the window into the street, where they were promptly seized by a passing tramp. The tailor remonstrated with the count, who handed him and the policeman so roughly that the latter had to be taken to the hospital. The count was ordered to pay the policeman \$240 damages.

FOREST FIRES ABOUT COBALT

Gillies' Limit Threatened and
Silver City Itself May
Be Wiped Out.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 3. — Mr. Armand de Bruyere, who arrived in the city this morning, states that when he left Cobalt yesterday afternoon the fire was raging, and the town was fairly in the track of the flames, particularly if the wind freshened. There is not one, but a dozen fires in progress, for the season has been very dry, and a breeze springs up an incipient blaze is easily fanned into a roaring fire.

The main center of the present conflagration is around Mud Lake and working towards the Gillies limit, and the firm has a large staff of men engaged in fighting the flames. In addition to the threatened destruction of the town of Cobalt and the miles of valuable timber limits which are imperiled, there are scores of mining plants around there, each one with from five to ten buildings, and many of these have been burned or are in the path of the flames.

Unless a heavy rainfall occurs, the whole district may be wiped out. As it is, thousands of dollars of damage has been occasioned, and there is great excitement in the district.

GREEN AND GAYNOR SUE

Put in Claim for \$300,000 Against the
United States Government.

New York, Aug. 3. — At the request of Kellogg & Rose, of this city, counsel for Greene and Gaynor, under conviction for embezzlement in connection with the harbor improvements at Savannah, Ga., the Attorney-General of the United States has fixed Sept. 27 next as the date for the examination of Greene and Gaynor in their claims now pending against the Government in the court of claims. The examination will be held at the prison in Macon, Ga., where they are confined, according to a statement made today by J. Lafin Kellogg, who said he had received notice to that effect from Attorney-General Moody at Washington.

"This is the action," said Mr. Kellogg, "brought by the Atlantic Contracting Company, under which name Greene and Gaynor did business, against the Government to recover damages for breach of the same contracts which formed the basis of the charges of which they were recently convicted at Savannah. Our clients' claims amount to \$350,000 actually earned and certified by the Government officers, and admittedly unpaid for, in addition to over \$500,000 in profits on work remaining to be done. After all the evidence for the plaintiffs in these proceedings had been introduced the Government procured a stay, pending the absence of Greene and Gaynor in Canada. Their presence in this country now makes it necessary for the stay to be vacated, and the examination had by the Government was convicted at Savannah and were fined \$350,000 and sentenced to serve two years each in prison.

THE KINGSTON RIOTERS

Italians Implicated in Mix-Up of June
28 Sent Up for Trial.

Kingston, Aug. 3. — Giuseppe Donofrio, charged with wounding with intent and stabbing Vincenzo Delialla, shooting with intent; Pascolia Ferrari, Ricci Nicolo, Donofrio and D. Donofrio, for rioting, were sent up for trial today. They were concerned in the rioting at the Grand Trunk station on June 28, because they could not get an advance in wages. Six others, held since the riot were released. Sergeant Nesbitt and Special Agent McRae, of the G. T. R., who were stabbed, gave evidence at the preliminary hearing before Mayor Mowat.

It is said that the Grand Trunk Railway Company intends pushing the case so as to deter other bodies of foreigners hereafter employed from rioting and acting unlawfully. The four alleged rioters will likely be tried by Judge Price. The two others will ask for trial by jury at the fall assizes.

IMPERIAL DEFENSE.

London, Aug. 3. — Discussing in the House of Commons the debate on colonial representation the Imperial Council of the Government says it advocates that the thought of the colonies should be to contribute directly to the imperial defense, and therefore have part in any policies whenever the need happens to require such a department, as we have set up in the main. It is necessary to allow the colonies to make the next move in the game which Sir Gilbert Parker is a little too anxious to force.

Speaking of colonization schemes, Booth said they have been receiving 1,500 applications a day by names on a register, which represented something like 100,000 people who are anxious to go abroad. This year there were already 13,000 sent, and next year it is hoped to send 20,000 or 30,000.

A PIRATE'S SKIN.

One Belonging to Danish Buccaneer
Sold for Good Price.

London, Aug. 4. — The present market value of a pirate king's skin is \$5 per square inch.

This was the price given at Stevens' auction rooms, Covent Garden, for a square inch of the outer covering of a Danish rover, whose career was cut short as the result of an act of sacrilege. The same piece of skin was sold in the same auction room eighteen months ago for \$15. "This Danish pirate king," the auctioneer declared, "was flayed alive for an act of sacrilege at the church at Hadstock, in Essex. After his death strips of his skin were fastened to the door of the church."

FAY TEMPLETON'S THIRD VENTURE

Her Marriage to a Pittsburg
Millionaire Recalls a Former Romance.

Philadelphia, Aug. 4. — Announcement was made that Fay Templeton, the musical comedy star, was married to William J. Patterson, said to be a millionaire of Pittsburg, at the home of Miss Templeton's sister, the wife of Dr. Benjamin C. Giles, at Ridley Park, yesterday.

The ceremony is said to have been performed by the Rev. Francis C. Steinmetz, rector of Christ Episcopal Church at Ridley Park.

The marriage license, which was issued at Media yesterday, reads: "William J. Patterson of Pittsburg, to Fay T. Osborne, of New York."

Inquiry at the home of Dr. Giles elicited the information from servants that neither the doctor nor Mrs. Giles was married to Patterson at the time announced.

The couple left Ridley Park for Philadelphia, where their baggage was checked. No information could be got as to their destination.

Fay Templeton is 41 years old and has been on the stage since childhood. Her father and mother were theatrical performers. Her last appearance was in George Cohan's musical comedy, "Forty-five Minutes from Broadway." She closed in this piece in Chicago a few weeks ago.

The actress has always been a great favorite with the public because of her cleverness as a mimic and burlesque artist. Some of her most notable successes were at Weber & Field's Music Hall, where she made a hit in impersonating leading actresses.

It has been a superstition with managers for years that anything that Fay Templeton went into would surely be a success. Many shows that by getting her to jump in and take a part. One particular instance was "The Runaways" at the Casino several years ago. This piece was considered a hopeless case until the management got Fay Templeton. She personally created a new role for herself in the piece, added to her lines each night as she went along, and in a week she had made a success of the show.

Miss Templeton's first matrimonial venture as far as can be ascertained was with Billy West, the minstrel man. She left him after a honeymoon of six days.

While Howell Osborn, who died in 1895, was alive there was always a question as to whether or not he was married to Fay Templeton. Many persons asserted that they were married, while others were equally positive that they were not. The fact that Osborn and the actress always denied that they were married caused the belief that they were merely good friends to become general.

After the death of Osborn and the subsequent settlement of his affairs the secret came out. It was then that the actress began to sign her name Fay Osborn and also to have her friends address her as Mrs. Osborn. It is then known that she and Osborn had been married in a little town in France many years before.

The reason for their keeping the secret was apparent. When Howell Osborn's mother died he was distinctly said that if her son married an actress the money she left him was to go to a charitable institution which had a large reversionary interest in the estate. Osborn feared that this institution might get the money allotted to him should his marriage be established. His income was more than \$20,000 a year. It is said that during the remaining years of his life he saved a part of this and had it placed to the account of the actress. In this way he was able to leave her upon his death something like \$100,000. He had no control over the estate of his mother and only got the interest. Her fortune at his death went to the charitable institution she had endowed.

Osborn and the actress lived together as man and wife for years. He died in Fay Templeton's home in this city.

PILES

Delightful Season for Short Outing.
For London Civic Holiday, single fare will be in effect via Grand Trunk Railway, good going p.m. trains Saturday, Aug. 4, all trains Aug. 5 and stations in Canada, also to Port Huron and Detroit, Mich., Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N. Y. Secure tickets at City Office, corner Richmond and Dundas streets, or at depot.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.
Delightful Season for Short Outing.
For London Civic Holiday, single fare will be in effect via Grand Trunk Railway, good going p.m. trains Saturday, Aug. 4, all trains Aug. 5 and stations in Canada, also to Port Huron and Detroit, Mich., Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N. Y. Secure tickets at City Office, corner Richmond and Dundas streets, or at depot.

WORMS CAUSE feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effective. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

CANADIAN PACIFIC FARM LABORERS To Manitoba and Saskatchewan \$12.00

AUGUST 14—
From London. Also stations south of but not including G. T. R. main line Toronto to Sarnia.

AUGUST 17—
Main Line, Toronto to Sarnia, and stations north.

Returning fare \$18.00 if conditions are complied with.

Write C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., 71 Yonge Street, Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CIVIC HOLIDAY MONDAY AUG. 6 RETURN TICKETS AT SINGLE FARE

TO ALL STATION IN CANADA,
PORT ARTHUR AND EAST,
AND TO BUFFALO AND DETROIT.

Tickets good going p.m. trains Aug. 4, all trains Aug. 5 and 6. Returning until and on Aug. 7. Detroit and Return, \$1.60. Special train leaves at 7:30 a.m.

Call on Any CANADIAN PACIFIC Agent

IRON BEDS

We are headquarters for Iron Beds. We carry over one hundred different styles and our prices are as small as our stock is large.

This week we are giving special prices. It will pay you to come and examine them.

Our regular \$17.50 Beds for..... \$14.00
Our regular \$13.50 Beds for..... \$10.00
Our regular \$10.00 Beds for..... \$8.00
Our regular \$7.00 Beds for..... \$5.50

Also special prices on Mattresses and Springs.

The Ontario Furniture Co.
228-230 Dundas Street.

Diamond Wheatlets

Is not only the purest and most nutritious breakfast food in the market, but it is the most easily prepared, cooked to perfection in two minutes.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT
Manufactured by
HUNT BROS., - CITY MILLS.

Woods' Fair

Hose Supporters, 35c
Ladies' Pad Hose Supporters, in cardinal, pink, blue and yellow, with strap around waist, strong elastic, nickel clasps, Rubber-capped, sale price..... 35c

Linen-Bound Books, 25c
Fine assortment of Linen-Bound Books, with white lettering. Below we mention a few of the titles:

The Children of the Abbey.
Thelma.
Kenneth.
The Green Mountain Boy.
Guy Mannering.

25c Cushion Tops, 15c
Fine assortment of Cushion Tops, assorted patterns, tinted in different colors for embroidery; sale price..... 15c

90c Linen, 65c Yard
27 yards of Pure Irish Linen, bleached, 40 inches wide, and regular 90c; sale price, a yard..... 65c

Tissue Paper Lunch Sets, 25c
Tissue Paper Lunch Sets—1 large table cover, 1 dozen doilies and 1 dozen table napkins; sale price, a set..... 25c

50c Playing Cards, 35c
Playing Cards, celluloid finish, nice designs, gilt edged, regular 50c, sale price..... 35c

Invitation Notepaper, 10c Box
Invitation Notepaper, 24 sheets paper and 24 envelopes, blue or white linen; special sale price, a box..... 10c

"Electric"
Laundry Soap, sale price 10c
bars for 25c.

Woods' Fair
Ladies' Vests 10c each.
Sousen Post-cards, 5 for 5c.

NEW YORK EXCURSIONS.
Aug. 16 is the date of the West Shore excursion from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo to New York. Rate \$9, round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including Aug. 30. Tickets will give privilege of trip on Hudson River steamers in either or both directions between Albany and New York, without extra charge. New York Central, "America's Greatest Railroad," will run a 15-day excursion on Aug. 23, from Buffalo to New York, via Suspension Bridge or Buffalo. Full particulars from L. Drago, Canadian Passenger Agent, 69 1/2 Yonge Street, Toronto. 86g zxytywt

When a man has to carve a turkey before company it is seldom that he is enough of a philosopher to be thankful that he has a turkey to carve.

SOMETHING MORE THAN A PURGATIVE.—To purge is the only effect of many pills now on the market. Farnell's Vegetable Pills are more than a purgative. They strengthen the stomach, where other pills weaken it. They cleanse the blood by regulating the liver and kidneys, and they stimulate where other pills compound depression. Nothing of an injurious nature, used for merely purgative powers, enters into their composition.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. ROYAL MAIL SERVICE
—FINEST AND FASTEST—
"EMPRESSES"

From Montreal & Quebec to Liverpool, Lake Champlain, Aug. 23, Sept. 20, Empress of Ireland, Aug. 3, Sept. 6, Oct. 4, Lake Erie, Aug. 10, Sept. 23, Nov. 10. First cabin, \$6 and upwards, according to steamer; one class intermediate, \$4.50; second cabin, \$4.00; third class, \$3.50 and \$3.75.

Apply for complete sailings.
J. SHARP, Western Passenger Agent, 51 Yonge St., Toronto. Phone Main 223.

CANADIAN PACIFIC TO Minneapolis and St. Paul \$15.70

Return From London.

GOING AUGUST 10, 11, AND 12.

Return Limit Aug. 31 Extended to Sept. 30 for 50 cents additional.

For further information apply to HENDERSON BROS., New York, or E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton or C. P. R.

For tickets and particulars apply to E. De La Hooke or W. Fulton, ticket agents, London, Ontario.

Call on Any CANADIAN PACIFIC Agent

ALLAN LINE Royal Mail Steamers

TO LIVERPOOL,
Virginian, Aug. 3, Aug. 31, Sept. 28
Tunisian, Aug. 10, Sept. 7, Oct. 5
Victorian, Aug. 17, Sept. 14, Oct. 12
Ionian, Aug. 24, Sept. 21, Oct. 19

RATES OF PASSAGE.
First class, \$70 to \$80; second class, \$42.50 to \$47.50; third class, \$27.50 to \$32.50.

Local agents—E. DE LA HOOKE, G. T. R., W. FULTON, C. P. R.

HAMILTON AND MONTREAL NAVIGATION CO'Y., Limited.

The comfortable and commodious passenger steamer DUNDURN, commencing July 7, leaves Hamilton every Saturday at 10 a.m.; leaves Toronto every Saturday at 10 a.m.; for the Thousand Islands, intermediate ports and Montreal. Each state room has hot and cold running water, electric lights and electric bells. Berths may be secured in advance by applying to F. B. CLARK, agent, 415 Richmond Street, next Bank of Commerce.

Ocean Steamship Tickets

White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services.
Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.

E. De La Hooke, Sole Agent.

American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.
Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London.

Domination Line—Portland-Liverpool in winter; Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.

Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp.

Sailing lists, rate sheets, etc., on application.

E. De La Hooke or W. Fulton, LOCAL AGENTS.

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

(Corrected to date.)

MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., *11 a.m., *11:20 a.m., 6:25 p.m., *7 p.m., *7:15 p.m., *7:30 p.m., *7:45 p.m., *7:55 p.m., *8:05 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *8:25 p.m., *8:35 p.m., *8:45 p.m., *8:55 p.m., *9:05 p.m., *9:15 p.m., *9:25 p.m., *9:35 p.m., *9:45 p.m., *9:55 p.m., *10:05 p.m., *10:15 p.m., *10:25 p.m., *10:35 p.m., *10:45 p.m., *10:55 p.m., *11:05 p.m., *11:15 p.m., *11:25 p.m., *11:35 p.m., *11:45 p.m., *11:55 p.m., *12:05 p.m., *12:15 p.m., *12:25 p.m., *12:35 p.m., *12:45 p.m., *12:55 p.m., *1:05 p.m., *1:15 p.m., *1:25 p.m., *1:35 p.m., *1:45 p.m., *1:55 p.m., *2:05 p.m., *2:15 p.m., *2:25 p.m., *2:35 p.m., *2:45 p.m., *2:55 p.m., *3:05 p.m., *3:15 p.m., *3:25 p.m., *3:35 p.m., *3:45 p.m., *3:55 p.m., *4:05 p.m., *4:15 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *4:35 p.m., *4:45 p.m., *4:55 p.m., *5:05 p.m., *5:15 p.m., *5:25 p.m., *5:35 p.m., *5:45 p.m., *5:55 p.m., *6:05 p.m., *6:15 p.m., *6:25 p.m., *6:35 p.m., *6:45 p.m., *6:55 p.m., *7:05 p.m., *7:15 p.m., *7:25 p.m., *7:35 p.m., *7:45 p.m., *7:55 p.m., *8:05 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *8:25 p.m., *8:35 p.m., *8:45 p.m., *8:55 p.m., *9:05 p.m., *9:15 p.m., *9:25 p.m., *9:35 p.m., *9:45 p.m., *9:55 p.m., *10:05 p.m., *10:15 p.m., *10:25 p.m., *10:35 p.m., *10:45 p.m., *10:55 p.m., *11:05 p.m., *11:15 p.m., *11:25 p.m., *11:35 p.m., *11:45 p.m., *11:55 p.m., *12:05 p.m., *12:15 p.m., *12:25 p.m., *12:35 p.m., *12:45 p.m., *12:55 p.m., *1:05 p.m., *1:15 p.m., *1:25 p.m., *1:35 p.m., *1:45 p.m., *1:55 p.m., *2:05 p.m., *2:15 p.m., *2:25 p.m., *2:35 p.m., *2:45 p.m., *2:55 p.m., *3:05 p.m., *3:15 p.m., *3:25 p.m., *3:35 p.m., *3:45 p.m., *3:55 p.m., *4:05 p.m., *4:15 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *4:35 p.m., *4:45 p.m., *4:55 p.m., *5:05 p.m., *5:15 p.m., *5:25 p.m., *5:35 p.m., *5:45 p.m., *5:55 p.m., *6:05 p.m., *6:15 p.m., *6:25 p.m., *6:35 p.m., *6:45 p.m., *6:55 p.m., *7:05 p.m., *7:15 p.m., *7:25 p.m., *7:35 p.m., *7:45 p.m., *7:55 p.m., *8:05 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *8:25 p.m., *8:35 p.m., *8:45 p.m., *8:55 p.m., *9:05 p.m., *9:15 p.m., *9:25 p.m., *9:35 p.m., *9:45 p.m., *9:55 p.m., *10:05 p.m., *10:15 p.m., *10:25 p.m., *10:35 p.m., *10:45 p.m., *10:55 p.m., *11:05 p.m., *11:15 p.m., *11:25 p.m., *11:35 p.m., *11:45 p.m., *11:55 p.m., *12:05 p.m., *12:15 p.m., *12:25 p.m., *12:35 p.m., *12:45 p.m., *12:55 p.m., *1:05 p.m., *1:15 p.m., *1:25 p.m., *1:35 p.m., *1:45 p.m., *1:55 p.m., *2:05 p.m., *2:15 p.m., *2:25 p.m., *2:35 p.m., *2:45 p.m., *2:55 p.m., *3:05 p.m., *3:15 p.m., *3:25 p.m., *3:35 p.m., *3:45 p.m., *3:55 p.m., *4:05 p.m., *4:15 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *4:35 p.m., *4:45 p.m., *4:55 p.m., *5:05 p.m., *5:15 p.m., *5:25 p.m., *5:35 p.m., *5:45 p.m., *5:55 p.m., *6:05 p.m., *6:15 p.m., *6:25 p.m., *6:35 p.m., *6:45 p.m., *6:55 p.m., *7:05 p.m., *7:15 p.m., *7:25 p.m., *7:35 p.m., *7:45 p.m., *7:55 p.m., *8:05 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *8:25 p.m., *8:35 p.m., *8:45 p.m., *8:55 p.m., *9:05 p.m., *9:15 p.m., *9:25 p.m., *9:35 p.m., *9:45 p.m., *9:55 p.m., *10:05 p.m., *10:15 p.m., *10:25 p.m., *10:35 p.m., *10:45 p.m., *10:55 p.m., *11:05 p.m., *11:15 p.m., *11:25 p.m., *11:35 p.m., *11:45 p.m., *11:55 p.m., *12:05 p.m., *12:15 p.m., *12:25 p.m., *12:35 p.m., *12:45 p.m., *12:55 p.m., *1:05 p.m., *1:15 p.m., *1:25 p.m., *1:35 p.m., *1:45 p.m., *1:55 p.m., *2:05 p.m., *2:15 p.m., *2:25 p.m., *2:35 p.m., *2:45 p.m., *2:55 p.m., *3:05 p.m., *3:15 p.m., *3:25 p.m., *3:35 p.m., *3:45 p.m., *3:55 p.m., *4:05 p.m., *4:15 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *4:35 p.m., *4:45 p.m., *4:55 p.m., *5:05 p.m., *5:15 p.m., *5:25 p.m., *5:35 p.m., *5:45 p.m., *5:55 p.m., *6:05 p.m., *6:15 p.m., *6:25 p.m., *6:35 p.m., *6:45 p.m., *6:55 p.m., *7:05 p.m., *7:15 p.m., *7:25 p.m., *7:35 p.m., *7:45 p.m., *7:55 p.m., *8:05 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *8:25 p.m., *8:35 p.m., *8:45 p.m., *8:55 p.m., *

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

The Toronto papers can no longer print selections on the horse races. In this case justice is chuck full of mercy. Maybe the Attorney-General has been playing some of them.

No one should miss seeing the British bowlers play when they visit London. They have created unbounded enthusiasm wherever they have visited, and they will teach the average man how to play bowls, as well as get some real good fun out of life.

Cy Seymour, the Giants' last \$10,000 beauty has hopped over the traces and refused to play with McGraw's Mugs yesterday. He wants a piece of the purchase money, and declares that he will not play the game until he gets it. Cy is a nice, quiet boy. It begins to look as if the New Yorks were buccooned on that celebrated \$20,000 deal.

The Broncho looks the class in the free-for-all pace this year. Her work yesterday stamps the little mare as a marvel. It would not be surprising if she put a race record down close to two minutes this year. Maud Keswick is not yet keyed up to a very fine race, but should step under her mark considerably. There will be some fast stepping done this season among the Canadian cracks.

Canadians have unearthed two new good trotters this year in Othello and McAdams Jr. The former took the measure of the latter easily enough early in the spring, but they have not met lately. The latter trotted in 2:12 1-2 yesterday at Kalamazoo. Look like two-minute performers.

President McCaffery, of the Toronto ball team, with a dog collar attached to that sanguine air and childlike faith of his, says Barrow is laying the corner stone for a fast team next season. Is James becoming facetious, and are we to infer that next year's team will be fast—like a pink silk stocking—and won't run at all?—Telegram.

McIntyre, of Brooklyn, lost a hard-luck game the other day. For ten innings he held the Pittsburghs without a hit or run, and then in the thirteenth lost it by one run. Only two men reached first in ten innings, and not a man reached second in that time.

This is one way the Toronto ball team plays ball. These were the only runs made off Bowen in the game. Nice work, very.

In the first game Wednesday Steelman accomplished one of the most marvelous feats recorded in baseball in the second inning of the second game, when he sacrificed along the first base line—at least he attempted to sacrifice—and four runs scored. Flynn got the ball and threw to Wood to head off Burrell, who was tearing home like a cyclone. The throw was bad, and the ball rolled to the grand stand. Wood sprinted after the sphere, and the Bronchos on the bases made a theater rush for the plate. Loudy succeeded in reaching it in safety, when the Toronto catcher hurried the sphere to the rubber to stop the oncoming enemy. The only man covering the station, however, was Umpire Augie Moran, and he was bound by the rules of baseball and good society not to touch the flying spheroid. He jumped aside in Little Lord Fauntleroy fashion, and with a "I Don't Want to Play in Your Yard" expression allowed the globe to pass peacefully by. Without much ado about the unhappy Toronto occasion, Moran scored, and fast, but not least, the man who made the attempted sacrifice came thundering over the plate, and for the benefit of his admirers did a Happy Hooligan dance, which was originally adopted from the French. Pandemonium reigned. —Rochester Herald.

The Sporting Life (Philadelphia) has a splendid two-column cut of "Mooney" Gibson on the front page, and the following sketch of the London boy:

"Catcher George ('Mooney') Gibson, of the Pittsburgh National League club, is a native of London, Ont., is twenty-four years old, and has had but three years of professional experience. He graduated from the London City League in 1903 into Manager Stallings' Buffalo team, in which he played two years, helping it win the Eastern League championship in 1904. In 1905 he was transferred to Montreal to help strengthen that team, and he did such excellent work that in mid-season the Pittsburgh club purchased his release, and at once used him in most of the championship games balance of season. He proved himself a fine catcher, fast and accurate thrower, and excellent batsman, and with a little more experience will rank with the top-notchers in his position."

Frank S. Cook, in the Detroit Free Press, has the following to say about harness racing:

If it doesn't snow too early a lot of the local trainers will get to racing. They have been industriously at work on their horses since the frost left the ground, and are not yet ready to race them. They think they will be by the time of the State Fair, and then they must call upon each horse to pay his way for a year in four weeks.

It would seem that trainers would get over this notion of waiting until the last month and then trying to win it all then. All right if they can win, but when they fail they are up against it for another winter, and winters are sometimes long and cold.

There is no reason why horses cannot be raced in June. Of the locals, one man, Dan Hopkins, does it, and he was piling up first moneys before the month of July. He will continue to add to his bank roll, as his horses are in good shape and he keeps them up.

In Ontario they race a horse about ten months in a year. Starting always by May 24 they follow the various circuits until in November, then rest up a few weeks until it freezes, and race on the ice until the thaw. A few weeks to get on flesh, and the horses are taken out for their road work, and to the tracks, and away they go. Yet, these Canadian horses do not break down; they race all the year, and get the money, too. Nearly all the Canadian pacers that have better than 2:10 have gone through this preparation.

Trainers around here ought to be ready earlier, and be prepared to start for the money in the June meetings. They would find that they would be better off in the winter, as this idea of limiting a harness horse's earning capacity to one or two months has been shown to be a fallacy.

COVERPOINT.

ANOTHER WIN IN TROPHY SERIES

London Rowing Club Scores It in Game With Asylum Bowlers.

The London Rowing Club bowlers won another Bank of Toronto trophy match yesterday, when they defeated the Asylum bowlers by thirteen shots. Skip John Stevenson and his boys were ten up on Skip John Richardson's crack rink, and Skip Jack McNeen had three on Skip Heighway.

The score:
London R. C. Asylum.
W. Meek, W. Leng.
Frank Love, Dr. McNeill.
W. T. Cox, A. Throver.
J. Stevenson, J. Richardson.
W. Lind, Dr. A. Wright.
R. A. Bayly, M. Walker.
Dr. J. N. Wood, J. C. Hazard.
J. E. McNeen, R. B. Heighway.
Total, 137 Total, 24.
Majority for London Club, 13 shots.

All Campers, Attention!

Remember that mosquito bites cramps, and sudden sickness find quick cure with Polson's Nerviline. Good to rub on as a liniment, unequalled for curing internal pain, and sold everywhere for 25c.

SIX SUCCESSIVE WINS FOR ANGLER

Spill in Brighton Race and Jockey Injured — Sportsman's Handicap.

New York, Aug. 7. — Three favorites, a third choice and two long shots divided the money at Brighton Beach today. The track still was heavy. Angler, in winning the handicap, scored his sixth straight victory. Angler, after being rated behind Sailor Boy, to the stretch, drew away, and won handily by three-quarters of a length. Sally K. and Thomas Hoy fell soon after the start in the last race. J. J. Walsh, who rode Thomas Hoy, had his collarbone broken, while Sewell was unhurt.

FAST ONES FOR HANDICAP.

Port Erie, Ont., Aug. 3.—It was expected the mudders would have a chance to earn feed money today, but the over-night showers only laid the dust. The weather is still threatening. The track remains in good condition. Seven races kept the sharpshooters busy. A seven-furlong handicap for all ages was the feature, with a mile and a half dash next in interest. Ed Corrigan has shipped John Carroll and Alma Dufour here to run in the Canadian Sportsman's handicap.

tomorrow. Jockey Nicholl will probably ride John Carroll. Tom Ryan's True Wing has arrived from the owner's farm in Illinois. She was shipped here to start in the big event Saturday. J. B. Gunn purchased La Gloria after her victory in the fifth race yesterday. The filly was entered for \$500. Mr. Dunn boosted her to \$800.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.
At Port Erie — Grace Curtis 3 to 1, Miss Martha 6 to 1, Scotch Plum 3 to 1, Chanda 6 to 1, Crip 7 to 1, Little Mao 4 to 1, Miss Galey 5 to 1.
At Latonia — Chase 7 to 2, Mum 25 to 1.

Argos to the Good; Won Junior Fours and Eights

Opening Day of the Canadian Henley—Yankees Got Nothing.

Port Dalhousie, Aug. 3.—The third annual regatta on the Canadian Henley course came off here today, with the attendance about equal to last year's opening day.

The weather in the morning looked very threatening, but about noon it began to clear up some, and prospects were more favorable for a good day's sport. The water became smoother, and when the opening race began it was perfect.

The first race was the 140-pound special junior fours, which the Dons, of Toronto, captured easily.

The second race, junior single sculls was more exciting. In the first heat Henderson, of Winnipeg, beat H. Jacobs, of the Dons, by a second. In the second heat Green, Argonauts, beat Maurice, Detroit, easily. In the first heat in the finals Henderson, Winnipeg, fouled H. Jacobs, of the Dons, and was disqualified. Green, Argonauts, won the final by about two lengths.

The final heat of the intermediate fours was the best race of the day

between Duluth, Ottawas, and Dons, 140 pounds, winners of the special class. They raced together within about 50 yards of the finish, when Duluth struck a buoy, throwing A. W. Puck into the water and leaving the race between the Dons and the Ottawas, the latter winning by a quarter of a length. The weight of the Ottawas told on their opponents, who averaged 130 pounds against the Ottawas 150.

The junior doubles brought out two in J. Young and W. Reynolds and Jacobs and Bowler, the latter rowing in good form, and winning by about a length.

The junior fours produced a close race between the Dons and Argonauts. The Celtics, of Buffalo, were never factors in the race. The Dons had a strong wind, and were blown considerably out of their course, which told on them considerably. It was a close finish, the Argonauts winning by half a length.

The junior eights brought out two Toronto clubs only, the Ottawa Rowing Club not being prepared to start in the race. The Argonauts' condition won them the race in a close and exciting finish.

On account of Henderson, of Winnipeg, fouling in the race with Jacobs, of the Dons, the intermediate singles was postponed until tomorrow.

THE BRONCHO SHATTERS THREE WORLD'S RECORDS AT CLEVELAND

Canadian Pacer Does Some Splendid Work in M. and M. Consolation.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 3.—Getaway day at the Glenview track was a memorable one in the horse world. The programme consisted of three events, the Merchants' and Manufacturers' consolation, the 2:19 class pacing and the free-for-all pace. Three world's records were shattered by that fleet foot pacer, The Broncho.

This little daughter of Stormcliff, who was recently purchased by Messrs. Rochon and Doble, of Winnipeg, Man., for \$10,000, won the three heats of the free-for-all pace in 2:03, 2:03 1-4 and 2:02 3-4, thereby breaking the world's record for the three consecutive heats by a quarter of a second, the world's record for pacing mares in a race and the world's record for the fastest third heat in a race.

Both owners were at the track to see this mare race, her first start since they had purchased her, and they were the happiest horsemen present. It was the first time that Mr. Rochon had seen her in a race and her great performance completely surpassed his expectations as to her ability. Charley Dean, The Broncho's driver, took her away fast, and in each heat was so far ahead of the other four starters that it looked like a parade.

Baron Grattan won second money and Maud Keswick third.

In the M. and M. consolation, Czarina Dawson won in straight heats, never being headed during the race. Fashoda was second and J. N. Blake-more, third.

Vance Nuckols, with W. P. Murray's Italia won the 2:19 class pacing in straight heats, from a field of eight, J. B. Hanlon was second and Who Knows third.

Summaries:

2:24 class class trotting, M. and M. Consolation, purse \$2,000.
Czarina Dawson, b. m., by Czar (McGargo) 1 1
Fashoda, b. m. (Geers) 2 2
J. N. Blakemore, b. g. (Poole) 4 3
Frank Herdick, blk. g. (Grady) 2 4
Time, 2:11 1-4, 2:13, 2:14 1-4.
Free-for-all pace, purse \$2,000.
The Broncho, b. m., by Storm-cliff (Dean) 1 1
Baron Grattan, b. g. (Geers) 2 2
Maud Keswick, b. g. (Curry) 3 5
Nervola, b. h. (Murray) 4 4
Hazel Patch, blk. h. (Fleming) 4 3
Time, 2:03, 2:03 1-4, 2:02 3-4.
2:19 class pacing, purse \$2,000.
Italia, b. m., by Zombro Nuckols (Jas) 1 1
J. B. Hanlon, blk. g. (Rhea) 2 2
Who Knows, blk. g. (McGargo) 2 4
Ivan B. b. g. (Stearns) 3 3
Moore, b. g. (Murphy) 3 3
Bessie Earl, ch. m. (Geers) 5 7
Cassius, b. h. (Benyon) 4 5
Time, 2:02 1-4, 2:10 1-4, 2:11 1-4.

SUNDAY BASEBALL VIOLATES THE LAW

Judge Finds That Contribution Box Makes It a Public Game For Gain.

New York, Aug. 3.—The playing of baseball on Sunday, even where no admission fee is charged and merely a contribution box is placed at the entrance gate for voluntary gifts of money, is a violation of the penal code, according to a decision of Supreme Court Justice Blanchard, made yesterday.

The matter was before Justice Blanchard upon a writ of certiorari sued out for the purpose of reviewing the depositions upon which five members of the Cedar and Emerald baseball teams had been held for examination by Magistrate Walsh. These clubs played a game at the Bronx Oval on Sunday, July 1, charging an admission fee, although contribution boxes were placed at the gate. In dismissing the writ Justice Blanchard says: "No complaint has been made by anyone in the vicinity of the ground of any disturbance, nor was the payment of money exacted as a condition of admittance."

"The placing of the contribution box at the single gate of entrance, although unaccompanied by any sign asking for contributions, was actually a silent invitation for contributions, and shows that the game was played for gain, and therefore within the principle of the cases mentioned."

CRICKET.

CHATHAM LOSES TO DETROIT.
Chatham, Aug. 3. — In the third of four matches arranged with Chatham the D. A. C. cricket team won by a close margin. The game was played at Chatham and the score now stands, two for D. A. C. and one for Chatham. A fourth game will be played Thursday, Aug. 16, at the D. A. C. and should this go to Chatham a fifth game will be arranged.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

BRITISH BOWLERS WON AT NIAGARA

Met Seven Canadian Rinks and Finished Twenty-Six Shots to the Good.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Aug. 3. — The British bowlers arrived here today on the noon boat from Toronto and were the guests of the Canada, St. Matthew and Parkdale clubs. After luncheon, a match was played with the Toronto clubs. The tourists were entertained to dinner before returning on the boat to Toronto. The scores:

British Bowlers. Parkdale.
J. Telford, skip. 40 W. Harris, skip. 13
British Bowlers. St. Matthews.
W. E. McCall. 23 Caldwell. 13
British Bowlers. Canadas.
R. Watson. 14 Allison. 20
British Bowlers. Canadas.
Finland. 14 J. S. Williamson. 11
British Bowlers. Canadas.
Hunter. 15 Woods. 20
British Bowlers. Canadas.
Morrison. 17 Wigmore. 10
British Bowlers. Canadas.
McLennan. 12 O'Hara. 27
British Bowlers. Canadas.
J. Agger. 16 Doherty. 11
Total. 151 Total. 125
The Fall River, Mass., rink were also the guests of the Toronto clubs, playing a match against a Canadian rink.

LACROSSE.

WIARTON VS. TARA.
Tara, Aug. 3. — In the North Bruce Lacrosse League game, played here today between Wiarton and Tara, the game was won by a score of 8 to 5 in favor of Wiarton.

LACROSSE.

A GOOD GAME.
Southampton, Aug. 3.—In the North Bruce Lacrosse League match here today, Southampton beat Port Elgin 2 goals to 1.

Not the Slightest Danger

Absolutely safe are Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Splendid for biliousness, headache and liver trouble. Don't gripe or cause pain. Act as a tonic, cleanse the entire system, make you well in one night; 25c at all dealers.



Pandora Range

A Ventilating Oven that Ventilates.

There is only one practical way of ventilating a range oven and that way has been adopted in the Pandora—is an actual, positive, working feature and not a mere talking point.

Fresh air is drawn from the outside through small vents into the oven while the odors and cooking fumes are forced by the fresh air out through small vents into the smoke flues, and up the chimney.

Roasts cooked in a Pandora oven retain their sweet, natural flavor, entirely free from cooking odors, absolutely unmixed with any foreign flavor. Puddings, cakes, bread, meats, etc., are always light, fresh and free from mixed odors or flavors.

In the Pandora range you get all that scientific study, practical experience, skilled workmanship and an immense and finely equipped plant combined, can produce—the highest possible attainment in range perfection.

Ask your local dealer to show you the Pandora range, or write to us for free catalogue before buying any other.

McClary's

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N. B.

J. A. BROWNLEE, 585 Talbot Street.

WM. STEVELY & SON, 362 Richmond Street.

J. C. PARK, 663 Dundas Street, East.

BRANTFORD HORSE TOOK 2:16 TROT

McAdams, Jun., Captured a Hard Race on Closing Day at Kalamazoo.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 3. — With good time and one bitterly-fought-out race, the Michigan short ship circuit meeting here came to an end today, after a most successful series of races.

Today's programme called for three events. The 2:16 class trotting, however, was as hard driven as any during the meetings, and each heat was a close finish. Summaries:

2:30 pace, purse \$500:
Willie Benton, b. h., by Wilton (Spencer) 1 1
Iston, b. g. (Anderson) 2 2
Butter Bowl, b. m., by Hal Dil-lard (Erwin) 3 3
Miss Riggins, g. m., by Bobby Burns (Stokes) 4 5
Berthens Bars, br. m., by Mon-bars (McPherson) 4 5
Fannie M., b. m., by R. Election (Parr) 5 6
Clarence King, by Atlantic King (Bogash) Dis.
Time—2:13, 2:10, 2:10.
2:16 trot, purse \$1,000:
McAdams, Jun. (Johnson) 2 1
May Heart, ch. m., by Great Heart (Colby) 1 4
Blue Peter, b. h., by Peter the Great (Johnson) 3 2
Mannot, b. g., by Margrove (McMahon) 5 5
Nina K., blk. m., by Silent Brook (Spencer) 4 4
Atch Czar, b. m., by Czar (Marvin) 5 ds
Time—2:12, 2:12, 2:13.
2:19 trot, purse \$500:
The Facelot, blk. g., by Pactolus (Teachout) 1 1
Donella, by Col. Eom (McIntyre) 2 4
William P., b. g., by Fairmont Medium (Colby) 6 2
Bourbon Jay, rn. s., by Jay Bird (Padgett) 3 5
Barney Exum, b. g., by Tom Exum (Porter) 4 5
Slik Mill Girl, b. m., by Alcyon (Porter) 5 6
Roythm, b. g., by Poem (Stokes) Dis.
Time—2:16, 2:16, 2:15.

BASEBALL.

LEE SERIOUSLY HURT.

Worcester, Mass., Aug. 3. — George ("Knotty") Lee, pitcher of the Lawrence team, formerly of Brantford, Ont., was struck under the heart in the fifth inning of yesterday's game with Worcester by a liner from the bat of Joe Knobs, catcher. He dropped senseless in his tracks, but it is believed he will recover. He caught the ball.

There are 15,000 miles of new railroad lines under contract of construction at the present time in the United States.

BASEBALL.

IN THE EASTERN.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 3, Providence 1.
At Montreal—No game; Toronto did not arrive.
At Rochester—Buffalo-Rochester game postponed; wet grounds.
At Newark—Jersey City-Newark game postponed; rain.

EASTERN STANDING.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Buffalo	54	34	.613
Jersey City	46	33	.582
Baltimore	44	36	.550
Rochester	45	41	.523
Montreal	43	44	.494
Newark	38	41	.481
Providence	36	50	.418
Toronto	27	55	.329

IN THE AMERICAN.

At Detroit—R. H. E. 9-0-0-0-1-3-6-4
At New York—1-0-0-0-0-0-0-2-8-5
At Baltimore—Donovan and Neesham; Warner; Orth and Kleinow; Umpires, Sheridan and Evans.
At Cleveland—Cleveland 2-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-7-8-5
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 2-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-9-10-9-4
At Chicago—Chicago 0-1-0-1-0-1-1-4-7-1
At Boston—Boston 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-1-1
At St. Louis—St. Louis 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-4-1
At Washington—Washington 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-1-8-1
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-1-8-1
At New York—New York 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-1-8-1
At St. Louis—St. Louis 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-1-8-1
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THE BOOKINGS FOR THE GRAND

List of the Plays Contracted For Coming Season by Messrs. Fitzpatrick & Stewart.

Mr. John B. Fitzpatrick, of New York, who, with Mr. John Stewart, of this city, has leased the Grand Opera House, is in the city this morning. He promises Londoners a delightful season, nearly all the biggest dramatic hits having been booked for an appearance at the Grand. Below will be found a list of productions contracted for, the majority of which, if not all, will be seen here during the season of 1906-07, which opens within a few weeks. Notable engagements will be the Belasco productions, in which Leslie Carter and Blanche Bates appear, and Mrs. Fiske, Sothorn, Anglin, Maude, Hopper and Eddie Foy, will play at the Grand during the season, while many big successes in the spectacular and musical comedy fields have been engaged.

The Shubert Attractions:

E. H. Sothorn and Julia Marlowe in repertoire.
Mrs. Patrick Campbell in repertoire.
Margaret Anglin in repertoire.
Virginia Harried in "The Girl in Waiting."
Drina De Wolfe and Charles Cartwright in a new play.
Cyril Maude and Winifred Emery in repertoire.

Low Fields.
Arnold Daly in repertoire.

Henry Mills in a new play.
Louis Mann and Clara Lipman in "Julie Bonbon."

Guy Standing in a new play.
Mary Shaw in "The Love That Blinds."

Henry Woodruff in "Tom Brown of Harvard."

W. H. Thompson in a new play.
"A Midsummer's Eve," by Evelyn Greenleaf Sutherland.

A new play by George Hableton.
"The Secret Orchard," by Channing Pollock.

De Wolf Hopper in "Happyland."
Paula Edwards in "Princess Beggar."

Eddie Foy in "The Earl and the Girl."
Jefferson De Angeles in "Pastora."

Julia Sanderson in "The Motor Girl."
Marguerite Clark in a new opera.

Christie MacDonald in a new opera.
"Mexicana," with Louis Harrison.

"The Social Whirl," with Adele Atchley, Jos. Coyne and Ross & Fenton.
"The Babes and the Baron."

"The Blue Moon."
"Veronique."

Peter F. Daily in a new musical comedy.
"Queen Xixi of IX."

"The Tourists."
"Lady Madcap," George Edwards.

English musical comedy.
David Belasco's Attractions:

Mrs. Leslie Carter in a new play.
Blanche Bates in "The Girl of the Golden West."

David Warfield in "The Music Master."
Bertha Gail in a new play.

Harrison Gray Fiske's Attractions:
Mrs. Fiske in "The New York Idea."

"Leah Kleschna."
Mme. Kalich in "Therese Raquin."

Walter Lawrence's Attractions:
Henry E. Dixey in "The Man on the Box."

Cyril Scott in "The Prince Chap."
"Mrs. Temple's Telegram."

Carlotta Nilsson in a new play.
Howard Kyle in "The Greater Love."

Dietrichstein and Hunter's Attractions:
"Before and After."

MANAGER OF BENNETT'S

Mr. George F. Driscoll, of Ottawa, Appointed to the Position.

Mr. George F. Driscoll, of Ottawa, has been appointed manager of Bennett's London Vaudeville Theater. The appointment was made yesterday, and Mr. Driscoll will come to London and take charge about Sept. 1.

Mr. Driscoll has had a wide experience in theatrical management, and is considered by those who know him to be the right man to take hold of the London branch of Bennett's theatrical enterprises. He has at different times been connected with the management of theaters, but during the past season he has been on the road managing the affairs of a prominent company.

While his home is in Ottawa, he has spent very little of his time there for several years. He was in the city yesterday, and left for the capital in the evening. After spending a short time there he will go to New York for a short holiday.

Mr. Bennett was asked today regarding the opening of the local theater, and he said that at the present rate of progress the house will be ready for occupation by Sept. 15. The Ottawa house will be opened about Nov. 1, and the Montreal house about Dec. 1, and the Hamilton house on the first of the year.

APPOINTED BY LINCOLN.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 4.—Col. Cuthbert Bullitt, one of the most widely-known Kentuckians, died today, at the age of 97. He was appointed collector of customs at New Orleans by President Lincoln, and served in that capacity for several years, afterwards holding other federal appointments.

Get Rid of Scrofula

Buboes, eruptions, inflammations, soreness of the eyelids and ears, diseases of the bones, rickets, dyspepsia, catarrh, wasting, are only some of the troubles it causes. It is a very active evil, making havoc of the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically cures all its manifestations, and builds up the whole system. Accepts no substitutes.

RAILWAY CRASH AT ST. THOMAS

Continued from page one.

The excursion of the Carling Brewing and Malting Company to Detroit over the Pere Marquette was indirectly the cause of the Michigan Central train leaving London three-quarters of an hour late. The train is due here from St. Thomas about 7 o'clock, and is timed to leave again at 7:15. The Pere Marquette special, however, made it impossible for the Michigan Central to reach London until 7:45. The train to reach London until 7:45. The train to reach London until 7:45. The train to reach London until 7:45.

Baggageman Hurt.
The baggageman on the Pere Marquette train is a resident of St. Thomas, a Mr. Matthews. Although the baggage car was on the rear end of the train, Matthews sustained some injuries.

Among the many Londoners who were on the train from Port Stanley were Messrs. Fred W. Matthews, L. H. Scandrett, John Tanton, James E. Kerrigan, City Clerk Baker, Walter Bell, John Graham, Thomas A. Rowe, E. F. H. Parker, J. A. Moody, R. Eckert, Alfred Tyler, Joseph Beech and Mrs. Walter Bell. Among the St. Thomas passengers were Messrs. A. E. Ponsford and George McColl.

Something of a Panic.

Mr. E. F. H. Parker, of Gray & Parker, was among the passengers on the train, but like the majority of the others on board he escaped without a scratch. Mr. Parker was seated with a friend who was also coming to the city after spending the night at the lakeside, and he knew nothing of the danger of a collision until the trains came together. The trains came to an immediate stop, and the sound of the breaking timbers in the cars ahead caused something in the nature of a panic among some of the passengers. The cooler heads, however, prevailed, and soon the fears of the ladies and children were allayed and every person quietly left the coaches. Among the passengers was one woman with four little children, and the former became quite hysterical while the children cried. They were soon assisted to leave the car, and it was found that none of them had been hurt.

Passengers' Experiences.

Mr. Fred Matthews, of the postoffice inspector's department, was a passenger on the Pere Marquette train from Port Stanley.

"We had just left St. Thomas," he said, "and the train was getting up considerable speed, although it was not going so fast as it usually does at that spot, when, without any warning, the train came to a sudden stop, and the people were thrown forward against the seats. Some of the women screamed and others started to cry. Others of the passengers seemed to be dazed and did not appear to know what move to make. Some rushed for the door and for a time it appeared as if a panic was about to take place."

Mr. Matthews and several other gentlemen in the car, stood up and shouted to the passengers that there was no danger, and tried to pacify them and prevent trouble. Then the people all fled out of the car, and gathered about to give what help they could to get the firemen out from under the wreck. One of the firemen, Mr. Matthews said, appeared to be quite limp, and was evidently terribly crushed. He did not breathe, and must have been killed almost instantly. The other fireman he saw some of the passengers carry up the bank. He was evidently alive, but no more. Neither of the men had their clothes torn, and no injuries were apparent, although their bodies were limp as if every bone in their bodies was broken.

Picnickers Were Delayed.

Three big picnics were arranged to be held at Port Stanley today—those of the London Rolling Mills employees, the London Printing and Lithograph Company and D. S. Perrin & Co. In all it estimated that in the neighborhood of three thousand people were ready to take the morning trains for the popular resort, but when they reached the Grand Trunk station between 9 and 10 o'clock they were told that the line was blocked and that it would not be stated positively when trains would be running. The result was that the excursionists had to wait uptown until 2 o'clock this afternoon when the train service was resumed.

Road Open Again.

The wrecking crews of the Pere Marquette and the C. W. R. got to work on the wreck as soon as possible and shortly after noon they had the road open again and traffic was resumed.

THE PREMIER'S MOVEMENTS.

Quebec, Aug. 4.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier left Quebec at noon today for Arthabaska.

RIVERS—ILSON'S PARTY.

Quebec, Aug. 4.—Sir Charles Rivers, Wilson, Lady Wilson and Messrs. Hays and Fitzgibbon, left by boat this morning for a trip to Murray Bay before returning to Montreal.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Rev. Father Conway, S. K. of the St. Louis University, will preach at the high mass at St. Peter's Cathedral tomorrow.

—Rev. Charles L. Bowby, who has been lying dangerously ill for the past ten days, is improving, although still in a dangerous condition.

—The Seventh Regiment Bugle Band will hold a special meeting at 7:30 tonight to make arrangements for their Stratford trip on Monday.

BUILDING PERMITS.

A permit has been taken out at the city engineer's office for the erection of a gospel hall mission at the corner of Grey street and the Hamilton road. Mr. Jas. Lytle, Princess avenue, has taken out a permit for a brick-veneer dwelling on Elias street.

THE GOOD TIME COMING!

Due Here and at Port on Thursday—Irish Picnic That Day.

If you want a day of genuine pleasure, don't fail to take in the annual picnic of the Irish Benevolent Society at Port Stanley on Thursday next. There's not the slightest doubt but that a good time is in store for all who go with the Irishmen. The programme of sports will include many new and original events, which, to witness, will alone be well worth a trip to the lakeside. The train service will be of the best, specials leaving almost hourly after 9 o'clock in the morning, while all excursionists will be brought home in good time. The Pere Marquette promises its best effort for the Irishmen, who are generally responsible for the largest picnic of the season.

JULY SALES OF REALTY

Amount to 104 in Number—The Sum Realized Was \$124,167.

A statement issued today by the assessment commissioner's office showed that July was not an exceptionally busy month in local real estate. The total number of sales was 104, the assessed value of the property being \$86,473, while the consideration was \$124,167. The property was assessed at only 69.5 per cent of its selling value.

During July of 1905 there were 94 transfers, but they were larger than those sold during the last month, the assessed value being \$103,924, while the consideration was \$141,126. The assessment was largely in favor of the owners, being only 73.6 per cent of the selling value.

In addition to No. 10 Drill Company, Woodmen of the World, Company No. 6 will also go to the Stratford celebration on Monday, and give an exhibition fancy drill. The company will be commanded by Capt. S. C. Hignam and Lieuts. Ferguson and Eldridge. Major W. Brown, of this city, will be in command of the massed companies of Woodmen.

DRUNKS DEALT WITH

Two Indians in the Quintet—Where Friendship Failed.

A pay-day drunks' session was held this morning at the police station, and quite a few who had spent the night in the drunkard's refuge, were lined up in the dock, and each was handed out his reward.

Wm. Howard, who was intoxicated and riotous, was sent down for a week. William Morris was fined \$3 or ten days for being drunk. Edward Planigan was fined \$10 or ten days for the same offence.

Allan Nicholas and George Johnston, two big Indians from one of the neighboring reserves, indulged in fireworks yesterday, and were arrested. This morning they both appeared in the dock and Nicholas was fined \$3, as he had been before; Johnston, who was a first-timer, was let go. When it came to Nicholas paying his fine, he found that he had no money, so he asked Johnston for some, but although Johnston had enough to have paid the fine several times, he refused to give him a cent.

RECEIVED A SEVERE BLOW

Accident to Miss Lizzie Russell, at the McCormick Factory.

While on the elevator at McCormick's factory, yesterday, Miss Lizzie Russell, one of the employees, was struck on the head by a pan which fell from one of the top flats, and she received a very painful scalp wound.

Miss Russell had just got on to the elevator at the lower floor, and was about to ascend, when in some way a large pan fell down the shaft from one of the upper floors, and struck her on the head. At first it was feared that the girl's skull was fractured, as she was quite unconscious until after the arrival of a physician, who found that she was suffering from a severe scalp wound, which required several stitches.

Miss Russell was removed to her home, to which she will be confined for a few days.

TROUBLE OVER CHILD

Court Grants Injunction to Prevent Possible Kidnapping.

Toronto, Aug. 4.—Justice MacMahon granted an injunction today to Mrs. Jessie Fenton Taylor and Albert Taylor, against H. M. Neely and Mary B. Neely, of Memphis, Tenn., to restrain defendants from removing Hamilton Fenton Sneed, child of Jessie Fenton Taylor, from the Province of Ontario, and from any way interfering with the child or seeking to obtain his custody. The injunction is returnable on Aug. 7. The child is Mrs. Taylor's by her first husband. He is now at Port Colborne with the Neelys, and Mrs. Taylor says the latter are poisoning his mind against her and are contemplating taking him away.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Harkey, of King street east, is visiting friends in Montreal.

Miss Powell, city, is the guest of Miss Featherstone, Courtright.

Miss Violet Partridge, city, is visiting at her home in West Lorne.

Miss Milvena Parkinson is holidaying in Hamilton with friends.

Mr. J. W. Seeds, of this city, is on a business trip to British Columbia.

Miss R. McClure is holidaying at White House, Lake of Bays, Muskoka.

Mr. and Mrs. John McLeod, of this city, have gone to visit Sarnia relatives.

Miss L. Place returned from a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Riddle, Petrolia.

Miss Margaret Schram is the guest of Miss Mickie, Gravenhurst, Muskoka.

Mrs. R. J. Donaghy and Miss Agnes Donaghy are visiting with friends in St. Marys.

Miss Ethel Teasdale, city, is visiting in Sarnia, at the residence of Mr. A. D. Macdonald.

Master George Lashbrook, of Richmond street, is holidaying in West McGilvary.

Miss Lena Smith, of St. Thomas, is the guest of Miss Katie Wyley, of 485 York street.

Miss Katie Campbell has returned to London after a few days' visit in Port Huron.

Mrs. W. G. Nixon, of Parkhill, spend the week-end with relatives in Hyde Park and London.

Mrs. M. T. Nelles, of Dufferin avenue, is the guest of friends in Chicago and Delavan Lake, Wis.

Mrs. S. M. McKnight, of 441 King street, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. D. Byer, of Owen Sound.

Mrs. D. Ross, of this city, is visiting at the residence of C. Boody, 257 Vidal street, south, Sarnia.

Miss Alice May and Annie Dalton, of Piccadilly street, are spending their holidays at Port Stanley.

Miss Mary Riddell, of White Oak, is spending her holidays in eastern points and also sailing on the lake.

Miss Mary Forsyth, of Van street, is spending her holidays with friends in Stanley and at Grand Bend.

Mrs. T. Orchard and Mrs. R. Adams and daughter, of this city, are visiting relatives and friends in Shedd.

Miss Grace Garthshore, of 122 Clarence street, is holidaying with friends in the country, near Evelyn, Ont.

Mrs. C. H. Howard, of Winnipeg, Man., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. Allan, of 133 William street, city.

Miss Katie Wyley, who has been visiting friends in St. Thomas, has returned to her home in this city.

Master Ben Wilson, of Toledo, Ohio, is to be the guest of his aunt, Mrs. T. G. Guest, until his parents return from Europe.

Miss Ada Brimacombe, of Pearl street, has returned from a three weeks' visit with friends at Exeter and Elmville.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hookin, of Dutton, have been spending a few days with friends in this city before leaving for Kincardine.

Miss Hazel M. Guest, of Parkhill, is holidaying with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Guest, of London Township.

Miss Effie Johnson, of this city, who has been spending the past three weeks at Chippewa Cottage, Erieau, has returned home.

Miss James, of South London, with her two nieces, Lillian and Etta, of Tempo, is visiting her brother, W. B. James, of Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jury, 676 Colborne street, intend spending their vacation with their son, A. B. Jury, of Buffalo.

Mrs. Arthur Freeland, of this city, was a passenger up to Duluth on the steamer Huronic, Friday, en route to Winnipeg.

John Young and family, this city, have left for Sarnia and intend to take a trip up the lake on the steamer Huronic.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Weaver, of this city, visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Jamieson, West Lorne, this week.

The Misses Jessie and Eva Hamilton, of Master Wileid, of Orchard street, are spending their vacation in Cromarty and vicinity.

Mrs. (Dr.) Milne, of Victoria, B. C., has been the guest of Mrs. Bertram Moorhouse, of Burwell street, for the past few days.

Mrs. John McKenzie, accompanied by Miss Lillian McKenzie, is visiting her son, Mr. Jack McKenzie, of Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Mrs. Flynn, and daughter Lucy, of Boston, and Miss Jeanne Stewart, of New York, are visiting Mrs. Leonard Tait, 903 Lorne avenue.

Miss Nellie Cummings, of Chicago, who has been visiting Mrs. N. J. Bordeaux, of this city, is the guest of Mrs. J. P. Butler, St. Thomas.

Miss Bessie Fox, who has been visiting with her aunt in New York, and with her sister, Mrs. H. Silverman, of Altoona, Penn., has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Griffith, 128 Maple street, here arrived home, after spending three very enjoyable weeks with friends in Portage la Prairie, Man.

Miss Downing and Miss Evelyn Downs, of Grey street, returned yesterday from a week's visit with the former's sister, Mrs. Notwell, Beachville.

Mrs. Elias Fuller, of this city, and daughter, Miss Emma, spent a few days with Mrs. George Edmondson, 321 Stone street, north end, Port Huron.

Miss Florence Phillips, of 562 Hill street, formerly of Muskegon, Mich., has returned from an extended visit in Toledo, Akron, Niles, Warren and Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss A. Brimacombe, of Pearl street; Miss M. Walters, of Glendale; Miss Downing and Miss Johns, of Grey street, leave tonight for a week's vacation at Grand Bend.

Londoners at Port: Mr. and Mrs. William Thomas, Queen's avenue, and Mrs. J. Smith, King street, London, are located at Springwell Cottage, Port Stanley, with Mrs. E. H. Moore. The following London families are located

'PHONE 56

We are always waiting at our end of the line.

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We will send to your home for prescriptions, and deliver the remedy after it is compounded.

Get the habit of remembering Phone 56 whenever you have occasion to think of drugs. An emergency may arise when our service will be of the utmost value to you.

W. T. Strong

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

at Erie Vale with Frank Young: Mrs. Thomas Maker and family, King street; Mrs. Thomas Seaton, 871 Van street; Mrs. Edward Moore, Miss Lilly Gray, Waterloo street, and Wm. White, hall, Misses Alice Jones and Clara Smith, of English street, are at Ramblers' Retreat, with Mrs. S. Nichols.

Miss Frances Lamond is located at Lakeview House.

Miss Mattie Constable, of 18 Maryboro Place, has returned home, after visiting friends in Ingersoll. She is accompanied by her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Cook.

Mr. Wm. Robson, of St. James street, is visiting at Hensall. Mr. Robson has been ill for some time, and his many friends will be glad to know of his convalescence.

Miss Florence Ashford, of the office staff of the McClary Manufacturing Company, is spending her vacation with her parents, St. George street, St. Thomas.

Mr. Thomas R. Parker, of Jarvis street, Toronto, formerly of this city, has gone to Portland, Me., to spend his vacation with his wife and daughters, who are summering there, and at Old Orchard Beach and Boston.

20,000 OUT AT ST. PETERSBURG

Continued from Page One.

a strike was so hastily taken Thursday night, and the police since then have been so busy putting the ring-leaders behind the bars that great confusion prevails among the various organizations which were scheduled to begin striking at different places and at different times. Therefore, the inauguration of the strike lacks snap, and it is evident that its success will depend upon the temper of the masses.

The leaders have been somewhat demoralized by the energy displayed by the Government in breaking up the workmen's organizations, and unless the people spontaneously respond to the call, the strike must end in early failure. All eyes are turned on Moscow and the provinces. St. Petersburg, the Government's stronghold, is expected to be the last to succumb to the state of anarchy into which the revolutionists have undertaken to plunge the country. The battle cry of the strike, "A reconnoissance of Parliament for the purpose of elaborating a law providing for a constituent assembly," does not ring true, and is in fact, simply a peaceful slogan to be abandoned if the Government totters, when the true colors will be run up.

The members of the workmen's council, in conjunction with the radical cliques of the outlandish Parliament, have made definite arrangements to proclaim themselves a provisional Government if success crowns their efforts. But unless the whole army sides with the revolutionists those in control of the Government are convinced that the strike will end in failure.

A prominent member of the Government, who is in complete sympathy with the decision taken at Petrohof to fight the revolution energetically points out that the workmen's unions are without funds to carry on a prolonged struggle, and he was disposed, like many of his class, to contend that the real power behind the scenes are the rich Jews, who are interested in striking a blow at Russian credit, which would compel the Government to come to terms on the Jewish question.

BLACK-HAND OUTRAGE

Another Peculiar Kidnapping Case for New York Police.

New York, Aug. 4.—Pasquale Greco, 35 years old, who was reported several days ago as having been kidnapped by a blackhand gang, was found today in a hallway on Eleventh street, gagged and blindfolded, and with his feet and hands tied. He told the police that since late Tuesday night he had been a prisoner of several Italians, who had given him neither food nor water in the 80 hours of his captivity.

Eugene Duche, a tailor, who notified the police of Greco's presence in the hallway, was arrested on suspicion of knowing something of the kidnapping.

Attore Ricci was arrested on Wednesday last, charged with accepting a bribe of \$500 to prevent the death by black-hand and murder of Alfonso Schettini, an Italian grocer, and his friend, Greco. Ricci then told the police that Greco had been kidnapped, and detectives were at once started in search of him.

Greco told the police today that five men seized him at Bleeker and Sullivan streets about midnight Tuesday, and placed him in a cellar, the location of which he does not know, and kept him until early today, when he was removed to a hallway, still gagged and bound. The suspicions of the police that Greco's story would bear investigation were aroused by the manner in which he was bound, the marks of the rope indicating that he had not long been a captive. A piece of rope similar to that with which Greco was tied was discovered in the pockets of Duche.

MAY SUTTON WINS.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, Eng., Aug. 4.—In the ladies' singles in the Northumberland tennis championship contests today, May Sutton, of California, beat Miss H. Atcheson by 6-2, 6-1.

"KILLED" IN WAR, RETURNS HOME

Georgia Man Who Outdoes Rip Van Winkle Says He Was in Prison.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 4.—Believed to have been killed in the battle of Chickamauga, Anderson Pittman has returned to his old home in Habersham County, and found his wife the widow of another. The return of the man caused as great a sensation as if he was a Rip Van Winkle. In fact, his story surpasses the tragedy of Rip in that it is real, and covers a period of 40 years, which time Pittman says he spent as a convict in a northern prison for homicide, which it was necessary to commit to save his own life.

When the civil war broke out Pittman was one of the most prosperous farmers in Habersham County. He was 23 years old, and a bridegroom of a week when he enlisted. He was captured and placed in a military prison with others. Then the federalists sent him north as a prisoner of war. In the prison he found an enemy in another prisoner.

The day the prison was emptied the man attacked Pittman with an axe and Pittman stabbed him to the heart with a knife. The killing was almost under the walls of the prison, and Pittman was at once arrested and thrown into his old cell. A short time after he was tried, convicted and sentenced to 40 years' imprisonment.

So far, Pittman has refused to tell where he was confined.

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BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE,
PICKLES, LARD BACON, Etc.

Wholesale warehouse in rear of
Retail Store, 177 Dundas St.
D. M. LITTLEJOHN, Manager.
15-17-ywt

LOCAL MARKET.

LONDON, Saturday, Aug. 4.

Today's market was not as well attended as on last Saturday. The extremely hot weather, no doubt, having kept many of the farmers and buyers from attending the market. With so many of the citizens leaving the city various picnics and excursions, it was surprising that the stuff offered sold as well as it did. There was hardly any change in prices. The farmers should bear in mind that there will be no shipment of live hogs on Monday, but will be made on Tuesday instead. Grain—Oats sold at \$1.03 to \$1.05 per cwt.; mostly at the higher figure. Barley sold at \$1.05 per cwt. for 100 lbs. at 80c per bushel, and new at 75c. Hay and Straw—There were three loads of hay offered, which had been bargained for on the previous day; prices paid were \$3.25 and \$3.50 per ton. Straw sells at \$5.50 per ton. There should be a good demand for hay on Tuesday.

Butter and Eggs—While there was a large supply of butter offered, there was a brisk demand; prices were firm at 19c for store lots and 20c to 21c for choice crocks, for pound rolls 21c to 23c, by the basket. In the dairy hall 21c to 22c was asked for pound rolls. Eggs—There were plentiful at 15-16c to 16c per dozen, for crate and basket lots.

Fruit—Red raspberries sold at 9c to 10c per bushel; they are about finished for this season. Black thimbleberries sold well at 9c per bushel wholesale, and 10c retail. Black currants sold at 10c per bushel, or \$1.20 for a 12-quart basket. Peaches sold at 20c to 25c for the 6 to 12 quart basket. Apples were in abundance and slow of sale, at 40c to 75c per bushel.

Vegetables—Potatoes sold fairly well at 50c per bushel, or 15c by the peck. Tomatoes were scarce at 60c for the 15-lb basket. Beets, carrots, onions, radishes and lettuce sold at 20c per dozen. Green corn was in demand at 85c to 10c per dozen. Peas sold at 85c to 10c per dozen. Celery, 40c to 45c per dozen. Onions sold by the bushel at 80c to 90c. Green peppers, 10c per dozen. Cucumbers were dull at 10c per dozen. Pickling onions sold at 8c to 10c per quart.

Poultry—Spring chickens sold well at 50c per pair alive, and 75c to 80c per pair dressed. Hens, 40c to 45c per pair alive, and 60c to 70c per pair dressed. The few offered sold at \$3.50 per cwt. Live Hogs—The buyers intended to pay \$7.50 per cwt. for Monday's shipment, but the slump in the markets have caused them to reduce the price to \$7.25, small pigs sold at \$6.50 to \$7.50 per pair. Butcher's Meats—Owing to the warm weather there was not much offering; prices were unchanged.

Hides and Tallow—Prices are 10c for No. 1, 9c for No. 2, and 8c for No. 3. Prices of hides are unchanged. Those who had produce to sell reported sales as quite brisk, with the exception of apples. There was not much unsold at 11:50 o'clock.

DAIRY MARKETS.

NAPANEE.

Napanee, Aug. 3.—There were 2,740 boxes of cheese brought to the cheese market today, 1,150 white and 1,590 colored; all sold at 115c.

Because Your Estate Is Small

do not feel that you have to name a private individual as executor.

This company invites all persons whether their estate be large or small, to inquire as to methods and charges.

London and Western Trusts Company Limited

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker.

Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, Aug. 4.

Open High Low Close.

Amalg. Copper.....102 102 1/2 101 1/4

American Sugar Co.....137 137 1/2 136 1/4

American Locomotive.....187 187 1/2 186 1/4

American Foundry.....98 98 1/2 97 1/4

American Refining Co.....152 152 1/2 151 1/4

Atchafalpa.....95 95 1/2 94 1/4

Baltimore & Ohio.....119 119 1/2 118 1/4

Brooklyn Transit.....144 144 1/2 143 1/4

C. P. R.....105 105 1/2 104 1/4

Ches. & Ohio.....59 59 1/2 58 1/4

Chic. Great Western.....145 145 1/2 144 1/4

Col. Fuel & Iron.....53 53 1/2 52 1/4

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Teachers who throw
all their energies into
their work for 10 months
require rest, those who
play at their teaching
don't need it.

Results tell.
Catalogue Free.

J. W. WESTERVELT,
Y. M. C. A. Principal.

Special Value in Trousers

Our west window is filled
with regular \$6.00, \$5.50,
and \$5.75 imported trou-
sers. Your choice for
\$5.00.

O. LABELLE
TAILOR
Odell's Block Corner.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldgs. next Court House, London.

WALL PAPER

AT GREATLY REDUCED
PRICES THIS MONTH

COLERICK BROS.
212 Dundas Street.

We manufacture
"WHITE SEAL"
(Pure Manitoba Flour)

"STAR"
(Blended Flour)

"WELCOME"
(Winter Wheat Patent),

also Graham Flour, Wheatlets
and all kinds of feed. Write for prices.

HARVEY BROS., Exeter, Ont.

ELLIOTT & OLMSTED
Removed to 206 Dundas.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS
Open day and night. Residence
on premises. Phone 175.

D. A. STEWART
(Successor to John T. Stephenson.)
FUNERAL DIRECTOR and EMBALMER
Reasonable charges. Best equip-
ment.
Open day and night. Residence
on premises. Phone 459.
OEO. E. LOGAN, Assistant Mgr.

MONUMENTS Granite & Marble.
Artistic Design. Prices Reasonable.
The D. WILKIE GRANITE CO.
405 RICHMOND ST., LONDON.
W.Y.

R. H. SMITH Contractor and Builder.
15 Brighton Street.
Manufacturer of Cement Blocks and Sills.
Phone 1349.

SMITH, SON & OLARKE
Undertakers and Embalmers
Lady assistant. Night calls per-
sonally attended. Rubber-tired
funeral cars.
118 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 588
205 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678
Residence on Premises.



Neglected Eyes...
result in head-
aches, pains in
about the eyes,
squinting, blurring
of print after read-
ing a short time,
holding the paper
at arm's length,
and cross-eyes.
Registered Opti-
metrist in the title
conferred on A. A.
Marshall by the
California State
Board of Examin-
ers for being a com-
petent and experi-
enced man, fit to
examine eyes prop-
erly. Choose your
Optician. Examina-
tion free.

Glasses \$1 up.
MARSHALL
Canadian Expert Optician,
264 DUNDAS STREET
Look for the Name
Four Doors West From Wellington.
Su-wt

Kindling Wood
AND SAWDUST FOR SALE.
LONDON BOX CO.
309 Bathurst Street. ywt

LONDON LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY
Licensed by Provincial
Government. Deposit 10c
day for 20 years and you
will receive \$1,000.00.
434 Richmond St., London.

HURON & ERIE
LOAN & SAVINGS COMPANY
—AND—
Canadian Savings & Loan
Company Amalgamated.

From July 1, 1906
Interest Will Be
Paid on Deposits

4

Times a Year.

G. A. Somerville, Manager
OFFICES—440-442 Richmond Street.
LONDON, ONTARIO

Our Porter

has been known for years as the favor-
ite beverage. It has acquired a popu-
larity unequalled by any other porter.
Order a case from your dealer.

HAMILTON'S
BREWER Y.

THOS. WILSON

Merchant Tailor

212 DUNDAS STREET
Higgins Block. Telephone 596.



YOUR EYES
Do You
Realize Their
Importance.

As eyesight specialists we ask you
to consult us when believing eye strain
is present.

EXAMINATION FREE.

The Tait Optical Co.
We grind lenses on the premises.
237 DUNDAS STREET.

A Fountain Pen
A Traveling Cup

Two very essential articles to
carry in your pocket or hand bag
for use on the train or boat. We'll
supply you.

Thos. Gillean
402 RICHMOND STREET.

All the Good
that there is in Manitoba hard wheat
is to be found in

Johnston Bros. XXX Bread
Pure, nutritious and easily digested;
at grocery and delivered; obtainable
also at summer resorts.

Johnston Bros. Phone 818
THE HOLIDAY PAPER

The Advertiser will be issued at 4
a.m. on Monday, the day being Lon-
don's Civic Holiday.

There will be no afternoon edition.
The morning edition, which will contain
all the latest telegraphic, local and
sporting news up to the hour of going
to press, will be supplied to all read-
ers.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

Mr. James McCartney has bought
Mr. Bert Wilcox's trotter, May B.
—The C. P. R. ticket office, corner of
Richmond and Dundas streets, will be
open tonight for the sale of excursion
tickets.

—The Grand Trunk city ticket office,
"Clock" corner, will be open this (Sat-
urday) evening, for the sale of Civic
Holiday and other excursion tickets.
—The public wicket at the postoffice
will be open on Monday from 8 to 10
a.m. and from 6 to 7 p.m. There will
be a morning delivery only by carriers.
FAREWELL PRESENTATION.

Mr. Robert Axton was presented
with a sterling silver fountain pen at
the Grand Trunk station on Thursday
morning by the East London Pleasure
Club. Mr. Axton has gone to Hamil-
ton to take up his residence, and has
many friends in this city, who wish
him every success in his new home.

LIVERPOOL TO HAVE PAGEANT.
Liverpool, Aug. 4.—Next year will be
the 700th anniversary of the granting
of the charter of Liverpool by King
John, and Councillor Joseph has written
to the Lord Mayor suggesting the call-
ing of a public meeting to arrange for
a pageant similar to that at Warwick.

If you are wanting something new
and novel in the souvenir postal line,
something artistic, original and high-
class, see our lines. Red Star News
Company, 8 Market Lane, city.

Gerhard Heintzman

The Piano That Helps the Per-
former.

Because of its singing quality,
Because of its superior resonance,
Because of its sensitive action,
Because of its commanding vol-
ume,
Because of its responsive pedal
action,
Because it keeps in tune.

We invite a thorough inspection
of the Gerhard-Heintzman Piano.

W. McPHILLIPS,
189 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Genuine Cross Creek
Lehigh Coal

Formerly sold in London as Walls
Walls.

YOUR ORDER WILL HAVE OUR
BEST ATTENTION.

John Mann & Sons,
401 Clarence St. 425 York St.
Phone 470

HOLIDAY

Monday. You should take your
friend a Souvenir that you can
buy at the store of

C. H. WARD & CO.
374 RICHMOND STREET.

Sterling Silver in transparent
enamel.

SOUVENIRS

Parnell's Bread

Is being used more and more every day.
If you are not a patron of this cele-
brated bread, stop one of our wagons
and get a sample loaf from the driver.

All consumers speak highly of its
superiority to all other bread. Phone
529

Care of The Teeth

If you realize how important it is
that the teeth should not be neglected,
you will immediately buy a good
toothbrush. We have the kind that do
not shed their bristles.

With a good English-made tooth-
brush, get a bottle of

ODONTINE
(C. & L.)

It is pleasant to use, preserves the
teeth, keeps the gums healthy, leaves
a lasting clean taste in the mouth, and
helps to keep the breath sweet. Price
per bottle,

Only 25c

Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

FIRE OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS

The Brigade Has Long Run—Barn and
Hay Burned.

A barn on Francis street belonging
to Mr. Robert Green was completely
destroyed, together with a consider-
able quantity of hay.

The barn was far beyond the city
limits, but someone, evidently not un-
derstanding this, rang in an alarm
from box 96 at the extreme outskirts
of the city, and the whole fire depart-
ment had a long run, to no purpose.

To make things worse the fire caused
a great glare in the sky and appeared
at first sight to be quite near, and this
hurried the firemen, who expected
that quite a large fire was in progress.
Many of the excitement-loving citizens
had a good long run, only to find that
the farther they ran the farther the
fire seemed to be away.

DELIGHTED WITH CANADA

Prominent Chinese Officials Here to
Study Conditions.

On Thursday the local Chinese
celebrities entertained several promi-
nent Chinese officials, among whom
were Dr. Hong Quong, an official of
the Chinese Government, who has been
sent to Canada by the Emperor to
study the conditions existing here, and
also to visit the various Canadian divi-
sions of the Chinese Reform Associa-
tion, and Mr. Yit Yen, of Vancouver,
B. C., president of the Reform Associa-
tion.

The party will continue on to the
old country before Dr. Quong returns
to China and makes his report to the
Emperor.

The representatives of the Chinese
Emperor will visit Rideau Hall, Otta-
wa, where they will be the guests of
His Excellency Earl Grey.

Dr. Quong expressed himself as be-
ing delighted with Canada, and stated
that London was one of the prettiest
and cleanest cities he had ever seen.

These are delightful evenings for a
drive in Hueston's carriages.

NEW SCHOOL FOR
CHESLEY AVENUE

Finance Committee Favors the
Proposition—Auditor's
Salary Reduced.

The question of issuing \$10,000 debentures
for a new school at Chesley avenue
came before the finance committee
of the city council at its regular meet-
ing yesterday afternoon.

The committee was divided on the
matter, but on the casting vote of the
chairman, Ald. Forristal, it was decided
to recommend the council to grant the
issue.

Ald. Gillean and Ald. Greenlees were
not at all satisfied that the new school
was necessary, as they had been given
the assurance that the attendance at
the schools in the south end of the city
could be so adjusted as to obviate the
necessity of such an outlay at Chesley
avenue. Not only did they have the
word of some of the trustees to this ef-
fect, but the report by City Clerk Baker
also bore it out.

Ald. Cooper and the mayor were in
favor of recommending the issue, and
the chairman took sides with them.

The Auditor's Salary.
The salary of the new city auditor,
Mr. Frank Jewell, was placed at \$1,000,
which is \$200 less than was being paid
the late auditor. This, however, is
what the late Mr. Jewell received for
several years.

Ald. Cooper thought the new auditor
should start at \$900, and the remainder
of the committee did not agree with him.

"Do not be niggardly," said Chair-
man Forristal. "Be generous. We want
only a good man there, and give him
a good salary."

The Sleeman Brewing Company and
Steele & Forsyth appealed against
taxes, but the committee had no power
to take any action other than filing
their communications.

Rolling Mills' Exemption.

The committee will recommend ex-
emption on the London Rolling Mills
property for this year. While there is
no bylaw granting the company exemp-
tion, it is understood that when the
mills were located here they were to
be relieved from taxes for ten years.
The agreement still has five years to
run.

James A. Page appealed against
sewer assessment on property at the
northwest corner of English street and
Lorne avenue. It appears that Mr. Page
has been assessed for the full frontage
on both streets, instead of being ex-
empted on a portion of it.

A. J. McCrae's application for a re-
mission of business tax for this year
was referred to the inspector for a re-
port.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

The Western Real Estate Exchange,
of this city, sold David Ferguson's
hundred-acre farm in London Town-
ship, and George Budden's sixty-four-
acre farm in the township of North
Dorchester, this week. This makes six
farms in the county of Middlesex and
five city of London properties sold
through the Exchange's agency during
the last two weeks. The following let-
ter was sent to the Exchange the other
day by Mr. C. F. Prettie, whose farm
in the township of Westminster the
Exchange sold last week:

London, P. O., July 31, 1906.
Mr. James Burrows, Manager of The
Western Real Estate Exchange,
London:

Dear Sir,—I wish to thank you and
your company for the quick sale you
made of my farm in the township of
Westminster and the satisfactory way
in which you have done the business
for me. This farm, as you are aware,
I purchased through your agency
about two years ago from Mr. Wil-
liam Baker, and the satisfactory way
in which you did the business for me
at that time induced me to place the
farm in your hands to sell again, and
I am glad to say that you have done
it in the most satisfactory manner. Ad-
vertising and selling property is a good
one, and of great advantage and ben-
efit to both sellers and buyers. You
are at liberty to make such use of this
letter as you see fit.

Yours, etc.,
C. F. PRETTIE.

UNIONS ISSUE STATEMENT

Appeal to Working People to Stand by
Street Car Strikers.

The joint committee of the London
Trades and Labor Council and Division
No. 97 of the Amalgamated Association
issues the following for the information
of the public:

"Arrangements have been made to
publish the evidence taken before the
railway and municipal board as to the
reasons for the present street railway
strike, and have it distributed through-
out the city so that the citizens them-
selves shall judge as to the merits of
the controversy.

"When the printed report of the evi-
dence is distributed to the citizens our
committee is convinced that the
threatening language used by Man-
ager King and Superintendent Whit-
taker, their sweat-box policy regard-
ing employees held in the company's
offices, and the shadowing by spotters
of their men, will arouse the indigna-
tion of the public at large.

"The working people of London will
stand by the right of the working
classes for their own protection. Ac-
tive preparations are under way for
the greatest demonstration ever held
in this city. We desire peace and
harmony. We trust the company will
yet see its way clear to come to an
amicable settlement. But we must
insist on, and, if necessary, fight for
the rights of the working class to
organize if they wish for their mat-
erial welfare and mutual protection."

IRISH SHOOTING OUTRAGE.

Dublin, Aug. 4.—Three revolver shots
and one gunshot were fired last night at
Moymore, near Ennis, at the son of a
farmer named Casey, as he was cycling
home to Killybegs. One pellet passed
through his chest and lodged in the
back of his chest without penetrating his
ribs.

SUICIDE CURE FOR TOOTHACHE.

Geneva, Aug. 4.—A Swiss schoolboy
named Frederic Wyss, of Eggwil, in
the Canton of Berne, committed suicide
because he had been suffering from
ache for some time.

H. C. FRICK'S BANK
ROBBED BY CLERK

Confesses to Embezzling \$250,-
000—Was All Lost in
Speculation.

Pittsburg, Aug. 4.—Badgered and
threatened for twelve hours in a room
at the Monongahela House, Clifford S.
Hixton broke down at daylight this
morning and confessed that he had
robbed the Big Union Trust Company
of a sum that may reach \$250,000.

Hixton, who is 28 years old, and un-
married, was individual bookkeeper in
the bank of which he is principally owned
by Henry C. Frick, the steel magnate.
Hixton said that he had been stealing
for three years, and that every cent he
had taken had been lost in stock specu-
lation; that he is penniless.

Hixton implicates another employee
of the bank, who, he asserts, helped
him to conceal the embezzlement, and who
received half of the proceeds of the rob-
beries. A warrant has been sworn out
for this man, and detectives are now
hunting him.

Hixton lived with his parents, at
whose home he was quietly spending
last evening when he was taken into
custody. He was considered a model
young man. He has been in banking
here since boyhood, most of his career
having been with the Union Trust
Company, where he was promoted from
minor positions to one of much respon-
sibility. He went regularly to church,
and was quite prominent in society.

LIPTON WOULD
HAVE TWO BOATS

He Asks for Privilege of Trials
Before Challenging for
America's Cup.

New York, Aug. 4.—A special cable
from London to the New York Times
says: Sir Thomas Lipton, whose anxi-
ety to challenge again for the Ameri-
ca's Cup is well known, has made the
suggestion to a number of prominent
yachtmen on this side the Atlantic
that in case he sees his way clear to a
formal challenge, he would like to se-
cure a concession from the New York
Yacht Club allowing him to build two
yachts, sail one against the other and
send the better boat against the de-
fender. He firmly believes he is just-
ified in seeking this concession. The
defending side, as is well known, has
the privilege of trying out its boats, but
challengers must, under the deed of
gift, name the boat with the challenge.

Yachtmen here who have discussed this
matter informally seem to agree with
Sir Thomas that his desire to obtain
such a concession is perfectly fair.
While no formal statement has been
made by Sir Thomas Lipton that he has
any legitimate hopes of success in the
direction, the inference is that he has
sounded certain of the New York yacht
club officials and is not without reason-
able expectations that the question may
be raised at the proper time with sat-
isfaction to both sides.

LOVER'S MISADVENTURES

Chapter of Obstacles Checked Ardent
Lover's Wooing.

Vienna, Aug. 4.—A rich widow in
Kolozsvar, Hungary, recently brought
an action against a wealthy local land-
owner, alleging that his long court-
ship, which had resulted in no propos-
al, was damaging her reputation and
arousing scandal.
The landowner, M. de Szabo, appear-
ed in court and admitted that he had
paid the widow marked attentions.
But, he declared, fate was against his
proposing, for he had made "many
strenuous efforts" to do so, but all
were unsuccessful.

The first time he was just on the
point" when he happened to tread on
the tail of the lady's pet dog, which
upset him so much that he was unable
to continue.

Next time he meant to let nothing
interfere with the event, and in order
to impress the object of his adoration
drove up in grand style with four
horses. But turning a corner, the car-
riage upset, and the unfortunate lover
plunged head foremost in a pool of
dirty water.

"Undaunted, he made a third and last
attempt. Attired in his most gorgeous
costume, he started off on his way to
the widow's house. On the way, how-
ever, he passed under a ladder, a very
unlucky thing, and a painter upset a
pot of green paint over him.

After telling his tragic story the
Hungarian gentleman pathetically ex-
claimed, "So you see, gentlemen, that
fate is against me." His statements
were proved, and amid much laughter
M. de Szabo left the court "without a
stain on his character."

**GERMAN FARM COLONY IN EN-
GLAND.**

Liverpool, Aug. 4.—In 1900 a German
industrial and farm colony was estab-
lished on the Sbury Hall estate, near
Ware, to provide temporary work, board
and lodging for German-speaking un-
employed and destitute men, the idea
being that those who wished to return
home might by this means earn enough
money at farm work to enable them to
do so. For those who desire to re-
main in this country a registry office
endeavors to find suitable situations.

The records of the colony show that
during the five years, 1901 to 1906, 2,500
men have been admitted, of whom 900
were repatriated, 600 secured situations
and 200 received monetary assistance
from home.

The physicians who either partici-
pated or were interested in the opera-
tions are Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Dr. A. C.
Abbott, Dr. George W. Dougherty, Dr.
F. H. Dercum, Dr. W. W. Hawke, Dr.
Alfred Gordon, Dr. Charles K. Mills,
Dr. Louis Starr and Dr. Fred Frely.

The first subjects of these ex-
periments were operated on today at
the infirmary of the society, which was
the first organization of its kind in the
country to adopt this course. In all
seven children were put under the
knife by a number of the city's most
prominent surgeons, who performed
operations of varied nature, from the
most delicate to ones of minor impor-
tance, calculated to improve the mental
and moral condition of the patients.

There were two operations on
brains, three on eyes and two minor
operations for nervousness, and all, it
is believed, will be successful.

The physicians who either partici-
pated or were interested in the opera-
tions are Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Dr. A. C.
Abbott, Dr. George W. Dougherty, Dr.
F. H. Dercum, Dr. W. W. Hawke, Dr.
Alfred Gordon, Dr. Charles K. Mills,
Dr. Louis Starr and Dr. Fred Frely.

I bought a horse with a supposedly in-
curable ringbone for \$30. Cured him with
\$1 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT, and
sold him for \$85. Profit on Liniment, \$54.
MOISE DEROSCE,
Hotelkeeper, St. Philippe, Que.

CRIME-CURE IN SURGERY

Juvenile Society Resorts to Operations
to Aid Children.

Philadelphia, Aug. 4.—Following out
the theories of the country's foremost
physicians and the recent rulings of
the juvenile courts, the Pennsylvania
Society to Protect Children from
Cruelty, working in conjunction with
Director Coplin of the bureau of
health and charities, and Chief Abbott
of the bureau of health, have instituted
the practice of performing operations
upon the children given into their
charge, where medical opinion is ren-
dered that such a course is likely to
prevent a criminal career.

The first subjects of these ex-
periments were operated on today at
the infirmary of the society, which was
the first organization of its kind in the
country to adopt this course. In all
seven children were put under the
knife by a number of the city's most
prominent surgeons, who performed
operations of varied nature, from the
most delicate to ones of minor impor-
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F. H. Dercum, Dr. W. W. Hawke, Dr.
Alfred Gordon, Dr. Charles K. Mills,
Dr. Louis Starr and Dr. Fred Frely.

Young Man

The opening of a savings account is the first
step to the accumulation of a fortune and it is
surprising how such an account will grow by
the cultivation of the habit of regularly laying
aside a portion of one's earnings against future
needs. The Bank that

CREDITS 4 **TIMES**
INTEREST 4 **A YEAR**
\$1.00 Opens an Account.

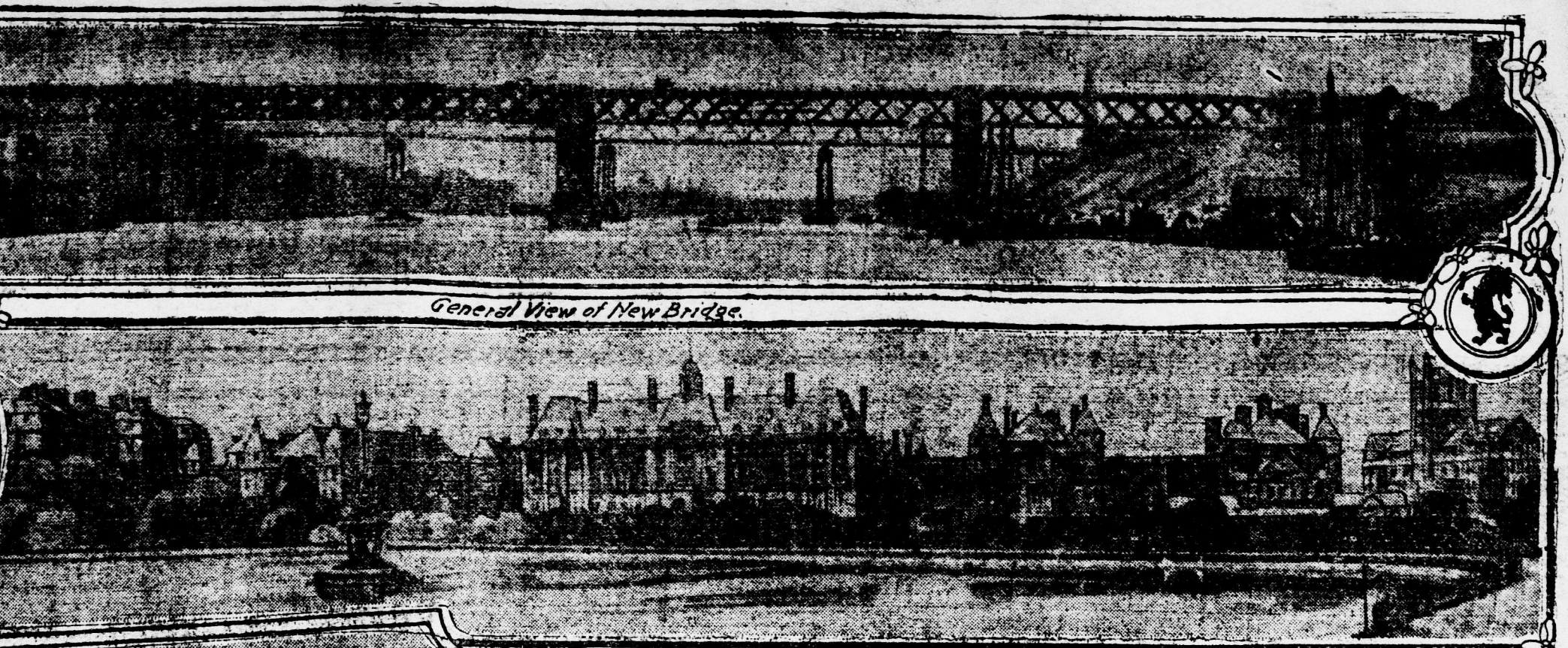
SPECIAL SATURDAY CABLES TO THE LONDON ADVERTISER



Old Newcastle showing the beautiful coroneted tower of the Cathedral of St. Nicholas.



Duke of Northumberland



General View of New Bridge.



PRINCE VICTOR DULEEP SINGH.

INDIAN PRINCE'S COOKERY BOOK

Victor Duleep Singh To Be Aided in Task by Titled English Wife.

London, Aug. 4.—Prince Victor Duleep Singh, who married Lady Anne Coventry in 1898, is about to join the army of experts who have written cookery books.

The Indian prince has a very refined taste in culinary matters, and his cookery book is expected to contain many novel features. Princess Victor will assist his husband with the work as soon as he returns from Carlsbad.

"Varied menus will be given for every day in the year," said Princess Duleep Singh yesterday. "Of course, recipes will be given for every dish mentioned."

DEFENDS THE MICROBE

Is Humanity's Friend and Makes Life Worth Living.

London, Aug. 4.—A discourse on beneficial microbes was delivered by the famous scientist, Sir Michael Foster, yesterday at the opening of the new bacteriological laboratory presented to the Rothamsted experimental station by J. F. Mason, M. P.

Sir Michael thinks that bacteriological research may show that microbes, so far from being enemies of humanity, play an important part in providing the nation's food.

He declared that in the work at Rothamsted there had hitherto been a lack of any study of the part which microbes play in the work of the soil and the plant. We heard a good deal, he said, of microbes as enemies, but there were microbes which were our very good friends, and some of the best of them were those working silently and unseen in the soil.

The struggle for existence was fundamentally a struggle for nitrogen, and there were microbes in the soil which were making the nitrogen of the air available by humus.

"Thanks to Mr. Mason's gift," continued Sir Michael, "I hope that much light will be thrown on the action of microbes in producing our national food."

VANDALISM FOILED

Grand Ducal Diet Refuses Appropriation to Spoil Ruins.

Berlin, Aug. 4.—The Grand Ducal Diet at Carlsruhe has finally decided not to grant the 100,000 marks (\$25,000) which the ruler of Baden requires to begin the restoration of the lovely ruins of Heidelberg Castle. All lovers of picturesque scenery throughout the country are grateful to the members of the Diet, who, notwithstanding immense pressure brought to bear on them, have resisted this attempt to spoil one of the gems of the Rhineland.

For years a controversy has raged between the Grand Duke and his architects on one side, and his people, supported by the bulk of public opinion in the fatherland, on the other side.

KING AT OLD NEWCASTLE CITY; FIRST ROYAL VISIT IN 259 YEARS

Opens New Bridge, New Infirmary and New Armstrong College—Unveils a Monument of Queen Victoria—A Gala Day for the Ancient Place.

London, Aug. 4.—After a lapse of 259 years, a King of England has just visited Newcastle.

The city on the Tyne was the scene of the surrender of King Charles I. by the Scots to the Parliamentary forces in 1647. It was profusely decorated to give the most loyal of welcomes to King Edward VII., who opened a new wing of the Armstrong College and a new infirmary, opened the magnificent new bridge over the Tyne and unveiled a statue of Queen Victoria.

The King and Queen were the guests of the Duke of Northumberland at his historic residence, Alnwick Castle. The castle, an imposing pile on the south side of the Alne, retains some vestiges of Norman architecture, part of the original building. Time and the shocks of war had brought the castle to the verge of ruin when, in 1750, it was reconstructed and embellished. The frieze of the grand staircase illustrates the battle of Chevy Chase.

The ceremonies in Newcastle were very elaborate, particularly those in connection with the opening of Armstrong College. The college was founded in 1871, and is affiliated with the University of Durham. For many years it was known as the Durham College of Science, but some time ago it was decided that the buildings should be completely new. The original architect was R. J. Johnson, who died before the scheme was complete, and his designs were finished by F. W. Rich. They have been carried out under the superintendence of W. H. Knowles. The work has cost £50,000.

The great hall is a finely designed room. It will be used for lectures and examinations. The chief entrance to the building admits to a spacious vestibule, with marble floor and coupled columns. The completed building will contain splendid sets of laboratories, devoted to physical research.

The George Stephenson Engineering Laboratory will be the great center of technical teaching. Near it are the engineering drawing office and the mechanical museum. Practical electricity will be taught in the Armstrong Electrical Laboratory. The beautiful council room is on the left of the main entrance.

An interesting feature of the opening of the Armstrong College was a series of experiments in the electrical laboratories.

The King and Queen were invited to look through colored glasses at an electric arc light, from the center of which there apparently proceeded delightful vocal and instrumental music. The explanation is that a choir and orchestra are in a room in another part of the building, to which are fitted microphone transmitters.

The New Bridge.

The new bridge has been constructed for the Northeastern Railway Company from the designs of the railway company's own engineer, C. A. Harrison. It has been built on caissons filled with concrete. The old Stephenson bridge was erected on piled foundations. The new bridge is constructed of steel, whereas the old one is built of cast-iron. The new structure rests on three granite piers supporting latticework 37 feet deep. The under side of this lattice gives a clear height of 87 feet

above high level, which will allow the largest ships launched from the Elswick works to pass beneath. The structure has been named "King Edward VII. Bridge."

The buildings forming the new infirmary make an impressive ensemble when seen from the lake in Leazes Park. The interior has been equipped with all the improvements which have been devised during recent years. The chapel is beautifully decorated from funds specially provided by beneficent Newcastleans.

Local Addresses.

On their arrival at Alnwick the King and Queen were greeted with much enthusiasm. Addresses from the County Council and the Justices of Northumberland were presented, and, accompanied by the Duke and Duchess of Northumberland, Earl Percy and members of the Percy family, and guests at the castle, they drove to Hotspur Tower, escorted by a troop of the Northumberland Hussars and mounted policemen.

There the King was presented with an address on behalf of the Alnwick Urban Council and town, while the Queen was presented with a bouquet of flowers by Lizzie Marr on behalf of six girls representing the public schools in the town.

The royal carriage then proceeded slowly through the principal streets to Alnwick Castle. In the outer bailey the Queen was presented with another bouquet by Miss Elsie Moore on behalf of the girls at the Duchess of Northumberland's school.

SECRET SOCIETY'S REVENGE

Police Afraid to Proceed Against it in Murder Case.

Lausanne, Aug. 4.—A peculiarly heartless crime has been committed at Lecco, on Lake Como, in the name of the "Camorra," the notorious Italian secret society.

A young man named Navazzo, who formerly lived at Naples, joined the society when in his teens, and remained a faithful member until a few months ago when he married a beautiful Italian girl of 19.

Navazzo, who was a steady, hard-working young man and a clever cabinetmaker, wished to rid himself of his old associates, and sent in his resignation to the Camorra. He received a reply to the effect that he knew too much, and was too useful a member for his resignation to be accepted.

He prayed and begged vainly for his release. Later he was ordered "on a private mission," and rather than obey the command he left Naples secretly with his wife.

The young wife woke up yesterday morning at the boarding-house where they were staying and found her husband lying dead by her side with a stiletto in his heart.

On the stiletto the word "Camorra" had been engraved. This fact left no doubt as to who had committed the crime, and when the police heard of it they refused to take any action.

NATAL RESENTS PREMIER'S SPEECH

Statement That Bodies of Zulus Have Been Mutilated Is Vigorously Denied.

Durban, Aug. 4.—The expressions of the Prime Minister's "horror" at the suggestion that native levies have persistently mutilated the bodies of captured Zulus, is deeply resented here.

Investigation proves that, while no doubt exists that native levies have, in one or two instances, subjected their prisoners to harsh treatment not consonant with civilized warfare, the majority of them have acted with great moderation, and even kindness.

Strict instructions were given by the commanders of the various columns that the rebels were to be afforded every opportunity of surrendering, and as regards the dead, mutilation was expressly forbidden.

Criticism has even been evoked from white residents that the field regulations were not sufficiently drastic, and that the warfare should be conducted more on native lines, on the ground that humane treatment would be mistaken by the enemy for weakness.

Natalians, in criticising the Premier's utterance, point out that his "horror" emphasizes the ignorance which prevails to a large extent in Great Britain regarding the native situation. Repeated questions in the House of Commons regarding mutilations and ill-treatment of prisoners arouse great irritation among all classes of whites.

BEGGARS FIND GEMS

One Given Alms by Man Hands Over "Pretty Little Glass Balls."

Rome, Aug. 4.—A few days ago a notice was posted in the streets of Rome to the effect that a sum of \$300 would be given as reward to the person who found a pearl necklace.

Last night a boy begging on the Corso was driven away rather roughly by a policeman, whereupon a gentleman ran after the lad and gave him a few "soldi." The boy turned to his benefactor and said he would make him a present of some "pretty little glass balls" he had found, and, saying this, he took out of his pocket and handed over to the gentleman nine pearls.

Questioned as to where he had found the valuable stones, he answered that he had gathered them in a country road outside the walls of the city. Another boy who was with him when he found the pearls had 30 of them.

The pearls belong to a necklace which Princess Falconieri lost some time ago, and for which she offered the \$300 reward. It was worth \$5,000, and the number of pearls which have been now found—30 in all—represent only half its value.

The children who had luckily found the precious stones were given \$120 by Princess Falconieri.

PAYING THE MOURNERS.

London, Aug. 4.—William Henry Plowman, of Whitby, Cambs, left 5 shillings each to ten men more than 80 years old, who were to attend his funeral, and a similar sum to twelve young women, two from each of the six Nonconformist places of worship in the town, who were also to attend at the graveside and sing "Rock of Ages." The conditions were observed at the interment on Wednesday.

NEW MOUNTAIN LINE IN AUSTRIAN ALPS

Forty-Eight Tunnels and 727 Bridges in Railway of About 130 Miles.

Vienna, Aug. 4.—A most interesting mountain railway was inaugurated today in Austria. It runs through Carinthia and Carniola to Trieste harbor, showing all along its way (207 kilometers), the finest of Alpine scenery, besides illustrating the wonders of modern engineering.

There are no fewer than 48 tunnels, 678 small and 49 large bridges, as well as innumerable viaducts and safety galleries. The bridges are all of stone, and one of them, the Salcano bridge, over the Tsonzo River, has an arch of 85 meters, the widest span of a railway bridge in the world.

The line inaugurated today forms the last link of the great State Railway line to be opened in 1908, which will lead from Gastina to Trieste, over the Tauern and Karavanken Mountains, and is intended to connect Southern Germany with the Adriatic.

KING'S VISIT COSTLY

Dusky Cambodian Monarch Cost France Half a Million.

Paris, Aug. 4.—King Sisowath of Cambodia, whose departure from this city was hastened by the foreign office authorities, was bitterly disappointed at not being allowed to remain longer in Paris.

"A total estimated outlay of \$500,000 and no return for our money," is the way a thrifty Frenchman sums up the royal visit.

It is estimated that the cost of the visit to the Government alone amounts to \$250,000. This sum will be a heavy charge on the Budget of Indo-China, which already exhibits a serious deficit and has to call on the mother country for financial aid.

Besides these official expenses, the cost of the entertainments given by various public bodies brings the total up to \$500,000.

KILLED A WELSHER

Crowd of Infuriated Gamblers Kill One Who Was Crooked.

Melbourne, Aug. 4.—A tremendous sensation was created at Flemington race course yesterday, when an infuriated crowd of gamblers literally kicked to death a welsher named Donald Macleod, on the latter seeking to abscond.

The incident has materially strengthened the Jenkins crusade and horrified the entire community. Dr. Clarke, the Anglican Archbishop of Melbourne, has written a powerful letter to the press calling upon all Christians to learn the lesson of the tragedy and fight the demon of gambling. References were made in every pulpit in Sydney, Melbourne and Adelaide Sunday.

Mr. Jenkins, addressing a large men's meeting at Melbourne tonight, said that the gambling bosses were the real murderers.

ENCOURAGING CHILD SWIMMERS.

London, Aug. 4.—The Backburn corporation baths committee has unanimously resolved to present a free pass to the baths to every boy or girl who manages to swim a mile.

AN ENGLISH M.P. DEFENDS TIGER

Says the Big Cat Is Really the Best Friend of Indian Peasant.

London, Aug. 4.—To the long list of pro-Zulus, pro-Boers, pro-Mahdis and pro-Leopolds must be added the pro-tiger.

Mr. Rees has appeared in the House of Commons in the role of "the tiger's friend." He caused some amusement by asking the Secretary for India to refer to the Government of India the question of the indiscriminate offer of rewards to gain which professional slaughterers destroyed these animals.

Mr. Rees mentioned that man-eaters were rare exceptions among tigers, and that others of the species caused no loss and danger to human life.

"Pity the poor tiger," is the cry which it is feared will never be properly appreciated by the natives of India. Even Mr. Morley could not decide to champion the tiger. "I cannot promise," he said, "to address the Government of India in the sense suggested by Mr. Rees, nor do I expect that they would share his views as to the preservation of the tiger."

Mr. Rees, however, yesterday explained that "no well-conducted tiger ever thinks of attacking a man."

"The natives just 'shoo' them off," he continued, "with the air of a man who had frequently taken part in the 'shooting.'"

"Man-eaters are comparatively very rare, and their habits, their lairs and all their movements are known to every villager. As I have more than once insisted, the tiger in India is the agriculturist's friend. The tiger slays the deer and wild pigs, that destroy the crops. Providence balances all these things."

"What I wish to see put down is the slaying of tigers for rewards. The system of paying 30 rupees for an ordinary dead tiger and 100 for a man-eater has resulted in the springing up of a class of professional slaughterers. One ordinary dead tiger will keep a whole family for a year."

Mr. Rees did not mention the possibility that an ordinary live tiger might also possibly wipe out the cattle of a whole family in a single night.

FIRST HOLIDAY FOR 38 YEARS.

London, Aug. 4.—Mr. Hall, a relieving officer of the Westbury (Wilt) Union, is going to take his first holiday for 38 years.

BOY-AND-GIRL MARRIAGE.

London, Aug. 4.—A wife, 16 1/2 years old, obtained a separation, with 10 shillings a week alimony, at the West London police court yesterday. She had been married ten months, and her husband is 21 years old.

SALARY—THREE HALFPENCE A DAY.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.—At Glasson (Cumberland) man has received an appointment which brings him in the income of 33 shillings a year—a little more than 3 halfpence a day. The job is that of looking after the village gully traps.

TO RESTORE CARNARVON CASTLE.

Cardiff, Aug. 4.—Sir John Puleston, the constable of Carnarvon Castle, erected 700 years ago, announces that the office of works has been instructed to send its architect to Carnarvon to confer with him with a view to a more ample restoration of the edifice which the first Prince of Wales was born.



MISS EDITH McCAUL.

THE KING HONORS IRISH WOMAN

Miss Edith McCaul, Famous Boer War Nurse, Made "Visitor" to Sanatorium.

London, Aug. 4.—His majesty never loses an opportunity of showing respect and gratitude to the nursing profession, and the thousands of devoted and selfless British women who belong to this most feminine of professions are honored in the person of Miss Edith McCaul, who has been appointed "visitor" to the King's new sanatorium, Miss McCaul was one of the four nurses who bore the heat and strain of the day during the long, wearying efforts made by Sir Redvers Buller to relieve Ladysmith, and she was the first woman to enter the town after the relief. Recently she visited Japan in order to see how our eastern allies nurse their wounded, and to her energy and initiative was owing the inception of the Union Jack Club.

Miss McCaul, who is an Irish woman, hopes to see nursing raised to the status of a real profession, and she has written some eloquent pages on this subject.

A HANDSOME FELLOW

But Police Claim He Is an International Swindler.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The police here have arrested Samuel Buchner, a native of Cincow, at the request of the Berlin authorities. He is wanted in the German capital for several swindles he perpetrated there. The New York and Vienna police also requested his arrest for swindling in those cities. Buchner is a handsome fellow. He stopped at the best hotels and carried much luggage with him. A large sum of money was found in his possession. It is said that he belongs to a gang of international thieves.

ROWDY COLLEGE MEN.

London, Aug. 4.—The Henley Corporation yesterday offered a reward of £2 for the conviction of the persons who wantonly destroyed several of the lime trees in the streets of the borough on the last night of the regatta. The offense is said to have been committed by members of the college crews and their friends.

PRIZE FOR A LARGE FAMILY.

London, Aug. 4.—The award at the Lincolnshire Agricultural Show, which ended at Gainsborough yesterday, to the agricultural laborer who had brought up and placed out the greatest number of children, was won by G. Denton, of Dunston, Lincoln, with a record of eighteen.

SCHOOL GIRLS' RECORD.

London, Aug. 4.—Dorothy Buhlmann, a pupil at the Sandgate national school, and for eleven years she has neither been absent from nor late at her studies. She is 14 years of age, and has made 400 attendances since she first went to school. The Countess of Chichester has presented her with a book in recognition of her record. Two boys in this school have similar records.

THE BETRAYAL

BY E. PHILLIPS
OPPENHEIM

"About two hundred yards further down the road was a small lodge at one of the entrances of Rowchester. It was towards this I turned and ran. The door was closed, and I beat upon it fiercely with clenched fists. The woman who answered it stared at me strangely. I suppose that I was a wild-looking object."

"It's Mr. Ducaine, isn't it?" she exclaimed. "Why, sakes alive! what's wrong, sir?"

"A dead man in the marshes," I faltered. "She was interested enough, but her comely, weather-hardened face reflected none of the horror which she must have seen on mine."

"Lordy me! whereabouts, sir?" she inquired. "I pointed with a trembling forefinger. She stood by my side on the threshold of the cottage and shaded her eyes with her hand, for the glare of the sun was dazzling."

"Well, I never did!" she remarked. "But I said to John last night that I pitted them at sea. He's been washed up by the tide, I suppose, and I count there'll be more before the day's out. A year come next September there was six of 'em, gentlerik, too, who'd been yachting. Eh, but it's a cruel thing is the sea."

"Where is your husband?" I asked. "Up chopping wood in the forest, Spinney," she answered. "I'd best send one of the children for him. He'll have a cart with him. Will you step inside, sir?"

I shook my head and answered her vaguely. She sent a boy with a message, and brought me out a chair, dusting it carefully with an apron. "You'd best sit down, sir. You look all struck of a heap, so to speak. Maybe you came upon it sudden."

I was glad enough to sit down, but I answered her at random. She re-entered the cottage and continued some household duties. I sat quite still, with my eyes steadily fixed upon the dark object a little to the left of those white pailings. Above my head a startling in a wicker cage was making an insane cackling, on the green patch in front of a couple of tame rabbits sat and watched me with imperturbable indifference. Inside I could hear the slow ticking of an eight-day clock. The woman was humming to herself as she worked. All these things, which my senses took quick note of and retained, seemed to me to belong to another world. I myself was under some sort of spell. My brain was numb with terror, the fire of life had left my veins, so that I sat there in the warm sunshine and shivered until my teeth chattered. Inside, the woman was singing over her work.

"And then the spell developed. A nameless but loathsome fascination drew me from my seat, drew me with uneven and reluctant footsteps out of the gate and down the narrow straight road. There was still not a soul in sight. I drew nearer and nearer to the spot. Once more I essayed to move him. It was utterly in vain. Such nerve as I possessed had left me wholly and altogether. A sense of repulsion, nauseating, invincible, made a child of me. I stood up and looked around wildly. It was then for the first time I saw what my right foot had trodden into the sand."

I picked it up, and a little cry, unheard save by the sea-birds which circled about my head, broke from my lips. It was a man's signet ring, thin and worn smooth with age. It was quaintly shaped, and in the center was set a small jet-black stone. The device was a bird, and underneath the motto—"Vincit!"

My hand closed suddenly upon it, and again I looked searchingly around. There was not a soul in sight. I slipped the ring into my waistcoat pocket and moved back to the white railings. I leaned against them, and taking a pipe and tobacco from my pocket, began to smoke.

Strangely enough, I had now recovered my nerve. I was able to think and reason calmly. The woman at the lodge had taken it for granted that this man's body had been thrown up by the sea. Was that a possible conclusion? There was a line all down the sands where the tide had reached, a straggling, uneven line marked with huge masses of wet seaweeds, fragments of timber, the flotsam and jetsam of the sea. The creek where the man's body was lying was forty yards above this. Yet on such a night who could say where those great breakers driven in by the wind as well as by their own mighty force, might not have cast their prey? Within a few yards of him was a jagged mass of timber. The cause of those wounds would be obvious enough. I felt the ring in my waistcoat pocket. It was there, safe, enough hidden, and I looked toward the lodge. As yet there were no signs of John or the cart.

But behind me, coming from the village, I heard the sound of light and rapid footsteps. I turned, my head it was Blanche Moyal, short-skirted, a stick in her hand, a feather stuck through her Tam-o'-Shanter.

"Good morning," she cried out heartily. "I've been to call at your cottage."

"Very kind of you," I answered, hesitatingly.

Miss Moyal was good-hearted, but a little over-powering—and in certain moods she reminded me of her father. "Oh, I had an errand," she explained, laughing. "Father said if saw you I was to say that he has to call on the Duke this afternoon, and if you liked, he would explain about your lecture last night, and try and get the village hall for you for nothing. The Duke is very good-natured, and if he knows that he spoils your evening, father thinks he might let you have it for nothing."

"It is very kind of your father," I answered. "I do not think that I shall ever give that lecture again."

"Why not?" she protested. "I am sure I thought it a beautiful lecture, and I'm not keen on churches and ruins myself," she added, with a laugh which somehow grated upon me.

"What are you doing here?"

"Watching the dead," I answered grimly.

She looked at me for an explanation. I pointed to the dark object by

the side of the creek. She gave a violent start. Then she screamed and caught hold of my arm. "Mr. Ducaine!" she cried. "What is it?"

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"Oh, how horrible!" she exclaimed. "I don't know whether I want to look or not. I've never seen anyone dead."

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"Quite," I answered.

"Was he drowned, then?"

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Inside I could hear the slow ticking of an eight-day clock. The woman was humming to herself as she worked.

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And then the spell developed. A nameless but loathsome fascination drew me from my seat, drew me with uneven and reluctant footsteps out of the gate and down the narrow straight road.

There was still not a soul in sight. I drew nearer and nearer to the spot. Once more I essayed to move him. It was utterly in vain.

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"Where is your husband?" I asked.

"Up chopping wood in the forest, Spinney," she answered.

"I'd best send one of the children for him. He'll have a cart with him. Will you step inside, sir?"

I shook my head and answered her vaguely. She sent a boy with a message, and brought me out a chair, dusting it carefully with an apron.

"You'd best sit down, sir. You look all struck of a heap, so to speak. Maybe you came upon it sudden."

I was glad enough to sit down, but I answered her at random. She re-entered the cottage and continued some household duties.

I sat quite still, with my eyes steadily fixed upon the dark object a little to the left of those white pailings.

Above my head a startling in a wicker cage was making an insane cackling, on the green patch in front of a couple of tame rabbits sat and watched me with imperturbable indifference.

Inside I could hear the slow ticking of an eight-day clock. The woman was humming to herself as she worked. All these things, which my senses took quick note of and retained, seemed to me to belong to another world.

I myself was under some sort of spell. My brain was numb with terror, the fire of life had left my veins, so that I sat there in the warm sunshine and shivered until my teeth chattered.

Inside, the woman was singing over her work.

And then the spell developed. A nameless but loathsome fascination drew me from my seat, drew me with uneven and reluctant footsteps out of the gate and down the narrow straight road.

There was still not a soul in sight. I drew nearer and nearer to the spot. Once more I essayed to move him. It was utterly in vain.

Such nerve as I possessed had left me wholly and altogether. A sense of repulsion, nauseating, invincible, made a child of me.

I stood up and looked around wildly. It was then for the first time I saw what my right foot had trodden into the sand.

I picked it up, and a little cry, unheard save by the sea-birds which circled about my head, broke from my lips.

It was a man's signet ring, thin and worn smooth with age. It was quaintly shaped, and in the center was set a small jet-black stone.

The device was a bird, and underneath the motto—"Vincit!"

My hand closed suddenly upon it, and again I looked searchingly around.

There was not a soul in sight. I slipped the ring into my waistcoat pocket and moved back to the white railings.

I leaned against them, and taking a pipe and tobacco from my pocket, began to smoke.

Strangely enough, I had now recovered my nerve. I was able to think and reason calmly.

The woman at the lodge had taken it for granted that this man's body had been thrown up by the sea.

Was that a possible conclusion? There was a line all down the sands where the tide had reached, a straggling, uneven line marked with huge masses of wet seaweeds, fragments of timber, the flotsam and jetsam of the sea.

The creek where the man's body was lying was forty yards above this. Yet on such a night who could say where those great breakers driven in by the wind as well as by their own mighty force, might not have cast their prey?

Within a few yards of him was a jagged mass of timber. The cause of those wounds would be obvious enough.

I felt the ring in my waistcoat pocket. It was there, safe, enough hidden, and I looked toward the lodge.

As yet there were no signs of John or the cart.

But behind me, coming from the village, I heard the sound of light and rapid footsteps. I turned, my head it was Blanche Moyal, short-skirted, a stick in her hand, a feather stuck through her Tam-o'-Shanter.

"Good morning," she cried out heartily. "I've been to call at your cottage."

"Very kind of you," I answered, hesitatingly.

Miss Moyal was good-hearted, but a little over-powering—and in certain moods she reminded me of her father. "Oh, I had an errand," she explained, laughing. "Father said if saw you I was to say that he has to call on the Duke this afternoon, and if you liked, he would explain about your lecture last night, and try and get the village hall for you for nothing.

The Duke is very good-natured, and if he knows that he spoils your evening, father thinks he might let you have it for nothing."

"It is very kind of your father," I answered. "I do not think that I shall ever give that lecture again."

"Why not?" she protested. "I am sure I thought it a beautiful lecture, and I'm not keen on churches and ruins myself," she added, with a laugh which somehow grated upon me.

"What are you doing here?"

"Watching the dead," I answered grimly.

She looked at me for an explanation. I pointed to the dark object by

the side of the creek. She gave a violent start. Then she screamed and caught hold of my arm.

"Mr. Ducaine!" she cried. "What is it?"

"He dead man!" I answered.

"Her face was a strange study. There was fear mingled with unwholesome curiosity, the heritage of her natural lack of refinement. She leaned over the pailings."

"Oh, how horrible!" she exclaimed. "I don't know whether I want to look or not. I've never seen anyone dead."

"I should advise you," I said, "to go away."

It was apparently the last thing she desired to do. Of the various emotions which had possessed her, curiosity was the one which survived.

"You are sure he is dead?" she asked.

"Quite," I answered.

"Was he drowned, then?"

How It Feels to Fly

BY TODA SIEGRIST
AERIAL ARTIST
WITH THE BARNUM & BAILEY CIRCUS.

As nature didn't take the trouble to furnish men with wings, no one can say positively how it feels to soar at will through the air. The aerialist, however, knows something of the sensation of flying. The modern aerial act, with its widely separated swinging trapeze bars, and its tremendous, unsupported flights through space, comes about as near flying as anything that humanity has so far accomplished. The aeronaut is justified in feeling a certain degree of confidence, for, after all, he is lifted into and through the air by artificial means. The aerialist, however, makes his flight at liberty. From the time he leaves one trapeze until he clutches the other, 20 to 40 feet away, or is caught by the outstretched hands of one of his associates, he is as independent as a projectile. He is nevertheless more than a human cannon-ball. He has learned by persistent practice and experience just how much propulsion is necessary to insure his flight through the intervening space; but he must know, at all times, the exact moment to leave the initial trapeze. This means that his mind must be always upon the alert—that his eyes must be trained to detect the propitious moment for flight—and that there can never be a single instant during his aerial passage when he is not complete master of himself. Nothing may be left to blind chance.

I have been asked many times whether a man, flying at such a tremendous speed through the air, and remaining unsupported for so brief a time, really knows what he is doing. My answer is in the affirmative. If this was not true, the accomplishment of the most difficult and sensational part of the act would be a mere lottery. It would be a foolhardy and dangerous thing for a performer to hurl himself through the air, trusting to blind luck to reach the opposite trapeze or to land safely in the hands of the catcher. He must see the other trapeze; he must follow every movement of those outstretched hands; and he must know the exact moment for exerting all his powers in "landing" at the opposite goal.

All this means concentration. The

today I never take those aerial flights without mentally calculating (while in mind must be keenly alert every second. Emphatically the performer must know what he is doing. And yet it is curious how many fleeting thoughts will intrude themselves upon the mind under such conditions. I recall my early attempts to perform long aerial flights. As a boy I had been utilized as a kind of human ball, and tossed across the arena from one artist to another, but in this performance my movements were entirely controlled by others. I could have closed my eyes—and probably often did—and the opposite performer would have caught me just the same. When, however, I attempted the aerial flight alone, and had to control myself, the conditions were entirely changed. My first attempt narrowly escaped being disastrous. Being nervous, I attained too great a momentum, and instead of landing in the hands of the catcher, who was hanging on the opposite trapeze, head down, I came in violent contact with his body. As a result both of us dropped headlong into the net.

Now here is a curious psychological fact. The instant I left my trapeze bar, knew that I had made a mistake. Within a period of time so brief that it is almost impossible to record it, a score of fleeting, yet connected, thoughts rushed through my mind. Where will I strike? What will be the result? Will my partner catch me? Will I come in collision with him? Will one or both of us be injured? Will this first attempt to actually fly through the air be my last? These and a flood of other thoughts crowded my brains. It is said that drowning men review their entire lives in the few fleeting seconds of existence. After that experience I could believe it.

Beyond a few bruises, neither myself nor my partner were injured, but the accident did not serve to allay my nervousness. The next attempt was more successful, but I shall never forget how busy my thoughts were, nor what a sigh of relief I gave when I realized that I would land exactly in the hands of the catcher. Persistent practice gradually eliminated the possibility of a complete failure, but even

the air) just where I shall end and the possibility of accident and injury. Of course, a great deal of the success of the modern flying act depends upon the slightest relaxation of the performer's attention. An instant's relaxation of the slightest indistinct vision on his part would result in injury to both. In the old-time aerial flights, it was common for the performer to clasp the arms of the catcher and slide down until their hands came in contact. In the up-to-date aerial acts presented by the Barnum & Bailey show, we have direct-ly in each other's hands. It can be readily seen that this is the more difficult method, because there is absolutely no chance for recovery. There is no room to glide. Either we catch and hold, or we don't, and that is all there is to it. In this big act, which utilizes a dozen aerialists, there are times when three of us are actually flying through the air at one time, and, singularly as it may seem, I always know just what the others are doing, and whether or not they will land safely and successfully. This is not a personal and exclusive mental gift, either, for the other members of the troupe have frequently remarked the same thing. Curious people often inquire if circus artists, and especially those who present thrilling feats in the air, are influenced by applause or lack of response on the part of the audience. The usually accepted idea is that the artist whose work is entirely of an athletic character is quite insensible to the appreciation of the crowd, so far as its effect on his performance is concerned. This is a mistaken idea. The clever performer works better if he knows he has the sympathy of the audience. And there is no doubt in the world that after applause for the successful accomplishment of one feat, the next one is given with renewed grace, vim and dexterity. The aerial act is just as impressive and just as liable to suffer from stage-fright as the dramatic play, and there is nothing like appreciation and applause to put him at his ease and nerve him to do his best.

The aerialists will form a very important part of the circus performance when Barnum & Bailey exhibit in London, Thursday, Aug. 16.

HOW MILK MAY BE PASTEURIZED

SIMPLE HOME METHOD OF SECURING SAFE FOOD

Pasteurized milk is that which has been heated to a temperature of between 155 and 170 degrees and kept at that temperature from ten to thirty minutes before being rapidly cooled and put on ice.

It may seem strange that a lower temperature than the boiling point should be the one selected; but, as Good Housekeeping points out, bacteria which causes milk to sour are killed at 155 degrees, and the disease germs which are likely to be present are destroyed at 170 degrees.

For the mother who wishes to pasteurize at home the simplest and (with care) a safe home method is to place the milk in glass jars, fill a pail with boiling water and place the jars in this. The water should come nearly to the top of the jars and above the milk.

Set the pail in a warm place and stir the milk occasionally. The milk is heated to the desired degree before the water is lowered to the pasteurizing temperature. Lastly and most important, cool the milk by running cold water into the pail, then stopper quickly and set on ice.

Remember that pasteurized milk may easily become contaminated again, and only proper care can insure its remaining sterile.

Many argue that it is the duty of the State to insure a clean, healthful supply as well as to oversee the water supply. The French are solving their mortality problem on these lines.

France loses annually 150,000 of her small increase in population from lack of suitable food. The nation, thoroughly aroused, is establishing free milk depots similar in their working to our free hospital dispensaries.

The mothers bring babies daily; weekly or monthly; the babies are carefully examined and a milk formula with ticket is given the mother. At the delivery stations she obtains a limited number of feedings, thus preventing all possibility of the milk spoiling after it reaches her home. This is done at tremendous expense to the nation, but in its year of trial seems to have vindicated its value.

FIGHTING COCKS ARE IN DEMAND

MANY SENT FROM ENGLAND TO CAPE COLONY.

The export of fighting cocks to the colonies has been on the increase. Almost every liner that sails from Southampton for Cape Colony carries a consignment of these feathered gladiators.

Cock fighting is not only permitted by law in Cape Colony, but it has become almost a national pastime, and exhibitions of fighting cocks are as well established there as dog shows in this country. A large number of British fighting cocks are also sent to the west coast states of America.

Nor has cock fighting become extinct in this country, though forbidden by law. In the Black Country, around Oldbury, Wednesbury, and West Bromwich, it flourishes, patronized chiefly by the brawny puddlers on a Sunday morning. Most of the spurs, both silver and steel, are made at Walsall; they are intended for export, and are not easily obtainable for home fights.

There still lives in North Warwickshire the representative of a family which for generations has been devoted to the breeding of fighting cocks.—London Daily Mail.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF WEALTH.

In the year that ended on April 5, 1904, there were, according to a return prepared by the Treasury, 15 persons in Great Britain with an income of over £50,000 a year. The aggregate income of these 15 persons was £1,984,422, or an average of just over £132,294 each.

At the other end of the scale there were 131,956 persons whose incomes did not exceed £100 a year, but who were not exempt from the payment of income tax. Their aggregate incomes amounted to £1,590,867, or an average of about £12 each. Then 1,401,541 persons returned themselves as receiving over £100 a year, but less than £200, while 219 persons possessed incomes of over £100,000 and less than £500,000 a year, as also did those of 234 public companies and 45 municipal corporations and other local authorities. The total number of persons assessed for income tax was 451,233, and the gross income of income assessed was £123,552,622.

The 56,555 firms who made returns admitted a gross income of £87,225,616, while the gross income of 25,162 public companies amounted to £238,854,107. In Ireland not a single income of over £50,000 a year was returned, but 28 public companies were assessed on incomes exceeding that sum.—Manchester Guardian.



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untary or volitional part of the process, which consists in sending an impulse along a nerve from the brain to the muscles of speech.

There is thus a connection between the sensory and motor parts of the brain. Now, by continuous practice, that is, by repeated experience of this process, the cells concerned get so used to it that reading aloud may become independent of both sensation and will.

So that the astonishing result sometimes is seen of a person reading aloud and thinking of something else altogether. He turns over a leaf, and suddenly recollects that the subject of the reading is forgotten. The impulses have traveled that road so often that the cells have the memory of the process fixed on them indelibly, and it can be done automatically.

MINARD'S LINIMENT USED BY PHYSICIANS.

The drink bill of Ireland is reputed to reach £14,000,000 per annum. The Irish Times suggests that by reducing the consumption to the extent of a penny in the shilling the Irish Roman Catholics would provide more than £1,000,000 for a university to their own liking.

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WOMAN INVENTED BLUE PAPER

HOW WIFE OF ENGLISH MANUFACTURER DISCOVERED IT.

"A woman," said a paper maker, "invented blue paper. It was by accident that she did it though. Before her time all paper was white."

"She was the wife of William Eastes, one of the leading paper makers of England in the eighteenth century. In passing through the paper plant one day she dropped a big blue bag into a vat of pulp. Eastes was a stern chap, so, since no one had seen the accident, Mrs. Eastes decided to say nothing about it.

"The paper in the vat, which should have been white, came out blue. The workmen were mystified. Eastes enquired, while Mrs. Eastes kept quiet. The upset-

was that the paper was sent to London marked 'damaged,' to be sold for whatever it would bring.

"The selling agent in London was shrewd. He saw that this blue tinted paper was attractive. He declared it to be a wonderful new invention, and he sold it like hot cakes at double the white paper's price.

"Eastes soon received an order for more of the blue paper—an order that he at his men several days in trying vainly to fill.

"Then Mrs. Eastes came forward and told the story of the blue cloth bag. There was no difficulty after that, in making the blue paper. This paper's price remained very high, Eastes having a monopoly in making it."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FRANCE'S NATIONAL THEATER.

The Comedie Francaise, the national theater of France, is the oldest institution of its kind in the world—the oldest, that is, in continuous existence. It was founded in 1680 by Moliere, and is still conducted according to the rules he laid down. The number of associates, the division of profits according to talent, the internal government of the society, had all been admirably regulated by the founder of a house which is the glory of French dramatic art.

On the national holiday, July 14, and on certain other occasions, the theater gives performances at which all the seats are free. People stand in line for hours awaiting the opening of the doors.

During the year the number of free seats given away runs from 150,000 to 150,000, representing a sum ranging from \$120,000 to \$100,000. Besides this, students of rhetoric and of elocution, to the annual number of 2,000, assist gratuitously at the Thursday matinees, it being considered a great privilege to receive this practical experience on the boards of the famous theater.

The Comedie receives a Government subsidy, but its expenses have increased so much that it is always in financial stress. Its actors and actresses put up with much smaller salaries than they would receive anywhere else. They do it partly for the honor of belonging to the Comedie, partly because it is a life engagement, for when they are finally retired they receive a pension.

ODD AMUSEMENTS IN BRITISH INDIA

IN BRITISH INDIA

HOW THE NATIVES CELEBRATE THEIR BIRTHDAY.

Amusement in the capital of Oudh is not particularly strenuous. For an East-ern crowd the bazaar is the inevitable center of attraction, "a free lounging place or club, where you may meet your fellows and exchange any ideas you may have and any compliments you may think fit to bestow." Bazaar gossip takes the place of newspapers, and if there are no billiard saloons at Lucknow, "at any shop you are allowed to play skittles with your neighbor's character."

There are two or three theaters in Lucknow which attempt to give performances in accord with western traditions. The dresses, however, says the Hindustan Reviewer, are distinctly incongruous. They are always the same for similar characters. For example, the king wears the same robes and the same crown, whether he takes the part of King Lear or of King Harishchandra, or that of the god Indra in "Indar Sabha." The scenery is not at all elaborate and the feminine roles are taken by boys. There is in existence a set of professional characters called Bhards or Nagals, who obtained grants of land for their subsistence from the ancient Indian dynasties. The writer from whom I have quoted gives us a sketch of these interesting survivals:

"When a rich man wants to celebrate a wedding, or a birthday, or the name day of a child, or other auspicious event in his family, he generally has one of these men, or a troupe of them, come to perform at night. The spectators would be his guests. The hosts would pay for the entertainment, about £1 to £10 for the whole troupe for the whole evening. It would not be the only entertainment.

TEDIOUS DANCES.

"Other items on the programme would be dances performed by professional dancing girls. The Indians consider it beneath their dignity to dance themselves. The performances of the professionals are often of a tedious character and generally get an all-night. The guests are not only those invited by special request but anybody who chooses to drop in. The dancing girls also sing. The songs are like music hall songs in character, and the dances are so adjusted that they are appropriate to the songs. The motions are slow and dignified, but dreamy and sensuous. The arms and fingers, the twisting of the wrists and ankles, the strings are made as hard as steel wire the supple turnings of the waist and body all contribute to the general effect."

Other amusements in Lucknow include cock-fighting, wrestling, quail fighting, card playing and kite flying. The cards differ from those in ordinary use in Europe. The pack consists of 96 cards of eight different colors or suits. Bridge is not yet in vogue in India, "sans les Anglais," as Pierre Loti has it, but chess is very popular. Kite flying is a fine art in Lucknow. The strings are made as hard as steel wire by being covered with a composition containing ground mica, and the kite flyer's object is to get his opponent's strings so entangled in his own that with a sawing motion of the hand he can sever the string. When the freed kite reaches the ground it is considered the fair booty of him who picks it up.



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SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENAY

It is a great mistake to imagine that Great Britain is the only power which has declined to entertain diplomatic relations with Serbia as long as King Peter persists in retaining in his entourage the officers who took part in the shocking murder of King Alexander and Queen Draga. Queen Wilhelmina, of the Netherlands, has all along shared the views of King Edward in the matter, and has absolutely refused to enter into any relations with King Peter or with his government. Edward VII. it may be remembered, went so far as to answer by a telegram King Peter's notification of his election as ruler of Serbia. But Queen Wilhelmina refused to receive King Peter's message, and caused it to be returned without any acknowledgment whatever.

All the other courts of Europe and the republics of France and of the United States are, however, in diplomatic relations with the King of Serbia, and their envoys, when they dine at the palace at Belgrade, have the satisfaction of finding themselves seated cheek by jowl and of rubbing shoulders with the actual murderers who hacked down King Alexander and Queen Draga to death with their sabers.

By the death of the old Duke and Prince de Berghes at Paris, at the age of 84 years, attention has been called to the fact that his brother-in-law, the completely imbecile Duke of Talleyrand Perigord Sagan and Valençay, is still in the land of the living, his mind being so far gone that he has been unable to realize the fact that the wife he so intensely abhorred has been dead since last spring.

Like himself, the late Duke de Berghes was a widower and weak in the upper story, and, like him, had married a daughter and heiress of that wicked Baron Selliere who committed suicide when about to be placed on trial in Paris for having, as an army contractor, furnished to the unfortunate French soldiers of the war of 1870 boots with paper soles and overcoats and blankets of shoddy material that went to pieces as soon as even they became wet, and upon which the Government stamp of approval had been cleverly forged.

The late Duke of Berghes, like all the other relatives of the Selliere Duchesse of Talleyrand, was constantly engaged in litigation with her. Indeed, there was not one of her kinsfolk with whom she did not quarrel, usually about money matters, and she still further distinguished herself by endeavoring to have her nephew, the new Duke de Berghes, locked up in an insane asylum. She used to think that everybody was crazy but herself, and was responsible for consigning quite a number of her kinsfolk to madhouses, among them being her brothers, Raymond and Roger, as well as her nephew, De Berghes.

The new duke belongs to the Belgian as well as the French nobility and traces back his ancestry in an unbroken line to the thirteenth century. The dukedom was originally a Flemish one, but was converted into a French one and into a Gallic peerage by King Charles X. of France, who was extremely fond of the Duke de Berghes of his day. The duke is married, is 57 years of age, was formerly stationed at Vienna as military attaché of the French embassy, and is a retired cavalry officer. He is the last of his line, and when he dies his name and honors will become extinct.

No one need be astonished to hear one of these fine mornings of the deposition, or compulsory abdication, of the Emperor of Korea. It seems that the Marquis Ito, who now occupies in Korea much the same position that Lord Cromer fills in Egypt, has come to the conclusion that it is absolutely impossible to administer the government of the so-called Hermit Kingdom through the present Emperor, owing to his utter unreliability and his readiness to lend himself to every intrigue against the Japanese. All warnings have failed, and so the Japanese have decided to replace him by his nephew, Prince Yi Wha, the one member of the imperial family who has shown himself amenable to the views of the Marquis Ito.

Viscount and Viscountess Clifden have just been called upon to furnish an extremely unpleasant fashion illustration of the extraordinary severity of the laws of England dealing with political bribery and corruption. The viscountess, whose husband owns some 70,000 acres of land in Cheshire and in Cornwall, gave a garden party some time ago at Llanhydrock, her place in Cornwall, it being understood that the entertainment was in connection with the viscount's presidency of the Liberal Association of the duchy. Unfortunately it occurred

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"I fell into a state of exhaustion, was run down and couldn't sleep," writes Mrs. J. Stroud, of Dexter P. O. I tried Ferrozene and was quickly benefited. To anyone suffering from overwrought nerves and sleeplessness, I can recommend Ferrozene. No tonic is better." Sold everywhere, 50c per box or six boxes for \$2.50. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn.

in the midst of the recent parliamentary electoral campaign, in which the eldest son, the Hon. D. C. Agar-Robartes, ran as Liberal candidate for the Bodmin division of Cornwall. The garden party was a great success, so was the election, from a Liberal point of view. And young Agar-Robartes was returned to Parliament by a large majority.

The defeated Conservative candidate, who had never at any time had any chance of winning, thereupon instituted proceedings against Agar-Robartes and lodged a petition against his election, on the ground that he and his friends and agents had rendered themselves guilty of violation of the statutes against corruption in parliamentary election matters. The affair was brought into court, was tried in the usual fashion before two of the supreme court judges at Bodmin, and they have now issued a decree invalidating the return of Agar-Robartes, ordering a new election, on the ground that Lady Clifden, by giving her garden party, had violated that section of the anti-corruption law which prohibits treating in parliamentary campaigns. The law in question runs as follows:

"Any person who either himself or by proxy, either before, during or after the election, directly or indirectly gives, provides or pays for, either wholly or in part, any meat, drink, entertainment or provision, to or for persons entitled to vote; and also 'Any elector who accepts such meat, drink, entertainment or provision, or the equivalent thereof,' shall be held guilty of bribery."

The decision against young Agar-Robartes, in addition to depriving him of his seat in Parliament, declares him from being elected to Parliament for the constituency in question—that is to say, for the Bodmin division of East Cornwall, where his home and the greater part of his father's large landed property are situated—for a period of seven years. Poor Lady Clifden, who is a charming woman, and who certainly never has had any idea of rendering herself guilty of bribery, was subpoenaed in the case, compelled to testify in court, and made to feel that by giving the garden party in question she had virtually exposed herself to punishment by imprisonment and fine.

In this connection I recall the former colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, relating to me on one occasion how his friend and chief lieutenant, the Right Hon. Jesse Collings, had been unseated after having been returned as member for Ipswich, merely because one of his agents had promised to pay the sum of 3 shillings and 6 pence—that is to say, about 80 cents for defraying the cost of the railroad ticket to Ipswich of a single voter, who was temporarily absent from the borough. The agent discovered afterward that he had done wrong in offering to defray the small expense in question, and accordingly refused payment. The voter, considerably disgusted, was loud in his complaints, which came to the knowledge of Mr. Collings' defeated opponent, who thereupon made a petition against the validity of Mr. Collings' election on the ground of "illegal practices"—that is to say, corruption. The judge before whom the case was brought for trial at Ipswich deemed this single circumstance sufficient cause to unseat Mr. Collings.

In another instance, also cited by Mr. Chamberlain in my conversation with him about a matter, a member of Parliament who had been elected for the constituency of Stourbridge, was unseated for the sole reason that a short time before election he had promised one of the voters the loan of one of his agricultural machines.

These election cases are tried by the judges of the high court, without juries, and there is no appeal from their decision. Christie's, the well-known firm of London auctioneers, who during the last 100 years have sold off the jewels and the treasures of one kind and another of emperors and empresses, of kings and queens, and of princes and great nobles of every kind and clime, may be congratulated on having selected a peculiarly appropriate day for the disposal of the collection of relics and souvenirs of General the Marquis de La Fayette, which were exhibited at the Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893 and which have now been sent to the hammer by the present representative of the family of George Washington's French brother in arms. For the collection, which comprised a number of documents of much historic interest, including a whole batch of letters addressed by Washington to Lafayette, was sold on July 4—of all days in the year.

Lord and Lady Warwick's scheme of converting their unentailed estates and possessions into a joint stock limited liability company of the kind suggested by the librettist Gilbert in one of the most amusing comic operas written in conjunction with the late Sir Arthur Sullivan, has apparently not proved a success. For among the cases now about to come up for trial in the special jury list of the King's bench division of the high court of justice, is an action for "money loaned," brought against the earl and countess. Inasmuch as this "Warwick and Easton Estates Company" is the only concern in which husband and wife have been associated in a business way, and as every one is aware that a certain amount of much-needed ready money was raised by means of loan on the strength of this venture when it was launched three or four years ago with a big flourish of trumpets, the impending lawsuit serves to confirm the stories current to the effect that the scheme has proved a financial failure.

Under the circumstances it is, to

say the least, unfortunate that unfriendly questions should have been raised just at this juncture regarding the disposition of the pecuniary proceeds of the great Elizabethan pageant which took place about three or four weeks ago at Warwick Castle. It was asserted that the affair had been organized for the benefit of some charity. But until now it has been found impossible to ascertain the amount of money raised, or the names of the charity which was to have derived advantage therefrom.

Then, of course, there are many unkindly rumors current concerning the Warwicks. The countess has never been popular with the people of her own class, her beauty, her caustic wit, and her indifference to the conventionalities exciting many enmities against her. And by her recent attempts to identify herself with the cause of socialism, the doctrines of which she has

bership of the order temporarily or expelled from it altogether.

Now, Sarah Bernhardt, although a most gifted actress, and as such one of the most remarkable figures on the French stage, has not been above reproach in her private life, esteeming that genius possesses the prerogative of defying conventionalities. Her son, Maurice Bernhardt, was born out of wedlock, a fact which she never has attempted to conceal, and she has been the object of "affairs de coeur" on the part of many admirers. Under the circumstances it is difficult to see how the council of the order of the Legion of Honor could have given Sarah Bernhardt what would have virtually been a clean bill of health for all her stormy life of over 60 years, a life scarcely of a kind to commend itself to people possessed of a lofty sense of feminine honor and virtue.

The Legion of Honor has been bestowed upon sisters of mercy in recognition of their bravery in nursing wounded soldiers under fire, or for tending helpless patients in epidemics. It has been granted also to women who have silenced all criticism by their absolutely irreproachable mode of life, and by the royal character of their charities, as, for instance, the late Mme. Furtado Heine, who spent millions upon millions of dollars in founding and endowing hospitals for children and orphan asylums.

It has been given to one actress—



AN INDIAN PONTIFF—THE AGA KHAN.

The Aga Khan, who is paying a flying visit to Mr. Morley, the British secretary for India, is an important personage, for he is prince and pope, to whom 2,000,000 Mohammedans, the Khojas, look. There has been a great increase in the number of Khojas, and their instinct to "convert" the world goes in proportion. They are especially active in Zanzibar, where the Aga Khan has a fine residence, and in German East Africa.

preached, like any spellbinder, from improvised platforms, and even from cart tails, has served to still further anger the members of her caste toward her. Indeed, they hold her up to obloquy as a sort of Philippe Egalite in petticoats, and are disposed to rejoice over everything in the shape of misfortune that overtakes her. On the other hand, her eldest son, Lord Brooke who, since he left the army, has been earning his living by his pen, acting as Reuter's correspondent in Manchuria during the recent war, is liked by everybody, and is, in fact, a general favorite.

France's president and cabinet have acted wisely in approving of the course adopted by the council of the Legion of Honor in declining to admit Sarah Bernhardt to the ranks of the order. Although a good deal of fun has been made abroad about the fondness of Frenchmen for a bit of red ribbon in their button hole, yet it is a fondness that is shared by all other nations of continental Europe, and carries with it much distinction, especially when conferred upon a Frenchman. In the French navy and in the army it is only bestowed for acts of conspicuous gallantry or particular merit, or else as the reward for twenty and thirty years of honorable service. It is the same with civil servants of the government, where the red ribbon usually marks the close of an honorable career.

Before any Frenchman or French woman can be gazetted to the order, his or her entire record and antecedents have to be submitted to the council of the Legion of Honor. If there is anything questionable in that career, either criminal or a dishonor not punishable by law, the council vetoes the candidature, and thenceforth it is impossible for the person in question to obtain any of the orders of knighthood at the disposal of the French Government. As the name of the order indicates an honorable record is required of its knights, who, if they do anything that is even questionable after receiving the cross, may be either suspended from membership or expelled from it altogether.

Good Corn Sheller

A marvel of efficacy and promptness, a remedy that does cure corns and warts. Its name is Polson's Corn Extractor. Contains no acids, never pains, gives lasting satisfaction. Insist on "Polson's" only. It's the best.

the public eye in connection with the infatuation of a beautiful girl, the daughter of an engineer, and who was bent on capturing his heart. Finding that he did not reciprocate her affection, she ran away from home one night and made her way to the Hunt Club, where he was playing cards at the time. Demanding to see him, she threw herself into his arms, insisted that he should fly with her, and announced her intention of never leaving him. The prince appeared touched, and consented to drive away with her, but asked two of his friends to accompany him, the girl acquiescing, in the belief that they were to act as witnesses to a marriage. Driving to a hotel, where he was known, the prince asked for a private salon, ushered her into it, and as soon as she had crossed the threshold, locked the door upon her, warned the hotel people not to let her out until she was called for by her relatives, and then drove off with his two friends to the girl's parents, to whom he explained what had taken place, handing them the key. He then returned to the club and resumed his place at the card table.

A year later he himself fell in love with a beautiful girl of the bourgeoisie, daughter of a man of the name of Canvaro. His parents objected to the match, on the score of her birth, but ultimately were persuaded to yield, though with bad grace. Indeed, both they and the prince's other relatives seized every occasion of impressing upon her the fact that he was contracting a terrible mesalliance in marrying her. The girl said nothing, but bided her time. The day came for the wedding, which was in France and in other countries of continental Europe, must be of a twofold character, that is to say, civil as well as religious, in order to render it legal. The civil ceremony usually precedes the religious one, and in this instance was to take place at the capitol, and to be performed by the mayor of Rome, Prince Emmanuel Ruspoli.

There was a great crowd present, composed of all the patrician relatives and friends of the princely bridegroom, and the kinsfolk of the bride's family. The bridegroom, on being asked in the customary manner the question, "Will you have this woman to be thy wedded wife?" replied: "Yes," in a decided fashion. But when the mayor thereupon inquired of the bride whether she would take the man beside her as her husband, for better or worse, she responded with an equally determined and vigorous "No," and turned a deaf ear to the expostulations of all present, declaring that she had too much sense of self-respect to become a member of the prince's family on mere suerance. Her decision remained inflexible, and had the result of rendering the prince more in love with her than ever.

A year later he allowed himself to be induced by his parents to contract a marriage with Princess Beatrice of Spain and of Bourbon, one of the daughters of the Spanish pretender, Don Carlos, the ceremony being performed at Venice by the present Pope, then patriarch and cardinal archbishop of Venice. The princess was deeply in love with her husband. But he plainly showed that he cared little or nothing for her, and that his heart still remained bound up in the Signorina Canvaro. When his wife realized this, she attempted to commit suicide by throwing herself into the Tiber, being rescued just in time to escape death by drowning. Since then there have been several sensational quarrels between the two, and on one occasion the princess again attempted her life by means of poison.

Now, however, the couple have parted for all time, and the prince has appealed to the Pope for an annulment of the marriage, on the ground that he was virtually forced into it against his will. The Pope is much distressed about the matter, for not only is the young prince's father, old Prince Camillo Massimo, one of the principal dignitaries of the Vatican, being the postmaster-general of the papacy, but, moreover, the holy father considers himself in a measure responsible for the marriage contracted by the daughter of Don Carlos, whom he has known since childhood, and to whom he acted for years as their spiritual adviser. It was he who married not only Beatrice to Prince Massimo but also her sister, Alice, to the German Prince Schonburg-Waldenburg, whose union has recently been dissolved by the courts and annulled by the church, and that Beatrice's marriage should likewise be made the subject of a demand for annulment grieves him greatly.

Young Prince Massimo has a strong strain of royal blood in his veins, for his father's mother was a princess of the reigning house of Italy, while his own mother is a daughter of the royal Bourbon Duchess de Berry by her second andmorganatic marriage, and a half sister, therefore, of the late Comte de Chambord, in whose favor his grandfather, Charles X., abdicated the throne of France in 1830, and who reigned for the space of about 24 hours, as King Henry V. of France. The Massimos claim to be the most ancient family in Europe, tracing their descent in an unbroken line back to Quintus Fabius Maximus, the conqueror of the Carthaginian general, Hannibal. When Napoleon I. asked, with a sneer, of the grandfather of the present prince, whether he was really descended from the famous Roman general, the prince replied: "Well, they have been saying so here for over a thousand years."

BIRD PROTECTION IN NORWAY.
"All the way from Hammerfest to the North Cape," said a British maiden, "I was interested in the birds. As far north as Gjesvaer I saw dense flocks of seafoal. The auks take to the water and the gulls to the air upon the slightest disturbance. One of our party was so excited over the great numbers of wild fowl at Hammerfest that he voiced his intention of shooting some ducks. Happily an English-speaking native heard him and informed him of the strictness of the game laws and also that he would be immediately arrested, clapped into a train bound for one of the larger cities and speedily sentenced to a period in the penitentiary."

"You see, yachtsmen did so much shooting over here that they had to protect the poor birds."

"There's great fishing there," put in

How Pneumonia Starts.

You catch a little cold today, by tomorrow it has reached the throat, next day the lungs are affected and you wish you had used Catarrhoxone, which kills colds in five minutes. In the first place Catarrhoxone soothes the irritated membranes and relieves congestion—then it cuts out the phlegm and destroys the germs. It enlarges the blood to retain a natural supply of oxygen, lung-food, and vitality. In any cough, bronchitis or lung affection, it's guaranteed to positively cure. Decline any substitute for Catarrhoxone.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. H. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

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Dr. H. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

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DISEASES OF MEN



Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through IMPRUDENT HABITS, EXCESSES AND BLOOD DISEASES. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, poor memory, lifeless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, lings, restless nights, excitable mood, nerve weakness, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.?

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An American. "I never saw so many fish. They tie a whale up as they would a ship. They cut out different sections and hoist them to the rendering establishments. The refuse brings great numbers of sharks into the harbor and here, as elsewhere, mankind catches these apparently worthless denizens of the deep."

"Sport in Norway isn't what it used to be. Salmon fishing is only obtainable at high rent, though all the best rivers are let on long leases, chiefly to wealthy Englishmen." — Philadelphia Record.

THE COSTLINESS OF CARAVANS.

The merchants who fit out a garra (caravan) must stand all losses, consequently great care is given to the selection of both the camels which carry the valuable merchandise and the men who accompany them. The tall and swift riding-camel known as the mehar is seldom met with in Northern Tripoli. The finest male draught camels, the jamal, costing from \$50 to \$80 apiece, with a carrying capacity of about three hundred weight, are used to transport goods. From consumption or the effects of the long strain, scores often die by the way and many others at the end of the "voyage." The wages of the men for conducting a return cargo are sometimes as high as \$500. Not only must the garra be well equipped with great courage and endurance, but must be trustworthy traders, and shrewd diplomats of no small caliber. Many of the sultans and chiefs, particularly the Tuaregs, through whose territories lie the garra routes, exact not only homage but tribute from the garra leaders. To bring this tribute with a reasonable sum and secure a safe conduct requires extraordinary skill and tact. The opportunities for dishonesty afforded the garra men are many and occasionally men and goods are never heard from again.—Harper's Magazine.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.
Homer Case, of the town of Lafayette, N. Y., bequeathed the church choir there the sum of \$100 on condition that the choir should sing "America" every Memorial Day.

DR. AGNEW

WITH THE FORESIGHT OF A PROPHET, BY THE AID OF THAT GREATEST OF KNOWN TREATMENTS—"DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART"—IS LEADING THOUSANDS OUT OF "EGYPTIAN BONDAGE" OUT OF ILL-HEALTH AND UNTOLD SUFFERING TO THE "PROMISED LAND" OF PERFECT HEALTH

DOES YOUR HEART ACHE?

DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART WILL STOP THE PAIN

Is there palpitation—Is there fluttering—Is your breath short—Is it hard to find your pulse sometimes—Do you have smothering spells—Do your feet and ankles swell—Do you have fainting turns—Do you have nightmares—Do you have pain in the left side, shoulder or arm—Ever experience great hunger and exhaustion—Do you have chilly sensations? Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart has saved thousands of sufferers, and it can help and cure you; but you cannot afford to toy with heart troubles, so if you have any of the heart symptoms to-day then to-day is the day to put yourself in touch with a remedy—this great heart treatment that never fails.

"I was under treatment," says Mr. A. Lavers, of Collingwood, Ont., "with some of the best physicians in London (England) for what they diagnosed as incurable heart trouble, side, shoulder or arm—Ever experience great hunger and exhaustion—Do you have fainting turns? As a drowning man grasps at a straw I tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. The first bottle relieved me greatly; two bottles took away all traces of my heart trouble."

DR. AGNEW'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS cure all liver ills—10 cents.
DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER a sure cure for catarrh sold by C. McCallum and Callard & McLachlan.

Stripes for the Early Fall



far have been single stripes, oftenest of black upon white or color, although color combinations are very good indeed.

Like polka dots, there's all the difference in the world in style between stripes of varying widths. One color may make the stripe of a certain size utterly lack style, while, in another color, that width stripe is eloquent of the very quality the other lacks. A dozen stripe combinations of black and white may be side by side—perhaps out of all of them only one will boast the elusive, significant feature.

Every sort of costume and every sort of material shows stripes. Whole suits and gowns are made of striped stuffs, the stripes emphasized—or modified, depending upon which they need—by the plain material combined with them.

One exquisite gown of green—the softest shade of it—was trimmed with silk of green and white, the green stripe of the silk radically unlike the green of the foundation, in that it was so strong a shade as to be almost vivid. Yet so perfectly did the shades blend, that the soft green was strengthened by the bright, and the bright at once set off and subdued by the other.

Even the jackets to tailor suits have stripes introduced in the form of tiny vestees, or of bands that edge the trim little coat collars and the turn-back cuffs.

In some of the sheer novelty materials—those of a single shade—the stripe effect is got in the weave (very much on the principle of the shadow checks so popular a year or so ago) by odd shiftings of threads, weaving them with almost lace-like openness here, grouping them into solid bands there. Made up over silk—white or a lighter shade is usually chosen to emphasize the transparency of the cloth—the stripes seem definite, yet where the folds fall together they are completely lost.

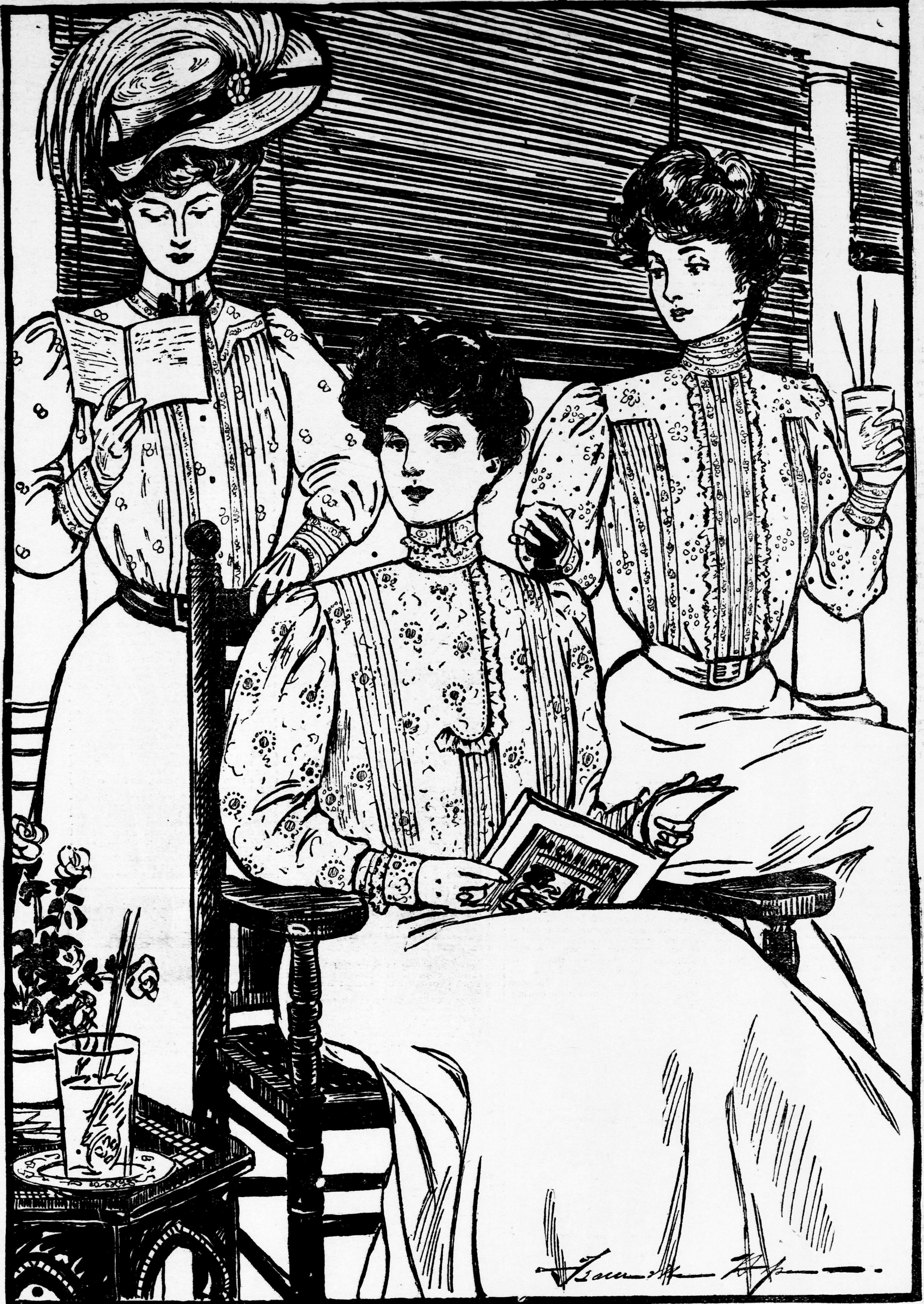
THAT stripes of every sort—wide or narrow, indistinct or startlingly definite—are to be a marked feature of early fall fashions, is growing more and more evident every hour.

As early as last summer, stripes appeared tentatively in Paris, an occasional gown trimmed with bands of striped silk—one particularly striking costume of white serge, trimmed with bands of white and scarlet. Yet, instead of being extreme, it was simply striking.

But checks had everything so completely their own way that it was only an occasional gown that dared be radical enough to display stripes.

Now, every sort of stuff has come out in striped effects, and a variety is got into them that nobody ever dreamed possible before.

For the most part, the striped stuffs shown so



New Waist Evolved from Summer Styles

ONE outcome of summer styles has been the creating of a new little waist, neither so severe as to relegate it to shirtwaist ranks, nor a typical blouse—which is inevitably, made of figured material—any one of the sheer, pretty batistes or linens of the novelty stuffs made of silk and linen combined in odd, interesting ways.

First of all, the new waists came out to wear with linen suits, but they proved so satisfactory a solution of the problem of getting something different that they promise to be even more successful with cloth suits this fall.

The figure, or stripe, or flower with which the material is decorated is the same shade or color as the suit itself, some of the pretty brown suits which have been so popular all summer boasting attractive shirts of white, with odd stripes and prim little flowers of the same brown—and other lighter shades.

Most of them are untrimmed except for tucks, although a few have a little embroidery or lace insertion applied in some simple fashion. The prettiest of them all, though, are those made with a narrow frill of the material set on each side of the front, which, by the way, may be a plain box pleat, such as we've finished the fronts of shirtwaists with ever since shirtwaists have existed, or bands of tucks, or of tucks and insertion, as different from the old-time frilled waists as anything could be, but as interesting in its difference.

Long sleeves are upon all of them—the style demands it, in some subtle, but determined way, but never a one of them has the stiff cuff that goes so well with shirtwaist styles. Instead, cuffs simply tucked, and left without linings, are worn, some of them—on those waists which have the frills running down the front—made into turnback cuffs, and edged with a narrow frill.

These frills, by the way, are at their quaintest if a gossamer iron is used for their laundering.

Then the ruffles take on a prim little crimping which expresses them better than anything else could.

Plenty of yoke-styles are used to make them

by—yokes that run directly across the shoulders and are left plain, except for the very narrow insertion, or an effective beading, which joins the yoke to the rest of the waist.

Notes of the Fashions From Paris

LINEN coats for driving and automobiling are one of the most effective styles Paris has given us for some time, and the variety of the styles is endless.

One of the best driving coats Paris has sent is cut on the plainest of overcoat lines, and is finished with the simplest brown velvet collar and tortoise-shell buttons.

String-color—the color of twine, and not that shade that comes between biscuit and cream—is what you want if you desire that irresistible charm that Paris gets out of rough colors and fine tailoring.

When the weave is coarse and looks homespun, still another degree of style is added, that makes the face of Paris shine with approval.

Little hats, much tilted over the brow, are rapidly disappearing from the fair heads of gay Parisiennes, and shady leghorns, with high crowns, are taking their place.

There is a positive mania just now for the mingling of flowers on hats. Wreaths of field flowers—immense ox-eyed daisies, poppies, wheat, oats, barley—are carefully arranged as trimming on the exquisite leghorns that are so universally worn.

For motoring, colored collars and cuffs are

often added to a plain linen-colored coat. One of the most striking of the season was of natural linen, of heavy weight, with bright Irish green collar and lining.

Besides linen or string color, Paris makes these serviceable coats of pink linen.

Needless to say, this is a mere vagary of Paris and is not likely to cross the sea, this season at least.

Scotch plaid silks are sometimes used for the trimming of driving and motoring coats—the gray the better.

Batistes are still made with tiny shells and gathered rosettes of lace let in, which is ever so much prettier than the bands of lace that were so much too much used earlier.

Uncurled ostrich feathers and crane plumes are fast taking the place of more fanciful trimmings on leghorn hats.

More fancy weaves and few plain colors will be used by exclusive tailors.

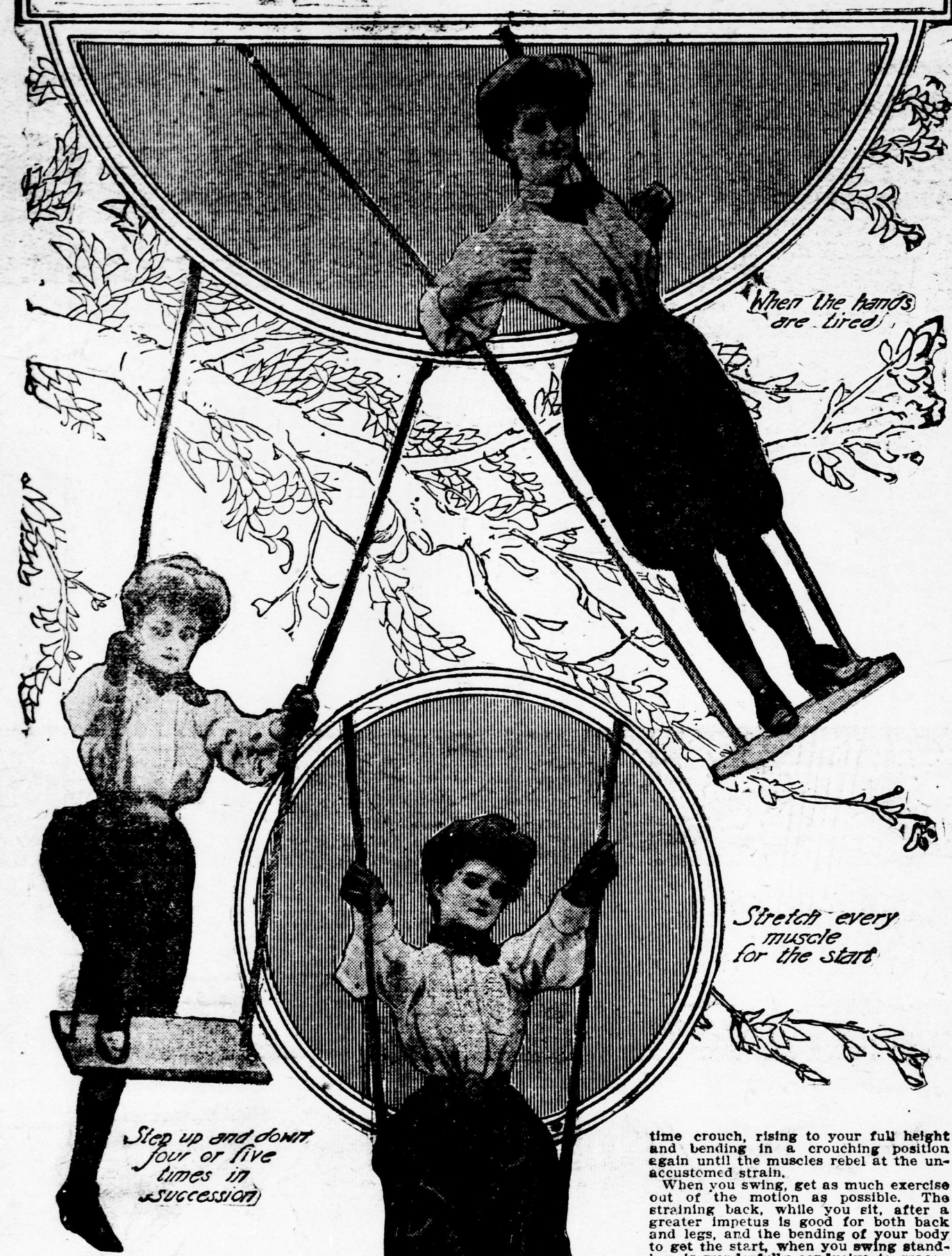
Plain lines will be the rule in tailor-made suits.

The bolero will again be used by fine tailors, but it will likely be still shorter than during the spring, and always loose.

How to be Healthy and Beautiful

ONE WAY OF EXERCISING OUT OF DOORS

Bites and Stings



Step up and down four or five times in succession

The bending exercise for reducing the hips and abdomen may be adapted to doing upon a swing. Instead of simply bending forward, bend and at the same

time crouch, rising to your full height again until the muscles rebel at the unaccustomed strain.

When you swing, get as much exercise out of the motion as possible. The straining back, while you sit, after a greater impetus is good for both back and legs, and the bending of your body to get the start when you swing standing, is wonderfully conducive to grace.

If you are used to gymnasium work a dozen feats will suggest themselves at the sight of that dangling rope—feats of rope climbing, where the arms and legs are a beauty exercise, in that the stretch of the arms over the head tends to lengthen the waist, a much sought-after effect, these days.

And even if you're not a gymnast, new exercises can be invented upon the spur of the moment—varying swinging in the usual way, straight forward and back, with standing sideways, making your body do the work of starting the swing and keeping it in motion.

Loose heavy gloves should be worn while you swing—gripping the ropes as closely as you must when the whole weight of the body comes on them is hard upon the hands, although it is a wonderful developer of both forearm and upper arm.

When the hands are tired, rest them by throwing your arms about the ropes, so that the rope comes just at the turn of the elbow. The same exercises may be followed without using the hands at all, although they are necessarily more curtailed, both in accomplishment and effect.

THE average small child is apt to lift up his voice in piteous protest at the supposedly soothing line of a certain famous lullaby—"Suckers are a-humming in the honeysuckle vine," and "Suckers" work havoc with nerves and sleep, and the poor tot finds himself covered from head to foot with troublesome, itching bites.

Often, too, when such bites are frequent, and the child's blood is not quite the right condition, the state of affairs is aggravated into an irritation which may express itself in the form of a little rash—a close cousin to heat-rashes—or as hives.

The first requisite of all is to keep the blood in a healthy state by eating plenty of fruit and vegetables, especially lettuce and spinach, keeping to the simplest sort of a diet, and avoiding heating foods, such as much of any of the "blood meats," as lamb and beef and veal are called, and all sweets.

Plenty of cold sponge baths help to keep you cooled off comfortably, and, by the way, if these baths are not taken too wet, there is practically no limit to the number you may take in a day, provided that you do it quickly, and that you rub down well with a coarse towel afterwards.

The curious thing about such baths is that, in spite of the fact that they put you in a glow all over, you are made consciously warm by them, but when the heat seems to centre in the top of your head, a quick cold sponge draws it away and takes the strain off your nerves more quickly than anything else does.

Don't scratch, or allow children to scratch, heat rash, mosquito bites, or hives.

For hives, sponge with a strong solution of common baking soda, dabbing on freely, and keeping them wet. Witch hazel is also soothing.

Ammonia seems to take out the sting of bites as nothing else does. Either the common household ammonia, or the more delicately perfumed toilet ammonias, may be used.

A few drops of ammonia in a cup of water is cooling, if dabbed on bitten arms and legs, although for new bites—the kind that itch terribly—the ammonia is best applied undiluted.

Mud or clay, wet and kept wet, is a good bite cure. For serious bites, kaolin, mixed with glycerine and spread over the bite, will draw the inflammation out in a little while, and is cooling at the same time.

When children have been badly bitten about the arms and bare legs (which suffer most of all from mosquito onslaughts) it is sometimes well to bandage the little limbs with strips of old linen, keeping them wet with witch hazel or with diluted ammonia.

Applications of hot water should be made for bee or hornet stings before the ammonia or prepared kaolin is applied.

On the Care of the Hair and Skin

Hair on Arms

Will you kindly inform me how to use peroxide of hydrogen as a bleach for superfluous hair on the arms? I am having the growth removed by electrolysis, but as this is very slow and I would like to wear short sleeves this summer, I wish to use the bleach as a temporary remedy. E. J. D.

Apply the pure peroxide of hydrogen to the arms with a soft rag twice a day. Each time allow it to dry on the arms.

The Vaucaire Remedy

I have tried several of your formulas, and found them to be all you say. Will you please write me more of the "Vaucaire Remedy" for enlarging the bust? Give me full directions as to its use, and how long will it take to be before seeing a change? Mrs. S. L. C.

There is little to tell of the Vaucaire remedy. Its application is simple. You doubtless often see the formula published in my columns, with as full directions as I can give. The length of time required to produce results depends upon each individual case; sometimes it is two weeks, sometimes ten.

Hot Water for Insomnia

"Subscriber" who suffers from sleeplessness should drink hot water before retiring for the night, as you advised in your page some time ago. I had the same trouble, but since taking hot water every night I have no trouble with sleeplessness.

Also, for any one desiring to acquire an appetite, a raw egg every morning is beneficial. I find it wonderful for nervousness and for gaining an appetite.

Now I want to ask you for a remedy for a weak back, from which I suffer very much. I wear a flannel bandage and have used different salves. All seems not to cure.

Also, I have ringing noises in the ear, at times worse than others. Can it be from overstraining a nerve when I eat very much? The noise becomes worse.

Please give me some home remedy for both, as I cannot afford to go to a doctor. RUTH.

I regret that I can offer no suggestion in regard to remedy for your trouble. A number of things might be responsible for the weak back and ringing in the ears that you describe. I could not help a thing of which I did not know the source. Without a doubt, a physician is the one to advise you in this matter. You say you cannot afford to go to a doctor, but a good hospital or the free dispensary will cost you nothing.

Prickly Heat

Will you print in your columns as soon as possible a good remedy for the cure of hives or prickly heat?

A CONSTANT READER.

Prickly heat yields to the following treatment: First, a bath, in which has been dissolved a teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda; dry gently and bathe the affected parts in diluted witch hazel.

Too Stout

Being a steady reader of your page, I would like to know if you would kindly answer a few questions.

Do you think I am too stout? I weigh 170 pounds, am 5 feet 4½ inches tall, 36-inch waist measure, 42-inch chest around hips, and 42-inch bust. I have a double chin, which worries me exceedingly. I read your rules, but I didn't get the things you mention I don't know what to do.

Could you inform me where a medical man would find the rules for reduction of excess weight? I am a stout person, and I am sure you will find that, though your bill of fare is limited, there is enough to keep you alive and well. Indulge yourself in what must be done away with if you wish to correct the trouble.

It is against my every wish to mention or recommend anything of this kind. Any local information bureau should care you these facts.

You have not given me much detail as to the condition of your great toe. It might be rheumatism, or it might be a bone spur, or it might be a bunion, or it might be a corn, or it might be a number of things. If it



Cool bandages of old linen



Massage Gently
Rules Which Should be Followed by Those Who Wish to Increase Weight.

Absolute freedom from care and anxiety. At least ten hours' sleep out of every twenty-four. In addition to this, naps during the day, if possible. This sleep must always be natural. Nothing is so bad for the appearance and general health as sleep induced by anodynes or narcotics in any form. The diet should be liberal and should consist largely of food containing starch and sugar; potatoes, fresh, sweet butter, milk, cream, fruits cooked and served with sugar, all vegetables containing starch and sugar, such as corn, sweet potatoes, beans, peas, foods of the macaroni and spaghetti kind, fish and oysters, ice cream, desserts without pastry; plenty of outdoor life and a moderate amount of exercise. Sleep in a well-ventilated room. I do not believe any one can gain flesh if there is any tendency to dyspepsia or liver trouble. Where the patient is plump, in one part of the body and falls in another, a gymnastic course is advised. There is nothing better than bicycling, unless it may be a regular gymnastic course. In order to pursue the latter properly, the patient is advised to go to a first-class gymnasium, submit to an examination and take the exercise prescribed by the attending physician. These gymnastics, at moderate prices, may be found in a town of any size in the country. Where the development is meagre in the upper part of the body, swimming is also an excellent exercise. Walking is always wholesome. The patient who wishes to gain flesh can never do so if she worries, is harassed or persecuted by her nerves to get the better of her.

Many times my correspondents have written to me telling of the perfect results obtained from Dr. Vaucaire's remedy. Be sure that your massage treatment is gentle. Rough handling will give you trouble. I cannot recommend that to which you refer in the enclosed clipping, for I know nothing about it.



To Remove Tan

Having read so much about peroxide of hydrogen as a face bleach, I tried it. But I am afraid I do not use it right. I used about two ounces in one week, and my face is the same tan shade. I used it night and morning. Should it be left on the face as long as that? I will gladly prescribe some special treatment.

My face is very soft, but is much tanned. I hope you will find room in the paper for this, that I may use it right, and not injure the skin.

You are using the bleach properly—bathing the skin with it night and morning, allowing it to dry in. But you must be patient. At best, this treatment is slow. It may take several weeks to bring your skin to the coveted whiteness.

Will Reduce, Not Enlarge

Will you please tell me the effect of the exercise stretching the arms, straight above head and bending down, touching toes without bending knees, has upon the body? Does it make your hips and bust larger? Please tell me what I can do. L. S.

The exercise you describe is a good one to reduce the abdomen. It also has this effect, in less degree, upon the hips. The bust is not affected by it in any way.

Describe the Symptoms

I have been an interested reader of your page for a long time, but have not seen anything that applied to my case. I want something to improve my skin. I have everything that helps to make a poor complexion. I am willing to risk anything for a nice skin. I have tried a good many things, but without success. Please let me know how long it will take to give me a nice skin. I will be very grateful. DISCOURAGED.

You do not mention the particular ailments of your skin, so I shall have to answer you generally. Before trying external remedies, see that your whole system is in good

Mrs. Henry Symes' Answers to Correspondents

Hot or Cold Water

DO YOU think hot water is better than cold to wash before going to bed? I have heard one told me she used the white of an egg and lemon juice mixed. I was afraid to use it unless I asked you first. I use hot water to wash with in the morning.

Mrs. J. W. J.

You should never use very hot water for the face; lukewarm once a day, with a pure soap, is sufficient. Other times use cold water; the soap should be used but once, with the lukewarm water. I know of no special benefit derived from the use of lemon juice and white of egg.

To Enlarge the Hips

Will you please print in your beauty column a remedy for small hips? I have hardly any hips at all, and would like something to make them larger.

Are there any exercises in physical culture I could take to enlarge them? I will wait anxiously for a reply in the column, which has given me so many useful remedies previous to this.

E. C. M.

The following exercise is excellent for developing the hips: Stand alternately on each foot, swing the free limb pendulum fashion from the hips, each time allowing it to go as far forward and backward as possible. To improve the appearance of your neck, first bathe it in hot water, and then massage with a good skin food, rubbing it well into the pores.

Not a Tonic

Will you please publish for my your formula for hair tonic containing henna, which you said was hair-enriching vegetable?

A SUBSCRIBER.

The formula containing henna is not a hair tonic, but a dye, giving the hair a dark reddish tint. Will you repeat your question, mentioning which you want, tonic or dye?

Methods Good

Will you kindly advise me through your beauty column as to whether or not it is using your massaging creams is commendable?

Once daily I bathe face and hands in warm water; first carefully massaging with your cleansing cream. Then, after rinsing, I use coconut oil, almond oil, vasoline, following this with warm water and almond meal, then applying skin food, "orange flower." At all other times I

bathe the face with nothing but clear water.

Am also troubled with freckles of the light brown variety. For these I have had "Dr. Shoemaker's bleach" prescription filled. Will you inform me as to where and how frequently I should apply it?

I am taking the liberty of inclosing a prescription for "hair restorer," which, through use, I have proved to be unequalled for aiding the growth and cleansing the scalp from dandruff.

In the hope it may be of some little use, and you will pardon my presumption in sending it unrequested, I enclose.

VERY COMER.

Reader's Formula for Hair Tonic

Alcohol, 2½ ounces.
Tincture cantharides, 2 drachms.
Apply twice daily, rubbing well into scalp with stiff brush.

For the scalp, the creams are frequently renewed, or do they keep well if contained in screw-top jars?

First, you have not the correct ingredients for your cleansing cream, which is as follows:

Cleansing Cream.
White wax, 2 ounces; spermaceti, 2 ounces; sweet almond oil, 12 ounces; distilled water, 2 ounces; glycerine, 2 ounces; salicylic acid, 90 grains.

Your method otherwise is very good. You should apply Dr. Shoemaker's bleach as frequently as needed, perhaps beginning the treatment with daily applications.

The creams usually keep indefinitely; but should you ever see any signs of staleness, renew them. Let me thank you for the tonic formula. I hope some other reader may find it beneficial.

Formula Repeated

Will you kindly give me the cure for corns which contains, among other things, salicylic acid?

Mrs. C. E. R.

Corn Cure.
Salicylic acid, 1 dram; collodion, ¼ ounce. Paint over the corn once a day, and scrape away the superfluous growth at the end of three or four days.

When Pimples Follow Blackheads

I have been reading items in your beauty column for some time, but the fact is, I don't know how to begin treating my face with the remedies you have prescribed, so I am very much troubled with blackheads; they not only stay in the pores, but become

very sore and filled with matter.

Therefore I've been squeezing them out as soon as they come to a head, but it seems that my face is getting worse.

B. H.

If there is any irritation in the blackheads, do not attempt to remove them by mechanical means; that only adds to trouble. Try this formula:

Cure for Constant Acne (Monin).
Apply the following mixture to the affected parts morning and night:
Glycerine, 1 ounce; salicylic acid, 5 grains; soap tincture, 10 grains; potassium alum, 2 grains. Mix.

For internal treatment, in connection with the above, the patient should take each morning, before breakfast, one tablespoonful of a mixture composed of equal parts of pure glycerine and castor oil.

A Proprietary Article

Where could I get the brilliantine for the hair?

Brillantine is a proprietary article, put up by several firms. I cannot, according to my rules, recommend any special one. Would you like to use this formula?

Brillantine.
Sweet almond oil, eight fluid ounces.
Alcohol, four fluid ounces.
Glycerine, one fluid ounce.
Oil of rose geranium, twelve drops.

Alternate the Treatments

R. S. T.—Use this lotion for an oily skin.

Wash for Oily Skin.
Boric acid, 1 dram; distilled witch hazel, 2 ounces; rosewater, 2 ounces.
Use as a wash when desirable.

You should abstain from highly spiced, stimulating, greasy foods, and eat a little white before it is used on the face.

Freckle and Pimple Cream

Petroleum, 1 ounce av.; lanolin (anhydrous), 1 ounce av.; bismuth powder, 1 fluid ounce; salicylic acid, 1 fluid dram.
This preparation, usually employed for the removal of pimples, may be also used for freckles.

Of course, these treatments should not all be used at once, but alternately, or as indicated in each one.